

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005

U.S. Department of Labor
Hilda L. Solis, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Keith Hall, Commissioner

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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and sub-State areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State workforce agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2005 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions; the 50 States and the District of Columbia; and 54 large metropolitan areas, 22 metropolitan divisions, and 41 principal cities. Data from the CPS differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program. CPS estimates are provided herein because they are a current source of information on the demographic and economic characteristics of the labor force in subnational areas, from the same source as the official labor force data for the United States as a whole.

Tables 1 through 13 present 2005 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 14 through 26. All of these data reflect Census 2000-based population controls.

Tables 27 through 32 display 2005 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented, because independent census-based population controls are not available below the State level.

Geographic definitions for the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions appearing in this publication reflect those first issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003, with titles updated per OMB Bulletin No. 09-01, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated November 20, 2008. (See appendix C.)

The data in this bulletin reflect revisions to the standards for classification of Federal data by race and ethnicity that were issued by OMB on October 30, 1997. Estimates for the White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups are based on persons who reported only one of those race groups. Persons who reported another race group or two or more races are not included in any of these categories, but are included in the totals. Persons whose ethnicity was identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, were classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Tables displaying occupation and industry data reflect the coding systems used for those data in Census 2000.

This bulletin was prepared in the BLS Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. Editorial assistance was provided by the Office of Publications and Special Studies.

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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is a regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force—by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed—to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I, data for States are shown in section II, and limited data for metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are

not provided in section III, because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, White, Black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions and Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Northeast Region								
Total	42,584	27,680	65.0	26,344	61.9	1,335	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	20,322	14,630	72.0	13,896	68.4	734	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Women	22,262	13,050	58.6	12,449	55.9	601	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,084	1,277	41.4	1,089	35.3	188	14.8	13.7 - 15.9
White	35,151	22,988	65.4	22,010	62.6	978	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Men	16,919	12,274	72.5	11,730	69.3	543	4.4	4.2 - 4.6
Women	18,232	10,715	58.8	10,280	56.4	435	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,417	1,097	45.4	951	39.4	145	13.3	12.1 - 14.5
Black or African American	4,862	3,035	62.4	2,758	56.7	277	9.1	8.5 - 9.7
Men	2,150	1,433	66.7	1,290	60.0	144	10.0	9.0 - 11.0
Women	2,712	1,601	59.1	1,468	54.1	133	8.3	7.5 - 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	465	127	27.3	92	19.7	35	27.7	23.5 - 31.9
Asian	2,068	1,334	64.5	1,280	61.9	54	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Men	1,023	763	74.6	728	71.2	34	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Women	1,044	571	54.7	551	52.8	20	3.5	2.5 - 4.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,148	2,696	65.0	2,513	60.6	182	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Men	2,024	1,511	74.6	1,410	69.7	100	6.6	5.8 - 7.4
Women	2,124	1,185	55.8	1,103	51.9	82	6.9	6.0 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	392	123	31.5	98	25.1	25	20.5	16.4 - 24.6
Married men, spouse present	10,968	8,401	76.6	8,181	74.6	220	2.6	2.4 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	10,666	6,601	61.9	6,405	60.1	195	3.0	2.7 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	2,701	1,792	66.3	1,654	61.2	138	7.7	6.9 - 8.5
New England Division								
Total	11,180	7,545	67.5	7,185	64.3	360	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Men	5,357	3,936	73.5	3,735	69.7	201	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Women	5,822	3,609	62.0	3,450	59.3	159	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	797	385	48.4	328	41.1	58	15.0	13.3 - 16.7
White	10,070	6,796	67.5	6,495	64.5	301	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Men	4,850	3,564	73.5	3,393	70.0	171	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Women	5,220	3,232	61.9	3,102	59.4	130	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	703	350	49.9	303	43.1	48	13.7	12.0 - 15.4
Black or African American	617	421	68.3	385	62.4	36	8.5	7.1 - 9.9
Men	284	207	73.1	188	66.3	19	9.3	7.3 - 11.3
Women	333	213	64.1	197	59.2	17	7.7	5.9 - 9.5
Asian	361	241	66.9	227	63.0	14	5.8	4.1 - 7.5
Men	166	123	74.5	116	69.9	8	6.3	3.9 - 8.7
Women	196	118	60.4	112	57.2	6	5.3	3.0 - 7.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	710	467	65.8	420	59.2	47	10.1	8.7 - 11.5
Men	348	250	71.8	224	64.3	26	10.5	8.5 - 12.5
Women	362	217	60.0	196	54.2	21	9.6	7.6 - 11.6
Married men, spouse present	2,887	2,246	77.8	2,185	75.7	61	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	2,866	1,872	65.3	1,819	63.5	53	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	653	449	68.8	419	64.2	30	6.7	5.5 - 7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	31,405	20,135	64.1	19,159	61.0	976	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	14,965	10,694	71.5	10,161	67.9	533	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Women	16,440	9,441	57.4	8,998	54.7	443	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,287	892	39.0	761	33.3	131	14.7	13.3 - 16.1
White	25,081	16,192	64.6	15,515	61.9	678	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Men	12,070	8,710	72.2	8,337	69.1	373	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Women	13,011	7,483	57.5	7,178	55.2	305	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,714	747	43.5	649	37.9	98	13.1	11.6 - 14.6
Black or African American	4,245	2,614	61.6	2,373	55.9	241	9.2	8.5 - 9.9
Men	1,866	1,226	65.7	1,101	59.0	124	10.1	9.0 - 11.2
Women	2,379	1,388	58.3	1,271	53.4	117	8.4	7.5 - 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	408	104	25.6	77	18.8	28	26.5	21.7 - 31.3
Asian	1,706	1,092	64.0	1,052	61.7	40	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Men	858	639	74.6	613	71.5	27	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Women	849	453	53.4	439	51.8	14	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,438	2,228	64.8	2,093	60.9	135	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Men	1,676	1,260	75.2	1,186	70.8	74	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Women	1,763	968	54.9	907	51.5	61	6.3	5.3 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	318	97	30.4	79	24.9	18	18.3	13.5 - 23.1
Married men, spouse present	8,081	6,155	76.2	5,996	74.2	159	2.6	2.3 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	7,799	4,729	60.6	4,587	58.8	142	3.0	2.7 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	2,048	1,342	65.6	1,235	60.3	108	8.0	7.1 - 8.9
Midwest Region								
Total	50,726	34,596	68.2	32,719	64.5	1,877	5.4	5.2 - 5.6
Men	24,575	18,327	74.6	17,307	70.4	1,020	5.6	5.4 - 5.8
Women	26,152	16,270	62.2	15,412	58.9	857	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,816	1,954	51.2	1,646	43.1	309	15.8	14.9 - 16.7
White	43,968	30,206	68.7	28,799	65.5	1,407	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	21,480	16,188	75.4	15,389	71.6	799	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Women	22,488	14,017	62.3	13,410	59.6	607	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,175	1,720	54.2	1,483	46.7	237	13.8	12.9 - 14.7
Black or African American	4,710	3,002	63.7	2,625	55.7	377	12.5	11.6 - 13.4
Men	2,104	1,399	66.5	1,226	58.3	174	12.4	11.1 - 13.7
Women	2,606	1,602	61.5	1,400	53.7	203	12.7	11.5 - 13.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	448	153	34.1	97	21.7	56	36.4	31.6 - 41.2
Asian	1,149	789	68.7	757	65.9	32	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Men	558	441	78.9	425	76.1	16	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Women	590	349	59.1	332	56.3	17	4.7	3.4 - 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,344	1,703	72.6	1,585	67.6	118	7.0	6.9 - 7.1
Men	1,276	1,068	83.7	1,001	78.5	67	6.2	(²) - (²)
Women	1,069	635	59.4	583	54.6	52	8.2	(²) - (²)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	236	105	44.5	89	37.8	16	15.0	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	13,950	10,908	78.2	10,565	75.7	343	3.1	2.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	13,654	8,792	64.4	8,518	62.4	274	3.1	2.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	2,943	2,126	72.3	1,940	65.9	186	8.8	8.1 - 9.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East North Central Division								
Total	35,406	23,718	67.0	22,340	63.1	1,378	5.8	5.6 - 6.0
Men	17,118	12,593	73.6	11,845	69.2	748	5.9	5.6 - 6.2
Women	18,288	11,125	60.8	10,495	57.4	630	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,646	1,286	48.6	1,073	40.6	213	16.5	15.3 - 17.7
White	30,164	20,365	67.5	19,344	64.1	1,021	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Men	14,744	10,979	74.5	10,393	70.5	586	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Women	15,420	9,386	60.9	8,951	58.0	435	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,169	1,125	51.8	962	44.4	162	14.4	13.2 - 15.6
Black or African American	3,898	2,438	62.5	2,138	54.9	300	12.3	11.2 - 13.4
Men	1,724	1,129	65.5	992	57.5	136	12.1	10.6 - 13.6
Women	2,174	1,309	60.2	1,146	52.7	163	12.5	11.1 - 13.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	362	116	32.1	75	20.6	42	35.7	29.5 - 41.9
Asian	816	566	69.3	544	66.6	22	3.9	2.9 - 4.9
Men	402	321	79.9	310	77.1	11	3.4	2.1 - 4.7
Women	414	245	59.1	233	56.4	11	4.6	2.9 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,798	1,290	71.8	1,196	66.5	94	7.3	6.4 - 8.2
Men	972	807	83.1	755	77.6	53	6.5	5.4 - 7.6
Women	826	483	58.5	441	53.4	42	8.6	7.0 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	181	74	40.9	62	34.1	12	16.6	11.8 - 21.4
Married men, spouse present	9,679	7,519	77.7	7,265	75.1	254	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	9,418	5,896	62.6	5,696	60.5	200	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	2,163	1,541	71.2	1,403	64.8	138	9.0	8.1 - 9.9
West North Central Division								
Total	15,321	10,879	71.0	10,379	67.7	499	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	7,457	5,734	76.9	5,462	73.2	272	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Women	7,863	5,145	65.4	4,917	62.5	228	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,171	669	57.1	573	48.9	96	14.3	13.1 - 15.5
White	13,804	9,840	71.3	9,455	68.5	386	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Men	6,736	5,209	77.3	4,996	74.2	214	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Women	7,068	4,631	65.5	4,459	63.1	172	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,006	595	59.2	520	51.7	75	12.6	11.4 - 13.8
Black or African American	812	564	69.4	487	60.0	77	13.6	12.1 - 15.1
Men	380	271	71.3	233	61.5	37	13.8	11.8 - 15.8
Women	432	293	67.8	254	58.7	39	13.4	11.5 - 15.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	86	37	42.7	23	26.3	14	38.4	(²) - (²)
Asian	332	223	67.2	213	64.2	10	4.5	3.2 - 5.8
Men	156	120	76.5	115	73.4	5	4.0	2.4 - 5.6
Women	176	104	59.0	99	56.0	5	5.1	3.1 - 7.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	547	413	75.6	389	71.2	24	5.8	4.6 - 7.0
Men	304	261	85.9	247	81.2	14	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Women	243	152	62.7	142	58.6	10	6.6	5.1 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55	31	56.2	27	49.8	4	11.3	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	4,271	3,389	79.4	3,300	77.3	89	2.6	2.3 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	4,236	2,895	68.3	2,822	66.6	74	2.5	2.2 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	779	585	75.1	537	68.9	48	8.2	7.1 - 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Region								
Total	81,442	52,912	65.0	50,289	61.7	2,622	5.0	4.9 - 5.1
Men	39,044	28,276	72.4	26,927	69.0	1,350	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Women	42,398	24,635	58.1	23,363	55.1	1,273	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,760	2,330	40.5	1,907	33.1	423	18.1	17.2 - 19.0
White	63,401	41,132	64.9	39,520	62.3	1,613	3.9	3.8 - 4.0
Men	30,897	22,639	73.3	21,781	70.5	858	3.8	3.6 - 4.0
Women	32,504	18,494	56.9	17,739	54.6	755	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,115	1,781	43.3	1,529	37.2	251	14.1	13.2 - 15.0
Black or African American	14,576	9,451	64.8	8,564	58.8	888	9.4	9.0 - 9.8
Men	6,506	4,393	67.5	3,960	60.9	433	9.9	9.4 - 10.4
Women	8,069	5,059	62.7	4,604	57.1	455	9.0	8.5 - 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,374	450	32.8	299	21.8	151	33.6	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,868	1,293	69.2	1,248	66.8	44	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Men	873	687	78.7	664	76.0	23	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women	995	606	60.9	585	58.8	21	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	10,625	7,264	68.4	6,891	64.9	373	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Men	5,492	4,448	81.0	4,241	77.2	207	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	5,133	2,816	54.9	2,650	51.6	166	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	894	355	39.6	293	32.7	62	17.4	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	21,942	16,755	76.4	16,357	74.5	398	2.4	2.2 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	21,497	12,726	59.2	12,329	57.4	398	3.1	2.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	5,511	3,754	68.1	3,466	62.9	288	7.7	7.2 - 8.2
South Atlantic Division								
Total	42,966	28,062	65.3	26,793	62.4	1,269	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Men	20,518	14,871	72.5	14,232	69.4	638	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Women	22,449	13,191	58.8	12,560	56.0	631	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,901	1,176	40.5	980	33.8	196	16.7	15.5 - 17.9
White	32,579	21,129	64.9	20,407	62.6	723	3.4	3.2 - 3.6
Men	15,849	11,568	73.0	11,193	70.6	375	3.2	3.0 - 3.4
Women	16,730	9,562	57.2	9,214	55.1	348	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,966	854	43.4	747	38.0	107	12.5	11.2 - 13.8
Black or African American	8,693	5,777	66.5	5,281	60.8	496	8.6	8.1 - 9.1
Men	3,886	2,700	69.5	2,459	63.3	240	8.9	8.3 - 9.5
Women	4,806	3,078	64.0	2,822	58.7	256	8.3	7.7 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	806	270	33.5	190	23.6	80	29.5	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,079	743	68.9	720	66.7	23	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Men	493	391	79.3	380	77.1	11	2.7	1.7 - 3.7
Women	586	352	60.1	340	58.0	13	3.6	2.4 - 4.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,289	3,007	70.1	2,886	67.3	121	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Men	2,317	1,919	82.8	1,850	79.8	69	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Women	1,972	1,088	55.2	1,036	52.5	53	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	307	127	41.5	112	36.4	16	12.2	9.3 - 15.1
Married men, spouse present	11,381	8,604	75.6	8,420	74.0	184	2.1	1.9 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	11,231	6,706	59.7	6,512	58.0	193	2.9	2.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	2,806	1,927	68.7	1,784	63.6	143	7.4	6.7 - 8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	13,559	8,399	61.9	7,929	58.5	470	5.6	5.3 - 5.9
Men	6,465	4,449	68.8	4,214	65.2	235	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Women	7,094	3,950	55.7	3,715	52.4	235	5.9	5.4 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,003	420	41.8	334	33.3	85	20.3	18.4 - 22.2
White	10,693	6,651	62.2	6,362	59.5	289	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Men	5,186	3,622	69.9	3,469	66.9	153	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Women	5,507	3,029	55.0	2,893	52.5	136	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	728	331	45.5	282	38.7	49	14.9	12.8 - 17.0
Black or African American	2,527	1,528	60.5	1,361	53.9	167	11.0	10.0 - 12.0
Men	1,117	711	63.6	636	57.0	74	10.4	9.1 - 11.7
Women	1,410	818	58.0	725	51.4	93	11.4	10.2 - 12.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	251	81	32.1	48	19.1	33	40.5	(²) - (²)
Asian	135	90	66.8	87	64.5	3	3.4	1.1 - 5.7
Men	60	46	77.3	45	74.6	2	3.5	.2 - 6.8
Women	76	44	58.4	43	56.5	1	3.4	.1 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	279	207	74.3	196	70.4	11	5.2	3.3 - 7.1
Men	167	151	90.5	144	86.1	7	4.8	2.7 - 6.9
Women	112	56	50.1	53	46.9	4	6.3	2.7 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	3,660	2,692	73.6	2,626	71.8	66	2.5	2.1 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	3,633	2,139	58.9	2,067	56.9	72	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	947	590	62.3	532	56.2	58	9.8	8.4 - 11.2
West South Central Division								
Total	24,916	16,451	66.0	15,568	62.5	884	5.4	5.2 - 5.6
Men	12,061	8,957	74.3	8,480	70.3	477	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Women	12,855	7,495	58.3	7,088	55.1	407	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,856	735	39.6	593	32.0	141	19.2	17.6 - 20.8
White	20,129	13,352	66.3	12,751	63.3	601	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Men	9,863	7,449	75.5	7,119	72.2	330	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Women	10,266	5,903	57.5	5,632	54.9	271	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,420	596	41.9	501	35.2	95	16.0	14.2 - 17.8
Black or African American	3,356	2,146	63.9	1,921	57.2	224	10.4	9.5 - 11.3
Men	1,503	982	65.4	864	57.5	118	12.1	10.8 - 13.4
Women	1,853	1,163	62.8	1,057	57.1	106	9.1	8.0 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	316	100	31.5	61	19.2	39	39.0	(²) - (²)
Asian	654	459	70.2	441	67.5	18	3.9	2.7 - 5.1
Men	321	250	78.0	239	74.6	11	4.4	2.8 - 6.0
Women	333	209	62.7	202	60.7	7	3.3	1.7 - 4.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	6,058	4,050	66.9	3,809	62.9	241	6.0	5.4 - 6.6
Men	3,008	2,379	79.1	2,247	74.7	131	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	3,049	1,671	54.8	1,562	51.2	110	6.6	5.8 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	565	218	38.5	173	30.7	44	20.3	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	6,901	5,459	79.1	5,311	77.0	148	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	6,634	3,882	58.5	3,749	56.5	133	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	1,758	1,237	70.3	1,150	65.4	86	7.0	6.0 - 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Region								
Total	51,313	34,126	66.5	32,370	63.1	1,756	5.1	5.0 - 5.2
Men	25,201	18,795	74.6	17,839	70.8	956	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Women	26,112	15,331	58.7	14,531	55.6	800	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,738	1,603	42.9	1,337	35.8	266	16.6	15.5 - 17.7
White	41,927	27,976	66.7	26,625	63.5	1,351	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	20,730	15,594	75.2	14,864	71.7	730	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Women	21,196	12,382	58.4	11,761	55.5	622	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,983	1,354	45.4	1,142	38.3	211	15.6	14.5 - 16.7
Black or African American	2,388	1,538	64.4	1,378	57.7	160	10.4	9.4 - 11.4
Men	1,130	779	68.9	685	60.6	94	12.1	10.7 - 13.5
Women	1,258	759	60.3	692	55.1	66	8.7	7.5 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	74	37.8	48	24.9	25	34.2	28.5 - 39.9
Asian	4,724	3,066	64.9	2,939	62.2	127	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Men	2,208	1,599	72.4	1,532	69.4	67	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	2,516	1,467	58.3	1,407	55.9	60	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	301	76	25.1	66	21.8	10	13.3	8.5 - 18.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11,960	8,124	67.9	7,609	63.6	515	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Men	6,143	4,937	80.4	4,665	75.9	272	5.5	5.1 - 5.9
Women	5,817	3,187	54.8	2,943	50.6	243	7.6	7.0 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,162	453	39.0	365	31.5	88	19.4	17.6 - 21.2
Married men, spouse present	13,685	10,706	78.2	10,379	75.8	326	3.0	2.8 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	13,390	7,826	58.4	7,525	56.2	301	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	2,879	1,956	67.9	1,821	63.2	135	6.9	6.2 - 7.6
Mountain Division								
Total	15,236	10,329	67.8	9,853	64.7	476	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	7,517	5,694	75.7	5,439	72.4	255	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Women	7,719	4,635	60.0	4,413	57.2	222	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,132	561	49.6	477	42.1	85	15.1	13.7 - 16.5
White	13,718	9,320	67.9	8,921	65.0	399	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Men	6,805	5,178	76.1	4,966	73.0	212	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Women	6,913	4,141	59.9	3,955	57.2	187	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	986	510	51.7	436	44.3	73	14.3	12.9 - 15.7
Black or African American	460	323	70.1	295	64.1	28	8.6	7.0 - 10.2
Men	225	173	76.7	156	69.4	16	9.5	7.4 - 11.6
Women	235	150	63.8	139	59.0	11	7.6	5.5 - 9.7
Asian	364	240	65.9	231	63.4	9	3.8	2.6 - 5.0
Men	155	118	76.1	114	73.8	4	3.0	1.4 - 4.6
Women	209	122	58.4	117	55.8	6	4.5	2.7 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,999	2,033	67.8	1,916	63.9	117	5.8	5.2 - 6.4
Men	1,563	1,263	80.8	1,201	76.8	62	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Women	1,436	770	53.6	715	49.8	55	7.1	6.2 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	268	111	41.3	89	33.0	22	20.0	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	4,197	3,271	77.9	3,194	76.1	77	2.4	2.1 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	4,140	2,455	59.3	2,374	57.3	82	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	794	556	69.9	520	65.4	36	6.5	5.4 - 7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pacific Division								
Total	36,077	23,797	66.0	22,517	62.4	1,280	5.4	5.2 - 5.6
Men	17,684	13,101	74.1	12,399	70.1	701	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Women	18,393	10,696	58.2	10,118	55.0	578	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,606	1,042	40.0	860	33.0	182	17.4	16.0 - 18.8
White	28,209	18,656	66.1	17,704	62.8	952	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Men	13,925	10,415	74.8	9,898	71.1	517	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Women	14,284	8,241	57.7	7,806	54.6	435	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,997	844	42.3	706	35.4	138	16.4	14.8 - 18.0
Black or African American	1,927	1,215	63.0	1,082	56.2	132	10.9	9.8 - 12.0
Men	904	606	67.0	529	58.4	77	12.8	11.1 - 14.5
Women	1,023	609	59.5	554	54.1	55	9.0	7.5 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	156	58	37.0	37	23.5	21	36.5	28.9 - 44.1
Asian	4,360	2,826	64.8	2,708	62.1	118	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	2,053	1,481	72.1	1,418	69.0	63	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Women	2,307	1,345	58.3	1,290	55.9	55	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	275	67	24.5	58	21.2	9	13.3	8.1 - 18.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,961	6,091	68.0	5,693	63.5	398	6.5	6.1 - 6.9
Men	4,580	3,674	80.2	3,465	75.6	210	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Women	4,381	2,417	55.2	2,228	50.9	189	7.8	7.1 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	894	343	38.3	277	31.0	66	19.2	16.9 - 21.5
Married men, spouse present	9,488	7,435	78.4	7,186	75.7	249	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	9,250	5,371	58.1	5,151	55.7	220	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	2,085	1,400	67.2	1,301	62.4	99	7.1	6.2 - 8.0

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base

does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Northeast Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,683	1,903	40.6	1,761	37.6	142	7.5
High school graduates, no college	12,396	7,644	61.7	7,293	58.8	351	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	7,496	5,477	73.1	5,264	70.2	213	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,362	8,865	78.0	8,652	76.1	213	2.4
New England Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,087	431	39.6	394	36.2	37	8.6
High school graduates, no college	2,911	1,877	64.5	1,797	61.7	80	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	2,118	1,556	73.4	1,500	70.8	55	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,347	2,625	78.4	2,558	76.4	67	2.5
Middle Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,596	1,472	40.9	1,367	38.0	105	7.1
High school graduates, no college	9,485	5,767	60.8	5,496	57.9	271	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	5,378	3,922	72.9	3,764	70.0	157	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	8,015	6,240	77.9	6,094	76.0	146	2.3
Midwest Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,865	1,980	40.7	1,789	36.8	191	9.6
High school graduates, no college	14,798	9,511	64.3	9,005	60.9	506	5.3
Some college or associate's degree	11,486	8,582	74.7	8,232	71.7	350	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,168	8,952	80.2	8,750	78.3	202	2.3
East North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,556	1,432	40.3	1,288	36.2	144	10.1
High school graduates, no college	10,682	6,780	63.5	6,389	59.8	391	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	7,722	5,695	73.8	5,441	70.5	254	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,640	6,079	79.6	5,933	77.7	146	2.4
West North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,309	548	41.9	501	38.3	47	8.5
High school graduates, no college	4,115	2,731	66.4	2,617	63.6	115	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	3,764	2,887	76.7	2,791	74.2	96	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,528	2,873	81.4	2,817	79.9	56	1.9
South Region							
Less than a high school diploma	11,709	5,285	45.1	4,911	41.9	374	7.1
High school graduates, no college	22,177	14,140	63.8	13,535	61.0	605	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	16,984	12,246	72.1	11,805	69.5	441	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	17,543	13,546	77.2	13,269	75.6	277	2.0
South Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	5,422	2,474	45.6	2,297	42.4	176	7.1
High school graduates, no college	11,764	7,390	62.8	7,092	60.3	297	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	9,070	6,522	71.9	6,302	69.5	220	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	10,164	7,756	76.3	7,604	74.8	152	2.0
East South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	2,177	761	34.9	698	32.1	62	8.2
High school graduates, no college	4,012	2,512	62.6	2,399	59.8	113	4.5
Some college or associate's degree	2,705	1,936	71.6	1,859	68.7	77	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,450	1,915	78.2	1,878	76.6	37	2.0
West South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,111	2,051	49.9	1,916	46.6	135	6.6
High school graduates, no college	6,402	4,239	66.2	4,044	63.2	195	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	5,209	3,788	72.7	3,644	70.0	143	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,930	3,875	78.6	3,787	76.8	87	2.2
West Region							
Less than a high school diploma	6,606	3,505	53.1	3,245	49.1	260	7.4
High school graduates, no college	11,045	6,908	62.5	6,571	59.5	336	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	12,305	8,672	70.5	8,327	67.7	345	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	12,767	9,804	76.8	9,541	74.7	263	2.7

See note at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Mountain Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,653	856	51.7	802	48.5	53	6.2
High school graduates, no college	3,646	2,354	64.6	2,268	62.2	86	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	3,783	2,697	71.3	2,601	68.8	96	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,548	2,714	76.5	2,646	74.6	68	2.5
Pacific Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,952	2,650	53.5	2,443	49.3	206	7.8
High school graduates, no college	7,400	4,554	61.5	4,304	58.2	250	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	8,521	5,975	70.1	5,725	67.2	250	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,219	7,090	76.9	6,894	74.8	196	2.8

NOTE: Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Northeast	21,455	18,835	1,842	778	4,889	544	4,059	287	1,084	252
New England	5,649	4,817	590	242	1,536	141	1,294	102	286	74
Middle Atlantic	15,806	14,018	1,252	536	3,353	403	2,765	185	798	178
Midwest	26,276	23,070	2,256	950	6,443	739	5,295	409	1,498	379
East North Central	17,961	15,846	1,448	667	4,379	547	3,547	286	1,114	263
West North Central	8,315	7,224	808	283	2,064	193	1,749	123	383	116
South	42,784	37,927	3,514	1,343	7,506	928	6,113	464	2,182	440
South Atlantic	22,852	20,342	1,801	709	3,941	488	3,209	244	1,064	205
East South Central	6,687	5,874	587	226	1,242	127	1,035	79	385	85
West South Central	13,245	11,711	1,126	408	2,323	313	1,869	141	733	151
West	26,497	23,210	2,371	917	5,872	751	4,759	362	1,412	344
Mountain	8,108	7,094	749	264	1,745	184	1,446	115	372	104
Pacific	18,390	16,115	1,621	653	4,127	567	3,313	247	1,040	240
Men										
Northeast	12,420	11,133	910	377	1,476	235	1,162	78	630	104
New England	3,269	2,868	282	118	466	64	374	28	170	31
Middle Atlantic	9,151	8,265	627	259	1,010	171	788	50	460	73
Midwest	15,200	13,596	1,128	476	2,107	327	1,670	111	848	172
East North Central	10,431	9,370	725	336	1,414	244	1,094	77	630	118
West North Central	4,769	4,226	404	139	693	83	577	33	218	54
South	24,363	21,963	1,781	618	2,564	415	2,010	139	1,161	188
South Atlantic	12,898	11,684	898	316	1,334	228	1,030	76	556	82
East South Central	3,789	3,391	293	105	425	54	346	24	199	36
West South Central	7,675	6,888	590	197	805	132	634	39	406	70
West	15,872	14,130	1,277	465	1,967	339	1,527	102	804	152
Mountain	4,863	4,332	399	132	576	88	460	28	211	44
Pacific	11,008	9,797	878	333	1,391	250	1,067	74	593	108

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Northeast	9,035	7,701	932	401	3,414	308	2,897	209	453	148
New England	2,380	1,948	308	124	1,070	76	920	74	115	43
Middle Atlantic	6,655	5,753	625	277	2,344	232	1,977	135	338	105
Midwest	11,077	9,474	1,128	475	4,336	413	3,625	298	650	207
East North Central	7,530	6,476	723	331	2,965	303	2,453	209	484	145
West North Central	3,546	2,998	404	144	1,371	110	1,172	89	166	62
South	18,421	15,964	1,733	724	4,942	513	4,103	325	1,020	252
South Atlantic	9,953	8,658	903	392	2,607	260	2,179	168	508	122
East South Central	2,898	2,483	294	121	817	73	689	55	186	49
West South Central	5,570	4,823	537	211	1,518	180	1,235	103	327	81
West	10,626	9,080	1,094	452	3,905	412	3,232	260	608	192
Mountain	3,244	2,762	350	133	1,169	96	986	87	161	60
Pacific	7,382	6,318	744	320	2,736	316	2,247	173	447	131
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	285	235	42	8	804	45	726	33	82	106
New England	78	62	14	2	250	13	227	10	25	32
Middle Atlantic	206	173	27	6	555	32	499	23	57	74
Midwest	412	340	61	11	1,234	77	1,108	49	124	184
East North Central	276	230	39	6	797	54	709	34	87	126
West North Central	136	110	21	5	437	23	400	15	37	58
South	670	565	88	18	1,238	75	1,116	46	226	197
South Atlantic	346	295	42	9	634	43	563	28	106	90
East South Central	106	91	14	1	229	11	210	8	45	41
West South Central	218	179	32	7	375	21	343	11	75	66
West	444	370	64	11	892	67	790	35	124	142
Mountain	168	142	22	5	309	21	277	11	40	44
Pacific	276	228	42	6	584	47	514	24	84	98

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Northeast	17,753	15,525	1,569	659	4,257	420	3,578	259	776	202
New England	5,088	4,335	534	219	1,407	116	1,195	96	238	63
Middle Atlantic	12,665	11,190	1,035	440	2,850	304	2,383	163	539	139
Midwest	23,006	20,164	2,010	832	5,793	593	4,830	370	1,093	313
East North Central	15,434	13,597	1,265	572	3,910	435	3,219	257	806	215
West North Central	7,572	6,566	745	261	1,883	158	1,611	113	287	98
South	33,512	29,705	2,743	1,063	6,008	604	5,011	392	1,322	291
South Atlantic	17,331	15,414	1,361	556	3,076	293	2,582	201	594	129
East South Central	5,337	4,691	464	183	1,025	91	863	71	231	58
West South Central	10,844	9,601	918	325	1,907	221	1,566	121	497	104
West	21,663	18,903	1,988	772	4,961	603	4,047	311	1,074	277
Mountain	7,313	6,399	675	239	1,608	164	1,338	106	308	91
Pacific	14,351	12,504	1,313	534	3,353	439	2,709	205	766	186
Black or African American										
Northeast	2,356	2,087	188	81	402	90	296	15	238	39
New England	309	258	35	17	76	18	56	2	29	7
Middle Atlantic	2,046	1,830	153	64	326	73	241	13	209	32
Midwest	2,204	1,955	164	84	422	115	285	22	327	49
East North Central	1,808	1,603	134	71	330	92	221	17	262	38
West North Central	395	352	30	13	92	23	65	5	66	11
South	7,401	6,543	627	231	1,162	276	832	55	762	126
South Atlantic	4,575	4,084	368	124	706	175	495	36	431	65
East South Central	1,171	1,020	110	41	190	35	149	6	143	25
West South Central	1,655	1,440	150	65	267	66	188	13	188	36
West	1,181	1,039	103	39	196	46	138	11	139	21
Mountain	261	229	23	9	34	5	26	3	23	4
Pacific	920	809	80	30	162	41	112	9	115	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Northeast	1,109	1,017	62	29	171	25	137	9	47	8
New England	193	174	15	4	34	5	27	2	12	2
Middle Atlantic	915	844	47	25	137	19	110	7	34	6
Midwest	647	588	39	20	110	10	91	9	27	6
East North Central	475	431	27	17	68	6	56	6	19	3
West North Central	172	157	12	3	42	4	35	3	7	3
South	1,069	989	58	22	179	18	152	9	36	9
South Atlantic	623	578	31	14	96	9	83	5	19	4
East South Central	76	70	4	1	11	1	10	(³)	2	1
West South Central	370	340	23	7	71	9	59	4	14	4
West	2,486	2,259	162	65	453	64	364	25	103	24
Mountain	191	171	14	6	40	5	32	3	7	2
Pacific	2,295	2,088	148	59	413	59	332	22	96	22
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	2,143	1,931	153	59	370	89	266	15	160	22
New England	341	290	38	13	79	19	57	3	40	7
Middle Atlantic	1,802	1,641	115	46	291	70	209	12	120	15
Midwest	1,349	1,203	112	34	235	61	163	11	101	17
East North Central	1,027	925	77	25	169	44	116	9	81	13
West North Central	322	279	34	9	67	18	47	2	20	4
South	6,016	5,400	479	137	875	194	646	35	321	52
South Atlantic	2,567	2,326	188	52	319	79	227	13	104	17
East South Central	176	155	17	4	21	5	14	2	9	2
West South Central	3,274	2,919	274	80	535	110	405	20	208	33
West	6,459	5,699	569	192	1,150	232	868	50	425	90
Mountain	1,648	1,463	146	40	268	51	202	15	94	23
Pacific	4,811	4,236	423	152	882	181	666	35	331	68

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total, all occupations	27,573	7,516	20,057	34,451	23,610	10,841	52,653	27,951	8,349	16,352	33,971	10,292	23,679
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,978	2,905	7,073	11,451	7,699	3,752	17,098	9,442	2,522	5,134	11,880	3,407	8,473
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,844	1,111	2,732	4,779	3,167	1,613	7,154	3,971	986	2,196	5,134	1,535	3,599
Management occupations	2,743	794	1,949	3,479	2,255	1,224	5,172	2,863	742	1,567	3,612	1,125	2,487
Business and financial operations occupations	1,100	317	783	1,300	911	389	1,982	1,108	245	629	1,522	410	1,112
Professional and related occupations	6,135	1,794	4,341	6,672	4,532	2,139	9,944	5,471	1,536	2,937	6,746	1,872	4,875
Computer and mathematical occupations	661	204	456	745	500	244	1,092	660	113	319	843	217	626
Architecture and engineering occupations	465	166	299	696	520	175	929	473	138	318	762	213	550
Life, physical, and social science occupations	312	113	200	315	202	113	432	263	55	114	385	107	278
Community and social services occupations	491	127	364	492	315	178	743	406	116	221	462	123	340
Legal occupations	389	100	289	321	220	101	539	299	72	169	391	102	288
Education, training, and library occupations	1,746	492	1,254	1,901	1,282	619	2,893	1,528	506	859	1,784	539	1,245
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	593	153	441	562	380	181	887	521	122	244	827	195	632
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,477	439	1,038	1,640	1,112	527	2,429	1,321	414	693	1,292	376	916
Service occupations	4,757	1,214	3,543	5,547	3,831	1,716	8,742	4,674	1,306	2,762	5,672	1,828	3,844
Healthcare support occupations	724	178	546	789	559	230	1,150	599	160	391	584	170	414
Protective service occupations	642	137	504	563	411	153	1,135	610	166	358	675	229	446
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,442	397	1,045	1,960	1,350	610	2,775	1,439	430	905	1,812	612	1,200
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,062	279	782	1,152	795	357	2,104	1,182	309	613	1,353	433	920
Personal care and service occupations	888	223	665	1,083	717	366	1,579	844	241	494	1,248	384	864
Sales and office occupations	7,011	1,857	5,154	8,599	5,868	2,731	13,453	7,167	2,071	4,215	8,719	2,700	6,019
Sales and related occupations	3,100	842	2,258	3,871	2,656	1,215	6,181	3,348	912	1,920	4,154	1,261	2,893
Office and administrative support occupations	3,911	1,015	2,896	4,728	3,211	1,517	7,272	3,819	1,159	2,294	4,565	1,439	3,126
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,619	736	1,883	3,419	2,295	1,123	6,429	3,338	1,008	2,083	3,953	1,321	2,632
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	108	34	74	201	101	101	373	149	70	153	398	72	325
Construction and extraction occupations	1,574	454	1,121	1,975	1,352	624	3,953	2,103	590	1,260	2,394	857	1,537
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	936	248	689	1,242	843	399	2,103	1,086	348	670	1,161	391	769
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,203	804	2,399	5,429	3,912	1,517	6,917	3,321	1,441	2,155	3,742	1,036	2,706
Production occupations	1,575	427	1,148	3,069	2,256	813	3,593	1,671	848	1,073	1,821	472	1,349
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,628	376	1,251	2,360	1,656	705	3,324	1,650	592	1,082	1,921	563	1,358

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total, all occupations	26,344	7,185	19,159	32,719	22,340	10,379	50,289	26,793	7,929	15,568	32,370	9,853	22,517
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,751	2,839	6,912	11,178	7,497	3,681	16,750	9,255	2,470	5,025	11,557	3,321	8,236
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,753	1,088	2,665	4,675	3,087	1,587	7,012	3,900	963	2,150	5,007	1,499	3,508
Management occupations	2,680	778	1,902	3,409	2,204	1,205	5,069	2,808	724	1,537	3,527	1,101	2,426
Business and financial operations occupations	1,073	310	763	1,266	883	382	1,943	1,091	239	613	1,480	398	1,082
Professional and related occupations	5,998	1,751	4,246	6,503	4,410	2,094	9,738	5,355	1,507	2,875	6,551	1,823	4,728
Computer and mathematical occupations	638	197	441	720	483	237	1,065	645	108	312	821	211	611
Architecture and engineering occupations	455	161	294	680	506	174	912	462	137	312	745	206	539
Life, physical, and social science occupations	306	110	196	307	197	111	421	256	53	112	371	105	266
Community and social services occupations	479	125	354	477	304	173	727	399	114	214	455	120	335
Legal occupations	381	98	283	316	217	99	533	295	71	168	383	100	283
Education, training, and library occupations	1,705	480	1,225	1,854	1,249	605	2,831	1,494	497	840	1,724	523	1,202
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	575	148	427	533	360	173	854	501	119	233	772	186	586
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,458	432	1,026	1,616	1,094	522	2,395	1,302	407	685	1,279	373	906
Service occupations	4,488	1,143	3,345	5,154	3,547	1,607	8,167	4,387	1,205	2,575	5,321	1,715	3,606
Healthcare support occupations	696	174	522	749	531	218	1,090	572	149	368	556	161	395
Protective service occupations	621	134	487	540	394	146	1,100	590	162	349	631	217	415
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,352	370	983	1,788	1,228	560	2,531	1,319	388	824	1,703	572	1,131
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	983	254	729	1,047	717	330	1,953	1,102	278	572	1,258	404	854
Personal care and service occupations	835	210	625	1,030	676	353	1,493	803	228	462	1,172	361	812
Sales and office occupations	6,669	1,770	4,899	8,182	5,572	2,610	12,826	6,866	1,966	3,994	8,285	2,580	5,705
Sales and related occupations	2,947	804	2,144	3,661	2,506	1,155	5,870	3,197	859	1,814	3,953	1,213	2,740
Office and administrative support occupations	3,722	966	2,755	4,521	3,067	1,454	6,956	3,669	1,107	2,180	4,332	1,368	2,964
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,439	685	1,754	3,141	2,099	1,042	6,077	3,162	954	1,960	3,694	1,257	2,437
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100	31	70	185	93	92	343	136	66	140	348	67	280
Construction and extraction occupations	1,437	417	1,020	1,770	1,200	570	3,706	1,980	553	1,173	2,234	813	1,421
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	901	237	664	1,186	805	381	2,028	1,046	336	647	1,112	377	735
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	2,998	748	2,249	5,064	3,625	1,439	6,470	3,123	1,334	2,014	3,513	979	2,534
Production occupations	1,465	399	1,066	2,851	2,077	774	3,342	1,561	781	1,000	1,723	450	1,273
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,533	350	1,183	2,214	1,549	665	3,128	1,562	553	1,013	1,790	529	1,261

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total, all occupations	1,228	331	897	1,732	1,270	462	2,363	1,158	421	785	1,601	439	1,162
Management, professional, and related occupations	227	66	161	273	202	71	349	188	52	109	323	85	237
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	90	23	67	105	80	25	142	72	23	47	127	36	90
Management occupations	63	16	47	70	52	19	103	55	17	30	85	25	61
Business and financial operations occupations	27	7	20	34	28	7	39	17	6	17	41	12	30
Professional and related occupations	137	43	95	168	123	46	207	116	29	62	196	49	147
Computer and mathematical occupations	22	7	15	24	17	7	27	15	5	8	22	7	16
Architecture and engineering occupations	10	4	6	16	15	1	17	11	1	6	17	7	11
Life, physical, and social science occupations	6	3	3	8	5	3	11	6	2	3	14	2	12
Community and social services occupations	12	2	10	15	10	5	17	7	2	7	7	3	4
Legal occupations	8	2	6	5	3	2	6	3	1	1	8	2	5
Education, training, and library occupations	41	13	28	47	33	14	63	35	8	20	59	16	43
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	18	5	13	28	20	8	33	20	3	10	55	9	46
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	19	7	13	24	18	6	34	19	7	8	13	3	10
Service occupations	269	71	197	394	285	109	575	287	101	187	351	113	238
Healthcare support occupations	28	4	24	40	27	12	59	26	10	23	27	8	19
Protective service occupations	20	3	17	23	17	6	34	20	4	10	44	12	31
Food preparation and serving related occupations	89	27	62	172	122	50	244	120	43	81	109	40	70
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	79	25	54	105	78	27	151	79	31	41	94	29	65
Personal care and service occupations	53	12	40	53	41	13	86	41	13	32	76	23	52
Sales and office occupations	342	86	256	417	295	121	627	301	105	221	434	120	314
Sales and related occupations	152	38	114	210	151	59	311	151	53	107	201	49	152
Office and administrative support occupations	190	48	141	207	145	62	317	150	52	114	233	71	162
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	180	51	129	277	196	81	352	176	54	122	259	64	195
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8	4	4	16	7	9	30	13	4	13	50	5	45
Construction and extraction occupations	137	36	101	206	151	54	248	123	37	87	160	44	116
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	35	11	24	56	38	18	75	40	12	23	48	15	34
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	205	55	150	365	286	78	447	198	107	142	229	56	173
Production occupations	110	29	81	218	179	39	250	111	67	73	98	23	76
Transportation and material moving occupations	95	27	68	147	107	40	196	88	40	69	131	34	97

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total, all occupations	4.5	4.4	4.5	5.0	5.4	4.3	4.5	4.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.9
Management, professional, and related occupations	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.8
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.5	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.5
Management occupations	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.3	1.5	2.0	1.9	2.4	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.4
Business and financial operations occupations	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.7	3.1	1.7	2.0	1.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.7
Professional and related occupations	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.9	2.6	3.0
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.5	2.9	2.5	2.2	4.4	2.4	2.6	3.0	2.5
Architecture and engineering occupations	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.2	2.8	.6	1.8	2.2	.4	1.9	2.3	3.1	2.0
Life, physical, and social science occupations	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.2	3.6	1.8	4.3
Community and social services occupations	2.5	1.9	2.7	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.7	2.0	3.4	1.6	2.3	1.3
Legal occupations	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	.7	2.0	2.3	1.9
Education, training, and library occupations	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.7	2.3	3.3	3.0	3.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	3.1	3.1	3.1	5.0	5.3	4.4	3.7	3.8	2.3	4.2	6.7	4.7	7.2
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1
Service occupations	5.6	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.4	6.3	6.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	6.2	6.2	6.2
Healthcare support occupations	3.8	2.1	4.4	5.0	4.9	5.4	5.2	4.4	6.4	5.8	4.7	5.0	4.6
Protective service occupations	3.1	2.3	3.4	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.0	3.3	2.5	2.7	6.5	5.4	7.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	6.2	6.9	5.9	8.8	9.0	8.2	8.8	8.3	10.0	8.9	6.0	6.5	5.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	7.4	8.9	6.9	9.1	9.8	7.6	7.2	6.7	10.0	6.6	7.0	6.7	7.1
Personal care and service occupations	5.9	5.5	6.1	4.9	5.7	3.5	5.5	4.8	5.3	6.6	6.1	6.1	6.1
Sales and office occupations	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.8	5.0	4.4	4.7	4.2	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.4	5.2
Sales and related occupations	4.9	4.5	5.1	5.4	5.7	4.9	5.0	4.5	5.8	5.6	4.8	3.9	5.3
Office and administrative support occupations	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.4	3.9	4.5	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6.9	6.9	6.9	8.1	8.5	7.2	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.9	6.6	4.8	7.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	7.3	11.2	5.4	7.8	7.1	8.5	8.0	8.6	5.9	8.4	12.6	6.8	13.9
Construction and extraction occupations	8.7	8.0	9.0	10.4	11.2	8.7	6.3	5.9	6.3	6.9	6.7	5.2	7.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.8	4.4	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.4	4.2	3.7	4.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	6.4	6.9	6.2	6.7	7.3	5.2	6.5	6.0	7.4	6.6	6.1	5.4	6.4
Production occupations	7.0	6.7	7.1	7.1	7.9	4.8	7.0	6.6	7.9	6.8	5.4	4.8	5.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.8	7.1	5.5	6.2	6.5	5.6	5.9	5.3	6.7	6.4	6.8	6.0	7.1

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,344	7,185	19,159	32,719	22,340	10,379	50,289	26,793	7,929	15,568	32,370	9,853	22,517
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.0	39.5	36.1	34.2	33.6	35.5	33.3	34.5	31.2	32.3	35.7	33.7	36.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	14.2	15.1	13.9	14.3	13.8	15.3	13.9	14.6	12.1	13.8	15.5	15.2	15.6
Management occupations	10.2	10.8	9.9	10.4	9.9	11.6	10.1	10.5	9.1	9.9	10.9	11.2	10.8
Business and financial operations occupations	4.1	4.3	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.9	4.1	3.0	3.9	4.6	4.0	4.8
Professional and related occupations	22.8	24.4	22.2	19.9	19.7	20.2	19.4	20.0	19.0	18.5	20.2	18.5	21.0
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.4	1.4	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.7
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.7	2.2	1.5	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.4
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.5	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	.8	1.0	.7	.7	1.1	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5
Legal occupations	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	.9	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3
Education, training, and library occupations	6.5	6.7	6.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6	6.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.5	2.4	1.9	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.5	6.0	5.4	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.8	4.0
Service occupations	17.0	15.9	17.5	15.8	15.9	15.5	16.2	16.4	15.2	16.5	16.4	17.4	16.0
Healthcare support occupations	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.4	1.7	1.6	1.8
Protective service occupations	2.4	1.9	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.4	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2	1.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.9	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.1	3.8
Personal care and service occupations	3.2	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.6	3.7	3.6
Sales and office occupations	25.3	24.6	25.6	25.0	24.9	25.1	25.5	25.6	24.8	25.7	25.6	26.2	25.3
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.1	11.7	11.9	10.8	11.7	12.2	12.3	12.2
Office and administrative support occupations	14.1	13.5	14.4	13.8	13.7	14.0	13.8	13.7	14.0	14.0	13.4	13.9	13.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.3	9.5	9.2	9.6	9.4	10.0	12.1	11.8	12.0	12.6	11.4	12.8	10.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.4	.9	.7	.5	.8	.9	1.1	.7	1.2
Construction and extraction occupations	5.5	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.5	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.5	6.9	8.3	6.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.2	3.4	3.8	3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.4	10.4	11.7	15.5	16.2	13.9	12.9	11.7	16.8	12.9	10.9	9.9	11.3
Production occupations	5.6	5.5	5.6	8.7	9.3	7.5	6.6	5.8	9.9	6.4	5.3	4.6	5.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.8	4.9	6.2	6.8	6.9	6.4	6.2	5.8	7.0	6.5	5.5	5.4	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,896	3,735	10,161	17,307	11,845	5,462	26,927	14,232	4,214	8,480	17,839	5,439	12,399
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	34.4	37.0	33.4	31.7	31.0	33.0	30.2	31.6	27.3	29.4	33.3	31.2	34.3
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	16.1	16.8	15.8	15.8	15.2	17.1	14.7	15.6	12.8	14.3	15.9	15.9	15.8
Management occupations	12.3	12.9	12.1	12.7	11.9	14.2	11.6	12.3	10.5	11.1	12.3	12.6	12.1
Business and financial operations occupations	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.2	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.3	2.3	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.7
Professional and related occupations	18.3	20.2	17.6	15.8	15.8	15.9	15.5	16.0	14.5	15.2	17.5	15.2	18.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.3	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.2	1.9	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.7
Architecture and engineering occupations	2.9	3.7	2.5	3.4	3.6	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.7
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	.9	1.0	.9	.8	1.2	1.1	1.3
Community and social services occupations	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	.8	1.1
Legal occupations	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	.9	1.0	1.1	.8	.9	1.0	.8	1.0
Education, training, and library occupations	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.6	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.1	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.3	1.7	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	3.1	3.5	2.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.3
Service occupations	14.1	12.9	14.5	11.9	12.2	11.3	12.7	13.2	11.7	12.5	13.7	14.5	13.3
Healthcare support occupations .....	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.6
Protective service occupations	3.6	2.9	3.8	2.4	2.6	2.1	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.2	2.7	3.1	2.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.4	4.1	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.4	4.2	4.6	4.8	4.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4.3	4.2	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.5	4.1	4.5	3.9	3.6	4.3	4.6	4.2
Personal care and service occupations	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5
Sales and office occupations	18.1	17.4	18.4	16.6	16.4	17.0	17.1	17.3	16.2	17.0	18.0	17.6	18.1
Sales and related occupations	11.2	10.8	11.3	10.7	10.6	10.9	10.9	11.3	9.7	10.7	11.4	11.2	11.5
Office and administrative support occupations	7.0	6.6	7.1	6.0	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	16.9	17.5	16.6	17.4	17.0	18.2	21.6	21.3	21.4	22.1	19.5	22.0	18.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.5	.6	.5	.8	.5	1.4	1.0	.8	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.7
Construction and extraction occupations	10.1	11.0	9.8	9.9	9.8	10.1	13.3	13.4	12.6	13.5	12.1	14.3	11.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	6.2	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.6	6.7	7.2	7.1	7.6	7.3	5.9	6.6	5.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	16.5	15.2	17.0	22.5	23.4	20.6	18.4	16.7	23.5	18.9	15.5	14.8	15.8
Production occupations	7.2	7.2	7.2	11.7	12.3	10.3	8.5	7.3	12.3	8.5	6.9	6.2	7.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.3	8.0	9.7	10.8	11.1	10.3	10.0	9.3	11.2	10.4	8.6	8.6	8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,449	3,450	8,998	15,412	10,495	4,917	23,363	12,560	3,715	7,088	14,531	4,413	10,118
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	39.9	42.2	39.0	37.0	36.4	38.2	36.9	37.9	35.6	35.7	38.6	36.8	39.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	12.2	13.4	11.8	12.6	12.2	13.2	13.1	13.4	11.4	13.3	15.0	14.3	15.3
Management occupations	7.8	8.6	7.5	7.9	7.5	8.7	8.3	8.5	7.6	8.4	9.2	9.4	9.1
Business and financial operations occupations	4.4	4.8	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.8	5.0	3.8	4.9	5.8	4.9	6.1
Professional and related occupations	27.7	28.9	27.3	24.4	24.2	24.9	23.8	24.5	24.1	22.4	23.6	22.5	24.1
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	.7	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.6
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.5	.7	.4	.6	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.8	.6	.8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.7	1.0	.8	.8	.9	.7	.9	.4	.6	1.0	1.0	1.0
Community and social services occupations	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.0
Legal occupations	1.4	1.3	1.5	.9	.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5
Education, training, and library occupations	10.1	10.1	10.1	8.9	9.0	8.9	9.1	9.0	10.1	8.8	8.5	8.7	8.3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.5	2.5	2.1	2.7
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.3	8.8	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.4	7.6	7.7	8.3	7.0	6.1	6.0	6.1
Service occupations	20.3	19.2	20.8	20.1	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.0	19.2	21.4	19.8	21.0	19.3
Healthcare support occupations	5.0	4.5	5.2	4.4	4.5	4.0	4.3	4.2	3.7	4.7	3.2	3.1	3.2
Protective service occupations	1.0	.8	1.1	.8	.8	.7	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations	6.0	6.3	5.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.3	6.1	6.6	6.6	6.1	7.1	5.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.1	2.8	3.2	2.7	2.6	2.8	3.6	3.7	3.1	3.8	3.3	3.5	3.3
Personal care and service occupations	5.2	4.7	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.2	6.2	6.3	6.2
Sales and office occupations	33.3	32.5	33.7	34.4	34.6	34.2	35.2	35.0	34.6	36.0	35.0	36.8	34.2
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.6	11.1	11.8	12.0	11.4	12.6	12.6	12.1	12.7	13.2	13.7	13.0
Office and administrative support occupations	22.1	20.9	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.8	22.7	22.4	22.5	23.2	21.8	23.1	21.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations .....	.8	.9	.7	.9	.8	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.5	.4	.5	.3	.6
Construction and extraction occupations .....	.2	.2	.2	.4	.3	.4	.5	.5	.6	.4	.5	.7	.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .....	.3	.5	.3	.2	.2	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5.7	5.2	5.8	7.6	8.1	6.4	6.4	6.0	9.2	5.8	5.1	4.0	5.6
Production occupations	3.7	3.7	3.7	5.4	5.9	4.3	4.6	4.1	7.1	3.9	3.3	2.6	3.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	2.0	1.5	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	22,010	6,495	15,515	28,799	19,344	9,455	39,520	20,407	6,362	12,751	26,625	8,921	17,704
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.8	40.2	36.8	34.5	33.8	35.9	35.0	36.6	33.0	33.3	35.3	34.3	35.8
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	15.1	15.8	14.8	14.8	14.4	15.9	15.0	15.9	13.1	14.7	15.5	15.6	15.5
Management occupations	10.9	11.3	10.7	10.9	10.4	12.1	11.2	11.8	10.1	10.7	11.3	11.5	11.1
Business and financial operations occupations	4.2	4.5	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.9	4.1	3.1	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.4
Professional and related occupations	22.7	24.5	22.0	19.7	19.5	20.1	19.9	20.7	19.9	18.7	19.8	18.7	20.3
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.3	2.6	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.4	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.1	2.3
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.8	2.3	1.5	2.1	2.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	.9	1.0	.6	.7	1.1	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4
Legal occupations	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	.9	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.4
Education, training, and library occupations	6.8	6.9	6.7	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.5	1.9	2.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.2	6.1	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.6	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.6
Service occupations	15.9	15.1	16.2	15.0	15.0	14.8	14.4	14.4	13.4	15.1	16.1	16.9	15.7
Healthcare support occupations	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.6
Protective service occupations	2.1	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.4	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.1	1.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.5	4.4	5.0	5.2	5.7	5.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.5	3.6	2.8	3.5	4.0	4.1	4.0
Personal care and service occupations	3.0	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.2	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.4	3.5	3.4
Sales and office occupations	25.2	24.7	25.4	25.2	25.1	25.3	25.7	25.7	25.0	25.9	25.2	26.0	24.8
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.2	11.3	11.5	11.5	11.4	12.2	12.6	11.3	12.1	12.3	12.3	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	14.0	13.5	14.1	13.7	13.6	13.9	13.5	13.1	13.7	13.9	12.9	13.6	12.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.9	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.1	10.5	13.1	12.9	13.0	13.5	12.4	13.1	12.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.5	.9	.7	.5	.8	1.0	1.2	.7	1.5
Construction and extraction occupations	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	8.1	8.1	7.7	8.2	7.6	8.5	7.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.6	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.3	3.5	3.9	3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.2	10.1	11.7	15.1	15.9	13.5	11.8	10.5	15.5	12.2	11.0	9.7	11.6
Production occupations	5.6	5.3	5.7	8.5	9.2	7.1	6.2	5.4	9.0	6.2	5.2	4.3	5.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.7	4.8	6.0	6.6	6.7	6.4	5.6	5.1	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,758	385	2,373	2,625	2,138	487	8,564	5,281	1,361	1,921	1,378	295	1,082
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	26.4	24.0	26.8	26.9	27.0	26.7	24.5	25.5	21.4	23.8	32.9	27.3	34.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	8.1	6.7	8.4	9.6	9.5	9.8	9.1	9.6	7.6	8.6	14.4	11.4	15.2
Management occupations	5.5	4.2	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.7	4.6	5.5	8.6	7.8	8.8
Business and financial operations occupations	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.8	3.6	4.6	3.6	4.0	3.0	3.1	5.8	3.6	6.4
Professional and related occupations	18.3	17.3	18.4	17.4	17.5	16.9	15.4	15.9	13.8	15.2	18.5	15.9	19.2
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.1	2.0	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.9	.7	1.0	1.9	2.0	1.9
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.8	.4	.9	1.0	1.1	.5	.8	.9	.6	.8	1.7	.7	2.0
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.4	1.0	.3	.5	.4	.9	.5	.4	.7	.4	.5	.3	.6
Community and social services occupations	3.2	3.0	3.3	2.7	2.8	2.5	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.5	2.8	2.1	3.0
Legal occupations .....	.9	.5	.9	.7	.8	.3	.5	.4	.7	.4	.9	.9	.9
Education, training, and library occupations	5.5	4.2	5.7	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.3	4.9	5.8	6.0	4.5	4.6	4.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.1	.5	.9	1.0	.8	.8	1.9	1.9	1.9
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.2	4.9	5.3	4.9	4.7	5.5	4.0	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.3	3.5	4.5
Service occupations	26.7	29.1	26.3	23.8	23.3	26.2	23.7	23.5	22.6	24.9	19.6	23.1	18.7
Healthcare support occupations	7.0	8.3	6.8	5.0	5.1	4.4	4.7	4.5	3.7	5.8	3.2	3.0	3.2
Protective service occupations	5.0	3.5	5.3	3.1	3.3	2.1	3.3	3.3	2.7	3.6	4.3	3.8	4.5
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.7	5.4	4.6	5.7	5.4	6.6	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.5	3.6	6.2	2.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5.0	6.0	4.8	5.3	5.1	6.0	5.9	6.2	6.7	4.5	3.5	6.0	2.8
Personal care and service occupations	5.0	5.8	4.9	4.9	4.3	7.1	3.6	3.5	3.0	4.5	5.0	4.2	5.2
Sales and office occupations	27.9	25.8	28.3	24.9	24.5	26.7	25.7	25.9	24.5	25.9	29.9	31.0	29.6
Sales and related occupations	10.3	11.2	10.2	8.8	8.9	8.5	9.6	9.7	9.0	9.7	12.2	13.4	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	17.6	14.6	18.1	16.1	15.6	18.3	16.1	16.2	15.6	16.1	17.7	17.5	17.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6.7	7.8	6.5	4.9	5.1	3.9	7.9	8.3	7.8	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	(1)	.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	.6	.5	.7	.6	(1)	(1)	(1)
Construction and extraction occupations	4.3	5.1	4.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	4.6	5.0	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.0	2.2	.9	2.8	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12.3	13.3	12.2	19.4	20.0	16.4	18.2	16.7	23.7	18.5	10.8	12.1	10.4
Production occupations	4.4	6.2	4.1	9.7	10.1	8.1	8.5	7.4	13.9	7.7	4.2	4.6	4.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.0	7.1	8.1	9.7	10.0	8.4	9.7	9.2	9.8	10.8	6.6	7.5	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,280	227	1,052	757	544	213	1,248	720	87	441	2,939	231	2,708
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	47.5	48.1	47.3	51.8	54.7	44.4	46.3	45.1	49.3	47.7	44.6	39.7	45.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	14.0	12.0	14.5	13.4	15.1	9.2	14.8	15.4	12.1	14.4	17.5	16.0	17.6
Management occupations	9.1	8.7	9.1	9.0	10.0	6.5	9.6	9.8	8.2	9.4	10.4	10.1	10.4
Business and financial operations occupations	5.0	3.3	5.3	4.4	5.1	2.6	5.3	5.6	4.0	5.0	7.1	5.9	7.2
Professional and related occupations	33.5	36.2	32.9	38.4	39.6	35.2	31.5	29.6	37.2	33.3	27.1	23.7	27.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	8.3	9.4	8.1	12.7	13.6	10.5	8.6	7.2	7.5	11.1	5.7	5.1	5.7
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.5	4.1	3.3	4.7	5.4	3.0	4.4	3.4	7.4	5.5	4.8	3.4	4.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3.4	8.5	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.4	5.3	2.5	1.7	1.5	1.7
Community and social services occupations .....	.5	.4	.6	.7	.8	.5	.9	1.1	.3	.8	1.2	.2	1.3
Legal occupations .....	.3	(¹)	.4	.9	1.0	.6	.6	.9	(¹)	.3	.8	.3	.8
Education, training, and library occupations	3.9	5.8	3.5	6.3	5.6	8.3	5.2	5.1	8.9	4.7	4.7	6.9	4.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.5	.7	2.9	1.1	.9	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.1	1.2	1.9	1.4	1.9
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	11.0	7.3	11.7	9.7	10.4	8.1	7.3	7.5	6.6	7.1	6.5	5.1	6.6
Service occupations	14.7	15.2	14.6	14.4	13.7	16.1	17.8	18.5	21.1	16.1	15.6	20.8	15.2
Healthcare support occupations	2.1	1.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3	1.3	1.3	(¹)	1.5	2.2	1.5	2.3
Protective service occupations .....	.9	.5	1.0	.4	.5	.2	.5	.6	.2	.4	.8	.4	.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.8	8.8	7.6	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.7	6.3	9.4	6.9	5.6	7.4	5.4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.0	3.8	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.3	2.6
Personal care and service occupations	2.5	2.8	2.4	3.4	3.3	3.6	6.8	7.7	9.4	5.0	4.3	8.3	4.0
Sales and office occupations	22.1	20.2	22.5	18.3	19.4	15.4	21.2	22.6	17.1	19.8	26.0	24.7	26.1
Sales and related occupations	12.5	10.9	12.9	9.1	9.4	8.1	11.3	11.9	6.7	11.1	11.9	12.3	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	9.5	9.3	9.6	9.2	10.0	7.2	10.0	10.7	10.4	8.7	14.1	12.5	14.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	4.3	4.4	4.3	1.9	1.5	3.2	5.5	5.2	2.9	6.5	4.7	4.0	4.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.2	.5	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	2.4	.1	.3	(¹)	.4
Construction and extraction occupations	2.4	2.7	2.3	.8	.9	.5	1.7	2.1	(¹)	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1.7	1.2	1.8	1.2	.6	2.7	3.6	3.1	.5	5.1	2.7	2.8	2.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.4	12.1	11.3	13.6	10.7	20.9	9.2	8.6	9.6	9.9	9.1	10.7	8.9
Production occupations	7.7	10.9	7.0	10.0	7.3	16.8	7.3	7.0	8.8	7.5	6.5	8.9	6.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.8	1.2	4.3	3.6	3.4	4.1	1.9	1.7	.8	2.4	2.6	1.8	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,513	420	2,093	1,585	1,196	389	6,891	2,886	196	3,809	7,609	1,916	5,693
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	17.6	18.2	17.4	16.6	17.0	15.3	17.4	18.3	12.7	16.8	16.7	17.4	16.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	6.3	6.1	6.4	7.1	7.5	5.8	7.7	8.4	6.4	7.2	6.9	7.6	6.7
Management occupations	4.4	3.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	3.9	5.5	6.0	4.7	5.1	4.8	5.2	4.6
Business and financial operations occupations	1.9	2.6	1.8	2.5	2.7	2.0	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.1
Professional and related occupations	11.2	12.1	11.1	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.7	10.0	6.3	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.7
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	(¹)	.9	.8	.9	.7
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.8	.9	.7	1.2	1.4	.9	1.0	.9	.1	1.0	.8	.8	.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.5	1.0	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3
Community and social services occupations	1.7	2.2	1.6	1.0	.9	1.1	.8	.9	.7	.8	1.3	1.3	1.3
Legal occupations .....	.7	.4	.7	.5	.5	.6	.6	.7	.2	.5	.6	.5	.6
Education, training, and library occupations	3.2	3.7	3.1	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.9	2.2	3.0	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.7	.8	1.0	1.0	.7	1.1	1.0	1.1
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.2	1.3	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.7	1.0	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.6
Service occupations	29.4	29.7	29.4	23.1	22.4	25.3	22.3	21.2	25.7	22.9	23.5	25.9	22.6
Healthcare support occupations	4.0	5.2	3.8	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.3	1.2	.5	3.2	1.8	1.9	1.8
Protective service occupations	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.6	.7	1.5	1.3	.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9.4	9.3	9.4	11.1	10.4	13.3	7.8	6.9	7.7	8.5	7.4	8.8	7.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.6	8.9	9.8	6.5	6.2	7.3	8.1	9.0	14.8	7.1	9.2	10.3	8.8
Personal care and service occupations	4.4	4.5	4.4	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.6	3.3	3.1	3.4
Sales and office occupations	21.7	23.0	21.4	17.7	18.2	16.1	21.7	20.4	8.2	23.3	22.0	20.4	22.5
Sales and related occupations	8.6	9.4	8.5	6.5	6.3	7.1	9.8	9.9	4.6	9.9	9.8	9.4	10.0
Office and administrative support occupations	13.0	13.6	12.9	11.2	11.9	9.0	11.9	10.5	3.6	13.4	12.2	11.0	12.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11.7	8.6	12.4	12.9	12.3	14.9	22.5	24.8	30.8	20.3	19.7	22.0	18.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.9	.6	.9	1.2	1.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	3.0	1.6	3.2	1.5	3.7
Construction and extraction occupations	7.2	5.8	7.5	8.7	7.8	11.4	17.0	19.7	26.2	14.4	12.6	16.6	11.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.7	2.3	3.9	3.1	3.5	1.7	3.9	3.6	1.6	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	19.6	20.5	19.4	29.8	30.2	28.3	16.2	15.2	22.5	16.6	18.2	14.3	19.5
Production occupations	9.9	12.3	9.4	20.0	20.2	19.2	8.5	7.7	14.0	8.9	9.4	7.2	10.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.7	8.2	10.0	9.8	10.0	9.1	7.7	7.5	8.6	7.8	8.7	7.1	9.3

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total	27,573	7,516	20,057	34,451	23,610	10,841	52,653	27,951	8,349	16,352	33,971	10,292	23,679
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	62	(²)	32	412	64	53	295	140	109	(²)
Construction	1,896	558	1,338	2,362	1,603	759	4,802	2,659	681	1,463	2,948	1,046	1,902
Manufacturing	2,902	844	2,058	5,369	3,963	1,405	5,585	2,652	1,300	1,633	3,223	766	2,457
Durable goods	1,770	587	1,183	3,669	2,819	850	3,220	1,477	828	915	2,168	523	1,646
Nonmetallic mineral products	88	(²)	59	142	96	47	188	92	45	52	111	38	74
Primary and fabricated metal products	376	101	275	769	615	155	575	244	141	190	294	85	209
Machinery manufacturing	219	58	162	531	380	152	365	155	96	114	148	35	113
Computer and electronic products	302	132	170	267	187	79	388	179	49	160	614	135	479
Electrical equipment and appliances	94	34	60	180	130	49	188	92	55	(²)	51	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	224	92	132	1,069	909	159	702	314	229	159	409	78	331
Wood products	74	(²)	53	139	96	43	242	115	73	53	122	(²)	93
Furniture and fixtures	96	(²)	79	221	153	68	254	117	77	60	121	32	89
Miscellaneous manufacturing	297	103	194	352	253	99	317	170	62	86	298	74	224
Nondurable goods	1,132	258	875	1,699	1,144	555	2,365	1,174	473	718	1,055	243	811
Food manufacturing	224	45	179	514	275	239	561	236	113	211	305	87	218
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	54	41	(²)	124	82	(²)	(²)	84	(²)	67
Textile, apparel, and leather	183	43	140	96	63	33	481	319	95	67	184	(²)	166
Paper and printing	236	65	171	397	280	117	437	219	101	117	227	59	169
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	84	(²)	(²)	66	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	350	67	284	326	250	76	433	189	78	167	147	40	107
Plastic and rubber products	93	(²)	70	279	209	69	245	119	58	68	73	(²)	59
Wholesale and retail trade	4,055	1,108	2,947	5,255	3,561	1,694	8,084	4,269	1,244	2,570	5,178	1,533	3,645
Wholesale trade	820	216	604	1,150	792	358	1,645	847	256	542	1,151	300	851
Retail trade	3,235	892	2,342	4,105	2,769	1,336	6,439	3,423	988	2,028	4,027	1,233	2,794
Transportation and utilities	1,449	303	1,146	1,766	1,215	551	2,760	1,384	453	923	1,652	526	1,126
Transportation and warehousing	1,276	265	1,011	1,491	1,039	452	2,263	1,134	356	773	1,401	423	978
Utilities	173	38	135	275	177	99	497	250	97	150	251	103	148
Information	724	171	554	724	464	260	1,179	653	155	371	946	257	689
Publishing, except Internet	228	55	172	201	127	73	253	138	39	76	200	51	149
Motion picture and sound recording industries	61	(²)	(²)	54	(²)	(²)	90	(²)	(²)	(²)	189	(²)	158
Broadcasting, except Internet	101	(²)	76	106	64	41	224	140	(²)	54	159	56	103
Telecommunications	233	51	182	236	149	87	475	251	52	172	268	78	190
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	44	(²)	(²)	63	(²)	(²)	(²)	58	(²)	(²)
Other information services	72	(²)	56	84	63	(²)	72	(²)	(²)	(²)	68	(²)	45

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Financial activities	2,186	590	1,596	2,302	1,526	776	3,462	1,965	462	1,035	2,537	760	1,778
Finance and insurance	1,577	426	1,151	1,722	1,131	592	2,329	1,294	321	713	1,594	503	1,092
Finance	1,078	262	817	1,017	657	360	1,458	833	192	433	1,097	343	755
Insurance	499	164	335	705	473	232	871	461	130	281	497	160	337
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	608	163	445	580	395	184	1,133	670	141	322	943	257	686
Real estate	522	136	386	476	326	150	939	559	119	261	812	215	597
Rental and leasing services	86	(²)	59	104	69	34	193	111	(²)	61	131	42	89
Professional and business services ...	2,843	835	2,009	3,139	2,257	882	5,241	3,126	634	1,481	3,938	1,128	2,810
Professional and technical services	1,817	558	1,259	1,798	1,286	512	2,933	1,771	325	838	2,319	636	1,683
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	1,027	277	750	1,341	971	370	2,307	1,355	309	643	1,619	491	1,128
Administrative and support													
services	945	260	686	1,217	878	339	2,138	1,258	283	597	1,508	460	1,048
Waste management and													
remediation services	65	(²)	50	107	81	(²)	146	89	(²)	(²)	103	(²)	74
Education and health services	6,471	1,799	4,672	7,122	4,775	2,347	10,329	5,352	1,753	3,225	6,159	1,827	4,331
Educational services	2,602	738	1,864	2,861	1,918	943	4,420	2,223	780	1,417	2,715	827	1,887
Health care and social assistance ..	3,869	1,060	2,808	4,261	2,857	1,404	5,909	3,128	973	1,808	3,444	1,000	2,444
Hospitals	1,307	375	932	1,456	1,002	454	2,033	1,055	360	618	1,025	284	740
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,285	346	939	1,334	907	428	2,094	1,118	303	674	1,331	404	927
Social assistance	1,277	339	938	1,471	949	522	1,782	956	310	516	1,088	312	776
Leisure and hospitality	2,248	624	1,625	2,915	2,050	865	4,523	2,458	685	1,380	3,360	1,176	2,184
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	560	150	410	607	429	178	915	533	165	217	873	295	578
Accommodation and food services	1,689	474	1,215	2,308	1,620	688	3,608	1,925	520	1,163	2,486	881	1,606
Accommodation	254	83	171	257	177	80	619	384	69	166	539	268	271
Food services and drinking places	1,435	391	1,044	2,051	1,443	607	2,989	1,541	451	997	1,947	613	1,334
Other services	1,326	327	999	1,565	1,057	508	2,792	1,519	405	868	1,663	468	1,195
Other services, except private													
households	1,150	287	863	1,425	958	467	2,472	1,350	367	755	1,417	411	1,006
Repair and maintenance	351	97	254	463	307	156	904	461	125	318	549	162	387
Personal and laundry services	403	98	305	487	346	141	819	465	123	230	481	149	332
Membership associations and													
organizations	395	92	303	475	305	170	749	424	118	207	387	101	286
Private households	176	40	136	140	99	41	320	169	39	112	246	57	189
Public administration	1,217	293	924	1,208	806	402	2,695	1,562	368	766	1,552	504	1,049
Agricultural and related industries	219	60	160	655	296	359	774	280	155	339	669	192	477

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total	26,344	7,185	19,159	32,719	22,340	10,379	50,289	26,793	7,929	15,568	32,370	9,853	22,517
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	60	(²)	31	403	61	53	289	134	106	(²)
Construction	1,748	518	1,231	2,140	1,442	698	4,539	2,530	639	1,370	2,772	996	1,776
Manufacturing	2,770	804	1,966	5,115	3,760	1,355	5,295	2,510	1,224	1,561	3,075	735	2,340
Durable goods	1,692	560	1,132	3,493	2,671	822	3,064	1,400	786	878	2,084	504	1,580
Nonmetallic mineral products	82	(²)	55	134	90	44	184	90	43	51	103	37	66
Primary and fabricated metal products	360	98	263	738	588	150	549	232	134	184	279	80	200
Machinery manufacturing	213	56	157	511	364	147	348	148	89	111	141	34	107
Computer and electronic products	284	123	161	253	176	76	372	172	47	153	591	133	458
Electrical equipment and appliances	91	32	58	170	122	48	179	86	53	(²)	48	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	217	89	127	1,010	854	155	670	298	218	154	399	76	323
Wood products	70	(²)	50	132	90	41	224	106	71	48	117	(²)	90
Furniture and fixtures	91	(²)	75	211	146	66	238	109	72	57	116	31	85
Miscellaneous manufacturing	286	99	187	335	240	95	300	160	59	80	288	70	218
Nondurable goods	1,077	244	833	1,622	1,089	533	2,231	1,110	438	683	991	232	760
Food manufacturing	210	43	167	490	262	228	526	221	102	203	281	82	199
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	54	41	(²)	120	78	(²)	(²)	79	(²)	62
Textile, apparel, and leather	169	39	130	89	57	32	441	295	84	62	173	(²)	155
Paper and printing	227	63	164	379	268	112	417	213	95	109	218	57	161
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	81	(²)	(²)	63	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	340	63	277	314	240	74	415	179	76	159	139	38	101
Plastic and rubber products	88	(²)	66	264	198	66	232	114	54	63	68	(²)	55
Wholesale and retail trade	3,837	1,052	2,785	4,958	3,346	1,612	7,693	4,081	1,179	2,434	4,916	1,468	3,448
Wholesale trade	786	207	579	1,100	754	346	1,588	821	247	520	1,105	291	814
Retail trade	3,051	845	2,206	3,858	2,592	1,267	6,106	3,260	932	1,914	3,811	1,178	2,633
Transportation and utilities	1,397	289	1,108	1,710	1,176	534	2,663	1,342	430	891	1,591	507	1,084
Transportation and warehousing	1,227	252	975	1,438	1,003	436	2,173	1,096	334	742	1,345	405	940
Utilities	170	37	133	271	173	98	490	246	96	149	246	102	143
Information	692	163	529	693	442	250	1,125	627	147	351	890	247	643
Publishing, except Internet	220	54	166	193	122	71	239	131	36	72	192	50	142
Motion picture and sound recording industries	57	(²)	(²)	52	(²)	(²)	81	(²)	(²)	(²)	171	(²)	143
Broadcasting, except Internet	99	(²)	75	99	61	39	215	137	(²)	50	149	54	95
Telecommunications	217	48	169	224	140	84	456	241	49	167	252	74	178
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	42	(²)	(²)	59	(²)	(²)	(²)	55	(²)	(²)
Other information services	70	(²)	55	82	61	(²)	72	(²)	(²)	(²)	67	(²)	44

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Financial activities	2,125	576	1,550	2,240	1,484	756	3,365	1,915	450	1,000	2,470	738	1,732
Finance and insurance	1,536	416	1,120	1,678	1,100	578	2,267	1,262	313	692	1,552	489	1,063
Finance	1,047	256	791	988	638	349	1,420	817	184	419	1,066	334	732
Insurance	489	160	329	691	462	229	847	445	129	273	486	155	331
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	589	160	430	562	384	178	1,098	652	137	308	917	249	669
Real estate	507	134	373	464	319	146	913	547	117	250	792	209	583
Rental and leasing services	82	(²)	56	98	65	32	185	106	(²)	59	126	40	86
Professional and business services ...	2,687	789	1,898	2,927	2,095	832	4,952	2,973	589	1,390	3,722	1,064	2,658
Professional and technical services	1,747	542	1,206	1,743	1,246	497	2,853	1,730	314	809	2,235	611	1,624
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	940	247	693	1,184	849	335	2,099	1,243	275	581	1,487	453	1,034
Administrative and support													
services	862	231	632	1,064	759	304	1,936	1,150	249	537	1,377	421	956
Waste management and													
remediation services	62	(²)	48	103	78	(²)	141	85	(²)	(²)	101	(²)	72
Education and health services	6,294	1,754	4,541	6,902	4,620	2,281	10,028	5,206	1,697	3,125	5,949	1,768	4,181
Educational services	2,537	718	1,819	2,777	1,859	919	4,321	2,180	759	1,381	2,629	800	1,829
Health care and social assistance ..	3,757	1,035	2,722	4,124	2,762	1,363	5,708	3,026	938	1,744	3,320	968	2,352
Hospitals	1,285	368	917	1,430	983	448	1,996	1,040	350	606	1,007	280	727
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,247	339	908	1,302	884	418	2,032	1,086	293	653	1,288	393	895
Social assistance	1,226	329	897	1,392	895	497	1,680	901	295	484	1,025	295	730
Leisure and hospitality	2,092	584	1,508	2,666	1,870	796	4,166	2,281	629	1,257	3,144	1,102	2,042
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	520	142	379	560	394	166	867	508	159	201	815	279	537
Accommodation and food services	1,572	442	1,129	2,106	1,476	630	3,299	1,773	470	1,056	2,328	823	1,505
Accommodation	230	78	152	237	162	74	578	357	66	154	507	253	254
Food services and drinking places	1,342	364	977	1,869	1,314	555	2,722	1,416	405	901	1,822	570	1,252
Other services	1,271	312	959	1,493	1,003	491	2,671	1,459	384	828	1,585	446	1,138
Other services, except private													
households	1,110	274	835	1,365	913	452	2,376	1,301	349	726	1,358	393	965
Repair and maintenance	338	93	245	440	292	149	860	439	118	303	522	155	367
Personal and laundry services	390	93	297	470	333	138	788	450	118	220	468	144	324
Membership associations and													
organizations	382	88	294	454	289	165	728	412	113	203	368	95	273
Private households	161	38	124	129	90	39	295	158	35	102	226	53	173
Public administration	1,193	287	906	1,179	787	392	2,649	1,539	360	750	1,509	490	1,019
Agricultural and related industries	210	55	155	638	287	351	738	268	149	321	613	185	428

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total	1,228	331	897	1,732	1,270	462	2,363	1,158	421	785	1,601	439	1,162
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	1	9	3	1	6	6	3	(²)
Construction	148	41	107	223	161	61	264	129	42	93	176	49	126
Manufacturing	132	40	92	254	203	50	290	141	76	72	148	30	117
Durable goods	77	26	51	177	148	28	156	77	42	37	85	19	66
Nonmetallic mineral products	6	(²)	4	8	5	2	4	2	1	(³)	8	1	7
Primary and fabricated metal products	15	3	12	32	27	5	26	13	7	6	14	5	9
Machinery manufacturing	7	1	5	21	16	5	18	7	7	4	7	1	7
Computer and electronic products	18	9	9	14	11	3	16	6	2	7	23	2	21
Electrical equipment and appliances	4	1	2	10	9	1	10	6	2	(²)	3	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	7	3	5	59	55	4	32	16	11	5	10	2	8
Wood products	4	(²)	3	7	6	1	18	9	3	6	4	(²)	2
Furniture and fixtures	5	(²)	4	10	7	3	16	8	5	3	5	2	3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	11	4	7	16	12	4	18	9	3	5	10	4	6
Nondurable goods	55	14	41	77	55	22	134	64	35	35	63	12	52
Food manufacturing	14	3	11	23	13	11	35	16	11	8	24	5	19
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(³)	(³)	(²)	4	3	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	4
Textile, apparel, and leather	14	4	10	7	5	1	40	24	11	5	12	(²)	11
Paper and printing	9	2	7	18	13	5	20	6	6	7	9	2	7
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	11	4	7	12	10	2	19	10	1	7	8	2	6
Plastic and rubber products	5	(²)	4	15	12	3	13	4	4	4	4	(²)	4
Wholesale and retail trade	218	56	162	297	215	82	390	189	65	136	262	64	198
Wholesale trade	35	9	26	49	37	12	57	26	9	22	46	9	37
Retail trade	183	47	136	247	178	70	333	162	56	115	216	56	161
Transportation and utilities	52	14	38	56	39	17	97	42	23	32	61	19	42
Transportation and warehousing	49	13	36	53	36	17	90	38	22	31	56	18	37
Utilities	3	1	2	4	3	(³)	7	4	1	1	5	1	4
Information	32	7	25	31	22	9	54	26	8	20	55	10	45
Publishing, except Internet	8	2	6	7	5	2	14	7	3	4	8	1	7
Motion picture and sound recording industries	3	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	9	(²)	(²)	(²)	17	(²)	16
Broadcasting, except Internet	2	(²)	2	6	4	3	9	4	(²)	4	10	2	8
Telecommunications	16	3	13	11	9	3	19	10	3	5	17	5	12
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)
Other information services	2	(²)	1	2	2	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)	1	(²)	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Financial activities	60	14	46	61	42	19	97	50	12	35	68	22	46
Finance and insurance	41	10	31	44	31	13	62	32	8	22	42	14	28
Finance	31	6	26	30	19	11	37	16	8	14	31	9	22
Insurance	10	5	6	14	11	3	24	16	1	8	11	5	6
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	19	4	15	17	11	6	35	18	4	14	25	8	17
Real estate	15	2	13	11	7	4	27	13	3	11	20	6	14
Rental and leasing services	4	(²)	2	6	4	2	9	5	(²)	2	5	2	3
Professional and business services ...	156	46	111	212	162	50	289	153	45	90	217	64	153
Professional and technical services	69	16	54	55	40	14	80	41	10	29	84	25	59
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	87	30	57	157	122	36	209	112	35	62	132	39	94
Administrative and support													
services	83	29	54	153	118	35	203	108	34	60	130	38	92
Waste management and													
remediation services	3	(²)	2	4	3	(²)	5	3	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	1
Education and health services	177	45	131	220	155	65	301	145	56	100	210	60	150
Educational services	65	20	45	84	60	24	100	43	21	36	86	28	58
Health care and social assistance ..	112	25	86	137	95	42	201	102	35	64	123	32	92
Hospitals	22	7	15	25	19	7	37	16	10	11	18	4	13
Health services, except hospitals ..	38	7	31	32	22	10	63	32	10	21	43	11	32
Social assistance	51	10	41	79	54	25	102	54	15	32	63	17	46
Leisure and hospitality	156	40	116	249	180	70	357	177	56	124	216	74	142
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	39	8	31	47	35	12	47	25	6	16	58	16	42
Accommodation and food services	117	32	85	202	144	58	309	152	50	107	158	58	100
Accommodation	24	5	19	21	15	6	41	26	3	12	32	15	18
Food services and drinking places	93	27	67	182	130	52	268	126	46	96	126	43	83
Other services	55	16	40	72	54	17	121	60	21	40	78	22	56
Other services, except private													
households	40	13	27	60	45	15	96	49	18	30	59	18	41
Repair and maintenance	14	4	9	22	15	7	44	22	7	15	27	7	20
Personal and laundry services	13	5	8	17	14	3	31	15	5	11	13	5	8
Membership associations and													
organizations	13	3	10	21	16	5	22	12	5	4	19	6	13
Private households	15	3	12	11	9	2	25	11	4	10	20	4	16
Public administration	25	6	18	30	20	10	46	23	7	16	44	14	30
Agricultural and related industries	10	5	5	18	9	8	36	12	6	18	56	7	49

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total	4.5	4.4	4.5	5.0	5.4	4.3	4.5	4.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.9
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.6	(²)	2.7	2.2	4.2	1.0	1.9	4.1	3.2	(²)
Construction	7.8	7.3	8.0	9.4	10.1	8.1	5.5	4.9	6.2	6.3	6.0	4.7	6.6
Manufacturing	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.7	5.1	3.6	5.2	5.3	5.9	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.8
Durable goods	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.8	5.3	3.3	4.8	5.2	5.1	4.0	3.9	3.6	4.0
Nonmetallic mineral products	6.6	(²)	7.0	5.3	5.5	4.9	2.0	2.3	3.1	.5	7.3	2.4	9.9
Primary and fabricated metal products	4.1	3.2	4.5	4.1	4.4	3.0	4.5	5.2	5.1	3.2	4.8	5.7	4.5
Machinery manufacturing	3.1	2.5	3.3	3.9	4.2	3.3	4.9	4.8	7.2	3.1	4.8	1.6	5.8
Computer and electronic products	6.0	7.0	5.2	5.3	6.0	3.4	4.0	3.6	3.8	4.6	3.7	1.6	4.4
Electrical equipment and appliances	3.8	4.1	3.7	5.6	6.7	3.0	5.1	6.7	3.9	(²)	5.3	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	3.3	3.0	3.4	5.5	6.0	2.6	4.5	5.1	4.9	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.5
Wood products	5.9	(²)	5.6	5.2	6.1	3.2	7.3	8.2	3.6	10.5	3.6	(²)	2.7
Furniture and fixtures	5.1	(²)	4.9	4.3	4.5	3.8	6.2	6.5	6.6	5.3	4.2	5.0	3.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	3.7	4.0	3.5	4.6	4.9	3.9	5.6	5.5	5.4	6.0	3.3	5.3	2.7
Nondurable goods	4.9	5.2	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.0	5.7	5.5	7.3	4.9	6.0	4.8	6.4
Food manufacturing	6.2	5.9	6.3	4.6	4.6	4.5	6.2	6.6	10.0	3.8	7.7	5.5	8.7
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(³)	(³)	(²)	3.5	4.1	(²)	(²)	6.2	(²)	6.5
Textile, apparel, and leather	7.5	8.4	7.3	6.9	8.4	4.1	8.4	7.6	11.3	8.1	6.3	(²)	6.4
Paper and printing	3.9	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.5	2.9	6.0	6.3	4.1	3.6	4.3
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.4	(²)	(²)	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	3.1	5.6	2.5	3.8	4.1	2.7	4.3	5.4	1.6	4.4	5.4	5.1	5.5
Plastic and rubber products	5.4	(²)	6.3	5.3	5.6	4.3	5.2	3.6	6.9	6.3	6.0	(²)	6.1
Wholesale and retail trade	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.6	6.0	4.8	4.8	4.4	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.2	5.4
Wholesale trade	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.7	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.0	2.9	4.4
Retail trade	5.7	5.3	5.8	6.0	6.4	5.2	5.2	4.7	5.7	5.6	5.4	4.5	5.8
Transportation and utilities	3.6	4.7	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.0	5.0	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.7
Transportation and warehousing	3.8	4.9	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.0	3.3	6.1	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.8
Utilities	1.6	2.8	1.3	1.4	1.9	.3	1.3	1.7	.9	.9	2.1	.7	3.0
Information	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.7	3.6	4.6	4.0	5.1	5.3	5.9	4.0	6.6
Publishing, except Internet	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.2	2.7	5.5	5.0	7.4	5.7	4.0	2.5	4.5
Motion picture and sound recording industries	5.1	(²)	(²)	4.8	(²)	(²)	9.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	9.1	(²)	9.9
Broadcasting, except Internet	2.2	(²)	2.5	6.1	6.0	6.3	3.8	2.7	(²)	6.9	6.4	3.8	7.8
Telecommunications	6.9	5.3	7.4	4.8	5.8	3.1	3.9	4.1	5.4	3.1	6.3	6.1	6.3
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.9	(²)	(²)	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.9	(²)	(²)
Other information services	2.4	(²)	1.1	2.3	2.7	(²)	.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	.8	(²)	1.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Financial activities	2.7	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.6	3.4	2.7	2.9	2.6
Finance and insurance	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.6	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.6
Finance	2.9	2.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.0	3.9	3.1	2.9	2.6	3.0
Insurance	2.0	2.8	1.7	2.0	2.4	1.2	2.8	3.4	.5	2.9	2.2	3.0	1.8
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	3.1	2.3	3.4	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.7	4.2	2.7	3.1	2.5
Real estate	2.9	1.7	3.3	2.4	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.2	4.3	2.5	2.8	2.4
Rental and leasing services	4.3	(²)	3.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	4.5	4.7	(²)	3.7	4.0	4.4	3.8
Professional and business services ...	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.8	7.2	5.7	5.5	4.9	7.1	6.1	5.5	5.7	5.4
Professional and technical services	3.8	2.8	4.3	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.3	3.2	3.4	3.6	4.0	3.5
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	8.5	10.8	7.6	11.7	12.5	9.6	9.0	8.3	11.2	9.6	8.2	7.9	8.3
Administrative and support													
services	8.8	11.2	7.8	12.6	13.5	10.2	9.5	8.6	12.1	10.0	8.7	8.4	8.8
Waste management and													
remediation services	4.0	(²)	4.0	3.3	3.1	(²)	3.6	3.9	(²)	(²)	1.6	(²)	2.0
Education and health services	2.7	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.5
Educational services	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.6	2.5	3.2	3.3	3.1
Health care and social assistance ..	2.9	2.4	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.7
Hospitals	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.8	1.5	2.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8
Health services, except hospitals ..	3.0	2.1	3.3	2.4	2.5	2.3	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.2	2.7	3.4
Social assistance	4.0	3.1	4.3	5.4	5.7	4.8	5.7	5.7	4.7	6.3	5.8	5.3	6.0
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	6.4	7.2	8.6	8.8	8.1	7.9	7.2	8.2	9.0	6.4	6.3	6.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	7.0	5.3	7.6	7.7	8.2	6.7	5.2	4.7	3.8	7.6	6.6	5.5	7.2
Accommodation and food services	6.9	6.8	7.0	8.8	8.9	8.4	8.6	7.9	9.6	9.2	6.4	6.6	6.2
Accommodation	9.5	6.5	10.9	8.1	8.3	7.5	6.7	6.9	4.9	6.9	6.0	5.5	6.5
Food services and drinking places	6.5	6.8	6.4	8.9	9.0	8.6	9.0	8.2	10.3	9.6	6.5	7.0	6.2
Other services	4.2	4.8	4.0	4.6	5.1	3.4	4.3	4.0	5.3	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7
Other services, except private													
households	3.5	4.5	3.2	4.2	4.7	3.3	3.9	3.6	4.8	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.0
Repair and maintenance	3.9	4.5	3.6	4.8	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.7	5.8	4.6	4.9	4.4	5.1
Personal and laundry services	3.3	5.3	2.7	3.4	3.9	2.2	3.8	3.2	4.2	4.6	2.7	3.5	2.3
Membership associations and													
organizations	3.4	3.7	3.3	4.5	5.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	4.4	2.1	4.8	5.7	4.5
Private households	8.5	6.5	9.1	8.1	9.3	5.0	7.9	6.6	9.4	9.2	8.0	6.7	8.3
Public administration	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.7	2.9
Agricultural and related industries	4.4	7.6	3.3	2.7	3.1	2.3	4.6	4.3	3.9	5.2	8.4	3.4	10.3

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,344	7,185	19,159	32,719	22,340	10,379	50,289	26,793	7,929	15,568	32,370	9,853	22,517
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.3	.8	.2	.7	1.9	.4	1.1	.1
Construction	6.6	7.2	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.7	9.0	9.4	8.1	8.8	8.6	10.1	7.9
Manufacturing	10.5	11.2	10.3	15.6	16.8	13.1	10.5	9.4	15.4	10.0	9.5	7.5	10.4
Durable goods	6.4	7.8	5.9	10.7	12.0	7.9	6.1	5.2	9.9	5.6	6.4	5.1	7.0
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.5	.3	.3	.4	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.3	2.6	1.4	1.1	.9	1.7	1.2	.9	.8	.9
Machinery manufacturing .....	.8	.8	.8	1.6	1.6	1.4	.7	.6	1.1	.7	.4	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.1	1.7	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.6	.6	1.0	1.8	1.4	2.0
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.5	.3	.5	.5	.5	.4	.3	.7	.3	.1	.2	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.2	.7	3.1	3.8	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.8	1.0	1.2	.8	1.4
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.9	.3	.4	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.2	.4	.6	.7	.6	.5	.4	.9	.4	.4	.3	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	.9	.6	.6	.7	.5	.9	.7	1.0
Nondurable goods	4.1	3.4	4.3	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.4	4.1	5.5	4.4	3.1	2.4	3.4
Food manufacturing .....	.8	.6	.9	1.5	1.2	2.2	1.0	.8	1.3	1.3	.9	.8	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.1	.2	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.5	.7	.3	.3	.3	.9	1.1	1.1	.4	.5	.2	.7
Paper and printing .....	.9	.9	.9	1.2	1.2	1.1	.8	.8	1.2	.7	.7	.6	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.3	.9	1.4	1.0	1.1	.7	.8	.7	1.0	1.0	.4	.4	.4
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.3	.3	.8	.9	.6	.5	.4	.7	.4	.2	.1	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14.6	14.6	14.5	15.2	15.0	15.5	15.3	15.2	14.9	15.6	15.2	14.9	15.3
Wholesale trade	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.6
Retail trade	11.6	11.8	11.5	11.8	11.6	12.2	12.1	12.2	11.7	12.3	11.8	12.0	11.7
Transportation and utilities	5.3	4.0	5.8	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.7	4.9	5.1	4.8
Transportation and warehousing	4.7	3.5	5.1	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.2	4.8	4.2	4.1	4.2
Utilities .....	.6	.5	.7	.8	.8	.9	1.0	.9	1.2	1.0	.8	1.0	.6
Information	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.9	.6	.5	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.5	.3	.6
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.5	.4	.3	.5	.5	.4
Telecommunications .....	.8	.7	.9	.7	.6	.8	.9	.9	.6	1.1	.8	.7	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Financial activities	8.1	8.0	8.1	6.8	6.6	7.3	6.7	7.1	5.7	6.4	7.6	7.5	7.7
Finance and insurance	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.1	4.9	5.6	4.5	4.7	3.9	4.4	4.8	5.0	4.7
Finance	4.0	3.6	4.1	3.0	2.9	3.4	2.8	3.0	2.3	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.3
Insurance	1.9	2.2	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.5
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.4	1.7	2.0	2.8	2.5	3.0
Real estate	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	2.4	2.1	2.6
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.2	11.0	9.9	8.9	9.4	8.0	9.8	11.1	7.4	8.9	11.5	10.8	11.8
Professional and technical services	6.6	7.5	6.3	5.3	5.6	4.8	5.7	6.5	4.0	5.2	6.9	6.2	7.2
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.2	4.2	4.6	3.5	3.7	4.6	4.6	4.6
Administrative and support													
services	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	2.9	3.8	4.3	3.1	3.4	4.3	4.3	4.2
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.2	.2	.3	.3	.4	.2	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3
Education and health services	23.9	24.4	23.7	21.1	20.7	22.0	19.9	19.4	21.4	20.1	18.4	17.9	18.6
Educational services	9.6	10.0	9.5	8.5	8.3	8.9	8.6	8.1	9.6	8.9	8.1	8.1	8.1
Health care and social assistance ..	14.3	14.4	14.2	12.6	12.4	13.1	11.3	11.3	11.8	11.2	10.3	9.8	10.4
Hospitals	4.9	5.1	4.8	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.9	4.4	3.9	3.1	2.8	3.2
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0
Social assistance	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.3	4.0	4.8	3.3	3.4	3.7	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	7.9	8.1	7.9	8.1	8.4	7.7	8.3	8.5	7.9	8.1	9.7	11.2	9.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.3	2.5	2.8	2.4
Accommodation and food services	6.0	6.2	5.9	6.4	6.6	6.1	6.6	6.6	5.9	6.8	7.2	8.4	6.7
Accommodation .....	.9	1.1	.8	.7	.7	.7	1.1	1.3	.8	1.0	1.6	2.6	1.1
Food services and drinking places	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.7	5.9	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.6
Other services	4.8	4.3	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.3	5.4	4.8	5.3	4.9	4.5	5.1
Other services, except private													
households	4.2	3.8	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.9	4.4	4.7	4.2	4.0	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.2
Private households .....	.6	.5	.6	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.4	.7	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.5	4.0	4.7	3.6	3.5	3.8	5.3	5.7	4.5	4.8	4.7	5.0	4.5
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.8	.8	.8	1.9	1.3	3.4	1.5	1.0	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,896	3,735	10,161	17,307	11,845	5,462	26,927	14,232	4,214	8,480	17,839	5,439	12,399
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.5	1.3	.4	1.2	2.8	.7	1.7	.2
Construction	11.7	12.7	11.3	11.1	10.9	11.5	15.2	15.9	13.8	14.7	13.9	16.2	12.9
Manufacturing	13.8	14.9	13.4	21.1	22.8	17.4	13.5	12.0	19.7	13.1	12.1	9.8	13.0
Durable goods	8.9	10.8	8.2	15.1	16.9	11.1	8.4	7.2	13.6	7.7	8.6	7.0	9.3
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.8	.5	.4	.6	.4
Primary and fabricated metal products	2.1	2.1	2.1	3.6	4.2	2.3	1.7	1.3	2.6	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.3
Machinery manufacturing	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.3	2.4	2.0	1.0	.8	1.7	1.0	.6	.5	.7
Computer and electronic products	1.3	2.2	1.0	.9	1.0	.8	.9	.8	.6	1.2	2.3	1.8	2.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.5	.6	.4	.6	.6	.6	.4	.4	.9	.3	.2	.2	.2
Transportation equipment	1.2	1.9	1.0	4.4	5.4	2.2	1.9	1.6	3.8	1.4	1.7	1.1	2.0
Wood products .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	1.4	.5	.6	.4	.6
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.3	.5	.9	.9	.8	.6	.5	1.2	.5	.5	.5	.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.2	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.0	.6	.7	.6	.5	1.0	.7	1.1
Nondurable goods	4.9	4.0	5.2	6.0	5.9	6.4	5.2	4.8	6.2	5.4	3.4	2.8	3.7
Food manufacturing	1.0	.7	1.1	1.8	1.4	2.7	1.1	.9	1.2	1.4	.9	1.0	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.2	.3	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.5	.6	.2	.2	.2	.8	1.0	.8	.3	.4	.1	.5
Paper and printing	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.5	.9	.9	.7	1.0
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.6	.2	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.6	1.1	1.7	1.1	1.2	.9	1.1	.8	1.2	1.4	.5	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.3	.4	1.0	1.1	.8	.6	.6	.9	.5	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	15.3	15.7	15.1	15.8	15.5	16.4	15.8	15.9	15.3	15.9	15.6	14.8	15.9
Wholesale trade	3.9	4.1	3.9	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.4
Retail trade	11.4	11.6	11.3	11.2	10.8	11.9	11.5	11.7	10.7	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.5
Transportation and utilities	7.7	5.9	8.4	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.2	8.2	8.1	6.8	7.1	6.7
Transportation and warehousing	6.8	5.2	7.4	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.2	5.8	6.3	6.7	5.8	5.6	5.9
Utilities .....	.9	.7	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.4	1.0	1.5	.8
Information	2.9	2.4	3.1	2.2	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.4	1.7	2.3	2.9	2.5	3.0
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.9	.6	.5	.6	.4	.4	.4	.4	.6	.5	.7
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.4	.3	.5	.5	.6	.4	.3	.5	.5	.5
Telecommunications	1.0	.8	1.1	.8	.8	.9	1.0	1.0	.5	1.2	.9	.9	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Financial activities	7.6	7.2	7.7	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.8	4.5	5.1	6.2	6.0	6.3
Finance and insurance	5.3	4.9	5.4	3.8	3.7	4.1	3.2	3.4	2.7	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.7
Finance	3.8	3.1	4.0	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.6	2.5	2.6
Insurance	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.4	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.3	2.6
Real estate	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.1
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.5	.3	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.3	.4	.5	.5	.4
Professional and business services ...	11.0	12.0	10.6	9.4	9.8	8.4	10.3	11.7	7.9	9.3	12.5	11.9	12.8
Professional and technical services	6.9	8.2	6.5	5.6	5.8	5.0	5.8	6.7	4.0	5.3	7.1	6.5	7.4
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.8	4.0	3.4	4.5	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.4	5.4	5.4
Administrative and support													
services	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.0	4.0	4.5	3.4	3.6	4.9	4.8	4.9
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.4	.3	.4	.5	.6	.3	.4	.5	.5	.3	.5	.5	.5
Education and health services	12.0	12.7	11.8	9.2	8.8	10.0	8.8	8.6	9.7	8.7	9.3	8.6	9.6
Educational services	5.9	6.4	5.6	4.9	4.7	5.4	4.7	4.4	5.2	4.8	4.9	4.7	5.0
Health care and social assistance ..	6.2	6.3	6.2	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.5	3.9	4.4	3.9	4.6
Hospitals	2.5	2.6	2.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.6
Health services, except hospitals ..	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.0
Social assistance	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.3	.8	.9	.7	.6	1.0	1.0	1.0
Leisure and hospitality	7.4	7.2	7.5	7.4	7.7	6.9	7.3	7.8	6.3	7.1	8.8	9.9	8.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.3	2.4	2.6	2.3
Accommodation and food services	5.5	5.2	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.6	4.2	5.9	6.3	7.3	5.9
Accommodation .....	.8	.8	.7	.6	.5	.6	.9	1.1	.5	.8	1.3	2.2	.9
Food services and drinking places	4.7	4.4	4.9	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.6	3.7	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1
Other services	4.2	3.7	4.3	4.1	3.9	4.4	5.0	5.0	4.6	5.2	4.4	4.0	4.5
Other services, except private													
households	4.1	3.6	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.4	4.9	4.9	4.5	5.1	4.2	3.9	4.4
Repair and maintenance	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.4	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.6
Personal and laundry services ....	.8	.5	.9	.6	.6	.7	.9	1.0	.7	.8	.7	.6	.8
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.0	.8	1.0
Private households .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Public administration	5.1	4.5	5.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	5.4	5.9	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.9	4.2
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.8	1.8	5.0	2.0	1.4	2.4	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,449	3,450	8,998	15,412	10,495	4,917	23,363	12,560	3,715	7,088	14,531	4,413	10,118
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.7	.1	.3	(¹)
Construction	1.0	1.3	.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.6	1.8
Manufacturing	6.8	7.2	6.7	9.5	10.1	8.2	7.0	6.4	10.6	6.4	6.4	4.5	7.2
Durable goods	3.7	4.5	3.3	5.7	6.4	4.4	3.5	3.0	5.8	3.1	3.7	2.7	4.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.3	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.2
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.5	.6	.5	.8	.9	.5	.4	.4	.6	.3	.3	.3	.4
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.3	.4	.7	.7	.8	.3	.3	.5	.4	.2	.2	.2
Computer and electronic products .....	.8	1.2	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.7	1.3	.9	1.4
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.3	.2	.4	.5	.3	.3	.2	.4	.2	.1	.1	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.4	.5	.3	1.6	2.1	.7	.7	.6	1.6	.6	.6	.4	.7
Wood products .....	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.3	.1	.1	.1	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.6	.2	.2	.1	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.9	1.2	.8	.9	.9	.8	.6	.5	.9	.5	.8	.7	.9
Nondurable goods	3.2	2.7	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4	4.8	3.2	2.6	1.8	3.0
Food manufacturing .....	.6	.5	.6	1.1	.9	1.6	1.0	.7	1.4	1.2	.8	.7	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.7	.6	.8	.3	.3	.4	1.0	1.2	1.3	.5	.7	.2	.9
Paper and printing .....	.6	.6	.5	.8	.9	.7	.6	.6	.9	.4	.4	.4	.4
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	1.0	.6	1.1	.8	.9	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.4	.3	.4
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.3	.2	.6	.6	.5	.3	.2	.5	.3	.1	(¹)	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.8	13.5	13.9	14.4	14.3	14.5	14.7	14.5	14.4	15.3	14.7	15.0	14.6
Wholesale trade	1.9	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.1	2.4	1.8	2.7
Retail trade	11.8	11.9	11.8	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.9	12.7	12.9	13.2	12.3	13.2	11.9
Transportation and utilities	2.6	2.0	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.5
Transportation and warehousing	2.3	1.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.1
Utilities .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Information	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.6
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.8	.9	.6	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.4	.2	.5
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.6	.4
Telecommunications .....	.6	.5	.6	.5	.5	.7	.8	.8	.8	.9	.7	.6	.7
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.4	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Financial activities	8.6	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.1	9.0	8.2	8.7	7.1	8.0	9.4	9.3	9.4
Finance and insurance	6.5	6.8	6.3	6.6	6.3	7.2	6.0	6.2	5.4	5.9	6.1	6.6	6.0
Finance	4.2	4.0	4.3	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.7	3.9	3.0	3.6	4.2	4.4	4.1
Insurance	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.7	2.6	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	1.9	2.1	1.9
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.4	1.7	2.1	3.2	2.8	3.4
Real estate	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.8	2.9	2.5	3.1
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.3
Professional and business services ...	9.3	9.9	9.1	8.5	8.9	7.6	9.3	10.5	6.9	8.5	10.3	9.5	10.6
Professional and technical services	6.3	6.9	6.1	5.1	5.3	4.5	5.5	6.2	4.0	5.1	6.6	5.9	7.0
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.8	4.2	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.7
Administrative and support													
services	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.6	4.1	2.8	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1
Education and health services	37.1	37.1	37.1	34.4	34.0	35.3	32.8	31.7	34.7	33.7	29.5	29.4	29.6
Educational services	13.8	13.9	13.8	12.5	12.4	12.7	13.1	12.4	14.5	13.7	12.0	12.3	11.9
Health care and social assistance ..	23.3	23.2	23.3	22.0	21.7	22.6	19.6	19.3	20.1	20.0	17.5	17.1	17.6
Hospitals	7.6	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.1	6.6	6.4	7.3	6.5	5.1	4.8	5.2
Health services, except hospitals ..	7.6	7.4	7.7	6.7	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.8	5.6	7.4	6.6	6.8	6.4
Social assistance	8.1	8.0	8.1	7.8	7.3	8.7	6.3	6.1	7.2	6.1	5.8	5.5	6.0
Leisure and hospitality	8.5	9.1	8.3	8.9	9.1	8.5	9.4	9.4	9.8	9.2	10.9	12.8	10.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.3	2.6	3.1	2.4
Accommodation and food services	6.5	7.1	6.2	7.3	7.5	6.9	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.2	9.7	7.6
Accommodation	1.0	1.3	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.9	3.0	1.5
Food services and drinking places	5.5	5.8	5.4	6.4	6.6	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.7	6.1
Other services	5.6	5.0	5.8	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.7	5.9	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.2	5.7
Other services, except private													
households	4.4	4.0	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2
Repair and maintenance .....	.3	.5	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.4	.6	.5	.4	.5
Personal and laundry services	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.2
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.5
Private households	1.2	1.0	1.3	.8	.8	.8	1.2	1.1	.9	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.6
Public administration	3.9	3.5	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.9	5.2	5.6	4.3	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.4	.4	.4	1.0	.7	1.5	.8	.6	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	22,010	6,495	15,515	28,799	19,344	9,455	39,520	20,407	6,362	12,751	26,625	8,921	17,704
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.3	.9	.3	.8	2.0	.5	1.1	.1
Construction	7.2	7.5	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	10.1	10.7	8.9	9.7	9.5	10.5	9.0
Manufacturing	10.9	11.2	10.7	15.7	17.0	12.8	10.3	9.3	14.5	9.8	9.3	7.4	10.4
Durable goods	6.8	7.8	6.3	10.7	12.1	7.9	6.1	5.3	9.7	5.5	6.2	5.0	6.8
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.6	.3	.4	.4	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.8	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.8	1.3	.9	.8	1.0
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	.8	.9	1.7	1.8	1.4	.7	.6	1.2	.7	.5	.4	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.1	1.7	.9	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.6	.8	1.5	1.3	1.6
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.5	.3	.5	.6	.5	.3	.3	.6	.3	.1	.1	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.2	.7	2.9	3.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.5	.9	1.2	.8	1.4
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.9	.3	.4	.3	.5
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.2	.4	.7	.7	.7	.5	.4	.9	.4	.4	.3	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	.9	.6	.6	.7	.5	.8	.6	.9
Nondurable goods	4.1	3.4	4.4	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.2	4.0	4.9	4.3	3.1	2.3	3.5
Food manufacturing .....	.8	.6	.9	1.5	1.2	2.1	.9	.7	1.0	1.3	.9	.8	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.1	.3	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.5	.6	.3	.2	.3	.8	1.1	.9	.4	.5	.2	.7
Paper and printing .....	.9	.9	.9	1.2	1.3	1.0	.8	.8	1.1	.7	.7	.6	.8
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.2	.8	1.4	1.0	1.1	.7	.8	.7	.9	1.0	.4	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.3	.4	.8	.9	.6	.4	.4	.7	.4	.2	.1	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	14.8	14.8	14.8	15.7	15.6	15.9	15.7	15.7	15.4	15.9	15.2	15.0	15.4
Wholesale trade	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.0	3.7
Retail trade	11.6	11.8	11.5	12.2	12.1	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.1	12.4	11.8	12.0	11.7
Transportation and utilities	4.9	3.9	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.7	5.3	5.3	4.7	5.0	4.5
Transportation and warehousing	4.2	3.4	4.6	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.0	4.4	3.9	4.0	3.8
Utilities .....	.7	.5	.8	.9	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.0	.8	1.0	.7
Information	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.7	2.6	2.8
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	.8	.9	.6	.5	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.6	.4
Telecommunications .....	.8	.7	.9	.7	.6	.8	.8	.8	.5	1.0	.7	.8	.7
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Financial activities	8.1	7.9	8.2	6.8	6.6	7.3	7.0	7.5	6.0	6.8	7.5	7.6	7.5
Finance and insurance	5.8	5.6	5.9	5.1	4.9	5.5	4.6	4.8	4.2	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.4
Finance	3.9	3.4	4.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.0
Insurance	1.9	2.2	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.4
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.4	2.7	1.8	2.1	2.9	2.6	3.1
Real estate	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.8	2.5	2.2	2.7
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.3	11.1	10.0	8.8	9.2	8.1	10.1	11.5	7.7	9.2	11.4	10.8	11.7
Professional and technical services	6.9	7.7	6.5	5.4	5.6	4.9	6.2	7.0	4.5	5.6	6.8	6.3	7.0
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.2	4.0	4.5	3.1	3.6	4.7	4.5	4.7
Administrative and support													
services	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.7	4.2	2.8	3.3	4.3	4.2	4.3
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4	.3	.2	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.4
Education and health services	23.0	24.2	22.5	20.4	19.8	21.6	18.8	18.2	20.6	19.0	18.0	17.9	18.0
Educational services	10.0	10.3	9.9	8.5	8.3	8.9	8.6	8.1	9.3	8.9	8.3	8.2	8.3
Health care and social assistance ..	13.0	14.0	12.6	11.9	11.5	12.6	10.3	10.1	11.4	10.1	9.7	9.7	9.7
Hospitals	4.3	4.8	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	3.6	3.5	4.4	3.4	2.8	2.8	2.8
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.5	4.8	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.9
Social assistance	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.5	4.5	2.6	2.5	3.2	2.6	3.0	2.9	3.0
Leisure and hospitality	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.2	7.3	7.9	8.1	7.6	7.7	9.6	10.8	9.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation													
Accommodation and food services													
Accommodation .....	.8	1.0	.7	.7	.7	.7	1.0	1.1	.7	.9	1.5	2.4	1.0
Food services and drinking places													
Food services and drinking places	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.5
Other services	4.8	4.3	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.3	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.0	4.6	5.2
Other services, except private													
households	4.2	3.7	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.2	4.1	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.8
Personal and laundry services	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.2
Private households .....	.6	.5	.6	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.4	.6	.8	.6	.9
Public administration	4.4	3.9	4.7	3.5	3.3	3.7	4.9	5.3	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.8	4.2
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.9	.8	1.0	2.2	1.5	3.7	1.7	1.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,758	385	2,373	2,625	2,138	487	8,564	5,281	1,361	1,921	1,378	295	1,082
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.3	.1	.3	1.0	.1	.4	(¹)
Construction	4.0	5.1	3.8	3.0	3.1	2.7	4.8	5.4	4.4	3.8	4.0	4.4	3.9
Manufacturing	6.9	8.2	6.7	14.3	14.8	12.2	11.4	9.7	19.6	10.2	6.3	4.9	6.7
Durable goods	3.6	4.9	3.4	9.4	10.3	5.5	5.7	4.6	11.0	5.0	4.0	2.4	4.5
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.1	.5	.1	.1	.1	.4	.4	.4	.5	(¹)	.1	(¹)
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.6	1.3	.5	1.7	1.8	1.0	.7	.6	1.4	.7	.3	.5	.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.3	.3	.3	.6	.5	1.5	.6	.5	1.0	.4	.3	.1	.4
Computer and electronic products .....	.4	.2	.5	.6	.7	.3	.6	.4	.5	1.3	1.6	.9	1.8
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4	.4	.8	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.4	.7	4.5	5.3	1.1	1.6	1.2	3.6	1.4	1.1	.4	1.3
Wood products .....	.1	.1	.2	.4	.5	(¹)	.5	.4	1.0	.4	.1	.2	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	.2	.1	.4	.4	.3	.3	.2	1.2	.1	(¹)	.1	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.6	1.0	.5	.8	.8	.9	.5	.5	1.0	.2	.5	.2	.6
Nondurable goods	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.9	4.5	6.6	5.7	5.1	8.6	5.2	2.2	2.5	2.2
Food manufacturing .....	.7	.9	.7	1.7	1.6	2.3	1.7	1.4	2.7	1.8	.7	.8	.7
Beverage and tobacco products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	.2	.3	.4	.3	.2	.3	.7	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.5	.6	.5	.3	.3	.4	1.1	1.2	1.9	.2	.1	.2	.1
Paper and printing .....	.5	.1	.6	.8	.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.5	.7	.6	.6	.6
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.1	(¹)	.1	.4	.2	.1	.3
Chemicals	1.2	1.3	1.2	.8	.7	1.3	.9	.6	1.4	1.4	.3	.1	.3
Plastic and rubber products .....	.2	.5	.2	.8	.8	.7	.5	.5	.7	.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wholesale and retail trade	12.2	13.0	12.1	10.4	10.2	11.5	13.5	13.6	12.8	13.8	13.7	14.1	13.5
Wholesale trade	1.4	1.8	1.4	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.1
Retail trade	10.8	11.2	10.8	8.3	8.2	9.0	11.3	11.5	10.6	11.4	11.5	11.9	11.4
Transportation and utilities	8.6	7.2	8.9	7.3	7.4	6.5	7.1	6.5	6.4	9.3	8.1	8.4	8.0
Transportation and warehousing	8.1	6.6	8.4	6.6	6.8	6.1	6.3	5.7	5.6	8.2	7.1	7.2	7.0
Utilities .....	.5	.6	.5	.6	.7	.3	.8	.8	.8	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.0
Information	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.6	1.8	2.3	3.8	2.7	4.1
Publishing, except Internet .....	.5	1.0	.4	.6	.8	(¹)	.3	.4	.3	.3	.8	.1	1.0
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.5	.2	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.4	.2	.5
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.3	.2	.8	1.0	.7
Telecommunications .....	.8	.2	.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.7
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)
Other information services .....	.3	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Financial activities	7.8	8.0	7.7	7.2	6.7	9.4	5.6	6.2	4.4	5.0	8.3	8.1	8.3
Finance and insurance	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	4.7	7.3	4.2	4.6	2.9	3.9	5.3	5.0	5.4
Finance	4.2	3.2	4.4	3.3	2.9	4.9	2.5	2.7	1.4	2.4	3.7	3.2	3.8
Insurance	1.4	2.5	1.3	1.9	1.8	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.1	2.9	3.1	2.9
Real estate	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	.7	2.4	2.3	2.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.8	.1	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.2	.4	.5	.8	.4
Professional and business services ...	8.8	8.3	8.9	8.7	9.2	6.5	8.2	9.3	6.4	6.4	11.8	13.3	11.4
Professional and technical services	3.6	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.4	2.1	3.0	3.7	1.4	2.1	5.3	5.3	5.3
Management, administrative, and waste services	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.6	5.9	4.5	5.2	5.7	5.0	4.3	6.5	8.0	6.1
Administrative and support services	4.8	4.9	4.8	5.2	5.4	4.2	4.8	5.1	4.6	3.9	6.2	7.8	5.8
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.2	.5	.3	.3	.2	.4	.5	.3	.4	.3	.2	.3
Education and health services	31.3	28.5	31.8	27.7	27.2	30.1	25.2	24.5	24.8	27.4	23.0	17.5	24.5
Educational services	8.5	5.8	8.9	8.2	8.3	8.1	9.2	8.6	10.8	9.7	8.4	6.2	8.9
Health care and social assistance ..	22.9	22.7	22.9	19.5	18.9	22.1	16.1	16.0	14.0	17.7	14.6	11.3	15.5
Hospitals	7.7	7.9	7.7	6.5	6.6	5.9	5.3	5.1	4.7	6.2	4.7	4.5	4.8
Health services, except hospitals ..	6.1	4.3	6.4	4.1	3.8	5.5	4.2	4.1	3.1	5.0	3.6	3.5	3.6
Social assistance	9.1	10.5	8.9	9.0	8.6	10.7	6.6	6.7	6.2	6.5	6.4	3.4	7.2
Leisure and hospitality	6.7	7.8	6.5	8.5	8.6	8.4	9.1	9.1	8.6	9.4	7.8	14.0	6.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.4	.9	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.2	2.7	3.7	2.4
Accommodation and food services	5.3	6.9	5.0	6.9	6.9	7.2	7.8	7.9	6.9	8.2	5.1	10.3	3.7
Accommodation	1.1	1.8	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.0	1.4	1.7	1.6	6.0	.4
Food services and drinking places	4.2	5.1	4.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.6	3.5	4.3	3.3
Other services	5.1	5.7	5.0	4.7	4.5	5.6	4.7	5.1	3.9	4.0	4.2	2.9	4.6
Other services, except private households	4.1	5.2	4.0	4.6	4.3	5.6	4.0	4.4	3.4	3.2	3.8	2.7	4.2
Repair and maintenance .....	.8	.9	.7	.4	.4	.6	1.0	1.1	1.0	.7	.9	.9	.9
Personal and laundry services	1.6	2.1	1.5	2.5	2.3	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.4	.7	1.6
Membership associations and organizations	1.8	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6	.8	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.6
Private households .....	.9	.6	1.0	.1	.1	(¹)	.7	.6	.6	.8	.4	.2	.4
Public administration	5.9	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.0	7.1	7.6	5.9	6.6	8.9	9.3	8.8
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.5	.4	.7	.8	.1	(¹)	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,280	227	1,052	757	544	213	1,248	720	87	441	2,939	231	2,708
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.5	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	.1	.4	(¹)
Construction	2.7	2.8	2.6	1.1	1.0	1.3	2.3	3.2	(¹)	1.4	2.7	1.9	2.8
Manufacturing	12.4	16.6	11.5	19.1	18.0	22.0	11.3	8.7	16.6	14.6	13.2	14.7	13.1
Durable goods	6.7	11.7	5.6	14.2	14.4	13.7	8.2	6.3	11.4	10.8	10.0	11.0	10.0
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.1	.1	.1	.7	.8	.6	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	.2	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.6	.8	.5	1.9	1.8	2.2	.6	.4	.3	1.0	.6	.7	.6
Machinery manufacturing .....	.8	1.1	.8	1.1	.7	1.9	.7	.3	(¹)	1.5	.3	.2	.3
Computer and electronic products	2.1	4.8	1.5	2.9	3.1	2.4	3.0	1.7	2.2	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.1
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.7	.2	.9	.7	.8	.7	.7	.5	1.6	1.0	.2	.4	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.7	2.0	.4	4.7	5.4	3.0	1.4	1.5	5.5	.4	1.7	1.4	1.7
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.5	.6	1.5	.2	.1	.1	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.1	.4	.2	.3	(¹)	.4	.6	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.4	2.7	1.1	1.8	1.4	2.8	.9	.7	.3	1.3	1.6	2.8	1.5
Nondurable goods	5.7	4.8	5.8	4.9	3.6	8.3	3.1	2.4	5.1	3.8	3.2	3.7	3.1
Food manufacturing .....	.4	.8	.3	1.3	.3	4.1	.5	.4	2.2	.4	.7	1.0	.7
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.3	(¹)	.2	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.7	.7	1.9	.7	.6	.7	.9	.8	1.7	1.0	1.1	.6	1.2
Paper and printing .....	.7	.5	.8	.7	.1	2.0	.2	.2	.8	.1	.4	.4	.4
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	2.5	2.6	2.5	1.3	1.4	1.0	.7	.4	.4	1.4	.6	1.3	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.2	.3	.8	.9	.5	.5	.3	(¹)	.8	.2	.4	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	15.0	10.8	15.8	12.7	12.7	12.6	15.0	15.4	11.5	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.2
Wholesale trade	2.5	1.4	2.8	3.2	3.7	1.8	2.2	2.1	4.0	2.2	3.7	1.7	3.9
Retail trade	12.4	9.4	13.1	9.5	9.0	10.8	12.8	13.3	7.5	12.9	11.3	11.3	11.3
Transportation and utilities	4.5	1.5	5.2	3.4	3.5	3.2	2.4	2.0	1.8	3.3	5.1	5.3	5.1
Transportation and warehousing	4.4	1.3	5.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	1.9	1.4	1.8	2.7	4.9	4.9	4.9
Utilities .....	.2	.1	.2	.4	.5	.1	.6	.6	(¹)	.6	.2	.4	.2
Information	2.8	1.1	3.2	1.6	1.3	2.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.6	2.5	1.6	2.6
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	(¹)	1.0	.3	.1	.7	.3	.3	.2	.3	.6	.3	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	.3
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.5	.5	.1	(¹)	.2	.3	.4	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.2
Telecommunications .....	.9	.5	1.0	.7	.7	.8	2.2	1.6	1.3	3.3	.9	.2	.9
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.3	(¹)	.4	.1	(¹)	.5	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.3	.2
Other information services .....	.2	(¹)	.3	.2	.3	(¹)	.2	.2	1.3	(¹)	.3	.5	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Financial activities	8.7	11.8	8.1	7.5	8.1	6.0	5.2	5.4	6.2	4.7	8.8	6.6	9.0
Finance and insurance	7.0	10.0	6.4	6.5	7.0	5.3	4.3	4.4	6.2	3.8	6.6	5.8	6.7
Finance	5.7	7.0	5.4	4.4	4.6	3.7	3.2	3.5	4.1	2.5	4.9	4.6	4.9
Insurance	1.3	3.0	1.0	2.1	2.4	1.6	1.1	.9	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.8
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.0	1.1	.7	.9	1.0	(¹)	.8	2.2	.8	2.3
Real estate	1.6	1.3	1.6	.7	.8	.4	.8	1.0	(¹)	.5	2.0	.8	2.1
Rental and leasing services .....	.1	.5	(¹)	.3	.3	.3	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.2	(¹)	.2
Professional and business services ...	11.3	12.8	11.0	14.3	15.4	11.5	12.7	13.7	5.7	12.3	13.0	12.0	13.1
Professional and technical services	9.5	11.1	9.2	11.2	12.4	8.2	9.9	11.1	3.9	9.1	10.1	8.8	10.3
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	1.8	1.7	1.8	3.0	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.6	1.8	3.2	2.9	3.1	2.9
Administrative and support													
services	1.8	1.7	1.8	3.0	2.9	3.3	2.6	2.6	1.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8
Waste management and													
remediation services	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Education and health services	23.0	23.3	23.0	24.5	24.6	24.1	20.2	19.2	24.8	21.0	19.6	17.5	19.8
Educational services	6.2	9.9	5.3	8.3	7.8	9.5	8.2	7.5	16.2	8.0	6.6	8.5	6.4
Health care and social assistance ..	16.9	13.4	17.6	16.2	16.8	14.6	12.0	11.8	8.6	13.0	13.0	8.9	13.4
Hospitals	8.7	7.9	8.9	7.3	8.0	5.7	5.9	4.9	3.5	7.9	5.1	2.0	5.3
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.2	2.4	5.8	5.1	5.1	5.4	4.1	4.9	2.8	3.0	4.8	4.1	4.9
Social assistance	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.7	3.8	3.6	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.1	3.2	2.8	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	11.9	12.8	11.7	10.9	10.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	16.3	12.1	10.5	20.1	9.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.3	2.1	1.1	1.4	1.0	2.6	1.2	1.5	3.0	.4	1.8	5.5	1.5
Accommodation and food services	10.6	10.7	10.6	9.5	9.1	10.3	11.2	10.7	13.3	11.6	8.7	14.5	8.2
Accommodation	1.3	2.3	1.1	1.0	.9	1.3	2.4	2.1	1.6	2.9	2.3	7.2	1.9
Food services and drinking places	9.3	8.5	9.5	8.5	8.3	9.0	8.8	8.5	11.7	8.7	6.4	7.4	6.3
Other services	4.9	3.9	5.1	3.2	3.0	3.6	10.7	12.3	11.1	8.1	4.8	5.4	4.8
Other services, except private													
households	4.4	3.6	4.6	2.9	2.6	3.5	10.4	11.7	11.1	8.1	4.5	5.4	4.4
Repair and maintenance .....	.7	1.1	.6	.9	.5	1.8	2.2	2.1	1.1	2.6	1.3	1.6	1.3
Personal and laundry services	2.7	2.1	2.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	6.8	8.1	6.5	4.8	2.4	3.4	2.3
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.0	.5	1.1	.3	.4	.1	1.4	1.6	3.5	.7	.7	.4	.7
Private households .....	.5	.3	.5	.3	.3	.1	.3	.5	(¹)	(¹)	.4	(¹)	.4
Public administration	2.6	2.1	2.7	1.5	1.8	.7	4.0	4.9	2.7	2.7	4.1	1.7	4.3
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.2	.5	.2	.2	.3	(¹)	.1	.1	.5	(¹)	.5	(¹)	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,513	420	2,093	1,585	1,196	389	6,891	2,886	196	3,809	7,609	1,916	5,693
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	1.0	.1	(¹)	1.7	.2	.7	.1
Construction	7.6	6.0	7.9	9.4	8.8	11.3	17.7	20.9	28.7	14.8	13.3	16.8	12.1
Manufacturing	12.5	14.7	12.1	25.1	25.0	25.6	10.4	9.5	18.0	10.6	11.6	8.2	12.7
Durable goods	6.1	8.4	5.7	14.4	16.1	9.2	5.2	4.4	10.6	5.6	6.6	4.7	7.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.6	.2	.6	.7	.3	.5	.4	(¹)	.5	.5	.6	.4
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.4	2.2	1.2	3.8	4.3	2.2	1.2	.8	.3	1.6	1.3	.8	1.5
Machinery manufacturing .....	.2	.2	.2	1.4	1.6	.7	.4	.1	.6	.6	.5	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products .....	.8	.8	.8	.6	.7	.4	.6	.5	1.1	.6	.9	.8	.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	1.1	.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	.2	.2	.6	.1	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.6	.9	.6	3.1	3.8	1.0	.5	.4	2.0	.5	1.1	.5	1.3
Wood products .....	.2	.2	.2	1.0	.9	1.3	.4	.5	2.5	.3	.4	.4	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.2	.5	1.2	1.3	1.1	.8	.7	1.7	.7	.7	.5	.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.9	.9	.7	.7	1.9	.6	1.0	.5	1.2
Nondurable goods	6.4	6.3	6.4	10.7	8.8	16.4	5.2	5.1	7.3	5.1	5.0	3.5	5.5
Food manufacturing	2.0	2.1	1.9	6.1	3.7	13.5	2.1	1.6	4.7	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.6
Beverage and tobacco products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	.5	.2	.2	(¹)	.1	.3	.1	.4
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.2	1.3	1.2	.3	.3	.3	1.3	2.0	1.5	.7	1.2	.3	1.5
Paper and printing	1.3	.9	1.4	1.6	1.8	.8	.6	.5	.7	.6	.7	.7	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	(¹)
Chemicals	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	.6	.6	.4	.4	.7	.6	.3	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.6	.9	.6	1.3	1.5	.7	.4	.4	(¹)	.4	.4	.2	.5
Wholesale and retail trade	14.0	14.8	13.9	11.2	11.6	9.8	15.1	14.7	8.2	15.7	15.0	13.5	15.5
Wholesale trade	3.1	2.6	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.1	2.9	3.8	3.1	4.0
Retail trade	10.9	12.2	10.6	8.1	8.5	6.7	12.0	11.4	5.1	12.8	11.2	10.4	11.5
Transportation and utilities	6.7	4.5	7.1	3.9	4.2	3.2	4.6	4.4	2.2	4.9	5.0	4.3	5.2
Transportation and warehousing	6.3	4.3	6.7	3.3	3.7	2.3	4.2	3.9	2.0	4.5	4.5	3.4	4.9
Utilities .....	.4	.2	.4	.6	.5	1.0	.5	.5	.2	.5	.5	.9	.3
Information	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.5	(¹)	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.6	.4	.6	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2	(¹)	.4	.3	.3	.3
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	.4	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.3	.2	.4
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.3	.1	.4	.3	.2	.5	.3	.5	(¹)	.3	.4	.4	.4
Telecommunications .....	.5	.2	.6	.4	.3	.4	.6	.6	(¹)	.6	.6	.4	.6
Internet service providers and data processing services	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.3	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Financial activities	6.4	6.8	6.3	4.9	5.1	4.0	5.2	5.9	2.5	4.9	5.2	5.1	5.2
Finance and insurance	3.5	4.9	3.2	3.7	4.0	2.6	3.0	3.2	1.4	2.9	2.9	3.2	2.8
Finance	2.5	3.1	2.4	2.4	2.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	1.1	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.0
Insurance	1.0	1.8	.8	1.3	1.5	.9	1.0	1.0	.4	1.1	.9	1.0	.8
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.9	1.9	3.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	2.2	2.7	1.1	2.0	2.3	1.8	2.4
Real estate	2.6	1.6	2.9	.9	.8	1.3	1.9	2.3	1.1	1.6	1.9	1.4	2.0
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.2	.2	.3	(¹)	.4	.4	(¹)	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	9.3	9.8	9.2	10.2	10.4	9.5	9.2	11.2	11.4	7.6	10.0	10.6	9.8
Professional and technical services	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.7	.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	6.5	7.2	6.3	7.4	7.8	6.5	6.2	7.4	10.8	5.0	7.4	8.0	7.2
Administrative and support													
services	6.1	6.9	6.0	6.9	7.1	6.3	5.8	6.9	10.4	4.8	6.9	7.4	6.7
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.3	.2	.3	.5	.6	.2	.3	.5	(¹)	.2	.5	.6	.5
Education and health services	18.8	20.6	18.4	10.7	11.2	9.2	14.0	11.1	8.4	16.5	13.4	13.6	13.3
Educational services	5.4	5.0	5.5	4.2	4.5	3.3	5.6	3.6	4.2	7.2	5.4	5.4	5.5
Health care and social assistance ..	13.3	15.6	12.9	6.5	6.7	5.9	8.4	7.5	4.2	9.3	7.9	8.1	7.9
Hospitals	3.5	4.7	3.3	1.6	1.8	1.0	2.4	2.3	.7	2.5	2.0	1.9	2.0
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.8	4.6	4.9	2.0	2.1	1.7	3.4	2.8	(¹)	4.0	2.6	2.9	2.6
Social assistance	5.0	6.4	4.7	2.9	2.8	3.2	2.7	2.5	3.4	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.3
Leisure and hospitality	12.2	12.0	12.2	15.2	14.1	18.6	10.8	10.6	12.7	10.9	12.0	14.7	11.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.1	1.1	1.4	2.6	.7	1.8	2.4	1.7
Accommodation and food services	10.5	10.3	10.5	13.6	12.7	16.4	9.8	9.2	10.2	10.2	10.1	12.4	9.4
Accommodation	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	2.3	1.8	1.3	2.1	4.0	1.5
Food services and drinking places	8.9	8.2	9.0	11.9	10.9	14.8	8.0	6.9	8.4	8.9	8.0	8.4	7.9
Other services	7.1	5.7	7.4	4.5	4.6	4.1	5.6	5.8	3.9	5.6	5.9	4.9	6.2
Other services, except private													
households	5.3	4.9	5.4	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.2	2.3	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.4
Repair and maintenance	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.0	.1	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.4
Personal and laundry services	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.4	1.3	1.4	.7	.6	1.2	.7	.8	.3	.6	.9	.8	.9
Private households	1.8	.8	2.0	.5	.6	.2	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.6	.9	1.8
Public administration	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.0	3.1	2.7	1.4	3.5	3.1	4.2	2.8
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers	1.0	.5	1.1	1.0	.9	1.5	1.6	1.5	2.7	1.7	3.5	1.8	4.1

