

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2013

U.S. Department of Labor
Thomas E. Perez, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Erica L. Groshen, Commissioner

October 2014

Bulletin 2780

Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in states and substate areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. The LAUS program is a federal-state cooperative endeavor in which state workforce agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2013 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions; the 50 states and the District of Columbia; and 54 large metropolitan areas, 22 metropolitan divisions, and 41 principal cities. Data from the CPS differ from the official estimates produced by the individual states through the LAUS program. CPS estimates are provided herein because they are a current source of information on the demographic and economic characteristics of the labor force in subnational areas, from the same source as the official labor force data for the United States as a whole.

Tables 1 through 13 present 2013 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all states and the District of Columbia appears in tables 14 through 26. All of these data reflect 2010 census-based population controls.

Tables 27 through 32 display 2013 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented, because independent census-based population controls are not available below the state level.

Geographic definitions for the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions appearing in this publication reflect those first issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003, with titles updated per OMB Bulletin No. 10-02, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated December 1, 2009. (See appendix C.)

The data in this bulletin reflect revisions to the standards for classification of federal data by race and ethnicity that were issued by OMB on October 30, 1997. Estimates for the White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups are based on people who reported only one of those race groups. People who reported another race group or two or more races are not included in any of these categories, but are included in the totals. People whose ethnicity was identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, were classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Tables displaying occupation and industry data reflect the coding systems used for those data in census 2000.

This bulletin was prepared in the BLS Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. Editorial assistance was provided by the Office of Publications and Special Studies.

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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2013

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force—by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed—to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I; data for states are shown in section II; and limited data for metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are

not provided in section III, because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, White, Black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions and Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Northeast Region								
Total	44,611	28,332	63.5	26,203	58.7	2,129	7.5	7.3 – 7.7
Men	21,358	14,791	69.3	13,594	63.7	1,197	8.1	7.8 – 8.4
Women	23,253	13,541	58.2	12,608	54.2	932	6.9	6.6 – 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,985	1,001	33.5	780	26.1	220	22.0	20.1 – 23.9
White	35,533	22,748	64.0	21,206	59.7	1,541	6.8	6.6 – 7.0
Men	17,186	12,011	69.9	11,141	64.8	870	7.2	6.9 – 7.5
Women	18,347	10,737	58.5	10,065	54.9	672	6.3	6.0 – 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,252	833	37.0	664	29.5	169	20.3	18.3 – 22.3
Black or African American	5,422	3,313	61.1	2,876	53.0	437	13.2	12.4 – 14.0
Men	2,436	1,547	63.5	1,308	53.7	239	15.4	14.2 – 16.6
Women	2,986	1,766	59.1	1,568	52.5	198	11.2	10.2 – 12.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	442	107	24.3	69	15.7	38	35.5	28.3 – 42.7
Asian	2,825	1,756	62.2	1,656	58.6	100	5.7	5.0 – 6.4
Men	1,373	982	71.6	920	67.0	62	6.4	5.4 – 7.4
Women	1,452	774	53.3	736	50.7	38	4.9	3.9 – 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	178	29	16.2	25	13.8	4	14.9	5.9 – 23.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,255	3,365	64.0	2,999	57.1	366	10.9	10.2 – 11.6
Men	2,509	1,828	72.9	1,629	64.9	199	10.9	10.0 – 11.8
Women	2,746	1,537	56.0	1,370	49.9	167	10.9	9.9 – 11.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	502	131	26.1	88	17.5	43	33.0	26.8 – 39.2
Married men, spouse present	10,862	8,154	75.1	7,759	71.4	395	4.8	4.5 – 5.1
Married women, spouse present	10,726	6,614	61.7	6,322	58.9	292	4.4	4.1 – 4.7
Women who maintain families	2,871	1,895	66.0	1,691	58.9	204	10.8	9.8 – 11.8
New England Division								
Total	11,760	7,694	65.4	7,154	60.8	540	7.0	6.7 – 7.3
Men	5,647	3,967	70.3	3,667	64.9	300	7.6	7.2 – 8.0
Women	6,113	3,726	61.0	3,486	57.0	240	6.4	6.0 – 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	836	311	37.2	246	29.4	65	20.9	18.2 – 23.6
White	10,152	6,656	65.6	6,220	61.3	436	6.6	6.3 – 6.9
Men	4,904	3,448	70.3	3,205	65.4	243	7.0	6.5 – 7.5
Women	5,249	3,208	61.1	3,014	57.4	194	6.0	5.6 – 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	690	268	38.8	217	31.5	51	18.9	16.2 – 21.6
Black or African American	777	487	62.7	428	55.0	59	12.2	10.7 – 13.7
Men	364	243	66.7	208	57.3	34	14.1	11.7 – 16.5
Women	414	245	59.1	219	53.0	25	10.3	8.3 – 12.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66	22	33.4	15	22.1	7	33.9	21.5 – 46.3
Asian	585	394	67.3	370	63.3	24	6.0	4.6 – 7.4
Men	271	203	74.8	189	69.7	14	6.9	4.8 – 9.0
Women	314	191	60.9	181	57.8	10	5.1	3.3 – 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	920	599	65.1	517	56.1	82	13.8	12.3 – 15.3
Men	422	309	73.3	262	62.2	47	15.2	13.0 – 17.4
Women	498	289	58.1	254	51.0	35	12.2	10.1 – 14.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	102	38	37.4	25	24.2	13	35.2	25.4 – 45.0
Married men, spouse present	2,967	2,247	75.7	2,147	72.4	100	4.5	4.0 – 5.0
Married women, spouse present	2,953	1,904	64.5	1,822	61.7	82	4.3	3.8 – 4.8
Women who maintain families	687	476	69.3	429	62.5	46	9.7	8.2 – 11.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	32,851	20,639	62.8	19,049	58.0	1,589	7.7	7.4 – 8.0
Men	15,711	10,824	68.9	9,927	63.2	897	8.3	7.9 – 8.7
Women	17,140	9,814	57.3	9,122	53.2	692	7.1	6.7 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,149	690	32.1	535	24.9	155	22.5	20.1 – 24.9
White	25,382	16,092	63.4	14,987	59.0	1,105	6.9	6.6 – 7.2
Men	12,283	8,563	69.7	7,936	64.6	627	7.3	6.9 – 7.7
Women	13,099	7,529	57.5	7,051	53.8	478	6.3	5.9 – 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,562	565	36.2	447	28.6	119	21.0	18.4 – 23.6
Black or African American	4,644	2,825	60.8	2,447	52.7	378	13.4	12.5 – 14.3
Men	2,072	1,304	62.9	1,099	53.0	205	15.7	14.3 – 17.1
Women	2,572	1,521	59.2	1,348	52.4	173	11.4	10.3 – 12.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	376	85	22.7	55	14.6	31	35.9	27.6 – 44.2
Asian	2,239	1,362	60.8	1,285	57.4	76	5.6	4.8 – 6.4
Men	1,101	779	70.7	731	66.4	48	6.2	5.1 – 7.3
Women	1,138	583	51.2	555	48.7	28	4.8	3.6 – 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,334	2,765	63.8	2,482	57.3	283	10.2	9.4 – 11.0
Men	2,087	1,518	72.8	1,367	65.5	151	10.0	9.0 – 11.0
Women	2,247	1,247	55.5	1,115	49.6	132	10.6	9.4 – 11.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	400	93	23.2	63	15.8	30	32.1	24.5 – 39.7
Married men, spouse present	7,895	5,907	74.8	5,612	71.1	294	5.0	4.6 – 5.4
Married women, spouse present	7,774	4,710	60.6	4,500	57.9	210	4.5	4.1 – 4.9
Women who maintain families	2,184	1,419	65.0	1,261	57.7	158	11.1	9.9 – 12.3
Midwest Region								
Total	52,600	34,289	65.2	31,830	60.5	2,459	7.2	7.0 – 7.4
Men	25,506	18,042	70.7	16,681	65.4	1,361	7.5	7.2 – 7.8
Women	27,095	16,247	60.0	15,149	55.9	1,098	6.8	6.5 – 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,640	1,538	42.2	1,235	33.9	303	19.7	18.2 – 21.2
White	44,850	29,494	65.8	27,645	61.6	1,849	6.3	6.1 – 6.5
Men	21,905	15,701	71.7	14,635	66.8	1,066	6.8	6.5 – 7.1
Women	22,945	13,793	60.1	13,010	56.7	783	5.7	5.4 – 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,947	1,297	44.0	1,072	36.4	225	17.3	15.8 – 18.8
Black or African American	5,146	3,069	59.6	2,596	50.4	473	15.4	14.3 – 16.5
Men	2,334	1,416	60.6	1,191	51.0	225	15.9	14.2 – 17.6
Women	2,812	1,653	58.8	1,405	50.0	248	15.0	13.4 – 16.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	461	162	35.1	102	22.2	59	36.7	28.7 – 44.7
Asian	1,498	1,012	67.6	969	64.7	43	4.2	3.5 – 4.9
Men	717	543	75.7	521	72.7	22	4.0	3.0 – 5.0
Women	780	469	60.1	448	57.4	21	4.5	3.4 – 5.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,109	2,183	70.2	1,953	62.8	230	10.5	9.6 – 11.4
Men	1,623	1,289	79.4	1,148	70.7	141	11.0	9.8 – 12.2
Women	1,486	893	60.1	805	54.2	89	9.9	8.6 – 11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	316	118	37.5	82	25.9	36	30.8	24.4 – 37.2
Married men, spouse present	13,515	10,035	74.3	9,614	71.1	421	4.2	3.9 – 4.5
Married women, spouse present	13,442	8,367	62.2	8,038	59.8	329	3.9	3.6 – 4.2
Women who maintain families	3,086	2,161	70.0	1,926	62.4	235	10.9	10.0 – 11.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
East North Central Division								
Total	36,469	23,265	63.8	21,379	58.6	1,886	8.1	7.9 – 8.3
Men	17,623	12,237	69.4	11,187	63.5	1,050	8.6	8.2 – 9.0
Women	18,846	11,027	58.5	10,192	54.1	835	7.6	7.2 – 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,535	1,023	40.4	796	31.4	227	22.2	20.2 – 24.2
White	30,611	19,733	64.5	18,337	59.9	1,395	7.1	6.8 – 7.4
Men	14,936	10,542	70.6	9,727	65.1	815	7.7	7.3 – 8.1
Women	15,675	9,190	58.6	8,610	54.9	580	6.3	5.9 – 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,011	846	42.0	678	33.7	168	19.9	17.8 – 22.0
Black or African American	4,180	2,446	58.5	2,048	49.0	399	16.3	14.9 – 17.7
Men	1,879	1,111	59.1	923	49.1	188	16.9	14.8 – 19.0
Women	2,301	1,336	58.1	1,125	48.9	211	15.8	13.9 – 17.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	372	128	34.5	81	21.9	47	36.6	27.2 – 46.0
Asian	1,027	679	66.2	652	63.5	27	4.0	3.0 – 5.0
Men	486	370	76.1	355	73.0	15	4.1	2.8 – 5.4
Women	541	309	57.2	297	55.0	12	4.0	2.6 – 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,349	1,638	69.7	1,449	61.7	189	11.5	10.4 – 12.6
Men	1,228	976	79.5	858	69.9	118	12.1	10.7 – 13.5
Women	1,121	662	59.0	591	52.7	71	10.7	9.1 – 12.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	237	85	35.8	54	22.7	31	36.6	28.1 – 45.1
Married men, spouse present	9,240	6,750	73.0	6,425	69.5	324	4.8	4.4 – 5.2
Married women, spouse present	9,169	5,526	60.3	5,279	57.6	247	4.5	4.1 – 4.9
Women who maintain families	2,260	1,570	69.5	1,389	61.5	181	11.5	10.3 – 12.7
West North Central Division								
Total	16,131	11,024	68.3	10,451	64.8	573	5.2	5.0 – 5.4
Men	7,882	5,805	73.6	5,494	69.7	311	5.4	5.1 – 5.7
Women	8,249	5,219	63.3	4,957	60.1	263	5.0	4.7 – 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,104	514	46.6	439	39.7	76	14.8	13.0 – 16.6
White	14,239	9,761	68.6	9,308	65.4	453	4.6	4.4 – 4.8
Men	6,969	5,158	74.0	4,908	70.4	250	4.9	4.6 – 5.2
Women	7,270	4,603	63.3	4,400	60.5	203	4.4	4.1 – 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	936	451	48.2	394	42.1	57	12.6	10.8 – 14.4
Black or African American	966	623	64.4	548	56.7	75	12.0	10.6 – 13.4
Men	455	305	67.0	268	58.8	37	12.2	10.2 – 14.2
Women	511	318	62.2	280	54.9	37	11.8	9.8 – 13.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	89	33	37.7	21	23.7	12	37.2	26.4 – 48.0
Asian	471	333	70.7	317	67.4	15	4.6	3.5 – 5.7
Men	231	173	74.9	166	72.1	7	3.8	2.4 – 5.2
Women	240	160	66.6	151	63.0	9	5.5	3.8 – 7.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	760	544	71.7	504	66.3	41	7.5	6.2 – 8.8
Men	395	313	79.3	290	73.4	23	7.4	5.7 – 9.1
Women	364	231	63.4	214	58.6	17	7.5	5.5 – 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	79	33	42.4	28	35.7	5	15.9	8.4 – 23.4
Married men, spouse present	4,275	3,285	76.8	3,189	74.6	97	2.9	2.6 – 3.2
Married women, spouse present	4,273	2,841	66.5	2,759	64.6	82	2.9	2.6 – 3.2
Women who maintain families	826	591	71.5	537	65.0	54	9.2	7.9 – 10.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
South Region								
Total	91,184	56,646	62.1	52,659	57.8	3,987	7.0	6.9 – 7.1
Men	43,621	30,159	69.1	28,024	64.2	2,135	7.1	6.9 – 7.3
Women	47,563	26,487	55.7	24,635	51.8	1,852	7.0	6.8 – 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	6,095	1,974	32.4	1,508	24.7	466	23.6	22.1 – 25.1
White	68,811	42,564	61.9	40,084	58.3	2,480	5.8	5.6 – 6.0
Men	33,457	23,360	69.8	21,991	65.7	1,370	5.9	5.7 – 6.1
Women	35,353	19,203	54.3	18,093	51.2	1,110	5.8	5.6 – 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,233	1,462	34.5	1,169	27.6	293	20.0	18.4 – 21.6
Black or African American	16,991	10,566	62.2	9,293	54.7	1,273	12.0	11.5 – 12.5
Men	7,631	4,942	64.8	4,300	56.3	643	13.0	12.3 – 13.7
Women	9,361	5,624	60.1	4,993	53.3	630	11.2	10.6 – 11.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,407	381	27.1	231	16.4	150	39.3	34.7 – 43.9
Asian	2,997	2,025	67.6	1,946	64.9	78	3.9	3.4 – 4.4
Men	1,411	1,087	77.0	1,044	74.0	43	3.9	3.2 – 4.6
Women	1,586	938	59.1	902	56.9	36	3.8	3.0 – 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	50	25.7	45	22.9	5	10.8	5.2 – 16.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	14,008	9,329	66.6	8,651	61.8	679	7.3	6.8 – 7.8
Men	7,020	5,449	77.6	5,078	72.3	371	6.8	6.2 – 7.4
Women	6,988	3,881	55.5	3,573	51.1	308	7.9	7.2 – 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,277	418	32.7	326	25.6	91	21.9	18.2 – 25.6
Married men, spouse present	23,143	16,977	73.4	16,320	70.5	657	3.9	3.7 – 4.1
Married women, spouse present	22,960	13,046	56.8	12,459	54.3	587	4.5	4.3 – 4.7
Women who maintain families	6,329	4,177	66.0	3,760	59.4	417	10.0	9.3 – 10.7
South Atlantic Division								
Total	48,311	30,017	62.1	27,858	57.7	2,159	7.2	7.0 – 7.4
Men	22,988	15,718	68.4	14,578	63.4	1,140	7.3	7.0 – 7.6
Women	25,323	14,299	56.5	13,280	52.4	1,019	7.1	6.8 – 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,089	956	30.9	728	23.6	228	23.9	21.8 – 26.0
White	35,197	21,638	61.5	20,377	57.9	1,261	5.8	5.6 – 6.0
Men	17,083	11,755	68.8	11,065	64.8	690	5.9	5.6 – 6.2
Women	18,114	9,883	54.6	9,312	51.4	571	5.8	5.5 – 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,007	668	33.3	537	26.7	131	19.6	17.3 – 21.9
Black or African American	10,220	6,516	63.8	5,741	56.2	775	11.9	11.3 – 12.5
Men	4,570	3,022	66.1	2,639	57.7	383	12.7	11.8 – 13.6
Women	5,650	3,494	61.8	3,102	54.9	392	11.2	10.4 – 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	827	226	27.3	140	17.0	85	37.8	32.0 – 43.6
Asian	1,818	1,215	66.8	1,166	64.1	49	4.1	3.4 – 4.8
Men	860	637	74.0	607	70.6	30	4.7	3.7 – 5.7
Women	958	579	60.4	559	58.4	20	3.4	2.5 – 4.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,545	3,704	66.8	3,426	61.8	278	7.5	6.9 – 8.1
Men	2,777	2,139	77.0	1,990	71.6	150	7.0	6.2 – 7.8
Women	2,768	1,565	56.5	1,436	51.9	129	8.2	7.2 – 9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	449	126	28.0	100	22.3	26	20.5	15.1 – 25.9
Married men, spouse present	12,141	8,782	72.3	8,432	69.5	350	4.0	3.7 – 4.3
Married women, spouse present	12,030	6,947	57.7	6,620	55.0	327	4.7	4.4 – 5.0
Women who maintain families	3,261	2,213	67.9	1,991	61.1	222	10.0	9.1 – 10.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	14,499	8,576	59.1	7,901	54.5	675	7.9	7.5 – 8.3
Men	6,912	4,540	65.7	4,169	60.3	371	8.2	7.7 – 8.7
Women	7,587	4,036	53.2	3,732	49.2	304	7.5	6.9 – 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	940	327	34.7	237	25.2	90	27.5	23.8 – 31.2
White	11,256	6,700	59.5	6,264	55.6	436	6.5	6.1 – 6.9
Men	5,431	3,632	66.9	3,392	62.5	240	6.6	6.1 – 7.1
Women	5,825	3,068	52.7	2,872	49.3	196	6.4	5.8 – 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	653	242	37.1	187	28.7	55	22.6	18.6 – 26.6
Black or African American	2,812	1,600	56.9	1,381	49.1	219	13.7	12.4 – 15.0
Men	1,268	754	59.5	634	50.0	119	15.8	13.7 – 17.9
Women	1,544	846	54.8	747	48.4	99	11.7	10.0 – 13.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	246	68	27.5	35	14.3	33	48.2	36.1 – 60.3
Asian	203	136	67.1	132	65.2	4	2.8	1.1 – 4.5
Men	89	74	83.0	73	81.9	1	1.4	(²) – (²)
Women	114	63	54.8	60	52.2	3	4.6	1.4 – 7.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	477	337	70.5	308	64.5	29	8.5	6.5 – 10.5
Men	270	223	82.8	209	77.5	14	6.5	4.4 – 8.6
Women	208	113	54.5	99	47.7	14	12.5	8.4 – 16.6
Married men, spouse present	3,675	2,599	70.7	2,500	68.0	99	3.8	3.3 – 4.3
Married women, spouse present	3,681	2,071	56.3	1,975	53.6	97	4.7	4.1 – 5.3
Women who maintain families	1,020	601	59.0	526	51.6	75	12.5	10.6 – 14.4
West South Central Division								
Total	28,374	18,053	63.6	16,900	59.6	1,153	6.4	6.1 – 6.7
Men	13,721	9,901	72.2	9,277	67.6	624	6.3	5.9 – 6.7
Women	14,653	8,152	55.6	7,623	52.0	529	6.5	6.1 – 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,065	692	33.5	543	26.3	148	21.5	19.0 – 24.0
White	22,357	14,226	63.6	13,443	60.1	783	5.5	5.2 – 5.8
Men	10,942	7,973	72.9	7,533	68.8	440	5.5	5.1 – 5.9
Women	11,414	6,252	54.8	5,909	51.8	343	5.5	5.1 – 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,573	552	35.1	445	28.3	107	19.4	16.8 – 22.0
Black or African American	3,960	2,450	61.9	2,171	54.8	279	11.4	10.4 – 12.4
Men	1,793	1,167	65.1	1,027	57.2	140	12.0	10.5 – 13.5
Women	2,167	1,283	59.2	1,145	52.8	139	10.8	9.5 – 12.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	334	88	26.2	56	16.7	32	36.5	27.2 – 45.8
Asian	976	673	69.0	648	66.4	25	3.7	2.8 – 4.6
Men	462	377	81.5	364	78.9	12	3.2	2.0 – 4.4
Women	514	297	57.7	284	55.1	13	4.4	2.9 – 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7,985	5,288	66.2	4,916	61.6	372	7.0	6.3 – 7.7
Men	3,973	3,086	77.7	2,879	72.5	207	6.7	5.8 – 7.6
Women	4,012	2,202	54.9	2,037	50.8	165	7.5	6.4 – 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	784	276	35.2	215	27.4	61	22.1	17.0 – 27.2
Married men, spouse present	7,327	5,596	76.4	5,388	73.5	208	3.7	3.3 – 4.1
Married women, spouse present	7,249	4,027	55.6	3,864	53.3	163	4.1	3.6 – 4.6
Women who maintain families	2,048	1,362	66.5	1,243	60.7	119	8.8	7.7 – 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
West Region								
Total	57,289	36,124	63.1	33,240	58.0	2,884	8.0	7.8 – 8.2
Men	28,073	19,676	70.1	18,055	64.3	1,621	8.2	7.9 – 8.5
Women	29,215	16,448	56.3	15,185	52.0	1,263	7.7	7.4 – 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,068	1,272	31.3	935	23.0	338	26.5	24.7 – 28.3
White	45,140	28,607	63.4	26,443	58.6	2,163	7.6	7.4 – 7.8
Men	22,319	15,770	70.7	14,555	65.2	1,215	7.7	7.4 – 8.0
Women	22,822	12,837	56.2	11,888	52.1	948	7.4	7.1 – 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,066	1,016	33.1	766	25.0	250	24.6	22.6 – 26.6
Black or African American	2,818	1,632	57.9	1,387	49.2	246	15.0	13.9 – 16.1
Men	1,346	829	61.6	699	51.9	130	15.7	14.0 – 17.4
Women	1,472	804	54.6	688	46.7	116	14.4	12.8 – 16.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	255	67	26.2	36	14.1	31	46.1	35.9 – 56.3
Asian	5,978	3,792	63.4	3,565	59.6	227	6.0	5.5 – 6.5
Men	2,725	1,935	71.0	1,809	66.4	126	6.5	5.8 – 7.2
Women	3,253	1,857	57.1	1,756	54.0	100	5.4	4.7 – 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	354	73	20.7	52	14.7	21	29.0	21.1 – 36.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	15,153	9,900	65.3	8,917	58.8	983	9.9	9.5 – 10.3
Men	7,650	5,778	75.5	5,225	68.3	553	9.6	9.1 – 10.1
Women	7,503	4,122	54.9	3,691	49.2	430	10.4	9.7 – 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,557	466	29.9	325	20.9	141	30.2	26.8 – 33.6
Married men, spouse present	14,414	10,806	75.0	10,286	71.4	521	4.8	4.5 – 5.1
Married women, spouse present	14,259	8,110	56.9	7,665	53.8	445	5.5	5.2 – 5.8
Women who maintain families	3,222	2,112	65.5	1,915	59.4	197	9.3	8.5 – 10.1
Mountain Division								
Total	17,424	11,097	63.7	10,315	59.2	782	7.0	6.7 – 7.3
Men	8,571	6,046	70.5	5,611	65.5	435	7.2	6.8 – 7.6
Women	8,853	5,051	57.1	4,704	53.1	347	6.9	6.5 – 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,232	464	37.7	362	29.4	102	22.0	19.5 – 24.5
White	15,247	9,787	64.2	9,160	60.1	626	6.4	6.1 – 6.7
Men	7,519	5,354	71.2	5,004	66.5	350	6.5	6.1 – 6.9
Women	7,727	4,433	57.4	4,157	53.8	276	6.2	5.8 – 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,012	406	40.1	324	32.1	81	20.1	17.6 – 22.6
Black or African American	665	416	62.5	360	54.0	56	13.5	11.7 – 15.3
Men	324	215	66.4	187	57.8	28	13.1	10.5 – 15.7
Women	342	201	58.7	173	50.5	28	14.0	11.3 – 16.7
Asian	587	349	59.4	326	55.5	23	6.5	5.0 – 8.0
Men	252	182	72.0	168	66.8	13	7.2	5.0 – 9.4
Women	335	167	49.8	157	47.0	9	5.7	3.7 – 7.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,892	2,488	63.9	2,257	58.0	232	9.3	8.6 – 10.0
Men	1,937	1,421	73.4	1,289	66.5	133	9.3	8.3 – 10.3
Women	1,955	1,067	54.6	968	49.5	99	9.3	8.2 – 10.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	396	136	34.3	100	25.2	36	26.6	21.2 – 32.0
Married men, spouse present	4,556	3,401	74.6	3,271	71.8	129	3.8	3.4 – 4.2
Married women, spouse present	4,556	2,580	56.6	2,468	54.2	113	4.4	3.9 – 4.9
Women who maintain families	934	619	66.3	566	60.6	53	8.6	7.3 – 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Error range of rate ¹
Pacific Division								
Total	39,865	25,027	62.8	22,925	57.5	2,103	8.4	8.2 – 8.6
Men	19,503	13,630	69.9	12,444	63.8	1,186	8.7	8.4 – 9.0
Women	20,362	11,397	56.0	10,481	51.5	916	8.0	7.7 – 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,836	808	28.5	573	20.2	236	29.2	26.7 – 31.7
White	29,897	18,822	63.0	17,285	57.8	1,537	8.2	7.9 – 8.5
Men	14,801	10,418	70.4	9,553	64.5	865	8.3	7.9 – 8.7
Women	15,096	8,405	55.7	7,733	51.2	672	8.0	7.6 – 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,055	610	29.7	441	21.5	169	27.7	24.9 – 30.5
Black or African American	2,152	1,216	56.5	1,027	47.7	189	15.6	14.2 – 17.0
Men	1,022	614	60.0	512	50.0	102	16.6	14.5 – 18.7
Women	1,130	603	53.3	515	45.6	87	14.5	12.6 – 16.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	184	49	26.7	25	13.8	24	48.5	35.9 – 61.1
Asian	5,388	3,442	63.9	3,238	60.1	204	5.9	5.4 – 6.4
Men	2,471	1,753	70.9	1,640	66.4	113	6.4	5.6 – 7.2
Women	2,917	1,689	57.9	1,598	54.8	91	5.4	4.7 – 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	313	61	19.5	43	13.9	18	28.8	20.0 – 37.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11,259	7,411	65.8	6,659	59.1	751	10.1	9.6 – 10.6
Men	5,711	4,356	76.3	3,936	68.9	420	9.6	9.0 – 10.2
Women	5,547	3,054	55.1	2,723	49.1	331	10.8	10.0 – 11.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,161	330	28.4	225	19.4	105	31.7	27.5 – 35.9
Married men, spouse present	9,858	7,406	75.1	7,015	71.2	391	5.3	4.9 – 5.7
Married women, spouse present	9,703	5,530	57.0	5,197	53.6	333	6.0	5.6 – 6.4
Women who maintain families	2,288	1,493	65.3	1,349	59.0	144	9.6	8.5 – 10.7

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Northeast Region							
Less than a high school diploma	3,876	1,589	41.0	1,391	35.9	198	12.5
High school graduate, no college	11,857	6,900	58.2	6,343	53.5	557	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	8,281	5,760	69.6	5,372	64.9	388	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	13,578	10,368	76.4	9,955	73.3	414	4.0
New England Division							
Less than a high school diploma	846	319	37.7	271	32.0	48	15.2
High school graduate, no college	2,822	1,693	60.0	1,566	55.5	127	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	2,267	1,581	69.7	1,475	65.1	106	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,963	3,060	77.2	2,953	74.5	107	3.5
Middle Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,029	1,270	41.9	1,120	37.0	150	11.8
High school graduate, no college	9,034	5,207	57.6	4,777	52.9	430	8.3
Some college or associate's degree	6,014	4,180	69.5	3,898	64.8	282	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,615	7,309	76.0	7,002	72.8	307	4.2
Midwest Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,036	1,641	40.7	1,432	35.5	209	12.8
High school graduate, no college	14,318	8,439	58.9	7,793	54.4	646	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	12,523	8,769	70.0	8,257	65.9	512	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	13,450	10,415	77.4	10,056	74.8	359	3.4
East North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	2,892	1,145	39.6	987	34.1	158	13.8
High school graduate, no college	10,300	5,949	57.8	5,434	52.8	515	8.7
Some college or associate's degree	8,423	5,808	69.0	5,423	64.4	385	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,122	6,975	76.5	6,707	73.5	269	3.9
West North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,144	496	43.4	445	38.9	51	10.3
High school graduate, no college	4,018	2,490	62.0	2,359	58.7	132	5.3
Some college or associate's degree	4,100	2,961	72.2	2,834	69.1	127	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,328	3,440	79.5	3,350	77.4	90	2.6
South Region							
Less than a high school diploma	10,166	4,493	44.2	4,024	39.6	469	10.4
High school graduate, no college	23,975	14,045	58.6	13,071	54.5	974	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	20,361	13,608	66.8	12,807	62.9	802	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	22,531	16,852	74.8	16,287	72.3	565	3.4
South Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,643	1,968	42.4	1,745	37.6	223	11.3
High school graduate, no college	12,655	7,330	57.9	6,780	53.6	550	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	10,753	7,188	66.8	6,736	62.6	452	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	13,167	9,807	74.5	9,450	71.8	356	3.6
East South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,747	576	33.0	496	28.4	80	13.8
High school graduate, no college	4,191	2,345	56.0	2,183	52.1	162	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	3,309	2,149	64.9	2,013	60.8	136	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,009	2,260	75.1	2,191	72.8	68	3.0
West South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,775	1,949	51.6	1,783	47.2	166	8.5
High school graduate, no college	7,128	4,370	61.3	4,107	57.6	263	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	6,298	4,271	67.8	4,058	64.4	213	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	6,356	4,787	75.3	4,646	73.1	140	2.9

See note at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
West Region							
Less than a high school diploma	6,349	3,283	51.7	2,952	46.5	330	10.1
High school graduate, no college	11,798	6,974	59.1	6,411	54.3	563	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	13,877	9,158	66.0	8,490	61.2	668	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	15,869	11,714	73.8	11,232	70.8	482	4.1
Mountain Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,667	841	50.4	760	45.6	81	9.6
High school graduate, no college	3,902	2,315	59.3	2,154	55.2	161	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	4,481	2,954	65.9	2,775	61.9	179	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,580	3,362	73.4	3,240	70.7	121	3.6
Pacific Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,681	2,442	52.2	2,192	46.8	249	10.2
High school graduate, no college	7,897	4,660	59.0	4,258	53.9	402	8.6
Some college or associate's degree	9,396	6,204	66.0	5,715	60.8	489	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,289	8,352	74.0	7,991	70.8	361	4.3

NOTE: Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Total	Full-time workers			Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
		At work	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons		
TOTAL										
Northeast	21,087	18,919	1,510	659	5,115	1,134	3,703	278	1,783	346
New England	5,544	4,878	462	204	1,609	317	1,205	87	440	100
Middle Atlantic	15,543	14,040	1,048	455	3,506	817	2,498	191	1,343	247
Midwest	25,181	22,436	1,962	783	6,649	1,317	4,947	385	2,031	428
East North Central	16,848	15,050	1,264	533	4,531	978	3,294	259	1,570	316
West North Central	8,333	7,385	697	250	2,118	338	1,654	126	461	112
South	43,736	39,359	3,139	1,238	8,923	2,139	6,327	457	3,475	512
South Atlantic	23,123	20,924	1,583	616	4,734	1,253	3,241	241	1,902	257
East South Central	6,416	5,772	464	180	1,485	339	1,073	74	586	90
West South Central	14,197	12,663	1,092	442	2,704	547	2,013	143	987	165
West	26,312	23,358	2,146	809	6,927	1,890	4,643	395	2,437	447
Mountain	8,173	7,265	659	250	2,142	475	1,538	129	649	133
Pacific	18,140	16,093	1,487	560	4,785	1,415	3,105	265	1,789	314
Men										
Northeast	11,880	10,787	766	328	1,714	469	1,154	91	1,058	139
New England	3,142	2,807	238	97	525	132	366	27	258	42
Middle Atlantic	8,738	7,979	528	231	1,189	337	788	64	800	97
Midwest	14,351	12,976	995	379	2,331	587	1,617	126	1,169	192
East North Central	9,605	8,699	643	264	1,582	427	1,070	85	910	140
West North Central	4,745	4,277	353	115	749	160	547	41	259	52
South	24,657	22,438	1,636	583	3,367	1,020	2,188	159	1,911	224
South Atlantic	12,740	11,646	808	286	1,837	612	1,140	85	1,022	118
East South Central	3,615	3,291	244	80	555	157	365	32	331	40
West South Central	8,302	7,501	584	217	975	251	683	42	558	66
West	15,449	13,912	1,134	402	2,606	908	1,567	131	1,425	197
Mountain	4,792	4,319	350	123	819	249	524	45	376	59
Pacific	10,657	9,593	785	279	1,787	659	1,043	86	1,048	138

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Total	Full-time workers		Not at work	Total	Part-time workers		Not at work	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
		At work	35 or more hours			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Northeast	9,207	8,132	744	331	3,401	665	2,549	187	725	207
New England	2,402	2,071	225	107	1,084	185	839	60	182	58
Middle Atlantic	6,805	6,061	519	224	2,318	480	1,710	127	543	149
Midwest	10,830	9,460	966	404	4,319	729	3,331	259	862	236
East North Central	7,243	6,352	622	269	2,949	551	2,224	174	660	176
West North Central	3,587	3,108	345	135	1,369	178	1,107	84	202	60
South	19,079	16,921	1,503	655	5,556	1,119	4,139	298	1,564	288
South Atlantic	10,383	9,278	775	330	2,897	640	2,101	155	881	138
East South Central	2,801	2,481	220	100	931	182	707	42	254	50
West South Central	5,895	5,162	508	225	1,728	297	1,331	101	429	100
West	10,864	9,445	1,011	407	4,321	982	3,076	264	1,013	250
Mountain	3,381	2,945	309	126	1,324	226	1,014	84	272	74
Pacific	7,483	6,500	702	281	2,997	756	2,062	180	740	176
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	180	153	25	2	600	64	509	28	102	119
New England	43	36	6	1	203	23	170	10	23	42
Middle Atlantic	137	117	19	2	398	41	339	18	79	77
Midwest	295	247	39	8	940	88	809	43	141	162
East North Central	184	155	24	6	612	59	527	26	109	118
West North Central	110	92	16	3	328	29	282	17	33	43
South	477	411	56	9	1,032	125	871	35	264	202
South Atlantic	216	180	31	5	512	63	432	18	128	100
East South Central	63	55	8	(³)	174	21	147	6	55	35
West South Central	198	177	17	4	346	41	292	12	82	67
West	257	218	35	5	678	99	556	23	176	161
Mountain	100	88	10	2	262	32	223	8	50	52
Pacific	157	130	25	3	416	67	333	15	126	110

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Total	Full-time workers			Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
		At work	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons		
White										
Northeast	16,973	15,178	1,247	548	4,233	835	3,159	239	1,256	285
New England	4,813	4,235	398	180	1,407	259	1,069	78	353	83
Middle Atlantic	12,160	10,943	849	368	2,827	575	2,090	162	903	202
Midwest	21,856	19,446	1,717	693	5,789	1,048	4,394	347	1,499	350
East North Central	14,425	12,860	1,093	472	3,912	776	2,906	230	1,138	257
West North Central	7,431	6,586	624	221	1,877	273	1,488	116	361	92
South	33,259	29,923	2,394	941	6,825	1,493	4,983	349	2,130	349
South Atlantic	16,890	15,299	1,140	451	3,487	832	2,480	174	1,096	165
East South Central	5,075	4,564	373	138	1,189	243	885	62	372	63
West South Central	11,294	10,059	882	353	2,149	418	1,618	113	662	121
West	20,804	18,414	1,746	644	5,639	1,510	3,805	324	1,812	352
Mountain	7,250	6,426	597	227	1,910	412	1,378	120	513	113
Pacific	13,556	11,989	1,150	417	3,729	1,098	2,428	203	1,298	239
Black or African American										
Northeast	2,339	2,094	171	74	537	212	303	21	398	39
New England	324	273	37	14	104	34	66	4	50	9
Middle Atlantic	2,014	1,820	134	60	433	178	237	17	348	30
Midwest	2,039	1,838	149	52	557	198	338	20	418	55
East North Central	1,609	1,451	119	39	439	158	265	16	357	41
West North Central	430	387	30	13	118	41	73	4	61	14
South	7,706	6,930	563	213	1,587	532	979	76	1,137	136
South Atlantic	4,775	4,295	352	128	966	348	571	47	700	76
East South Central	1,143	1,032	78	33	238	81	147	10	193	26
West South Central	1,788	1,603	133	52	383	103	261	19	245	34
West	1,115	988	92	35	272	101	158	13	214	32
Mountain	296	266	23	7	64	21	41	2	49	7
Pacific	819	722	70	28	208	79	117	11	165	24

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Total	Full-time workers			Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
		At work	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons		
Asian										
Northeast	1,421	1,330	64	28	234	60	163	12	89	12
New England	312	290	16	7	58	14	40	3	21	2
Middle Atlantic	1,109	1,040	48	21	176	46	122	8	67	9
Midwest	803	733	47	23	167	32	125	10	36	7
East North Central	550	508	27	16	102	21	74	6	23	4
West North Central	253	225	20	8	65	10	51	3	13	3
South	1,680	1,552	81	46	267	47	204	16	71	7
South Atlantic	999	924	51	24	167	30	127	11	44	5
East South Central	106	98	4	3	27	7	19	(³)	4	(³)
West South Central	575	529	27	19	73	9	59	5	23	2
West	2,943	2,668	184	91	623	163	426	34	196	31
Mountain	263	247	11	5	63	12	50	1	19	4
Pacific	2,678	2,420	173	85	560	151	376	33	177	27
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	2,446	2,222	162	61	553	195	333	24	312	53
New England	391	336	42	13	126	45	76	5	66	16
Middle Atlantic	2,055	1,886	121	48	427	150	257	20	246	37
Midwest	1,582	1,408	128	45	371	133	223	15	186	44
East North Central	1,182	1,057	93	33	267	100	156	10	153	36
West North Central	399	351	36	12	104	33	67	4	33	8
South	7,219	6,503	558	158	1,431	488	891	52	587	92
South Atlantic	2,853	2,606	196	51	573	235	312	25	252	27
East South Central	237	214	19	4	71	30	39	2	24	4
West South Central	4,129	3,683	343	103	788	223	540	25	311	61
West	7,084	6,338	588	158	1,833	738	1,030	65	835	148
Mountain	1,782	1,592	148	41	475	162	297	16	192	40
Pacific	5,301	4,745	440	116	1,358	576	733	49	643	108

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 or more hours, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total	28,111	7,640	20,472	34,027	23,055	10,972	56,209	29,775	8,501	17,933	35,796	11,020	24,776
Management, professional, and related	11,158	3,306	7,853	12,290	8,113	4,178	19,941	11,219	2,760	5,963	13,357	3,964	9,393
Management, business, and financial operations	4,491	1,292	3,199	5,202	3,367	1,835	8,257	4,678	1,097	2,482	5,674	1,715	3,960
Management	3,014	866	2,149	3,688	2,364	1,324	5,866	3,292	803	1,771	4,017	1,231	2,785
Business and financial operations	1,477	427	1,050	1,515	1,003	511	2,391	1,386	294	711	1,658	483	1,174
Professional and related	6,667	2,013	4,654	7,088	4,745	2,343	11,685	6,541	1,663	3,481	7,683	2,249	5,434
Computer and mathematical	825	270	555	821	510	311	1,424	903	151	371	1,059	296	763
Architecture and engineering	513	166	347	685	507	178	954	500	112	342	756	218	539
Life, physical, and social science	285	112	174	261	163	98	468	289	47	131	341	98	243
Community and social services	556	169	387	505	331	174	890	479	132	279	473	159	314
Legal	390	110	280	346	243	103	685	387	88	210	442	118	324
Education, training, and library	1,776	538	1,238	1,921	1,279	642	3,289	1,738	498	1,054	1,986	634	1,353
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	689	183	506	572	380	191	927	588	126	212	907	227	680
Healthcare practitioner and technical	1,632	466	1,166	1,978	1,333	645	3,048	1,656	509	882	1,718	498	1,219
Service	5,246	1,354	3,892	6,073	4,198	1,875	10,338	5,518	1,500	3,319	6,716	2,141	4,575
Healthcare support	885	219	665	903	613	290	1,299	699	192	408	716	243	474
Protective service	602	138	464	568	411	157	1,346	747	168	432	757	254	503
Food preparation and serving related	1,571	415	1,155	2,073	1,455	618	3,348	1,738	514	1,096	2,099	691	1,409
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	1,053	273	780	1,310	919	391	2,407	1,319	361	727	1,570	519	1,051
Personal care and service	1,136	309	828	1,219	800	419	1,938	1,015	266	657	1,574	435	1,139
Sales and office	6,442	1,651	4,790	7,633	5,204	2,429	13,400	7,080	2,002	4,318	8,347	2,696	5,652
Sales and related	2,949	752	2,197	3,516	2,406	1,110	6,273	3,361	889	2,023	3,919	1,235	2,684
Office and administrative support	3,493	899	2,594	4,117	2,799	1,319	7,127	3,719	1,113	2,295	4,428	1,461	2,967
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2,293	619	1,674	2,989	1,982	1,007	5,682	2,759	879	2,044	3,518	1,120	2,399
Farming, fishing, and forestry	97	31	65	223	119	104	315	145	64	106	453	83	370
Construction and extraction	1,364	379	985	1,576	1,043	534	3,292	1,560	490	1,242	1,914	646	1,268
Installation, maintenance, and repair	832	209	624	1,189	820	369	2,075	1,054	325	696	1,151	391	761
Production, transportation, and material moving	2,969	709	2,260	5,031	3,550	1,480	6,830	3,189	1,355	2,287	3,845	1,093	2,752
Production	1,325	376	948	2,774	2,005	769	3,232	1,415	719	1,096	1,737	468	1,268
Transportation and material moving	1,644	332	1,312	2,257	1,545	711	3,599	1,773	635	1,190	2,108	625	1,483