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Northeast	26,344	210	115	89	26,135	24,477	20,717	161	3,760	513	3,247	1,646
New England	7,185	55	32	23	7,130	6,625	5,720	38	905	128	777	501
Middle Atlantic	19,159	155	83	66	19,005	17,852	14,997	124	2,855	385	2,470	1,145
Midwest	32,719	638	236	387	32,082	30,192	25,917	129	4,275	558	3,717	1,870
East North Central	22,340	287	114	163	22,054	20,817	18,010	90	2,808	345	2,463	1,224
West North Central	10,379	351	121	224	10,028	9,375	7,907	39	1,468	213	1,254	645
South	50,289	738	403	329	49,551	46,344	38,649	295	7,694	1,586	6,108	3,176
South Atlantic	26,793	268	148	118	26,524	24,949	20,836	158	4,114	986	3,128	1,564
East South Central	7,929	149	71	77	7,780	7,250	6,000	35	1,250	227	1,023	523
West South Central	15,568	321	184	135	15,247	14,145	11,814	102	2,331	373	1,957	1,089
West	32,370	613	459	151	31,757	28,914	24,285	226	4,628	764	3,864	2,814
Mountain	9,853	185	110	72	9,668	8,931	7,499	53	1,432	273	1,159	730
Pacific	22,517	428	348	79	22,089	19,983	16,786	173	3,197	492	2,705	2,084
Men												
Northeast	13,896	156	90	62	13,740	12,663	10,964	14	1,699	310	1,388	1,073
New England	3,735	41	24	17	3,694	3,374	2,976	4	398	81	317	320
Middle Atlantic	10,161	115	66	45	10,046	9,288	7,988	10	1,300	229	1,072	754
Midwest	17,307	487	185	293	16,820	15,696	13,922	11	1,774	282	1,492	1,120
East North Central	11,845	211	87	120	11,633	10,877	9,721	9	1,157	172	985	754
West North Central	5,462	275	98	173	5,187	4,818	4,201	2	617	110	507	366
South	26,927	550	320	227	26,376	24,324	21,059	22	3,264	893	2,371	2,040
South Atlantic	14,232	197	113	83	14,035	13,045	11,266	15	1,779	546	1,233	986
East South Central	4,214	103	53	50	4,111	3,767	3,235	3	532	134	398	342
West South Central	8,480	250	154	95	8,230	7,512	6,559	5	953	213	740	712
West	17,839	462	354	106	17,377	15,659	13,637	20	2,023	456	1,567	1,709
Mountain	5,439	139	85	53	5,301	4,874	4,238	5	636	160	476	425
Pacific	12,399	323	269	54	12,076	10,786	9,399	15	1,387	296	1,091	1,284
Women												
Northeast	12,449	54	25	27	12,395	11,814	9,753	147	2,061	203	1,858	572
New England	3,450	14	8	6	3,436	3,251	2,744	33	506	47	460	181
Middle Atlantic	8,998	39	17	21	8,959	8,563	7,009	114	1,555	156	1,398	391
Midwest	15,412	151	51	94	15,261	14,496	11,995	117	2,501	276	2,225	750
East North Central	10,495	75	27	43	10,420	9,940	8,289	80	1,651	173	1,478	471
West North Central	4,917	76	23	51	4,841	4,557	3,706	37	851	103	747	279
South	23,363	188	82	102	23,175	22,020	17,590	273	4,430	693	3,737	1,136
South Atlantic	12,560	71	35	35	12,489	11,904	9,570	143	2,335	440	1,895	577
East South Central	3,715	45	18	27	3,669	3,483	2,766	32	717	92	625	181
West South Central	7,088	71	30	40	7,016	6,633	5,255	97	1,378	160	1,218	377
West	14,531	151	105	45	14,380	13,254	10,649	206	2,606	309	2,297	1,106
Mountain	4,413	46	25	20	4,367	4,057	3,261	48	796	113	683	306
Pacific	10,118	105	80	25	10,013	9,197	7,387	158	1,809	196	1,614	800

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Northeast	22,010	203	112	86	21,807	20,351	17,265	126	3,086	396	2,690	1,446
New England	6,495	53	31	21	6,443	5,960	5,125	35	835	114	721	480
Middle Atlantic	15,515	151	81	65	15,364	14,392	12,141	91	2,251	282	1,969	966
Midwest	28,799	626	229	383	28,173	26,461	22,799	122	3,662	436	3,227	1,695
East North Central	19,344	281	111	161	19,064	17,955	15,611	83	2,345	260	2,085	1,098
West North Central	9,455	346	118	222	9,109	8,506	7,188	39	1,318	176	1,141	597
South	39,520	674	352	316	38,845	36,133	30,451	225	5,683	1,096	4,587	2,686
South Atlantic	20,407	243	129	112	20,164	18,899	16,006	117	2,893	638	2,256	1,258
East South Central	6,362	138	61	76	6,224	5,755	4,809	25	946	173	773	462
West South Central	12,751	293	162	129	12,458	11,479	9,636	83	1,843	286	1,557	966
West	26,625	574	432	139	26,051	23,609	19,929	200	3,681	541	3,139	2,418
Mountain	8,921	178	106	70	8,742	8,055	6,786	50	1,270	229	1,041	682
Pacific	17,704	396	327	68	17,308	15,554	13,143	151	2,411	312	2,099	1,736
Black or African American												
Northeast	2,758	2	2	(1)	2,756	2,649	2,121	26	528	79	448	107
New England	385	(1)	(1)	(1)	385	374	327	2	47	9	38	11
Middle Atlantic	2,373	2	2	(1)	2,371	2,276	1,795	24	481	71	410	95
Midwest	2,625	3	2	1	2,623	2,506	2,052	3	454	97	357	116
East North Central	2,138	2	1	1	2,136	2,045	1,672	3	373	76	297	91
West North Central	487	(1)	(1)	(1)	487	461	379	(1)	81	21	60	25
South	8,564	46	41	5	8,517	8,170	6,445	57	1,725	399	1,326	346
South Atlantic	5,281	22	18	4	5,259	5,024	3,957	34	1,067	285	782	234
East South Central	1,361	10	9	1	1,351	1,302	1,034	8	268	51	217	49
West South Central	1,921	15	14	(1)	1,907	1,843	1,453	16	390	63	327	63
West	1,378	1	1	(1)	1,377	1,297	1,008	5	289	62	226	79
Mountain	295	(1)	(1)	(1)	295	282	229	1	52	16	37	13
Pacific	1,082	1	1	(1)	1,082	1,015	779	5	236	46	190	67
Asian												
Northeast	1,280	3	1	1	1,277	1,197	1,097	6	100	29	71	78
New England	227	1	(1)	1	226	219	205	1	14	4	10	7
Middle Atlantic	1,052	2	(1)	1	1,051	978	892	5	86	25	61	71
Midwest	757	2	(1)	1	755	721	653	2	68	10	58	32
East North Central	544	2	(1)	1	542	518	474	2	43	5	38	23
West North Central	213	(1)	(1)	(1)	213	203	178	(1)	25	5	20	9
South	1,248	1	1	1	1,247	1,157	1,023	4	134	46	88	85
South Atlantic	720	1	(1)	(1)	719	668	591	4	77	35	43	48
East South Central	87	(1)	(1)	(1)	87	81	67	(1)	14	1	13	5
West South Central	441	(1)	(1)	(1)	441	409	365	(1)	43	10	33	32
West	2,939	16	10	6	2,923	2,695	2,290	11	406	108	298	224
Mountain	231	(1)	(1)	(1)	231	218	188	(1)	30	7	23	13
Pacific	2,708	16	10	6	2,692	2,477	2,101	11	376	101	275	212

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Northeast	2,513	26	25	(1)	2,488	2,385	2,147	45	239	40	199	102
New England	420	2	2	(1)	418	406	369	3	37	5	32	12
Middle Atlantic	2,093	24	23	(1)	2,070	1,979	1,777	42	202	35	167	90
Midwest	1,585	17	15	1	1,568	1,525	1,412	8	113	15	98	43
East North Central	1,196	11	10	1	1,185	1,159	1,073	7	87	10	77	26
West North Central	389	6	6	(1)	383	366	340	1	26	5	21	17
South	6,891	113	108	5	6,778	6,379	5,698	100	681	139	543	395
South Atlantic	2,886	44	41	3	2,842	2,687	2,474	46	213	61	152	154
East South Central	196	5	5	(1)	191	181	172	3	9	1	9	10
West South Central	3,809	64	61	2	3,745	3,512	3,053	51	459	77	382	231
West	7,609	267	259	8	7,342	6,859	6,083	122	776	107	670	477
Mountain	1,916	34	31	3	1,882	1,773	1,556	17	217	39	178	107
Pacific	5,693	233	228	5	5,459	5,086	4,527	105	559	68	492	370

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Northeast	25,279	1,256	3,206	1,816	19,001	2,170	10,168	2,337	4,325	38.5	42.5
New England	6,841	402	960	610	4,869	504	2,385	734	1,246	38.1	42.7
Middle Atlantic	18,438	855	2,246	1,206	14,132	1,666	7,784	1,603	3,079	38.7	42.4
Midwest	31,360	1,729	3,993	2,340	23,298	2,115	11,635	3,576	5,973	38.9	43.3
East North Central	21,387	1,127	2,711	1,553	15,997	1,430	8,261	2,373	3,932	38.8	43.1
West North Central	9,973	602	1,282	787	7,301	684	3,374	1,202	2,041	39.1	43.6
South	48,483	1,872	5,085	3,323	38,203	3,251	21,239	4,766	8,947	39.8	42.9
South Atlantic	25,840	977	2,638	1,744	20,482	1,687	11,657	2,492	4,646	39.7	42.8
East South Central	7,623	324	852	528	5,920	576	3,211	780	1,353	39.5	42.8
West South Central	15,019	571	1,595	1,052	11,801	988	6,371	1,494	2,948	40.1	43.3
West	31,091	1,517	3,722	2,405	23,446	1,837	13,128	2,933	5,548	38.9	42.8
Mountain	9,474	475	1,102	732	7,165	581	3,763	998	1,822	39.3	43.1
Pacific	21,617	1,042	2,620	1,673	16,281	1,256	9,364	1,935	3,726	38.8	42.6
Men											
Northeast	13,440	424	1,091	736	11,190	808	5,745	1,459	3,178	41.5	43.9
New England	3,589	146	318	239	2,887	188	1,332	460	907	41.2	44.2
Middle Atlantic	9,851	278	773	497	8,304	621	4,414	998	2,271	41.5	43.8
Midwest	16,721	625	1,474	948	13,673	802	6,309	2,187	4,375	41.8	44.7
East North Central	11,431	402	988	623	9,418	529	4,490	1,470	2,929	41.8	44.6
West North Central	5,289	223	486	325	4,255	273	1,819	716	1,446	42.1	45.2
South	26,169	731	1,959	1,408	22,071	1,274	11,478	2,862	6,458	42.2	44.3
South Atlantic	13,840	378	1,000	724	11,738	650	6,294	1,499	3,296	41.9	44.0
East South Central	4,084	123	331	218	3,412	216	1,728	475	993	42.0	44.3
West South Central	8,245	230	628	466	6,921	408	3,457	888	2,168	42.6	44.8
West	17,272	551	1,446	1,061	14,215	798	7,665	1,816	3,936	41.3	43.7
Mountain	5,280	174	423	326	4,357	247	2,192	609	1,308	41.9	44.2
Pacific	11,992	376	1,023	735	9,858	551	5,473	1,206	2,628	41.1	43.5
Women											
Northeast	11,839	832	2,116	1,080	7,811	1,362	4,423	879	1,147	35.2	40.6
New England	3,252	256	643	371	1,982	316	1,053	274	339	34.6	40.6
Middle Atlantic	8,587	577	1,473	709	5,828	1,045	3,370	605	808	35.4	40.6
Midwest	14,640	1,104	2,519	1,392	9,625	1,312	5,326	1,389	1,598	35.5	41.2
East North Central	9,956	724	1,723	930	6,579	901	3,772	903	1,003	35.4	41.0
West North Central	4,684	379	796	462	3,046	411	1,555	486	595	35.7	41.5
South	22,314	1,142	3,125	1,915	16,132	1,977	9,761	1,904	2,490	37.0	41.1
South Atlantic	12,000	600	1,637	1,019	8,744	1,038	5,363	994	1,350	37.1	41.1
East South Central	3,539	201	521	309	2,508	360	1,483	304	360	36.5	40.7
West South Central	6,774	341	967	586	4,880	579	2,914	606	780	37.0	41.1
West	13,818	967	2,277	1,344	9,231	1,039	5,463	1,117	1,612	35.9	41.3
Mountain	4,194	301	679	406	2,808	335	1,571	389	513	36.1	41.4
Pacific	9,625	666	1,598	938	6,423	705	3,892	728	1,099	35.9	41.3

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	1,048	296	426	80	246	60	132	21	34	22.6	38.9
New England	316	98	126	26	65	17	33	7	9	21.5	37.9
Middle Atlantic	732	197	300	54	180	43	98	14	25	23.0	39.3
Midwest	1,586	426	668	128	363	85	185	40	53	22.8	39.3
East North Central	1,033	275	429	84	245	57	130	26	32	23.0	39.1
West North Central	553	152	239	44	118	28	55	15	20	22.5	39.8
South	1,843	331	739	184	591	131	334	58	68	26.1	39.4
South Atlantic	943	174	368	92	308	67	182	28	30	26.0	39.3
East South Central	325	66	136	26	96	15	60	9	12	25.0	39.7
West South Central	576	90	234	65	187	48	91	21	26	26.8	39.3
West	1,291	268	500	137	386	75	230	37	44	25.3	39.1
Mountain	461	91	170	51	149	28	84	14	22	26.2	40.0
Pacific	830	177	330	86	238	46	147	23	22	24.8	38.6
White											
Northeast	21,092	1,122	2,737	1,570	15,662	1,723	8,077	2,066	3,797	38.5	42.7
New England	6,180	376	869	551	4,383	451	2,093	677	1,162	38.1	42.8
Middle Atlantic	14,912	746	1,868	1,019	11,279	1,272	5,984	1,389	2,635	38.7	42.7
Midwest	27,597	1,585	3,551	2,090	20,371	1,873	9,787	3,261	5,450	38.9	43.4
East North Central	18,516	1,025	2,392	1,366	13,734	1,246	6,811	2,137	3,540	38.8	43.2
West North Central	9,081	561	1,159	724	6,637	627	2,976	1,124	1,910	39.2	43.7
South	38,064	1,558	4,015	2,562	29,929	2,531	15,922	3,951	7,526	40.0	43.2
South Atlantic	19,650	792	2,036	1,300	15,522	1,267	8,405	2,026	3,825	39.9	43.1
East South Central	6,108	279	687	413	4,729	463	2,443	662	1,160	39.6	43.1
West South Central	12,305	487	1,292	849	9,678	800	5,074	1,262	2,542	40.3	43.5
West	25,542	1,307	3,119	2,014	19,101	1,555	10,343	2,483	4,720	38.9	42.9
Mountain	8,576	437	1,011	663	6,465	530	3,327	920	1,688	39.3	43.2
Pacific	16,965	870	2,108	1,351	12,636	1,025	7,016	1,563	3,032	38.7	42.7
Black or African American											
Northeast	2,662	84	304	166	2,107	322	1,375	149	262	38.1	40.8
New England	366	15	54	36	260	32	163	27	38	36.9	40.7
Middle Atlantic	2,296	68	250	130	1,847	290	1,211	122	224	38.2	40.8
Midwest	2,520	82	294	173	1,971	164	1,306	185	315	38.7	41.8
East North Central	2,050	63	230	141	1,615	138	1,075	151	251	38.7	41.7
West North Central	469	19	63	32	355	26	230	35	65	38.4	42.3
South	8,279	243	838	615	6,583	580	4,345	616	1,042	39.0	41.6
South Atlantic	5,121	152	490	371	4,108	348	2,752	373	635	39.0	41.5
East South Central	1,314	36	148	102	1,027	97	679	95	155	38.7	41.4
West South Central	1,843	55	199	141	1,448	134	913	147	253	39.2	41.9
West	1,327	40	139	99	1,050	68	701	101	179	39.0	41.7
Mountain	284	10	23	20	231	18	143	26	44	39.5	41.9
Pacific	1,043	30	116	79	819	50	558	75	135	38.9	41.7

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Northeast	1,242	35	125	58	1,024	96	611	97	221	40.2	43.0
New England	221	6	24	16	175	14	106	23	32	39.3	42.4
Middle Atlantic	1,021	29	101	42	849	81	505	74	189	40.4	43.2
Midwest	728	28	72	37	591	39	353	72	127	40.0	43.2
East North Central	521	19	47	23	432	25	262	52	94	40.3	43.1
West North Central	207	9	25	14	159	14	91	20	34	39.2	43.5
South	1,217	29	121	73	995	74	600	98	223	40.3	43.3
South Atlantic	701	15	65	38	583	46	354	55	127	40.5	43.2
East South Central	85	2	8	4	71	6	41	6	17	40.5	43.4
West South Central	431	11	47	30	342	22	205	37	79	40.0	43.4
West	2,849	107	296	173	2,273	124	1,483	215	452	39.4	42.6
Mountain	223	14	24	13	172	7	109	19	37	38.7	42.8
Pacific	2,627	94	271	160	2,102	117	1,374	196	415	39.4	42.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Northeast	2,439	68	271	155	1,946	215	1,285	160	285	38.6	41.4
New England	404	14	58	39	293	37	189	29	38	37.1	40.5
Middle Atlantic	2,036	54	212	116	1,653	178	1,097	132	247	38.9	41.6
Midwest	1,540	51	164	113	1,212	115	751	146	200	38.9	41.7
East North Central	1,162	34	120	77	931	77	606	105	144	39.0	41.6
West North Central	377	16	44	36	281	38	145	42	56	38.5	41.9
South	6,720	162	647	479	5,432	485	3,530	521	897	39.4	41.7
South Atlantic	2,821	55	239	189	2,338	171	1,642	196	328	39.4	41.3
East South Central	190	4	20	11	156	19	99	14	24	39.2	41.1
West South Central	3,709	103	388	279	2,939	295	1,788	311	545	39.4	42.0
West	7,367	224	816	586	5,741	451	3,876	582	832	38.4	41.2
Mountain	1,862	53	186	151	1,471	119	948	162	242	39.1	41.6
Pacific	5,505	170	630	435	4,270	332	2,928	420	590	38.2	41.1

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,842	174	651	289	103	624	4,436	245	295	189	1,050	1,147	423	1,087
New England	590	52	206	111	35	185	1,382	69	69	57	367	335	130	356
Middle Atlantic	1,252	123	445	178	68	439	3,054	176	226	132	683	812	293	732
Midwest	2,256	287	881	126	95	866	5,806	337	385	139	1,348	1,732	594	1,271
East North Central	1,448	192	558	83	56	559	3,942	253	283	101	925	1,125	390	864
West North Central ...	808	95	323	43	40	307	1,864	84	102	37	423	607	204	407
South	3,514	483	1,094	270	211	1,457	6,766	493	413	230	1,237	1,796	686	1,911
South Atlantic	1,801	244	574	161	97	725	3,557	264	210	134	662	897	393	996
East South Central ...	587	78	169	38	37	264	1,117	68	56	29	207	349	108	300
West South Central ..	1,126	161	350	71	77	468	2,092	161	146	67	368	550	185	615
West	2,371	350	805	214	103	898	5,274	402	337	161	1,178	1,464	391	1,341
Mountain	749	95	281	54	32	289	1,560	95	88	32	383	448	134	380
Pacific	1,621	255	525	160	71	610	3,715	308	249	128	796	1,016	257	962
Men														
Northeast	910	107	335	120	60	287	1,341	117	116	7	61	467	216	356
New England	282	31	102	47	19	83	420	35	27	2	25	144	68	120
Middle Atlantic	627	76	233	73	41	204	921	81	89	5	36	323	149	237
Midwest	1,128	181	438	52	72	384	1,919	169	143	8	83	785	309	421
East North Central	725	126	277	33	42	246	1,289	127	108	6	54	507	206	280
West North Central ...	404	55	162	20	30	137	631	42	36	2	29	278	103	141
South	1,781	308	547	120	165	641	2,317	241	158	6	97	766	381	669
South Atlantic	898	155	282	72	77	313	1,204	135	85	4	51	366	222	341
East South Central ...	293	46	85	17	32	114	379	31	19	1	17	153	57	102
West South Central ..	590	107	180	31	57	214	734	75	54	1	29	247	102	225
West	1,277	233	416	104	93	432	1,781	196	135	15	103	651	205	475
Mountain	399	62	145	26	27	140	524	48	38	1	27	204	72	135
Pacific	878	170	271	78	66	292	1,257	149	97	14	76	447	133	340
Women														
Northeast	932	67	316	170	43	337	3,096	128	179	182	989	680	207	731
New England	308	21	104	65	16	102	962	34	42	55	342	191	62	236
Middle Atlantic	625	46	211	105	27	235	2,134	94	137	127	647	489	145	495
Midwest	1,128	106	443	74	23	482	3,887	168	242	131	1,265	946	285	850
East North Central	723	66	281	51	13	313	2,653	126	176	95	871	618	184	584
West North Central ...	404	40	162	23	10	170	1,233	42	66	36	394	329	101	266
South	1,733	175	547	149	46	816	4,449	252	255	224	1,140	1,030	306	1,242
South Atlantic	903	89	292	89	20	412	2,354	130	126	130	611	531	171	655
East South Central ...	294	32	84	22	5	150	738	37	37	28	190	196	51	198
West South Central ..	537	53	170	39	20	254	1,358	86	92	65	340	303	83	389
West	1,094	117	389	110	10	466	3,494	206	202	146	1,075	813	186	866
Mountain	350	32	136	28	5	148	1,036	47	50	32	356	244	63	244
Pacific	744	85	253	82	5	318	2,458	159	152	114	719	569	123	621

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Northeast	1,569	148	565	239	94	523	3,861	184	232	162	975	966	398	943
New England	534	46	189	100	33	166	1,263	54	59	53	345	301	124	326
Middle Atlantic	1,035	102	376	139	61	357	2,598	130	173	109	630	665	274	617
Midwest	2,010	256	799	107	90	758	5,215	268	308	121	1,265	1,563	561	1,129
East North Central	1,265	170	497	68	52	479	3,517	198	225	89	865	1,017	364	759
West North Central ...	745	86	302	39	38	279	1,699	69	83	32	400	546	197	371
South	2,743	367	898	204	173	1,101	5,392	339	249	188	1,070	1,419	606	1,521
South Atlantic	1,361	181	458	117	77	528	2,767	167	117	110	562	691	342	779
East South Central ...	464	54	145	28	30	206	916	50	37	25	190	279	97	239
West South Central ..	918	131	294	59	66	367	1,709	123	94	54	318	450	167	503
West	1,988	299	680	164	93	751	4,452	333	262	127	1,033	1,184	355	1,157
Mountain	675	84	257	46	29	259	1,436	85	79	29	362	404	129	349
Pacific	1,313	215	423	118	64	493	3,016	248	184	98	671	781	226	808
Black or African American														
Northeast	188	18	58	40	6	65	367	41	45	19	35	109	16	101
New England	35	3	10	9	1	11	71	11	7	2	10	17	3	21
Middle Atlantic	153	16	48	32	4	54	295	30	39	17	24	92	13	80
Midwest	164	21	50	14	3	75	385	56	58	12	45	90	25	98
East North Central	134	17	42	12	3	61	301	46	46	8	36	65	21	78
West North Central ...	30	5	9	2	(³)	14	84	10	12	4	9	25	4	20
South	627	94	154	54	28	298	1,068	130	142	32	111	276	69	309
South Atlantic	368	52	95	37	14	169	646	88	83	20	70	159	46	181
East South Central ...	110	22	22	9	6	52	177	17	19	3	12	62	10	55
West South Central ..	150	20	37	8	7	77	246	25	40	10	29	54	14	74
West	103	15	30	16	3	40	174	19	26	6	23	53	8	38
Mountain	23	2	8	3	1	9	30	2	3	1	6	10	1	7
Pacific	80	13	22	13	2	31	144	16	23	5	18	43	7	31
Asian														
Northeast	62	6	22	9	2	24	155	16	13	4	33	48	7	33
New England	15	2	5	3	1	5	31	3	2	1	8	10	1	5
Middle Atlantic	47	4	17	6	1	19	125	14	11	4	25	37	6	28
Midwest	39	5	15	3	(³)	15	98	5	6	2	24	41	1	19
East North Central	27	3	10	3	(³)	11	61	3	3	2	17	21	1	14
West North Central ...	12	1	6	(³)	(³)	4	37	1	3	(³)	7	20	(³)	5
South	58	7	19	7	2	22	164	10	8	5	38	57	5	42
South Atlantic	31	5	10	4	1	11	88	4	4	3	24	26	3	24
East South Central ...	4	(³)	1	1	(³)	2	11	1	(³)	(³)	3	3	1	3
West South Central ..	23	2	8	2	1	10	66	5	4	2	11	27	1	16
West	162	20	57	23	2	59	414	33	32	17	87	143	19	84
Mountain	14	3	5	2	(³)	4	37	2	3	2	7	15	2	7
Pacific	148	18	52	21	2	55	377	30	28	15	80	128	18	77

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	153	26	39	20	12	57	341	50	39	21	60	86	5	79
New England	38	7	8	7	3	14	73	12	7	4	16	16	2	16
Middle Atlantic	115	19	30	13	10	43	268	38	32	17	44	70	3	63
Midwest	112	28	29	5	11	39	216	32	24	9	34	61	7	49
East North Central	77	19	20	4	6	29	154	23	17	7	26	40	5	36
West North Central ...	34	9	9	1	4	10	62	9	7	1	8	21	2	14
South	479	122	98	31	60	168	808	128	64	43	121	192	27	233
South Atlantic	188	57	34	14	25	58	295	55	23	18	46	65	8	80
East South Central ...	17	3	5	(³)	4	4	18	2	2	(³)	5	5	(³)	3
West South Central ..	274	62	59	17	30	106	496	71	39	24	69	122	19	150
West	569	146	115	51	55	200	1,058	143	90	50	196	297	22	261
Mountain	146	29	39	12	10	56	245	32	19	7	50	64	7	66
Pacific	423	117	76	40	45	144	813	110	71	43	146	233	15	195

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,065	585	103	219	158
New England	344	200	31	64	49
Middle Atlantic	721	386	72	155	109
Midwest	1,359	731	136	256	236
East North Central	953	525	89	182	157
West North Central	406	207	46	73	80
South	1,807	875	212	398	323
South Atlantic	952	478	113	209	153
East South Central	305	129	38	80	59
West South Central	549	268	60	109	111
West	1,279	700	148	215	216
Mountain	379	212	46	59	62
Pacific	900	488	101	156	154
Men					
Northeast	455	256	15	102	82
New England	146	90	4	27	25
Middle Atlantic	310	166	10	75	58
Midwest	586	325	20	117	125
East North Central	414	234	13	84	83
West North Central	173	91	7	32	42
South	757	368	38	184	166
South Atlantic	392	206	17	96	73
East South Central	130	50	7	42	31
West South Central	235	112	14	47	62
West	567	326	23	103	114
Mountain	159	93	8	28	31
Pacific	407	233	15	75	84
Women					
Northeast	610	329	88	117	76
New England	198	110	27	37	24
Middle Atlantic	412	219	61	80	51
Midwest	773	407	115	139	111
East North Central	539	291	76	98	74
West North Central	233	116	39	41	37
South	1,049	506	173	213	156
South Atlantic	560	272	96	113	80
East South Central	176	78	31	38	28
West South Central	314	156	46	62	49
West	713	374	125	112	102
Mountain	219	119	38	31	31
Pacific	493	255	86	81	71

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	918	515	84	178	141
New England	315	184	27	57	47
Middle Atlantic	603	330	57	122	94
Midwest	1,202	655	117	217	213
East North Central	828	464	76	151	138
West North Central	374	191	41	66	76
South	1,456	726	169	301	260
South Atlantic	757	396	86	152	122
East South Central	254	109	32	65	49
West South Central	445	221	51	84	89
West	1,083	604	120	177	183
Mountain	344	194	42	52	56
Pacific	739	410	78	124	127
Black or African American					
Northeast	96	45	11	32	7
New England	19	11	2	5	1
Middle Atlantic	77	35	8	27	7
Midwest	106	47	12	30	16
East North Central	88	38	9	26	15
West North Central	18	9	3	5	1
South	285	118	31	84	52
South Atlantic	160	65	20	49	26
East South Central	47	19	6	14	9
West South Central	78	35	6	21	17
West	51	20	9	13	9
Mountain	11	6	2	2	2
Pacific	39	14	7	10	8
Asian					
Northeast	38	20	5	6	6
New England	6	3	1	2	(³)
Middle Atlantic	32	17	5	5	6
Midwest	29	20	4	2	3
East North Central	22	16	3	2	2
West North Central	6	4	1	(³)	1
South	31	16	5	5	5
South Atlantic	18	10	2	3	3
East South Central	2	1	1	1	(³)
West South Central	11	5	2	1	2
West	90	51	13	12	14
Mountain	8	5	1	1	1
Pacific	81	46	12	11	13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Northeast	74	40	8	19	7
New England	16	9	2	5	1
Middle Atlantic	58	31	6	14	6
Midwest	45	23	7	9	7
East North Central	33	17	4	8	5
West North Central	12	6	2	1	2
South	171	89	25	34	23
South Atlantic	65	31	11	13	9
East South Central	6	2	1	1	1
West South Central	100	56	12	19	13
West	242	121	30	55	35
Mountain	54	27	10	10	7
Pacific	187	94	20	45	29

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Northeast	1,335	705	176	129	394	107
New England	360	193	54	38	100	29
Middle Atlantic	976	512	121	91	294	78
Midwest	1,877	972	292	185	575	145
East North Central	1,378	735	215	129	406	107
West North Central	499	237	77	56	169	38
South	2,622	1,171	249	347	845	259
South Atlantic	1,269	589	118	169	400	111
East South Central	470	196	56	68	156	49
West South Central	884	386	75	110	289	99
West	1,756	819	216	211	572	154
Mountain	476	203	56	69	167	37
Pacific	1,280	616	160	143	404	117
Men						
Northeast	734	425	113	64	184	60
New England	201	114	34	19	52	16
Middle Atlantic	533	311	79	45	132	45
Midwest	1,020	583	202	96	262	79
East North Central	748	439	149	65	185	58
West North Central	272	144	53	30	77	21
South	1,350	676	148	175	364	135
South Atlantic	638	329	67	81	173	56
East South Central	235	112	34	36	62	24
West South Central	477	235	47	58	129	54
West	956	504	129	110	257	85
Mountain	255	119	32	37	79	20
Pacific	701	385	97	73	178	65
Women						
Northeast	601	280	63	65	210	47
New England	159	79	20	19	48	13
Middle Atlantic	443	201	43	46	162	34
Midwest	857	389	90	89	313	66
East North Central	630	296	66	64	221	49
West North Central	228	93	24	26	92	17
South	1,273	495	101	172	481	124
South Atlantic	631	260	51	89	227	55
East South Central	235	84	22	32	94	25
West South Central	407	151	28	51	160	45
West	800	315	87	101	315	70
Mountain	222	85	24	31	88	17
Pacific	578	230	62	69	226	52

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Northeast	188	27	10	10	80	72
New England	58	8	4	3	27	20
Middle Atlantic	131	19	6	7	53	51
Midwest	309	40	17	18	138	112
East North Central	213	26	11	12	93	81
West North Central	96	14	5	6	45	31
South	423	49	16	31	167	176
South Atlantic	196	25	9	13	84	74
East South Central	85	9	3	9	31	36
West South Central	141	15	4	10	52	66
West	266	39	16	17	104	106
Mountain	85	13	5	8	37	27
Pacific	182	26	12	8	68	79
White						
Northeast	978	530	150	102	272	74
New England	301	168	50	34	76	22
Middle Atlantic	678	362	99	67	196	52
Midwest	1,407	760	255	149	398	100
East North Central	1,021	572	188	102	272	74
West North Central	386	187	68	47	126	26
South	1,613	741	168	238	498	136
South Atlantic	723	336	76	110	224	53
East South Central	289	136	42	48	81	24
West South Central	601	269	50	80	193	59
West	1,351	649	182	165	422	115
Mountain	399	173	49	59	135	32
Pacific	952	476	134	106	287	83
Black or African American						
Northeast	277	138	22	19	93	27
New England	36	15	3	2	15	5
Middle Atlantic	241	123	19	18	78	23
Midwest	377	174	30	25	140	38
East North Central	300	138	24	21	111	29
West North Central	77	35	5	4	28	9
South	888	381	71	94	307	106
South Atlantic	496	231	38	53	161	52
East South Central	167	56	13	19	70	23
West South Central	224	94	20	23	76	31
West	160	78	14	9	57	15
Mountain	28	11	2	3	12	2
Pacific	132	67	12	6	45	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Northeast	54	25	2	5	21	3
New England	14	6	(¹)	1	6	2
Middle Atlantic	40	19	2	4	16	1
Midwest	32	15	3	3	11	3
East North Central	22	11	2	2	7	2
West North Central	10	4	1	1	4	1
South	44	18	3	4	15	7
South Atlantic	23	10	1	3	7	3
East South Central	3	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
West South Central	18	6	1	(¹)	8	3
West	127	45	6	23	44	15
Mountain	9	4	1	2	3	1
Pacific	118	42	5	21	41	14
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Northeast	182	94	17	10	56	21
New England	47	23	4	4	15	5
Middle Atlantic	135	70	12	7	42	16
Midwest	118	71	22	9	29	9
East North Central	94	60	18	7	20	8
West North Central	24	12	4	2	9	1
South	373	165	32	45	115	49
South Atlantic	121	60	14	13	36	12
East South Central	11	5	2	2	3	(¹)
West South Central	241	99	16	30	75	37
West	515	254	80	49	154	59
Mountain	117	51	14	15	38	13
Pacific	398	203	66	33	116	46

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Northeast	1,335	430	392	514	217	297	123	174	20.1	9.9
New England	360	117	117	125	56	69	28	42	18.6	9.2
Middle Atlantic	976	313	274	389	161	228	96	132	20.7	10.2
Midwest	1,877	621	589	666	287	380	148	231	19.1	9.4
East North Central	1,378	441	433	504	214	290	112	178	19.6	9.7
West North Central	499	180	156	163	73	90	36	54	17.7	8.4
South	2,622	959	799	863	365	499	196	303	17.9	8.5
South Atlantic	1,269	454	393	422	178	244	100	144	17.9	8.7
East South Central	470	161	148	161	70	91	33	58	18.8	9.0
West South Central	884	345	259	280	117	163	62	101	17.5	8.0
West	1,756	657	524	575	261	314	131	183	17.1	8.4
Mountain	476	193	152	131	63	68	26	42	14.9	7.2
Pacific	1,280	464	372	444	198	246	105	141	18.0	8.8
Men										
Northeast	734	231	212	291	116	175	73	102	21.2	10.2
New England	201	66	65	70	30	41	16	25	19.5	9.3
Middle Atlantic	533	166	147	220	86	134	57	77	21.8	10.7
Midwest	1,020	329	318	372	158	214	77	137	19.7	9.7
East North Central	748	235	232	281	118	163	56	106	20.3	10.0
West North Central	272	94	87	91	40	51	20	31	18.3	8.9
South	1,350	489	398	463	188	274	109	165	18.5	8.8
South Atlantic	638	226	195	218	89	129	53	76	18.4	8.9
East South Central	235	78	73	84	37	47	19	28	18.7	9.5
West South Central	477	186	130	161	62	98	37	61	18.5	8.3
West	956	347	285	324	149	176	69	106	17.8	8.8
Mountain	255	102	80	73	33	39	15	24	15.5	7.5
Pacific	701	244	205	252	116	136	55	82	18.7	9.3
Women										
Northeast	601	198	180	223	101	122	51	72	18.8	9.6
New England	159	51	52	55	26	28	11	17	17.5	9.2
Middle Atlantic	443	147	128	168	75	94	39	55	19.3	9.7
Midwest	857	292	271	294	128	166	71	95	18.4	9.1
East North Central	630	206	201	223	96	127	56	71	18.8	9.4
West North Central	228	86	70	72	33	39	16	23	17.0	7.9
South	1,273	471	401	401	176	224	86	138	17.3	8.2
South Atlantic	631	228	198	204	89	115	47	68	17.3	8.4
East South Central	235	83	75	77	33	44	14	30	19.0	8.5
West South Central	407	159	128	120	55	65	25	40	16.4	7.6
West	800	311	239	251	113	138	62	77	16.3	7.9
Mountain	222	91	72	59	30	29	11	18	14.2	6.9
Pacific	578	220	167	192	83	109	50	59	17.1	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	188	86	65	38	22	16	8	8	10.6	5.5
New England	58	26	19	13	7	6	3	3	11.3	5.6
Middle Atlantic	131	60	46	25	15	10	5	5	10.3	5.5
Midwest	309	134	106	69	38	31	18	13	11.6	6.2
East North Central	213	88	74	51	28	23	14	9	12.2	6.8
West North Central	96	46	32	18	10	8	4	4	10.4	5.1
South	423	198	132	94	44	49	23	26	12.1	5.4
South Atlantic	196	94	61	42	19	22	12	10	11.5	5.1
East South Central	85	36	26	23	12	12	7	5	13.5	6.6
West South Central	141	68	45	29	13	15	5	11	12.1	5.0
West	266	133	80	53	29	24	11	13	10.6	4.5
Mountain	85	42	27	15	10	6	2	3	10.2	4.5
Pacific	182	91	53	37	20	18	8	9	10.8	4.5
White										
Northeast	978	335	299	345	156	189	80	109	18.4	9.1
New England	301	102	98	102	48	53	23	30	17.5	8.9
Middle Atlantic	678	233	201	243	107	136	57	78	18.8	9.2
Midwest	1,407	500	438	468	211	258	108	150	17.7	8.7
East North Central	1,021	351	316	354	156	198	83	116	18.4	9.0
West North Central	386	149	122	114	55	59	25	34	15.9	7.7
South	1,613	657	493	463	209	254	104	150	15.8	7.3
South Atlantic	723	289	219	215	97	118	51	67	15.8	7.6
East South Central	289	111	100	78	38	40	17	24	15.2	7.7
West South Central	601	257	174	170	74	96	37	60	16.0	6.8
West	1,351	538	400	413	186	226	96	130	16.2	7.7
Mountain	399	167	127	105	52	53	20	33	14.3	6.9
Pacific	952	371	274	308	135	173	76	97	17.0	8.1
Black or African American										
Northeast	277	76	72	129	47	83	31	51	24.6	12.9
New England	36	10	13	13	4	9	3	6	20.6	10.0
Middle Atlantic	241	66	59	116	42	74	28	45	25.1	13.6
Midwest	377	91	122	164	64	100	32	68	23.9	12.4
East North Central	300	72	100	127	52	76	23	53	23.2	12.2
West North Central	77	19	21	36	12	24	9	15	26.4	13.2
South	888	258	275	354	140	214	77	137	21.6	10.6
South Atlantic	496	146	160	191	76	115	43	72	20.8	10.2
East South Central	167	45	46	77	29	47	15	33	24.9	12.3
West South Central	224	67	69	87	35	52	19	33	20.9	10.8
West	160	41	48	71	33	38	15	23	21.5	12.3
Mountain	28	7	11	9	4	6	2	3	17.8	10.4
Pacific	132	33	37	62	29	33	13	20	22.3	13.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Northeast	54	12	14	28	10	18	7	11	28.4	16.3
New England	14	3	4	7	2	6	1	5	38.0	14.9
Middle Atlantic	40	9	10	21	9	13	6	7	25.1	16.6
Midwest	32	11	10	11	4	7	3	4	20.1	8.9
East North Central	22	8	6	8	2	6	3	3	23.2	8.9
West North Central	10	3	4	3	1	1	1	1	13.1	8.8
South	44	13	12	19	4	15	5	9	25.7	10.8
South Atlantic	23	7	8	9	2	6	2	4	20.3	9.7
East South Central	3	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	26.9	8.9
West South Central	18	5	4	9	2	7	2	5	32.4	15.4
West	127	38	36	53	25	28	12	17	21.1	11.1
Mountain	9	5	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	12.0	4.1
Pacific	118	33	34	51	23	28	11	16	21.8	11.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	182	55	51	76	34	42	16	26	20.5	10.9
New England	47	11	18	18	9	9	4	6	18.9	10.2
Middle Atlantic	135	43	34	58	25	33	13	20	21.1	11.3
Midwest	118	42	36	41	20	21	8	13	18.0	8.8
East North Central	94	33	27	35	16	19	6	12	19.5	9.5
West North Central	24	10	9	6	3	2	1	1	12.1	6.6
South	373	153	109	112	53	59	20	39	16.3	7.3
South Atlantic	121	52	33	36	17	20	7	13	16.1	6.9
East South Central	11	5	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	9.5	4.5
West South Central	241	96	72	73	34	39	13	26	16.7	7.6
West	515	221	150	144	73	71	37	34	13.6	6.9
Mountain	117	46	39	32	18	15	7	8	13.9	7.4
Pacific	398	176	111	111	55	56	30	26	13.6	6.7

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by State, 2005 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 5.1 percent)

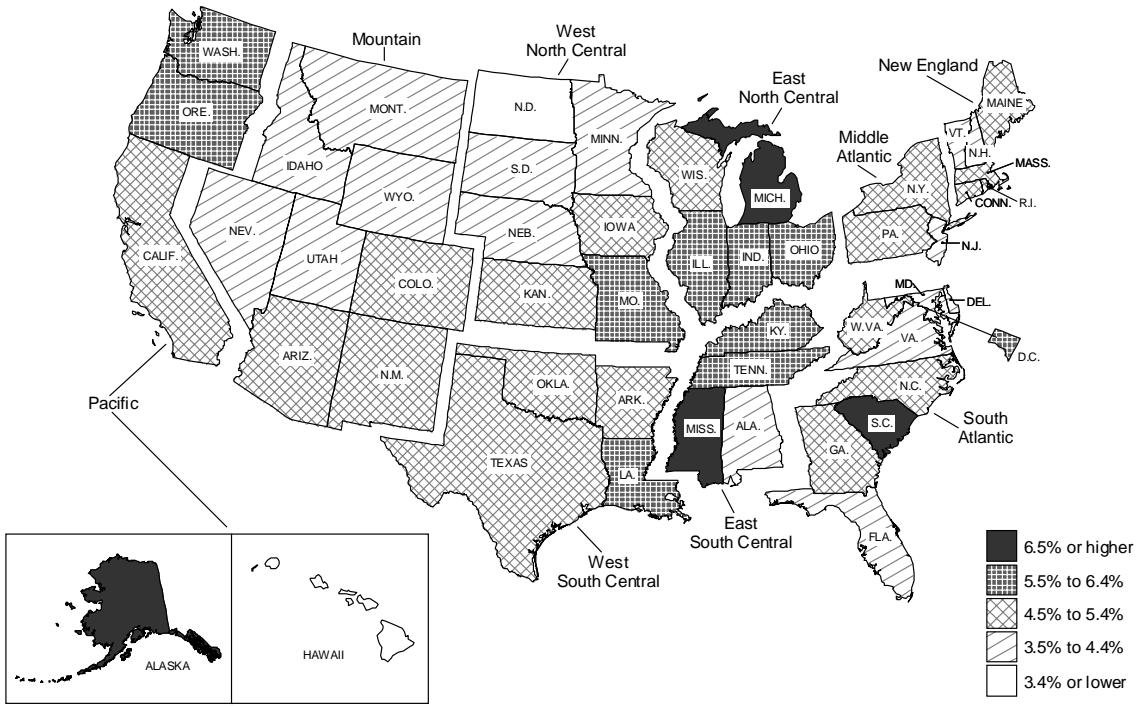


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by State, 2005 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 62.7 percent)

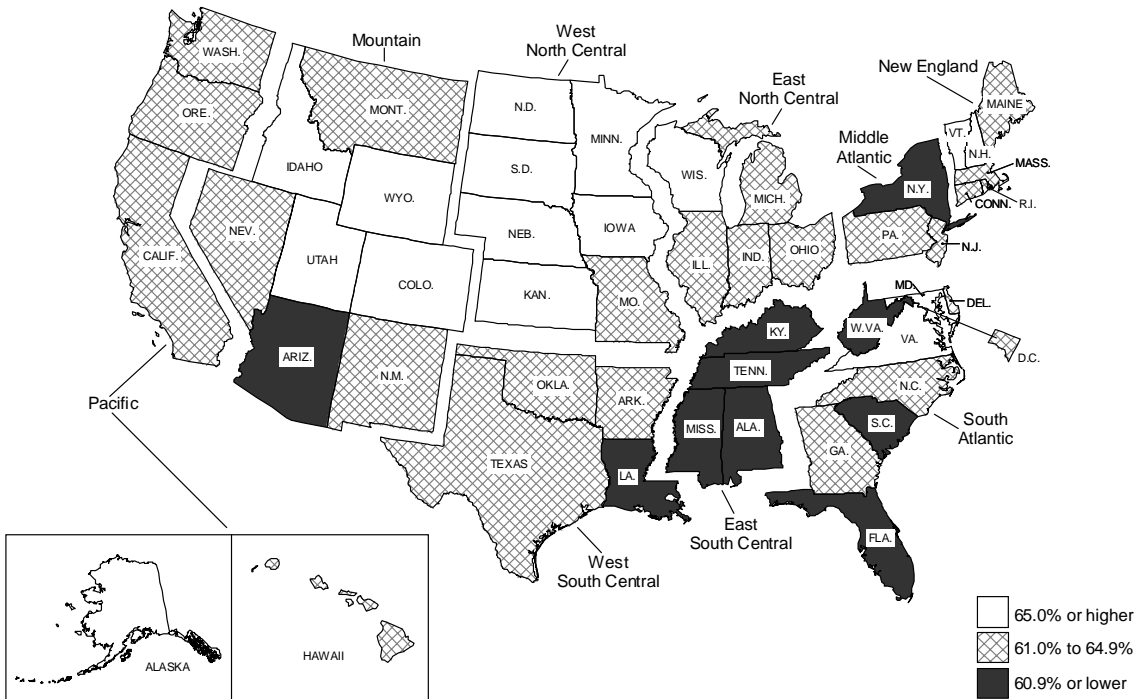


Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,521	2,179	61.9	2,086	59.2	92	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Men	1,672	1,172	70.1	1,127	67.4	45	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	1,850	1,007	54.5	960	51.9	48	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	242	93	38.4	73	30.1	20	21.5	17.0 - 26.0
White	2,554	1,612	63.1	1,563	61.2	50	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Men	1,243	902	72.6	878	70.7	24	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women	1,311	710	54.2	684	52.2	26	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	151	66	43.4	56	37.0	10	14.9	9.7 - 20.1
Black or African American	862	497	57.6	456	52.9	41	8.2	6.5 - 9.9
Men	377	234	61.9	213	56.5	20	8.7	6.4 - 11.0
Women	485	263	54.3	243	50.1	20	7.7	5.6 - 9.8
Married men, spouse present	964	737	76.5	725	75.3	12	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	957	573	59.9	560	58.5	13	2.3	1.5 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	251	161	64.2	150	59.9	11	6.6	4.1 - 9.1
Alaska								
Total	473	341	72.1	318	67.3	23	6.7	5.7 - 7.7
Men	236	182	77.2	169	71.3	14	7.6	6.1 - 9.1
Women	237	158	66.9	150	63.2	9	5.6	4.2 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40	21	51.9	17	42.2	4	18.7	12.6 - 24.8
White	364	268	73.6	253	69.6	15	5.4	4.4 - 6.4
Men	185	145	78.5	136	73.6	9	6.2	4.7 - 7.7
Women	178	122	68.5	117	65.4	6	4.5	3.1 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26	14	54.2	12	46.6	2	13.9	7.2 - 20.6
Black or African American	13	10	79.0	9	72.2	1	8.6	4.9 - 12.3
Men	6	5	85.3	5	78.8	(²)	7.6	2.9 - 12.3
Women	6	5	73.2	4	66.1	(²)	9.7	4.3 - 15.1
Asian	25	16	64.8	15	61.2	1	5.5	3.0 - 8.0
Men	11	8	74.8	8	72.2	(²)	3.5	.8 - 6.2
Women	14	8	57.4	8	53.1	1	7.4	3.6 - 11.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	20	16	79.6	15	73.7	1	7.5	1.1 - 13.9
Men	10	8	85.4	8	77.4	1	9.3	(³) - (³)
Women	10	7	73.9	7	69.9	(²)	5.4	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	124	104	83.6	99	80.1	4	4.1	2.6 - 5.6
Married women, spouse present	129	89	69.1	85	66.1	4	4.3	2.7 - 5.9
Women who maintain families	23	17	72.7	15	67.4	1	7.3	2.6 - 12.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	4,433	2,832	63.9	2,697	60.8	135	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Men	2,179	1,578	72.4	1,506	69.1	72	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	2,254	1,254	55.6	1,191	52.9	62	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	312	142	45.7	121	38.9	21	14.8	11.2 - 18.4
White	3,946	2,509	63.6	2,402	60.9	107	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	1,955	1,414	72.3	1,356	69.4	58	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Women	1,991	1,096	55.0	1,046	52.5	50	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	263	125	47.4	108	40.8	17	13.9	10.1 - 17.7
Black or African American	154	112	72.7	102	66.4	10	8.7	5.3 - 12.1
Men	73	56	75.9	49	67.4	6	11.3	6.0 - 16.6
Women	80	56	69.8	53	65.5	3	6.2	2.1 - 10.3
Asian	105	64	60.8	62	58.6	2	3.7	.7 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,200	770	64.2	729	60.8	41	5.3	4.2 - 6.4
Men	620	495	79.9	474	76.5	21	4.2	3.0 - 5.4
Women	580	275	47.4	255	43.9	20	7.4	5.4 - 9.4
Married men, spouse present	1,190	875	73.6	854	71.8	21	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	1,167	626	53.6	604	51.7	22	3.5	2.5 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	263	180	68.7	168	64.0	12	6.9	4.4 - 9.4
Arkansas								
Total	2,132	1,371	64.3	1,301	61.0	70	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Men	1,025	734	71.6	697	68.0	37	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Women	1,107	637	57.6	604	54.6	33	5.2	4.2 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	150	64	43.0	49	32.9	15	23.5	18.4 - 28.6
White	1,761	1,132	64.3	1,084	61.6	48	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Men	856	620	72.5	592	69.2	28	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Women	905	512	56.6	492	54.3	20	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	118	52	44.0	42	35.9	10	18.4	13.0 - 23.8
Black or African American	302	196	64.8	176	58.5	19	9.7	7.4 - 12.0
Men	136	91	66.7	82	60.5	8	9.3	6.9 - 11.7
Women	165	105	63.2	94	56.8	11	10.1	7.8 - 12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80	60	74.2	57	71.4	2	3.7	1.1 - 6.3
Men	49	42	86.9	41	85.0	1	2.2	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	608	462	76.0	452	74.3	10	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	593	368	62.1	356	60.1	12	3.2	2.2 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	138	87	62.6	80	57.7	7	7.8	4.7 - 10.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
California								
Total	26,935	17,666	65.6	16,724	62.1	942	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Men	13,214	9,824	74.4	9,309	70.4	516	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Women	13,722	7,842	57.1	7,415	54.0	427	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,950	754	38.6	625	32.1	128	17.0	15.2 - 18.8
White	20,906	13,756	65.8	13,076	62.5	680	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	10,350	7,796	75.3	7,428	71.8	368	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Women	10,556	5,960	56.5	5,648	53.5	313	5.2	4.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,499	618	41.2	522	34.8	96	15.6	13.7 - 17.5
Black or African American	1,710	1,076	62.9	957	55.9	119	11.1	9.9 - 12.3
Men	789	524	66.5	455	57.7	69	13.2	11.3 - 15.1
Women	922	551	59.8	501	54.4	50	9.1	7.5 - 10.7
Asian	3,404	2,192	64.4	2,095	61.5	98	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Men	1,624	1,163	71.6	1,108	68.2	54	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Women	1,781	1,030	57.8	987	55.4	43	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,409	5,685	67.6	5,319	63.3	366	6.4	6.0 - 6.8
Men	4,297	3,440	80.1	3,248	75.6	193	5.6	5.1 - 6.1
Women	4,112	2,245	54.6	2,071	50.4	174	7.7	7.0 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	834	316	37.9	255	30.5	61	19.4	16.8 - 22.0
Married men, spouse present	6,986	5,512	78.9	5,322	76.2	190	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	6,764	3,805	56.3	3,646	53.9	159	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Women who maintain families	1,619	1,079	66.7	999	61.7	80	7.4	6.3 - 8.5
Colorado								
Total	3,526	2,530	71.8	2,406	68.2	124	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	1,747	1,387	79.4	1,324	75.8	63	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	1,779	1,142	64.2	1,082	60.8	61	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	240	122	51.0	100	41.5	23	18.6	16.3 - 20.9
White	3,231	2,323	71.9	2,216	68.6	107	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Men	1,609	1,279	79.5	1,224	76.0	55	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Women	1,622	1,044	64.4	992	61.2	52	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	213	112	52.3	92	43.0	20	17.8	15.3 - 20.3
Black or African American	125	86	69.1	78	62.4	8	9.6	6.6 - 12.6
Men	61	49	79.2	45	72.7	4	8.2	4.5 - 11.9
Women	64	38	59.4	34	52.6	4	11.5	6.8 - 16.2
Asian	83	58	70.0	55	66.7	3	4.7	2.0 - 7.4
Men	37	30	80.4	29	77.1	1	4.0	.6 - 7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	610	432	70.7	405	66.3	27	6.2	5.0 - 7.4
Men	322	269	83.3	255	79.0	14	5.2	3.9 - 6.5
Women	288	163	56.7	150	52.2	13	8.0	6.4 - 9.6
Married men, spouse present	986	805	81.6	786	79.7	19	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	971	616	63.5	595	61.3	22	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	158	113	71.5	103	65.4	10	8.6	6.2 - 11.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Connecticut								
Total	2,714	1,815	66.9	1,724	63.5	91	5.0	4.6 - 5.4
Men	1,293	950	73.5	904	69.9	46	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	1,420	865	60.9	820	57.7	45	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	191	90	47.1	73	38.0	17	19.2	16.5 - 21.9
White	2,355	1,564	66.4	1,494	63.4	70	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Men	1,135	832	73.3	795	70.0	37	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women	1,221	732	60.0	700	57.3	32	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	167	80	48.2	67	40.1	13	16.7	13.9 - 19.5
Black or African American	247	170	69.0	155	62.8	15	9.0	7.3 - 10.7
Men	110	78	71.0	71	64.2	7	9.5	7.0 - 12.0
Women	137	92	67.4	84	61.7	8	8.6	6.4 - 10.8
Asian	75	57	74.9	54	71.8	2	4.2	2.1 - 6.3
Men	36	31	85.4	30	84.0	1	1.6	(³) - (³)
Women	40	26	65.5	24	60.8	2	7.2	3.4 - 11.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	259	167	64.5	148	57.0	19	11.6	9.7 - 13.5
Men	130	90	68.9	79	60.9	10	11.6	9.0 - 14.2
Women	129	77	60.0	68	53.0	9	11.7	8.9 - 14.5
Married men, spouse present	708	552	78.0	540	76.2	13	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	712	456	64.0	441	61.9	15	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	172	123	71.2	113	65.4	10	8.1	6.2 - 10.0
Delaware								
Total	655	440	67.2	421	64.3	19	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	312	227	72.9	218	70.0	9	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	343	212	62.0	202	59.1	10	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45	21	46.0	18	40.9	2	11.1	8.0 - 14.2
White	506	335	66.2	324	64.0	11	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	245	177	72.1	171	69.6	6	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	261	159	60.7	154	58.8	5	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	17	48.4	15	44.2	1	8.6	5.5 - 11.7
Black or African American	124	88	71.2	81	65.5	7	8.1	6.8 - 9.4
Men	55	42	75.4	39	70.6	3	6.3	4.6 - 8.0
Women	68	46	67.9	42	61.3	4	9.7	7.7 - 11.7
Asian	18	12	67.9	12	65.8	(²)	3.1	.8 - 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	36	27	74.8	26	71.1	1	4.9	3.0 - 6.8
Men	21	19	86.7	18	83.8	1	3.4	1.5 - 5.3
Women	15	9	57.6	8	53.0	1	8.1	3.8 - 12.4
Married men, spouse present	174	129	74.3	126	72.6	3	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	166	102	61.7	100	60.2	3	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	45	31	69.6	29	64.5	2	7.2	5.1 - 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	437	296	67.7	277	63.4	18	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Men	201	144	71.8	136	67.7	8	5.7	4.9 - 6.5
Women	236	152	64.1	141	59.8	10	6.7	5.9 - 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20	5	26.0	3	16.0	2	38.5	32.9 - 44.1
White	181	143	79.1	140	77.1	4	2.5	2.0 - 3.0
Men	90	75	83.5	73	81.7	2	2.1	1.4 - 2.8
Women	91	68	74.7	66	72.5	2	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Black or African American	235	138	58.6	124	52.5	14	10.3	9.3 - 11.3
Men	102	63	61.4	57	55.2	6	10.1	8.6 - 11.6
Women	133	75	56.4	67	50.5	8	10.6	9.2 - 12.0
Asian	13	9	68.5	9	67.4	(²)	1.5	(³) - (³)
Women	8	6	71.7	6	70.3	(²)	1.9	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	35	27	78.1	26	74.4	1	4.8	3.2 - 6.4
Men	18	15	85.5	15	81.7	1	4.4	2.3 - 6.5
Women	17	12	70.5	12	66.7	1	5.3	2.7 - 7.9
Married men, spouse present	64	48	76.1	47	74.4	1	2.3	1.4 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	62	41	66.7	40	64.2	2	3.8	2.6 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	43	28	64.0	25	57.3	3	10.4	8.1 - 12.7
Florida								
Total	13,868	8,704	62.8	8,390	60.5	314	3.6	3.3 - 3.9
Men	6,656	4,664	70.1	4,507	67.7	156	3.3	3.0 - 3.6
Women	7,212	4,041	56.0	3,883	53.8	158	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	869	336	38.7	295	34.0	41	12.3	10.2 - 14.4
White	11,510	7,153	62.2	6,945	60.3	208	2.9	2.6 - 3.2
Men	5,590	3,919	70.1	3,812	68.2	107	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Women	5,920	3,234	54.6	3,133	52.9	101	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	638	261	40.9	234	36.7	27	10.3	8.1 - 12.5
Black or African American	1,918	1,247	65.0	1,156	60.3	91	7.3	6.4 - 8.2
Men	870	593	68.1	550	63.2	42	7.1	5.8 - 8.4
Women	1,048	654	62.5	606	57.8	49	7.5	6.2 - 8.8
Asian	280	195	69.4	187	66.6	8	4.1	2.3 - 5.9
Men	126	100	78.8	96	76.0	3	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Women	154	95	61.8	91	58.8	5	4.8	2.1 - 7.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,659	1,759	66.2	1,683	63.3	76	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	1,343	1,044	77.7	1,003	74.7	40	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women	1,316	716	54.4	680	51.6	36	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	74	37.8	62	31.9	12	15.6	11.6 - 19.6
Married men, spouse present	3,703	2,633	71.1	2,586	69.8	47	1.8	1.5 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	3,616	2,011	55.6	1,965	54.4	46	2.3	1.9 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	811	553	68.2	518	63.9	35	6.3	5.0 - 7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Georgia								
Total	6,769	4,583	67.7	4,334	64.0	249	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	3,253	2,449	75.3	2,316	71.2	133	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Women	3,515	2,133	60.7	2,017	57.4	116	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	489	183	37.4	147	30.0	36	19.9	16.1 - 23.7
White	4,630	3,128	67.6	3,008	65.0	120	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	2,283	1,750	76.7	1,687	73.9	63	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Women	2,348	1,378	58.7	1,321	56.3	57	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	117	40.3	100	34.5	17	14.4	10.1 - 18.7
Black or African American	1,896	1,288	67.9	1,167	61.5	121	9.4	8.3 - 10.5
Men	847	599	70.7	532	62.8	67	11.1	9.6 - 12.6
Women	1,049	689	65.7	635	60.5	55	7.9	6.6 - 9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	184	62	33.4	43	23.1	19	30.6	(³) - (³)
Asian	180	122	68.0	118	65.7	4	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Men	90	74	83.1	72	80.7	2	2.9	.2 - 5.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	448	333	74.4	316	70.6	17	5.1	3.5 - 6.7
Men	279	247	88.4	236	84.7	10	4.2	2.5 - 5.9
Women	168	86	51.3	80	47.3	7	7.7	4.4 - 11.0
Married men, spouse present	1,750	1,408	80.4	1,375	78.5	33	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	1,747	1,071	61.3	1,028	58.8	43	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	501	355	70.8	327	65.2	28	8.0	6.0 - 10.0
Hawaii								
Total	958	635	66.2	616	64.3	18	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	457	326	71.5	317	69.4	10	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Women	502	308	61.4	299	59.7	9	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59	25	42.4	21	36.2	4	14.6	10.7 - 18.5
White	232	161	69.6	157	67.7	4	2.7	2.0 - 3.4
Men	120	90	75.2	88	73.5	2	2.2	1.3 - 3.1
Women	112	71	63.6	69	61.4	2	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Asian	455	281	61.8	276	60.6	6	2.0	1.5 - 2.5
Men	202	136	67.7	133	66.2	3	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Women	254	145	57.2	142	56.1	3	1.8	1.1 - 2.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	54	40	73.9	38	70.7	2	4.4	2.6 - 6.2
Men	27	21	78.8	20	74.9	1	4.9	2.2 - 7.6
Women	28	19	69.3	18	66.5	1	4.0	1.5 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	248	181	73.0	178	71.8	3	1.6	1.1 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	254	166	65.4	162	63.8	4	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	55	33	60.2	32	58.6	1	2.8	1.1 - 4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	1,073	751	70.0	721	67.2	30	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	530	407	76.8	393	74.1	14	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	543	344	63.3	328	60.4	16	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	99	55	55.3	48	48.1	7	13.0	10.1 - 15.9
White	1,018	716	70.3	689	67.7	27	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	503	389	77.3	375	74.7	13	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women	516	328	63.5	314	60.8	14	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	51	56.6	45	49.4	7	12.8	9.8 - 15.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	88	65	73.7	62	70.4	3	4.5	2.6 - 6.4
Men	48	41	85.9	39	82.5	2	4.0	1.9 - 6.1
Women	40	24	59.2	22	56.1	1	5.3	2.6 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	326	264	81.0	259	79.4	5	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	317	201	63.2	195	61.4	6	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	46	34	72.7	32	69.4	2	4.6	2.0 - 7.2
Illinois								
Total	9,700	6,460	66.6	6,097	62.9	363	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Men	4,695	3,474	74.0	3,276	69.8	198	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Women	5,005	2,986	59.7	2,821	56.4	165	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	726	305	42.1	259	35.6	47	15.3	12.8 - 17.8
White	7,827	5,273	67.4	5,022	64.2	251	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Men	3,835	2,888	75.3	2,748	71.6	141	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Women	3,993	2,384	59.7	2,274	57.0	110	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	566	264	46.7	231	40.9	33	12.5	10.0 - 15.0
Black or African American	1,347	829	61.5	733	54.4	96	11.6	10.2 - 13.0
Men	591	380	64.4	332	56.2	48	12.7	10.6 - 14.8
Women	756	449	59.3	401	53.0	48	10.6	8.8 - 12.4
Asian	424	289	68.3	279	65.8	11	3.7	2.3 - 5.1
Men	218	170	78.3	164	75.2	7	3.9	2.0 - 5.8
Women	206	119	57.8	115	55.9	4	3.3	1.2 - 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,008	708	70.2	659	65.3	50	7.0	5.8 - 8.2
Men	541	458	84.7	434	80.2	25	5.4	4.0 - 6.8
Women	467	250	53.5	225	48.1	25	10.0	7.6 - 12.4
Married men, spouse present	2,575	2,049	79.6	1,984	77.1	66	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	2,545	1,561	61.3	1,504	59.1	56	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	547	383	70.1	348	63.5	36	9.3	7.4 - 11.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	4,760	3,214	67.5	3,032	63.7	182	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Men	2,310	1,728	74.8	1,634	70.7	94	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	2,450	1,487	60.7	1,399	57.1	88	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	362	163	45.0	133	36.8	30	18.3	14.8 - 21.8
White	4,305	2,914	67.7	2,765	64.2	149	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	2,097	1,584	75.5	1,501	71.6	83	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	2,208	1,330	60.2	1,264	57.2	66	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	333	153	46.0	128	38.3	26	16.7	13.1 - 20.3
Black or African American	368	240	65.2	209	56.7	31	13.1	5.9 - 20.3
Men	174	115	66.0	104	59.8	11	9.3	.2 - 18.4
Women	195	126	64.5	105	53.9	21	16.5	5.3 - 27.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	171	132	77.2	126	73.9	6	4.3	2.0 - 6.6
Men	96	84	88.3	81	84.3	4	4.5	1.7 - 7.3
Women	75	47	63.1	46	60.7	2	3.9	.4 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	1,352	1,067	78.9	1,033	76.4	35	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	1,293	825	63.8	799	61.8	26	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	302	208	68.9	184	61.0	24	11.5	8.7 - 14.3
Iowa								
Total	2,329	1,667	71.6	1,592	68.4	75	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Men	1,136	870	76.6	829	73.0	41	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Women	1,192	797	66.9	763	64.0	34	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	171	105	61.8	91	53.2	15	13.8	11.2 - 16.4
White	2,222	1,594	71.7	1,529	68.8	65	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Men	1,086	832	76.7	797	73.4	36	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Women	1,136	762	67.0	732	64.4	29	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	159	98	61.6	85	53.3	13	13.5	10.8 - 16.2
Black or African American	42	29	68.0	23	54.3	6	20.1	14.2 - 26.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	86	66	76.9	61	70.8	5	7.9	5.3 - 10.5
Men	47	42	89.8	39	83.0	3	7.5	5.1 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	665	524	78.9	512	77.1	12	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	662	467	70.6	457	69.0	10	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	118	90	76.7	82	69.8	8	9.0	6.6 - 11.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	2,089	1,481	70.9	1,406	67.3	75	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	1,018	796	78.2	755	74.2	41	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	1,071	685	64.0	651	60.8	34	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	168	90	53.9	77	45.9	13	14.8	11.5 - 18.1
White	1,867	1,336	71.6	1,276	68.3	60	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Men	915	723	79.0	689	75.2	34	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Women	952	613	64.4	587	61.7	26	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	140	80	57.4	69	49.4	11	14.0	10.5 - 17.5
Black or African American	110	68	62.2	59	53.9	9	13.3	9.9 - 16.7
Men	53	34	64.1	30	55.7	4	13.0	8.7 - 17.3
Women	57	34	60.5	30	52.2	5	13.7	9.4 - 18.0
Asian	45	33	73.5	31	68.1	2	7.3	3.6 - 11.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	106	77	72.1	70	65.5	7	9.2	5.8 - 12.6
Men	59	48	81.4	43	73.9	4	9.2	7.6 - 10.8
Women	48	29	60.5	26	55.0	3	9.1	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	598	492	82.2	477	79.7	15	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	591	394	66.7	379	64.2	15	3.8	2.9 - 4.7
Women who maintain families	98	73	74.3	66	67.5	7	9.2	6.0 - 12.4
Kentucky								
Total	3,222	2,008	62.3	1,885	58.5	124	6.2	5.5 - 6.9
Men	1,549	1,049	67.7	986	63.7	62	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Women	1,672	960	57.4	899	53.7	61	6.4	5.5 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	229	109	47.3	87	37.9	22	19.9	16.4 - 23.4
White	2,942	1,823	62.0	1,720	58.5	103	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	1,423	959	67.4	905	63.6	53	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Women	1,519	864	56.9	815	53.6	49	5.7	4.8 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	207	98	47.5	81	39.2	17	17.3	13.6 - 21.0
Black or African American	210	144	68.3	125	59.3	19	13.2	9.3 - 17.1
Men	96	66	68.9	58	61.0	8	11.5	6.5 - 16.5
Women	115	78	67.8	66	57.9	11	14.6	9.7 - 19.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	44	34	77.4	33	75.9	1	1.9	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	879	629	71.6	613	69.7	17	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	854	513	60.1	495	58.0	17	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	212	129	61.0	115	54.2	14	11.1	8.1 - 14.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Louisiana								
Total	3,344	2,098	62.7	1,973	59.0	125	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	1,578	1,069	67.8	1,003	63.5	67	6.3	5.3 - 7.3
Women	1,766	1,028	58.2	970	54.9	58	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	251	96	38.3	84	33.3	13	13.1	8.7 - 17.5
White	2,250	1,458	64.8	1,402	62.3	56	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Men	1,093	789	72.2	758	69.3	31	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Women	1,157	669	57.9	644	55.7	25	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	146	63	43.0	57	39.1	6	9.0	4.2 - 13.8
Black or African American	1,007	586	58.2	520	51.6	67	11.4	9.4 - 13.4
Men	447	254	57.0	220	49.1	35	13.7	10.6 - 16.8
Women	561	332	59.2	300	53.6	32	9.5	7.1 - 11.9
Married men, spouse present	858	631	73.6	610	71.1	22	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	816	474	58.1	461	56.5	13	2.8	1.8 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	286	204	71.1	188	65.6	16	7.7	5.2 - 10.2
Maine								
Total	1,063	712	67.0	677	63.7	35	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	512	369	72.1	350	68.3	20	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	551	343	62.2	327	59.4	16	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	77	39	51.2	33	42.8	6	16.3	13.3 - 19.3
White	1,029	691	67.2	657	63.9	34	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	496	359	72.3	340	68.5	19	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	533	333	62.4	318	59.6	15	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	74	38	51.9	32	43.6	6	16.1	13.1 - 19.1
Married men, spouse present	286	216	75.3	210	73.5	5	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	277	185	66.9	180	64.9	6	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	54	37	68.5	35	64.0	2	6.6	4.3 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Maryland								
Total	4,261	2,922	68.6	2,800	65.7	123	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	2,006	1,513	75.4	1,451	72.3	62	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Women	2,255	1,409	62.5	1,349	59.8	61	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	280	123	44.0	102	36.3	22	17.6	14.6 - 20.6
White	2,823	1,936	68.6	1,877	66.5	59	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	1,366	1,047	76.6	1,016	74.4	31	3.0	2.5 - 3.5
Women	1,457	889	61.0	860	59.1	28	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	179	88	49.0	76	42.5	12	13.2	9.9 - 16.5
Black or African American	1,188	812	68.3	753	63.4	59	7.2	6.3 - 8.1
Men	527	378	71.7	350	66.4	28	7.4	6.1 - 8.7
Women	661	434	65.7	403	61.0	31	7.1	6.0 - 8.2
Asian	190	133	70.0	131	69.0	2	1.5	.5 - 2.5
Men	87	69	79.7	68	78.4	1	1.6	.1 - 3.1
Women	104	64	62.0	63	61.1	1	1.4	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	264	201	76.0	193	73.3	7	3.6	2.3 - 4.9
Men	149	130	87.0	125	83.9	5	3.6	2.0 - 5.2
Women	115	71	61.7	68	59.4	3	3.7	1.6 - 5.8
Married men, spouse present	1,103	882	80.0	863	78.3	19	2.1	1.6 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	1,093	710	65.0	692	63.3	18	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	304	220	72.3	203	67.0	16	7.3	5.6 - 9.0
Massachusetts								
Total	5,027	3,357	66.8	3,193	63.5	164	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	2,403	1,746	72.7	1,649	68.6	97	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	2,624	1,611	61.4	1,544	58.8	67	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	358	165	46.1	143	40.1	22	13.2	10.0 - 16.4
White	4,447	2,978	67.0	2,843	63.9	135	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	2,138	1,558	72.9	1,478	69.1	80	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	2,309	1,420	61.5	1,364	59.1	56	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	303	145	47.9	128	42.1	17	11.9	8.6 - 15.2
Black or African American	308	206	66.8	189	61.4	17	8.2	5.7 - 10.7
Men	143	105	73.8	95	66.7	10	9.6	6.0 - 13.2
Women	165	100	60.8	94	56.8	7	6.6	3.5 - 9.7
Asian	229	145	63.4	136	59.2	9	6.5	3.9 - 9.1
Men	103	71	68.8	64	62.6	6	9.1	4.8 - 13.4
Women	127	75	59.0	72	56.5	3	4.1	1.2 - 7.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	350	228	65.1	206	58.9	22	9.6	7.1 - 12.1
Men	170	122	71.5	109	64.0	13	10.6	7.0 - 14.2
Women	180	106	59.0	97	54.1	9	8.4	5.0 - 11.8
Married men, spouse present	1,248	974	78.0	943	75.5	31	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	1,243	802	64.5	780	62.8	21	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	296	198	66.8	185	62.5	13	6.4	4.2 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Michigan								
Total	7,771	5,112	65.8	4,773	61.4	339	6.6	6.1 - 7.1
Men	3,754	2,728	72.7	2,540	67.7	188	6.9	6.3 - 7.5
Women	4,017	2,384	59.3	2,233	55.6	151	6.3	5.6 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	603	290	48.1	238	39.6	52	17.8	15.2 - 20.4
White	6,409	4,280	66.8	4,036	63.0	244	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Men	3,145	2,335	74.3	2,188	69.6	147	6.3	5.6 - 7.0
Women	3,265	1,945	59.6	1,848	56.6	97	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	461	245	53.2	207	45.0	38	15.4	12.6 - 18.2
Black or African American	1,018	606	59.5	529	52.0	76	12.6	10.9 - 14.3
Men	452	278	61.6	244	54.1	34	12.3	9.9 - 14.7
Women	567	328	57.8	285	50.3	42	12.9	10.6 - 15.2
Asian	180	127	70.7	122	67.7	5	4.3	2.0 - 6.6
Men	85	72	85.2	70	82.8	2	2.7	.3 - 5.1
Women	95	55	57.8	51	54.1	3	6.3	2.2 - 10.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	260	178	68.4	160	61.5	18	10.0	7.0 - 13.0
Men	130	96	74.2	86	65.9	11	11.1	7.0 - 15.2
Women	130	81	62.6	74	57.1	7	8.7	4.6 - 12.8
Married men, spouse present	2,159	1,667	77.2	1,595	73.9	73	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	2,053	1,258	61.3	1,207	58.8	51	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Women who maintain families	526	360	68.5	332	63.2	28	7.8	6.0 - 9.6
Minnesota								
Total	3,985	2,929	73.5	2,815	70.6	114	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Men	1,961	1,543	78.7	1,475	75.2	68	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Women	2,024	1,386	68.5	1,340	66.2	46	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	313	192	61.2	165	52.6	27	14.1	11.9 - 16.3
White	3,616	2,667	73.8	2,574	71.2	93	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	1,774	1,397	78.7	1,344	75.7	53	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	1,843	1,271	69.0	1,230	66.8	40	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	270	173	64.0	152	56.3	21	12.0	9.8 - 14.2
Black or African American	139	104	74.6	92	65.7	12	11.9	9.0 - 14.8
Men	73	60	82.0	51	70.4	8	14.2	10.2 - 18.2
Asian	159	107	67.5	103	65.0	4	3.7	2.0 - 5.4
Men	79	61	76.7	58	73.4	3	4.2	1.8 - 6.6
Women	80	46	58.3	45	56.6	1	2.9	.6 - 5.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	127	98	77.1	93	73.8	4	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Men	70	60	84.9	57	81.7	2	3.7	1.4 - 6.0
Married men, spouse present	1,101	883	80.2	860	78.1	23	2.6	2.1 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	1,110	783	70.5	767	69.1	16	2.0	1.5 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	185	141	76.4	134	72.4	7	5.2	3.4 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mississippi								
Total	2,185	1,333	61.0	1,241	56.8	92	6.9	6.1 - 7.7
Men	1,027	695	67.7	651	63.3	44	6.4	5.4 - 7.4
Women	1,157	638	55.1	590	51.0	47	7.4	6.3 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	180	61	34.0	48	26.5	14	22.2	17.5 - 26.9
White	1,377	861	62.5	825	59.9	36	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Men	667	483	72.4	462	69.2	21	4.4	3.4 - 5.4
Women	711	378	53.2	363	51.1	15	4.0	2.9 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	93	40	42.8	35	37.6	5	12.1	6.9 - 17.3
Black or African American	750	434	57.9	380	50.7	54	12.4	10.7 - 14.1
Men	332	194	58.3	171	51.6	22	11.6	9.3 - 13.9
Women	418	240	57.6	209	50.0	32	13.1	11.0 - 15.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	49	38	77.9	35	70.7	4	9.2	4.3 - 14.1
Men	29	26	90.4	24	83.1	2	8.0	2.9 - 13.1
Married men, spouse present	564	417	74.0	408	72.3	9	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	556	333	59.9	320	57.6	13	3.8	2.6 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	185	117	63.4	102	55.1	15	13.1	10.0 - 16.2
Missouri								
Total	4,479	3,020	67.4	2,855	63.7	165	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	2,148	1,582	73.6	1,499	69.8	83	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	2,331	1,438	61.7	1,356	58.2	82	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	327	169	51.6	142	43.4	27	16.0	13.2 - 18.8
White	3,865	2,600	67.3	2,485	64.3	115	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	1,866	1,385	74.2	1,324	71.0	61	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	1,999	1,215	60.8	1,161	58.1	54	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	276	146	52.8	126	45.8	19	13.4	10.5 - 16.3
Black or African American	464	323	69.7	279	60.1	45	13.8	11.6 - 16.0
Men	203	140	69.1	121	59.5	20	14.0	10.9 - 17.1
Women	261	183	70.1	158	60.5	25	13.6	10.9 - 16.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	117	91	77.9	88	74.9	3	3.8	1.5 - 6.1
Men	66	58	87.6	57	85.5	1	2.4	.1 - 4.7
Married men, spouse present	1,222	933	76.3	904	74.0	28	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	1,175	750	63.8	727	61.9	22	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	269	196	72.8	178	65.9	19	9.5	7.2 - 11.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	741	499	67.2	476	64.3	22	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Men	366	266	72.8	254	69.4	12	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Women	376	233	61.9	223	59.2	10	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61	32	52.3	28	46.1	4	11.9	8.7 - 15.1
White	693	467	67.4	449	64.8	18	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	339	248	73.2	239	70.4	9	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	354	219	61.9	210	59.5	9	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55	30	54.1	27	48.4	3	10.6	7.4 - 13.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16	11	71.8	11	67.3	1	6.3	2.1 - 10.5
Married men, spouse present	205	154	75.1	150	73.2	4	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	202	128	63.3	125	61.8	3	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	30	22	74.7	20	67.3	2	9.8	6.2 - 13.4
Nebraska								
Total	1,344	987	73.4	948	70.5	40	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	657	525	79.9	504	76.7	21	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	687	462	67.2	444	64.5	18	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	107	63	59.2	55	51.9	8	12.3	9.3 - 15.3
White	1,234	910	73.7	879	71.2	31	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	605	486	80.3	468	77.3	18	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	629	424	67.3	411	65.3	13	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	55	60.5	49	53.8	6	11.0	8.0 - 14.0
Black or African American	50	34	68.1	30	59.6	4	12.5	8.7 - 16.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	94	69	73.3	66	70.2	3	4.1	2.5 - 5.7
Men	52	46	87.4	44	83.9	2	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women	42	23	55.6	22	53.2	1	4.3	2.5 - 6.1
Married men, spouse present	376	311	82.8	305	81.1	7	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	389	279	71.8	273	70.3	6	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	61	47	77.2	43	70.4	4	8.9	5.9 - 11.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Nevada								
Total	1,826	1,220	66.8	1,167	63.9	53	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	918	683	74.4	653	71.1	30	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	908	537	59.1	514	56.6	23	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	120	57	47.7	49	41.0	8	14.0	10.4 - 17.6
White	1,523	1,018	66.9	976	64.1	42	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	773	580	75.1	556	71.9	24	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	750	438	58.4	420	56.0	18	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	95	48	51.3	42	44.0	7	14.1	10.2 - 18.0
Black or African American	126	82	65.4	75	59.9	7	8.4	6.5 - 10.3
Men	64	45	70.0	41	63.7	4	9.0	7.4 - 10.6
Women	62	37	60.5	34	55.9	3	7.6	5.8 - 9.4
Asian	114	76	67.2	74	65.3	2	2.8	1.4 - 4.2
Men	50	37	73.4	36	71.3	1	2.8	.9 - 4.7
Women	63	39	62.2	38	60.5	1	2.7	.9 - 4.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	330	251	75.9	240	72.7	10	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Men	184	158	86.1	152	82.9	6	3.7	2.5 - 4.9
Women	147	93	63.1	88	59.9	5	5.1	3.3 - 6.9
Married men, spouse present	468	349	74.6	340	72.6	9	2.7	1.9 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	464	266	57.4	257	55.5	9	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	107	74	68.9	70	65.5	4	5.0	2.8 - 7.2
New Hampshire								
Total	1,030	736	71.4	708	68.8	27	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	503	393	78.1	378	75.1	15	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	527	343	65.0	331	62.7	12	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	71	38	53.2	33	46.2	5	13.1	10.5 - 15.7
White	991	706	71.2	680	68.6	25	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	483	375	77.6	361	74.7	14	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	507	330	65.1	319	62.9	11	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69	37	52.9	32	46.5	4	12.1	9.6 - 14.6
Asian	18	13	73.0	12	68.2	1	6.5	3.1 - 9.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	15	13	84.0	12	79.8	1	5.0	2.0 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	295	238	80.7	233	79.0	5	2.1	1.6 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	289	197	68.3	192	66.2	6	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	47	33	71.5	32	68.9	1	3.6	2.0 - 5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	6,687	4,440	66.4	4,244	63.5	195	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Men	3,202	2,410	75.3	2,310	72.1	100	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Women	3,485	2,029	58.2	1,934	55.5	95	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	511	192	37.6	163	31.9	29	15.3	12.1 - 18.5
White	5,277	3,480	65.9	3,344	63.4	135	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Men	2,546	1,912	75.1	1,840	72.3	72	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	2,730	1,568	57.4	1,504	55.1	64	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	386	163	42.2	140	36.3	23	14.0	10.6 - 17.4
Black or African American	891	598	67.1	547	61.4	51	8.5	7.0 - 10.0
Men	396	293	73.8	270	68.2	23	7.7	5.7 - 9.7
Women	494	305	61.7	277	56.0	28	9.2	7.1 - 11.3
Asian	456	317	69.5	309	67.6	9	2.7	1.5 - 3.9
Men	231	184	79.4	178	76.9	6	3.1	1.4 - 4.8
Women	225	133	59.3	131	58.0	3	2.2	.5 - 3.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	966	701	72.6	668	69.1	34	4.8	3.8 - 5.8
Men	500	420	84.2	402	80.5	18	4.3	3.0 - 5.6
Women	466	281	60.3	265	56.9	16	5.6	3.8 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	1,833	1,489	81.2	1,456	79.4	33	2.2	1.7 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	1,744	1,070	61.4	1,034	59.3	37	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	365	243	66.6	228	62.3	16	6.6	4.5 - 8.7
New Mexico								
Total	1,463	947	64.8	897	61.3	50	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Men	704	509	72.3	479	68.1	30	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Women	759	438	57.7	418	55.0	20	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	106	43	40.5	36	34.4	7	15.2	10.8 - 19.6
White	1,245	812	65.2	772	62.0	40	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Men	606	446	73.6	423	69.8	23	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Women	639	366	57.3	349	54.5	17	4.7	3.7 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	90	39	43.7	34	37.7	5	13.9	9.4 - 18.4
Black or African American	34	26	74.0	23	66.8	2	9.7	4.7 - 14.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	558	353	63.3	328	58.8	25	7.2	5.8 - 8.6
Men	266	194	73.1	179	67.4	15	7.8	6.0 - 9.6
Women	292	159	54.4	149	50.9	10	6.5	4.6 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	377	287	76.2	279	74.0	8	2.8	1.9 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	363	216	59.4	209	57.5	7	3.3	2.2 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	98	64	65.0	60	61.7	3	5.0	2.6 - 7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	14,971	9,414	62.9	8,943	59.7	471	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Men	7,108	4,970	69.9	4,698	66.1	272	5.5	5.1 - 5.9
Women	7,862	4,443	56.5	4,245	54.0	198	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,071	375	35.0	323	30.1	52	13.9	11.8 - 16.0
White	11,228	7,127	63.5	6,828	60.8	299	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Men	5,403	3,820	70.7	3,647	67.5	173	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Women	5,825	3,308	56.8	3,181	54.6	126	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	741	297	40.1	261	35.2	36	12.1	9.8 - 14.4
Black or African American	2,433	1,474	60.6	1,342	55.2	132	8.9	8.0 - 9.8
Men	1,064	686	64.5	613	57.6	73	10.7	9.2 - 12.2
Women	1,369	788	57.5	729	53.3	59	7.4	6.2 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	230	54	23.4	41	17.8	13	23.9	17.8 - 30.0
Asian	1,077	664	61.7	636	59.1	28	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Men	532	388	72.9	369	69.3	19	4.9	3.5 - 6.3
Women	545	277	50.8	268	49.1	9	3.2	1.9 - 4.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,118	1,299	61.3	1,215	57.3	85	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Men	1,002	717	71.5	670	66.8	47	6.6	5.4 - 7.8
Women	1,116	582	52.2	545	48.8	37	6.4	5.1 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	196	48	24.3	39	19.8	9	18.5	11.8 - 25.2
Married men, spouse present	3,637	2,709	74.5	2,623	72.1	85	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	3,542	2,093	59.1	2,029	57.3	64	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	1,103	729	66.1	677	61.4	52	7.2	6.0 - 8.4
North Carolina								
Total	6,567	4,318	65.8	4,092	62.3	226	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Men	3,142	2,315	73.7	2,207	70.3	107	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	3,425	2,004	58.5	1,885	55.0	119	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	451	184	40.7	145	32.0	39	21.4	17.8 - 25.0
White	4,909	3,254	66.3	3,124	63.6	130	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	2,397	1,811	75.6	1,744	72.8	67	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	2,512	1,443	57.4	1,380	54.9	63	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	290	129	44.5	110	37.8	20	15.1	11.1 - 19.1
Black or African American	1,339	853	63.7	773	57.8	80	9.4	8.0 - 10.8
Men	593	390	65.7	357	60.2	33	8.4	6.6 - 10.2
Women	745	463	62.1	416	55.8	47	10.2	8.5 - 11.9
Asian	125	83	66.4	78	62.0	6	6.7	3.3 - 10.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	396	308	77.8	299	75.4	9	3.0	1.7 - 4.3
Men	244	228	93.2	221	90.5	7	2.9	1.5 - 4.3
Women	152	80	52.9	78	51.2	3	3.3	.8 - 5.8
Married men, spouse present	1,750	1,367	78.1	1,337	76.4	31	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	1,723	1,064	61.7	1,032	59.9	32	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	436	287	65.8	257	58.9	30	10.4	8.0 - 12.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Dakota								
Total	501	361	72.0	349	69.6	12	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	247	192	77.6	184	74.5	8	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	255	170	66.6	165	64.8	5	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	22	54.9	20	49.3	2	10.2	7.5 - 12.9
White	459	333	72.5	325	70.8	8	2.4	2.0 - 2.8
Men	225	177	78.4	172	76.4	4	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Women	234	157	66.9	153	65.4	4	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	20	59.4	19	55.2	1	7.1	4.6 - 9.6
Married men, spouse present	143	114	79.5	112	78.1	2	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	144	102	71.2	100	69.9	2	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Women who maintain families	19	15	79.6	15	75.3	1	5.4	2.8 - 8.0
Ohio								
Total	8,859	5,910	66.7	5,558	62.7	352	6.0	5.6 - 6.4
Men	4,246	3,072	72.4	2,881	67.9	191	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Women	4,613	2,837	61.5	2,677	58.0	160	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	641	333	52.0	276	43.1	57	17.2	14.9 - 19.5
White	7,655	5,110	66.7	4,850	63.4	260	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Men	3,703	2,685	72.5	2,538	68.5	147	5.5	4.9 - 6.1
Women	3,952	2,424	61.4	2,311	58.5	113	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	538	287	53.3	242	45.0	45	15.6	13.1 - 18.1
Black or African American	960	632	65.9	550	57.3	82	12.9	11.2 - 14.6
Men	428	303	70.7	264	61.7	39	12.7	10.4 - 15.0
Women	532	329	61.9	286	53.8	43	13.1	10.9 - 15.3
Asian	106	74	69.8	71	67.3	3	3.6	.8 - 6.4
Women	62	39	62.7	37	59.9	2	4.6	.3 - 8.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	188	142	75.2	129	68.6	12	8.7	5.6 - 11.8
Men	115	90	77.9	80	69.3	10	11.0	7.0 - 15.0
Women	73	52	71.0	50	67.6	2	4.7	.9 - 8.5
Married men, spouse present	2,360	1,784	75.6	1,729	73.2	55	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	2,349	1,474	62.8	1,430	60.9	45	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	573	424	74.0	386	67.3	38	9.1	7.3 - 10.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Oklahoma								
Total	2,704	1,745	64.5	1,665	61.6	80	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	1,303	945	72.5	906	69.6	38	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Women	1,401	800	57.1	759	54.1	42	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	85	43.6	72	36.9	13	15.3	11.2 - 19.4
White	2,138	1,395	65.3	1,341	62.7	54	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Men	1,043	765	73.3	738	70.7	27	3.5	2.7 - 4.3
Women	1,094	631	57.6	603	55.1	27	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	145	68	46.9	57	39.7	10	15.3	10.8 - 19.8
Black or African American	187	114	61.1	106	56.8	8	7.0	4.4 - 9.6
Men	83	55	66.2	52	62.6	3	5.5	2.2 - 8.8
Women	104	59	57.0	54	52.2	5	8.4	4.7 - 12.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	135	95	70.0	87	64.6	7	7.8	4.7 - 10.9
Men	65	56	85.4	53	80.3	3	6.0	2.5 - 9.5
Married men, spouse present	770	586	76.1	579	75.1	7	1.3	.7 - 1.9
Married women, spouse present	752	442	58.9	429	57.0	14	3.1	2.1 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	155	102	66.1	96	61.8	7	6.5	3.7 - 9.3
Oregon								
Total	2,848	1,857	65.2	1,745	61.3	112	6.0	5.4 - 6.6
Men	1,398	991	70.9	931	66.6	60	6.1	5.3 - 6.9
Women	1,450	865	59.7	814	56.1	51	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	210	89	42.7	73	34.6	17	18.8	14.9 - 22.7
White	2,579	1,672	64.9	1,572	61.0	100	6.0	5.4 - 6.6
Men	1,253	882	70.4	828	66.1	54	6.1	5.3 - 6.9
Women	1,325	790	59.6	744	56.1	46	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	181	78	43.1	63	34.7	15	19.5	15.3 - 23.7
Black or African American	45	30	66.4	27	60.4	3	9.2	3.8 - 14.6
Asian	109	79	71.9	76	69.3	3	3.6	1.4 - 5.8
Men	54	41	76.7	40	74.0	1	3.5	.6 - 6.4
Women	56	38	67.2	36	64.8	1	3.7	.5 - 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	178	131	73.8	122	68.4	10	7.3	4.6 - 10.0
Men	94	77	82.5	74	78.4	4	5.1	2.2 - 8.0
Women	84	54	64.0	48	57.3	6	10.5	6.7 - 14.3
Married men, spouse present	767	571	74.5	554	72.2	17	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	762	460	60.3	441	57.8	19	4.1	3.1 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	148	104	70.6	97	65.4	8	7.4	4.8 - 10.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,747	6,282	64.4	5,972	61.3	309	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	4,655	3,313	71.2	3,153	67.7	160	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Women	5,092	2,969	58.3	2,820	55.4	149	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	704	324	46.0	275	39.1	49	15.1	12.6 - 17.6
White	8,576	5,585	65.1	5,342	62.3	243	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Men	4,120	2,978	72.3	2,850	69.2	128	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Women	4,456	2,607	58.5	2,493	55.9	115	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	588	287	48.8	248	42.2	39	13.5	10.9 - 16.1
Black or African American	922	542	58.8	483	52.4	59	10.8	9.1 - 12.5
Men	406	247	60.8	218	53.8	29	11.6	9.0 - 14.2
Women	516	295	57.2	265	51.4	30	10.2	8.0 - 12.4
Asian	173	111	64.0	107	61.9	4	3.4	1.2 - 5.6
Men	94	68	72.2	66	70.1	2	2.8	.2 - 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	355	228	64.2	211	59.6	16	7.2	5.0 - 9.4
Men	174	123	70.7	114	65.8	9	7.0	4.1 - 9.9
Women	181	105	57.9	97	53.7	8	7.4	4.1 - 10.7
Married men, spouse present	2,611	1,957	75.0	1,917	73.4	41	2.1	1.7 - 2.5
Married women, spouse present	2,513	1,565	62.3	1,523	60.6	42	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	579	370	63.8	330	57.0	39	10.6	8.5 - 12.7
Rhode Island								
Total	843	570	67.6	541	64.2	29	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Men	400	293	73.3	277	69.3	16	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	443	277	62.6	263	59.5	14	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64	34	52.4	29	44.9	5	14.4	11.6 - 17.2
White	762	515	67.5	490	64.3	25	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	361	263	72.9	250	69.2	14	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	401	251	62.6	240	59.9	11	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55	31	56.3	27	48.8	4	13.3	10.4 - 16.2
Black or African American	45	32	70.8	28	63.5	3	10.3	7.7 - 12.9
Men	22	16	74.1	15	67.1	2	9.5	6.0 - 13.0
Women	23	16	67.6	14	60.1	2	11.0	7.2 - 14.8
Asian	24	15	65.3	15	61.6	1	5.7	2.8 - 8.6
Men	12	10	79.8	9	76.1	(²)	4.6	1.3 - 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77	54	69.5	49	63.2	5	9.2	7.3 - 11.1
Men	36	29	79.7	26	72.7	3	8.8	6.2 - 11.4
Women	41	25	60.7	23	54.9	2	9.6	6.7 - 12.5
Married men, spouse present	214	164	76.4	158	73.8	6	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	209	138	65.8	134	63.8	4	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	62	43	69.0	40	64.3	3	6.7	4.8 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Carolina								
Total	3,251	2,079	64.0	1,939	59.7	140	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Men	1,537	1,084	70.6	1,012	65.8	73	6.7	5.8 - 7.6
Women	1,714	995	58.1	928	54.1	67	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	235	95	40.3	70	29.9	24	25.8	21.7 - 29.9
White	2,289	1,457	63.7	1,390	60.7	68	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	1,105	784	70.9	748	67.7	35	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	1,184	674	56.9	642	54.2	32	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	142	61	42.8	49	35.0	11	18.3	13.4 - 23.2
Black or African American	890	575	64.6	505	56.7	70	12.2	10.7 - 13.7
Men	394	273	69.2	237	60.1	36	13.2	11.2 - 15.2
Women	496	302	60.9	268	54.0	34	11.3	9.4 - 13.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	85	29	34.3	17	19.9	12	42.0	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79	58	73.4	56	70.3	2	4.3	1.3 - 7.3
Men	43	38	87.3	36	84.4	1	3.3	.1 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	877	646	73.7	625	71.2	21	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	870	529	60.8	506	58.1	23	4.4	3.4 - 5.4
Women who maintain families	230	144	62.5	130	56.6	14	9.4	6.8 - 12.0
South Dakota								
Total	593	433	73.0	414	69.9	19	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	290	226	78.0	216	74.4	10	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	302	206	68.3	198	65.5	8	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44	27	60.4	23	51.9	4	14.1	11.2 - 17.0
White	539	400	74.1	388	71.8	12	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	265	209	79.0	202	76.4	7	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	275	191	69.4	185	67.5	5	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	23	64.2	21	57.0	3	11.2	8.3 - 14.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11	8	78.5	8	70.2	1	10.6	5.9 - 15.3
Married men, spouse present	166	132	79.5	130	78.1	2	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	167	120	72.0	118	70.6	2	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	29	23	77.1	20	69.0	2	10.4	7.5 - 13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,631	2,878	62.1	2,717	58.7	162	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	2,217	1,534	69.2	1,450	65.4	83	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	2,415	1,345	55.7	1,266	52.4	79	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	352	157	44.6	127	36.1	30	19.2	15.9 - 22.5
White	3,820	2,355	61.7	2,255	59.0	101	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	1,853	1,279	69.0	1,224	66.0	55	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Women	1,966	1,076	54.7	1,031	52.4	46	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	277	127	46.0	109	39.5	18	14.1	10.6 - 17.6
Black or African American	705	454	64.4	400	56.8	54	11.9	10.0 - 13.8
Men	312	218	69.7	194	62.0	24	11.0	8.5 - 13.5
Women	393	237	60.2	207	52.6	30	12.7	10.2 - 15.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	138	94	68.0	88	64.0	5	5.8	2.7 - 8.9
Men	77	68	88.0	63	82.5	4	6.2	2.5 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	1,253	908	72.5	880	70.2	28	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	1,266	720	56.9	692	54.7	28	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	299	183	61.0	165	55.1	18	9.7	7.1 - 12.3
Texas								
Total	16,736	11,237	67.1	10,629	63.5	608	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Men	8,155	6,208	76.1	5,874	72.0	334	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Women	8,581	5,028	58.6	4,754	55.4	274	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,260	489	38.8	388	30.8	101	20.6	18.6 - 22.6
White	13,980	9,366	67.0	8,924	63.8	442	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Men	6,870	5,275	76.8	5,031	73.2	244	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Women	7,110	4,091	57.5	3,893	54.7	198	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,012	413	40.8	344	34.0	69	16.8	14.7 - 18.9
Black or African American	1,860	1,249	67.2	1,119	60.1	131	10.4	9.3 - 11.5
Men	837	582	69.5	510	60.9	72	12.4	10.8 - 14.0
Women	1,023	667	65.2	609	59.5	58	8.8	7.4 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	178	56	31.6	29	16.4	27	48.1	(³) - (³)
Asian	544	389	71.5	373	68.5	16	4.1	2.8 - 5.4
Men	273	215	78.6	204	74.7	11	4.9	3.0 - 6.8
Women	271	174	64.3	169	62.3	6	3.2	1.4 - 5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,790	3,857	66.6	3,628	62.7	229	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Men	2,872	2,261	78.7	2,135	74.3	126	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	2,918	1,595	54.7	1,493	51.2	102	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	540	204	37.9	164	30.4	41	19.9	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	4,665	3,779	81.0	3,671	78.7	108	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	4,473	2,597	58.1	2,504	56.0	94	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	1,179	845	71.7	787	66.8	57	6.8	5.6 - 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Utah								
Total	1,774	1,268	71.5	1,216	68.5	52	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	875	708	80.9	681	77.8	27	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	899	560	62.3	534	59.4	25	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	160	90	56.1	77	48.2	13	14.1	11.1 - 17.1
White	1,677	1,202	71.7	1,154	68.8	48	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	830	674	81.2	650	78.2	25	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	847	528	62.3	504	59.6	23	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	147	85	58.0	74	50.1	12	13.5	10.4 - 16.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	175	136	77.9	127	72.9	9	6.4	4.6 - 8.2
Men	103	90	87.1	85	83.1	4	4.7	2.7 - 6.7
Women	72	47	64.8	42	58.4	5	9.8	6.2 - 13.4
Married men, spouse present	527	442	83.9	434	82.4	8	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Married women, spouse present	540	327	60.5	316	58.5	11	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	77	57	73.6	54	69.9	3	5.0	2.4 - 7.6
Vermont								
Total	503	355	70.5	342	68.1	13	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	245	184	74.9	176	71.9	7	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	258	171	66.4	166	64.4	5	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	20	54.8	17	47.6	3	13.2	10.3 - 16.1
White	485	343	70.7	331	68.2	12	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	236	177	74.9	170	72.0	7	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	249	166	66.6	161	64.6	5	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	19	55.2	17	48.1	2	12.8	9.8 - 15.8
Married men, spouse present	135	103	76.4	102	75.2	2	1.7	1.2 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	136	94	69.4	92	68.0	2	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	22	16	70.8	15	67.4	1	4.8	2.6 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,704	3,918	68.7	3,781	66.3	138	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	2,708	2,054	75.8	1,989	73.4	65	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Women	2,995	1,864	62.2	1,792	59.8	73	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	415	193	46.5	170	41.1	23	11.7	9.2 - 14.2
White	4,336	2,954	68.1	2,871	66.2	83	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Men	2,100	1,601	76.2	1,562	74.4	39	2.4	1.9 - 2.9
Women	2,236	1,353	60.5	1,309	58.6	44	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	293	144	49.2	131	44.8	13	9.0	6.3 - 11.7
Black or African American	1,062	754	71.0	703	66.1	52	6.8	5.6 - 8.0
Men	477	351	73.7	327	68.5	25	7.0	5.6 - 8.4
Women	586	403	68.8	376	64.2	27	6.6	5.3 - 7.9
Asian	240	168	69.8	165	68.8	2	1.5	.2 - 2.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	364	288	79.1	282	77.5	6	2.1	1.1 - 3.1
Men	215	197	91.5	193	89.6	4	2.0	.8 - 3.2
Women	149	91	61.2	89	59.9	2	2.2	.4 - 4.0
Married men, spouse present	1,565	1,241	79.3	1,221	78.0	21	1.7	1.2 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	1,553	970	62.4	948	61.0	22	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	351	257	73.3	245	69.8	12	4.7	3.1 - 6.3
Washington								
Total	4,862	3,298	67.8	3,114	64.1	184	5.6	5.1 - 6.1
Men	2,379	1,776	74.6	1,674	70.4	102	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Women	2,482	1,522	61.3	1,440	58.0	82	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	347	153	44.0	124	35.7	29	19.0	15.3 - 22.7
White	4,129	2,799	67.8	2,646	64.1	153	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	2,017	1,502	74.4	1,417	70.3	84	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	2,112	1,297	61.4	1,229	58.2	68	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	284	130	45.9	106	37.5	24	18.3	14.3 - 22.3
Black or African American	147	92	62.2	83	56.2	9	9.6	5.9 - 13.3
Men	77	52	68.3	47	61.1	5	10.5	5.4 - 15.6
Asian	366	258	70.4	246	67.3	11	4.3	2.8 - 5.8
Men	164	133	81.2	129	78.6	4	3.2	1.3 - 5.1
Women	202	124	61.6	118	58.1	7	5.6	3.1 - 8.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	300	218	72.9	199	66.5	19	8.8	6.2 - 11.4
Men	152	127	83.3	116	76.1	11	8.6	5.6 - 11.6
Women	147	92	62.2	83	56.6	8	9.1	5.7 - 12.5
Married men, spouse present	1,363	1,068	78.3	1,033	75.8	35	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	1,342	851	63.4	817	60.9	34	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	240	167	69.5	158	65.8	9	5.3	3.1 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Virginia								
Total	1,456	801	55.0	759	52.1	42	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	703	420	59.8	395	56.2	25	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Women	753	381	50.6	364	48.3	17	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	97	36	37.2	30	30.9	6	17.0	13.5 - 20.5
White	1,395	768	55.1	728	52.2	40	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Men	673	403	60.0	380	56.4	24	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Women	722	365	50.5	349	48.3	16	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	94	35	37.7	29	31.3	6	17.0	13.5 - 20.5
Black or African American	40	22	55.4	20	50.9	2	8.2	3.8 - 12.6
Married men, spouse present	396	249	62.8	241	60.8	8	3.3	2.4 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	402	208	51.6	202	50.3	5	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	85	53	62.0	50	58.1	3	6.3	3.9 - 8.7
Wisconsin								
Total	4,317	3,022	70.0	2,881	66.7	141	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Men	2,114	1,590	75.2	1,515	71.7	76	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Women	2,203	1,432	65.0	1,366	62.0	66	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	314	194	61.8	167	53.1	27	14.1	11.8 - 16.4
White	3,968	2,789	70.3	2,671	67.3	118	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	1,964	1,487	75.7	1,418	72.2	69	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	2,003	1,302	65.0	1,253	62.6	49	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	272	176	64.5	154	56.6	21	12.2	9.8 - 14.6
Black or African American	204	131	64.0	116	57.0	14	10.9	8.0 - 13.8
Men	80	53	66.0	48	60.0	5	9.0	5.0 - 13.0
Women	124	78	62.6	68	55.0	9	12.2	8.4 - 16.0
Asian	70	48	69.5	45	65.2	3	6.2	2.6 - 9.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	171	131	76.6	122	71.5	9	6.8	4.4 - 9.2
Men	91	79	86.8	75	82.9	4	4.5	2.0 - 7.0
Women	80	52	65.2	47	58.6	5	10.2	6.4 - 14.0
Married men, spouse present	1,233	951	77.1	925	75.0	26	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	1,177	779	66.1	756	64.2	23	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	216	165	76.6	154	71.2	12	7.1	5.0 - 9.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wyoming								
Total	400	283	70.7	273	68.2	10	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Men	199	155	78.2	150	75.4	6	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Women	201	128	63.4	123	61.1	5	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	20	58.3	17	50.6	3	13.2	10.6 - 15.8
White	384	272	70.8	263	68.4	9	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	190	149	78.3	144	75.6	5	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	194	123	63.6	119	61.4	4	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32	19	58.9	17	51.9	2	11.8	9.2 - 14.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	22	15	67.9	14	64.1	1	5.6	3.2 - 8.0
Men	11	9	79.8	8	74.7	1	6.4	3.2 - 9.6
Married men, spouse present	118	94	79.4	92	77.9	2	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Married women, spouse present	116	76	65.5	74	63.8	2	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	15	12	77.3	11	74.6	(²)	3.5	1.4 - 5.6

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Fewer than 500 persons.

³ Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base

does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Alabama							
Less than a high school diploma	527	191	36.2	177	33.7	14	7.1
High school graduates, no college	1,070	656	61.4	637	59.5	20	3.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	724	520	71.8	506	69.9	13	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	638	508	79.6	499	78.2	9	1.8
Alaska							
Less than a high school diploma	29	14	46.6	12	40.1	2	14.0
High school graduates, no college	113	78	69.0	72	63.9	6	7.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	133	103	77.3	98	73.8	5	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	112	91	81.6	89	79.6	2	2.4
Arizona							
Less than a high school diploma	608	303	49.9	284	46.7	19	6.3
High school graduates, no college	1,043	630	60.4	610	58.5	20	3.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,100	740	67.3	713	64.8	27	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	988	732	74.1	713	72.2	18	2.5
Arkansas							
Less than a high school diploma	329	133	40.4	125	38.0	8	5.9
High school graduates, no college	692	449	65.0	430	62.2	19	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	430	315	73.2	305	70.8	10	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	343	265	77.1	260	75.7	5	1.9
California							
Less than a high school diploma	4,184	2,280	54.5	2,108	50.4	172	7.5
High school graduates, no college	5,221	3,204	61.4	3,028	58.0	176	5.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	6,088	4,236	69.6	4,063	66.7	174	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	6,857	5,268	76.8	5,126	74.8	142	2.7
Colorado							
Less than a high school diploma	316	175	55.3	165	52.2	10	5.7
High school graduates, no college	731	505	69.0	481	65.9	23	4.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	855	640	74.8	616	72.0	24	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,052	828	78.7	802	76.2	26	3.1
Connecticut							
Less than a high school diploma	265	108	40.7	98	37.0	10	9.1
High school graduates, no college	687	450	65.5	433	62.9	17	3.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	526	388	73.8	375	71.3	13	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	839	635	75.7	620	73.9	16	2.5
Delaware							
Less than a high school diploma	71	34	47.0	31	44.0	2	6.3
High school graduates, no college	205	132	64.2	125	61.1	6	4.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	128	95	73.8	92	71.6	3	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	151	116	76.4	113	74.9	2	1.9
District of Columbia							
Less than a high school diploma	55	24	44.4	21	39.2	3	11.8
High school graduates, no college	80	47	59.2	44	54.9	3	7.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	57	39	69.1	36	64.0	3	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	179	147	81.8	143	79.9	3	2.3

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Florida							
Less than a high school diploma	1,640	756	46.1	714	43.5	42	5.5
High school graduates, no college	3,958	2,349	59.4	2,275	57.5	74	3.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	3,174	2,164	68.2	2,100	66.2	64	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,170	2,289	72.2	2,247	70.9	41	1.8
Georgia							
Less than a high school diploma	880	443	50.3	405	46.0	38	8.6
High school graduates, no college	1,806	1,195	66.2	1,130	62.6	65	5.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,398	1,042	74.6	999	71.5	43	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,521	1,244	81.8	1,216	79.9	28	2.3
Hawaii							
Less than a high school diploma	98	37	37.9	35	35.8	2	5.6
High school graduates, no college	261	172	65.9	167	64.1	5	2.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	223	161	72.3	158	70.9	3	1.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	244	186	76.2	183	75.0	3	1.5
Idaho							
Less than a high school diploma	94	49	52.4	47	49.6	3	5.2
High school graduates, no college	271	179	66.0	172	63.6	6	3.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	292	216	73.9	209	71.8	6	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	212	167	78.6	164	77.0	3	2.0
Illinois							
Less than a high school diploma	1,023	455	44.5	415	40.5	41	8.9
High school graduates, no college	2,471	1,506	61.0	1,416	57.3	91	6.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	2,064	1,506	73.0	1,426	69.1	80	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,497	1,999	80.1	1,946	77.9	53	2.7
Indiana							
Less than a high school diploma	512	237	46.3	216	42.1	21	9.0
High school graduates, no college	1,615	1,049	64.9	1,001	62.0	47	4.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,027	779	75.9	746	72.6	33	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	846	680	80.4	666	78.7	14	2.1
Iowa							
Less than a high school diploma	185	81	44.0	73	39.6	8	10.0
High school graduates, no college	704	459	65.2	439	62.4	19	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	571	445	77.9	430	75.4	14	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	477	399	83.6	392	82.1	7	1.8
Kansas							
Less than a high school diploma	143	68	47.6	61	42.5	7	10.8
High school graduates, no college	526	346	65.7	329	62.5	17	4.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	522	391	74.8	376	72.0	15	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	521	422	80.9	412	79.1	9	2.2
Kentucky							
Less than a high school diploma	523	166	31.7	151	28.9	14	8.7
High school graduates, no college	980	612	62.5	579	59.1	33	5.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	642	469	73.1	448	69.8	21	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	552	438	79.5	430	77.9	9	1.9

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Louisiana							
Less than a high school diploma	471	194	41.2	175	37.2	19	9.9
High school graduates, no college	1,062	675	63.5	637	59.9	38	5.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	612	423	69.0	405	66.1	18	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	588	460	78.2	450	76.5	10	2.2
Maine							
Less than a high school diploma	100	34	33.6	30	30.3	3	9.7
High school graduates, no college	333	218	65.4	207	62.1	11	5.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	233	171	73.4	166	71.2	5	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	232	180	77.6	176	76.0	4	2.1
Maryland							
Less than a high school diploma	450	202	44.9	185	41.1	17	8.3
High school graduates, no college	1,060	684	64.6	654	61.7	30	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	826	627	75.9	611	73.9	16	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,302	1,031	79.1	1,015	77.9	16	1.6
Massachusetts							
Less than a high school diploma	484	190	39.2	174	36.0	16	8.2
High school graduates, no college	1,256	785	62.5	749	59.6	36	4.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	866	625	72.2	599	69.1	26	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,639	1,295	79.0	1,257	76.7	37	2.9
Michigan							
Less than a high school diploma	747	268	35.9	231	31.0	37	13.6
High school graduates, no college	2,281	1,400	61.4	1,301	57.1	99	7.1
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,798	1,298	72.2	1,234	68.6	64	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,674	1,337	79.8	1,301	77.7	36	2.7
Minnesota							
Less than a high school diploma	247	98	39.6	93	37.5	5	5.3
High school graduates, no college	918	629	68.5	607	66.1	22	3.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,063	837	78.7	809	76.1	28	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,061	862	81.3	846	79.7	16	1.9
Mississippi							
Less than a high school diploma	388	140	36.0	125	32.1	15	10.9
High school graduates, no college	594	384	64.6	364	61.3	20	5.1
Some college or associate's degree ...	453	333	73.5	319	70.3	14	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	367	280	76.3	275	74.8	5	2.0
Missouri							
Less than a high school diploma	521	202	38.8	183	35.1	19	9.4
High school graduates, no college	1,319	852	64.6	813	61.7	39	4.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	990	732	74.0	706	71.3	26	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	937	746	79.6	728	77.7	18	2.4
Montana							
Less than a high school diploma	52	19	36.7	17	33.1	2	9.9
High school graduates, no college	211	133	62.9	128	60.8	4	3.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	191	138	72.3	133	69.6	5	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	162	124	76.3	121	75.0	2	1.7

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Nebraska							
Less than a high school diploma	112	59	52.8	56	50.2	3	5.0
High school graduates, no college	361	247	68.3	236	65.4	11	4.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	336	263	78.2	255	76.0	8	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	301	249	82.8	246	81.8	3	1.2
Nevada							
Less than a high school diploma	213	125	58.7	119	55.8	6	4.9
High school graduates, no college	561	355	63.3	343	61.1	12	3.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	433	303	69.9	291	67.3	11	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	337	249	73.7	243	71.9	6	2.4
New Hampshire							
Less than a high school diploma	75	35	46.3	33	44.0	2	5.1
High school graduates, no college	270	179	66.2	173	64.1	6	3.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	232	177	76.2	171	73.7	6	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	295	239	80.9	235	79.5	4	1.8
New Jersey							
Less than a high school diploma	710	332	46.7	309	43.5	23	6.9
High school graduates, no college	1,857	1,156	62.2	1,104	59.5	52	4.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,088	797	73.3	769	70.7	28	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,013	1,603	79.6	1,567	77.9	35	2.2
New Mexico							
Less than a high school diploma	212	95	45.0	88	41.5	7	7.7
High school graduates, no college	313	207	66.1	199	63.5	8	3.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	348	241	69.1	229	65.8	11	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	339	260	76.6	253	74.8	6	2.4
New York							
Less than a high school diploma	1,804	759	42.1	704	39.0	55	7.2
High school graduates, no college	4,171	2,484	59.5	2,363	56.6	121	4.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	2,690	1,949	72.4	1,862	69.2	86	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,918	2,979	76.0	2,903	74.1	76	2.5
North Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	964	436	45.2	400	41.5	36	8.2
High school graduates, no college	1,728	1,122	64.9	1,080	62.5	42	3.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,429	1,065	74.5	1,026	71.8	39	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,405	1,057	75.2	1,029	73.2	28	2.7
North Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	46	16	34.2	14	30.9	2	9.7
High school graduates, no college	120	83	69.0	80	66.8	3	3.1
Some college or associate's degree ...	133	103	77.2	100	75.3	3	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	113	97	86.1	96	84.9	1	1.3
Ohio							
Less than a high school diploma	913	321	35.1	290	31.7	31	9.6
High school graduates, no college	2,954	1,907	64.6	1,799	60.9	108	5.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,861	1,376	74.0	1,318	70.9	58	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,696	1,348	79.5	1,317	77.7	31	2.3

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Oklahoma							
Less than a high school diploma	338	129	38.1	117	34.7	11	8.9
High school graduates, no college	786	484	61.5	463	58.9	21	4.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	613	443	72.3	434	70.9	9	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	538	429	79.7	423	78.7	5	1.2
Oregon							
Less than a high school diploma	247	119	48.1	108	43.9	10	8.8
High school graduates, no college	674	389	57.7	366	54.2	24	6.1
Some college or associate's degree ...	778	542	69.8	514	66.1	28	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	710	539	75.9	520	73.2	19	3.5
Pennsylvania							
Less than a high school diploma	1,082	382	35.3	354	32.7	27	7.2
High school graduates, no college	3,457	2,128	61.5	2,029	58.7	99	4.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,600	1,176	73.5	1,133	70.8	42	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,084	1,659	79.6	1,624	77.9	35	2.1
Rhode Island							
Less than a high school diploma	120	49	40.5	44	36.6	5	9.7
High school graduates, no college	224	148	65.9	141	62.8	7	4.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	161	119	73.8	114	71.1	4	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	201	163	80.9	159	79.2	4	2.2
South Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	477	185	38.7	165	34.7	19	10.5
High school graduates, no college	894	577	64.5	540	60.4	37	6.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	724	538	74.2	513	70.8	25	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	639	483	75.6	473	74.1	10	2.0
South Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	54	23	43.5	21	38.9	2	10.7
High school graduates, no college	167	116	69.3	112	66.8	4	3.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	148	116	78.7	113	76.6	3	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	117	98	83.3	97	82.3	1	1.3
Tennessee							
Less than a high school diploma	739	264	35.8	245	33.2	19	7.3
High school graduates, no college	1,368	859	62.8	819	59.9	40	4.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	886	614	69.3	586	66.1	29	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	894	689	77.1	674	75.5	14	2.1
Texas							
Less than a high school diploma	2,973	1,595	53.7	1,498	50.4	97	6.1
High school graduates, no college	3,861	2,631	68.1	2,514	65.1	117	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	3,553	2,607	73.4	2,501	70.4	106	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,460	2,721	78.6	2,654	76.7	67	2.5
Utah							
Less than a high school diploma	126	74	58.8	69	54.6	5	7.2
High school graduates, no college	397	266	66.9	256	64.4	10	3.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	452	335	74.0	326	72.2	8	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	388	299	77.1	295	75.8	5	1.6

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Vermont							
Less than a high school diploma	43	16	37.5	14	33.2	2	11.5
High school graduates, no college	139	97	69.6	94	67.5	3	2.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	101	77	75.7	75	74.6	1	1.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	141	113	80.3	111	78.8	2	1.8
Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	661	341	51.6	325	49.2	16	4.6
High school graduates, no college	1,459	966	66.2	939	64.4	27	2.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,081	782	72.4	761	70.4	21	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,598	1,242	77.7	1,222	76.5	20	1.6
Washington							
Less than a high school diploma	394	200	50.7	180	45.6	20	10.0
High school graduates, no college	1,130	711	62.9	671	59.3	40	5.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,300	932	71.7	892	68.6	40	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,296	1,006	77.6	976	75.3	30	3.0
West Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	225	54	24.2	50	22.4	4	7.4
High school graduates, no college	574	318	55.4	305	53.1	13	4.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	253	170	67.3	163	64.4	7	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	197	148	75.1	145	73.6	3	2.0
Wisconsin							
Less than a high school diploma	362	151	41.8	136	37.7	15	9.7
High school graduates, no college	1,362	917	67.4	871	64.0	46	5.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	973	736	75.6	717	73.7	19	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	926	714	77.1	702	75.8	12	1.6
Wyoming							
Less than a high school diploma	31	14	46.1	14	43.6	1	5.4
High school graduates, no college	120	80	67.2	78	65.5	2	2.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	112	85	76.3	83	74.1	2	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	69	56	80.4	55	79.5	1	1.1

NOTE: Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Alabama	1,789	1,564	162	63	297	26	253	18	78	15
Alaska	257	213	30	15	61	7	48	6	18	5
Arizona	2,297	2,036	186	75	400	46	324	30	107	27
Arkansas	1,103	964	103	37	198	27	160	10	57	13
California	13,762	12,115	1,164	484	2,961	402	2,383	176	779	163
Colorado	1,971	1,711	196	64	435	51	354	30	94	30
Connecticut	1,376	1,180	143	54	347	35	288	25	70	21
Delaware	366	326	28	12	55	6	47	3	17	2
District of Columbia	243	215	21	8	34	6	26	2	16	2
Florida	7,216	6,519	497	200	1,175	139	971	65	264	50
Georgia	3,758	3,392	268	98	575	76	462	37	219	30
Hawaii	513	446	46	21	103	13	84	6	13	6
Idaho	569	490	60	19	151	11	132	8	23	7
Illinois	4,982	4,404	400	178	1,115	128	920	66	303	60
Indiana	2,522	2,241	189	93	510	57	415	37	152	30
Iowa	1,256	1,076	135	46	336	27	290	19	54	21
Kansas	1,135	975	123	36	272	24	231	17	60	15
Kentucky	1,556	1,375	130	52	329	40	264	25	98	26
Louisiana	1,672	1,431	165	76	300	34	246	20	108	18
Maine	527	437	68	22	150	15	125	10	29	6
Maryland	2,383	2,076	220	87	417	37	351	29	96	26
Massachusetts	2,482	2,121	247	115	711	62	604	45	134	30
Michigan	3,736	3,296	297	143	1,036	165	801	71	277	62
Minnesota	2,181	1,900	210	70	634	54	542	38	79	35
Mississippi	1,051	922	93	35	190	22	160	8	82	10
Missouri	2,360	2,076	199	85	495	58	408	29	134	31
Montana	375	316	43	16	101	10	84	8	17	5
Nebraska	770	673	72	25	178	17	150	11	31	8
Nevada	1,014	915	72	28	153	18	127	8	45	8
New Hampshire	572	496	55	21	137	12	115	9	21	6
New Jersey	3,570	3,165	279	127	674	75	558	41	158	37
New Mexico	731	636	73	22	166	16	143	8	41	9
New York	7,373	6,565	559	250	1,569	191	1,293	86	399	72
North Carolina	3,431	2,982	316	132	662	103	519	39	188	38
North Dakota	279	235	34	9	70	5	61	4	10	3
Ohio	4,431	3,881	372	178	1,127	137	915	75	273	79
Oklahoma	1,422	1,264	121	37	243	28	203	13	66	14
Oregon	1,391	1,205	140	46	354	55	281	18	89	23
Pennsylvania	4,863	4,289	415	159	1,110	137	914	59	241	68
Rhode Island	422	352	50	20	119	12	99	7	23	6
South Carolina	1,624	1,437	134	53	316	47	247	22	123	17
South Dakota	335	288	35	12	79	7	68	5	15	4
Tennessee	2,291	2,013	201	77	425	40	358	28	127	34
Texas	9,047	8,052	738	258	1,582	223	1,259	99	502	106
Utah	929	800	98	32	286	28	238	20	39	14
Vermont	270	232	27	11	72	5	62	5	9	4
Virginia	3,199	2,833	269	96	582	59	485	38	106	32
Washington	2,466	2,137	242	87	648	89	518	41	141	43
West Virginia	632	561	48	23	126	17	101	8	36	6
Wisconsin	2,289	2,023	191	75	592	60	495	36	110	32
Wyoming	221	191	22	9	52	4	44	4	7	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Men										
Alabama	1,027	918	81	28	100	11	85	4	38	7
Alaska	148	123	17	8	20	3	15	2	12	2
Arizona	1,387	1,247	102	38	120	17	96	6	61	11
Arkansas	627	561	48	18	70	11	56	3	29	8
California	8,286	7,403	638	245	1,023	182	787	54	441	75
Colorado	1,172	1,038	101	32	152	30	114	8	50	13
Connecticut	799	703	69	26	105	17	83	6	39	7
Delaware	201	183	13	5	17	2	14	1	8	1
District of Columbia	122	110	9	3	14	3	10	1	8	1
Florida	4,071	3,739	239	93	437	69	344	24	132	24
Georgia	2,120	1,945	132	43	196	41	140	15	120	13
Hawaii	280	247	23	9	37	6	29	2	7	2
Idaho	347	306	32	9	46	4	39	2	12	3
Illinois	2,913	2,634	190	89	363	57	289	17	172	27
Indiana	1,474	1,325	103	47	159	29	120	11	83	11
Iowa	712	627	63	22	117	12	98	7	32	9
Kansas	660	579	62	18	96	10	81	4	35	6
Kentucky	878	789	63	26	109	17	85	7	51	11
Louisiana	912	797	78	38	91	9	77	5	58	9
Maine	302	256	34	12	48	6	39	3	17	3
Maryland	1,323	1,179	100	43	129	15	105	8	52	10
Massachusetts	1,433	1,264	114	55	216	28	175	12	84	13
Michigan	2,209	1,986	152	72	330	67	243	19	161	28
Minnesota	1,261	1,120	106	35	215	23	181	11	51	16
Mississippi	590	528	47	15	61	9	48	3	41	4
Missouri	1,339	1,196	102	41	159	24	128	7	68	15
Montana	220	191	22	8	34	4	27	3	10	2
Nebraska	447	398	36	13	57	8	47	2	17	4
Nevada	598	546	38	14	55	8	44	2	25	4
New Hampshire	340	301	29	11	38	5	30	3	12	3
New Jersey	2,109	1,906	145	57	201	35	154	12	85	15
New Mexico	420	371	37	11	60	10	48	2	27	3
New York	4,204	3,812	272	120	494	82	388	23	240	32
North Carolina	1,987	1,762	169	55	221	45	166	10	95	12
North Dakota	162	139	18	5	22	2	19	1	6	2
Ohio	2,511	2,233	186	91	370	61	290	19	152	39
Oklahoma	819	736	65	18	87	13	72	3	32	6
Oregon	817	722	70	24	114	23	86	6	49	11
Pennsylvania	2,838	2,546	210	81	315	54	246	15	134	26
Rhode Island	241	207	23	10	37	6	29	2	13	3
South Carolina	904	814	69	21	107	20	81	6	66	7
South Dakota	189	167	16	6	27	3	23	1	9	2
Tennessee	1,295	1,157	102	36	156	17	128	10	69	14
Texas	5,317	4,795	399	123	557	100	430	28	287	47
Utah	586	515	55	15	95	13	78	4	21	6
Vermont	155	136	13	5	22	2	19	1	6	2
Virginia	1,816	1,629	144	43	173	26	137	10	53	12
Washington	1,477	1,301	129	47	197	36	150	11	85	18
West Virginia	355	323	22	10	40	7	31	2	23	2
Wisconsin	1,324	1,192	94	37	191	29	151	11	63	13
Wyoming	134	118	11	5	16	1	14	1	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Alabama	762	646	81	34	197	15	168	14	40	7
Alaska	109	89	13	6	41	4	32	4	6	3
Arizona	911	789	84	38	281	30	228	23	46	16
Arkansas	477	403	55	19	128	16	105	7	27	6
California	5,476	4,712	526	239	1,938	221	1,596	122	339	88
Colorado	799	673	95	32	283	21	240	22	44	17
Connecticut	578	476	73	28	242	18	205	19	31	14
Delaware	164	143	15	6	38	4	32	2	9	1
District of Columbia	121	105	12	4	21	3	16	1	9	2
Florida	3,145	2,780	257	107	738	70	627	41	132	26
Georgia	1,639	1,448	135	55	379	34	322	22	99	17
Hawaii	233	198	23	11	66	7	55	5	5	3
Idaho	222	184	28	10	106	7	93	6	11	5
Illinois	2,069	1,770	210	89	752	71	632	49	131	33
Indiana	1,048	916	86	46	350	28	295	27	69	19
Iowa	544	449	72	24	219	15	191	13	22	12
Kansas	475	396	61	18	176	14	150	12	26	9
Kentucky	678	586	67	26	220	23	180	18	47	15
Louisiana	760	634	87	39	210	26	169	15	50	8
Maine	225	180	34	11	102	8	86	7	12	4
Maryland	1,060	898	119	44	288	21	245	22	44	17
Massachusetts	1,049	856	132	60	495	33	429	33	50	17
Michigan	1,527	1,311	145	71	706	97	557	51	116	35
Minnesota	921	781	104	36	419	31	362	27	27	19
Mississippi	461	395	46	20	130	13	111	5	41	6
Missouri	1,021	880	97	44	335	34	279	22	66	16
Montana	155	125	21	8	68	6	57	5	7	3
Nebraska	323	275	36	12	121	9	103	9	14	4
Nevada	416	368	34	14	98	9	83	6	19	4
New Hampshire	232	195	27	10	99	7	86	6	9	4
New Jersey	1,461	1,258	133	69	473	40	404	29	73	22
New Mexico	311	265	35	11	106	6	95	6	14	7
New York	3,169	2,753	287	130	1,076	109	905	62	158	40
North Carolina	1,444	1,220	147	77	441	58	353	30	93	26
North Dakota	117	96	16	5	48	3	42	3	3	1
Ohio	1,920	1,649	185	86	757	76	625	56	121	40
Oklahoma	603	528	56	19	156	15	131	10	34	8
Oregon	575	483	69	22	239	32	195	12	39	12
Pennsylvania	2,025	1,742	205	78	795	83	668	43	107	42
Rhode Island	181	145	26	10	82	6	71	5	10	3
South Carolina	720	623	65	32	208	27	165	16	57	10
South Dakota	145	121	18	6	53	4	45	3	6	2
Tennessee	997	856	99	41	270	22	230	18	58	20
Texas	3,730	3,257	338	134	1,025	124	830	71	215	59
Utah	343	285	42	16	191	15	160	16	18	7
Vermont	115	96	14	5	50	3	44	4	3	2
Virginia	1,383	1,205	125	54	408	33	348	28	53	20
Washington	989	836	113	41	451	53	368	30	57	26
West Virginia	277	238	27	13	86	10	70	6	13	4
Wisconsin	966	831	97	38	401	31	344	25	47	19
Wyoming	87	73	10	4	36	2	30	3	3	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Alabama	18	15	3	(³)	55	2	50	3	13	7
Alaska	6	5	1	(³)	11	1	9	1	2	2
Arizona	42	34	7	1	79	3	74	2	9	12
Arkansas	16	14	2	(³)	33	1	31	1	8	7
California	210	175	31	4	415	31	368	16	61	67
Colorado	29	25	4	1	70	6	60	4	10	13
Connecticut	17	13	3	1	56	3	51	2	7	10
Delaware	6	4	1	(³)	13	1	12	1	2	1
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	112	99	12	2	183	11	166	5	20	22
Georgia	59	51	7	2	87	5	78	3	22	14
Hawaii	6	5	1	(³)	15	1	13	(³)	1	2
Idaho	21	18	2	(³)	27	2	24	1	4	3
Illinois	64	55	8	1	195	11	174	10	16	31
Indiana	40	31	8	1	93	7	83	4	17	13
Iowa	22	16	5	1	69	2	65	2	5	9
Kansas	19	16	2	(³)	58	4	52	2	5	8
Kentucky	32	28	4	(³)	55	4	50	1	9	12
Louisiana	32	25	7	1	52	3	46	2	7	6
Maine	8	6	2	(³)	25	2	21	2	3	3
Maryland	32	27	4	1	70	5	60	5	10	11
Massachusetts	31	25	6	(³)	112	5	103	4	10	12
Michigan	65	54	10	2	173	13	154	6	22	29
Minnesota	34	28	4	1	131	6	119	6	7	20
Mississippi	13	11	2	(³)	35	1	32	1	9	5
Missouri	31	25	5	1	111	6	102	2	13	14
Montana	9	8	1	(³)	19	1	16	1	2	2
Nebraska	16	14	2	(³)	39	2	35	2	3	4
Nevada	21	18	3	1	28	1	26	1	5	3
New Hampshire	9	7	2	1	23	2	21	1	2	3
New Jersey	39	35	3	1	124	5	114	5	13	17
New Mexico	13	11	1	(³)	24	1	23	(³)	4	3
New York	82	67	12	3	241	15	217	9	25	27
North Carolina	53	43	7	2	92	8	81	3	20	20
North Dakota	6	5	1	(³)	14	1	13	1	1	1
Ohio	70	58	10	1	206	17	180	9	22	36
Oklahoma	25	21	2	1	47	2	45	1	8	5
Oregon	26	21	5	1	46	4	41	2	8	9
Pennsylvania	86	71	13	2	189	13	168	9	18	31
Rhode Island	6	5	1	(³)	23	1	20	1	2	3
South Carolina	18	15	3	1	52	4	46	2	15	9
South Dakota	7	6	1	(³)	15	1	14	1	2	2
Tennessee	42	37	5	1	85	3	79	3	14	16
Texas	145	119	21	5	243	14	222	7	53	48
Utah	27	23	3	(³)	51	5	44	2	5	8
Vermont	6	5	1	(³)	11	(³)	10	1	1	1
Virginia	55	47	7	2	115	9	99	7	13	9
Washington	27	23	4	1	96	10	82	5	11	18
West Virginia	10	8	1	(³)	21	1	19	1	2	4
Wisconsin	37	33	4	1	129	6	118	5	11	17
Wyoming	6	5	1	(³)	11	1	10	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Alabama	1,337	1,167	122	48	226	15	196	15	41	8
Alaska	205	170	23	12	48	5	38	5	11	3
Arizona	2,041	1,817	159	65	361	40	293	27	84	24
Arkansas	918	802	85	32	166	17	139	9	39	9
California	10,682	9,347	942	394	2,393	312	1,936	146	555	126
Colorado	1,816	1,575	182	59	400	46	326	27	82	25
Connecticut	1,184	1,015	123	46	310	28	261	22	52	17
Delaware	279	249	21	9	45	3	40	2	10	2
District of Columbia	122	108	11	4	17	2	14	1	3	1
Florida	5,974	5,405	402	167	971	93	822	56	173	35
Georgia	2,610	2,343	196	71	398	36	335	27	104	16
Hawaii	127	110	12	6	29	3	24	2	2	2
Idaho	544	468	58	18	145	11	126	8	20	7
Illinois	4,062	3,583	339	140	960	100	802	59	204	47
Indiana	2,291	2,034	171	85	474	47	393	35	124	25
Iowa	1,211	1,036	130	44	318	24	276	18	46	19
Kansas	1,029	882	113	34	247	21	211	16	49	11
Kentucky	1,416	1,251	117	48	305	35	246	24	80	22
Louisiana	1,190	1,021	113	57	212	17	179	16	48	9
Maine	512	424	66	22	145	14	121	10	28	6
Maryland	1,556	1,343	149	65	320	22	273	25	44	16
Massachusetts	2,203	1,882	218	103	640	47	549	44	110	25
Michigan	3,115	2,740	256	119	921	134	722	65	192	51
Minnesota	1,988	1,730	193	65	586	43	508	35	63	31
Mississippi	697	615	59	22	127	10	112	6	31	5
Missouri	2,060	1,807	178	75	425	45	354	26	91	24
Montana	353	298	40	15	96	9	80	7	13	5
Nebraska	711	621	67	23	167	16	141	10	24	7
Nevada	842	759	60	23	134	14	114	7	35	7
New Hampshire	547	473	54	20	133	11	113	9	19	6
New Jersey	2,783	2,459	224	99	562	52	474	36	107	29
New Mexico	623	541	63	20	149	15	127	7	32	8
New York	5,555	4,923	437	194	1,273	133	1,067	73	244	55
North Carolina	2,620	2,289	227	104	504	64	409	31	107	23
North Dakota	260	220	31	9	66	4	58	4	6	2
Ohio	3,846	3,367	322	157	1,004	103	837	65	195	65
Oklahoma	1,151	1,025	99	28	189	17	162	10	44	10
Oregon	1,257	1,087	127	43	315	44	255	16	79	21
Pennsylvania	4,328	3,807	373	147	1,015	119	842	54	188	55
Rhode Island	380	316	46	18	110	11	92	7	20	5
South Carolina	1,158	1,024	97	37	232	25	192	16	58	9
South Dakota	313	270	32	11	74	6	64	4	9	3
Tennessee	1,887	1,657	165	65	367	31	310	26	78	22
Texas	7,583	6,753	621	209	1,340	169	1,085	86	367	75
Utah	880	757	93	29	274	26	230	19	35	13
Vermont	261	224	27	10	70	5	60	5	8	3
Virginia	2,405	2,116	213	77	466	32	399	34	61	22
Washington	2,079	1,790	210	79	568	75	456	36	119	34
West Virginia	606	538	46	22	122	16	98	8	34	6
Wisconsin	2,121	1,873	177	71	550	52	465	34	91	27
Wyoming	213	184	21	8	50	4	43	4	7	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Black or African American										
Alabama	400	349	36	14	56	11	44	2	35	5
Alaska	8	6	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	94	80	10	4	8	1	5	1	8	2
Arkansas	152	134	14	4	24	9	15	1	16	3
California	817	721	69	27	140	32	99	8	105	14
Colorado	65	58	6	1	13	1	11	1	7	2
Connecticut	131	109	15	6	24	6	17	2	13	3
Delaware	73	65	6	2	8	2	5	1	6	1
District of Columbia	108	96	9	3	15	4	11	1	13	1
Florida	999	894	78	26	157	39	112	7	79	12
Georgia	1,013	923	65	25	153	38	106	9	109	12
Hawaii	4	3	(³)	(³)	3	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Idaho	2	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	622	547	47	28	111	24	83	4	86	10
Indiana	184	164	14	7	24	7	16	1	26	5
Iowa	16	13	2	(³)	7	2	5	(³)	5	1
Kansas	50	45	4	1	9	2	7	(³)	7	2
Kentucky	105	92	10	3	20	4	15	(³)	16	3
Louisiana	438	372	50	17	82	17	61	4	58	8
Maine	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	677	598	61	17	76	14	60	2	50	9
Massachusetts	146	120	16	9	43	11	33	(³)	14	3
Michigan	451	403	30	18	79	27	48	4	69	7
Minnesota	73	63	7	3	19	6	11	2	10	2
Mississippi	320	276	32	12	61	13	45	3	49	5
Missouri	228	207	14	7	51	12	37	2	39	6
Nebraska	26	23	2	1	4	1	4	(³)	4	(³)
Nevada	69	63	4	2	6	2	4	(³)	6	1
New Hampshire	6	5	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New Jersey	481	430	34	17	66	18	46	2	44	6
New Mexico	19	17	1	(³)	4	(³)	4	(³)	2	(³)
New York	1,154	1,031	85	38	188	41	140	8	118	14
North Carolina	648	562	65	21	126	35	84	7	68	12
North Dakota	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	456	405	36	15	94	29	58	7	69	13
Oklahoma	92	81	5	5	15	3	11	1	7	1
Oregon	19	15	3	1	8	4	3	(³)	2	1
Pennsylvania	412	369	34	9	72	14	55	3	47	12
Rhode Island	23	19	2	1	6	1	5	(³)	3	1
South Carolina	430	382	34	14	75	20	50	5	63	7
South Dakota	2	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	347	304	32	11	53	7	45	1	42	12
Texas	973	853	80	39	146	37	101	8	107	24
Utah	10	9	1	1	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	610	547	48	15	92	23	66	3	42	10
Washington	73	64	7	2	10	4	6	(³)	8	1
West Virginia	18	16	2	1	2	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)
Wisconsin	95	84	7	3	22	5	16	1	12	2
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Alabama	19	17	1	(³)	7	(³)	7	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Alaska	13	11	1	1	2	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	48	42	5	1	14	2	11	1	2	1
Arkansas	11	9	2	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
California	1,782	1,629	109	44	312	44	253	16	83	15
Colorado	45	39	4	2	10	2	8	(³)	2	1
Connecticut	46	42	3	1	9	1	7	(³)	2	1
Delaware	11	9	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	8	7	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	160	149	8	3	27	3	22	1	6	3
Georgia	100	96	3	1	18	1	17	1	4	1
Hawaii	236	208	19	8	40	5	32	2	4	1
Idaho	6	5	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	248	226	13	9	31	2	27	2	9	2
Indiana	23	21	1	1	4	2	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Iowa	17	14	1	1	5	(³)	5	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Kansas	24	21	2	(³)	7	1	6	(³)	1	1
Kentucky	21	20	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Louisiana	23	21	1	1	4	(³)	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maine	4	4	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	116	106	7	4	15	1	13	1	1	1
Massachusetts	116	103	11	2	20	4	15	1	9	1
Michigan	104	95	5	4	17	1	15	1	5	1
Minnesota	84	77	5	2	20	3	15	2	3	1
Mississippi	14	13	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Missouri	28	27	1	(³)	6	(³)	6	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nebraska	14	13	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nevada	66	61	4	1	8	1	6	1	2	(³)
New Hampshire	11	10	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
New Jersey	270	243	17	10	38	4	31	3	7	2
New Mexico	11	10	(³)	(³)	3	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New York	554	515	26	13	83	13	66	4	25	3
North Carolina	64	56	6	2	14	(³)	13	(³)	6	(³)
North Dakota	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	63	53	7	3	8	(³)	6	2	2	(³)
Oklahoma	23	22	1	(³)	4	(³)	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Oregon	61	56	3	2	15	4	11	1	2	1
Pennsylvania	91	86	4	2	16	2	13	1	3	1
Rhode Island	13	12	1	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	14	13	1	1	4	1	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
South Dakota	4	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	22	21	1	1	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Texas	312	287	20	5	61	8	50	3	13	3
Utah	14	13	1	1	4	1	3	1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	4	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	149	141	5	2	16	2	14	(³)	2	(³)
Washington	203	184	15	4	44	6	35	3	6	5
Wisconsin	38	35	2	1	8	1	6	1	3	(³)
Wyoming	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	35	28	5	1	5	1	4	1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Alaska	12	10	1	1	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	646	577	53	16	83	14	63	6	35	6
Arkansas	51	45	5	2	6	2	4	(³)	2	(³)
California	4,498	3,962	393	142	821	167	622	32	304	62
Colorado	338	294	35	8	67	15	49	3	20	7
Connecticut	120	101	14	5	27	6	19	2	16	3
Delaware	23	21	2	(³)	2	1	2	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	21	19	1	(³)	5	1	4	(³)	1	(³)
Florida	1,507	1,390	84	33	176	37	134	5	66	10
Georgia	280	249	26	5	37	12	22	3	15	2
Hawaii	31	26	3	2	8	1	6	1	1	1
Idaho	52	46	5	1	10	2	7	1	2	1
Illinois	571	520	38	13	88	22	62	3	43	7
Indiana	117	104	11	2	9	2	7	(³)	5	(³)
Iowa	51	44	6	1	10	1	8	(³)	4	1
Kansas	57	47	8	1	13	3	9	(³)	6	1
Kentucky	31	28	2	1	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)
Louisiana	28	24	3	1	8	(³)	7	1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maine	2	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	171	154	14	4	22	5	15	2	6	2
Massachusetts	165	141	19	6	41	10	30	1	19	3
Michigan	128	111	12	5	32	9	22	2	15	2
Minnesota	78	67	8	3	15	5	10	(³)	4	1
Mississippi	29	25	3	1	5	1	4	(³)	3	1
Missouri	74	65	7	2	14	4	10	1	3	1
Montana	8	7	1	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	1	(³)
Nebraska	53	48	4	1	13	4	8	(³)	2	(³)
Nevada	219	201	12	6	21	5	16	1	8	3
New Hampshire	10	9	1	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	582	535	32	16	85	20	62	3	30	4
New Mexico	267	233	28	6	61	9	49	2	21	5
New York	1,036	943	68	25	178	43	127	8	75	10
North Carolina	264	230	31	3	34	14	20	1	9	1
North Dakota	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	110	97	10	3	20	5	13	1	10	2
Oklahoma	74	67	5	2	13	3	10	(³)	7	(³)
Oregon	103	90	9	3	19	6	12	1	8	2
Pennsylvania	184	164	14	5	28	7	20	1	15	1
Rhode Island	41	35	5	1	8	2	5	1	4	1
South Carolina	46	39	7	1	9	2	7	(³)	2	(³)
South Dakota	7	6	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
Tennessee	81	74	6	1	7	2	4	1	4	1
Texas	3,119	2,783	261	75	508	106	384	19	197	32
Utah	106	94	10	2	21	6	14	1	7	1
Vermont	2	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	249	221	24	5	33	6	25	1	4	2
Washington	168	147	15	5	32	6	24	1	16	3
West Virginia	4	4	(³)	(³)	1	1	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	101	93	6	2	21	6	12	2	7	2
Wyoming	11	10	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS

publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Civilian labor force											
Alabama	2,168	250	391	322	227	320	(²)	170	97	205	168
Alaska	340	44	72	56	34	51	5	29	14	10	24
Arizona	2,822	422	511	522	352	403	(²)	231	119	134	120
Arkansas	1,364	179	213	237	139	178	(²)	95	54	134	110
California	17,576	2,700	3,559	2,841	2,194	2,304	240	1,163	570	1,025	976
Colorado	2,519	419	515	408	318	336	(²)	188	83	109	134
Connecticut	1,805	283	413	288	208	242	(²)	107	62	116	82
Delaware	439	61	88	73	50	63	(²)	33	18	24	26
District of Columbia	295	61	97	51	21	38	(²)	9	4	(²)	10
Florida	8,671	1,202	1,589	1,571	1,164	1,214	(²)	704	352	357	487
Georgia	4,564	658	832	714	537	625	(²)	332	194	342	298
Hawaii	633	86	118	145	74	85	(²)	44	21	21	31
Idaho	748	106	131	114	86	110	22	60	33	37	49
Illinois	6,430	963	1,324	1,041	729	932	(²)	370	183	463	411
Indiana	3,199	397	548	473	364	394	(²)	194	153	392	267
Iowa	1,662	243	316	247	180	231	(²)	86	63	146	130
Kansas	1,476	221	293	248	154	194	(²)	91	59	109	92
Kentucky	1,995	241	380	306	218	284	(²)	128	87	200	137
Louisiana	2,090	243	357	380	253	290	(²)	153	83	147	165
Maine	710	93	143	122	83	91	10	47	30	48	45
Maryland	2,913	489	724	468	297	404	(²)	186	89	108	138
Massachusetts	3,344	495	862	541	362	462	(²)	194	102	146	169
Michigan	5,089	636	1,026	863	585	624	(²)	303	195	509	323
Minnesota	2,918	457	636	455	329	401	(²)	149	97	214	157
Mississippi	1,324	134	243	225	138	169	26	89	58	151	91
Missouri	3,009	411	561	475	353	448	(²)	193	116	220	215
Montana	497	76	89	92	64	54	12	46	18	20	25
Nebraska	985	143	193	150	115	139	(²)	57	36	73	64
Nevada	1,215	150	160	303	152	177	(²)	118	46	41	67
New Hampshire	734	115	172	106	89	95	(²)	50	25	47	33
New Jersey	4,426	717	1,000	681	525	627	(²)	220	133	228	285
New Mexico	945	147	190	157	103	121	(²)	81	31	42	64
New York	9,375	1,193	2,092	1,851	1,040	1,365	(²)	526	299	455	527
North Carolina	4,298	574	784	677	496	562	(²)	315	181	394	277
North Dakota	360	67	65	63	38	43	(²)	22	14	19	21
Ohio	5,882	756	1,074	990	663	843	(²)	308	211	586	424
Oklahoma	1,737	259	313	283	184	258	(²)	112	83	120	107
Oregon	1,848	269	381	281	228	257	28	109	58	117	118
Pennsylvania	6,256	823	1,249	1,011	693	905	(²)	374	257	464	439
Rhode Island	568	76	117	99	66	83	(²)	30	17	47	31
South Carolina	2,068	235	369	346	259	268	(²)	142	82	212	143
South Dakota	432	70	75	76	45	61	8	26	14	31	25
Tennessee	2,863	360	521	453	329	387	(²)	202	106	292	197
Texas	11,161	1,515	2,054	1,862	1,345	1,567	93	900	450	673	700
Utah	1,263	171	233	183	161	202	(²)	101	46	79	82
Vermont	354	50	87	58	35	43	(²)	26	11	24	17
Virginia	3,907	610	840	626	435	536	(²)	315	137	183	206
Washington	3,283	499	745	520	362	429	44	192	106	175	208
West Virginia	797	82	149	150	89	109	(²)	69	30	48	65
Wisconsin	3,010	415	560	464	315	418	(²)	176	102	306	230
Wyoming	283	45	43	48	26	35	(²)	32	15	12	22

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Employed											
Alabama	2,086	245	386	302	214	310	(²)	165	96	192	162
Alaska	318	43	70	51	32	48	4	25	13	9	22
Arizona	2,697	411	499	488	341	377	(²)	218	114	128	113
Arkansas	1,301	177	209	219	132	173	(²)	88	52	125	106
California	16,724	2,632	3,450	2,670	2,080	2,183	204	1,082	547	967	910
Colorado	2,406	404	500	379	306	316	(²)	181	79	104	126
Connecticut	1,724	275	403	270	195	230	(²)	100	60	109	77
Delaware	421	60	86	69	48	60	(²)	31	17	23	24
District of Columbia	277	59	94	46	19	35	(²)	8	4	(²)	9
Florida	8,390	1,182	1,557	1,497	1,123	1,172	(²)	676	341	342	471
Georgia	4,334	643	813	659	506	601	(²)	302	184	322	278
Hawaii	616	85	116	139	73	84	(²)	42	20	21	30
Idaho	721	104	128	108	83	106	21	57	33	35	46
Illinois	6,097	940	1,286	967	688	887	(²)	328	173	426	388
Indiana	3,032	389	535	438	339	380	(²)	172	146	364	252
Iowa	1,592	240	310	231	170	222	(²)	78	62	140	123
Kansas	1,406	216	287	231	147	185	(²)	84	56	102	87
Kentucky	1,885	234	372	281	205	270	(²)	116	82	183	129
Louisiana	1,973	241	348	347	238	274	(²)	138	80	135	156
Maine	677	91	140	114	79	86	10	43	29	44	41
Maryland	2,800	480	709	439	284	389	(²)	173	87	100	128
Massachusetts	3,193	485	840	509	348	440	(²)	176	96	134	157
Michigan	4,773	613	992	792	550	594	(²)	267	186	458	299
Minnesota	2,815	451	624	433	317	389	(²)	137	91	205	149
Mississippi	1,241	132	239	203	130	160	23	82	55	135	83
Missouri	2,855	404	546	439	331	422	(²)	175	109	209	203
Montana	476	75	87	86	62	53	11	44	17	18	24
Nebraska	948	140	190	142	110	135	(²)	53	35	69	60
Nevada	1,167	147	155	291	145	170	(²)	111	45	39	63
New Hampshire	708	113	167	102	86	92	(²)	47	24	45	31
New Jersey	4,244	700	981	645	497	594	(²)	204	130	211	273
New Mexico	897	144	183	143	98	117	(²)	75	30	39	60
New York	8,943	1,162	2,041	1,758	990	1,298	(²)	471	284	420	495
North Carolina	4,092	564	764	629	470	534	(²)	300	174	360	261
North Dakota	349	66	64	61	37	42	(²)	19	14	18	20
Ohio	5,558	738	1,046	916	628	799	(²)	275	204	537	394
Oklahoma	1,665	256	308	264	171	249	(²)	101	81	116	100
Oregon	1,745	261	371	259	212	241	26	99	55	110	109
Pennsylvania	5,972	803	1,224	942	657	863	(²)	345	250	435	416
Rhode Island	541	74	115	94	63	78	(²)	27	16	44	29
South Carolina	1,939	229	361	314	244	252	(²)	127	79	193	131
South Dakota	414	70	73	70	44	59	8	24	13	30	24
Tennessee	2,717	352	510	419	310	368	(²)	190	103	271	179
Texas	10,629	1,476	2,010	1,745	1,272	1,484	85	846	434	625	651
Utah	1,216	169	228	173	153	194	(²)	97	45	74	77
Vermont	342	49	86	55	33	41	(²)	24	11	23	16
Virginia	3,781	602	826	594	419	521	(²)	301	132	174	197
Washington	3,114	487	721	486	343	409	38	173	100	166	190
West Virginia	759	81	145	141	86	105	(²)	63	28	44	63
Wisconsin	2,881	407	550	433	300	406	(²)	158	97	292	215
Wyoming	273	45	42	46	25	34	(²)	30	15	12	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployed											
Alabama	82	6	6	20	13	10	(²)	6	1	13	7
Alaska	22	1	2	5	2	3	1	4	1	1	2
Arizona	124	10	12	33	11	25	(²)	13	5	6	7
Arkansas	63	2	4	19	7	5	(²)	7	2	9	5
California	852	69	109	171	114	121	36	81	23	59	67
Colorado	113	15	15	28	11	20	(²)	7	3	5	8
Connecticut	82	7	9	19	12	12	(²)	7	2	8	5
Delaware	18	1	2	4	3	3	(²)	2	(³)	1	2
District of Columbia	17	2	2	5	2	3	(²)	1	(³)	(²)	1
Florida	281	20	32	74	40	42	(²)	28	10	15	17
Georgia	230	15	19	55	31	24	(²)	30	11	20	20
Hawaii	16	1	2	6	2	1	(²)	2	1	1	1
Idaho	28	1	3	6	3	5	1	3	1	1	3
Illinois	333	22	38	74	41	45	(²)	42	9	36	23
Indiana	167	8	12	35	25	14	(²)	23	7	28	15
Iowa	69	3	6	16	10	9	(²)	8	1	6	7
Kansas	70	6	6	18	7	9	(²)	8	3	7	5
Kentucky	110	7	8	25	13	14	(²)	12	5	17	8
Louisiana	117	3	10	33	15	17	(²)	16	3	12	9
Maine	33	2	3	8	3	5	1	4	1	3	4
Maryland	113	8	15	28	13	15	(²)	13	2	8	10
Massachusetts	151	10	22	32	14	22	(²)	18	6	12	12
Michigan	316	23	33	71	34	30	(²)	36	9	52	24
Minnesota	103	6	12	22	12	12	(²)	13	6	9	9
Mississippi	83	2	4	22	8	9	3	7	3	16	8
Missouri	154	7	15	36	22	25	(²)	18	6	10	12
Montana	21	1	1	6	2	2	1	3	1	2	2
Nebraska	37	3	3	8	5	4	(²)	4	(³)	4	4
Nevada	48	3	5	12	7	6	(²)	7	1	2	4
New Hampshire	25	1	4	5	3	4	(²)	3	1	2	2
New Jersey	182	16	19	35	28	33	(²)	16	3	17	13
New Mexico	48	3	7	14	5	5	(²)	6	2	2	4
New York	432	31	51	93	50	66	(²)	55	15	35	32
North Carolina	206	10	20	47	26	27	(²)	15	6	34	16
North Dakota	11	1	2	3	1	1	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
Ohio	324	19	29	75	35	44	(²)	33	8	49	31
Oklahoma	72	3	5	19	13	9	(²)	10	2	4	6
Oregon	103	7	11	22	16	16	2	10	3	7	9
Pennsylvania	283	20	25	68	36	42	(²)	30	7	29	23
Rhode Island	27	2	3	6	3	5	(²)	3	1	3	2
South Carolina	129	6	8	31	15	16	(²)	15	3	19	12
South Dakota	17	(³)	2	6	2	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	1
Tennessee	146	8	10	34	19	19	(²)	12	3	21	18
Texas	532	39	44	117	72	84	8	53	16	48	49
Utah	48	3	5	10	8	7	(²)	4	1	4	5
Vermont	12	1	1	3	2	1	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
Virginia	126	8	14	32	17	15	(²)	14	4	9	9
Washington	169	12	23	34	19	20	6	19	6	9	18
West Virginia	38	2	4	10	4	5	(²)	6	2	4	2
Wisconsin	129	8	10	31	15	12	(²)	18	6	14	14
Wyoming	10	(³)	1	3	1	1	(²)	2	(³)	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployment rate											
Alabama	3.8	2.3	1.5	6.2	5.9	3.0	(²)	3.3	1.1	6.2	3.9
Alaska	6.4	2.0	3.0	9.4	5.2	5.8	16.3	14.4	5.8	7.7	8.5
Arizona	4.4	2.4	2.4	6.4	3.2	6.3	(²)	5.6	4.3	4.2	5.8
Arkansas	4.6	1.1	2.1	7.9	4.9	2.9	(²)	7.8	3.9	6.8	4.2
California	4.8	2.5	3.1	6.0	5.2	5.3	15.1	7.0	4.1	5.7	6.8
Colorado	4.5	3.5	2.8	6.9	3.6	6.1	(²)	3.8	4.2	4.5	5.9
Connecticut	4.5	2.5	2.2	6.5	6.0	4.9	(²)	6.5	2.7	6.5	6.3
Delaware	4.1	1.7	1.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	(²)	5.1	1.9	5.1	8.4
District of Columbia	5.9	2.7	2.3	9.4	10.4	8.8	(²)	9.3	11.7	(²)	12.6
Florida	3.2	1.6	2.0	4.7	3.5	3.4	(²)	4.0	3.0	4.3	3.4
Georgia	5.0	2.3	2.3	7.7	5.9	3.9	(²)	9.0	5.5	5.9	6.6
Hawaii	2.6	1.6	1.4	3.8	2.0	1.5	(²)	4.9	2.7	2.5	4.3
Idaho	3.7	1.1	2.0	5.6	3.4	4.1	6.6	5.0	2.7	3.6	6.3
Illinois	5.2	2.3	2.9	7.1	5.6	4.8	(²)	11.3	5.0	7.9	5.6
Indiana	5.2	1.9	2.3	7.3	7.0	3.6	(²)	11.6	4.4	7.2	5.5
Iowa	4.2	1.3	2.0	6.4	5.5	4.0	(²)	9.4	1.3	4.3	5.5
Kansas	4.7	2.5	2.0	7.1	4.7	4.6	(²)	8.5	5.2	6.4	5.9
Kentucky	5.5	3.0	2.2	8.1	5.9	4.8	(²)	9.6	5.4	8.3	5.9
Louisiana	5.6	1.1	2.7	8.6	6.0	5.8	(²)	10.1	3.2	8.1	5.6
Maine	4.7	2.1	2.4	6.2	4.1	5.2	6.6	7.9	2.7	7.1	7.9
Maryland	3.9	1.7	2.1	6.0	4.4	3.7	(²)	6.8	2.2	7.3	7.0
Massachusetts	4.5	2.1	2.6	5.9	3.9	4.7	(²)	9.1	6.1	8.5	7.3
Michigan	6.2	3.6	3.3	8.2	5.9	4.8	(²)	11.8	4.7	10.1	7.5
Minnesota	3.5	1.3	1.8	4.9	3.7	3.0	(²)	8.4	6.5	4.4	5.5
Mississippi	6.2	1.7	1.7	9.8	5.7	5.5	10.4	7.9	5.9	10.7	8.4
Missouri	5.1	1.7	2.7	7.6	6.2	5.7	(²)	9.1	5.5	4.7	5.6
Montana	4.2	1.6	1.6	7.0	3.6	2.8	7.6	5.9	4.0	8.2	6.2
Nebraska	3.8	1.9	1.8	5.4	4.6	2.6	(²)	7.3	1.4	5.2	6.9
Nevada	3.9	2.0	3.1	4.1	4.4	3.6	(²)	5.8	3.1	4.2	6.0
New Hampshire	3.5	1.2	2.5	4.3	3.8	3.9	(²)	6.0	2.8	4.6	6.2
New Jersey	4.1	2.3	1.9	5.2	5.3	5.3	(²)	7.3	1.9	7.6	4.4
New Mexico	5.1	1.9	3.8	8.9	5.0	3.9	(²)	7.2	5.2	5.7	5.9
New York	4.6	2.6	2.4	5.0	4.9	4.9	(²)	10.4	5.0	7.8	6.1
North Carolina	4.8	1.8	2.6	7.0	5.3	4.9	(²)	4.9	3.6	8.6	5.7
North Dakota	3.2	.9	2.5	4.1	2.9	2.6	(²)	10.4	2.7	2.9	3.8
Ohio	5.5	2.5	2.7	7.5	5.2	5.2	(²)	10.6	3.6	8.3	7.2
Oklahoma	4.1	1.1	1.5	6.5	6.8	3.4	(²)	9.4	2.0	3.4	6.0
Oregon	5.6	2.8	2.8	7.9	7.0	6.4	6.3	9.1	5.1	5.8	7.5
Pennsylvania	4.5	2.4	2.0	6.8	5.2	4.6	(²)	8.0	2.6	6.2	5.3
Rhode Island	4.8	2.2	2.2	5.7	5.2	5.9	(²)	10.3	6.5	5.7	6.6
South Carolina	6.2	2.6	2.2	9.1	5.7	5.9	(²)	10.7	4.0	9.1	8.1
South Dakota	4.0	.5	2.3	8.2	3.7	3.0	3.5	8.2	3.6	4.0	5.3
Tennessee	5.1	2.2	2.0	7.5	5.8	5.0	(²)	6.1	2.9	7.3	8.9
Texas	4.8	2.6	2.1	6.3	5.4	5.3	8.9	5.9	3.7	7.1	7.0
Utah	3.8	1.7	2.2	5.3	4.8	3.6	(²)	4.0	2.5	5.7	6.4
Vermont	3.3	1.3	1.2	5.0	4.4	3.2	(²)	7.0	2.9	2.2	8.1
Virginia	3.2	1.3	1.7	5.2	3.8	2.8	(²)	4.5	3.3	4.8	4.3
Washington	5.1	2.4	3.2	6.5	5.3	4.7	13.2	9.7	6.0	5.1	8.7
West Virginia	4.8	2.2	2.5	6.4	4.2	4.3	(²)	8.9	5.5	7.5	3.2
Wisconsin	4.3	1.9	1.7	6.7	4.8	2.8	(²)	10.2	5.5	4.6	6.2
Wyoming	3.4	.8	1.9	5.5	4.4	2.3	(²)	5.7	.7	5.0	4.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,086	100.0	11.7	18.5	14.5	10.3	14.9	0.8	7.9	4.6	9.2	7.7
Alaska	318	100.0	13.6	22.0	16.0	10.0	15.2	1.3	7.8	4.2	2.9	6.9
Arizona	2,697	100.0	15.3	18.5	18.1	12.6	14.0	.3	8.1	4.2	4.7	4.2
Arkansas	1,301	100.0	13.6	16.0	16.8	10.2	13.3	1.6	6.7	4.0	9.6	8.1
California	16,724	100.0	15.7	20.6	16.0	12.4	13.1	1.2	6.5	3.3	5.8	5.4
Colorado	2,406	100.0	16.8	20.8	15.8	12.7	13.1	.4	7.5	3.3	4.3	5.2
Connecticut	1,724	100.0	16.0	23.4	15.6	11.3	13.3	.3	5.8	3.5	6.3	4.4
Delaware	421	100.0	14.2	20.5	16.4	11.4	14.3	.5	7.3	4.1	5.5	5.6
District of Columbia	277	100.0	21.4	34.0	16.6	6.7	12.7	.1	2.9	1.3	1.1	3.3
Florida	8,390	100.0	14.1	18.6	17.8	13.4	14.0	.4	8.1	4.1	4.1	5.6
Georgia	4,334	100.0	14.8	18.8	15.2	11.7	13.9	.6	7.0	4.2	7.4	6.4
Hawaii	616	100.0	13.7	18.8	22.6	11.8	13.6	1.2	6.8	3.3	3.3	4.8
Idaho	721	100.0	14.5	17.8	15.0	11.6	14.7	2.9	7.8	4.5	4.9	6.3
Illinois	6,097	100.0	15.4	21.1	15.9	11.3	14.6	.2	5.4	2.8	7.0	6.4
Indiana	3,032	100.0	12.8	17.6	14.5	11.2	12.5	.6	5.7	4.8	12.0	8.3
Iowa	1,592	100.0	15.1	19.4	14.5	10.7	13.9	1.1	4.9	3.9	8.8	7.7
Kansas	1,406	100.0	15.3	20.4	16.4	10.4	13.2	.9	6.0	4.0	7.3	6.2
Kentucky	1,885	100.0	12.4	19.7	14.9	10.9	14.3	.7	6.1	4.4	9.7	6.8
Louisiana	1,973	100.0	12.2	17.6	17.6	12.1	13.9	.8	7.0	4.1	6.9	7.9
Maine	677	100.0	13.4	20.6	16.9	11.7	12.7	1.4	6.3	4.3	6.5	6.1
Maryland	2,800	100.0	17.2	25.3	15.7	10.1	13.9	.4	6.2	3.1	3.6	4.6
Massachusetts	3,193	100.0	15.2	26.3	15.9	10.9	13.8	.3	5.5	3.0	4.2	4.9
Michigan	4,773	100.0	12.8	20.8	16.6	11.5	12.5	.4	5.6	3.9	9.6	6.3
Minnesota	2,815	100.0	16.0	22.2	15.4	11.3	13.8	.7	4.9	3.2	7.3	5.3
Mississippi	1,241	100.0	10.6	19.3	16.4	10.4	12.9	1.8	6.6	4.4	10.8	6.7
Missouri	2,855	100.0	14.2	19.1	15.4	11.6	14.8	.5	6.1	3.8	7.3	7.1
Montana	476	100.0	15.7	18.4	18.0	12.9	11.1	2.3	9.1	3.6	3.9	5.0
Nebraska	948	100.0	14.8	20.1	15.0	11.6	14.3	1.4	5.6	3.7	7.3	6.3
Nevada	1,167	100.0	12.6	13.3	24.9	12.4	14.6	(¹)	9.5	3.8	3.3	5.4
New Hampshire	708	100.0	16.0	23.6	14.3	12.1	12.9	.3	6.6	3.5	6.3	4.3
New Jersey	4,244	100.0	16.5	23.1	15.2	11.7	14.0	.2	4.8	3.1	5.0	6.4
New Mexico	897	100.0	16.1	20.4	16.0	10.9	13.0	1.0	8.4	3.3	4.4	6.7
New York	8,943	100.0	13.0	22.8	19.7	11.1	14.5	.3	5.3	3.2	4.7	5.5
North Carolina	4,092	100.0	13.8	18.7	15.4	11.5	13.1	.9	7.3	4.3	8.8	6.4
North Dakota	349	100.0	19.0	18.3	17.4	10.6	12.1	2.1	5.6	3.9	5.3	5.7
Ohio	5,558	100.0	13.3	18.8	16.5	11.3	14.4	.4	4.9	3.7	9.7	7.1
Oklahoma	1,665	100.0	15.4	18.5	15.9	10.3	15.0	1.0	6.1	4.9	6.9	6.0
Oregon	1,745	100.0	15.0	21.2	14.9	12.2	13.8	1.5	5.7	3.2	6.3	6.3
Pennsylvania	5,972	100.0	13.4	20.5	15.8	11.0	14.4	.6	5.8	4.2	7.3	7.0
Rhode Island	541	100.0	13.7	21.2	17.3	11.6	14.5	.3	4.9	3.0	8.1	5.3
South Carolina	1,939	100.0	11.8	18.6	16.2	12.6	13.0	.5	6.5	4.1	9.9	6.8
South Dakota	414	100.0	16.9	17.7	16.9	10.5	14.4	1.8	5.7	3.2	7.1	5.7
Tennessee	2,717	100.0	13.0	18.8	15.4	11.4	13.5	.5	7.0	3.8	10.0	6.6
Texas	10,629	100.0	13.9	18.9	16.4	12.0	14.0	.8	8.0	4.1	5.9	6.1
Utah	1,216	100.0	13.9	18.7	14.3	12.6	16.0	.4	8.0	3.7	6.1	6.3
Vermont	342	100.0	14.4	25.0	16.0	9.6	12.0	1.1	7.1	3.3	6.8	4.6
Virginia	3,781	100.0	15.9	21.9	15.7	11.1	13.8	.4	7.9	3.5	4.6	5.2
Washington	3,114	100.0	15.6	23.2	15.6	11.0	13.1	1.2	5.6	3.2	5.3	6.1
West Virginia	759	100.0	10.6	19.1	18.5	11.3	13.8	.6	8.2	3.7	5.8	8.3
Wisconsin	2,881	100.0	14.1	19.1	15.0	10.4	14.1	.8	5.5	3.4	10.1	7.5
Wyoming	273	100.0	16.5	15.4	16.8	9.1	12.6	1.4	11.0	5.4	4.2	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men												
Alabama	1,127	100.0	12.5	14.7	9.4	9.2	6.9	1.0	14.1	8.1	11.9	12.3
Alaska	169	100.0	14.0	19.2	13.0	7.9	7.2	1.9	13.9	7.7	3.8	11.4
Arizona	1,506	100.0	15.8	14.5	16.1	11.2	7.6	.4	13.8	7.2	6.5	6.9
Arkansas	697	100.0	16.2	11.1	11.2	10.1	4.6	2.6	12.2	7.1	11.5	13.4
California	9,309	100.0	15.7	17.9	13.6	11.9	6.8	1.7	11.3	5.5	7.3	8.3
Colorado	1,324	100.0	17.5	17.6	13.4	12.2	5.9	.7	12.9	5.7	5.7	8.4
Connecticut	904	100.0	17.5	18.7	12.6	11.5	6.4	.4	10.9	6.3	8.5	7.3
Delaware	218	100.0	15.7	16.1	13.2	10.0	5.9	.8	13.7	7.6	7.7	9.2
District of Columbia	136	100.0	21.5	33.0	16.7	5.7	7.7	.1	5.8	2.4	1.4	5.7
Florida	4,507	100.0	14.9	14.9	15.1	12.7	6.4	.5	14.5	7.2	5.0	8.9
Georgia	2,316	100.0	15.7	15.1	12.3	10.8	5.2	.9	12.6	7.5	9.9	10.0
Hawaii	317	100.0	14.3	15.2	21.5	9.4	6.2	1.9	12.9	6.2	4.5	8.0
Idaho	393	100.0	15.8	14.5	10.2	11.1	5.5	4.4	14.1	8.0	6.5	10.0
Illinois	3,276	100.0	17.3	17.2	13.3	11.1	6.5	.3	9.9	5.0	9.3	10.2
Indiana	1,634	100.0	13.6	13.3	10.5	10.0	5.0	.6	10.3	8.8	14.6	13.2
Iowa	829	100.0	16.7	14.5	9.6	10.3	6.4	2.0	9.0	7.2	12.0	12.4
Kansas	755	100.0	17.6	16.4	11.5	10.1	5.7	1.3	10.5	7.1	10.5	9.3
Kentucky	986	100.0	12.7	15.3	11.1	9.8	6.5	1.2	11.3	8.1	12.8	11.2
Louisiana	1,003	100.0	10.9	13.4	12.8	10.7	5.7	1.6	13.4	7.8	9.7	13.9
Maine	350	100.0	14.5	14.7	12.4	11.0	6.1	2.5	11.8	8.0	8.9	10.1
Maryland	1,451	100.0	17.5	22.3	12.6	10.2	6.2	.5	11.7	5.8	5.5	7.7
Massachusetts	1,649	100.0	17.1	23.1	13.1	10.1	6.9	.3	10.6	5.3	5.4	8.1
Michigan	2,540	100.0	14.0	17.5	11.6	10.7	5.4	.6	10.1	7.1	12.8	10.1
Minnesota	1,475	100.0	16.9	18.9	11.1	11.6	6.2	1.0	9.1	6.0	10.1	9.1
Mississippi	651	100.0	11.3	15.8	12.8	8.8	5.0	2.2	12.0	8.3	12.9	11.0
Missouri	1,499	100.0	16.3	14.4	12.5	10.5	6.0	.8	11.2	7.1	10.0	11.2
Montana	254	100.0	17.3	14.3	12.2	12.3	3.7	3.9	16.2	6.4	5.3	8.4
Nebraska	504	100.0	16.7	15.3	10.1	12.1	6.6	2.3	10.2	6.5	10.1	10.1
Nevada	653	100.0	12.4	11.4	22.9	10.8	6.2	(¹)	16.6	6.5	4.9	8.2
New Hampshire	378	100.0	16.6	19.6	11.6	12.6	6.5	.5	12.1	6.1	7.5	6.9
New Jersey	2,310	100.0	18.5	18.5	13.8	12.3	6.6	.3	8.7	5.5	6.2	9.6
New Mexico	479	100.0	16.8	17.4	12.3	9.2	5.8	1.3	15.1	6.0	5.6	10.6
New York	4,698	100.0	15.0	18.0	17.3	11.2	7.7	.3	9.8	5.8	6.0	8.9
North Carolina	2,207	100.0	15.5	13.1	12.2	11.2	5.6	1.4	13.1	7.8	9.8	10.3
North Dakota	184	100.0	23.2	12.9	12.3	9.8	5.1	3.2	10.1	7.1	6.7	9.6
Ohio	2,881	100.0	14.3	14.5	13.1	10.7	6.1	.5	9.3	7.0	13.1	11.4
Oklahoma	906	100.0	16.3	14.9	13.4	10.0	6.5	1.6	10.7	8.2	9.2	9.2
Oregon	931	100.0	15.9	19.4	10.6	11.8	5.7	2.2	10.2	5.5	8.9	9.8
Pennsylvania	3,153	100.0	15.0	16.4	10.9	10.6	6.8	1.0	10.8	7.6	9.8	11.1
Rhode Island	277	100.0	16.3	16.3	15.1	11.1	7.1	.6	9.4	5.5	10.1	8.6
South Carolina	1,012	100.0	12.6	14.7	12.7	11.3	5.1	.9	12.2	7.5	12.2	10.6
South Dakota	216	100.0	20.6	12.8	10.9	10.9	6.7	3.1	10.6	5.9	9.2	9.3
Tennessee	1,450	100.0	13.6	13.2	13.4	10.6	6.6	.7	12.7	6.8	11.9	10.5
Texas	5,874	100.0	14.3	16.0	12.4	10.9	6.6	1.1	14.1	7.1	7.9	9.6
Utah	681	100.0	15.3	16.0	10.6	11.3	7.4	.5	14.0	6.3	8.2	10.2
Vermont	176	100.0	15.7	19.6	12.6	10.1	4.5	1.6	13.3	6.1	9.4	7.1
Virginia	1,989	100.0	17.3	18.6	11.4	10.8	6.5	.6	14.4	6.5	5.6	8.3
Washington	1,674	100.0	16.8	21.7	11.8	9.8	6.3	1.5	9.7	5.9	7.5	9.1
West Virginia	395	100.0	11.5	12.9	12.7	8.8	6.5	1.0	15.4	6.9	9.4	14.8
Wisconsin	1,515	100.0	16.2	15.3	10.5	9.4	5.6	1.0	9.8	6.2	14.0	11.9
Wyoming	150	100.0	17.5	11.0	11.6	7.6	3.8	2.0	18.8	9.5	5.9	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women												
Alabama	960	100.0	10.8	22.9	20.4	11.5	24.1	0.6	0.6	0.5	6.1	2.4
Alaska	150	100.0	13.2	25.2	19.4	12.4	24.3	.7	.8	.3	2.0	1.8
Arizona	1,191	100.0	14.6	23.5	20.7	14.4	22.1	.1	.8	.5	2.5	.8
Arkansas	604	100.0	10.6	21.7	23.3	10.2	23.4	.6	.4	.4	7.4	2.0
California	7,415	100.0	15.7	24.1	19.0	13.1	20.9	.6	.4	.4	3.9	1.9
Colorado	1,082	100.0	15.9	24.7	18.7	13.4	21.9	(1)	.9	.4	2.7	1.4
Connecticut	820	100.0	14.3	28.6	19.0	11.2	21.0	.1	.2	.4	3.9	1.3
Delaware	202	100.0	12.7	25.3	19.8	12.8	23.4	.3	.4	.4	3.2	1.7
District of Columbia	141	100.0	21.3	35.0	16.4	7.6	17.4	(1)	.1	.3	.8	1.0
Florida	3,883	100.0	13.1	22.9	21.0	14.2	22.7	.2	.6	.5	3.0	1.8
Georgia	2,017	100.0	13.8	23.0	18.5	12.7	23.8	.3	.5	.5	4.6	2.3
Hawaii	299	100.0	13.2	22.7	23.7	14.4	21.4	.5	.4	.1	2.1	1.5
Idaho	328	100.0	12.9	21.7	20.7	12.1	25.7	1.1	.4	.4	3.1	2.0
Illinois	2,821	100.0	13.3	25.6	18.8	11.5	23.9	.1	.2	.3	4.3	2.0
Indiana	1,399	100.0	11.9	22.7	19.0	12.5	21.3	.5	.3	.2	8.9	2.5
Iowa	763	100.0	13.4	24.8	19.9	11.1	22.1	.2	.3	.3	5.3	2.6
Kansas	651	100.0	12.7	25.0	22.1	10.9	21.8	.3	.6	.4	3.5	2.6
Kentucky	899	100.0	12.1	24.6	19.1	12.0	22.9	.2	.5	.3	6.3	2.0
Louisiana	970	100.0	13.5	22.0	22.6	13.4	22.4	(1)	.3	.2	3.9	1.7
Maine	327	100.0	12.3	26.9	21.7	12.5	19.6	.3	.6	.3	4.0	1.8
Maryland	1,349	100.0	16.8	28.6	19.0	10.1	22.2	.2	.2	.2	1.5	1.2
Massachusetts	1,544	100.0	13.2	29.7	19.0	11.7	21.1	.2	.1	.6	2.9	1.5
Michigan	2,233	100.0	11.5	24.5	22.3	12.5	20.4	.3	.5	.3	6.0	1.9
Minnesota	1,340	100.0	15.0	25.8	20.1	10.9	22.2	.3	.2	.2	4.2	1.1
Mississippi	590	100.0	9.8	23.1	20.3	12.3	21.6	1.5	.7	.2	8.6	1.9
Missouri	1,356	100.0	11.8	24.3	18.6	12.8	24.5	.2	.5	.2	4.4	2.6
Montana	223	100.0	13.8	22.9	24.6	13.6	19.5	.6	1.1	.3	2.3	1.2
Nebraska	444	100.0	12.6	25.5	20.5	11.0	22.9	.4	.4	.5	4.2	2.0
Nevada	514	100.0	12.8	15.7	27.5	14.4	25.2	(1)	.6	.4	1.4	1.9
New Hampshire	331	100.0	15.3	28.2	17.5	11.5	20.3	.1	.4	.4	4.9	1.5
New Jersey	1,934	100.0	14.1	28.6	16.8	11.0	22.9	.1	.2	.2	3.5	2.6
New Mexico	418	100.0	15.2	23.8	20.2	12.9	21.2	.6	.7	.2	2.9	2.2
New York	4,245	100.0	10.8	28.1	22.2	10.9	22.1	.3	.3	.3	3.2	1.8
North Carolina	1,885	100.0	11.8	25.2	19.0	11.8	21.8	.3	.6	.1	7.6	1.8
North Dakota	165	100.0	14.4	24.3	23.1	11.4	19.8	.9	.6	.4	3.7	1.4
Ohio	2,677	100.0	12.2	23.5	20.1	11.9	23.2	.2	.2	.1	6.0	2.5
Oklahoma	759	100.0	14.3	22.8	18.9	10.6	25.1	.3	.6	1.0	4.2	2.2
Oregon	814	100.0	14.0	23.4	19.7	12.6	23.0	.7	.6	.4	3.4	2.2
Pennsylvania	2,820	100.0	11.7	25.1	21.2	11.5	23.0	.2	.2	.3	4.5	2.4
Rhode Island	263	100.0	11.1	26.4	19.6	12.1	22.3	(1)	.2	.3	6.0	1.9
South Carolina	928	100.0	10.9	22.8	20.0	13.9	21.6	.1	.4	.3	7.5	2.5
South Dakota	198	100.0	12.9	23.0	23.5	10.2	22.7	.5	.3	.3	4.9	1.7
Tennessee	1,266	100.0	12.2	25.1	17.8	12.4	21.4	.3	.5	.4	7.7	2.1
Texas	4,754	100.0	13.4	22.5	21.3	13.3	23.1	.4	.4	.4	3.4	1.8
Utah	534	100.0	12.0	22.2	18.9	14.2	26.9	.3	.3	.4	3.5	1.3
Vermont	166	100.0	13.1	30.8	19.5	9.2	20.1	.6	.6	.2	4.0	1.8
Virginia	1,792	100.0	14.4	25.5	20.5	11.3	21.9	.2	.8	.2	3.5	1.8
Washington	1,440	100.0	14.3	24.9	20.0	12.5	21.1	.9	.7	.1	2.9	2.6
West Virginia	364	100.0	9.7	25.8	24.9	14.0	21.7	.1	.4	.2	1.9	1.2
Wisconsin	1,366	100.0	11.8	23.3	20.1	11.5	23.5	.5	.7	.2	5.8	2.5
Wyoming	123	100.0	15.3	20.7	23.0	10.9	23.2	.7	1.4	.3	2.2	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White												
Alabama	1,563	100.0	13.5	19.2	11.1	11.0	14.7	0.8	9.3	5.3	8.3	6.8
Alaska	253	100.0	14.3	24.0	13.5	10.3	14.3	1.5	8.1	4.5	2.9	6.7
Arizona	2,402	100.0	16.0	18.5	17.8	12.9	13.4	.3	8.4	4.2	4.6	4.1
Arkansas	1,084	100.0	14.8	16.5	15.2	10.7	13.2	1.8	7.1	4.1	9.4	7.2
California	13,076	100.0	15.4	19.5	16.1	12.5	12.3	1.5	7.5	3.4	6.0	5.9
Colorado	2,216	100.0	17.0	21.2	15.2	12.8	13.1	.5	7.7	3.3	4.0	5.2
Connecticut	1,494	100.0	16.7	23.7	15.0	11.7	13.2	.3	5.9	3.4	5.9	4.2
Delaware	324	100.0	14.9	20.8	14.7	12.0	14.2	.5	8.2	4.6	5.2	4.9
District of Columbia	140	100.0	26.5	46.1	9.8	5.6	7.7	.1	2.5	.5	.6	.6
Florida	6,945	100.0	15.2	18.9	16.3	14.0	13.7	.4	8.3	4.3	3.9	5.1
Georgia	3,008	100.0	16.8	20.0	12.4	11.3	13.7	.5	8.4	4.5	7.1	5.2
Hawaii	157	100.0	18.7	25.6	16.6	11.5	10.6	.2	8.3	2.5	2.0	4.0
Idaho	689	100.0	14.6	17.7	14.8	11.6	14.7	2.8	7.9	4.6	4.9	6.4
Illinois	5,022	100.0	16.1	20.0	15.0	11.8	14.5	.2	6.1	3.1	7.3	6.0
Indiana	2,765	100.0	13.3	17.7	13.5	11.2	12.7	.6	6.0	4.8	11.9	8.2
Iowa	1,529	100.0	15.5	19.3	14.1	10.7	14.0	1.2	5.0	4.0	8.7	7.7
Kansas	1,276	100.0	16.0	20.5	15.7	10.7	13.2	.9	6.1	4.1	6.9	5.8
Kentucky	1,720	100.0	12.7	19.9	14.4	10.8	14.3	.7	6.5	4.6	9.3	6.8
Louisiana	1,402	100.0	14.8	20.0	13.5	12.3	14.4	.7	7.4	4.7	5.7	6.6
Maine	657	100.0	13.5	20.7	16.7	11.6	12.7	1.4	6.5	4.3	6.4	6.1
Maryland	1,877	100.0	18.4	26.1	13.5	10.7	12.2	.5	7.5	3.4	3.6	4.0
Massachusetts	2,843	100.0	16.2	26.4	14.7	10.6	14.0	.2	5.7	3.2	3.9	4.9
Michigan	4,036	100.0	13.5	20.5	16.0	12.1	12.3	.5	6.1	4.2	9.0	5.8
Minnesota	2,574	100.0	16.6	21.9	14.8	11.5	13.9	.7	5.1	3.4	6.8	5.2
Mississippi	825	100.0	12.6	21.4	12.2	11.6	13.9	2.0	7.7	5.3	7.8	5.6
Missouri	2,485	100.0	14.7	19.0	14.4	12.0	14.4	.6	6.6	4.1	6.9	7.2
Montana	449	100.0	16.0	18.5	17.5	12.8	11.3	2.4	9.1	3.6	3.8	4.9
Nebraska	879	100.0	15.1	20.6	14.4	11.6	14.1	1.4	5.8	3.7	7.0	6.2
Nevada	976	100.0	12.9	13.2	23.7	12.1	14.3	(¹)	10.8	4.1	3.3	5.5
New Hampshire	680	100.0	16.0	23.4	14.2	12.1	13.0	.3	6.8	3.5	6.3	4.5
New Jersey	3,344	100.0	17.4	22.6	14.8	11.7	13.5	.2	5.3	3.4	4.7	6.3
New Mexico	772	100.0	16.8	20.9	15.6	11.1	12.2	1.0	8.5	3.5	3.5	6.7
New York	6,828	100.0	14.0	23.0	17.9	11.3	14.3	.3	5.6	3.5	4.9	5.2
North Carolina	3,124	100.0	15.4	19.4	12.6	12.7	12.4	1.0	7.9	4.8	8.2	5.7
North Dakota	325	100.0	19.8	17.9	16.7	10.8	12.1	2.2	5.6	4.0	5.0	5.9
Ohio	4,850	100.0	13.7	19.3	15.6	11.5	13.9	.4	5.2	3.9	9.4	7.0
Oklahoma	1,341	100.0	16.1	19.2	14.0	10.9	15.2	1.1	6.3	4.9	6.6	5.7
Oregon	1,572	100.0	15.2	20.8	15.1	12.7	13.8	1.4	5.9	3.0	5.8	6.3
Pennsylvania	5,342	100.0	14.0	20.3	15.0	11.0	14.3	.7	6.1	4.4	7.4	6.8
Rhode Island	490	100.0	14.1	21.7	16.5	11.7	14.7	.4	5.1	3.2	7.5	5.2
South Carolina	1,390	100.0	13.6	20.4	12.8	14.5	13.5	.4	6.9	5.1	7.5	5.4
South Dakota	388	100.0	17.4	17.8	16.6	10.8	14.3	1.8	5.8	3.3	6.6	5.6
Tennessee	2,255	100.0	13.4	19.9	14.6	11.8	12.5	.5	7.5	3.6	9.7	6.4
Texas	8,924	100.0	14.4	18.7	15.5	12.4	13.6	.9	8.7	4.2	5.8	5.8
Utah	1,154	100.0	13.8	18.9	14.6	12.3	16.0	.4	8.1	3.8	5.7	6.3
Vermont	331	100.0	14.7	24.7	15.9	9.8	12.1	1.1	7.2	3.2	6.8	4.6
Virginia	2,871	100.0	17.2	23.1	14.1	11.3	12.5	.5	9.0	3.6	4.1	4.6
Washington	2,646	100.0	16.2	23.3	14.7	11.0	13.4	1.3	6.0	3.3	4.6	6.2
West Virginia	728	100.0	10.8	19.2	18.1	11.5	13.7	.6	8.2	3.8	5.8	8.2
Wisconsin	2,671	100.0	14.6	19.0	14.2	10.7	14.0	.8	5.7	3.5	10.3	7.2
Wyoming	263	100.0	16.7	15.6	16.5	9.1	12.5	1.4	10.9	5.4	4.1	7.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American												
Alabama	456	100.0	5.5	14.3	24.9	8.0	16.0	0.8	3.5	2.4	12.9	11.7
Alaska	9	100.0	14.1	26.9	19.9	5.4	19.9	(¹)	4.3	1.0	.8	7.7
Arizona	102	100.0	8.0	19.2	22.8	13.2	20.5	(¹)	4.2	1.4	3.7	7.0
Arkansas	176	100.0	5.2	12.7	26.0	7.1	14.9	1.2	5.3	2.7	11.6	13.3
California	957	100.0	15.4	18.8	17.9	12.4	18.4	(¹)	4.3	3.0	3.8	6.0
Colorado	78	100.0	13.3	14.7	21.1	14.3	14.2	(¹)	6.2	3.9	5.3	6.9
Connecticut	155	100.0	9.5	16.6	23.1	9.4	16.2	.1	6.1	4.1	7.6	7.3
Delaware	81	100.0	12.5	17.7	23.1	8.6	15.0	.5	4.3	2.7	6.9	8.8
District of Columbia	124	100.0	15.4	20.0	23.8	8.0	18.8	(¹)	3.5	2.4	1.7	6.3
Florida	1,156	100.0	7.9	16.3	25.5	9.2	15.9	.3	8.1	2.7	4.4	9.7
Georgia	1,167	100.0	9.9	14.6	22.3	12.8	14.4	.9	3.7	3.1	8.2	10.0
Hawaii	7	100.0	7.9	23.2	32.6	4.1	19.0	(¹)	6.0	4.2	(¹)	3.0
Idaho	3	100.0	26.3	26.8	18.2	4.5	2.3	(¹)	11.8	10.1	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	733	100.0	11.0	21.6	22.1	8.5	16.9	(¹)	2.5	2.0	5.5	10.0
Indiana	209	100.0	8.9	12.8	24.0	10.2	11.3	(¹)	1.9	5.6	13.8	11.4
Iowa	23	100.0	2.0	14.3	37.6	11.8	11.7	(¹)	6.8	.4	6.2	9.1
Kansas	59	100.0	9.3	13.3	28.0	5.5	16.6	(¹)	6.1	1.6	8.0	11.5
Kentucky	125	100.0	8.4	12.6	21.9	11.3	15.8	(¹)	2.5	1.9	16.2	9.3
Louisiana	520	100.0	6.2	11.3	28.3	11.3	12.8	1.2	5.8	2.0	9.7	11.4
Maine	4	100.0	(¹)	11.7	30.1	9.7	3.2	(¹)	7.0	4.3	22.3	11.7
Maryland	753	100.0	14.0	20.7	21.2	9.2	19.2	(¹)	3.3	2.7	3.6	6.1
Massachusetts	189	100.0	4.0	18.1	33.5	12.7	14.3	.1	4.5	1.5	4.1	7.1
Michigan	529	100.0	8.4	17.5	22.1	9.3	13.1	(¹)	3.4	2.4	13.4	10.4
Minnesota	92	100.0	12.3	19.8	25.5	7.7	16.0	(¹)	1.6	1.0	6.5	9.6
Mississippi	380	100.0	6.2	13.6	24.2	8.1	11.1	1.6	4.7	2.9	18.1	9.6
Missouri	279	100.0	9.5	17.8	25.7	8.5	19.7	(¹)	2.4	.6	8.5	7.3
Nebraska	30	100.0	12.1	9.8	21.7	13.5	21.1	.2	2.2	3.0	7.6	8.8
Nevada	75	100.0	7.8	12.2	32.6	14.2	18.2	(¹)	1.3	1.8	3.8	8.2
New Hampshire	7	100.0	10.2	26.0	31.7	6.9	10.5	(¹)	8.2	2.3	3.5	.7
New Jersey	547	100.0	10.8	15.9	21.5	11.2	19.5	(¹)	3.7	2.4	6.2	8.8
New Mexico	23	100.0	20.9	10.2	12.2	7.9	20.0	(¹)	7.6	.8	8.5	11.8
New York	1,342	100.0	7.4	19.6	28.6	9.6	18.0	(¹)	4.5	2.3	2.4	7.5
North Carolina	773	100.0	8.5	14.7	24.5	8.2	15.9	.7	3.9	3.0	10.5	10.3
North Dakota	2	100.0	11.3	11.2	24.7	10.0	14.2	(¹)	2.2	2.9	23.6	(¹)
Ohio	550	100.0	9.5	14.0	24.2	9.3	17.9	(¹)	3.2	1.5	12.1	8.3
Oklahoma	106	100.0	14.7	15.5	24.2	9.0	11.7	.3	3.0	5.0	9.5	7.1
Oregon	27	100.0	15.6	30.8	17.8	1.8	20.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5.9	7.3
Pennsylvania	483	100.0	8.4	18.1	25.1	10.6	16.7	(¹)	3.4	2.5	6.2	9.0
Rhode Island	28	100.0	10.1	13.9	31.6	12.8	10.3	(¹)	2.8	.7	10.6	7.4
South Carolina	505	100.0	6.4	13.3	24.8	7.6	11.9	1.0	6.1	1.4	16.6	10.9
South Dakota	2	100.0	5.8	12.5	17.9	5.9	5.7	6.7	5.5	(¹)	33.1	6.9
Tennessee	400	100.0	10.9	13.9	18.5	10.2	19.2	(¹)	4.0	4.9	10.5	8.0
Texas	1,119	100.0	9.7	17.4	23.1	9.5	18.3	.2	2.7	2.6	6.0	10.4
Utah	11	100.0	30.4	22.4	2.6	19.6	8.9	(¹)	(¹)	5.7	6.0	4.5
Vermont	1	100.0	2.8	13.5	31.0	13.2	22.7	(¹)	9.2	(¹)	7.6	(¹)
Virginia	703	100.0	9.8	14.5	22.5	10.1	19.4	.2	4.8	3.3	6.6	8.7
Washington	83	100.0	13.9	18.4	26.4	10.5	8.9	(¹)	4.0	(¹)	7.3	10.5
West Virginia	20	100.0	2.1	16.8	35.7	7.2	13.4	(¹)	7.2	(¹)	4.8	12.8
Wisconsin	116	100.0	6.5	16.5	30.5	5.6	16.4	.1	3.0	.2	7.4	13.8
Wyoming	1	100.0	13.6	13.7	23.4	9.7	18.0	(¹)	12.2	(¹)	5.5	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian												
Alabama	26	100.0	14.2	43.3	19.5	5.8	6.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	(¹)
Alaska	15	100.0	6.6	11.6	33.7	10.8	21.4	.2	1.7	3.2	6.6	4.1
Arizona	62	100.0	19.2	27.6	14.3	12.8	12.5	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	9.8	(¹)
Arkansas	14	100.0	13.8	26.8	35.6	10.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.5	6.6	4.7
California	2,095	100.0	18.7	28.7	13.6	12.3	14.5	.1	1.4	2.5	5.6	2.6
Colorado	55	100.0	17.5	19.6	18.1	12.7	12.2	(¹)	2.2	4.1	12.1	1.5
Connecticut	54	100.0	18.0	35.9	11.8	9.4	7.8	(¹)	2.1	2.8	11.1	1.1
Delaware	12	100.0	9.5	35.0	16.5	17.0	9.9	(¹)	2.4	1.7	5.7	2.4
District of Columbia	9	100.0	29.6	46.7	7.8	7.5	6.0	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	1.9
Florida	187	100.0	12.4	22.0	25.0	15.7	10.7	(¹)	2.1	3.8	8.1	.3
Georgia	118	100.0	15.7	30.4	14.7	12.5	11.2	(¹)	1.1	7.0	6.3	1.2
Hawaii	276	100.0	14.3	17.8	24.6	12.4	13.5	1.8	4.2	3.6	4.3	3.5
Idaho	6	100.0	10.6	46.8	9.5	5.4	13.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	10.4
Illinois	279	100.0	17.1	39.9	13.1	8.8	10.4	(¹)	.8	.3	5.2	4.4
Indiana	27	100.0	3.4	44.7	19.6	20.3	7.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.2	(¹)
Iowa	21	100.0	8.5	37.7	17.6	8.8	7.5	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	16.6	1.1
Kansas	31	100.0	11.5	33.8	15.1	12.1	4.1	(¹)	2.1	.8	11.5	9.1
Kentucky	23	100.0	13.9	56.1	13.7	8.3	4.2	1.3	(¹)	.8	1.6	(¹)
Louisiana	28	100.0	4.1	27.4	32.9	9.9	(¹)	2.1	2.2	4.3	13.4	3.7
Maine	5	100.0	12.1	22.8	16.3	21.5	14.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.6	1.6
Maryland	131	100.0	16.9	39.8	14.9	9.1	8.5	.2	2.4	.8	3.9	3.6
Massachusetts	136	100.0	9.5	37.4	16.3	12.0	9.6	.8	3.3	.5	9.8	1.0
Michigan	122	100.0	14.0	47.4	11.5	6.1	9.4	(¹)	(¹)	.7	8.3	2.6
Minnesota	103	100.0	7.7	31.3	20.5	6.2	6.7	(¹)	.4	2.7	21.3	3.2
Mississippi	14	100.0	13.2	35.9	27.7	15.0	8.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Missouri	35	100.0	13.7	53.5	1.2	7.3	8.4	(¹)	(¹)	5.4	7.4	3.2
Nebraska	16	100.0	7.8	19.5	23.6	15.2	11.8	(¹)	(¹)	2.4	14.7	4.9
Nevada	74	100.0	14.0	18.9	33.3	12.3	12.9	(¹)	1.5	1.7	2.7	2.6
New Hampshire	12	100.0	18.0	32.7	16.0	9.9	10.1	(¹)	.8	1.7	8.8	1.9
New Jersey	309	100.0	17.7	40.4	8.1	13.2	10.1	.1	1.0	.8	5.5	3.2
New Mexico	14	100.0	9.6	48.8	12.9	3.4	9.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.0	5.3
New York	636	100.0	13.4	27.8	18.7	12.8	9.7	.2	2.9	2.1	7.5	5.0
North Carolina	78	100.0	14.3	25.3	21.8	7.2	12.0	(¹)	(¹)	.3	18.2	.8
North Dakota	2	100.0	1.5	65.7	13.1	(¹)	3.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.8	5.6
Ohio	71	100.0	14.5	29.0	15.6	13.8	10.1	(¹)	1.0	1.9	12.3	1.9
Oklahoma	27	100.0	7.8	20.4	28.0	6.8	18.0	(¹)	(¹)	3.6	8.5	6.9
Oregon	76	100.0	13.8	35.1	10.6	5.8	14.4	(¹)	.2	3.6	15.2	1.2
Pennsylvania	107	100.0	11.4	41.5	9.6	12.1	7.6	(¹)	2.3	3.4	8.7	3.3
Rhode Island	15	100.0	9.4	26.3	16.8	6.0	10.0	(¹)	3.3	1.9	23.0	3.2
South Carolina	18	100.0	6.5	25.4	36.9	15.7	.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	3.5
South Dakota	5	100.0	4.8	25.9	7.6	6.8	15.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	33.4	6.3
Tennessee	24	100.0	7.5	13.2	26.1	1.4	22.2	7.3	(¹)	1.0	18.4	3.0
Texas	373	100.0	15.7	34.9	13.3	11.5	9.0	(¹)	1.3	5.3	7.0	1.9
Utah	18	100.0	16.3	15.6	9.5	18.2	13.0	(¹)	2.7	2.7	22.0	(¹)
Vermont	5	100.0	5.5	57.4	13.9	1.9	8.7	(¹)	.8	2.8	7.8	1.3
Virginia	165	100.0	18.6	30.7	14.0	11.2	12.9	(¹)	4.0	3.2	3.6	1.9
Washington	246	100.0	13.9	25.8	18.4	9.7	12.3	1.4	1.9	2.5	11.5	2.5
Wisconsin	45	100.0	14.1	30.4	16.5	8.5	10.3	(¹)	3.5	.8	12.0	3.9
Wyoming	1	100.0	(¹)	22.8	46.2	(¹)	11.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	19.7	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	40	100.0	0.4	8.1	11.5	3.7	2.2	3.2	43.0	(¹)	16.0	11.9
Alaska	15	100.0	10.4	15.6	28.6	11.0	12.8	1.2	6.9	1.4	7.0	5.2
Arizona	729	100.0	6.9	10.0	26.3	10.9	10.0	.8	16.2	4.6	7.4	6.9
Arkansas	57	100.0	6.6	5.2	19.7	3.8	7.8	6.3	22.2	3.6	14.1	10.7
California	5,319	100.0	6.8	9.6	22.4	10.1	12.7	3.3	11.4	4.1	10.4	9.3
Colorado	405	100.0	7.2	9.7	25.5	8.1	10.9	1.6	17.5	2.8	8.4	8.1
Connecticut	148	100.0	6.3	9.5	32.2	9.6	12.8	.3	6.7	2.4	14.1	6.0
Delaware	26	100.0	5.9	7.5	25.2	5.8	7.3	3.8	17.6	1.4	14.9	10.6
District of Columbia	26	100.0	9.5	19.6	40.0	4.2	8.1	(¹)	12.6	1.0	2.2	2.8
Florida	1,683	100.0	10.5	11.6	20.1	12.1	13.3	.8	13.0	4.8	5.8	7.9
Georgia	316	100.0	5.5	7.4	25.1	4.5	5.6	2.1	26.3	2.1	12.8	8.5
Hawaii	38	100.0	7.8	14.0	27.4	7.6	21.0	(¹)	12.0	1.2	3.0	6.0
Idaho	62	100.0	4.7	10.2	14.0	7.0	12.7	20.2	7.1	5.1	11.7	7.3
Illinois	659	100.0	7.3	8.7	23.8	7.4	13.0	.3	7.1	3.7	18.9	9.8
Indiana	126	100.0	2.8	7.0	19.8	4.0	5.4	2.0	12.3	3.1	29.2	14.4
Iowa	61	100.0	3.6	10.1	19.7	3.3	4.1	3.1	15.9	.2	27.8	12.3
Kansas	70	100.0	6.2	7.7	26.8	7.6	14.1	.8	11.3	2.8	14.7	8.1
Kentucky	33	100.0	5.6	10.5	25.0	6.1	1.7	5.4	22.3	(¹)	6.9	16.5
Louisiana	36	100.0	14.2	9.9	14.7	18.1	22.2	(¹)	4.0	12.0	3.9	.9
Maine	3	100.0	5.6	21.0	16.5	2.6	15.6	(¹)	15.7	(¹)	16.6	6.6
Maryland	193	100.0	5.8	13.7	26.2	6.4	7.7	1.0	24.1	3.2	7.7	4.2
Massachusetts	206	100.0	5.9	14.8	30.7	9.5	13.8	.8	4.8	1.7	8.4	9.5
Michigan	160	100.0	9.7	14.6	19.0	4.9	11.7	2.4	8.6	2.9	20.5	5.7
Minnesota	93	100.0	3.4	11.8	32.1	6.9	10.3	.7	4.9	2.7	18.5	8.8
Mississippi	35	100.0	2.2	4.9	42.0	.6	3.9	5.4	12.4	.7	24.0	3.8
Missouri	88	100.0	11.1	10.3	27.5	10.2	6.9	.3	14.4	1.1	9.9	8.2
Montana	11	100.0	13.3	11.6	22.4	7.2	9.4	3.0	18.0	5.8	2.8	6.6
Nebraska	66	100.0	3.2	7.1	17.7	5.8	9.2	3.9	13.5	1.0	29.3	9.4
Nevada	240	100.0	5.7	6.1	35.7	6.1	10.4	.1	21.2	3.3	5.4	6.0
New Hampshire	12	100.0	5.4	15.7	21.2	9.0	20.8	(¹)	11.0	5.5	10.8	.5
New Jersey	668	100.0	6.0	9.6	26.3	6.9	12.5	.6	8.5	4.2	12.3	13.1
New Mexico	328	100.0	12.5	13.2	20.7	11.1	12.6	.9	13.2	3.9	3.9	8.0
New York	1,215	100.0	6.5	11.4	33.3	9.5	13.8	.2	7.0	3.8	6.6	7.9
North Carolina	299	100.0	2.9	2.5	17.0	6.4	5.7	6.2	34.6	2.2	15.9	6.6
North Dakota	4	100.0	8.7	5.5	25.2	14.0	9.0	14.9	6.0	5.6	6.4	4.9
Ohio	129	100.0	10.4	9.8	25.2	4.5	14.0	.9	6.6	4.1	15.5	9.0
Oklahoma	87	100.0	5.4	8.9	28.1	9.1	9.9	6.4	15.1	4.0	6.4	6.7
Oregon	122	100.0	3.2	8.2	24.3	9.6	7.4	8.8	12.5	3.6	9.4	13.0
Pennsylvania	211	100.0	6.9	13.7	16.1	7.7	9.3	6.4	7.1	3.7	16.5	12.6
Rhode Island	49	100.0	5.1	6.9	21.8	9.1	13.1	.5	5.3	3.3	23.5	11.4
South Carolina	56	100.0	4.3	6.6	16.4	11.9	6.3	2.4	17.2	3.3	16.7	15.0
South Dakota	8	100.0	11.9	3.9	16.2	6.6	9.1	7.9	5.2	5.0	26.7	7.6
Tennessee	88	100.0	11.1	4.4	26.0	6.1	4.9	1.1	25.4	3.3	11.7	6.0
Texas	3,628	100.0	7.2	9.7	23.0	10.0	13.5	1.4	14.4	4.2	8.9	7.8
Utah	127	100.0	4.2	7.2	26.1	8.1	12.9	.3	20.2	3.0	13.4	4.6
Vermont	2	100.0	23.0	15.2	18.9	7.2	17.3	(¹)	10.0	1.3	3.1	4.0
Virginia	282	100.0	7.3	8.5	22.7	9.0	7.6	.3	35.1	.5	3.1	5.9
Washington	199	100.0	6.2	14.1	25.3	6.6	11.6	11.9	6.9	1.2	7.3	8.8
West Virginia	5	100.0	18.7	5.2	34.7	14.0	27.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	122	100.0	7.7	9.0	18.7	6.0	10.4	2.0	7.2	3.1	22.5	13.3
Wyoming	14	100.0	7.3	7.0	26.6	7.9	10.8	2.2	22.1	6.5	4.6	5.1