See footnote at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total	26,203	7,154	19,049	31,830	21,379	10,451	52,659	27,858	7,901	16,900	33,240	10,315	22,925
Management, professional, and related	10,712	3,187	7,525	11,894	7,827	4,067	19,291	10,828	2,670	5,794	12,814	3,819	8,994
Management, business, and financial operations	4,291	1,248	3,043	5,054	3,261	1,792	8,007	4,524	1,066	2,417	5,443	1,654	3,789
Management	2,877	836	2,041	3,596	2,294	1,302	5,700	3,190	782	1,728	3,865	1,189	2,676
Business and financial operations	1,415	412	1,003	1,458	967	491	2,306	1,334	284	689	1,578	465	1,113
Professional and related	6,421	1,939	4,482	6,840	4,565	2,275	11,285	6,304	1,604	3,378	7,371	2,166	5,205
Computer and mathematical	794	257	537	791	489	302	1,372	872	144	356	1,023	287	737
Architecture and engineering	495	161	335	657	482	175	929	487	108	334	725	213	512
Life, physical, and social science	274	109	165	251	157	94	455	279	46	130	326	94	232
Community and social services	534	162	372	489	318	171	859	462	128	269	450	152	298
Legal	381	106	275	335	235	100	667	375	87	205	426	113	314
Education, training, and library	1,710	519	1,191	1,839	1,221	617	3,165	1,663	479	1,024	1,909	606	1,303
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	638	171	467	539	359	180	869	551	118	200	832	215	616
Healthcare practitioner and technical	1,595	454	1,141	1,939	1,304	635	2,969	1,614	493	861	1,680	486	1,194
Service	4,793	1,233	3,560	5,547	3,790	1,757	9,433	5,021	1,354	3,058	6,156	1,973	4,183
Healthcare support	820	204	616	840	567	273	1,206	641	179	386	672	227	444
Protective service	571	133	437	551	399	152	1,298	722	159	416	711	237	475
Food preparation and serving related	1,412	376	1,036	1,877	1,302	575	3,003	1,548	458	997	1,917	630	1,287
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	947	235	711	1,149	790	359	2,148	1,174	314	660	1,418	476	943
Personal care and service	1,044	285	759	1,132	733	398	1,779	935	244	599	1,438	404	1,035
Sales and office	5,951	1,532	4,419	7,128	4,813	2,315	12,494	6,578	1,858	4,058	7,673	2,500	5,173
Sales and related	2,728	693	2,035	3,272	2,217	1,055	5,838	3,129	817	1,892	3,607	1,142	2,465
Office and administrative support	3,223	839	2,385	3,856	2,597	1,260	6,657	3,449	1,041	2,166	4,066	1,358	2,708
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2,041	562	1,478	2,687	1,758	928	5,198	2,518	790	1,890	3,134	1,019	2,115
Farming, fishing, and forestry	88	28	60	202	106	96	290	135	58	97	385	74	311
Construction and extraction	1,174	339	835	1,361	883	478	2,927	1,381	420	1,126	1,669	574	1,095
Installation, maintenance, and repair	779	195	583	1,124	769	355	1,980	1,002	311	667	1,081	371	710
Production, transportation, and material moving	2,706	640	2,066	4,574	3,191	1,383	6,242	2,912	1,230	2,100	3,462	1,003	2,459
Production	1,213	345	868	2,530	1,806	724	2,949	1,289	658	1,003	1,583	435	1,148
Transportation and material moving	1,493	295	1,198	2,044	1,385	659	3,293	1,624	572	1,097	1,879	569	1,310

See footnote at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total	1,909	486	1,422	2,197	1,676	521	3,550	1,917	600	1,033	2,556	705	1,851
Management, professional, and related	446	118	328	396	286	110	650	391	90	169	544	144	399
Management, business, and financial operations	200	44	156	149	106	43	250	154	31	65	232	61	171
Management	138	30	108	91	69	22	166	101	21	43	152	42	110
Business and financial operations	62	15	48	57	37	21	85	53	10	22	80	19	61
Professional and related	246	74	172	248	180	68	400	237	59	104	312	83	228
Computer and mathematical	32	13	18	30	21	9	52	30	7	15	36	9	26
Architecture and engineering	18	5	12	28	24	4	25	13	4	8	31	5	26
Life, physical, and social science	11	3	8	10	6	4	12	10	1	2	15	4	11
Community and social services	22	7	15	16	13	3	31	17	4	10	24	7	16
Legal	9	3	6	11	8	2	19	13	1	5	16	5	10
Education, training, and library	67	19	47	82	57	25	124	75	19	30	77	27	50
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	50	12	39	32	21	11	57	37	8	13	76	12	63
Healthcare practitioner and technical	37	12	26	39	29	10	79	42	16	21	38	13	25
Service	454	122	332	526	408	118	905	497	147	261	560	168	392
Healthcare support	65	15	49	63	46	17	93	57	14	22	45	15	29
Protective service	32	5	26	17	13	5	49	24	9	16	46	17	29
Food preparation and serving related	159	39	119	197	153	43	345	190	56	99	182	60	122
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	106	38	69	161	129	32	259	145	47	67	151	43	108
Personal care and service	93	24	69	87	67	20	159	80	22	57	136	32	104
Sales and office	491	120	371	505	391	114	906	502	144	259	674	195	478
Sales and related	221	59	162	244	189	55	435	232	72	130	312	93	219
Office and administrative support	270	61	209	261	202	59	471	270	72	129	362	103	259
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	252	56	196	302	224	78	485	242	89	153	384	101	283
Farming, fishing, and forestry	8	3	5	22	13	8	25	11	5	9	68	9	59
Construction and extraction	190	40	150	216	160	56	365	179	70	116	245	72	173
Installation, maintenance, and repair	54	13	40	65	51	14	95	52	14	28	70	19	51
Production, transportation, and material moving	262	69	194	457	360	97	588	276	125	187	383	90	293
Production	112	32	80	245	199	45	282	127	62	94	154	33	120
Transportation and material moving	151	37	114	212	161	52	306	150	63	93	229	56	173

See footnote at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total	6.8	6.4	6.9	6.5	7.3	4.7	6.3	6.4	7.1	5.8	7.1	6.4	7.5
Management, professional, and related	4.0	3.6	4.2	3.2	3.5	2.6	3.3	3.5	3.3	2.8	4.1	3.6	4.3
Management, business, and financial operations	4.5	3.4	4.9	2.9	3.1	2.3	3.0	3.3	2.8	2.6	4.1	3.6	4.3
Management	4.6	3.4	5.0	2.5	2.9	1.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.5	3.8	3.4	3.9
Business and financial operations	4.2	3.4	4.5	3.8	3.6	4.1	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.0	4.8	3.9	5.2
Professional and related	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.8	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.0	4.1	3.7	4.2
Computer and mathematical	3.8	4.9	3.3	3.6	4.1	2.8	3.7	3.3	4.7	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.4
Architecture and engineering	3.4	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.8	2.2	2.6	2.7	3.6	2.3	4.1	2.3	4.9
Life, physical, and social science	4.0	2.7	4.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	2.6	3.3	1.8	1.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
Community and social services	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.2	3.8	2.0	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.6	5.0	4.6	5.2
Legal	2.3	3.1	2.0	3.1	3.4	2.4	2.7	3.3	1.1	2.4	3.5	4.4	3.2
Education, training, and library	3.8	3.6	3.8	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.8	4.3	3.8	2.9	3.9	4.3	3.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	7.3	6.3	7.7	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	8.3	5.4	9.3
Healthcare practitioner and technical	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.2	1.5	2.6	2.6	3.1	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.1
Service	8.6	9.0	8.5	8.7	9.7	6.3	8.8	9.0	9.8	7.9	8.3	7.8	8.6
Healthcare support	7.3	7.0	7.4	7.0	7.5	5.9	7.1	8.2	7.2	5.3	6.3	6.3	6.2
Protective service	5.3	3.8	5.7	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.2	5.1	3.7	6.0	6.7	5.7
Food preparation and serving related	10.1	9.5	10.3	9.5	10.5	7.0	10.3	10.9	10.8	9.1	8.7	8.8	8.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	10.1	13.7	8.8	12.3	14.0	8.2	10.8	11.0	13.1	9.2	9.6	8.4	10.3
Personal care and service	8.1	7.8	8.3	7.2	8.4	4.9	8.2	7.9	8.1	8.7	8.6	7.3	9.1
Sales and office	7.6	7.3	7.7	6.6	7.5	4.7	6.8	7.1	7.2	6.0	8.1	7.2	8.5
Sales and related	7.5	7.9	7.4	6.9	7.9	4.9	6.9	6.9	8.1	6.4	8.0	7.5	8.2
Office and administrative support	7.7	6.7	8.1	6.3	7.2	4.5	6.6	7.3	6.5	5.6	8.2	7.0	8.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	11.0	9.1	11.7	10.1	11.3	7.8	8.5	8.8	10.2	7.5	10.9	9.0	11.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry	8.8	10.1	8.1	9.8	11.3	8.0	8.0	7.2	8.4	8.9	15.1	11.3	15.9
Construction and extraction	13.9	10.5	15.2	13.7	15.3	10.5	11.1	11.5	14.2	9.3	12.8	11.1	13.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair	6.5	6.4	6.5	5.4	6.2	3.8	4.6	4.9	4.4	4.1	6.1	4.9	6.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	8.8	9.7	8.6	9.1	10.1	6.6	8.6	8.7	9.2	8.2	10.0	8.2	10.7
Production	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.8	9.9	5.9	8.7	8.9	8.6	8.5	8.9	7.2	9.5
Transportation and material moving	9.2	11.1	8.7	9.4	10.4	7.3	8.5	8.4	9.9	7.8	10.9	9.0	11.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

NOTE: Totals for broad categories include other detailed occupations not shown separately. Levels may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (thousands)	26,203	7,154	19,049	31,830	21,379	10,451	52,659	27,858	7,901	16,900	33,240	10,315	22,925
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	40.9	44.6	39.5	37.4	36.6	38.9	36.6	38.9	33.8	34.3	38.5	37.0	39.2
Management, business, and financial operations	16.4	17.5	16.0	15.9	15.3	17.1	15.2	16.2	13.5	14.3	16.4	16.0	16.5
Management	11.0	11.7	10.7	11.3	10.7	12.5	10.8	11.5	9.9	10.2	11.6	11.5	11.7
Business and financial operations	5.4	5.8	5.3	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.8	3.6	4.1	4.7	4.5	4.9
Professional and related	24.5	27.1	23.5	21.5	21.4	21.8	21.4	22.6	20.3	20.0	22.2	21.0	22.7
Computer and mathematical	3.0	3.6	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.6	3.1	1.8	2.1	3.1	2.8	3.2
Architecture and engineering	1.9	2.2	1.8	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.2
Life, physical, and social science	1.0	1.5	.9	.8	.7	.9	.9	1.0	.6	.8	1.0	.9	1.0
Community and social services	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.3
Legal	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.4
Education, training, and library	6.5	7.3	6.3	5.8	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	2.4	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.2	2.5	2.1	2.7
Healthcare practitioner and technical	6.1	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.6	5.8	6.2	5.1	5.1	4.7	5.2
Service	18.3	17.2	18.7	17.4	17.7	16.8	17.9	18.0	17.1	18.1	18.5	19.1	18.2
Healthcare support	3.1	2.9	3.2	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.9
Protective service	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.9	1.5	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.1
Food preparation and serving related	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.6	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.4	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.1
Personal care and service	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.4	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.5	4.3	3.9	4.5
Sales and office	22.7	21.4	23.2	22.4	22.5	22.1	23.7	23.6	23.5	24.0	23.1	24.2	22.6
Sales and related	10.4	9.7	10.7	10.3	10.4	10.1	11.1	11.2	10.3	11.2	10.9	11.1	10.8
Office and administrative support	12.3	11.7	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.6	12.4	13.2	12.8	12.2	13.2	11.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	7.8	7.9	7.8	8.4	8.2	8.9	9.9	9.0	10.0	11.2	9.4	9.9	9.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.3	.4	.3	.6	.5	.9	.6	.5	.7	.6	1.2	.7	1.4
Construction and extraction	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.6	5.6	5.0	5.3	6.7	5.0	5.6	4.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.0	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.3	3.6	3.1
Production, transportation, and material moving	10.3	8.9	10.8	14.4	14.9	13.2	11.9	10.5	15.6	12.4	10.4	9.7	10.7
Production	4.6	4.8	4.6	7.9	8.4	6.9	5.6	4.6	8.3	5.9	4.8	4.2	5.0
Transportation and material moving	5.7	4.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.3	5.8	7.2	6.5	5.7	5.5	5.7

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (thousands)	13,594	3,667	9,927	16,681	11,187	5,494	28,024	14,578	4,169	9,277	18,055	5,611	12,444
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	38.0	41.9	36.6	34.3	33.5	35.8	33.0	35.5	28.8	30.9	35.9	34.8	36.3
Management, business, and financial operations	18.2	19.0	17.9	17.4	16.6	19.1	16.1	17.0	14.4	15.3	16.7	16.8	16.6
Management	13.3	14.0	13.0	13.6	12.8	15.2	12.5	13.2	11.3	12.0	12.9	12.9	12.9
Business and financial operations	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.5	3.8	3.1	3.3	3.8	3.9	3.7
Professional and related	19.8	22.8	18.7	16.8	16.9	16.7	16.9	18.5	14.4	15.6	19.2	17.9	19.7
Computer and mathematical	4.3	5.3	3.9	3.5	3.2	4.1	3.6	4.4	2.4	2.8	4.3	3.9	4.5
Architecture and engineering	3.1	3.7	2.9	3.4	3.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.1	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.5
Life, physical, and social science	1.1	1.5	.9	.8	.7	.9	.9	1.0	.7	.8	.9	.9	1.0
Community and social services	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	.9	1.1	.9
Legal	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.2	.8	1.1	1.2	.8	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3
Education, training, and library	3.3	3.8	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	2.4	2.6	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.4	1.3	2.4	1.9	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8
Service	15.1	13.9	15.5	13.5	14.0	12.4	14.8	15.6	13.8	13.9	15.6	15.8	15.5
Healthcare support .....	.7	.8	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.3	.4	.5	.5	.5
Protective service	3.4	3.0	3.5	2.6	2.8	2.1	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.1
Food preparation and serving related	4.8	4.3	5.0	4.8	5.0	4.5	4.8	4.9	4.4	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	4.4	4.1	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.4	4.8	4.6	3.8	4.9	4.9	5.0
Personal care and service	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.7	1.9
Sales and office	16.6	15.8	16.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	16.7	16.9	16.0	16.8	17.1	17.8	16.8
Sales and related	10.4	9.8	10.7	10.0	9.9	10.0	10.5	10.9	9.5	10.3	10.6	11.0	10.4
Office and administrative support	6.2	6.0	6.2	5.9	6.0	5.8	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.9	6.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	14.4	14.8	14.3	15.3	14.9	16.1	17.8	16.4	18.1	19.8	16.4	17.5	15.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.5	.6	.5	1.0	.7	1.5	.8	.7	1.1	.9	1.6	1.1	1.9
Construction and extraction	8.4	9.1	8.2	7.9	7.6	8.5	10.2	9.2	9.8	11.9	9.0	10.0	8.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair	5.5	5.1	5.6	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.8	6.5	7.2	7.0	5.8	6.4	5.5
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.8	13.6	16.6	21.0	21.6	19.9	17.8	15.6	23.3	18.6	15.0	14.0	15.5
Production	6.4	6.8	6.3	10.9	11.6	9.5	7.7	6.3	11.3	8.3	6.3	5.5	6.7
Transportation and material moving	9.4	6.9	10.4	10.1	10.0	10.4	10.1	9.4	12.0	10.3	8.7	8.5	8.8

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (thousands)	12,608	3,486	9,122	15,149	10,192	4,957	24,635	13,280	3,732	7,623	15,185	4,704	10,481
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	44.0	47.4	42.7	40.8	40.0	42.4	40.8	42.6	39.3	38.5	41.8	39.7	42.7
Management, business, and financial operations	14.4	15.8	13.8	14.2	13.8	15.0	14.2	15.4	12.5	13.1	16.0	15.1	16.4
Management	8.5	9.2	8.2	8.8	8.5	9.4	8.9	9.5	8.4	8.0	10.1	9.8	10.3
Business and financial operations	5.9	6.6	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.8	4.1	5.0	5.9	5.2	6.2
Professional and related	29.6	31.6	28.8	26.6	26.2	27.4	26.6	27.2	26.8	25.4	25.7	24.6	26.2
Computer and mathematical	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.7
Architecture and engineering .....	.6	.7	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.7	.8	.7
Life, physical, and social science	1.0	1.5	.8	.8	.7	.9	.8	1.0	.5	.7	1.0	.9	1.1
Community and social services	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8
Legal	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5
Education, training, and library	10.0	10.9	9.7	9.1	8.9	9.5	9.7	9.5	9.7	10.2	8.7	9.1	8.6
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	2.5	2.1	2.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.1	2.6	2.3	2.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical	9.5	10.0	9.3	10.0	10.1	9.9	8.9	9.1	10.0	8.2	7.7	7.0	8.1
Service	21.7	20.8	22.1	21.8	21.8	21.7	21.5	20.7	20.9	23.1	22.0	23.1	21.5
Healthcare support	5.8	5.1	6.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	3.8	4.2	3.6
Protective service .....	.9	.6	1.0	.8	.8	.7	1.2	1.3	.9	1.2	.9	1.0	.9
Food preparation and serving related	6.0	6.3	5.9	7.1	7.3	6.6	6.7	6.3	7.3	7.1	6.6	7.1	6.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	3.7	3.6	3.3	4.0	3.5	4.3	3.1
Personal care and service	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.1	5.8	6.7	5.5	5.2	5.0	6.3	7.3	6.6	7.6
Sales and office	29.3	27.3	30.0	29.6	29.8	29.1	31.7	31.0	31.9	32.8	30.2	31.9	29.5
Sales and related	10.4	9.6	10.7	10.6	10.8	10.2	11.8	11.6	11.3	12.3	11.1	11.2	11.1
Office and administrative support	18.9	17.8	19.3	18.9	18.9	19.0	19.9	19.4	20.6	20.5	19.1	20.7	18.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance .....	.6	.5	.7	.9	.8	.9	.9	1.0	.9	.8	1.1	.7	1.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.1	.1	.1	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.4	.2	.6	.2	.8
Construction and extraction .....	.2	.1	.2	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair .....	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	4.4	4.0	4.6	7.0	7.6	5.9	5.1	4.8	6.9	4.9	4.9	4.6	5.1
Production	2.7	2.8	2.7	4.7	5.0	4.1	3.2	2.8	5.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.0
Transportation and material moving	1.7	1.3	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.1

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (thousands)	21,206	6,220	14,987	27,645	18,337	9,308	40,084	20,377	6,264	13,443	26,443	9,160	17,285
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	41.6	44.9	40.3	37.9	37.0	39.7	38.3	41.0	36.4	35.0	38.2	37.5	38.5
Management, business, and financial operations	17.2	18.0	16.9	16.5	15.8	17.9	16.4	17.7	14.6	15.3	16.8	16.6	16.9
Management	11.8	12.1	11.7	11.8	11.2	13.0	11.9	12.8	10.8	11.2	12.2	11.9	12.4
Business and financial operations	5.4	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.6	4.9	4.4	4.9	3.8	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.5
Professional and related	24.4	26.8	23.4	21.4	21.2	21.8	21.9	23.3	21.8	19.8	21.4	21.0	21.6
Computer and mathematical	2.6	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.8	2.4	2.9	1.8	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.6
Architecture and engineering	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0
Life, physical, and social science	1.0	1.4	.9	.8	.7	.9	.9	1.0	.7	.8	1.0	.9	1.0
Community and social services	1.9	2.2	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3
Legal	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.4
Education, training, and library	6.9	7.4	6.7	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.2	2.6	2.1	2.9
Healthcare practitioner and technical	5.8	6.3	5.6	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.8	6.7	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.4
Service	16.8	16.3	17.0	16.4	16.5	16.1	16.3	16.2	15.6	16.8	18.0	18.4	17.7
Healthcare support	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.8
Protective service	2.1	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.4	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.0
Food preparation and serving related	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.7	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.9	4.5	4.5	4.5
Personal care and service	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.9	3.7	4.0
Sales and office	23.0	21.7	23.6	22.7	22.9	22.4	23.6	23.4	23.2	24.1	23.1	24.3	22.4
Sales and related	10.6	9.8	11.0	10.5	10.6	10.4	11.2	11.4	10.4	11.3	10.9	11.1	10.8
Office and administrative support	12.4	11.9	12.6	12.2	12.2	12.0	12.4	12.0	12.8	12.8	12.1	13.2	11.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	8.4	8.3	8.4	9.1	9.0	9.2	11.0	10.2	11.0	12.2	10.3	10.3	10.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.4	.4	.3	.7	.6	1.0	.6	.5	.7	.6	1.3	.7	1.6
Construction and extraction	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.8	6.3	5.6	6.0	7.4	5.6	5.9	5.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.1	2.9	3.3	3.8	3.9	3.5	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.1	3.4	3.7	3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	10.2	8.8	10.7	14.0	14.7	12.6	10.9	9.3	13.7	12.0	10.4	9.4	11.0
Production	4.7	4.8	4.7	7.7	8.4	6.3	5.2	4.2	7.3	5.9	4.7	4.1	5.0
Transportation and material moving	5.4	4.0	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.6	5.1	6.5	6.1	5.7	5.3	5.9

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (thousands)	2,876	428	2,447	2,596	2,048	548	9,293	5,741	1,381	2,171	1,387	360	1,027
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	29.8	31.0	29.6	27.7	28.5	24.6	28.0	29.5	22.7	27.4	33.3	27.9	35.2
Management, business, and financial operations	9.1	9.0	9.2	10.5	10.3	11.2	10.4	11.1	8.6	9.8	13.1	10.8	13.9
Management	5.4	6.5	5.2	6.9	6.9	7.2	6.5	6.8	6.0	5.7	8.1	7.2	8.4
Business and financial operations	3.8	2.5	4.0	3.6	3.4	4.0	3.9	4.2	2.6	4.1	5.0	3.6	5.5
Professional and related	20.7	22.0	20.4	17.2	18.2	13.4	17.6	18.5	14.1	17.6	20.2	17.1	21.3
Computer and mathematical	1.7	.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.3	2.0	2.3	1.7	1.3	2.9	4.0	2.5
Architecture and engineering .....	.8	1.5	.7	1.2	1.4	.4	.9	1.0	.4	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1
Life, physical, and social science .....	.5	.8	.5	.2	.2	.2	.5	.6	.2	.3	.4	.2	.5
Community and social services	3.8	5.2	3.6	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.8	2.3	3.0
Legal .....	.8	.9	.8	.5	.5	.2	.7	.8	.5	.6	.6	.1	.8
Education, training, and library	5.4	5.8	5.4	4.5	4.8	3.5	5.0	5.1	4.2	5.2	5.5	4.0	6.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.3	.8	1.0	1.2	.7	.9	1.5	1.6	1.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical	6.2	5.7	6.3	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.1	5.3	3.9	5.5	5.4	3.8	5.9
Service	29.6	29.3	29.6	27.9	28.6	25.1	24.1	24.1	22.3	25.3	22.6	24.5	21.9
Healthcare support	9.1	10.0	8.9	6.8	7.0	5.8	4.9	4.9	3.5	5.6	3.2	3.5	3.1
Protective service	3.6	2.5	3.8	3.2	3.6	1.8	3.6	3.7	2.9	3.9	4.3	4.4	4.3
Food preparation and serving related	5.5	5.8	5.5	6.8	7.0	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.7	4.9	6.2	4.4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	5.5	6.6	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.9	5.1	5.2	6.0	4.2	3.6	5.3	3.0
Personal care and service	5.9	4.4	6.2	5.5	5.6	5.3	4.1	4.0	3.3	4.9	6.7	5.0	7.2
Sales and office	22.3	23.3	22.1	22.5	21.7	25.4	25.2	24.8	25.8	25.9	26.4	27.8	25.9
Sales and related	8.7	9.9	8.5	8.7	8.6	9.0	10.6	10.5	10.0	11.0	10.2	11.7	9.6
Office and administrative support	13.6	13.5	13.6	13.8	13.1	16.4	14.6	14.2	15.8	14.9	16.2	16.1	16.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	6.0	6.6	5.9	3.9	3.3	6.0	6.1	6.2	5.6	6.2	5.6	5.7	5.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.1	.2	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.5	.4	.7	.5	.5	.1	.6
Construction and extraction	3.2	3.7	3.1	1.7	1.4	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.2	1.7	2.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.9	2.6
Production, transportation, and material moving	12.3	9.8	12.7	18.0	17.8	18.9	16.5	15.4	23.6	15.2	12.2	14.1	11.5
Production	3.5	3.6	3.5	8.8	8.6	9.9	6.9	6.3	12.8	4.7	3.2	4.5	2.8
Transportation and material moving	8.8	6.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.0	9.7	9.0	10.8	10.5	9.0	9.6	8.7

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (thousands)	1,656	370	1,285	969	652	317	1,946	1,166	132	648	3,565	326	3,238
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	53.4	60.1	51.5	53.2	56.9	45.7	48.8	50.1	37.7	48.7	47.4	45.5	47.6
Management, business, and financial operations	19.1	20.8	18.7	15.7	18.5	10.0	16.3	17.8	14.0	14.0	16.7	14.4	17.0
Management	11.2	12.8	10.7	10.1	11.7	6.8	10.8	11.8	10.5	9.2	10.3	10.6	10.2
Business and financial operations	8.0	8.0	8.0	5.6	6.7	3.2	5.5	6.0	3.5	4.9	6.5	3.9	6.7
Professional and related	34.3	39.3	32.9	37.5	38.4	35.7	32.5	32.3	23.6	34.6	30.6	31.1	30.6
Computer and mathematical	10.3	15.1	8.9	11.5	12.0	10.3	10.6	10.9	1.9	11.9	6.9	5.7	7.1
Architecture and engineering	2.6	3.1	2.5	5.5	6.7	3.1	3.5	2.9	2.8	4.8	4.2	4.7	4.2
Life, physical, and social science	2.4	4.6	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.5	3.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.2
Community and social services	1.2	.3	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	.7	.8	.7	.4	.7	.6	.7
Legal	1.2	.3	1.4	.2	(¹)	.4	1.2	1.2	(¹)	1.3	1.3	.1	1.4
Education, training, and library	4.3	5.2	4.0	6.6	5.0	9.7	4.6	4.3	9.1	4.4	4.6	7.4	4.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	2.4	1.7	2.6	1.7	1.9	1.2	1.1	1.2	(¹)	1.2	1.8	2.2	1.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical	9.9	9.0	10.1	8.9	9.5	7.7	8.3	7.8	7.9	9.3	9.8	8.4	9.9
Service	16.0	15.5	16.1	14.6	14.0	15.8	18.5	18.3	28.8	16.7	17.6	25.4	16.8
Healthcare support	2.5	2.4	2.6	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.2
Protective service .....	.8	(¹)	1.1	.4	.4	.4	.9	1.1	1.2	.6	1.1	1.1	1.1
Food preparation and serving related	5.6	5.3	5.7	6.1	6.4	5.7	5.9	5.6	15.7	4.4	5.7	11.6	5.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.8	1.9	1.9	4.1	1.4	2.7	4.2	2.5
Personal care and service	4.6	5.7	4.3	4.1	3.7	4.7	8.1	8.3	6.5	8.1	5.9	6.1	5.9
Sales and office	19.7	14.3	21.3	14.6	15.4	12.8	18.8	19.9	18.5	16.9	22.2	17.9	22.6
Sales and related	11.0	7.6	12.0	7.8	8.9	5.6	11.1	11.6	12.4	9.7	10.9	8.8	11.1
Office and administrative support	8.7	6.7	9.3	6.8	6.5	7.2	7.7	8.3	6.1	7.1	11.2	9.1	11.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.6	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.9	4.0	2.6	4.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.3	.2	.1	(¹)	.3	.3	.1	.3
Construction and extraction	1.2	1.2	1.1	.9	.9	.7	1.9	2.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.1	.9	1.5	2.2	1.6	2.7	3.2	2.4	1.3	2.5
Production, transportation, and material moving	8.4	7.7	8.5	15.5	11.7	23.1	9.7	7.8	10.7	12.9	8.8	8.6	8.9
Production	4.8	6.8	4.2	12.7	8.8	20.7	6.7	4.6	7.5	10.4	5.3	5.2	5.3
Transportation and material moving	3.6	.9	4.3	2.8	2.9	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.2	2.5	3.5	3.4	3.5

See footnote at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (thousands)	2,999	517	2,482	1,953	1,449	504	8,651	3,426	308	4,916	8,917	2,257	6,659
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related	21.1	21.6	21.1	16.8	16.6	17.6	21.1	23.4	12.1	20.1	19.7	19.4	19.8
Management, business, and financial operations	7.8	7.5	7.9	6.2	6.0	6.7	8.9	10.4	4.4	8.2	8.9	8.6	9.0
Management	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.1	3.8	4.8	6.5	7.8	3.7	5.8	6.4	6.0	6.5
Business and financial operations	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.6	.8	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6
Professional and related	13.3	14.1	13.1	10.7	10.6	10.9	12.2	13.0	7.7	11.9	10.8	10.8	10.7
Computer and mathematical	1.4	1.1	1.5	.8	.9	.7	1.2	1.7	.6	.8	1.0	1.3	.9
Architecture and engineering .....	.9	.8	.9	.8	.7	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	.9	1.0	.8
Life, physical, and social science .....	.4	.7	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.6	.4	.5	.3	.5
Community and social services	1.8	2.8	1.6	.8	.7	1.3	.9	.7	.1	1.1	.9	.9	1.0
Legal .....	.8	1.0	.8	.4	.5	.1	.7	.9	1.0	.6	.6	.7	.5
Education, training, and library	3.8	5.0	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	4.0	3.3	2.6	4.6	3.4	3.2	3.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.4	.4	1.6	1.1	1.1	.8	.8	1.3	1.1	.4	1.2	1.1	1.3
Healthcare practitioner and technical	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.1	3.6	.8	2.9	2.3	2.3	2.3
Service	30.5	31.0	30.4	27.4	27.2	27.9	24.9	25.5	30.0	24.2	26.7	28.7	26.0
Healthcare support	4.4	4.8	4.3	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.4	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.3
Protective service	2.6	1.3	2.9	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.9	1.7	(¹)	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.2
Food preparation and serving related	8.6	9.7	8.4	11.9	11.6	12.5	8.9	8.2	12.1	9.1	8.4	9.5	8.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	9.2	8.9	9.3	8.6	8.7	8.3	8.7	10.2	12.3	7.4	9.4	10.4	9.1
Personal care and service	5.6	6.4	5.4	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	4.3	3.3	4.3	4.0	4.4
Sales and office	21.3	19.9	21.6	18.6	18.6	18.4	21.4	21.4	14.3	21.9	21.8	22.8	21.5
Sales and related	9.6	8.0	9.9	8.7	8.8	8.7	10.2	10.6	7.2	10.1	10.0	9.2	10.3
Office and administrative support	11.7	11.9	11.7	9.8	9.9	9.7	11.2	10.8	7.0	11.8	11.8	13.5	11.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	10.5	9.3	10.8	11.9	11.6	12.6	17.8	17.3	22.7	17.8	15.5	15.6	15.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry .....	.4	.5	.4	1.5	1.3	2.1	1.1	1.3	4.1	.7	3.1	1.6	3.6
Construction and extraction	6.9	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.8	8.2	12.6	12.0	16.2	12.7	8.7	10.2	8.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.1	2.0	3.4	3.2	3.5	2.2	4.1	4.0	2.4	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	16.6	18.3	16.2	25.3	26.0	23.4	14.7	12.4	20.9	16.0	16.3	13.6	17.2
Production	7.2	9.4	6.8	15.8	15.9	15.6	7.3	6.0	12.5	7.9	7.9	6.9	8.2
Transportation and material moving	9.4	8.9	9.5	9.5	10.1	7.8	7.4	6.3	8.4	8.1	8.4	6.7	9.0

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for broad categories include other detailed occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total	28,111	7,640	20,472	34,027	23,055	10,972	56,209	29,775	8,501	17,933	35,796	11,020	24,776
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	36	(²)	33	92	41	51	740	79	75	586	264	185	79
Construction	1,763	491	1,273	2,048	1,361	687	4,076	2,106	572	1,398	2,478	812	1,666
Manufacturing	2,642	746	1,896	4,987	3,617	1,370	5,063	2,338	1,108	1,617	3,221	762	2,458
Durable goods	1,576	509	1,068	3,284	2,466	818	3,011	1,342	726	942	2,148	518	1,630
Nonmetallic mineral products	81	19	62	121	78	43	157	79	38	41	83	30	52
Primary and fabricated metal products	284	73	211	633	482	151	533	179	128	226	262	71	191
Machinery manufacturing	208	55	153	528	371	157	395	166	73	155	166	56	110
Computer and electronic products	251	110	141	214	146	68	337	140	44	153	584	128	455
Electrical equipment and appliances	86	28	57	139	99	40	146	68	37	41	65	(²)	48
Transportation equipment	217	98	119	931	773	158	750	321	264	165	483	72	411
Wood products	59	(²)	47	115	82	33	170	91	45	(²)	97	(²)	78
Furniture and fixtures	64	(²)	49	146	108	38	180	91	37	52	73	(²)	53
Miscellaneous manufacturing	327	98	229	457	326	131	342	206	60	76	336	104	232
Nondurable goods	1,065	237	828	1,703	1,151	552	2,053	996	382	674	1,072	244	829
Food manufacturing	273	59	214	647	379	268	595	258	126	211	379	103	276
Beverage and tobacco products	48	(²)	39	52	33	(²)	110	62	(²)	(²)	78	(²)	64
Textile, apparel, and leather	95	25	71	71	50	(²)	275	196	35	44	184	(²)	161
Paper and printing	210	49	161	307	213	94	327	168	82	77	162	39	124
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(²)	(²)	121	(²)	(²)	103	45	(²)	35
Chemicals	360	75	284	380	284	95	407	201	64	142	159	38	121
Plastic and rubber products	63	(²)	46	223	176	47	217	105	43	69	66	(²)	48
Wholesale and retail trade	3,744	1,002	2,742	4,614	3,114	1,499	7,875	4,141	1,193	2,541	4,946	1,535	3,412
Wholesale trade	710	187	524	840	580	259	1,375	697	207	471	930	257	672
Retail trade	3,034	815	2,219	3,774	2,534	1,240	6,500	3,444	986	2,070	4,017	1,278	2,739
Transportation and utilities	1,365	262	1,103	1,693	1,148	545	3,086	1,518	532	1,035	1,739	511	1,228
Transportation and warehousing	1,183	209	973	1,438	993	445	2,580	1,289	428	863	1,452	428	1,024
Utilities	182	52	129	255	154	101	506	229	104	173	287	83	204
Information	670	149	521	575	373	202	1,069	622	149	298	842	233	609
Publishing, except Internet	176	43	133	136	84	52	195	129	32	(²)	133	38	95
Motion picture and sound-recording industries	85	20	65	77	60	(²)	110	55	(²)	(²)	216	(²)	195
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming	119	30	89	109	78	32	234	146	40	48	131	59	72
Telecommunications	193	37	155	172	93	79	394	218	42	135	249	78	171
Libraries, archives, and other information services	61	(²)	52	51	39	(²)	84	50	(²)	(²)	50	(²)	35

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Financial activities	2,187	583	1,605	2,181	1,378	803	3,586	1,998	471	1,116	2,354	772	1,583
Finance and insurance	1,654	450	1,204	1,681	1,040	641	2,434	1,331	321	782	1,503	510	993
Finance	1,078	269	810	966	590	376	1,546	873	172	501	944	324	621
Insurance	575	181	394	715	450	265	889	458	149	281	559	187	372
Real estate and rental and leasing	534	133	401	499	338	162	1,151	667	150	334	851	261	590
Real estate	461	110	350	430	296	135	984	582	126	275	752	222	530
Rental and leasing services	73	23	50	69	42	(²)	168	85	(²)	59	100	39	60
Professional and business services	3,433	954	2,479	3,469	2,435	1,033	6,643	3,996	773	1,875	4,689	1,377	3,312
Professional and technical services	2,186	635	1,551	1,898	1,311	587	3,806	2,354	388	1,065	2,716	764	1,952
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,247	319	928	1,570	1,124	446	2,836	1,641	385	810	1,974	613	1,361
Administrative and support services	1,091	281	809	1,397	1,000	397	2,586	1,498	346	742	1,793	562	1,231
Waste management and remediation services	122	24	98	127	92	35	186	109	31	45	139	38	101
Education and health services	7,042	2,016	5,026	7,791	5,170	2,621	11,981	6,304	1,864	3,813	7,239	2,201	5,037
Educational services	2,652	824	1,828	2,956	1,963	994	4,868	2,540	739	1,590	3,055	963	2,092
Health care and social assistance	4,390	1,191	3,199	4,835	3,208	1,627	7,112	3,764	1,125	2,223	4,183	1,238	2,945
Hospitals	1,323	388	935	1,550	1,056	494	2,334	1,197	418	719	1,229	359	871
Health services, except hospitals	1,664	425	1,239	1,717	1,142	574	2,794	1,499	391	904	1,818	547	1,270
Social assistance	1,403	378	1,024	1,569	1,009	559	1,984	1,068	316	600	1,136	332	804
Leisure and hospitality	2,590	685	1,905	3,139	2,219	921	5,462	3,029	791	1,642	3,838	1,346	2,492
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	683	187	496	661	447	214	1,090	680	141	269	1,080	379	701
Accommodation and food services	1,908	498	1,409	2,478	1,771	707	4,372	2,349	650	1,373	2,758	967	1,792
Accommodation	282	65	218	249	163	87	586	365	73	148	494	236	258
Food services and drinking places	1,626	434	1,192	2,229	1,609	620	3,786	1,984	577	1,225	2,264	731	1,533
Other services	1,229	372	858	1,543	1,069	474	3,021	1,588	445	988	1,822	549	1,272
Other services, except private households	1,087	324	763	1,418	979	440	2,718	1,434	398	886	1,583	490	1,093
Repair and maintenance	333	87	246	453	307	146	915	439	143	333	571	174	396
Personal and laundry services	442	140	302	510	370	141	987	527	128	331	620	179	440
Private households	143	48	95	125	90	35	303	155	47	101	239	59	180
Public administration	1,198	316	882	1,186	803	382	2,936	1,785	374	777	1,625	547	1,078
Agricultural and related industries	207	60	147	698	320	378	655	261	149	245	728	183	544

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employment													
Total	26,203	7,154	19,049	31,830	21,379	10,451	52,659	27,858	7,901	16,900	33,240	10,315	22,925
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	34	(²)	30	86	37	49	698	71	67	559	248	177	71
Construction	1,556	445	1,111	1,812	1,187	624	3,695	1,909	500	1,287	2,209	734	1,475
Manufacturing	2,476	699	1,777	4,683	3,371	1,312	4,716	2,175	1,030	1,511	2,993	716	2,276
Durable goods	1,465	474	992	3,093	2,308	785	2,812	1,247	675	890	2,020	490	1,530
Nonmetallic mineral products	72	18	54	114	72	42	148	73	35	40	78	27	51
Primary and fabricated metal products	256	66	190	586	441	145	499	169	119	211	247	68	179
Machinery manufacturing	203	53	151	501	350	150	373	156	69	148	154	51	103
Computer and electronic products	233	102	131	205	140	65	315	130	40	144	549	122	428
Electrical equipment and appliances	81	27	54	133	94	39	139	65	35	39	58	(²)	42
Transportation equipment	207	94	113	879	728	151	704	299	248	157	455	69	385
Wood products	53	(²)	41	108	76	32	156	86	40	(²)	91	(²)	72
Furniture and fixtures	59	(²)	45	138	102	35	163	82	31	50	67	(²)	47
Miscellaneous manufacturing	302	89	213	429	304	125	314	187	57	70	320	99	221
Nondurable goods	1,011	226	785	1,590	1,063	527	1,904	928	355	621	973	227	746
Food manufacturing	260	57	203	602	347	255	528	230	114	183	342	97	244
Beverage and tobacco products	46	(²)	37	50	33	(²)	102	56	(²)	(²)	72	(²)	59
Textile, apparel, and leather	90	22	67	65	45	(²)	252	184	29	39	164	(²)	144
Paper and printing	199	48	151	289	198	91	310	157	77	75	147	34	113
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(²)	(²)	116	(²)	(²)	98	42	(²)	32
Chemicals	344	72	273	356	263	92	394	195	61	138	146	36	110
Plastic and rubber products	58	(²)	42	207	164	43	202	99	41	62	61	(²)	44
Wholesale and retail trade	3,440	923	2,516	4,316	2,892	1,424	7,343	3,871	1,099	2,374	4,555	1,429	3,126
Wholesale trade	674	177	497	795	546	249	1,303	663	195	445	875	246	629
Retail trade	2,766	746	2,020	3,521	2,347	1,174	6,040	3,208	904	1,929	3,680	1,183	2,498
Transportation and utilities	1,267	245	1,022	1,589	1,069	519	2,937	1,440	507	990	1,623	484	1,139
Transportation and warehousing	1,091	194	897	1,339	919	420	2,448	1,219	407	822	1,350	404	946
Utilities	176	51	125	250	151	99	489	221	100	168	273	80	193
Information	631	139	492	546	352	194	1,006	581	138	287	778	220	558
Publishing, except Internet	165	41	124	129	78	51	187	123	31	(²)	124	37	87
Motion picture and sound-recording industries	79	19	60	71	54	(²)	100	51	(²)	(²)	193	(²)	174
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming	113	28	85	104	74	30	220	136	37	47	125	56	68
Telecommunications	180	35	145	164	89	75	371	201	39	131	231	72	159
Libraries, archives, and other information services	58	(²)	50	50	39	(²)	81	48	(²)	(²)	47	(²)	32

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employment													
Financial activities	2,071	557	1,514	2,100	1,322	778	3,447	1,927	453	1,067	2,230	741	1,489
Finance and insurance	1,575	432	1,143	1,628	1,004	624	2,356	1,292	312	752	1,424	492	932
Finance	1,024	258	766	934	565	368	1,498	851	168	479	889	312	577
Insurance	551	174	377	694	438	256	859	441	144	273	535	181	355
Real estate and rental and leasing	496	125	371	472	318	154	1,091	635	141	315	806	249	557
Real estate	429	104	326	408	279	129	935	555	118	262	710	212	499
Rental and leasing services	67	22	45	64	39	(²)	156	80	(²)	53	96	37	59
Professional and business services	3,175	883	2,292	3,147	2,181	967	6,137	3,683	696	1,758	4,333	1,277	3,057
Professional and technical services	2,087	607	1,480	1,808	1,242	565	3,625	2,228	370	1,029	2,590	732	1,858
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,088	275	813	1,339	938	401	2,512	1,456	327	730	1,743	545	1,198
Administrative and support services	942	238	704	1,176	823	353	2,277	1,323	289	665	1,570	496	1,074
Waste management and remediation services	111	23	88	118	84	34	173	101	30	42	133	35	97
Education and health services	6,722	1,935	4,788	7,452	4,917	2,535	11,475	6,015	1,782	3,678	6,885	2,093	4,792
Educational services	2,539	794	1,745	2,826	1,864	961	4,694	2,438	710	1,546	2,916	919	1,996
Health care and social assistance	4,184	1,141	3,043	4,626	3,053	1,573	6,782	3,577	1,072	2,132	3,969	1,174	2,795
Hospitals	1,291	376	916	1,517	1,032	485	2,270	1,161	407	702	1,196	349	847
Health services, except hospitals	1,581	408	1,173	1,644	1,089	555	2,675	1,431	375	869	1,722	518	1,204
Social assistance	1,312	357	954	1,465	932	533	1,837	985	291	560	1,051	307	744
Leisure and hospitality	2,340	624	1,716	2,830	1,977	853	4,894	2,710	709	1,475	3,491	1,233	2,259
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	613	168	445	599	401	198	1,007	632	134	242	986	355	631
Accommodation and food services	1,727	456	1,272	2,231	1,576	655	3,887	2,078	575	1,233	2,505	878	1,627
Accommodation	257	60	197	224	143	81	522	324	66	132	457	218	239
Food services and drinking places	1,470	395	1,075	2,007	1,433	574	3,365	1,754	509	1,101	2,049	660	1,389
Other services	1,139	341	798	1,461	1,006	456	2,846	1,494	422	931	1,682	519	1,163
Other services, except private households	1,011	299	712	1,350	927	424	2,573	1,353	380	840	1,470	466	1,004
Repair and maintenance	310	79	231	422	282	140	856	406	137	313	521	164	356
Personal and laundry services	415	132	284	489	353	136	930	499	120	312	581	172	409
Membership associations and organizations	286	88	198	439	292	147	787	449	123	215	369	130	239
Private households	127	42	86	111	79	32	273	141	42	90	212	53	159
Public administration	1,157	305	852	1,139	766	373	2,845	1,735	356	754	1,568	524	1,045
Agricultural and related industries	196	55	141	670	301	368	619	247	141	231	645	170	476

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment													
Total	1,909	486	1,422	2,197	1,676	521	3,550	1,917	600	1,033	2,556	705	1,851
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ...	3	(²)	2	6	4	2	42	8	7	26	16	8	8
Construction	208	46	162	236	173	63	380	197	72	112	269	78	190
Manufacturing	165	46	119	304	245	58	347	163	78	106	228	46	183
Durable goods	111	35	76	191	157	33	198	95	51	52	129	28	100
Nonmetallic mineral products	9	1	8	7	6	1	9	6	2	1	5	4	1
Primary and fabricated metal products	28	7	21	47	41	6	34	10	9	15	15	3	12
Machinery manufacturing	4	2	2	27	21	6	22	11	4	7	12	5	7
Computer and electronic products	18	8	10	9	6	3	22	10	4	9	34	7	28
Electrical equipment and appliances	5	1	4	6	5	1	7	4	1	2	7	(²)	6
Transportation equipment	10	4	6	52	45	7	46	22	16	8	28	3	25
Wood products	6	(²)	5	7	6	1	14	5	6	(²)	7	(²)	5
Furniture and fixtures	5	(²)	4	8	6	2	16	9	6	2	6	(²)	5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	24	9	16	28	22	6	28	19	3	6	16	5	11
Nondurable goods	54	11	43	113	88	25	149	69	27	53	100	17	82
Food manufacturing	13	2	11	45	33	13	67	28	11	28	37	5	32
Beverage and tobacco products	2	(²)	2	2	1	(²)	8	7	(²)	(²)	6	(²)	5
Textile, apparel, and leather	6	2	4	6	5	(²)	22	11	5	6	20	(²)	17
Paper and printing	11	1	10	18	15	3	18	11	5	2	16	5	11
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	5	3	(²)	2	
Chemicals	16	4	12	24	21	3	12	6	3	4	13	2	11
Plastic and rubber products	5	(²)	4	16	12	4	15	6	2	7	5	(²)	4
Wholesale and retail trade	304	79	226	298	222	76	532	270	94	168	391	106	285
Wholesale trade	37	9	27	45	35	10	72	33	12	26	55	12	44
Retail trade	268	69	199	253	187	66	460	236	82	141	336	95	242
Transportation and utilities	98	17	81	104	78	26	149	78	25	46	116	27	89
Transportation and warehousing	92	15	76	99	74	25	132	70	21	41	102	24	78
Utilities	6	1	5	6	4	2	17	8	4	5	14	3	11
Information	39	10	30	29	21	9	63	41	11	11	64	13	51
Publishing, except Internet	10	2	8	7	6	1	8	6	1	(²)	9	1	7
Motion picture and sound-recording industries	6	1	5	6	6	(²)	10	4	(²)	(²)	23	(²)	21
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming	6	2	4	6	4	1	14	9	3	1	6	3	4
Telecommunications	13	3	10	8	4	4	23	16	3	4	18	6	12
Libraries, archives, and other information services	3	(²)	2	1	1	(²)	3	1	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment													
Financial activities	116	26	90	81	56	25	139	72	18	49	124	31	94
Finance and insurance	79	18	61	53	36	17	78	39	9	30	79	18	61
Finance	54	11	44	32	25	7	48	22	4	21	55	12	43
Insurance	25	7	17	21	11	9	30	17	5	8	24	6	17
Real estate and rental and leasing	37	8	30	28	20	8	61	32	9	19	45	13	33
Real estate	31	7	25	22	16	6	49	27	8	13	42	11	31
Rental and leasing services	6	1	5	5	3	(²)	12	5	(²)	6	4	2	2
Professional and business services	258	71	187	321	255	67	505	312	77	116	356	101	255
Professional and technical services	99	28	71	91	68	22	181	127	18	36	126	33	93
Management, administrative, and waste services	159	43	116	231	186	45	325	186	59	80	230	68	162
Administrative and support services	149	43	106	221	177	44	309	175	57	77	222	65	157
Waste management and remediation services	10	(³)	10	9	8	1	13	9	1	3	6	2	4
Education and health services	320	81	239	339	253	86	505	289	82	135	354	108	246
Educational services	114	31	83	131	98	32	175	102	29	44	140	44	96
Health care and social assistance	206	50	156	209	155	54	330	187	53	91	214	65	150
Hospitals	31	12	19	33	24	9	64	36	11	17	34	10	24
Health services, except hospitals	84	17	67	73	53	19	119	68	17	34	96	30	66
Social assistance	91	21	70	103	78	26	148	83	25	40	85	25	60
Leisure and hospitality	251	62	189	309	242	68	568	319	82	167	347	114	233
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	70	19	51	62	46	16	83	48	7	28	94	25	69
Accommodation and food services	181	43	138	248	196	52	485	271	75	140	253	89	164
Accommodation	25	4	21	25	19	6	64	41	8	16	37	18	19
Food services and drinking places	156	39	117	222	176	46	421	230	67	124	216	71	145
Other services	91	31	60	82	63	19	175	94	24	57	140	31	109
Other services, except private households	75	25	50	68	52	16	144	80	18	46	113	24	88
Repair and maintenance	23	8	15	31	25	6	59	33	6	20	50	10	40
Personal and laundry services	27	8	19	21	17	4	56	29	9	19	39	8	31
Membership associations and organizations	26	9	17	16	10	5	29	19	4	7	23	6	17
Private households	15	6	9	14	11	3	30	14	6	11	27	6	21
Public administration	42	11	30	47	37	10	92	51	18	23	57	24	33
Agricultural and related industries	11	5	6	29	19	10	36	14	8	14	82	14	68

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total	6.8	6.4	6.9	6.5	7.3	4.7	6.3	6.4	7.1	5.8	7.1	6.4	7.5
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	6.9	(²)	7.1	6.7	10.4	3.6	5.7	10.2	10.0	4.5	6.0	4.2	10.4
Construction	11.8	9.4	12.7	11.5	12.7	9.1	9.3	9.4	12.5	8.0	10.8	9.6	11.4
Manufacturing	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.8	4.3	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	7.1	6.0	7.4
Durable goods	7.0	6.9	7.1	5.8	6.4	4.1	6.6	7.1	7.0	5.5	6.0	5.5	6.2
Nonmetallic mineral products	11.3	4.3	13.5	5.9	7.6	2.8	5.7	7.3	6.0	2.4	5.6	11.7	2.1
Primary and fabricated metal products	9.9	10.3	9.8	7.4	8.5	3.8	6.4	5.7	7.0	6.5	5.6	4.1	6.1
Machinery manufacturing	2.1	4.0	1.5	5.1	5.6	4.0	5.4	6.4	5.1	4.6	7.1	8.7	6.2
Computer and electronic products	7.3	7.3	7.3	4.3	4.2	4.5	6.6	6.9	8.6	5.6	5.9	5.2	6.0
Electrical equipment and appliances	6.0	4.1	6.9	4.0	4.7	2.2	4.8	5.4	4.0	4.7	10.4	(²)	13.2
Transportation equipment	4.7	4.4	4.8	5.6	5.8	4.7	6.2	6.8	6.1	5.0	5.8	4.2	6.1
Wood products	10.3	(²)	11.1	6.1	7.6	2.2	8.2	5.6	12.8	(²)	6.8	(²)	7.1
Furniture and fixtures	8.2	(²)	8.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	9.2	9.6	16.0	3.6	7.8	(²)	9.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	7.5	9.0	6.8	6.2	6.8	4.7	8.2	9.3	5.1	7.6	4.8	5.0	4.7
Nondurable goods	5.1	4.8	5.2	6.6	7.7	4.5	7.3	6.9	7.1	7.9	9.3	7.1	9.9
Food manufacturing	4.8	3.0	5.3	7.0	8.6	4.7	11.3	10.8	8.9	13.4	9.8	5.3	11.5
Beverage and tobacco products	4.7	(²)	5.1	3.1	1.7	(²)	7.6	10.6	(²)	(²)	7.6	(²)	8.3
Textile, apparel, and leather	5.9	8.4	5.0	8.1	9.9	(²)	8.1	5.8	15.6	12.7	10.9	(²)	10.7
Paper and printing	5.4	3.0	6.2	6.0	7.1	3.4	5.4	6.6	5.6	2.5	9.8	12.5	8.9
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(²)	(²)	4.5	(²)	(²)	4.5	6.6	(²)	6.4
Chemicals	4.3	5.1	4.1	6.3	7.4	3.1	3.0	2.8	4.3	2.8	8.0	5.2	8.9
Plastic and rubber products	8.3	(²)	8.6	7.2	6.8	8.8	7.1	5.7	5.2	10.3	7.4	(²)	8.0
Wholesale and retail trade	8.1	7.8	8.2	6.5	7.1	5.0	6.8	6.5	7.9	6.6	7.9	6.9	8.4
Wholesale trade	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.3	6.0	3.9	5.2	4.8	5.8	5.6	5.9	4.5	6.5
Retail trade	8.8	8.5	9.0	6.7	7.4	5.3	7.1	6.9	8.4	6.8	8.4	7.4	8.8
Transportation and utilities	7.2	6.4	7.4	6.2	6.8	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.7	4.4	6.7	5.2	7.3
Transportation and warehousing	7.8	7.4	7.8	6.9	7.5	5.5	5.1	5.5	4.9	4.7	7.0	5.6	7.6
Utilities	3.4	2.5	3.8	2.2	2.4	1.9	3.4	3.4	4.3	2.9	4.9	3.3	5.6
Information	5.9	6.6	5.7	5.1	5.6	4.3	5.9	6.7	7.2	3.7	7.6	5.5	8.4
Publishing, except Internet	5.8	4.2	6.3	5.0	7.0	1.9	4.2	4.7	2.4	(²)	6.7	3.5	7.9
Motion picture and sound-recording industries	7.3	6.2	7.7	7.8	9.6	(²)	9.5	7.2	(²)	(²)	10.6	(²)	10.6
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming	5.1	5.4	5.0	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.8	6.4	7.3	2.7	4.9	4.5	5.2
Telecommunications	6.7	8.0	6.3	4.9	4.3	5.6	5.9	7.6	7.0	2.8	7.4	7.7	7.3
Libraries, archives, and other information services	5.4	(²)	3.6	1.7	2.0	(²)	3.1	2.7	(²)	(²)	6.9	(²)	9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Financial activities	5.3	4.4	5.6	3.7	4.1	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.8	4.4	5.3	4.0	5.9
Finance and insurance	4.8	4.1	5.0	3.2	3.5	2.6	3.2	2.9	2.8	3.8	5.2	3.5	6.1
Finance	5.0	4.0	5.4	3.3	4.2	2.0	3.1	2.5	2.3	4.3	5.9	3.7	7.0
Insurance	4.3	4.1	4.4	2.9	2.5	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.4	2.9	4.2	3.3	4.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	7.0	5.8	7.4	5.5	5.8	4.9	5.3	4.9	5.9	5.8	5.3	4.9	5.5
Real estate	6.7	5.9	7.0	5.2	5.5	4.4	4.9	4.7	6.7	4.7	5.5	4.8	5.8
Rental and leasing services	8.5	4.9	10.1	7.9	8.1	(²)	7.1	6.1	(²)	10.9	4.0	5.5	3.0
Professional and business services	7.5	7.5	7.5	9.3	10.5	6.5	7.6	7.8	9.9	6.2	7.6	7.3	7.7
Professional and technical services	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.2	3.8	4.7	5.4	4.6	3.4	4.6	4.3	4.8
Management, administrative, and waste services	12.8	13.6	12.4	14.7	16.6	10.0	11.4	11.3	15.2	9.9	11.7	11.1	11.9
Administrative and support services	13.6	15.3	13.1	15.8	17.7	11.0	12.0	11.7	16.5	10.4	12.4	11.6	12.8
Waste management and remediation services	8.3	1.6	9.9	7.0	8.6	2.8	7.0	7.8	4.4	6.8	4.5	6.0	3.9
Education and health services	4.5	4.0	4.8	4.4	4.9	3.3	4.2	4.6	4.4	3.5	4.9	4.9	4.9
Educational services	4.3	3.7	4.5	4.4	5.0	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.9	2.8	4.6	4.5	4.6
Health care and social assistance	4.7	4.2	4.9	4.3	4.8	3.3	4.6	5.0	4.7	4.1	5.1	5.2	5.1
Hospitals	2.4	3.1	2.1	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.7	2.7
Health services, except hospitals	5.0	4.0	5.4	4.2	4.7	3.4	4.3	4.5	4.3	3.8	5.3	5.4	5.2
Social assistance	6.5	5.6	6.8	6.6	7.7	4.6	7.4	7.8	7.9	6.6	7.5	7.6	7.4
Leisure and hospitality	9.7	9.0	9.9	9.9	10.9	7.4	10.4	10.5	10.3	10.2	9.0	8.4	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	10.2	10.1	10.3	9.3	10.2	7.5	7.6	7.1	4.9	10.3	8.7	6.5	9.9
Accommodation and food services	9.5	8.6	9.8	10.0	11.0	7.4	11.1	11.5	11.5	10.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
Accommodation	8.8	6.4	9.6	10.2	12.0	6.9	10.9	11.2	10.3	10.6	7.6	7.6	7.5
Food services and drinking places	9.6	8.9	9.8	10.0	11.0	7.4	11.1	11.6	11.7	10.1	9.5	9.7	9.4
Other services	7.4	8.4	6.9	5.3	5.9	3.9	5.8	5.9	5.4	5.7	7.7	5.6	8.6
Other services, except private households	6.9	7.8	6.6	4.8	5.3	3.7	5.3	5.6	4.6	5.2	7.1	4.9	8.1
Repair and maintenance	6.8	9.0	6.0	6.8	8.1	4.2	6.4	7.4	4.0	6.1	8.8	5.8	10.1
Personal and laundry services	6.1	6.0	6.1	4.2	4.6	3.2	5.7	5.4	6.9	5.7	6.3	4.3	7.1
Membership associations and organizations	8.3	9.2	7.9	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	4.1	2.9	3.0	6.0	4.7	6.6
Private households	10.7	12.3	9.8	11.0	12.5	7.2	10.0	9.0	12.0	10.6	11.4	10.8	11.6
Public administration	3.5	3.6	3.4	4.0	4.6	2.5	3.1	2.9	4.7	3.0	3.5	4.3	3.1
Agricultural and related industries	5.4	8.5	4.1	4.1	5.8	2.7	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.8	11.3	7.4	12.6

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for broad categories include other detailed industries not shown separately. Levels may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (thousands)	26,203	7,154	19,049	31,830	21,379	10,451	52,659	27,858	7,901	16,900	33,240	10,315	22,925
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ....	.1	(¹)	.2	.3	.2	.5	1.3	.3	.9	3.3	.7	1.7	.3
Construction	5.9	6.2	5.8	5.7	5.6	6.0	7.0	6.9	6.3	7.6	6.6	7.1	6.4
Manufacturing	9.5	9.8	9.3	14.7	15.8	12.6	9.0	7.8	13.0	8.9	9.0	6.9	9.9
Durable goods	5.6	6.6	5.2	9.7	10.8	7.5	5.3	4.5	8.5	5.3	6.1	4.7	6.7
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.3	.2
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.0	.9	1.0	1.8	2.1	1.4	.9	.6	1.5	1.2	.7	.7	.8
Machinery manufacturing .....	.8	.7	.8	1.6	1.6	1.4	.7	.6	.9	.9	.5	.5	.5
Computer and electronic products .....	.9	1.4	.7	.6	.7	.6	.6	.5	.5	.9	1.7	1.2	1.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.3	.6	2.8	3.4	1.4	1.3	1.1	3.1	.9	1.4	.7	1.7
Wood products .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.5	.2	.3	.2	.3
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.2	.2	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	.6	.7	.7	.4	1.0	1.0	1.0
Nondurable goods	3.9	3.2	4.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.6	3.3	4.5	3.7	2.9	2.2	3.3
Food manufacturing	1.0	.8	1.1	1.9	1.6	2.4	1.0	.8	1.4	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.1	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.5	.7	.4	.2	.5	.2	.6
Paper and printing .....	.8	.7	.8	.9	.9	.9	.6	.6	1.0	.4	.4	.3	.5
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.6	.1	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.2	.9	.7	.7	.8	.8	.4	.3	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.2	.2	.2	.7	.8	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.1	12.9	13.2	13.6	13.5	13.6	13.9	13.9	13.9	14.0	13.7	13.9	13.6
Wholesale trade	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7
Retail trade	10.6	10.4	10.6	11.1	11.0	11.2	11.5	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.1	11.5	10.9
Transportation and utilities	4.8	3.4	5.4	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.6	5.2	6.4	5.9	4.9	4.7	5.0
Transportation and warehousing	4.2	2.7	4.7	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.4	5.2	4.9	4.1	3.9	4.1
Utilities .....	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.9	.9	.8	1.3	1.0	.8	.8	.8
Information	2.4	1.9	2.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.1	2.4
Publishing, except Internet .....	.6	.6	.7	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.4	.2	.4	.4	.4
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.2	.8	.8
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.3	.4	.5	.3
Telecommunications .....	.7	.5	.8	.5	.4	.7	.7	.7	.5	.8	.7	.7	.7
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.2	.1	.3	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Financial activities	7.9	7.8	7.9	6.6	6.2	7.4	6.5	6.9	5.7	6.3	6.7	7.2	6.5
Finance and insurance	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.1	4.7	6.0	4.5	4.6	3.9	4.5	4.3	4.8	4.1
Finance	3.9	3.6	4.0	2.9	2.6	3.5	2.8	3.1	2.1	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.5
Insurance	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.3	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.4
Real estate	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.2
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3
Professional and business services	12.1	12.3	12.0	9.9	10.2	9.2	11.7	13.2	8.8	10.4	13.0	12.4	13.3
Professional and technical services	8.0	8.5	7.8	5.7	5.8	5.4	6.9	8.0	4.7	6.1	7.8	7.1	8.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.2	3.8	4.3	4.2	4.4	3.8	4.8	5.2	4.1	4.3	5.2	5.3	5.2
Administrative and support services	3.6	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.4	4.3	4.7	3.7	3.9	4.7	4.8	4.7
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.2	.4	.3	.4
Education and health services	25.7	27.0	25.1	23.4	23.0	24.3	21.8	21.6	22.6	21.8	20.7	20.3	20.9
Educational services	9.7	11.1	9.2	8.9	8.7	9.2	8.9	8.8	9.0	9.1	8.8	8.9	8.7
Health care and social assistance	16.0	16.0	16.0	14.5	14.3	15.1	12.9	12.8	13.6	12.6	11.9	11.4	12.2
Hospitals	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	5.1	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.7
Health services, except hospitals	6.0	5.7	6.2	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.3
Social assistance	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.4	5.1	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	8.9	8.7	9.0	8.9	9.2	8.2	9.3	9.7	9.0	8.7	10.5	11.9	9.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.4	3.0	3.4	2.8
Accommodation and food services	6.6	6.4	6.7	7.0	7.4	6.3	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.3	7.5	8.5	7.1
Accommodation	1.0	.8	1.0	.7	.7	.8	1.0	1.2	.8	.8	1.4	2.1	1.0
Food services and drinking places	5.6	5.5	5.6	6.3	6.7	5.5	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.1
Other services	4.3	4.8	4.2	4.6	4.7	4.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.1	5.0	5.1
Other services, except private households	3.9	4.2	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.9	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.4	4.5	4.4
Repair and maintenance	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6
Personal and laundry services	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0
Private households .....	.5	.6	.4	.3	.4	.3	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.7
Public administration	4.4	4.3	4.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	5.4	6.2	4.5	4.5	4.7	5.1	4.6
Agricultural and related industries .....	.7	.8	.7	2.1	1.4	3.5	1.2	.9	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.6	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (thousands)	13,594	3,667	9,927	16,681	11,187	5,494	28,024	14,578	4,169	9,277	18,055	5,611	12,444
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ....	.2	.1	.3	.5	.3	.8	2.2	.4	1.5	5.1	1.2	2.7	.5
Construction	10.5	11.3	10.2	9.9	9.6	10.4	12.0	11.9	10.8	12.8	11.0	11.7	10.7
Manufacturing	12.5	13.4	12.2	20.1	21.5	17.2	12.2	10.7	18.0	12.1	11.8	9.0	13.0
Durable goods	7.9	9.6	7.3	13.9	15.4	10.9	7.7	6.5	12.5	7.5	8.5	6.4	9.4
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.7	.4	.4	.7	.4	.4	.4	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.6	1.5	1.6	2.9	3.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	2.5	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.2
Machinery manufacturing	1.1	1.2	1.1	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.0	.8	1.2	1.2	.7	.7	.7
Computer and electronic products	1.2	2.0	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.6	1.1	2.2	1.5	2.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.4	.5	.6	.5	.3	.3	.7	.3	.3	.2	.3
Transportation equipment	1.2	2.1	.9	3.9	4.8	2.1	2.0	1.6	4.5	1.4	2.0	.9	2.5
Wood products .....	.4	.3	.4	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.8	.3	.4	.3	.5
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.2	.3	.6	.6	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.5	.7	.8	1.0	.5	1.1	1.1	1.2
Nondurable goods	4.6	3.8	4.9	6.2	6.1	6.3	4.5	4.2	5.5	4.6	3.3	2.6	3.6
Food manufacturing	1.2	.9	1.3	2.2	1.9	3.0	1.1	.9	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.4	.2	.3	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2	.1	.5	.7	.3	.2	.4	.1	.5
Paper and printing	1.0	.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	.8	.8	1.2	.6	.6	.4	.6
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.3	(¹)	.2	.9	.2	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.5	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	1.2	.5	.5	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.3	.3	.9	1.1	.6	.5	.5	.7	.5	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.9	14.1	13.8	14.2	13.9	14.7	14.6	14.8	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.7	14.0
Wholesale trade	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4
Retail trade	10.4	10.6	10.4	10.7	10.4	11.3	11.2	11.6	10.7	10.8	10.8	11.3	10.6
Transportation and utilities	7.2	4.9	8.1	7.3	7.1	7.6	8.0	7.5	9.2	8.3	6.7	6.5	6.8
Transportation and warehousing	6.2	3.8	7.1	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.7	6.4	7.5	6.9	5.6	5.4	5.6
Utilities	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.2
Information	2.7	2.5	2.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.8	2.6	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.6	.6	.5	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4	.5	.2	.4	.4	.4
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.7	.2	1.0
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.6	.7	.5	.5	.5	.4	.6	.6	.7	.4	.5	.7	.4
Telecommunications .....	.8	.6	.9	.6	.5	.9	.9	.9	.5	.9	.9	1.0	.9
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Financial activities	8.1	7.6	8.2	5.7	5.4	6.3	5.5	6.0	4.7	5.2	5.7	6.2	5.5
Finance and insurance	5.8	5.8	5.8	4.1	3.8	4.8	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.2
Finance	4.1	3.6	4.2	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.4	2.7	1.5	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.0
Insurance	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.2	1.8	2.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.7	2.4	2.5	2.3
Real estate	1.9	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.1	1.9
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4
Professional and business services	13.6	14.5	13.3	10.9	11.3	10.0	12.6	14.4	9.2	11.4	14.1	13.1	14.6
Professional and technical services	8.8	9.9	8.4	6.0	6.2	5.7	7.3	8.4	4.6	6.7	8.1	7.1	8.5
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.9	4.6	5.0	4.8	5.1	4.3	5.4	6.0	4.6	4.7	6.0	6.0	6.0
Administrative and support services	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.3	3.6	4.8	5.4	3.9	4.2	5.3	5.3	5.3
Waste management and remediation services .....	.7	.5	.7	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.4	.6	.5	.6
Education and health services	12.8	13.7	12.5	10.6	10.3	11.1	9.9	10.0	10.1	9.6	10.9	10.7	11.0
Educational services	6.1	6.9	5.8	5.2	5.2	5.3	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.8	5.5	5.7	5.4
Health care and social assistance	6.8	6.8	6.7	5.4	5.2	5.8	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.8	5.4	5.0	5.6
Hospitals	2.5	2.4	2.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.7
Health services, except hospitals	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.6
Social assistance	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.0	.8	1.2	1.0	1.4
Leisure and hospitality	8.7	8.4	8.8	7.9	8.3	7.2	8.5	9.0	7.9	8.0	9.7	10.9	9.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.5	2.4	2.5	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.4	1.8	1.5	2.9	3.4	2.6
Accommodation and food services	6.2	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.4	5.4	6.5	6.6	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.4	6.6
Accommodation .....	.9	.8	1.0	.5	.5	.4	.7	.9	.7	.6	1.2	1.8	.9
Food services and drinking places	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.9	5.0	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7
Other services	3.7	3.9	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.0	5.0	4.9	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.3	4.6
Other services, except private households	3.6	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.9	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.4	4.2	4.4
Repair and maintenance	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.4	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.6
Personal and laundry services .....	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9	.6	.9	1.1	.8	.8	.9	.6	1.0
Membership associations and organizations .....	.9	1.0	.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	.9
Private households .....	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Public administration	5.0	4.7	5.1	3.8	3.9	3.5	5.6	6.7	4.3	4.5	4.7	5.3	4.5
Agricultural and related industries	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.1	2.1	5.1	1.7	1.3	2.7	1.9	2.7	2.4	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (thousands)	12,608	3,486	9,122	15,149	10,192	4,957	24,635	13,280	3,732	7,623	15,185	4,704	10,481
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.4	.1	.2	1.1	.2	.5	.1
Construction	1.0	.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4
Manufacturing	6.1	6.0	6.2	8.8	9.5	7.4	5.2	4.7	7.5	5.1	5.7	4.5	6.3
Durable goods	3.1	3.5	2.9	5.1	5.8	3.7	2.7	2.3	4.2	2.6	3.2	2.8	3.4
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.3	.3	.4	.7	.8	.5	.3	.2	.4	.3	.2	.2	.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.3	.4	.6	.7	.6	.4	.3	.5	.5	.2	.2	.2
Computer and electronic products .....	.5	.8	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.6	1.0	.8	1.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.3	.5	.2	1.5	1.9	.8	.6	.5	1.6	.4	.6	.4	.7
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	.2	.1	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.1	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	.8	.4	.5	.5	.4	.7	.8	.7
Nondurable goods	3.0	2.5	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.7	2.6	2.4	3.4	2.5	2.5	1.8	2.9
Food manufacturing .....	.8	.7	.9	1.5	1.4	1.9	.9	.7	1.4	1.0	.9	.8	1.0
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.2	.5	.6	.4	.3	.6	.3	.7
Paper and printing .....	.5	.4	.5	.6	.6	.7	.4	.3	.7	.3	.3	.3	.3
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	(¹)	.1
Chemicals	1.1	.9	1.2	.8	.9	.6	.4	.5	.4	.4	.4	.2	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.1	.1	.1	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.1	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	12.3	11.7	12.5	12.9	13.1	12.4	13.3	12.9	13.6	13.8	13.1	12.9	13.3
Wholesale trade	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.2	2.0
Retail trade	10.7	10.3	10.8	11.5	11.6	11.2	11.8	11.5	12.3	12.2	11.4	11.6	11.3
Transportation and utilities	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.1	2.8	2.6	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.8
Transportation and warehousing	1.9	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.3
Utilities .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.5	.4	.7	.5	.4	.4	.5
Information	2.1	1.3	2.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.7	.6	.8	.4	.3	.5	.4	.5	.3	.2	.3	.3	.4
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.4	.2	.5
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.3	.1	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2
Telecommunications .....	.6	.3	.7	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.4	.3	.5
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.3	.1	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Financial activities	7.7	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.0	8.7	7.7	7.9	6.9	7.7	7.9	8.4	7.6
Finance and insurance	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	5.6	7.3	5.5	5.6	5.1	5.6	5.4	6.1	5.0
Finance	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.4	3.0	4.4	3.4	3.4	2.9	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.1
Insurance	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.5	1.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.6
Real estate	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.0	2.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1
Professional and business services	10.5	10.1	10.6	8.8	9.0	8.4	10.5	11.9	8.4	9.2	11.7	11.5	11.8
Professional and technical services	7.1	7.0	7.1	5.3	5.4	5.1	6.5	7.6	4.7	5.3	7.4	7.1	7.6
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.4	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.4	4.3
Administrative and support services	3.1	2.7	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.8	4.1	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.9
Waste management and remediation services .....	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2
Education and health services	39.5	41.1	38.9	37.5	36.9	38.8	35.3	34.3	36.4	36.5	32.4	31.7	32.7
Educational services	13.6	15.5	12.8	12.9	12.6	13.5	13.6	13.1	13.5	14.4	12.7	12.8	12.7
Health care and social assistance	25.9	25.6	26.0	24.6	24.3	25.3	21.7	21.2	23.0	22.1	19.7	19.0	20.0
Hospitals	7.6	8.3	7.3	7.9	8.1	7.7	7.0	6.6	8.4	6.9	5.9	5.5	6.1
Health services, except hospitals	9.8	8.9	10.1	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.4	7.9	8.9	8.3	8.1	8.4
Social assistance	8.5	8.3	8.6	8.2	7.7	9.1	6.3	6.1	6.7	6.4	5.5	5.4	5.5
Leisure and hospitality	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.9	10.3	9.2	10.2	10.5	10.2	9.7	11.4	13.2	10.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.4	3.1	3.4	2.9
Accommodation and food services	7.0	6.8	7.1	8.0	8.5	7.2	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.4	9.8	7.7
Accommodation	1.0	.9	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.6	2.5	1.2
Food services and drinking places	5.9	5.9	6.0	7.1	7.6	6.1	7.2	6.9	7.6	7.3	6.7	7.3	6.5
Other services	5.0	5.7	4.8	5.0	5.2	4.8	5.9	5.8	5.2	6.3	5.7	5.9	5.7
Other services, except private households	4.1	4.7	3.9	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.9	4.8	4.2	5.2	4.5	4.9	4.3
Repair and maintenance .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.2	.5	.4	.5	.4
Personal and laundry services	2.5	2.9	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.7	2.6	2.3	3.1	2.8	2.9	2.8
Membership associations and organizations	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.2
Private households .....	.9	1.0	.9	.7	.7	.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3
Public administration	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.3	3.2	3.6	5.2	5.7	4.7	4.4	4.7	4.8	4.7
Agricultural and related industries .....	.5	.5	.5	1.0	.6	1.8	.6	.5	.8	.7	1.1	.8	1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (thousands)	21,206	6,220	14,987	27,645	18,337	9,308	40,084	20,377	6,264	13,443	26,443	9,160	17,285
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ....	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.5	1.5	.3	.9	3.6	.9	1.9	.4
Construction	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.2	6.1	6.3	8.1	8.0	7.3	8.6	7.4	7.6	7.3
Manufacturing	9.9	9.7	10.0	14.8	16.2	12.2	8.8	7.7	12.3	8.9	8.8	6.9	9.8
Durable goods	6.0	6.5	5.8	9.8	11.0	7.5	5.4	4.6	8.1	5.3	5.8	4.7	6.4
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.2	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.1	1.0	1.2	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.0	.7	1.7	1.3	.8	.7	.8
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	.7	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.5	.8	.6	.9	.9	.5	.5	.5
Computer and electronic products .....	.9	1.3	.8	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.4	.8	1.3	1.1	1.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.2	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.9	1.3	.7	2.6	3.2	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.9	.9	1.3	.7	1.7
Wood products .....	.2	.2	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.2	.3	.2	.3
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.2	.3	.5	.5	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.1	.6	.7	.7	.4	.9	.9	.9
Nondurable goods	3.9	3.2	4.2	5.0	5.2	4.7	3.4	3.1	4.2	3.6	3.0	2.2	3.4
Food manufacturing	1.0	.8	1.0	1.9	1.7	2.2	.8	.6	1.2	1.0	1.1	.9	1.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.1	.2	.1	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.5	.6	.3	.2	.5	.2	.6
Paper and printing .....	.8	.7	.8	1.0	1.0	.8	.6	.6	1.0	.4	.5	.3	.5
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.6	.1	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.3	.8	.8	.7	.7	.9	.4	.4	.4
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.2	.3	.7	.8	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.2	.1	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.4	12.9	13.6	13.9	13.9	13.8	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.7	13.7	13.7
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.9
Retail trade	10.7	10.4	10.9	11.2	11.1	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.2	11.0	11.2	10.8
Transportation and utilities	4.6	3.5	5.0	4.8	4.7	5.0	5.1	4.7	5.8	5.5	4.6	4.6	4.7
Transportation and warehousing	3.9	2.8	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.4	4.4	3.8	3.8	3.8
Utilities .....	.7	.8	.7	.8	.7	1.0	1.0	.8	1.3	1.1	.8	.8	.9
Information	2.5	2.0	2.7	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.4	2.1	2.5
Publishing, except Internet .....	.7	.6	.7	.4	.4	.5	.4	.5	.5	.2	.4	.4	.4
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.2	.8	.8
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.2	.4	.5	.3
Telecommunications .....	.7	.5	.8	.5	.4	.7	.6	.6	.4	.7	.7	.7	.7
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Financial activities	7.8	8.0	7.7	6.7	6.2	7.5	6.9	7.3	6.0	6.6	6.9	7.4	6.7
Finance and insurance	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	6.0	4.6	4.8	4.1	4.5	4.3	4.9	4.0
Finance	3.8	3.7	3.8	2.9	2.6	3.5	2.9	3.2	2.3	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.5
Insurance	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.5	2.6
Real estate	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.1	2.4
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3
Professional and business services	12.3	12.4	12.2	9.8	10.1	9.1	11.9	13.6	9.1	10.7	13.1	12.5	13.4
Professional and technical services	8.1	8.5	8.0	5.7	5.8	5.5	7.3	8.5	5.3	6.5	7.7	7.3	7.9
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.1	3.9	4.3	4.0	4.2	3.6	4.6	5.1	3.8	4.3	5.4	5.3	5.4
Administrative and support services	3.6	3.3	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.1	4.2	4.6	3.4	3.9	4.8	4.8	4.9
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4
Education and health services	24.6	26.4	23.9	22.9	22.3	23.9	21.0	20.8	22.7	20.6	20.1	20.1	20.0
Educational services	10.2	11.2	9.8	9.0	8.9	9.2	9.1	9.0	9.2	9.2	9.0	9.0	9.0
Health care and social assistance	14.4	15.2	14.1	13.8	13.4	14.7	12.0	11.8	13.5	11.4	11.0	11.1	11.0
Hospitals	4.5	5.1	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.0	3.8	5.1	3.7	3.2	3.4	3.1
Health services, except hospitals	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.9
Social assistance	4.2	4.5	4.1	4.1	3.7	4.8	2.9	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.0
Leisure and hospitality	8.6	8.4	8.7	8.6	9.0	7.9	9.0	9.4	8.4	8.6	10.2	11.4	9.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.5	1.7	1.4	2.9	3.3	2.8
Accommodation and food services	6.2	6.0	6.3	6.7	7.1	6.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	7.2	7.3	8.2	6.9
Accommodation .....	.8	.8	.8	.6	.6	.7	.9	1.0	.8	.7	1.3	1.9	.9
Food services and drinking places	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.5	5.4	6.1	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.0	6.2	5.9
Other services	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.6	4.7	4.4	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.2
Other services, except private households	3.9	4.1	3.8	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.4
Repair and maintenance	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.7
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.1
Private households .....	.4	.6	.4	.4	.4	.3	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.3	4.4	4.3	3.5	3.4	3.6	5.0	5.7	4.1	4.3	4.6	5.0	4.4
Agricultural and related industries .....	.9	.9	.9	2.4	1.6	3.9	1.4	1.1	2.0	1.5	2.2	1.7	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (thousands)	2,876	428	2,447	2,596	2,048	548	9,293	5,741	1,381	2,171	1,387	360	1,027
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction .....	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(¹)	.2	.6	.2	.5	1.8	.2	.1	.3
Construction	3.3	4.7	3.1	2.3	1.9	3.9	3.1	3.4	2.3	2.9	2.3	1.7	2.5
Manufacturing	5.1	6.6	4.9	12.0	11.4	14.0	9.5	8.8	15.7	7.6	5.5	4.9	5.6
Durable goods	2.3	5.0	1.9	8.0	8.2	7.0	5.0	4.3	10.1	3.6	4.0	3.1	4.4
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.3	.3	.5	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.4	1.1	.3	.9	1.0	.8	.6	.4	1.0	.7	.1	.1	.1
Machinery manufacturing .....	.3	.5	.2	.9	.9	1.1	.5	.4	.8	.6	.3	.7	.1
Computer and electronic products .....	.2	.4	.1	.3	.2	.7	.3	.3	.6	.4	.9	.9	.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.1	.2	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4	.7	.2	.1	(¹)	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.4	1.1	.2	3.8	4.3	1.9	1.6	1.3	3.8	.8	1.3	.6	1.5
Wood products	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.9	.2	.6	.1	.7
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.3	.4	.3	1.0	.2	(¹)	.1	(¹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.8	1.5	.6	1.0	1.0	1.4	.6	.6	.8	.3	.8	.5	.9
Nondurable goods	2.8	1.7	3.0	4.0	3.2	7.0	4.6	4.5	5.7	4.0	1.4	1.8	1.3
Food manufacturing	1.1	.5	1.2	1.5	1.0	3.6	1.6	1.6	2.5	1.0	.6	1.1	.5
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.3	.2	.4	.2	.2	.3	.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.4	.6	.8	.5	.1	.2	.1	.2
Paper and printing .....	.5	.3	.5	.4	.3	.8	.7	.6	.8	.9	.2	.2	.2
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.3	.5	.2	.3	.2
Chemicals	1.0	.6	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	.8	.9	.9	.8	.2	.1	.2
Plastic and rubber products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wholesale and retail trade	11.4	13.4	11.1	11.2	11.1	11.8	14.1	13.8	14.0	14.9	13.3	15.5	12.5
Wholesale trade	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.9	1.7
Retail trade	9.7	11.6	9.3	10.0	9.9	10.6	12.1	11.7	12.0	13.1	11.2	12.5	10.8
Transportation and utilities	7.5	4.0	8.1	7.9	8.2	6.8	7.8	7.1	9.5	8.4	8.0	7.9	8.0
Transportation and warehousing	6.9	3.5	7.5	7.0	7.2	6.6	6.9	6.3	8.6	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.3
Utilities .....	.6	.5	.6	.8	1.0	.2	.9	.8	.9	.9	.7	.4	.8
Information	2.0	1.5	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.9	2.1
Publishing, except Internet .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	(¹)	.2	
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.2	.3	.2	.4	.5	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.5	.3	.5
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.5	.1	.6	.4	.5	.2	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	1.0	.4
Telecommunications .....	.5	.4	.6	.8	.7	1.0	.9	.9	.9	.8	1.0	1.6	.8
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.4	.1	.4	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Financial activities	6.6	5.8	6.7	6.2	5.7	8.0	5.6	5.7	4.8	5.6	6.1	9.0	5.1
Finance and insurance	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.1	7.0	4.2	4.2	3.6	4.4	4.4	6.4	3.7
Finance	2.6	1.9	2.7	2.9	2.6	4.1	2.5	2.5	1.6	2.9	2.5	3.5	2.2
Insurance	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.5	3.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.9	3.0	1.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.4	1.8	2.6	1.5	1.6	.9	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.7	2.6	1.4
Real estate	2.0	.9	2.1	1.2	1.4	.6	1.1	1.2	1.0	.9	1.4	1.8	1.3
Rental and leasing services .....	.5	.9	.4	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.8	.1
Professional and business services	8.9	8.1	9.0	9.4	9.6	8.5	9.7	10.7	8.1	8.2	13.1	11.8	13.5
Professional and technical services	4.1	3.0	4.3	3.2	3.6	1.7	3.8	4.5	2.3	2.9	5.6	5.7	5.6
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.7	5.1	4.7	6.2	6.0	6.7	5.9	6.2	5.8	5.2	7.5	6.2	8.0
Administrative and support services	4.2	5.0	4.0	5.9	5.8	6.6	5.4	5.7	5.1	4.8	6.7	5.7	7.0
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	(¹)	.5	.2	.2	.1	.4	.4	.5	.3	.8	.5	1.0
Education and health services	35.8	37.3	35.5	29.6	29.9	28.6	25.7	25.3	21.9	29.4	27.3	21.4	29.4
Educational services	8.1	9.6	7.8	7.5	7.8	6.5	8.7	8.7	7.9	9.1	9.9	6.9	10.9
Health care and social assistance	27.7	27.8	27.7	22.1	22.1	22.1	17.0	16.6	14.0	20.2	17.4	14.6	18.4
Hospitals	7.2	7.1	7.2	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	4.9	6.2	5.0	3.5	5.6
Health services, except hospitals	9.0	7.6	9.3	6.0	5.8	7.0	5.4	5.3	3.7	6.9	6.5	5.7	6.8
Social assistance	11.5	13.1	11.2	10.4	10.6	9.5	6.2	6.0	5.4	7.2	5.8	5.3	6.0
Leisure and hospitality	8.6	9.3	8.5	9.4	9.7	8.6	9.7	10.2	10.0	8.3	9.4	14.1	7.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.1	2.8	4.7	2.2
Accommodation and food services	6.8	7.7	6.6	7.8	8.2	6.6	8.3	8.7	8.3	7.2	6.5	9.4	5.5
Accommodation	1.6	.6	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.6	.8	1.0	1.2	3.5	.4
Food services and drinking places	5.2	7.0	4.9	6.6	6.9	5.5	6.9	7.1	7.4	6.2	5.3	5.9	5.1
Other services	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.5	3.5	4.8
Other services, except private households	3.6	3.3	3.6	4.5	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.3	4.1
Repair and maintenance .....	.9	.7	.9	.6	.6	.7	1.0	.9	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2
Personal and laundry services	1.3	1.0	1.4	2.3	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.1	1.9
Membership associations and organizations	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0	.9	1.1
Private households .....	.8	1.1	.8	.2	.3	.1	.3	.3	.3	.2	.5	.2	.7
Public administration	6.3	4.8	6.6	5.2	5.7	3.4	7.3	8.0	6.5	6.1	7.4	7.0	7.6
Agricultural and related industries .....	.1	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.5	.4	.7	.6	.7	.1	.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (thousands)	1,656	370	1,285	969	652	317	1,946	1,166	132	648	3,565	326	3,238
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction .....	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(¹)	.1	.7	.1	.3	1.9	.1	(¹)	.1
Construction	1.8	1.2	2.0	1.1	1.3	.9	2.9	3.1	1.5	2.8	2.7	2.3	2.7
Manufacturing	10.6	15.5	9.2	21.0	19.4	24.3	10.2	6.6	15.5	15.5	12.3	8.5	12.7
Durable goods	5.9	12.4	4.1	13.8	14.4	12.5	6.6	4.2	8.9	10.4	8.9	6.1	9.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.2	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.6	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.3	.4	.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	.7	.3	.2	1.6	.7	.4	.7
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	1.2	.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	.7	.6	1.8	.8	.5	.6	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.7	4.9	.8	1.8	2.0	1.4	2.3	1.0	.3	5.0	4.3	2.7	4.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	1.0	.1	.4	.3	.4	.4	.2	.9	.6	.3	(¹)	.3
Transportation equipment .....	.7	2.1	.3	5.5	6.7	3.0	1.6	1.3	3.0	1.7	1.6	.8	1.7
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	.3	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	(¹)	.3	.4	.4	.2	.2	.1	1.3	.2	.1	.2	(¹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	2.1	2.6	1.9	2.2	1.5	3.7	.6	.6	.9	.5	1.2	1.5	1.2
Nondurable goods	4.7	3.1	5.1	7.2	5.0	11.8	3.6	2.4	6.5	5.2	3.4	2.4	3.5
Food manufacturing	1.1	.4	1.3	3.8	2.2	7.1	1.5	.6	3.6	2.9	.8	.8	.8
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.8	.6	.9	.3	.4	.1	.5	.4	(¹)	.8	.9	1.0	.9
Paper and printing .....	.7	.3	.8	1.0	.4	2.2	.3	.4	.7	.1	.5	.1	.5
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	2.0	1.5	2.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	.4	.2	1.4	.6	.8	.2	.9
Plastic and rubber products	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.9	.2	.3	.3	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	12.0	10.1	12.5	10.4	10.2	11.0	12.9	13.7	12.2	11.6	13.8	14.2	13.7
Wholesale trade	2.4	1.5	2.6	1.2	1.5	.7	1.6	1.3	.7	2.2	2.7	1.0	2.8
Retail trade	9.6	8.5	9.9	9.2	8.7	10.2	11.3	12.4	11.5	9.4	11.1	13.3	10.9
Transportation and utilities	3.6	.6	4.5	2.2	2.6	1.4	3.3	3.1	1.4	4.2	4.9	3.1	5.1
Transportation and warehousing	3.4	.3	4.2	1.8	2.2	1.1	3.0	2.7	1.0	3.9	4.3	3.0	4.4
Utilities .....	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.7	.1	.7
Information	2.1	1.5	2.3	1.3	1.5	1.0	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.6
Publishing, except Internet .....	.4	.4	.4	.2	.3	.1	.3	.2	(¹)	.3	.4	.2	.4
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.2	(¹)	.3	.1	.1	.2	.1	(¹)	1.5	(¹)	.5	(¹)	.5
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.3	(¹)	.3	.3	.4	(¹)	.3	.4	(¹)	.2	.3	.7	.3
Telecommunications .....	.8	1.0	.8	.3	.3	.4	1.0	.9	.4	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.1
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.3	(¹)	.3	.1	(¹)	.3	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Financial activities	11.2	6.6	12.5	7.4	7.9	6.3	6.4	6.9	3.5	6.2	6.4	4.6	6.6
Finance and insurance	9.8	6.5	10.8	6.6	7.1	5.8	5.2	5.2	2.7	5.8	4.8	3.6	5.0
Finance	7.6	3.8	8.7	4.5	4.4	4.6	3.7	4.1	.7	3.7	3.0	2.1	3.1
Insurance	2.2	2.7	2.1	2.2	2.7	1.1	1.5	1.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	1.3	.1	1.7	.7	.8	.5	1.2	1.8	.7	.3	1.6	1.0	1.7
Real estate	1.2	.1	1.5	.7	.8	.4	.9	1.3	.7	.3	1.4	.6	1.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	(¹)	.2	.1	(¹)	.2	.3	.4	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.4	.1
Professional and business services	16.3	17.8	15.9	14.7	15.9	12.3	16.2	18.6	5.3	14.1	13.7	12.1	13.8
Professional and technical services	13.5	15.6	12.8	12.0	12.9	10.1	13.6	16.3	3.0	11.1	10.5	8.4	10.7
Management, administrative, and waste services	2.9	2.1	3.1	2.7	3.0	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.7	3.1
Administrative and support services	2.5	2.0	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.9	2.9	3.5	2.8
Waste management and remediation services .....	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	.2
Education and health services	23.0	25.1	22.4	24.4	22.7	27.8	19.7	18.1	26.7	21.3	23.1	22.5	23.2
Educational services	6.5	9.6	5.6	9.1	7.0	13.5	7.7	6.4	14.4	8.5	7.0	10.8	6.6
Health care and social assistance	16.5	15.5	16.8	15.2	15.7	14.3	12.1	11.7	12.3	12.8	16.1	11.6	16.5
Hospitals	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.0	6.1	5.7	5.5	3.8	8.7	7.7	6.1	4.9	6.2
Health services, except hospitals	6.4	6.5	6.4	5.9	6.1	5.5	4.7	5.6	2.8	3.3	6.5	5.1	6.6
Social assistance	3.4	2.4	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.1	2.0	2.2	.9	1.8	3.5	1.7	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	11.8	11.9	11.8	10.4	11.5	8.1	11.3	12.0	22.9	7.7	11.0	21.7	9.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.1	1.3	1.7	.6	2.9	6.2	2.6
Accommodation and food services	10.0	10.4	9.9	9.2	10.6	6.5	10.2	10.6	21.2	7.0	8.1	15.6	7.3
Accommodation	2.2	1.7	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.3	1.3	1.5	3.4	.7	2.0	5.1	1.7
Food services and drinking places	7.8	8.7	7.5	7.4	8.5	5.1	8.8	9.2	17.8	6.4	6.1	10.5	5.6
Other services	4.8	7.2	4.1	5.1	5.4	4.3	10.3	10.5	8.5	10.4	4.7	4.8	4.7
Other services, except private households	4.4	6.8	3.8	4.8	5.0	4.3	9.9	9.9	7.8	10.2	4.5	4.4	4.5
Repair and maintenance .....	.4	.7	.2	.4	.5	.2	1.7	1.3	1.5	2.4	1.0	.7	1.0
Personal and laundry services	3.0	4.9	2.4	3.6	3.6	3.6	7.3	7.4	5.8	7.5	2.9	3.3	2.8
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	1.1	1.1	.8	.9	.5	.8	1.2	.4	.3	.6	.4	.7
Private households .....	.3	.5	.3	.3	.4	(¹)	.5	.6	.6	.2	.2	.4	.2
Public administration	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.8	1.6	2.3	3.5	5.3	.3	.9	4.3	3.8	4.3
Agricultural and related industries .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	.5	.3	(¹)	.9	.5	.1	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (thousands)	2,999	517	2,482	1,953	1,449	504	8,651	3,426	308	4,916	8,917	2,257	6,659
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	1.9	(¹)	1.6	3.2	.6	1.2	.3
Construction	7.6	8.0	7.5	7.8	7.5	8.6	13.2	13.7	14.9	12.7	9.5	10.9	9.0
Manufacturing	10.4	12.3	10.0	20.8	20.9	20.4	8.7	7.4	16.2	9.2	9.7	7.2	10.6
Durable goods	5.1	7.0	4.7	10.5	11.9	6.6	4.9	3.6	8.5	5.5	5.5	4.3	5.9
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	.5	.3	.3	.7	.4	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.1	1.4	1.0	2.8	3.1	1.7	1.0	.5	1.0	1.4	.9	.8	.9
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.4	.4	1.2	1.4	.8	.7	.5	.3	.9	.5	.4	.5
Computer and electronic products .....	.5	.9	.5	.5	.6	.2	.6	.3	1.8	.7	.9	.9	.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.6	(¹)	.2	.3	.2	.1	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.5	.8	.4	1.9	2.1	1.1	.7	.5	1.7	.7	1.1	.4	1.4
Wood products .....	.1	.2	.1	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	1.7	.2	.4	.3	.5
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.1	.4	.5	.4	.9	.6	.4	.1	.7	.4	.2	.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.6	2.5	1.5	2.6	3.1	1.0	.5	.6	1.0	.4	.9	1.0	.9
Nondurable goods	5.3	5.3	5.3	10.3	9.0	13.9	3.9	3.7	7.7	3.7	4.2	2.9	4.7
Food manufacturing	2.0	2.1	1.9	6.6	4.8	11.6	1.4	1.1	4.2	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.8
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.7	.7	1.1	1.3	.4	.9	.2	1.1
Paper and printing	1.0	.4	1.1	1.1	1.3	.7	.5	.6	.6	.3	.6	.3	.6
Petroleum and coal products .....	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(¹)	(¹)	.3	(¹)	.4	.5	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	.6	.6	.6	.4	.6	.5	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.7	.2	.6	.7	.3	.3	.1	.6	.4	.3	.3	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	14.0	12.7	14.2	12.9	13.0	12.5	12.9	12.8	8.2	13.2	14.4	13.8	14.6
Wholesale trade	2.9	2.5	3.0	1.9	2.1	1.2	2.4	2.5	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.4	3.0
Retail trade	11.1	10.2	11.3	11.0	10.9	11.2	10.5	10.3	6.5	10.9	11.6	11.4	11.7
Transportation and utilities	6.0	3.1	6.6	3.6	4.1	2.2	5.6	5.3	4.3	5.9	5.1	4.3	5.3
Transportation and warehousing	5.5	2.9	6.0	3.4	3.9	2.1	5.0	4.9	3.5	5.2	4.5	3.8	4.7
Utilities .....	.5	.1	.6	.2	.3	.1	.6	.3	.8	.7	.6	.5	.6
Information	1.3	.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3
Publishing, except Internet .....	.3	.1	.3	.4	.5	.3	.2	.3	(¹)	.1	.2	.3	.1
Motion picture and sound-recording industries .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.2	.3	.1	.4	.1	.5
Radio and television broadcasting and cable subscription programming .....	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.7	1.1	.2	.2	.3	.2
Telecommunications .....	.3	.1	.3	.5	.4	.6	.6	.7	.3	.6	.4	.5	.4
Libraries, archives, and other information services .....	.2	(¹)	.2	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Financial activities	6.2	6.1	6.2	3.7	3.7	3.7	5.1	6.1	1.0	4.6	5.0	5.5	4.8
Finance and insurance	3.3	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.3	3.6	.7	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.0
Finance	2.5	2.9	2.5	1.7	1.5	2.0	2.2	2.4	.6	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.8
Insurance .....	.8	.8	.8	1.0	1.1	.6	1.1	1.2	.1	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.9	2.4	3.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.8	2.5	.3	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.8
Real estate	2.6	1.7	2.8	.8	.8	.8	1.6	2.2	.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.6
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.7	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	(¹)	.2	.3	.6	.3
Professional and business services	11.8	9.7	12.2	11.3	11.3	11.0	11.5	14.8	13.1	9.0	12.1	11.4	12.3
Professional and technical services	3.9	2.8	4.2	2.8	3.0	2.2	3.9	5.2	3.6	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.4
Management, administrative, and waste services	7.8	6.9	8.0	8.4	8.3	8.9	7.5	9.6	9.5	5.9	8.6	7.7	8.9
Administrative and support services	7.4	6.2	7.7	8.0	7.9	8.4	7.1	9.2	8.8	5.5	7.9	7.2	8.1
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.6	.3	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.7	.3	.6	.4	.7
Education and health services	20.6	24.7	19.7	13.6	13.0	15.2	16.5	14.8	8.6	18.1	15.4	15.6	15.4
Educational services	5.3	6.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.2	6.2	4.7	3.0	7.5	5.6	5.4	5.7
Health care and social assistance	15.3	18.4	14.6	8.5	8.0	9.9	10.3	10.2	5.6	10.6	9.8	10.2	9.7
Hospitals	3.7	4.3	3.6	2.9	2.8	3.3	2.6	2.9	1.3	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.4
Health services, except hospitals	6.0	6.4	5.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	4.5	3.9	1.8	5.1	3.8	4.0	3.8
Social assistance	5.6	7.7	5.1	2.5	2.2	3.5	3.1	3.3	2.5	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5
Leisure and hospitality	12.7	14.3	12.4	16.1	15.7	17.1	12.4	12.4	17.8	12.1	13.3	16.4	12.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.9	1.4	2.0	1.5	1.3	2.2	1.4	1.7	2.1	1.1	2.3	3.0	2.1
Accommodation and food services	10.8	12.9	10.4	14.6	14.4	15.0	11.0	10.7	15.7	11.0	10.9	13.3	10.1
Accommodation	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.5	1.1	2.0	3.6	1.4
Food services and drinking places	9.3	11.3	8.9	13.4	13.2	13.8	9.6	8.9	13.2	9.9	9.0	9.7	8.7
Other services	5.7	5.0	5.8	4.6	5.1	3.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.5	6.0
Other services, except private households	4.6	3.9	4.7	4.0	4.3	2.9	4.8	4.7	4.2	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.8
Repair and maintenance	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.2	2.5	2.3	1.6	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.5
Personal and laundry services	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.7	2.0	.8	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.8
Membership associations and organizations .....	.8	.9	.8	.7	.7	.9	.7	.6	.6	.8	.5	.5	.5
Private households	1.1	1.1	1.1	.7	.8	.4	1.3	1.4	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3
Public administration	3.3	2.7	3.4	2.3	2.5	1.7	3.3	3.0	.2	3.7	4.1	5.0	3.8
Agricultural and related industries .....	.4	.8	.4	1.7	1.4	2.5	1.4	1.5	6.3	1.1	3.6	1.8	4.2