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	2,168	(²)	191	348	218	129	344	103
Alaska	340	8	33	9	4	5	48	29
Arizona	2,822	(²)	308	207	160	(²)	432	150
Arkansas	1,364	(²)	120	209	117	92	218	88
California	17,576	(²)	1,426	1,840	1,220	620	2,657	790
Colorado	2,519	(²)	241	221	131	89	364	127
Connecticut	1,805	(²)	125	234	175	58	244	76
Delaware	439	(²)	41	44	18	26	66	18
District of Columbia	295	(²)	11	(²)	(²)	(²)	18	10
Florida	8,671	(²)	903	527	361	166	1,484	436
Georgia	4,564	(²)	418	552	267	285	684	280
Hawaii	633	(²)	54	21	(²)	(²)	94	36
Idaho	748	(²)	69	79	49	31	116	36
Illinois	6,430	(²)	439	790	511	279	963	388
Indiana	3,199	(²)	249	657	484	172	482	162
Iowa	1,662	(²)	111	245	138	107	257	90
Kansas	1,476	(²)	98	196	122	74	214	73
Kentucky	1,995	(²)	156	277	192	85	292	108
Louisiana	2,090	62	189	175	71	104	337	120
Maine	710	(²)	55	77	45	32	125	31
Maryland	2,913	(²)	252	170	98	72	361	131
Massachusetts	3,344	(²)	247	311	200	111	481	134
Michigan	5,089	(²)	344	990	801	188	763	201
Minnesota	2,918	(²)	198	393	251	142	460	131
Mississippi	1,324	(²)	101	229	144	85	176	66
Missouri	3,009	(²)	227	382	238	144	484	174
Montana	497	(²)	55	26	17	(²)	77	23
Nebraska	985	(²)	71	120	58	62	159	45
Nevada	1,215	(²)	139	50	36	(²)	173	56
New Hampshire	734	(²)	61	105	83	22	121	26
New Jersey	4,426	(²)	279	458	199	259	656	285
New Mexico	945	20	91	44	32	(²)	133	46
New York	9,375	(²)	601	723	438	285	1,324	542
North Carolina	4,298	(²)	404	615	321	294	642	198
North Dakota	360	(²)	24	25	17	(²)	53	18
Ohio	5,882	(²)	370	999	686	313	888	300
Oklahoma	1,737	(²)	133	182	123	59	257	91
Oregon	1,848	(²)	148	230	167	63	303	73
Pennsylvania	6,256	(²)	457	876	546	330	967	319
Rhode Island	568	(²)	38	78	54	24	89	24
South Carolina	2,068	(²)	182	345	192	154	327	95
South Dakota	432	(²)	30	45	27	18	66	19
Tennessee	2,863	(²)	233	446	273	173	431	175
Texas	11,161	187	1,020	1,067	604	463	1,757	624
Utah	1,263	(²)	115	129	91	38	198	70
Vermont	354	(²)	32	40	29	11	49	12
Virginia	3,907	(²)	383	326	177	149	560	171
Washington	3,283	(²)	240	358	243	114	544	198
West Virginia	797	32	65	68	43	26	127	44
Wisconsin	3,010	(²)	201	528	337	191	464	164
Wyoming	283	23	28	10	(²)	(²)	40	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	(²)	142	175	427	158	100	100	(²)
Alaska	6	17	25	70	36	18	33	8
Arizona	(²)	239	326	506	286	143	150	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	67	93	260	99	71	56	57
California	555	1,384	2,181	3,160	1,589	918	726	327
Colorado	99	204	306	455	235	111	114	29
Connecticut	48	180	190	386	153	85	75	(²)
Delaware	(²)	47	40	91	37	17	23	(²)
District of Columbia	15	19	61	54	30	26	46	(²)
Florida	190	690	1,017	1,592	882	495	396	(²)
Georgia	117	307	483	825	366	268	196	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	46	60	119	100	27	52	(²)
Idaho	(²)	45	72	144	63	27	34	42
Illinois	140	512	755	1,247	572	313	237	65
Indiana	55	177	234	628	257	139	111	43
Iowa	40	111	122	367	116	71	50	78
Kansas	43	92	119	318	127	68	65	51
Kentucky	39	109	149	458	159	88	84	51
Louisiana	(²)	107	152	461	219	100	106	(²)
Maine	14	48	58	166	59	31	28	20
Maryland	77	203	402	616	214	163	302	(²)
Massachusetts	75	249	428	873	268	140	120	(²)
Michigan	106	254	490	1,043	432	244	161	53
Minnesota	67	235	277	623	233	138	96	61
Mississippi	(²)	54	86	290	109	75	60	49
Missouri	71	208	237	643	245	153	118	57
Montana	(²)	28	35	101	55	24	26	33
Nebraska	21	75	79	210	76	44	38	47
Nevada	22	88	123	151	299	49	46	(²)
New Hampshire	16	54	78	155	58	28	28	(²)
New Jersey	150	399	540	906	321	224	189	(²)
New Mexico	25	58	104	197	89	48	61	28
New York	280	794	924	2,388	802	463	472	53
North Carolina	95	274	399	858	351	223	162	75
North Dakota	(²)	21	24	88	28	18	18	32
Ohio	108	389	520	1,243	545	239	204	66
Oklahoma	(²)	116	137	341	142	87	117	52
Oregon	38	125	199	356	162	83	72	58
Pennsylvania	123	403	545	1,378	502	312	263	89
Rhode Island	10	42	53	124	55	26	24	(²)
South Carolina	35	126	176	384	179	99	102	(²)
South Dakota	10	33	24	98	40	16	16	34
Tennessee	56	157	224	578	259	142	123	(²)
Texas	281	746	1,098	2,163	920	609	486	201
Utah	30	84	145	220	123	53	56	(²)
Vermont	8	17	28	94	31	16	17	9
Virginia	102	263	494	733	329	198	289	(²)
Washington	79	206	346	627	297	149	166	69
West Virginia	14	36	55	198	69	31	46	(²)
Wisconsin	56	194	258	614	245	123	94	68
Wyoming	(²)	13	16	53	25	13	16	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Employed								
Alabama	2,086	(²)	184	335	211	125	328	98
Alaska	318	7	29	8	4	4	46	27
Arizona	2,697	(²)	293	201	156	(²)	415	143
Arkansas	1,301	(²)	113	201	111	89	207	85
California	16,724	(²)	1,341	1,749	1,170	579	2,511	760
Colorado	2,406	(²)	231	211	125	86	348	122
Connecticut	1,724	(²)	117	224	169	55	229	73
Delaware	421	(²)	39	42	17	26	63	17
District of Columbia	277	(²)	10	(²)	(²)	(²)	15	10
Florida	8,390	(²)	871	510	351	159	1,434	425
Georgia	4,334	(²)	389	521	253	269	651	272
Hawaii	616	(²)	52	20	(²)	(²)	92	35
Idaho	721	(²)	65	77	48	29	111	35
Illinois	6,097	(²)	396	753	490	262	905	373
Indiana	3,032	(²)	224	626	458	167	450	159
Iowa	1,592	(²)	102	237	134	104	243	87
Kansas	1,406	(²)	88	189	118	70	204	71
Kentucky	1,885	(²)	142	257	179	78	277	105
Louisiana	1,973	61	173	164	68	96	316	117
Maine	677	(²)	50	72	41	31	119	29
Maryland	2,800	(²)	240	162	93	69	345	125
Massachusetts	3,193	(²)	228	294	190	103	457	127
Michigan	4,773	(²)	307	928	752	176	710	194
Minnesota	2,815	(²)	182	380	243	137	443	129
Mississippi	1,241	(²)	92	212	138	75	165	63
Missouri	2,855	(²)	209	367	230	136	455	168
Montana	476	(²)	53	24	16	(²)	74	22
Nebraska	948	(²)	66	115	55	60	152	44
Nevada	1,167	(²)	132	47	34	(²)	166	54
New Hampshire	708	(²)	58	101	80	21	115	25
New Jersey	4,244	(²)	263	442	191	250	617	276
New Mexico	897	19	85	42	32	(²)	127	45
New York	8,943	(²)	542	683	418	265	1,246	526
North Carolina	4,092	(²)	388	572	299	273	610	191
North Dakota	349	(²)	22	24	16	(²)	52	18
Ohio	5,558	(²)	332	942	644	299	839	290
Oklahoma	1,665	(²)	123	177	119	58	245	87
Oregon	1,745	(²)	135	220	162	58	283	72
Pennsylvania	5,972	(²)	426	841	523	318	922	307
Rhode Island	541	(²)	34	74	51	23	84	23
South Carolina	1,939	(²)	166	319	174	145	306	92
South Dakota	414	(²)	28	43	26	17	63	19
Tennessee	2,717	(²)	221	419	258	161	409	163
Texas	10,629	182	961	1,020	580	440	1,666	602
Utah	1,216	(²)	110	124	88	36	189	67
Vermont	342	(²)	30	39	29	10	47	12
Virginia	3,781	(²)	369	315	171	144	537	168
Washington	3,114	(²)	219	342	233	110	516	190
West Virginia	759	32	58	64	41	24	122	42
Wisconsin	2,881	(²)	182	511	326	185	441	161
Wyoming	273	23	26	9	(²)	(²)	38	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Employed								
Alabama	(²)	137	166	420	145	96	99	(²)
Alaska	6	17	23	67	33	17	31	7
Arizona	(²)	231	303	488	269	136	145	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	66	87	252	89	68	55	53
California	517	1,350	2,066	3,050	1,488	877	706	289
Colorado	94	196	289	441	216	105	111	28
Connecticut	46	176	179	376	142	80	74	(²)
Delaware	(²)	46	38	89	35	16	23	(²)
District of Columbia	15	19	57	50	28	25	45	(²)
Florida	180	677	978	1,550	842	477	391	(²)
Georgia	112	296	447	804	334	252	192	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	45	58	117	96	26	51	(²)
Idaho	(²)	45	69	140	59	26	34	41
Illinois	130	498	714	1,207	521	299	231	64
Indiana	54	174	215	610	234	130	109	43
Iowa	39	109	114	358	106	69	49	76
Kansas	41	90	110	309	114	66	63	51
Kentucky	36	108	136	442	142	85	84	50
Louisiana	(²)	103	143	440	198	95	104	(²)
Maine	13	46	54	162	55	29	28	19
Maryland	75	197	384	597	199	157	299	(²)
Massachusetts	72	243	403	851	253	134	117	(²)
Michigan	101	246	451	1,001	392	230	154	51
Minnesota	65	232	266	611	217	133	95	59
Mississippi	(²)	52	78	277	99	70	57	46
Missouri	68	199	223	617	224	147	114	54
Montana	(²)	28	34	99	51	23	25	32
Nebraska	20	73	74	205	72	43	37	46
Nevada	21	86	116	146	288	47	46	(²)
New Hampshire	16	53	75	151	55	27	28	(²)
New Jersey	143	391	511	880	303	218	185	(²)
New Mexico	23	57	99	188	79	46	58	27
New York	269	765	873	2,326	746	441	467	52
North Carolina	92	267	377	835	312	214	160	74
North Dakota	(²)	21	23	86	26	18	17	31
Ohio	106	377	472	1,205	498	225	200	63
Oklahoma	(²)	114	132	331	128	84	116	51
Oregon	35	121	184	344	148	80	69	54
Pennsylvania	117	394	515	1,335	460	300	253	86
Rhode Island	10	40	50	122	51	25	24	(²)
South Carolina	34	122	160	373	158	94	100	(²)
South Dakota	9	33	22	95	36	15	15	33
Tennessee	54	154	208	558	243	132	120	(²)
Texas	266	717	1,028	2,102	841	580	474	189
Utah	29	83	138	214	116	51	55	(²)
Vermont	8	17	27	92	29	16	17	8
Virginia	99	257	481	715	309	192	285	(²)
Washington	76	200	326	604	277	138	161	64
West Virginia	13	35	50	192	65	30	45	(²)
Wisconsin	52	190	243	598	225	119	93	66
Wyoming	(²)	13	16	52	23	12	16	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployed								
Alabama	82	(²)	7	13	8	5	17	5
Alaska	22	(³)	4	1	(³)	1	2	1
Arizona	124	(²)	15	6	4	(²)	17	6
Arkansas	63	(²)	7	8	5	3	11	3
California	852	(²)	85	90	50	40	146	30
Colorado	113	(²)	9	10	7	3	16	4
Connecticut	82	(²)	8	10	7	3	15	3
Delaware	18	(²)	2	2	1	1	4	1
District of Columbia	17	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	1
Florida	281	(²)	32	17	10	7	51	11
Georgia	230	(²)	29	31	14	17	33	9
Hawaii	16	(²)	2	1	(²)	(²)	2	1
Idaho	28	(²)	4	2	1	1	5	1
Illinois	333	(²)	43	37	20	17	58	16
Indiana	167	(²)	25	31	26	5	32	3
Iowa	69	(²)	9	8	4	3	14	3
Kansas	70	(²)	10	8	4	4	10	2
Kentucky	110	(²)	14	20	13	7	16	3
Louisiana	117	1	17	11	3	8	21	3
Maine	33	(²)	5	4	4	1	5	1
Maryland	113	(²)	12	8	5	3	16	6
Massachusetts	151	(²)	19	18	10	8	24	8
Michigan	316	(²)	36	62	49	12	53	8
Minnesota	103	(²)	16	13	8	5	17	3
Mississippi	83	(²)	9	17	7	10	12	3
Missouri	154	(²)	18	15	7	7	29	7
Montana	21	(²)	3	2	2	(²)	3	1
Nebraska	37	(²)	4	5	3	2	7	1
Nevada	48	(²)	6	3	2	(²)	7	2
New Hampshire	25	(²)	3	4	3	(³)	5	1
New Jersey	182	(²)	17	16	7	9	39	10
New Mexico	48	1	6	2	1	(²)	7	1
New York	432	(²)	59	40	20	20	78	16
North Carolina	206	(²)	16	43	22	21	33	7
North Dakota	11	(²)	2	1	1	(²)	1	(³)
Ohio	324	(²)	38	56	42	14	49	10
Oklahoma	72	(²)	10	5	4	1	13	4
Oregon	103	(²)	13	10	5	5	21	1
Pennsylvania	283	(²)	32	35	23	12	45	12
Rhode Island	27	(²)	4	4	2	1	5	1
South Carolina	129	(²)	16	26	17	9	21	3
South Dakota	17	(²)	2	1	1	1	2	(³)
Tennessee	146	(²)	12	27	15	12	22	12
Texas	532	4	59	47	24	23	91	22
Utah	48	(²)	4	5	3	2	9	3
Vermont	12	(²)	2	1	(³)	(³)	2	1
Virginia	126	(²)	14	10	5	5	24	3
Washington	169	(²)	22	15	10	5	27	8
West Virginia	38	(³)	6	4	2	2	5	2
Wisconsin	129	(²)	19	17	11	6	23	3
Wyoming	10	(³)	2	1	(²)	(²)	2	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployed								
Alabama	(²)	6	8	6	13	4	1	(²)
Alaska	(³)	1	1	3	4	1	2	1
Arizona	(²)	8	22	18	17	7	5	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	1	6	9	10	3	1	3
California	38	34	115	110	101	41	20	39
Colorado	6	8	17	15	19	6	3	1
Connecticut	2	4	10	10	12	5	1	(²)
Delaware	(²)	1	3	2	3	(³)	(³)	(²)
District of Columbia	(³)	1	4	3	2	1	1	(²)
Florida	10	13	38	42	40	18	5	(²)
Georgia	5	11	36	21	33	16	3	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	(³)	2	2	4	1	(³)	(²)
Idaho	(²)	1	3	4	4	1	1	1
Illinois	11	14	41	40	51	14	5	1
Indiana	1	4	18	17	23	9	2	1
Iowa	1	3	8	9	9	2	1	2
Kansas	2	2	9	9	13	3	2	(³)
Kentucky	3	1	13	17	18	3	1	1
Louisiana	(²)	4	9	20	21	6	2	(²)
Maine	1	1	3	4	4	2	1	1
Maryland	2	6	18	19	15	6	4	(²)
Massachusetts	4	5	25	23	15	7	3	(²)
Michigan	5	8	39	43	39	13	7	2
Minnesota	2	3	11	12	16	5	1	2
Mississippi	(²)	2	7	12	9	4	3	3
Missouri	3	9	14	25	21	6	4	3
Montana	(²)	(³)	2	2	5	1	1	1
Nebraska	1	2	5	5	4	1	1	1
Nevada	1	2	7	4	11	2	1	(²)
New Hampshire	(³)	1	3	4	3	1	(³)	(²)
New Jersey	7	8	29	26	18	6	4	(²)
New Mexico	1	1	5	9	9	2	3	1
New York	11	29	51	62	56	22	5	1
North Carolina	3	7	22	23	39	8	3	1
North Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	1	(³)	1	1
Ohio	2	12	48	38	47	14	4	3
Oklahoma	(²)	2	5	10	14	3	1	1
Oregon	4	4	15	12	14	4	3	4
Pennsylvania	7	9	30	44	42	12	10	4
Rhode Island	1	2	4	3	4	1	1	(²)
South Carolina	1	4	15	11	20	5	2	(²)
South Dakota	(³)	1	1	2	4	1	1	(³)
Tennessee	2	3	17	20	16	10	3	(²)
Texas	15	29	70	61	78	29	12	12
Utah	1	1	7	7	7	2	1	(²)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	1	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	3	6	13	19	20	6	3	(²)
Washington	3	7	20	23	20	10	5	5
West Virginia	1	1	5	6	5	1	1	(²)
Wisconsin	4	4	16	16	20	3	1	2
Wyoming	(²)	(³)	(³)	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	3.8	(²)	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.8	4.6
Alaska	6.4	4.2	12.1	12.7	9.1	15.7	4.0	4.9
Arizona	4.4	(²)	4.8	3.0	2.5	(²)	3.9	4.3
Arkansas	4.6	(²)	5.6	3.9	4.4	3.3	5.2	3.4
California	4.8	(²)	6.0	4.9	4.1	6.5	5.5	3.8
Colorado	4.5	(²)	3.9	4.5	5.0	3.9	4.3	3.4
Connecticut	4.5	(²)	6.5	4.1	3.7	5.2	6.3	4.0
Delaware	4.1	(²)	4.2	3.8	5.0	3.0	5.5	5.0
District of Columbia	5.9	(²)	9.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	14.5	6.0
Florida	3.2	(²)	3.6	3.2	2.8	4.0	3.4	2.5
Georgia	5.0	(²)	6.9	5.6	5.3	5.8	4.9	3.1
Hawaii	2.6	(²)	4.0	4.3	(²)	(²)	2.2	2.6
Idaho	3.7	(²)	5.8	2.5	1.4	4.4	3.9	3.1
Illinois	5.2	(²)	9.8	4.7	4.0	6.1	6.0	4.0
Indiana	5.2	(²)	10.2	4.7	5.3	3.0	6.7	1.9
Iowa	4.2	(²)	7.9	3.1	3.2	3.0	5.3	3.2
Kansas	4.7	(²)	9.9	3.9	3.3	5.1	4.8	3.3
Kentucky	5.5	(²)	8.9	7.2	6.6	8.5	5.3	2.6
Louisiana	5.6	1.1	8.8	6.3	4.9	7.3	6.2	2.3
Maine	4.7	(²)	8.4	5.9	7.9	3.0	4.3	4.0
Maryland	3.9	(²)	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.4	4.7
Massachusetts	4.5	(²)	7.6	5.7	5.0	6.8	4.9	5.7
Michigan	6.2	(²)	10.5	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.9	3.8
Minnesota	3.5	(²)	7.9	3.4	3.2	3.8	3.8	2.2
Mississippi	6.2	(²)	8.8	7.4	4.7	11.9	6.6	4.3
Missouri	5.1	(²)	8.0	3.9	3.1	5.1	6.0	3.8
Montana	4.2	(²)	4.9	6.8	8.7	(²)	3.5	3.3
Nebraska	3.8	(²)	6.4	3.9	4.9	3.0	4.6	2.9
Nevada	3.9	(²)	4.6	5.3	5.3	(²)	4.1	3.3
New Hampshire	3.5	(²)	5.4	3.6	4.1	2.0	4.4	2.7
New Jersey	4.1	(²)	6.0	3.6	3.7	3.5	6.0	3.3
New Mexico	5.1	2.9	6.8	4.9	2.4	(²)	5.0	3.0
New York	4.6	(²)	9.8	5.6	4.7	7.0	5.9	2.9
North Carolina	4.8	(²)	3.9	7.0	6.8	7.2	5.1	3.4
North Dakota	3.2	(²)	8.6	3.1	3.8	(²)	2.6	2.6
Ohio	5.5	(²)	10.2	5.6	6.1	4.5	5.5	3.3
Oklahoma	4.1	(²)	7.9	2.9	3.4	1.8	4.9	4.6
Oregon	5.6	(²)	8.8	4.2	2.9	7.8	6.8	1.6
Pennsylvania	4.5	(²)	6.9	4.0	4.2	3.8	4.6	3.8
Rhode Island	4.8	(²)	10.5	4.8	4.5	5.3	5.1	3.9
South Carolina	6.2	(²)	9.0	7.6	9.0	5.8	6.5	3.6
South Dakota	4.0	(²)	7.3	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.7	1.1
Tennessee	5.1	(²)	5.3	6.1	5.4	7.1	5.0	7.0
Texas	4.8	2.4	5.8	4.4	4.0	5.1	5.2	3.6
Utah	3.8	(²)	3.7	3.9	3.4	5.0	4.7	3.9
Vermont	3.3	(²)	5.9	1.9	1.7	2.8	4.4	5.2
Virginia	3.2	(²)	3.7	3.2	3.1	3.3	4.3	1.8
Washington	5.1	(²)	9.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	5.0	4.2
West Virginia	4.8	1.5	9.8	5.3	4.6	6.6	4.2	3.9
Wisconsin	4.3	(²)	9.6	3.2	3.2	3.4	4.9	1.9
Wyoming	3.4	2.0	5.8	5.6	(²)	(²)	4.1	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	(²)	3.9	4.8	1.5	8.1	3.6	0.8	(²)
Alaska	4.0	4.3	5.7	4.3	9.9	5.5	5.9	12.3
Arizona	(²)	3.2	6.9	3.6	5.8	4.9	3.3	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	1.4	6.4	3.4	10.1	4.2	1.6	5.5
California	6.8	2.5	5.3	3.5	6.3	4.4	2.7	11.8
Colorado	5.8	4.1	5.5	3.2	8.1	5.3	2.5	2.1
Connecticut	4.4	2.2	5.4	2.6	7.7	5.9	1.6	(²)
Delaware	(²)	3.1	6.6	2.2	7.2	2.2	.8	(²)
District of Columbia	2.4	2.9	6.7	5.9	7.1	4.4	2.6	(²)
Florida	5.5	1.9	3.8	2.6	4.5	3.5	1.4	(²)
Georgia	4.1	3.5	7.4	2.5	8.9	5.9	1.8	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	.8	3.0	2.0	3.5	2.6	.8	(²)
Idaho	(²)	1.4	4.3	2.7	6.9	4.9	2.7	3.4
Illinois	7.5	2.8	5.5	3.2	8.9	4.5	2.3	1.6
Indiana	1.6	2.0	7.9	2.7	9.0	6.5	1.4	1.3
Iowa	3.0	2.4	6.9	2.4	8.0	3.2	1.5	2.8
Kansas	3.9	2.3	7.4	2.9	10.2	3.7	2.6	(³)
Kentucky	6.5	1.2	8.6	3.7	11.3	3.9	1.0	1.8
Louisiana	(²)	3.4	6.1	4.4	9.5	5.5	1.8	(²)
Maine	5.2	2.8	5.7	2.7	7.5	5.0	3.1	4.5
Maryland	2.9	3.1	4.4	3.1	7.0	3.4	1.2	(²)
Massachusetts	4.7	2.2	5.8	2.6	5.6	4.8	2.8	(²)
Michigan	4.5	3.1	7.9	4.1	9.1	5.4	4.3	4.3
Minnesota	3.1	1.4	4.0	2.0	7.0	3.6	1.1	2.5
Mississippi	(²)	3.4	8.2	4.3	8.4	5.6	5.4	6.2
Missouri	4.3	4.2	6.0	3.9	8.6	3.8	3.4	5.0
Montana	(²)	1.7	4.9	1.9	8.7	5.7	2.4	3.7
Nebraska	2.6	2.4	5.9	2.5	5.8	1.5	2.4	1.9
Nevada	4.7	2.6	6.0	2.7	3.6	4.4	1.4	(²)
New Hampshire	2.5	2.1	3.2	2.4	5.6	2.9	.9	(²)
New Jersey	4.5	2.1	5.4	2.8	5.7	2.6	2.0	(²)
New Mexico	5.4	1.7	4.8	4.5	10.2	4.1	4.3	2.9
New York	3.9	3.7	5.6	2.6	7.0	4.8	1.0	1.4
North Carolina	3.4	2.6	5.5	2.7	11.1	3.7	1.6	1.2
North Dakota	(²)	1.4	4.2	2.5	5.0	1.3	3.0	1.7
Ohio	1.7	3.1	9.2	3.1	8.6	6.0	2.2	5.2
Oklahoma	(²)	1.8	3.7	3.0	10.1	2.9	1.0	1.7
Oregon	9.8	3.1	7.3	3.4	8.8	4.4	3.7	6.3
Pennsylvania	5.4	2.2	5.5	3.2	8.4	3.8	3.8	4.1
Rhode Island	5.9	4.0	6.7	2.0	6.7	4.7	2.1	(²)
South Carolina	2.1	3.0	8.6	2.9	11.4	4.6	1.5	(²)
South Dakota	4.2	1.9	6.1	2.5	10.4	4.9	5.5	1.1
Tennessee	3.7	2.2	7.4	3.5	6.2	7.1	2.1	(²)
Texas	5.5	3.8	6.4	2.8	8.5	4.7	2.4	6.2
Utah	2.3	1.5	4.8	3.0	6.0	3.3	1.9	(²)
Vermont	2.4	1.7	4.0	1.9	6.6	1.7	1.1	5.7
Virginia	3.2	2.3	2.6	2.5	6.2	3.0	1.2	(²)
Washington	3.4	3.2	5.9	3.6	6.8	6.9	3.1	7.9
West Virginia	5.7	2.7	8.9	3.0	6.7	3.6	3.2	(²)
Wisconsin	7.0	2.2	6.0	2.7	8.0	2.8	1.3	2.9
Wyoming	(²)	1.5	2.2	2.5	7.7	2.7	.9	1.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL									
Alabama	2,086	100.0	0.6	8.8	16.1	10.1	6.0	15.7	4.7
Alaska	318	100.0	2.3	9.3	2.5	1.2	1.3	14.4	8.6
Arizona	2,697	100.0	.2	10.9	7.4	5.8	1.7	15.4	5.3
Arkansas	1,301	100.0	.5	8.7	15.4	8.6	6.9	15.9	6.5
California	16,724	100.0	.1	8.0	10.5	7.0	3.5	15.0	4.5
Colorado	2,406	100.0	.6	9.6	8.8	5.2	3.6	14.5	5.1
Connecticut	1,724	100.0	.1	6.8	13.0	9.8	3.2	13.3	4.2
Delaware	421	100.0	.1	9.2	10.1	4.0	6.1	14.9	4.1
District of Columbia	277	100.0	(¹)	3.6	1.3	.5	.8	5.6	3.5
Florida	8,390	100.0	(¹)	10.4	6.1	4.2	1.9	17.1	5.1
Georgia	4,334	100.0	.4	9.0	12.0	5.8	6.2	15.0	6.3
Hawaii	616	100.0	(¹)	8.4	3.2	1.8	1.4	14.9	5.7
Idaho	721	100.0	.3	9.0	10.7	6.7	4.0	15.5	4.9
Illinois	6,097	100.0	.1	6.5	12.3	8.0	4.3	14.8	6.1
Indiana	3,032	100.0	.2	7.4	20.6	15.1	5.5	14.8	5.2
Iowa	1,592	100.0	.2	6.4	14.9	8.4	6.5	15.3	5.4
Kansas	1,406	100.0	.7	6.3	13.4	8.4	5.0	14.5	5.0
Kentucky	1,885	100.0	1.2	7.5	13.6	9.5	4.1	14.7	5.6
Louisiana	1,973	100.0	3.1	8.7	8.3	3.4	4.9	16.0	5.9
Maine	677	100.0	.1	7.4	10.6	6.1	4.5	17.6	4.3
Maryland	2,800	100.0	.1	8.6	5.8	3.3	2.5	12.3	4.5
Massachusetts	3,193	100.0	(¹)	7.1	9.2	6.0	3.2	14.3	4.0
Michigan	4,773	100.0	.2	6.4	19.4	15.8	3.7	14.9	4.1
Minnesota	2,815	100.0	.2	6.5	13.5	8.6	4.9	15.7	4.6
Mississippi	1,241	100.0	1.1	7.4	17.1	11.1	6.0	13.3	5.1
Missouri	2,855	100.0	.3	7.3	12.8	8.1	4.8	15.9	5.9
Montana	476	100.0	.8	11.0	5.0	3.3	1.7	15.5	4.7
Nebraska	948	100.0	.1	7.0	12.1	5.8	6.3	16.1	4.6
Nevada	1,167	100.0	1.1	11.3	4.1	2.9	1.2	14.2	4.6
New Hampshire	708	100.0	(¹)	8.2	14.3	11.3	3.0	16.3	3.5
New Jersey	4,244	100.0	(¹)	6.2	10.4	4.5	5.9	14.5	6.5
New Mexico	897	100.0	2.2	9.5	4.7	3.5	1.2	14.1	5.0
New York	8,943	100.0	.1	6.1	7.6	4.7	3.0	13.9	5.9
North Carolina	4,092	100.0	(¹)	9.5	14.0	7.3	6.7	14.9	4.7
North Dakota	349	100.0	1.0	6.3	6.9	4.6	2.4	14.9	5.1
Ohio	5,558	100.0	.2	6.0	17.0	11.6	5.4	15.1	5.2
Oklahoma	1,665	100.0	2.3	7.4	10.6	7.1	3.5	14.7	5.2
Oregon	1,745	100.0	(¹)	7.7	12.6	9.3	3.3	16.2	4.1
Pennsylvania	5,972	100.0	.3	7.1	14.1	8.8	5.3	15.4	5.1
Rhode Island	541	100.0	(¹)	6.3	13.7	9.5	4.2	15.6	4.3
South Carolina	1,939	100.0	.1	8.5	16.4	9.0	7.5	15.8	4.7
South Dakota	414	100.0	.2	6.8	10.5	6.3	4.2	15.2	4.6
Tennessee	2,717	100.0	.2	8.1	15.4	9.5	5.9	15.1	6.0
Texas	10,629	100.0	1.7	9.0	9.6	5.5	4.1	15.7	5.7
Utah	1,216	100.0	2.1	9.1	10.2	7.3	3.0	15.6	5.5
Vermont	342	100.0	.2	8.8	11.5	8.4	3.1	13.7	3.4
Virginia	3,781	100.0	.2	9.8	8.3	4.5	3.8	14.2	4.4
Washington	3,114	100.0	(¹)	7.0	11.0	7.5	3.5	16.6	6.1
West Virginia	759	100.0	4.2	7.7	8.5	5.3	3.2	16.0	5.6
Wisconsin	2,881	100.0	(¹)	6.3	17.7	11.3	6.4	15.3	5.6
Wyoming	273	100.0	8.4	9.7	3.4	2.2	1.2	13.9	6.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
TOTAL								
Alabama	2.0	6.6	8.0	20.1	7.0	4.6	4.8	1.1
Alaska	1.9	5.2	7.3	21.0	10.3	5.4	9.8	2.2
Arizona	1.8	8.6	11.2	18.1	10.0	5.1	5.4	.6
Arkansas	1.4	5.1	6.7	19.3	6.9	5.2	4.2	4.1
California	3.1	8.1	12.4	18.2	8.9	5.2	4.2	1.7
Colorado	3.9	8.1	12.0	18.3	9.0	4.4	4.6	1.2
Connecticut	2.7	10.2	10.4	21.8	8.2	4.6	4.3	.4
Delaware	1.7	10.8	9.0	21.2	8.2	3.9	5.5	1.3
District of Columbia	5.2	6.8	20.6	18.2	9.9	9.1	16.1	.1
Florida	2.1	8.1	11.7	18.5	10.0	5.7	4.7	.6
Georgia	2.6	6.8	10.3	18.6	7.7	5.8	4.4	1.1
Hawaii	1.7	7.3	9.4	18.9	15.6	4.3	8.3	2.3
Idaho	2.4	6.2	9.5	19.5	8.2	3.5	4.7	5.7
Illinois	2.1	8.2	11.7	19.8	8.6	4.9	3.8	1.1
Indiana	1.8	5.7	7.1	20.1	7.7	4.3	3.6	1.4
Iowa	2.5	6.8	7.1	22.5	6.7	4.3	3.1	4.8
Kansas	2.9	6.4	7.8	22.0	8.1	4.7	4.5	3.6
Kentucky	1.9	5.7	7.2	23.4	7.5	4.5	4.4	2.7
Louisiana	1.5	5.2	7.2	22.3	10.1	4.8	5.3	1.4
Maine	1.9	6.8	8.0	23.9	8.1	4.3	4.1	2.8
Maryland	2.7	7.0	13.7	21.3	7.1	5.6	10.7	.6
Massachusetts	2.2	7.6	12.6	26.6	7.9	4.2	3.7	.4
Michigan	2.1	5.2	9.4	21.0	8.2	4.8	3.2	1.1
Minnesota	2.3	8.2	9.4	21.7	7.7	4.7	3.4	2.1
Mississippi	1.2	4.2	6.3	22.3	8.0	5.7	4.6	3.7
Missouri	2.4	7.0	7.8	21.6	7.9	5.2	4.0	1.9
Montana	1.7	5.8	7.1	20.8	10.6	4.8	5.3	6.7
Nebraska	2.2	7.7	7.8	21.6	7.6	4.6	3.9	4.8
Nevada	1.8	7.3	9.9	12.5	24.7	4.0	3.9	.4
New Hampshire	2.2	7.5	10.6	21.3	7.7	3.9	4.0	.5
New Jersey	3.4	9.2	12.0	20.7	7.1	5.1	4.4	.4
New Mexico	2.6	6.3	11.1	21.0	8.9	5.2	6.5	3.0
New York	3.0	8.6	9.8	26.0	8.3	4.9	5.2	.6
North Carolina	2.2	6.5	9.2	20.4	7.6	5.2	3.9	1.8
North Dakota	2.1	5.9	6.6	24.6	7.5	5.1	4.9	9.0
Ohio	1.9	6.8	8.5	21.7	9.0	4.0	3.6	1.1
Oklahoma	2.2	6.9	7.9	19.9	7.7	5.1	7.0	3.1
Oregon	2.0	6.9	10.6	19.7	8.5	4.6	4.0	3.1
Pennsylvania	2.0	6.6	8.6	22.3	7.7	5.0	4.2	1.4
Rhode Island	1.8	7.4	9.2	22.5	9.5	4.7	4.4	.6
South Carolina	1.7	6.3	8.3	19.2	8.2	4.9	5.2	.7
South Dakota	2.3	7.9	5.4	23.0	8.7	3.6	3.7	8.1
Tennessee	2.0	5.7	7.6	20.5	8.9	4.9	4.4	1.1
Texas	2.5	6.7	9.7	19.8	7.9	5.5	4.5	1.8
Utah	2.4	6.8	11.3	17.6	9.6	4.2	4.5	1.2
Vermont	2.2	5.0	8.0	26.8	8.4	4.7	5.0	2.4
Virginia	2.6	6.8	12.7	18.9	8.2	5.1	7.6	1.3
Washington	2.4	6.4	10.5	19.4	8.9	4.4	5.2	2.0
West Virginia	1.7	4.6	6.6	25.4	8.5	4.0	5.9	1.4
Wisconsin	1.8	6.6	8.4	20.8	7.8	4.1	3.2	2.3
Wyoming	1.6	4.8	5.9	18.9	8.5	4.5	5.8	7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men									
Alabama	1,127	100.0	1.0	14.7	20.8	14.2	6.7	16.2	7.7
Alaska	169	100.0	3.9	15.0	3.2	1.7	1.5	13.7	11.9
Arizona	1,506	100.0	.3	16.8	9.8	7.6	2.2	15.7	7.5
Arkansas	697	100.0	.9	14.6	18.4	11.0	7.5	17.6	9.4
California	9,309	100.0	.2	13.0	12.6	9.0	3.7	15.8	6.3
Colorado	1,324	100.0	.9	15.4	11.5	7.2	4.3	14.9	6.8
Connecticut	904	100.0	.1	12.0	17.6	13.6	4.0	14.2	6.0
Delaware	218	100.0	.2	16.0	13.5	5.9	7.6	15.3	6.2
District of Columbia	136	100.0	.1	6.5	1.6	.8	.8	6.1	4.9
Florida	4,507	100.0	.1	17.0	7.9	5.7	2.2	17.6	7.1
Georgia	2,316	100.0	.7	15.0	15.3	8.2	7.2	15.9	8.4
Hawaii	317	100.0	(¹)	14.9	3.8	2.4	1.4	13.8	7.4
Idaho	393	100.0	.5	14.7	15.0	10.1	4.9	15.4	7.1
Illinois	3,276	100.0	.2	10.8	16.8	11.4	5.3	15.6	8.2
Indiana	1,634	100.0	.4	12.5	26.4	19.7	6.7	15.7	7.5
Iowa	829	100.0	.3	11.2	20.2	12.1	8.1	15.8	8.5
Kansas	755	100.0	1.2	10.6	18.7	12.5	6.2	14.9	7.2
Kentucky	986	100.0	2.3	12.8	18.6	14.1	4.5	15.2	8.4
Louisiana	1,003	100.0	5.5	15.3	12.3	5.5	6.8	15.9	9.4
Maine	350	100.0	.1	13.1	15.4	9.3	6.1	18.2	6.6
Maryland	1,451	100.0	.1	14.9	8.1	5.0	3.1	13.5	6.1
Massachusetts	1,649	100.0	(¹)	12.5	12.0	8.4	3.5	15.4	6.0
Michigan	2,540	100.0	.2	10.8	26.8	22.5	4.3	15.3	5.6
Minnesota	1,475	100.0	.3	11.0	17.8	11.5	6.3	17.0	6.5
Mississippi	651	100.0	1.8	13.2	21.7	15.3	6.4	12.0	8.3
Missouri	1,499	100.0	.6	12.6	16.9	11.4	5.5	16.3	8.3
Montana	254	100.0	1.4	18.5	6.6	4.6	2.0	15.8	6.8
Nebraska	504	100.0	.1	11.8	16.1	7.7	8.5	18.5	6.9
Nevada	653	100.0	1.9	18.5	5.2	3.9	1.2	13.7	6.0
New Hampshire	378	100.0	(¹)	14.3	17.8	14.1	3.7	17.4	5.2
New Jersey	2,310	100.0	(¹)	10.5	13.2	6.1	7.1	15.1	9.0
New Mexico	479	100.0	3.8	15.9	6.6	5.1	1.5	13.2	6.6
New York	4,698	100.0	.1	10.8	9.7	6.3	3.4	15.1	8.6
North Carolina	2,207	100.0	(¹)	16.1	16.2	9.2	7.0	15.9	7.0
North Dakota	184	100.0	1.7	10.7	9.5	6.1	3.4	15.8	6.6
Ohio	2,881	100.0	.3	10.3	23.3	16.8	6.4	15.7	8.0
Oklahoma	906	100.0	3.1	12.4	14.2	9.6	4.5	15.8	7.6
Oregon	931	100.0	.1	12.5	17.7	13.6	4.1	17.1	6.2
Pennsylvania	3,153	100.0	.6	12.7	19.1	12.5	6.6	15.2	7.6
Rhode Island	277	100.0	(¹)	11.1	17.9	12.8	5.1	16.9	6.2
South Carolina	1,012	100.0	.1	14.8	22.0	12.5	9.5	15.6	7.1
South Dakota	216	100.0	.3	12.0	13.4	8.5	4.9	16.8	6.9
Tennessee	1,450	100.0	.3	14.0	18.7	12.0	6.7	16.1	8.3
Texas	5,874	100.0	2.6	15.0	12.4	7.4	5.0	15.7	7.8
Utah	681	100.0	3.1	14.9	13.0	9.9	3.1	14.6	7.7
Vermont	176	100.0	.4	15.5	15.6	12.1	3.5	15.1	4.8
Virginia	1,989	100.0	.3	16.9	11.0	6.5	4.5	14.8	6.6
Washington	1,674	100.0	.1	11.5	15.3	10.9	4.4	16.7	8.6
West Virginia	395	100.0	7.6	13.9	12.6	8.4	4.2	15.3	9.6
Wisconsin	1,515	100.0	(¹)	10.7	24.5	16.6	7.9	15.4	8.1
Wyoming	150	100.0	13.8	15.3	4.4	2.7	1.7	12.8	10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Men								
Alabama	1.9	4.5	9.0	7.8	4.9	4.3	5.7	1.6
Alaska	2.1	3.9	6.9	10.8	8.9	5.8	10.8	3.2
Arizona	1.9	6.4	13.1	8.6	9.2	4.4	5.5	.9
Arkansas	1.6	4.1	6.1	6.5	5.5	4.7	4.0	6.4
California	3.3	6.8	13.3	9.5	8.3	4.6	3.8	2.3
Colorado	3.8	7.1	12.9	8.9	8.1	3.5	4.7	1.6
Connecticut	3.1	9.5	11.1	10.8	7.4	3.4	4.4	.6
Delaware	2.1	8.5	9.7	9.6	8.0	3.4	5.7	1.9
District of Columbia	5.9	7.4	21.5	12.4	11.0	7.3	15.3	.1
Florida	2.4	7.0	11.9	8.8	9.4	5.4	4.7	.7
Georgia	2.3	4.7	11.1	7.8	6.5	6.1	4.4	1.7
Hawaii	1.8	6.9	10.2	10.2	15.2	4.2	8.5	3.1
Idaho	2.1	4.4	9.7	8.1	6.7	3.3	4.4	8.7
Illinois	2.1	7.0	12.3	9.0	8.3	4.0	4.2	1.6
Indiana	1.9	4.8	7.1	8.7	6.3	3.9	3.1	1.8
Iowa	2.3	4.3	7.0	9.8	5.7	4.4	3.2	7.4
Kansas	3.3	5.7	8.3	10.5	6.6	3.9	4.0	5.1
Kentucky	1.9	4.7	6.6	11.5	6.2	4.3	3.9	3.6
Louisiana	1.7	3.7	8.2	7.8	7.9	4.0	5.6	2.6
Maine	2.4	5.5	8.6	11.2	6.6	4.3	3.8	4.3
Maryland	2.8	6.0	15.3	10.9	6.5	4.5	10.5	.9
Massachusetts	2.1	7.0	14.0	15.0	7.0	3.8	4.5	.6
Michigan	2.3	3.9	9.9	9.1	7.0	4.3	3.2	1.5
Minnesota	2.6	7.2	10.1	10.3	7.3	4.1	3.1	2.9
Mississippi	1.3	3.1	7.7	10.6	6.1	4.9	4.6	4.5
Missouri	2.3	5.1	8.5	9.7	7.4	5.1	4.3	2.8
Montana	1.7	5.0	6.5	10.5	7.5	4.4	5.2	10.1
Nebraska	2.3	6.2	7.6	8.9	6.6	4.0	3.4	7.6
Nevada	1.7	6.3	10.6	5.9	22.8	3.5	3.8	.3
New Hampshire	2.0	6.7	11.4	9.9	7.0	3.2	4.2	.7
New Jersey	3.8	9.2	12.9	9.6	7.0	4.4	4.6	.6
New Mexico	2.8	4.0	13.1	9.8	7.5	5.5	6.9	4.2
New York	3.2	8.7	10.4	13.6	8.7	4.3	6.2	.8
North Carolina	2.4	5.1	9.8	8.5	7.3	5.0	4.3	2.6
North Dakota	2.0	4.6	6.2	12.2	6.4	5.4	5.3	13.6
Ohio	1.9	5.2	9.3	8.6	8.7	3.6	3.6	1.5
Oklahoma	1.6	5.0	8.2	9.4	6.9	5.0	6.9	4.1
Oregon	1.2	4.8	11.4	9.6	7.0	4.2	3.8	4.3
Pennsylvania	2.4	5.3	9.2	10.7	6.2	4.3	4.6	2.1
Rhode Island	1.9	5.7	10.6	10.3	8.9	4.3	5.5	.8
South Carolina	1.8	4.6	9.1	6.8	7.3	4.7	5.0	1.1
South Dakota	2.5	5.7	5.6	10.5	6.7	3.7	3.7	12.2
Tennessee	1.5	4.9	8.1	9.6	7.6	4.9	4.6	1.4
Texas	2.6	5.5	10.0	9.0	7.2	5.5	4.3	2.4
Utah	2.4	6.0	12.2	9.4	7.5	3.6	4.1	1.5
Vermont	2.3	3.9	9.1	13.4	8.0	3.6	4.9	3.3
Virginia	2.5	5.7	13.0	7.9	7.0	4.0	8.6	1.8
Washington	3.0	4.4	11.6	9.7	7.5	3.9	4.8	2.9
West Virginia	1.8	3.1	6.5	11.8	6.5	3.4	6.0	1.9
Wisconsin	1.8	5.3	8.1	8.6	7.3	3.8	3.1	3.2
Wyoming	1.6	3.0	5.2	8.8	6.3	4.4	5.2	8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women									
Alabama	960	100.0	0.1	2.0	10.5	5.3	5.2	15.1	1.3
Alaska	150	100.0	.6	2.8	1.7	.6	1.1	15.1	4.8
Arizona	1,191	100.0	.1	3.3	4.5	3.4	1.1	15.0	2.6
Arkansas	604	100.0	.1	1.9	12.0	5.8	6.2	14.0	3.2
California	7,415	100.0	(¹)	1.7	7.7	4.5	3.2	14.1	2.3
Colorado	1,082	100.0	.2	2.5	5.4	2.8	2.6	13.9	3.0
Connecticut	820	100.0	(¹)	1.0	7.9	5.6	2.3	12.2	2.3
Delaware	202	100.0	(¹)	2.0	6.4	2.0	4.4	14.5	1.9
District of Columbia	141	100.0	(¹)	.8	1.0	.3	.7	5.0	2.1
Florida	3,883	100.0	(¹)	2.7	4.0	2.4	1.6	16.5	2.7
Georgia	2,017	100.0	(¹)	2.0	8.2	3.1	5.1	14.0	3.8
Hawaii	299	100.0	(¹)	1.6	2.5	1.2	1.4	16.0	3.8
Idaho	328	100.0	(¹)	2.3	5.6	2.5	3.0	15.6	2.2
Illinois	2,821	100.0	(¹)	1.5	7.2	4.1	3.1	14.0	3.7
Indiana	1,399	100.0	(¹)	1.4	13.9	9.8	4.1	13.9	2.6
Iowa	763	100.0	.1	1.3	9.1	4.4	4.8	14.7	2.1
Kansas	651	100.0	.1	1.2	7.3	3.6	3.6	14.0	2.5
Kentucky	899	100.0	(¹)	1.8	8.1	4.5	3.7	14.0	2.5
Louisiana	970	100.0	.6	2.0	4.1	1.3	2.9	16.1	2.3
Maine	327	100.0	(¹)	1.3	5.6	2.7	2.9	17.0	2.0
Maryland	1,349	100.0	(¹)	1.8	3.3	1.5	1.8	11.0	2.7
Massachusetts	1,544	100.0	.1	1.4	6.2	3.3	2.9	13.2	1.8
Michigan	2,233	100.0	.1	1.5	11.1	8.1	3.0	14.4	2.3
Minnesota	1,340	100.0	(¹)	1.5	8.7	5.5	3.3	14.3	2.4
Mississippi	590	100.0	.3	1.1	12.1	6.5	5.6	14.7	1.6
Missouri	1,356	100.0	(¹)	1.5	8.4	4.4	4.0	15.6	3.2
Montana	223	100.0	.1	2.5	3.3	1.9	1.4	15.2	2.4
Nebraska	444	100.0	(¹)	1.5	7.5	3.7	3.9	13.3	2.0
Nevada	514	100.0	.2	2.3	2.7	1.6	1.1	14.9	2.8
New Hampshire	331	100.0	(¹)	1.2	10.2	8.0	2.1	15.0	1.6
New Jersey	1,934	100.0	(¹)	1.0	7.0	2.6	4.4	13.9	3.5
New Mexico	418	100.0	.3	2.0	2.5	1.7	.8	15.2	3.1
New York	4,245	100.0	.1	.9	5.4	2.8	2.5	12.6	2.9
North Carolina	1,885	100.0	(¹)	1.7	11.4	5.1	6.3	13.7	1.9
North Dakota	165	100.0	.2	1.4	4.1	2.8	1.3	14.0	3.4
Ohio	2,677	100.0	(¹)	1.3	10.2	5.9	4.2	14.5	2.2
Oklahoma	759	100.0	1.5	1.3	6.4	4.1	2.3	13.4	2.3
Oregon	814	100.0	(¹)	2.3	6.8	4.3	2.5	15.1	1.7
Pennsylvania	2,820	100.0	(¹)	.9	8.4	4.5	3.9	15.7	2.4
Rhode Island	263	100.0	(¹)	1.3	9.3	5.9	3.4	14.2	2.4
South Carolina	928	100.0	(¹)	1.8	10.4	5.2	5.2	16.0	2.2
South Dakota	198	100.0	.1	1.0	7.3	3.9	3.4	13.6	2.2
Tennessee	1,266	100.0	(¹)	1.4	11.7	6.6	5.0	13.9	3.4
Texas	4,754	100.0	.6	1.7	6.1	3.0	3.1	15.6	3.0
Utah	534	100.0	.8	1.7	6.7	3.9	2.8	16.8	2.7
Vermont	166	100.0	(¹)	1.5	7.2	4.6	2.6	12.1	1.8
Virginia	1,792	100.0	(¹)	1.8	5.4	2.3	3.1	13.5	2.1
Washington	1,440	100.0	(¹)	1.8	6.0	3.5	2.5	16.4	3.2
West Virginia	364	100.0	.6	1.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	16.8	1.3
Wisconsin	1,366	100.0	(¹)	1.4	10.2	5.5	4.7	15.2	2.8
Wyoming	123	100.0	1.9	2.8	2.1	1.5	.6	15.2	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Women								
Alabama	2.2	9.0	6.8	34.6	9.3	5.0	3.6	0.5
Alaska	1.5	6.7	7.7	32.5	11.9	4.9	8.6	1.2
Arizona	1.8	11.3	8.9	30.0	11.0	5.9	5.3	.3
Arkansas	1.1	6.1	7.4	34.1	8.4	5.8	4.4	1.5
California	2.8	9.6	11.2	29.2	9.6	6.0	4.7	.9
Colorado	4.1	9.4	10.9	29.8	10.0	5.5	4.5	.7
Connecticut	2.2	11.0	9.7	34.0	9.1	6.0	4.1	.3
Delaware	1.4	13.4	8.2	33.6	8.4	4.4	5.2	.6
District of Columbia	4.6	6.2	19.7	23.8	9.0	10.8	16.9	.1
Florida	1.9	9.2	11.3	29.8	10.8	6.1	4.6	.5
Georgia	2.9	9.2	9.5	30.9	9.0	5.5	4.5	.4
Hawaii	1.5	7.8	8.6	28.1	16.0	4.3	8.1	1.4
Idaho	2.8	8.4	9.3	33.1	10.0	3.8	5.0	2.0
Illinois	2.1	9.5	11.0	32.3	8.9	5.9	3.3	.4
Indiana	1.6	6.8	7.1	33.5	9.3	4.8	4.2	1.0
Iowa	2.6	9.6	7.3	36.3	7.8	4.2	3.0	1.9
Kansas	2.5	7.2	7.2	35.2	10.0	5.6	5.1	2.0
Kentucky	1.9	6.8	7.9	36.5	9.0	4.8	5.0	1.6
Louisiana	1.4	6.7	6.3	37.3	12.3	5.6	5.0	.2
Maine	1.4	8.2	7.5	37.4	9.7	4.4	4.3	1.2
Maryland	2.5	8.1	12.0	32.6	7.8	6.8	10.8	.4
Massachusetts	2.3	8.3	11.2	39.0	8.9	4.6	2.7	.3
Michigan	1.9	6.6	8.9	34.4	9.7	5.4	3.2	.5
Minnesota	2.0	9.4	8.7	34.3	8.2	5.4	3.7	1.2
Mississippi	1.0	5.3	4.8	35.2	10.1	6.5	4.6	2.7
Missouri	2.5	9.0	7.1	34.8	8.3	5.2	3.6	.8
Montana	1.7	6.7	7.7	32.6	14.1	5.3	5.5	2.9
Nebraska	2.0	9.5	8.0	36.2	8.6	5.2	4.5	1.7
Nevada	2.0	8.7	9.0	21.0	27.1	4.6	4.0	.6
New Hampshire	2.4	8.3	9.8	34.4	8.6	4.6	3.6	.4
New Jersey	2.8	9.2	10.9	34.1	7.3	6.0	4.1	.2
New Mexico	2.4	9.0	8.8	33.9	10.4	4.8	6.0	1.7
New York	2.8	8.4	9.1	39.7	8.0	5.6	4.1	.4
North Carolina	2.1	8.2	8.6	34.4	7.9	5.5	3.5	.9
North Dakota	2.2	7.3	7.0	38.4	8.8	4.8	4.4	3.9
Ohio	1.9	8.5	7.6	35.7	9.3	4.5	3.6	.7
Oklahoma	3.0	9.1	7.7	32.5	8.6	5.2	7.0	1.9
Oregon	2.9	9.3	9.5	31.3	10.2	5.0	4.1	1.7
Pennsylvania	1.4	8.1	7.9	35.3	9.4	5.9	3.9	.7
Rhode Island	1.6	9.3	7.7	35.5	10.1	5.0	3.3	.4
South Carolina	1.7	8.1	7.4	32.8	9.0	5.1	5.4	.3
South Dakota	2.0	10.3	5.1	36.7	10.8	3.5	3.8	3.6
Tennessee	2.5	6.6	7.1	33.1	10.5	4.8	4.2	.8
Texas	2.4	8.3	9.2	33.1	8.8	5.5	4.6	1.0
Utah	2.3	7.9	10.3	27.9	12.2	4.9	5.1	.7
Vermont	2.2	6.2	6.8	41.2	8.8	5.9	5.1	1.4
Virginia	2.8	8.0	12.5	31.1	9.4	6.3	6.4	.7
Washington	1.8	8.7	9.1	30.7	10.5	5.1	5.6	1.0
West Virginia	1.6	6.2	6.6	40.1	10.7	4.6	5.8	.8
Wisconsin	1.8	8.0	8.8	34.2	8.4	4.5	3.3	1.3
Wyoming	1.6	7.0	6.8	31.2	11.2	4.7	6.4	6.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White									
Alabama	1,563	100.0	0.6	10.1	15.5	10.4	5.1	16.3	4.8
Alaska	253	100.0	2.4	10.1	2.7	1.3	1.4	14.1	8.2
Arizona	2,402	100.0	.2	11.5	7.2	5.6	1.6	15.8	5.0
Arkansas	1,084	100.0	.6	9.7	15.3	8.5	6.8	16.2	6.2
California	13,076	100.0	.1	9.3	10.5	6.8	3.7	15.0	4.2
Colorado	2,216	100.0	.6	10.0	8.5	4.9	3.6	14.3	5.0
Connecticut	1,494	100.0	.1	7.0	13.0	9.9	3.1	13.4	4.0
Delaware	324	100.0	.1	10.5	10.1	3.9	6.2	15.3	4.0
District of Columbia	140	100.0	(¹)	3.0	1.4	.8	.6	3.3	1.3
Florida	6,945	100.0	(¹)	11.1	6.2	4.4	1.8	17.3	5.1
Georgia	3,008	100.0	.4	11.0	12.8	6.1	6.7	14.8	5.7
Hawaii	157	100.0	(¹)	11.5	2.2	1.7	.6	11.6	4.1
Idaho	689	100.0	.3	9.1	10.5	6.6	3.8	15.6	4.9
Illinois	5,022	100.0	.1	7.3	12.7	8.4	4.3	15.6	5.5
Indiana	2,765	100.0	.2	7.9	20.6	15.2	5.4	15.0	5.3
Iowa	1,529	100.0	.2	6.6	14.8	8.5	6.3	15.5	5.6
Kansas	1,276	100.0	.7	6.5	13.0	8.2	4.8	14.5	4.9
Kentucky	1,720	100.0	1.3	7.8	13.4	9.4	4.0	14.7	5.4
Louisiana	1,402	100.0	3.7	10.0	7.1	3.4	3.8	15.9	5.6
Maine	657	100.0	.1	7.5	10.6	6.1	4.5	17.5	4.4
Maryland	1,877	100.0	.1	10.5	6.4	3.8	2.6	13.0	3.9
Massachusetts	2,843	100.0	(¹)	7.6	9.2	6.0	3.2	14.5	3.8
Michigan	4,036	100.0	.2	7.0	19.1	15.5	3.6	16.0	3.8
Minnesota	2,574	100.0	.2	6.9	13.3	8.5	4.8	16.1	4.5
Mississippi	825	100.0	1.4	8.7	13.8	8.9	4.8	14.9	5.7
Missouri	2,485	100.0	.3	7.9	12.7	8.2	4.5	16.6	6.0
Montana	449	100.0	.9	11.0	5.1	3.3	1.8	15.7	4.8
Nebraska	879	100.0	.1	7.2	11.7	5.8	5.9	16.3	4.5
Nevada	976	100.0	1.3	12.6	4.1	3.0	1.1	14.4	4.4
New Hampshire	680	100.0	(¹)	8.4	14.1	11.2	2.9	16.5	3.6
New Jersey	3,344	100.0	(¹)	7.1	10.0	4.4	5.5	14.2	6.1
New Mexico	772	100.0	2.3	9.7	4.5	3.3	1.2	14.2	4.9
New York	6,828	100.0	.1	6.7	8.2	5.1	3.1	14.5	5.2
North Carolina	3,124	100.0	(¹)	10.7	13.9	7.5	6.4	16.0	4.4
North Dakota	325	100.0	1.0	6.3	6.7	4.5	2.2	15.5	5.3
Ohio	4,850	100.0	.2	6.4	17.2	11.6	5.6	15.7	5.3
Oklahoma	1,341	100.0	2.7	7.7	10.4	6.9	3.5	14.7	5.3
Oregon	1,572	100.0	.1	8.0	11.5	8.4	3.2	16.6	4.2
Pennsylvania	5,342	100.0	.3	7.6	14.5	9.1	5.4	15.7	5.0
Rhode Island	490	100.0	(¹)	6.5	13.6	9.3	4.3	15.7	4.4
South Carolina	1,390	100.0	.1	9.4	14.2	7.9	6.3	17.5	4.5
South Dakota	388	100.0	.2	7.0	10.1	6.5	3.7	15.7	4.8
Tennessee	2,255	100.0	.2	8.8	15.0	9.6	5.4	15.5	5.5
Texas	8,924	100.0	1.8	10.0	9.5	5.3	4.2	16.1	5.2
Utah	1,154	100.0	2.1	9.2	10.0	7.1	2.9	15.3	5.6
Vermont	331	100.0	.2	8.9	11.4	8.4	3.1	13.7	3.4
Virginia	2,871	100.0	.2	11.3	8.0	4.6	3.4	13.7	4.0
Washington	2,646	100.0	(¹)	7.8	10.2	6.9	3.3	16.6	5.9
West Virginia	728	100.0	4.3	7.7	8.6	5.4	3.1	16.2	5.6
Wisconsin	2,671	100.0	(¹)	6.7	18.2	11.6	6.5	15.6	5.5
Wyoming	263	100.0	8.4	9.7	3.4	2.2	1.2	13.9	6.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
White								
Alabama	2.3	7.4	8.5	18.2	5.8	4.7	4.6	1.2
Alaska	2.1	5.3	7.6	21.8	8.7	5.1	9.4	2.5
Arizona	1.8	8.8	11.2	17.9	10.0	5.2	5.0	.6
Arkansas	1.4	5.6	7.1	17.7	6.5	5.5	3.7	4.5
California	3.1	7.8	12.2	17.3	9.2	5.4	3.9	2.1
Colorado	4.0	8.2	12.1	18.4	8.7	4.4	4.6	1.3
Connecticut	2.7	10.3	10.7	21.5	8.2	4.5	4.1	.5
Delaware	1.7	9.5	9.3	20.3	8.7	3.9	5.0	1.5
District of Columbia	5.7	6.9	24.2	15.0	8.8	12.3	17.9	.2
Florida	2.1	8.5	12.1	17.2	9.8	5.4	4.5	.7
Georgia	2.4	7.3	11.1	17.4	6.8	5.3	3.9	1.3
Hawaii	2.3	9.1	12.0	21.1	12.5	4.3	7.9	1.5
Idaho	2.5	6.2	9.3	19.7	8.0	3.6	4.6	5.7
Illinois	2.2	8.1	11.8	18.5	8.4	5.0	3.6	1.2
Indiana	1.5	5.8	7.2	19.4	7.6	4.4	3.5	1.5
Iowa	2.4	6.9	7.1	22.3	6.3	4.3	3.1	4.9
Kansas	3.1	6.6	7.8	21.9	7.7	4.7	4.6	4.0
Kentucky	1.7	5.8	7.2	23.4	7.6	4.6	4.3	2.9
Louisiana	1.7	6.0	8.5	21.6	8.4	5.2	4.9	1.4
Maine	1.9	6.9	8.1	24.0	7.9	4.3	4.1	2.8
Maryland	2.4	7.3	13.5	19.7	7.0	5.7	9.5	.9
Massachusetts	2.3	7.4	12.9	26.4	7.7	4.2	3.6	.5
Michigan	2.1	5.3	9.0	20.4	8.0	5.0	2.9	1.2
Minnesota	2.3	8.2	9.4	21.4	7.2	4.7	3.5	2.3
Mississippi	1.2	4.8	7.2	20.0	6.9	6.4	4.2	4.7
Missouri	2.4	6.7	7.9	20.4	7.8	5.2	4.0	2.1
Montana	1.8	5.8	7.3	20.5	10.3	4.9	4.9	6.9
Nebraska	2.1	7.9	7.9	21.9	7.2	4.5	3.6	5.1
Nevada	2.0	7.3	9.7	12.1	23.4	4.3	3.9	.5
New Hampshire	2.2	7.3	10.5	21.6	7.3	3.9	4.0	.6
New Jersey	3.2	9.3	12.4	20.1	7.5	5.4	4.3	.5
New Mexico	2.5	6.6	11.3	20.6	8.8	5.2	6.1	3.3
New York	3.2	8.9	10.1	24.4	8.0	4.8	5.2	.7
North Carolina	2.3	6.8	9.5	18.7	6.9	5.0	3.5	2.2
North Dakota	2.0	6.2	6.8	24.1	6.7	5.2	4.4	9.6
Ohio	1.9	6.6	8.4	20.8	8.8	4.1	3.4	1.3
Oklahoma	2.3	7.4	8.2	19.1	7.1	5.1	6.7	3.1
Oregon	2.1	6.9	10.5	20.1	8.5	4.4	3.9	3.1
Pennsylvania	2.0	6.6	8.5	21.5	7.6	5.0	4.2	1.6
Rhode Island	1.8	7.5	9.2	22.5	9.1	4.6	4.3	.6
South Carolina	1.7	7.0	9.7	17.7	7.8	5.2	4.5	.7
South Dakota	2.3	8.1	5.5	22.7	8.4	3.6	3.2	8.4
Tennessee	2.0	5.7	7.6	20.4	9.2	4.8	4.0	1.4
Texas	2.4	6.9	9.7	18.8	7.8	5.4	4.4	2.0
Utah	2.4	6.7	11.3	17.9	9.6	4.2	4.4	1.2
Vermont	2.2	5.1	7.8	26.6	8.4	4.8	5.0	2.4
Virginia	2.5	7.0	13.2	18.2	7.7	5.2	7.2	1.6
Washington	2.2	6.6	10.7	19.7	8.2	4.5	5.2	2.2
West Virginia	1.7	4.7	6.5	25.0	8.3	4.1	5.9	1.4
Wisconsin	1.9	6.8	8.4	19.9	7.5	4.2	3.1	2.4
Wyoming	1.6	4.8	6.0	18.9	8.3	4.5	5.8	7.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construc-tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American									
Alabama	456	100.0	0.3	4.5	17.5	8.2	9.4	14.1	5.2
Alaska	9	100.0	1.4	3.6	.3	(¹)	.3	15.2	8.1
Arizona	102	100.0	(¹)	3.3	6.5	2.3	4.1	11.6	10.4
Arkansas	176	100.0	.3	4.0	15.7	8.2	7.5	14.5	8.7
California	957	100.0	(¹)	4.2	6.4	4.3	2.1	13.5	7.6
Colorado	78	100.0	.2	5.2	5.4	2.6	2.8	15.9	8.7
Connecticut	155	100.0	(¹)	6.5	10.6	7.1	3.6	13.3	7.3
Delaware	81	100.0	(¹)	4.7	10.2	4.8	5.4	12.4	4.7
District of Columbia	124	100.0	.1	4.6	1.3	.3	1.0	7.9	6.0
Florida	1,156	100.0	.1	7.7	4.4	2.5	1.9	15.4	5.8
Georgia	1,167	100.0	.3	4.4	10.1	5.0	5.2	15.5	7.9
Hawaii	7	100.0	(¹)	7.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.0	(¹)
Idaho	3	100.0	(¹)	11.8	23.3	23.3	(¹)	4.5	(¹)
Illinois	733	100.0	(¹)	2.9	9.8	4.7	5.1	10.4	10.0
Indiana	209	100.0	(¹)	2.7	20.0	13.7	6.3	14.2	5.2
Iowa	23	100.0	(¹)	4.4	15.1	4.8	10.3	10.4	1.6
Kansas	59	100.0	.8	5.1	14.5	5.5	9.0	12.4	8.3
Kentucky	125	100.0	.7	4.7	17.1	11.2	5.9	14.3	7.6
Louisiana	520	100.0	1.8	5.4	11.1	3.6	7.6	15.6	7.2
Maine	4	100.0	(¹)	7.0	32.5	21.7	10.8	11.3	4.4
Maryland	753	100.0	(¹)	4.6	4.6	2.0	2.6	10.9	6.2
Massachusetts	189	100.0	(¹)	4.0	5.7	2.6	3.1	12.9	8.0
Michigan	529	100.0	(¹)	3.8	20.0	16.3	3.7	9.1	6.6
Minnesota	92	100.0	(¹)	2.0	7.6	4.7	2.9	10.1	6.6
Mississippi	380	100.0	.5	4.9	25.5	16.5	9.0	10.4	4.3
Missouri	279	100.0	(¹)	2.2	12.7	6.3	6.5	11.5	6.3
Nebraska	30	100.0	(¹)	3.5	11.3	2.1	9.2	13.7	8.6
Nevada	75	100.0	(¹)	4.5	1.6	.4	1.2	11.9	7.2
New Hampshire	7	100.0	(¹)	9.2	10.6	5.3	5.2	6.1	3.8
New Jersey	547	100.0	(¹)	4.1	11.6	4.5	7.1	14.8	9.3
New Mexico	23	100.0	3.4	7.7	3.8	3.8	(¹)	15.7	9.0
New York	1,342	100.0	.1	3.9	3.9	2.3	1.7	10.7	9.4
North Carolina	773	100.0	(¹)	4.2	13.7	5.4	8.3	12.2	6.8
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	2.2	25.8	2.2	23.6	15.4	1.0
Ohio	550	100.0	.1	3.0	15.6	11.6	4.0	9.3	5.5
Oklahoma	106	100.0	(¹)	3.9	12.0	8.4	3.6	13.6	3.5
Oregon	27	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	13.1	12.5	.5	10.9	9.8
Pennsylvania	483	100.0	(¹)	3.5	8.9	5.3	3.6	12.9	6.9
Rhode Island	28	100.0	(¹)	3.8	8.2	6.2	2.0	13.8	3.9
South Carolina	505	100.0	.1	6.4	22.8	11.8	11.0	10.7	5.5
South Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	5.5	31.4	3.1	28.3	13.4	2.8
Tennessee	400	100.0	.1	3.7	17.3	9.0	8.2	13.2	9.3
Texas	1,119	100.0	.8	3.0	8.8	4.8	4.0	12.9	10.9
Utah	11	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	6.0	6.0	(¹)	39.3	(¹)
Vermont	1	100.0	(¹)	9.2	11.1	3.5	7.6	16.1	3.8
Virginia	703	100.0	(¹)	4.5	10.9	4.9	6.0	15.4	6.4
Washington	83	100.0	(¹)	1.5	9.1	4.9	4.2	15.5	13.3
West Virginia	20	100.0	(¹)	8.1	5.9	3.6	2.3	12.3	4.3
Wisconsin	116	100.0	(¹)	2.6	9.1	5.4	3.7	10.4	8.6
Wyoming	1	100.0	5.1	3.1	6.3	4.2	2.2	17.9	7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Black or African American								
Alabama	1.5	3.9	6.2	27.2	10.3	4.0	4.8	0.6
Alaska	1.8	4.3	3.5	30.2	6.9	6.9	17.1	.6
Arizona	2.7	7.2	15.7	17.5	9.6	2.4	13.4	(¹)
Arkansas	1.3	1.9	4.8	28.5	8.5	2.8	7.8	1.1
California	4.3	8.5	11.3	24.6	6.0	4.8	8.8	(¹)
Colorado	4.7	8.1	13.7	18.5	8.8	2.1	8.7	(¹)
Connecticut	2.7	8.6	7.8	23.6	6.9	5.9	6.9	(¹)
Delaware	1.8	14.8	8.1	24.8	6.2	4.0	7.9	.4
District of Columbia	4.8	6.7	16.2	22.2	10.6	5.8	13.7	(¹)
Florida	2.2	5.9	9.8	26.7	10.8	5.7	5.3	.3
Georgia	2.9	6.3	8.1	21.8	10.0	6.2	5.8	.8
Hawaii	(¹)	14.4	13.4	30.9	15.4	5.6	10.2	(¹)
Idaho	(¹)	13.0	10.5	26.8	2.8	7.2	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	2.2	7.4	9.7	26.7	8.8	5.6	6.4	.1
Indiana	5.3	4.8	6.3	27.1	5.6	3.8	5.1	(¹)
Iowa	6.1	6.6	3.9	27.6	16.3	2.5	5.5	(¹)
Kansas	1.0	4.5	8.6	25.5	9.0	4.7	5.7	(¹)
Kentucky	4.8	5.0	8.7	20.5	6.4	2.2	7.9	(¹)
Louisiana	1.2	3.2	4.2	24.9	14.1	3.2	6.6	1.5
Maine	(¹)	(¹)	6.2	17.8	13.0	7.7	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	3.3	7.0	13.5	24.7	7.4	3.7	13.9	(¹)
Massachusetts	2.3	7.9	8.7	33.1	7.5	5.1	4.8	.1
Michigan	2.2	4.5	10.9	24.3	9.1	4.2	5.3	(¹)
Minnesota	1.8	11.5	8.6	34.5	8.4	4.5	4.1	.5
Mississippi .....	.6	2.9	4.4	26.8	8.9	4.0	5.2	1.8
Missouri	2.0	10.0	5.3	31.3	7.4	6.4	4.9	(¹)
Nebraska	2.0	10.0	10.1	18.9	8.3	6.9	6.7	(¹)
Nevada	1.4	7.9	10.2	16.5	28.8	3.4	6.5	(¹)
New Hampshire	1.7	5.5	3.8	17.9	24.7	10.9	5.7	(¹)
New Jersey	2.9	7.4	8.7	26.0	5.4	3.3	6.5	(¹)
New Mexico	2.6	8.8	11.2	18.8	6.4	7.4	5.2	(¹)
New York	2.4	8.1	9.0	34.3	6.3	5.8	6.1	.1
North Carolina	2.1	5.9	8.6	27.8	7.8	5.5	5.1	.3
North Dakota	9.3	2.2	(¹)	19.0	16.0	(¹)	9.0	(¹)
Ohio	2.1	9.1	8.7	28.2	9.0	3.4	5.7	(¹)
Oklahoma	3.1	6.5	9.5	24.5	7.2	3.7	11.2	1.2
Oregon	3.1	15.0	20.9	11.9	7.6	1.4	4.1	2.1
Pennsylvania	2.2	7.1	9.1	31.3	8.4	4.8	4.9	(¹)
Rhode Island .....	.6	7.8	9.6	28.1	10.3	7.5	6.4	(¹)
South Carolina	1.9	4.6	4.1	23.8	8.4	3.8	7.2	.6
South Dakota	(¹)	6.0	3.1	16.9	18.7	(¹)	(¹)	2.3
Tennessee	2.4	6.1	7.7	21.6	7.1	4.3	7.2	(¹)
Texas	2.9	6.2	7.4	28.7	7.7	4.6	6.0	.3
Utah	(¹)	15.1	14.4	6.9	10.3	(¹)	8.0	(¹)
Vermont	6.6	1.1	9.7	29.6	10.5	2.3	(¹)	(¹)
Virginia	2.5	6.2	9.7	22.5	8.2	4.3	9.1	.3
Washington	3.2	4.0	9.4	26.0	5.6	2.7	9.6	(¹)
West Virginia .....	.6	1.7	6.6	35.8	16.7	(¹)	8.0	(¹)
Wisconsin .....	.7	4.0	6.8	38.8	8.0	3.9	5.8	1.2
Wyoming	(¹)	(¹)	2.7	27.9	20.6	8.6	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian									
Alabama	26	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	27.1	24.4	2.7	11.5	(¹)
Alaska	15	100.0	(¹)	3.5	3.0	.8	2.3	17.6	13.5
Arizona	62	100.0	.5	.8	17.8	15.4	2.5	8.6	10.1
Arkansas	14	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	14.6	8.8	5.8	18.4	2.8
California	2,095	100.0	.1	2.6	12.7	9.8	2.9	15.4	5.3
Colorado	55	100.0	(¹)	3.3	22.3	16.6	5.7	17.5	3.4
Connecticut	54	100.0	(¹)	2.1	19.2	13.3	5.9	9.4	1.6
Delaware	12	100.0	(¹)	5.7	9.5	1.6	7.9	21.1	4.1
District of Columbia	9	100.0	(¹)	.3	.3	(¹)	.3	6.9	1.8
Florida	187	100.0	(¹)	2.5	7.4	5.7	1.7	20.0	1.2
Georgia	118	100.0	(¹)	2.4	9.9	6.1	3.8	17.5	2.6
Hawaii	276	100.0	(¹)	5.5	4.2	2.1	2.1	16.2	5.1
Idaho	6	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	8.7	8.7	(¹)	3.0	15.9
Illinois	279	100.0	(¹)	1.9	13.3	10.8	2.4	12.6	6.3
Indiana	27	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	21.9	11.1	10.8	16.7	(¹)
Iowa	21	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	20.8	8.5	12.3	6.1	1.0
Kansas	31	100.0	(¹)	2.1	18.5	12.4	6.1	18.1	4.2
Kentucky	23	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	11.6	7.0	4.5	8.3	2.8
Louisiana	28	100.0	(¹)	.9	15.6	5.9	9.7	24.9	5.1
Maine	5	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	4.2	4.2	(¹)	36.3	(¹)
Maryland	131	100.0	(¹)	3.9	3.8	3.0	.9	12.2	1.8
Massachusetts	136	100.0	(¹)	3.2	13.8	9.2	4.6	10.9	1.5
Michigan	122	100.0	(¹)	.2	25.6	22.0	3.5	9.4	1.5
Minnesota	103	100.0	(¹)	.8	24.8	18.2	6.6	13.3	2.4
Mississippi	14	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	4.9	4.9	(¹)	11.4	(¹)
Missouri	35	100.0	(¹)	3.6	17.6	9.3	8.3	6.0	5.4
Nebraska	16	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	19.9	7.7	12.3	23.0	5.7
Nevada	74	100.0	(¹)	2.2	4.6	2.7	1.9	14.5	3.6
New Hampshire	12	100.0	(¹)	2.2	24.9	20.9	3.9	6.3	.7
New Jersey	309	100.0	(¹)	.7	12.7	4.9	7.8	18.8	5.7
New Mexico	14	100.0	(¹)	3.0	14.7	8.4	6.3	4.2	1.3
New York	636	100.0	(¹)	3.5	9.7	5.2	4.6	14.8	5.5
North Carolina	78	100.0	(¹)	.4	23.9	18.1	5.7	7.3	.4
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	3.3	(¹)	3.3	7.1	(¹)
Ohio	71	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	19.2	16.5	2.7	18.1	(¹)
Oklahoma	27	100.0	2.8	(¹)	9.5	6.2	3.4	20.5	11.6
Oregon	76	100.0	(¹)	1.7	36.8	30.8	6.0	7.5	.5
Pennsylvania	107	100.0	(¹)	3.3	18.0	10.5	7.5	13.6	1.5
Rhode Island	15	100.0	(¹)	4.6	28.0	21.0	7.0	12.1	1.9
South Carolina	18	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	25.4	25.4	(¹)	16.9	.9
South Dakota	5	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	36.7	6.2	30.5	5.9	(¹)
Tennessee	24	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	16.8	5.5	11.3	14.6	3.7
Texas	373	100.0	1.4	1.6	14.9	11.6	3.3	13.8	2.6
Utah	18	100.0	2.7	(¹)	24.8	16.7	8.1	18.4	1.6
Vermont	5	100.0	(¹)	.8	22.7	20.1	2.6	6.0	1.3
Virginia	165	100.0	(¹)	5.6	4.6	2.7	1.9	15.2	3.1
Washington	246	100.0	(¹)	2.1	19.8	14.1	5.7	14.4	4.1
Wisconsin	45	100.0	(¹)	.4	22.8	14.5	8.3	11.6	(¹)
Wyoming	1	100.0	8.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.9	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Asian								
Alabama	(¹)	4.7	6.2	19.4	17.7	11.3	2.0	(¹)
Alaska .....	.3	7.8	6.8	13.9	17.9	9.0	6.5	.2
Arizona	3.7	7.0	9.6	24.8	6.2	8.1	2.7	(¹)
Arkansas	(¹)	(¹)	1.1	29.6	24.6	4.5	3.3	1.1
California	2.5	9.6	14.3	20.7	8.2	4.8	3.8	.2
Colorado	1.1	6.7	8.1	11.5	16.2	7.7	2.3	(¹)
Connecticut .....	.9	13.2	9.5	24.5	12.2	5.5	2.1	(¹)
Delaware	1.2	16.9	7.8	19.6	8.7	5.4	(¹)	(¹)
District of Columbia	5.2	5.6	26.3	15.4	8.1	5.6	24.5	(¹)
Florida	1.9	4.9	10.1	20.4	12.1	15.1	4.3	(¹)
Georgia	4.0	3.0	16.0	18.2	9.7	14.0	2.8	(¹)
Hawaii	1.5	6.8	8.4	18.6	17.7	4.5	8.5	3.1
Idaho	(¹)	6.8	28.6	16.9	20.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	1.3	11.1	16.4	25.0	8.5	2.1	1.5	(¹)
Indiana	(¹)	1.9	8.2	24.8	22.9	(¹)	3.5	(¹)
Iowa	2.2	6.4	7.0	30.3	18.8	5.6	1.7	(¹)
Kansas	2.6	4.2	9.9	22.1	16.2	1.5	.6	(¹)
Kentucky .....	.8	7.4	4.5	46.9	10.7	4.9	(¹)	2.0
Louisiana	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.6	22.4	8.5	(¹)	(¹)
Maine	3.8	11.0	1.8	23.2	13.9	4.9	1.0	(¹)
Maryland	2.6	4.3	17.6	26.5	6.3	13.4	7.5	.2
Massachusetts .....	.9	12.0	14.6	25.0	11.6	3.6	2.1	.8
Michigan	2.5	4.7	16.3	25.4	7.1	4.6	2.5	.3
Minnesota	2.4	6.6	13.4	16.9	14.9	4.6	(¹)	(¹)
Mississippi	12.8	8.1	(¹)	19.1	29.5	3.1	11.2	(¹)
Missouri	(¹)	6.1	15.3	43.8	1.5	.7	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	4.0	5.1	5.0	18.1	10.4	4.6	4.2	(¹)
Nevada .....	.6	6.7	12.6	14.6	36.9	2.3	1.3	(¹)
New Hampshire	1.5	17.6	16.1	6.5	19.5	3.0	1.6	(¹)
New Jersey	5.8	11.4	15.3	16.8	5.4	6.1	1.2	(¹)
New Mexico	(¹)	(¹)	28.2	29.5	17.1	2.0	(¹)	(¹)
New York	2.4	6.9	8.5	24.7	15.6	4.7	3.3	.3
North Carolina	2.2	8.5	8.2	13.2	20.1	14.3	1.0	.4
North Dakota	(¹)	(¹)	3.1	65.1	7.4	8.8	5.2	(¹)
Ohio	(¹)	7.3	13.0	25.3	11.9	3.5	.7	1.0
Oklahoma	(¹)	(¹)	5.0	14.0	28.0	6.0	2.7	(¹)
Oregon	1.1	6.1	7.8	18.1	11.9	3.7	4.4	.2
Pennsylvania .....	.4	5.4	13.3	30.1	7.1	4.1	3.2	(¹)
Rhode Island	2.8	4.3	9.8	11.9	20.5	1.9	2.3	(¹)
South Carolina	(¹)	(¹)	11.6	9.2	20.9	15.0	(¹)	(¹)
South Dakota	4.7	9.7	(¹)	26.2	13.3	1.5	2.0	(¹)
Tennessee	2.0	5.5	9.5	12.7	12.3	21.5	1.2	(¹)
Texas	4.2	5.6	14.1	21.0	9.7	8.3	2.8	(¹)
Utah	2.3	9.2	11.4	12.4	12.0	5.2	(¹)	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	1.2	10.4	40.3	12.0	2.1	3.2	(¹)
Virginia	4.5	6.8	15.9	16.6	14.3	6.7	6.8	(¹)
Washington	5.0	7.1	10.4	14.5	12.6	4.9	3.7	1.4
Wisconsin	1.1	4.1	14.1	19.4	17.7	4.7	2.7	1.2
Wyoming	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	44.2	11.7	28.7	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construc-tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity									
Alabama	40	100.0	(¹)	43.4	23.8	13.0	10.8	2.7	(¹)
Alaska	15	100.0	2.3	9.2	1.8	(¹)	1.8	18.1	4.5
Arizona	729	100.0	(¹)	16.6	8.2	5.7	2.6	15.0	4.0
Arkansas	57	100.0	1.1	23.3	25.9	12.3	13.6	5.7	1.6
California	5,319	100.0	.1	12.2	12.9	7.3	5.6	15.5	5.3
Colorado	405	100.0	.1	18.4	9.9	3.8	6.1	13.6	4.9
Connecticut	148	100.0	(¹)	6.8	13.1	8.6	4.5	14.6	3.4
Delaware	26	100.0	(¹)	18.0	21.6	3.8	17.9	7.1	1.9
District of Columbia	26	100.0	(¹)	13.2	2.3	.1	2.2	6.4	1.3
Florida	1,683	100.0	.1	14.6	7.1	4.3	2.8	18.1	5.9
Georgia	316	100.0	(¹)	26.0	19.1	5.3	13.8	10.3	1.6
Hawaii	38	100.0	(¹)	13.3	2.3	1.6	.6	13.0	6.9
Idaho	62	100.0	(¹)	5.0	17.8	6.6	11.1	13.2	3.6
Illinois	659	100.0	(¹)	8.3	22.5	14.5	8.0	12.8	4.3
Indiana	126	100.0	.2	14.1	34.5	22.7	11.8	8.1	4.9
Iowa	61	100.0	(¹)	16.6	35.4	6.6	28.9	7.9	1.3
Kansas	70	100.0	(¹)	11.1	19.7	13.2	6.6	10.4	5.7
Kentucky	33	100.0	(¹)	22.2	13.8	8.0	5.8	9.1	3.9
Louisiana	36	100.0	(¹)	7.3	4.2	1.7	2.4	16.8	3.7
Maine	3	100.0	(¹)	15.7	13.5	1.2	12.3	20.8	(¹)
Maryland	193	100.0	(¹)	26.1	6.6	2.6	3.9	10.8	3.3
Massachusetts	206	100.0	(¹)	4.8	12.6	5.9	6.7	15.1	5.3
Michigan	160	100.0	.4	8.8	28.6	20.2	8.4	11.1	1.7
Minnesota	93	100.0	.4	5.6	22.9	10.6	12.3	11.7	3.3
Mississippi	35	100.0	(¹)	13.5	27.1	22.8	4.2	5.3	1.8
Missouri	88	100.0	(¹)	14.6	16.3	10.0	6.3	7.8	2.9
Montana	11	100.0	2.9	15.1	4.4	3.5	.9	12.4	3.8
Nebraska	66	100.0	(¹)	10.7	39.0	4.3	34.7	10.4	3.4
Nevada	240	100.0	.4	21.3	6.3	3.9	2.3	8.7	3.1
New Hampshire	12	100.0	(¹)	11.4	21.7	14.8	6.9	16.3	2.5
New Jersey	668	100.0	(¹)	9.1	15.2	6.5	8.7	14.8	9.1
New Mexico	328	100.0	2.4	13.4	3.9	2.3	1.6	15.3	5.4
New York	1,215	100.0	(¹)	7.4	8.4	4.5	3.8	13.3	6.5
North Carolina	299	100.0	(¹)	34.4	17.4	6.3	11.2	9.0	2.5
North Dakota	4	100.0	3.3	8.5	9.9	7.9	2.1	19.6	(¹)
Ohio	129	100.0	(¹)	8.3	22.5	14.4	8.1	9.0	3.6
Oklahoma	87	100.0	2.5	16.0	12.3	7.9	4.4	12.8	1.4
Oregon	122	100.0	.7	13.6	13.9	7.8	6.2	15.1	3.1
Pennsylvania	211	100.0	(¹)	7.2	23.5	9.8	13.7	14.3	4.6
Rhode Island	49	100.0	(¹)	6.0	27.1	17.1	10.0	13.8	5.4
South Carolina	56	100.0	(¹)	18.4	23.4	14.3	9.0	16.4	3.5
South Dakota	8	100.0	(¹)	10.7	34.0	11.1	22.8	7.6	(¹)
Tennessee	88	100.0	(¹)	30.6	13.3	5.7	7.6	11.4	2.7
Texas	3,628	100.0	1.8	14.7	10.4	5.4	5.0	15.9	5.1
Utah	127	100.0	1.3	18.2	14.3	9.8	4.5	9.5	4.3
Vermont	2	100.0	(¹)	10.1	8.6	8.6	(¹)	14.6	(¹)
Virginia	282	100.0	.2	36.7	4.3	1.9	2.4	9.3	1.8
Washington	199	100.0	(¹)	6.6	10.3	4.8	5.5	18.0	2.8
West Virginia	5	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	19.7	12.1
Wisconsin	122	100.0	(¹)	6.7	26.4	14.7	11.6	12.3	6.3
Wyoming	14	100.0	8.4	21.4	3.0	2.3	.7	12.5	4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	(¹)	(¹)	10.6	9.0	3.2	1.9	2.2	3.2
Alaska	4.5	.5	5.3	20.6	23.6	2.8	5.0	1.8
Arizona .....	.8	5.4	12.7	13.2	12.3	5.7	4.8	1.2
Arkansas	1.8	1.3	6.2	9.7	12.3	3.0	(¹)	8.1
California	1.9	5.3	9.8	13.4	10.8	6.4	2.6	3.7
Colorado	2.6	4.8	9.9	14.0	12.0	4.5	3.7	1.5
Connecticut	1.4	7.4	10.6	15.6	16.4	5.9	4.5	.3
Delaware .....	.3	5.5	10.8	10.3	13.8	3.0	3.3	4.4
District of Columbia	3.1	4.3	13.5	13.2	22.4	10.8	9.3	.3
Florida	1.7	7.8	12.2	13.4	10.0	5.5	2.8	.8
Georgia	1.5	1.8	9.5	9.4	10.8	6.6	1.7	1.6
Hawaii	2.7	6.5	8.9	15.9	23.3	2.0	5.3	(¹)
Idaho	2.0	3.9	9.8	12.8	7.7	4.0	1.3	18.8
Illinois .....	.9	6.3	12.5	9.4	14.6	5.4	2.5	.5
Indiana	(¹)	.9	8.6	7.5	13.3	2.6	3.5	1.8
Iowa .....	.4	2.3	9.1	13.0	9.1	2.1	.2	2.8
Kansas .....	.9	8.2	10.2	6.8	16.0	5.8	4.2	1.0
Kentucky	(¹)	.5	6.4	15.4	14.3	8.9	(¹)	5.4
Louisiana	1.1	10.6	2.9	27.7	14.3	7.1	3.6	.9
Maine	(¹)	3.9	7.5	19.1	11.9	4.3	3.4	(¹)
Maryland	1.7	4.3	13.7	8.4	11.6	8.7	4.1	.7
Massachusetts	1.1	6.6	9.7	26.6	9.3	5.6	2.7	.6
Michigan .....	.4	5.9	7.8	16.0	10.9	3.1	4.0	1.3
Minnesota	2.5	4.2	13.1	7.1	22.6	4.9	1.3	.5
Mississippi	(¹)	2.0	29.2	3.6	10.4	2.6	1.1	3.4
Missouri .....	.9	2.6	8.4	11.7	28.5	4.3	1.7	.3
Montana	2.8	3.3	9.0	12.6	20.7	5.9	2.1	4.9
Nebraska	1.5	2.1	6.3	7.3	12.4	3.2	1.8	2.0
Nevada	1.3	4.9	8.6	8.6	31.3	4.1	1.3	.2
New Hampshire	2.2	4.0	9.8	13.5	12.7	3.1	2.7	(¹)
New Jersey	1.6	4.0	10.8	12.4	12.4	7.7	2.2	.7
New Mexico	2.7	5.7	8.5	19.6	10.3	4.8	6.4	1.8
New York	1.6	8.1	8.3	22.5	12.7	7.9	3.0	.3
North Carolina .....	.2	1.9	8.1	4.4	9.3	5.6	.4	6.8
North Dakota	(¹)	3.4	3.9	10.8	6.9	6.5	9.9	17.2
Ohio	1.5	4.6	7.3	12.3	19.8	6.4	3.8	.9
Oklahoma	2.1	2.4	9.4	10.3	14.6	5.6	4.3	6.1
Oregon	2.0	3.2	7.9	11.2	12.3	4.3	2.8	9.7
Pennsylvania	2.8	3.1	9.0	13.7	8.6	2.9	3.4	7.0
Rhode Island	1.2	7.0	7.5	11.9	10.6	6.5	2.2	.9
South Carolina	(¹)	2.7	11.2	7.9	10.6	1.6	2.7	1.7
South Dakota	(¹)	7.6	3.9	11.5	11.9	.7	4.5	7.6
Tennessee	(¹)	4.6	6.6	7.3	17.3	3.5	1.6	1.1
Texas	1.7	4.9	7.6	16.6	10.7	5.6	3.5	1.5
Utah	1.8	3.3	11.6	8.8	19.8	3.7	3.2	.3
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	23.2	24.1	8.2	1.2	10.1	(¹)
Virginia	2.0	5.4	8.5	9.2	12.7	5.8	3.8	.2
Washington .....	.3	2.8	10.5	12.3	13.8	4.9	5.9	11.8
West Virginia	(¹)	6.2	15.0	14.5	28.7	(¹)	3.8	(¹)
Wisconsin	3.7	3.1	8.2	17.1	10.1	2.8	1.6	1.7
Wyoming .....	.5	3.7	4.4	12.2	18.1	5.9	3.2	2.4

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for

other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,086	22	13	9	2,064	1,950	1,617	11	333	84	249	113
Alaska	318	7	4	3	311	284	211	1	73	18	54	27
Arizona	2,697	17	13	3	2,681	2,505	2,134	22	371	63	308	175
Arkansas	1,301	53	30	23	1,248	1,152	962	7	190	25	165	96
California	16,724	289	251	37	16,435	14,819	12,570	149	2,248	320	1,929	1,599
Colorado	2,406	28	16	12	2,378	2,183	1,860	12	323	56	267	193
Connecticut	1,724	7	5	2	1,717	1,603	1,372	11	231	29	202	113
Delaware	421	5	3	2	416	394	332	1	62	8	54	22
District of Columbia	277	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	277	261	192	2	69	48	22	16
Florida	8,390	50	34	17	8,340	7,844	6,790	56	1,054	173	881	494
Georgia	4,334	48	28	19	4,286	4,020	3,429	19	592	113	479	261
Hawaii	616	14	8	6	602	557	438	2	120	33	86	44
Idaho	721	41	28	13	680	617	512	3	105	13	91	63
Illinois	6,097	64	20	42	6,033	5,704	4,942	32	762	97	665	327
Indiana	3,032	43	17	24	2,989	2,835	2,474	9	360	41	319	153
Iowa	1,592	76	28	47	1,517	1,410	1,183	6	226	32	195	105
Kansas	1,406	51	18	32	1,355	1,259	1,016	7	243	33	210	94
Kentucky	1,885	50	24	26	1,835	1,725	1,411	6	314	37	277	108
Louisiana	1,973	28	23	5	1,945	1,822	1,501	21	321	36	285	120
Maine	677	19	10	9	658	599	504	3	94	15	80	58
Maryland	2,800	18	12	6	2,782	2,627	2,034	20	592	267	325	154
Massachusetts	3,193	14	9	5	3,179	2,967	2,596	18	371	55	317	210
Michigan	4,773	51	29	21	4,722	4,447	3,843	20	604	72	531	273
Minnesota	2,815	59	26	32	2,756	2,580	2,227	13	353	44	308	175
Mississippi	1,241	46	22	24	1,196	1,119	884	10	235	34	201	75
Missouri	2,855	54	13	40	2,801	2,634	2,259	8	374	57	318	165
Montana	476	32	19	12	444	391	308	3	83	17	66	52
Nebraska	948	46	16	29	902	845	700	3	145	22	124	57
Nevada	1,167	5	2	3	1,162	1,092	971	4	121	17	103	70
New Hampshire	708	4	2	2	705	646	557	2	89	12	77	58
New Jersey	4,244	17	12	4	4,227	4,023	3,398	27	625	90	534	201
New Mexico	897	27	15	12	870	797	600	4	197	58	138	71
New York	8,943	52	26	24	8,891	8,319	6,790	75	1,530	171	1,359	570
North Carolina	4,092	74	41	31	4,018	3,759	3,153	19	606	70	536	258
North Dakota	349	31	10	21	317	296	233	1	63	12	51	21
Ohio	5,558	63	20	42	5,495	5,207	4,464	20	743	100	642	284
Oklahoma	1,665	51	24	27	1,614	1,493	1,209	5	285	74	210	120
Oregon	1,745	54	37	17	1,691	1,524	1,292	8	233	26	207	164
Pennsylvania	5,972	86	45	37	5,887	5,510	4,809	22	701	124	577	374
Rhode Island	541	3	2	1	538	509	443	2	67	10	57	28
South Carolina	1,939	14	4	10	1,925	1,807	1,484	11	323	47	276	117
South Dakota	414	33	10	23	381	352	289	1	63	15	49	29
Tennessee	2,717	31	11	19	2,686	2,455	2,088	8	367	72	295	227
Texas	10,629	189	108	80	10,440	9,677	8,142	69	1,535	239	1,297	753
Utah	1,216	14	7	6	1,201	1,115	936	4	179	42	137	86
Vermont	342	8	4	4	334	301	249	2	52	8	44	33
Virginia	3,781	48	19	28	3,733	3,529	2,858	28	671	235	436	203
Washington	3,114	64	48	16	3,050	2,798	2,275	14	523	95	429	251
West Virginia	759	10	5	5	748	710	564	3	146	26	120	38
Wisconsin	2,881	66	29	35	2,815	2,625	2,286	9	339	34	305	188
Wyoming	273	21	10	10	252	232	178	1	54	5	48	20

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Men												
Alabama	1,127	17	11	6	1,109	1,038	892	(1)	146	54	92	71
Alaska	169	5	3	2	163	147	112	(1)	35	12	23	16
Arizona	1,506	13	10	3	1,493	1,380	1,218	2	163	37	125	112
Arkansas	697	44	26	18	652	584	515	(1)	69	12	57	68
California	9,309	219	194	25	9,090	8,076	7,119	13	956	199	758	1,010
Colorado	1,324	21	11	9	1,303	1,196	1,052	1	144	33	111	106
Connecticut	904	5	4	1	899	823	725	2	98	18	80	76
Delaware	218	4	3	2	214	201	176	(1)	25	5	19	14
District of Columbia	136	(1)	(1)	(1)	136	126	96	(1)	31	23	8	9
Florida	4,507	31	21	10	4,477	4,154	3,699	7	455	104	351	323
Georgia	2,316	40	23	15	2,277	2,113	1,875	2	238	54	184	162
Hawaii	317	10	6	4	307	282	225	(1)	57	19	38	24
Idaho	393	34	24	10	358	320	279	(1)	41	8	34	38
Illinois	3,276	53	15	36	3,224	3,026	2,695	5	331	48	283	197
Indiana	1,634	29	13	16	1,604	1,504	1,358	(1)	146	21	126	100
Iowa	829	61	24	37	768	709	613	(1)	96	19	78	59
Kansas	755	38	14	24	717	665	562	(1)	103	16	86	51
Kentucky	986	36	17	19	951	885	754	(1)	130	16	114	66
Louisiana	1,003	26	22	4	976	901	786	(1)	115	17	98	74
Maine	350	15	8	7	335	297	258	(1)	39	9	30	37
Maryland	1,451	12	8	4	1,439	1,350	1,080	1	270	133	137	89
Massachusetts	1,649	10	7	3	1,639	1,508	1,338	2	170	33	137	131
Michigan	2,540	39	23	15	2,501	2,330	2,096	2	233	37	196	171
Minnesota	1,475	43	19	23	1,432	1,333	1,187	(1)	145	23	122	99
Mississippi	651	30	16	14	621	571	476	2	95	20	75	51
Missouri	1,499	43	12	30	1,456	1,360	1,199	1	162	29	133	96
Montana	254	26	16	10	228	196	160	(1)	37	10	27	32
Nebraska	504	38	14	24	465	432	377	(1)	55	10	45	34
Nevada	653	2	1	1	651	613	556	1	57	11	46	38
New Hampshire	378	3	1	1	375	338	300	(1)	38	9	29	37
New Jersey	2,310	13	10	3	2,297	2,162	1,894	1	268	55	213	133
New Mexico	479	20	11	9	459	415	325	1	89	37	52	44
New York	4,698	36	18	17	4,662	4,298	3,598	7	700	102	598	363
North Carolina	2,207	56	34	22	2,151	1,981	1,727	2	254	34	220	169
North Dakota	184	25	8	17	159	146	118	(1)	28	6	23	13
Ohio	2,881	43	13	28	2,838	2,656	2,356	3	300	50	250	182
Oklahoma	906	37	18	18	870	798	668	1	130	41	89	71
Oregon	931	40	29	11	891	795	698	1	98	17	81	94
Pennsylvania	3,153	66	38	25	3,087	2,828	2,497	2	332	71	260	258
Rhode Island	277	2	1	1	275	257	226	(1)	31	7	24	18
South Carolina	1,012	12	4	8	1,000	925	802	(1)	122	27	95	75
South Dakota	216	26	9	18	190	174	146	(1)	28	8	21	16
Tennessee	1,450	21	9	11	1,430	1,274	1,112	1	162	45	117	154
Texas	5,874	143	88	54	5,732	5,228	4,589	4	640	143	496	499
Utah	681	11	5	5	671	627	545	(1)	82	22	60	43
Vermont	176	6	3	3	171	150	129	(1)	21	4	17	20
Virginia	1,989	35	15	19	1,954	1,831	1,513	2	318	150	169	122
Washington	1,674	49	37	12	1,625	1,485	1,244	1	241	50	191	140
West Virginia	395	7	4	3	388	364	297	(1)	66	16	50	24
Wisconsin	1,515	48	23	24	1,467	1,362	1,215	(1)	147	16	131	103
Wyoming	150	13	7	6	137	126	104	(1)	22	2	20	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed	
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal		State and local
Women												
Alabama	960	5	2	2	955	912	725	11	188	30	157	42
Alaska	150	2	1	1	148	137	99	1	38	7	31	11
Arizona	1,191	4	4	(¹)	1,187	1,125	916	21	208	26	182	62
Arkansas	604	9	4	5	595	567	447	7	121	13	108	28
California	7,415	70	57	13	7,345	6,743	5,451	135	1,292	121	1,171	589
Colorado	1,082	8	5	3	1,074	986	807	11	179	23	156	87
Connecticut	820	2	2	(¹)	817	780	647	9	133	11	122	38
Delaware	202	1	1	(¹)	201	193	156	1	37	3	34	8
District of Columbia	141	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	141	135	96	2	38	25	14	6
Florida	3,883	20	13	7	3,863	3,690	3,091	49	599	69	530	172
Georgia	2,017	8	5	4	2,009	1,907	1,554	18	354	59	295	100
Hawaii	299	4	2	3	295	275	212	2	63	14	48	20
Idaho	328	7	3	3	322	296	233	3	63	6	58	25
Illinois	2,821	12	5	6	2,809	2,679	2,247	28	432	49	382	130
Indiana	1,399	14	4	7	1,385	1,330	1,117	9	214	20	194	53
Iowa	763	14	4	10	749	701	571	6	130	13	117	47
Kansas	651	13	5	8	638	594	454	7	140	16	124	43
Kentucky	899	14	7	7	884	840	657	6	184	21	163	42
Louisiana	970	2	1	1	969	922	715	21	207	19	188	46
Maine	327	4	2	2	323	301	247	3	55	5	49	21
Maryland	1,349	6	4	2	1,343	1,277	955	19	322	134	188	66
Massachusetts	1,544	4	2	2	1,540	1,459	1,257	16	201	21	180	80
Michigan	2,233	12	6	6	2,221	2,117	1,747	18	370	35	335	102
Minnesota	1,340	16	7	9	1,324	1,247	1,040	13	207	21	186	76
Mississippi	590	16	6	10	574	549	409	8	140	14	126	25
Missouri	1,356	12	1	10	1,345	1,273	1,061	7	213	28	185	69
Montana	223	7	4	3	216	195	149	2	47	8	39	20
Nebraska	444	7	2	5	436	413	323	3	91	12	79	23
Nevada	514	3	1	2	511	479	415	3	63	6	57	32
New Hampshire	331	1	(¹)	1	329	308	257	2	51	3	48	21
New Jersey	1,934	4	2	1	1,930	1,860	1,504	25	356	35	321	68
New Mexico	418	7	4	3	410	382	274	3	108	21	86	27
New York	4,245	16	8	8	4,229	4,021	3,192	68	829	69	761	207
North Carolina	1,885	18	7	9	1,867	1,777	1,425	17	352	36	316	89
North Dakota	165	6	2	4	158	150	115	1	35	6	29	8
Ohio	2,677	20	7	13	2,657	2,551	2,108	17	443	50	393	102
Oklahoma	759	14	5	9	744	695	540	4	155	34	121	49
Oregon	814	14	9	5	800	729	594	8	135	9	126	70
Pennsylvania	2,820	20	7	12	2,800	2,682	2,313	21	369	52	317	116
Rhode Island	263	1	1	(¹)	262	252	217	1	36	3	33	10
South Carolina	928	3	1	2	925	882	681	10	201	20	181	42
South Dakota	198	7	2	5	191	178	143	1	35	7	28	13
Tennessee	1,266	10	2	8	1,256	1,181	975	7	206	27	178	72
Texas	4,754	46	20	25	4,708	4,449	3,553	65	896	95	801	254
Utah	534	4	2	1	531	488	391	4	97	20	77	42
Vermont	166	2	1	1	164	150	120	2	31	4	27	13
Virginia	1,792	13	4	8	1,779	1,697	1,344	25	353	86	268	81
Washington	1,440	15	11	4	1,425	1,313	1,031	13	282	45	238	111
West Virginia	364	3	1	2	361	346	266	3	79	9	70	14
Wisconsin	1,366	18	6	10	1,348	1,262	1,070	9	192	18	174	85
Wyoming	123	8	3	5	115	106	74	1	31	3	28	10

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Alabama	1,563	19	11	8	1,543	1,446	1,214	8	231	63	168	97
Alaska	253	6	4	2	247	224	165	1	59	14	45	23
Arizona	2,402	15	11	3	2,388	2,221	1,907	21	314	48	266	166
Arkansas	1,084	49	28	20	1,035	946	803	7	143	19	125	88
California	13,076	279	246	33	12,797	11,463	9,801	132	1,661	188	1,474	1,320
Colorado	2,216	28	16	12	2,188	2,003	1,704	12	300	50	250	183
Connecticut	1,494	7	5	1	1,488	1,382	1,183	10	199	23	176	105
Delaware	324	5	3	2	319	301	255	(¹)	46	5	41	18
District of Columbia	140	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	139	130	98	1	32	26	6	9
Florida	6,945	47	30	17	6,899	6,473	5,658	48	815	135	679	424
Georgia	3,008	38	21	16	2,970	2,780	2,393	11	387	60	327	188
Hawaii	157	2	1	2	155	134	105	1	29	9	20	21
Idaho	689	39	26	13	650	590	491	3	100	12	87	59
Illinois	5,022	62	19	42	4,959	4,683	4,088	29	595	68	527	275
Indiana	2,765	43	17	24	2,723	2,577	2,249	8	329	37	291	143
Iowa	1,529	75	28	47	1,453	1,352	1,135	6	217	32	185	100
Kansas	1,276	51	18	32	1,225	1,136	914	7	222	29	193	88
Kentucky	1,720	50	24	25	1,671	1,566	1,284	6	281	34	247	103
Louisiana	1,402	19	15	5	1,383	1,279	1,062	12	217	25	192	102
Maine	657	18	9	9	639	581	488	3	93	15	78	57
Maryland	1,877	17	11	6	1,859	1,747	1,398	14	349	152	197	112
Massachusetts	2,843	13	8	4	2,830	2,627	2,283	17	344	49	295	201
Michigan	4,036	50	28	21	3,986	3,739	3,254	19	484	46	438	246
Minnesota	2,574	58	25	32	2,516	2,352	2,028	13	324	40	284	163
Mississippi	825	38	15	23	786	725	587	5	138	24	113	61
Missouri	2,485	53	13	38	2,432	2,287	1,972	8	315	39	276	143
Montana	449	31	19	12	418	367	292	2	75	14	62	50
Nebraska	879	45	15	29	834	778	646	3	133	16	117	55
Nevada	976	5	2	3	971	909	808	3	101	13	88	61
New Hampshire	680	4	2	2	676	620	533	2	87	12	75	56
New Jersey	3,344	17	12	4	3,328	3,158	2,676	23	482	60	422	167
New Mexico	772	26	14	11	746	683	527	3	157	47	110	61
New York	6,828	48	24	23	6,780	6,323	5,182	48	1,141	116	1,025	456
North Carolina	3,124	70	38	31	3,054	2,841	2,414	11	428	39	389	211
North Dakota	325	31	10	21	294	273	220	1	53	10	43	21
Ohio	4,850	61	20	40	4,789	4,532	3,904	20	628	73	555	253
Oklahoma	1,341	42	17	25	1,299	1,205	981	3	224	56	167	94
Oregon	1,572	49	33	16	1,523	1,369	1,158	7	211	24	187	152
Pennsylvania	5,342	86	45	37	5,256	4,910	4,282	20	628	106	522	343
Rhode Island	490	3	2	1	487	460	398	1	62	8	54	27
South Carolina	1,390	10	3	8	1,379	1,287	1,088	6	200	26	173	92
South Dakota	388	32	10	22	355	327	273	1	54	11	43	28
Tennessee	2,255	31	11	19	2,224	2,019	1,723	6	296	51	245	201
Texas	8,924	183	103	79	8,741	8,050	6,791	61	1,259	186	1,074	682
Utah	1,154	14	7	6	1,140	1,058	887	4	171	40	131	82
Vermont	331	8	4	4	323	290	240	2	50	7	42	33
Virginia	2,871	45	17	28	2,826	2,659	2,162	23	498	169	329	166
Washington	2,646	59	43	16	2,587	2,365	1,914	11	451	77	373	222
West Virginia	728	10	5	5	718	681	541	3	140	24	116	37
Wisconsin	2,671	64	28	34	2,607	2,425	2,116	8	309	34	274	181
Wyoming	263	20	10	10	242	223	171	1	52	5	47	20

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries								
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed		
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal		State and local	
Black or African American													
Alabama	456	3	2	1	453	439	348	2	91	19	72	14	
Alaska	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	9	5	(1)	3	1	2	(1)	
Arizona	102	(1)	(1)	(1)	102	99	79	(1)	20	6	14	2	
Arkansas	176	2	2	(1)	174	170	129	(1)	41	5	36	5	
California	957	(1)	(1)	(1)	956	898	689	4	209	42	167	59	
Colorado	78	(1)	(1)	(1)	78	74	61	(1)	14	5	9	4	
Connecticut	155	(1)	(1)	(1)	155	150	124	1	26	5	21	5	
Delaware	81	(1)	(1)	(1)	81	78	64	(1)	14	3	11	3	
District of Columbia	124	(1)	(1)	(1)	124	118	84	(1)	34	18	15	6	
Florida	1,156	4	4	(1)	1,152	1,102	892	6	209	28	181	51	
Georgia	1,167	9	7	2	1,157	1,100	916	9	184	49	136	57	
Hawaii	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	7	5	(1)	2	1	1	(1)	
Idaho	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Illinois	733	1	1	(1)	732	695	552	2	143	25	118	37	
Indiana	209	(1)	(1)	(1)	209	203	177	(1)	27	4	23	5	
Iowa	23	(1)	(1)	(1)	23	21	18	(1)	3	(1)	3	1	
Kansas	59	(1)	(1)	(1)	59	57	45	(1)	12	3	9	2	
Kentucky	125	(1)	(1)	(1)	125	122	96	(1)	26	2	24	3	
Louisiana	520	8	8	(1)	512	496	398	9	98	11	87	16	
Maine	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Maryland	753	(1)	(1)	(1)	753	719	505	3	213	98	116	34	
Massachusetts	189	(1)	(1)	(1)	189	185	169	1	16	3	14	4	
Michigan	529	(1)	(1)	(1)	529	509	422	(1)	87	22	65	20	
Minnesota	92	(1)	(1)	(1)	91	85	70	(1)	15	1	14	6	
Mississippi	380	7	6	(1)	373	361	277	4	84	9	75	13	
Missouri	279	(1)	(1)	(1)	279	264	217	(1)	46	15	31	15	
Nebraska	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	29	25	(1)	5	2	3	1	
Nevada	75	(1)	(1)	(1)	75	71	60	1	11	2	9	4	
New Hampshire	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	6	5	(1)	1	(1)	1	1	
New Jersey	547	(1)	(1)	(1)	547	532	418	2	115	22	93	15	
New Mexico	23	(1)	(1)	(1)	23	21	15	(1)	6	3	3	2	
New York	1,342	2	2	(1)	1,341	1,276	968	19	308	35	273	64	
North Carolina	773	2	2	(1)	771	733	591	8	142	18	124	38	
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Ohio	550	(1)	(1)	(1)	550	525	426	(1)	100	25	75	25	
Oklahoma	106	1	1	(1)	105	97	75	(1)	22	5	17	8	
Oregon	27	1	1	(1)	27	27	23	(1)	3	(1)	3	(1)	
Pennsylvania	483	(1)	(1)	(1)	483	467	409	3	58	14	44	17	
Rhode Island	28	(1)	(1)	(1)	28	27	23	(1)	4	1	3	1	
South Carolina	505	3	2	1	502	478	358	5	120	19	101	23	
South Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Tennessee	400	(1)	(1)	(1)	400	381	313	1	67	21	47	19	
Texas	1,119	4	4	(1)	1,115	1,081	852	6	229	42	187	34	
Utah	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	11	10	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	
Vermont	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Virginia	703	2	2	(1)	700	678	532	3	146	51	94	22	
Washington	83	(1)	(1)	(1)	83	75	57	(1)	18	2	16	8	
West Virginia	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	19	15	(1)	4	1	3	1	
Wisconsin	116	1	1	1	115	112	96	1	16	(1)	16	3	
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Asian												
Alabama	26	(1)	(1)	(1)	26	26	22	(1)	4	1	3	(1)
Alaska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	12	(1)	2	1	1	1
Arizona	62	(1)	(1)	(1)	62	58	45	(1)	14	3	11	3
Arkansas	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	13	13	10	(1)	2	1	2	1
California	2,095	3	(1)	3	2,091	1,918	1,637	9	282	75	207	170
Colorado	55	(1)	(1)	(1)	55	52	49	(1)	3	(1)	2	3
Connecticut	54	(1)	(1)	(1)	54	52	48	(1)	4	1	4	2
Delaware	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	11	10	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
District of Columbia	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	9	6	(1)	3	2	(1)	(1)
Florida	187	(1)	(1)	(1)	187	173	155	(1)	18	5	12	14
Georgia	118	(1)	(1)	(1)	118	104	91	(1)	13	2	11	12
Hawaii	276	9	6	3	267	251	197	1	54	14	40	15
Idaho	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	5	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Illinois	279	(1)	(1)	(1)	279	267	251	2	16	3	14	12
Indiana	27	(1)	(1)	(1)	27	26	24	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Iowa	21	(1)	(1)	(1)	21	18	14	(1)	4	(1)	4	3
Kansas	31	(1)	(1)	(1)	31	29	25	(1)	4	(1)	3	2
Kentucky	23	(1)	(1)	(1)	23	22	17	(1)	5	(1)	5	1
Louisiana	28	(1)	(1)	(1)	28	26	21	(1)	4	(1)	4	2
Maine	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	5	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	131	(1)	(1)	(1)	131	124	105	3	19	12	7	7
Massachusetts	136	1	(1)	1	135	131	123	1	8	3	5	4
Michigan	122	(1)	(1)	(1)	121	116	98	(1)	18	2	16	4
Minnesota	103	(1)	(1)	(1)	103	100	94	(1)	6	1	5	3
Mississippi	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	12	8	(1)	4	1	4	1
Missouri	35	(1)	(1)	(1)	35	34	26	(1)	7	2	5	1
Nebraska	16	(1)	(1)	(1)	16	16	13	(1)	2	2	1	(1)
Nevada	74	(1)	(1)	(1)	74	71	65	(1)	5	1	4	4
New Hampshire	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	12	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
New Jersey	309	(1)	(1)	(1)	309	291	270	1	21	8	13	16
New Mexico	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	14	7	(1)	6	2	4	1
New York	636	2	(1)	1	635	591	535	4	55	15	41	44
North Carolina	78	(1)	(1)	(1)	77	75	73	(1)	2	1	1	2
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Ohio	71	1	(1)	1	70	67	63	(1)	4	(1)	4	3
Oklahoma	27	(1)	(1)	(1)	27	24	20	(1)	4	1	3	3
Oregon	76	(1)	(1)	(1)	76	68	59	(1)	9	1	8	8
Pennsylvania	107	(1)	(1)	(1)	107	97	87	(1)	10	2	8	11
Rhode Island	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	15	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
South Carolina	18	(1)	(1)	(1)	18	17	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
South Dakota	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	5	4	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Tennessee	24	(1)	(1)	(1)	24	21	20	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	3
Texas	373	(1)	(1)	(1)	373	347	314	(1)	33	8	25	26
Utah	18	(1)	(1)	(1)	18	17	16	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Vermont	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	5	4	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Virginia	165	(1)	(1)	(1)	165	152	131	1	21	11	10	13
Washington	246	4	(1)	4	243	226	196	2	29	10	19	17
Wisconsin	45	1	(1)	1	45	42	38	(1)	3	(1)	3	3
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	40	1	1	(1)	39	38	37	1	1	1	(1)	1
Alaska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	10	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	729	9	9	(1)	720	674	589	8	85	12	73	46
Arkansas	57	5	4	(1)	53	51	49	(1)	3	(1)	3	1
California	5,319	198	193	5	5,121	4,764	4,254	99	511	58	453	353
Colorado	405	6	6	(1)	399	373	334	4	40	8	32	25
Connecticut	148	(1)	(1)	(1)	147	142	129	2	13	2	12	5
Delaware	26	1	1	(1)	25	24	22	(1)	2	(1)	2	(1)
District of Columbia	26	(1)	(1)	(1)	26	25	22	1	4	3	1	1
Florida	1,683	14	12	2	1,669	1,562	1,424	20	138	34	104	106
Georgia	316	5	4	1	311	300	283	6	16	3	13	12
Hawaii	38	(1)	(1)	(1)	38	36	32	(1)	4	2	2	3
Idaho	62	12	12	(1)	50	46	41	(1)	5	(1)	5	4
Illinois	659	3	3	1	655	639	597	3	41	5	36	17
Indiana	126	2	2	(1)	124	120	110	1	10	1	9	4
Iowa	61	2	2	(1)	59	56	52	(1)	3	(1)	3	3
Kansas	70	1	1	(1)	69	66	59	1	7	2	5	3
Kentucky	33	2	2	(1)	31	31	29	1	2	(1)	2	(1)
Louisiana	36	(1)	(1)	(1)	36	33	29	1	5	1	3	3
Maine	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	193	1	1	(1)	192	184	167	7	17	11	6	8
Massachusetts	206	1	1	(1)	205	200	180	1	20	2	18	5
Michigan	160	2	2	(1)	158	155	140	2	15	(1)	15	3
Minnesota	93	(1)	(1)	(1)	93	89	84	(1)	5	1	4	4
Mississippi	35	1	1	(1)	34	32	31	1	1	(1)	1	1
Missouri	88	(1)	(1)	(1)	88	85	78	(1)	7	1	6	3
Montana	11	1	(1)	(1)	10	9	8	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Nebraska	66	1	1	(1)	65	61	58	(1)	3	1	2	4
Nevada	240	(1)	(1)	(1)	240	230	221	1	9	1	8	10
New Hampshire	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	11	11	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
New Jersey	668	5	5	(1)	663	646	599	11	47	12	35	17
New Mexico	328	6	4	2	322	304	238	2	66	15	51	17
New York	1,215	4	4	(1)	1,211	1,143	1,000	30	143	20	123	68
North Carolina	299	20	20	(1)	279	266	251	3	15	1	13	13
North Dakota	4	1	1	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	129	1	1	(1)	128	127	118	1	9	2	7	2
Oklahoma	87	5	5	1	82	80	75	1	5	2	3	2
Oregon	122	12	12	(1)	110	106	93	3	12	1	11	4
Pennsylvania	211	15	14	(1)	197	191	179	1	12	3	9	6
Rhode Island	49	(1)	(1)	(1)	48	47	45	1	2	1	1	2
South Carolina	56	1	1	(1)	55	53	51	(1)	2	1	1	2
South Dakota	8	1	1	(1)	7	7	6	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Tennessee	88	1	1	(1)	88	79	75	1	4	(1)	4	8
Texas	3,628	53	52	1	3,574	3,347	2,901	48	446	73	373	225
Utah	127	(1)	(1)	(1)	127	124	115	1	9	2	7	3
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	282	1	1	(1)	281	269	249	9	20	8	12	12
Washington	199	24	24	(1)	176	167	138	3	29	6	24	9
West Virginia	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	122	2	2	(1)	120	119	108	(1)	11	1	10	1
Wyoming	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	11	(1)	2	(1)	2	1