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for broad categories include other detailed industries not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Census regions and division: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Wage and salary workers			Government					
						Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local			
TOTAL														
Northeast	26,203	196	106	84	26,007	24,562	21,089	127	3,473	451	3,022	1,435		
New England	7,154	55	32	23	7,099	6,616	5,703	42	914	108	805	480		
Middle Atlantic	19,049	141	74	61	18,908	17,946	15,387	86	2,559	342	2,217	954		
Midwest	31,830	670	334	322	31,160	29,548	25,600	111	3,948	514	3,434	1,595		
East North Central	21,379	301	184	112	21,078	20,016	17,496	79	2,520	329	2,191	1,047		
West North Central	10,451	368	150	210	10,082	9,532	8,104	32	1,428	186	1,243	548		
South	52,659	619	365	245	52,040	49,024	41,033	273	7,991	1,724	6,267	3,000		
South Atlantic	27,858	247	159	83	27,610	26,107	21,649	141	4,459	1,167	3,292	1,498		
East South Central	7,901	141	81	58	7,760	7,315	6,133	42	1,182	201	981	442		
West South Central	16,900	231	125	104	16,670	15,602	13,252	90	2,350	356	1,994	1,060		
West	33,240	645	506	137	32,594	29,978	25,142	212	4,836	788	4,048	2,590		
Mountain	10,315	170	107	61	10,146	9,455	7,907	53	1,548	287	1,261	687		
Pacific	22,925	476	399	77	22,449	20,523	17,236	159	3,287	500	2,787	1,904		
Men														
Northeast	13,594	135	70	61	13,459	12,596	11,023	11	1,573	268	1,305	859		
New England	3,667	38	21	17	3,629	3,337	2,958	8	379	60	319	291		
Middle Atlantic	9,927	97	49	44	9,830	9,259	8,065	2	1,193	208	985	568		
Midwest	16,681	514	269	238	16,167	15,266	13,593	7	1,673	267	1,407	892		
East North Central	11,187	237	153	80	10,950	10,348	9,271	6	1,077	172	905	594		
West North Central	5,494	277	116	158	5,217	4,918	4,321	1	597	95	502	298		
South	28,024	476	291	179	27,548	25,680	22,275	22	3,406	928	2,477	1,863		
South Atlantic	14,578	183	123	56	14,394	13,495	11,565	10	1,930	644	1,287	897		
East South Central	4,169	112	67	44	4,057	3,771	3,288	5	484	90	394	285		
West South Central	9,277	180	101	78	9,096	8,414	7,422	7	992	194	797	681		
West	18,055	485	390	94	17,570	16,065	13,917	23	2,148	474	1,674	1,497		
Mountain	5,611	132	89	42	5,479	5,084	4,351	5	734	178	556	393		
Pacific	12,444	353	301	52	12,091	10,981	9,567	17	1,414	296	1,118	1,104		
Women														
Northeast	12,608	61	36	23	12,548	11,966	10,066	117	1,900	183	1,717	575		
New England	3,486	17	11	6	3,469	3,279	2,745	33	534	48	486	189		
Middle Atlantic	9,122	44	25	17	9,079	8,687	7,321	83	1,365	134	1,231	386		
Midwest	15,149	155	65	84	14,994	14,282	12,007	104	2,275	248	2,028	703		
East North Central	10,192	64	31	32	10,128	9,668	8,225	73	1,443	157	1,287	453		
West North Central	4,957	91	34	52	4,866	4,614	3,782	31	832	91	741	250		
South	24,635	143	74	67	24,492	23,344	18,758	251	4,585	796	3,790	1,137		
South Atlantic	13,280	64	35	27	13,216	12,612	10,084	131	2,528	523	2,005	601		
East South Central	3,732	29	15	13	3,703	3,544	2,845	37	699	111	588	157		
West South Central	7,623	50	24	26	7,573	7,188	5,830	83	1,359	162	1,197	379		
West	15,185	160	116	44	15,025	13,913	11,225	189	2,688	313	2,374	1,093		
Mountain	4,704	38	18	19	4,667	4,371	3,556	48	815	109	705	293		
Pacific	10,481	123	98	25	10,358	9,542	7,669	141	1,873	204	1,669	800		

See footnote at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and division: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Wage and salary workers			Government					
						Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local			
White														
Northeast	21,206	184	96	83	21,022	19,763	16,950	94	2,813	345	2,468	1,250		
New England	6,220	54	31	23	6,166	5,720	4,903	34	817	95	722	445		
Middle Atlantic	14,987	131	65	60	14,857	14,043	12,047	60	1,996	250	1,746	806		
Midwest	27,645	657	329	315	26,988	25,526	22,167	102	3,359	397	2,962	1,450		
East North Central	18,337	297	181	109	18,041	17,093	14,998	71	2,095	250	1,846	938		
West North Central	9,308	361	148	206	8,947	8,433	7,169	31	1,264	147	1,117	512		
South	40,084	554	312	233	39,529	37,105	31,368	231	5,736	1,126	4,611	2,410		
South Atlantic	20,377	220	134	81	20,157	18,972	15,935	114	3,037	719	2,318	1,181		
East South Central	6,264	128	71	54	6,136	5,763	4,864	37	899	140	759	370		
West South Central	13,443	207	107	98	13,236	12,369	10,569	80	1,800	266	1,534	859		
West	26,443	579	457	120	25,865	23,685	19,920	183	3,766	555	3,210	2,161		
Mountain	9,160	155	97	56	9,005	8,375	7,011	47	1,364	240	1,124	627		
Pacific	17,285	424	359	64	16,861	15,313	12,910	136	2,403	316	2,087	1,534		
Black or African American														
Northeast	2,876	3	3	1	2,872	2,773	2,289	23	485	70	415	99		
New England	428	1	1	(²)	427	412	356	5	56	6	50	15		
Middle Atlantic	2,447	3	2	1	2,445	2,361	1,932	19	429	64	365	84		
Midwest	2,596	2	1	(²)	2,594	2,509	2,107	6	403	80	323	83		
East North Central	2,048	1	1	(²)	2,047	1,980	1,647	5	333	59	274	66		
West North Central	548	1	1	(²)	547	530	460	(²)	70	21	49	17		
South	9,293	43	39	4	9,250	8,875	7,082	25	1,794	440	1,354	374		
South Atlantic	5,741	21	21	1	5,719	5,510	4,342	17	1,168	330	837	210		
East South Central	1,381	10	7	2	1,372	1,313	1,063	4	250	55	195	59		
West South Central	2,171	12	11	1	2,159	2,053	1,677	4	376	55	322	106		
West	1,387	9	9	(²)	1,378	1,305	995	8	310	58	253	72		
Mountain	360	(²)	(²)	(²)	359	345	290	1	55	11	44	14		
Pacific	1,027	9	9	(²)	1,018	960	705	7	255	47	208	58		
Asian														
Northeast	1,656	1	1	(²)	1,654	1,590	1,473	5	117	30	87	62		
New England	370	(²)	(²)	(²)	370	357	334	2	23	5	17	12		
Middle Atlantic	1,285	1	1	(²)	1,284	1,233	1,139	4	95	25	70	50		
Midwest	969	1	(²)	1	968	934	848	3	85	14	71	34		
East North Central	652	1	(²)	1	652	625	585	3	39	8	31	26		
West North Central	317	1	(²)	(²)	317	309	263	(²)	46	6	40	8		
South	1,946	9	6	3	1,937	1,797	1,593	9	204	83	121	139		
South Atlantic	1,166	3	3	(²)	1,163	1,082	949	7	133	69	64	81		
East South Central	132	(²)	(²)	(²)	132	125	111	1	14	1	13	7		
West South Central	648	6	3	3	642	590	533	1	57	13	45	51		
West	3,565	19	12	7	3,546	3,312	2,833	9	479	110	369	230		
Mountain	326	(²)	(²)	(²)	326	311	260	1	51	12	39	15		
Pacific	3,238	19	12	7	3,219	3,000	2,572	7	428	98	330	215		

See footnote at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and division: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Wage and salary workers			Government					
						Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	2,999	13	13	(²)	2,986	2,843	2,543	33	301	33	267	141		
New England	517	4	4	(²)	512	486	441	5	45	3	43	26		
Middle Atlantic	2,482	9	9	(²)	2,473	2,357	2,101	28	256	31	225	115		
Midwest	1,953	33	31	2	1,920	1,832	1,685	13	147	29	118	87		
East North Central	1,449	21	19	1	1,428	1,361	1,253	11	109	24	84	67		
West North Central	504	13	12	1	491	471	432	2	39	5	34	20		
South	8,651	125	113	11	8,525	8,015	7,174	113	840	180	660	508		
South Atlantic	3,426	53	51	2	3,373	3,167	2,898	49	269	81	188	206		
East South Central	308	19	17	3	289	264	249	6	15	5	11	25		
West South Central	4,916	53	45	7	4,863	4,583	4,027	58	556	95	461	277		
West	8,917	324	314	9	8,593	7,979	6,955	108	1,024	162	862	609		
Mountain	2,257	41	37	5	2,215	2,078	1,798	24	281	69	211	136		
Pacific	6,659	282	277	5	6,377	5,900	5,156	83	744	93	651	473		

¹ Includes unpaid family workers.

² Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages
 (Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours at work									Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours									
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours					
TOTAL														
Northeast	25,266	1,249	3,186	1,754	19,077	2,105	10,909	2,094	3,969	38.3	42.3			
New England	6,863	412	936	583	4,932	546	2,605	610	1,171	37.8	42.6			
Middle Atlantic	18,403	837	2,250	1,171	14,145	1,559	8,305	1,484	2,797	38.4	42.2			
Midwest	30,662	1,668	4,023	2,301	22,670	2,151	11,894	3,144	5,481	38.6	43.0			
East North Central	20,587	1,096	2,738	1,541	15,212	1,465	8,166	2,044	3,536	38.4	42.9			
West North Central	10,075	572	1,286	760	7,458	686	3,727	1,100	1,944	38.9	43.4			
South	50,964	1,998	5,654	3,610	39,703	3,335	23,955	4,055	8,359	39.1	42.5			
South Atlantic	27,001	1,058	2,977	1,841	21,125	1,758	13,115	2,058	4,195	38.9	42.3			
East South Central	7,647	336	939	553	5,819	545	3,405	641	1,228	38.7	42.6			
West South Central	16,316	603	1,738	1,216	12,759	1,032	7,436	1,356	2,936	39.6	42.9			
West	32,036	1,648	4,151	2,573	23,665	2,054	14,135	2,468	5,008	38.1	42.3			
Mountain	9,937	529	1,285	771	7,352	676	4,192	833	1,651	38.4	42.7			
Pacific	22,100	1,119	2,866	1,802	16,313	1,378	9,943	1,635	3,357	38.0	42.2			
Men														
Northeast	13,176	461	1,158	709	10,848	784	6,009	1,287	2,768	40.7	43.5			
New England	3,543	158	341	218	2,826	195	1,449	377	805	40.5	43.7			
Middle Atlantic	9,633	302	817	491	8,022	589	4,560	909	1,964	40.8	43.4			
Midwest	16,176	643	1,536	929	13,068	809	6,468	1,908	3,883	41.2	44.4			
East North Central	10,838	420	1,039	614	8,764	539	4,455	1,258	2,513	41.0	44.2			
West North Central	5,337	222	497	314	4,304	270	2,013	650	1,370	41.6	44.9			
South	27,282	815	2,277	1,591	22,599	1,340	12,828	2,509	5,922	41.2	43.7			
South Atlantic	14,206	450	1,199	817	11,741	713	6,880	1,265	2,883	40.8	43.4			
East South Central	4,057	132	371	240	3,314	204	1,825	404	881	41.0	43.8			
West South Central	9,018	233	707	534	7,544	423	4,124	839	2,158	42.0	44.2			
West	17,522	638	1,676	1,159	14,048	916	8,060	1,540	3,531	40.3	43.3			
Mountain	5,443	210	533	346	4,354	297	2,363	512	1,182	40.7	43.8			
Pacific	12,079	428	1,143	814	9,694	619	5,697	1,028	2,349	40.2	43.1			
Women														
Northeast	12,090	788	2,028	1,045	8,229	1,321	4,901	808	1,200	35.6	40.8			
New England	3,320	253	595	365	2,107	351	1,156	233	367	35.0	41.1			
Middle Atlantic	8,771	535	1,434	680	6,122	970	3,744	575	834	35.8	40.8			
Midwest	14,486	1,025	2,487	1,372	9,602	1,342	5,426	1,236	1,598	35.6	41.2			
East North Central	9,748	676	1,698	927	6,448	926	3,712	786	1,024	35.5	41.1			
West North Central	4,737	349	789	445	3,154	416	1,714	450	574	35.9	41.5			
South	23,682	1,183	3,377	2,018	17,104	1,994	11,127	1,546	2,437	36.7	41.0			
South Atlantic	12,795	609	1,778	1,024	9,384	1,045	6,235	793	1,312	36.9	41.0			
East South Central	3,590	204	569	313	2,504	341	1,580	236	347	36.2	41.0			
West South Central	7,298	370	1,031	681	5,215	608	3,312	517	778	36.8	41.0			
West	14,514	1,010	2,474	1,413	9,617	1,138	6,074	927	1,477	35.4	40.9			
Mountain	4,494	319	752	425	2,998	379	1,829	320	469	35.5	41.0			
Pacific	10,020	691	1,723	988	6,619	759	4,246	607	1,008	35.4	40.8			

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours at work									Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time	
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years												
Northeast	750	224	300	64	162	35	94	13	19	22.0	39.2	
New England	235	87	90	18	40	11	20	5	4	19.9	39.2	
Middle Atlantic	515	137	210	46	122	24	75	8	15	22.9	39.3	
Midwest	1,183	351	472	98	262	63	138	28	33	22.3	39.2	
East North Central	765	227	314	58	165	41	87	18	18	22.0	39.0	
West North Central	419	123	158	40	97	22	51	10	15	22.7	39.7	
South	1,464	270	603	159	431	95	254	34	48	25.4	39.4	
South Atlantic	706	146	293	78	188	42	116	13	18	24.4	38.4	
East South Central	231	50	98	25	57	11	38	4	5	23.8	38.8	
West South Central	527	74	212	56	186	43	101	17	25	27.6	40.7	
West	907	215	364	91	238	51	150	15	22	23.8	38.8	
Mountain	352	82	144	30	97	23	55	6	13	24.1	39.9	
Pacific	555	133	220	61	141	28	94	9	9	23.7	38.1	
White												
Northeast	20,419	1,079	2,594	1,436	15,310	1,641	8,483	1,794	3,391	38.3	42.5	
New England	5,962	372	805	501	4,283	476	2,202	547	1,059	37.9	42.7	
Middle Atlantic	14,458	707	1,789	935	11,026	1,165	6,281	1,248	2,333	38.4	42.5	
Midwest	26,606	1,489	3,470	1,999	19,648	1,841	10,023	2,844	4,939	38.7	43.2	
East North Central	17,635	975	2,334	1,328	12,997	1,239	6,770	1,835	3,154	38.5	43.0	
West North Central	8,971	514	1,136	671	6,650	602	3,253	1,009	1,785	39.1	43.5	
South	38,793	1,597	4,315	2,694	30,187	2,501	17,665	3,255	6,766	39.2	42.7	
South Atlantic	19,752	824	2,167	1,312	15,449	1,266	9,286	1,605	3,292	39.0	42.5	
East South Central	6,064	275	758	431	4,600	434	2,576	542	1,048	38.8	42.8	
West South Central	12,977	498	1,391	951	10,137	801	5,803	1,107	2,426	39.7	43.0	
West	25,476	1,369	3,346	2,092	18,668	1,660	10,803	2,057	4,148	38.1	42.5	
Mountain	8,813	476	1,144	691	6,502	591	3,649	759	1,503	38.4	42.7	
Pacific	16,665	893	2,203	1,401	12,167	1,069	7,155	1,298	2,645	38.0	42.3	
Black or African American												
Northeast	2,780	93	366	210	2,111	313	1,383	156	258	37.3	40.7	
New England	410	18	68	47	277	38	162	29	48	36.7	41.2	
Middle Atlantic	2,370	75	298	163	1,834	275	1,221	128	210	37.4	40.6	
Midwest	2,523	100	363	201	1,859	198	1,186	167	308	37.6	41.7	
East North Central	1,993	76	291	157	1,468	163	942	127	236	37.6	41.6	
West North Central	531	25	71	44	391	35	244	40	72	37.9	42.3	
South	9,004	284	1,021	711	6,988	639	4,725	558	1,066	38.5	41.6	
South Atlantic	5,566	174	634	425	4,334	397	2,986	333	618	38.3	41.4	
East South Central	1,338	45	150	104	1,040	97	712	78	153	38.4	41.7	
West South Central	2,100	66	238	183	1,614	146	1,027	147	294	39.0	42.4	
West	1,339	55	172	110	1,002	83	686	82	151	37.9	41.6	
Mountain	351	12	43	26	270	27	182	21	40	38.4	41.7	
Pacific	988	43	129	84	732	57	504	60	111	37.7	41.6	

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours				Total at work	Persons who usually work full time	
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours			
Asian											
Northeast	1,616	47	163	70	1,337	109	858	109	262	39.9	42.9
New England	360	13	38	19	291	21	199	26	45	39.0	42.1
Middle Atlantic	1,256	34	125	51	1,046	87	658	83	217	40.1	43.1
Midwest	937	40	106	53	738	60	460	80	139	38.9	42.5
East North Central	630	23	66	31	511	32	323	56	100	39.5	42.9
West North Central	306	17	40	22	228	28	138	24	38	37.5	41.6
South	1,884	57	161	103	1,564	102	993	139	331	40.4	43.2
South Atlantic	1,132	37	101	62	932	55	587	75	214	40.5	43.5
East South Central	129	6	17	6	100	7	65	10	18	38.4	43.1
West South Central	624	14	42	35	533	40	341	53	99	40.6	42.8
West	3,441	122	392	235	2,692	178	1,840	189	484	38.6	42.1
Mountain	319	15	38	18	249	23	156	19	50	39.2	43.7
Pacific	3,120	107	353	217	2,442	155	1,683	170	434	38.6	42.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Northeast	2,913	105	367	206	2,236	269	1,527	151	289	37.5	41.0
New England	499	26	77	56	339	49	212	28	50	36.1	40.6
Middle Atlantic	2,414	79	289	150	1,896	220	1,315	123	239	37.8	41.0
Midwest	1,893	79	234	158	1,422	173	864	152	233	37.9	41.6
East North Central	1,406	55	166	117	1,067	128	658	109	172	38.0	41.5
West North Central	487	23	68	41	355	45	206	43	61	37.7	41.8
South	8,440	241	966	675	6,558	621	4,354	553	1,029	38.4	41.5
South Atlantic	3,350	92	377	251	2,629	238	1,874	190	328	38.0	40.9
East South Central	301	14	45	26	217	27	136	21	33	37.2	41.6
West South Central	4,788	135	544	398	3,711	356	2,344	342	668	38.9	41.8
West	8,694	337	1,149	787	6,421	646	4,352	555	869	37.3	41.0
Mountain	2,199	94	288	203	1,614	186	1,049	146	232	37.3	41.2
Pacific	6,494	243	861	584	4,806	459	3,302	408	637	37.2	40.9

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,510	222	616	82	65	526	4,679	596	514	188	786	997	474	1,123
New England	462	63	179	21	37	162	1,468	180	128	56	246	321	147	391
Middle Atlantic	1,048	158	437	61	28	363	3,211	416	387	132	540	676	327	733
Midwest	1,962	310	824	31	84	713	6,030	637	638	166	1,054	1,522	695	1,319
East North Central	1,264	216	522	23	42	462	4,111	455	490	118	707	1,015	458	867
West North Central	697	94	303	8	42	251	1,919	182	148	48	346	507	236	452
South	3,139	564	1,101	85	208	1,181	8,122	1,218	861	251	1,101	1,722	755	2,215
South Atlantic	1,583	311	576	39	53	604	4,292	700	504	119	565	870	401	1,133
East South Central	464	78	165	17	29	174	1,365	182	149	38	198	290	144	363
West South Central	1,092	176	359	29	126	402	2,465	335	209	94	339	562	209	719
West	2,146	454	765	74	39	813	6,226	1,120	699	193	1,041	1,334	432	1,406
Mountain	659	124	246	14	24	251	1,926	286	173	60	366	434	160	446
Pacific	1,487	330	519	60	15	563	4,300	834	526	133	675	900	272	960
Men														
Northeast	766	131	307	38	46	244	1,562	259	192	8	74	420	243	367
New England	238	38	88	11	21	80	480	81	46	2	27	137	76	111
Middle Atlantic	528	93	220	27	25	164	1,082	178	146	6	47	283	167	256
Midwest	995	178	410	14	57	336	2,112	301	259	10	90	652	349	451
East North Central	643	126	258	10	33	216	1,432	209	196	7	60	438	228	294
West North Central	353	52	152	4	24	120	681	93	63	3	30	214	121	157
South	1,636	356	555	40	151	533	3,047	615	361	15	109	749	389	808
South Atlantic	808	192	286	19	46	264	1,658	360	220	7	57	391	208	415
East South Central	244	52	84	7	20	81	500	92	60	1	20	127	76	126
West South Central	584	112	186	15	84	188	890	163	81	8	33	232	105	268
West	1,134	282	405	33	30	386	2,340	559	304	15	117	604	214	527
Mountain	350	73	131	8	18	120	739	157	81	2	40	201	84	174
Pacific	785	209	273	25	12	265	1,601	402	223	13	77	403	130	353
Women														
Northeast	744	90	308	44	19	282	3,117	337	323	180	712	577	232	757
New England	225	25	91	10	16	82	989	98	82	54	219	184	71	280
Middle Atlantic	519	65	217	34	4	199	2,129	238	241	127	493	393	161	477
Midwest	966	132	414	17	28	377	3,918	335	379	155	963	871	345	868
East North Central	622	90	264	13	10	246	2,679	246	294	111	648	577	230	573
West North Central	345	42	150	4	18	131	1,239	90	85	45	316	293	115	295
South	1,503	208	546	45	57	647	5,075	602	500	236	992	973	366	1,406
South Atlantic	775	118	291	20	7	340	2,635	340	284	112	508	479	193	718
East South Central	220	27	81	10	9	93	865	91	88	38	178	163	69	238
West South Central	508	64	174	15	41	214	1,575	171	127	86	306	330	104	451
West	1,011	173	361	41	9	428	3,886	561	395	178	924	730	219	880
Mountain	309	52	115	5	6	131	1,187	129	92	58	326	233	76	272
Pacific	702	121	246	35	3	297	2,699	431	303	119	598	497	143	607

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Northeast	1,247	181	521	67	49	429	3,862	432	384	157	696	817	439	936
New England	398	53	160	19	26	139	1,281	142	108	50	222	271	141	348
Middle Atlantic	849	128	361	48	23	290	2,582	290	276	107	474	547	298	589
Midwest	1,717	263	739	24	79	612	5,241	521	490	139	970	1,301	658	1,162
East North Central	1,093	182	464	18	40	389	3,544	371	375	97	651	860	430	759
West North Central	624	81	275	6	39	223	1,697	150	115	42	319	441	228	402
South	2,394	429	861	65	165	875	6,212	876	573	196	942	1,283	655	1,687
South Atlantic	1,140	223	433	28	42	414	3,162	474	320	90	482	617	341	838
East South Central	373	60	133	11	24	144	1,091	135	102	34	173	229	131	288
West South Central	882	146	295	26	99	316	1,958	267	150	72	287	437	183	562
West	1,746	374	617	60	33	663	5,061	916	535	149	884	1,044	383	1,150
Mountain	597	113	227	13	22	222	1,714	252	146	53	339	380	151	394
Pacific	1,150	261	390	47	12	440	3,348	664	389	96	546	664	233	756
Black or African American														
Northeast	171	26	63	12	9	61	499	114	94	15	38	100	22	115
New England	37	6	10	1	6	14	97	23	11	2	9	27	2	22
Middle Atlantic	134	20	53	11	3	47	402	91	83	13	29	73	19	93
Midwest	149	30	50	5	2	63	515	84	111	18	46	122	29	105
East North Central	119	23	40	5	1	51	405	64	91	14	33	97	24	81
West North Central	30	7	10	(³)	(³)	12	110	20	20	3	13	24	6	24
South	563	107	179	15	25	237	1,454	278	241	38	102	316	83	395
South Atlantic	352	73	106	8	7	157	880	183	157	21	53	187	51	228
East South Central	78	15	28	5	3	27	220	40	38	4	20	47	12	59
West South Central	133	18	45	3	15	53	353	55	46	13	29	82	20	108
West	92	21	32	3	1	35	244	53	42	7	19	62	11	50
Mountain	23	4	7	(³)	(³)	12	58	12	9	1	5	15	2	15
Pacific	70	17	25	3	1	23	186	42	34	6	14	48	8	35
Asian														
Northeast	64	12	22	3	2	25	216	34	25	11	43	47	8	48
New England	16	3	7	(³)	1	4	53	9	6	3	12	10	2	12
Middle Atlantic	48	9	15	3	2	20	163	25	19	8	32	37	6	36
Midwest	47	6	21	1	1	18	151	15	16	6	29	53	4	28
East North Central	27	4	12	1	1	10	93	10	10	5	21	30	3	14
West North Central	20	2	9	1	1	8	59	5	6	1	9	23	1	14
South	81	11	31	2	7	30	238	29	15	10	35	74	10	66
South Atlantic	51	6	22	1	3	19	150	19	9	5	25	44	7	39
East South Central	4	1	1	1	(³)	1	25	4	4	(³)	1	9	(³)	7
West South Central	27	5	8	(³)	3	10	64	6	2	4	9	21	3	20
West	184	35	78	7	1	64	565	88	70	22	101	127	25	132
Mountain	11	2	5	(³)	(³)	4	60	7	4	1	12	19	2	15
Pacific	173	33	73	7	1	60	505	81	66	20	89	108	23	117

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	162	32	43	9	14	64	515	122	73	30	64	110	17	98
New England	42	9	8	2	9	14	118	32	12	6	14	27	3	24
Middle Atlantic	121	23	34	7	6	50	397	91	61	25	50	83	14	74
Midwest	128	39	34	2	8	45	342	76	50	13	40	102	2	60
East North Central	93	31	23	1	5	33	246	55	38	10	26	71	(³)	45
West North Central	36	9	11	(³)	4	12	97	20	11	2	14	32	2	15
South	558	148	147	14	70	178	1,324	321	159	57	153	301	39	295
South Atlantic	196	68	51	5	14	58	524	160	69	15	54	104	13	107
East South Central	19	4	6	(³)	4	4	66	15	13	3	10	8	(³)	16
West South Central	343	76	90	9	52	116	734	146	76	38	88	189	25	172
West	588	185	145	25	16	218	1,685	470	238	61	188	381	39	308
Mountain	148	43	38	4	8	54	436	103	51	23	66	99	15	79
Pacific	440	142	107	20	7	163	1,248	366	187	38	122	282	23	229