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Alabama	2,005	73	217	142	1,573	132	915	208	317	39.3	42.3
Alaska	298	20	38	24	216	25	88	33	70	40.2	44.6
Arizona	2,593	98	252	190	2,052	149	1,147	256	500	40.0	43.1
Arkansas	1,254	55	131	97	972	95	517	127	233	39.7	42.9
California	16,064	710	1,907	1,220	12,227	895	7,267	1,363	2,703	38.8	42.5
Colorado	2,312	121	283	177	1,731	138	838	278	477	39.3	43.1
Connecticut	1,645	96	221	136	1,193	129	589	170	304	38.2	42.5
Delaware	406	16	40	23	328	33	203	32	60	39.2	41.9
District of Columbia	268	9	24	18	217	15	124	25	53	40.4	43.0
Florida	8,125	248	807	514	6,556	478	3,940	668	1,469	40.0	42.8
Georgia	4,198	139	387	260	3,412	265	2,018	406	723	39.9	42.6
Hawaii	589	26	69	45	449	32	283	44	91	38.8	42.3
Idaho	694	45	93	61	496	50	230	79	137	38.6	43.3
Illinois	5,853	295	723	390	4,445	374	2,408	585	1,078	38.9	42.9
Indiana	2,901	130	319	194	2,258	203	1,209	312	535	39.3	42.9
Iowa	1,528	104	206	127	1,091	105	467	185	334	38.9	43.8
Kansas	1,353	88	181	100	985	94	436	156	299	39.3	43.9
Kentucky	1,809	87	212	123	1,386	161	690	203	332	39.3	43.0
Louisiana	1,877	79	220	133	1,445	130	798	175	342	39.8	43.1
Maine	644	42	94	64	444	54	188	78	125	38.1	42.9
Maryland	2,683	122	272	197	2,093	171	1,167	278	477	39.5	42.7
Massachusetts	3,033	180	438	273	2,141	198	1,100	303	540	37.9	42.7
Michigan	4,559	256	608	359	3,335	304	1,712	499	820	38.5	43.2
Minnesota	2,707	178	371	232	1,926	180	887	337	522	38.4	43.4
Mississippi	1,198	46	136	89	928	75	546	102	205	39.6	42.9
Missouri	2,741	129	324	195	2,092	189	1,080	311	511	39.4	43.2
Montana	453	30	63	39	320	36	142	48	94	38.8	43.5
Nebraska	912	55	108	71	678	68	278	125	208	40.0	44.4
Nevada	1,131	36	101	73	921	64	589	98	170	39.6	42.2
New Hampshire	678	34	86	58	501	54	227	83	137	39.0	43.1
New Jersey	4,076	178	456	257	3,185	332	1,819	330	704	38.9	42.4
New Mexico	867	46	105	74	643	58	336	91	157	39.0	42.9
New York	8,607	384	1,051	550	6,623	902	3,620	686	1,415	38.7	42.4
North Carolina	3,921	175	444	295	3,008	293	1,537	440	737	39.5	43.0
North Dakota	336	23	44	31	238	21	103	39	76	39.4	44.0
Ohio	5,305	281	703	400	3,920	363	1,969	633	955	38.6	43.0
Oklahoma	1,615	64	174	106	1,271	99	680	168	323	40.2	43.5
Oregon	1,680	105	220	133	1,223	115	634	168	306	38.4	42.8
Pennsylvania	5,755	293	739	399	4,324	432	2,345	587	960	38.5	42.6
Rhode Island	514	27	79	52	355	44	174	58	79	37.5	42.2
South Carolina	1,865	79	206	135	1,446	153	730	213	350	39.5	43.0
South Dakota	397	26	49	31	292	28	124	50	90	39.8	44.3
Tennessee	2,612	117	288	174	2,033	208	1,060	266	499	39.6	43.0
Texas	10,272	374	1,070	716	8,113	663	4,376	1,023	2,051	40.2	43.3
Utah	1,164	84	172	100	809	69	405	117	218	38.0	43.4
Vermont	326	22	42	28	235	26	106	42	61	38.4	43.1
Virginia	3,647	160	378	252	2,857	229	1,614	358	657	39.4	42.6
Washington	2,986	182	386	252	2,166	188	1,093	328	557	38.5	43.0
West Virginia	727	29	81	51	566	50	324	72	120	39.3	42.8
Wisconsin	2,770	165	357	209	2,038	186	964	344	543	38.9	43.5
Wyoming	260	16	33	19	193	17	75	33	69	41.0	45.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Men											
Alabama	1,094	27	82	63	922	51	504	130	237	41.8	43.8
Alaska	159	8	15	11	124	11	47	17	49	43.2	46.3
Arizona	1,462	35	92	83	1,253	60	698	156	339	42.1	43.8
Arkansas	676	19	54	38	564	40	270	76	177	42.5	44.8
California	9,010	255	761	547	7,447	412	4,282	854	1,899	41.0	43.3
Colorado	1,284	46	112	80	1,046	62	479	166	339	41.8	44.4
Connecticut	872	38	71	55	708	45	331	108	223	41.3	44.0
Delaware	213	6	14	10	184	11	112	18	43	41.5	43.2
District of Columbia	132	4	10	7	111	7	58	14	32	42.0	44.3
Florida	4,391	99	327	210	3,755	182	2,138	396	1,040	41.9	44.0
Georgia	2,258	59	139	109	1,952	96	1,086	243	527	42.1	43.9
Hawaii	306	10	27	19	249	13	154	24	58	40.6	43.1
Idaho	382	16	32	26	308	21	133	52	102	42.0	44.7
Illinois	3,170	98	268	157	2,647	135	1,322	372	818	41.9	44.5
Indiana	1,576	50	110	86	1,330	73	651	198	407	42.1	44.3
Iowa	801	41	81	46	633	40	244	108	242	42.2	45.9
Kansas	733	33	72	44	583	37	238	94	214	42.3	45.5
Kentucky	953	34	78	47	794	51	372	128	242	42.1	44.7
Louisiana	960	28	81	52	799	39	398	103	259	43.4	45.6
Maine	335	16	33	26	259	21	100	50	88	41.2	44.4
Maryland	1,400	44	93	78	1,185	65	620	167	332	42.1	44.1
Massachusetts	1,582	62	144	105	1,272	75	614	189	394	41.1	44.2
Michigan	2,448	99	210	140	1,999	121	955	319	604	41.4	44.4
Minnesota	1,429	66	136	97	1,130	81	481	204	364	41.2	44.7
Mississippi	633	17	48	37	530	35	282	61	153	42.3	44.4
Missouri	1,450	47	121	82	1,201	69	595	182	355	41.9	44.4
Montana	243	11	24	17	192	14	82	28	68	42.3	45.3
Nebraska	489	19	38	32	400	29	147	75	148	43.4	46.3
Nevada	637	15	41	32	548	29	335	60	124	41.4	43.1
New Hampshire	364	12	28	23	302	21	127	52	102	42.3	44.6
New Jersey	2,241	53	156	118	1,914	114	1,053	218	529	41.7	43.6
New Mexico	466	16	42	35	373	23	186	52	112	41.4	44.2
New York	4,554	136	368	219	3,831	330	2,067	415	1,019	41.4	43.8
North Carolina	2,143	70	175	127	1,771	121	830	278	542	42.0	44.3
North Dakota	178	8	18	12	140	8	52	24	56	43.0	46.0
Ohio	2,770	91	273	161	2,246	128	1,039	364	715	41.7	44.7
Oklahoma	886	26	72	49	738	40	356	105	238	42.7	45.0
Oregon	901	36	80	56	729	42	356	108	223	41.4	44.1
Pennsylvania	3,056	89	249	160	2,558	176	1,294	365	723	41.7	44.0
Rhode Island	266	10	27	20	208	16	100	36	57	40.5	43.6
South Carolina	985	29	81	58	817	58	390	132	237	41.8	44.2
South Dakota	209	10	19	12	168	10	62	29	67	43.4	46.7
Tennessee	1,404	45	122	71	1,166	79	569	156	361	42.0	44.4
Texas	5,723	156	421	326	4,820	288	2,434	604	1,494	42.5	44.6
Utah	662	30	68	46	518	31	240	75	172	41.4	44.8
Vermont	170	8	15	10	137	10	59	25	43	41.5	44.5
Virginia	1,936	57	135	105	1,638	94	883	208	454	41.8	43.7
Washington	1,617	67	140	102	1,309	73	635	203	399	41.4	44.2
West Virginia	382	11	28	19	325	16	176	43	89	42.0	44.4
Wisconsin	1,467	63	127	80	1,196	73	523	216	385	41.8	44.9
Wyoming	144	6	12	8	119	7	40	21	52	44.9	47.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Women											
Alabama	911	47	135	79	651	81	411	78	81	36.4	40.2
Alaska	139	11	23	13	91	14	41	15	21	36.7	42.4
Arizona	1,130	64	161	106	799	89	449	100	161	37.3	42.0
Arkansas	579	36	77	58	408	55	247	51	55	36.4	40.5
California	7,054	455	1,146	673	4,780	483	2,985	508	804	36.1	41.3
Colorado	1,029	76	171	97	685	76	359	112	138	36.2	41.4
Connecticut	773	58	149	81	485	84	258	62	81	34.8	40.4
Delaware	194	10	26	13	144	22	91	14	17	36.6	40.4
District of Columbia	136	5	14	11	106	9	66	11	20	38.9	41.7
Florida	3,734	150	480	304	2,801	297	1,802	272	429	37.7	41.3
Georgia	1,940	80	249	150	1,460	169	932	164	196	37.5	41.0
Hawaii	283	15	42	26	200	20	129	19	33	36.9	41.4
Idaho	312	29	61	35	187	28	98	27	34	34.4	41.2
Illinois	2,683	197	455	233	1,798	239	1,086	213	260	35.4	40.7
Indiana	1,325	80	209	109	928	129	558	113	127	36.1	40.8
Iowa	727	63	125	81	458	65	223	77	92	35.2	41.0
Kansas	621	54	109	56	401	56	198	62	85	35.7	41.6
Kentucky	855	53	134	76	592	110	318	75	90	36.1	40.8
Louisiana	917	51	139	81	646	90	400	72	83	36.1	40.0
Maine	309	26	60	38	185	33	88	28	36	34.8	40.8
Maryland	1,283	78	179	118	908	106	547	110	145	36.6	40.9
Massachusetts	1,451	118	295	168	870	123	487	114	146	34.3	40.6
Michigan	2,110	156	398	219	1,336	184	756	180	217	35.1	41.4
Minnesota	1,277	112	235	135	796	99	406	133	158	35.2	41.7
Mississippi	565	28	87	52	398	41	264	41	52	36.5	40.9
Missouri	1,290	83	203	114	890	121	485	129	156	36.5	41.6
Montana	209	19	40	22	128	22	60	20	25	34.7	40.9
Nebraska	423	37	69	39	279	38	130	50	60	36.1	41.8
Nevada	494	21	60	41	373	35	254	38	46	37.3	40.7
New Hampshire	314	22	59	35	198	33	100	31	35	35.3	41.0
New Jersey	1,835	125	300	139	1,271	218	766	112	176	35.6	40.6
New Mexico	401	29	63	39	269	35	150	38	46	36.1	41.1
New York	4,053	248	683	331	2,791	572	1,553	271	396	35.7	40.6
North Carolina	1,778	105	269	167	1,237	172	707	163	195	36.5	41.1
North Dakota	157	14	26	19	98	13	51	15	20	35.3	41.2
Ohio	2,534	190	430	240	1,674	235	930	269	240	35.3	40.9
Oklahoma	730	37	102	57	533	59	325	64	85	37.2	41.3
Oregon	779	69	140	76	494	72	278	60	83	34.9	41.0
Pennsylvania	2,698	204	490	239	1,766	256	1,051	222	236	35.0	40.5
Rhode Island	248	17	52	32	147	28	74	22	22	34.4	40.2
South Carolina	880	51	125	76	629	95	340	81	113	36.9	41.4
South Dakota	188	17	29	19	123	18	62	20	23	35.8	41.2
Tennessee	1,208	72	166	103	867	128	491	110	137	36.8	41.0
Texas	4,549	217	650	389	3,293	375	1,942	419	556	37.2	41.4
Utah	502	54	104	54	291	38	165	42	46	33.5	40.9
Vermont	157	14	27	18	98	16	47	17	18	35.1	41.2
Virginia	1,710	103	242	146	1,219	135	731	150	202	36.7	41.2
Washington	1,369	115	247	150	857	115	459	125	158	35.1	41.3
West Virginia	345	18	53	33	241	34	147	29	32	36.3	40.7
Wisconsin	1,303	102	230	129	842	114	442	128	159	35.5	41.5
Wyoming	116	10	21	11	75	10	35	12	17	36.2	42.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	70	14	35	6	16	2	12	1	1	23.3	37.9
Alaska	16	4	5	2	5	1	2	1	1	26.2	42.2
Arizona	118	18	47	16	37	8	24	2	4	26.2	38.4
Arkansas	48	9	19	5	15	5	8	1	2	25.7	38.9
California	605	117	242	65	182	36	118	16	12	25.3	38.3
Colorado	95	24	36	8	26	4	14	3	5	24.5	40.1
Connecticut	70	22	27	6	15	3	9	1	2	21.4	37.9
Delaware	18	5	7	1	5	1	3	(¹)	(¹)	23.2	37.2
District of Columbia	3	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	24.1	38.8
Florida	288	39	115	31	103	22	60	9	11	27.5	39.9
Georgia	141	22	51	16	52	13	32	4	3	27.0	38.0
Hawaii	21	4	9	2	6	2	3	1	(¹)	24.7	38.2
Idaho	47	9	13	6	19	3	9	3	4	28.4	41.8
Illinois	248	68	103	20	57	13	31	4	10	22.9	40.5
Indiana	128	32	50	12	33	7	19	5	3	23.7	37.2
Iowa	88	26	38	7	17	4	7	3	2	21.7	37.4
Kansas	75	21	32	5	18	4	7	2	4	23.1	41.9
Kentucky	86	20	32	6	28	4	15	4	5	25.9	40.6
Louisiana	81	12	34	10	25	5	12	2	6	27.2	39.7
Maine	31	10	12	3	7	2	3	1	1	21.9	37.4
Maryland	96	23	37	7	29	5	18	3	4	24.5	39.9
Massachusetts	139	45	57	12	26	7	12	3	4	21.0	37.7
Michigan	230	63	89	20	58	13	32	7	6	23.1	38.9
Minnesota	158	49	63	15	31	8	16	3	5	21.5	39.7
Mississippi	46	9	22	4	12	1	8	1	2	24.3	40.1
Missouri	138	30	73	10	26	6	13	4	4	22.8	39.7
Montana	27	6	9	3	8	1	4	1	2	26.0	40.3
Nebraska	53	15	19	4	15	4	7	1	3	23.8	40.7
Nevada	48	6	18	6	19	3	13	1	2	28.4	39.7
New Hampshire	31	9	13	2	8	1	4	1	1	22.5	38.4
New Jersey	157	46	63	10	37	10	22	3	2	21.7	38.6
New Mexico	36	7	13	4	11	3	6	1	2	25.9	40.5
New York	311	87	130	24	70	18	36	5	10	22.5	38.8
North Carolina	139	27	52	13	47	11	27	4	5	26.3	39.4
North Dakota	19	5	7	2	5	1	2	1	2	24.6	40.4
Ohio	266	66	118	19	62	15	33	6	8	22.9	38.9
Oklahoma	70	12	30	6	22	4	13	2	3	26.2	40.8
Oregon	70	17	23	7	22	4	11	4	3	25.1	39.1
Pennsylvania	264	64	107	20	74	15	40	7	12	24.3	40.1
Rhode Island	28	7	13	2	5	1	3	(¹)	(¹)	21.9	37.6
South Carolina	67	14	33	6	15	3	7	3	2	23.6	39.3
South Dakota	22	6	8	2	6	1	3	1	1	24.6	39.9
Tennessee	123	24	48	11	40	8	25	3	3	25.6	39.8
Texas	376	56	151	45	124	35	58	16	15	26.9	39.0
Utah	75	18	28	6	23	5	12	3	4	25.4	40.7
Vermont	16	5	5	1	5	1	3	1	(¹)	23.3	38.8
Virginia	161	38	60	15	49	11	29	4	4	24.6	39.0
Washington	118	35	50	11	23	4	13	2	4	21.9	39.6
West Virginia	29	6	13	3	8	1	5	1	1	24.7	38.8
Wisconsin	161	45	69	13	34	10	16	3	6	22.3	39.7
Wyoming	16	3	6	2	5	1	2	1	1	26.9	41.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
White											
Alabama	1,499	59	160	106	1,174	96	653	169	256	39.5	42.5
Alaska	236	16	30	18	172	20	68	27	58	40.3	44.8
Arizona	2,309	88	223	167	1,832	134	1,012	232	454	40.1	43.2
Arkansas	1,043	49	108	77	809	75	420	110	205	39.8	43.2
California	12,536	590	1,533	977	9,435	724	5,439	1,086	2,186	38.8	42.6
Colorado	2,129	110	264	161	1,594	126	761	258	449	39.4	43.2
Connecticut	1,427	89	194	118	1,027	107	492	150	277	38.2	42.7
Delaware	313	13	31	18	250	26	151	26	47	39.0	42.0
District of Columbia	134	5	11	9	109	8	48	16	36	41.7	44.5
Florida	6,722	214	664	407	5,437	391	3,190	583	1,273	40.1	43.0
Georgia	2,910	104	279	172	2,355	184	1,308	307	556	40.2	43.0
Hawaii	149	8	18	12	110	9	56	15	31	39.4	43.6
Idaho	663	42	89	58	473	48	219	75	132	38.6	43.3
Illinois	4,823	263	615	326	3,619	317	1,866	502	934	38.8	43.1
Indiana	2,645	118	298	178	2,051	183	1,074	293	501	39.3	43.0
Iowa	1,466	98	196	122	1,051	100	444	179	327	39.1	43.9
Kansas	1,226	81	162	93	891	85	384	145	277	39.3	44.0
Kentucky	1,649	82	192	113	1,262	148	619	189	306	39.3	43.1
Louisiana	1,330	64	153	83	1,030	78	538	138	276	40.3	43.7
Maine	625	41	90	62	432	52	183	76	121	38.2	42.9
Maryland	1,786	95	204	133	1,355	113	685	204	352	39.3	43.1
Massachusetts	2,696	167	388	240	1,900	175	948	276	501	37.9	42.8
Michigan	3,853	230	534	314	2,774	260	1,342	442	731	38.4	43.4
Minnesota	2,474	167	340	213	1,754	168	788	315	484	38.3	43.5
Mississippi	797	34	89	54	619	46	340	75	158	40.1	43.6
Missouri	2,384	117	275	173	1,819	168	907	281	463	39.5	43.3
Montana	426	28	59	37	302	33	132	46	91	38.9	43.7
Nebraska	846	52	102	66	626	62	246	119	199	40.1	44.6
Nevada	947	32	87	63	765	56	478	84	147	39.5	42.2
New Hampshire	651	33	84	56	478	52	215	80	132	38.9	43.1
New Jersey	3,210	159	361	214	2,476	257	1,351	278	590	38.9	42.6
New Mexico	745	41	93	63	547	50	274	81	142	39.0	43.1
New York	6,561	316	841	442	4,963	630	2,614	566	1,153	38.7	42.7
North Carolina	2,989	136	325	219	2,310	224	1,111	361	614	39.9	43.4
North Dakota	313	21	40	28	223	19	93	37	74	39.6	44.2
Ohio	4,628	259	613	355	3,402	312	1,661	571	858	38.6	43.2
Oklahoma	1,304	50	139	85	1,030	79	540	139	271	40.4	43.6
Oregon	1,513	92	197	121	1,103	106	568	156	274	38.4	42.8
Pennsylvania	5,141	272	666	363	3,840	385	2,019	546	891	38.5	42.7
Rhode Island	465	26	72	48	319	39	153	54	72	37.4	42.1
South Carolina	1,337	62	150	96	1,029	105	470	166	289	39.9	43.6
South Dakota	372	25	45	29	273	26	114	48	86	39.8	44.4
Tennessee	2,164	104	246	140	1,674	173	832	229	440	39.7	43.2
Texas	8,629	324	892	603	6,809	568	3,576	875	1,790	40.3	43.5
Utah	1,106	81	165	95	766	66	379	112	208	38.0	43.4
Vermont	316	21	41	27	227	25	102	41	59	38.4	43.1
Virginia	2,761	135	294	198	2,134	168	1,133	293	540	39.4	42.9
Washington	2,531	164	329	223	1,816	167	886	280	483	38.4	43.0
West Virginia	698	28	78	49	543	48	309	69	117	39.3	42.8
Wisconsin	2,567	155	331	193	1,888	174	869	329	515	38.9	43.6
Wyoming	251	15	31	18	186	16	72	32	67	41.1	45.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Black or African American											
Alabama	440	10	47	32	351	32	242	29	48	38.6	40.9
Alaska	9	(¹)	1	1	6	1	3	1	2	40.0	43.6
Arizona	97	2	8	7	80	7	46	10	17	40.1	41.7
Arkansas	172	5	16	16	134	17	84	13	20	39.0	41.5
California	921	26	97	69	729	46	507	65	111	38.8	41.5
Colorado	76	5	6	7	58	6	33	7	12	38.3	42.0
Connecticut	147	5	19	13	110	15	66	13	16	37.8	40.7
Delaware	79	2	7	4	65	6	44	4	10	39.8	41.7
District of Columbia	120	3	12	8	97	6	71	7	13	39.0	41.3
Florida	1,123	27	112	86	898	67	624	63	143	39.0	41.5
Georgia	1,132	33	92	78	929	76	630	83	140	39.2	41.6
Hawaii	7	(¹)	2	1	4	(¹)	2	1	1	33.1	43.3
Idaho	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	35.5	38.4
Illinois	701	19	81	50	552	43	375	50	83	38.6	41.6
Indiana	200	7	16	13	165	14	110	14	27	39.7	42.0
Iowa	22	3	4	2	13	2	8	2	2	32.8	39.9
Kansas	58	2	7	4	45	3	28	4	10	39.6	43.2
Kentucky	121	4	16	8	92	9	57	9	17	38.6	41.9
Louisiana	499	14	63	47	376	48	234	33	60	38.6	41.4
Maine	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	1	1	(¹)	1	34.7	41.3
Maryland	733	21	57	52	603	45	411	56	91	39.5	41.4
Massachusetts	180	10	30	19	122	12	81	11	17	36.0	40.5
Michigan	507	19	47	35	406	34	278	35	59	38.8	41.8
Minnesota	87	4	12	8	63	3	36	7	17	39.3	43.5
Mississippi	366	11	45	32	277	26	182	26	43	38.5	41.5
Missouri	270	8	37	16	209	16	144	18	31	38.4	41.9
Nebraska	29	2	3	2	23	2	13	3	5	38.6	42.1
Nevada	72	1	5	4	63	2	48	5	7	39.9	41.4
New Hampshire	7	(¹)	(¹)	1	5	1	3	1	1	42.2	43.9
New Jersey	529	10	59	26	433	51	298	27	58	38.6	41.0
New Mexico	23	1	2	2	17	1	9	2	4	38.6	43.1
New York	1,296	45	131	76	1,044	203	648	69	124	38.1	40.7
North Carolina	746	29	92	60	565	54	351	65	96	38.4	41.6
North Dakota	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	39.8	43.4
Ohio	529	15	70	35	409	41	255	46	67	38.5	41.7
Oklahoma	101	5	9	6	82	6	54	10	12	39.1	42.1
Oregon	26	1	6	3	15	1	9	1	5	36.4	40.9
Pennsylvania	471	13	60	28	371	36	266	26	42	38.1	41.1
Rhode Island	27	1	5	2	19	2	12	1	4	37.5	41.5
South Carolina	486	16	50	36	384	43	246	42	53	38.6	41.5
South Dakota	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	37.3	43.2
Tennessee	387	11	40	30	306	30	199	31	47	39.1	41.8
Texas	1,071	32	112	72	856	63	541	91	161	39.6	42.2
Utah	10	(¹)	1	1	9	(¹)	4	1	3	42.6	45.4
Vermont	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	39.1	43.6
Virginia	684	21	66	45	552	49	364	51	87	39.2	41.8
Washington	81	2	9	5	65	3	38	7	17	41.5	44.1
West Virginia	20	(¹)	2	1	16	1	11	2	2	38.4	40.3
Wisconsin	113	4	16	8	85	6	58	5	15	38.5	42.1
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	39.0	44.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Alabama	26	1	6	2	17	1	9	2	5	38.3	44.9
Alaska	14	(¹)	1	1	11	1	6	1	3	42.4	45.2
Arizona	60	6	7	4	42	(¹)	27	4	11	36.9	42.7
Arkansas	13	(¹)	2	1	10	1	5	2	3	39.8	43.0
California	2,034	65	206	125	1,639	89	1,081	149	320	39.5	42.6
Colorado	53	3	7	4	39	2	21	6	9	38.8	42.9
Connecticut	52	2	5	2	42	3	25	5	10	39.6	42.9
Delaware	11	1	1	(¹)	10	1	6	1	2	40.6	43.0
District of Columbia	9	(¹)	1	(¹)	7	1	4	1	2	41.3	43.7
Florida	182	2	19	12	150	13	88	13	36	40.9	43.5
Georgia	116	1	12	7	96	2	62	11	21	40.3	43.3
Hawaii	265	12	26	18	210	14	141	16	38	39.1	42.1
Idaho	6	1	(¹)	(¹)	5	(¹)	3	1	1	40.5	44.4
Illinois	268	8	22	10	227	12	143	25	47	40.6	42.9
Indiana	25	2	2	1	21	3	12	1	4	40.5	44.1
Iowa	20	1	3	2	15	2	7	2	4	39.1	44.8
Kansas	30	3	5	2	21	3	10	3	5	36.9	42.4
Kentucky	23	1	1	1	20	3	9	2	6	41.5	43.9
Louisiana	26	1	1	2	22	2	15	1	3	39.4	42.1
Maine	5	(¹)	1	1	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	38.4	43.8
Maryland	126	5	8	7	106	11	53	12	29	42.0	44.7
Massachusetts	132	3	15	11	103	8	65	14	16	39.0	41.9
Michigan	117	2	14	5	96	4	57	14	20	39.8	43.0
Minnesota	100	3	13	7	77	6	50	10	12	38.5	42.2
Mississippi	14	(¹)	(¹)	1	13	1	10	(¹)	2	41.6	41.9
Missouri	34	2	3	2	27	1	12	4	10	43.6	48.5
Nebraska	16	1	1	1	13	2	9	1	2	39.1	41.6
Nevada	72	1	6	4	61	3	44	5	9	39.7	41.7
New Hampshire	12	(¹)	1	1	10	1	7	1	2	40.7	42.7
New Jersey	296	7	30	14	244	20	150	23	52	40.2	42.9
New Mexico	14	1	2	(¹)	10	(¹)	6	2	2	39.2	45.8
New York	620	16	62	23	519	54	306	40	119	40.5	43.3
North Carolina	76	4	10	5	57	6	36	6	9	37.7	41.1
North Dakota	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	36.8	43.8
Ohio	67	3	6	5	53	4	28	6	15	40.7	43.5
Oklahoma	27	(¹)	3	2	22	1	10	2	9	45.8	49.8
Oregon	73	7	7	3	56	2	33	6	15	38.8	44.1
Pennsylvania	105	5	9	5	86	8	49	11	18	40.0	43.4
Rhode Island	14	(¹)	1	1	12	1	6	2	3	41.1	43.7
South Carolina	17	(¹)	3	1	14	3	6	1	3	39.4	42.5
South Dakota	5	(¹)	1	(¹)	4	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	39.8	43.6
Tennessee	23	1	1	1	21	1	13	1	5	41.3	42.5
Texas	364	10	41	25	288	17	176	32	63	39.6	43.0
Utah	17	1	2	1	13	(¹)	8	2	3	40.0	45.7
Vermont	5	(¹)	1	(¹)	4	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	37.1	42.5
Virginia	162	3	12	6	141	10	99	9	23	40.3	42.3
Washington	239	9	31	14	185	10	113	23	39	39.3	43.0
Wisconsin	44	3	3	3	35	2	21	6	6	38.8	42.9
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	40.1	40.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	38	1	5	3	28	2	20	3	3	38.3	40.8
Alaska	14	1	2	1	10	1	5	1	3	41.0	44.7
Arizona	707	13	58	56	580	44	384	60	92	39.6	41.6
Arkansas	55	1	4	4	45	3	31	4	7	39.5	41.3
California	5,144	156	586	409	3,994	304	2,759	389	541	38.2	41.0
Colorado	394	14	49	33	297	26	189	35	46	38.1	41.1
Connecticut	140	5	20	13	102	12	61	13	17	37.8	41.1
Delaware	25	1	2	1	21	2	15	1	2	39.2	41.0
District of Columbia	25	1	3	2	19	2	12	2	4	38.5	42.3
Florida	1,645	26	134	90	1,395	86	1,017	96	196	39.6	41.5
Georgia	308	6	28	26	249	24	161	28	36	39.3	41.2
Hawaii	36	2	5	3	26	2	17	3	4	37.2	41.1
Idaho	60	2	7	4	46	2	25	7	12	40.3	43.4
Illinois	642	15	69	35	524	36	359	52	77	39.1	41.6
Indiana	123	3	9	8	104	7	72	12	12	39.6	40.7
Iowa	59	3	7	5	44	5	25	7	7	37.9	41.1
Kansas	68	4	9	7	48	7	25	6	10	36.9	40.5
Kentucky	32	1	3	1	28	3	17	3	5	40.5	42.2
Louisiana	35	(¹)	6	4	25	3	13	6	3	37.9	41.9
Maine	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	1	1	36.2	43.4
Maryland	187	4	15	13	155	7	106	19	23	40.1	42.0
Massachusetts	200	7	31	20	142	20	98	10	14	36.2	39.7
Michigan	154	10	18	13	112	11	69	14	18	37.4	41.6
Minnesota	90	4	9	10	68	9	36	12	10	38.3	41.6
Mississippi	34	(¹)	6	2	25	5	15	2	3	37.5	40.0
Missouri	85	3	12	5	65	8	30	8	18	39.9	43.4
Montana	10	1	1	1	7	1	3	1	2	40.3	45.8
Nebraska	64	3	5	7	48	8	25	6	10	39.1	42.6
Nevada	234	5	14	14	202	14	149	15	24	39.9	41.5
New Hampshire	12	(¹)	1	1	9	1	5	2	2	41.6	45.3
New Jersey	649	17	63	33	537	45	360	40	91	39.4	42.0
New Mexico	320	13	41	31	235	22	137	32	43	38.3	41.8
New York	1,181	30	128	72	951	117	637	76	120	38.3	41.0
North Carolina	295	9	25	29	232	30	146	25	30	38.4	40.3
North Dakota	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	36.5	41.3
Ohio	126	3	12	13	98	14	53	11	19	39.3	42.0
Oklahoma	85	2	10	5	67	3	40	10	14	40.4	43.5
Oregon	118	2	16	8	91	9	63	9	11	38.0	40.9
Pennsylvania	205	7	22	11	166	16	99	15	36	40.3	43.2
Rhode Island	47	1	6	5	35	4	23	4	4	37.8	40.4
South Carolina	54	2	7	7	39	5	24	5	5	37.3	40.1
South Dakota	7	(¹)	1	(¹)	6	(¹)	3	1	1	39.6	42.0
Tennessee	87	2	6	5	75	9	46	6	13	39.8	41.3
Texas	3,534	99	367	266	2,801	286	1,705	290	520	39.3	42.0
Utah	124	5	15	10	95	8	56	10	20	38.9	42.1
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	35.7	43.5
Virginia	276	7	26	20	222	15	157	19	31	38.9	41.0
Washington	193	10	21	14	148	16	84	18	30	38.8	42.2
West Virginia	5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	42.5	44.7
Wisconsin	117	3	12	9	93	8	52	15	18	39.6	42.7
Wyoming	13	(¹)	2	1	10	1	4	2	3	39.7	43.4

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In

addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	162	13	52	18	14	65	270	12	14	7	50	85	19	83
Alaska	30	3	10	3	1	14	52	3	4	1	14	14	5	12
Arizona	186	24	63	18	7	74	354	22	24	10	78	109	28	83
Arkansas	103	15	34	2	4	47	180	14	12	6	29	42	19	57
California	1,164	199	354	123	63	425	2,673	221	178	97	546	767	168	696
Colorado	196	23	81	10	10	72	385	29	24	9	91	94	34	104
Connecticut	143	12	53	21	10	46	310	18	16	13	79	78	33	73
Delaware	28	2	12	2	2	11	50	2	3	2	11	15	5	12
District of Columbia	21	1	7	5	1	8	30	2	3	1	4	7	2	9
Florida	497	67	144	38	30	217	1,072	78	54	33	186	261	138	322
Georgia	268	41	87	17	11	111	519	47	26	22	92	127	45	159
Hawaii	46	4	15	9	2	16	93	6	7	2	18	27	10	22
Idaho	60	8	23	4	2	24	138	5	6	1	42	40	13	30
Illinois	400	54	156	38	10	142	1,007	62	64	33	227	292	82	247
Indiana	189	27	65	9	11	77	455	26	28	17	100	110	47	126
Iowa	135	20	53	5	7	51	302	9	17	4	70	110	31	62
Kansas	123	13	44	7	8	50	246	9	15	5	48	81	33	55
Kentucky	130	18	35	7	5	65	293	20	17	9	54	81	40	71
Louisiana	165	20	44	22	10	69	267	16	18	5	40	79	22	86
Maine	68	7	22	10	10	20	132	7	6	3	34	28	14	40
Maryland	220	12	77	33	11	86	371	17	19	23	76	95	44	96
Massachusetts	247	22	86	55	9	75	645	30	32	26	180	154	57	165
Michigan	297	46	114	13	10	113	927	67	93	15	219	264	93	176
Minnesota	210	26	98	7	6	74	570	25	27	11	150	189	55	113
Mississippi	93	16	24	5	7	42	177	12	10	4	28	51	13	58
Missouri	199	22	70	15	12	79	450	29	26	14	91	136	50	104
Montana	43	7	14	3	3	16	90	5	5	1	21	26	12	20
Nebraska	72	8	31	3	3	27	162	9	8	2	34	50	19	40
Nevada	72	11	24	4	3	29	138	10	8	4	26	34	16	40
New Hampshire	55	4	20	8	4	20	122	5	7	4	36	29	9	32
New Jersey	279	24	103	39	18	93	612	36	38	31	133	164	51	160
New Mexico	73	8	24	9	1	31	152	10	5	2	28	41	13	52
New York	559	46	172	112	27	202	1,426	85	111	64	289	393	134	351
North Carolina	316	57	96	22	20	121	597	53	48	19	105	153	63	156
North Dakota	34	3	14	3	2	13	63	1	4	1	15	19	6	17
Ohio	372	38	135	21	19	158	1,013	70	66	24	235	290	112	215
Oklahoma	121	13	40	8	5	54	223	10	17	5	43	65	23	60
Oregon	140	23	49	7	4	58	318	29	23	7	74	69	34	83
Pennsylvania	415	52	170	27	23	143	1,016	55	78	37	261	256	108	221
Rhode Island	50	4	15	16	1	14	109	7	5	8	25	32	9	23
South Carolina	134	21	43	8	5	58	286	28	19	12	51	70	31	75
South Dakota	35	3	13	3	2	13	71	2	5	1	15	23	9	16
Tennessee	201	32	58	9	11	92	378	23	16	9	74	132	37	87
Texas	738	112	232	38	58	297	1,422	121	98	50	257	363	121	412
Utah	98	11	44	5	4	33	258	13	14	5	85	90	12	39
Vermont	27	3	10	2	1	11	65	2	3	3	13	14	8	22
Virginia	269	37	95	30	15	91	520	28	29	18	111	144	54	136
Washington	242	26	97	19	3	97	578	48	37	21	143	140	40	149
West Virginia	48	5	13	6	1	21	113	8	9	5	26	26	10	30
Wisconsin	191	26	88	3	5	69	540	28	31	13	144	168	56	100
Wyoming	22	2	8	1	1	9	45	2	2	(³)	11	13	6	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
Alabama	81	7	25	8	12	29	91	6	5	(3)	3	41	9	28
Alaska	17	2	6	1	1	7	18	1	1	(3)	2	6	2	4
Arizona	102	18	29	10	6	39	107	10	6	(3)	7	44	14	26
Arkansas	48	9	16	1	4	18	64	7	3	(3)	3	17	12	22
California	638	136	179	60	58	206	925	114	67	10	57	339	87	253
Colorado	101	13	44	4	8	33	136	16	14	(3)	7	44	18	37
Connecticut	69	7	27	8	6	22	95	9	7	1	6	34	18	21
Delaware	13	1	6	1	1	5	15	1	1	(3)	1	6	2	4
District of Columbia	9	1	3	2	(3)	3	12	1	1	(3)	(3)	4	1	4
Florida	239	40	71	16	23	90	396	40	26	1	15	112	84	119
Georgia	132	24	44	7	11	47	174	27	12	1	5	53	25	52
Hawaii	23	2	6	5	1	8	34	3	4	1	2	10	6	9
Idaho	32	4	12	2	2	12	42	2	2	(3)	2	18	7	10
Illinois	190	38	71	13	8	59	333	31	24	1	18	133	39	85
Indiana	103	20	33	4	8	37	143	16	11	(3)	5	53	23	35
Iowa	63	10	25	2	4	23	105	5	7	(3)	6	49	16	22
Kansas	62	8	23	3	5	22	87	4	5	(3)	3	40	16	19
Kentucky	63	10	18	2	4	28	97	9	7	(3)	6	33	22	21
Louisiana	78	15	21	10	8	24	84	5	4	(3)	2	32	12	28
Maine	34	4	11	4	5	9	42	3	2	(3)	4	12	7	14
Maryland	100	7	35	16	6	37	114	7	8	1	5	41	23	28
Massachusetts	114	12	41	23	5	32	196	17	12	(3)	10	65	29	63
Michigan	152	29	61	7	7	48	298	30	33	1	8	113	55	57
Minnesota	106	14	50	3	6	34	194	11	10	(3)	12	90	29	41
Mississippi	47	9	12	2	5	18	55	6	2	(3)	2	18	6	21
Missouri	102	14	36	8	10	34	147	16	7	1	6	59	24	34
Montana	22	5	6	1	2	8	30	2	2	(3)	2	10	6	7
Nebraska	36	5	15	1	2	13	53	5	3	(3)	1	21	10	14
Nevada	38	8	12	2	3	13	50	5	4	(3)	2	15	9	16
New Hampshire	29	3	11	3	2	10	34	2	3	(3)	2	13	4	9
New Jersey	145	18	60	14	10	42	182	17	17	2	6	67	28	46
New Mexico	37	6	12	4	1	15	56	5	4	(3)	2	18	7	19
New York	272	24	86	47	17	98	451	38	47	2	20	157	63	124
North Carolina	169	40	48	8	18	56	203	28	17	1	11	57	31	58
North Dakota	18	2	7	1	2	6	20	1	2	(3)	1	8	3	6
Ohio	186	25	69	7	14	71	338	35	25	3	12	138	57	68
Oklahoma	65	9	22	3	4	27	82	6	7	(3)	3	32	13	23
Oregon	70	15	26	3	3	23	102	13	8	1	6	27	16	30
Pennsylvania	210	34	87	12	13	64	288	26	25	2	10	100	58	67
Rhode Island	23	3	7	7	1	5	34	4	2	(3)	2	14	5	7
South Carolina	69	13	22	4	4	26	99	13	6	(3)	5	32	16	27
South Dakota	16	2	6	1	2	6	24	1	2	(3)	1	11	4	6
Tennessee	102	20	29	4	10	39	136	10	5	1	6	60	20	33
Texas	399	75	121	16	42	145	504	57	40	1	21	166	66	153
Utah	55	7	26	2	4	16	89	7	5	(3)	4	49	8	16
Vermont	13	1	5	1	1	5	20	1	1	(3)	1	6	4	7
Virginia	144	26	48	16	12	42	154	15	10	(3)	5	51	32	39
Washington	129	15	55	9	3	47	178	17	17	3	10	65	22	43
West Virginia	22	3	6	3	1	9	36	3	3	(3)	2	10	6	11
Wisconsin	94	13	42	1	5	32	177	15	13	(3)	10	71	32	35
Wyoming	11	1	4	(3)	1	4	14	1	1	(3)	(3)	6	3	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
Alabama	81	7	27	10	2	36	179	7	9	7	46	43	10	56
Alaska	13	1	5	1	(³)	6	34	2	2	1	12	8	2	7
Arizona	84	7	34	8	(³)	35	247	12	18	10	71	65	14	57
Arkansas	55	6	18	1	1	29	116	6	9	6	26	25	7	36
California	526	64	175	63	5	219	1,748	107	112	88	489	428	82	443
Colorado	95	10	37	6	3	40	249	13	11	8	84	51	16	66
Connecticut	73	5	26	14	5	24	215	9	10	12	73	44	15	52
Delaware	15	1	6	1	1	6	35	1	2	2	10	9	2	8
District of Columbia	12	1	4	3	(³)	5	18	1	2	1	4	3	1	5
Florida	257	27	73	22	7	128	676	38	28	32	171	149	54	203
Georgia	135	18	43	10	(³)	64	344	20	14	21	87	74	20	108
Hawaii	23	2	9	4	(³)	8	60	4	3	2	17	16	5	13
Idaho	28	3	11	2	(³)	12	97	3	4	1	40	23	6	20
Illinois	210	16	85	24	2	84	674	31	40	31	209	159	42	162
Indiana	86	7	31	4	3	40	311	11	17	16	95	57	24	91
Iowa	72	10	28	3	3	28	197	4	10	4	64	60	14	40
Kansas	61	4	21	4	3	28	158	5	10	5	45	41	16	36
Kentucky	67	7	17	4	1	37	196	12	11	9	48	48	18	51
Louisiana	87	6	23	12	2	45	183	11	14	5	38	47	10	57
Maine	34	2	11	6	5	10	90	4	4	3	30	16	7	26
Maryland	119	5	42	18	5	50	257	10	10	22	71	54	21	68
Massachusetts	132	9	45	32	4	42	448	14	20	25	170	89	28	103
Michigan	145	17	53	6	3	65	629	37	60	14	210	151	38	119
Minnesota	104	12	47	4	(³)	40	377	14	17	11	138	99	26	72
Mississippi	46	6	12	4	1	24	121	5	7	4	26	33	7	37
Missouri	97	8	34	8	2	45	303	13	19	13	85	77	26	69
Montana	21	2	8	2	(³)	9	60	3	2	1	19	16	6	13
Nebraska	36	3	17	2	(³)	14	109	4	5	2	33	29	9	26
Nevada	34	3	12	3	1	16	88	5	5	4	24	19	7	24
New Hampshire	27	1	9	4	2	11	89	2	4	4	34	16	5	23
New Jersey	133	6	43	25	8	51	431	18	21	29	127	97	24	114
New Mexico	35	2	12	5	(³)	16	96	5	1	2	26	23	7	33
New York	287	22	86	65	9	104	975	47	64	62	268	235	71	227
North Carolina	147	17	48	13	2	66	394	25	32	18	94	96	32	98
North Dakota	16	1	7	2	(³)	6	43	1	2	1	14	11	4	11
Ohio	185	13	66	15	5	87	675	34	41	21	223	152	56	147
Oklahoma	56	5	18	5	1	27	141	5	10	5	40	33	10	37
Oregon	69	8	23	4	(³)	34	216	16	14	6	68	42	17	52
Pennsylvania	205	18	82	15	10	79	728	29	53	35	251	156	50	154
Rhode Island	26	2	8	9	(³)	8	75	3	3	8	23	18	4	16
South Carolina	65	8	21	4	1	32	186	16	13	12	46	37	15	48
South Dakota	18	1	7	2	(³)	8	47	1	3	1	14	12	5	11
Tennessee	99	12	29	4	1	53	242	13	11	8	69	71	16	54
Texas	338	37	111	22	16	153	918	64	58	49	235	197	55	259
Utah	42	4	18	3	(³)	17	169	6	9	5	81	41	4	23
Vermont	14	1	5	1	1	6	45	1	2	2	12	8	4	15
Virginia	125	11	47	14	3	49	366	13	20	17	105	92	22	97
Washington	113	11	42	10	(³)	50	400	31	20	18	133	74	18	106
West Virginia	27	2	7	4	1	13	77	4	5	5	23	16	4	20
Wisconsin	97	13	46	1	(³)	37	364	13	18	12	134	98	24	65
Wyoming	10	1	4	1	(³)	4	31	1	1	(³)	11	7	3	8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Alabama	122	8	44	11	12	47	204	8	6	6	44	57	16	67
Alaska	23	3	8	2	(³)	10	41	2	2	1	12	10	4	9
Arizona	159	20	56	14	6	63	319	19	21	9	75	92	27	75
Arkansas	85	12	29	2	4	39	150	8	8	4	26	38	18	47
California	942	170	279	91	58	343	2,159	178	132	74	450	594	150	581
Colorado	182	21	75	9	9	67	353	26	22	7	85	84	33	97
Connecticut	123	10	47	18	9	39	277	14	13	12	73	70	32	64
Delaware	21	2	9	2	1	7	42	2	1	2	10	12	4	10
District of Columbia	11	(³)	4	2	(³)	3	15	1	1	1	3	4	1	4
Florida	402	54	124	29	24	171	884	53	35	26	165	211	129	265
Georgia	196	27	67	13	9	79	359	24	11	16	73	92	40	103
Hawaii	12	1	5	1	(³)	4	26	2	1	1	6	5	3	8
Idaho	58	7	22	3	2	23	132	5	6	1	40	38	12	29
Illinois	339	48	134	31	9	117	866	49	49	27	203	258	72	207
Indiana	171	25	58	7	11	70	423	21	23	16	97	105	43	118
Iowa	130	19	51	4	7	49	285	8	15	4	68	101	31	59
Kansas	113	11	42	7	8	46	222	8	13	4	45	71	32	49
Kentucky	117	16	32	6	5	58	270	18	15	8	51	74	38	66
Louisiana	113	13	34	16	7	43	187	8	9	3	32	61	20	54
Maine	66	6	22	10	9	19	128	6	6	3	33	27	13	39
Maryland	149	9	57	19	8	57	283	11	10	21	65	65	34	76
Massachusetts	218	19	77	48	9	66	577	21	26	24	168	133	54	150
Michigan	256	42	102	8	10	95	822	53	76	13	206	232	89	153
Minnesota	193	23	91	6	5	68	526	21	21	10	142	171	55	107
Mississippi	59	7	18	3	5	26	118	4	4	3	25	35	10	36
Missouri	178	20	64	14	12	68	387	22	20	11	83	118	46	86
Montana	40	6	13	3	2	15	85	4	4	1	20	24	12	19
Nebraska	67	7	30	3	2	25	152	8	8	2	33	46	19	38
Nevada	60	10	20	4	3	25	122	8	6	3	23	30	15	36
New Hampshire	54	4	19	7	4	20	119	4	7	4	35	28	9	31
New Jersey	224	19	82	30	16	77	509	26	24	27	118	133	48	134
New Mexico	63	7	21	7	1	26	136	10	5	2	25	36	13	45
New York	437	36	137	87	24	154	1,161	59	78	52	259	309	123	280
North Carolina	227	40	73	16	15	82	452	35	26	16	85	112	55	124
North Dakota	31	3	12	2	2	11	59	1	3	(³)	15	17	6	16
Ohio	322	32	120	19	18	134	905	51	51	21	222	264	107	190
Oklahoma	99	11	33	7	4	44	175	7	11	4	34	51	19	48
Oregon	127	19	44	7	3	53	284	25	17	6	70	58	33	76
Pennsylvania	373	47	156	22	22	127	928	45	71	30	253	223	104	202
Rhode Island	46	4	14	15	1	12	100	6	4	8	23	29	8	21
South Carolina	97	12	36	4	4	41	211	15	10	10	42	54	24	56
South Dakota	32	3	12	3	2	12	67	2	4	1	14	22	9	15
Tennessee	165	24	51	8	8	75	324	19	11	8	70	112	33	71
Texas	621	95	198	34	51	242	1,198	99	67	42	226	300	110	355
Utah	93	11	42	4	4	32	247	12	12	5	84	86	12	37
Vermont	27	2	10	2	1	11	62	2	3	3	13	13	8	21
Virginia	213	32	75	26	14	66	413	18	15	14	94	116	45	112
Washington	210	22	86	16	3	82	506	42	31	18	133	113	36	134
West Virginia	46	5	13	6	1	21	109	7	8	5	25	25	9	29
Wisconsin	177	24	82	2	5	64	502	25	25	12	137	159	53	92
Wyoming	21	2	8	1	1	8	44	2	2	(³)	11	13	6	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black or African American														
Alabama	36	5	7	6	1	18	52	4	7	1	4	22	2	13
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Arizona	10	1	3	2	(3)	4	7	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1
Arkansas	14	3	4	(3)	1	6	23	5	3	2	2	3	1	8
California	69	10	19	11	2	27	124	13	19	4	14	39	7	28
Colorado	6	1	2	(3)	1	2	12	(3)	1	1	2	4	1	3
Connecticut	15	1	4	3	1	5	22	3	2	1	4	3	1	7
Delaware	6	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	3	7	(3)	2	(3)	1	2	1	2
District of Columbia	9	1	2	2	(3)	4	14	1	2	(3)	1	3	1	5
Florida	78	11	15	8	5	39	146	22	16	5	14	38	7	44
Georgia	65	14	17	3	2	30	138	22	14	6	14	31	5	45
Hawaii	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Idaho	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	47	4	17	6	1	19	102	12	12	3	14	21	9	31
Indiana	14	2	4	1	1	6	22	4	3	(3)	2	3	3	7
Iowa	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	1	(3)	1	3	(3)	1
Kansas	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	9	1	1	1	1	3	(3)	2
Kentucky	10	1	2	1	(3)	6	19	2	2	1	1	6	2	5
Louisiana	50	7	9	5	3	26	74	7	9	3	8	16	2	29
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	61	2	18	12	2	26	70	5	8	1	7	23	9	16
Massachusetts	16	1	5	5	(3)	5	42	7	4	1	5	11	2	12
Michigan	30	4	9	3	(3)	15	72	12	15	1	6	20	3	16
Minnesota	7	2	2	(3)	(3)	3	17	2	4	1	3	5	(3)	2
Mississippi	32	9	6	2	2	14	56	7	6	1	3	16	3	21
Missouri	14	1	5	1	(3)	7	46	6	6	3	4	12	3	13
Nebraska	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Nevada	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	1	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	34	5	12	7	2	9	61	7	11	2	4	18	2	17
New Mexico	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
New York	85	6	24	20	2	32	167	16	21	9	16	49	8	49
North Carolina	65	11	17	5	2	29	116	17	19	4	16	26	8	26
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	36	5	10	3	(3)	18	84	16	13	3	11	17	4	19
Oklahoma	5	(3)	1	1	(3)	3	13	1	2	(3)	2	4	2	3
Oregon	3	1	2	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	3	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Pennsylvania	34	5	12	4	1	13	67	7	6	6	5	25	2	15
Rhode Island	2	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	34	8	6	3	2	16	68	12	8	2	8	13	7	18
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	32	7	7	1	2	14	50	4	4	1	4	19	3	15
Texas	80	9	22	3	4	42	135	12	26	5	17	32	9	34
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	48	5	17	3	1	21	85	9	13	2	9	22	8	23
Washington	7	2	1	1	(3)	3	9	1	2	1	2	2	(3)	2
West Virginia	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Wisconsin	7	1	3	(3)	(3)	3	21	2	3	1	4	3	2	5
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Asian														
Alabama	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	7	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	3	(3)	2
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	5	2	1	1	(3)	1	13	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	8	1	2
Arkansas	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
California	109	13	40	16	1	39	286	22	21	12	65	96	10	59
Colorado	4	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1	10	1	1	1	3	3	(3)	1
Connecticut	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	(3)	(3)	2	3	(3)	1
Delaware	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	8	1	3	1	1	2	25	2	1	1	5	8	1	7
Georgia	3	1	2	1	(3)	(3)	17	(3)	1	(3)	5	3	(3)	9
Hawaii	19	2	7	4	1	7	36	3	3	1	7	11	5	7
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	13	1	4	1	(3)	6	28	2	1	1	8	9	(3)	7
Indiana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	1	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
Iowa	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	1
Kansas	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	2
Kentucky	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	2
Maine	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	7	1	2	2	(3)	2	13	(3)	(3)	1	3	5	1	3
Massachusetts	11	1	4	2	(3)	3	18	2	2	(3)	6	6	(3)	3
Michigan	5	1	2	2	(3)	1	16	1	1	1	5	5	(3)	5
Minnesota	5	1	3	(3)	(3)	2	17	1	2	(3)	3	10	(3)	1
Mississippi	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	5	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	2	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Nevada	4	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	2
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	17	(3)	7	2	1	6	34	2	2	2	10	10	1	7
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
New York	26	4	8	3	1	12	75	9	8	2	12	23	2	18
North Carolina	6	3	1	(3)	(3)	3	13	(3)	1	(3)	3	4	1	4
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	7	1	3	(3)	(3)	4	7	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	1
Oklahoma	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Oregon	3	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	14	2	2	(3)	2	5	(3)	3
Pennsylvania	4	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1	15	2	1	(3)	3	4	2	3
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Texas	20	2	7	1	1	9	57	4	4	2	9	25	1	12
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Virginia	5	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	3	16	1	1	1	7	4	1	1
Washington	15	2	5	1	(3)	7	40	3	3	2	6	16	2	8
Wisconsin	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1	(3)	2	3	(3)	1
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours per week, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	5	1	1	(3)	3	1	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Arizona	53	12	12	6	5	19	73	7	6	3	17	20	1	20
Arkansas	5	1	1	(3)	1	3	5	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
California	393	112	66	39	44	133	757	102	65	42	137	214	14	183
Colorado	35	6	12	1	2	14	62	11	4	1	11	14	3	18
Connecticut	14	2	4	1	1	5	24	4	2	1	4	6	(3)	6
Delaware	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
District of Columbia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	5	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	2
Florida	84	14	21	5	10	34	165	23	12	9	23	44	6	48
Georgia	26	8	4	1	5	8	34	10	2	3	6	2	1	10
Hawaii	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	2
Idaho	5	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	9	1	1	(3)	2	3	(3)	1
Illinois	38	10	9	3	1	15	80	11	9	3	11	22	2	22
Indiana	11	2	2	(3)	3	3	8	1	(3)	1	3	1	(3)	1
Iowa	6	2	1	(3)	1	2	9	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	3
Kansas	8	2	2	1	1	3	12	1	1	(3)	1	3	1	4
Kentucky	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	3	(3)	1	1	(3)	2	6	(3)	(3)	1	2	3	(3)	1
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	14	2	3	2	2	5	19	3	2	1	2	4	(3)	6
Massachusetts	19	3	4	4	1	7	39	6	4	2	10	7	1	8
Michigan	12	3	4	(3)	1	4	29	5	3	2	6	7	2	5
Minnesota	8	3	2	(3)	1	3	14	2	2	(3)	3	5	(3)	3
Mississippi	3	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	5	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1
Missouri	7	1	2	(3)	2	1	13	2	2	1	1	6	(3)	1
Montana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	4	1	1	(3)	1	1	12	4	1	(3)	1	2	1	3
Nevada	12	3	2	(3)	1	6	20	3	2	1	4	6	(3)	4
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	32	6	9	3	3	11	80	12	7	6	13	21	1	20
New Mexico	28	4	8	3	1	11	57	6	3	1	9	16	3	19
New York	68	9	17	10	5	27	162	23	21	10	25	43	2	37
North Carolina	31	17	2	2	5	5	31	10	5	1	5	4	(3)	7
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	10	3	3	(3)	1	3	18	2	2	(3)	3	4	(3)	6
Oklahoma	5	1	1	(3)	(3)	3	12	1	2	1	2	3	(3)	3
Oregon	9	3	3	(3)	1	3	18	4	2	(3)	2	6	(3)	3
Pennsylvania	14	4	4	(3)	2	4	25	3	4	1	6	6	(3)	6
Rhode Island	5	1	1	2	(3)	1	7	1	1	1	1	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	7	3	(3)	1	1	2	9	2	1	(3)	3	1	(3)	1
South Dakota	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	6	1	3	(3)	(3)	2	6	(3)	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	1
Texas	261	60	56	16	30	98	472	70	36	23	65	115	19	145
Utah	10	3	3	(3)	1	3	19	3	2	1	5	5	(3)	3
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	24	12	3	4	2	3	30	6	1	2	6	9	(3)	6
Washington	15	2	6	1	1	6	30	3	3	1	6	11	(3)	6
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	6	1	2	(3)	(3)	2	18	4	3	1	3	5	(3)	2
Wyoming	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Alabama	81	34	11	24	12
Alaska	21	11	2	2	5
Arizona	105	59	15	17	14
Arkansas	47	19	6	9	13
California	660	349	75	118	118
Colorado	94	56	9	12	16
Connecticut	78	46	7	17	9
Delaware	14	8	1	3	2
District of Columbia	10	5	1	2	2
Florida	265	137	30	56	42
Georgia	135	66	15	34	21
Hawaii	27	15	3	6	4
Idaho	26	14	3	5	5
Illinois	244	138	27	41	39
Indiana	131	65	17	25	24
Iowa	65	32	8	12	14
Kansas	53	26	7	10	10
Kentucky	76	35	9	17	14
Louisiana	96	36	5	21	34
Maine	33	16	3	6	7
Maryland	117	62	14	20	19
Massachusetts	160	98	15	26	21
Michigan	214	120	15	44	36
Minnesota	109	58	11	17	22
Mississippi	43	17	7	8	12
Missouri	114	55	14	25	20
Montana	24	13	2	4	4
Nebraska	36	19	4	6	7
Nevada	36	20	5	5	5
New Hampshire	30	18	3	4	4
New Jersey	168	90	19	30	29
New Mexico	30	16	4	5	5
New York	336	185	33	73	44
North Carolina	171	82	22	40	27
North Dakota	13	7	2	1	3
Ohio	253	142	20	53	38
Oklahoma	50	22	5	14	8
Oregon	64	38	7	10	10
Pennsylvania	218	111	20	52	35
Rhode Island	27	14	3	8	3
South Carolina	74	30	10	22	12
South Dakota	17	9	2	2	4
Tennessee	105	43	11	31	20
Texas	356	191	44	65	56
Utah	52	27	6	9	9
Vermont	16	8	1	3	4
Virginia	134	71	16	23	23
Washington	128	75	14	21	17
West Virginia	32	16	2	8	5
Wisconsin	111	61	11	20	20
Wyoming	13	6	1	3	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Men					
Alabama	32	13	1	14	5
Alaska	10	5	1	1	3
Arizona	44	25	2	9	8
Arkansas	21	8	2	4	8
California	299	166	11	56	65
Colorado	40	26	2	5	7
Connecticut	32	20	1	7	4
Delaware	6	3	(³)	1	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	116	63	6	27	20
Georgia	58	28	2	15	12
Hawaii	11	7	(³)	2	2
Idaho	11	6	1	2	2
Illinois	107	60	4	24	19
Indiana	57	32	1	11	13
Iowa	29	13	1	6	8
Kansas	22	11	1	6	5
Kentucky	33	15	2	10	7
Louisiana	42	16	1	7	19
Maine	15	7	(³)	3	4
Maryland	51	28	3	10	10
Massachusetts	67	45	2	10	11
Michigan	91	52	2	16	21
Minnesota	46	27	1	6	11
Mississippi	18	5	2	4	7
Missouri	48	25	2	10	11
Montana	10	6	(³)	2	3
Nebraska	15	7	1	3	4
Nevada	16	10	1	2	3
New Hampshire	14	8	1	2	3
New Jersey	69	40	3	14	12
New Mexico	13	7	1	2	3
New York	144	79	5	35	25
North Carolina	65	33	3	17	12
North Dakota	6	3	(³)	1	1
Ohio	111	63	5	24	20
Oklahoma	21	9	1	7	4
Oregon	30	19	1	5	5
Pennsylvania	96	48	2	26	21
Rhode Island	12	6	(³)	4	2
South Carolina	27	11	1	8	8
South Dakota	7	4	(³)	1	2
Tennessee	46	18	3	14	11
Texas	151	80	10	29	32
Utah	19	11	1	4	4
Vermont	7	3	(³)	1	2
Virginia	53	31	2	12	8
Washington	57	36	2	11	9
West Virginia	13	6	(³)	4	2
Wisconsin	48	27	1	10	10
Wyoming	6	3	(³)	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Women					
Alabama	49	21	10	10	7
Alaska	11	6	2	1	2
Arizona	61	34	13	7	6
Arkansas	26	11	4	5	5
California	361	183	64	61	53
Colorado	53	30	7	7	9
Connecticut	46	26	6	10	5
Delaware	9	4	1	2	1
District of Columbia	6	3	1	1	1
Florida	149	74	24	29	22
Georgia	77	38	13	18	9
Hawaii	16	8	2	3	2
Idaho	16	9	2	2	2
Illinois	138	78	22	18	20
Indiana	73	33	16	14	11
Iowa	36	19	6	6	6
Kansas	30	15	5	4	6
Kentucky	43	21	8	8	7
Louisiana	54	20	5	13	15
Maine	18	9	2	3	4
Maryland	65	34	11	10	10
Massachusetts	93	53	13	16	11
Michigan	123	67	13	28	15
Minnesota	63	31	10	11	11
Mississippi	25	11	5	4	5
Missouri	66	30	12	15	9
Montana	13	8	2	2	2
Nebraska	21	12	3	3	3
Nevada	20	10	4	3	2
New Hampshire	16	10	3	2	2
New Jersey	99	50	16	16	17
New Mexico	17	9	3	3	3
New York	192	107	28	38	20
North Carolina	107	49	20	23	15
North Dakota	8	4	1	1	1
Ohio	142	79	16	29	18
Oklahoma	29	13	4	7	5
Oregon	35	18	6	5	5
Pennsylvania	121	63	18	26	14
Rhode Island	15	8	2	4	1
South Carolina	47	19	9	14	5
South Dakota	10	5	1	1	2
Tennessee	58	25	8	16	9
Texas	205	111	34	37	24
Utah	32	16	5	5	6
Vermont	9	5	1	1	2
Virginia	81	41	14	12	15
Washington	71	40	12	10	9
West Virginia	19	10	2	4	3
Wisconsin	63	34	10	9	10
Wyoming	7	3	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Alabama	63	26	9	19	10
Alaska	17	10	2	1	4
Arizona	93	53	13	14	12
Arkansas	41	17	5	8	12
California	540	294	56	94	97
Colorado	87	52	9	11	15
Connecticut	67	40	5	13	9
Delaware	11	7	1	2	2
District of Columbia	5	3	1	(³)	1
Florida	223	117	26	42	38
Georgia	98	51	11	23	13
Hawaii	8	5	1	1	1
Idaho	26	14	2	5	5
Illinois	199	114	21	32	32
Indiana	120	61	15	22	21
Iowa	63	31	7	11	13
Kansas	50	24	6	10	10
Kentucky	72	33	9	16	14
Louisiana	72	28	5	15	25
Maine	32	16	3	6	7
Maryland	90	50	9	16	16
Massachusetts	147	90	13	23	21
Michigan	184	105	12	34	32
Minnesota	100	54	9	16	20
Mississippi	28	10	5	5	8
Missouri	101	48	12	21	19
Montana	23	13	2	3	4
Nebraska	33	18	3	5	7
Nevada	29	16	5	5	5
New Hampshire	29	17	3	4	4
New Jersey	135	74	15	21	24
New Mexico	27	15	4	4	5
New York	267	151	25	53	38
North Carolina	135	67	17	30	21
North Dakota	13	7	2	1	3
Ohio	222	127	17	44	34
Oklahoma	37	18	3	10	6
Oregon	59	34	6	9	9
Pennsylvania	201	105	17	47	32
Rhode Island	25	13	3	7	3
South Carolina	53	23	7	14	8
South Dakota	16	9	2	2	3
Tennessee	91	40	10	25	17
Texas	295	160	38	51	46
Utah	48	26	5	8	9
Vermont	15	8	1	3	3
Virginia	111	63	13	17	19
Washington	115	67	14	19	15
West Virginia	31	15	2	8	5
Wisconsin	104	57	10	19	18
Wyoming	12	6	1	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black or African American					
Alabama	16	8	2	5	2
Alaska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	5	2	2	1	(³)
Arkansas	5	2	1	1	1
California	35	12	7	10	7
Colorado	2	1	(³)	(³)	1
Connecticut	8	4	1	3	1
Delaware	2	1	1	1	(³)
District of Columbia	4	2	1	1	1
Florida	34	16	4	11	3
Georgia	34	14	3	11	7
Hawaii	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	32	14	3	8	6
Indiana	8	3	1	2	2
Iowa	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	4	2	(³)	2	(³)
Louisiana	20	7	1	6	7
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	20	10	4	4	2
Massachusetts	9	7	1	2	(³)
Michigan	22	9	2	8	3
Minnesota	5	2	1	1	1
Mississippi	15	6	2	2	4
Missouri	9	5	1	3	(³)
Nebraska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	19	8	2	6	2
New Mexico	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	46	22	4	17	3
North Carolina	28	10	4	8	5
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	22	10	3	6	3
Oklahoma	6	2	(³)	2	1
Oregon	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	12	4	3	4	1
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	19	5	2	8	4
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	13	4	1	5	3
Texas	47	24	4	11	8
Utah	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	18	6	2	6	4
Washington	2	1	(³)	(³)	1
West Virginia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	4	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Asian					
Alabama	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	60	32	10	8	10
Colorado	3	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Delaware	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	4	2	1	1	1
Georgia	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	11	6	1	2	1
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	11	8	2	1	(3)
Indiana	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Iowa	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	2	1	(3)	(3)	1
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	5	3	(3)	1	1
Massachusetts	3	1	1	1	(3)
Michigan	5	4	(3)	(3)	(3)
Minnesota	3	1	1	(3)	1
Mississippi	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	3	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	13	7	2	1	3
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York	16	9	2	3	2
North Carolina	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	4	3	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oklahoma	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oregon	3	2	1	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	3	1	(3)	(3)	1
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Texas	8	4	2	1	1
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	3	1	1	(3)	1
Washington	7	6	(3)	1	1
Wisconsin	1	1	(3)	(3)	1
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Alabama	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Alaska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	22	12	6	3	1
Arkansas	2	1	(³)	1	1
California	174	87	19	42	27
Colorado	11	6	1	2	2
Connecticut	7	4	(³)	2	(³)
Delaware	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	38	17	8	8	6
Georgia	8	5	(³)	2	1
Hawaii	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Idaho	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Illinois	16	9	2	4	1
Indiana	3	2	1	(³)	(³)
Iowa	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	2	(³)	(³)	1	1
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	6	3	1	1	1
Massachusetts	7	3	1	2	(³)
Michigan	6	3	(³)	1	2
Minnesota	3	2	1	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
Missouri	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Montana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Nevada	6	3	1	1	1
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	18	10	2	4	2
New Mexico	8	4	1	2	2
New York	34	19	4	8	4
North Carolina	4	2	1	1	(³)
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	4	2	(³)	1	1
Oklahoma	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Oregon	3	1	1	1	1
Pennsylvania	6	3	(³)	2	1
Rhode Island	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	94	53	12	17	12
Utah	3	1	1	1	(³)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	6	4	(³)	1	1
Washington	6	4	(³)	2	1
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	4	1	1	1	1
Wyoming	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African

American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Alabama	92	37	8	15	29	11
Alaska	23	11	5	3	8	1
Arizona	135	54	11	19	52	10
Arkansas	70	31	7	9	23	7
California	942	455	111	100	297	90
Colorado	124	56	12	17	41	11
Connecticut	91	43	12	10	28	10
Delaware	19	11	3	3	4	1
District of Columbia	18	8	1	2	7	1
Florida	314	143	27	42	96	33
Georgia	249	120	20	29	81	19
Hawaii	18	6	2	3	7	2
Idaho	30	14	7	3	10	2
Illinois	363	200	46	27	107	30
Indiana	182	96	31	22	49	15
Iowa	75	32	9	10	27	6
Kansas	75	37	8	9	24	5
Kentucky	124	54	18	16	41	13
Louisiana	125	60	19	16	41	8
Maine	35	18	6	5	10	2
Maryland	123	56	11	14	43	9
Massachusetts	164	94	23	15	42	13
Michigan	339	182	54	32	102	23
Minnesota	114	55	26	11	37	11
Mississippi	92	37	13	11	35	9
Missouri	165	83	22	14	57	11
Montana	22	10	5	3	8	1
Nebraska	40	18	5	7	12	3
Nevada	53	24	7	9	15	5
New Hampshire	27	13	3	4	7	2
New Jersey	195	107	20	20	54	14
New Mexico	50	21	6	7	20	2
New York	471	251	52	38	143	38
North Carolina	226	104	20	35	67	20
North Dakota	12	5	3	2	5	1
Ohio	352	180	53	35	109	28
Oklahoma	80	29	6	12	31	8
Oregon	112	61	17	13	29	9
Pennsylvania	309	154	49	32	97	26
Rhode Island	29	17	6	3	8	2
South Carolina	140	69	14	15	45	11
South Dakota	19	7	4	3	8	1
Tennessee	162	68	17	27	51	16
Texas	608	266	43	72	194	76
Utah	52	21	6	9	18	5
Vermont	13	6	3	2	4	1
Virginia	138	60	16	23	43	12
Washington	184	82	24	24	63	16
West Virginia	42	20	6	5	13	4
Wisconsin	141	78	31	12	39	12
Wyoming	10	4	2	2	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Men						
Alabama	45	20	5	5	13	7
Alaska	14	8	4	1	4	1
Arizona	72	31	5	13	23	7
Arkansas	37	21	6	4	8	4
California	516	287	70	53	126	50
Colorado	63	30	6	8	20	6
Connecticut	46	25	7	5	11	5
Delaware	9	6	2	1	2	(¹)
District of Columbia	8	3	(¹)	1	3	(¹)
Florida	156	74	17	23	43	17
Georgia	133	73	14	14	35	11
Hawaii	10	4	1	1	3	1
Idaho	14	8	4	1	5	(¹)
Illinois	198	118	30	13	49	18
Indiana	94	58	21	12	18	7
Iowa	41	20	6	6	12	3
Kansas	41	21	5	6	10	4
Kentucky	62	32	12	8	15	7
Louisiana	67	32	13	10	19	6
Maine	20	11	4	2	6	1
Maryland	62	30	5	5	21	5
Massachusetts	97	55	15	8	27	7
Michigan	188	112	39	17	48	12
Minnesota	68	36	19	7	18	6
Mississippi	44	22	8	6	12	4
Missouri	83	48	14	5	25	5
Montana	12	6	4	2	4	1
Nebraska	21	11	3	4	5	1
Nevada	30	16	5	5	7	2
New Hampshire	15	9	2	2	3	1
New Jersey	100	61	12	12	20	7
New Mexico	30	14	3	4	11	1
New York	272	162	38	20	68	22
North Carolina	107	54	7	15	29	9
North Dakota	8	4	2	1	2	1
Ohio	191	106	39	17	52	16
Oklahoma	38	16	4	6	12	5
Oregon	60	34	9	7	15	5
Pennsylvania	160	87	29	13	44	16
Rhode Island	16	10	4	1	3	1
South Carolina	73	40	8	7	19	7
South Dakota	10	5	3	2	3	1
Tennessee	83	38	9	18	21	6
Texas	334	166	25	40	90	39
Utah	27	12	3	5	8	2
Vermont	7	4	2	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	65	35	10	12	14	4
Washington	102	53	13	11	29	9
West Virginia	25	14	4	3	7	2
Wisconsin	76	45	21	7	18	6
Wyoming	6	2	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Women						
Alabama	48	17	3	11	16	4
Alaska	9	3	1	2	3	(¹)
Arizona	62	23	6	7	29	4
Arkansas	33	10	2	5	15	3
California	427	168	41	47	171	40
Colorado	61	26	6	9	22	4
Connecticut	45	19	5	5	17	4
Delaware	10	5	1	2	3	1
District of Columbia	10	5	1	1	4	1
Florida	158	69	11	19	53	16
Georgia	116	47	7	16	46	8
Hawaii	9	2	1	2	4	1
Idaho	16	6	3	2	5	2
Illinois	165	82	17	13	58	12
Indiana	88	38	10	10	32	8
Iowa	34	12	3	4	15	3
Kansas	34	15	4	4	13	2
Kentucky	61	22	6	8	25	7
Louisiana	58	28	6	7	22	2
Maine	16	7	2	2	5	1
Maryland	61	25	6	9	22	4
Massachusetts	67	39	9	7	15	6
Michigan	151	71	15	16	54	11
Minnesota	46	19	7	4	19	4
Mississippi	47	16	5	5	22	5
Missouri	82	35	7	9	32	6
Montana	10	4	2	1	4	1
Nebraska	18	7	1	3	7	1
Nevada	23	8	2	4	8	3
New Hampshire	12	5	1	3	4	1
New Jersey	95	45	8	8	34	7
New Mexico	20	7	3	3	9	1
New York	198	89	14	18	75	16
North Carolina	119	50	13	20	38	11
North Dakota	5	1	1	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	160	74	14	18	56	12
Oklahoma	42	13	2	6	19	3
Oregon	51	27	8	6	14	4
Pennsylvania	149	67	20	20	52	10
Rhode Island	14	7	2	2	4	1
South Carolina	67	29	6	8	26	5
South Dakota	8	3	1	1	4	(¹)
Tennessee	79	30	8	9	30	10
Texas	274	100	18	33	105	37
Utah	25	9	3	5	9	3
Vermont	5	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	73	25	6	12	29	8
Washington	82	29	11	13	34	7
West Virginia	17	6	2	2	7	2
Wisconsin	66	32	10	6	21	6
Wyoming	5	1	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
White						
Alabama	50	23	5	11	12	4
Alaska	15	8	4	2	5	(¹)
Arizona	107	45	8	15	38	9
Arkansas	48	23	6	8	14	3
California	680	345	94	72	201	63
Colorado	107	47	10	15	35	10
Connecticut	70	35	10	8	18	8
Delaware	11	7	2	2	2	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)
Florida	208	95	18	28	67	18
Georgia	120	61	14	17	34	8
Hawaii	4	1	(¹)	1	2	(¹)
Idaho	27	13	6	3	9	2
Illinois	251	145	40	22	67	16
Indiana	149	82	27	20	36	11
Iowa	65	28	9	8	24	5
Kansas	60	30	7	8	18	4
Kentucky	103	49	17	13	31	9
Louisiana	56	29	8	8	16	3
Maine	34	18	6	4	10	2
Maryland	59	25	6	9	22	4
Massachusetts	135	82	22	14	31	8
Michigan	244	140	47	25	62	16
Minnesota	93	47	24	10	29	8
Mississippi	36	17	6	8	9	2
Missouri	115	59	18	12	38	6
Montana	18	8	5	3	6	1
Nebraska	31	14	4	5	9	2
Nevada	42	19	6	7	12	4
New Hampshire	25	13	3	4	7	1
New Jersey	135	74	14	14	37	10
New Mexico	40	17	5	6	15	2
New York	299	167	42	27	82	23
North Carolina	130	57	12	26	39	9
North Dakota	8	3	2	1	3	(¹)
Ohio	260	137	45	24	78	21
Oklahoma	54	21	4	7	21	6
Oregon	100	55	14	12	26	8
Pennsylvania	243	121	43	27	76	19
Rhode Island	25	14	6	3	6	2
South Carolina	68	36	8	9	20	4
South Dakota	12	6	3	2	4	(¹)
Tennessee	101	47	14	16	28	9
Texas	442	196	33	58	141	48
Utah	48	19	6	9	16	4
Vermont	12	6	3	1	4	1
Virginia	83	36	10	15	27	5
Washington	153	68	21	20	53	12
West Virginia	40	18	6	5	12	4
Wisconsin	118	68	29	11	29	10
Wyoming	9	4	2	2	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Black or African American						
Alabama	41	13	3	4	16	7
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Arizona	10	2	(¹)	1	6	1
Arkansas	19	7	2	1	7	4
California	119	61	10	5	41	12
Colorado	8	4	1	1	3	(¹)
Connecticut	15	7	1	1	6	1
Delaware	7	4	1	1	2	(¹)
District of Columbia	14	6	1	1	6	1
Florida	91	41	8	12	25	13
Georgia	121	55	7	11	44	11
Illinois	96	45	6	3	35	12
Indiana	31	13	4	3	12	4
Iowa	6	2	(¹)	1	2	1
Kansas	9	3	(¹)	1	4	1
Kentucky	19	4	1	3	9	3
Louisiana	67	29	9	8	25	5
Maryland	59	30	5	4	21	4
Massachusetts	17	6	1	(¹)	7	3
Michigan	76	36	6	4	32	5
Minnesota	12	6	2	(¹)	4	2
Mississippi	54	20	6	2	25	7
Missouri	45	21	3	2	17	4
Nebraska	4	3	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Nevada	7	3	1	1	2	1
New Jersey	51	28	5	5	15	3
New Mexico	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
New York	132	66	9	9	44	12
North Carolina	80	38	6	8	24	9
Ohio	82	38	7	10	27	7
Oklahoma	8	1	1	2	4	1
Oregon	3	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Pennsylvania	59	29	5	3	19	7
Rhode Island	3	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
South Carolina	70	32	5	6	24	8
Tennessee	54	18	3	10	19	7
Texas	131	57	8	12	40	22
Virginia	52	22	6	9	15	6
Washington	9	5	2	1	3	1
West Virginia	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Wisconsin	14	6	1	(¹)	6	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	2	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
California	98	33	3	19	34	11
Colorado	3	1	(1)	1	1	(1)
Connecticut	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	8	3	1	1	3	1
Georgia	4	2	(1)	1	1	(1)
Hawaii	6	3	1	(1)	2	(1)
Illinois	11	6	1	(1)	3	1
Kansas	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)
Maryland	2	(1)	(1)	1	1	(1)
Massachusetts	9	5	(1)	(1)	3	1
Michigan	5	1	1	2	2	1
Minnesota	4	2	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Nevada	2	1	(1)	1	1	(1)
New Hampshire	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	9	5	1	1	2	(1)
New York	28	12	(1)	2	13	1
North Carolina	6	3	(1)	1	1	1
Ohio	3	1	1	(1)	1	(1)
Oregon	3	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Pennsylvania	4	2	1	1	1	(1)
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Texas	16	5	(1)	(1)	8	3
Virginia	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1
Washington	11	4	1	2	3	2
Wisconsin	3	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Alaska	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	41	15	3	7	14	5
Arkansas	2	1	(1)	1	1	(1)
California	366	187	59	29	108	43
Colorado	27	13	2	2	9	3
Connecticut	19	7	2	2	8	3
Delaware	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	76	36	7	8	23	9
Georgia	17	11	4	2	4	(1)
Hawaii	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Idaho	3	1	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Illinois	50	32	7	2	12	4
Indiana	6	4	2	1	(1)	(1)
Iowa	5	2	1	(1)	2	(1)
Kansas	7	4	1	(1)	3	(1)
Kentucky	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	7	3	(1)	(1)	3	1
Massachusetts	22	13	1	1	6	2
Michigan	18	11	4	2	3	1
Minnesota	4	2	1	1	1	(1)
Mississippi	4	2	1	(1)	1	(1)
Missouri	3	2	1	(1)	1	(1)
Montana	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nebraska	3	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Nevada	10	5	2	2	2	2
New Hampshire	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	34	20	3	1	8	4
New Mexico	25	12	5	4	8	1
New York	85	43	9	4	28	10
North Carolina	9	5	1	1	3	(1)
Ohio	12	9	3	1	2	1
Oklahoma	7	2	1	1	3	1
Oregon	10	5	1	2	2	(1)
Pennsylvania	16	7	1	2	6	2
Rhode Island	5	3	1	1	1	1
South Carolina	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	1
South Dakota	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	5	2	1	2	2	(1)
Texas	229	95	15	28	70	35
Utah	9	4	1	1	2	1
Virginia	6	3	1	(1)	3	(1)
Washington	19	10	4	2	5	2
Wisconsin	9	4	1	1	3	1
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or

African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Alabama	92	28	28	36	12	24	8	16	22.3	10.4
Alaska	23	9	8	6	3	3	1	1	13.1	6.8
Arizona	135	52	41	42	20	22	6	16	16.3	7.8
Arkansas	70	29	22	19	10	10	3	7	15.6	7.3
California	942	347	258	338	150	188	82	106	18.3	8.9
Colorado	124	46	41	37	18	19	9	10	15.8	8.3
Connecticut	91	29	28	34	14	20	8	12	19.4	9.7
Delaware	19	7	6	6	3	3	1	2	17.1	8.9
District of Columbia	18	5	6	7	3	4	1	3	22.9	11.2
Florida	314	121	95	98	39	59	24	36	17.6	7.7
Georgia	249	85	79	85	33	52	20	32	18.9	9.0
Hawaii	18	7	5	6	3	3	1	2	15.2	7.8
Idaho	30	14	10	6	4	2	1	1	10.7	5.3
Illinois	363	98	107	158	60	98	34	64	24.1	12.0
Indiana	182	62	61	59	27	32	15	17	16.9	8.7
Iowa	75	27	23	25	12	13	4	9	19.0	8.6
Kansas	75	27	24	24	11	13	5	8	17.5	8.3
Kentucky	124	40	43	40	16	23	9	14	18.7	9.0
Louisiana	125	53	40	33	13	19	6	13	15.9	6.8
Maine	35	13	12	11	5	6	3	3	16.0	8.3
Maryland	123	41	36	46	20	26	13	13	18.3	9.3
Massachusetts	164	49	54	61	27	34	12	21	20.2	9.9
Michigan	339	105	108	126	54	72	26	46	19.8	10.0
Minnesota	114	41	38	35	15	20	10	11	16.7	8.3
Mississippi	92	31	28	33	15	18	7	10	17.8	8.9
Missouri	165	60	48	57	24	34	13	21	19.1	8.8
Montana	22	9	7	6	3	3	1	2	14.3	6.7
Nebraska	40	14	13	13	7	6	3	3	16.0	8.5
Nevada	53	23	17	12	6	7	3	4	13.6	5.8
New Hampshire	27	12	8	7	3	4	2	2	15.0	6.4
New Jersey	195	63	54	79	38	40	15	26	20.2	10.0
New Mexico	50	18	15	17	8	9	4	6	18.0	9.1
New York	471	146	121	204	78	126	50	76	22.6	11.4
North Carolina	226	80	70	76	33	44	17	27	18.4	8.9
North Dakota	12	5	5	3	1	2	1	1	13.8	7.0
Ohio	352	122	112	118	56	63	26	37	17.6	9.0
Oklahoma	80	34	22	24	10	15	6	8	16.2	7.5
Oregon	112	37	36	39	14	24	10	14	19.4	8.9
Pennsylvania	309	104	99	106	44	61	31	31	17.9	9.2
Rhode Island	29	10	10	9	5	5	2	2	16.1	9.0
South Carolina	140	45	39	56	28	28	9	18	18.9	10.8
South Dakota	19	7	6	5	3	2	1	1	13.7	7.5
Tennessee	162	61	49	52	26	26	9	18	17.5	8.3
Texas	608	229	175	204	85	119	47	73	18.3	8.4
Utah	52	26	17	10	5	5	3	2	10.6	4.7
Vermont	13	5	4	3	1	2	1	1	14.5	6.7
Virginia	138	56	49	32	13	19	10	9	13.5	7.3
Washington	184	63	65	56	28	28	10	18	16.5	8.6
West Virginia	42	14	14	14	6	9	4	5	18.0	8.8
Wisconsin	141	54	45	42	17	24	11	13	16.0	7.7
Wyoming	10	5	3	2	1	1	(1)	1	11.0	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Men										
Alabama	45	13	13	18	4	14	5	9	23.5	11.3
Alaska	14	5	4	4	2	2	1	1	14.1	7.1
Arizona	72	30	21	21	8	13	4	10	16.7	7.0
Arkansas	37	15	11	11	5	6	2	4	15.8	7.8
California	516	183	142	190	88	103	42	60	18.9	9.4
Colorado	63	21	21	21	10	11	4	7	18.0	9.4
Connecticut	46	13	15	18	8	10	4	6	20.5	10.2
Delaware	9	4	3	3	1	1	1	1	15.3	7.6
District of Columbia	8	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	23.9	11.8
Florida	156	61	48	47	18	29	11	18	17.2	7.4
Georgia	133	44	44	46	17	29	11	18	19.8	9.5
Hawaii	10	3	2	4	2	2	1	1	18.3	9.6
Idaho	14	7	5	2	1	1	1	1	9.5	4.5
Illinois	198	53	60	85	31	55	18	37	24.9	11.8
Indiana	94	34	31	29	15	14	6	8	15.7	8.2
Iowa	41	14	13	14	6	8	2	6	20.9	9.1
Kansas	41	14	13	14	6	8	2	5	18.9	8.3
Kentucky	62	19	21	22	10	11	4	7	18.9	9.5
Louisiana	67	27	21	18	8	10	3	7	16.0	7.1
Maine	20	7	7	5	3	3	2	1	14.4	8.1
Maryland	62	20	17	25	10	14	8	6	18.8	9.8
Massachusetts	97	30	31	36	14	22	8	14	21.5	9.9
Michigan	188	58	57	74	30	44	15	29	20.5	10.4
Minnesota	68	19	24	24	10	14	6	8	19.2	9.9
Mississippi	44	15	14	16	9	6	3	3	15.4	8.9
Missouri	83	32	24	28	12	15	8	8	16.9	8.7
Montana	12	5	3	4	2	2	1	1	15.5	7.4
Nebraska	21	8	7	6	3	3	1	2	16.9	8.0
Nevada	30	13	10	7	3	3	2	2	12.9	5.8
New Hampshire	15	6	5	4	2	2	1	1	15.4	6.3
New Jersey	100	33	27	40	21	19	7	12	19.4	10.0
New Mexico	30	10	9	11	5	6	3	3	18.9	10.3
New York	272	80	70	122	43	78	32	46	24.2	12.2
North Carolina	107	37	33	37	16	21	8	13	18.7	9.2
North Dakota	8	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	15.8	7.7
Ohio	191	63	60	69	32	37	12	25	19.1	9.9
Oklahoma	38	17	10	12	4	8	3	4	16.0	7.2
Oregon	60	19	21	21	8	13	6	7	20.1	9.4
Pennsylvania	160	53	49	59	22	36	17	19	19.3	9.5
Rhode Island	16	6	5	5	2	3	1	1	16.6	8.6
South Carolina	73	25	16	32	16	16	5	11	20.2	11.6
South Dakota	10	4	3	3	2	1	1	1	15.1	8.2
Tennessee	83	30	25	28	13	15	6	9	17.7	9.0
Texas	334	126	88	120	45	75	29	46	19.6	8.7
Utah	27	13	9	4	2	2	1	1	9.5	4.8
Vermont	7	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	15.4	7.1
Virginia	65	27	22	16	5	11	6	5	14.7	7.6
Washington	102	34	36	33	16	16	4	12	17.6	9.0
West Virginia	25	7	9	9	3	6	2	3	19.7	9.7
Wisconsin	76	28	24	24	11	13	6	7	16.3	8.1
Wyoming	6	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.2	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Women										
Alabama	48	15	14	18	8	10	3	7	21.3	9.6
Alaska	9	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	11.6	6.4
Arizona	62	22	20	20	12	9	2	6	15.9	8.8
Arkansas	33	14	10	9	5	4	1	3	15.3	6.8
California	427	164	116	148	63	85	40	45	17.5	8.4
Colorado	61	25	21	15	7	8	4	4	13.6	7.2
Connecticut	45	16	14	16	6	10	4	5	18.2	9.2
Delaware	10	3	3	4	2	2	1	1	18.7	10.0
District of Columbia	10	3	4	4	2	2	1	1	22.1	10.8
Florida	158	60	47	51	21	30	12	18	18.0	8.0
Georgia	116	42	35	39	16	23	10	13	17.9	8.5
Hawaii	9	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	12.0	6.4
Idaho	16	7	5	3	2	1	(¹)	1	11.8	6.0
Illinois	165	46	46	73	30	43	16	27	23.2	12.3
Indiana	88	28	30	30	12	18	9	9	18.3	9.2
Iowa	34	13	11	10	5	5	2	3	16.8	8.0
Kansas	34	13	11	11	5	5	3	2	15.7	8.4
Kentucky	61	21	22	18	6	12	5	7	18.5	8.6
Louisiana	58	26	18	14	5	9	3	6	15.8	6.5
Maine	16	5	5	5	2	3	1	2	18.1	8.6
Maryland	61	21	18	21	9	12	5	7	17.8	8.7
Massachusetts	67	19	23	25	13	11	4	8	18.2	9.9
Michigan	151	47	51	53	24	29	11	17	19.0	9.6
Minnesota	46	21	14	11	5	7	4	3	13.1	5.7
Mississippi	47	16	14	18	6	11	4	7	20.2	8.8
Missouri	82	28	24	30	11	18	5	13	21.3	8.8
Montana	10	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	12.8	6.0
Nebraska	18	6	6	6	4	3	2	1	14.9	9.1
Nevada	23	10	7	6	2	3	1	2	14.6	5.7
New Hampshire	12	5	4	3	1	1	1	1	14.6	6.5
New Jersey	95	30	27	39	18	21	7	14	21.1	10.0
New Mexico	20	8	7	6	2	3	1	3	16.7	7.2
New York	198	65	51	82	35	48	18	29	20.6	10.3
North Carolina	119	43	37	39	17	23	9	14	18.1	8.6
North Dakota	5	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.4	5.8
Ohio	160	59	52	49	24	26	14	12	15.7	8.2
Oklahoma	42	16	13	13	6	7	3	4	16.4	7.8
Oregon	51	19	15	18	7	11	4	7	18.5	8.2
Pennsylvania	149	52	50	47	22	25	14	11	16.5	8.9
Rhode Island	14	4	5	5	3	2	1	1	15.5	9.6
South Carolina	67	20	23	25	12	12	5	7	17.5	10.2
South Dakota	8	3	3	2	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	12.0	6.6
Tennessee	79	31	24	24	12	11	2	9	17.4	7.6
Texas	274	103	87	84	39	45	18	27	16.7	7.9
Utah	25	13	7	6	2	3	2	1	11.8	4.6
Vermont	5	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	13.4	6.2
Virginia	73	30	27	16	8	8	4	4	12.5	7.1
Washington	82	30	30	23	11	12	6	6	15.1	7.9
West Virginia	17	7	5	5	2	3	2	1	15.4	7.4
Wisconsin	66	26	21	18	7	11	6	6	15.7	7.4
Wyoming	5	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.9	4.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
White										
Alabama	50	19	17	14	7	7	4	3	14.7	7.7
Alaska	15	6	5	4	2	2	1	1	13.8	6.9
Arizona	107	44	32	32	16	16	4	12	15.5	7.2
Arkansas	48	22	15	11	4	7	3	4	14.7	5.9
California	680	277	182	222	98	124	55	69	16.9	7.9
Colorado	107	40	36	31	14	17	7	10	16.1	8.1
Connecticut	70	23	22	25	12	14	6	7	18.2	9.8
Delaware	11	4	4	3	2	2	1	1	15.3	8.5
District of Columbia	4	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.5	8.5
Florida	208	85	61	62	27	35	13	22	16.1	7.1
Georgia	120	49	36	35	15	21	10	10	16.2	7.7
Hawaii	4	2	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	13.6	5.4
Idaho	27	13	10	5	3	2	1	1	10.6	5.6
Illinois	251	77	75	98	42	56	21	36	21.2	10.2
Indiana	149	52	48	48	24	25	12	13	16.3	8.6
Iowa	65	25	20	20	10	10	3	7	17.4	8.3
Kansas	60	22	19	19	9	11	4	6	17.5	8.0
Kentucky	103	36	37	30	13	17	6	10	17.4	8.5
Louisiana	56	29	19	9	4	4	2	2	11.8	4.4
Maine	34	12	11	10	5	6	3	3	15.8	8.3
Maryland	59	22	19	18	10	9	5	4	14.6	8.0
Massachusetts	135	42	45	49	24	25	10	15	18.8	9.4
Michigan	244	84	75	84	34	50	18	32	19.2	8.9
Minnesota	93	36	31	26	11	15	7	8	15.5	7.5
Mississippi	36	14	11	11	6	4	3	2	13.1	7.6
Missouri	115	45	36	35	18	17	7	10	15.5	7.9
Montana	18	8	6	4	2	2	1	1	12.1	5.4
Nebraska	31	12	9	9	4	5	3	2	15.8	7.6
Nevada	42	20	13	10	5	5	2	3	12.6	5.3
New Hampshire	25	11	8	7	3	4	2	2	15.1	6.2
New Jersey	135	44	42	49	23	26	9	17	19.4	9.4
New Mexico	40	15	13	13	6	7	3	4	16.9	8.5
New York	299	103	80	116	50	66	27	39	19.8	9.7
North Carolina	130	51	39	40	19	21	10	11	16.6	8.0
North Dakota	8	4	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.6	5.3
Ohio	260	91	79	89	41	49	22	27	17.7	9.0
Oklahoma	54	24	15	15	6	9	3	5	15.3	6.6
Oregon	100	33	32	35	13	22	10	12	18.9	9.0
Pennsylvania	243	86	79	78	34	43	22	22	17.2	8.7
Rhode Island	25	9	8	8	4	3	2	2	15.3	8.8
South Carolina	68	25	18	25	12	12	5	7	16.8	8.9
South Dakota	12	5	4	3	2	1	(¹)	1	12.1	5.8
Tennessee	101	42	35	24	12	12	4	8	14.0	6.8
Texas	442	182	125	136	59	76	29	48	16.7	7.3
Utah	48	23	16	9	5	4	3	2	10.5	5.0
Vermont	12	5	4	3	1	2	1	1	14.1	6.6
Virginia	83	37	29	17	7	9	4	6	12.9	6.3
Washington	153	53	54	45	21	24	9	15	16.6	8.6
West Virginia	40	14	13	14	5	8	4	4	17.7	8.8
Wisconsin	118	46	38	35	16	19	10	9	15.0	7.6
Wyoming	9	5	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Black or African American										
Alabama	41	8	11	22	5	17	4	12	32.0	18.9
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.0	5.5
Arizona	10	2	4	4	1	2	1	1	19.6	11.2
Arkansas	19	6	6	7	4	2	1	2	16.8	10.2
California	119	30	32	57	26	31	13	18	22.7	13.7
Colorado	8	2	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	13.5	10.5
Connecticut	15	5	5	6	2	4	1	3	22.8	9.4
Delaware	7	2	2	3	1	2	(¹)	1	20.5	9.8
District of Columbia	14	3	5	6	2	4	1	3	25.6	12.3
Florida	91	28	29	34	12	22	10	13	22.1	9.8
Georgia	121	34	41	46	18	28	8	19	21.2	9.8
Illinois	96	17	27	53	17	36	10	26	31.8	18.2
Indiana	31	9	12	10	3	7	3	5	20.2	9.3
Iowa	6	1	2	3	1	2	1	2	34.8	18.8
Kansas	9	2	3	4	2	2	1	1	17.1	11.6
Kentucky	19	4	6	8	3	6	2	4	25.6	12.0
Louisiana	67	22	21	24	9	15	4	11	19.9	10.1
Maryland	59	17	15	26	10	17	9	8	22.2	11.5
Massachusetts	17	4	7	6	2	4	2	3	19.7	10.8
Michigan	76	15	27	35	17	18	6	12	21.2	13.3
Minnesota	12	2	4	6	2	3	1	2	22.2	13.4
Mississippi	54	16	16	22	9	13	5	8	20.9	9.7
Missouri	45	12	11	22	5	16	5	11	29.2	13.2
Nebraska	4	1	1	2	1	1	1	(¹)	20.8	12.8
Nevada	7	2	3	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	15.5	7.8
New Jersey	51	16	10	25	13	12	4	7	22.3	13.5
New Mexico	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	30.6	14.8
New York	132	35	30	67	20	47	17	30	28.3	15.1
North Carolina	80	23	27	30	11	19	4	14	21.1	10.1
Ohio	82	27	30	25	14	11	3	7	16.0	9.0
Oklahoma	8	2	2	4	2	2	1	1	23.7	13.3
Oregon	3	1	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	24.6	8.6
Pennsylvania	59	16	19	24	9	15	7	8	20.5	11.5
Rhode Island	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	16.5	9.3
South Carolina	70	19	21	31	16	15	4	11	20.9	12.4
Tennessee	54	17	12	24	12	12	3	9	23.2	11.5
Texas	131	37	41	53	20	32	14	19	21.8	11.2
Virginia	52	18	19	14	5	9	6	3	14.0	8.6
Washington	9	2	3	4	3	1	(¹)	1	18.6	12.2
West Virginia	2	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	25.6	8.7
Wisconsin	14	5	5	5	1	4	(¹)	3	23.7	9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.5	6.3
Arizona	2	1	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.7	4.0
California	98	25	27	45	20	25	10	15	23.7	13.1
Colorado	3	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.4	3.7
Connecticut	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	30.0	16.8
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.4	9.4
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.4	4.4
Florida	8	3	3	2	(1)	1	1	1	14.6	6.6
Georgia	4	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	25.8	21.1
Hawaii	6	2	2	2	1	1	1	(1)	17.6	10.3
Illinois	11	3	3	4	1	3	2	1	19.9	9.6
Kansas	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.5	7.1
Maryland	2	(1)	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	27.7	21.1
Massachusetts	9	2	2	5	1	4	1	3	43.1	16.4
Michigan	5	2	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	19.1	7.2
Minnesota	4	1	1	2	1	1	(1)	1	17.2	10.9
Nevada	2	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	22.3	7.7
New Hampshire	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.4	8.6
New Jersey	9	2	2	5	2	2	1	1	22.7	15.8
New York	28	6	8	15	6	8	4	5	25.6	16.3
North Carolina	6	1	3	2	(1)	2	1	1	22.1	9.4
Ohio	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	48.2	11.3
Oregon	3	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.6	4.2
Pennsylvania	4	1	1	2	(1)	2	1	1	27.0	29.4
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	32.9	12.7
Texas	16	4	3	9	2	7	2	5	35.6	23.2
Virginia	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	22.2	6.2
Washington	11	4	5	2	2	1	(1)	(1)	10.4	7.0
Wisconsin	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	1	1	(1)	20.0	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	16.5	8.9
Arizona	41	15	14	12	7	5	2	4	15.1	7.8
Arkansas	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.4	2.3
California	366	162	102	102	51	52	27	24	13.6	6.7
Colorado	27	10	9	9	5	4	2	2	14.0	8.4
Connecticut	19	5	7	8	3	5	2	3	21.1	11.5
Delaware	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	13.0	7.6
District of Columbia	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.8	4.5
Florida	76	31	20	25	12	14	4	9	17.9	7.4
Georgia	17	8	5	4	1	2	(¹)	2	14.5	4.5
Hawaii	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.6	4.1
Idaho	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.0	5.1
Illinois	50	15	15	20	9	11	4	7	22.1	10.6
Indiana	6	3	1	2	1	1	(¹)	1	14.6	4.1
Iowa	5	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.4	8.1
Kansas	7	3	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.2	5.1
Kentucky	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.2	19.4
Maryland	7	3	2	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.6	7.7
Massachusetts	22	5	9	9	5	4	1	2	17.9	9.9
Michigan	18	6	5	7	3	4	1	2	20.7	8.9
Minnesota	4	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.3	6.0
Mississippi	4	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.6	5.1
Missouri	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	12.6	7.3
Montana	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	10.2
Nebraska	3	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.4	7.1
Nevada	10	5	3	2	1	1	1	(¹)	9.9	4.3
New Hampshire	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.5	5.5
New Jersey	34	13	8	12	7	6	2	4	17.1	8.1
New Mexico	25	9	9	7	3	4	2	2	15.8	8.2
New York	85	23	20	41	17	25	9	15	24.1	13.9
North Carolina	9	5	2	3	1	2	1	1	15.5	6.8
Ohio	12	5	4	3	3	1	(¹)	1	10.6	8.2
Oklahoma	7	2	3	2	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	13.1	8.9
Oregon	10	4	2	3	1	2	1	1	16.8	6.7
Pennsylvania	16	6	5	5	2	3	2	1	13.9	7.8
Rhode Island	5	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	16.8	8.4
South Carolina	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.5	5.9
South Dakota	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	30.4	13.5
Tennessee	5	3	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.5	4.7
Texas	229	91	68	70	32	38	12	26	17.0	7.6
Utah	9	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	9.9	5.3
Virginia	6	3	2	1	1	1	1	(¹)	10.4	4.6
Washington	19	8	6	5	3	2	2	1	11.5	6.7
Wisconsin	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	18.2	9.6
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	5.7