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	936	506	83	182	166
New England	290	159	28	51	53
Middle Atlantic	646	347	55	131	113
Midwest	1,168	566	125	232	245
East North Central	792	392	81	158	161
West North Central	376	174	45	74	84
South	1,695	836	175	323	361
South Atlantic	856	411	91	172	183
East South Central	254	118	29	51	56
West South Central	585	308	55	99	122
West	1,204	593	163	204	243
Mountain	379	195	41	54	89
Pacific	825	398	122	150	155
Men					
Northeast	418	229	18	89	82
New England	124	67	4	26	27
Middle Atlantic	295	162	13	63	56
Midwest	505	240	18	107	140
East North Central	349	169	13	72	95
West North Central	157	71	6	35	45
South	742	370	34	149	190
South Atlantic	371	185	20	77	90
East South Central	112	51	5	27	29
West South Central	259	134	9	45	71
West	533	276	30	101	127
Mountain	168	88	5	28	47
Pacific	365	188	24	73	80
Women					
Northeast	518	276	65	93	83
New England	166	92	24	25	26
Middle Atlantic	351	184	41	68	58
Midwest	663	326	107	125	105
East North Central	444	223	68	86	67
West North Central	219	103	39	39	39
South	953	466	141	174	172
South Atlantic	485	226	71	95	93
East South Central	142	66	24	24	28
West South Central	326	174	46	55	52
West	671	318	134	103	117
Mountain	210	107	36	26	42
Pacific	460	210	98	77	75

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	787	426	65	156	140
New England	258	142	24	44	48
Middle Atlantic	529	284	41	112	93
Midwest	1,039	502	109	207	222
East North Central	702	347	68	142	146
West North Central	337	155	41	65	76
South	1,290	659	128	236	267
South Atlantic	625	316	61	119	129
East South Central	200	94	25	37	44
West South Central	466	250	42	81	93
West	968	475	128	168	198
Mountain	347	180	36	51	81
Pacific	621	295	91	117	117
Black or African American					
Northeast	95	47	12	19	17
New England	18	9	2	4	2
Middle Atlantic	78	38	11	14	15
Midwest	73	34	10	17	12
East North Central	55	26	9	12	9
West North Central	17	8	1	6	3
South	289	118	31	72	67
South Atlantic	175	68	21	47	39
East South Central	43	19	3	12	9
West South Central	71	31	7	14	19
West	48	18	9	14	8
Mountain	9	6	1	1	1
Pacific	39	12	7	13	7
Asian					
Northeast	39	25	4	5	5
New England	10	6	1	1	1
Middle Atlantic	29	19	3	4	4
Midwest	33	20	5	4	4
East North Central	22	14	3	3	2
West North Central	11	6	1	1	2
South	62	37	8	6	12
South Atlantic	34	19	4	3	7
East South Central	4	2	1	1	1
West South Central	24	16	3	2	4
West	125	71	20	13	21
Mountain	6	3	1	1	2
Pacific	118	68	19	13	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Northeast	86	43	12	20	11
New England	18	9	2	4	3
Middle Atlantic	68	34	10	16	8
Midwest	60	26	5	14	15
East North Central	43	18	3	12	10
West North Central	17	8	2	2	5
South	211	110	25	39	37
South Atlantic	76	36	11	16	14
East South Central	7	2	1	1	2
West South Central	128	72	13	22	21
West	223	98	31	50	43
Mountain	58	28	6	8	15
Pacific	165	70	25	42	28

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Northeast	2,129	1,231	233	134	544	221
New England	540	309	64	43	134	54
Middle Atlantic	1,589	921	169	91	410	167
Midwest	2,459	1,309	315	216	672	262
East North Central	1,886	1,001	226	149	525	210
West North Central	573	308	89	67	147	52
South	3,987	2,023	301	359	1,168	437
South Atlantic	2,159	1,143	150	194	581	242
East South Central	675	335	59	58	206	75
West South Central	1,153	545	92	107	381	120
West	2,884	1,510	287	223	823	328
Mountain	782	382	77	94	229	77
Pacific	2,103	1,128	210	129	594	251
Men						
Northeast	1,197	753	153	63	268	113
New England	300	190	38	19	66	26
Middle Atlantic	897	563	115	44	203	87
Midwest	1,361	803	216	107	317	133
East North Central	1,050	619	160	78	246	108
West North Central	311	184	56	30	71	25
South	2,135	1,199	178	175	511	250
South Atlantic	1,140	653	84	86	258	143
East South Central	371	210	32	29	89	44
West South Central	624	336	61	61	165	63
West	1,621	935	180	119	395	173
Mountain	435	236	47	44	114	42
Pacific	1,186	699	133	75	281	131
Women						
Northeast	932	478	80	71	276	108
New England	240	120	26	24	68	28
Middle Atlantic	692	358	54	46	208	80
Midwest	1,098	506	99	108	355	129
East North Central	835	382	66	71	280	102
West North Central	263	124	32	37	75	27
South	1,852	824	124	184	657	187
South Atlantic	1,019	489	66	108	323	98
East South Central	304	125	27	29	118	32
West South Central	529	209	31	46	216	57
West	1,263	575	107	104	428	155
Mountain	347	147	29	50	115	35
Pacific	916	429	78	54	313	120

See footnote at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Northeast	220	24	9	6	68	122
New England	65	8	4	1	20	36
Middle Atlantic	155	16	6	5	48	86
Midwest	303	46	16	13	88	155
East North Central	227	33	10	9	64	121
West North Central	76	13	6	5	24	34
South	466	61	16	24	130	252
South Atlantic	228	27	7	10	55	136
East South Central	90	15	2	5	28	42
West South Central	148	19	7	9	47	73
West	338	39	13	10	100	189
Mountain	102	13	5	6	33	51
Pacific	236	26	8	4	67	138
White						
Northeast	1,541	915	202	108	372	147
New England	436	252	57	36	109	39
Middle Atlantic	1,105	663	145	72	262	107
Midwest	1,849	1,028	274	168	471	181
East North Central	1,395	778	197	114	358	145
West North Central	453	250	77	54	113	36
South	2,480	1,285	206	262	699	235
South Atlantic	1,261	692	97	129	318	122
East South Central	436	218	42	48	131	38
West South Central	783	374	68	84	250	75
West	2,163	1,185	242	163	583	232
Mountain	626	313	66	73	181	59
Pacific	1,537	871	176	90	402	173
Black or African American						
Northeast	437	236	24	18	130	54
New England	59	32	5	4	16	7
Middle Atlantic	378	204	19	14	114	46
Midwest	473	215	28	35	161	62
East North Central	399	177	20	28	141	52
West North Central	75	37	8	7	21	10
South	1,273	627	81	80	394	172
South Atlantic	775	392	45	52	228	102
East South Central	219	108	17	9	67	35
West South Central	279	128	19	19	98	34
West	246	111	12	18	87	29
Mountain	56	24	3	8	18	6
Pacific	189	88	9	10	68	23

See footnote at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Northeast	100	53	4	4	31	12
New England	24	14	1	1	5	3
Middle Atlantic	76	38	3	3	26	9
Midwest	43	20	3	3	11	8
East North Central	27	14	2	2	7	5
West North Central	15	6	1	1	4	3
South	78	33	6	7	27	12
South Atlantic	49	20	4	6	17	7
East South Central	4	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
West South Central	25	11	2	1	9	5
West	227	103	10	16	72	35
Mountain	23	9	1	3	8	2
Pacific	204	95	9	13	64	32
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Northeast	366	206	31	17	102	42
New England	82	45	9	4	22	11
Middle Atlantic	283	160	22	13	80	31
Midwest	230	123	28	18	59	30
East North Central	189	103	24	13	48	25
West North Central	41	20	4	6	11	4
South	679	351	58	51	197	79
South Atlantic	278	158	24	20	71	30
East South Central	29	17	3	2	6	3
West South Central	372	176	31	29	120	47
West	983	526	126	61	251	145
Mountain	232	116	25	23	62	30
Pacific	751	410	101	38	189	114

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages

Population group and area	Thousands of persons									Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration	
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more					
TOTAL											
Northeast	2,129	415	481	1,233	337	896	272	624	39.8	20.5	
New England	540	111	142	287	83	204	60	144	36.7	17.1	
Middle Atlantic	1,589	304	339	947	254	692	212	481	40.9	21.5	
Midwest	2,459	589	600	1,270	410	860	276	584	35.0	15.6	
East North Central	1,886	426	446	1,014	327	687	216	471	36.6	17.0	
West North Central	573	162	155	256	83	174	60	113	29.9	12.2	
South	3,987	914	982	2,092	617	1,475	461	1,013	35.7	16.3	
South Atlantic	2,159	428	506	1,225	327	898	256	642	40.8	19.5	
East South Central	675	154	180	341	110	231	78	153	32.9	14.9	
West South Central	1,153	331	296	525	180	346	128	218	27.7	12.5	
West	2,884	666	696	1,522	443	1,079	330	749	36.6	16.6	
Mountain	782	200	198	384	121	263	83	179	32.5	14.1	
Pacific	2,103	466	499	1,138	322	816	246	569	38.1	17.6	
Men											
Northeast	1,197	221	267	708	191	518	156	362	41.0	21.3	
New England	300	60	79	160	44	116	32	84	38.4	17.5	
Middle Atlantic	897	161	188	548	146	401	124	277	41.9	22.3	
Midwest	1,361	315	342	705	217	488	152	335	36.0	15.7	
East North Central	1,050	229	257	565	175	390	120	269	37.5	17.0	
West North Central	311	86	85	140	42	98	32	66	31.0	12.4	
South	2,135	494	524	1,117	333	784	231	553	36.4	16.2	
South Atlantic	1,140	229	270	641	171	470	125	345	41.9	19.1	
East South Central	371	86	91	194	64	129	43	87	34.4	16.0	
West South Central	624	179	163	282	98	185	64	121	27.6	12.4	
West	1,621	373	387	862	248	614	196	418	36.6	16.9	
Mountain	435	108	108	219	66	154	49	104	33.5	14.9	
Pacific	1,186	265	279	642	182	460	147	313	37.7	17.6	
Women											
Northeast	932	194	214	525	147	378	116	263	38.3	19.4	
New England	240	51	63	126	39	87	28	60	34.6	16.6	
Middle Atlantic	692	143	151	399	108	291	88	203	39.5	20.4	
Midwest	1,098	274	259	565	192	373	124	249	33.8	15.5	
East North Central	835	198	189	449	152	297	95	202	35.4	17.0	
West North Central	263	77	70	116	41	76	28	48	28.6	11.9	
South	1,852	420	457	975	284	691	230	461	34.8	16.5	
South Atlantic	1,019	200	236	584	156	428	131	297	39.6	19.9	
East South Central	304	68	89	147	46	102	35	66	31.0	14.0	
West South Central	529	153	133	243	82	161	64	97	27.8	12.8	
West	1,263	294	310	660	195	465	134	331	36.5	16.2	
Mountain	347	92	90	164	56	109	34	75	31.1	13.4	
Pacific	916	201	219	496	140	356	100	256	38.6	17.6	

See footnote at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years												
Northeast	220	72	75	73	34	39	18	21	17.6	9.2		
New England	65	22	24	19	9	10	6	5	15.0	8.6		
Middle Atlantic	155	50	51	54	26	29	12	17	18.6	9.6		
Midwest	303	105	96	102	50	52	25	26	16.8	9.0		
East North Central	227	74	72	81	40	41	21	20	17.3	9.6		
West North Central	76	30	25	21	10	11	5	6	15.3	7.3		
South	466	156	158	152	71	81	32	49	17.6	8.9		
South Atlantic	228	66	78	84	38	46	19	28	19.5	9.8		
East South Central	90	29	32	29	13	16	5	10	18.4	9.5		
West South Central	148	61	49	39	20	19	8	11	14.3	6.7		
West	338	116	109	113	51	61	26	35	16.8	8.7		
Mountain	102	35	34	33	14	19	7	12	17.1	8.6		
Pacific	236	82	74	80	37	43	19	24	16.6	8.8		
White												
Northeast	1,541	320	366	855	240	615	190	425	37.9	18.7		
New England	436	93	117	226	65	161	48	113	36.2	16.1		
Middle Atlantic	1,105	227	249	629	175	454	142	312	38.5	19.6		
Midwest	1,849	470	461	918	304	613	192	421	34.4	14.3		
East North Central	1,395	338	338	720	241	479	146	333	35.8	15.5		
West North Central	453	132	124	197	63	134	46	89	30.0	11.7		
South	2,480	635	618	1,227	375	852	278	575	33.2	14.3		
South Atlantic	1,261	273	293	696	185	511	150	361	39.5	18.4		
East South Central	436	112	120	204	70	134	47	87	28.6	13.2		
West South Central	783	250	205	327	120	207	81	127	25.5	10.9		
West	2,163	518	526	1,119	323	796	239	557	36.1	15.8		
Mountain	626	167	159	301	93	208	63	145	32.2	13.6		
Pacific	1,537	351	367	819	230	588	176	413	37.7	17.0		
Black or African American												
Northeast	437	68	84	286	76	210	67	143	44.5	25.6		
New England	59	9	13	37	11	26	8	17	38.5	23.1		
Middle Atlantic	378	58	71	249	64	184	58	126	45.4	26.1		
Midwest	473	85	106	282	80	202	67	135	38.4	21.4		
East North Central	399	67	88	244	68	175	57	118	39.7	22.2		
West North Central	75	18	18	39	11	27	10	17	31.3	16.2		
South	1,273	226	300	747	205	542	161	381	40.3	20.8		
South Atlantic	775	125	180	471	124	346	95	251	43.6	22.1		
East South Central	219	40	54	125	36	89	29	60	40.0	19.3		
West South Central	279	62	66	152	45	107	37	70	31.6	17.9		
West	246	47	59	139	42	96	31	66	38.1	19.0		
Mountain	56	11	12	32	12	20	7	13	32.0	18.5		
Pacific	189	36	47	106	30	76	23	53	39.9	19.2		

See footnote at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Asian												
Northeast	100	17	20	63	16	46	10	37	49.2	24.7		
New England	24	4	6	14	5	9	2	7	44.4	19.1		
Middle Atlantic	76	13	14	49	11	37	8	30	50.7	26.7		
Midwest	43	12	8	22	6	16	7	9	32.0	16.1		
East North Central	27	8	5	15	3	11	5	6	31.8	18.3		
West North Central	15	4	4	7	2	5	2	3	32.5	13.9		
South	78	19	18	41	12	29	8	21	41.6	16.6		
South Atlantic	49	14	13	23	7	15	4	12	36.7	12.7		
East South Central	4	1	1	2	(¹)	1	1	1	30.8	12.7		
West South Central	25	4	4	17	4	13	3	9	52.8	28.6		
West	227	44	48	134	38	96	34	62	40.8	20.9		
Mountain	23	5	7	11	4	7	1	6	45.0	14.3		
Pacific	204	40	41	123	35	88	32	56	40.3	21.6		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Northeast	366	67	81	218	52	166	54	111	39.7	22.3		
New England	82	16	23	43	11	32	10	22	34.4	17.1		
Middle Atlantic	283	51	58	174	41	134	45	89	41.3	24.0		
Midwest	230	62	56	112	40	72	27	45	32.4	13.9		
East North Central	189	49	44	96	34	62	23	39	33.6	15.1		
West North Central	41	13	12	16	5	10	5	6	26.7	9.5		
South	679	195	179	305	103	202	64	138	29.2	12.3		
South Atlantic	278	62	75	141	39	102	26	76	36.5	15.0		
East South Central	29	7	8	14	6	8	4	5	21.9	14.1		
West South Central	372	125	97	150	59	91	34	57	24.4	10.3		
West	983	238	252	493	151	342	105	237	33.0	14.6		
Mountain	232	61	60	111	37	74	23	51	29.1	13.5		
Pacific	751	177	192	382	114	268	82	187	34.2	15.1		

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by state, 2013 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 7.4 percent)

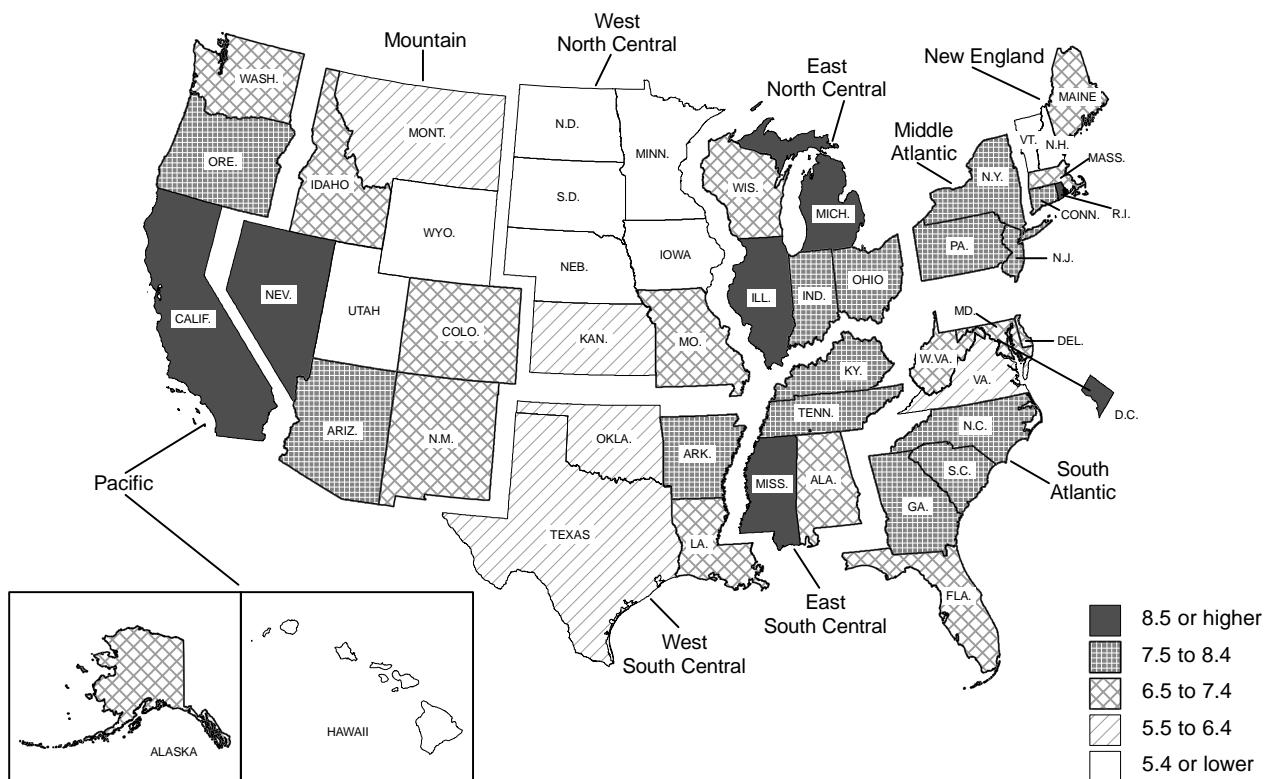


Chart 2. Employment–population ratios by state, 2013 annual averages

(U.S. average = 58.6 percent)

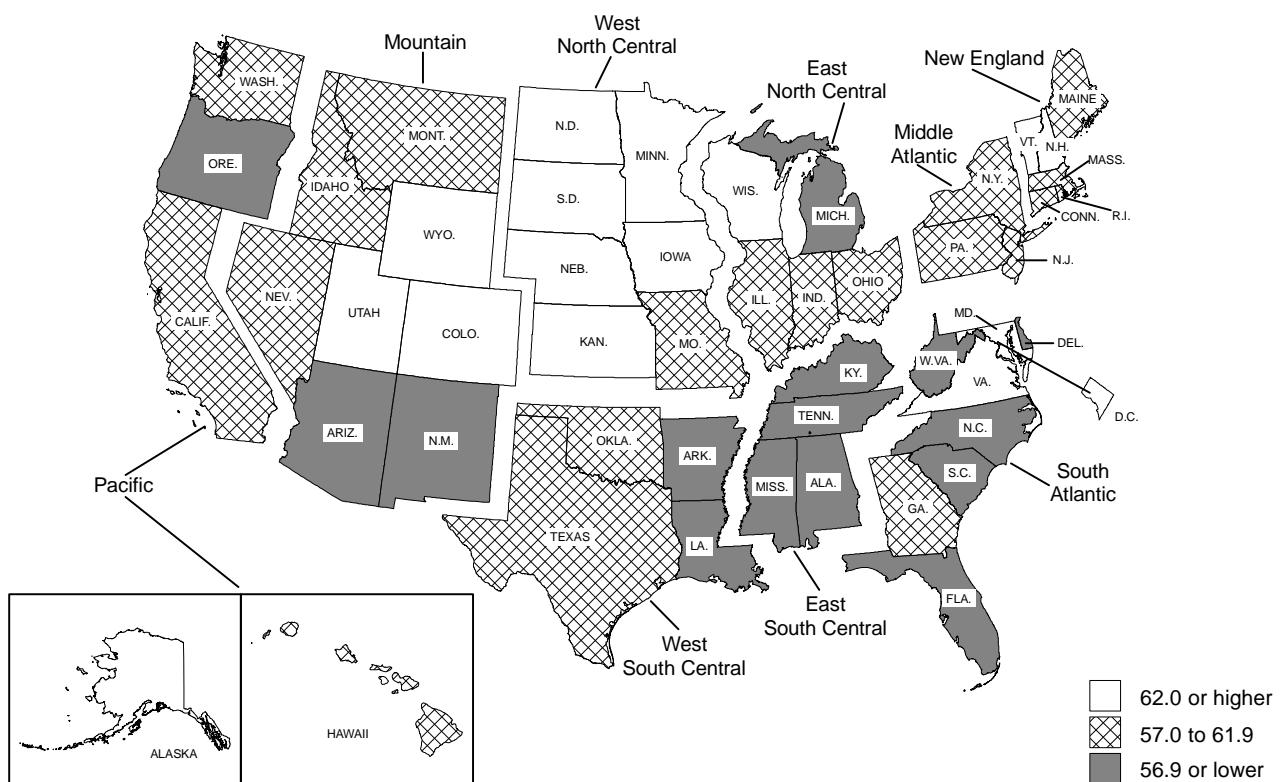


Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,767	2,185	58.0	2,034	54.0	151	6.9	6.1 - 7.7
Men	1,787	1,136	63.6	1,057	59.2	79	7.0	5.9 - 8.1
Women	1,981	1,048	52.9	977	49.3	71	6.8	5.7 - 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	238	68	28.4	52	21.7	16	23.6	15.5 - 31.7
White	2,717	1,628	59.9	1,543	56.8	86	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Men	1,315	888	67.5	840	63.9	48	5.4	4.3 - 6.5
Women	1,401	740	52.8	702	50.1	38	5.1	4.0 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	142	50	35.6	42	29.6	8	16.8	8.9 - 24.7
Black or African American	945	492	52.0	432	45.7	60	12.1	9.6 - 14.6
Men	418	211	50.6	182	43.5	30	14.0	9.9 - 18.1
Women	528	280	53.1	250	47.4	30	10.7	7.6 - 13.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	125	84	67.4	79	63.4	5	6.0	2.5 - 9.5
Men	71	58	81.1	57	79.3	1	2.3	(²)
Married men, spouse present	975	667	68.5	645	66.1	23	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	981	548	55.8	530	54.0	18	3.3	2.2 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	270	161	59.6	142	52.6	19	11.7	8.0 - 15.4
Alaska								
Total	537	364	67.7	340	63.2	24	6.6	5.6 - 7.6
Men	274	198	72.3	182	66.7	15	7.7	6.2 - 9.2
Women	264	166	63.0	157	59.6	9	5.3	3.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44	19	42.1	15	34.7	3	17.5	10.0 - 25.0
White	404	276	68.4	261	64.6	15	5.5	4.4 - 6.6
Men	209	152	72.7	142	67.9	10	6.5	4.9 - 8.1
Women	195	125	63.9	119	61.1	5	4.3	2.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32	15	46.6	13	39.9	2	14.3	6.7 - 21.9
Asian	34	24	69.5	23	67.7	1	2.6	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	35	26	76.5	24	69.8	2	8.7	1.5 - 15.9
Men	18	15	83.1	13	75.0	1	9.7	(²)
Married men, spouse present	139	107	76.9	103	73.8	4	4.0	2.5 - 5.5
Married women, spouse present	137	87	63.8	84	61.2	3	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women who maintain families	28	21	74.7	19	70.5	1	5.6	1.6 - 9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	5,077	3,012	59.3	2,770	54.6	242	8.0	7.3 – 8.7
Men	2,470	1,626	65.8	1,492	60.4	134	8.2	7.2 – 9.2
Women	2,607	1,386	53.2	1,278	49.0	109	7.8	6.7 – 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	348	110	31.7	78	22.4	32	29.4	21.9 – 36.9
White	4,321	2,582	59.7	2,396	55.4	186	7.2	6.4 – 8.0
Men	2,098	1,395	66.5	1,294	61.7	101	7.2	6.2 – 8.2
Women	2,223	1,187	53.4	1,101	49.5	86	7.2	6.1 – 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	262	92	35.1	66	25.2	26	28.1	20.1 – 36.1
Black or African American	238	138	58.0	117	49.1	21	15.3	11.0 – 19.6
Men	114	74	65.0	62	54.9	12	15.6	9.6 – 21.6
Women	124	64	51.6	55	43.8	10	15.1	8.7 – 21.5
Asian	190	108	57.0	97	50.9	11	10.6	6.5 – 14.7
Men	77	54	69.9	47	60.7	7	13.2	6.7 – 19.7
Women	112	54	48.1	50	44.2	4	8.0	2.9 – 13.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,532	929	60.6	841	54.9	88	9.4	7.9 – 10.9
Men	752	532	70.7	480	63.7	52	9.8	7.8 – 11.8
Women	780	397	50.9	362	46.4	36	8.9	6.7 – 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	159	43	26.8	28	18.0	14	33.0	19.9 – 46.1
Married men, spouse present	1,273	899	70.6	862	67.7	37	4.1	3.1 – 5.1
Married women, spouse present	1,271	674	53.0	645	50.7	29	4.3	3.1 – 5.5
Women who maintain families	287	174	60.6	160	55.7	14	8.1	5.0 – 11.2
Arkansas								
Total	2,276	1,306	57.4	1,204	52.9	102	7.8	6.9 – 8.7
Men	1,093	696	63.7	642	58.7	55	7.9	6.7 – 9.1
Women	1,183	610	51.6	563	47.6	47	7.8	6.5 – 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	150	49	32.8	34	22.4	16	31.6	22.2 – 41.0
White	1,842	1,063	57.7	995	54.0	68	6.4	5.5 – 7.3
Men	899	576	64.1	539	59.9	38	6.5	5.3 – 7.7
Women	943	487	51.6	457	48.4	30	6.2	4.9 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	112	38	33.9	26	23.5	12	30.7	20.2 – 41.2
Black or African American	327	182	55.9	152	46.7	30	16.5	12.3 – 20.7
Men	147	85	57.7	70	47.7	15	17.4	11.0 – 23.8
Women	180	98	54.3	82	45.8	15	15.7	10.0 – 21.4
Asian	58	35	60.4	33	57.1	2	5.4	1.4 – 9.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	133	89	67.1	82	61.7	7	8.0	4.4 – 11.6
Men	74	57	77.2	53	71.4	4	7.5	3.1 – 11.9
Women	59	32	54.4	29	49.6	3	8.9	2.5 – 15.3
Married men, spouse present	599	397	66.3	378	63.1	20	4.9	3.6 – 6.2
Married women, spouse present	587	314	53.5	299	51.0	14	4.6	3.2 – 6.0
Women who maintain families	177	102	57.5	91	51.4	11	10.6	6.8 – 14.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
California								
Total	29,683	18,657	62.9	17,001	57.3	1,657	8.9	8.6 - 9.2
Men	14,505	10,218	70.4	9,289	64.0	929	9.1	8.7 - 9.5
Women	15,178	8,439	55.6	7,711	50.8	728	8.6	8.2 - 9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,157	577	26.8	405	18.8	172	29.8	26.7 - 32.9
White	22,037	13,888	63.0	12,695	57.6	1,194	8.6	8.3 - 8.9
Men	10,911	7,751	71.0	7,082	64.9	668	8.6	8.2 - 9.0
Women	11,126	6,138	55.2	5,612	50.4	525	8.6	8.1 - 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,576	435	27.6	314	19.9	121	27.7	24.3 - 31.1
Black or African American	1,887	1,052	55.8	887	47.0	165	15.7	14.2 - 17.2
Men	889	521	58.6	434	48.8	87	16.7	14.4 - 19.0
Women	999	531	53.2	453	45.4	78	14.7	12.6 - 16.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	162	43	26.4	23	14.1	20	46.5	33.0 - 60.0
Asian	4,309	2,781	64.5	2,601	60.4	180	6.5	5.9 - 7.1
Men	1,986	1,424	71.7	1,323	66.6	101	7.1	6.2 - 8.0
Women	2,324	1,357	58.4	1,277	55.0	80	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	250	46	18.3	31	12.4	15	32.4	21.4 - 43.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	10,372	6,787	65.4	6,095	58.8	692	10.2	9.7 - 10.7
Men	5,245	3,991	76.1	3,605	68.7	386	9.7	9.0 - 10.4
Women	5,127	2,796	54.5	2,490	48.6	306	10.9	10.1 - 11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,045	293	28.0	203	19.4	90	30.6	26.2 - 35.0
Married men, spouse present	7,234	5,520	76.3	5,205	72.0	315	5.7	5.3 - 6.1
Married women, spouse present	7,097	4,006	56.5	3,736	52.6	270	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Women who maintain families	1,780	1,160	65.1	1,041	58.5	119	10.2	8.9 - 11.5
Colorado								
Total	4,063	2,765	68.1	2,583	63.6	183	6.6	6.1 - 7.1
Men	2,004	1,493	74.5	1,390	69.3	104	6.9	6.2 - 7.6
Women	2,059	1,272	61.8	1,193	57.9	79	6.2	5.5 - 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	293	114	39.0	90	30.6	25	21.7	17.1 - 26.3
White	3,656	2,506	68.6	2,348	64.2	158	6.3	5.8 - 6.8
Men	1,805	1,352	74.9	1,261	69.8	91	6.7	6.0 - 7.4
Women	1,850	1,155	62.4	1,087	58.8	68	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	247	100	40.4	82	33.3	18	17.6	13.2 - 22.0
Black or African American	157	107	68.0	95	60.4	12	11.3	8.3 - 14.3
Men	79	55	69.3	50	62.7	5	9.5	5.6 - 13.4
Women	78	52	66.8	45	58.0	7	13.2	8.4 - 18.0
Asian	118	72	61.1	71	59.6	2	2.5	0.7 - 4.3
Men	52	41	78.7	40	77.3	1	1.9	(²)
Women	67	32	47.4	31	45.8	1	3.3	0.2 - 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	742	503	67.8	453	61.0	50	9.9	8.2 - 11.6
Men	377	283	75.0	255	67.6	28	9.9	7.6 - 12.2
Women	365	220	60.3	198	54.3	22	10.0	7.4 - 12.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	78	30	39.1	22	28.3	8	27.6	16.1 - 39.1
Married men, spouse present	1,056	831	78.7	799	75.7	32	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	1,088	665	61.1	632	58.1	33	5.0	4.1 - 5.9
Women who maintain families	183	133	72.3	125	67.9	8	6.1	3.8 - 8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Connecticut								
Total	2,855	1,852	64.9	1,710	59.9	142	7.7	7.2 – 8.2
Men	1,368	960	70.1	882	64.4	78	8.1	7.4 – 8.8
Women	1,487	893	60.0	828	55.7	64	7.2	6.5 – 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	216	70	32.2	53	24.7	16	23.2	18.5 – 27.9
White	2,344	1,512	64.5	1,406	60.0	106	7.0	6.5 – 7.5
Men	1,133	793	70.0	735	64.9	58	7.3	6.5 – 8.1
Women	1,211	719	59.4	671	55.4	48	6.7	5.9 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	169	58	34.2	46	27.4	11	19.7	15.0 – 24.4
Black or African American	299	194	64.8	168	56.2	26	13.3	11.3 – 15.3
Men	136	88	64.6	74	54.5	14	15.6	12.4 – 18.8
Women	163	106	65.0	94	57.6	12	11.4	8.9 – 13.9
Asian	162	109	67.2	104	64.1	5	4.6	3.0 – 6.2
Men	76	60	79.0	57	75.1	3	4.9	2.7 – 7.1
Women	86	49	56.6	47	54.3	2	4.2	1.9 – 6.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	306	204	66.7	179	58.5	25	12.2	10.4 – 14.0
Men	146	107	73.4	93	63.8	14	13.1	10.4 – 15.8
Women	160	97	60.6	86	53.8	11	11.3	8.7 – 13.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	13	36.5	8	22.3	5	39.0	25.6 – 52.4
Married men, spouse present	722	549	76.1	522	72.2	28	5.1	4.3 – 5.9
Married women, spouse present	718	458	63.7	436	60.7	22	4.7	3.9 – 5.5
Women who maintain families	155	110	70.7	99	63.5	11	10.2	7.7 – 12.7
Delaware								
Total	728	440	60.4	409	56.1	31	7.0	6.4 – 7.6
Men	345	227	65.8	211	61.3	16	6.9	6.1 – 7.7
Women	383	213	55.5	198	51.5	15	7.1	6.2 – 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51	18	34.5	14	27.8	3	19.6	14.7 – 24.5
White	542	322	59.5	303	55.9	19	5.9	5.3 – 6.5
Men	260	169	65.2	160	61.5	10	5.7	4.8 – 6.6
Women	283	153	54.2	144	50.8	10	6.2	5.3 – 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	12	35.9	10	30.1	2	16.2	10.8 – 21.6
Black or African American	151	93	61.9	83	55.1	10	10.9	9.4 – 12.4
Men	68	44	64.5	38	56.9	5	11.8	9.4 – 14.2
Women	83	50	59.8	45	53.7	5	10.1	8.1 – 12.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	13	4	31.3	3	21.1	1	32.6	19.7 – 45.5
Asian	25	17	67.4	16	64.3	1	4.6	2.2 – 7.0
Men	12	10	82.0	10	78.0	(³)	4.9	1.7 – 8.1
Women	13	7	53.0	6	50.8	(³)	4.2	0.6 – 7.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	54	38	70.6	35	64.6	3	8.5	6.4 – 10.6
Men	29	24	83.7	23	77.6	2	7.4	4.9 – 9.9
Women	25	14	55.3	12	49.6	1	10.4	6.5 – 14.3
Married men, spouse present	183	125	68.4	120	65.9	5	3.6	2.8 – 4.4
Married women, spouse present	181	102	56.1	97	53.4	5	4.8	3.8 – 5.8
Women who maintain families	49	35	70.8	31	63.6	3	10.1	7.6 – 12.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	535	372	69.6	340	63.6	32	8.6	8.0 – 9.2
Men	247	183	73.9	167	67.4	16	8.7	7.8 – 9.6
Women	288	190	65.9	174	60.3	16	8.5	7.7 – 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21	5	21.9	3	14.4	2	34.2	23.3 – 45.1
White	246	200	81.4	193	78.3	8	3.9	3.3 – 4.5
Men	123	105	85.4	100	81.6	5	4.5	3.7 – 5.3
Women	123	96	77.5	93	75.0	3	3.2	2.5 – 3.9
Black or African American	255	146	57.2	124	48.6	22	15.2	14.0 – 16.4
Men	111	67	60.3	57	51.0	10	15.4	13.5 – 17.3
Women	144	79	54.9	67	46.7	12	15.0	13.3 – 16.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16	2	16.1	1	9.5	1	40.7	24.8 – 56.6
Asian	21	17	78.0	16	74.4	1	4.5	2.5 – 6.5
Men	8	6	83.5	6	78.0	(³)	6.5	2.6 – 10.4
Women	14	10	74.9	10	72.4	(³)	3.3	1.1 – 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	49	38	77.0	35	71.8	3	6.8	5.2 – 8.4
Men	27	23	84.6	21	77.7	2	8.1	5.8 – 10.4
Women	22	15	67.8	14	64.6	1	4.8	2.6 – 7.0
Married men, spouse present	74	58	77.8	55	74.2	3	4.5	3.4 – 5.6
Married women, spouse present	72	50	69.0	47	65.5	3	5.1	3.8 – 6.4
Women who maintain families	45	28	63.2	23	52.4	5	17.1	14.0 – 20.2
Florida								
Total	15,669	9,433	60.2	8,763	55.9	671	7.1	6.7 – 7.5
Men	7,497	4,968	66.3	4,597	61.3	371	7.5	7.0 – 8.0
Women	8,172	4,465	54.6	4,166	51.0	299	6.7	6.2 – 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	907	268	29.6	225	24.8	43	16.2	12.9 – 19.5
White	12,585	7,485	59.5	7,030	55.9	455	6.1	5.7 – 6.5
Men	6,094	4,027	66.1	3,773	61.9	254	6.3	5.8 – 6.8
Women	6,491	3,458	53.3	3,256	50.2	202	5.8	5.2 – 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	651	211	32.4	179	27.5	31	14.9	11.3 – 18.5
Black or African American	2,374	1,497	63.0	1,312	55.3	185	12.3	11.1 – 13.5
Men	1,081	722	66.8	620	57.4	102	14.1	12.3 – 15.9
Women	1,293	775	59.9	692	53.5	83	10.7	9.2 – 12.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	194	47	24.4	38	19.5	9	20.0	11.5 – 28.5
Asian	453	288	63.5	276	61.1	11	3.9	2.4 – 5.4
Men	208	141	67.8	135	65.2	5	3.8	1.7 – 5.9
Women	245	147	60.0	141	57.6	6	4.0	1.8 – 6.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,408	2,155	63.2	1,982	58.2	173	8.0	7.2 – 8.8
Men	1,638	1,179	71.9	1,082	66.0	97	8.2	7.1 – 9.3
Women	1,770	976	55.2	900	50.9	76	7.8	6.6 – 9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	240	56	23.3	46	19.1	10	18.1	10.3 – 25.9
Married men, spouse present	3,915	2,687	68.6	2,567	65.6	121	4.5	3.9 – 5.1
Married women, spouse present	3,865	2,128	55.1	2,021	52.3	107	5.0	4.3 – 5.7
Women who maintain families	1,007	687	68.2	628	62.4	59	8.6	7.1 – 10.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Georgia								
Total	7,567	4,747	62.7	4,358	57.6	390	8.2	7.6 – 8.8
Men	3,584	2,522	70.4	2,338	65.3	183	7.3	6.5 – 8.1
Women	3,983	2,226	55.9	2,020	50.7	206	9.3	8.4 – 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	542	151	27.9	103	19.1	47	31.4	24.7 – 38.1
White	4,830	2,968	61.4	2,794	57.9	173	5.8	5.2 – 6.4
Men	2,355	1,668	70.8	1,580	67.1	88	5.3	4.5 – 6.1
Women	2,475	1,300	52.5	1,215	49.1	85	6.5	5.5 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	312	90	28.8	66	21.1	24	26.8	18.7 – 34.9
Black or African American	2,265	1,481	65.4	1,281	56.6	199	13.5	12.0 – 15.0
Men	1,002	694	69.3	609	60.8	85	12.3	10.1 – 14.5
Women	1,263	786	62.3	672	53.2	114	14.5	12.3 – 16.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	181	51	28.4	29	16.2	22	42.9	28.0 – 57.8
Asian	328	210	64.1	203	62.0	7	3.3	1.7 – 4.9
Men	160	115	72.1	110	68.8	5	4.6	2.0 – 7.2
Women	168	95	56.4	93	55.4	2	1.8	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	496	343	69.1	321	64.6	22	6.5	4.6 – 8.4
Men	270	221	81.7	212	78.4	9	4.0	2.2 – 5.8
Women	226	122	54.0	109	48.0	13	11.0	6.9 – 15.1
Married men, spouse present	1,886	1,451	76.9	1,396	74.0	55	3.8	3.0 – 4.6
Married women, spouse present	1,825	1,052	57.6	991	54.3	61	5.8	4.7 – 6.9
Women who maintain families	593	403	68.0	350	59.0	53	13.2	10.5 – 15.9
Hawaii								
Total	1,070	645	60.3	614	57.4	31	4.8	4.3 – 5.3
Men	521	345	66.2	326	62.5	19	5.5	4.8 – 6.2
Women	549	300	54.7	288	52.5	12	4.1	3.4 – 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	74	19	25.7	16	21.1	3	18.1	12.4 – 23.8
White	238	144	60.5	138	57.7	7	4.6	3.6 – 5.6
Men	126	86	68.2	82	65.3	4	4.3	3.0 – 5.6
Women	112	58	51.8	55	49.2	3	5.0	3.3 – 6.7
Black or African American	19	10	54.6	9	49.5	1	9.3	4.1 – 14.5
Asian	477	281	58.9	272	57.0	9	3.1	2.5 – 3.7
Men	221	142	64.4	137	62.1	5	3.6	2.7 – 4.5
Women	256	139	54.1	135	52.7	4	2.6	1.8 – 3.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	86	54	63.2	50	58.1	4	8.0	5.9 – 10.1
Men	41	28	69.3	26	62.7	3	9.5	6.3 – 12.7
Women	45	26	57.6	24	53.9	2	6.4	3.6 – 9.2
Married men, spouse present	258	183	70.9	176	68.2	7	3.9	3.1 – 4.7
Married women, spouse present	263	153	57.9	148	56.0	5	3.2	2.4 – 4.0
Women who maintain families	64	36	56.1	34	52.7	2	6.2	3.8 – 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	1,209	774	64.0	724	59.8	51	6.5	5.8 - 7.2
Men	594	423	71.2	398	67.0	25	5.9	5.0 - 6.8
Women	615	351	57.1	326	52.9	26	7.3	6.2 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	97	42	43.5	34	34.7	8	20.2	14.9 - 25.5
White	1,149	734	63.9	690	60.0	45	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Men	561	401	71.4	378	67.4	22	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Women	588	334	56.8	311	53.0	22	6.7	5.6 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	92	40	43.8	32	35.1	8	20.0	14.7 - 25.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	128	91	71.4	82	64.7	9	9.4	6.6 - 12.2
Men	69	58	83.5	54	78.2	4	6.4	3.4 - 9.4
Women	58	33	57.0	28	48.6	5	14.7	8.9 - 20.5
Married men, spouse present	352	261	74.2	252	71.5	9	3.6	2.7 - 4.5
Married women, spouse present	359	209	58.0	198	55.2	10	4.9	3.7 - 6.1
Women who maintain families	53	36	68.0	32	60.1	4	11.6	7.3 - 15.9
Illinois								
Total	10,020	6,553	65.4	5,960	59.5	593	9.1	8.6 - 9.6
Men	4,836	3,451	71.4	3,114	64.4	337	9.8	9.1 - 10.5
Women	5,184	3,102	59.8	2,846	54.9	256	8.2	7.5 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	703	258	36.7	185	26.3	73	28.3	23.8 - 32.8
White	7,981	5,301	66.4	4,881	61.2	420	7.9	7.4 - 8.4
Men	3,905	2,845	72.9	2,598	66.5	246	8.7	8.0 - 9.4
Women	4,076	2,457	60.3	2,282	56.0	174	7.1	6.4 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	527	203	38.5	149	28.3	54	26.6	21.7 - 31.5
Black or African American	1,403	829	59.1	688	49.0	141	17.0	15.2 - 18.8
Men	621	370	59.6	298	47.9	73	19.6	16.7 - 22.5
Women	782	459	58.7	390	49.9	68	14.9	12.6 - 17.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	124	38	31.0	22	17.8	16	42.7	29.1 - 56.3
Asian	474	318	67.1	305	64.4	13	4.1	2.7 - 5.5
Men	221	170	76.7	161	72.7	9	5.1	2.9 - 7.3
Women	252	148	58.8	144	57.1	4	2.9	1.1 - 4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,331	944	70.9	839	63.0	105	11.1	9.8 - 12.4
Men	680	558	82.1	499	73.5	59	10.5	8.8 - 12.2
Women	652	386	59.3	340	52.2	46	12.0	9.8 - 14.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	132	48	36.6	32	24.2	16	33.8	23.1 - 44.5
Married men, spouse present	2,512	1,914	76.2	1,796	71.5	118	6.1	5.3 - 6.9
Married women, spouse present	2,434	1,482	60.9	1,401	57.5	81	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women who maintain families	623	458	73.5	411	66.0	47	10.2	8.2 - 12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	5,066	3,192	63.0	2,948	58.2	244	7.7	7.0 – 8.4
Men	2,452	1,701	69.4	1,575	64.2	126	7.4	6.5 – 8.3
Women	2,615	1,491	57.0	1,374	52.5	118	7.9	6.9 – 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	364	133	36.6	104	28.6	29	21.7	16.2 – 27.2
White	4,494	2,835	63.1	2,642	58.8	194	6.8	6.1 – 7.5
Men	2,195	1,535	69.9	1,429	65.1	106	6.9	6.0 – 7.8
Women	2,299	1,300	56.6	1,212	52.7	88	6.8	5.8 – 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	302	111	36.9	91	30.0	21	18.6	13.0 – 24.2
Black or African American	424	261	61.6	216	51.0	45	17.3	7.9 – 26.7
Men	189	115	60.7	95	50.4	19	17.0	2.5 – 31.5
Women	235	146	62.4	121	51.5	26	17.5	4.6 – 30.4
Asian	75	48	63.6	46	60.8	2	4.4	0.4 – 8.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	241	174	72.3	162	67.3	12	6.9	4.3 – 9.5
Men	134	112	83.8	104	77.8	8	7.1	3.8 – 10.4
Women	107	62	58.0	58	54.3	4	6.5	2.3 – 10.7
Married men, spouse present	1,345	996	74.0	962	71.5	34	3.4	2.6 – 4.2
Married women, spouse present	1,319	788	59.8	754	57.2	34	4.3	3.3 – 5.3
Women who maintain families	353	236	66.8	206	58.3	30	12.8	9.6 – 16.0
Iowa								
Total	2,404	1,679	69.8	1,600	66.6	78	4.7	4.2 – 5.2
Men	1,181	877	74.3	833	70.6	44	5.0	4.3 – 5.7
Women	1,223	801	65.5	767	62.7	34	4.3	3.7 – 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	169	90	53.3	79	46.8	11	12.1	8.9 – 15.3
White	2,234	1,564	70.0	1,494	66.9	70	4.5	4.0 – 5.0
Men	1,097	818	74.6	779	71.0	39	4.8	4.1 – 5.5
Women	1,137	746	65.6	715	62.9	31	4.1	3.5 – 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	83	54.6	74	48.6	9	11.0	7.9 – 14.1
Black or African American	64	41	64.5	37	57.0	5	11.5	7.2 – 15.8
Asian	72	50	69.3	49	67.3	1	2.8	0.8 – 4.8
Men	35	27	77.2	26	74.7	1	3.2	0.4 – 6.0
Women	37	23	61.9	23	60.4	1	2.4	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	121	88	72.8	81	67.2	7	7.7	5.0 – 10.4
Men	62	48	76.4	43	68.5	5	10.3	6.2 – 14.4
Women	58	40	69.0	38	65.8	2	4.6	1.6 – 7.6
Married men, spouse present	644	496	77.1	481	74.8	15	3.0	2.3 – 3.7
Married women, spouse present	626	429	68.5	419	66.9	10	2.4	1.7 – 3.1
Women who maintain families	123	95	77.9	89	72.3	7	7.2	4.8 – 9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	2,184	1,486	68.1	1,403	64.3	83	5.6	5.0 – 6.2
Men	1,064	777	73.0	733	68.8	45	5.7	4.9 – 6.5
Women	1,119	709	63.3	671	59.9	38	5.4	4.5 – 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	158	74	46.7	61	38.9	12	16.8	12.1 – 21.5
White	1,909	1,304	68.3	1,237	64.8	68	5.2	4.6 – 5.8
Men	931	685	73.5	648	69.6	37	5.4	4.5 – 6.3
Women	978	620	63.3	589	60.2	31	5.0	4.1 – 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	133	63	47.0	53	39.8	10	15.4	10.5 – 20.3
Black or African American	118	78	65.8	69	58.0	9	11.8	8.4 – 15.2
Men	56	38	68.6	34	60.6	5	11.7	6.9 – 16.5
Women	62	39	63.2	35	55.7	5	11.8	7.0 – 16.6
Asian	74	47	63.1	45	60.8	2	3.6	1.2 – 6.0
Men	38	25	64.1	24	61.6	1	3.9	0.4 – 7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	170	120	70.6	110	64.9	10	8.1	4.3 – 11.9
Men	88	69	78.8	65	73.7	4	6.5	2.0 – 11.0
Women	82	51	61.8	45	55.4	5	10.3	3.9 – 16.7
Married men, spouse present	574	439	76.5	426	74.3	13	3.0	2.2 – 3.8
Married women, spouse present	592	390	65.9	377	63.8	12	3.2	2.3 – 4.1
Women who maintain families	118	87	73.5	79	66.6	8	9.3	6.1 – 12.5
Kentucky								
Total	3,403	2,069	60.8	1,901	55.9	168	8.1	7.3 – 8.9
Men	1,638	1,089	66.5	994	60.7	95	8.7	7.6 – 9.8
Women	1,765	980	55.5	907	51.4	73	7.4	6.3 – 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	202	80	39.4	63	31.3	16	20.6	14.2 – 27.0
White	3,041	1,828	60.1	1,689	55.5	139	7.6	6.8 – 8.4
Men	1,458	962	66.0	886	60.7	76	7.9	6.8 – 9.0
Women	1,583	866	54.7	803	50.7	63	7.3	6.1 – 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	174	66	38.2	52	29.9	14	21.8	14.6 – 29.0
Black or African American	259	168	64.8	146	56.3	22	13.2	9.0 – 17.4
Men	126	86	68.3	72	56.8	15	16.9	10.2 – 23.6
Women	133	82	61.5	74	55.7	8	9.3	4.1 – 14.5
Asian	55	39	69.7	36	65.2	2	6.5	1.7 – 11.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	106	75	70.5	67	62.9	8	10.8	6.5 – 15.1
Men	60	48	79.9	43	70.7	6	11.5	5.9 – 17.1
Women	46	27	58.2	24	52.7	3	9.6	2.6 – 16.6
Married men, spouse present	840	592	70.5	564	67.2	28	4.7	3.6 – 5.8
Married women, spouse present	872	498	57.2	471	54.1	27	5.4	4.1 – 6.7
Women who maintain families	228	135	59.2	120	52.5	15	11.4	7.7 – 15.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Louisiana								
Total	3,525	2,096	59.5	1,949	55.3	147	7.0	6.2 – 7.8
Men	1,670	1,114	66.7	1,033	61.8	82	7.3	6.2 – 8.4
Women	1,855	982	52.9	917	49.4	65	6.7	5.6 – 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	269	80	29.8	67	24.9	13	16.2	10.0 – 22.4
White	2,327	1,435	61.6	1,364	58.6	71	4.9	4.1 – 5.7
Men	1,134	802	70.7	761	67.1	41	5.1	4.0 – 6.2
Women	1,193	633	53.0	603	50.5	30	4.7	3.5 – 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	165	55	33.3	49	29.7	6	10.8	4.7 – 16.9
Black or African American	1,076	590	54.9	518	48.2	72	12.2	10.0 – 14.4
Men	478	271	56.7	233	48.7	38	14.1	10.6 – 17.6
Women	597	319	53.5	285	47.8	34	10.6	7.8 – 13.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	147	101	68.9	88	60.3	13	12.5	7.5 – 17.5
Men	80	66	82.2	57	70.6	9	14.1	7.4 – 20.8
Married men, spouse present	836	600	71.7	582	69.6	18	3.0	2.0 – 4.0
Married women, spouse present	816	461	56.4	445	54.5	16	3.4	2.2 – 4.6
Women who maintain families	287	179	62.6	158	55.1	22	12.0	8.4 – 15.6
Maine								
Total	1,086	711	65.4	663	61.0	48	6.8	6.2 – 7.4
Men	525	364	69.3	337	64.2	26	7.2	6.4 – 8.0
Women	561	347	61.9	325	58.0	22	6.2	5.4 – 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67	34	50.5	27	39.8	7	21.1	16.5 – 25.7
White	1,043	685	65.6	639	61.2	45	6.6	6.0 – 7.2
Men	503	349	69.4	324	64.5	25	7.1	6.3 – 7.9
Women	540	335	62.0	315	58.2	20	6.1	5.3 – 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63	32	50.8	25	40.1	7	20.9	16.2 – 25.6
Black or African American	12	7	60.4	6	51.0	1	15.6	8.1 – 23.1
Asian	13	10	74.8	10	71.0	1	5.0	1.3 – 8.7
Married men, spouse present	292	210	71.9	202	69.1	8	3.9	3.1 – 4.7
Married women, spouse present	294	186	63.3	179	60.8	8	4.0	3.2 – 4.8
Women who maintain families	53	35	66.8	31	58.9	4	11.8	8.4 – 15.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Maryland								
Total	4,642	3,128	67.4	2,919	62.9	209	6.7	6.2 – 7.2
Men	2,198	1,593	72.5	1,480	67.3	114	7.1	6.4 – 7.8
Women	2,443	1,535	62.8	1,440	58.9	95	6.2	5.6 – 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	296	99	33.4	72	24.4	26	26.8	21.6 – 32.0
White	2,831	1,894	66.9	1,792	63.3	102	5.4	4.9 – 5.9
Men	1,387	1,019	73.5	956	69.0	63	6.1	5.3 – 6.9
Women	1,444	876	60.6	836	57.9	39	4.5	3.8 – 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	162	53	32.8	42	26.0	11	20.7	14.4 – 27.0
Black or African American	1,347	913	67.8	824	61.2	88	9.7	8.7 – 10.7
Men	600	413	68.8	372	61.9	42	10.1	8.6 – 11.6
Women	747	499	66.9	453	60.6	47	9.4	8.0 – 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	106	37	35.0	23	21.5	14	38.6	28.5 – 48.7
Asian	330	225	68.4	215	65.1	11	4.8	3.4 – 6.2
Men	147	112	76.2	106	71.9	6	5.8	3.7 – 7.9
Women	182	113	62.0	109	59.6	4	3.8	2.1 – 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	402	312	77.4	296	73.5	16	5.1	3.9 – 6.3
Men	204	178	87.4	168	82.4	10	5.6	3.9 – 7.3
Women	198	133	67.2	128	64.3	6	4.3	2.6 – 6.0
Married men, spouse present	1,132	878	77.5	840	74.3	37	4.2	3.5 – 4.9
Married women, spouse present	1,124	720	64.0	685	61.0	35	4.8	4.0 – 5.6
Women who maintain families	313	230	73.5	216	68.9	14	6.2	4.6 – 7.8
Massachusetts								
Total	5,387	3,484	64.7	3,239	60.1	245	7.0	6.4 – 7.6
Men	2,574	1,787	69.4	1,650	64.1	137	7.7	6.8 – 8.6
Women	2,813	1,697	60.3	1,589	56.5	108	6.3	5.5 – 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	400	138	34.6	110	27.4	29	20.7	15.6 – 25.8
White	4,517	2,934	65.0	2,742	60.7	192	6.6	6.0 – 7.2
Men	2,174	1,511	69.5	1,405	64.6	106	7.0	6.1 – 7.9
Women	2,343	1,423	60.7	1,337	57.1	86	6.0	5.1 – 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	322	115	35.8	94	29.3	21	18.1	12.8 – 23.4
Black or African American	396	240	60.6	215	54.2	25	10.6	8.0 – 13.2
Men	187	126	67.3	110	58.6	16	12.9	8.9 – 16.9
Women	209	114	54.6	105	50.2	9	8.0	4.6 – 11.4
Asian	344	230	67.0	214	62.2	16	7.1	4.9 – 9.3
Men	159	114	71.9	104	65.4	10	9.0	5.4 – 12.6
Women	185	116	62.8	110	59.5	6	5.2	2.5 – 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	470	294	62.6	253	53.9	41	13.9	11.2 – 16.6
Men	207	151	72.7	127	61.3	24	15.7	11.6 – 19.8
Women	263	144	54.7	126	48.1	17	12.0	8.3 – 15.7
Married men, spouse present	1,317	1,003	76.2	958	72.8	45	4.5	3.6 – 5.4
Married women, spouse present	1,315	846	64.3	810	61.6	36	4.2	3.3 – 5.1
Women who maintain families	354	240	68.0	217	61.4	23	9.6	6.9 – 12.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Michigan								
Total	7,813	4,724	60.5	4,317	55.3	407	8.6	8.0 – 9.2
Men	3,770	2,506	66.5	2,288	60.7	218	8.7	7.9 – 9.5
Women	4,043	2,218	54.9	2,029	50.2	189	8.5	7.7 – 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	511	193	37.7	147	28.7	46	23.8	19.0 – 28.6
White	6,376	3,891	61.0	3,602	56.5	289	7.4	6.8 – 8.0
Men	3,113	2,101	67.5	1,934	62.1	167	8.0	7.2 – 8.8
Women	3,263	1,790	54.9	1,668	51.1	122	6.8	6.0 – 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	407	165	40.5	130	31.9	35	21.2	16.3 – 26.1
Black or African American	1,050	595	56.7	497	47.4	98	16.5	14.4 – 18.6
Men	473	278	58.9	235	49.7	44	15.6	12.6 – 18.6
Women	577	317	54.9	262	45.5	55	17.2	14.2 – 20.2
Asian	243	155	63.6	148	60.8	7	4.4	2.3 – 6.5
Men	119	89	75.2	86	72.5	3	3.5	1.0 – 6.0
Women	125	66	52.6	62	49.6	4	5.6	1.9 – 9.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	277	185	66.8	161	58.1	24	13.0	9.6 – 16.4
Men	156	119	76.4	99	63.9	20	16.4	11.6 – 21.2
Women	121	66	54.4	61	50.7	4	6.8	2.5 – 11.1
Married men, spouse present	2,008	1,390	69.2	1,323	65.9	67	4.8	4.0 – 5.6
Married women, spouse present	1,978	1,127	57.0	1,073	54.2	54	4.8	3.9 – 5.7
Women who maintain families	467	311	66.7	273	58.5	38	12.3	9.6 – 15.0
Minnesota								
Total	4,225	2,960	70.1	2,815	66.6	145	4.9	4.5 – 5.3
Men	2,081	1,557	74.8	1,474	70.9	82	5.3	4.7 – 5.9
Women	2,144	1,404	65.5	1,341	62.6	63	4.5	3.9 – 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	135	46.4	115	39.4	20	15.0	11.6 – 18.4
White	3,737	2,605	69.7	2,494	66.7	111	4.3	3.9 – 4.7
Men	1,833	1,365	74.4	1,300	70.9	65	4.8	4.2 – 5.4
Women	1,904	1,240	65.1	1,194	62.7	46	3.7	3.1 – 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	243	115	47.3	101	41.5	14	12.3	8.9 – 15.7
Black or African American	202	143	70.6	121	60.0	21	15.0	12.1 – 17.9
Men	101	76	74.5	64	63.6	11	14.7	10.7 – 18.7
Women	101	67	66.7	57	56.5	10	15.3	10.9 – 19.7
Asian	200	150	75.0	142	70.7	9	5.7	3.9 – 7.5
Men	106	84	80.0	81	76.6	4	4.2	2.1 – 6.3
Women	95	66	69.5	61	64.2	5	7.7	4.5 – 10.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	177	129	72.8	120	67.8	9	6.8	4.5 – 9.1
Men	93	73	79.3	68	73.6	5	7.2	4.0 – 10.4
Women	85	56	65.7	52	61.5	4	6.4	2.9 – 9.9
Married men, spouse present	1,120	876	78.2	851	76.0	25	2.8	2.2 – 3.4
Married women, spouse present	1,134	777	68.5	754	66.4	24	3.0	2.4 – 3.6
Women who maintain families	187	132	71.0	120	64.4	12	9.3	6.6 – 12.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mississippi								
Total	2,262	1,259	55.7	1,149	50.8	110	8.8	7.9 - 9.7
Men	1,065	656	61.7	598	56.2	59	8.9	7.6 - 10.2
Women	1,198	603	50.3	551	46.0	52	8.6	7.3 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	46	28.5	31	19.3	15	32.3	22.8 - 41.8
White	1,410	812	57.6	763	54.1	49	6.1	5.1 - 7.1
Men	678	441	65.1	417	61.5	24	5.5	4.3 - 6.7
Women	732	371	50.7	346	47.3	25	6.7	5.2 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	87	30	34.1	21	24.5	8	28.1	17.1 - 39.1
Black or African American	799	413	51.7	356	44.5	57	13.9	11.7 - 16.1
Men	359	195	54.4	163	45.5	32	16.3	12.8 - 19.8
Women	441	218	49.4	192	43.6	26	11.7	8.9 - 14.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	43	32	74.2	28	65.2	4	12.1	5.5 - 18.7
Men	24	20	82.5	18	74.0	2	10.3	2.5 - 18.1
Married men, spouse present	547	387	70.7	375	68.5	12	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	531	306	57.7	294	55.3	13	4.1	2.8 - 5.4
Women who maintain families	183	98	53.6	81	44.5	17	17.0	12.3 - 21.7
Missouri								
Total	4,693	3,015	64.2	2,817	60.0	198	6.6	6.0 - 7.2
Men	2,256	1,587	70.4	1,486	65.9	101	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Women	2,437	1,428	58.6	1,331	54.6	96	6.7	5.9 - 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	321	128	40.0	104	32.5	24	18.8	14.0 - 23.6
White	3,990	2,577	64.6	2,424	60.8	153	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Men	1,936	1,380	71.3	1,299	67.1	80	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Women	2,054	1,197	58.3	1,124	54.7	72	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	264	111	42.2	93	35.2	18	16.5	11.7 - 21.3
Black or African American	507	304	60.0	271	53.4	34	11.1	8.9 - 13.3
Men	227	139	61.1	123	54.2	16	11.3	7.9 - 14.7
Women	280	166	59.1	148	52.7	18	10.9	7.9 - 13.9
Asian	73	51	70.6	49	66.9	3	5.3	1.6 - 9.0
Women	46	35	75.8	33	71.3	2	5.9	1.2 - 10.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	123	81	65.7	75	60.8	6	7.4	3.9 - 10.9
Men	63	46	74.3	43	69.3	3	6.7	2.2 - 11.2
Women	60	34	56.7	31	51.9	3	8.4	2.5 - 14.3
Married men, spouse present	1,223	905	73.9	874	71.4	31	3.4	2.6 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	1,221	757	62.0	730	59.8	26	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	272	180	66.1	161	59.0	20	10.9	7.8 - 14.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	801	512	63.9	484	60.4	28	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Men	399	271	68.0	254	63.9	17	6.2	5.2 - 7.2
Women	402	241	59.8	229	57.0	11	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45	18	39.5	15	33.7	3	14.6	8.7 - 20.5
White	734	473	64.4	450	61.3	23	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Men	366	251	68.6	237	64.8	14	5.5	4.5 - 6.5
Women	369	222	60.3	213	57.9	9	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	17	40.5	14	35.0	2	13.7	7.8 - 19.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	20	13	62.2	12	57.9	1	7.0	2.5 - 11.5
Married men, spouse present	215	152	70.8	148	68.6	5	3.1	2.2 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	218	134	61.5	130	59.6	4	3.1	2.1 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	36	24	66.2	23	62.2	1	6.0	2.8 - 9.2
Nebraska								
Total	1,424	1,030	72.3	988	69.4	42	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	700	550	78.7	528	75.5	22	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	724	479	66.2	460	63.5	20	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	88	46	52.5	41	47.0	5	10.6	7.0 - 14.2
White	1,292	934	72.3	901	69.7	33	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	635	497	78.3	479	75.4	18	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Women	657	437	66.4	422	64.2	15	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	77	40	52.9	37	48.9	3	7.6	4.3 - 10.9
Black or African American	60	45	75.2	40	67.6	5	10.1	7.0 - 13.2
Men	31	24	79.1	22	72.3	2	8.6	4.6 - 12.6
Women	29	21	71.1	18	62.7	2	11.8	6.8 - 16.8
Asian	36	24	67.9	24	66.0	1	2.8	0.5 - 5.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	140	106	75.5	97	69.7	8	7.7	5.3 - 10.1
Men	74	64	86.0	59	79.9	5	7.1	4.3 - 9.9
Women	66	42	63.6	38	58.2	4	8.5	4.8 - 12.2
Married men, spouse present	390	317	81.4	308	79.0	9	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	383	269	70.1	263	68.7	6	2.1	1.4 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	68	51	75.9	46	68.1	5	10.3	6.9 - 13.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Nevada								
Total	2,163	1,384	64.0	1,249	57.7	136	9.8	9.0 – 10.6
Men	1,076	758	70.5	683	63.5	75	9.9	8.8 – 11.0
Women	1,087	626	57.6	566	52.0	60	9.6	8.4 – 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	143	48	33.8	34	24.0	14	29.0	21.4 – 36.6
White	1,657	1,074	64.8	977	59.0	97	9.0	8.1 – 9.9
Men	846	605	71.6	550	65.0	55	9.1	7.9 – 10.3
Women	811	468	57.8	427	52.7	41	8.8	7.5 – 10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	36	36.2	26	26.3	10	27.2	18.6 – 35.8
Black or African American	187	115	61.2	97	51.9	17	15.1	12.4 – 17.8
Men	87	56	64.0	47	54.1	9	15.4	11.5 – 19.3
Women	100	59	58.7	50	50.0	9	14.8	11.1 – 18.5
Asian	178	105	59.0	97	54.9	7	6.9	4.9 – 8.9
Men	74	50	67.0	45	60.7	5	9.4	6.0 – 12.8
Women	103	55	53.2	52	50.7	3	4.6	2.3 – 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	503	357	71.1	318	63.2	39	11.0	9.6 – 12.4
Men	247	202	82.1	179	72.7	23	11.4	9.5 – 13.3
Women	256	155	60.5	138	54.1	16	10.6	8.5 – 12.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57	20	35.2	14	24.5	6	30.2	20.4 – 40.0
Married men, spouse present	518	379	73.2	356	68.8	23	6.1	4.8 – 7.4
Married women, spouse present	495	275	55.6	257	52.0	18	6.4	4.9 – 7.9
Women who maintain families	149	107	71.8	95	63.7	12	11.4	8.2 – 14.6
New Hampshire								
Total	1,072	743	69.3	704	65.7	39	5.2	4.8 – 5.6
Men	525	390	74.3	368	70.1	22	5.7	5.1 – 6.3
Women	547	353	64.5	336	61.4	17	4.8	4.2 – 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	65	32	48.9	27	41.3	5	15.6	12.1 – 19.1
White	1,020	708	69.4	672	65.8	37	5.2	4.8 – 5.6
Men	500	371	74.2	350	70.0	21	5.7	5.1 – 6.3
Women	520	337	64.8	322	61.8	16	4.6	4.0 – 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63	31	49.0	26	41.2	5	16.0	12.4 – 19.6
Black or African American	14	9	64.6	8	56.4	1	12.6	7.0 – 18.2
Asian	24	16	67.4	15	65.7	(³)	2.6	0.6 – 4.6
Men	11	9	76.8	9	76.3	(³)	0.6	(²)
Women	12	7	58.6	7	55.7	(³)	5.0	0.9 – 9.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	29	23	82.3	22	77.3	1	6.1	3.6 – 8.6
Men	15	13	87.3	12	81.9	1	6.2	2.8 – 9.6
Women	14	11	76.9	10	72.3	1	6.0	2.3 – 9.7
Married men, spouse present	292	225	77.0	217	74.3	8	3.5	2.9 – 4.1
Married women, spouse present	293	196	66.9	190	64.8	6	3.2	2.6 – 3.8
Women who maintain families	46	34	72.8	31	68.3	2	6.2	4.0 – 8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	7,008	4,521	64.5	4,153	59.3	369	8.2	7.6 – 8.8
Men	3,361	2,389	71.1	2,180	64.9	209	8.7	7.9 – 9.5
Women	3,647	2,132	58.5	1,972	54.1	160	7.5	6.7 – 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	497	157	31.6	119	23.8	38	24.5	19.3 – 29.7
White	5,294	3,382	63.9	3,128	59.1	254	7.5	6.9 – 8.1
Men	2,546	1,802	70.8	1,657	65.1	146	8.1	7.2 – 9.0
Women	2,748	1,580	57.5	1,472	53.6	108	6.9	6.0 – 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	362	124	34.2	97	26.8	27	21.7	16.1 – 27.3
Black or African American	972	626	64.4	544	56.0	82	13.0	11.2 – 14.8
Men	435	289	66.4	245	56.3	44	15.1	12.2 – 18.0
Women	537	337	62.7	299	55.7	38	11.2	8.9 – 13.5
Asian	603	415	68.8	390	64.6	25	6.1	4.6 – 7.6
Men	307	238	77.4	222	72.3	16	6.7	4.6 – 8.8
Women	296	177	59.9	168	56.8	9	5.2	3.0 – 7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,256	897	71.4	823	65.5	74	8.2	7.0 – 9.4
Men	633	507	80.2	472	74.6	35	7.0	5.5 – 8.5
Women	624	389	62.4	351	56.3	38	9.8	7.8 – 11.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	106	30	28.4	22	20.2	9	28.7	16.1 – 41.3
Married men, spouse present	1,764	1,369	77.6	1,292	73.2	77	5.6	4.8 – 6.4
Married women, spouse present	1,733	1,077	62.1	1,021	58.9	56	5.2	4.3 – 6.1
Women who maintain families	438	314	71.7	282	64.3	32	10.3	7.9 – 12.7
New Mexico								
Total	1,595	918	57.5	852	53.4	66	7.2	6.4 – 8.0
Men	772	496	64.2	458	59.4	38	7.6	6.4 – 8.8
Women	823	422	51.2	393	47.8	28	6.7	5.5 – 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	110	35	31.8	30	27.0	5	15.2	9.0 – 21.4
White	1,359	779	57.3	730	53.7	49	6.3	5.5 – 7.1
Men	660	427	64.7	398	60.3	29	6.8	5.6 – 8.0
Women	700	352	50.4	333	47.5	20	5.7	4.5 – 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	32	35.4	27	29.6	5	16.4	9.7 – 23.1
Black or African American	35	21	60.9	20	55.9	2	8.2	2.8 – 13.6
Asian	41	26	63.8	26	63.4	(³)	0.6	(²)
Men	21	16	74.9	16	74.9	(³)	(³)	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	701	403	57.5	369	52.6	34	8.5	6.9 – 10.1
Men	343	224	65.4	205	59.8	19	8.6	6.5 – 10.7
Women	358	179	49.9	163	45.7	15	8.5	6.1 – 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57	23	40.8	19	34.2	4	16.3	7.1 – 25.5
Married men, spouse present	391	269	68.8	260	66.4	9	3.5	2.4 – 4.6
Married women, spouse present	401	202	50.3	195	48.6	7	3.3	2.1 – 4.5
Women who maintain families	108	64	59.8	57	52.6	8	12.0	8.0 – 16.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	15,661	9,661	61.7	8,925	57.0	736	7.6	7.2 – 8.0
Men	7,463	5,035	67.5	4,621	61.9	414	8.2	7.7 – 8.7
Women	8,198	4,626	56.4	4,304	52.5	322	7.0	6.5 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,014	275	27.1	215	21.2	60	21.9	18.1 – 25.7
White	11,401	7,146	62.7	6,671	58.5	475	6.6	6.2 – 7.0
Men	5,528	3,792	68.6	3,525	63.8	267	7.0	6.4 – 7.6
Women	5,873	3,353	57.1	3,146	53.6	208	6.2	5.6 – 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	690	217	31.5	173	25.1	44	20.4	16.3 – 24.5
Black or African American	2,607	1,555	59.7	1,352	51.9	204	13.1	12.0 – 14.2
Men	1,158	720	62.2	612	52.8	109	15.1	13.3 – 16.9
Women	1,449	835	57.6	740	51.1	95	11.4	9.9 – 12.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	200	39	19.3	25	12.5	14	35.3	23.0 – 47.6
Asian	1,375	794	57.7	750	54.5	44	5.5	4.4 – 6.6
Men	665	449	67.4	420	63.1	28	6.3	4.8 – 7.8
Women	709	345	48.7	330	46.5	15	4.5	3.0 – 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,553	1,545	60.5	1,376	53.9	170	11.0	9.9 – 12.1
Men	1,196	827	69.1	736	61.5	91	11.0	9.5 – 12.5
Women	1,357	718	53.0	640	47.2	78	10.9	9.3 – 12.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	238	49	20.5	34	14.3	15	30.4	20.3 – 40.5
Married men, spouse present	3,600	2,663	74.0	2,525	70.1	139	5.2	4.6 – 5.8
Married women, spouse present	3,459	2,046	59.2	1,960	56.7	86	4.2	3.6 – 4.8
Women who maintain families	1,130	723	64.0	641	56.7	82	11.3	9.6 – 13.0
North Carolina								
Total	7,590	4,675	61.6	4,305	56.7	370	7.9	7.3 – 8.5
Men	3,593	2,450	68.2	2,252	62.7	198	8.1	7.3 – 8.9
Women	3,998	2,225	55.7	2,053	51.4	172	7.7	6.8 – 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	523	167	31.9	122	23.3	45	27.0	21.0 – 33.0
White	5,469	3,369	61.6	3,151	57.6	218	6.5	5.9 – 7.1
Men	2,642	1,844	69.8	1,730	65.5	115	6.2	5.3 – 7.1
Women	2,827	1,525	53.9	1,421	50.3	104	6.8	5.8 – 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	328	116	35.5	90	27.4	26	22.7	16.2 – 29.2
Black or African American	1,606	1,013	63.1	885	55.1	128	12.6	10.7 – 14.5
Men	710	461	64.9	393	55.3	68	14.8	11.8 – 17.8
Women	895	552	61.6	492	55.0	59	10.8	8.4 – 13.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	144	39	26.8	25	17.2	14	35.6	19.1 – 52.1
Asian	210	140	66.6	133	63.4	7	4.9	2.5 – 7.3
Men	105	81	77.9	77	73.5	5	5.7	2.3 – 9.1
Women	105	58	55.5	56	53.4	2	3.7	0.5 – 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	583	419	71.8	379	65.0	40	9.6	7.4 – 11.8
Men	311	263	84.7	244	78.4	19	7.4	4.9 – 9.9
Women	272	155	57.2	135	49.6	21	13.2	8.9 – 17.5
Married men, spouse present	1,959	1,399	71.4	1,338	68.3	61	4.3	3.5 – 5.1
Married women, spouse present	1,956	1,131	57.8	1,081	55.2	50	4.4	3.5 – 5.3
Women who maintain families	525	359	68.4	322	61.3	37	10.3	7.8 – 12.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Dakota								
Total	560	408	72.9	397	70.8	12	2.9	2.5 – 3.3
Men	283	220	77.9	213	75.3	7	3.3	2.7 – 3.9
Women	277	188	67.7	183	66.2	4	2.3	1.8 – 2.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	19	54.1	18	50.9	1	5.9	3.2 – 8.6
White	497	370	74.4	362	72.8	8	2.2	1.8 – 2.6
Men	250	199	79.7	194	77.6	5	2.7	2.1 – 3.3
Women	247	170	69.1	168	67.9	3	1.7	1.2 – 2.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29	18	60.6	17	58.5	1	3.5	1.4 – 5.6
Married men, spouse present	152	121	80.0	119	78.6	2	1.8	1.2 – 2.4
Married women, spouse present	150	105	70.0	103	68.7	2	1.8	1.2 – 2.4
Women who maintain families	28	21	77.1	21	75.2	1	2.4	0.8 – 4.0
Ohio								
Total	9,059	5,702	62.9	5,270	58.2	432	7.6	7.1 – 8.1
Men	4,352	2,958	68.0	2,714	62.3	244	8.3	7.6 – 9.0
Women	4,707	2,744	58.3	2,556	54.3	188	6.8	6.1 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	649	285	43.9	230	35.4	55	19.3	15.7 – 22.9
White	7,734	4,928	63.7	4,597	59.4	331	6.7	6.2 – 7.2
Men	3,750	2,600	69.3	2,400	64.0	200	7.7	6.9 – 8.5
Women	3,984	2,329	58.5	2,197	55.1	132	5.7	5.0 – 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	520	234	44.9	195	37.6	38	16.4	12.7 – 20.1
Black or African American	1,052	604	57.4	513	48.7	91	15.0	13.0 – 17.0
Men	477	273	57.2	231	48.5	41	15.2	12.2 – 18.2
Women	576	331	57.5	282	48.9	49	14.9	12.2 – 17.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	98	41	41.7	28	28.5	13	31.5	20.1 – 42.9
Asian	136	86	63.5	85	62.8	1	1.2	(²)
Men	62	46	74.9	46	74.9	(³)	(³)	(²)
Women	74	40	54.1	39	52.7	1	2.6	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	259	172	66.5	148	57.0	25	14.3	10.3 – 18.3
Men	133	95	71.3	80	59.9	15	15.9	10.1 – 21.7
Women	126	77	61.5	68	54.0	9	12.2	6.5 – 17.9
Married men, spouse present	2,178	1,540	70.7	1,474	67.7	67	4.3	3.6 – 5.0
Married women, spouse present	2,245	1,324	59.0	1,272	56.7	51	3.9	3.1 – 4.7
Women who maintain families	594	406	68.3	357	60.0	49	12.1	9.7 – 14.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Oklahoma								
Total	2,921	1,815	62.1	1,714	58.7	101	5.6	4.9 – 6.3
Men	1,413	1,004	71.1	948	67.1	56	5.6	4.7 – 6.5
Women	1,508	811	53.8	766	50.8	45	5.5	4.5 – 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	188	69	36.7	55	29.4	14	19.9	13.5 – 26.3
White	2,175	1,350	62.0	1,286	59.1	63	4.7	4.0 – 5.4
Men	1,063	757	71.2	719	67.6	38	5.0	4.0 – 6.0
Women	1,113	593	53.3	568	51.0	25	4.3	3.3 – 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	124	48	39.0	39	31.7	9	18.6	11.2 – 26.0
Black or African American	195	117	59.9	107	54.7	10	8.7	5.7 – 11.7
Men	89	61	69.1	57	63.8	5	7.6	3.7 – 11.5
Women	106	56	52.3	50	47.2	5	9.9	5.2 – 14.6
Asian	64	40	63.1	39	60.6	2	3.9	0.5 – 7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	232	163	70.5	150	64.8	13	8.1	5.2 – 11.0
Men	128	109	85.2	103	80.4	6	5.7	2.7 – 8.7
Women	104	55	52.4	48	45.7	7	12.8	6.6 – 19.0
Married men, spouse present	776	579	74.7	563	72.6	16	2.7	1.9 – 3.5
Married women, spouse present	760	417	54.9	401	52.8	16	3.8	2.7 – 4.9
Women who maintain families	206	123	59.7	113	54.8	10	8.3	5.2 – 11.4
Oregon								
Total	3,133	1,900	60.6	1,749	55.8	150	7.9	7.2 – 8.6
Men	1,529	1,008	65.9	923	60.4	85	8.4	7.4 – 9.4
Women	1,603	891	55.6	826	51.5	65	7.3	6.3 – 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	206	72	34.8	52	25.3	20	27.4	20.7 – 34.1
White	2,766	1,678	60.7	1,547	56.0	130	7.8	7.1 – 8.5
Men	1,359	900	66.2	825	60.7	75	8.3	7.3 – 9.3
Women	1,407	778	55.3	723	51.4	55	7.1	6.1 – 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	170	61	35.9	45	26.6	16	25.9	18.9 – 32.9
Black or African American	53	30	56.2	24	46.3	5	17.6	10.1 – 25.1
Asian	136	87	64.0	83	60.8	4	5.0	2.6 – 7.4
Men	64	47	74.3	44	69.4	3	6.5	2.7 – 10.3
Women	72	40	55.0	38	53.2	1	3.3	0.3 – 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	280	202	72.3	180	64.2	22	11.1	7.7 – 14.5
Men	151	120	79.4	106	70.5	13	11.2	6.7 – 15.7
Women	129	83	64.0	74	57.0	9	11.0	5.6 – 16.4
Married men, spouse present	808	551	68.1	523	64.8	27	4.9	3.9 – 5.9
Married women, spouse present	803	454	56.5	433	53.9	20	4.5	3.4 – 5.6
Women who maintain families	143	90	63.3	83	57.9	8	8.4	5.1 – 11.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	10,182	6,456	63.4	5,971	58.6	485	7.5	7.1 – 7.9
Men	4,887	3,400	69.6	3,125	64.0	275	8.1	7.5 – 8.7
Women	5,295	3,056	57.7	2,846	53.7	210	6.9	6.3 – 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	639	258	40.4	201	31.5	57	22.0	18.1 – 25.9
White	8,685	5,563	64.1	5,187	59.7	376	6.8	6.3 – 7.3
Men	4,208	2,968	70.5	2,754	65.4	214	7.2	6.5 – 7.9
Women	4,477	2,595	58.0	2,433	54.3	162	6.2	5.6 – 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	510	225	44.0	177	34.7	48	21.2	17.1 – 25.3
Black or African American	1,066	645	60.5	552	51.8	93	14.4	12.6 – 16.2
Men	479	295	61.5	242	50.6	52	17.8	14.7 – 20.9
Women	586	350	59.7	310	52.8	40	11.5	9.2 – 13.8
Asian	263	154	58.5	146	55.7	7	4.8	2.6 – 7.0
Men	129	93	72.1	89	69.0	4	4.3	1.6 – 7.0
Women	134	61	45.4	57	42.9	3	5.5	1.7 – 9.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	526	324	61.6	284	53.9	40	12.4	9.9 – 14.9
Men	259	184	71.3	160	61.7	25	13.5	10.1 – 16.9
Women	268	140	52.2	124	46.4	15	11.0	7.4 – 14.6
Married men, spouse present	2,531	1,874	74.1	1,796	71.0	79	4.2	3.6 – 4.8
Married women, spouse present	2,581	1,587	61.5	1,519	58.9	68	4.3	3.6 – 5.0
Women who maintain families	616	382	62.0	339	55.0	43	11.3	9.0 – 13.6
Rhode Island								
Total	847	554	65.3	503	59.3	51	9.2	8.6 – 9.8
Men	404	287	71.0	259	64.0	28	9.8	8.9 – 10.7
Women	443	267	60.2	244	55.0	23	8.6	7.7 – 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57	24	41.7	18	31.1	6	25.3	20.2 – 30.4
White	737	481	65.3	440	59.6	42	8.7	8.0 – 9.4
Men	354	250	70.7	226	63.8	25	9.8	8.8 – 10.8
Women	383	231	60.3	214	55.8	17	7.5	6.6 – 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47	20	42.7	15	32.0	5	25.1	19.5 – 30.7
Black or African American	52	34	66.0	29	55.5	5	16.0	12.9 – 19.1
Men	25	18	72.3	16	62.5	2	13.5	9.4 – 17.6
Women	27	16	60.2	13	49.0	3	18.6	13.6 – 23.6
Asian	33	22	67.2	21	63.2	1	5.9	3.4 – 8.4
Men	16	12	77.6	12	74.0	1	4.5	1.6 – 7.4
Women	17	10	57.9	9	53.6	1	7.4	3.3 – 11.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	101	67	65.9	53	52.2	14	20.8	18.3 – 23.3
Men	48	35	72.0	27	55.4	8	23.0	19.2 – 26.8
Women	53	32	60.4	26	49.2	6	18.5	14.9 – 22.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	11	5	40.1	2	20.1	2	50.0	34.2 – 65.8
Married men, spouse present	206	155	75.0	146	70.9	8	5.4	4.5 – 6.3
Married women, spouse present	198	126	63.6	117	59.3	9	6.8	5.6 – 8.0
Women who maintain families	56	40	70.6	35	62.1	5	12.1	9.4 – 14.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Carolina								
Total	3,707	2,189	59.0	2,022	54.5	167	7.6	6.9 - 8.3
Men	1,751	1,137	64.9	1,051	60.0	86	7.5	6.6 - 8.4
Women	1,956	1,052	53.8	970	49.6	81	7.7	6.7 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	237	76	31.9	55	23.1	21	27.4	20.5 - 34.3
White	2,612	1,543	59.1	1,451	55.5	92	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	1,263	842	66.6	790	62.5	52	6.1	5.1 - 7.1
Women	1,349	701	52.0	661	49.0	41	5.8	4.8 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	149	56	37.6	45	29.9	11	20.5	13.5 - 27.5
Black or African American	984	573	58.2	506	51.4	67	11.8	10.1 - 13.5
Men	436	256	58.9	225	51.8	31	12.1	9.5 - 14.7
Women	549	317	57.7	280	51.1	36	11.5	9.3 - 13.7
Asian	57	36	63.1	33	59.2	2	6.3	1.7 - 10.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	122	87	71.7	82	67.7	5	5.6	2.7 - 8.5
Men	70	59	84.3	57	81.8	2	2.9	0.4 - 5.4
Women	52	29	54.9	26	48.9	3	10.9	3.9 - 17.9
Married men, spouse present	901	633	70.3	608	67.5	25	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	896	496	55.4	474	52.9	22	4.5	3.4 - 5.6
Women who maintain families	288	172	59.7	149	51.7	23	13.5	10.3 - 16.7
South Dakota								
Total	641	446	69.6	430	67.1	16	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	318	235	74.1	226	71.3	9	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	324	211	65.1	204	62.9	7	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43	23	52.3	20	46.9	2	10.3	7.0 - 13.6
White	580	409	70.5	397	68.5	11	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Men	286	215	75.3	209	73.1	6	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Women	294	193	65.8	188	64.1	5	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38	21	55.5	19	50.9	2	8.2	5.1 - 11.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	18	12	71.0	12	65.7	1	7.4	4.0 - 10.8
Married men, spouse present	172	131	76.2	129	75.0	2	1.5	1.0 - 2.0
Married women, spouse present	168	115	68.1	112	66.8	2	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Women who maintain families	31	23	75.2	22	70.1	2	6.9	4.2 - 9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	5,067	3,064	60.5	2,817	55.6	246	8.0	7.3 – 8.7
Men	2,423	1,658	68.4	1,520	62.7	138	8.3	7.4 – 9.2
Women	2,644	1,406	53.2	1,297	49.1	108	7.7	6.7 – 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	339	133	39.4	91	26.8	43	31.9	25.4 – 38.4
White	4,090	2,432	59.5	2,270	55.5	161	6.6	5.9 – 7.3
Men	1,980	1,340	67.7	1,249	63.1	91	6.8	5.9 – 7.7
Women	2,110	1,091	51.7	1,021	48.4	70	6.4	5.4 – 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	250	95	38.2	72	28.8	23	24.5	17.7 – 31.3
Black or African American	807	527	65.3	448	55.5	79	15.0	12.7 – 17.3
Men	365	261	71.5	217	59.6	43	16.6	13.1 – 20.1
Women	442	266	60.2	230	52.1	36	13.5	10.4 – 16.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69	31	44.9	13	19.1	18	57.3	38.3 – 76.3
Asian	84	55	64.8	54	63.6	1	1.9	(²)
Men	34	29	86.6	29	85.1	1	1.7	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	203	146	71.6	134	65.9	12	8.0	4.9 – 11.1
Men	114	97	85.5	92	80.6	6	5.7	2.5 – 8.9
Women	90	48	53.9	42	47.2	6	12.5	5.7 – 19.3
Married men, spouse present	1,313	953	72.5	915	69.7	37	3.9	3.0 – 4.8
Married women, spouse present	1,297	719	55.5	680	52.4	39	5.5	4.3 – 6.7
Women who maintain families	339	207	61.2	183	54.0	24	11.8	8.6 – 15.0
Texas								
Total	19,652	12,835	65.3	12,033	61.2	802	6.3	6.0 – 6.6
Men	9,545	7,086	74.2	6,655	69.7	431	6.1	5.7 – 6.5
Women	10,107	5,750	56.9	5,378	53.2	371	6.5	6.0 – 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,457	493	33.8	387	26.6	106	21.5	18.4 – 24.6
White	16,011	10,378	64.8	9,797	61.2	581	5.6	5.3 – 5.9
Men	7,846	5,838	74.4	5,515	70.3	323	5.5	5.1 – 5.9
Women	8,165	4,540	55.6	4,282	52.4	258	5.7	5.2 – 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,173	411	35.0	330	28.2	80	19.6	16.4 – 22.8
Black or African American	2,363	1,561	66.0	1,394	59.0	167	10.7	9.6 – 11.8
Men	1,080	750	69.4	667	61.8	83	11.0	9.3 – 12.7
Women	1,283	811	63.2	727	56.6	84	10.4	8.8 – 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	198	53	26.7	33	16.4	20	38.4	26.4 – 50.4
Asian	809	566	70.0	545	67.4	21	3.8	2.7 – 4.9
Men	379	312	82.2	302	79.7	9	3.0	1.7 – 4.3
Women	429	255	59.3	243	56.5	12	4.7	2.9 – 6.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7,474	4,935	66.0	4,596	61.5	339	6.9	6.2 – 7.6
Men	3,691	2,854	77.3	2,667	72.3	187	6.5	5.6 – 7.4
Women	3,783	2,081	55.0	1,929	51.0	152	7.3	6.2 – 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	728	257	35.3	202	27.7	55	21.4	16.0 – 26.8
Married men, spouse present	5,116	4,020	78.6	3,866	75.6	154	3.8	3.3 – 4.3
Married women, spouse present	5,086	2,836	55.8	2,719	53.5	117	4.1	3.5 – 4.7
Women who maintain families	1,378	958	69.5	881	63.9	77	8.0	6.7 – 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Utah								
Total	2,067	1,425	69.0	1,363	65.9	62	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	1,028	807	78.5	772	75.1	35	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	1,038	618	59.5	591	56.9	27	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	166	81	48.7	69	41.4	12	14.9	10.8 - 19.0
White	1,946	1,350	69.4	1,294	66.5	56	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	970	763	78.7	732	75.5	31	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	976	587	60.1	562	57.6	25	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	150	74	49.1	64	42.3	10	13.9	9.7 - 18.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	230	167	72.7	158	68.5	10	5.7	4.0 - 7.4
Men	120	100	83.6	95	79.1	5	5.3	3.2 - 7.4
Women	110	67	60.8	63	57.0	4	6.3	3.5 - 9.1
Married men, spouse present	628	513	81.7	502	79.9	11	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	605	347	57.4	337	55.8	10	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	95	65	68.2	61	64.2	4	5.9	3.0 - 8.8
Vermont								
Total	513	350	68.3	335	65.4	15	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	251	180	71.9	172	68.5	8	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	262	170	64.9	163	62.3	7	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	13	43.4	11	36.9	2	14.9	10.5 - 19.3
White	491	336	68.5	322	65.7	14	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	240	173	72.2	166	69.0	8	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Women	251	163	65.0	157	62.5	6	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28	13	45.2	11	38.7	2	14.2	9.8 - 18.6
Asian	9	7	73.9	7	71.7	(³)	2.9	0.3 - 5.5
Married men, spouse present	138	105	76.4	102	74.3	3	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	135	92	68.5	90	67.0	2	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	22	17	76.0	16	71.3	1	6.1	3.6 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	6,385	4,231	66.3	3,993	62.5	238	5.6	5.1 – 6.1
Men	3,050	2,207	72.4	2,084	68.3	122	5.6	4.9 – 6.3
Women	3,335	2,024	60.7	1,909	57.2	115	5.7	5.0 – 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	421	151	35.8	116	27.5	35	23.3	18.2 – 28.4
White	4,672	3,100	66.3	2,957	63.3	143	4.6	4.1 – 5.1
Men	2,275	1,676	73.7	1,603	70.4	73	4.4	3.7 – 5.1
Women	2,397	1,424	59.4	1,354	56.5	69	4.9	4.1 – 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	283	107	37.8	88	31.0	19	18.0	12.7 – 23.3
Black or African American	1,195	776	65.0	702	58.7	74	9.6	7.9 – 11.3
Men	540	351	65.0	312	57.8	39	11.0	8.4 – 13.6
Women	655	425	64.9	390	59.5	36	8.4	6.3 – 10.5
Asian	384	275	71.6	266	69.1	10	3.5	2.2 – 4.8
Men	189	147	77.5	141	74.7	5	3.6	1.7 – 5.5
Women	195	129	65.9	124	63.7	4	3.4	1.4 – 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	416	302	72.7	286	68.9	16	5.2	3.6 – 6.8
Men	221	187	84.8	179	81.0	8	4.4	2.5 – 6.3
Women	195	115	59.0	108	55.2	7	6.5	3.6 – 9.4
Married men, spouse present	1,686	1,289	76.5	1,258	74.6	31	2.4	1.8 – 3.0
Married women, spouse present	1,710	1,057	61.8	1,019	59.6	38	3.6	2.8 – 4.4
Women who maintain families	359	257	71.4	233	64.8	24	9.4	6.9 – 11.9
Washington								
Total	5,442	3,461	63.6	3,221	59.2	241	7.0	6.4 – 7.6
Men	2,673	1,861	69.6	1,723	64.5	138	7.4	6.6 – 8.2
Women	2,769	1,601	57.8	1,498	54.1	103	6.4	5.6 – 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	355	122	34.3	84	23.8	37	30.7	24.2 – 37.2
White	4,456	2,838	63.7	2,646	59.4	191	6.7	6.1 – 7.3
Men	2,198	1,531	69.6	1,422	64.7	108	7.1	6.2 – 8.0
Women	2,258	1,307	57.9	1,224	54.2	83	6.4	5.5 – 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	269	98	36.3	68	25.2	30	30.7	23.4 – 38.0
Black or African American	177	113	63.9	97	54.8	16	14.2	10.1 – 18.3
Men	94	69	72.8	58	61.9	10	15.0	9.4 – 20.6
Women	83	44	53.7	39	46.7	6	12.9	6.4 – 19.4
Asian	430	268	62.4	258	60.1	10	3.7	2.3 – 5.1
Men	184	127	68.8	123	66.8	4	3.0	1.1 – 4.9
Women	245	141	57.6	135	55.1	6	4.3	2.2 – 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	487	341	70.1	311	63.9	30	8.8	6.3 – 11.3
Men	257	203	79.0	186	72.6	17	8.2	5.0 – 11.4
Women	230	138	60.2	125	54.3	14	9.8	5.6 – 14.0
Married men, spouse present	1,419	1,046	73.7	1,008	71.0	38	3.6	2.8 – 4.4
Married women, spouse present	1,403	830	59.2	796	56.7	34	4.1	3.2 – 5.0
Women who maintain families	274	187	68.3	172	63.0	14	7.7	5.1 – 10.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Virginia								
Total	1,487	801	53.8	748	50.3	53	6.6	5.9 - 7.3
Men	724	431	59.6	398	55.0	34	7.8	6.7 - 8.9
Women	764	370	48.4	351	45.9	19	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	23	25.0	18	19.5	5	22.0	14.2 - 29.8
White	1,408	755	53.6	705	50.1	50	6.7	6.0 - 7.4
Men	684	405	59.3	373	54.6	32	7.8	6.7 - 8.9
Women	724	350	48.3	331	45.7	19	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	84	21	25.3	16	19.3	5	23.7	15.3 - 32.1
Black or African American	45	26	57.9	24	54.1	2	6.7	2.8 - 10.6
Men	23	14	60.8	13	54.0	2	11.2	4.4 - 18.0
Women	22	12	54.8	12	54.1	(³)	1.4	(²)
Married men, spouse present	404	262	65.0	249	61.7	13	5.0	3.9 - 6.1
Married women, spouse present	402	212	52.9	205	51.1	7	3.3	2.3 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	83	43	52.0	40	48.3	3	7.3	4.0 - 10.6
Wisconsin								
Total	4,511	3,092	68.6	2,884	63.9	208	6.7	6.2 - 7.2
Men	2,213	1,621	73.3	1,497	67.7	124	7.7	6.9 - 8.5
Women	2,298	1,471	64.0	1,387	60.3	84	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	155	50.1	131	42.3	24	15.6	12.0 - 19.2
White	4,027	2,777	69.0	2,616	65.0	161	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Men	1,973	1,463	74.1	1,366	69.2	97	6.6	5.8 - 7.4
Women	2,054	1,315	64.0	1,251	60.9	64	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	256	133	51.9	113	44.1	20	15.1	11.3 - 18.9
Black or African American	250	157	62.7	133	53.3	24	15.0	11.7 - 18.3
Men	119	74	62.6	63	53.6	11	14.5	9.7 - 19.3
Women	132	83	62.8	70	53.0	13	15.6	10.9 - 20.3
Asian	98	72	73.4	68	69.0	4	6.0	2.9 - 9.1
Men	49	37	75.4	34	69.7	3	7.6	2.7 - 12.5
Women	49	35	71.3	34	68.3	2	4.3	0.5 - 8.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	241	162	67.3	138	57.5	24	14.5	11.2 - 17.8
Men	125	92	73.2	75	59.8	17	18.3	13.3 - 23.3
Women	115	70	61.0	64	55.1	7	9.6	5.4 - 13.8
Married men, spouse present	1,197	910	76.1	871	72.8	39	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	1,193	806	67.5	779	65.3	26	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	224	160	71.5	143	64.1	17	10.3	7.4 - 13.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wyoming								
Total	450	307	68.2	293	65.0	14	4.6	4.1 – 5.1
Men	227	171	75.2	163	71.8	8	4.5	3.8 – 5.2
Women	222	136	61.1	129	58.1	7	4.8	4.1 – 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	16	51.8	13	43.8	2	15.4	11.4 – 19.4
White	424	288	67.9	276	65.0	13	4.4	3.9 – 4.9
Men	214	161	75.1	153	71.7	7	4.5	3.8 – 5.2
Women	210	128	60.7	122	58.1	5	4.2	3.5 – 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29	15	51.7	13	43.6	2	15.6	11.5 – 19.7
Black or African American	6	5	74.9	4	64.1	1	14.4	7.9 – 20.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	35	25	71.2	24	67.3	1	5.4	3.5 – 7.3
Men	19	15	78.0	15	75.0	1	3.9	1.8 – 6.0
Women	16	10	62.7	9	57.9	1	7.8	4.1 – 11.5
Married men, spouse present	123	96	78.2	93	76.0	3	2.8	2.1 – 3.5
Married women, spouse present	120	75	62.6	74	61.2	2	2.3	1.6 – 3.0
Women who maintain families	21	15	70.5	14	64.7	1	8.3	5.3 – 11.3