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table

(White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas, Metropolitan Divisions, and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels for the selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are not provided in tables 27 through 32, because independent population controls are not available. Only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published. Unemployment rates shown in table 27 differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta						
Total	71.3	67.6	5.2	4.6	-	5.8
Men	78.5	74.6	5.0	4.2	-	5.8
Women	64.6	61.0	5.5	4.7	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.6	29.1	18.2	13.2	-	23.2
White	70.9	68.3	3.8	3.2	-	4.4
Men	79.9	77.2	3.4	2.6	-	4.2
Women	62.0	59.4	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.3	33.6	12.2	6.6	-	17.8
Black or African American	72.5	66.5	8.3	7.1	-	9.5
Men	74.6	67.8	9.2	7.3	-	11.1
Women	70.8	65.5	7.5	5.9	-	9.1
Asian	68.6	65.8	4.1	1.6	-	6.6
Men	82.0	79.4	3.2	.3	-	6.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.9	72.2	4.9	3.1	-	6.7
Men	88.8	85.8	3.4	1.6	-	5.2
Women	53.9	48.8	9.3	4.5	-	14.1
Married men, spouse present	84.2	82.4	2.1	1.4	-	2.8
Married women, spouse present	63.3	60.3	4.8	3.7	-	5.9
Women who maintain families	74.8	68.5	8.5	5.8	-	11.2
Austin-Round Rock						
Total	73.2	69.6	4.9	3.9	-	5.9
Men	81.5	76.7	5.9	4.5	-	7.3
Women	64.8	62.5	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
White	73.3	69.8	4.8	3.8	-	5.8
Men	81.7	76.9	5.9	4.4	-	7.4
Women	64.8	62.6	3.4	2.1	-	4.7
Black or African American	67.0	61.5	8.2	3.4	-	13.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.4	66.7	6.5	4.4	-	8.6
Men	80.5	74.4	7.5	4.6	-	10.4
Women	61.9	58.7	5.1	2.2	-	8.0
Married men, spouse present	83.8	80.9	3.5	2.0	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	62.3	60.1	3.5	1.8	-	5.2
Women who maintain families	77.2	73.6	4.7	(²)	-	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Baltimore-Towson						
Total	67.2	63.9	4.9	4.3	-	5.5
Men	73.2	69.8	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Women	62.0	58.8	5.1	4.3	-	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.2	35.7	21.0	16.4	-	25.6
White	68.2	66.1	3.2	2.6	-	3.8
Men	75.6	73.1	3.2	2.4	-	4.0
Women	61.4	59.5	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.9	44.1	16.7	11.5	-	21.9
Black or African American	64.7	58.4	9.8	8.3	-	11.3
Men	66.8	60.0	10.1	7.9	-	12.3
Women	63.3	57.2	9.6	7.7	-	11.5
Asian	64.8	63.8	1.6	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.4	78.3	1.4	(2)	-	(2)
Men	88.5	87.1	1.6	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	78.2	76.4	2.3	1.6	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	66.1	64.3	2.8	1.9	-	3.7
Women who maintain families	70.2	64.4	8.3	5.9	-	10.7
Birmingham-Hoover						
Total	64.7	62.1	3.9	2.9	-	4.9
Men	71.9	68.9	4.2	2.8	-	5.6
Women	58.0	55.8	3.6	2.2	-	5.0
White	64.7	63.1	2.6	1.6	-	3.6
Men	72.9	70.5	3.3	1.9	-	4.7
Women	56.9	55.9	1.7	.5	-	2.9
Black or African American	65.0	59.5	8.5	5.6	-	11.4
Men	70.4	64.9	7.9	3.9	-	11.9
Women	60.7	55.2	9.1	5.0	-	13.2
Married men, spouse present	79.6	77.9	2.1	.8	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	62.2	61.3	1.6	.3	-	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy						
Total	67.5	64.4	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Men	73.6	69.5	5.5	3.7	-	7.3
Women	61.9	59.6	3.7	2.1	-	5.3
White	67.8	65.0	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
Men	74.1	70.5	4.8	3.0	-	6.6
Women	62.0	59.9	3.3	1.7	-	4.9
Married men, spouse present	80.2	77.5	3.3	1.4	-	5.2
Married women, spouse present	64.3	63.0	2.1	.4	-	3.8
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk						
Total	63.2	60.1	5.0	4.2	-	5.8
Men	72.6	69.2	4.7	3.6	-	5.8
Women	54.8	51.9	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.4	31.1	23.1	17.7	-	28.5
White	62.4	59.6	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Men	72.3	69.2	4.2	3.1	-	5.3
Women	53.4	50.8	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.2	34.6	16.0	10.2	-	21.8
Black or African American	66.3	60.9	8.2	5.4	-	11.0
Men	74.0	66.9	9.5	5.1	-	13.9
Women	60.7	56.5	7.0	3.3	-	10.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.1	54.2	9.8	6.3	-	13.3
Men	63.6	57.3	9.9	5.2	-	14.6
Women	56.4	50.9	9.7	4.5	-	14.9
Married men, spouse present	80.0	78.4	2.1	1.2	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	60.5	58.6	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
Women who maintain families	66.2	63.3	4.4	1.3	-	7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Buffalo-Niagara Falls						
Total	65.6	61.4	6.4	5.1	-	7.7
Men	70.2	64.7	7.8	5.8	-	9.8
Women	61.7	58.6	4.9	3.3	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	62.5	50.5	19.2	12.5	-	25.9
White	66.7	63.1	5.5	4.2	-	6.8
Men	71.2	66.2	7.0	5.0	-	9.0
Women	62.8	60.2	4.0	2.4	-	5.6
Black or African American	53.3	45.9	13.9	7.4	-	20.4
Married men, spouse present	71.0	67.8	4.5	2.3	-	6.7
Married women, spouse present	63.9	62.7	1.9	.4	-	3.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord						
Total	73.5	69.4	5.5	4.5	-	6.5
Men	80.3	76.6	4.5	3.3	-	5.7
Women	67.0	62.5	6.6	5.1	-	8.1
White	74.4	71.2	4.3	3.3	-	5.3
Men	83.7	80.3	4.0	2.7	-	5.3
Women	65.1	62.0	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
Black or African American	71.5	65.2	8.8	6.5	-	11.1
Men	71.5	67.2	5.9	3.0	-	8.8
Women	71.4	63.5	11.1	7.6	-	14.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	81.7	78.9	3.4	1.1	-	5.7
Men	94.9	90.3	4.8	1.7	-	7.9
Married men, spouse present	84.3	81.7	3.1	1.7	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	66.9	64.0	4.2	2.4	-	6.0
Women who maintain families	75.6	68.7	9.2	5.0	-	13.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet						
Total	66.2	62.3	5.9	5.5	-	6.3
Men	74.4	70.0	5.9	5.3	-	6.5
Women	58.5	55.1	5.8	5.2	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.7	31.1	15.2	12.2	-	18.2
White	67.4	64.3	4.7	4.2	-	5.2
Men	76.5	72.8	4.9	4.3	-	5.5
Women	58.5	55.9	4.5	3.8	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.8	37.1	11.1	8.1	-	14.1
Black or African American	59.5	51.9	12.9	11.3	-	14.5
Men	62.2	53.7	13.7	11.3	-	16.1
Women	57.5	50.5	12.2	10.1	-	14.3
Asian	68.5	66.1	3.5	2.1	-	4.9
Men	76.7	73.5	4.2	2.1	-	6.3
Women	60.0	58.5	2.6	.7	-	4.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.5	65.7	6.9	5.7	-	8.1
Men	85.1	80.6	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Women	53.2	47.9	9.9	7.5	-	12.3
Married men, spouse present	81.5	78.8	3.4	2.8	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	60.4	58.2	3.8	3.0	-	4.6
Women who maintain families	67.2	60.1	10.6	8.3	-	12.9
Cincinnati-Middletown						
Total	69.5	66.7	4.0	3.3	-	4.7
Men	73.7	70.5	4.3	3.2	-	5.4
Women	65.6	63.2	3.7	2.7	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.7	49.4	12.9	8.4	-	17.4
White	69.8	67.4	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Men	73.9	71.0	3.9	2.8	-	5.0
Women	66.1	64.0	3.2	2.2	-	4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.6	50.2	11.4	6.6	-	16.2
Black or African American	67.9	62.5	7.9	4.8	-	11.0
Married men, spouse present	78.0	76.9	1.4	.6	-	2.2
Married women, spouse present	65.0	64.1	1.5	.6	-	2.4
Women who maintain families	72.3	66.3	8.3	4.4	-	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor						
Total	65.1	61.4	5.6	4.7	-	6.5
Men	70.9	67.5	4.7	3.5	-	5.9
Women	59.8	55.9	6.6	5.2	-	8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.5	41.7	15.8	10.3	-	21.3
White	66.7	63.8	4.3	3.4	-	5.2
Men	71.7	68.9	3.9	2.7	-	5.1
Women	62.0	59.0	4.9	3.5	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.1	45.2	13.4	7.7	-	19.1
Black or African American	56.8	49.6	12.7	9.6	-	15.8
Men	66.1	60.4	8.6	4.7	-	12.5
Women	50.0	41.8	16.5	11.8	-	21.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.8	63.7	8.8	3.3	-	14.3
Married men, spouse present	74.7	72.1	3.6	2.2	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	61.1	58.9	3.5	2.0	-	5.0
Women who maintain families	72.0	65.5	9.0	5.2	-	12.8
Columbus						
Total	74.0	70.4	4.9	4.0	-	5.8
Men	79.7	76.0	4.7	3.5	-	5.9
Women	68.9	65.4	5.1	3.8	-	6.4
White	73.0	69.8	4.3	3.3	-	5.3
Men	79.7	76.0	4.6	3.3	-	5.9
Women	66.5	63.9	4.0	2.7	-	5.3
Black or African American	77.3	71.0	8.2	5.4	-	11.0
Men	77.2	72.8	5.7	2.0	-	9.4
Women	77.4	69.7	9.9	6.0	-	13.8
Married men, spouse present	83.5	81.7	2.2	1.0	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	69.3	67.1	3.2	1.7	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	78.6	72.2	8.1	4.4	-	11.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington						
Total	73.4	69.2	5.8	5.3	-	6.3
Men	82.2	77.8	5.4	4.7	-	6.1
Women	64.8	60.6	6.4	5.6	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.7	33.1	22.5	19.1	-	25.9
White	73.4	69.8	4.9	4.3	-	5.5
Men	82.7	79.1	4.3	3.6	-	5.0
Women	64.0	60.4	5.6	4.7	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.5	36.0	19.0	15.0	-	23.0
Black or African American	74.2	66.6	10.2	8.5	-	11.9
Men	77.2	68.4	11.4	8.8	-	14.0
Women	71.5	65.0	9.2	6.9	-	11.5
Asian	74.1	70.3	5.1	3.1	-	7.1
Men	83.9	78.7	6.2	3.3	-	9.1
Women	64.3	61.9	3.7	1.0	-	6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.2	71.5	6.2	5.1	-	7.3
Men	90.7	86.7	4.4	3.2	-	5.6
Women	60.2	54.6	9.2	7.1	-	11.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.7	38.2	18.1	11.1	-	25.1
Married men, spouse present	86.8	84.3	2.9	2.2	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	62.9	59.6	5.2	4.1	-	6.3
Women who maintain families	81.4	76.7	5.8	3.8	-	7.8
Dayton						
Total	63.3	58.3	7.9	6.1	-	9.7
Men	69.8	64.7	7.3	4.9	-	9.7
Women	57.8	52.9	8.4	5.9	-	10.9
White	61.9	57.9	6.3	4.5	-	8.1
Men	68.0	64.4	5.3	3.0	-	7.6
Women	56.6	52.4	7.5	4.8	-	10.2
Black or African American	72.8	60.0	17.6	11.5	-	23.7
Women	68.3	59.7	12.6	5.0	-	20.2
Married men, spouse present	69.6	67.2	3.4	1.1	-	5.7
Married women, spouse present	61.7	59.0	4.4	1.7	-	7.1
Women who maintain families	70.7	63.6	10.0	3.2	-	16.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Denver-Aurora						
Total	74.8	71.2	4.8	4.2	-	5.4
Men	82.8	78.8	4.8	4.0	-	5.6
Women	66.9	63.7	4.8	4.0	-	5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.2	40.8	18.8	14.8	-	22.8
White	75.5	72.1	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Men	83.2	79.4	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Women	67.9	64.9	4.4	3.6	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.0	41.9	17.8	13.6	-	22.0
Black or African American	65.3	59.2	9.3	5.8	-	12.8
Men	79.4	73.3	7.7	3.5	-	11.9
Asian	66.8	63.4	5.1	1.8	-	8.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.9	69.1	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Men	86.9	83.4	4.0	2.4	-	5.6
Women	56.3	52.0	7.7	4.9	-	10.5
Married men, spouse present	84.3	82.0	2.7	1.9	-	3.5
Married women, spouse present	65.2	63.2	3.0	2.1	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	73.9	65.6	11.1	7.4	-	14.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia						
Total	64.2	59.6	7.1	6.4	-	7.8
Men	72.4	67.2	7.1	6.2	-	8.0
Women	56.6	52.5	7.2	6.2	-	8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.6	37.1	14.9	11.1	-	18.7
White	65.5	61.8	5.6	4.9	-	6.3
Men	74.9	70.4	6.1	5.1	-	7.1
Women	56.3	53.5	5.1	4.1	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.6	45.2	12.4	8.3	-	16.5
Black or African American	58.7	50.9	13.2	11.2	-	15.2
Men	60.2	52.7	12.4	9.5	-	15.3
Women	57.4	49.4	14.0	11.2	-	16.8
Asian	68.4	64.8	5.3	2.2	-	8.4
Men	86.6	83.5	3.6	.3	-	6.9
Women	51.3	47.3	7.9	1.9	-	13.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.2	55.9	10.1	5.4	-	14.8
Men	73.0	64.7	11.3	4.9	-	17.7
Married men, spouse present	78.0	74.5	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Married women, spouse present	58.5	55.7	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	66.1	60.3	8.8	6.1	-	11.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford						
Total	68.2	64.9	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Men	73.1	69.5	4.9	3.2	-	6.6
Women	63.7	60.7	4.8	3.1	-	6.5
White	67.7	64.8	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
Men	73.0	69.6	4.7	2.9	-	6.5
Women	62.7	60.3	4.0	2.3	-	5.7
Black or African American	71.9	66.8	7.1	2.9	-	11.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.8	53.6	13.3	7.4	-	19.2
Married men, spouse present	78.9	77.3	2.1	.6	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	68.0	66.4	2.4	.7	-	4.1
Honolulu						
Total	65.0	63.1	3.0	2.5	-	3.5
Men	70.7	68.5	3.1	2.4	-	3.8
Women	60.0	58.2	2.9	2.2	-	3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.7	34.6	17.0	12.3	-	21.7
White	67.4	65.2	3.2	2.1	-	4.3
Men	74.3	72.4	2.6	1.3	-	3.9
Women	60.5	58.0	4.1	2.3	-	5.9
Asian	61.2	60.1	1.8	1.3	-	2.3
Men	67.1	65.6	2.1	1.3	-	2.9
Women	56.6	55.8	1.5	.9	-	2.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.8	69.2	6.2	3.4	-	9.0
Married men, spouse present	72.7	71.5	1.7	1.0	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	64.3	62.9	2.2	1.4	-	3.0
Women who maintain families	56.2	54.3	3.5	1.3	-	5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown						
Total	66.7	62.9	5.7	5.1	-	6.3
Men	75.6	71.2	5.9	5.1	-	6.7
Women	58.2	55.0	5.5	4.6	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	23.9	23.5	19.5	-	27.5
White	67.3	64.2	4.6	4.0	-	5.2
Men	78.4	74.8	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Women	56.1	53.5	4.7	3.7	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.5	29.4	17.3	12.6	-	22.0
Black or African American	64.2	57.5	10.5	8.8	-	12.2
Men	64.6	56.2	13.0	10.3	-	15.7
Women	63.9	58.5	8.5	6.4	-	10.6
Asian	69.8	67.0	4.0	1.8	-	6.2
Men	75.3	71.0	5.8	2.2	-	9.4
Women	64.5	63.2	2.0	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.9	64.3	5.3	4.2	-	6.4
Men	82.7	79.0	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Women	52.9	49.4	6.5	4.6	-	8.4
Married men, spouse present	82.9	80.4	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
Married women, spouse present	57.2	55.7	2.7	1.8	-	3.6
Women who maintain families	71.1	65.3	8.2	5.9	-	10.5
Indianapolis-Carmel						
Total	69.8	66.2	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	77.6	73.9	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Women	62.6	59.0	5.8	4.3	-	7.3
White	70.6	67.6	4.3	3.3	-	5.3
Men	80.5	77.1	4.2	2.9	-	5.5
Women	61.4	58.6	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Black or African American	65.0	57.8	11.2	7.7	-	14.7
Men	61.2	55.8	8.8	4.0	-	13.6
Women	68.4	59.5	13.0	8.0	-	18.0
Married men, spouse present	83.2	81.1	2.5	1.4	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	66.5	64.2	3.4	1.9	-	4.9
Women who maintain families	71.5	64.3	10.1	5.2	-	15.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Jacksonville						
Total	67.3	64.9	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Men	74.6	72.3	3.0	1.8	-	4.2
Women	60.8	58.5	3.9	2.5	-	5.3
White	66.9	65.4	2.3	1.4	-	3.2
Men	75.4	74.1	1.7	.7	-	2.7
Women	59.2	57.5	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
Black or African American	67.2	61.8	8.2	5.3	-	11.1
Women	65.2	60.4	7.3	3.6	-	11.0
Married men, spouse present	71.8	70.6	1.6	.4	-	2.8
Married women, spouse present	55.7	54.1	2.8	1.0	-	4.6
Kansas City						
Total	72.2	67.7	6.3	5.5	-	7.1
Men	78.1	73.5	6.0	4.9	-	7.1
Women	66.6	62.1	6.6	5.4	-	7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.0	42.8	14.4	9.7	-	19.1
White	72.7	69.0	5.1	4.3	-	5.9
Men	79.2	75.1	5.1	4.0	-	6.2
Women	66.3	62.9	5.1	3.9	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.2	43.1	14.3	9.3	-	19.3
Black or African American	68.0	56.4	17.0	13.3	-	20.7
Men	67.1	56.4	16.0	10.5	-	21.5
Women	68.7	56.4	17.9	12.9	-	22.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.6	68.4	8.3	4.9	-	11.7
Men	86.8	81.9	5.7	2.1	-	9.3
Women	60.5	52.9	12.5	6.0	-	19.0
Married men, spouse present	82.4	79.5	3.5	2.4	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	67.6	65.4	3.3	2.1	-	4.5
Women who maintain families	75.0	63.3	15.6	11.2	-	20.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Las Vegas-Paradise						
Total	66.7	63.7	4.4	3.8	-	5.0
Men	74.2	70.9	4.5	3.8	-	5.2
Women	59.0	56.5	4.3	3.5	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.5	37.9	12.9	8.8	-	17.0
White	66.8	63.9	4.3	3.7	-	4.9
Men	75.0	71.8	4.3	3.5	-	5.1
Women	58.2	55.7	4.3	3.4	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.7	41.6	12.8	8.3	-	17.3
Black or African American	65.9	60.6	8.1	5.7	-	10.5
Men	70.8	64.7	8.6	5.3	-	11.9
Women	60.8	56.3	7.4	4.0	-	10.8
Asian	65.5	63.9	2.4	1.0	-	3.8
Men	72.2	70.1	2.9	.6	-	5.2
Women	60.2	59.0	1.9	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.4	73.3	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Men	86.3	82.8	4.0	2.6	-	5.4
Women	63.7	61.1	4.1	2.3	-	5.9
Married men, spouse present	74.1	71.7	3.3	2.4	-	4.2
Married women, spouse present	57.7	55.8	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Women who maintain families	69.7	66.0	5.3	2.9	-	7.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana						
Total	66.2	63.0	4.9	4.5	-	5.3
Men	75.7	72.0	5.0	4.5	-	5.5
Women	56.9	54.2	4.8	4.3	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.5	27.7	14.8	11.8	-	17.8
White	66.8	63.9	4.4	4.0	-	4.8
Men	77.3	73.9	4.4	3.9	-	4.9
Women	56.4	53.8	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.9	30.8	11.7	8.7	-	14.7
Black or African American	60.7	54.1	10.9	9.0	-	12.8
Men	64.1	56.3	12.2	9.4	-	15.0
Women	57.9	52.3	9.7	7.2	-	12.2
Asian	64.3	61.9	3.9	3.0	-	4.8
Men	71.5	68.2	4.6	3.3	-	5.9
Women	57.5	55.8	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.9	64.6	4.9	4.3	-	5.5
Men	80.9	77.2	4.5	3.8	-	5.2
Women	54.5	51.5	5.5	4.6	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.1	27.6	14.0	9.9	-	18.1
Married men, spouse present	82.1	79.3	3.4	2.9	-	3.9
Married women, spouse present	56.4	54.6	3.3	2.6	-	4.0
Women who maintain families	65.8	61.1	7.1	5.4	-	8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
 Louisville-Jefferson County						
Total	66.4	61.8	6.9	5.8	-	8.0
Men	71.4	67.5	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Women	62.0	56.8	8.4	6.7	-	10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.0	44.3	19.3	12.9	-	25.7
White	66.1	62.5	5.4	4.3	-	6.5
Men	71.4	68.4	4.0	2.7	-	5.3
Women	61.4	57.2	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.9	50.6	12.7	6.2	-	19.2
Black or African American	69.8	57.4	17.8	13.6	-	22.0
Men	69.6	57.1	18.0	11.6	-	24.4
Women	70.0	57.7	17.5	12.0	-	23.0
Married men, spouse present	72.9	70.6	3.1	1.6	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	64.4	60.9	5.5	3.5	-	7.5
Women who maintain families	63.0	52.8	16.2	11.1	-	21.3
 Memphis						
Total	65.6	60.8	7.4	6.1	-	8.7
Men	73.6	68.6	6.8	5.2	-	8.4
Women	58.5	53.8	8.0	6.1	-	9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.1	28.7	24.7	17.4	-	32.0
White	65.7	63.3	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Men	75.8	72.6	4.2	2.6	-	5.8
Women	56.0	54.4	2.9	1.3	-	4.5
Black or African American	65.0	56.2	13.6	11.0	-	16.2
Men	68.4	60.3	11.8	8.2	-	15.4
Women	62.3	52.9	15.2	11.5	-	18.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.5	65.8	6.7	1.2	-	12.2
Married men, spouse present	79.4	77.0	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	59.1	56.0	5.3	3.0	-	7.6
Women who maintain families	62.1	52.1	16.1	10.5	-	21.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach						
Total	62.1	59.7	3.9	3.4	-	4.4
Men	71.0	68.7	3.3	2.7	-	3.9
Women	54.1	51.6	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.1	24.2	16.7	12.0	-	21.4
White	61.3	59.4	3.0	2.5	-	3.5
Men	71.2	69.4	2.6	2.0	-	3.2
Women	52.0	50.1	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Black or African American	65.2	60.5	7.3	5.9	-	8.7
Men	69.7	64.9	6.8	4.8	-	8.8
Women	61.8	57.1	7.6	5.6	-	9.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.1	60.6	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Men	74.5	71.9	3.5	2.5	-	4.5
Women	52.2	49.8	4.6	3.3	-	5.9
Married men, spouse present	75.6	74.3	1.7	1.1	-	2.3
Married women, spouse present	55.3	53.6	3.0	2.1	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	68.6	63.8	7.0	4.7	-	9.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis						
Total	69.3	66.1	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Men	75.8	72.4	4.4	3.3	-	5.5
Women	63.5	60.5	4.7	3.6	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.8	47.0	15.9	11.5	-	20.3
White	70.0	67.4	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Men	76.9	73.8	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Women	63.6	61.5	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.6	54.2	12.0	7.4	-	16.6
Black or African American	63.2	56.7	10.4	7.4	-	13.4
Men	63.9	58.8	8.0	3.6	-	12.4
Women	62.8	55.4	11.8	7.9	-	15.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.8	72.6	4.3	1.7	-	6.9
Men	79.1	77.8	1.6	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	79.5	77.7	2.3	1.3	-	3.3
Married women, spouse present	65.8	64.5	2.1	1.0	-	3.2
Women who maintain families	70.6	66.4	6.0	2.9	-	9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
 Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington						
Total	75.2	72.2	4.0	3.6	-	4.4
Men	80.9	77.4	4.4	3.8	-	5.0
Women	69.8	67.3	3.5	2.9	-	4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.0	50.1	16.6	13.8	-	19.4
White	75.6	73.1	3.4	3.0	-	3.8
Men	81.1	78.3	3.5	2.9	-	4.1
Women	70.4	68.1	3.3	2.7	-	3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.0	55.4	13.5	10.6	-	16.4
Black or African American	74.9	66.5	11.2	8.4	-	14.0
Men	81.7	70.7	13.5	9.5	-	17.5
Women	67.6	62.1	8.2	4.4	-	12.0
Asian	67.8	64.8	4.4	2.5	-	6.3
Men	77.1	72.9	5.3	2.5	-	8.1
Women	58.8	56.9	3.2	.7	-	5.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.6	77.6	3.7	1.6	-	5.8
Men	87.2	83.9	3.8	1.2	-	6.4
Married men, spouse present	82.7	80.3	2.8	2.1	-	3.5
Married women, spouse present	70.7	69.2	2.1	1.5	-	2.7
Women who maintain families	74.6	71.1	4.7	2.6	-	6.8
 Nashville-Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin						
Total	69.7	66.2	4.9	3.9	-	5.9
Men	78.8	75.4	4.4	3.2	-	5.6
Women	60.9	57.5	5.6	4.1	-	7.1
White	69.8	67.4	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Men	78.7	76.2	3.2	2.0	-	4.4
Women	60.7	58.5	3.7	2.3	-	5.1
Black or African American	70.4	61.7	12.3	8.9	-	15.7
Men	80.7	72.0	10.7	6.1	-	15.3
Women	63.0	54.3	13.8	8.9	-	18.7
Married men, spouse present	82.1	80.1	2.4	1.2	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	60.8	58.4	4.0	2.2	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	71.3	68.2	4.4	.7	-	8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner						
Total	62.8	59.3	5.7	4.4	-	7.0
Men	66.7	63.1	5.3	3.5	-	7.1
Women	59.7	56.1	6.1	4.2	-	8.0
White	66.0	63.3	4.1	2.8	-	5.4
Men	72.0	69.4	3.6	1.8	-	5.4
Women	60.9	58.0	4.7	2.7	-	6.7
Black or African American	55.9	50.4	9.8	6.6	-	13.0
Men	53.1	46.7	12.0	6.5	-	17.5
Women	58.0	53.2	8.4	4.5	-	12.3
Married men, spouse present	71.5	68.3	4.5	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	59.0	56.9	3.6	1.3	-	5.9
Women who maintain families	68.8	63.7	7.3	2.5	-	12.1
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island						
Total	63.0	60.0	4.7	4.4	-	5.0
Men	71.4	68.1	4.7	4.3	-	5.1
Women	55.4	52.9	4.7	4.3	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.0	26.0	13.6	11.3	-	15.9
White	63.4	61.0	3.9	3.6	-	4.2
Men	72.2	69.5	3.8	3.4	-	4.2
Women	55.3	53.0	4.0	3.5	-	4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.0	30.6	12.7	10.1	-	15.3
Black or African American	61.2	56.1	8.4	7.6	-	9.2
Men	66.2	60.0	9.5	8.2	-	10.8
Women	57.5	53.2	7.6	6.5	-	8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.0	16.7	20.3	14.1	-	26.5
Asian	63.1	60.9	3.4	2.6	-	4.2
Men	74.6	71.5	4.2	3.1	-	5.3
Women	51.7	50.5	2.3	1.3	-	3.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.0	60.3	5.9	5.2	-	6.6
Men	75.3	70.9	5.8	4.9	-	6.7
Women	53.6	50.4	6.0	4.9	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.8	22.2	20.1	14.2	-	26.0
Married men, spouse present	77.7	75.7	2.5	2.1	-	2.9
Married women, spouse present	57.7	55.7	3.4	2.9	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	64.8	60.4	6.8	5.6	-	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Oklahoma City						
Total	67.8	65.2	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Men	76.6	73.8	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Women	59.5	57.2	3.9	2.7	-	5.1
White	68.1	65.8	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Men	77.1	74.7	3.1	2.0	-	4.2
Women	59.6	57.4	3.7	2.4	-	5.0
Black or African American	61.9	58.8	5.0	1.9	-	8.1
Married men, spouse present	80.6	79.4	1.5	.6	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	59.2	57.9	2.2	.9	-	3.5
Orlando-Kissimmee						
Total	68.8	66.1	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Men	76.8	73.8	3.9	2.9	-	4.9
Women	60.9	58.4	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
White	68.3	66.3	3.0	2.2	-	3.8
Men	77.2	75.2	2.6	1.7	-	3.5
Women	59.6	57.4	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Black or African American	71.0	64.9	8.5	5.9	-	11.1
Men	74.0	66.2	10.5	6.6	-	14.4
Women	67.9	63.6	6.4	3.0	-	9.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.6	62.7	7.3	5.0	-	9.6
Men	78.0	74.3	4.7	2.2	-	7.2
Women	57.1	50.9	10.9	6.7	-	15.1
Married men, spouse present	79.3	77.6	2.1	1.1	-	3.1
Married women, spouse present	58.8	57.2	2.7	1.3	-	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington						
Total	64.3	61.2	4.9	4.4	-	5.4
Men	71.1	67.7	4.8	4.1	-	5.5
Women	58.1	55.3	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.2	33.4	17.0	12.8	-	21.2
White	65.3	62.7	3.9	3.4	-	4.4
Men	73.3	70.4	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women	57.7	55.5	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	39.2	14.4	10.0	-	18.8
Black or African American	61.5	55.9	9.1	7.5	-	10.7
Men	63.3	57.1	9.7	7.3	-	12.1
Women	60.1	55.0	8.6	6.5	-	10.7
Asian	60.6	59.0	2.7	.6	-	4.8
Men	66.7	65.9	1.2	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.9	66.4	5.0	2.7	-	7.3
Men	78.3	74.3	5.2	2.2	-	8.2
Women	59.9	57.0	4.8	1.2	-	8.4
Married men, spouse present	76.3	74.7	2.1	1.5	-	2.7
Married women, spouse present	62.0	60.5	2.4	1.6	-	3.2
Women who maintain families	62.0	55.7	10.2	7.3	-	13.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale						
Total	67.5	64.9	3.8	3.2	-	4.4
Men	77.2	74.1	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women	57.9	55.8	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.6	39.9	14.3	10.0	-	18.6
White	67.6	65.2	3.6	3.0	-	4.2
Men	77.3	74.4	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Women	57.8	55.8	3.5	2.6	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.7	41.5	13.1	8.6	-	17.6
Black or African American	68.5	62.8	8.3	4.6	-	12.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.9	65.2	3.9	2.8	-	5.0
Men	84.3	81.7	3.0	1.8	-	4.2
Women	48.3	45.4	5.8	3.5	-	8.1
Married men, spouse present	78.2	76.5	2.2	1.4	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	56.2	54.8	2.6	1.6	-	3.6
Women who maintain families	70.2	66.1	5.7	3.0	-	8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Pittsburgh						
Total	64.0	60.7	5.2	4.4	-	6.0
Men	71.4	67.6	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Women	57.7	54.8	5.0	3.8	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.8	46.7	11.5	6.5	-	16.5
White	64.7	61.8	4.4	3.6	-	5.2
Men	72.2	68.7	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Women	58.2	55.9	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.9	47.4	10.4	5.2	-	15.6
Black or African American	54.2	44.9	17.2	11.3	-	23.1
Married men, spouse present	75.0	73.7	1.8	.9	-	2.7
Married women, spouse present	61.3	59.2	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	59.8	55.0	8.0	3.8	-	12.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton						
Total	70.4	66.7	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	76.2	71.9	5.7	4.7	-	6.7
Women	64.7	61.6	4.7	3.7	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.3	33.1	17.8	12.2	-	23.4
White	70.3	66.6	5.3	4.6	-	6.0
Men	75.9	71.5	5.9	4.8	-	7.0
Women	65.0	61.9	4.7	3.7	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.9	35.0	16.5	10.7	-	22.3
Asian	73.1	70.1	4.0	(²)	-	(²)
Men	79.1	76.0	3.9	.6	-	7.2
Women	67.7	64.9	4.2	.7	-	7.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.5	67.6	9.3	5.7	-	12.9
Men	86.2	78.7	8.8	4.2	-	13.4
Women	63.1	56.7	10.1	4.4	-	15.8
Married men, spouse present	78.8	76.3	3.1	2.1	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	65.0	62.6	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	74.0	69.5	6.1	2.9	-	9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Providence-Fall River-Warwick						
Total	67.5	64.0	5.2	4.2	-	6.2
Men	73.0	68.9	5.7	4.2	-	7.2
Women	62.6	59.6	4.7	3.3	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.5	46.5	13.2	7.4	-	19.0
White	67.4	64.1	4.9	3.9	-	5.9
Men	72.8	68.8	5.5	4.0	-	7.0
Women	62.5	59.9	4.3	2.9	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.7	49.8	12.2	6.4	-	18.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.3	63.8	9.2	4.8	-	13.6
Married men, spouse present	75.8	73.3	3.2	1.7	-	4.7
Married women, spouse present	67.2	65.2	3.1	1.5	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	67.9	63.7	6.2	2.1	-	10.3
Richmond						
Total	71.0	67.4	5.0	4.0	-	6.0
Men	78.5	75.0	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Women	64.5	60.9	5.6	4.0	-	7.2
White	71.0	68.4	3.8	2.7	-	4.9
Men	79.8	77.4	3.1	1.7	-	4.5
Women	63.0	60.0	4.6	2.8	-	6.4
Black or African American	71.8	66.0	8.1	5.9	-	10.3
Men	75.1	68.9	8.3	5.1	-	11.5
Women	69.2	63.7	7.9	5.0	-	10.8
Married men, spouse present	79.7	78.2	2.0	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	62.7	60.8	3.1	1.4	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	79.4	72.3	8.9	4.2	-	13.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario						
Total	62.5	58.7	6.0	5.2	-	6.8
Men	72.7	68.9	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Women	52.8	49.1	6.9	5.6	-	8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.1	35.7	17.2	12.2	-	22.2
White	62.4	59.0	5.4	4.6	-	6.2
Men	74.0	70.8	4.3	3.3	-	5.3
Women	51.2	47.6	6.9	5.5	-	8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.4	35.1	19.1	13.3	-	24.9
Black or African American	61.1	53.6	12.4	8.8	-	16.0
Men	64.7	56.7	12.4	7.4	-	17.4
Women	57.8	50.6	12.4	7.3	-	17.5
Asian	68.1	65.5	3.8	1.0	-	6.6
Women	63.1	62.6	.6	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.4	62.3	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Men	79.8	75.6	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Women	52.5	48.4	7.7	5.6	-	9.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.7	36.8	19.5	12.7	-	26.3
Married men, spouse present	77.0	74.1	3.8	2.7	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	50.3	47.0	6.4	4.6	-	8.2
Women who maintain families	63.3	58.0	8.3	4.7	-	11.9
Rochester						
Total	69.1	64.4	6.9	5.5	-	8.3
Men	73.6	67.1	8.9	6.8	-	11.0
Women	64.8	61.8	4.7	3.0	-	6.4
White	68.4	64.7	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Men	72.7	67.1	7.7	5.5	-	9.9
Women	64.4	62.4	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
Black or African American	72.4	61.7	14.9	9.6	-	20.2
Men	75.6	66.3	12.3	5.5	-	19.1
Married men, spouse present	74.5	69.7	6.5	4.1	-	8.9
Married women, spouse present	67.6	66.7	1.3	.1	-	2.5
Women who maintain families	73.7	63.6	13.6	7.7	-	19.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville						
Total	66.1	62.8	5.0	4.1	-	5.9
Men	74.6	71.1	4.7	3.5	-	5.9
Women	58.3	55.2	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.1	47.3	12.6	6.5	-	18.7
White	67.1	64.1	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Men	76.1	72.8	4.3	3.0	-	5.6
Women	58.4	55.5	4.9	3.4	-	6.4
Black or African American	64.1	58.1	9.4	4.5	-	14.3
Asian	59.3	58.0	2.3	.3	-	4.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	68.3	7.9	5.4	-	10.4
Men	87.2	83.1	4.7	2.2	-	7.2
Women	58.6	50.6	13.5	8.2	-	18.8
Married men, spouse present	76.1	74.0	2.7	1.4	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	54.5	52.9	2.9	1.3	-	4.5
Women who maintain families	66.1	59.4	10.1	5.2	-	15.0
Salt Lake City						
Total	75.4	71.8	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Men	84.2	80.6	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Women	66.8	63.3	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.8	46.1	18.8	13.9	-	23.7
White	75.3	71.8	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Men	84.1	80.5	4.3	3.2	-	5.4
Women	66.8	63.4	5.1	3.8	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.7	48.1	18.0	13.0	-	23.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	81.3	75.3	7.5	4.9	-	10.1
Men	93.8	88.4	5.7	2.9	-	8.5
Women	64.9	57.9	10.8	5.6	-	16.0
Married men, spouse present	88.2	86.1	2.4	1.4	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	65.8	63.1	4.2	2.7	-	5.7
Women who maintain families	80.2	75.5	5.8	1.8	-	9.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
San Antonio						
Total	64.8	61.4	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	72.9	69.6	4.5	3.3	-	5.7
Women	57.0	53.5	6.2	4.6	-	7.8
White	64.1	60.7	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	72.7	69.4	4.6	3.3	-	5.9
Women	55.6	52.1	6.3	4.6	-	8.0
Black or African American	72.4	67.5	6.7	2.4	-	11.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.1	61.3	5.9	4.5	-	7.3
Men	73.6	70.1	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
Women	56.4	52.3	7.3	5.0	-	9.6
Married men, spouse present	76.1	74.7	1.8	.8	-	2.8
Married women, spouse present	56.5	54.2	4.0	2.2	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	74.8	70.0	6.4	2.9	-	9.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos						
Total	66.5	64.1	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Men	74.6	72.1	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Women	59.1	56.9	3.7	2.7	-	4.7
White	66.3	64.0	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Men	75.3	72.7	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
Women	57.7	55.6	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Black or African American	68.5	64.8	5.4	2.2	-	8.6
Asian	62.2	60.5	2.9	1.1	-	4.7
Women	56.5	54.0	4.5	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.8	62.6	5.0	3.5	-	6.5
Men	76.2	72.8	4.4	2.6	-	6.2
Women	55.7	52.6	5.7	3.3	-	8.1
Married men, spouse present	78.8	77.4	1.8	.9	-	2.7
Married women, spouse present	55.7	53.8	3.3	1.9	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	69.0	66.3	3.8	1.1	-	6.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont						
Total	67.8	64.0	5.6	5.0	-	6.2
Men	75.7	71.7	5.2	4.4	-	6.0
Women	60.2	56.6	6.0	5.0	-	7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.1	31.4	19.7	14.0	-	25.4
White	68.2	65.1	4.6	3.9	-	5.3
Men	77.2	74.0	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Women	59.2	56.2	5.0	3.9	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.9	36.8	16.2	9.9	-	22.5
Black or African American	65.9	57.7	12.4	9.1	-	15.7
Men	71.0	59.5	16.1	11.0	-	21.2
Women	61.6	56.2	8.8	4.8	-	12.8
Asian	66.2	62.3	5.9	4.6	-	7.2
Men	71.8	67.9	5.3	3.6	-	7.0
Women	60.9	56.9	6.5	4.5	-	8.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.1	67.0	7.0	5.5	-	8.5
Men	83.6	79.4	5.1	3.5	-	6.7
Women	58.2	52.2	10.4	7.5	-	13.3
Married men, spouse present	77.6	75.4	2.8	2.0	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	60.7	57.8	4.8	3.5	-	6.1
Women who maintain families	72.8	66.8	8.3	5.2	-	11.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara						
Total	69.6	66.0	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	76.2	71.9	5.7	4.3	-	7.1
Women	63.1	60.0	4.8	3.4	-	6.2
White	69.4	65.8	5.2	4.0	-	6.4
Men	76.4	71.9	5.9	4.2	-	7.6
Women	62.6	59.9	4.4	2.8	-	6.0
Asian	69.0	65.5	5.0	3.3	-	6.7
Men	74.2	70.7	4.8	2.4	-	7.2
Women	63.8	60.4	5.3	2.7	-	7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.3	67.8	7.6	5.1	-	10.1
Men	80.0	74.1	7.3	4.1	-	10.5
Women	66.2	60.9	8.0	4.2	-	11.8
Married men, spouse present	80.5	77.4	3.8	2.4	-	5.2
Married women, spouse present	59.1	56.3	4.7	2.8	-	6.6
Women who maintain families	77.2	72.1	6.6	2.0	-	11.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue						
Total	69.3	65.9	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	76.7	72.7	5.3	4.4	-	6.2
Women	62.1	59.3	4.6	3.7	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.7	32.9	17.0	11.5	-	22.5
White	69.6	66.2	4.8	4.1	-	5.5
Men	77.2	73.1	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Women	62.3	59.6	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.0	35.3	16.0	9.7	-	22.3
Black or African American	62.0	56.2	9.3	5.3	-	13.3
Asian	70.2	67.5	3.9	2.3	-	5.5
Men	80.0	78.2	2.2	.5	-	3.9
Women	61.6	58.1	5.7	2.9	-	8.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.1	68.4	6.4	3.3	-	9.5
Men	86.1	82.1	4.7	1.2	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	82.5	80.0	3.1	2.2	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	64.7	62.2	3.8	2.7	-	4.9
Women who maintain families	69.3	66.8	3.7	1.1	-	6.3
St. Louis³						
Total	69.7	66.1	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	75.5	71.8	4.9	4.0	-	5.8
Women	64.5	61.0	5.5	4.5	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.5	45.2	15.4	11.4	-	19.4
White	69.6	67.2	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Men	76.2	73.8	3.2	2.4	-	4.0
Women	63.7	61.1	4.0	3.0	-	5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.6	49.2	11.6	7.5	-	15.7
Black or African American	70.5	61.8	12.3	10.1	-	14.5
Men	71.3	61.8	13.3	9.8	-	16.8
Women	69.8	61.8	11.4	8.5	-	14.3
Married men, spouse present	76.7	74.7	2.5	1.6	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	64.3	61.7	4.0	2.8	-	5.2
Women who maintain families	74.6	69.9	6.3	3.7	-	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater						
Total	61.7	59.1	4.2	3.5	-	4.9
Men	67.9	65.6	3.5	2.6	-	4.4
Women	56.1	53.3	4.9	3.8	-	6.0
White	60.6	58.4	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Men	67.9	65.6	3.3	2.3	-	4.3
Women	54.0	51.8	4.1	3.0	-	5.2
Black or African American	66.7	61.8	7.4	4.7	-	10.1
Men	67.0	63.8	4.8	1.3	-	8.3
Women	66.5	60.4	9.2	5.3	-	13.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.8	68.2	5.0	3.0	-	7.0
Men	79.0	74.2	6.1	3.2	-	9.0
Women	64.0	61.8	3.5	.9	-	6.1
Married men, spouse present	69.3	68.2	1.6	.8	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	58.2	56.6	2.8	1.6	-	4.0
Women who maintain families	66.3	60.9	8.2	4.6	-	11.8
Tulsa						
Total	67.3	64.7	3.8	2.8	-	4.8
Men	75.2	72.0	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Women	60.0	58.1	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
White	67.9	65.6	3.4	2.3	-	4.5
Men	76.3	73.4	3.9	2.4	-	5.4
Women	60.0	58.3	2.9	1.5	-	4.3
Married men, spouse present	78.4	77.5	1.0	.1	-	1.9
Married women, spouse present	60.9	59.5	2.2	.7	-	3.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan areas:						
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News						
Total	66.7	64.2	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Men	71.3	68.4	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
Women	62.8	60.7	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
White	66.4	64.5	2.7	1.8	-	3.6
Men	73.1	71.3	2.5	1.3	-	3.7
Women	60.1	58.3	3.0	1.7	-	4.3
Black or African American	67.2	63.1	6.1	4.3	-	7.9
Men	67.0	61.3	8.6	5.4	-	11.8
Women	67.4	64.5	4.2	2.2	-	6.2
Married men, spouse present	75.7	73.7	2.6	1.3	-	3.9
Married women, spouse present	61.1	59.6	2.5	1.1	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	77.1	75.1	2.6	.2	-	5.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria						
Total	72.2	70.2	2.8	2.5	-	3.1
Men	79.6	77.5	2.6	2.2	-	3.0
Women	65.2	63.3	3.0	2.5	-	3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.2	34.8	11.1	8.2	-	14.0
White	72.7	71.3	2.0	1.7	-	2.3
Men	81.1	79.6	1.8	1.4	-	2.2
Women	64.4	63.1	2.1	1.6	-	2.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.8	40.1	6.5	3.8	-	9.2
Black or African American	71.3	67.4	5.5	4.6	-	6.4
Men	74.9	71.0	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Women	68.0	64.2	5.6	4.4	-	6.8
Asian	71.3	70.2	1.6	.8	-	2.4
Men	80.3	79.1	1.5	.4	-	2.6
Women	64.1	63.0	1.7	.5	-	2.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.8	76.7	2.6	1.8	-	3.4
Men	89.5	87.0	2.7	1.7	-	3.7
Women	64.6	63.0	2.4	1.1	-	3.7
Married men, spouse present	85.1	83.8	1.5	1.1	-	1.9
Married women, spouse present	65.5	64.4	1.8	1.3	-	2.3
Women who maintain families	76.4	72.1	5.6	3.9	-	7.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville						
Total	71.5	69.8	2.5	1.9	-	3.1
Men	81.0	79.2	2.2	1.4	-	3.0
Women	62.9	61.2	2.8	1.9	-	3.7
White	71.4	69.8	2.3	1.7	-	2.9
Men	81.5	79.6	2.4	1.5	-	3.3
Women	62.3	61.0	2.1	1.2	-	3.0
Black or African American	72.8	69.5	4.5	2.4	-	6.6
Asian	71.3	70.2	1.6	.2	-	3.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.9	73.2	3.6	1.6	-	5.6
Married men, spouse present	86.6	85.2	1.6	.8	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	63.1	61.7	2.2	1.1	-	3.3
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy						
Total	67.7	64.5	4.6	3.9	-	5.3
Men	73.7	69.5	5.6	4.5	-	6.7
Women	62.3	60.1	3.5	2.6	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.9	35.3	13.5	8.4	-	18.6
White	68.1	65.5	3.7	3.0	-	4.4
Men	74.5	71.1	4.6	3.5	-	5.7
Women	62.3	60.6	2.8	1.9	-	3.7
Black or African American	65.8	58.9	10.5	7.2	-	13.8
Men	70.5	60.8	13.7	8.6	-	18.8
Women	61.5	57.1	7.2	3.1	-	11.3
Asian	65.7	61.4	6.4	3.3	-	9.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.6	66.8	5.4	2.3	-	8.5
Married men, spouse present	81.5	78.4	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	64.9	63.8	1.7	.7	-	2.7
Women who maintain families	66.2	63.1	4.7	1.8	-	7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Camden						
Total	65.6	63.0	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Men	73.9	70.8	4.1	2.6	-	5.6
Women	58.3	56.1	3.9	2.4	-	5.4
White	64.3	62.1	3.5	2.4	-	4.6
Men	73.7	71.1	3.6	2.1	-	5.1
Women	55.9	54.0	3.4	1.8	-	5.0
Black or African American	75.3	69.3	7.9	4.3	-	11.5
Married men, spouse present	79.7	77.9	2.2	.8	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	67.1	65.0	3.1	(2)	-	(2)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet						
Total	66.2	62.2	6.0	5.5	-	6.5
Men	74.5	70.1	5.9	5.2	-	6.6
Women	58.5	54.9	6.2	5.5	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.1	30.4	15.9	12.5	-	19.3
White	67.7	64.4	4.8	4.3	-	5.3
Men	76.8	73.2	4.7	4.0	-	5.4
Women	58.6	55.8	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.6	37.0	11.0	7.7	-	14.3
Black or African American	59.9	52.3	12.7	11.1	-	14.3
Men	62.7	53.9	14.0	11.5	-	16.5
Women	57.8	51.0	11.7	9.6	-	13.8
Asian	67.2	64.7	3.7	2.1	-	5.3
Men	75.6	72.4	4.2	2.0	-	6.4
Women	58.3	56.6	2.9	.8	-	5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.7	64.7	7.2	5.9	-	8.5
Men	84.4	79.8	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Women	52.0	46.5	10.6	7.9	-	13.3
Married men, spouse present	81.6	78.7	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	61.0	58.5	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	68.0	60.8	10.6	8.1	-	13.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Dallas-Plano-Irving						
Total	73.2	69.1	5.7	5.0	-	6.4
Men	82.3	78.0	5.2	4.4	-	6.0
Women	64.4	60.4	6.3	5.3	-	7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.3	33.5	20.8	16.4	-	25.2
White	73.4	69.9	4.7	4.0	-	5.4
Men	83.2	79.8	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women	63.8	60.3	5.5	4.4	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.1	36.6	17.2	12.1	-	22.3
Black or African American	71.6	64.1	10.5	8.4	-	12.6
Men	74.1	64.5	12.9	9.7	-	16.1
Women	69.6	63.7	8.5	5.9	-	11.1
Asian	74.5	72.7	2.4	.7	-	4.1
Men	85.3	83.8	1.8	(2)	-	(2)
Women	63.8	61.7	3.2	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.1	71.3	6.3	5.0	-	7.6
Men	90.6	86.2	4.9	3.4	-	6.4
Women	60.1	55.0	8.6	6.2	-	11.0
Married men, spouse present	86.5	84.3	2.5	1.7	-	3.3
Married women, spouse present	62.0	58.9	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
Women who maintain families	81.8	77.0	5.9	3.5	-	8.3
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn						
Total	59.6	54.4	8.8	7.6	-	10.0
Men	65.9	60.4	8.3	6.7	-	9.9
Women	53.9	48.9	9.3	7.5	-	11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.2	25.8	22.3	15.3	-	29.3
White	61.7	58.3	5.5	4.2	-	6.8
Men	71.0	66.5	6.3	4.5	-	8.1
Women	52.6	50.2	4.5	2.7	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.1	39.0	18.8	10.3	-	27.3
Black or African American	56.5	49.1	13.2	11.0	-	15.4
Men	57.4	50.5	12.0	8.9	-	15.1
Women	55.8	47.9	14.2	11.1	-	17.3
Asian	63.7	58.6	8.0	1.7	-	14.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	55.0	50.9	7.5	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	73.2	70.4	3.9	2.3	-	5.5
Married women, spouse present	58.8	56.7	3.6	1.8	-	5.4
Women who maintain families	61.3	54.7	10.8	6.9	-	14.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Edison-New Brunswick						
Total	67.7	65.0	3.9	3.2	-	4.6
Men	76.0	73.4	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Women	59.9	57.1	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.6	40.5	11.3	6.3	-	16.3
White	66.7	64.1	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Men	74.7	72.2	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
Women	59.2	56.5	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Black or African American	74.7	69.3	7.2	3.6	-	10.8
Asian	70.2	68.5	2.4	.7	-	4.1
Men	83.3	80.9	2.9	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.5	74.8	3.4	1.5	-	5.3
Men	89.7	87.3	2.7	.5	-	4.9
Married men, spouse present	81.1	79.3	2.3	1.4	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	60.9	59.2	2.9	1.7	-	4.1
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach						
Total	64.5	61.6	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Men	69.8	67.0	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
Women	59.6	56.7	5.0	3.7	-	6.3
White	63.6	61.5	3.2	2.3	-	4.1
Men	71.2	69.3	2.7	1.6	-	3.8
Women	56.3	54.1	3.9	2.4	-	5.4
Black or African American	67.1	61.8	7.9	5.7	-	10.1
Men	65.1	59.0	9.5	6.0	-	13.0
Women	68.6	64.0	6.7	4.0	-	9.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.6	66.0	5.2	3.1	-	7.3
Men	78.2	73.6	5.9	2.8	-	9.0
Women	62.1	59.4	4.3	1.5	-	7.1
Married men, spouse present	75.3	73.8	2.0	.8	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	59.7	57.9	3.0	1.3	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	73.1	68.2	6.7	3.2	-	10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Fort Worth-Arlington						
Total	73.9	69.4	6.2	5.2	-	7.2
Men	82.2	77.4	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Women	65.4	61.0	6.7	5.2	-	8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.3	32.3	25.4	20.1	-	30.7
White	73.3	69.4	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	81.9	78.0	4.9	3.7	-	6.1
Women	64.3	60.5	5.9	4.4	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.0	35.2	21.8	15.4	-	28.2
Black or African American	81.7	74.0	9.5	6.2	-	12.8
Men	85.3	78.5	8.0	3.8	-	12.2
Women	78.0	69.3	11.2	6.2	-	16.2
Asian	73.3	65.1	11.1	6.1	-	16.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.6	72.0	6.0	4.0	-	8.0
Men	91.0	88.0	3.3	1.4	-	5.2
Women	60.3	53.8	10.7	6.6	-	14.8
Married men, spouse present	87.4	84.2	3.6	2.3	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	64.6	61.0	5.6	3.8	-	7.4
Women who maintain families	80.7	76.3	5.5	2.0	-	9.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale						
Total	64.2	60.8	5.2	4.8	-	5.6
Men	73.5	69.6	5.2	4.6	-	5.8
Women	55.2	52.4	5.1	4.5	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.6	23.8	16.8	13.0	-	20.6
White	65.1	61.9	4.7	4.2	-	5.2
Men	75.4	71.8	4.7	4.1	-	5.3
Women	54.9	52.2	4.8	4.1	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	27.1	13.1	9.4	-	16.8
Black or African American	58.3	51.5	11.5	9.5	-	13.5
Men	61.4	53.1	13.3	10.2	-	16.4
Women	55.9	50.3	9.9	7.3	-	12.5
Asian	61.8	59.7	3.3	2.4	-	4.2
Men	69.7	67.2	3.6	2.3	-	4.9
Women	54.4	52.8	2.9	1.6	-	4.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.0	62.7	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	78.3	74.6	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Women	53.7	50.6	5.6	4.6	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.0	25.8	13.8	9.2	-	18.4
Married men, spouse present	80.0	77.0	3.7	3.0	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	55.3	53.6	3.0	2.3	-	3.7
Women who maintain families	63.4	58.4	7.7	5.8	-	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
 Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall						
Total	61.7	59.5	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Men	73.3	71.5	2.4	1.6	-	3.2
Women	51.2	48.7	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
White	61.3	59.5	3.0	2.2	-	3.8
Men	73.3	71.5	2.3	1.4	-	3.2
Women	50.0	48.0	3.9	2.6	-	5.2
Black or African American	62.7	58.9	6.0	3.9	-	8.1
Men	72.2	69.9	3.2	.9	-	5.5
Women	55.5	50.6	8.9	5.3	-	12.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.1	58.0	3.6	2.7	-	4.5
Men	72.3	70.4	2.7	1.7	-	3.7
Women	48.5	46.1	4.9	3.3	-	6.5
Married men, spouse present	78.7	77.5	1.5	.7	-	2.3
Married women, spouse present	54.1	51.9	4.2	2.5	-	5.9
Women who maintain families	61.8	58.1	6.0	2.7	-	9.3
 Nassau-Suffolk						
Total	65.2	63.3	2.9	2.3	-	3.5
Men	72.5	70.2	3.2	2.4	-	4.0
Women	58.8	57.3	2.5	1.7	-	3.3
White	64.7	62.8	2.9	2.3	-	3.5
Men	72.3	70.1	3.1	2.2	-	4.0
Women	58.0	56.4	2.7	1.8	-	3.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	71.2	3.9	1.9	-	5.9
Married men, spouse present	76.0	74.3	2.2	1.3	-	3.1
Married women, spouse present	58.9	57.8	1.8	.9	-	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
New York-White Plains-Wayne						
Total	60.7	57.5	5.3	4.9	-	5.7
Men	69.2	65.6	5.3	4.8	-	5.8
Women	53.1	50.3	5.2	4.6	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.7	19.2	15.3	11.9	-	18.7
White	61.1	58.5	4.3	3.8	-	4.8
Men	70.3	67.5	4.0	3.4	-	4.6
Women	52.5	50.1	4.6	3.9	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.3	22.6	14.0	9.8	-	18.2
Black or African American	59.9	54.9	8.5	7.5	-	9.5
Men	64.8	58.4	9.8	8.3	-	11.3
Women	56.3	52.2	7.3	6.1	-	8.5
Asian	60.0	57.6	4.1	3.1	-	5.1
Men	71.6	68.0	5.1	3.6	-	6.6
Women	48.6	47.3	2.7	1.4	-	4.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.7	56.7	6.6	5.7	-	7.5
Men	72.0	67.4	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Women	50.6	47.0	7.0	5.6	-	8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.7	18.1	23.6	16.1	-	31.1
Married men, spouse present	75.8	73.7	2.8	2.2	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	55.6	53.3	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	63.5	58.8	7.4	5.9	-	8.9
Newark-Union						
Total	67.2	63.9	4.9	4.0	-	5.8
Men	76.3	72.6	4.9	3.7	-	6.1
Women	58.9	56.0	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
White	68.2	65.6	3.8	2.9	-	4.7
Men	77.5	74.3	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
Women	59.1	57.1	3.3	2.1	-	4.5
Black or African American	62.8	56.4	10.2	7.7	-	12.7
Men	69.4	62.4	10.1	6.4	-	13.8
Women	58.1	52.1	10.3	6.8	-	13.8
Asian	72.2	71.6	.8	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	68.8	4.8	2.7	-	6.9
Men	84.0	79.7	5.2	2.4	-	8.0
Women	59.3	56.8	4.3	1.1	-	7.5
Married men, spouse present	84.5	82.7	2.1	1.1	-	3.1
Married women, spouse present	61.2	58.8	3.9	2.3	-	5.5
Women who maintain families	66.1	62.5	5.3	1.9	-	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward						
Total	68.2	64.2	5.9	5.0	-	6.8
Men	77.6	73.3	5.4	4.3	-	6.5
Women	59.5	55.6	6.5	5.2	-	7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.5	29.7	23.0	15.6	-	30.4
White	67.9	64.2	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	78.4	74.6	4.8	3.5	-	6.1
Women	57.6	54.1	6.0	4.3	-	7.7
Black or African American	68.0	60.6	11.0	7.4	-	14.6
Men	74.4	64.8	12.9	7.2	-	18.6
Women	63.5	57.6	9.3	4.8	-	13.8
Asian	67.5	64.1	5.0	3.4	-	6.6
Men	75.1	71.3	5.1	2.9	-	7.3
Women	60.3	57.4	4.8	2.5	-	7.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.3	64.5	8.2	6.2	-	10.2
Men	83.7	78.6	6.0	3.9	-	8.1
Women	54.9	48.3	12.1	8.2	-	16.0
Married men, spouse present	79.7	77.0	3.4	2.2	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	59.8	57.0	4.6	3.0	-	6.2
Women who maintain families	72.2	65.7	8.9	5.0	-	12.8
Philadelphia						
Total	63.5	60.2	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	69.8	66.3	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Women	57.8	54.7	5.2	4.2	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.2	31.2	18.5	13.1	-	23.9
White	65.5	62.9	4.1	3.4	-	4.8
Men	73.4	70.4	4.1	3.2	-	5.0
Women	58.1	55.7	4.1	3.1	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.3	37.8	14.8	9.0	-	20.6
Black or African American	57.4	51.9	9.6	7.7	-	11.5
Men	56.7	50.6	10.7	7.6	-	13.8
Women	57.9	52.9	8.7	6.3	-	11.1
Asian	60.8	58.7	3.5	.4	-	6.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.0	62.8	6.2	3.0	-	9.4
Men	75.0	69.4	7.5	3.0	-	12.0
Married men, spouse present	75.3	73.8	2.0	1.2	-	2.8
Married women, spouse present	60.3	59.0	2.2	1.3	-	3.1
Women who maintain families	61.7	54.4	11.8	8.2	-	15.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City						
Total	67.2	63.8	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Men	73.2	69.5	5.0	3.7	-	6.3
Women	61.1	57.9	5.2	3.8	-	6.6
White	68.6	66.1	3.6	2.6	-	4.6
Men	75.8	73.1	3.5	2.2	-	4.8
Women	61.2	58.9	3.8	2.3	-	5.3
Asian	64.5	60.0	7.1	5.0	-	9.2
Men	67.6	63.8	5.7	3.0	-	8.4
Women	61.6	56.3	8.5	5.2	-	11.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.8	72.2	4.7	2.6	-	6.8
Men	83.4	80.8	3.1	.9	-	5.3
Women	65.7	60.9	7.3	3.1	-	11.5
Married men, spouse present	74.3	72.9	1.9	.8	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	62.0	58.9	5.0	3.0	-	7.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine						
Total	69.8	67.2	3.8	3.2	-	4.4
Men	79.2	76.1	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Women	59.9	57.7	3.6	2.6	-	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.1	39.8	9.7	5.1	-	14.3
White	69.3	67.0	3.4	2.7	-	4.1
Men	79.5	77.0	3.2	2.3	-	4.1
Women	58.6	56.4	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Asian	69.2	65.5	5.4	3.5	-	7.3
Men	73.8	68.4	7.3	4.3	-	10.3
Women	64.5	62.5	3.1	.9	-	5.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	69.2	4.2	3.0	-	5.4
Men	87.1	83.8	3.8	2.4	-	5.2
Women	55.0	52.2	5.0	2.8	-	7.2
Married men, spouse present	84.4	82.4	2.3	1.4	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	57.1	54.9	3.9	2.5	-	5.3
Women who maintain families	73.0	70.2	3.9	1.0	-	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett						
Total	69.9	66.6	4.8	4.1	-	5.5
Men	76.7	72.8	5.1	4.1	-	6.1
Women	63.2	60.4	4.4	3.4	-	5.4
White	70.2	66.9	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Men	77.6	73.3	5.5	4.4	-	6.6
Women	62.9	60.5	3.8	2.7	-	4.9
Black or African American	60.2	55.5	7.9	3.3	-	12.5
Asian	71.5	68.6	4.1	2.4	-	5.8
Men	79.3	77.6	2.2	.4	-	4.0
Women	64.6	60.7	6.2	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.6	71.4	4.3	1.4	-	7.2
Men	89.6	85.6	4.5	.8	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	82.3	79.9	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	65.4	63.0	3.7	2.4	-	5.0
Women who maintain families	70.9	69.2	2.4	(²)	-	(²)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills						
Total	67.7	63.6	6.1	5.3	-	6.9
Men	77.1	72.3	6.3	5.2	-	7.4
Women	58.6	55.3	5.7	4.5	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.5	46.8	10.9	6.6	-	15.2
White	67.2	63.4	5.7	4.8	-	6.6
Men	76.7	72.1	6.0	4.8	-	7.2
Women	58.0	54.9	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.2	48.0	9.9	5.4	-	14.4
Black or African American	69.9	60.5	13.3	8.7	-	17.9
Women	65.0	56.6	13.0	6.9	-	19.1
Asian	71.3	68.6	3.8	.4	-	7.2
Married men, spouse present	80.6	76.7	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
Married women, spouse present	58.3	55.3	5.2	3.6	-	6.8
Women who maintain families	74.2	69.8	6.0	2.4	-	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Metropolitan divisions:						
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria						
Total	72.4	70.3	2.9	2.5	-	3.3
Men	79.2	77.0	2.8	2.3	-	3.3
Women	65.9	63.9	3.1	2.5	-	3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.5	34.7	12.3	8.9	-	15.7
White	73.2	71.8	1.8	1.4	-	2.2
Men	81.0	79.6	1.6	1.1	-	2.1
Women	65.2	63.9	2.1	1.5	-	2.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.7	41.0	6.2	3.1	-	9.3
Black or African American	71.1	67.1	5.6	4.7	-	6.5
Men	74.5	70.1	5.9	4.5	-	7.3
Women	68.0	64.5	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Asian	71.4	70.2	1.6	.6	-	2.6
Men	80.0	79.0	1.3	(²)	-	(²)
Women	64.6	63.4	1.9	.3	-	3.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.5	77.7	2.4	1.5	-	3.3
Men	90.2	87.7	2.7	1.5	-	3.9
Women	64.7	63.6	1.7	.4	-	3.0
Married men, spouse present	84.6	83.3	1.5	1.0	-	2.0
Married women, spouse present	66.4	65.3	1.6	1.0	-	2.2
Women who maintain families	74.5	70.5	5.4	3.5	-	7.3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach						
Total	59.7	57.5	3.7	2.7	-	4.7
Men	68.8	66.2	3.8	2.4	-	5.2
Women	51.5	49.7	3.6	2.1	-	5.1
White	58.5	56.9	2.8	1.8	-	3.8
Men	67.7	65.7	3.0	1.7	-	4.3
Women	50.3	49.0	2.6	1.2	-	4.0
Black or African American	66.3	60.8	8.3	4.6	-	12.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.8	70.6	4.3	2.0	-	6.6
Men	84.0	79.7	5.1	1.8	-	8.4
Married men, spouse present	70.8	69.7	1.5	.4	-	2.6
Married women, spouse present	52.1	51.6	1.0	(²)	-	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Atlanta city						
Total	70.5	65.6	6.9	4.7	-	9.1
Men	73.5	68.4	7.0	4.0	-	10.0
Women	67.4	62.8	6.8	3.7	-	9.9
White	84.1	82.1	2.4	.5	-	4.3
Men	87.8	85.1	3.1	.3	-	5.9
Women	78.8	77.8	1.3	(²)	-	(²)
Black or African American	60.7	53.8	11.5	7.7	-	15.3
Men	59.6	51.7	13.2	7.0	-	19.4
Women	61.6	55.3	10.3	5.6	-	15.0
Married men, spouse present	77.0	74.2	3.6	(²)	-	(²)
Austin city						
Total	76.9	73.2	4.8	3.5	-	6.1
Men	84.8	79.3	6.4	4.4	-	8.4
Women	68.4	66.6	2.7	1.2	-	4.2
White	77.8	74.1	4.8	3.4	-	6.2
Men	85.4	80.2	6.1	4.0	-	8.2
Women	69.5	67.4	3.0	1.3	-	4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.9	68.7	5.7	3.3	-	8.1
Men	82.5	77.1	6.5	3.2	-	9.8
Women	62.1	59.3	4.6	1.1	-	8.1
Married men, spouse present	86.3	82.9	4.0	1.7	-	6.3
Married women, spouse present	66.3	64.2	3.2	.8	-	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Baltimore city						
Total	57.5	52.6	8.4	6.8	-	10.0
Men	61.7	57.1	7.4	5.2	-	9.6
Women	54.0	48.9	9.4	7.1	-	11.7
White	61.1	59.4	2.8	1.2	-	4.4
Men	69.0	67.9	1.6	(²)	-	(²)
Women	52.7	50.4	4.5	1.4	-	7.6
Black or African American	55.9	49.2	12.0	9.7	-	14.3
Men	57.9	50.8	12.2	8.7	-	15.7
Women	54.5	48.0	11.9	8.8	-	15.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	89.9	89.2	.8	(²)	-	(²)
Men	92.6	92.6	(⁴)	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	64.6	62.5	3.3	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	53.5	48.8	8.8	(²)	-	(²)
Women who maintain families	64.8	60.0	7.3	3.5	-	11.1
Boston city						
Total	66.6	60.6	9.0	6.9	-	11.1
Men	69.3	61.4	11.4	8.2	-	14.6
Women	64.1	59.9	6.7	4.1	-	9.3
White	71.0	65.4	7.8	5.3	-	10.3
Men	72.7	65.3	10.3	6.4	-	14.2
Women	69.4	65.6	5.4	2.4	-	8.4
Black or African American	63.6	56.0	12.0	7.5	-	16.5
Men	69.5	59.2	14.8	8.2	-	21.4
Women	58.1	53.0	8.8	3.1	-	14.5
Asian	55.0	51.0	7.1	1.8	-	12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.5	70.6	8.9	2.5	-	15.3
Married men, spouse present	72.3	66.0	8.8	4.0	-	13.6
Married women, spouse present	69.0	67.6	2.0	(²)	-	(²)
Women who maintain families	61.6	57.6	6.6	.3	-	12.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Charlotte city						
Total	75.6	71.9	4.9	3.5	-	6.3
Men	80.6	77.3	4.1	2.3	-	5.9
Women	70.5	66.4	5.9	3.6	-	8.2
White	78.0	74.3	4.7	2.9	-	6.5
Men	88.0	83.7	4.9	2.6	-	7.2
Women	66.1	63.2	4.3	1.6	-	7.0
Black or African American	72.1	68.6	4.9	2.4	-	7.4
Men	67.2	66.5	1.0	(²)	-	(²)
Women	76.0	70.2	7.5	3.6	-	11.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	87.6	83.3	4.9	1.6	-	8.2
Men	96.3	89.7	6.9	2.3	-	11.5
Married men, spouse present	83.4	80.1	4.0	1.3	-	6.7
Married women, spouse present	64.8	63.2	2.4	(²)	-	(²)
Chicago city						
Total	61.9	56.0	9.5	8.4	-	10.6
Men	69.8	63.4	9.3	7.8	-	10.8
Women	54.7	49.4	9.7	8.1	-	11.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.2	18.6	33.9	27.1	-	40.7
White	66.9	62.5	6.5	5.3	-	7.7
Men	77.5	73.0	5.8	4.4	-	7.2
Women	56.0	51.7	7.5	5.6	-	9.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.2	27.0	20.9	12.1	-	29.7
Black or African American	54.4	45.5	16.4	14.1	-	18.7
Men	55.6	44.7	19.6	15.9	-	23.3
Women	53.5	46.0	13.9	11.0	-	16.8
Asian	61.0	58.3	4.4	1.1	-	7.7
Men	68.7	65.4	4.8	.3	-	9.3
Women	52.8	50.7	4.0	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.8	58.4	7.0	5.0	-	9.0
Men	78.7	74.5	5.3	3.2	-	7.4
Women	44.1	39.4	10.7	6.5	-	14.9
Married men, spouse present	82.5	78.7	4.7	3.1	-	6.3
Married women, spouse present	58.5	55.7	4.7	2.8	-	6.6
Women who maintain families	61.6	50.9	17.2	12.9	-	21.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Cleveland city						
Total	50.9	44.2	13.2	9.8	-	16.6
Men	58.3	51.8	11.2	6.8	-	15.6
Women	45.1	38.3	15.2	10.4	-	20.0
White	49.8	45.8	8.0	3.9	-	12.1
Men	52.6	47.6	9.5	3.3	-	15.7
Women	47.3	44.2	6.5	1.3	-	11.7
Black or African American	52.0	42.8	17.7	12.7	-	22.7
Men	63.8	55.7	12.7	6.5	-	18.9
Women	43.5	33.5	22.9	15.6	-	30.2
Married men, spouse present	65.5	60.9	7.0	1.7	-	12.3
Married women, spouse present	52.2	47.4	9.2	2.3	-	16.1
Women who maintain families	51.6	44.5	13.7	5.1	-	22.3
Columbus city						
Total	76.0	71.9	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Men	79.8	76.1	4.7	2.8	-	6.6
Women	72.6	68.2	6.1	4.0	-	8.2
White	75.2	72.0	4.2	2.6	-	5.8
Men	81.0	77.3	4.6	2.4	-	6.8
Women	69.5	67.0	3.7	1.6	-	5.8
Black or African American	77.5	70.6	8.9	5.7	-	12.1
Men	77.1	72.2	6.4	2.0	-	10.8
Women	77.8	69.6	10.5	6.2	-	14.8
Married men, spouse present	84.6	84.0	.7	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	71.1	68.2	4.1	1.1	-	7.1
Women who maintain families	78.4	71.7	8.5	3.5	-	13.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Dallas city						
Total	70.9	66.5	6.1	4.8	-	7.4
Men	80.1	76.5	4.5	3.0	-	6.0
Women	62.2	57.2	8.1	6.0	-	10.2
White	71.0	67.3	5.1	3.7	-	6.5
Men	82.8	79.9	3.5	2.0	-	5.0
Women	59.6	55.3	7.2	4.8	-	9.6
Black or African American	68.4	62.1	9.2	6.0	-	12.4
Men	69.2	63.0	9.1	4.5	-	13.7
Women	67.6	61.3	9.4	4.9	-	13.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.2	69.7	6.0	4.0	-	8.0
Men	88.0	83.9	4.6	2.3	-	6.9
Women	59.9	55.0	8.1	4.5	-	11.7
Married men, spouse present	85.5	82.6	3.4	1.6	-	5.2
Married women, spouse present	52.9	49.0	7.3	3.9	-	10.7
Women who maintain families	82.0	74.4	9.2	4.6	-	13.8
Denver County/city						
Total	76.8	71.9	6.4	5.0	-	7.8
Men	85.2	79.6	6.6	4.8	-	8.4
Women	68.0	63.8	6.1	4.1	-	8.1
White	78.0	73.7	5.5	4.1	-	6.9
Men	85.0	79.8	6.1	4.2	-	8.0
Women	70.2	66.9	4.7	2.7	-	6.7
Black or African American	66.5	57.7	13.2	7.0	-	19.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.1	67.9	7.1	4.2	-	10.0
Men	86.0	81.6	5.0	2.0	-	8.0
Women	56.1	49.8	11.3	5.3	-	17.3
Married men, spouse present	86.8	81.7	5.9	3.2	-	8.6
Married women, spouse present	66.1	64.3	2.6	.4	-	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Detroit city						
Total	53.9	46.2	14.3	11.9	-	16.7
Men	54.9	47.4	13.6	10.3	-	16.9
Women	53.1	45.2	14.9	11.7	-	18.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.3	17.1	26.7	15.0	-	38.4
White	44.6	38.6	13.3	(2)	-	(2)
Men	53.7	44.3	17.5	(2)	-	(2)
Women	35.9	33.3	7.5	(2)	-	(2)
Black or African American	55.9	48.0	14.2	11.7	-	16.7
Men	55.3	48.4	12.6	9.1	-	16.1
Women	56.4	47.6	15.6	12.1	-	19.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.0	16.1	30.1	16.3	-	43.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	45.9	42.1	8.3	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	64.8	60.1	7.2	3.0	-	11.4
Married women, spouse present	59.2	56.1	5.3	1.4	-	9.2
Women who maintain families	61.0	50.9	16.7	11.1	-	22.3
Fort Worth city						
Total	71.4	66.0	7.5	5.6	-	9.4
Men	78.8	73.6	6.6	4.2	-	9.0
Women	63.8	58.2	8.7	5.7	-	11.7
White	71.0	66.8	6.0	4.0	-	8.0
Men	79.6	75.6	5.0	2.6	-	7.4
Women	62.5	58.0	7.2	4.0	-	10.4
Black or African American	79.9	65.8	17.6	11.5	-	23.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	66.5	8.0	3.8	-	12.2
Men	88.8	86.7	2.4	(2)	-	(2)
Women	59.1	50.3	14.8	7.0	-	22.6
Married men, spouse present	88.6	86.7	2.2	.3	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	60.2	56.6	6.1	2.3	-	9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Houston city						
Total	64.1	60.1	6.3	5.3	-	7.3
Men	72.5	67.9	6.2	4.9	-	7.5
Women	55.6	52.2	6.3	4.7	-	7.9
White	64.5	61.5	4.7	3.6	-	5.8
Men	77.7	74.5	4.1	2.8	-	5.4
Women	50.7	47.8	5.7	3.8	-	7.6
Black or African American	62.0	55.9	9.9	7.6	-	12.2
Men	59.8	52.6	12.1	8.4	-	15.8
Women	64.1	58.9	8.0	5.1	-	10.9
Asian	67.6	61.7	8.7	4.1	-	13.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.4	60.5	6.1	4.5	-	7.7
Men	81.5	77.7	4.7	2.9	-	6.5
Women	46.3	42.2	8.7	5.5	-	11.9
Married men, spouse present	82.7	79.1	4.4	2.8	-	6.0
Married women, spouse present	50.4	48.9	3.0	1.2	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	69.6	62.7	9.9	6.0	-	13.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city						
Total	69.4	64.0	7.9	6.1	-	9.7
Men	76.0	70.9	6.7	4.4	-	9.0
Women	63.2	57.4	9.2	6.4	-	12.0
White	73.1	68.8	5.9	4.1	-	7.7
Men	83.2	79.1	4.9	2.7	-	7.1
Women	63.1	58.6	7.1	4.1	-	10.1
Black or African American	58.2	49.5	15.0	10.1	-	19.9
Men	53.8	46.5	13.5	6.3	-	20.7
Women	62.1	52.1	16.1	9.4	-	22.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	93.7	93.1	.6	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	81.6	78.6	3.7	1.2	-	6.2
Married women, spouse present	66.2	62.5	5.6	2.2	-	9.0
Women who maintain families	70.6	61.2	13.3	6.4	-	20.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Jacksonville city						
Total	72.8	69.7	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Men	76.9	74.0	3.8	1.9	-	5.7
Women	69.1	65.7	4.9	2.8	-	7.0
White	73.3	71.3	2.8	1.4	-	4.2
Men	77.6	76.4	1.6	.1	-	3.1
Women	69.4	66.6	4.0	1.6	-	6.4
Black or African American	69.4	63.4	8.6	5.1	-	12.1
Men	73.6	66.9	9.0	4.2	-	13.8
Married men, spouse present	72.7	71.3	1.9	(2)	-	(2)
Married women, spouse present	67.8	65.2	3.8	1.0	-	6.6
Kansas City city						
Total	71.2	64.8	9.1	7.0	-	11.2
Men	76.6	70.3	8.2	5.5	-	10.9
Women	66.3	59.7	10.0	7.0	-	13.0
White	70.8	65.8	7.0	4.8	-	9.2
Men	79.4	73.9	6.9	4.0	-	9.8
Women	62.4	57.9	7.1	3.8	-	10.4
Black or African American	69.9	58.7	16.0	11.2	-	20.8
Men	64.3	55.1	14.2	6.8	-	21.6
Women	74.1	61.4	17.2	10.9	-	23.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.7	76.7	3.8	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	76.9	73.0	5.0	1.9	-	8.1
Married women, spouse present	64.5	62.3	3.4	.4	-	6.4
Women who maintain families	80.3	63.0	21.6	14.0	-	29.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Las Vegas city						
Total	66.0	62.2	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Men	73.2	69.1	5.7	4.2	-	7.2
Women	58.2	54.8	5.9	4.1	-	7.7
White	65.4	61.7	5.7	4.4	-	7.0
Men	73.0	69.1	5.3	3.7	-	6.9
Women	56.7	53.2	6.2	4.1	-	8.3
Black or African American	71.3	64.7	9.3	5.2	-	13.4
Men	78.5	69.7	11.2	5.0	-	17.4
Asian	65.5	64.1	2.2	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.2	72.7	4.6	2.6	-	6.6
Men	85.0	81.2	4.4	2.0	-	6.8
Women	63.7	60.6	4.9	1.3	-	8.5
Married men, spouse present	73.3	71.0	3.0	1.4	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	58.6	56.3	4.0	1.9	-	6.1
Women who maintain families	74.6	65.5	12.1	6.2	-	18.0
Los Angeles city						
Total	65.9	61.6	6.4	5.6	-	7.2
Men	74.9	70.0	6.5	5.5	-	7.5
Women	57.0	53.4	6.3	5.2	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.8	20.7	19.9	12.9	-	26.9
White	67.5	63.6	5.7	4.9	-	6.5
Men	77.5	73.2	5.5	4.5	-	6.5
Women	57.1	53.7	5.9	4.6	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.9	22.1	14.9	7.7	-	22.1
Black or African American	55.6	46.7	16.0	12.5	-	19.5
Men	60.8	49.9	18.0	12.8	-	23.2
Women	51.7	44.3	14.2	9.7	-	18.7
Asian	61.9	59.8	3.4	1.7	-	5.1
Men	65.5	62.3	4.9	2.0	-	7.8
Women	58.7	57.6	1.8	.1	-	3.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.4	65.7	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Men	81.8	78.0	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Women	55.9	52.3	6.4	4.6	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	82.0	77.7	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Married women, spouse present	56.6	54.1	4.4	2.9	-	5.9
Women who maintain families	61.4	55.7	9.3	6.0	-	12.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city						
Total	66.2	61.2	7.5	5.8	-	9.2
Men	69.9	65.7	5.9	3.7	-	8.1
Women	62.8	57.0	9.2	6.6	-	11.8
White	65.8	62.0	5.8	4.1	-	7.5
Men	69.8	66.7	4.4	2.3	-	6.5
Women	62.0	57.6	7.2	4.5	-	9.9
Black or African American	69.0	57.2	17.1	11.6	-	22.6
Women	70.0	57.6	17.6	10.4	-	24.8
Married men, spouse present	71.9	69.1	3.8	1.4	-	6.2
Married women, spouse present	61.7	58.0	6.0	2.7	-	9.3
Women who maintain families	64.5	55.7	13.7	6.5	-	20.9
Memphis city						
Total	64.0	57.6	9.9	7.8	-	12.0
Men	71.1	64.7	8.9	6.2	-	11.6
Women	57.9	51.6	10.9	7.9	-	13.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	34.0	25.2	16.0	-	34.4
White	62.2	59.7	4.0	2.0	-	6.0
Men	74.1	71.0	4.2	1.5	-	6.9
Women	51.1	49.2	3.7	.8	-	6.6
Black or African American	65.0	54.7	15.8	12.4	-	19.2
Men	66.5	56.6	14.9	9.9	-	19.9
Women	63.8	53.2	16.6	12.0	-	21.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.9	65.8	7.1	.5	-	13.7
Married men, spouse present	77.5	74.7	3.6	(2)	-	(2)
Married women, spouse present	54.2	51.0	5.8	(2)	-	(2)
Women who maintain families	63.5	51.3	19.1	12.1	-	26.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
 Miami city						
Total	53.1	51.2	3.6	1.7	-	5.5
Men	65.2	63.9	2.0	.2	-	3.8
White	54.4	53.2	2.3	.6	-	4.0
Men	68.1	66.9	1.7	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	52.4	51.0	2.5	.6	-	4.4
Men	67.3	66.1	1.8	(²)	-	(²)
 Milwaukee city						
Total	64.0	59.2	7.6	5.9	-	9.3
Men	68.1	63.6	6.7	4.4	-	9.0
Women	60.6	55.6	8.4	6.0	-	10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	32.0	29.7	24.2	-	35.2
White	64.4	60.7	5.8	3.9	-	7.7
Men	69.5	65.7	5.5	3.0	-	8.0
Women	59.6	55.9	6.1	3.3	-	8.9
Black or African American	62.4	55.8	10.6	7.4	-	13.8
Men	62.4	56.6	9.3	4.3	-	14.3
Women	62.4	55.3	11.4	7.3	-	15.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	68.5	5.3	1.9	-	8.7
Men	75.1	74.0	1.6	(²)	-	(²)
Women	69.1	62.1	10.1	3.4	-	16.8
Married men, spouse present	73.6	71.3	3.1	.6	-	5.6
Married women, spouse present	63.4	60.5	4.5	1.3	-	7.7
Women who maintain families	66.0	61.8	6.3	2.3	-	10.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Minneapolis city						
Total	72.8	69.0	5.1	3.7	-	6.5
Men	78.0	72.9	6.5	4.3	-	8.7
Women	67.6	65.2	3.6	1.8	-	5.4
White	72.7	70.2	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Men	77.8	74.9	3.8	1.8	-	5.8
Women	67.4	65.4	3.0	1.1	-	4.9
Black or African American	75.6	67.6	10.6	6.2	-	15.0
Married men, spouse present	79.6	76.1	4.4	1.4	-	7.4
Married women, spouse present	61.8	59.6	3.5	.4	-	6.6
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city						
Total	70.5	65.3	7.4	5.5	-	9.3
Men	79.3	74.4	6.2	3.8	-	8.6
Women	63.0	57.5	8.8	5.9	-	11.7
White	73.3	70.3	4.1	2.3	-	5.9
Men	81.2	78.5	3.3	1.2	-	5.4
Women	65.0	61.7	5.1	2.2	-	8.0
Black or African American	66.4	56.4	15.2	10.7	-	19.7
Men	74.7	63.9	14.4	7.7	-	21.1
Women	61.6	51.9	15.7	9.9	-	21.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.4	71.8	4.8	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	83.3	79.8	4.2	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	63.5	58.6	7.6	3.1	-	12.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
New Orleans city						
Total	58.8	53.7	8.7	5.6	-	11.8
Men	60.1	53.4	11.2	6.2	-	16.2
Women	57.8	54.0	6.5	2.9	-	10.1
White	62.4	59.2	5.1	1.5	-	8.7
Men	69.8	65.4	6.4	1.0	-	11.8
Women	55.2	53.3	3.5	(²)	-	(²)
Black or African American	56.0	49.1	12.3	7.5	-	17.1
Men	50.2	41.3	17.7	8.9	-	26.5
Women	60.3	55.0	8.9	3.6	-	14.2
Married men, spouse present	65.0	60.7	6.6	.8	-	12.4
New York city						
Total	59.2	55.8	5.8	5.3	-	6.3
Men	67.7	63.6	6.0	5.3	-	6.7
Women	51.9	49.0	5.6	4.9	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.4	16.1	17.0	12.4	-	21.6
White	59.1	56.4	4.7	4.1	-	5.3
Men	68.4	65.4	4.4	3.6	-	5.2
Women	50.5	48.0	5.0	4.1	-	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.4	17.4	14.7	8.4	-	21.0
Black or African American	59.3	54.1	8.9	7.8	-	10.0
Men	64.0	57.1	10.8	9.1	-	12.5
Women	55.8	51.8	7.3	5.9	-	8.7
Asian	59.2	56.8	4.1	3.0	-	5.2
Men	71.0	67.6	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
Women	47.6	46.2	3.0	1.4	-	4.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57.6	53.6	7.0	5.9	-	8.1
Men	68.6	63.9	6.8	5.3	-	8.3
Women	48.5	45.1	7.2	5.6	-	8.8
Married men, spouse present	73.5	71.1	3.3	2.5	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	54.4	52.0	4.5	3.5	-	5.5
Women who maintain families	61.6	56.6	8.1	6.3	-	9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Oakland city						
Total	69.2	62.5	9.7	7.2	-	12.2
Men	75.0	66.6	11.2	7.6	-	14.8
Women	63.7	58.5	8.1	4.8	-	11.4
White	73.6	66.9	9.1	6.0	-	12.2
Men	82.7	75.9	8.3	4.5	-	12.1
Women	63.8	57.2	10.3	(²)	-	(²)
Black or African American	70.7	59.9	15.2	8.8	-	21.6
Men	74.6	56.8	23.9	13.0	-	34.8
Women	67.4	62.5	7.4	.8	-	14.0
Asian	52.5	48.8	6.9	1.8	-	12.0
Women	56.8	55.6	2.1	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	65.0	12.3	7.9	-	16.7
Men	86.9	78.1	10.1	5.0	-	15.2
Women	59.2	49.7	16.0	8.0	-	24.0
Married men, spouse present	78.1	71.9	8.0	3.8	-	12.2
Married women, spouse present	62.7	59.2	5.6	1.5	-	9.7
Oklahoma City city						
Total	65.6	62.4	4.9	3.4	-	6.4
Men	76.5	73.3	4.2	2.4	-	6.0
Women	55.2	52.0	5.9	3.5	-	8.3
White	66.5	63.7	4.2	2.7	-	5.7
Men	77.2	74.8	3.1	1.4	-	4.8
Women	56.0	52.8	5.7	3.0	-	8.4
Married men, spouse present	76.7	75.6	1.3	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	53.6	52.5	2.1	(²)	-	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Philadelphia County/city						
Total	55.6	51.6	7.2	5.8	-	8.6
Men	58.0	53.3	8.0	5.9	-	10.1
Women	53.8	50.2	6.5	4.7	-	8.3
White	57.3	53.9	6.0	4.2	-	7.8
Men	63.5	59.0	7.2	4.4	-	10.0
Women	52.2	49.7	4.8	2.5	-	7.1
Black or African American	54.4	49.7	8.8	6.6	-	11.0
Men	51.7	46.5	10.1	6.4	-	13.8
Women	56.5	52.1	7.8	5.1	-	10.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57.5	52.0	9.4	3.8	-	15.0
Married men, spouse present	64.1	61.6	3.8	1.5	-	6.1
Married women, spouse present	55.6	53.8	3.3	.9	-	5.7
Women who maintain families	57.6	49.9	13.4	8.2	-	18.6
Phoenix city						
Total	69.6	66.2	4.9	3.9	-	5.9
Men	80.2	76.0	5.2	3.9	-	6.5
Women	58.2	55.7	4.4	2.9	-	5.9
White	70.5	67.2	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Men	81.5	77.3	5.1	3.7	-	6.5
Women	58.2	55.9	4.0	2.5	-	5.5
Black or African American	63.4	59.2	6.7	2.2	-	11.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.8	64.9	4.3	2.7	-	5.9
Men	84.9	81.3	4.3	2.4	-	6.2
Women	46.7	44.7	4.2	1.4	-	7.0
Married men, spouse present	83.0	80.9	2.5	1.2	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	58.6	56.8	3.0	1.3	-	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Portland city						
Total	75.7	70.9	6.3	4.9	-	7.7
Men	81.9	75.8	7.4	5.4	-	9.4
Women	70.0	66.3	5.2	3.4	-	7.0
White	77.4	72.4	6.5	5.0	-	8.0
Men	82.8	76.6	7.6	5.4	-	9.8
Women	72.4	68.5	5.4	3.4	-	7.4
Married men, spouse present	85.7	80.9	5.6	3.1	-	8.1
Married women, spouse present	69.5	65.8	5.3	2.5	-	8.1
Sacramento city						
Total	64.0	59.5	7.1	4.7	-	9.5
Men	74.6	70.9	4.9	2.2	-	7.6
Women	54.6	49.3	9.7	5.7	-	13.7
White	67.5	62.1	7.9	4.9	-	10.9
Men	76.6	73.6	3.8	.9	-	6.7
Women	59.2	51.7	12.7	7.3	-	18.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.7	66.2	10.2	5.1	-	15.3
Men	85.1	82.0	3.6	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	68.0	65.1	4.2	(2)	-	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
San Antonio city						
Total	66.5	62.7	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Men	75.8	72.1	4.9	3.4	-	6.4
Women	57.4	53.4	7.0	5.1	-	8.9
White	65.9	61.9	6.1	4.8	-	7.4
Men	75.9	72.0	5.1	3.6	-	6.6
Women	55.8	51.7	7.3	5.2	-	9.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.9	61.7	6.4	4.9	-	7.9
Men	75.3	71.5	5.0	3.2	-	6.8
Women	56.3	51.7	8.2	5.6	-	10.8
Married men, spouse present	81.8	79.9	2.3	.9	-	3.7
Married women, spouse present	55.8	53.5	4.2	1.9	-	6.5
Women who maintain families	77.5	72.0	7.2	3.1	-	11.3
San Diego city						
Total	67.0	64.8	3.3	2.3	-	4.3
Men	74.8	72.8	2.7	1.5	-	3.9
Women	59.9	57.5	3.9	2.4	-	5.4
White	67.9	65.9	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Men	76.8	74.9	2.5	1.2	-	3.8
Women	59.0	56.9	3.6	1.9	-	5.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.3	59.3	4.7	2.6	-	6.8
Men	73.6	70.9	3.7	1.2	-	6.2
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.3	2.7	1.0	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	52.3	50.3	3.9	1.4	-	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
San Francisco County/city						
Total	68.8	64.5	6.3	4.8	-	7.8
Men	72.8	67.9	6.7	4.6	-	8.8
Women	64.2	60.6	5.6	3.4	-	7.8
White	72.3	69.6	3.7	2.2	-	5.2
Men	76.7	72.8	5.1	2.8	-	7.4
Women	67.0	65.8	1.8	.2	-	3.4
Asian	64.1	57.1	10.9	7.4	-	14.4
Men	66.2	60.1	9.2	4.8	-	13.6
Women	61.9	53.9	12.9	7.5	-	18.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.3	72.7	4.8	1.6	-	8.0
Men	79.3	74.6	5.9	1.5	-	10.3
Married men, spouse present	72.3	70.4	2.7	.4	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	65.9	62.0	5.9	2.4	-	9.4
San Jose city						
Total	69.9	66.2	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Men	78.0	73.6	5.6	3.6	-	7.6
Women	62.2	59.1	5.1	3.0	-	7.2
White	71.3	67.7	5.1	3.4	-	6.8
Men	80.1	76.1	5.0	2.7	-	7.3
Women	63.1	59.8	5.2	2.6	-	7.8
Asian	66.4	63.0	5.1	2.4	-	7.8
Men	72.6	68.7	5.3	1.6	-	9.0
Women	60.5	57.5	4.9	1.0	-	8.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.7	65.4	8.7	5.1	-	12.3
Men	83.3	78.0	6.4	2.3	-	10.5
Married men, spouse present	82.9	80.0	3.4	1.3	-	5.5
Married women, spouse present	56.2	52.7	6.2	2.7	-	9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Seattle city						
Total	70.8	65.9	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Men	75.2	69.4	7.7	5.3	-	10.1
Women	66.2	62.3	5.9	3.5	-	8.3
White	76.2	71.1	6.7	4.8	-	8.6
Men	79.3	73.1	7.9	5.2	-	10.6
Women	72.6	68.9	5.2	2.6	-	7.8
Asian	56.6	51.5	9.1	3.9	-	14.3
Married men, spouse present	79.5	73.9	7.0	3.4	-	10.6
Married women, spouse present	64.9	60.7	6.4	2.5	-	10.3
St. Louis city						
Total	66.8	61.6	7.7	5.2	-	10.2
Men	72.5	67.5	6.8	3.6	-	10.0
Women	61.8	56.6	8.6	5.0	-	12.2
White	70.4	67.9	3.6	1.2	-	6.0
Men	81.0	79.4	2.0	(2)	-	(2)
Women	60.7	57.2	5.7	1.3	-	10.1
Black or African American	63.4	55.7	12.3	8.1	-	16.5
Men	62.3	53.7	13.8	7.3	-	20.3
Women	64.3	57.2	11.1	5.8	-	16.4
Married men, spouse present	79.6	76.8	3.5	(2)	-	(2)
Married women, spouse present	71.8	69.8	2.9	(2)	-	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Tulsa city						
Total	70.0	67.4	3.8	2.3	-	5.3
Men	76.1	72.4	5.0	2.7	-	7.3
Women	64.6	63.0	2.6	.9	-	4.3
White	71.6	69.3	3.2	1.7	-	4.7
Men	77.5	74.1	4.3	1.9	-	6.7
Women	66.0	64.7	1.9	.2	-	3.6
Married men, spouse present	75.6	74.4	1.5	(2)	-	(2)
Married women, spouse present	63.5	62.4	1.8	(2)	-	(2)
Virginia Beach city						
Total	71.7	69.3	3.3	1.9	-	4.7
Men	76.1	73.6	3.3	1.3	-	5.3
Women	68.2	65.9	3.4	1.5	-	5.3
White	71.0	68.8	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
Men	78.0	76.2	2.3	.4	-	4.2
Women	65.3	62.9	3.8	1.4	-	6.2
Married men, spouse present	81.0	79.8	1.5	(2)	-	(2)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Washington city						
Total	67.7	63.4	6.2	5.6	-	6.8
Men	71.8	67.7	5.7	4.9	-	6.5
Women	64.1	59.8	6.7	5.9	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.0	16.0	38.5	32.9	-	44.1
White	79.1	77.1	2.5	2.0	-	3.0
Men	83.5	81.7	2.1	1.4	-	2.8
Women	74.7	72.5	2.9	2.1	-	3.7
Black or African American	58.6	52.5	10.3	9.3	-	11.3
Men	61.4	55.2	10.1	8.6	-	11.6
Women	56.4	50.5	10.6	9.2	-	12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.3	13.3	45.3	37.7	-	52.9
Asian	68.5	67.4	1.5	(²)	-	(²)
Women	71.7	70.3	1.9	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.1	74.4	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
Men	85.5	81.7	4.4	2.3	-	6.5
Women	70.5	66.7	5.3	2.7	-	7.9
Married men, spouse present	76.1	74.4	2.3	1.4	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	66.7	64.2	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Women who maintain families	64.0	57.3	10.4	8.1	-	12.7

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number

of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta			
Less than a high school diploma	56.9	52.6	7.5
High school graduates, no college	65.8	61.7	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	78.1	74.4	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.7	80.7	2.4
Austin-Round Rock			
Less than a high school diploma	63.4	59.7	5.8
High school graduates, no college	69.0	66.2	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	73.2	70.4	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.1	77.5	3.2
Baltimore-Towson			
Less than a high school diploma	39.5	35.7	9.5
High school graduates, no college	63.3	60.0	5.2
Some college or associate's degree	76.0	73.9	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	78.3	1.9
Birmingham-Hoover			
High school graduates, no college	61.9	60.2	2.7
Some college or associate's degree	74.8	72.8	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	79.4	2.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy			
High school graduates, no college	60.9	58.1	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.8	70.0	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	77.7	2.9
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk			
Less than a high school diploma	40.0	35.7	10.8
High school graduates, no college	63.5	61.0	3.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	69.2	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	69.7	67.8	2.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls			
High school graduates, no college	58.5	55.5	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	75.0	70.7	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	74.5	3.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord			
Less than a high school diploma	59.4	54.3	8.6
High school graduates, no college	71.8	68.7	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	78.9	75.3	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	80.9	2.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet			
Less than a high school diploma	47.0	43.2	8.0
High school graduates, no college	60.2	56.1	6.8
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	68.2	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	78.2	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Cincinnati-Middletown			
Less than a high school diploma	40.7	39.5	3.0
High school graduates, no college	67.9	65.7	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	75.2	73.1	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.5	80.2	2.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor			
Less than a high school diploma	31.8	28.8	9.5
High school graduates, no college	63.0	58.7	6.8
Some college or associate's degree	73.1	70.5	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.2	73.1	2.9
Columbus			
High school graduates, no college	72.3	69.3	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	79.4	74.4	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.5	81.4	1.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	65.4	61.5	5.9
High school graduates, no college	71.7	67.7	5.6
Some college or associate's degree	77.6	74.1	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.3	80.2	2.6
Dayton			
Less than a high school diploma	38.0	32.6	14.4
High school graduates, no college	64.1	59.3	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	67.2	63.7	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.2	72.4	2.4
Denver-Aurora			
Less than a high school diploma	60.7	56.8	6.4
High school graduates, no college	72.0	68.6	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	78.1	75.3	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	78.7	3.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia			
Less than a high school diploma	35.9	29.6	17.5
High school graduates, no college	59.2	54.7	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	71.8	68.1	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	77.2	3.4
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford			
High school graduates, no college	65.0	62.5	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.5	72.1	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	79.9	2.0
Honolulu			
Less than a high school diploma	33.5	31.7	5.4
High school graduates, no college	62.2	60.6	2.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.2	70.5	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.7	75.5	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	53.6	5.0
High school graduates, no college	68.7	65.4	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.1	70.5	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	74.3	2.8
Indianapolis-Carmel			
Less than a high school diploma	50.8	43.3	14.7
High school graduates, no college	63.0	60.3	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	80.4	77.5	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	77.7	2.3
Jacksonville			
High school graduates, no college	64.0	62.1	3.1
Some college or associate's degree	69.9	67.4	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.7	74.9	1.1
Kansas City			
Less than a high school diploma	51.0	46.1	9.6
High school graduates, no college	67.0	62.5	6.6
Some college or associate's degree	75.7	72.5	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.6	79.8	3.3
Las Vegas-Paradise			
Less than a high school diploma	61.7	58.7	4.8
High school graduates, no college	62.8	60.6	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	71.5	68.5	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.0	71.2	2.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana			
Less than a high school diploma	57.4	54.1	5.8
High school graduates, no college	62.4	59.4	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	72.4	69.4	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	75.4	2.8
Louisville-Jefferson County			
Less than a high school diploma	39.6	36.0	8.9
High school graduates, no college	64.0	60.2	5.9
Some college or associate's degree	73.8	69.1	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.6	77.6	2.6
Memphis			
Less than a high school diploma	43.5	39.3	9.7
High school graduates, no college	67.8	63.3	6.6
Some college or associate's degree	73.6	68.2	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	77.7	2.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	44.2	42.3	4.3
High school graduates, no college	61.9	59.5	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	68.9	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.4	69.8	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis			
Less than a high school diploma	49.4	45.1	8.7
High school graduates, no college	69.0	65.9	4.5
Some college or associate's degree	71.9	70.0	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.9	74.9	1.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington			
Less than a high school diploma	43.9	42.0	4.2
High school graduates, no college	69.8	67.3	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	78.9	76.2	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.4	80.7	2.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin			
Less than a high school diploma	43.8	40.3	8.0
High school graduates, no college	67.1	64.6	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	75.0	73.2	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.7	78.3	2.9
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner			
High school graduates, no college	56.6	52.3	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	68.3	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	78.5	1.8
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island			
Less than a high school diploma	45.5	42.4	6.7
High school graduates, no college	59.5	56.7	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	68.1	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	74.9	2.4
Oklahoma City			
High school graduates, no college	63.8	61.3	3.9
Some college or associate's degree	75.0	74.0	1.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.6	78.7	1.1
Orlando-Kissimmee			
Less than a high school diploma	52.5	47.7	9.2
High school graduates, no college	66.7	65.2	2.3
Some college or associate's degree	74.4	73.1	1.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	77.3	2.2
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington			
Less than a high school diploma	36.8	33.2	9.8
High school graduates, no college	58.9	56.3	4.4
Some college or associate's degree	73.7	71.3	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	76.7	2.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale			
Less than a high school diploma	56.1	54.0	3.9
High school graduates, no college	62.3	60.3	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	71.8	69.8	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.2	76.5	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Pittsburgh			
High school graduates, no college	56.3	52.9	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	69.2	66.3	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.4	80.9	1.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton			
Less than a high school diploma	51.6	47.4	8.2
High school graduates, no college	64.4	61.1	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	74.1	70.5	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	77.7	2.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick			
Less than a high school diploma	40.0	35.7	10.8
High school graduates, no college	66.6	63.5	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	74.0	71.4	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	79.5	2.2
Richmond			
Less than a high school diploma	56.1	53.2	5.3
High school graduates, no college	70.3	67.3	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	76.3	73.9	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.9	73.5	3.2
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario			
Less than a high school diploma	52.1	47.9	8.0
High school graduates, no college	60.0	56.9	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	67.1	64.4	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.0	72.4	3.5
Rochester			
High school graduates, no college	64.2	60.4	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	77.0	73.9	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.2	76.0	3.9
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville			
Less than a high school diploma	51.7	48.7	5.9
High school graduates, no college	61.8	58.2	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	68.9	66.1	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.2	70.4	2.5
Salt Lake City			
Less than a high school diploma	67.0	63.1	5.9
High school graduates, no college	69.9	66.1	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	77.8	75.4	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	80.0	1.6
San Antonio			
Less than a high school diploma	48.9	45.5	7.1
High school graduates, no college	67.3	64.4	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.0	68.5	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	76.7	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos			
Less than a high school diploma	52.7	49.8	5.4
High school graduates, no college	63.5	60.8	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	66.4	64.9	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.1	75.1	1.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont			
Less than a high school diploma	53.5	49.3	7.8
High school graduates, no college	61.1	56.4	7.8
Some college or associate's degree	69.3	65.9	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.5	75.3	2.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara			
Less than a high school diploma	50.9	47.6	6.5
High school graduates, no college	61.8	58.4	5.6
Some college or associate's degree	73.7	70.1	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.7	77.9	3.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue			
Less than a high school diploma	49.0	45.5	7.3
High school graduates, no college	63.9	60.6	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	72.7	69.8	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	76.3	3.4
St. Louis¹			
Less than a high school diploma	36.9	32.7	11.4
High school graduates, no college	64.3	61.2	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	77.8	75.3	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	78.4	2.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater			
Less than a high school diploma	43.5	40.9	6.0
High school graduates, no college	56.5	54.5	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.1	62.3	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	72.6	1.8
Tulsa			
High school graduates, no college	61.8	59.5	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	74.7	72.8	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	79.9	1.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News			
High school graduates, no college	61.0	59.0	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	74.3	72.2	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.4	73.5	2.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	60.9	57.6	5.4
High school graduates, no college	66.6	65.0	2.5
Some college or associate's degree	76.1	74.1	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.7	79.7	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville			
High school graduates, no college	66.3	64.1	3.4
Some college or associate's degree	75.0	73.4	2.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.1	78.1	1.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy			
Less than a high school diploma	39.7	37.1	6.6
High school graduates, no college	58.4	55.7	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.0	69.3	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.9	77.2	3.4
Camden			
High school graduates, no college	58.3	55.9	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	77.4	75.2	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.0	80.9	1.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet			
Less than a high school diploma	46.9	42.9	8.6
High school graduates, no college	59.6	55.4	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	67.8	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.1	78.7	3.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving			
Less than a high school diploma	64.1	60.1	6.4
High school graduates, no college	71.5	68.0	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	76.7	73.5	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.8	80.8	2.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn			
Less than a high school diploma	31.8	25.6	19.5
High school graduates, no college	59.3	54.2	8.7
Some college or associate's degree	68.6	65.2	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.1	76.8	4.1
Edison-New Brunswick			
Less than a high school diploma	49.9	48.7	2.4
High school graduates, no college	58.5	56.0	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.7	68.6	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.7	78.5	2.8
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	50.9	48.4	4.9
High school graduates, no college	61.1	58.1	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.4	68.8	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.4	73.6	2.5
Fort Worth-Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	67.9	64.6	4.8
High school graduates, no college	72.1	67.1	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	79.2	75.1	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	78.9	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale			
Less than a high school diploma	56.1	52.6	6.1
High school graduates, no college	60.3	57.2	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	68.1	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	74.3	2.8
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall			
Less than a high school diploma	36.3	35.1	3.3
High school graduates, no college	65.2	62.7	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	76.7	73.9	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	72.7	1.8
Nassau-Suffolk			
High school graduates, no college	59.4	58.0	2.3
Some college or associate's degree	75.5	73.7	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	70.8	69.4	1.9
New York-White Plains-Wayne			
Less than a high school diploma	44.4	41.3	7.0
High school graduates, no college	58.9	55.8	5.2
Some college or associate's degree	69.0	65.2	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	75.2	2.6
Newark-Union			
Less than a high school diploma	49.3	44.6	9.4
High school graduates, no college	64.6	60.8	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.8	72.2	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	76.7	1.7
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward			
Less than a high school diploma	51.4	46.9	8.9
High school graduates, no college	62.5	57.5	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	73.2	70.1	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	76.3	2.7
Philadelphia			
Less than a high school diploma	35.0	31.4	10.5
High school graduates, no college	58.5	56.0	4.4
Some college or associate's degree	72.2	69.6	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	75.6	2.6
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	52.8	6.4
High school graduates, no college	59.0	54.7	7.2
Some college or associate's degree	62.9	59.0	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	74.3	2.8
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine			
Less than a high school diploma	60.1	57.6	4.1
High school graduates, no college	66.3	64.0	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	72.7	70.1	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.7	75.6	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett			
Less than a high school diploma	47.6	44.0	7.6
High school graduates, no college	64.6	61.9	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	72.8	69.8	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.1	76.3	3.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills			
Less than a high school diploma	41.3	34.9	15.5
High school graduates, no college	59.1	55.1	6.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.0	70.0	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.9	77.4	3.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	62.4	59.5	4.7
High school graduates, no college	66.7	65.2	2.2
Some college or associate's degree	76.4	74.2	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	80.2	1.3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	58.8	55.6	5.4
High school graduates, no college	57.3	55.6	3.0
Some college or associate's degree	63.0	61.8	1.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	62.7	61.4	2.1
Cities:			
Atlanta city			
High school graduates, no college	66.5	55.1	17.1
Some college or associate's degree	87.7	84.8	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	88.3	88.0	.4
Austin city			
Less than a high school diploma	68.6	64.3	6.3
High school graduates, no college	71.8	69.1	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	76.8	73.5	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.8	81.8	3.5
Baltimore city			
Less than a high school diploma	34.1	29.3	14.2
High school graduates, no college	59.5	54.2	9.0
Some college or associate's degree	70.4	65.8	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	75.5	1.7
Boston city			
High school graduates, no college	60.1	56.0	6.7
Some college or associate's degree	80.4	75.7	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	75.6	6.9
Charlotte city			
Less than a high school diploma	64.0	60.3	5.7
High school graduates, no college	75.0	72.4	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	78.8	75.0	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.4	81.3	3.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Chicago city			
Less than a high school diploma	42.5	38.5	9.4
High school graduates, no college	57.1	50.9	10.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.0	64.3	9.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.5	79.2	3.9
Cleveland city			
Less than a high school diploma	28.6	23.2	18.8
High school graduates, no college	55.7	48.4	13.1
Some college or associate's degree	59.7	55.1	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	70.6	67.4	4.5
Columbus city			
High school graduates, no college	71.6	68.2	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	80.9	73.7	8.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.9	83.0	1.0
Dallas city			
Less than a high school diploma	69.5	65.2	6.1
High school graduates, no college	71.1	66.6	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	70.2	66.8	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.6	76.1	3.1
Denver County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.5	57.3	5.3
High school graduates, no college	73.5	68.7	6.6
Some college or associate's degree	80.7	75.0	7.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	85.8	81.5	5.0
Detroit city			
Less than a high school diploma	31.4	23.2	26.3
High school graduates, no college	60.1	52.3	13.0
Some college or associate's degree	62.3	56.9	8.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.9	71.2	7.4
Fort Worth city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.7	58.2	4.1
High school graduates, no college	68.8	62.6	9.0
Some college or associate's degree	77.3	73.5	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.2	77.2	2.6
Houston city			
Less than a high school diploma	58.4	55.3	5.3
High school graduates, no college	67.0	63.0	5.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	67.4	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.2	70.8	3.3
Indianapolis (consolidated) city			
Less than a high school diploma	57.0	46.8	17.9
High school graduates, no college	64.2	60.7	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	79.2	75.9	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	76.9	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Jacksonville city			
High school graduates, no college	69.0	66.1	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	72.7	69.1	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.9	82.8	1.3
Kansas City city			
Less than a high school diploma	50.8	47.3	6.9
High school graduates, no college	66.6	59.3	11.0
Some college or associate's degree	74.5	70.4	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.7	78.2	6.6
Las Vegas city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.3	59.2	6.5
High school graduates, no college	63.2	61.1	3.3
Some college or associate's degree	68.5	64.0	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.7	71.7	2.7
Los Angeles city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.9	56.7	6.8
High school graduates, no college	59.8	54.9	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	73.1	68.2	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	74.3	3.8
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city			
High school graduates, no college	60.2	56.3	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	71.8	66.0	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	75.9	3.3
Memphis city			
Less than a high school diploma	42.3	36.5	13.8
High school graduates, no college	68.5	62.7	8.5
Some college or associate's degree	65.8	58.5	11.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.6	75.0	2.1
Milwaukee city			
Less than a high school diploma	47.0	42.3	10.0
High school graduates, no college	67.5	63.2	6.4
Some college or associate's degree	65.7	63.3	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.1	72.0	2.8
Minneapolis city			
High school graduates, no college	67.1	63.8	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	77.9	74.5	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	77.0	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city			
High school graduates, no college	66.7	62.5	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	76.0	72.4	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.3	79.9	2.8
New Orleans city			
High school graduates, no college	52.7	47.8	9.4
Some college or associate's degree	66.4	60.8	8.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.8	70.1	3.7
New York city			
Less than a high school diploma	42.8	39.8	7.0
High school graduates, no college	57.5	54.0	6.1
Some college or associate's degree	68.4	64.3	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	74.8	3.1
Oakland city			
Less than a high school diploma	52.0	47.3	9.1
High school graduates, no college	71.5	60.9	14.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.0	68.2	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.3	75.0	4.1
Oklahoma City city			
High school graduates, no college	62.1	59.8	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	70.6	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	76.2	1.5
Philadelphia County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	30.0	26.3	12.3
High school graduates, no college	55.4	52.4	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	62.1	60.7	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.7	70.5	4.2
Phoenix city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.5	58.4	3.6
High school graduates, no college	66.6	64.1	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	73.4	71.2	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	85.7	82.9	3.3
Portland city			
High school graduates, no college	65.3	59.8	8.5
Some college or associate's degree	75.0	69.9	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	86.8	82.9	4.5
Sacramento city			
High school graduates, no college	58.3	53.1	9.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	65.5	8.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	76.4	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
San Antonio city			
Less than a high school diploma	53.5	49.9	6.6
High school graduates, no college	69.8	66.3	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	72.6	69.4	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.0	79.4	2.0
San Diego city			
High school graduates, no college	64.1	61.7	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	67.6	66.1	2.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	76.7	1.6
San Francisco County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	48.3	43.4	10.0
High school graduates, no college	60.8	54.4	10.6
Some college or associate's degree	64.0	60.4	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	78.4	3.6
San Jose city			
High school graduates, no college	70.4	66.0	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	76.4	74.2	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	79.0	2.0
Seattle city			
High school graduates, no college	61.8	58.8	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	69.6	66.6	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.3	74.8	6.8
St. Louis city			
High school graduates, no college	66.7	62.9	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	78.3	71.4	8.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	85.1	84.7	.5
Tulsa city			
Some college or associate's degree	79.0	77.1	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	86.2	85.7	.7
Virginia Beach city			
Some college or associate's degree	79.6	77.1	3.2
Washington city			
Less than a high school diploma	44.4	39.2	11.8
High school graduates, no college	59.2	54.9	7.2
Some college or associate's degree	69.1	64.0	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.8	79.9	2.3

¹ Data do not match the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)
NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force

base does not meet the BLS standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2005 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.9	2.2	2.7	7.8	6.3	4.2	6.1	8.0	6.5	6.3
Austin-Round Rock	4.5	2.7	2.3	7.4	4.2	4.7	6.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore-Towson	4.5	2.2	1.9	7.2	5.7	4.0	9.5	1.1	10.6	6.3
Birmingham-Hoover	3.4	3.3	1.2	5.5	5.0	2.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	4.3	2.1	2.6	5.8	4.2	4.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	4.4	2.6	3.0	6.1	3.8	4.5	7.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	5.6	1.0	4.4	6.8	5.3	3.2	(²)	(²)	13.3	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	5.1	2.4	3.6	5.8	4.1	6.6	2.9	(²)	10.4	8.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	5.4	2.5	3.5	7.0	6.0	5.3	10.0	5.7	9.1	5.8
Cincinnati-Middletown	3.8	2.3	3.6	6.1	2.7	4.0	(²)	(²)	2.4	2.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	5.2	1.9	3.8	6.7	6.5	5.7	9.9	(²)	6.9	3.7
Columbus	4.5	2.1	1.9	5.7	2.4	6.4	(²)	(²)	15.3	7.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	5.2	2.9	2.0	7.0	6.7	6.4	6.1	5.4	7.6	7.6
Dayton	7.3	3.4	4.5	10.6	6.7	4.8	(²)	(²)	8.1	8.7
Denver-Aurora	4.4	3.4	2.7	6.1	4.4	6.2	3.7	5.0	4.5	5.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	6.8	4.7	3.9	10.1	7.2	5.1	13.7	4.7	8.2	8.3
Hartford-West Hartford- East Hartford	4.4	1.9	1.8	6.9	8.9	4.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Honolulu	2.6	1.7	1.3	4.3	2.2	1.3	6.0	(²)	(²)	4.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	5.1	3.2	3.2	5.1	5.8	5.3	6.4	3.7	7.6	7.6
Indianapolis-Carmel	4.9	2.8	1.8	6.6	6.6	4.9	12.4	(²)	4.9	5.2
Jacksonville	3.2	1.5	2.3	5.1	2.0	4.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City	6.0	4.4	2.0	7.9	8.4	8.2	8.1	6.2	4.2	6.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	4.0	1.9	3.7	3.8	5.1	3.7	5.8	2.5	3.2	6.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach- Santa Ana	4.4	2.3	3.7	5.8	4.1	4.7	6.5	4.4	4.4	5.8
Louisville-Jefferson County	6.2	5.0	2.3	7.3	7.8	7.2	9.7	3.6	7.1	7.6
Memphis	6.7	1.0	3.7	10.5	8.6	7.0	9.8	3.4	8.0	11.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale- Pompano Beach	3.3	1.6	2.2	4.8	4.0	3.2	3.9	3.1	4.5	2.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis ..	4.1	1.2	2.2	5.7	7.7	2.8	12.4	(²)	3.4	6.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington Nashville-Davidson-	3.5	1.4	2.3	5.1	3.8	3.5	6.3	6.6	4.6	5.9
Murfreesboro-Franklin	4.6	3.5	2.8	5.8	5.9	4.2	4.4	(²)	7.6	6.8
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	5.6	1.5	2.3	7.7	7.3	9.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York-Northern New Jersey- Long Island	4.3	2.5	2.2	5.0	5.3	5.2	8.5	4.0	7.4	4.9
Oklahoma City	3.4	(³)	2.0	4.1	5.2	4.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.6	2.1	1.4	4.0	5.0	2.9	4.4	(²)	(²)	6.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	4.5	2.2	2.2	7.7	5.7	5.5	5.0	2.4	7.1	6.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.5	1.7	1.6	4.5	3.1	5.4	5.1	4.1	3.7	4.1
Pittsburgh	4.8	2.1	1.3	7.1	4.7	5.4	13.7	(²)	6.3	6.3
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4.8	2.9	2.8	6.3	6.4	4.2	10.6	6.2	5.4	6.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	4.9	1.8	2.2	5.1	4.7	5.2	13.2	(²)	7.5	7.9
Richmond	4.6	1.5	4.7	7.0	4.7	4.9	4.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	5.3	2.8	2.6	4.9	8.6	7.4	5.5	3.2	7.4	3.5
Rochester	6.2	4.6	2.6	7.4	8.3	3.3	16.1	(²)	5.8	8.4
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade- Roseville	4.6	1.9	1.6	7.7	4.4	6.3	7.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Salt Lake City	4.1	2.0	1.6	6.3	5.5	4.5	3.8	(²)	8.2	7.0
San Antonio	4.3	1.1	1.1	9.2	3.6	5.6	3.0	(²)	4.9	4.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.1	1.6	1.8	4.1	4.0	4.4	3.9	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont ..	5.2	3.3	3.4	6.2	5.9	5.9	10.0	4.2	5.9	11.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.8	2.9	2.4	6.4	5.4	4.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.5	2.5	3.7	4.7	4.1	4.7	10.0	7.2	5.3	5.9
St. Louis ⁴	4.9	1.0	3.3	7.3	5.1	4.5	8.1	4.0	6.6	7.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	3.9	1.7	2.1	7.2	4.1	5.8	4.1	(²)	5.6	(²)
Tulsa	3.3	1.7	1.6	3.6	5.5	2.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	3.6	2.7	2.3	3.1	6.3	2.0	6.9	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.6	1.3	1.6	3.9	2.9	3.4	2.9	1.5	3.7	6.0
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.4	1.0	1.8	2.2	2.1	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	4.2	2.4	2.7	5.6	3.2	4.4	12.2	(²)	(²)	8.1
Camden	3.9	1.1	1.6	7.5	6.4	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	5.6	2.9	3.3	7.1	6.5	5.6	10.0	6.5	9.4	6.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	5.1	2.1	2.0	7.9	6.8	6.8	7.0	4.1	6.5	6.7
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	8.2	5.0	5.2	11.0	11.6	6.0	12.6	6.1	9.1	9.3
Edison-New Brunswick	3.7	2.1	2.2	4.2	6.0	5.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.7	1.7	2.5	5.4	3.9	3.7	4.8	(²)	(²)	3.8
Fort Worth-Arlington	5.5	4.7	2.1	5.4	6.5	5.6	4.3	7.2	10.0	9.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.7	2.6	3.8	6.4	5.0	4.6	6.0	4.4	4.2	6.2
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.9	1.5	2.9	5.2	1.8	3.1	3.2	(²)	(²)	2.1
Nassau-Suffolk	2.7	1.8	1.2	3.0	3.8	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.8	2.8	2.5	5.4	5.9	5.5	10.1	4.6	8.5	5.6
Newark-Union	4.7	2.5	2.1	5.8	4.1	5.9	9.5	(²)	10.3	7.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	5.4	3.7	3.4	6.7	7.8	6.1	10.1	2.8	1.9	10.1
Philadelphia	4.7	2.6	2.3	8.4	5.7	5.4	5.0	2.8	8.3	6.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.9	2.7	3.3	5.6	3.7	5.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	3.5	1.7	3.2	3.7	1.9	4.9	8.0	(²)	5.0	3.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.4	2.6	3.6	4.1	3.7	5.2	10.2	(²)	5.3	6.2
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	5.9	4.6	3.3	9.3	4.7	4.4	14.5	3.8	7.7	7.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.6	1.3	1.6	4.4	3.1	3.3	2.5	1.7	(²)	5.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	3.4	1.5	.7	3.4	7.7	2.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Cities:										
Atlanta city	6.4	(³)	1.1	15.1	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	4.4	2.0	2.6	7.0	.9	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	8.2	6.5	2.0	11.3	12.4	5.4	10.5	(²)	22.9	5.1
Boston city	7.4	6.8	3.6	9.5	7.0	7.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	4.7	2.7	4.5	2.4	(²)	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago city	8.5	4.1	4.3	11.4	12.7	7.7	13.8	(²)	15.1	8.0
Cleveland city	12.7	1.5	4.5	8.7	(²)	15.4	(²)	(²)	18.9	(²)
Columbus city	5.1	2.5	2.8	3.5	3.3	6.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Dallas city	5.3	2.4	2.4	6.3	8.2	8.4	4.9	(²)	4.7	7.6
Denver County/city	6.2	5.7	3.3	6.8	4.5	14.0	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Detroit city	13.7	7.7	10.2	19.2	19.4	9.9	16.4	(²)	13.9	11.0
Fort Worth city	6.7	8.7	2.3	4.8	9.1	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Houston city	5.3	5.0	3.1	5.6	3.6	7.1	6.5	1.5	8.2	5.6
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	7.6	4.6	2.3	9.1	12.5	5.2	(²)	(²)	7.6	4.0
Jacksonville city	4.1	(²)	3.6	(²)	(²)	6.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City city	8.9	8.3	1.5	13.9	15.3	12.0	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	4.9	2.0	4.1	4.9	5.6	4.5	5.2	(²)	(²)	10.6
Los Angeles city	6.0	3.3	5.2	6.8	7.0	5.2	7.8	(²)	4.9	11.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	6.8	6.9	2.6	6.5	9.5	9.0	(²)	(²)	6.6	(²)
Memphis city	8.7	1.6	3.0	14.6	15.0	7.0	12.8	(²)	(²)	15.7
Miami city	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	6.3	2.9	3.0	6.3	(²)	3.7	(²)	(²)	2.9	8.5
Minneapolis city	4.7	1.4	3.5	5.3	(²)	3.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Cities:										
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	6.9	1.2	3.7	8.9	12.5	8.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	8.5	(²)	2.6	11.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York city	5.4	3.0	3.0	5.5	6.6	6.2	11.0	4.6	9.8	6.3
Oakland city	8.3	6.3	3.3	10.8	13.5	(²)	8.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	4.6	(³)	2.0	5.2	(²)	8.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	6.7	3.2	3.4	10.3	8.1	8.0	(²)	(²)	11.9	5.1
Phoenix city	4.5	2.9	1.5	4.7	4.2	8.1	5.7	(²)	(²)	(²)
Portland city	6.3	3.5	4.2	8.3	8.0	4.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Sacramento city	6.4	(²)	1.6	8.9	(²)	7.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio city	4.6	1.2	1.3	9.1	4.3	5.6	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego city	2.8	2.6	1.3	2.6	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	6.1	3.7	2.3	6.8	5.8	6.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	4.8	3.2	1.2	7.8	(²)	3.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	6.7	5.7	4.3	8.1	4.8	11.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	6.5	(²)	2.1	5.3	(²)	8.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	3.8	(²)	.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	5.9	2.7	2.3	9.4	10.4	8.8	9.3	11.7	(²)	12.6