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Alabama							
Less than a high school diploma	437	160	36.6	141	32.2	19	12.0
High school graduate, no college	1,069	586	54.8	548	51.3	38	6.4
Some college or associate's degree	852	532	62.4	502	58.9	30	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	814	589	72.4	577	70.9	12	2.1
Alaska							
Less than a high school diploma	32	16	51.0	15	45.9	2	10.0
High school graduate, no college	128	83	64.5	76	59.4	7	7.9
Some college or associate's degree	146	103	70.5	97	66.2	6	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	136	106	77.9	103	75.9	3	2.6
Arizona							
Less than a high school diploma	694	325	46.8	294	42.3	31	9.6
High school graduate, no college	1,117	603	54.0	559	50.0	44	7.4
Some college or associate's degree	1,293	824	63.7	768	59.4	56	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,196	853	71.3	823	68.8	31	3.6
Arkansas							
Less than a high school diploma	301	114	37.8	102	33.9	12	10.5
High school graduate, no college	683	392	57.4	366	53.5	26	6.7
Some college or associate's degree	503	306	60.7	289	57.4	16	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	428	299	69.9	290	67.8	9	3.0
California							
Less than a high school diploma	3,974	2,094	52.7	1,880	47.3	214	10.2
High school graduate, no college	5,582	3,331	59.7	3,022	54.1	310	9.3
Some college or associate's degree	6,646	4,466	67.2	4,085	61.5	381	8.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	8,403	6,242	74.3	5,953	70.8	289	4.6
Colorado							
Less than a high school diploma	289	160	55.1	142	49.0	18	11.1
High school graduate, no college	762	470	61.7	444	58.3	26	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	936	659	70.3	618	66.0	41	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,421	1,092	76.8	1,050	73.9	42	3.8
Connecticut							
Less than a high school diploma	214	83	38.7	69	32.1	14	16.9
High school graduate, no college	662	405	61.2	368	55.6	37	9.2
Some college or associate's degree	548	381	69.5	354	64.6	27	7.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	973	739	75.9	709	72.9	29	4.0
Delaware							
Less than a high school diploma	58	25	42.9	22	38.3	3	10.6
High school graduate, no college	214	117	54.7	109	50.9	8	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	144	95	65.6	89	61.7	6	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	196	139	70.8	134	68.5	4	3.2
District of Columbia							
Less than a high school diploma	43	20	45.9	16	38.4	3	16.4
High school graduate, no college	84	47	56.0	40	46.8	8	16.4
Some college or associate's degree	62	39	63.6	34	55.1	5	13.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	263	219	83.4	210	79.9	9	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Florida							
Less than a high school diploma	1,378	589	42.7	520	37.8	68	11.6
High school graduate, no college	4,289	2,456	57.3	2,273	53.0	183	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	3,802	2,438	64.1	2,272	59.7	166	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,121	2,869	69.6	2,747	66.7	122	4.3
Georgia							
Less than a high school diploma	777	325	41.9	280	36.1	45	13.8
High school graduate, no college	1,981	1,156	58.4	1,058	53.4	98	8.5
Some college or associate's degree	1,637	1,166	71.2	1,081	66.0	85	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,952	1,495	76.6	1,446	74.1	48	3.2
Hawaii							
Less than a high school diploma	61	22	37.0	21	34.1	2	7.9
High school graduate, no college	298	170	57.2	162	54.3	8	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	261	173	66.2	165	63.3	8	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	286	200	69.8	196	68.5	4	1.9
Idaho							
Less than a high school diploma	103	57	55.7	53	51.5	4	7.6
High school graduate, no college	286	178	62.1	168	58.8	10	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	342	222	65.0	209	61.2	13	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	285	201	70.7	193	67.9	8	4.0
Illinois							
Less than a high school diploma	817	385	47.1	331	40.4	55	14.2
High school graduate, no college	2,393	1,414	59.1	1,267	53.0	146	10.3
Some college or associate's degree	2,194	1,520	69.3	1,408	64.2	112	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,004	2,334	77.7	2,228	74.2	106	4.5
Indiana							
Less than a high school diploma	434	183	42.2	167	38.4	16	8.9
High school graduate, no college	1,602	925	57.7	841	52.5	84	9.1
Some college or associate's degree	1,156	794	68.7	743	64.3	51	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,109	865	78.0	839	75.6	27	3.1
Iowa							
Less than a high school diploma	160	72	45.3	65	40.9	7	9.7
High school graduate, no college	668	410	61.3	390	58.3	20	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	611	457	74.8	441	72.1	17	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	582	479	82.3	470	80.7	9	2.0
Kansas							
Less than a high school diploma	152	75	49.2	68	44.9	7	8.8
High school graduate, no college	497	296	59.6	280	56.4	16	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	523	376	71.9	358	68.5	18	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	635	498	78.5	485	76.4	14	2.7
Kentucky							
Less than a high school diploma	416	127	30.4	108	26.1	18	14.3
High school graduate, no college	1,009	567	56.2	530	52.5	37	6.6
Some college or associate's degree	795	541	68.0	499	62.8	41	7.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	645	511	79.2	492	76.3	19	3.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Louisiana							
Less than a high school diploma	410	159	38.8	135	33.1	23	14.6
High school graduate, no college	1,072	613	57.2	575	53.7	38	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	718	476	66.3	450	62.7	26	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	719	536	74.5	521	72.4	15	2.8
Maine							
Less than a high school diploma	81	26	31.9	21	26.3	5	17.6
High school graduate, no college	319	195	61.0	181	56.8	13	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	255	177	69.6	166	65.3	11	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	280	213	76.3	207	74.1	6	2.8
Maryland							
Less than a high school diploma	370	173	46.8	159	43.1	14	8.0
High school graduate, no college	1,098	685	62.3	634	57.7	51	7.4
Some college or associate's degree	895	631	70.5	598	66.8	33	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,563	1,241	79.4	1,188	76.0	53	4.3
Massachusetts							
Less than a high school diploma	374	138	36.9	118	31.7	20	14.2
High school graduate, no college	1,215	694	57.1	643	52.9	51	7.3
Some college or associate's degree	948	654	69.0	608	64.1	46	7.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,948	1,517	77.9	1,465	75.2	52	3.4
Michigan							
Less than a high school diploma	542	175	32.3	151	27.9	24	13.8
High school graduate, no college	2,174	1,160	53.4	1,052	48.4	108	9.3
Some college or associate's degree	1,967	1,307	66.5	1,216	61.8	91	7.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,926	1,398	72.6	1,335	69.3	62	4.5
Minnesota							
Less than a high school diploma	247	108	43.6	95	38.3	13	12.1
High school graduate, no college	894	556	62.2	526	58.8	30	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	1,134	829	73.1	798	70.4	31	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,292	1,034	80.0	1,005	77.7	29	2.8
Mississippi							
Less than a high school diploma	304	98	32.3	87	28.5	12	11.8
High school graduate, no college	589	316	53.7	293	49.7	24	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	547	341	62.4	319	58.4	22	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	444	328	73.8	317	71.5	10	3.2
Missouri							
Less than a high school diploma	402	146	36.4	129	32.2	17	11.6
High school graduate, no college	1,295	792	61.2	743	57.4	49	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	1,153	788	68.4	742	64.3	47	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,144	883	77.2	853	74.6	30	3.4
Montana							
Less than a high school diploma	42	17	40.8	15	36.9	2	9.5
High school graduate, no college	220	134	60.7	127	57.7	7	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	233	155	66.3	146	62.6	9	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	202	144	71.2	139	68.8	5	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Nebraska							
Less than a high school diploma	108	64	58.9	58	53.9	5	8.5
High school graduate, no college	363	237	65.2	227	62.5	10	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	354	266	74.9	257	72.5	9	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	375	307	81.9	302	80.5	5	1.7
Nevada							
Less than a high school diploma	199	115	58.2	101	50.8	15	12.6
High school graduate, no college	601	369	61.5	329	54.8	40	10.9
Some college or associate's degree	561	364	64.8	335	59.7	29	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	448	321	71.6	305	68.1	15	4.8
New Hampshire							
Less than a high school diploma	59	24	40.9	22	37.3	2	8.8
High school graduate, no college	276	180	65.2	170	61.7	10	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	238	174	73.1	167	69.9	8	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	350	269	76.8	261	74.5	8	2.9
New Jersey							
Less than a high school diploma	615	303	49.3	276	44.8	27	9.0
High school graduate, no college	1,806	1,083	59.9	992	54.9	91	8.4
Some college or associate's degree	1,189	833	70.1	763	64.2	70	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,255	1,723	76.4	1,639	72.7	84	4.9
New Mexico							
Less than a high school diploma	183	69	37.9	63	34.2	7	9.9
High school graduate, no college	367	205	55.9	187	51.0	18	8.7
Some college or associate's degree	377	231	61.1	216	57.1	15	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	408	279	68.3	268	65.8	10	3.7
New York							
Less than a high school diploma	1,631	684	41.9	599	36.7	85	12.4
High school graduate, no college	3,803	2,138	56.2	1,962	51.6	176	8.2
Some college or associate's degree	2,921	1,991	68.2	1,864	63.8	127	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,799	3,629	75.6	3,473	72.4	156	4.3
North Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	899	405	45.1	361	40.1	45	11.0
High school graduate, no college	1,856	1,080	58.2	997	53.7	83	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	1,820	1,221	67.1	1,149	63.1	72	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,838	1,351	73.5	1,300	70.7	51	3.8
North Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	30	12	40.7	12	38.2	1	6.3
High school graduate, no college	130	89	68.1	86	65.6	3	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	156	118	75.1	115	73.6	2	2.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	149	123	82.4	121	81.2	2	1.5
Ohio							
Less than a high school diploma	808	262	32.4	222	27.5	40	15.3
High school graduate, no college	2,932	1,712	58.4	1,592	54.3	120	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	1,948	1,334	68.5	1,248	64.0	86	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,922	1,491	77.6	1,441	75.0	50	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Oklahoma							
Less than a high school diploma	262	107	40.6	98	37.4	9	8.0
High school graduate, no college	827	485	58.7	461	55.8	24	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	733	477	65.1	451	61.6	26	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	627	458	73.0	447	71.3	11	2.4
Oregon							
Less than a high school diploma	239	114	47.8	99	41.4	15	13.3
High school graduate, no college	727	401	55.2	371	51.1	30	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	864	527	61.1	487	56.3	41	7.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	844	605	71.7	583	69.1	22	3.6
Pennsylvania							
Less than a high school diploma	784	283	36.1	246	31.4	37	13.2
High school graduate, no college	3,424	1,985	58.0	1,822	53.2	163	8.2
Some college or associate's degree	1,905	1,355	71.1	1,270	66.7	85	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,562	1,957	76.4	1,890	73.8	67	3.4
Rhode Island							
Less than a high school diploma	89	38	42.9	31	34.6	7	19.3
High school graduate, no college	204	124	60.9	112	55.0	12	9.8
Some college or associate's degree	171	118	69.0	108	63.1	10	8.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	251	195	77.6	186	74.3	8	4.3
South Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	405	147	36.2	129	31.8	18	12.2
High school graduate, no college	1,025	560	54.6	517	50.4	43	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	811	524	64.6	490	60.3	35	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	885	651	73.5	631	71.3	20	3.1
South Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	46	19	41.7	18	38.7	1	7.1
High school graduate, no college	171	111	65.3	108	63.1	4	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	168	127	75.7	123	73.4	4	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	150	116	77.0	114	76.1	1	1.2
Tennessee							
Less than a high school diploma	590	191	32.5	161	27.2	31	16.1
High school graduate, no college	1,523	876	57.5	813	53.4	63	7.2
Some college or associate's degree	1,116	736	65.9	692	62.0	44	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,106	832	75.2	805	72.8	26	3.2
Texas							
Less than a high school diploma	2,802	1,570	56.0	1,448	51.7	123	7.8
High school graduate, no college	4,546	2,880	63.4	2,705	59.5	175	6.1
Some college or associate's degree	4,344	3,012	69.3	2,867	66.0	145	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,582	3,494	76.3	3,389	74.0	105	3.0
Utah							
Less than a high school diploma	128	81	63.6	78	60.7	4	4.6
High school graduate, no college	419	271	64.8	259	61.9	12	4.5
Some college or associate's degree	605	408	67.4	394	65.1	14	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	529	403	76.2	394	74.4	10	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Vermont							
Less than a high school diploma	30	10	35.4	10	32.6	1	7.9
High school graduate, no college	147	95	64.6	91	62.4	3	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	105	75	71.5	71	67.9	4	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	161	127	79.0	124	77.5	3	2.0
Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	535	245	45.8	224	41.8	21	8.7
High school graduate, no college	1,551	949	61.2	895	57.7	54	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	1,316	906	68.9	863	65.6	44	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,054	1,621	78.9	1,578	76.8	43	2.6
Washington							
Less than a high school diploma	377	196	52.0	179	47.5	17	8.5
High school graduate, no college	1,162	674	58.0	627	53.9	47	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	1,480	935	63.2	882	59.6	53	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,620	1,200	74.0	1,156	71.3	44	3.7
West Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	179	40	22.4	34	18.8	6	16.1
High school graduate, no college	556	280	50.3	258	46.4	22	7.8
Some college or associate's degree	265	168	63.3	161	60.6	7	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	294	221	75.2	216	73.5	5	2.2
Wisconsin							
Less than a high school diploma	292	139	47.8	116	39.9	23	16.5
High school graduate, no college	1,200	739	61.6	683	56.9	55	7.5
Some college or associate's degree	1,158	852	73.6	808	69.8	44	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,161	886	76.3	863	74.4	23	2.6
Wyoming							
Less than a high school diploma	29	16	54.5	15	51.0	1	6.3
High school graduate, no college	128	84	65.2	80	62.3	4	4.5
Some college or associate's degree	133	93	70.3	90	67.7	3	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	91	70	76.4	68	74.9	1	2.0

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
TOTAL												
Alabama	1,691	1,548	98	44	343	66	265	13	132	18		
Alaska	281	240	25	16	59	10	43	5	20	4		
Arizona	2,228	2,000	164	63	542	153	361	29	199	44		
Arkansas	1,013	909	74	30	191	42	139	10	89	13		
California	13,432	11,977	1,059	396	3,569	1,104	2,276	189	1,419	237		
Colorado	2,031	1,795	172	64	551	109	403	40	148	34		
Connecticut	1,342	1,180	113	49	368	76	272	21	117	25		
Delaware	336	302	25	9	73	20	49	4	27	3		
District of Columbia	295	265	22	9	45	12	29	3	28	4		
Florida	7,237	6,633	433	172	1,525	463	997	64	602	69		
Georgia	3,673	3,352	221	100	685	199	451	35	342	48		
Hawaii	504	450	38	16	110	26	78	6	26	5		
Idaho	551	488	44	18	173	31	131	11	38	12		
Illinois	4,762	4,257	353	152	1,198	313	821	65	502	91		
Indiana	2,385	2,151	169	64	564	111	424	29	212	32		
Iowa	1,263	1,110	107	46	338	45	271	22	61	18		
Kansas	1,108	984	94	30	295	47	232	16	66	17		
Kentucky	1,508	1,356	110	42	392	94	280	18	146	22		
Louisiana	1,593	1,429	114	50	356	68	269	20	129	18		
Maine	504	436	50	19	158	33	117	8	39	9		
Maryland	2,456	2,189	199	67	464	102	336	26	181	28		
Massachusetts	2,489	2,197	203	89	750	144	569	37	200	45		
Michigan	3,367	3,005	249	113	949	220	670	60	338	69		
Minnesota	2,189	1,917	206	66	626	112	479	36	117	28		
Mississippi	965	862	77	26	183	43	130	10	101	10		
Missouri	2,288	2,063	160	65	530	99	398	33	162	35		
Montana	379	333	33	13	105	18	81	7	24	4		
Nebraska	811	725	64	21	177	23	145	9	33	9		
Nevada	1,027	916	84	27	221	71	142	8	122	14		
New Hampshire	555	498	40	18	149	29	112	8	30	9		
New Jersey	3,391	3,112	190	89	762	195	527	39	312	56		
New Mexico	662	591	51	20	189	36	141	13	57	9		
New York	7,338	6,657	471	210	1,587	393	1,109	85	624	112		
North Carolina	3,502	3,128	276	98	803	197	560	46	328	42		
North Dakota	326	287	28	12	71	5	61	5	10	2		
Ohio	4,111	3,656	325	130	1,159	230	865	65	356	77		
Oklahoma	1,437	1,263	133	41	277	41	224	13	87	14		
Oregon	1,348	1,166	131	51	402	116	263	22	125	26		
Pennsylvania	4,814	4,271	386	156	1,157	229	862	66	406	79		
Rhode Island	394	338	36	20	108	24	76	7	43	8		
South Carolina	1,697	1,554	101	43	325	77	232	15	147	20		
South Dakota	348	300	38	10	82	8	69	5	13	3		
Tennessee	2,251	2,005	179	67	566	136	398	33	206	40		
Texas	10,154	9,062	771	321	1,879	397	1,382	100	682	120		
Utah	1,058	933	90	34	305	50	237	18	48	14		
Vermont	259	229	21	9	76	11	59	6	12	3		
Virginia	3,306	2,940	269	97	688	154	494	40	200	38		
Washington	2,575	2,260	234	81	646	157	445	43	199	42		
West Virginia	620	561	38	21	128	28	93	7	48	5		
Wisconsin	2,224	1,981	169	73	660	105	515	40	162	47		
Wyoming	237	209	19	10	55	7	44	4	11	3		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Men												
Alabama	944	874	51	19	113	26	81	7	73	6		
Alaska	161	140	13	9	21	4	15	2	13	2		
Arizona	1,262	1,152	84	26	230	81	136	13	113	21		
Arkansas	577	525	39	14	64	15	46	3	49	5		
California	7,935	7,187	552	197	1,354	516	775	62	822	106		
Colorado	1,183	1,058	92	34	206	57	137	12	88	16		
Connecticut	762	682	57	23	120	33	81	6	65	13		
Delaware	186	170	12	4	25	9	16	1	15	1		
District of Columbia	149	136	10	3	18	6	11	1	14	2		
Florida	3,937	3,639	218	80	660	229	406	25	333	38		
Georgia	2,084	1,922	113	49	254	97	148	9	165	18		
Hawaii	277	250	21	7	49	14	33	2	16	3		
Idaho	341	307	24	10	57	15	39	4	20	5		
Illinois	2,672	2,423	178	71	442	145	274	23	292	45		
Indiana	1,383	1,268	85	30	191	45	135	11	113	13		
Iowa	712	638	53	21	121	18	96	7	35	9		
Kansas	633	570	49	14	99	23	71	5	38	7		
Kentucky	841	761	59	21	153	44	101	8	84	11		
Louisiana	912	824	59	29	121	32	82	7	73	9		
Maine	280	244	25	10	57	14	40	3	22	4		
Maryland	1,310	1,182	99	30	169	50	110	10	103	11		
Massachusetts	1,415	1,270	105	40	235	57	167	12	119	18		
Michigan	1,959	1,781	123	55	328	91	217	21	189	29		
Minnesota	1,262	1,126	108	28	212	53	148	11	67	15		
Mississippi	534	489	35	10	63	17	42	5	55	4		
Missouri	1,288	1,176	80	32	198	49	137	12	86	15		
Montana	218	194	17	7	37	9	26	2	15	2		
Nebraska	461	420	31	10	67	11	52	4	19	4		
Nevada	587	531	44	12	96	37	57	3	69	7		
New Hampshire	321	291	21	8	47	11	33	3	18	4		
New Jersey	1,923	1,789	95	39	258	84	161	13	191	18		
New Mexico	383	347	26	10	75	22	47	5	35	3		
New York	4,070	3,727	236	106	552	166	356	31	368	46		
North Carolina	1,964	1,784	138	43	288	95	178	15	176	22		
North Dakota	192	172	14	5	21	2	18	1	6	1		
Ohio	2,323	2,082	170	71	390	99	274	17	215	30		
Oklahoma	841	749	71	21	107	22	81	4	50	6		
Oregon	776	682	67	27	147	54	86	7	75	10		
Pennsylvania	2,746	2,463	196	86	379	87	272	20	241	34		
Rhode Island	219	190	18	11	40	12	25	2	25	3		
South Carolina	923	850	54	18	129	42	82	5	75	11		
South Dakota	197	175	17	5	29	4	24	2	7	2		
Tennessee	1,296	1,167	99	30	225	70	142	12	119	18		
Texas	5,971	5,403	415	153	684	182	474	28	386	45		
Utah	674	602	53	19	99	26	68	5	31	5		
Vermont	146	130	11	5	26	5	20	2	7	1		
Virginia	1,836	1,644	146	46	248	71	159	18	109	14		
Washington	1,506	1,335	132	40	217	71	134	12	122	16		
West Virginia	351	321	18	12	46	13	30	3	32	2		
Wisconsin	1,267	1,145	87	35	230	46	170	14	101	23		
Wyoming	144	129	10	5	19	3	14	1	6	1		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Women												
Alabama	747	674	48	26	230	40	184	6	59	12		
Alaska	120	100	13	7	37	6	29	3	7	2		
Arizona	965	848	81	37	313	73	224	16	86	22		
Arkansas	436	385	35	16	127	27	93	7	40	8		
California	5,496	4,790	507	200	2,215	588	1,500	127	597	131		
Colorado	848	737	81	31	345	52	266	27	60	19		
Connecticut	580	499	55	26	248	43	190	15	52	12		
Delaware	150	132	13	5	47	11	34	3	13	2		
District of Columbia	147	129	12	6	27	7	18	2	14	3		
Florida	3,300	2,994	215	91	865	235	591	40	269	31		
Georgia	1,589	1,431	107	51	431	102	303	26	177	29		
Hawaii	227	200	17	9	61	12	45	4	10	2		
Idaho	210	181	20	8	116	17	92	7	18	7		
Illinois	2,090	1,834	175	81	756	167	547	42	210	46		
Indiana	1,001	883	84	34	372	65	288	19	99	19		
Iowa	550	471	53	26	216	27	175	15	26	9		
Kansas	475	414	45	16	196	24	161	11	28	10		
Kentucky	668	596	51	21	239	50	179	10	62	10		
Louisiana	681	605	55	21	235	36	187	13	57	9		
Maine	225	192	25	8	101	19	77	5	17	5		
Maryland	1,145	1,008	100	38	294	52	226	16	78	17		
Massachusetts	1,074	927	97	49	515	87	403	25	80	28		
Michigan	1,408	1,224	126	58	621	129	453	39	149	40		
Minnesota	927	791	99	37	414	59	330	25	49	13		
Mississippi	431	373	41	16	120	26	88	6	46	6		
Missouri	1,000	887	80	33	332	50	261	21	76	20		
Montana	161	139	16	6	68	9	55	4	9	2		
Nebraska	349	305	33	11	110	12	94	5	14	5		
Nevada	440	385	40	15	126	34	85	6	53	7		
New Hampshire	235	206	19	10	101	17	79	6	12	5		
New Jersey	1,469	1,323	95	50	504	111	366	27	121	38		
New Mexico	279	244	25	10	114	13	93	7	23	6		
New York	3,268	2,930	235	103	1,036	227	754	55	256	66		
North Carolina	1,538	1,344	139	55	515	101	382	32	152	20		
North Dakota	134	115	14	6	49	3	42	4	3	1		
Ohio	1,787	1,574	155	58	769	131	591	48	141	47		
Oklahoma	596	514	62	20	170	19	143	9	37	8		
Oregon	572	484	63	24	255	63	177	15	50	15		
Pennsylvania	2,068	1,808	190	70	778	142	590	46	165	45		
Rhode Island	175	148	18	10	69	12	51	5	18	5		
South Carolina	775	704	46	24	196	35	150	11	72	9		
South Dakota	151	125	21	6	53	5	45	3	5	2		
Tennessee	956	838	80	37	342	66	256	20	87	22		
Texas	4,183	3,659	355	168	1,196	215	908	72	296	75		
Utah	384	332	38	15	206	24	169	13	18	9		
Vermont	114	99	11	4	50	6	40	4	4	2		
Virginia	1,470	1,296	123	51	440	83	335	22	91	24		
Washington	1,069	925	102	41	429	86	311	31	77	26		
West Virginia	268	240	19	9	82	15	63	4	16	3		
Wisconsin	956	836	82	38	431	59	345	27	61	24		
Wyoming	93	80	9	4	36	4	30	3	5	2		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years												
Alabama	16	16	1	(³)	35	2	33	1	11	5		
Alaska	7	6	1	(³)	9	1	7	1	2	2		
Arizona	18	16	2	(³)	60	4	54	1	12	20		
Arkansas	11	9	1	1	23	4	18	1	8	8		
California	110	89	18	2	296	49	239	8	94	78		
Colorado	19	16	3	(³)	71	9	59	2	12	13		
Connecticut	8	7	1	(³)	45	4	38	3	5	11		
Delaware	4	4	1	(³)	10	2	8	(³)	2	1		
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	1	1		
Florida	59	51	8	1	166	24	139	3	19	24		
Georgia	34	28	5	1	70	6	61	3	28	19		
Hawaii	5	4	1	(³)	10	3	7	(³)	2	1		
Idaho	10	8	1	(³)	24	4	19	1	3	5		
Illinois	39	32	6	1	146	17	124	5	35	38		
Indiana	21	18	3	(³)	83	5	76	2	17	12		
Iowa	17	14	3	(³)	62	6	52	4	4	7		
Kansas	16	14	1	(³)	46	4	40	2	7	6		
Kentucky	20	18	2	(³)	43	6	36	1	10	7		
Louisiana	20	17	2	1	47	4	40	3	7	6		
Maine	6	4	1	(³)	21	3	17	1	3	4		
Maryland	23	20	3	(³)	49	6	41	2	14	13		
Massachusetts	17	15	1	(³)	93	11	78	4	9	20		
Michigan	35	30	3	1	112	14	94	4	25	21		
Minnesota	23	20	3	1	91	8	78	5	8	13		
Mississippi	8	7	1	(³)	23	3	19	1	10	5		
Missouri	32	26	5	1	72	8	61	4	11	13		
Montana	5	5	(³)	(³)	10	1	9	(³)	1	1		
Nebraska	11	8	2	(³)	31	2	28	1	2	3		
Nevada	10	9	1	(³)	25	5	18	1	9	5		
New Hampshire	6	5	1	(³)	21	2	18	1	2	3		
New Jersey	26	23	2	(³)	93	10	79	3	20	18		
New Mexico	11	10	1	(³)	19	3	16	1	4	2		
New York	65	56	8	(³)	150	18	123	8	34	26		
North Carolina	35	28	6	1	87	9	73	4	26	19		
North Dakota	6	5	1	(³)	12	1	10	1	1	(³)		
Ohio	63	52	9	2	166	16	142	8	23	32		
Oklahoma	19	16	2	1	37	3	33	1	8	6		
Oregon	15	13	1	1	38	6	30	2	10	10		
Pennsylvania	47	37	8	1	155	12	136	6	24	33		
Rhode Island	3	3	(³)	(³)	15	2	12	1	3	3		
South Carolina	21	17	3	1	34	4	28	2	13	8		
South Dakota	6	4	1	(³)	15	1	13	1	1	1		
Tennessee	18	14	4	(³)	73	10	60	3	24	19		
Texas	148	135	12	1	239	31	201	7	59	47		
Utah	23	21	2	(³)	46	5	40	1	7	5		
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	9	1	8	(³)	1	1		
Virginia	34	27	5	1	82	9	70	3	21	14		
Washington	21	17	3	(³)	64	9	51	4	19	18		
West Virginia	5	5	(³)	(³)	13	3	10	(³)	4	1		
Wisconsin	26	22	3	1	104	7	90	7	9	16		
Wyoming	5	4	1	(³)	9	1	8	(³)	1	1		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
White												
Alabama	1,274	1,166	75	33	269	47	210	11	75	11		
Alaska	216	184	20	12	46	7	35	4	12	3		
Arizona	1,931	1,733	143	55	465	130	309	26	151	35		
Arkansas	838	754	60	24	157	31	117	8	59	9		
California	9,932	8,838	808	286	2,763	857	1,765	141	1,015	179		
Colorado	1,843	1,623	159	60	505	95	373	37	129	30		
Connecticut	1,100	970	89	40	306	60	229	17	87	19		
Delaware	249	224	19	7	54	12	39	3	17	2		
District of Columbia	171	153	13	5	22	4	16	2	7	1		
Florida	5,804	5,335	339	131	1,225	354	822	49	405	51		
Georgia	2,369	2,163	138	68	426	98	308	20	145	29		
Hawaii	110	96	9	5	28	6	20	2	5	1		
Idaho	524	464	42	18	166	29	126	10	34	11		
Illinois	3,886	3,456	299	132	995	239	699	57	351	70		
Indiana	2,136	1,929	151	55	506	90	389	27	165	28		
Iowa	1,180	1,036	100	44	314	40	253	20	54	16		
Kansas	982	875	81	26	255	40	201	14	54	14		
Kentucky	1,348	1,208	101	39	340	77	248	15	122	17		
Louisiana	1,135	1,016	82	37	229	35	181	13	60	10		
Maine	488	422	48	18	151	32	112	7	37	9		
Maryland	1,491	1,328	122	41	302	55	229	18	87	15		
Massachusetts	2,100	1,853	169	78	641	112	496	34	154	38		
Michigan	2,795	2,488	207	100	807	176	581	50	234	55		
Minnesota	1,945	1,706	182	58	549	86	429	33	90	21		
Mississippi	635	567	51	17	128	25	96	7	43	6		
Missouri	1,966	1,769	142	55	458	76	352	31	123	30		
Montana	352	309	31	12	98	16	75	7	19	3		
Nebraska	741	662	60	19	160	20	132	8	26	7		
Nevada	802	709	70	23	175	56	113	7	85	11		
New Hampshire	529	474	38	17	142	26	108	8	29	8		
New Jersey	2,546	2,335	143	68	582	131	421	30	213	41		
New Mexico	572	508	46	18	159	32	115	11	42	7		
New York	5,435	4,909	367	160	1,235	259	906	71	382	93		
North Carolina	2,572	2,301	197	74	579	132	416	31	193	26		
North Dakota	295	260	25	10	67	4	58	5	6	2		
Ohio	3,586	3,185	282	118	1,011	185	767	60	269	62		
Oklahoma	1,074	941	104	29	212	29	173	10	53	11		
Oregon	1,190	1,026	118	46	357	101	236	20	107	23		
Pennsylvania	4,178	3,699	339	139	1,009	186	763	60	308	68		
Rhode Island	346	296	32	18	94	20	67	7	36	6		
South Carolina	1,213	1,111	71	30	238	48	179	11	78	15		
South Dakota	322	278	34	9	75	7	63	5	9	3		
Tennessee	1,818	1,623	145	49	453	94	330	29	132	29		
Texas	8,246	7,348	635	264	1,551	322	1,147	81	490	91		
Utah	1,003	884	88	32	291	48	226	18	42	14		
Vermont	250	220	21	9	73	10	57	6	11	3		
Virginia	2,435	2,154	207	74	522	104	384	34	120	23		
Washington	2,110	1,847	196	68	536	128	372	37	159	32		
West Virginia	586	531	34	21	119	25	87	7	46	5		
Wisconsin	2,023	1,802	154	66	593	86	470	37	119	42		
Wyoming	224	198	17	9	52	6	41	4	10	3		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Black or African American												
Alabama	368	337	21	10	64	18	44	2	52	7		
Alaska	7	6	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Arizona	96	85	9	3	21	9	11	(³)	17	4		
Arkansas	124	108	11	4	29	10	17	2	27	3		
California	709	622	61	26	178	67	101	10	145	20		
Colorado	80	73	6	1	14	4	10	1	10	2		
Connecticut	131	111	15	6	37	11	24	1	22	4		
Delaware	69	62	5	2	15	6	8	1	9	1		
District of Columbia	104	93	8	3	20	8	11	1	19	3		
Florida	1,087	983	72	32	225	87	126	12	170	14		
Georgia	1,064	964	71	29	218	91	118	9	182	18		
Hawaii	8	8	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)		
Idaho	6	6	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Illinois	546	498	37	12	142	60	78	4	127	14		
Indiana	175	155	13	7	41	17	22	2	42	3		
Iowa	28	25	2	1	9	2	6	1	4	1		
Kansas	53	45	6	2	16	4	12	1	8	2		
Kentucky	115	107	6	2	31	10	19	2	18	4		
Louisiana	406	367	29	11	112	30	77	6	65	7		
Maine	3	2	(³)	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)		
Maryland	711	634	58	19	113	34	73	5	77	11		
Massachusetts	160	134	20	6	54	19	34	2	21	4		
Michigan	398	357	31	10	99	31	62	6	87	11		
Minnesota	87	75	10	3	34	13	20	1	17	4		
Mississippi	307	275	24	8	48	16	30	3	54	4		
Missouri	222	206	10	6	48	19	28	1	29	5		
Montana	2	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Nebraska	31	29	2	1	9	2	7	(³)	3	2		
Nevada	79	72	6	1	18	7	11	1	17	1		
New Hampshire	5	5	(³)	(³)	3	1	1	(³)	1	(³)		
New Jersey	430	392	27	12	114	51	59	4	72	9		
New Mexico	15	14	1	1	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)		
New York	1,134	1,025	73	37	218	94	114	9	190	14		
North Carolina	702	622	63	17	183	55	117	11	114	14		
North Dakota	5	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Ohio	392	352	33	8	120	38	79	3	79	12		
Oklahoma	86	76	8	3	20	6	14	1	8	2		
Oregon	19	16	2	1	5	3	2	(³)	5	(³)		
Pennsylvania	450	404	34	12	102	33	64	4	86	7		
Rhode Island	22	19	2	1	6	2	4	(³)	5	1		
South Carolina	433	395	27	10	73	26	44	4	63	5		
South Dakota	4	4	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Tennessee	352	313	27	12	95	38	54	3	69	10		
Texas	1,172	1,053	85	34	222	58	153	11	145	22		
Utah	14	13	1	(³)	4	(³)	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Virginia	587	526	46	15	115	39	72	5	63	11		
Washington	76	69	6	1	21	8	11	1	13	3		
West Virginia	20	18	1	1	4	1	2	(³)	2	(³)		
Wisconsin	97	89	6	2	37	12	23	2	21	2		
Wyoming	3	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Part time for noneconomic reasons	Not at work				
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Asian												
Alabama	23	22	(³)	(³)	5	(³)	5	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Alaska	20	17	2	1	3	1	3	(³)	1	(³)		
Arizona	79	75	4	1	18	3	15	(³)	9	2		
Arkansas	32	29	1	2	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)		
California	2,148	1,939	138	71	453	127	298	28	157	23		
Colorado	58	53	2	2	13	3	10	(³)	1	1		
Connecticut	88	80	7	2	16	3	12	1	4	1		
Delaware	14	13	1	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)		
District of Columbia	14	13	1	1	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Florida	231	215	11	5	45	9	35	1	9	2		
Georgia	179	168	8	3	24	7	15	3	6	1		
Hawaii	232	210	16	6	41	9	30	2	7	2		
Idaho	8	7	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Illinois	261	240	13	8	44	10	31	3	11	2		
Indiana	38	34	2	2	7	1	6	1	2	(³)		
Iowa	39	35	3	1	9	1	8	(³)	1	(³)		
Kansas	33	29	3	1	12	1	11	1	1	(³)		
Kentucky	27	25	2	(³)	9	4	5	(³)	2	(³)		
Louisiana	25	22	2	1	7	(³)	6	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Maine	7	6	(³)	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Maryland	181	166	10	5	34	6	26	2	11	(³)		
Massachusetts	181	170	7	4	33	10	22	1	15	1		
Michigan	123	117	4	2	25	5	18	2	5	1		
Minnesota	115	101	10	4	27	7	19	1	7	2		
Mississippi	12	10	1	1	3	1	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Missouri	39	35	4	1	9	1	8	1	3	(³)		
Nebraska	19	18	1	(³)	5	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Nevada	82	76	4	2	16	4	11	(³)	7	(³)		
New Hampshire	14	13	(³)	(³)	1	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)		
New Jersey	335	312	16	7	54	12	39	4	21	4		
New Mexico	16	16	(³)	(³)	10	1	9	(³)	(³)	(³)		
New York	652	617	24	10	98	29	65	4	40	4		
North Carolina	118	109	7	3	15	2	11	2	6	1		
North Dakota	4	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Ohio	73	65	5	2	13	3	9	(³)	1	(³)		
Oklahoma	34	32	1	(³)	4	(³)	4	(³)	1	(³)		
Oregon	68	63	5	1	14	5	9	1	4	(³)		
Pennsylvania	122	112	7	4	24	5	18	1	6	2		
Rhode Island	17	15	1	1	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)		
South Carolina	28	27	(³)	1	5	1	5	(³)	2	(³)		
South Dakota	4	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Tennessee	44	40	2	2	10	3	7	(³)	1	(³)		
Texas	485	446	22	17	60	8	47	4	20	1		
Utah	17	16	(³)	(³)	5	1	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Vermont	5	5	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Virginia	228	209	12	6	38	6	30	2	9	1		
Washington	210	191	13	6	49	10	36	2	8	2		
West Virginia	5	5	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Wisconsin	55	50	3	2	13	2	10	1	4	1		
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued
(In thousands)