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by

the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	18.0	20.5	14.0	12.9	13.9	6.8	3.4	4.5	5.9
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	16.0	29.2	15.7	12.5	12.5	5.6	2.4	3.2	2.6
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	16.4	25.1	16.3	10.4	13.6	5.5	3.5	3.8	5.1
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	16.8	19.3	12.8	10.3	17.9	6.5	3.7	6.0	6.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	16.1	28.2	14.2	11.8	13.8	5.0	2.7	3.6	4.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	19.6	23.7	14.0	13.8	12.1	5.4	2.7	4.9	3.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	12.1	21.6	19.2	12.7	15.4	3.3	3.4	6.6	5.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	16.2	16.6	16.1	12.8	15.3	7.2	3.3	6.7	5.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	16.2	21.2	15.6	11.5	14.4	5.2	2.8	6.5	6.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	15.7	17.2	16.8	11.8	15.6	4.3	4.1	7.6	6.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	13.8	20.3	16.2	11.9	15.4	4.5	3.1	8.3	6.0
Columbus	100.0	16.3	23.0	14.4	12.7	15.5	4.0	3.5	5.3	5.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.5	19.8	13.5	11.9	15.4	7.5	3.8	5.5	5.9
Dayton	100.0	10.0	17.5	17.0	11.2	15.0	4.3	2.0	13.3	9.5
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.0	20.3	14.2	12.9	14.1	7.0	3.4	4.0	4.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	13.9	21.6	16.3	11.5	12.9	4.5	3.6	9.3	6.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	16.8	24.2	14.2	9.8	14.2	5.2	3.9	6.1	5.4
Honolulu	100.0	13.9	20.6	21.3	11.4	14.5	5.8	3.5	3.4	5.0
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	13.7	19.2	16.4	11.7	13.3	8.0	4.2	6.8	6.6
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	17.0	20.2	13.2	12.4	13.2	4.7	4.4	7.9	6.9
Jacksonville	100.0	17.0	19.0	13.3	12.0	16.2	9.6	2.8	4.6	5.5
Kansas City	100.0	16.2	20.0	14.1	12.3	14.6	6.8	3.6	5.0	7.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	11.7	13.1	27.8	12.3	14.3	9.1	3.8	2.7	5.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.6	19.6	15.6	13.1	13.6	5.7	2.9	7.6	6.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	12.0	18.9	15.4	13.6	14.6	4.9	4.6	10.1	5.8
Memphis	100.0	16.2	17.4	15.2	10.2	15.1	7.3	5.7	5.1	7.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	14.6	17.0	19.2	13.3	13.9	7.4	4.2	3.3	7.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	15.8	19.9	15.7	8.6	15.8	5.1	2.5	9.5	6.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	16.9	23.6	14.1	12.2	14.3	4.3	3.0	6.8	4.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	14.0	21.6	15.6	11.6	14.2	6.0	3.3	7.1	6.6
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	17.6	19.0	16.8	11.6	15.0	6.2	3.3	3.0	7.1
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	14.6	23.9	18.4	11.3	14.3	5.1	2.8	4.1	5.5
Oklahoma City	100.0	16.2	23.1	14.7	9.9	15.3	5.8	4.5	4.8	5.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	15.2	19.1	17.4	13.2	13.7	8.8	3.3	3.6	5.6
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	15.6	24.1	13.7	11.6	15.5	5.0	3.8	4.7	5.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	16.1	18.1	17.6	12.2	15.0	8.1	3.9	4.5	4.2
Pittsburgh	100.0	13.9	21.8	18.1	11.4	14.5	4.2	3.6	6.4	6.0
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	15.7	24.0	13.7	11.2	15.9	4.8	2.7	6.6	5.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	13.3	20.0	18.0	11.8	14.2	5.1	3.3	8.4	5.6
Richmond	100.0	17.5	17.6	16.9	13.6	14.7	6.7	3.0	4.5	5.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	13.4	12.8	16.5	12.6	13.6	10.0	5.2	7.2	8.3
Rochester	100.0	12.3	22.0	14.0	12.2	14.5	5.1	4.0	8.1	7.1
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	15.5	20.9	15.2	13.3	14.4	9.4	3.0	3.2	4.9
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.4	20.2	13.5	13.6	15.7	7.9	2.5	4.7	6.3
San Antonio	100.0	13.3	17.5	17.3	11.9	17.0	8.3	3.8	4.9	5.5
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	15.8	23.2	18.0	13.2	12.7	5.7	3.3	3.8	3.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	19.6	25.1	16.9	12.2	11.2	5.6	2.9	3.3	3.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	19.2	31.4	13.5	8.8	13.7	2.8	2.4	4.7	3.4
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	18.0	26.2	13.7	11.4	12.4	5.1	2.4	4.7	5.8
St. Louis ²	100.0	13.8	21.0	16.5	12.5	15.1	5.7	3.8	5.7	5.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	15.5	21.8	15.1	13.1	15.8	5.8	3.4	4.8	4.0
Tulsa	100.0	17.3	19.0	16.5	11.4	14.4	5.6	4.9	6.2	4.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	10.8	21.3	17.9	11.9	16.0	8.6	4.0	4.4	4.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.1	27.4	14.5	9.1	13.1	7.3	2.5	2.4	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	20.5	32.2	13.4	9.5	11.8	4.7	2.4	2.5	2.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	16.6	31.7	13.6	12.0	13.0	3.9	2.5	2.5	4.1
Camden	100.0	16.4	23.9	14.8	11.6	14.1	3.9	3.5	4.3	7.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	16.3	21.5	15.6	11.3	14.5	5.2	2.7	6.3	6.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	17.5	20.4	12.8	11.6	15.6	7.3	3.4	5.9	5.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	12.1	18.6	18.8	10.1	14.7	4.9	3.6	9.0	8.2
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	19.9	26.1	12.0	12.2	14.0	4.3	2.3	4.3	4.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	14.7	17.3	20.1	14.7	14.1	7.0	3.9	2.2	6.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	14.5	18.7	14.9	12.4	14.9	7.8	4.5	4.9	6.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.0	20.0	16.0	12.0	14.0	6.0	3.0	8.0	7.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	14.9	16.0	17.5	12.4	14.6	7.3	4.6	4.0	8.6
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	13.4	24.1	17.0	11.7	15.3	5.4	3.5	4.6	5.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	13.1	23.6	21.1	10.6	14.2	5.2	2.7	3.7	5.8
Newark-Union	100.0	17.4	23.1	14.9	12.6	13.5	4.9	2.7	4.9	5.9
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	19.0	25.0	16.3	11.0	11.7	6.2	3.4	4.3	3.1
Philadelphia	100.0	15.5	24.8	13.1	11.6	15.9	5.0	3.8	4.7	5.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	20.5	25.3	17.8	13.7	10.6	4.8	2.3	2.0	2.8
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	20.4	18.0	14.1	16.3	13.0	4.8	3.0	5.8	4.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	18.6	28.3	12.8	11.6	12.5	4.2	2.3	4.5	5.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	15.1	23.5	14.7	12.5	11.7	4.2	3.6	9.5	5.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.9	26.0	14.8	9.0	13.5	8.1	2.6	2.3	3.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	13.8	18.5	20.7	12.9	12.1	8.3	4.0	3.5	6.1
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	21.9	17.9	16.1	15.1	12.1	6.2	.9	3.1	6.8
Austin city	100.0	12.2	31.7	17.8	12.3	10.5	7.1	1.6	3.0	3.8
Baltimore city	100.0	8.4	19.7	25.1	8.3	15.8	6.3	3.9	4.6	7.7
Boston city	100.0	12.3	28.0	20.1	12.6	11.5	5.6	1.9	1.8	6.0
Charlotte city	100.0	14.5	15.1	18.3	10.5	16.6	9.8	3.7	5.7	5.7
Chicago city	100.0	13.7	22.1	20.7	8.7	14.4	4.2	1.9	6.4	8.0
Cleveland city	100.0	12.2	9.7	25.2	7.5	17.9	4.7	2.3	13.3	7.3
Columbus city	100.0	17.0	21.0	16.3	10.3	18.1	3.5	3.1	5.0	5.5
Dallas city	100.0	16.2	17.8	15.1	11.0	13.6	10.4	2.0	8.0	5.9
Denver County/city	100.0	17.9	21.6	15.7	14.4	10.0	8.7	3.0	3.8	4.7
Detroit city	100.0	8.9	14.7	23.3	7.4	15.6	4.4	2.5	11.7	11.5
Fort Worth city	100.0	14.1	16.4	16.2	13.4	13.9	7.1	6.1	6.1	6.7
Houston city	100.0	9.9	19.1	18.6	10.7	12.4	9.5	4.7	7.1	7.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	13.6	18.9	16.0	10.0	15.0	6.2	3.8	8.0	8.7
Jacksonville city	100.0	15.2	20.2	12.6	12.4	17.0	10.7	2.8	3.4	5.7
Kansas City city	100.0	12.4	21.4	14.8	12.7	14.9	9.3	2.9	5.2	6.3
Las Vegas city	100.0	8.6	12.9	29.8	12.7	12.9	10.5	3.6	3.4	5.6
Los Angeles city	100.0	14.0	22.0	17.9	12.2	12.6	6.4	1.8	7.3	5.5
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	12.0	22.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	4.0	4.0	8.0	7.0
Memphis city	100.0	16.9	16.4	15.0	9.5	17.4	7.9	4.6	5.7	6.6
Miami city	100.0	8.4	8.0	23.5	8.8	12.4	20.3	4.7	5.0	8.6
Milwaukee city	100.0	9.9	17.6	24.0	4.3	15.7	4.2	2.3	12.0	9.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	18.2	31.6	17.0	6.9	14.3	1.9	1.7	4.4	4.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	15.7	23.9	18.0	9.2	14.4	7.3	2.4	3.3	5.9
New Orleans city	100.0	17.9	22.8	20.7	10.8	14.9	4.1	.9	1.8	6.2
New York city	100.0	12.0	23.0	23.0	11.0	14.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	6.0
Oakland city	100.0	14.9	20.6	20.4	10.9	7.2	12.9	4.3	5.9	2.8
Oklahoma City city	100.0	15.1	22.4	16.3	9.4	13.9	7.1	4.0	4.6	7.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Cities:										
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	9.6	21.6	17.4	11.2	18.5	5.3	3.4	5.9	7.0
Phoenix city	100.0	13.0	14.9	19.0	11.3	16.1	11.3	3.5	5.1	5.5
Portland city	100.0	14.1	33.5	13.7	10.3	12.7	3.9	1.5	4.7	5.1
Sacramento city	100.0	14.8	20.4	16.6	9.7	17.7	9.5	2.4	3.0	5.8
San Antonio city	100.0	12.0	16.5	18.3	12.8	17.5	9.3	3.6	4.4	5.3
San Diego city	100.0	15.7	24.3	20.1	14.4	10.4	6.1	2.9	2.6	2.9
San Francisco County/city	100.0	19.6	23.4	19.8	14.1	13.2	3.6	2.0	1.6	2.7
San Jose city	100.0	14.6	26.9	16.7	9.2	18.7	2.9	1.8	6.0	3.1
Seattle city	100.0	15.9	41.6	13.1	9.7	10.5	2.2	.9	2.8	3.2
St. Louis city	100.0	11.4	23.3	25.2	8.6	15.4	4.0	.7	6.8	4.6
Tulsa city	100.0	15.7	23.6	18.2	12.9	12.7	5.8	2.0	4.7	4.4
Virginia Beach city	100.0	13.4	24.8	14.3	12.6	16.7	6.6	3.2	3.8	4.5
Washington city	100.0	21.4	34.0	16.6	6.7	12.7	2.9	1.3	1.1	3.3
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	18.9	18.5	11.9	12.2	5.6	12.3	5.9	5.7	8.8
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	16.2	30.4	11.3	12.4	7.5	10.0	4.1	3.9	3.9
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	17.1	22.0	12.5	10.8	5.6	10.6	6.6	5.7	8.6
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	15.8	17.4	9.4	9.5	8.4	11.7	6.6	9.1	11.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	18.3	25.0	11.4	11.5	6.9	9.5	4.7	4.6	7.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	25.5	18.1	9.9	14.0	6.1	9.9	4.7	5.3	6.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	14.4	18.6	16.6	10.4	7.6	6.1	7.0	9.4	10.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	16.6	13.2	13.4	13.2	7.2	12.6	5.8	8.3	9.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.8	17.5	13.4	11.9	6.6	9.4	5.0	8.1	10.1
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	19.3	12.9	13.1	11.7	6.0	8.3	8.0	9.9	10.9
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	14.0	15.6	14.4	13.4	5.6	8.2	6.0	12.0	10.4
Columbus	100.0	16.6	19.0	13.0	13.5	8.2	7.6	6.4	7.3	8.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	15.8	18.3	11.3	11.6	7.2	13.1	6.4	7.1	8.8
Dayton	100.0	10.3	16.3	11.3	11.0	4.9	8.1	3.8	18.1	16.1
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.5	17.4	12.8	13.0	6.3	11.9	5.7	5.2	8.0
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	14.9	19.0	12.4	10.6	5.9	8.0	6.6	12.3	10.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	15.1	21.1	12.1	10.6	6.3	9.9	7.4	8.0	9.3
Honolulu	100.0	14.7	17.5	20.3	9.2	6.9	11.1	6.6	4.5	8.3
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	14.5	16.3	12.0	10.4	5.5	14.1	6.9	10.1	10.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	17.1	17.0	10.4	12.3	5.6	8.5	8.2	11.1	9.8
Jacksonville	100.0	16.9	14.0	9.8	12.9	8.7	17.8	5.2	6.3	8.0
Kansas City	100.0	18.0	16.7	10.0	12.3	6.7	12.4	6.4	6.6	10.6
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	11.2	11.4	26.4	10.1	6.7	15.7	6.4	4.1	7.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.7	17.4	12.9	12.7	7.9	9.8	4.8	9.3	9.3
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	13.5	14.2	12.0	14.2	7.5	9.6	8.6	11.7	8.9
Memphis	100.0	17.4	10.1	14.2	9.4	5.9	13.3	10.7	7.3	11.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	15.2	14.8	16.0	12.4	6.9	13.1	7.2	3.3	11.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	20.3	16.5	11.7	7.0	5.3	9.8	4.7	13.5	10.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	17.7	20.6	10.4	13.1	7.0	8.0	5.6	9.3	8.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	15.2	18.0	13.8	11.7	7.7	10.3	5.9	7.7	9.8
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	15.8	17.4	13.5	10.1	5.6	12.2	6.8	4.3	13.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	16.8	19.4	16.8	11.8	7.4	9.3	4.9	5.0	8.5
Oklahoma City	100.0	18.7	19.3	12.8	10.4	6.4	10.0	7.4	5.4	9.5
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	15.8	16.1	15.6	12.8	5.6	15.6	5.4	4.4	8.8
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	17.2	19.6	10.7	12.2	7.0	9.2	7.2	6.6	9.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	16.2	15.2	16.0	11.4	8.1	13.6	6.5	5.7	6.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Pittsburgh	100.0	15.8	17.7	12.5	12.1	7.6	8.0	6.6	9.4	10.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	17.4	22.7	9.8	11.8	7.5	8.1	4.7	9.6	7.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	14.8	15.8	15.5	10.4	7.3	9.8	6.2	10.0	9.6
Richmond	100.0	20.6	14.9	11.5	12.4	8.8	11.7	5.6	5.4	9.0
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	13.1	8.2	11.8	11.3	6.9	17.0	8.7	10.0	12.6
Rochester	100.0	12.2	14.6	12.2	13.5	9.2	10.0	7.2	9.9	10.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	14.2	17.4	14.2	11.3	7.8	16.8	4.9	5.1	7.9
Salt Lake City	100.0	16.4	17.0	11.0	12.4	7.8	14.1	4.3	6.1	10.9
San Antonio	100.0	13.1	14.1	13.9	11.0	10.9	14.5	6.5	6.3	9.1
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	15.8	20.1	16.8	12.5	7.6	10.1	5.4	4.6	6.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	19.1	23.9	15.7	11.9	5.6	10.0	5.1	4.0	4.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	19.2	31.9	11.4	9.2	7.3	5.1	4.2	6.0	5.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	19.1	25.4	10.7	10.1	6.5	9.0	4.4	6.3	8.2
St. Louis ²	100.0	15.9	16.3	14.4	11.3	6.1	10.8	7.3	8.1	9.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	16.3	18.2	13.4	13.7	7.8	10.9	6.3	6.0	6.5
Tulsa	100.0	17.3	15.1	13.5	11.5	8.6	9.9	8.0	8.7	7.4
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	11.1	15.8	14.1	12.4	8.1	16.9	7.9	5.5	7.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.2	25.1	11.9	9.2	6.6	13.2	4.6	3.4	5.7
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	22.2	29.7	9.1	10.3	6.7	8.6	4.3	4.0	4.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	19.4	29.4	11.3	11.1	6.7	7.7	4.4	3.0	7.0
Camden	100.0	18.0	16.9	13.0	13.2	6.2	7.1	6.6	6.0	12.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.8	17.7	13.8	11.6	6.7	9.4	4.7	8.1	10.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	17.2	19.8	10.7	11.5	7.2	12.8	5.8	7.1	7.7
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	12.2	15.6	15.4	8.2	6.9	8.9	6.7	12.5	13.4
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	23.1	21.2	11.9	13.2	6.3	7.9	4.0	4.6	7.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	16.9	14.9	16.8	12.3	7.2	12.9	6.7	2.2	10.1
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	13.1	15.6	12.4	11.8	7.3	13.5	7.7	7.0	11.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.0	18.0	13.0	11.0	8.0	10.0	5.0	10.0	10.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	14.5	14.5	14.4	12.4	7.7	12.4	7.8	3.7	12.6
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	17.1	17.3	17.6	11.9	6.7	10.0	6.2	5.7	7.5
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	14.6	19.8	18.4	11.1	7.8	9.5	4.8	4.7	9.2
Newark-Union	100.0	19.7	18.0	13.5	13.3	7.6	9.1	4.9	6.2	7.7
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	17.6	24.5	14.0	11.1	6.3	11.2	5.9	4.8	4.5
Philadelphia	100.0	17.2	20.9	9.8	12.1	7.4	9.4	7.1	6.5	8.5
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.2	23.0	18.1	13.1	4.7	8.4	3.9	2.8	4.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	21.4	15.3	12.4	17.1	7.2	7.5	4.9	7.6	6.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	19.2	28.8	10.5	10.3	6.7	7.5	4.0	5.6	7.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	16.6	21.0	10.6	12.1	5.2	7.4	6.5	12.2	8.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.6	23.7	12.7	8.9	6.6	14.5	4.7	3.2	6.0
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	14.3	15.2	18.0	12.6	4.8	14.6	6.9	3.9	9.3
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	24.5	17.4	14.6	12.7	5.3	11.6	.7	2.1	10.9
Austin city	100.0	11.2	31.1	13.4	12.2	8.2	12.4	2.7	2.9	5.6
Baltimore city	100.0	8.6	16.2	18.2	8.1	7.6	12.9	8.0	7.1	12.7
Boston city	100.0	11.8	26.4	18.1	11.9	5.8	11.8	2.7	.9	10.4
Charlotte city	100.0	15.3	13.8	11.4	9.4	11.1	17.0	6.1	6.7	9.1
Chicago city	100.0	13.9	16.8	21.3	9.0	7.2	7.8	3.2	8.6	12.3
Cleveland city	100.0	11.1	9.0	20.4	6.9	8.2	7.3	4.4	20.7	12.0
Columbus city	100.0	19.3	17.1	15.4	10.8	9.5	6.8	5.2	6.5	9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Cities:										
Dallas city	100.0	16.3	16.8	11.5	10.3	7.0	18.1	3.5	8.8	7.7
Denver County/city	100.0	15.7	16.9	16.3	13.8	5.7	13.7	5.2	4.7	7.7
Detroit city	100.0	4.2	10.4	20.2	5.3	7.7	9.1	5.2	16.6	21.2
Fort Worth city	100.0	13.8	14.2	12.6	12.3	6.3	11.8	10.8	8.4	9.7
Houston city	100.0	9.3	16.0	14.2	9.6	5.5	16.4	7.4	10.0	11.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	10.4	18.3	13.3	8.4	8.9	11.5	6.9	10.5	11.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	13.9	14.2	10.0	13.0	11.0	20.4	5.4	4.3	7.7
Kansas City city	100.0	14.1	17.1	12.1	12.1	7.8	17.6	5.6	5.5	8.2
Las Vegas city	100.0	7.3	10.6	28.5	10.5	5.6	17.6	6.3	5.3	8.2
Los Angeles city	100.0	13.6	20.0	14.9	11.6	8.9	11.2	3.2	8.0	8.3
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	14.0	19.0	12.0	14.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	10.0
Memphis city	100.0	18.5	8.1	16.9	7.1	7.0	14.8	8.8	8.3	10.4
Miami city	100.0	8.8	9.3	17.0	4.3	6.2	32.1	7.2	4.1	11.1
Milwaukee city	100.0	11.8	14.4	19.3	3.8	7.0	8.7	4.6	16.7	13.4
Minneapolis city	100.0	19.6	28.9	15.0	6.0	10.7	3.5	3.3	5.6	7.3
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	17.1	23.1	18.1	7.2	6.3	12.3	4.3	2.7	8.7
New Orleans city	100.0	19.3	24.0	15.5	9.0	5.4	8.5	2.1	3.0	13.2
New York city	100.0	13.0	20.0	20.0	11.0	8.0	10.0	5.0	4.0	9.0
Oakland city	100.0	12.9	17.4	8.5	10.4	6.3	24.6	8.3	6.2	5.5
Oklahoma City city	100.0	16.7	17.0	14.4	10.8	6.3	11.9	6.2	5.5	11.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	8.8	18.6	13.8	10.4	7.5	11.3	7.3	8.8	13.6
Phoenix city	100.0	13.5	11.5	17.5	10.4	8.5	17.8	5.7	5.7	9.0
Portland city	100.0	16.4	30.4	12.2	9.9	6.8	7.0	2.5	6.4	7.9
Sacramento city	100.0	11.8	18.2	16.9	9.6	10.0	15.3	4.0	4.4	9.9
San Antonio city	100.0	10.7	13.3	15.7	11.4	12.6	16.0	6.0	5.2	8.6
San Diego city	100.0	14.4	22.4	19.6	13.6	6.2	10.9	4.4	2.9	5.2
San Francisco County/city	100.0	20.9	19.5	22.4	12.8	8.9	6.4	3.2	2.0	3.9
San Jose city	100.0	12.7	26.8	16.9	8.9	13.1	5.3	2.9	7.8	5.5
Seattle city	100.0	15.3	41.2	12.8	8.8	7.8	4.0	1.7	2.7	5.5
St. Louis city	100.0	11.2	22.9	28.1	7.2	4.5	7.7	1.5	9.7	7.3
Tulsa city	100.0	16.6	20.1	14.4	12.5	9.2	11.0	3.9	6.0	6.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	16.6	19.1	9.7	15.4	5.6	13.2	6.9	6.4	6.9
Washington city	100.0	21.5	33.0	16.7	5.7	7.7	5.8	2.4	1.4	5.7
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	16.8	22.8	16.4	13.7	23.5	.5	.6	3.0	2.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	15.9	27.8	21.1	12.7	18.7	.1	.2	2.4	1.0
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	15.6	28.3	20.2	10.1	21.8	.2	.3	1.7	1.4
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	17.9	21.6	16.8	11.2	28.9	.4	.3	2.3	.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	13.7	31.5	17.2	12.1	21.2	.1	.5	2.4	1.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	12.7	30.3	18.8	13.6	19.3	(³)	.3	4.3	.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	10.0	24.5	21.6	15.0	22.9	.7	(³)	4.0	1.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	15.6	20.6	19.3	12.3	24.6	.8	.4	4.8	1.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	14.3	25.7	18.1	11.1	23.8	.1	.2	4.5	2.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	12.0	21.6	20.6	11.9	25.6	.2	.1	5.3	2.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	13.6	25.4	18.2	10.3	26.0	.4	(³)	4.3	1.3
Columbus	100.0	16.0	27.2	15.9	11.9	23.2	.3	.5	3.1	1.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	17.5	21.7	16.3	12.2	25.7	.4	.4	3.6	2.2
Dayton	100.0	9.8	18.7	22.7	11.4	25.3	.4	.1	8.4	2.7
Denver-Aurora	100.0	18.5	23.9	15.8	12.9	23.6	1.0	.6	2.5	1.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	12.7	24.8	20.9	12.7	21.2	.2	(³)	5.7	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	18.6	27.4	16.4	8.9	22.6	0.2	0.2	4.2	1.4
Honolulu	100.0	13.0	23.9	22.3	13.7	22.4	.4	.2	2.3	1.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	12.8	22.9	21.9	13.2	23.0	.4	.8	2.7	2.4
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	16.8	24.0	16.5	12.5	22.2	.3	(³)	4.1	3.5
Jacksonville	100.0	17.1	24.4	17.0	11.1	24.3	.6	.2	2.7	2.8
Kansas City	100.0	14.2	23.8	18.8	12.4	23.5	.6	.4	3.1	3.2
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	12.2	15.2	29.5	15.0	24.1	.8	.4	.8	1.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.5	22.5	19.1	13.5	20.9	.4	.3	5.5	2.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	10.5	23.8	18.9	13.0	22.0	(³)	.6	8.4	2.6
Memphis	100.0	14.8	25.9	16.4	11.2	25.7	.4	.1	2.6	2.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	13.8	19.7	23.0	14.3	22.2	.6	.6	3.3	2.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	11.1	23.5	19.9	10.2	26.9	.3	.2	5.3	2.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	16.0	26.9	18.3	11.3	22.3	.2	.2	4.0	.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	12.4	26.1	17.8	11.5	22.3	.7	.1	6.4	2.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	19.3	20.4	19.8	12.9	23.6	.8	.1	1.8	1.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	12.0	29.2	20.3	10.6	22.1	.2	.3	3.0	2.1
Oklahoma City	100.0	13.1	27.6	17.0	9.3	26.0	.7	.9	3.9	1.5
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	14.5	22.8	19.7	13.8	23.9	.4	.6	2.6	1.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	13.8	29.1	17.0	10.9	24.9	.2	.1	2.6	1.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	16.0	21.9	19.6	13.3	24.1	.9	.4	2.9	.6
Pittsburgh	100.0	11.8	26.2	24.1	10.6	21.8	.1	.4	3.3	1.5
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	13.9	25.5	18.0	10.5	25.5	1.0	.3	3.2	1.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	11.8	24.3	20.6	13.3	21.3	.2	.3	6.6	1.5
Richmond	100.0	14.3	20.5	22.5	14.7	21.0	1.4	.1	3.5	1.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	13.8	19.0	22.8	14.5	22.5	.7	.5	3.5	2.7
Rochester	100.0	12.5	29.7	15.8	10.9	20.0	(³)	.6	6.3	3.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	17.0	25.0	16.5	15.6	22.2	.7	.8	.9	1.2
Salt Lake City	100.0	14.2	24.2	16.5	15.1	25.5	.3	.4	3.0	.6
San Antonio	100.0	13.5	21.8	21.6	13.1	24.8	.6	.4	3.2	.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	15.7	26.8	19.2	13.9	18.5	.7	.9	2.9	.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	20.2	26.7	18.4	12.5	18.1	.1	.3	2.5	1.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	19.1	30.8	15.9	8.4	21.2	(³)	.2	3.2	1.0
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	16.7	27.2	17.2	12.8	19.5	.5	.1	2.8	3.1
St. Louis ²	100.0	11.7	25.9	18.6	13.8	24.5	.5	.1	3.2	1.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	14.6	25.7	17.1	12.4	24.5	.3	.2	3.5	1.3
Tulsa	100.0	17.3	23.3	20.0	11.3	21.0	.7	1.4	3.4	1.3
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	10.5	26.5	21.7	11.4	23.7	.6	.2	3.4	2.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.9	30.0	17.5	9.0	20.6	.5	.2	1.2	1.0
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	18.4	35.1	18.4	8.4	17.7	.2	.2	.7	.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	13.7	34.1	15.9	12.8	19.6	(³)	.5	2.0	1.1
Camden	100.0	14.6	31.5	16.9	9.8	22.9	.3	(³)	2.4	1.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	14.6	26.2	17.8	10.9	23.9	.2	.3	4.2	1.9
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	18.0	21.1	15.5	11.6	26.1	.4	.4	4.3	2.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	11.9	22.0	22.7	12.2	23.6	.3	.1	5.0	2.2
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	15.9	31.9	12.0	11.1	23.3	.1	.3	4.0	1.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	12.3	19.8	23.7	17.2	21.5	.6	1.0	2.2	1.8
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.4	22.7	18.0	13.2	24.9	.2	.4	2.2	1.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.0	22.0	20.0	13.0	21.0	(³)	(³)	6.0	2.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	15.4	18.1	21.8	12.3	23.8	.4	.3	4.4	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	9.4	31.3	16.3	11.5	24.6	0.3	0.6	3.5	2.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	11.3	28.0	24.1	10.0	21.5	.2	.3	2.6	1.9
Newark-Union	100.0	14.7	29.2	16.6	11.8	20.5	(³)	.1	3.3	3.8
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	20.6	25.6	19.1	11.0	18.2	.1	.3	3.6	1.5
Philadelphia	100.0	13.5	29.0	16.7	11.1	25.3	.2	(³)	2.7	1.3
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	19.7	28.2	17.4	14.5	17.8	.2	.2	1.0	1.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	19.0	21.7	16.5	15.3	21.1	1.0	.3	3.3	1.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	17.8	27.8	15.5	13.2	19.5	.2	.1	3.1	2.4
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	13.2	26.7	19.7	13.0	19.7	.2	(³)	6.1	1.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.3	28.6	17.2	9.1	21.5	.6	.2	1.3	1.1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynnton Beach	100.0	13.2	22.3	23.9	13.1	20.8	1.0	.5	3.0	2.2
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	18.9	18.5	17.6	17.6	19.6	.4	1.1	4.1	2.2
Austin city	100.0	13.5	32.3	23.4	12.5	13.5	.1	.3	3.1	1.4
Baltimore city	100.0	8.1	23.0	31.7	8.4	23.7	(³)	(³)	2.2	2.9
Boston city	100.0	12.7	29.4	21.9	13.2	16.8	(³)	1.2	2.6	2.0
Charlotte city	100.0	13.5	16.6	26.6	12.0	23.3	1.2	.8	4.5	1.6
Chicago city	100.0	13.4	28.3	20.1	8.4	22.8	.1	.2	3.8	2.9
Cleveland city	100.0	13.3	10.5	30.3	8.2	28.1	1.8	(³)	5.5	2.3
Columbus city	100.0	14.7	24.9	17.3	9.8	26.6	.3	1.1	3.7	1.7
Dallas city	100.0	16.2	19.1	19.5	11.8	21.9	.6	.1	6.9	3.7
Denver County/city	100.0	20.8	27.8	14.9	15.1	15.6	2.2	.1	2.5	.9
Detroit city	100.0	13.2	18.7	26.1	9.2	22.7	.2	(³)	7.3	2.7
Fort Worth city	100.0	14.6	19.4	20.8	14.7	23.8	.9	(³)	3.1	2.7
Houston city	100.0	10.6	23.3	24.4	12.2	21.4	.4	1.2	3.5	3.0
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	17.4	19.5	19.1	11.9	22.1	(³)	(³)	5.0	5.1
Jacksonville city	100.0	16.6	26.4	15.4	11.9	23.1	.5	.2	2.4	3.6
Kansas City city	100.0	10.4	26.2	17.7	13.3	22.6	.4	(³)	5.0	4.3
Las Vegas city	100.0	10.3	16.0	31.6	15.7	22.7	.8	(³)	.8	2.1
Los Angeles city	100.0	14.5	24.5	21.8	12.9	17.5	.3	(³)	6.5	2.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	10.0	25.0	19.0	13.0	22.0	(³)	1.0	8.0	3.0
Memphis city	100.0	15.2	25.3	12.8	12.2	28.7	.5	(³)	2.8	2.5
Miami city	100.0	7.8	5.9	34.4	16.4	22.7	.8	.7	6.6	4.6
Milwaukee city	100.0	8.1	20.6	28.4	4.7	23.8	(³)	.2	7.6	6.1
Minneapolis city	100.0	16.7	34.7	19.2	7.8	18.3	(³)	(³)	3.0	.3
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	14.1	24.7	17.9	11.3	23.3	1.7	.3	3.9	2.7
New Orleans city	100.0	16.7	21.8	24.9	12.3	22.5	.5	(³)	.9	.6
New York city	100.0	11.0	27.0	26.0	10.0	21.0	(³)	(³)	3.0	2.0
Oakland city	100.0	17.0	24.1	33.1	11.4	8.1	.3	(³)	5.6	(³)
Oklahoma City city	100.0	13.1	29.7	18.8	7.4	24.2	.8	1.0	3.5	1.6
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	10.4	24.2	20.4	11.9	27.9	.2	.1	3.5	1.3
Phoenix city	100.0	12.3	20.0	21.2	12.6	27.2	1.8	.3	4.2	.5
Portland city	100.0	11.6	36.8	15.4	10.7	18.9	.7	.5	3.0	2.1
Sacramento city	100.0	18.7	23.3	16.3	9.7	27.5	2.2	.4	1.2	.6
San Antonio city	100.0	13.7	20.7	21.7	14.5	23.8	.4	.5	3.4	.8
San Diego city	100.0	17.2	26.5	20.7	15.3	15.3	.7	1.1	2.3	.3
San Francisco County/city	100.0	18.0	28.5	16.4	15.8	18.7	(³)	.5	1.0	1.2
San Jose city	100.0	16.9	27.0	16.5	9.6	25.3	(³)	.4	3.9	.3
Seattle city	100.0	16.6	42.0	13.4	10.8	13.7	(³)	(³)	3.0	.4
St. Louis city	100.0	11.6	23.7	22.2	10.1	26.6	.3	(³)	3.8	1.9
Tulsa city	100.0	14.8	27.0	22.0	13.3	16.3	.7	(³)	3.3	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Cities:										
Virginia Beach city	100.0	10.5	29.9	18.4	10.1	26.6	0.6	(³)	1.4	2.5
Washington city	100.0	21.3	35.0	16.4	7.6	17.4	.1	.3	.8	1.0
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	20.5	22.3	11.7	12.5	12.4	8.6	3.2	4.6	3.9
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	16.5	28.9	15.5	12.6	13.0	6.0	2.1	2.9	2.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	19.3	26.6	12.6	11.1	11.8	6.6	3.7	3.7	4.2
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	18.3	19.6	9.4	11.6	17.4	7.7	4.2	5.3	5.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	17.3	28.3	12.7	11.6	14.2	5.2	2.9	3.2	4.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	21.4	24.8	12.9	14.3	11.6	5.6	2.9	3.7	2.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	12.5	23.1	17.4	13.3	15.0	3.2	3.7	6.2	5.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	18.6	17.9	13.3	14.3	14.3	8.3	3.1	5.5	4.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	16.9	20.2	14.5	12.1	14.1	6.0	3.2	6.8	5.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	16.4	17.6	15.4	12.4	15.2	4.1	4.6	7.6	6.6
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	13.8	21.1	15.1	12.4	15.1	4.6	3.5	8.0	5.8
Columbus	100.0	17.3	24.5	14.1	12.7	14.0	4.5	3.5	4.6	4.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	17.5	19.5	13.0	12.7	14.2	8.3	3.9	5.4	5.3
Dayton	100.0	10.2	18.0	15.3	10.8	15.3	4.4	2.4	13.1	10.1
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.8	21.0	13.4	13.1	13.9	7.1	3.4	3.3	4.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	14.9	21.4	15.3	12.7	12.7	4.9	4.1	8.7	5.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	17.6	24.9	13.6	10.2	13.9	5.2	3.6	5.5	5.5
Honolulu	100.0	19.9	31.9	14.1	7.9	11.9	5.9	3.2	1.3	3.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	14.5	18.6	14.5	11.9	13.2	9.8	4.1	7.3	6.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	18.0	20.9	11.9	12.5	13.4	5.4	4.8	7.0	6.2
Jacksonville	100.0	20.0	20.1	11.5	13.3	15.2	9.2	3.3	3.8	3.4
Kansas City	100.0	17.2	20.2	13.6	12.8	13.6	7.2	3.7	4.4	7.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	11.7	12.7	26.7	11.7	14.0	10.7	4.3	2.7	5.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	14.6	18.4	16.3	13.1	12.5	6.7	3.1	8.5	6.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	12.6	19.3	14.5	13.3	15.0	5.0	4.9	9.6	5.7
Memphis	100.0	18.1	19.2	12.3	11.3	13.1	9.0	5.8	4.6	6.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	16.3	17.1	16.9	14.6	13.3	7.6	4.2	3.4	6.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	17.4	20.0	13.5	9.2	15.7	5.7	2.7	9.7	5.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	17.9	23.2	13.3	12.7	14.6	4.7	3.1	6.0	4.4
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	15.2	23.3	14.7	12.5	12.9	5.9	3.2	6.2	6.1
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	21.1	20.5	13.9	11.2	14.6	6.4	3.4	2.5	6.1
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	15.9	24.2	16.9	11.1	13.9	5.5	3.0	4.2	5.1
Oklahoma City	100.0	17.6	23.6	12.2	10.9	15.0	6.1	4.7	4.6	5.3
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	17.1	19.6	16.8	13.2	13.1	8.2	3.4	3.5	5.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	17.4	24.6	11.4	11.8	15.1	5.6	4.2	4.3	5.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	16.8	18.0	17.1	12.5	14.3	8.6	4.0	4.2	4.2
Pittsburgh	100.0	14.3	21.2	17.6	11.3	14.7	4.4	3.7	6.5	6.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	16.5	23.4	13.9	11.4	15.9	4.9	2.7	5.7	5.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	13.6	20.3	17.3	11.9	14.4	5.2	3.5	7.8	5.6
Richmond	100.0	21.4	19.6	13.8	15.4	11.5	7.1	3.5	3.1	4.6
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	13.4	12.3	16.0	12.5	13.0	10.7	5.5	7.4	9.1
Rochester	100.0	13.2	21.4	13.2	14.0	14.1	5.4	3.9	7.0	6.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	15.5	20.3	15.5	13.0	12.9	11.2	3.5	3.4	4.6
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.2	20.4	13.9	13.3	16.0	8.2	2.6	4.0	6.3
San Antonio	100.0	13.3	16.6	16.7	12.4	16.6	9.0	4.1	5.1	5.7
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	16.5	23.0	17.6	13.3	11.6	6.4	3.2	3.6	4.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	20.5	24.3	16.4	12.3	10.7	6.9	2.6	3.3	2.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	19.3	29.7	14.5	10.0	13.5	4.0	1.6	3.0	4.1
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	18.9	27.2	11.7	11.5	12.6	5.9	2.6	3.7	5.7
St. Louis ²	100.0	14.8	20.7	14.6	13.2	14.8	6.4	4.3	5.6	5.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	15.9	22.1	14.0	13.1	16.1	6.4	3.5	4.4	3.8
Tulsa	100.0	17.5	18.7	15.4	11.8	14.7	6.3	5.1	6.7	3.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	11.3	23.0	15.7	12.1	14.4	11.2	5.1	3.0	3.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	21.1	28.7	13.2	9.0	11.3	8.9	2.4	2.4	2.9
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	21.1	31.5	12.7	9.5	11.7	5.6	2.6	2.5	2.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	18.4	32.5	11.5	11.6	13.2	4.1	2.8	2.0	3.9
Camden	100.0	18.0	23.6	13.2	12.5	13.4	4.4	3.8	4.0	6.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.1	20.5	14.5	12.0	14.1	6.1	3.0	6.7	5.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	18.9	20.2	11.8	12.5	14.2	8.1	3.6	5.9	4.8
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	13.4	18.8	16.3	11.5	15.7	5.7	4.2	8.0	6.1
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	20.4	23.7	12.9	11.4	14.2	5.0	2.7	4.2	5.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	17.2	17.3	16.5	17.6	13.7	7.2	4.2	1.9	4.4
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	15.2	18.2	15.2	13.0	14.1	8.8	4.6	4.4	6.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	13.0	19.0	17.0	12.0	12.0	7.0	3.0	9.0	7.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	16.3	15.4	16.1	13.6	14.1	7.3	4.5	4.4	8.2
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	13.4	23.9	16.8	11.3	15.8	5.7	3.7	4.9	4.5
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	14.9	24.6	18.7	10.4	13.6	5.7	2.9	3.9	5.1
Newark-Union	100.0	18.5	23.9	14.0	13.4	11.7	5.2	2.9	4.4	6.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	19.3	22.9	16.2	10.7	11.6	8.1	3.5	4.5	3.1
Philadelphia	100.0	17.4	25.6	10.3	11.6	15.7	5.6	4.1	4.4	4.5
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	22.0	26.0	16.6	14.3	9.5	5.4	1.5	1.8	2.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	19.3	17.2	14.8	17.1	12.5	5.6	3.1	5.5	4.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	19.7	29.1	11.1	11.7	12.6	5.0	2.4	3.4	5.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	15.5	22.5	14.9	13.2	11.4	4.5	4.0	9.0	4.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	21.2	27.7	13.3	8.8	11.1	10.0	2.3	2.4	3.1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	15.2	19.8	19.0	12.7	11.5	8.7	3.8	3.6	5.5
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	32.4	25.5	11.5	12.9	4.7	8.9	(³)	.9	3.2
Austin city	100.0	12.6	30.9	17.8	12.1	11.0	8.0	1.8	2.6	3.1
Baltimore city	100.0	14.2	23.5	11.0	10.2	12.7	10.6	4.5	6.3	6.3
Boston city	100.0	15.9	30.7	17.0	11.4	9.6	5.7	2.8	1.5	5.0
Charlotte city	100.0	16.3	15.8	14.0	12.2	15.3	14.3	3.4	5.6	2.9
Chicago city	100.0	14.6	21.5	18.6	8.7	13.6	5.7	2.0	7.7	7.5
Cleveland city	100.0	12.7	10.4	20.3	10.2	20.0	3.6	2.1	14.1	6.6
Columbus city	100.0	19.1	24.1	16.5	11.0	15.7	4.4	2.3	2.7	4.1
Dallas city	100.0	18.1	18.0	14.1	11.6	9.7	12.8	2.4	8.4	4.9
Denver County/city	100.0	19.2	23.5	14.3	15.0	8.9	9.5	2.7	2.6	4.2
Detroit city	100.0	8.5	19.9	19.7	2.6	15.3	4.5	.7	15.8	13.0
Fort Worth city	100.0	16.4	17.1	16.7	13.8	12.9	7.4	6.1	4.5	5.2
Houston city	100.0	10.6	18.5	17.4	10.5	11.1	12.9	4.5	7.7	6.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	14.2	20.8	13.2	9.2	15.1	7.7	4.7	7.4	7.7
Jacksonville city	100.0	18.6	23.3	10.5	14.6	16.0	8.9	3.8	1.6	2.8
Kansas City city	100.0	14.0	23.0	13.8	14.3	10.1	11.9	3.5	2.5	6.8
Las Vegas city	100.0	8.3	12.7	28.4	12.3	11.9	12.6	4.2	3.6	6.0
Los Angeles city	100.0	13.1	21.0	18.6	11.9	11.4	7.3	2.1	8.4	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Cities:										
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	13.0	23.0	14.0	13.0	15.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	7.0
Memphis city	100.0	19.4	19.1	12.8	9.5	15.1	12.0	3.2	4.0	4.9
Miami city	100.0	10.4	7.9	21.0	10.4	13.1	19.6	4.8	4.5	8.4
Milwaukee city	100.0	12.5	17.9	18.7	4.8	15.7	5.1	2.7	14.6	7.3
Minneapolis city	100.0	19.9	33.7	14.8	7.8	13.5	1.6	1.9	3.7	3.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	19.3	28.1	16.2	10.1	10.5	6.9	2.7	1.8	4.4
New Orleans city	100.0	30.6	39.0	10.6	4.9	8.4	4.0	.5	.5	1.6
New York city	100.0	15.0	25.0	20.0	10.0	14.0	6.0	3.0	3.0	5.0
Oakland city	100.0	12.4	22.6	19.0	8.1	7.1	17.1	3.3	5.8	4.4
Oklahoma City city	100.0	16.4	25.0	13.3	10.4	13.7	7.7	3.9	4.6	5.0
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	12.8	24.4	8.9	9.3	20.3	6.3	4.3	6.3	7.3
Phoenix city	100.0	13.5	15.1	19.1	11.3	15.3	11.9	3.7	4.7	5.3
Portland city	100.0	15.1	33.2	13.4	11.4	12.4	3.6	1.3	4.4	4.7
Sacramento city	100.0	15.6	21.4	17.8	9.0	13.0	12.0	2.9	3.7	4.6
San Antonio city	100.0	12.0	15.8	17.6	13.3	16.6	10.1	4.0	4.7	5.5
San Diego city	100.0	16.3	24.5	20.7	13.6	9.1	7.0	2.7	2.1	3.4
San Francisco County/city	100.0	19.3	25.6	21.3	13.8	11.3	4.1	1.2	.7	2.8
San Jose city	100.0	14.8	24.5	18.5	11.0	17.4	4.3	1.4	3.8	4.3
Seattle city	100.0	16.8	45.8	9.2	9.7	10.6	2.5	.8	1.0	3.5
St. Louis city	100.0	15.1	31.0	17.2	9.4	11.4	4.6	.9	6.4	4.1
Tulsa city	100.0	15.2	25.3	16.5	14.1	12.2	6.4	1.9	5.3	3.2
Virginia Beach city	100.0	14.0	25.0	13.4	10.7	16.6	8.6	4.4	2.6	4.5
Washington city	100.0	26.5	46.1	9.8	5.6	7.7	2.5	.5	.6	.6
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	12.2	14.9	19.2	14.4	17.4	3.5	3.3	3.9	11.1
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	11.0	15.7	30.4	10.1	10.5	3.8	1.2	5.7	11.7
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	9.1	19.8	26.9	8.5	19.0	2.4	3.0	3.9	7.3
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	10.0	19.0	24.0	5.6	20.3	2.6	1.3	8.8	8.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	3.2	19.1	33.6	13.9	13.0	3.2	1.5	5.1	7.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	7.4	15.5	24.8	12.4	15.5	4.0	1.6	6.6	12.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	2.6	5.7	46.4	9.0	16.7	3.8	(³)	8.0	6.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	8.3	13.8	22.3	8.7	18.1	4.2	4.3	9.8	10.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	11.5	20.7	21.4	8.1	18.0	2.5	2.1	5.3	10.3
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	9.1	13.6	31.7	5.6	20.5	4.0	(³)	7.7	7.9
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	14.2	14.7	21.4	8.6	17.6	4.4	1.5	9.8	7.8
Columbus	100.0	12.3	15.3	17.6	11.0	23.9	2.0	3.8	6.3	7.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	12.7	17.6	14.8	7.8	25.8	2.0	2.6	4.6	11.5
Dayton	100.0	5.3	11.1	28.2	17.3	11.2	5.2	(³)	15.3	6.5
Denver-Aurora	100.0	12.8	14.8	22.5	13.0	13.0	6.1	4.0	7.2	6.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	9.3	17.6	21.3	8.2	13.9	3.6	2.4	11.7	11.9
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	8.5	14.7	22.6	7.1	17.9	6.9	7.1	9.6	5.5
Honolulu	100.0	8.5	24.9	27.5	4.4	20.4	6.5	4.5	(³)	3.2
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	9.3	19.5	24.3	10.6	15.0	2.6	3.6	4.5	10.7
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	11.7	13.3	19.4	13.0	12.9	1.1	3.1	12.9	12.7
Jacksonville	100.0	5.6	13.7	20.4	6.9	19.9	13.0	.9	5.2	14.4
Kansas City	100.0	11.7	15.5	18.1	6.7	25.1	3.8	1.3	10.9	7.0
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	7.4	12.5	32.8	15.1	17.9	1.4	1.5	3.8	7.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	17.0	20.2	15.8	12.3	19.1	4.1	1.3	2.2	7.9
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	8.4	9.3	22.9	15.2	14.3	4.3	2.8	15.2	7.6
Memphis	100.0	11.6	14.6	19.3	8.8	19.5	4.0	5.9	6.5	9.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	7.8	16.5	27.2	7.6	15.9	7.4	3.5	3.0	11.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	5.1	15.6	32.9	5.8	17.4	2.5	(³)	8.0	12.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	12.8	20.0	25.9	7.6	15.7	1.7	1.1	5.6	9.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	8.5	12.9	19.8	7.5	20.6	5.4	4.2	11.8	9.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	9.2	13.8	25.9	11.8	17.3	5.3	1.7	4.2	10.8
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	8.6	18.6	26.2	10.7	18.5	4.5	2.4	2.7	7.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	11.6	20.9	28.2	5.1	11.9	2.7	5.7	5.7	8.2
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	6.0	14.2	19.8	13.7	18.7	13.5	1.5	3.1	9.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	9.9	19.1	23.3	10.8	18.4	2.7	2.5	5.2	8.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	8.6	17.6	25.0	10.4	22.9	4.1	2	4.8	6.3
Pittsburgh	100.0	7.6	16.3	31.4	14.9	14.6	2.2	3.3	6.0	3.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	12.0	36.8	18.2	8.2	16.1	(³)	(³)	4.2	4.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	10.0	13.7	33.3	12.6	9.5	2.7	.7	10.5	7.0
Richmond	100.0	10.2	11.0	23.4	9.3	22.6	6.3	2.3	7.2	7.7
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	16.9	10.5	15.9	13.4	19.1	10.9	4.1	3.1	6.2
Rochester	100.0	8.8	18.1	22.0	3.2	20.1	5.6	2.3	8.6	11.4
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	14.6	16.8	19.3	17.2	19.6	3.5	2.0	(³)	7.0
Salt Lake City	100.0	41.3	29.9	(³)	22.5	6.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
San Antonio	100.0	10.5	25.7	23.9	7.3	24.6	(³)	1.2	3.9	2.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	11.3	18.7	25.9	11.2	19.0	3.5	3.6	4.7	2.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	17.4	19.7	18.6	12.2	12.9	4.0	5.3	3.3	6.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	5.8	19.8	11.2	13.3	33.8	(³)	3.4	12.8	(³)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	15.1	18.5	28.4	8.7	9.9	.8	(³)	8.1	10.5
St. Louis ²	100.0	9.5	19.6	26.7	10.0	17.9	2.4	.5	6.4	7.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	15.4	20.0	18.3	11.2	17.7	2.5	3.5	4.9	6.5
Tulsa	100.0	23.6	17.8	21.1	9.6	15.2	4.2	(³)	(³)	8.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	9.8	16.1	23.6	11.1	19.1	3.5	1.6	8.2	7.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	16.7	21.1	17.8	9.6	19.6	4.3	3.1	2.0	5.7
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	15.7	27.8	15.8	11.7	16.5	2.1	2.4	2.5	5.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	3.5	16.0	32.6	16.0	14.7	2.5	1.4	4.1	8.9
Camden	100.0	10.6	23.6	23.5	9.6	18.3	.5	2.1	2.8	9.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	11.7	21.2	21.0	7.8	18.7	2.7	1.9	4.8	10.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	13.0	16.7	15.3	8.1	27.7	1.7	2.9	4.4	10.3
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	9.0	15.4	23.7	8.7	14.1	3.9	3.0	10.8	11.5
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	17.1	18.2	13.2	18.7	20.8	4.2	1.9	4.3	1.6
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	7.9	16.5	28.5	7.0	15.8	7.1	2.6	3.4	11.3
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	11.9	20.0	13.7	7.1	21.0	2.9	2.0	5.1	14.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	16.0	20.0	16.0	11.0	20.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	8.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	8.5	18.3	23.6	7.4	15.7	8.0	4.1	3.1	11.4
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	8.0	16.6	26.5	14.8	14.1	5.5	3.2	3.0	8.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	7.6	19.4	27.9	9.8	18.3	4.4	2.4	2.0	8.3
Newark-Union	100.0	11.3	15.4	21.1	11.3	20.7	5.2	2.3	5.8	6.9
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	15.3	22.2	17.5	12.7	11.9	3.8	4.0	4.4	8.3
Philadelphia	100.0	9.3	18.3	24.0	11.3	18.2	3.1	2.5	5.2	8.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	24.0	12.3	21.9	10.6	16.3	4.4	9.2	(³)	1.3
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	30.5	16.5	12.6	21.7	7.5	7.0	(³)	(³)	4.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	10.8	23.9	24.2	12.9	12.6	.5	(³)	6.9	8.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	10.6	27.0	11.0	6.3	13.0	2.8	(³)	15.8	13.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	16.9	20.1	18.1	9.3	20.0	4.7	3.2	1.9	5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan divisions:										
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynnton Beach	100.0	6.1	12.1	32.2	9.8	16.6	6.9	4.4	1.6	10.2
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	8.2	9.6	21.9	17.6	20.4	3.8	1.9	5.6	11.0
Austin city	100.0	7.1	16.9	31.3	13.9	7.4	(³)	1.6	7.1	14.7
Baltimore city	100.0	4.8	15.2	35.1	7.0	17.8	3.9	3.7	3.6	9.0
Boston city	100.0	4.5	16.9	26.6	16.9	16.0	4.1	.8	2.6	11.5
Charlotte city	100.0	9.7	14.4	25.4	8.6	18.5	2.2	4.8	4.4	12.0
Chicago city	100.0	11.1	21.1	24.8	8.0	17.6	1.7	1.8	4.5	9.3
Cleveland city	100.0	11.8	8.5	29.4	5.2	16.2	5.7	2.5	12.7	8.0
Columbus city	100.0	12.2	15.1	17.8	8.4	25.3	1.4	4.5	6.6	8.5
Dallas city	100.0	8.2	14.2	19.0	9.3	30.2	2.5	1.2	5.4	9.9
Denver County/city	100.0	16.9	8.8	19.4	19.5	10.7	2.9	2.1	9.8	9.9
Detroit city	100.0	9.3	14.0	23.2	8.1	15.8	4.1	2.8	11.1	11.5
Fort Worth city	100.0	5.8	16.2	15.3	4.7	21.4	6.8	4.0	8.3	17.4
Houston city	100.0	7.8	18.4	22.2	10.2	17.5	2.7	3.9	5.3	11.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	12.1	8.5	23.5	14.8	15.4	1.4	.5	9.3	14.6
Jacksonville city	100.0	5.5	12.7	18.6	6.6	19.7	17.4	1.3	4.3	13.9
Kansas City city	100.0	9.6	18.2	17.4	5.9	27.4	2.7	.7	11.7	6.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	9.2	12.9	35.0	13.9	17.7	1.8	.7	2.6	6.3
Los Angeles city	100.0	15.7	21.4	15.6	12.5	18.9	4.4	1.2	1.0	9.3
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	9.0	10.0	22.0	15.0	16.0	3.0	3.0	15.0	8.0
Memphis city	100.0	13.2	13.6	16.4	9.9	20.8	3.6	6.3	7.7	8.5
Miami city	100.0	(³)	9.1	34.2	2.2	7.9	24.7	3.7	8.0	10.3
Milwaukee city	100.0	3.7	16.7	35.7	3.8	16.3	2.8	(³)	7.4	13.5
Minneapolis city	100.0	11.9	19.3	27.5	6.5	18.5	1.2	1.5	4.1	9.4
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	8.0	14.5	22.8	6.9	23.3	6.5	1.5	6.3	10.2
New Orleans city	100.0	7.4	8.7	27.7	14.4	21.9	4.4	1.4	3.2	10.9
New York city	100.0	7.0	20.0	29.0	10.0	18.0	5.0	3.0	2.0	7.0
Oakland city	100.0	16.6	19.4	24.3	15.9	3.7	5.4	8.2	5.7	.8
Oklahoma City city	100.0	14.7	15.1	30.0	5.9	14.5	.6	4.4	3.7	11.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	6.8	16.9	27.7	12.8	16.8	3.9	2.5	5.7	6.9
Phoenix city	100.0	8.4	19.4	15.7	9.3	26.7	4.9	(³)	6.8	9.0
Portland city	100.0	1.5	42.0	24.3	1.1	17.8	(³)	(³)	5.8	7.7
Sacramento city	100.0	16.8	15.2	17.4	14.5	17.9	7.0	1.3	(³)	10.0
San Antonio city	100.0	8.6	16.9	28.3	10.6	31.8	(³)	.6	1.3	2.0
San Diego city	100.0	11.9	14.8	22.3	10.4	20.3	5.4	3.6	8.2	3.0
San Francisco County/city	100.0	41.9	10.1	13.1	9.6	19.4	(³)	5.9	(³)	(³)
San Jose city	100.0	(³)	7.7	18.5	22.1	51.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Seattle city	100.0	2.3	17.4	41.1	11.3	16.2	2.3	(³)	9.4	(³)
St. Louis city	100.0	6.4	12.8	34.9	8.1	20.8	3.3	.6	7.6	5.5
Tulsa city	100.0	22.0	17.7	21.4	12.2	17.3	2.0	(³)	(³)	7.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	11.6	23.1	20.3	15.8	15.2	1.0	(³)	8.3	4.6
Washington city	100.0	15.4	20.0	23.8	8.0	18.8	3.5	2.4	1.7	6.3
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	19.5	32.2	11.6	10.8	10.5	1.3	7.0	5.6	1.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	16.0	52.3	(³)	10.0	7.8	(³)	9.6	4.4	(³)
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	12.1	39.3	11.0	12.5	9.8	3.5	1.0	5.8	4.4
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	54.3	19.7	6.8	19.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	10.9	39.5	14.7	12.3	9.5	3.6	0.7	7.5	1.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	21.3	26.3	3.7	8.6	12.2	4.7	(³)	22.3	.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	16.0	9.8	35.3	8.7	19.0	(³)	(³)	11.2	(³)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	18.2	36.8	13.1	10.8	11.1	.9	.2	4.3	4.5
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	20.1	20.4	8.9	16.6	18.4	(³)	(³)	13.8	1.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	11.7	33.2	25.1	13.6	2.2	(³)	(³)	14.3	(³)
Columbus	100.0	15.2	32.2	4.9	16.3	11.5	2.3	1.1	13.2	3.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	14.5	36.0	11.3	12.2	9.8	1.4	3.7	8.3	2.8
Denver-Aurora	100.0	16.0	14.9	15.9	12.5	14.3	3.1	4.3	16.7	2.4
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	18.7	47.0	8.7	7.4	7.3	(³)	.8	6.8	3.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	24.7	36.1	7.0	9.8	7.6	(³)	1.1	13.0	.6
Honolulu	100.0	15.1	19.0	22.8	12.8	13.9	4.0	3.5	4.5	3.2
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	17.1	29.6	16.1	11.8	8.7	.4	7.0	8.0	1.3
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	13.1	55.7	9.3	5.1	16.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Jacksonville	100.0	19.3	29.7	10.9	16.4	6.2	(³)	(³)	16.5	1.0
Kansas City	100.0	6.8	37.6	11.0	12.7	12.3	1.6	5.7	2.1	10.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	15.4	18.7	35.3	13.2	11.8	1.3	1.3	.9	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	21.0	25.9	11.6	14.1	16.5	1.0	1.7	5.4	2.7
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	5.0	71.5	11.9	11.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Memphis	100.0	17.7	9.8	52.8	(³)	16.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	3.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	13.4	22.5	21.4	16.0	16.7	(³)	10.1	(³)	(³)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	21.0	44.7	2.0	3.9	11.6	1.1	(³)	6.4	9.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	8.4	32.8	17.0	6.4	6.9	.4	3.4	21.1	3.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	(³)	40.5	7.0	(³)	33.9	(³)	(³)	18.7	(³)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	(³)	28.6	22.2	18.5	(³)	3.3	10.7	8.7	2.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	15.3	32.0	15.0	13.9	9.5	2.6	1.5	5.9	4.4
Oklahoma City	100.0	(³)	26.1	30.6	6.7	15.2	(³)	8.9	6.4	6.0
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	14.9	23.0	22.7	11.6	7.9	5.2	5.0	9.3	.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	6.7	37.2	12.6	13.3	10.4	2.9	2.7	10.8	3.5
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	18.9	27.0	15.2	10.6	15.0	(³)	2.3	11.0	(³)
Pittsburgh	100.0	9.6	66.1	14.2	5.3	1.9	(³)	1.1	1.9	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	10.3	31.1	9.0	7.2	16.9	1.8	4.1	19.3	.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	9.4	26.3	16.8	6.0	10.0	3.3	1.9	23.0	3.2
Richmond	100.0	14.1	36.6	16.0	16.9	3.2	5.3	(³)	4.4	3.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	12.0	21.0	18.5	16.2	16.1	(³)	3.3	11.0	1.8
Rochester	100.0	7.5	38.2	9.8	(³)	8.2	(³)	7.1	26.9	2.4
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	15.3	32.0	11.0	11.4	20.1	.6	.7	4.4	4.6
Salt Lake City	100.0	9.7	9.4	9.2	20.9	17.6	(³)	4.3	28.9	(³)
San Antonio	100.0	16.1	28.2	26.0	5.5	12.5	7.6	(³)	2.5	1.5
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	13.6	31.1	14.5	15.1	15.4	1.2	3.0	5.6	.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	17.9	29.5	17.0	11.6	12.5	2.7	3.1	3.4	2.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	21.7	40.4	9.1	4.6	10.1	.4	4.2	7.4	2.1
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	15.6	26.5	19.1	9.7	12.5	1.6	1.9	10.0	2.1
St. Louis ²	100.0	14.9	58.4	2.3	7.3	3.0	(³)	4.6	3.1	6.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	8.7	18.6	27.1	20.2	4.4	2.6	(³)	18.0	.5
Tulsa	100.0	15.3	29.2	32.6	12.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	10.8	(³)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	10.6	34.6	15.8	15.2	18.8	(³)	3.5	(³)	1.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.7	34.5	14.5	9.0	11.0	3.2	2.4	3.3	2.4
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	19.7	42.2	14.6	8.0	7.2	2.2	(³)	2.5	3.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	8.7	43.8	15.3	10.0	10.1	3.6	.3	7.4	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Camden	100.0	3.4	28.3	16.5	6.7	15.1	1.6	3.7	15.4	9.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	18.7	36.7	14.4	9.8	10.3	1.0	.2	4.4	4.5
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	17.7	39.7	12.0	10.7	7.7	1.0	1.7	6.9	2.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	27.8	47.5	6.5	4.6	3.2	(³)	2.4	4.1	3.9
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	17.9	47.2	4.7	14.1	9.0	.3	.1	4.2	2.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	13.0	21.0	34.9	12.5	12.9	(³)	5.6	(³)	(³)
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	6.7	27.1	9.7	15.7	14.9	2.3	8.5	11.5	3.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	19.0	27.0	12.0	15.0	16.0	1.0	2.0	4.0	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	16.3	28.1	15.1	2.2	24.9	(³)	13.3	(³)	(³)
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	16.5	35.6	10.1	18.8	7.0	(³)	(³)	1.4	10.6
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	13.5	27.1	19.0	13.9	9.9	3.6	1.9	6.6	4.4
Newark-Union	100.0	25.4	40.2	5.0	7.1	9.4	1.3	2.2	7.9	1.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	19.7	32.7	14.4	10.6	11.7	2.7	3.0	3.9	1.4
Philadelphia	100.0	7.9	41.1	10.3	16.3	8.3	3.6	2.4	9.5	.7
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	15.4	25.4	20.5	12.8	13.5	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.5
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	25.0	23.5	11.2	11.7	16.9	.6	1.0	7.8	1.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	16.3	28.5	18.8	9.9	12.4	.5	1.6	9.6	1.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	14.0	46.7	9.8	8.9	9.5	(³)	(³)	8.3	2.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.7	31.1	14.5	9.5	12.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	1.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	6.6	11.7	(³)	61.9	5.5	(³)	14.3	(³)	(³)
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	71.6	8.7	(³)	12.7	7.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Austin city	100.0	13.6	63.8	(³)	14.1	8.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Baltimore city	100.0	(³)	84.2	(³)	(³)	15.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Boston city	100.0	7.3	37.3	22.0	10.9	12.2	7.8	(³)	1.4	1.1
Charlotte city	100.0	18.7	13.4	26.2	4.4	21.9	(³)	(³)	15.4	(³)
Chicago city	100.0	15.8	35.3	21.3	9.1	8.5	(³)	.4	1.7	7.8
Columbus city	100.0	16.1	17.6	4.2	17.3	7.7	4.3	2.0	24.5	6.2
Dallas city	100.0	23.9	23.0	13.9	10.0	7.2	3.5	(³)	11.0	7.3
Denver County/city	100.0	(³)	21.0	24.6	2.3	17.9	(³)	17.7	16.5	(³)
Fort Worth city	100.0	3.5	12.4	11.0	26.5	6.3	6.0	13.0	18.8	2.3
Houston city	100.0	10.1	30.4	15.2	15.8	6.5	(³)	10.9	8.9	2.2
Jacksonville city	100.0	24.4	29.3	6.7	20.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	18.7	(³)
Las Vegas city	100.0	12.0	18.1	38.2	14.6	13.3	.7	.5	(³)	2.6
Los Angeles city	100.0	18.2	28.6	15.6	13.7	16.3	1.5	.2	4.4	1.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	5.0	71.0	12.0	12.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Milwaukee city	100.0	25.7	28.0	1.9	(³)	10.6	2.3	(³)	13.0	18.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	21.3	47.2	6.1	(³)	4.9	(³)	(³)	18.9	1.6
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	23.7	9.0	(³)	43.4	(³)	(³)	24.0	(³)
New York city	100.0	13.0	25.0	21.0	14.0	10.0	4.0	2.0	7.0	5.0
Oakland city	100.0	19.4	14.4	24.4	15.0	8.1	7.7	5.3	5.7	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	1.8	36.9	8.2	19.1	13.0	10.6	1.6	6.7	2.1
Phoenix city	100.0	16.0	2.1	31.5	13.8	3.5	(³)	10.1	23.0	(³)
Portland city	100.0	12.2	39.2	7.9	2.4	22.0	1.1	6.9	6.5	1.8
Sacramento city	100.0	8.3	24.3	14.1	8.9	31.6	(³)	2.1	2.9	7.6
San Antonio city	100.0	22.8	39.8	21.9	(³)	7.6	4.3	(³)	3.5	(³)
San Diego city	100.0	11.5	29.7	15.5	23.4	11.4	1.8	3.0	3.8	(³)
San Francisco County/city	100.0	16.7	20.2	16.8	15.0	17.6	3.4	3.1	4.0	3.2
San Jose city	100.0	18.8	39.9	8.9	2.7	13.8	.3	2.5	12.6	.5
Seattle city	100.0	13.9	26.6	27.9	7.8	9.0	.6	(³)	12.4	.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Cities:										
Virginia Beach city	100.0	19.7	23.0	(³)	32.4	24.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Washington city	100.0	29.6	46.7	7.8	7.5	6.0	(³)	.3	.3	1.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	6.5	6.9	29.9	3.9	5.0	31.3	1.7	6.3	8.2
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	5.6	15.4	27.4	9.6	14.3	14.3	2.3	4.7	6.0
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	3.8	16.5	19.8	5.6	10.1	26.1	3.1	10.4	2.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	5.2	13.1	30.8	10.7	13.7	4.5	1.5	7.5	11.8
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	5.9	7.1	28.1	10.6	13.8	10.7	2.7	13.4	7.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	5.8	14.0	32.7	(³)	19.0	(³)	(³)	24.2	4.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	2.4	1.0	22.9	7.3	8.5	34.4	3.3	12.1	7.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	7.6	9.0	24.0	7.2	12.4	6.8	3.8	18.5	10.5
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	8.5	12.2	24.6	4.6	3.6	10.3	4.6	13.1	18.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	8.5	11.0	14.0	6.9	17.2	4.9	2.9	25.4	6.2
Columbus	100.0	15.9	10.8	28.6	3.6	20.4	10.1	7.0	1.7	1.8
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	7.2	7.0	23.8	8.0	12.9	20.2	3.2	10.2	7.2
Dayton	100.0	3.0	12.0	54.4	(³)	3.8	1.9	6.8	16.0	2.1
Denver-Aurora	100.0	8.3	9.6	21.8	9.7	12.8	19.1	3.2	7.1	8.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	11.6	11.9	25.1	3.7	10.1	13.1	(³)	18.9	5.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	7.4	10.3	31.7	12.0	16.3	2.3	2.3	9.7	8.1
Honolulu	100.0	9.9	17.0	23.0	4.1	27.3	9.2	1.1	1.7	6.6
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	6.8	7.7	22.6	9.0	12.0	17.5	4.6	10.7	8.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	(³)	9.2	21.7	3.0	8.3	23.8	(³)	16.3	17.7
Jacksonville	100.0	6.4	10.7	17.9	9.6	14.0	23.0	7.1	8.8	2.6
Kansas City	100.0	5.3	9.6	27.6	10.0	14.3	14.2	2.1	9.8	7.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	5.6	5.5	37.8	6.2	10.2	20.3	3.5	4.8	6.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	6.6	8.7	22.0	10.8	13.3	10.2	4.0	14.0	10.0
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	11.6	2.1	16.9	.8	1.1	26.9	(³)	31.1	9.6
Memphis	100.0	8.5	2.3	12.7	7.2	4.5	45.2	8.5	10.1	1.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	12.5	12.1	19.2	13.1	14.2	9.9	5.1	4.7	9.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	8.5	10.5	22.0	4.1	15.5	4.8	1.5	19.9	11.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	3.5	11.8	36.1	8.9	11.8	5.2	1.6	14.6	6.2
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	10.9	5.3	43.7	3.2	4.0	19.2	.7	2.0	11.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	21.5	14.3	5.4	14.1	19.4	5.9	14.5	4.9	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	6.3	10.3	31.3	9.0	13.2	7.8	3.8	8.3	9.9
Oklahoma City	100.0	9.1	10.9	22.1	9.4	8.5	24.0	4.9	5.4	5.0
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	7.4	9.4	20.9	10.7	16.8	17.4	3.0	6.2	8.2
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	6.4	15.3	19.3	7.1	9.6	8.0	4.1	10.9	11.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	7.7	9.0	26.3	7.9	10.2	18.1	4.3	8.0	7.6
Pittsburgh	100.0	14.4	33.3	12.0	3.0	(³)	(³)	10.0	25.1	2.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	3.4	7.6	30.0	11.9	12.1	12.5	1.6	7.0	11.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	5.0	8.5	21.2	8.7	14.3	5.0	3.1	22.6	11.0
Richmond	100.0	1.0	7.0	11.2	14.1	13.4	33.8	.1	11.1	8.4
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	7.3	8.9	18.9	10.4	13.1	14.0	5.8	9.8	11.1
Rochester	100.0	1.1	20.5	7.3	12.1	25.5	8.1	2.0	13.2	10.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	5.7	5.1	27.5	10.8	13.0	24.1	1.7	6.3	5.1
Salt Lake City	100.0	5.2	7.4	31.9	10.1	8.9	22.3	2.2	7.7	4.4
San Antonio	100.0	9.5	11.3	20.1	10.0	19.5	11.5	3.8	6.5	7.1
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	8.2	13.6	30.2	10.5	11.6	11.0	2.1	6.6	5.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	6.9	12.1	32.5	8.2	9.6	14.3	3.5	5.8	6.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	11.8	13.5	23.2	7.0	21.0	4.7	2.7	7.8	7.4
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	8.5	17.4	24.8	6.5	14.5	7.4	2.8	5.9	11.5
St. Louis ²	100.0	14.3	4.8	35.7	8.1	4.7	12.3	(³)	10.3	9.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	10.8	15.9	21.9	8.9	14.7	9.4	3.7	6.9	5.5
Tulsa	100.0	.8	11.0	32.3	8.5	16.7	12.9	2.3	6.7	6.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	4.3	18.9	23.1	18.0	5.3	27.7	(³)	(³)	2.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	8.1	9.6	27.4	7.0	7.3	30.2	1.5	4.0	4.8
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	8.5	16.2	27.4	6.5	9.0	16.8	5.4	5.3	5.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	4.2	13.0	31.9	13.1	13.2	4.4	1.6	5.7	12.3
Camden	100.0	7.4	17.9	25.4	5.5	8.3	6.1	4.3	14.7	10.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	7.9	9.4	23.6	7.9	12.5	6.6	4.0	18.4	9.6
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	6.6	7.1	23.3	7.9	13.5	20.6	3.0	11.7	6.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	13.3	12.6	17.1	6.0	9.5	9.4	(³)	25.0	7.1
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	5.1	7.5	24.8	5.8	12.1	10.4	3.2	15.0	15.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	14.1	12.4	20.9	13.6	15.6	8.4	5.2	3.2	6.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	8.5	6.9	24.8	8.5	11.6	19.4	3.7	6.9	8.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	6.0	9.0	21.0	10.0	13.0	10.0	4.0	14.0	10.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	13.3	12.2	17.4	13.4	15.2	8.6	5.2	5.0	9.5
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	10.8	10.0	26.9	10.0	9.6	8.7	4.6	13.2	6.2
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	6.0	11.4	32.6	9.6	14.0	6.8	3.7	6.8	8.9
Newark-Union	100.0	5.8	6.0	31.8	6.8	11.3	11.0	4.3	8.1	14.8
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	5.7	10.4	31.1	6.9	10.6	17.6	4.2	6.9	6.6
Philadelphia	100.0	5.8	15.6	15.6	7.5	10.0	7.9	3.5	10.2	12.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	9.0	15.2	35.1	10.6	7.7	8.2	2.2	3.7	6.4
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	10.2	5.7	24.3	11.9	11.8	11.5	4.4	12.0	8.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	8.5	17.3	23.4	4.9	13.9	8.7	3.4	7.2	11.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	9.8	11.2	33.9	1.2	10.7	17.2	(³)	12.2	3.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	8.0	7.9	27.4	7.1	6.9	33.7	.5	3.6	4.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	5.8	11.6	27.2	10.8	6.1	19.1	4.6	5.5	9.2
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	21.2	(³)	16.3	(³)	(³)	56.1	(³)	(³)	6.4
Austin city	100.0	4.9	14.7	26.9	10.6	11.3	17.6	2.2	4.3	7.6
Baltimore city	100.0	4.8	1.6	13.2	7.1	4.0	35.7	2.6	25.7	4.2
Boston city	100.0	3.5	7.2	41.1	11.6	16.4	3.5	2.2	2.1	11.4
Charlotte city	100.0	2.3	.4	19.7	6.2	7.8	40.2	3.9	10.9	7.9
Chicago city	100.0	8.3	9.6	23.7	6.8	13.0	5.7	2.8	17.6	12.5
Cleveland city	100.0	10.6	6.7	26.4	(³)	12.4	(³)	(³)	34.8	9.0
Columbus city	100.0	10.4	15.1	30.9	(³)	19.9	14.0	9.7	(³)	(³)
Dallas city	100.0	3.9	6.9	20.8	8.4	12.0	23.0	3.3	14.8	6.9
Denver County/city	100.0	7.9	7.3	20.2	10.5	7.2	23.4	4.1	10.2	9.0
Detroit city	100.0	10.9	2.7	21.8	4.4	2.6	14.3	(³)	33.0	10.3
Fort Worth city	100.0	9.5	7.5	26.2	9.4	13.1	14.8	5.0	7.2	7.3
Houston city	100.0	3.6	6.0	25.1	7.0	11.1	19.5	6.1	10.4	11.0
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	9.4	19.3	3.4	9.3	21.8	(³)	18.2	18.6
Jacksonville city	100.0	(³)	6.6	27.7	10.1	12.7	27.8	9.7	(³)	5.4
Kansas City city	100.0	4.3	9.1	22.8	10.9	10.5	22.8	(³)	8.5	11.0
Las Vegas city	100.0	2.4	4.7	42.8	5.5	6.9	23.2	2.8	5.8	5.8
Los Angeles city	100.0	5.4	8.5	25.8	10.5	12.1	11.5	2.9	13.6	9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Cities:										
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	10.0	4.0	24.0	2.0	(³)	41.0	(³)	2.0	18.0
Memphis city	100.0	10.9	2.9	8.6	7.9	3.5	47.7	10.9	7.6	(³)
Miami city	100.0	8.1	4.4	22.0	7.1	15.0	23.2	5.0	5.0	10.3
Milwaukee city	100.0	5.2	10.7	20.4	1.1	15.7	6.4	2.1	26.9	10.8
Minneapolis city	100.0	(³)	6.9	41.5	3.6	13.2	4.6	(³)	30.2	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	13.3	4.0	42.9	3.9	1.0	23.3	.9	2.4	8.3
New York city	100.0	5.0	11.0	36.0	11.0	14.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	8.0
Oakland city	100.0	2.9	8.3	24.0	7.0	10.5	27.1	3.8	9.7	6.7
Oklahoma City city	100.0	7.2	10.0	21.0	11.4	9.0	25.3	6.0	3.3	6.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	.5	14.3	17.2	8.2	16.7	7.6	3.3	13.1	18.4
Phoenix city	100.0	5.2	6.3	30.4	7.5	9.8	19.9	4.3	8.3	7.8
Portland city	100.0	4.3	10.1	9.6	24.8	11.2	13.9	(³)	5.8	16.2
Sacramento city	100.0	6.8	7.5	30.4	4.5	13.4	25.7	1.0	5.3	5.4
San Antonio city	100.0	9.2	10.8	20.8	10.3	19.2	12.0	4.2	6.0	7.0
San Diego city	100.0	4.6	16.1	37.4	11.9	6.9	10.9	2.4	3.4	5.1
San Francisco County/city	100.0	3.6	15.9	44.8	7.2	9.6	8.1	2.4	2.6	5.8
San Jose city	100.0	8.6	13.8	25.8	5.2	23.4	2.7	2.3	8.0	10.0
Seattle city	100.0	10.0	13.4	29.2	13.3	11.8	(³)	7.4	5.5	4.6
Tulsa city	100.0	(³)	12.9	31.8	11.8	15.2	17.9	3.1	(³)	7.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	(³)	28.1	25.5	22.6	6.4	17.3	(³)	(³)	(³)
Washington city	100.0	9.5	19.6	40.0	4.2	8.1	12.6	1.0	2.2	2.8

¹ Includes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2005 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.9	5.3	5.6	6.0	5.2	5.1	3.1
Austin-Round Rock	4.5	5.4	2.8	1.8	(²)	4.2	(²)
Baltimore-Towson	4.5	6.1	5.5	3.6	8.1	4.2	4.6
Birmingham-Hoover	3.4	(²)	1.8	(²)	(²)	3.6	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.0	(²)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	4.4	8.3	5.2	5.4	(²)	4.4	2.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	5.6	(²)	6.6	4.4	(²)	4.0	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	5.1	3.4	8.5	6.4	11.1	6.1	2.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	5.4	8.3	5.8	4.9	7.4	6.1	4.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	3.8	5.5	2.4	2.1	2.9	2.6	1.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	5.2	10.3	5.5	6.1	3.4	5.8	1.8
Columbus	4.5	6.1	8.7	8.0	(²)	4.1	(²)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	5.2	5.2	3.9	3.4	5.0	5.8	4.1
Dayton	7.4	(²)	5.3	5.0	(²)	9.0	(²)
Denver-Aurora	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.9	4.3	4.2	3.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	6.9	11.5	5.2	4.9	6.8	8.5	2.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	4.4	(²)	3.1	2.8	(²)	7.6	(²)
Honolulu	2.6	4.4	4.5	(²)	(²)	2.4	2.3
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	5.0	7.0	5.5	4.1	6.9	5.1	4.5
Indianapolis-Carmel	4.9	8.0	3.6	5.1	1.4	7.3	.5
Jacksonville	3.2	3.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.9	(²)
Kansas City	6.0	7.9	3.9	3.7	4.2	8.8	6.0
Las Vegas-Paradise	3.9	4.0	6.5	(²)	(²)	5.0	2.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	4.4	5.9	4.0	3.4	4.9	4.4	4.7
Louisville-Jefferson County	6.2	8.7	6.0	5.4	6.8	4.4	5.2
Memphis	6.8	7.6	6.6	(²)	6.0	4.7	7.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.7	2.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	4.2	6.8	3.2	2.6	4.4	6.2	1.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	3.6	6.9	3.2	2.9	3.9	3.9	2.0
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	4.5	3.7	3.6	2.8	(²)	6.2	(²)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	5.6	4.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.3	(²)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	4.3	8.2	4.1	2.8	5.3	6.4	2.6
Oklahoma City	3.4	5.6	2.2	(²)	(²)	3.5	(²)
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.6	4.0	4.1	(²)	(²)	4.6	(²)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	4.5	4.6	4.0	4.2	3.9	6.3	3.8
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.5	4.6	1.4	1.1	(²)	3.5	3.5
Pittsburgh	4.7	11.1	5.5	5.6	(²)	2.7	3.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4.7	8.8	3.0	2.0	5.7	5.2	.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	4.9	12.4	5.1	5.4	(²)	5.0	(²)
Richmond	4.6	3.7	1.3	(²)	(²)	8.0	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	5.3	4.7	7.3	7.2	7.5	5.4	.9
Rochester	6.2	18.7	5.4	5.7	(²)	6.6	(²)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	4.5	5.9	3.5	(²)	(²)	5.7	(²)
Salt Lake City	4.1	5.0	3.9	4.6	(²)	5.4	2.9
San Antonio	4.2	3.0	2.3	(²)	(²)	4.5	(²)
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.1	2.6	1.2	1.0	(²)	6.5	(²)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	5.2	8.9	4.3	4.9	3.2	6.2	2.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.8	(²)	4.5	4.6	(²)	6.4	(²)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.5	9.7	4.3	3.6	6.5	3.8	3.7
St. Louis ³	4.9	6.7	3.9	3.6	4.3	4.7	2.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	4.0	3.7	4.3	3.9	(²)	3.9	(²)
Tulsa	3.3	(²)	2.9	(²)	(²)	4.7	(²)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	3.6	5.6	1.7	(²)	(²)	4.3	(²)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.6	2.7	3.2	4.3	(²)	3.3	3.3
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.9	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	4.1	9.0	5.9	4.4	(²)	4.6	5.1
Camden	3.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.0	(²)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	5.6	8.4	5.7	4.3	8.4	6.7	4.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	5.1	5.0	4.5	3.9	5.8	4.8	3.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	8.2	11.6	4.9	4.4	(²)	14.2	2.3
Edison-New Brunswick	3.7	3.1	1.5	(²)	(²)	6.3	(²)
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.7	6.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.6	(²)
Fort Worth-Arlington	5.4	5.6	2.9	2.4	3.7	7.8	4.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.7	5.8	4.4	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.4
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.9	2.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.8	2.9
Nassau-Suffolk	2.7	4.8	3.0	(²)	(²)	4.0	1.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.9	10.4	5.4	4.1	6.5	7.3	2.9
Newark-Union	4.7	9.1	4.3	(²)	5.1	5.7	3.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	5.4	8.6	2.2	1.9	2.6	6.3	1.5
Philadelphia	4.8	5.2	3.8	4.1	3.5	6.2	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.3	4.0	6.8	2.6	6.7	7.3	3.0
Austin-Round Rock	(2)	4.1	5.7	2.6	8.7	3.9	1.5
Baltimore-Towson	5.5	3.6	6.5	3.5	8.8	4.3	.8
Birmingham-Hoover	(2)	3.9	5.4	1.4	(2)	(2)	(2)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	(2)	(2)	5.1	2.4	(2)	(2)	(2)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	(2)	2.4	4.1	2.3	5.3	10.8	(2)
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	(2)	(2)	10.0	2.4	11.8	(2)	(2)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(2)	1.2	7.8	2.2	9.7	6.1	(2)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	8.5	3.6	5.7	3.4	8.5	4.6	2.7
Cincinnati-Middletown	(2)	3.5	6.0	3.1	7.6	(2)	(2)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(2)	3.5	7.6	3.2	8.0	7.1	(2)
Columbus	(2)	3.5	6.7	2.8	4.0	(2)	2.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	5.1	3.9	8.1	2.8	8.3	6.9	1.7
Dayton	(2)	(2)	8.6	4.8	13.1	(2)	(2)
Denver-Aurora	6.7	3.2	6.1	2.3	7.9	6.0	2.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	4.8	3.8	8.3	5.6	9.5	6.4	6.9
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	(2)	2.2	5.4	2.5	(2)	(2)	(2)
Honolulu	(2)	.7	3.1	1.8	4.0	2.6	.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	9.6	4.6	5.3	2.8	8.4	4.6	3.5
Indianapolis-Carmel	(2)	2.8	6.6	3.5	5.8	(2)	(2)
Jacksonville	(2)	1.9	(2)	3.0	(2)	(2)	(2)
Kansas City	2.6	3.4	7.7	3.4	9.2	3.2	8.7
Las Vegas-Paradise	(2)	2.2	6.8	3.0	3.4	3.2	.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	6.7	1.7	5.7	3.5	5.4	4.3	2.8
Louisville-Jefferson County	(2)	1.7	13.3	3.6	10.2	8.2	(2)
Memphis	(2)	5.9	13.7	5.4	8.0	2.9	(2)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	(2)	1.7	2.9	2.7	4.6	4.4	1.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	(2)	.9	6.4	3.2	7.3	(2)	(2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.0	1.2	4.1	2.2	7.5	4.3	1.5
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	(2)	3.1	6.3	3.2	3.6	(2)	2.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	(2)	(2)	4.7	4.1	11.6	(2)	(2)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	4.5	3.2	5.0	2.8	6.4	3.3	1.5
Oklahoma City	(2)	(2)	2.9	2.6	7.3	(2)	.3
Orlando-Kissimmee	(2)	1.5	2.8	3.3	3.2	5.2	(2)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.4	2.6	4.6	3.1	9.5	4.1	4.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	(2)	2.8	5.4	3.3	3.6	3.5	1.2
Pittsburgh	(2)	2.1	5.6	2.7	7.9	6.3	(2)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	(2)	4.1	6.2	3.2	5.6	6.0	3.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	(2)	3.5	6.9	1.7	6.6	(2)	(2)
Richmond	(2)	3.1	6.8	3.6	7.9	(2)	(2)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	12.4	4.6	7.6	3.6	6.0	5.9	3.9
Rochester	(2)	(2)	7.2	3.3	7.8	(2)	(2)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	(2)	1.7	4.6	3.1	8.9	(2)	1.5
Salt Lake City	(2)	2.3	5.3	2.9	5.7	(2)	(2)
San Antonio	(2)	2.1	5.8	3.8	9.4	(2)	2.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	(2)	.7	2.2	3.1	3.9	(2)	(2)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	4.8	3.8	5.7	3.8	6.7	4.6	3.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	(2)	3.7	4.3	2.1	8.9	(2)	(2)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.9	2.7	4.4	3.4	4.3	8.5	3.2
St. Louis ³	(2)	3.6	5.4	3.9	9.3	5.4	1.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	(2)	3.1	5.4	2.7	6.6	3.8	(2)
Tulsa	(2)	(2)	5.3	1.9	(2)	(2)	(2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	(2)	(2)	2.8	3.5	3.0	(2)	(2)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	1.4	1.5	2.5	2.3	4.4	2.5	1.5
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	(2)	.8	2.9	1.8	(2)	(2)	2.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	(2)	2.0	4.3	2.5	5.3	5.2	(2)
Camden	(2)	(2)	3.3	2.3	(2)	(2)	(2)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	8.2	3.7	5.8	3.6	8.8	5.0	2.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	5.6	4.1	7.0	2.6	10.1	7.4	1.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	(2)	1.3	9.5	8.2	9.0	13.0	6.8
Edison-New Brunswick	(2)	2.0	5.4	2.5	3.0	(2)	(2)
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	(2)	3.3	3.3	3.4	5.2	2.6	(2)
Fort Worth-Arlington	(2)	3.5	11.2	3.1	5.9	6.0	(2)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	7.2	1.6	5.2	3.7	5.9	4.7	3.1
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	(2)	1.0	2.2	2.8	4.8	(2)	(2)
Nassau-Suffolk	(2)	2.1	2.1	1.2	6.1	(2)	(2)
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.5	4.1	5.5	3.2	6.5	3.7	1.6
Newark-Union	(2)	1.2	6.1	3.2	10.5	1.9	1.3
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.7	3.8	5.9	5.1	8.7	6.6	5.4
Philadelphia	(2)	2.7	4.8	3.6	9.9	5.0	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan divisions:							
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.9	9.5	9.0	(2)	(2)	6.0	(2)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	3.5	6.1	2.8	2.0	(2)	2.4	(2)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.4	9.5	4.4	3.7	(2)	3.1	4.6
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	5.9	11.5	5.4	5.3	6.0	5.8	3.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.6	2.6	3.9	5.5	(2)	3.7	2.6
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach ...	3.3	2.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.7	(2)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	6.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.5	(2)
Austin city	4.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	2.3	(2)
Baltimore city	8.2	5.8	13.4	(2)	(2)	10.5	8.0
Boston city	7.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	10.8	(2)
Charlotte city	4.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	8.3	(2)
Chicago city	8.6	12.2	11.1	8.8	15.7	12.7	7.4
Cleveland city	12.7	(2)	18.2	17.6	(2)	19.1	(2)
Columbus city	5.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.4	(2)
Dallas city	5.3	3.9	3.6	3.4	(2)	5.6	(2)
Denver County/city	6.1	8.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	6.2	(2)
Detroit city	13.7	14.4	7.7	9.2	(2)	29.1	2.1
Fort Worth city	6.4	(2)	3.0	(2)	(2)	7.6	(2)
Houston city	5.2	7.3	8.3	5.9	11.1	1.9	3.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	7.5	12.7	4.0	(2)	(2)	10.8	(2)
Jacksonville city	4.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.4	(2)
Kansas City city	9.0	4.8	9.0	(2)	(2)	13.0	(2)
Las Vegas city	4.9	5.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.3	(2)
Los Angeles city	6.0	7.0	6.2	7.1	5.3	7.4	12.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city ...	6.8	(2)	5.9	(2)	(2)	5.2	(2)
Memphis city	8.7	9.2	11.7	(2)	(2)	9.4	9.8
Miami city	3.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Milwaukee city	6.3	(2)	3.5	2.1	5.5	14.0	(2)
Minneapolis city	4.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.8	(2)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	6.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	10.5	(2)
New Orleans city	8.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
New York city	5.4	11.8	7.2	3.8	10.0	8.5	2.8
Oakland city	8.3	10.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	9.5	(2)
Oklahoma City city	4.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.9	(2)
Philadelphia County/city	6.7	4.7	7.3	7.0	(2)	6.7	5.2
Phoenix city	4.5	6.2	1.1	(2)	(2)	4.0	(2)
Portland city	6.1	(2)	4.3	(2)	(2)	9.2	(2)
Sacramento city	6.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Antonio city	4.6	3.5	3.1	(2)	(2)	4.6	(2)
San Diego city	2.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	7.2	(2)
San Francisco County/city	6.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	7.8	(2)
San Jose city	4.8	(2)	3.6	3.7	(2)	4.8	(2)
Seattle city	6.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.7	(2)
St. Louis city	6.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Tulsa city	3.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Virginia Beach city	3.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Washington city	5.9	9.4	9.8	(2)	(2)	14.5	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan divisions:							
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	(²)	3.8	5.6	2.4	5.2	1.6	(²)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	(²)	1.8	6.7	2.4	4.2	2.7	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.1	3.2	4.4	3.3	4.1	10.2	2.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.3	5.1	7.5	3.4	9.9	3.6	(²)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	1.8	1.8	2.4	2.5	4.3	2.5	1.3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach ...	(²)	(²)	3.3	1.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	(²)	(²)	7.7	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	(²)	(²)	6.4	2.6	6.2	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	(²)	6.7	11.3	6.0	12.7	6.9	2.5
Boston city	(²)	5.1	9.4	5.0	12.7	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	(²)	(⁴)	(²)	2.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago city	7.7	3.5	9.3	5.6	13.3	8.7	1.3
Cleveland city	(²)	(²)	23.4	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Columbus city	(²)	2.8	7.5	4.2	3.9	(²)	(²)
Dallas city	(²)	3.7	6.9	1.4	7.1	(²)	(²)
Denver County/city	(²)	4.0	8.7	2.8	7.0	(²)	(²)
Detroit city	(²)	4.0	17.6	13.2	18.1	(²)	7.4
Fort Worth city	(²)	(²)	15.4	4.3	7.9	(²)	(²)
Houston city	(²)	7.4	6.5	2.3	9.2	4.0	(²)
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(²)	7.0	10.1	3.7	9.1	(²)	(²)
Jacksonville city	(²)	2.4	(²)	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City city	(²)	(²)	8.8	6.9	16.5	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	(²)	4.5	9.4	4.9	4.2	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles city	8.9	2.3	5.7	3.5	7.2	5.6	4.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city ...	(²)	2.3	14.2	3.8	10.5	(²)	(²)
Memphis city	(²)	(²)	12.4	7.0	10.4	(²)	(²)
Miami city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	(²)	(²)	10.7	5.4	10.8	(²)	(²)
Minneapolis city	(²)	(²)	2.8	3.1	6.0	(²)	(²)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	(²)	(²)	2.9	5.6	5.5	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York city	3.0	4.3	6.1	3.6	6.9	4.1	1.6
Oakland city	(²)	(²)	10.0	6.6	(²)	14.0	(²)
Oklahoma City city	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	(²)	2.5	8.4	5.5	13.5	(²)	6.5
Phoenix city	(²)	4.2	6.2	3.2	4.9	(²)	(²)
Portland city	(²)	4.0	8.3	3.1	6.3	(²)	(²)
Sacramento city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio city	(²)	1.6	7.1	3.6	10.1	(²)	(²)
San Diego city	(²)	(²)	1.8	3.5	1.8	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	(²)	4.1	4.6	2.6	7.6	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	(²)	(²)	4.6	2.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	(²)	(²)	4.6	6.3	6.1	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	2.4	2.9	6.7	5.9	7.1	4.4	2.6

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by

the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.6	8.9	9.0	4.8	4.3	15.8	6.6
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.2	7.0	9.7	8.4	1.3	15.5	2.7
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.5	8.1	6.5	3.8	2.7	12.8	4.8
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.6	8.5	9.7	6.8	2.9	17.0	4.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.7	6.6	9.2	6.2	3.0	14.2	4.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	6.2	12.0	8.3	3.8	14.1	4.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.7	3.9	14.5	9.2	5.2	18.8	4.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.2	9.2	11.1	6.2	4.9	17.7	5.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	6.8	12.2	8.0	4.2	14.5	6.7
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.4	6.0	16.0	9.2	6.8	15.7	6.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.5	4.8	15.9	12.0	3.9	14.5	4.8
Columbus	100.0	99.6	5.6	9.4	6.4	3.0	16.7	4.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.5	8.9	10.9	7.6	3.3	15.4	6.1
Dayton	100.0	99.5	5.7	18.9	14.3	4.6	11.7	7.0
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.4	9.6	7.5	4.1	3.5	14.3	6.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.8	5.8	20.6	17.8	2.8	13.8	4.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.7	6.8	12.6	10.6	2.0	12.8	4.4
Honolulu	100.0	98.9	7.7	3.6	2.0	1.5	14.5	6.3
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.6	10.0	10.5	5.4	5.2	15.4	7.1
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	8.2	15.5	8.9	6.6	14.2	5.1
Jacksonville	100.0	99.7	12.8	7.1	4.7	2.3	14.5	5.1
Kansas City	100.0	99.2	8.1	10.2	6.2	4.1	15.3	5.8
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	11.5	3.2	2.0	1.2	12.8	4.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.8	7.0	12.2	7.7	4.6	15.8	4.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.5	7.3	12.2	6.7	5.5	15.0	4.9
Memphis	100.0	99.2	9.7	8.5	4.1	4.4	14.7	12.3
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	9.6	5.2	2.8	2.5	17.9	6.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.3	7.2	17.4	11.5	5.8	13.9	5.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.5	6.0	13.8	9.3	4.5	16.3	5.0
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.8	6.6	12.0	8.2	3.8	15.2	3.8
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.6	9.2	5.0	2.3	2.7	14.7	6.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	5.8	7.4	3.5	3.9	13.1	6.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.2	7.4	7.8	6.0	1.8	14.3	4.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.9	10.6	5.7	4.7	1.0	17.4	4.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.1	6.9	11.0	5.8	5.2	14.2	5.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.4	11.0	8.1	6.1	2.0	14.8	5.4
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.3	6.0	10.5	7.9	2.6	15.5	5.5
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	99.0	6.7	13.9	10.0	3.9	16.8	5.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.3	6.5	14.2	9.9	4.3	16.9	3.6
Richmond	100.0	99.6	8.7	9.5	3.6	5.9	16.1	5.2
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.2	12.5	9.4	6.2	3.2	16.8	6.8
Rochester	100.0	98.7	5.0	15.8	11.5	4.3	18.4	4.7
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.5	12.4	5.8	4.5	1.2	15.6	3.9
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.8	9.1	9.7	6.9	2.8	16.7	6.2
San Antonio	100.0	99.0	9.4	6.4	3.3	3.1	16.7	4.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.7	7.8	8.6	6.9	1.7	13.5	4.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	7.2	8.0	5.2	2.8	12.4	5.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.6	4.1	21.1	19.3	1.8	12.7	2.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.5	6.7	11.5	8.9	2.7	16.4	5.6
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.3	6.5	11.4	6.9	4.5	16.6	5.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.9	8.4	7.5	5.3	2.2	16.3	4.3
Tulsa	100.0	99.1	7.1	12.9	8.9	4.0	14.8	5.5
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.8	10.2	9.6	6.6	3.0	15.5	4.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.5	9.3	3.8	2.6	1.2	10.3	3.8
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.4	7.5	4.5	3.5	1.0	11.3	2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	5.2	7.3	4.6	2.6	12.6	4.3
Camden	100.0	99.4	6.7	9.3	4.3	5.0	14.1	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.1	7.6	12.9	18.0	8.2	5.6	3.6
Austin-Round Rock	2.1	7.3	15.0	18.8	9.1	5.4	6.3
Baltimore-Towson	2.2	7.7	11.6	24.7	6.2	5.1	9.9
Birmingham-Hoover	3.0	10.1	10.1	21.1	6.1	4.7	3.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.6	8.8	14.7	25.0	7.3	4.1	3.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.0	12.6	12.5	21.2	7.1	4.1	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	2.5	6.1	8.6	24.2	7.3	3.4	6.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.1	12.0	10.4	15.6	8.6	4.5	2.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.3	8.6	12.9	18.8	8.6	4.8	3.5
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.0	7.3	10.1	19.4	9.9	3.6	3.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.8	8.2	8.7	25.6	8.0	4.3	2.8
Columbus	2.6	10.1	11.7	21.1	9.1	4.1	5.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.1	8.8	11.5	16.5	8.9	5.1	2.8
Dayton	3.0	5.4	8.9	18.4	10.0	5.2	5.3
Denver-Aurora	4.6	9.9	13.3	16.8	7.9	4.2	4.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.5	5.7	12.2	18.6	8.6	4.4	2.9
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.5	12.1	10.2	21.9	7.1	4.4	4.8
Honolulu	2.0	7.4	10.1	20.6	13.2	4.4	9.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.6	6.2	10.7	19.5	7.2	5.8	3.6
Indianapolis-Carmel	3.0	9.1	10.3	18.6	7.6	3.9	4.5
Jacksonville	1.7	14.6	10.3	17.2	7.9	5.1	3.5
Kansas City	4.5	8.7	10.1	18.4	8.9	5.6	3.4
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.8	7.9	10.4	11.9	28.8	4.3	3.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.9	8.5	12.4	17.5	9.3	5.8	2.8
Louisville-Jefferson County	2.4	9.1	8.4	22.3	9.1	5.2	3.4
Memphis	1.4	5.0	7.8	20.2	10.1	5.5	3.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.2	8.6	12.6	17.0	9.4	6.4	4.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.1	6.8	10.1	22.5	7.5	3.3	3.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.4	10.3	12.0	18.5	7.8	4.6	2.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.4	7.0	8.5	22.7	10.5	4.2	5.7
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	1.5	7.3	8.4	22.2	10.6	4.9	7.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.5	10.0	11.7	24.0	7.9	5.3	4.6
Oklahoma City	1.9	7.0	9.9	22.3	7.5	4.9	9.4
Orlando-Kissimmee	2.8	7.6	11.9	15.0	14.8	5.9	3.9
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.5	8.9	11.9	22.8	6.7	4.6	4.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.1	10.1	12.0	16.6	9.3	5.0	4.9
Pittsburgh	2.2	7.3	9.8	25.0	9.9	4.6	2.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.8	7.8	11.9	19.6	7.8	3.9	3.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.6	6.9	8.8	22.3	9.4	4.5	4.6
Richmond	1.9	12.5	8.7	19.4	7.9	4.3	5.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.8	7.4	7.8	17.1	9.7	4.6	4.2
Rochester	2.6	5.5	9.7	23.5	6.2	4.6	2.5
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	2.7	9.5	12.1	16.8	8.5	4.1	8.1
Salt Lake City	3.2	8.4	12.1	16.2	11.3	4.0	2.7
San Antonio	2.7	9.4	9.8	19.4	10.7	4.2	5.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.9	7.8	13.8	20.5	10.9	5.0	4.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.3	9.9	17.7	18.0	8.6	5.6	3.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.4	6.5	18.1	17.5	6.4	3.8	3.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.3	7.5	12.4	18.6	8.9	4.0	4.5
St. Louis ²	2.4	8.3	9.6	21.3	9.3	5.3	3.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.5	8.9	13.3	22.0	7.8	4.3	3.6
Tulsa	3.2	7.7	10.2	18.0	8.8	5.0	2.9
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.6	5.4	9.9	22.7	10.5	3.2	5.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.6	6.6	18.9	16.7	7.8	6.7	11.9
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	4.1	8.2	19.0	19.3	6.2	8.1	8.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.0	9.4	16.2	27.3	7.6	4.2	2.8
Camden	3.2	7.2	12.7	23.8	7.0	5.3	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	6.7	11.6	7.7	3.9	13.9	7.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.6	9.1	10.8	7.8	3.0	15.6	5.0
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	6.0	19.5	17.2	2.2	10.9	6.6
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.4	6.0	9.6	4.7	4.9	15.1	5.1
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	8.1	4.9	2.5	2.4	18.9	5.4
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.2	8.6	11.2	7.3	3.9	15.1	8.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	98.0	7.0	12.0	7.0	5.0	15.0	5.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	9.2	5.7	3.1	2.5	17.9	8.0
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	6.7	8.4	5.2	3.2	15.0	6.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	5.6	6.0	2.7	3.4	12.1	6.9
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	5.4	10.6	4.1	6.5	13.5	7.8
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	8.3	9.8	6.3	3.5	12.9	6.0
Philadelphia	100.0	99.1	6.6	11.7	6.5	5.2	14.4	5.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.6	5.8	5.7	3.7	2.0	11.7	4.6
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	99.9	7.3	12.8	9.6	3.2	17.8	3.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.6	5.8	12.3	9.8	2.5	16.5	5.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.7	5.7	21.4	18.2	3.2	15.6	3.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.6	9.9	3.6	2.3	1.2	10.0	4.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.7	12.3	4.9	2.4	2.5	16.4	4.6
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	7.1	2.7	1.6	1.1	16.8	4.9
Austin city	100.0	99.8	7.8	8.8	7.3	1.5	16.1	3.2
Baltimore city	100.0	99.8	8.1	6.2	2.9	3.3	10.3	5.7
Boston city	100.0	99.9	6.6	4.2	2.5	1.7	9.9	5.9
Charlotte city	100.0	99.1	11.7	8.0	5.7	2.3	15.3	4.0
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	4.7	9.5	6.5	3.0	10.6	7.1
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	3.4	17.5	15.0	2.5	12.1	5.3
Columbus city	100.0	99.9	3.9	7.3	5.0	2.2	14.8	6.0
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	11.3	11.5	8.6	2.9	13.9	3.9
Denver County/city	100.0	99.5	9.6	5.4	2.7	2.7	14.2	4.7
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	5.8	16.9	13.0	3.9	5.7	8.4
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.4	7.2	11.7	8.2	3.5	15.3	7.6
Houston city	100.0	100.0	10.2	9.5	5.2	4.3	14.4	8.1
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	8.9	13.8	7.7	6.1	12.6	5.9
Jacksonville city	100.0	99.7	11.6	7.5	5.5	2.0	15.7	4.4
Kansas City city	100.0	99.5	9.8	8.4	3.9	4.6	15.1	5.9
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	12.2	3.4	1.8	1.6	13.3	4.4
Los Angeles city	100.0	99.8	6.9	9.9	4.7	5.2	14.4	3.1
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	6.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	11.4	7.1	2.7	4.4	13.2	12.1
Miami city	100.0	100.0	22.8	6.3	4.0	2.4	16.4	4.7
Milwaukee city	100.0	99.8	5.7	17.3	10.2	7.1	10.7	4.7
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.9	3.1	5.6	4.2	1.4	12.6	4.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	7.1	5.4	2.2	3.2	12.5	3.4
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	7.1	3.6	.9	2.6	11.2	8.2
New York city	100.0	101.0	6.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	12.0	8.0
Oakland city	100.0	99.9	12.6	8.3	5.7	2.6	13.6	4.5
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.5	10.3	7.7	6.1	1.6	15.5	3.9
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	5.9	9.8	5.9	3.9	14.7	6.2
Phoenix city	100.0	99.6	12.1	7.9	5.3	2.6	14.8	4.6
Portland city	100.0	99.7	5.5	9.3	6.2	3.2	14.3	4.2
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	10.7	5.4	4.2	1.2	13.5	6.2
San Antonio city	100.0	99.2	9.7	6.4	3.5	3.0	16.0	4.6
San Diego city	100.0	99.5	6.2	7.0	5.4	1.6	14.6	2.7
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	5.6	5.0	2.8	2.2	11.8	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.5	8.9	13.1	18.9	8.8	4.7	3.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.7	9.5	13.1	16.0	7.6	5.2	2.9
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	1.9	5.2	12.9	20.7	9.6	3.2	3.5
Edison-New Brunswick	4.4	11.6	12.6	20.3	6.0	4.7	4.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	2.2	9.2	13.4	15.8	9.8	6.7	5.5
Fort Worth-Arlington	3.0	7.3	8.4	17.6	11.4	5.0	2.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	5.0	8.0	12.0	18.0	9.0	6.0	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.4	9.3	10.8	17.3	8.5	6.0	4.7
Nassau-Suffolk	2.8	8.1	12.4	25.4	6.3	3.3	5.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.5	10.3	10.6	25.2	9.2	6.0	4.5
Newark-Union	3.7	8.8	15.0	20.3	5.5	4.6	4.7
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.2	9.8	17.8	16.4	6.4	5.7	3.8
Philadelphia	2.3	9.0	12.1	22.9	6.3	4.6	4.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	3.6	9.9	17.5	20.1	11.8	5.4	3.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1.9	11.1	13.1	14.5	10.6	5.7	1.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.0	7.6	13.9	18.1	8.8	3.6	3.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.9	6.0	11.8	17.2	8.0	5.2	2.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.5	6.1	18.9	16.0	8.3	6.3	12.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.7	6.7	14.5	18.3	10.2	6.7	3.5
Cities:							
Atlanta city	5.6	5.6	18.0	16.8	11.4	4.6	6.3
Austin city	2.0	6.2	14.7	18.1	11.1	5.0	6.7
Baltimore city	1.7	6.0	11.5	29.6	6.5	5.3	8.9
Boston city	2.7	9.4	13.0	32.8	9.1	3.1	3.3
Charlotte city	2.0	16.1	10.7	14.6	8.5	6.8	1.4
Chicago city	2.0	8.2	13.4	20.6	11.1	5.8	7.0
Cleveland city .....	.6	6.1	10.3	24.7	8.6	6.5	4.7
Columbus city	2.9	11.4	11.3	21.3	10.9	4.6	5.5
Dallas city	4.0	9.0	16.0	13.8	8.8	5.4	2.3
Denver County/city	5.4	8.2	16.7	17.2	9.9	3.3	4.8
Detroit city	1.3	4.5	13.7	25.4	9.5	2.7	6.0
Fort Worth city	2.5	8.0	9.2	16.7	12.6	5.1	2.5
Houston city	1.5	5.5	11.9	18.7	8.9	6.9	2.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	2.9	8.1	11.9	19.9	7.5	3.5	4.8
Jacksonville city	1.3	16.3	11.3	18.1	5.7	6.2	1.6
Kansas City city	4.0	5.9	12.2	18.5	9.0	6.5	4.1
Las Vegas city	2.4	6.5	9.4	13.4	26.6	4.8	3.6
Los Angeles city	6.0	8.0	13.6	18.5	10.4	6.9	2.2
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	3.0	10.0	9.0	24.0	9.0	6.0	3.0
Memphis city	2.0	5.1	7.9	20.6	11.6	4.1	4.9
Miami city	(³)	8.1	10.5	8.1	11.8	7.3	4.0
Milwaukee city	2.1	6.6	10.2	28.0	6.9	3.7	3.9
Minneapolis city	3.3	10.6	13.3	26.2	12.8	5.3	3.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	5.3	8.0	10.3	25.9	10.6	3.8	7.5
New Orleans city	1.6	8.3	8.2	25.9	11.6	1.1	10.8
New York city	4.0	11.0	11.0	26.0	10.0	6.0	5.0
Oakland city	2.0	9.0	12.8	17.6	8.2	8.7	2.7
Oklahoma City city	1.5	5.4	10.5	19.8	8.1	6.6	8.5
Philadelphia County/city	1.4	8.4	11.9	23.9	6.6	5.2	6.1
Phoenix city	1.5	10.9	12.5	15.6	9.0	5.6	5.0
Portland city	1.9	7.1	15.1	24.1	10.1	3.9	4.2
Sacramento city	3.0	11.3	12.4	15.2	8.8	3.9	9.4
San Antonio city	2.9	10.5	9.7	18.2	11.1	4.5	5.1
San Diego city	3.1	8.1	17.9	18.2	13.4	4.4	4.0
San Francisco County/city	3.5	12.1	17.8	16.7	12.8	5.9	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Cities:								
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	4.9	19.9	18.4	1.5	13.5	2.5
Seattle city	100.0	99.4	3.7	6.7	4.7	2.0	11.8	4.4
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	3.3	11.3	4.6	6.7	13.0	4.4
Tulsa city	100.0	99.7	6.5	11.5	7.4	4.2	12.9	2.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	99.9	10.1	5.6	3.6	2.1	18.2	4.6
Washington city	100.0	99.9	3.6	1.3	.5	.8	5.6	3.5
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.4	14.7	11.2	6.4	4.8	16.8	8.7
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.4	11.6	11.8	10.3	1.5	16.5	3.8
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.4	14.7	10.2	6.2	4.0	13.3	6.2
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.3	14.6	15.0	10.3	4.7	17.6	7.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.5	11.4	12.2	8.8	3.4	15.3	6.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	11.1	15.7	11.1	4.6	14.2	6.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.4	6.3	23.2	14.6	8.6	17.8	6.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.0	16.1	13.6	8.4	5.2	19.1	7.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.6	11.0	16.2	11.1	5.1	15.5	8.6
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.4	10.1	20.4	12.7	7.7	16.7	9.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.5	8.7	21.1	16.0	5.1	16.0	7.6
Columbus	100.0	99.4	9.2	13.2	10.1	3.1	18.9	6.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.4	14.7	14.0	10.1	3.9	15.3	8.0
Dayton	100.0	99.5	9.6	26.1	19.5	6.6	12.9	11.2
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.4	14.9	9.6	5.3	4.2	15.0	7.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.7	9.4	29.0	26.1	2.8	15.1	5.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.6	11.7	17.0	14.7	2.4	14.6	6.1
Honolulu	100.0	98.7	13.5	4.0	2.6	1.4	13.6	8.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.4	16.3	14.3	7.9	6.3	15.3	9.7
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	13.7	20.9	12.8	8.0	14.7	6.7
Jacksonville	100.0	99.8	21.8	9.2	5.7	3.5	15.9	6.6
Kansas City	100.0	98.6	13.9	13.0	8.5	4.5	16.8	8.7
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	18.5	4.1	2.8	1.3	12.0	5.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.8	11.1	13.9	9.6	4.4	17.1	6.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.5	12.7	15.9	10.4	5.6	17.3	7.1
Memphis	100.0	99.3	16.6	10.4	4.5	5.9	14.6	16.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	15.9	5.3	3.1	2.2	18.6	8.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	98.7	12.3	24.6	17.9	6.7	13.0	8.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.4	10.2	18.3	12.3	6.0	17.9	6.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.7	10.8	13.8	9.3	4.4	17.8	5.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.1	16.2	7.8	3.3	4.5	14.7	10.4
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.8	10.0	8.7	4.5	4.3	14.1	9.5
Oklahoma City	100.0	98.8	11.6	10.3	8.6	1.7	16.8	7.0
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	100.0	16.9	7.3	6.3	1.0	17.7	6.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	98.6	12.0	14.7	8.0	6.7	14.4	8.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.2	16.6	10.3	7.6	2.7	15.2	7.3
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.2	10.9	16.3	12.3	4.0	15.7	8.5
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.6	10.3	19.8	14.8	5.0	17.6	7.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	98.9	10.8	17.8	13.3	4.6	18.1	5.2
Richmond	100.0	99.2	15.5	12.8	5.0	7.8	16.6	8.3
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.1	19.9	12.9	8.7	4.3	17.7	9.3
Rochester	100.0	98.1	9.1	22.1	16.2	5.8	19.6	6.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.3	20.5	8.5	6.7	1.9	15.5	5.7
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.7	15.5	12.1	8.9	3.2	17.3	8.6
San Antonio	100.0	98.8	15.2	7.8	4.8	3.0	17.9	7.4
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.6	12.7	10.9	9.3	1.6	14.4	6.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	11.5	9.5	6.7	2.8	11.8	7.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.5	6.1	25.0	22.1	2.9	15.3	3.4
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.4	11.3	15.3	12.5	2.8	17.0	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Cities:							
San Jose city	1.3	6.5	20.1	16.2	7.1	4.0	3.9
Seattle city	4.3	6.5	18.2	25.8	11.4	3.3	3.3
St. Louis city	4.6	9.7	9.6	23.1	10.1	5.0	6.0
Tulsa city	4.0	7.1	14.8	21.5	10.5	3.9	2.3
Virginia Beach city	4.2	6.9	12.4	22.5	10.2	2.3	2.9
Washington city	5.2	6.8	20.6	18.2	9.9	9.1	16.1
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.0	5.8	14.3	8.5	7.5	5.0	3.6
Austin-Round Rock	2.4	6.4	15.7	12.0	9.2	4.7	4.8
Baltimore-Towson	2.5	7.1	12.9	11.5	5.9	5.2	10.0
Birmingham-Hoover	3.1	7.2	10.0	9.1	5.3	4.7	3.3
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.4	8.3	15.9	13.6	6.9	3.2	4.0
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.4	14.4	14.6	9.4	5.5	2.6	3.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	3.4	4.5	9.4	10.8	6.3	2.0	9.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.1	9.7	10.3	6.0	7.3	4.6	2.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.2	7.9	13.7	8.6	8.5	3.9	3.5
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.8	6.9	10.8	6.7	9.4	4.0	2.6
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	2.4	6.3	9.4	11.7	8.7	3.9	3.4
Columbus	2.7	7.9	13.2	10.7	8.9	3.6	4.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.7	6.7	11.5	7.8	8.9	4.9	2.2
Dayton	1.6	3.3	10.2	7.4	8.4	4.0	4.8
Denver-Aurora	4.6	9.1	14.4	8.4	7.3	3.2	4.6
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.7	4.3	12.5	7.3	8.0	3.6	2.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.8	10.2	9.8	12.7	6.5	3.3	4.7
Honolulu	2.3	6.7	11.6	11.7	12.9	4.6	9.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.7	4.5	10.9	8.2	6.9	5.1	3.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	3.7	7.5	10.0	8.4	6.5	4.5	3.3
Jacksonville	2.8	12.0	10.8	6.5	5.7	4.7	3.8
Kansas City	5.3	6.8	10.5	6.9	8.0	5.4	3.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.9	6.9	11.2	5.5	27.1	3.9	3.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.9	7.6	12.8	10.1	9.3	5.1	2.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	3.2	8.2	7.5	11.1	6.9	5.9	3.2
Memphis .....	.2	4.3	8.2	9.7	9.7	5.3	4.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.5	8.2	12.5	8.7	9.3	5.7	4.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.3	6.9	10.3	8.0	7.5	2.8	3.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.8	9.2	12.7	8.5	6.8	3.9	2.3
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.1	6.7	9.3	13.6	9.5	4.7	5.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	2.8	5.5	8.6	9.3	8.6	4.8	7.8
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.9	10.7	12.6	12.2	8.2	4.6	5.4
Oklahoma City	1.6	5.0	10.3	12.1	6.6	4.7	10.5
Orlando-Kissimmee	2.6	7.1	13.2	6.1	12.4	6.2	4.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	3.0	7.5	12.6	11.5	6.2	3.9	4.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.1	7.6	14.1	8.1	9.2	4.2	4.5
Pittsburgh	2.7	6.1	10.4	12.2	8.8	3.9	3.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.5	5.4	12.7	9.8	6.6	3.3	3.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.9	5.4	10.1	11.1	8.5	4.5	5.3
Richmond	1.6	12.4	7.7	7.9	7.3	3.0	6.0
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	3.1	5.5	7.9	7.0	8.4	4.4	2.9
Rochester	2.0	3.8	10.5	10.2	6.6	4.6	3.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	2.8	6.4	13.6	8.8	7.1	4.1	6.4
Salt Lake City	3.1	6.2	12.7	8.6	9.1	3.9	2.2
San Antonio	2.1	9.1	10.5	9.6	9.8	4.4	4.4
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.0	6.3	15.9	10.5	10.6	3.7	5.2
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.9	9.2	18.7	9.6	9.5	5.6	3.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.8	5.9	21.2	9.1	4.5	2.7	2.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.1	5.3	13.8	10.1	7.8	3.1	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
St. Louis ²	100.0	98.9	11.0	15.4	9.9	5.5	17.4	7.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.7	13.8	10.0	7.2	2.8	18.3	5.9
Tulsa	100.0	99.6	12.3	17.4	12.0	5.4	16.3	7.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.7	19.0	13.2	10.3	2.8	16.6	6.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.4	15.5	4.8	3.6	1.2	11.6	5.4
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.3	11.7	6.3	5.0	1.2	13.4	3.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.8	9.4	9.4	6.5	2.9	13.3	6.8
Camden	100.0	98.9	12.0	12.9	5.6	7.3	14.3	9.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.5	10.8	15.4	10.5	4.9	14.9	9.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.5	15.0	13.1	10.0	3.1	15.1	6.7
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	9.8	29.2	26.0	3.3	11.6	7.3
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.2	9.6	11.4	6.2	5.2	15.9	7.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	14.4	4.9	2.6	2.3	19.6	8.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.0	14.1	15.5	10.2	5.3	15.8	10.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	98.0	11.0	13.0	9.0	5.0	16.0	7.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	14.5	5.2	3.1	2.1	19.8	10.4
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	11.3	9.6	6.3	3.3	15.0	9.9
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	9.9	6.8	3.3	3.5	13.3	9.7
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	9.5	13.7	5.9	7.8	14.4	10.1
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	13.0	11.7	8.3	3.4	12.6	7.7
Philadelphia	100.0	98.4	11.6	15.4	9.0	6.4	14.5	8.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.7	9.5	6.4	4.4	2.0	10.6	6.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	99.9	10.9	15.1	12.2	2.9	19.4	4.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.6	10.0	16.0	13.4	2.6	16.5	7.4
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.6	9.1	28.8	26.2	2.6	17.3	4.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.4	16.6	4.4	3.2	1.2	11.1	5.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.6	20.7	6.0	3.7	2.3	14.8	6.7
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	12.4	3.3	1.8	1.5	15.4	8.3
Austin city	100.0	99.8	12.9	9.4	7.9	1.5	16.7	4.7
Baltimore city	100.0	99.5	16.1	9.6	4.6	5.1	13.7	8.8
Boston city	100.0	100.0	13.0	2.7	2.0	.8	9.0	8.8
Charlotte city	100.0	98.8	20.1	10.2	8.0	2.2	17.2	5.7
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	8.1	12.4	8.7	3.8	10.5	9.6
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	6.6	24.4	23.5	1.0	13.3	9.5
Columbus city	100.0	99.9	7.4	10.6	8.8	1.8	16.5	10.6
Dallas city	100.0	99.9	19.6	13.7	10.5	3.2	12.9	5.1
Denver County/city	100.0	99.9	14.4	7.0	3.8	3.2	16.5	5.6
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	10.3	26.1	20.7	5.4	7.1	10.8
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.4	12.4	15.6	11.7	3.9	15.5	9.6
Houston city	100.0	99.9	16.5	12.2	8.3	3.9	15.4	11.0
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	16.0	19.3	11.6	7.8	12.0	7.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	21.5	9.3	5.9	3.4	18.6	5.2
Kansas City city	100.0	99.0	17.7	10.2	5.2	5.0	17.1	7.2
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	19.8	3.8	2.3	1.6	12.9	5.6
Los Angeles city	100.0	99.7	11.5	10.8	5.6	5.3	15.0	4.7
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	11.0	14.0	9.0	5.0	16.0	7.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	19.6	10.7	3.7	7.0	11.8	14.2
Miami city	100.0	100.0	35.2	7.1	4.5	2.6	13.9	2.4
Milwaukee city	100.0	99.6	10.9	23.6	15.0	8.6	10.6	7.0
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.7	5.2	8.7	7.2	1.5	12.2	6.9
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	11.8	6.3	1.7	4.6	13.8	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
St. Louis ²	1.8	7.0	10.9	10.4	8.7	5.3	3.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	3.2	7.1	13.0	12.4	7.6	3.8	3.6
Tulsa	1.6	5.6	11.2	8.1	8.4	4.9	2.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.9	3.0	10.8	8.7	9.4	3.0	7.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.7	5.8	20.2	8.3	7.4	4.6	11.9
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	4.8	7.6	21.2	10.6	5.6	4.3	9.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.0	9.4	17.5	16.6	7.7	3.2	3.5
Camden	2.7	5.4	13.1	12.2	8.3	4.0	4.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.5	8.2	13.8	8.6	8.9	3.8	3.6
Dallas-Plano-Irving	5.5	7.3	13.9	7.5	7.5	5.0	2.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	2.5	3.6	12.7	9.1	9.1	2.6	2.4
Edison-New Brunswick	5.3	13.2	12.7	8.9	6.2	4.0	4.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.0	8.4	13.9	6.7	10.3	5.7	5.1
Fort Worth-Arlington	3.2	5.5	7.0	8.4	11.3	4.5	1.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	5.0	7.0	13.0	11.0	9.0	5.0	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.7	8.2	10.2	10.2	7.8	5.7	5.1
Nassau-Suffolk	3.2	7.9	13.3	13.8	6.0	2.9	7.2
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.5	11.3	11.5	13.1	10.2	5.3	5.4
Newark-Union	4.7	8.5	16.5	9.7	4.2	4.1	4.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.3	8.6	19.4	8.8	6.3	5.8	2.8
Philadelphia	3.2	7.8	12.8	11.6	5.4	4.0	4.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.7	10.2	17.9	10.6	13.8	5.4	4.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1.6	10.6	12.7	7.7	11.0	5.0	1.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.9	5.7	15.0	10.1	8.0	2.9	3.0
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.8	4.7	12.3	6.2	7.2	4.2	2.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.4	5.3	20.0	7.6	7.9	4.7	12.5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.3	8.0	15.0	8.7	10.9	5.5	2.1
Cities:							
Atlanta city	4.4	8.4	19.3	10.6	8.0	4.3	5.2
Austin city	2.5	6.3	15.4	12.7	11.5	3.3	4.6
Baltimore city	1.8	4.7	11.2	12.9	6.3	6.6	7.9
Boston city	3.3	10.0	12.3	22.7	11.1	2.0	5.0
Charlotte city	1.3	14.0	9.5	5.9	6.1	7.3	1.4
Chicago city	1.6	7.0	14.3	11.1	13.8	4.6	6.9
Cleveland city .....	.3	6.7	8.0	10.6	10.2	4.5	5.4
Columbus city	3.2	10.0	11.8	11.0	12.1	3.1	3.5
Dallas city	4.8	7.9	15.7	4.8	8.4	4.8	2.2
Denver County/city	4.3	8.9	16.9	10.0	9.5	3.2	3.6
Detroit city	2.8	2.2	14.7	11.8	9.8	1.5	2.9
Fort Worth city	2.9	5.6	9.0	9.6	12.4	3.5	1.6
Houston city	1.3	3.3	13.2	7.7	9.0	6.2	2.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	4.3	4.8	10.8	9.4	7.3	4.3	3.9
Jacksonville city	1.4	13.8	11.5	7.3	5.5	4.3	1.6
Kansas City city	4.5	2.3	14.3	5.4	8.1	7.9	4.3
Las Vegas city	2.1	5.2	10.4	5.5	27.0	4.5	3.2
Los Angeles city	6.3	6.9	14.0	12.5	10.9	5.2	1.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	3.0	9.0	8.0	14.0	7.0	7.0	3.0
Memphis city .....	.4	3.4	8.1	9.4	13.8	3.9	4.4
Miami city	(³)	8.4	8.0	4.8	8.3	6.8	5.3
Milwaukee city	2.7	8.5	12.3	9.6	7.1	3.2	4.1
Minneapolis city	4.7	12.3	12.8	18.4	14.6	2.8	1.2
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	5.1	7.5	12.3	17.3	10.7	3.8	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Cities:								
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	13.9	6.9	1.0	5.9	11.9	12.2
New York city	100.0	101.0	10.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	13.0	10.0
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	24.2	7.9	6.1	1.9	14.0	5.7
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.3	14.8	10.9	9.1	1.8	18.2	5.8
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	11.2	14.3	8.5	5.8	15.4	10.1
Phoenix city	100.0	99.6	18.1	9.7	6.6	3.1	15.5	5.9
Portland city	100.0	99.3	8.8	13.7	9.0	4.6	17.4	5.9
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	16.0	8.4	6.5	1.9	14.1	7.9
San Antonio city	100.0	99.1	15.8	7.4	4.7	2.7	16.6	6.9
San Diego city	100.0	99.7	11.1	8.3	7.0	1.4	15.5	3.9
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	9.1	4.2	2.2	2.0	10.8	7.8
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	7.4	23.1	20.6	2.5	16.1	3.6
Seattle city	100.0	99.4	6.8	8.1	6.8	1.3	12.9	6.0
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	6.5	14.5	7.0	7.5	10.8	6.0
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	11.9	16.7	11.1	5.6	13.1	4.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	99.8	18.7	9.4	6.9	2.5	18.8	6.0
Washington city	100.0	99.9	6.5	1.6	.8	.8	6.1	4.9
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.7	2.1	6.5	2.9	3.6	14.6	4.2
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	98.9	1.3	7.2	6.2	1.1	14.3	1.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.6	1.2	2.8	1.5	1.4	12.3	3.4
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.9	1.4	3.7	2.8	.9	16.2	1.3
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	1.4	6.0	3.4	2.6	13.1	1.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	.4	7.6	4.9	2.7	13.9	1.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	100.0	1.5	6.2	4.2	2.0	19.8	1.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.5	1.1	8.2	3.7	4.5	16.2	3.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	1.8	7.4	4.4	3.0	13.2	4.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.4	1.9	11.4	5.5	6.0	14.7	2.9
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.5	.5	10.3	7.6	2.6	12.9	1.9
Columbus	100.0	99.8	1.7	5.4	2.5	3.0	14.4	1.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.6	1.6	7.1	4.4	2.7	15.5	3.7
Dayton	100.0	99.6	1.7	11.7	9.1	2.6	10.5	2.7
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.3	3.1	5.1	2.6	2.5	13.4	3.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.9	1.5	10.6	7.8	2.8	12.2	3.5
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.8	1.8	8.0	6.4	1.7	11.0	2.5
Honolulu	100.0	99.2	1.6	3.1	1.4	1.6	15.5	4.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.9	2.2	5.9	2.2	3.7	15.5	3.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	1.8	9.1	4.3	4.8	13.6	3.2
Jacksonville	100.0	99.6	3.1	4.8	3.7	1.0	13.0	3.5
Kansas City	100.0	99.9	1.4	7.1	3.5	3.6	13.5	2.6
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	2.4	2.0	1.0	1.1	13.8	2.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.8	1.5	10.0	5.2	4.8	14.1	2.5
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.5	1.7	8.3	3.0	5.4	12.5	2.7
Memphis	100.0	99.0	1.9	6.2	3.6	2.6	14.8	8.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	2.0	5.2	2.3	2.8	17.1	3.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.8	1.8	9.8	4.9	4.8	14.8	3.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.6	1.4	8.8	6.0	2.8	14.5	2.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	1.3	9.8	6.8	3.0	12.1	2.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	2.8	2.5	1.4	1.1	14.6	3.3
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	.9	6.0	2.4	3.6	12.0	3.4
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.8	2.3	4.8	2.8	2.0	11.2	2.2
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.9	2.9	3.6	2.7	1.0	17.0	2.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.8	1.2	6.9	3.3	3.6	14.0	2.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.6	3.6	5.3	4.1	1.2	14.1	3.0
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.5	.9	4.3	3.3	1.1	15.3	2.3
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	99.5	2.6	7.2	4.6	2.5	15.8	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Cities:							
New Orleans city	2.8	8.0	10.3	10.8	8.2	1.1	10.6
New York city	3.0	12.0	11.0	14.0	12.0	5.0	6.0
Oakland city .....	.5	9.1	15.8	6.5	4.9	10.3	1.0
Oklahoma City city	1.3	2.3	10.3	11.4	8.1	5.6	8.9
Philadelphia County/city	2.5	5.5	12.3	14.4	5.5	3.3	5.6
Phoenix city	1.8	7.6	14.5	7.3	9.8	5.4	4.0
Portland city	1.3	4.6	16.9	13.8	9.3	3.9	3.8
Sacramento city	3.0	7.6	12.6	10.3	11.5	2.7	6.0
San Antonio city	2.6	10.4	11.1	9.0	10.0	4.4	4.1
San Diego city	2.9	7.0	21.5	9.8	12.3	2.7	4.5
San Francisco County/city	3.9	13.5	15.8	8.0	16.4	6.3	4.1
San Jose city	1.5	6.6	23.0	7.9	5.5	2.9	2.6
Seattle city	5.5	6.0	15.5	20.2	12.7	3.2	2.5
St. Louis city	5.1	6.6	12.3	12.2	14.7	3.4	8.0
Tulsa city	2.8	5.5	17.7	9.5	11.5	3.6	.8
Virginia Beach city	4.3	3.7	16.7	9.0	7.2	2.0	4.0
Washington city	5.9	7.4	21.5	12.4	11.0	7.3	15.3
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.2	9.7	11.4	29.0	9.0	6.3	3.6
Austin-Round Rock	1.8	8.3	14.1	27.1	9.1	6.2	8.1
Baltimore-Towson	2.0	8.3	10.4	38.1	6.4	4.9	9.8
Birmingham-Hoover	2.9	13.5	10.3	35.1	7.0	4.7	3.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.7	9.4	13.4	37.3	7.8	5.0	2.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	2.4	10.5	10.1	35.1	9.0	5.9	3.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	1.7	7.6	7.8	36.9	8.3	4.7	3.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.1	14.6	10.6	26.7	10.2	4.4	2.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.5	9.6	11.8	31.1	8.8	5.9	3.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	1.2	7.6	9.5	32.6	10.4	3.3	3.9
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.3	10.1	7.9	40.7	7.2	4.7	2.1
Columbus	2.5	12.5	10.0	32.2	9.3	4.7	6.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	3.3	11.4	11.4	27.6	8.9	5.4	3.5
Dayton	4.5	7.5	7.6	29.5	11.7	6.5	5.8
Denver-Aurora	4.5	10.9	12.0	27.0	8.6	5.3	5.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.3	7.4	11.9	32.1	9.5	5.4	3.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.2	14.1	10.5	31.7	7.6	5.6	4.8
Honolulu	1.7	8.1	8.6	29.9	13.6	4.2	8.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.5	8.3	10.3	33.4	7.5	6.6	3.3
Indianapolis-Carmel	2.3	10.9	10.5	30.7	8.8	3.3	5.8
Jacksonville .....	.6	17.3	9.9	28.7	10.2	5.5	3.1
Kansas City	3.7	10.7	9.8	31.5	10.0	5.9	3.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.8	9.2	9.3	20.2	31.0	4.9	2.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.8	9.6	11.9	27.0	9.4	6.8	3.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	1.5	10.0	9.3	34.0	11.4	4.6	3.5
Memphis	2.8	5.9	7.2	32.3	10.6	5.7	3.6
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	1.8	9.2	12.6	26.9	9.4	7.2	5.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.0	6.6	9.9	37.6	7.5	3.9	2.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.0	11.6	11.1	29.6	8.8	5.5	3.4
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.9	7.3	7.5	34.0	11.9	3.7	6.4
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner .....	.3	8.9	8.3	34.0	12.4	5.1	6.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island ..	3.1	9.1	10.6	37.6	7.5	6.0	3.6
Oklahoma City	2.3	9.3	9.3	34.6	8.6	5.2	8.1
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.0	8.1	10.3	26.1	17.9	5.5	3.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.9	10.6	11.2	35.3	7.1	5.4	3.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.1	13.3	9.1	28.0	9.5	6.0	5.3
Pittsburgh	1.8	8.6	9.3	38.6	11.0	5.4	2.0
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.2	10.5	11.1	30.6	9.2	4.7	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.7	2.0	10.5	6.4	4.1	15.5	1.9
Richmond	100.0	100.0	1.4	6.0	2.1	3.9	15.6	1.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.3	2.7	4.7	2.9	1.8	15.6	3.6
Rochester	100.0	99.3	.7	9.3	6.6	2.7	17.1	3.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.7	2.8	2.5	2.0	.5	15.8	1.8
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.9	1.1	6.7	4.4	2.3	15.9	3.2
San Antonio	100.0	99.2	2.1	4.7	1.4	3.3	15.2	1.5
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.7	2.0	6.0	4.2	1.8	12.4	1.5
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	2.0	6.3	3.4	2.9	13.1	3.1
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.6	1.8	16.5	16.1	.4	9.6	1.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.5	1.1	7.0	4.6	2.5	15.7	3.2
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.7	1.7	7.3	3.7	3.5	15.7	3.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	99.2	2.5	4.6	3.2	1.5	14.2	2.5
Tulsa	100.0	98.6	1.1	7.8	5.4	2.4	13.2	3.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.9	1.7	6.2	3.0	3.2	14.4	2.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.7	2.2	2.6	1.5	1.1	8.8	1.9
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.6	2.6	2.5	1.7	.8	8.8	1.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	.9	5.0	2.7	2.3	11.9	1.7
Camden	100.0	99.9	.8	5.3	2.7	2.6	13.8	3.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	1.9	6.9	4.3	2.6	12.8	4.7
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.7	1.8	7.9	4.9	2.9	16.2	2.9
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	1.7	8.4	7.3	1.1	10.2	5.9
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.7	1.6	7.5	2.8	4.7	14.0	2.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	1.5	5.0	2.5	2.6	18.1	2.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.4	1.3	5.6	3.5	2.1	14.3	5.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	98.0	1.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	13.0	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	2.2	6.3	3.1	3.2	15.4	4.9
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	1.8	7.2	4.1	3.1	15.0	2.5
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	100.0	.5	5.1	2.0	3.2	10.6	3.7
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	.6	6.9	1.9	4.9	12.4	5.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.9	2.5	7.4	3.9	3.6	13.2	3.9
Philadelphia	100.0	99.9	1.1	7.7	3.8	3.9	14.2	2.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.6	1.2	4.7	2.8	2.0	13.0	1.9
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	2.2	9.6	6.0	3.5	15.7	2.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.6	.8	7.9	5.6	2.4	16.5	2.9
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.8	1.4	12.1	8.1	3.9	13.6	1.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.8	2.1	2.6	1.4	1.2	8.8	2.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.8	2.3	3.6	.9	2.7	18.3	2.1
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	1.4	2.0	1.4	.6	18.4	1.2
Austin city	100.0	99.7	1.3	8.0	6.6	1.4	15.3	1.3
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	.5	2.9	1.3	1.6	7.1	2.8
Boston city	100.0	99.8	.7	5.6	3.0	2.6	10.7	3.2
Charlotte city	100.0	99.5	1.7	5.3	2.9	2.4	13.0	2.1
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	.6	6.1	3.9	2.2	10.6	4.2
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	(³)	10.2	6.1	4.1	10.9	.9
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	.5	3.9	1.3	2.6	13.1	1.4
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	.8	8.8	6.2	2.5	15.3	2.4
Denver County/city	100.0	99.1	3.2	3.2	1.1	2.1	11.2	3.5
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	1.8	8.5	6.1	2.4	4.4	6.2
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.5	.5	6.7	3.6	3.1	15.2	5.0
Houston city	100.0	100.0	1.9	6.0	1.3	4.7	13.2	4.4
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	.5	7.2	3.1	4.1	13.4	3.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.3	8.5	7.4	34.0	10.4	4.4	3.8
Richmond	2.3	12.7	9.7	31.5	8.5	5.6	4.9
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.3	10.0	7.8	30.5	11.5	4.8	6.1
Rochester	3.2	7.3	8.8	37.4	5.8	4.6	1.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	2.5	13.1	10.3	26.4	10.2	4.0	10.2
Salt Lake City	3.3	11.0	11.3	25.6	14.0	4.1	3.4
San Antonio	3.5	9.8	9.0	31.8	11.8	3.9	5.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.8	9.5	11.4	31.9	11.1	6.6	4.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	2.6	10.6	16.3	28.3	7.6	5.5	4.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.0	7.2	14.3	27.5	8.6	5.2	4.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	2.3	10.2	10.9	28.8	10.1	5.0	5.3
St. Louis ²	2.9	9.6	8.2	32.6	9.8	5.4	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1.8	10.9	13.6	32.4	8.1	4.9	3.7
Tulsa	4.9	10.1	9.1	29.2	9.2	5.0	4.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.4	7.8	9.1	36.3	11.6	3.5	4.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.5	7.4	17.4	26.4	8.3	9.1	11.9
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	3.4	8.9	16.4	29.4	6.9	12.4	7.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.0	9.5	14.8	38.4	7.5	5.2	2.1
Camden	3.7	9.2	12.3	36.5	5.7	6.8	2.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.6	9.9	12.1	31.3	8.7	5.8	3.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	3.7	12.3	12.1	26.6	7.6	5.3	3.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	1.1	7.1	13.0	33.8	10.1	3.8	4.9
Edison-New Brunswick	3.2	9.7	12.6	34.2	5.7	5.7	3.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.4	10.1	12.8	25.5	9.3	7.8	6.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	2.7	9.7	10.1	29.8	11.5	5.6	3.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.0	9.0	11.0	28.0	9.0	7.0	4.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.0	10.8	11.6	26.6	9.5	6.3	4.3
Nassau-Suffolk	2.4	8.4	11.3	38.0	6.8	3.7	2.8
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.4	9.1	9.5	39.2	8.2	6.9	3.6
Newark-Union	2.6	9.2	13.3	32.9	7.0	5.2	5.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.0	11.4	15.9	25.8	6.4	5.5	5.0
Philadelphia	1.4	10.3	11.2	35.3	7.3	5.3	4.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.2	9.5	17.0	31.9	9.3	5.5	3.3
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.3	11.7	13.7	24.1	10.0	6.6	1.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	2.9	9.8	12.5	27.6	9.7	4.4	4.7
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	3.1	7.6	11.2	30.9	9.0	6.4	2.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.5	7.0	17.8	25.5	8.8	8.1	13.3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	2.2	5.0	14.0	29.7	9.3	8.1	5.1
Cities:							
Atlanta city	7.0	2.4	16.5	23.5	15.1	4.9	7.6
Austin city	1.4	6.1	13.9	25.1	10.7	7.3	9.3
Baltimore city	1.6	7.2	11.7	45.5	6.6	4.1	9.9
Boston city	2.2	8.8	13.6	42.0	7.2	4.1	1.7
Charlotte city	2.8	18.5	12.1	24.9	11.4	6.3	1.5
Chicago city	2.6	9.6	12.3	31.6	7.9	7.3	7.1
Cleveland city	1.0	5.5	12.7	39.6	6.8	8.5	4.0
Columbus city	2.6	12.8	10.8	31.4	9.7	6.2	7.5
Dallas city	3.1	10.3	16.4	25.1	9.4	6.2	2.4
Denver County/city	6.9	7.4	16.4	26.6	10.4	3.4	6.4
Detroit city	(³)	6.5	12.9	37.8	9.2	3.9	8.8
Fort Worth city	2.0	11.1	9.4	25.7	13.0	7.2	3.6
Houston city	1.8	8.4	10.3	33.1	8.7	7.8	2.6
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	1.3	12.0	13.3	32.4	7.7	2.6	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Cities:								
Jacksonville city	100.0	99.3	1.3	5.7	5.0	0.6	12.8	3.6
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	1.4	6.4	2.3	4.1	12.9	4.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	1.9	2.9	1.2	1.7	13.8	2.8
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	1.0	8.7	3.5	5.2	13.5	.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	99.0	1.0	6.0	2.0	5.0	13.0	3.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	2.6	3.2	1.6	1.6	14.6	9.9
Miami city	100.0	100.0	2.3	5.2	3.2	2.0	20.5	8.4
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	.9	11.4	5.7	5.7	10.7	2.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	.8	2.2	.8	1.4	13.0	.7
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	1.9	4.3	2.7	1.7	11.0	1.3
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	1.6	.9	.9	(³)	10.7	5.0
New York city	100.0	101.0	(³)	4.0	2.0	3.0	10.0	4.0
Oakland city	100.0	99.7	(³)	8.6	5.2	3.4	13.1	3.2
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.7	4.3	3.5	2.1	1.4	11.9	1.4
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	1.4	6.0	3.7	2.3	14.1	2.7
Phoenix city	100.0	99.6	3.4	5.4	3.4	2.0	14.0	2.7
Portland city	100.0	100.0	2.0	4.8	3.2	1.6	11.0	2.5
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	3.9	1.7	1.3	.4	12.8	4.1
San Antonio city	100.0	99.5	1.5	5.1	1.9	3.2	15.4	1.7
San Diego city	100.0	99.4	.6	5.5	3.5	1.9	13.7	1.2
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	1.2	6.1	3.7	2.4	13.1	2.0
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	1.9	16.2	15.8	.4	10.4	1.3
Seattle city	100.0	99.5	(³)	5.0	2.2	2.8	10.5	2.5
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	(³)	8.0	2.1	5.9	15.2	2.7
Tulsa city	100.0	99.4	1.0	6.3	3.6	2.7	12.6	.8
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	2.5	2.3	.6	1.7	17.6	3.5
Washington city	100.0	99.9	.8	1.0	.3	.7	5.0	2.1
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.4	11.2	10.1	5.3	4.9	15.2	5.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.1	7.3	8.3	7.3	1.1	15.5	2.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.4	9.6	7.3	4.5	2.8	13.4	4.1
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.4	9.8	9.7	6.4	3.2	18.4	4.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.7	7.0	9.2	6.3	2.9	14.6	4.0
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	6.7	10.9	7.6	3.3	14.1	3.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.7	3.7	15.3	10.0	5.3	19.3	4.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	98.9	10.8	10.8	6.3	4.6	17.7	5.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	7.8	12.6	8.4	4.2	15.4	5.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.4	6.3	15.8	9.0	6.9	16.7	6.2
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.4	5.3	16.3	12.3	4.0	15.5	4.6
Columbus	100.0	99.5	5.9	9.7	6.5	3.2	17.2	3.8
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.4	10.1	10.5	7.5	3.0	16.1	5.6
Dayton	100.0	99.4	5.7	19.9	14.5	5.4	12.5	6.8
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.3	10.0	7.1	3.8	3.4	13.9	6.0
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.7	6.3	20.5	17.9	2.6	15.5	4.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.6	7.1	12.7	10.8	1.9	12.7	4.2
Honolulu	100.0	99.8	9.1	1.6	1.0	.6	8.7	4.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.6	12.3	11.7	5.7	6.0	16.1	6.4
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	9.4	15.4	9.0	6.4	14.2	4.5
Jacksonville	100.0	99.6	13.8	6.3	4.2	2.1	15.1	5.0
Kansas City	100.0	99.1	8.6	9.9	6.1	3.7	15.7	5.9
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	13.1	3.2	2.2	1.0	12.7	4.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.8	7.9	13.0	8.1	4.9	15.4	4.5
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.4	7.4	12.4	6.9	5.5	15.3	4.7
Memphis	100.0	98.8	11.7	8.3	4.2	4.2	15.2	11.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	10.3	5.7	3.1	2.6	18.4	6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Cities:							
Jacksonville city	1.1	18.8	11.1	29.3	6.0	8.1	1.6
Kansas City city	3.4	9.8	10.0	32.7	9.9	5.1	4.0
Las Vegas city	3.0	8.2	8.0	24.0	26.1	5.1	4.2
Los Angeles city	5.7	9.5	13.1	26.2	9.9	9.0	2.6
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	2.0	10.0	9.0	36.0	11.0	5.0	3.0
Memphis city	3.7	6.9	7.7	32.6	9.2	4.3	5.6
Miami city	(³) 7.5	14.6	13.7	17.6	8.3	1.9	
Milwaukee city	1.5	4.9	8.3	45.0	6.7	4.2	3.7
Minneapolis city	1.8	8.7	13.8	34.9	10.8	8.1	5.3
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	5.6	8.6	8.0	35.5	10.6	3.9	9.3
New Orleans city .....	.7	8.5	6.6	38.1	14.3	1.2	10.9
New York city	4.0	10.0	10.0	39.0	8.0	7.0	4.0
Oakland city	3.5	8.9	9.6	29.6	11.7	6.9	4.5
Oklahoma City city	1.9	9.7	10.7	31.1	8.2	8.0	7.8
Philadelphia County/city .....	.4	10.8	11.7	32.1	7.5	6.9	6.5
Phoenix city	1.1	15.7	9.4	27.7	7.9	5.8	6.4
Portland city	2.5	9.7	13.1	34.9	10.9	3.9	4.7
Sacramento city	3.0	16.1	12.1	21.6	5.5	5.4	13.9
San Antonio city	3.3	10.6	7.8	30.4	12.4	4.6	6.4
San Diego city	3.3	9.3	13.7	27.8	14.5	6.3	3.5
San Francisco County/city	2.9	10.4	20.4	27.9	8.1	5.3	2.6
San Jose city	1.0	6.5	16.6	26.2	9.1	5.2	5.5
Seattle city	3.0	7.2	21.3	32.4	9.8	3.5	4.2
St. Louis city	4.2	12.8	6.8	34.2	5.5	6.6	4.0
Tulsa city	5.1	8.7	12.0	33.6	9.6	4.2	3.8
Virginia Beach city	4.0	9.7	8.5	34.6	12.8	2.6	2.0
Washington city	4.6	6.2	19.7	23.8	9.0	10.8	16.9
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	2.6	7.8	14.0	17.6	7.5	4.7	2.7
Austin-Round Rock	2.3	7.9	16.0	18.0	9.8	5.2	6.2
Baltimore-Towson	2.1	8.3	12.3	21.6	6.5	5.2	9.1
Birmingham-Hoover	2.8	11.0	10.5	18.8	4.9	4.7	2.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.7	8.5	15.1	24.5	6.9	4.1	3.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.5	13.0	13.5	20.0	7.3	4.4	3.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	2.4	6.1	8.8	23.7	6.6	3.2	6.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.2	12.6	12.0	12.7	8.0	3.6	2.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.4	8.5	13.3	17.2	8.5	4.9	3.1
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.0	7.1	9.9	19.0	9.4	3.9	3.1
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.9	8.0	8.7	24.0	8.4	3.7	2.9
Columbus	2.8	9.3	12.3	20.9	8.6	4.2	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	3.8	8.9	11.3	15.8	9.0	5.2	2.7
Dayton	3.0	4.9	9.0	16.6	10.0	5.7	5.3
Denver-Aurora	4.7	10.1	13.3	16.8	7.9	4.2	4.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.8	5.9	11.8	17.5	8.4	4.6	2.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.7	12.2	10.3	22.4	6.9	4.0	4.4
Honolulu	2.5	9.2	12.0	26.0	9.0	5.2	11.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.7	6.4	11.1	16.0	7.3	5.4	2.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	2.4	9.3	11.1	17.2	8.1	4.0	4.3
Jacksonville	1.9	15.3	10.1	16.2	7.9	4.3	3.7
Kansas City	4.8	8.6	10.4	17.3	8.7	5.8	3.4
Las Vegas-Paradise	2.0	7.8	10.2	11.7	27.6	4.7	2.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.8	7.8	12.5	16.4	10.0	6.1	2.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	2.3	9.2	8.0	22.5	9.5	5.0	2.9
Memphis	1.0	5.9	7.9	20.2	8.8	6.3	2.3
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.2	9.6	13.4	14.8	8.7	6.4	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.1	8.1	18.4	12.4	6.0	14.4	5.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.5	6.6	13.4	9.0	4.4	16.8	5.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.8	7.0	11.0	8.2	2.8	15.8	4.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.5	10.7	4.4	2.4	2.0	14.8	5.4
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.8	6.6	7.8	3.9	4.0	13.0	5.9
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.1	8.1	7.5	5.6	1.9	14.3	4.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	100.0	10.4	6.3	5.3	1.0	16.6	4.7
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	98.9	8.0	11.3	5.9	5.4	14.6	5.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.4	11.8	7.6	5.7	1.9	15.1	5.1
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.3	6.1	10.8	8.1	2.6	16.1	5.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	99.0	7.1	12.0	8.3	3.7	17.0	5.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.2	6.7	14.2	9.8	4.4	17.0	3.7
Richmond	100.0	99.6	11.2	8.6	3.1	5.5	15.6	3.3
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.0	13.7	9.8	6.3	3.5	16.7	6.6
Rochester	100.0	98.4	6.0	15.0	11.1	3.9	19.4	4.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.3	14.7	5.8	4.4	1.3	15.3	3.4
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.8	9.3	9.3	6.5	2.8	16.2	6.2
San Antonio	100.0	98.9	10.1	7.1	3.6	3.4	17.1	4.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.6	9.0	8.6	6.9	1.8	13.9	4.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.7	9.1	8.1	4.8	3.3	12.0	3.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.4	5.6	16.8	15.1	1.7	13.2	2.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.5	7.8	10.5	8.2	2.3	16.3	5.1
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.1	7.4	11.5	7.2	4.2	17.7	4.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.7	9.3	7.4	5.3	2.1	16.9	4.5
Tulsa	100.0	99.1	7.6	13.0	9.0	4.0	14.8	5.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.7	13.7	9.7	6.9	2.8	15.1	4.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.3	11.3	4.0	2.8	1.1	9.8	3.2
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.2	8.8	4.7	3.5	1.2	10.8	2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	5.6	7.0	4.6	2.3	13.1	4.1
Camden	100.0	99.2	7.9	9.0	4.2	4.8	14.7	6.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.6	7.8	12.2	8.2	4.0	15.1	6.1
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.6	10.3	10.4	7.9	2.6	16.3	4.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	7.0	19.6	17.6	1.9	14.4	5.8
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.3	7.0	9.0	4.7	4.3	13.6	5.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	9.4	5.5	3.0	2.5	20.2	5.1
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.1	9.8	10.7	7.0	3.7	15.7	8.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	98.0	8.0	13.0	8.0	5.0	15.0	5.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	9.5	6.5	3.5	3.0	18.5	8.3
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	7.3	8.6	5.3	3.3	14.8	6.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	6.4	6.5	3.0	3.5	12.1	5.8
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	5.8	10.6	4.1	6.5	13.3	7.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	11.0	9.8	5.5	4.4	12.8	4.1
Philadelphia	100.0	98.9	7.7	12.3	6.7	5.6	14.6	4.5
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.5	6.8	5.9	4.0	1.9	10.9	3.2
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	99.9	7.9	12.9	9.7	3.2	17.5	3.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.7	7.0	11.2	9.0	2.2	16.3	4.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.6	6.0	20.9	18.0	2.9	16.0	3.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.3	12.2	3.7	2.6	1.1	9.5	3.4
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.8	12.9	4.7	2.6	2.1	16.0	4.4
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	9.9	3.5	1.9	1.6	16.5	4.3
Austin city	100.0	99.7	8.9	6.7	5.3	1.4	16.2	2.3
Baltimore city	100.0	99.4	13.9	8.2	4.0	4.2	13.3	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.4	7.3	10.3	20.0	7.6	3.0	2.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.4	10.5	12.2	17.8	7.1	4.5	2.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.6	6.8	8.7	22.8	11.3	4.0	4.9
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	2.0	7.8	9.9	20.3	11.0	5.6	5.8
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.8	10.5	12.4	22.1	7.9	5.3	4.5
Oklahoma City	2.2	7.3	10.3	21.5	7.2	4.7	8.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	2.7	8.3	12.0	13.7	15.6	5.3	4.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.7	9.3	12.5	20.6	6.6	4.4	3.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.0	10.4	11.9	16.6	9.2	5.2	4.4
Pittsburgh	2.1	7.4	10.0	24.3	9.4	4.5	2.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.9	8.0	12.1	20.2	7.9	3.8	3.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.6	7.0	8.8	22.3	9.1	4.4	4.5
Richmond	1.8	15.5	9.6	17.4	8.0	4.0	4.7
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.8	7.7	8.0	15.5	9.8	4.7	3.7
Rochester	2.5	6.5	9.0	22.0	6.6	3.9	2.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.0	8.8	12.2	15.6	8.3	4.5	7.8
Salt Lake City	3.4	8.1	12.2	16.7	11.3	3.9	2.8
San Antonio	2.8	9.5	9.4	18.3	10.7	4.1	4.7
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.8	8.1	14.0	18.6	10.7	5.5	4.2
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.7	9.7	18.4	17.2	8.8	5.6	3.5
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.0	7.1	17.4	18.9	6.8	3.5	4.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.0	7.9	12.9	19.3	7.8	4.1	4.7
St. Louis ²	2.3	8.2	10.0	19.1	9.5	5.2	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.1	8.8	13.7	21.5	7.2	3.7	3.7
Tulsa	2.9	8.8	9.8	16.9	8.3	5.2	2.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.8	4.8	10.2	20.0	10.4	3.6	5.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.3	6.5	19.6	16.3	7.3	7.0	11.0
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	3.8	8.1	18.7	19.5	5.9	7.8	8.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.3	9.0	17.2	26.7	6.9	4.4	2.6
Camden	3.3	7.7	13.6	21.7	6.8	4.5	3.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.6	8.8	13.5	17.3	8.6	4.8	2.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.3	9.7	13.1	15.7	7.3	5.2	2.7
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	2.0	5.6	12.1	18.8	9.3	3.5	2.0
Edison-New Brunswick	4.3	11.5	11.9	21.3	6.4	4.9	4.1
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	2.7	10.3	14.8	12.2	8.5	6.5	4.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	2.8	7.6	8.2	15.9	12.1	5.1	2.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	5.0	7.0	12.0	17.0	10.0	6.0	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.3	10.5	11.6	15.1	7.8	5.8	4.0
Nassau-Suffolk	3.0	8.2	12.1	24.9	6.4	3.3	5.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.1	11.5	11.6	22.1	9.5	6.2	4.2
Newark-Union	3.1	9.2	16.8	18.5	5.9	5.1	4.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.7	8.8	18.3	16.2	6.1	5.9	3.2
Philadelphia	2.6	9.6	12.6	20.4	6.1	4.6	3.9
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	3.8	10.7	18.6	18.3	12.1	5.2	3.9
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1.7	11.1	12.9	14.2	10.8	6.0	1.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	3.7	7.8	14.5	18.9	7.7	3.7	4.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	3.1	6.1	11.7	17.0	8.1	5.1	2.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.1	6.0	19.9	15.3	7.8	6.7	11.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.5	7.1	14.8	17.7	10.2	7.6	3.0
Cities:							
Atlanta city	7.2	7.0	24.7	14.2	8.8	1.0	3.0
Austin city	2.1	6.8	15.6	16.3	12.3	5.8	6.6
Baltimore city	1.5	6.2	10.6	22.6	6.5	8.4	4.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Cities:								
Boston city	100.0	99.8	7.6	3.4	2.1	1.3	8.8	5.3
Charlotte city	100.0	98.6	16.7	8.2	6.6	1.6	14.3	3.4
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	6.5	10.7	7.7	3.0	11.7	5.4
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	3.6	19.1	15.7	3.4	15.8	5.0
Columbus city	100.0	99.9	4.4	5.6	3.7	1.9	15.8	5.8
Dallas city	100.0	99.9	14.2	11.3	8.6	2.7	14.0	2.4
Denver County/city	100.0	99.4	10.6	5.2	2.7	2.5	13.3	4.2
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	7.2	24.1	17.6	6.5	6.7	2.4
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.2	7.8	11.4	8.0	3.4	15.1	7.5
Houston city	100.0	99.9	13.4	10.5	5.4	5.1	14.9	7.2
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	11.3	14.3	8.0	6.3	12.5	4.3
Jacksonville city	100.0	99.5	11.3	5.9	4.4	1.4	18.1	3.8
Kansas City city	100.0	99.2	12.6	6.9	3.2	3.7	16.8	5.7
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	14.2	3.5	2.0	1.5	13.1	3.9
Los Angeles city	100.0	99.8	7.8	10.6	4.6	6.0	13.9	3.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	99.0	6.0	10.0	6.0	5.0	15.0	5.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	15.9	6.1	3.1	3.0	12.4	9.6
Miami city	100.0	100.0	21.8	7.8	4.9	2.9	15.5	4.5
Milwaukee city	100.0	99.7	7.6	19.7	11.6	8.1	12.0	2.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.8	3.5	5.3	4.6	.7	15.9	3.4
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	8.1	4.0	2.3	1.7	11.5	3.6
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	10.2	2.8	(³)	2.8	6.7	2.6
New York city	100.0	101.0	6.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	12.0	6.0
Oakland city	100.0	99.8	16.2	8.6	5.1	3.4	12.2	3.1
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.5	12.0	7.1	5.5	1.6	15.4	3.2
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	8.0	11.3	6.7	4.7	15.5	5.2
Phoenix city	100.0	99.9	13.0	7.0	4.7	2.3	15.4	4.5
Portland city	100.0	99.6	5.4	8.7	6.2	2.5	14.8	4.1
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	13.8	4.1	3.5	.6	13.3	4.7
San Antonio city	100.0	99.2	10.4	7.1	3.8	3.2	16.5	4.5
San Diego city	100.0	99.6	7.5	6.9	5.6	1.4	15.0	2.2
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	6.5	5.0	3.9	1.0	9.9	3.3
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	6.5	15.2	14.4	.9	14.7	2.7
Seattle city	100.0	99.5	3.7	5.4	4.6	.7	11.7	4.3
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	4.5	10.6	5.1	5.5	12.9	3.6
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	7.0	11.1	7.0	4.2	13.1	2.4
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	13.5	6.8	4.6	2.2	15.4	4.3
Washington city	100.0	99.8	3.0	1.4	.8	.6	3.3	1.3
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	100.0	4.3	6.2	3.4	2.8	17.5	9.6
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	100.0	5.3	12.1	12.1	(³)	15.4	11.0
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.9	3.7	5.3	2.5	2.8	11.3	6.9
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	100.0	4.2	10.6	8.6	2.0	11.1	3.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	2.6	6.6	2.6	4.1	12.6	6.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	3.0	13.6	6.3	7.3	16.4	9.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	100.0	3.8	4.7	1.3	3.5	13.1	.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	100.0	5.6	11.9	5.2	6.6	17.3	6.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	3.0	8.9	4.7	4.3	10.2	10.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	100.0	2.4	17.3	10.4	6.9	7.2	5.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	100.0	2.8	13.1	10.2	2.9	7.8	6.3
Columbus	100.0	100.0	3.4	6.2	4.1	2.1	12.9	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.6	2.1	11.5	6.4	5.1	12.6	12.7
Dayton	100.0	100.0	7.1	12.3	12.3	(³)	8.2	6.7
Denver-Aurora	100.0	100.0	4.8	5.1	.6	4.4	13.1	8.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	100.0	4.7	18.3	15.4	2.9	7.4	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Cities:							
Boston city	2.8	8.4	15.2	31.4	9.8	3.4	3.7
Charlotte city	1.5	18.4	12.9	9.4	7.4	4.6	1.7
Chicago city	2.3	8.7	14.3	17.2	11.5	5.5	6.0
Cleveland city	(³)	9.1	9.0	19.2	7.2	6.0	6.1
Columbus city	3.6	10.7	13.2	20.4	11.1	5.2	4.1
Dallas city	4.3	8.8	15.6	12.8	8.8	5.5	2.1
Denver County/city	5.8	7.9	17.4	16.6	10.2	3.3	4.7
Detroit city	(³)	4.8	17.5	28.4	6.9	.7	1.3
Fort Worth city	2.4	7.7	9.8	13.9	15.1	4.8	2.8
Houston city	1.5	4.9	14.0	13.6	10.0	6.7	1.2
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	2.7	7.7	13.7	17.6	8.2	3.1	4.6
Jacksonville city	1.1	19.4	10.6	17.4	5.9	5.0	1.0
Kansas City city	5.1	3.3	15.0	12.8	10.1	6.8	4.0
Las Vegas city	2.6	6.0	10.1	13.2	25.6	5.1	2.7
Los Angeles city	6.1	7.5	13.9	16.8	11.2	7.5	1.6
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	2.0	10.0	8.0	25.0	9.0	6.0	3.0
Memphis city .....	.7	5.9	8.0	22.6	11.6	4.0	3.3
Miami city	(³)	9.6	11.8	7.0	11.1	7.6	3.3
Milwaukee city	2.8	8.1	12.5	21.1	6.8	3.2	3.2
Minneapolis city	3.9	10.7	13.2	23.3	11.0	6.0	3.5
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	6.1	7.6	10.9	25.1	13.3	3.7	5.8
New Orleans city	2.7	6.9	16.6	24.7	10.4	2.5	10.0
New York city	5.0	13.0	12.0	22.0	10.0	6.0	4.0
Oakland city	1.0	6.0	15.6	17.3	8.0	8.4	3.3
Oklahoma City city	1.8	5.7	11.8	18.6	7.2	6.2	8.7
Philadelphia County/city	2.0	9.5	14.1	18.1	5.1	5.9	5.2
Phoenix city	1.5	11.0	12.2	15.3	9.5	5.6	4.8
Portland city	1.9	7.6	14.4	24.2	10.6	3.6	4.3
Sacramento city	4.0	10.4	15.2	14.1	7.1	4.8	8.4
San Antonio city	3.0	10.6	9.2	17.3	11.0	4.4	4.7
San Diego city	2.4	8.1	17.6	17.5	13.7	5.0	3.5
San Francisco County/city	4.1	12.5	19.2	16.2	14.8	4.8	3.8
San Jose city	1.1	6.1	20.1	17.0	7.5	3.8	5.2
Seattle city	4.6	6.8	20.6	25.7	10.1	3.7	3.0
St. Louis city	6.6	11.4	13.7	16.4	7.1	6.7	6.5
Tulsa city	3.3	8.0	14.3	21.4	10.1	4.2	2.4
Virginia Beach city	4.0	5.2	12.9	21.5	11.6	2.3	2.5
Washington city	5.7	6.9	24.2	15.0	8.8	12.3	17.9
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.2	7.8	10.1	18.9	9.8	6.2	5.5
Austin-Round Rock	(³)	2.4	3.5	31.4	5.4	3.8	9.6
Baltimore-Towson	2.5	6.5	10.4	31.3	5.4	3.8	12.9
Birmingham-Hoover	3.8	6.6	9.6	30.4	9.0	4.2	5.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.7	8.0	10.4	33.6	8.2	5.0	4.0
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk .....	.3	7.7	6.6	29.6	7.7	2.8	2.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	5.0	7.7	7.5	33.8	13.4	6.6	3.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.2	9.3	7.3	26.0	8.1	4.4	1.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.2	8.0	10.6	25.2	8.7	5.4	6.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	3.0	6.4	12.7	21.9	15.5	2.3	6.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.8	10.5	7.7	32.8	6.4	8.2	2.5
Columbus	1.1	15.6	9.7	24.1	9.1	3.0	9.1
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.7	8.8	9.5	22.9	6.6	4.5	3.7
Dayton	4.1	11.6	3.1	27.6	10.8	.8	7.8
Denver-Aurora	4.3	9.2	17.7	20.0	5.7	2.9	9.0
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1.7	4.8	12.5	23.6	9.1	4.3	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	100.0	6.9	11.2	8.1	3.1	15.2	5.1
Honolulu	100.0	100.0	7.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	3.2	(³)
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	100.0	3.4	5.3	2.7	2.6	12.4	11.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	1.5	14.7	8.6	6.1	15.9	10.1
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	11.7	8.3	5.4	3.0	12.7	6.6
Kansas City	100.0	100.0	3.2	12.6	4.0	8.6	11.0	5.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	4.8	1.7	.4	1.3	11.8	7.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	100.0	4.8	5.0	3.4	1.7	14.6	6.3
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	7.1	12.8	6.6	6.2	12.0	6.9
Memphis	100.0	99.9	4.8	9.0	4.0	5.0	14.4	14.9
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.8	7.3	3.9	1.7	2.2	16.0	6.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	100.0	2.2	8.5	4.8	3.7	11.2	8.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.5	2.2	7.1	4.6	2.5	10.0	6.4
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	2.6	18.8	9.1	9.6	11.6	3.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	4.8	5.7	1.4	4.3	12.8	10.8
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	4.1	4.8	1.9	2.9	12.0	10.1
Oklahoma City	100.0	100.0	3.3	10.0	7.2	2.8	10.4	4.4
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.7	13.7	1.8	1.2	.6	18.3	3.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	100.0	2.6	8.8	4.8	4.0	12.5	7.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	100.0	3.3	8.3	3.0	5.3	13.6	9.3
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	7.7	7.5	5.6	1.9	8.0	3.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	100.0	(³)	12.2	12.2	(³)	14.6	9.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	100.0	3.8	8.1	6.1	2.0	13.4	3.3
Richmond	100.0	99.4	3.4	12.1	5.1	7.0	16.5	8.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	100.0	8.7	3.3	2.9	.4	14.0	12.0
Rochester	100.0	100.0	(³)	16.9	10.5	6.4	5.4	9.1
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	100.0	3.4	3.1	(³)	3.1	15.1	4.9
Salt Lake City	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	56.5	(³)
San Antonio	100.0	100.0	.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	13.4	7.1
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	100.0	2.1	7.7	4.0	3.8	12.3	5.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	3.3	5.9	5.3	.6	13.4	12.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	100.0	(³)	28.5	28.5	(³)	19.2	(³)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	100.0	.4	9.7	5.6	4.1	15.8	13.7
St. Louis ²	100.0	100.0	2.5	11.4	5.6	5.8	11.9	7.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	100.0	3.6	3.9	1.7	2.2	11.0	3.6
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	6.8	8.4	7.3	1.1	11.0	(³)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.9	3.3	10.5	6.5	4.0	15.0	4.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	5.3	3.0	1.7	1.3	10.8	6.3
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	100.0	3.7	3.5	2.7	.8	13.8	3.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.8	2.8	7.2	2.1	5.1	11.6	7.6
Camden	100.0	100.0	.8	8.4	2.7	5.7	11.1	9.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	3.1	7.8	4.1	3.7	9.6	11.5
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.8	1.7	11.7	6.4	5.2	12.9	12.3
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	5.0	16.3	13.5	2.8	6.6	8.5
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	100.0	3.7	9.0	4.3	4.7	21.9	1.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	5.3	4.1	1.5	2.6	16.2	7.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.3	3.2	11.1	6.4	4.7	11.8	13.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	2.0	14.0	7.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	8.9	2.7	2.0	.7	16.0	7.1
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	3.6	8.6	6.9	1.7	14.2	10.6
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	4.0	3.5	1.2	2.4	10.7	10.6
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	5.0	9.2	3.1	6.0	14.9	10.3
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.7	2.8	7.3	7.0	.3	13.4	15.8
Philadelphia	100.0	100.0	2.7	8.4	5.1	3.3	13.0	7.9
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	100.0	4.9	1.4	(³)	1.4	13.2	1.3
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	7.0	1.7	1.7	(³)	19.7	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.1	9.5	9.9	17.6	6.6	7.0	8.9
Honolulu	(³)	15.4	14.5	33.2	10.9	4.2	10.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.4	5.5	8.4	32.6	5.8	6.1	7.4
Indianapolis-Carmel	7.6	7.7	6.4	24.4	2.2	4.1	5.2
Jacksonville .....	.7	9.9	11.4	20.8	7.2	8.3	2.4
Kansas City	2.5	11.5	7.6	29.5	5.7	5.7	4.8
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.5	8.4	9.8	14.4	30.6	3.6	5.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	6.1	9.4	13.6	24.3	5.5	5.5	5.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	3.6	10.2	12.3	15.6	7.4	4.5	7.6
Memphis	2.4	3.8	7.6	20.9	11.1	3.6	7.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	1.8	5.7	9.3	25.5	11.4	4.7	7.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis .....	.9	3.8	6.1	40.7	6.9	4.7	6.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1.9	12.3	9.0	33.7	7.9	4.7	4.3
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	2.3	8.5	8.3	22.5	6.9	5.1	10.3
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner .....	.4	6.8	5.0	28.1	8.7	2.4	12.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	2.4	8.2	9.5	31.8	5.7	5.1	6.1
Oklahoma City .....	.4	6.0	7.6	29.2	7.6	4.6	16.5
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.5	4.9	10.8	22.8	11.3	6.8	2.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.8	8.9	9.1	32.0	6.4	4.7	5.5
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.5	4.9	15.2	14.4	10.9	2.4	14.1
Pittsburgh	5.9	7.2	7.4	26.7	15.4	7.7	2.9
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	3.4	7.2	27.7	18.2	7.0	(³)	.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick .....	.5	7.7	9.4	29.0	11.0	7.4	6.3
Richmond	2.3	7.2	7.3	21.6	7.5	4.8	7.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	3.6	7.2	7.3	22.7	5.6	3.2	12.3
Rochester	4.8	1.2	16.0	33.8	1.5	9.4	1.9
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	2.3	10.5	8.1	24.6	12.8	(³)	15.4
Salt Lake City	(³)	6.6	12.2	10.2	14.5	(³)	(³)
San Antonio	2.7	10.2	6.6	36.8	13.5	2.5	6.7
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.2	6.0	14.6	27.1	8.3	2.7	11.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.2	10.2	11.6	20.9	7.3	6.0	5.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	2.7	5.5	5.9	30.9	3.4	1.6	2.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.0	4.7	7.3	26.6	6.5	2.9	8.4
St. Louis ²	2.6	8.8	5.9	30.9	7.6	6.9	4.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	5.8	10.8	13.8	29.7	11.0	2.1	4.7
Tulsa	12.7	7.4	20.5	22.3	4.6	2.6	3.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.6	6.3	10.0	28.4	10.4	2.3	6.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	4.2	7.6	16.6	18.6	7.8	4.6	15.2
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	7.0	13.2	15.9	18.9	6.9	5.8	7.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.5	9.3	10.1	33.3	8.1	2.9	4.4
Camden	2.5	7.0	8.0	36.9	5.9	6.9	3.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.4	8.4	11.0	24.7	8.7	5.5	7.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.9	9.8	10.6	19.9	5.9	5.2	4.8
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	1.6	4.6	13.6	24.3	9.9	3.2	6.3
Edison-New Brunswick	3.5	12.3	13.5	20.5	7.3	(³)	7.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.1	6.2	9.7	25.7	12.5	4.6	7.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	4.2	6.1	6.5	30.7	8.2	2.6	.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	6.0	8.0	13.0	25.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.6	5.3	7.3	25.8	10.9	6.4	7.0
Nassau-Suffolk	1.3	7.8	17.6	24.2	3.5	3.7	4.8
New York-White Plains-Wayne	2.1	8.3	8.7	33.8	6.1	5.8	6.1
Newark-Union	4.3	6.0	9.1	27.8	3.3	3.7	6.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	2.7	11.0	12.0	19.6	4.5	4.7	5.8
Philadelphia	1.8	7.6	9.6	32.4	6.8	4.5	5.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.7	7.7	10.4	24.8	16.1	10.0	5.5
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	3.5	20.0	21.2	15.9	5.9	3.1	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	100.0	0.5	8.3	6.0	2.3	18.3	15.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	100.0	3.3	26.7	23.5	3.2	10.8	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	5.6	2.9	1.5	1.4	10.3	6.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	98.8	9.3	6.2	1.6	4.6	15.3	6.3
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	4.6	1.9	1.4	.5	18.1	5.9
Austin city	100.0	100.0	(³)	16.0	16.0	(³)	18.3	13.7
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	4.7	5.2	2.3	2.8	8.4	7.6
Boston city	100.0	100.0	4.5	3.6	2.4	1.1	11.3	8.9
Charlotte city	100.0	100.0	4.1	5.9	1.8	4.2	18.0	6.1
Chicago city	100.0	99.8	1.7	6.7	3.7	2.9	9.2	10.4
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	3.2	15.1	13.5	1.7	8.9	5.7
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	3.2	6.6	4.1	2.5	11.8	6.7
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	2.5	11.5	7.6	3.9	15.7	9.8
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	2.1	6.2	(³)	6.2	15.7	9.2
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	5.4	15.6	12.3	3.3	5.7	9.3
Fort Worth city	100.0	100.0	7.7	6.8	4.5	2.3	13.0	10.0
Houston city	100.0	100.0	4.1	6.1	2.9	3.3	12.6	12.0
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	.9	10.1	6.6	3.5	15.2	13.2
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	14.9	9.1	6.2	2.9	10.9	6.9
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	2.7	11.1	3.9	7.3	11.2	4.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	5.4	2.3	1.2	1.2	10.9	7.3
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	4.8	6.7	5.2	1.5	13.8	5.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	6.0	12.0	5.0	7.0	12.0	8.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	5.0	8.3	2.3	6.0	14.6	15.5
Miami city	100.0	100.0	28.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	21.2	5.6
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	2.5	8.7	5.5	3.2	8.8	8.3
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	1.2	3.4	(³)	3.4	4.9	7.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	2.6	9.6	2.1	7.5	13.0	3.1
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	4.8	3.7	1.9	1.9	13.6	14.0
New York city	100.0	101.0	4.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	11.0	10.0
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	4.7	6.3	6.3	(³)	13.1	9.9
Oklahoma City city	100.0	100.0	.6	9.3	5.8	3.5	8.6	5.8
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	3.3	7.8	4.8	3.0	13.5	7.0
Phoenix city	100.0	100.0	2.4	10.4	4.5	5.9	15.7	8.5
Portland city	100.0	100.0	(³)	9.2	9.2	(³)	11.1	11.4
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	6.7	6.1	(³)	6.1	17.9	5.7
San Antonio city	100.0	100.0	.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	10.5	4.2
San Diego city	100.0	100.0	.6	11.2	3.1	8.1	15.5	6.5
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	9.4	2.7	(³)	2.7	11.8	(³)
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	(³)	13.3	13.3	(³)	31.8	(³)
Seattle city	100.0	100.0	2.3	8.3	6.5	1.8	10.2	20.4
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	2.1	12.6	4.1	8.5	13.7	5.5
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	5.4	2.7	1.3	1.4	5.8	(³)
Virginia Beach city	100.0	99.6	1.0	2.8	.7	2.1	21.7	5.0
Washington city	100.0	100.0	4.6	1.3	.3	1.0	7.9	6.0
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	100.0	3.0	10.7	7.1	3.6	13.4	2.0
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	100.0	(³)	31.2	27.8	3.4	13.2	2.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.3	6.5	.8	.3	.5	14.8	1.1
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	24.1	(³)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	3.6	14.1	9.8	4.3	10.4	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	3.2	4.9	7.8	28.1	2.2	2.7	8.6
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.2	5.4	7.5	20.9	5.8	9.0	3.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.8	6.8	16.6	18.6	8.0	4.5	16.3
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	2.1	5.2	13.0	24.2	9.4	1.0	6.8
Cities:							
Atlanta city	3.7	4.4	11.2	18.0	14.9	7.8	9.0
Austin city	(³)	(³)	3.9	32.0	5.8	(³)	10.5
Baltimore city	1.9	5.7	12.6	31.8	6.7	3.4	12.0
Boston city	4.0	10.2	11.9	34.7	5.7	1.3	3.9
Charlotte city	3.3	10.8	8.6	26.0	9.8	6.3	1.2
Chicago city	1.5	6.8	11.7	25.8	9.0	6.9	10.2
Cleveland city	1.3	3.4	11.7	29.8	9.9	7.0	3.5
Columbus city	1.4	14.3	8.7	25.5	8.6	3.3	9.9
Dallas city	2.1	10.1	15.8	18.5	6.2	5.0	3.0
Denver County/city	5.6	15.7	7.6	17.7	7.4	3.4	9.5
Detroit city	1.6	4.6	13.4	25.0	9.7	3.1	6.6
Fort Worth city	2.0	6.9	5.7	36.2	6.0	5.6	(³)
Houston city	1.4	7.4	6.6	30.8	7.2	4.7	5.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	4.4	9.9	7.0	23.7	3.4	5.6	6.6
Jacksonville city .....	.9	5.5	12.9	20.6	4.5	10.5	3.3
Kansas City city	1.4	13.5	4.3	35.7	3.0	7.0	5.7
Las Vegas city	2.2	6.4	7.7	12.8	29.4	6.0	9.6
Los Angeles city	5.8	7.8	14.0	26.5	6.3	6.0	3.3
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	4.0	11.0	13.0	16.0	8.0	3.0	6.0
Memphis city	3.4	4.4	8.2	18.8	10.4	4.3	7.0
Miami city	(³)	1.6	5.4	13.6	15.2	4.7	4.1
Milwaukee city	1.0	3.8	5.9	43.7	6.6	5.3	5.6
Minneapolis city	1.2	13.4	13.7	37.3	10.8	4.6	2.4
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	3.2	9.6	9.7	28.8	4.7	3.2	12.5
New Orleans city .....	.7	10.1	1.1	28.8	9.8	(³)	12.3
New York city	2.0	9.0	9.0	34.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
Oakland city	6.2	10.3	8.7	25.8	3.7	7.7	3.4
Oklahoma City city .....	.8	7.7	7.3	30.3	11.9	6.1	11.8
Philadelphia County/city .....	.8	7.5	9.7	30.4	8.2	4.8	7.0
Phoenix city	3.3	5.9	16.0	16.1	7.7	4.3	9.7
Portland city	(³)	6.5	39.3	15.6	5.7	(³)	1.3
Sacramento city	2.3	5.2	5.5	18.2	15.9	(³)	16.5
San Antonio city	3.9	11.3	9.6	32.2	15.3	2.4	9.7
San Diego city	1.9	9.3	23.7	12.0	10.2	.8	8.2
San Francisco County/city	(³)	14.9	9.1	31.4	6.7	11.6	2.3
San Jose city	(³)	9.2	4.1	33.3	5.7	2.6	(³)
Seattle city	(³)	(³)	4.1	48.1	2.1	1.3	3.2
St. Louis city	1.1	8.1	4.0	31.9	11.9	3.2	5.8
Tulsa city	15.2	9.4	25.0	22.6	5.8	3.3	4.7
Virginia Beach city	5.3	10.3	13.2	27.2	7.6	2.2	3.3
Washington city	4.8	6.7	16.2	22.2	10.6	5.8	13.7
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	5.0	3.4	17.9	18.5	8.3	14.5	3.3
Austin-Round Rock	(³)	3.7	11.1	20.3	(³)	10.1	6.1
Baltimore-Towson	1.5	5.7	8.5	37.1	6.4	12.8	4.2
Birmingham-Hoover	(³)	21.6	3.8	11.0	39.5	(³)	(³)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy .....	.3	14.7	13.8	24.0	11.8	3.1	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	4.7	27.9	26.2	1.7	6.1	.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	100.0	1.1	13.8	13.8	(³)	13.6	(³)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	2.1	13.2	10.6	2.6	14.1	7.1
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	95.7	(³)	30.9	20.6	10.3	10.4	4.1
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	100.0	(³)	24.9	19.9	5.0	13.6	(³)
Columbus	100.0	100.0	(³)	18.4	18.4	(³)	22.0	(³)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	100.0	1.6	15.4	11.0	4.4	12.4	2.0
Denver-Aurora	100.0	100.0	4.8	25.3	18.9	6.5	22.5	4.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	100.0	.3	32.4	29.5	2.9	11.4	2.4
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	100.0	(³)	19.2	16.2	3.0	8.7	1.9
Honolulu	100.0	98.2	5.8	4.7	2.6	2.1	16.0	5.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	100.0	.8	13.8	11.0	2.8	15.1	3.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	(³)	32.9	(³)	32.9	7.5	(³)
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	(³)	8.9	8.9	(³)	16.0	(³)
Kansas City	100.0	100.0	1.6	8.4	6.3	2.1	19.8	12.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	2.2	2.5	.3	2.2	13.7	3.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	100.0	2.8	12.0	7.8	4.3	18.2	4.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	11.6	(³)
Memphis	100.0	100.0	(³)	6.9	3.5	3.4	5.3	8.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	100.0	.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	18.4	2.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	100.0	1.1	28.4	14.1	14.3	7.4	(³)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.6	.2	25.2	19.3	5.9	14.7	1.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	36.9	(³)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	(³)	20.4	10.7	9.7	28.6	5.9
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	100.0	2.9	9.6	4.0	5.6	16.1	6.1
Oklahoma City	100.0	100.0	(³)	6.4	6.4	(³)	32.3	10.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	100.0	7.2	8.3	6.7	1.6	23.4	2.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	100.0	3.8	16.3	10.0	6.3	16.2	3.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	100.0	1.0	20.7	18.4	2.3	5.9	10.7
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	(³)	4.6	4.6	(³)	5.3	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	100.0	.9	44.3	36.9	7.4	8.6	.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	100.0	4.6	28.0	21.0	7.0	12.1	1.9
Richmond	100.0	100.0	5.3	4.4	(³)	4.4	20.9	4.4
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	100.0	4.2	9.0	6.9	2.2	25.0	8.6
Rochester	100.0	100.0	(³)	28.7	25.0	3.7	30.1	(³)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	100.0	1.3	7.9	7.9	(³)	13.2	4.6
Salt Lake City	100.0	100.0	(³)	28.1	23.4	4.7	21.4	2.5
San Antonio	100.0	100.0	7.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	5.6	4.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	100.0	1.6	11.3	10.9	.4	12.6	2.3
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	100.0	3.5	7.9	5.4	2.5	13.0	8.5
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	100.0	1.3	32.4	29.9	2.5	9.5	2.1
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.1	1.9	19.2	14.3	4.9	14.4	4.0
St. Louis ²	100.0	100.0	(³)	14.4	3.1	11.4	6.1	(³)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	100.0	1.1	19.6	13.8	5.8	23.6	.5
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	14.3	19.9
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	16.7	2.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	4.7	4.9	3.5	1.4	12.8	2.6
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	100.0	3.5	5.1	4.5	.5	12.3	2.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	3.5	11.6	8.0	3.6	9.1	2.0
Camden	100.0	100.0	1.6	14.7	9.2	5.6	12.7	5.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	2.3	12.6	11.0	1.7	11.7	7.6
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	100.0	1.5	14.7	11.2	3.5	12.0	1.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	(³)	44.1	44.1	(³)	.6	2.3
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	100.0	.3	13.3	4.4	8.9	21.3	5.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	1.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	13.5	(³)
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	100.0	2.0	17.2	10.7	6.5	13.3	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	(3)	21.3	8.5	21.1	2.3	3.5	3.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(3)	19.3	(3)	4.7	22.4	25.1	(3)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	1.5	11.3	13.8	24.7	8.8	2.4	.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	(3)	29.4	6.0	8.2	6.7	(3)	(3)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(3)	(3)	11.7	49.8	(3)	(3)	(3)
Columbus	(3)	7.1	11.6	19.9	18.3	2.7	(3)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	7.8	7.1	17.4	17.4	9.3	7.2	1.9
Denver-Aurora	1.7	4.3	8.9	9.4	9.4	6.3	3.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1.4	5.6	21.3	16.5	7.1	1.7	(3)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	(3)	17.4	9.4	22.1	12.9	7.7	.5
Honolulu	1.9	6.8	9.6	19.4	15.3	4.5	8.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	2.1	4.9	10.4	23.4	10.3	10.7	1.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	(3)	7.6	(3)	21.2	19.9	(3)	11.0
Jacksonville	(3)	21.4	14.1	21.9	7.7	3.8	6.2
Kansas City	3.4	5.6	16.4	22.0	9.3	1.0	(3)
Las Vegas-Paradise .....	.7	7.6	13.1	13.9	39.1	2.6	1.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	2.7	12.0	11.6	19.7	7.6	4.6	4.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	(3)	(3)	3.6	67.9	2.1	14.8	(3)
Memphis	(3)	(3)	8.9	9.8	45.2	15.0	(3)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	4.0	2.8	8.6	25.6	16.1	16.1	5.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	(3)	4.6	25.0	23.8	.9	5.0	3.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.5	6.5	14.0	14.8	14.3	5.6	(3)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	9.2	6.2	5.1	18.4	(3)	18.7	5.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	(3)	(3)	(3)	19.9	22.2	2.9	(3)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.9	9.1	10.8	23.1	11.3	4.9	2.3
Oklahoma City	(3)	(3)	12.3	19.5	1.4	10.9	6.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	1.5	2.9	15.0	12.5	12.5	14.2	(3)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.7	4.0	12.7	22.8	8.9	8.1	2.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	4.5	8.4	11.4	21.4	6.7	5.5	3.3
Pittsburgh	(3)	4.0	9.5	56.4	18.3	1.9	(3)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.2	7.5	6.3	13.8	7.2	5.4	4.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	2.8	4.3	9.8	11.9	20.5	1.9	2.3
Richmond	2.1	7.7	7.3	34.5	11.7	1.7	(3)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1.5	5.8	.8	26.2	11.5	6.0	1.4
Rochester	(3)	(3)	6.9	15.8	7.5	11.0	(3)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	1.3	16.8	12.8	22.5	8.8	3.8	6.9
Salt Lake City	(3)	11.8	8.8	7.0	12.0	8.4	(3)
San Antonio	(3)	6.8	25.5	18.4	9.4	9.5	13.2
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.8	7.3	11.9	28.5	13.4	2.6	5.7
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	2.2	9.3	18.0	21.0	8.7	5.3	2.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.5	4.4	22.0	13.0	5.4	5.2	.2
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	5.5	8.2	12.1	13.5	13.7	4.4	2.1
St. Louis ²	(3)	8.2	24.0	45.4	1.8	(3)	(3)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.0	5.1	4.8	13.4	10.8	19.0	(3)
Tulsa	(3)	(3)	(3)	9.5	43.5	4.6	(3)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	(3)	12.3	8.4	34.7	15.8	3.5	6.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	4.5	4.8	20.2	15.8	10.5	10.0	9.1
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	3.4	3.4	25.3	19.9	7.4	10.6	7.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy .....	.2	14.5	11.1	28.2	13.2	3.9	2.6
Camden	3.5	3.0	13.9	14.0	15.6	15.2	(3)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	1.6	11.8	13.9	24.8	9.8	2.7	.9
Dallas-Plano-Irving	9.2	7.2	18.7	16.1	10.8	6.2	2.0
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	3.9	3.6	24.3	12.9	8.2	(3)	(3)
Edison-New Brunswick	5.9	11.7	18.0	13.7	2.5	6.4	1.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	(3)	6.3	6.6	21.8	16.4	28.3	5.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	4.4	6.7	14.3	20.5	5.5	9.7	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.0	2.0	11.0	6.0	5.0	18.0	5.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.5	5.4
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	(³)	3.3	2.8	.5	22.8	5.4
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	100.0	4.0	8.9	3.7	5.2	14.3	6.0
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	2.1	14.9	7.7	7.2	12.4	9.1
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	3.6	10.0	7.6	2.4	12.6	7.9
Philadelphia	100.0	100.0	4.6	18.5	12.0	6.4	17.8	2.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	100.0	3.2	5.1	2.4	2.6	13.5	9.2
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	3.9	14.6	11.3	3.3	18.2	4.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.0	.9	19.5	15.1	4.4	15.5	3.4
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	100.0	.4	26.3	21.8	4.5	17.0	2.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	5.3	4.8	3.1	1.8	13.1	2.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	55.3	(³)
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Austin city	100.0	100.0	(³)	30.5	29.2	1.3	15.0	4.3
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	15.8	(³)
Boston city	100.0	100.0	5.0	10.2	4.9	5.3	13.9	3.2
Charlotte city	100.0	100.0	1.5	18.9	18.9	(³)	7.9	(³)
Chicago city	100.0	100.0	(³)	9.3	7.6	1.7	5.2	8.9
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	(³)	34.2	34.2	(³)	18.8	(³)
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	1.8	14.6	11.8	2.8	9.0	4.0
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	(³)	16.4	16.4	(³)	29.9	(³)
Fort Worth city	100.0	100.0	2.0	24.0	18.3	5.7	22.9	5.8
Houston city	100.0	100.0	(³)	13.4	13.4	(³)	16.0	3.0
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	(³)	11.2	11.2	(³)	18.1	(³)
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	.7	4.7	(³)	4.7	18.3	3.1
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	1.8	8.9	5.1	3.8	17.8	2.6
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	12.0	(³)
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	2.3	57.4	28.6	28.9	2.1	(³)
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	(³)	21.9	16.6	5.2	(³)	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	47.3	(³)
New York city	100.0	101.0	5.0	9.0	4.0	5.0	14.0	7.0
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	7.7	9.1	6.4	2.7	15.5	5.0
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	9.0	12.1	12.1	(³)	20.9	2.1
Phoenix city	100.0	100.0	(³)	33.1	23.0	10.1	2.6	(³)
Portland city	100.0	100.0	1.1	24.6	6.6	17.9	6.6	(³)
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	(³)	11.9	11.9	(³)	8.4	8.6
San Antonio city	100.0	100.0	4.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	3.4	5.6
San Diego city	100.0	100.0	1.8	6.1	6.1	(³)	15.2	3.6
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	3.6	5.8	.8	5.0	15.4	10.7
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	2.4	35.1	31.4	3.7	6.9	2.5
Seattle city	100.0	98.6	2.4	10.8	3.1	7.6	10.7	1.9
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	32.4	4.6
Washington city	100.0	100.0	.3	.3	(³)	.3	6.9	1.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.0	31.4	10.8	4.5	6.2	10.7	1.4
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	100.0	14.3	6.3	5.0	1.3	18.9	3.0
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	98.0	29.3	9.8	1.3	8.4	6.7	1.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.1	5.0	14.8	5.6	9.3	15.5	5.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	10.8	11.8	6.3	5.4	15.7	4.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	100.0	(³)	26.0	15.0	11.0	14.6	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	3.0	13.0	11.0	21.0	7.0	5.0	5.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	4.3	(³)	9.5	36.9	17.4	9.3	7.8
Nassau-Suffolk	2.8	7.4	10.3	33.7	10.6	1.6	2.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	2.9	8.1	8.8	24.8	14.2	5.3	2.8
Newark-Union	10.2	15.5	13.2	16.2	4.7	1.7	(³)
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	2.0	11.3	21.0	17.1	6.7	5.0	2.7
Philadelphia .....	.8	2.1	12.9	27.0	5.4	5.5	3.3
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.4	6.8	14.0	26.1	11.3	5.8	2.6
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.8	9.4	13.8	16.0	10.3	4.2	2.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	6.0	8.1	12.8	12.5	14.4	4.0	1.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	(³)	6.6	19.7	18.4	6.5	2.6	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	5.0	5.5	17.9	13.9	11.9	9.7	10.1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	14.3	(³)	11.7	6.6	12.1	(³)	(³)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	12.7	(³)	11.6	50.5	(³)	(³)	25.2
Austin city	(³)	6.8	12.0	27.0	(³)	(³)	4.4
Baltimore city	(³)	(³)	(³)	84.2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Boston city	(³)	10.2	3.1	35.6	13.2	5.7	(³)
Charlotte city	(³)	22.4	(³)	6.4	8.4	34.5	(³)
Chicago city	(³)	12.3	12.2	32.7	15.2	3.5	.6
Columbus city	(³)	3.9	1.3	19.6	17.1	5.1	(³)
Dallas city	3.8	6.6	21.2	12.7	19.9	6.4	(³)
Denver County/city	2.3	(³)	16.0	23.2	9.2	3.1	(³)
Fort Worth city	5.3	12.0	10.7	4.8	(³)	9.9	(³)
Houston city	2.2	3.9	9.5	24.1	2.0	19.4	4.0
Jacksonville city	(³)	27.1	16.5	19.5	7.5	(³)	(³)
Las Vegas city	2.9	13.4	3.3	18.1	32.9	1.3	1.3
Los Angeles city	3.9	12.8	10.9	23.8	8.6	3.8	5.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	4.0	68.0	2.0	15.0	(³)
Milwaukee city	(³)	9.3	14.4	10.8	1.9	(³)	1.8
Minneapolis city	4.1	3.7	23.7	11.2	33.8	1.6	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	11.8	8.0	(³)	9.0	(³)	24.0	(³)
New York city	3.0	8.0	8.0	24.0	16.0	5.0	3.0
Oakland city	1.5	16.7	10.3	12.9	11.4	9.0	.7
Philadelphia County/city	(³)	4.5	9.6	33.3	(³)	2.7	5.8
Phoenix city	(³)	9.3	14.7	16.8	(³)	20.5	3.0
Portland city	4.0	3.2	11.8	28.6	5.0	7.0	8.1
Sacramento city	(³)	22.9	8.3	18.9	10.1	3.2	7.6
San Antonio city	(³)	9.6	23.8	22.7	8.4	13.5	8.7
San Diego city	3.6	6.8	17.9	24.6	12.6	2.4	5.5
San Francisco County/city	2.0	11.2	14.7	17.2	9.2	7.7	2.5
San Jose city	2.2	6.5	22.1	11.9	5.2	5.1	.2
Seattle city	4.0	7.0	10.4	24.9	20.4	2.1	4.0
Virginia Beach city	(³)	26.1	(³)	23.1	(³)	(³)	13.8
Washington city	5.2	5.6	26.3	15.4	8.1	5.6	24.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	2.1	1.5	9.1	10.9	12.5	7.2	1.3
Austin-Round Rock	1.2	3.7	12.7	12.3	15.1	4.2	7.9
Baltimore-Towson	2.9	6.8	8.9	10.8	14.6	4.6	2.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1.1	5.2	10.0	23.0	10.7	5.7	2.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	2.5	10.5	12.3	12.4	7.7	6.9	5.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	10.2	(³)	7.7	23.6	7.6	(³)	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	97.5	34.7	10.0	4.1	5.9	14.3	1.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.6	8.2	22.4	14.8	7.5	12.4	4.2
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	100.0	11.0	29.2	16.5	12.7	7.0	.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	97.1	7.8	27.3	20.5	6.8	12.6	2.6
Columbus	100.0	100.0	10.1	10.6	8.9	1.7	16.7	4.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.6	20.4	12.9	8.9	4.0	13.7	3.4
Dayton	100.0	100.0	7.6	5.8	5.8	(³)	(³)	2.1
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.7	19.8	8.0	3.8	4.2	14.6	6.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	100.0	14.0	25.5	21.3	4.2	4.2	3.4
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	100.0	3.7	9.2	5.7	3.5	16.6	3.9
Honolulu	100.0	100.0	12.4	1.5	1.5	(³)	11.4	8.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.9	19.0	11.9	6.8	5.1	16.8	6.2
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	23.3	8.9	(³)	8.9	12.9	5.2
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	28.7	5.9	5.9	(³)	17.2	2.3
Kansas City	100.0	100.0	13.1	14.8	9.5	5.3	10.0	4.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	20.5	5.6	3.7	1.8	8.8	2.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.8	10.4	16.7	9.2	7.5	16.4	5.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	25.7	43.8	32.8	11.0	4.0	3.3
Memphis	100.0	100.0	55.7	14.4	8.2	6.2	3.5	2.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	11.9	7.0	3.7	3.2	18.8	7.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	98.8	6.0	21.4	12.2	9.2	11.4	9.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	100.0	5.5	17.4	12.5	5.0	11.5	2.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	19.9	5.9	4.0	2.0	15.0	5.8
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	12.4	8.4	3.5	4.9	16.8	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.8	8.3	10.5	5.0	5.4	14.1	7.6
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.5	23.2	13.9	13.6	.4	14.2	(³)
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	100.0	17.8	6.4	4.1	2.2	15.8	3.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	91.2	8.1	13.9	6.0	7.9	13.9	6.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	98.5	18.7	9.9	6.2	3.7	13.2	3.5
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	10.0	25.1	(³)	25.1	(³)	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.1	12.5	9.9	6.7	3.2	22.1	4.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.2	5.7	26.1	16.4	9.6	15.0	5.2
Richmond	100.0	100.0	36.2	16.5	3.3	13.1	13.5	(³)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.3	15.3	11.6	7.1	4.5	15.9	7.6
Rochester	100.0	100.0	6.5	14.0	12.0	2.0	20.4	4.1
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.3	26.3	7.2	5.4	1.8	11.2	3.5
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.8	20.6	8.1	5.5	2.7	12.4	2.7
San Antonio	100.0	99.2	12.3	6.7	3.7	3.0	17.4	5.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.1	12.6	7.6	5.4	2.2	16.0	4.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	100.0	15.5	8.7	5.9	2.8	11.5	4.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	98.5	6.4	14.6	13.2	1.4	16.8	3.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.3	7.3	9.9	4.0	5.8	19.8	2.8
St. Louis ²	100.0	100.0	12.3	21.5	16.0	5.5	6.5	3.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	97.8	9.8	7.8	5.2	2.5	17.6	4.5
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	16.0	5.3	5.3	(³)	14.7	4.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	100.0	27.7	4.7	4.7	(³)	11.7	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.9	32.0	3.2	1.5	1.7	9.3	2.8
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	100.0	18.5	3.6	2.5	1.1	13.6	5.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.7	5.1	17.2	3.7	13.4	15.2	6.0
Camden	100.0	100.0	6.1	14.7	4.0	10.7	13.0	9.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.5	8.0	22.3	14.8	7.5	13.0	3.6
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	100.0	20.5	14.8	10.5	4.3	13.2	3.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	11.1	29.1	22.8	6.3	7.0	3.5
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	98.4	10.1	17.7	9.0	8.7	19.1	7.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	10.2	8.0	4.8	3.3	16.9	4.9
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	98.7	20.1	8.6	5.1	3.5	15.1	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(³)	5.1	7.8	3.8	13.7	7.0	(³)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet .....	.9	5.4	12.9	10.0	15.3	5.2	2.6
Cincinnati-Middletown	(³)	5.5	11.2	13.0	17.1	4.6	.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(³)	8.9	4.6	10.3	4.9	8.0	10.1
Columbus	(³)	(³)	19.7	12.1	18.0	8.7	(³)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2.4	5.4	9.7	8.8	15.0	6.1	1.3
Dayton	(³)	3.0	(³)	26.9	43.2	11.4	(³)
Denver-Aurora	3.7	6.9	12.7	9.8	9.2	4.9	3.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	(³)	9.5	11.8	12.2	12.4	2.4	4.5
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	1.5	8.8	12.8	16.4	16.1	5.5	5.5
Honolulu	4.6	5.8	7.9	19.9	17.3	1.8	8.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown .....	.7	5.8	7.8	11.4	11.5	5.9	1.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	(³)	2.6	14.6	5.8	20.3	(³)	5.8
Jacksonville	(³)	7.2	12.6	11.9	9.8	4.4	(³)
Kansas City	1.5	5.4	10.3	9.9	23.7	7.1	(³)
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.5	4.6	9.7	7.2	34.7	4.1	.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	2.1	5.6	8.8	13.4	11.1	7.8	2.0
Louisville-Jefferson County	(³)	(³)	(³)	8.7	11.1	3.6	(³)
Memphis	(³)	4.5	5.3	3.4	8.8	2.5	(³)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.3	9.8	12.0	13.2	7.6	6.9	2.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	4.5	4.6	10.9	18.2	11.1	.3	1.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1.4	5.7	15.7	4.3	28.9	5.0	1.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	(³)	2.4	5.8	10.7	29.4	3.7	1.4
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	2.2	10.8	(³)	39.0	(³)	10.4	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island ..	1.4	7.0	9.5	18.6	12.2	8.0	2.6
Oklahoma City	2.7	4.9	14.3	4.0	10.7	5.4	4.7
Orlando-Kissimmee	1.3	4.5	13.9	12.3	18.4	3.4	2.6
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.9	5.0	13.7	13.1	8.8	3.3	2.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale .....	.7	6.1	13.7	11.2	12.4	5.3	3.6
Pittsburgh	(³)	4.4	16.7	43.9	(³)	(³)	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.3	2.9	13.7	10.2	12.3	5.8	3.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.2	6.7	7.1	14.0	9.8	6.3	2.1
Richmond	1.5	12.1	.9	10.3	6.3	1.8	1.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.2	5.9	9.4	13.2	10.9	4.5	2.7
Rochester	(³)	4.7	3.8	29.6	5.3	8.2	3.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.8	8.5	14.5	6.1	11.4	3.6	3.2
Salt Lake City	3.3	5.1	6.8	10.4	26.0	1.5	2.3
San Antonio	1.7	7.2	9.1	18.8	11.4	4.4	4.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.2	4.7	10.7	17.7	13.5	5.6	3.7
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	1.8	5.3	16.4	12.5	13.9	6.6	3.1
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.1	7.0	17.0	14.2	8.3	4.7	3.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue .....	.4	4.4	13.8	13.9	16.4	4.0	6.6
St. Louis ²	(³)	5.2	11.4	6.1	29.9	(³)	3.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1.1	9.7	11.9	18.4	10.9	3.8	2.3
Tulsa	3.9	(³)	8.8	21.0	20.7	2.3	2.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	6.2	7.4	3.8	11.3	16.9	1.4	8.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	1.6	4.3	12.4	8.3	13.1	8.4	4.5
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	1.5	2.8	15.1	11.6	10.0	12.6	4.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1.7	4.3	9.6	26.3	9.8	4.0	.6
Camden	2.9	7.8	14.6	14.7	11.8	4.7	(³)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet .....	.8	5.9	12.3	10.2	15.4	5.6	2.5
Dallas-Plano-Irving	2.8	5.7	10.0	8.8	13.1	6.1	1.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	(³)	11.8	9.9	7.8	11.2	4.6	4.0
Edison-New Brunswick	1.3	4.2	9.7	9.9	10.0	7.3	2.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.4	9.6	16.0	13.5	5.3	7.9	4.2
Fort Worth-Arlington	1.6	4.5	9.0	8.9	19.5	6.0	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	98.0	10.0	17.0	9.0	8.0	16.0	6.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	10.5	6.9	3.8	3.0	19.6	8.8
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	8.9	17.6	9.5	8.1	10.4	4.9
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	7.3	8.7	3.9	4.8	14.3	7.4
Newark-Union	100.0	99.9	13.0	9.6	5.0	4.6	11.3	12.1
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	18.0	9.6	6.8	2.9	12.7	4.8
Philadelphia	100.0	86.8	8.1	14.0	7.3	6.7	15.0	4.8
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	100.0	10.8	7.0	4.3	2.7	9.4	4.5
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	12.3	14.6	9.6	5.1	16.2	3.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.2	9.0	12.1	4.9	7.1	17.5	2.4
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	100.0	17.2	21.6	19.7	1.9	1.2	3.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.8	35.5	3.0	1.2	1.8	8.2	1.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.5	22.6	6.1	1.8	4.2	17.1	4.0
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	57.8	13.5	7.1	6.4	2.0	(³)
Austin city	100.0	100.0	15.8	3.7	1.8	1.9	21.1	3.3
Baltimore city	100.0	99.0	39.6	22.2	(³)	22.2	6.1	(³)
Boston city	100.0	100.0	4.5	4.0	1.9	2.1	13.7	9.6
Charlotte city	100.0	96.5	40.7	7.3	4.7	2.6	13.4	1.7
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	6.4	20.6	14.4	6.2	10.6	5.0
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	(³)	22.7	16.9	5.9	2.4	(³)
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	14.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	7.8	5.8
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	22.9	15.4	11.4	3.9	14.7	2.2
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	24.7	10.7	5.5	5.2	14.0	5.3
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	17.7	36.5	23.6	12.9	1.3	(³)
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.0	15.2	7.7	5.7	2.0	17.6	1.5
Houston city	100.0	99.9	19.7	12.1	7.1	5.1	14.3	8.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	21.8	9.9	(³)	9.9	13.3	5.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	30.4	5.9	5.9	(³)	15.5	4.8
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	22.8	14.9	3.7	11.2	6.0	1.1
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	22.4	6.5	4.1	2.4	8.3	1.8
Los Angeles city	100.0	99.8	11.6	15.8	6.1	9.6	15.9	4.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	38.0	14.0	2.0	12.0	5.0	6.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	61.2	13.0	5.0	8.0	2.2	(³)
Miami city	100.0	100.0	24.5	8.8	5.5	3.3	14.0	5.0
Milwaukee city	100.0	98.9	7.2	28.0	15.8	12.2	12.4	4.3
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	4.6	13.2	13.2	(³)	5.5	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	24.2	4.6	2.2	2.4	5.7	7.1
New York city	100.0	100.0	7.0	6.0	3.0	3.0	15.0	8.0
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	25.7	7.3	5.5	1.8	12.8	5.4
Oklahoma City city	100.0	100.0	24.3	13.2	13.2	(³)	16.5	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	8.0	19.4	8.8	10.6	17.0	6.6
Phoenix city	100.0	99.3	18.5	9.0	4.9	4.2	11.6	3.7
Portland city	100.0	98.6	14.8	6.4	6.4	(³)	29.9	6.0
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	26.2	3.8	3.8	(³)	5.1	7.2
San Antonio city	100.0	99.4	12.5	6.4	4.0	2.5	16.9	5.1
San Diego city	100.0	98.7	11.2	3.4	3.1	.3	18.6	3.2
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	11.0	4.8	2.6	2.3	8.5	5.4
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	3.9	12.4	10.7	1.7	19.8	3.6
Seattle city	100.0	95.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	28.1	(³)
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	17.9	2.3	2.3	(³)	11.8	5.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	17.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	3.7	(³)
Washington city	100.0	99.7	13.2	2.3	.1	2.2	6.4	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2005 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	2.0	5.0	9.0	14.0	10.0	7.0	2.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.4	10.8	10.5	13.5	7.6	6.4	2.9
Nassau-Suffolk .....	.3	9.5	12.4	18.7	11.1	4.4	1.8
New York-White Plains-Wayne	1.6	7.6	8.1	20.5	12.9	8.7	2.6
Newark-Union .....	.7	2.7	16.7	13.3	10.2	7.1	3.3
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	1.6	4.2	18.8	11.4	9.7	6.5	2.8
Philadelphia	3.4	3.3	13.1	12.7	6.3	2.6	3.3
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.2	7.2	12.0	14.5	21.6	6.9	3.8
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1.1	7.4	8.1	11.0	14.6	9.5	1.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett .....	.5	4.4	14.3	12.6	16.6	3.3	6.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	(³)	6.9	13.9	17.0	13.7	(³)	5.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	1.7	4.7	11.6	7.4	13.9	7.3	4.4
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	(³)	3.9	14.8	11.6	10.4	8.3	.8
Cities:							
Atlanta city	8.3	(³)	12.5	(³)	(³)	5.9	(³)
Austin city .....	.6	3.8	10.4	11.8	17.1	4.6	7.8
Baltimore city	(³)	7.9	6.8	1.6	7.6	7.2	(³)
Boston city	4.9	(³)	11.4	41.4	8.7	1.7	(³)
Charlotte city	(³)	6.1	5.6	4.4	7.9	9.5	(³)
Chicago city	1.5	5.1	11.5	10.6	18.0	6.7	3.7
Cleveland city	(³)	8.7	6.6	8.7	(³)	28.0	22.9
Columbus city	(³)	(³)	20.1	15.1	25.1	12.1	(³)
Dallas city	3.6	6.2	8.3	7.2	11.4	6.2	1.8
Denver County/city	4.6	3.5	12.8	9.1	10.0	3.6	1.8
Detroit city	(³)	7.3	17.2	4.7	13.7	1.7	(³)
Fort Worth city	1.9	5.6	8.9	9.8	22.4	6.0	2.3
Houston city	(³)	4.2	8.5	8.9	12.7	8.6	1.1
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(³)	3.0	15.4	6.5	19.5	(³)	4.7
Jacksonville city	(³)	12.0	4.1	14.9	12.5	(³)	(³)
Kansas City city	3.4	(³)	8.4	7.0	26.5	10.0	(³)
Las Vegas city	2.1	1.2	8.3	8.8	35.1	4.9	.6
Los Angeles city	3.0	5.2	9.1	12.0	11.9	9.6	1.2
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	(³)	16.0	13.0	7.0	(³)
Memphis city	(³)	5.7	3.2	2.9	8.6	3.2	(³)
Miami city	(³)	8.1	8.7	7.9	11.4	8.5	3.1
Milwaukee city	6.5	1.7	12.7	17.6	6.4	(³)	2.0
Minneapolis city	5.1	(³)	11.8	1.7	49.4	1.5	7.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	(³)	2.9	7.1	11.7	33.3	2.3	1.0
New York city	2.0	9.0	7.0	23.0	13.0	9.0	3.0
Oakland city .....	.6	4.4	14.3	12.2	5.6	11.7	(³)
Oklahoma City city	3.3	5.9	9.1	4.3	11.9	6.5	3.0
Philadelphia County/city	3.8	7.4	6.4	14.8	6.0	3.3	7.3
Phoenix city .....	.9	6.6	15.2	10.3	14.5	5.8	3.0
Portland city	(³)	1.8	6.2	12.6	11.3	7.2	2.4
Sacramento city	4.7	6.9	15.9	7.2	10.7	8.0	4.2
San Antonio city	1.9	8.5	8.2	17.9	11.9	5.2	4.4
San Diego city	3.1	4.7	14.1	15.5	16.4	5.3	3.3
San Francisco County/city	2.6	6.4	8.8	11.4	30.2	4.9	5.9
San Jose city	1.6	6.8	21.0	14.8	7.0	5.0	4.0
Seattle city	(³)	(³)	13.6	13.7	29.8	7.4	2.7
Tulsa city .....	.9	(³)	12.2	23.1	19.4	3.1	3.6
Virginia Beach city	15.2	19.0	7.1	10.5	17.6	4.0	5.6
Washington city	3.1	4.3	13.5	13.2	22.4	10.8	9.3

¹ Includes mining and agriculture and related industries, which are not shown separately

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Appendix A.

Concepts and Definitions for Data Derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing the labor force status include estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older, as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, employment, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and these revised estimates are incorporated into the Current Population Survey (CPS) labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment levels, but it generally does not affect percentage measures, such as unemployment rates, labor force participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to or after 2005 in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

The concepts and definitions underlying the labor force data in this bulletin are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. This category comprises all persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. These are all persons who, during the reference week, (a) worked for least 1 hour as paid employees in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of a labor-management dispute, job training, vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. Those in this category are all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work—except for temporary illness—and made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they

had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This categorization represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons who were laid off, the duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. People are divided into five major groups on the basis of their reason for unemployment: (1) *job losers*, comprising (a) persons *on temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *job leavers*, who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *persons who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after their temporary jobs ended; (4) *reentrants*, who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *new entrants*, who have never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described in the first column.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the labor force.

Participation rate. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Married, spouse present; and family. “Married, spouse present,” applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even if one is temporarily absent on business, on vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is defined as one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married with the spouse absent.

Occupation and industry. This information regarding the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified as being in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupation and industry classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in Census 2000.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week, with all of the hours credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes called “involuntary part time,” this category refers to individuals who give an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must indicate that they want and are

available to work full time in order to be classified as at work part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Some examples of noneconomic reasons are illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who give an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but say they do not want to work full time or are unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons “at work” exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and are therefore classified into the zero-hours-worked category, “with a job but not at work.” These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire reference week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually work 35 or more hours (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked at least 35 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, Black or African American, Asian, and “other.” These terms describe the race of persons. Included in the “other” group are persons classified as American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN), as Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander (NHPI), as some other race (SOR), and within two or more race categories. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for “other” races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity or descent. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race; thus, they are included in the White, Black or African American, and Asian population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey, conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, provides comprehensive data on the labor force, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 eligible households. This sample, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population, includes about 10,000 households beyond the 50,000 in the regular CPS sample in order to meet the requirements of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) legislation. The SCHIP legislation required the Census Bureau to improve State estimates of the number of children who live in low-income families and lack health insurance. These estimates are obtained from the Annual Demographic Supplement to the CPS. In September 2000, the Census Bureau began expanding the monthly CPS sample in 31 States and the District of Columbia because of the SCHIP legislation.

Selected respondents in the 60,000 eligible households are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and older. The information that is collected pertains to a "reference week," usually the calendar week (Sunday to Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month, with actual interviewing occurring during the week following the reference week—known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2005 sample encompasses 824 sample areas, with coverage of every State and the District of Columbia. It is based, to a large extent, on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the Census 2000 enumeration. (A redesigned Census 2000-based sample was phased in from April 2004 through July 2005.) The 824 areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,025 primary sampling units (PSUs). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,025 PSUs are grouped into strata within each State. Those PSUs which are in a stratum by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of Blacks and Hispanics, and distributions by occupation and industry and by age and sex. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. One PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportional to the relative population size of the PSU.

In States with a SCHIP sample, the self-representing PSUs are the same for both the regular CPS and SCHIP. In most States, the same non-self-representing sample PSUs are in the sample for both the regular CPS and SCHIP; however, to improve the reliability of the SCHIP estimates in Maine, Maryland, and Nevada, the SCHIP non-self-representing PSUs are selected independently of the regular CPS sample PSUs, with replacement. The method for stratification of PSUs for SCHIP in these States is similar to that of the other stratifications, except that the stratification variable used is the number of people under age 18 with household income below twice the poverty level.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of the unit's census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected through the use of the population size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample for the next 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Methods of estimation

Under the methods of estimation used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each respondent by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined next), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed averages about 7 percent to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of the population characteristics. This is accomplished through four stages of adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio adjustment.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to the variance of the sample State-level estimates arising from the sampling of PSUs. (There would still be variance associated with the State-level estimates even if the survey included all households in every sample PSU.) This kind of variance is called between-PSU variance. For some States, the between-PSU variance makes up a relatively large proportion of the total variance, whereas the relative contribution of the between-PSU variance at the national level is generally quite small. There are several factors to be considered in determining what information to use in applying the first-stage adjustment: the information must be available for each PSU, be correlated with as many of the relevant statistics from the CPS as possible, and be reasonably stable over time so that the gain achieved from

the ratio adjustment procedure does not deteriorate. The basic labor force categories (unemployed, nonagricultural employed, etc.) could be used; however, this information probably would fail the stability criterion. The distribution of the population by race (Black alone and non-Black alone) by age groups 0–15 years old and 16 years and older satisfies all three criteria, including stability.

Use of the categories of Black alone and non-Black alone compensates for the fact that the racial composition of a non-self-representing (NSR) sample PSU could differ substantially from the racial composition of the stratum it is representing. This adjustment is not necessary for self-representing (SR) PSUs, because they represent only themselves. Adjustment factors are computed for the two race categories for each State containing NSR PSUs. The Black-alone and non-Black-alone cells are collapsed within a State when a cell meets any one of four sampling criteria.¹ As a result of these criteria, the first-stage ratio adjustment actually is used (that is, does not collapse to 1.0) in less than half of the States.

b. *National coverage adjustment.* A national coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the national coverage adjustment is to correct for interactions between race and ethnicity that are not addressed in the second-stage weighting. (See item “d” on the next page.) Research has shown that the undercoverage of certain race-ethnicity combinations (for example, non-Black Hispanic) cannot be corrected with second-stage adjustment alone. The national coverage adjustment also helps to speed the convergence of the second-stage adjustment, resulting in fewer iterations required to reach the final national controls. The national coverage adjustment factors are based on independently derived estimates of the population. Person records are grouped into four pairs on the basis of their month-in-sample (MIS). MISs 1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8 form the four pairs. Each MIS pair is then adjusted to age-sex-race-ethnicity population controls. Between 2 and 28 age cells are used, depending on which of the six major coverage groups (Black alone non-Hispanic, White alone non-Hispanic, White alone Hispanic, non-White alone Hispanic, Asian alone non-Hispanic, or residual race non-Hispanic) is being adjusted.

c. *State coverage adjustment.* In addition to a national coverage adjustment, a State coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the State coverage adjustment is to adjust for State differences in sex-age-race coverage. Research

¹ The four sampling criteria are (1) that the adjustment factor be greater than 1.3; (2) that the adjustment factor be less than 1/1.3 (or 0.769230 in decimal form); (3) that there be fewer than four NSR sample PSUs in the State; and (4) that there be fewer than 10 expected interviews in an age-race cell in the State.

has shown that estimates of characteristics of certain race groups (for example, Blacks) can differ greatly from the controls if a State coverage adjustment is not used. However, unlike the national coverage adjustment, the State coverage adjustment slows the convergence of the second-stage ratio adjustment process. The State coverage adjustment is based on independently derived estimates of the population. Except for the District of Columbia, person records for non-Black alone are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS)—with the same MIS pairings (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8) used as in the national coverage adjustment. Person records for Black alone for all States and non-Black alone for the District of Columbia are formed at the State level, with all months in the sample combined. For the Black-alone component of the adjustment, States are adjusted with the use of a varying number of age-sex-race cells based on the expected number of sample records in each age-sex cell. For example, for non-Black alone, all States except the District of Columbia are adjusted for three age groupings (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older) by sex. Each cell is adjusted to independent age-sex-race population controls in each State.

d. *Second-stage ratio adjustment.* The second-stage ratio adjustment is performed to decrease the variance of the vast majority of the CPS sample estimates. Because the labor force status of individuals in the general population is correlated with their specific geographic and demographic identification (for example, teenagers and unemployment, or rural married women and labor force participation), the variance of the labor force estimates can be reduced by controlling the CPS sample estimates to independent estimates of selected geographic and demographic population categories. The procedure also is believed to reduce the bias due to coverage errors. The procedure adjusts the weights for the sample to estimates within each month-in-sample pair to control the sample estimates for a number of geographic and demographic subgroups of the population in order to ensure that these sample-based estimates of the population match independent population controls for each of the categories. These independent population controls are updated each month. Three sets of controls are used: (1) the civilian noninstitutional population for the 50 States and the District of Columbia by sex and age (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older); (2) the national civilian noninstitutional population for 36 Hispanic and 36 non-Hispanic age-sex categories; and (3) the total national civilian noninstitutional population for 56 White, 36 Black, and 26 residual race-age-sex categories.

The adjustment is done separately for each month-in-sample pair (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8). Because adjusting the weights to match one set of controls can cause differences in other controls, an iterative process is used to simultaneously control all variables. Successive iterations begin with the weights as adjusted by all previous iterations. Ten iterations are performed, which

results in (virtual) consistency between the sample estimates and the population controls.

The independent population controls used for the CPS are produced by the Census Bureau's Population Division. The CPS population controls are based on a demographic framework of population accounting. Under this framework, time series of population estimates and projections are anchored by the latest decennial census enumerations, with populations for dates since the latest decennial census derived from the estimation, or projection, of population change. In the simplest terms, estimates of population change are derived by adjusting the resident population as enumerated in the latest decennial census for births, deaths, and net migration, using information from a variety of data sources. Estimates of the resident population are adjusted to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older (the eligible CPS population) by subtracting estimates of the number of residents under 16 years of age, the number of residents in the Armed Forces, and the number of residents who are institutionalized.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a further reduction in sampling error—that is, a reduction beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Effective with the release of January 1998 data, a new composite estimation method was implemented for the CPS. The new technique provides increased operational simplicity for microdata users and allows optimization of compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. Under the new procedure, weights are derived for each record. These weights, when aggregated, produce estimates consistent with those produced by the composite estimator. Under the previous procedure, composite estimation was performed at the macrolevel. The composite estimator for each tabulated cell was a function of the aggregated weights for respondents contributing to the cell in question in current and previous months. The different months of data were combined by the use of compositing coefficients. Thus, microdata users needed several months of data to compute composite estimates. To ensure consistency, the same coefficients had to be used for all estimates. The values of the coefficients selected were much closer to optimal for

unemployment values than for employment or labor force values.

The new composite weighting method involves two steps: (1) the computation of composite estimates for the main labor force categories, classified by important demographic characteristics, and (2) the adjustment of the microdata weights, through a series of ratio adjustments, to agree with these composite estimates, thus incorporating the effect of composite estimation into the microdata weights. Under this procedure, the sum of the composite weights of all sample persons in a particular labor force category equals the composite estimate of the level for that category. Thus, to produce a composite estimate for a particular month, a data user needs simply to access the microdata file for that (single) month and compute a weighted sum. The new composite weighting approach also improves the accuracy of labor force estimates by using different compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. The weighting adjustment method ensures additivity while allowing variation in the compositing coefficients.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures that are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and nonsampling error. Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability—that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals—that is, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions by use of the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate

would include the average result of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: an expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8.0 percent annually. This is calculated with the assumption of a 6.0-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's sample design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher is the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum levels for the labor force and for employment and unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined “critical cell” must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the census regions and divisions; in the States and the District of Columbia; and in the metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population—that is, the number of employed and unemployed—publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data—labor force,

employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate—are suppressed. In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the size of the base of the distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the table showing percent distribution of unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the minimum base for unemployment. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as a given sex or race), data for the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for the reason in question does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.645 standard errors) for the major employment status characteristics. The sampling errors provided are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided next. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in Virginia will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, for a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in Virginia has an absolute sampling error of 15,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 15 percent (15,000/100,000). A statement that unemployment for a particular group is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 85,000 and 115,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

The latter statement can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples, make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques), and construct an interval around each estimate (with the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of the intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

In order to convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90-percent to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors), multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence is 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 × 0.63). At 95-percent

confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 × 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by a redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as the one that occurred in 1994.)

As noted before, differences can take two general forms: (1) differences between population groups and/or geographic areas, and (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated with the following formula, noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed later:

$$SE_d = [(SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C(SE_1 \times SE_2)]^{1/2},$$

where

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference,

SE_1 = the sampling error of one group or year,

SE_2 = the sampling error of another group or year,

and

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The values of SE_1 and SE_2 can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or C term, for employment and unemployment for differences between *consecutive* years are as follows: for labor force or employment levels, $C = 0.58$; for unemployment levels or rates, $C = 0.37$. It is important to note that these C terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the *same geographic area and population group*.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. In calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a C term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is that (1) if the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, then the C term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, and (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error

computed without a C term will be overstated. An overstatement could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a characteristic such as employment (people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a C term to calculate the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The next example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error of a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between an unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 23,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 18,000. Using the formula described previously without the C term produces the following results:

$$\begin{aligned} SE_1 &= 23; SE_2 = 18 \\ SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 &= 853 \\ SE_d &= (SE_1^2 + SE_2^2)^{1/2} = 29 \end{aligned}$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the unemployment estimates for California and New York, and a C term of zero can be assumed. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 14, and 27. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range (or subtracting the lower bound of the range from the estimated unemployment rate), the sampling error for the rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the formula given previously for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for any other purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for the 2005 total unemployment level for women in Ohio, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment-level estimate of 175,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \{[(A - G) / (F - G)] \times (X - Y)\} + Y$$

where

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value,

A = the estimated value (175,000),

F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value,

G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value,

X = the sampling error of F (18,000), and

Y = the sampling error of G (13,000).

Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} SE &= \{[(175 - 100) / (200 - 100)] \times (18 - 13)\} + 13 \\ &= (0.75 \times 5) + 13 \\ &= 3.75 + 13 \\ &\approx 17 \end{aligned}$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the F term becomes the highest value in the table and the G term becomes the next-highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed with a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of the error rather than a precise error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6392.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race or ethnic group whose data are published. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for Whites (and the total of all race and ethnic groups) than it is for Blacks or Hispanics.

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Census regions and divisions:		
Northeast	9	44
New England	6	30
Middle Atlantic	10	50
Midwest	10	38
East North Central	11	40
West North Central	7	30
South	11	45
South Atlantic	10	48
East South Central	12	37
West South Central	13	46
West	7	41
Mountain	8	32
Pacific	7	43
States:		
Alabama	10	50
Alaska	2	3
Arizona	11	51
Arkansas	5	29
California	9	59
Colorado	8	28
Connecticut	5	20
Delaware	1	8
District of Columbia	1	4
Florida	12	65
Georgia	10	59
Hawaii	2	18
Idaho	3	19
Illinois	9	40
Indiana	10	38
Iowa	4	25
Kansas	5	22
Kentucky	11	26
Louisiana	10	40
Maine	2	9
Maryland	6	42
Massachusetts	9	41
Michigan	10	33
Minnesota	8	46
Mississippi	7	21
Missouri	12	37
Montana	2	11
Nebraska	2	19
Nevada	3	19
New Hampshire	1	11

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
States:		
New Jersey	7	47
New Mexico	4	18
New York	11	43
North Carolina	11	51
North Dakota	2	9
Ohio	13	38
Oklahoma	7	41
Oregon	5	23
Pennsylvania	7	47
Rhode Island	1	6
South Carolina	7	26
South Dakota	1	7
Tennessee	12	45
Texas	15	49
Utah	5	26
Vermont	1	6
Virginia	16	87
Washington	7	43
West Virginia	5	14
Wisconsin	9	42
Wyoming	1	7
Metropolitan areas:		
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	7	44
Austin-Round Rock	11	46
Baltimore-Towson	5	27
Birmingham-Hoover	9	58
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	48	235
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	5	17
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	12	35
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	7	40
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	9	37
Cincinnati-Middletown	10	54
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	12	39
Columbus	10	46
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	11	37
Dayton	12	26
Denver-Aurora	6	26
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	10	31
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	13	54
Honolulu	2	16
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	13	39
Indianapolis-Carmel	9	42
Jacksonville	10	69
Kansas City	7	25
Las Vegas-Paradise	3	20
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	7	52
Louisville-Jefferson County	7	20

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan areas:		
Memphis	9	28
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	11	60
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	8	34
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	5	31
Nashville-Davidson—Murfreesboro—Franklin	8	43
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	8	41
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	11	50
Oklahoma City	6	44
Orlando-Kissimmee	10	59
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	8	49
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	10	61
Pittsburgh	8	46
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4	29
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	7	37
Richmond	9	38
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	8	42
Rochester	11	32
Sacramento—Arden-Arcade—Roseville	7	51
Salt Lake City	4	22
San Antonio	13	43
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	7	74
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	7	45
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	7	47
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	6	42
St. Louis	8	37
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	11	55
Tulsa	6	42
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	9	54
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	6	55
Metropolitan divisions:		
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	4	55
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	11	52
Camden	8	62
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	9	37
Dallas-Plano-Irving	11	38
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	11	25
Edison-New Brunswick	8	63
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	11	51
Fort Worth-Arlington	11	35
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	7	48
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	11	67
Nassau-Suffolk	12	85
New York-White Plains-Wayne	12	44
Newark-Union	8	48
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	7	42
Philadelphia	8	47
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	7	50
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	7	68

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan divisions:		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	6	44
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	9	38
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	6	55
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	12	64
Cities:		
Atlanta city	7	34
Austin city	11	48
Baltimore city	6	14
Boston city	11	24
Charlotte city	8	47
Chicago city	10	22
Cleveland city	16	13
Columbus city	10	42
Dallas city	12	36
Denver County/city	6	19
Detroit city	13	13
Fort Worth city	12	28
Houston city	13	35
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	10	26
Jacksonville city	10	53
Kansas City city	8	18
Las Vegas city	3	15
Los Angeles city	7	39
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	12	27
Memphis city	10	21
Miami city	13	66
Milwaukee city	9	19
Minneapolis city	6	23
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	9	29
New Orleans city	9	26
New York city	13	39
Oakland city	7	24
Oklahoma City city	7	34
Philadelphia County/city	9	32
Phoenix city	10	48
Portland city	4	23
Sacramento city	7	35
San Antonio city	13	38
San Diego city	7	80
San Francisco County/city	7	40
San Jose city	7	47
Seattle city	6	29
St. Louis city	9	22
Tulsa city	6	45
Virginia Beach city	9	61
Washington city	1	4

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by census region and division, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	6	8	9	13	19	27	30	38	53	59	72	83
New England	5	7	8	11	16	22	25	32	44	48	58	65
Middle Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	40	56	62	75	86
Midwest	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	56	63	76	88
East North Central	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	60	66	81	93
West North Central	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	33	47	52	62	71
South	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	59	66	81	93
South Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	56	63	77	88
East South Central	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	42	58	65	78	88
West South Central	7	10	11	16	23	32	36	45	63	70	85	97
West	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	48	54	65	75
Mountain	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	49	54	65	74
Pacific	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	34	47	53	64	73
	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	92	126	149	166	178	187	195	193	—	—	—	—
New England	71	85	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	95	129	150	164	173	176	—	—	—	—	—	—
Midwest	98	135	160	180	195	206	221	226	223	—	—	—
East North Central	103	140	164	181	192	198	199	—	—	—	—	—
West North Central	78	99	105	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	104	144	174	197	217	233	259	277	290	297	300	—
South Atlantic	98	134	158	176	189	199	208	205	—	—	—	—
East South Central	96	119	123	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	107	143	163	174	178	174	—	—	—	—	—	—
West	84	115	137	154	167	177	189	194	192	—	—	—
Mountain	81	103	110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	81	111	130	143	152	158	159	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by census region and division, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
New England	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
Midwest	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
East North Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
West North Central	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
South	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	18
East South Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	19
West	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	15
Pacific	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	19	25	30	35	39	—	—	—
New England	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	21	26	32	37	—	—	—	—
Midwest	20	25	30	35	39	47	—	—
East North Central	21	26	32	37	41	—	—	—
West North Central	16	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	20	26	31	36	40	49	57	63
South Atlantic	20	25	30	35	39	—	—	—
East South Central	19	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	21	27	33	38	—	—	—	—
West	19	24	30	34	38	47	—	—
Mountain	16	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	20	25	31	36	40	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	43	48
Alaska	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	10	10	-	-	-
Arizona	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	47	53
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	24	28	30
California	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	38	46	53
Colorado	3	4	6	9	10	13	19	26	29	36	43	48
Connecticut	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	22	27	31	34
Delaware	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	9	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	6	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	51	59
Georgia	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	48	55
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	12	12	-
Idaho	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	15	16	18	19	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	44	51
Indiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	30	38	45	51
Iowa	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	17	19	23	27	29
Kansas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	29	32
Kentucky	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	30	37	44	49
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	13	19	26	29	36	42	47
Maine	1	2	3	4	4	6	9	11	12	14	14	-
Maryland	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	25	31	37	42
Massachusetts	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	50
Michigan	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	54
Minnesota	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	36	43	48
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	24	30	34	37
Missouri	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	33	42	50	56
Montana	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	12	13	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	13	14	16	18	18
Nevada	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16	18	21	24	25
New Hampshire	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	13	13	-
New Jersey	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	26	32	39	44
New Mexico	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	22	24	24
New York	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	33	41	50	58
North Carolina	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	49	55
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	7	9	9	-	-	-
Ohio	3	5	7	10	11	16	23	32	35	44	54	61
Oklahoma	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	23	26	32	37	41
Oregon	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	30	33
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	1	2	3	3	5	6	8	9	10	-	-
South Carolina	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	25	31	36	40
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	5	7	9	10	9	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	33	41	49	55
Texas	3	6	8	11	12	17	25	35	39	49	59	68
Utah	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	29	31
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	7	-	-	-
Virginia	4	6	8	12	13	18	26	36	40	50	60	68
Washington	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	24	26	33	39	44
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	22	24	-
Wisconsin	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	38	45	51
Wyoming	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	-	-	-

See note at end of table.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2005 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	52	57	57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	58	65	69	68	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	60	72	83	91	122	141	152	157	156
Colorado	51	56	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	36	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	65	78	89	97	121	126	—	—	—
Georgia	60	71	78	82	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	56	67	75	81	92	—	—	—	—
Indiana	56	63	67	68	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	31	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	52	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	51	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	46	51	54	53	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	55	63	67	68	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	60	70	78	83	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	52	58	60	58	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	61	69	72	72	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	48	57	62	66	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	64	77	87	95	121	128	—	—	—
North Carolina	61	71	78	82	—	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	68	80	90	96	106	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	43	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	36	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	51	61	68	73	84	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	43	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	59	68	72	72	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	75	91	103	114	146	158	156	—	—
Utah	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	75	87	94	98	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	48	55	59	60	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	55	63	65	65	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	5	6	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21	23	29	36	41	-
Colorado	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Georgia	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	4	4	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	25	-	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	3	4	5	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	28	34	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Tables C-2 and C-3 provide the geographic boundary definitions of the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions, respectively, for which data are published in section III. The information for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions reflects the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, Missouri. That change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 2003 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions

The general concept of a metropolitan area is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that core.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on December 27, 2000. The definitions and a complete listing of the areas were first published on June 6, 2003, in OMB Bulletin No. 03-04. Area titles appearing in this publication reflect updates per OMB Bulletin No. 09-01, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated November 20, 2008.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area* consists of at least one urbanized area that has a population of at least 50,000. The Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the central county or counties containing the urbanized core area, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties, as measured through commuting ties.

A *Metropolitan Division* is essentially a separately identifiable employment center within a very large Metropolitan Statistical Area (one with a core population of 2.5 million or more). The Metropolitan Division consists of one or more main or secondary counties that represent an employment center, plus adjacent counties associated with the main or secondary county or counties through the strongest commuting ties.

The data published in section III reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than the county-based Metropolitan Statistical Area and Metropolitan Division definitions, in the six New England States. In previous decades, the statistical areas that OMB defined for the New England States were city and town based, with county-based areas specified as an alternative for users seeking a comparable geographic basis. For the current definitions, all Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Metropolitan Divisions are county based, with NECTAs serving as an equivalent alternative for the New England States.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central ...	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas

State and area	Definition
Alabama Birmingham-Hoover	Bibb, Blount, Chilton, Jefferson, St. Clair, Shelby, and Walker Counties
Arizona Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	Los Angeles and Orange Counties Riverside and San Bernardino Counties El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties San Diego County Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties San Benito and Santa Clara Counties
Colorado Denver-Aurora	Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Clear Creek, Denver, Douglas, Elbert, Gilpin, Jefferson, and Park Counties
Connecticut Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	Bridgeport, Norwalk, Shelton, and Stamford cities, and Darien, Easton, Fairfield, Greenwich, Monroe, New Canaan, Newtown, Redding, Ridgefield, Stratford, Trumbull, Weston, Westport, and Wilton towns in Fairfield County; Ansonia, Derby, and Milford cities, and Oxford, Seymour, Southbury, and Woodbridge towns in New Haven County Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities, and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Hartland, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, and Windsor towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Thomaston towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city, and Cromwell, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Stafford, Tolland, Union, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; Ashford town in Windham County
District of Columbia Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida Jacksonville Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach Orlando-Kissimmee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. Johns Counties Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties Lake, Orange, Osceola, and Seminole Counties Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	Barrow, Bartow, Butts, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, Dawson, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Haralson, Heard, Henry, Jasper, Lamar, Meriwether, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Pike, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Hawaii Honolulu	Honolulu County
Illinois Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, IL; Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter Counties, IN; Kenosha County, WI

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Indiana	
Indianapolis-Carmel	Boone, Brown, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Marion, Morgan, Putnam, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky	
Louisville-Jefferson County	Bullitt, Henry, Jefferson, Meade, Nelson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, and Trimble Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Washington Counties, IN
Louisiana	
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes
Maryland	
Baltimore-Towson	Baltimore city, and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	Taunton city, and Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham towns in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lynn, Methuen, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities, and Amesbury, Andover, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, North Andover, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, and West Newbury towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Lowell, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Avon, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Brockton city, and Abington, Bridgewater, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marshfield, Middleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, West Bridgewater, and Whitman towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; Nashua city, and Amherst, Brookline, Greenfield, Greenville, Hollis, Hudson, Litchfield, Merrimack, Milford, Mont Vernon, Pelham, and Wilton towns in Hillsborough County; Atkinson, Brentwood, Chester, Danville, Derry, East Kingston, Epping, Exeter, Fremont, Hampstead, Hampton Falls, Kensington, Kingston, Londonderry, Newfields, Newton, Plaistow, Raymond, Salem, Sandown, Seabrook, South Hampton, and Windham towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan	
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota	
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Missouri	
Kansas City	Bates, Caldwell, Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO; Franklin, Johnson, Leavenworth, Linn, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS
St. Louis ¹	St. Louis city, and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, Warren, and Washington Counties, MO; Bond, Calhoun, Clinton, Jersey, Macoupin, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL
Nevada	
Las Vegas-Paradise	Clark County
New York	
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	Erie and Niagara Counties
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	Bronx, Kings, Nassau, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Rochester	Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	Anson, Cabarrus, Gaston, Mecklenburg, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC
Ohio	
Cincinnati-Middletown	Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio Counties, IN
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Medina Counties
Columbus	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Pickaway, and Union Counties
Dayton	Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble Counties
Oklahoma	
Oklahoma City	Canadian, Cleveland, Grady, Lincoln, Logan, McClain, and Oklahoma Counties
Tulsa	Creek, Okmulgee, Osage, Pawnee, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner Counties
Oregon	
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark and Skamania Counties, WA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; New Castle County, DE; Cecil County, MD
Pittsburgh	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island	
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County; Warwick city, and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County; Newport city, and Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown, Portsmouth, and Tiverton towns in Newport County; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Gloucester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield town in Providence County; Charlestown, Exeter, Hopkinton, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown in Washington County, RI; Attleboro and Fall River cities, and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County; Bellingham and Plainville towns in Norfolk County; Blackstone and Millville towns in Worcester County, MA

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Tennessee	
Memphis	Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN; DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, and Tunica Counties, MS; Crittenden County, AR
Nashville-Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, and Wilson Counties
Texas	
Austin-Round Rock	Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, San Jacinto, and Waller Counties
San Antonio	Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Medina, and Wilson Counties
Utah	
Salt Lake City	Salt Lake, Summit, and Tooele Counties
Virginia	
Richmond	Colonial Heights, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond cities, and Amelia, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Cumberland, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, King William, Louisa, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George, and Sussex Counties
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities, and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, Surry, and York Counties, VA; Currituck County, NC
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	King, Pierce, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin	
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties

¹ This is not the official definition of the St. Louis area. Excluded is the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
California	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	Los Angeles County
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	Orange County
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
District of Columbia	
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	Frederick and Montgomery Counties, MD
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida	
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach	
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	Broward County
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	Miami-Dade County
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	Palm Beach County
Illinois	
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, McHenry, and Will Counties
Massachusetts	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	Mansfield town in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, and Newburyport cities, and Andover, Boxford, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Middleton, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Saugus, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Groton, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, and Scituate towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Bolton and Harvard towns in Worcester County
Michigan	
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	Wayne County
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, and St. Clair Counties

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions—Continued

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
New York	
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	
Edison-New Brunswick	Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean, and Somerset Counties, NJ
Nassau-Suffolk	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York-White Plains-Wayne	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Hudson, and Passaic Counties, NJ
Newark-Union	Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	
Camden	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties, NJ
Philadelphia	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties
Texas	
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	
Dallas-Plano-Irving	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Kaufman, and Rockwall Counties
Fort Worth-Arlington	Johnson, Parker, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	King and Snohomish Counties