Population group and state	Employed ¹								Unemployed			
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work		
	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work					
Total	35 or more hours	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons						
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	69	61	7	1	10	4	5	(³)	5	(³)		
Alaska	20	17	2	1	4	1	3	(³)	2	1		
Arizona	655	583	56	16	186	72	109	6	70	17		
Arkansas	70	63	5	1	12	5	7	(³)	6	1		
California	4,850	4,353	394	104	1,245	526	674	44	595	97		
Colorado	359	318	33	8	94	29	60	5	42	8		
Connecticut	135	114	16	5	44	15	27	3	18	6		
Delaware	28	26	2	1	7	2	4	(³)	3	(³)		
District of Columbia	31	28	2	1	4	2	2	(³)	2	(³)		
Florida	1,664	1,541	94	28	318	135	172	11	159	14		
Georgia	278	251	22	6	42	18	23	2	20	3		
Hawaii	41	36	4	1	9	3	6	(³)	4	(³)		
Idaho	66	60	4	1	17	6	11	1	6	2		
Illinois	699	628	50	20	141	53	82	5	86	19		
Indiana	135	121	11	3	27	7	18	1	9	3		
Iowa	63	55	5	2	19	4	14	1	6	1		
Kansas	91	79	10	2	19	7	11	1	8	2		
Kentucky	49	45	3	1	17	10	7	(³)	7	1		
Louisiana	72	64	6	2	16	4	12	1	11	2		
Maine	4	3	(³)	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Maryland	249	218	27	5	47	15	29	2	15	1		
Massachusetts	193	166	21	6	61	23	36	2	33	8		
Michigan	123	112	8	3	38	15	21	2	18	6		
Minnesota	96	83	8	4	25	8	16	1	6	3		
Mississippi	22	20	2	(³)	7	3	4	(³)	3	(³)		
Missouri	58	52	4	2	16	5	10	1	5	1		
Montana	9	8	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)		
Nebraska	77	68	6	2	21	8	12	1	7	1		
Nevada	261	235	21	6	56	24	31	1	34	5		
New Hampshire	15	15	1	(³)	7	1	5	(³)	1	(³)		
New Jersey	701	653	32	16	122	47	69	6	67	6		
New Mexico	287	260	20	7	82	20	58	3	31	3		
New York	1,129	1,033	70	27	247	83	151	12	144	26		
North Carolina	299	271	22	5	80	34	41	5	37	3		
North Dakota	7	6	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Ohio	121	105	12	4	27	15	11	1	20	4		
Oklahoma	126	106	14	5	24	5	19	(³)	12	1		
Oregon	138	117	16	5	41	19	21	1	18	5		
Pennsylvania	225	201	19	6	59	21	37	1	35	5		
Rhode Island	41	36	3	2	11	5	6	(³)	12	2		
South Carolina	68	58	8	2	14	6	7	1	3	2		
South Dakota	9	7	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)		
Tennessee	97	88	7	3	37	13	22	2	9	3		
Texas	3,861	3,450	317	94	734	209	502	23	282	57		
Utah	125	111	11	3	32	10	22	(³)	7	3		
Vermont	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Virginia	229	207	18	4	57	22	33	2	13	3		
Washington	253	222	25	5	59	27	29	2	25	5		
West Virginia	7	6	1	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)		
Wisconsin	104	90	11	3	35	10	23	1	19	4		
Wyoming	19	17	2	1	4	1	4	(³)	1	(³)		

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 or more hours, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving	
Civilian labor force												
Alabama	2,167	253	437	355	245	292	(²)	131	82	199	160	
Alaska	362	56	74	69	33	48	(²)	25	15	(²)	25	
Arizona	2,989	449	591	610	344	432	(²)	151	111	118	165	
Arkansas	1,294	169	228	248	151	145	(²)	63	57	115	101	
California	18,448	2,955	4,025	3,440	2,027	2,213	273	930	544	959	1,077	
Colorado	2,749	496	616	480	301	351	(²)	165	84	113	129	
Connecticut	1,838	325	479	318	194	193	(²)	99	52	102	74	
Delaware	437	69	98	82	45	61	(²)	23	15	16	24	
District of Columbia	370	92	127	63	27	37	(²)	8	4	4	9	
Florida	9,369	1,407	1,841	1,955	1,222	1,246	34	485	335	318	523	
Georgia	4,689	749	998	815	541	558	(²)	224	173	267	348	
Hawaii	642	87	127	144	75	82	(²)	39	22	18	42	
Idaho	770	116	150	134	91	90	23	46	29	41	50	
Illinois	6,481	1,007	1,350	1,169	730	829	(²)	290	208	433	439	
Indiana	3,173	451	623	550	338	369	(²)	176	120	303	222	
Iowa	1,672	265	339	287	166	200	(²)	75	54	143	122	
Kansas	1,477	232	335	264	142	172	(²)	81	56	97	88	
Kentucky	2,056	267	397	369	205	293	(²)	99	80	164	165	
Louisiana	2,079	239	410	388	252	293	(²)	148	77	113	140	
Maine	707	100	158	130	74	87	13	40	26	41	39	
Maryland	3,107	570	848	518	303	382	(²)	165	87	85	141	
Massachusetts	3,457	601	971	628	312	427	(²)	157	81	131	142	
Michigan	4,674	645	1,041	836	500	533	(²)	167	173	471	282	
Minnesota	2,947	524	688	500	296	333	(²)	119	81	203	180	
Mississippi	1,244	159	253	199	128	158	18	78	46	116	88	
Missouri	2,996	488	608	525	313	382	(²)	161	114	179	202	
Montana	510	93	97	96	50	61	(²)	34	17	20	33	
Nebraska	1,027	176	206	157	109	122	(²)	49	32	94	65	
Nevada	1,372	171	212	364	176	173	(²)	76	54	45	95	
New Hampshire	740	128	185	110	88	87	(²)	40	25	40	35	
New Jersey	4,483	758	995	795	492	605	(²)	216	133	173	308	
New Mexico	911	127	227	186	85	112	(²)	59	28	36	39	
New York	9,589	1,466	2,282	1,973	1,043	1,176	(²)	452	274	365	536	
North Carolina	4,633	634	992	867	491	582	36	242	185	305	298	
North Dakota	408	74	83	66	42	51	(²)	24	14	20	29	
Ohio	5,653	795	1,099	1,096	541	702	(²)	274	210	504	404	
Oklahoma	1,807	264	341	328	189	241	(²)	129	80	119	108	
Oregon	1,886	301	409	325	211	231	36	93	53	109	120	
Pennsylvania	6,399	975	1,377	1,124	662	813	36	318	216	410	468	
Rhode Island	549	83	131	107	55	66	(²)	24	15	41	26	
South Carolina	2,173	270	454	360	255	289	(²)	103	90	198	136	
South Dakota	445	77	83	77	42	59	(²)	24	18	32	25	
Tennessee	3,034	418	575	577	311	371	(²)	182	118	241	222	
Texas	12,752	1,810	2,503	2,356	1,431	1,615	63	901	482	749	841	
Utah	1,414	223	302	214	160	205	(²)	82	53	79	90	
Vermont	349	56	90	62	31	39	(²)	19	10	21	17	
Virginia	4,200	784	1,009	717	394	468	(²)	240	140	185	232	
Washington	3,439	560	799	597	338	394	50	180	127	171	219	
West Virginia	798	104	173	144	83	97	(²)	71	26	38	62	
Wisconsin	3,074	469	632	547	298	365	25	137	108	294	199	
Wyoming	306	42	53	56	27	37	5	32	14	16	24	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving	
Employed												
Alabama	2,034	249	427	320	224	277	(²)	114	81	187	144	
Alaska	340	55	72	62	31	45	(²)	22	15	(²)	22	
Arizona	2,770	435	567	554	312	396	(²)	134	105	108	145	
Arkansas	1,204	166	223	221	138	135	(²)	54	54	106	91	
California	17,001	2,812	3,840	3,155	1,853	2,006	227	803	499	861	944	
Colorado	2,583	476	592	442	278	330	(²)	148	81	108	118	
Connecticut	1,710	307	459	293	178	177	(²)	89	49	92	65	
Delaware	409	67	95	75	41	56	(²)	20	15	15	21	
District of Columbia	340	88	121	55	24	32	(²)	6	3	3	8	
Florida	8,763	1,355	1,763	1,801	1,144	1,161	30	420	318	289	482	
Georgia	4,358	727	962	727	498	503	(²)	200	163	245	318	
Hawaii	614	86	124	137	72	78	(²)	35	21	17	40	
Idaho	724	112	144	122	86	84	21	42	28	39	47	
Illinois	5,960	971	1,289	1,038	675	764	(²)	234	194	384	394	
Indiana	2,948	435	596	503	307	334	(²)	153	116	281	206	
Iowa	1,600	260	332	270	157	192	(²)	67	52	136	116	
Kansas	1,403	227	326	244	132	162	(²)	73	54	92	83	
Kentucky	1,901	259	380	333	186	275	(²)	83	75	149	147	
Louisiana	1,949	233	395	356	239	279	(²)	128	74	106	122	
Maine	663	98	152	119	68	81	12	35	25	38	34	
Maryland	2,919	550	812	479	280	355	(²)	144	84	79	129	
Massachusetts	3,239	585	935	566	285	399	(²)	141	75	121	126	
Michigan	4,317	621	1,007	745	448	495	(²)	148	161	420	249	
Minnesota	2,815	510	669	471	283	318	(²)	106	78	191	168	
Mississippi	1,149	156	243	174	119	147	16	67	44	103	79	
Missouri	2,817	473	583	488	297	363	(²)	142	109	163	180	
Montana	484	91	94	91	47	59	(²)	31	16	19	30	
Nebraska	988	172	202	149	105	118	(²)	45	31	90	60	
Nevada	1,249	158	203	333	158	157	(²)	62	51	38	85	
New Hampshire	704	124	180	102	83	82	(²)	36	24	38	32	
New Jersey	4,153	710	956	721	454	553	(²)	184	123	160	284	
New Mexico	852	121	220	174	80	101	(²)	52	27	34	35	
New York	8,925	1,401	2,190	1,807	965	1,072	(²)	388	260	338	486	
North Carolina	4,305	610	963	776	456	535	32	216	171	275	268	
North Dakota	397	73	82	63	41	50	(²)	23	14	20	27	
Ohio	5,270	774	1,065	1,004	505	663	(²)	231	197	449	359	
Oklahoma	1,714	260	336	299	174	232	(²)	118	78	108	101	
Oregon	1,749	292	393	289	192	215	31	82	52	98	107	
Pennsylvania	5,971	932	1,337	1,032	615	760	34	263	200	370	428	
Rhode Island	503	79	126	96	49	61	(²)	20	13	36	22	
South Carolina	2,022	257	443	316	237	272	(²)	93	88	177	122	
South Dakota	430	76	81	72	41	57	(²)	22	17	31	24	
Tennessee	2,817	401	554	527	289	342	(²)	156	111	219	202	
Texas	12,033	1,757	2,424	2,182	1,341	1,520	57	825	460	683	783	
Utah	1,363	220	293	205	155	197	(²)	75	51	75	85	
Vermont	335	55	88	57	30	38	(²)	18	10	20	16	
Virginia	3,993	766	977	662	372	443	(²)	221	136	171	219	
Washington	3,221	545	777	539	317	364	44	152	123	163	197	
West Virginia	748	101	169	130	77	92	(²)	62	24	36	56	
Wisconsin	2,884	461	609	501	282	342	23	118	100	272	176	
Wyoming	293	41	52	52	26	35	4	31	14	15	23	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving	
Unemployed												
Alabama	133	4	10	35	21	15	(²)	17	1	13	16	
Alaska	22	1	2	6	2	3	(²)	3	1	(²)	3	
Arizona	218	14	24	56	32	37	(²)	17	6	10	19	
Arkansas	90	3	5	27	13	10	(²)	9	3	9	10	
California	1,447	143	185	285	174	207	47	127	45	98	133	
Colorado	166	20	24	38	22	20	(²)	17	3	6	11	
Connecticut	128	17	20	25	16	16	(²)	11	3	10	9	
Delaware	28	2	4	6	4	5	(²)	2	1	1	3	
District of Columbia	30	4	6	7	3	5	(²)	2	1	1	2	
Florida	606	52	78	154	79	85	4	65	17	29	41	
Georgia	331	21	35	88	43	55	(²)	25	10	23	29	
Hawaii	28	1	3	7	3	4	(²)	4	1	2	3	
Idaho	46	4	6	12	5	6	2	4	2	2	3	
Illinois	521	37	61	131	55	66	(²)	56	14	48	45	
Indiana	225	16	27	48	30	36	(²)	23	4	22	16	
Iowa	72	5	8	16	9	8	(²)	8	2	7	6	
Kansas	74	4	9	19	10	9	(²)	8	2	5	5	
Kentucky	155	8	18	37	19	18	(²)	16	5	15	18	
Louisiana	130	6	15	32	13	14	(²)	20	3	8	18	
Maine	45	2	5	11	6	5	1	5	2	3	4	
Maryland	188	20	36	38	23	28	(²)	21	3	6	12	
Massachusetts	218	17	36	62	27	28	(²)	15	6	10	15	
Michigan	357	24	34	91	52	38	(²)	19	12	52	33	
Minnesota	131	13	19	29	13	15	(²)	13	3	11	12	
Mississippi	95	3	10	25	10	10	2	11	2	12	9	
Missouri	179	15	25	38	15	20	(²)	19	5	16	22	
Montana	27	2	3	6	3	2	(²)	3	1	1	3	
Nebraska	39	4	4	8	5	4	(²)	4	1	4	4	
Nevada	124	13	10	31	18	16	(²)	15	3	7	10	
New Hampshire	36	3	5	8	4	5	(²)	4	1	2	3	
New Jersey	330	48	39	74	37	52	(²)	31	10	13	24	
New Mexico	59	5	7	12	6	11	(²)	7	2	2	4	
New York	664	64	93	166	78	104	(²)	64	14	27	50	
North Carolina	328	23	28	90	35	47	4	25	14	30	30	
North Dakota	11	1	2	3	1	1	(²)	1	(³)	(³)	1	
Ohio	383	21	34	92	36	40	(²)	43	13	55	45	
Oklahoma	93	4	5	29	15	9	(²)	11	2	10	7	
Oregon	136	10	16	36	19	15	5	11	1	11	13	
Pennsylvania	428	44	40	92	47	53	2	55	16	40	40	
Rhode Island	46	4	5	11	5	5	(²)	4	2	5	4	
South Carolina	151	12	11	44	18	17	(²)	10	2	22	14	
South Dakota	15	1	2	4	1	2	(²)	2	1	2	1	
Tennessee	216	16	22	50	22	29	(²)	26	6	22	20	
Texas	719	52	79	174	90	96	6	76	21	67	58	
Utah	51	3	10	9	5	8	(²)	7	2	4	5	
Vermont	14	(³)	2	5	1	1	(²)	1	(³)	1	1	
Virginia	206	18	33	55	22	24	(²)	20	4	14	14	
Washington	218	15	23	58	21	31	6	28	4	9	22	
West Virginia	50	3	5	13	6	5	(²)	9	1	2	6	
Wisconsin	190	8	23	46	16	23	2	19	8	22	23	
Wyoming	13	1	1	4	1	1	1	2	(³)	1	1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Unemployment rate											
Alabama	6.2	1.6	2.3	9.9	8.6	5.1	(²)	13.0	1.2	6.3	10.3
Alaska	6.1	1.6	3.0	9.1	6.6	5.5	(²)	12.7	4.4	(²)	10.3
Arizona	7.3	3.0	4.0	9.2	9.2	8.5	(²)	11.4	5.6	8.5	11.8
Arkansas	7.0	1.6	2.2	10.9	8.4	6.7	(²)	14.4	4.7	7.9	10.0
California	7.8	4.8	4.6	8.3	8.6	9.4	17.1	13.7	8.2	10.2	12.4
Colorado	6.0	4.0	3.9	8.0	7.4	5.8	(²)	10.4	3.9	5.1	8.6
Connecticut	7.0	5.4	4.2	7.9	8.1	8.2	(²)	10.7	5.5	10.0	11.5
Delaware	6.4	3.0	3.7	7.8	9.5	7.7	(²)	10.9	3.5	6.3	10.8
District of Columbia	8.1	3.8	4.9	11.8	10.7	13.3	(²)	24.8	26.4	14.6	17.8
Florida	6.5	3.7	4.3	7.9	6.4	6.8	11.1	13.4	5.0	9.1	7.8
Georgia	7.1	2.9	3.5	10.8	7.9	9.9	(²)	11.0	5.7	8.5	8.4
Hawaii	4.3	1.7	2.3	4.8	3.8	4.6	(²)	11.2	4.3	8.4	6.3
Idaho	6.0	3.2	4.0	9.1	6.0	6.5	8.4	8.3	5.8	6.0	6.2
Illinois	8.0	3.6	4.5	11.2	7.5	7.9	(²)	19.3	6.7	11.1	10.2
Indiana	7.1	3.5	4.4	8.7	9.0	9.6	(²)	13.1	3.2	7.3	7.0
Iowa	4.3	1.9	2.3	5.7	5.5	4.2	(²)	10.9	3.9	5.0	4.9
Kansas	5.0	1.9	2.6	7.4	7.3	5.4	(²)	9.9	3.7	5.5	6.0
Kentucky	7.5	2.9	4.4	9.9	9.5	6.1	(²)	16.4	6.4	9.0	10.8
Louisiana	6.3	2.5	3.6	8.3	5.2	4.9	(²)	13.4	3.9	6.8	12.9
Maine	6.3	2.0	3.5	8.3	7.7	6.3	10.7	12.3	6.0	7.7	11.5
Maryland	6.0	3.5	4.3	7.4	7.5	7.2	(²)	12.6	3.1	6.7	8.4
Massachusetts	6.3	2.8	3.8	9.9	8.7	6.6	(²)	9.6	6.9	7.6	10.9
Michigan	7.6	3.7	3.3	10.9	10.4	7.1	(²)	11.6	6.8	11.0	11.6
Minnesota	4.5	2.6	2.7	5.8	4.5	4.5	(²)	11.0	4.0	5.5	6.7
Mississippi	7.7	1.7	3.8	12.6	7.6	6.5	13.1	13.6	4.5	10.8	10.0
Missouri	6.0	3.0	4.1	7.2	4.9	5.2	(²)	12.0	4.2	9.0	10.8
Montana	5.2	2.3	3.1	6.0	6.9	4.0	(²)	9.5	7.3	6.5	8.9
Nebraska	3.8	2.0	2.1	5.1	4.3	3.2	(²)	8.8	2.3	3.9	6.6
Nevada	9.0	7.4	4.5	8.5	10.3	9.4	(²)	19.3	6.0	15.2	10.4
New Hampshire	4.9	2.7	2.9	7.0	4.9	5.5	(²)	9.5	4.2	5.2	9.6
New Jersey	7.4	6.3	3.9	9.3	7.6	8.7	(²)	14.6	7.5	7.3	7.9
New Mexico	6.5	4.3	2.9	6.7	6.4	10.1	(²)	11.8	5.8	6.9	10.8
New York	6.9	4.4	4.1	8.4	7.4	8.9	(²)	14.2	5.3	7.3	9.3
North Carolina	7.1	3.7	2.8	10.4	7.1	8.1	10.6	10.5	7.4	9.8	10.1
North Dakota	2.7	1.0	1.9	4.0	1.7	2.3	(²)	5.5	2.0	1.5	5.1
Ohio	6.8	2.7	3.1	8.4	6.7	5.7	(²)	15.6	6.2	11.0	11.1
Oklahoma	5.2	1.6	1.5	8.7	7.8	3.9	(²)	8.5	1.9	8.8	6.6
Oregon	7.2	3.3	3.8	11.1	9.0	6.6	14.6	11.6	1.9	10.1	10.5
Pennsylvania	6.7	4.5	2.9	8.2	7.1	6.5	5.9	17.2	7.4	9.8	8.5
Rhode Island	8.4	5.2	3.8	10.3	9.8	7.1	(²)	17.2	11.8	12.8	15.4
South Carolina	6.9	4.5	2.5	12.3	7.1	5.8	(²)	10.0	2.6	10.9	10.2
South Dakota	3.3	1.3	1.9	5.8	2.8	2.6	(²)	6.8	4.7	4.9	3.3
Tennessee	7.1	3.9	3.8	8.7	7.1	7.8	(²)	14.1	5.3	9.1	9.0
Texas	5.6	2.9	3.2	7.4	6.3	5.9	9.7	8.4	4.4	8.9	6.9
Utah	3.6	1.1	3.1	4.0	3.2	4.0	(²)	8.6	2.9	5.0	5.3
Vermont	4.0	.8	2.3	7.6	3.8	3.6	(²)	7.7	4.5	5.1	6.1
Virginia	4.9	2.3	3.2	7.7	5.6	5.2	(²)	8.2	2.7	7.7	5.9
Washington	6.3	2.7	2.8	9.7	6.2	7.8	12.5	15.4	3.0	5.1	10.1
West Virginia	6.3	2.5	2.8	9.3	6.7	5.1	(²)	13.1	5.5	5.4	9.7
Wisconsin	6.2	1.7	3.7	8.4	5.4	6.2	9.1	13.7	7.4	7.4	11.6
Wyoming	4.3	2.2	1.6	7.4	3.7	3.9	22.0	5.2	2.9	4.9	3.9

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Levels may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
TOTAL											
Alabama	2,034	12.3	21.0	15.8	11.0	13.6	0.5	5.6	4.0	9.2	7.1
Alaska	340	16.1	21.1	18.4	9.0	13.3	1.7	6.6	4.3	3.0	6.6
Arizona	2,770	15.7	20.5	20.0	11.3	14.3	.5	4.8	3.8	3.9	5.3
Arkansas	1,204	13.8	18.5	18.3	11.5	11.2	1.4	4.5	4.5	8.8	7.5
California	17,001	16.5	22.6	18.6	10.9	11.8	1.3	4.7	2.9	5.1	5.6
Colorado	2,583	18.4	22.9	17.1	10.8	12.8	.4	5.7	3.1	4.2	4.6
Connecticut	1,710	18.0	26.8	17.1	10.4	10.4	.1	5.2	2.9	5.4	3.8
Delaware	409	16.5	23.2	18.4	10.0	13.8	.9	5.0	3.6	3.6	5.1
District of Columbia	340	26.0	35.5	16.3	7.1	9.4	(¹)	1.7	.8	1.0	2.3
Florida	8,763	15.5	20.1	20.5	13.1	13.2	.3	4.8	3.6	3.3	5.5
Georgia	4,358	16.7	22.1	16.7	11.4	11.5	.3	4.6	3.7	5.6	7.3
Hawaii	614	14.0	20.2	22.4	11.8	12.7	.7	5.7	3.4	2.7	6.5
Idaho	724	15.5	19.9	16.8	11.8	11.6	2.9	5.8	3.8	5.3	6.5
Illinois	5,960	16.3	21.6	17.4	11.3	12.8	.3	3.9	3.3	6.5	6.6
Indiana	2,948	14.7	20.2	17.0	10.4	11.3	.6	5.2	3.9	9.5	7.0
Iowa	1,600	16.2	20.7	16.9	9.8	12.0	1.1	4.2	3.3	8.5	7.3
Kansas	1,403	16.2	23.3	17.4	9.4	11.6	.7	5.2	3.9	6.5	5.9
Kentucky	1,901	13.6	20.0	17.5	9.8	14.5	.8	4.4	3.9	7.9	7.7
Louisiana	1,949	12.0	20.3	18.3	12.3	14.3	.9	6.6	3.8	5.4	6.3
Maine	663	14.9	23.0	18.0	10.3	12.3	1.8	5.3	3.7	5.7	5.2
Maryland	2,919	18.8	27.8	16.4	9.6	12.2	.3	4.9	2.9	2.7	4.4
Massachusetts	3,239	18.0	28.9	17.5	8.8	12.3	.2	4.4	2.3	3.7	3.9
Michigan	4,317	14.4	23.3	17.3	10.4	11.5	.6	3.4	3.7	9.7	5.8
Minnesota	2,815	18.1	23.8	16.7	10.0	11.3	.7	3.8	2.8	6.8	6.0
Mississippi	1,149	13.6	21.1	15.1	10.3	12.8	1.4	5.9	3.8	9.0	6.9
Missouri	2,817	16.8	20.7	17.3	10.6	12.9	.7	5.0	3.9	5.8	6.4
Montana	484	18.7	19.5	18.7	9.6	12.1	1.7	6.3	3.2	3.9	6.2
Nebraska	988	17.5	20.5	15.1	10.6	11.9	1.5	4.6	3.1	9.2	6.1
Nevada	1,249	12.7	16.2	26.7	12.6	12.6	.3	4.9	4.1	3.0	6.8
New Hampshire	704	17.6	25.5	14.5	11.8	11.7	.4	5.1	3.4	5.4	4.5
New Jersey	4,153	17.1	23.0	17.4	10.9	13.3	.2	4.4	3.0	3.9	6.8
New Mexico	852	14.2	25.9	20.4	9.4	11.9	.9	6.1	3.1	3.9	4.1
New York	8,925	15.7	24.5	20.2	10.8	12.0	.2	4.3	2.9	3.8	5.4
North Carolina	4,305	14.2	22.4	18.0	10.6	12.4	.8	5.0	4.0	6.4	6.2
North Dakota	397	18.4	20.6	15.9	10.3	12.5	1.1	5.8	3.4	5.0	6.9
Ohio	5,270	14.7	20.2	19.0	9.6	12.6	.4	4.4	3.7	8.5	6.8
Oklahoma	1,714	15.1	19.6	17.5	10.1	13.5	.4	6.9	4.6	6.3	5.9
Oregon	1,749	16.7	22.5	16.5	11.0	12.3	1.7	4.7	3.0	5.6	6.1
Pennsylvania	5,971	15.6	22.4	17.3	10.3	12.7	.6	4.4	3.4	6.2	7.2
Rhode Island	503	15.7	25.0	19.1	9.8	12.2	.2	4.0	2.6	7.1	4.4
South Carolina	2,022	12.7	21.9	15.6	11.7	13.5	.9	4.6	4.3	8.7	6.0
South Dakota	430	17.7	18.9	16.8	9.5	13.3	2.0	5.2	3.9	7.1	5.6
Tennessee	2,817	14.2	19.7	18.7	10.2	12.1	.6	5.5	4.0	7.8	7.2
Texas	12,033	14.6	20.1	18.1	11.1	12.6	.5	6.9	3.8	5.7	6.5
Utah	1,363	16.1	21.5	15.1	11.4	14.4	.4	5.5	3.8	5.5	6.3
Vermont	335	16.4	26.3	16.9	8.8	11.2	1.3	5.2	2.9	6.1	4.8
Virginia	3,993	19.2	24.5	16.6	9.3	11.1	.7	5.5	3.4	4.3	5.5
Washington	3,221	16.9	24.1	16.7	9.9	11.3	1.4	4.7	3.8	5.0	6.1
West Virginia	748	13.5	22.5	17.4	10.3	12.3	.1	8.2	3.2	4.8	7.5
Wisconsin	2,884	16.0	21.1	17.4	9.8	11.9	.8	4.1	3.5	9.4	6.1
Wyoming	293	13.9	17.8	17.7	8.9	12.0	1.3	10.5	4.8	5.2	7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Men											
Alabama	1,057	13.0	15.6	12.4	9.5	6.1	0.8	10.5	7.5	12.6	12.0
Alaska	182	16.2	15.5	16.3	8.1	6.8	2.7	11.6	7.5	4.5	10.8
Arizona	1,492	14.9	18.1	17.2	11.8	8.4	.9	8.7	6.8	4.7	8.4
Arkansas	642	15.3	12.6	13.9	11.1	4.8	1.9	8.1	8.3	12.0	12.0
California	9,289	16.6	19.7	16.0	10.6	6.3	1.8	8.5	5.3	6.7	8.5
Colorado	1,390	20.0	20.0	13.6	10.5	6.9	.6	10.4	5.6	5.5	6.9
Connecticut	882	20.5	22.0	13.9	10.1	4.6	.2	9.9	5.3	7.4	6.1
Delaware	211	18.0	19.5	16.7	8.7	6.6	1.5	9.2	6.8	4.8	8.2
District of Columbia	167	26.9	35.1	15.7	7.0	5.8	.1	3.3	1.4	1.1	3.6
Florida	4,597	16.4	16.7	18.6	12.8	6.7	.4	8.9	6.4	4.2	8.9
Georgia	2,338	17.4	17.4	14.4	10.8	5.7	.5	8.3	6.5	7.5	11.6
Hawaii	326	13.7	16.1	22.4	10.2	6.3	.9	10.5	6.1	3.5	10.5
Idaho	398	16.7	15.9	12.0	10.8	5.5	4.4	10.5	6.6	7.4	10.1
Illinois	3,114	17.2	17.9	14.8	11.4	6.5	.4	7.1	6.0	8.4	10.2
Indiana	1,575	15.5	14.2	14.8	10.4	4.3	.9	9.5	7.1	12.3	10.9
Iowa	833	17.9	15.2	12.1	9.6	6.1	1.7	7.8	6.1	11.8	11.8
Kansas	733	18.3	17.9	12.7	9.1	5.5	1.1	9.5	7.0	8.9	10.0
Kentucky	994	14.2	14.8	14.0	9.3	8.0	1.1	8.3	7.0	10.6	12.7
Louisiana	1,033	14.9	14.4	13.3	11.3	6.5	1.6	12.3	7.0	8.5	10.2
Maine	337	14.9	17.7	13.8	9.4	6.7	2.7	9.9	7.1	8.7	9.0
Maryland	1,480	19.4	24.6	14.4	9.8	5.6	.4	9.3	5.5	3.6	7.4
Massachusetts	1,650	19.3	25.5	14.1	9.4	6.6	.4	8.6	4.3	5.3	6.6
Michigan	2,288	16.2	19.4	13.0	10.0	5.5	1.0	6.2	6.8	13.1	8.7
Minnesota	1,474	19.4	18.9	12.9	10.6	5.8	1.2	7.0	5.1	9.4	9.6
Mississippi	598	14.1	15.9	11.2	10.2	5.3	1.9	11.0	7.3	11.6	11.5
Missouri	1,486	18.9	16.1	12.8	10.1	5.9	1.2	9.4	6.9	8.1	10.7
Montana	254	20.2	14.6	15.5	9.4	4.7	2.7	11.6	6.1	5.1	10.3
Nebraska	528	20.3	14.8	10.9	9.9	6.0	2.4	8.4	5.7	11.8	9.8
Nevada	683	13.7	13.3	25.1	11.7	5.9	.5	8.7	7.3	4.0	9.8
New Hampshire	368	20.4	20.2	11.3	11.4	6.1	.5	9.5	6.2	7.3	7.0
New Jersey	2,180	20.3	18.8	15.0	10.6	6.1	.2	8.3	5.2	4.7	10.8
New Mexico	458	15.6	22.6	16.1	10.4	4.7	1.4	11.2	5.7	5.7	6.5
New York	4,621	17.3	19.3	17.4	11.1	6.5	.3	8.2	5.4	5.1	9.3
North Carolina	2,252	15.6	17.0	14.5	10.3	6.0	1.1	9.4	7.3	8.8	10.0
North Dakota	213	21.1	14.9	10.5	11.0	5.1	1.8	10.5	6.2	7.1	11.9
Ohio	2,714	16.5	15.4	13.8	8.6	6.7	.6	8.2	6.9	12.6	10.6
Oklahoma	948	16.6	13.6	13.9	9.3	7.6	.6	12.2	8.0	8.8	9.4
Oregon	923	16.9	19.0	13.1	11.1	6.1	2.6	8.7	5.1	7.7	9.5
Pennsylvania	3,125	17.3	17.6	13.1	10.0	6.0	.9	8.1	6.3	9.1	11.6
Rhode Island	259	16.7	21.1	16.5	10.1	6.2	.5	7.7	4.8	9.2	7.2
South Carolina	1,051	12.9	16.8	13.1	10.8	5.9	1.5	8.8	8.0	12.2	9.9
South Dakota	226	21.4	12.6	11.9	9.8	5.4	3.0	9.6	7.2	9.9	9.3
Tennessee	1,520	15.6	12.8	15.6	9.3	6.3	.9	9.8	7.1	10.9	11.7
Texas	6,655	15.2	16.3	14.0	10.2	6.5	.7	12.1	6.7	7.9	10.3
Utah	772	18.1	18.4	11.3	11.3	7.7	.6	9.6	6.5	7.0	9.5
Vermont	172	17.2	20.3	13.8	9.0	5.7	1.9	9.8	5.4	9.0	7.8
Virginia	2,084	19.6	20.7	13.8	8.9	5.2	1.0	10.3	6.3	5.9	8.2
Washington	1,723	17.0	21.2	13.0	9.7	6.2	1.6	8.5	6.4	6.9	9.5
West Virginia	398	14.4	16.0	13.7	9.7	5.0	.2	15.1	5.8	7.5	12.7
Wisconsin	1,497	17.1	16.7	13.2	8.7	6.0	1.1	7.8	6.5	13.5	9.4
Wyoming	163	14.4	13.2	11.4	7.7	4.9	1.9	18.0	8.3	7.7	12.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Women											
Alabama	977	11.5	26.9	19.4	12.6	21.8	0.2	0.3	0.2	5.5	1.7
Alaska	157	16.1	27.5	20.8	10.1	20.9	.4	.7	.6	1.3	1.7
Arizona	1,278	16.7	23.2	23.3	10.7	21.1	(¹)	.3	.3	2.9	1.6
Arkansas	563	12.1	25.2	23.3	11.9	18.6	.7	.4	.1	5.2	2.5
California	7,711	16.5	26.0	21.7	11.3	18.4	.7	.2	.1	3.1	2.0
Colorado	1,193	16.6	26.4	21.1	11.1	19.7	.1	.3	.2	2.5	1.9
Connecticut	828	15.3	31.9	20.5	10.7	16.6	(¹)	.1	.2	3.2	1.4
Delaware	198	14.8	27.1	20.3	11.3	21.5	.3	.4	.2	2.2	1.9
District of Columbia	174	25.1	35.8	16.8	7.1	12.7	(¹)	.2	.2	.9	1.1
Florida	4,166	14.4	23.9	22.7	13.3	20.5	.3	.3	.6	2.3	1.7
Georgia	2,020	15.9	27.5	19.3	12.2	18.3	.2	.3	.6	3.4	2.4
Hawaii	288	14.3	24.9	22.3	13.5	19.9	.5	.2	.4	1.8	2.0
Idaho	326	14.0	24.8	22.7	13.1	19.0	1.1	.1	.3	2.8	2.0
Illinois	2,846	15.3	25.7	20.2	11.2	19.7	.1	.4	.3	4.4	2.7
Indiana	1,374	13.9	27.1	19.6	10.5	19.3	.3	.3	.3	6.3	2.5
Iowa	767	14.5	26.7	22.0	10.0	18.3	.6	.2	.2	4.9	2.4
Kansas	671	14.0	29.1	22.5	9.7	18.2	.2	.5	.4	3.9	1.5
Kentucky	907	13.1	25.6	21.4	10.3	21.5	.4	.1	.6	4.9	2.2
Louisiana	917	8.6	26.9	23.8	13.3	23.1	.1	.2	.2	1.9	1.9
Maine	325	14.8	28.4	22.3	11.3	18.0	.7	.4	.2	2.6	1.2
Maryland	1,440	18.3	31.0	18.5	9.4	18.9	.1	.5	.2	1.7	1.3
Massachusetts	1,589	16.7	32.4	21.0	8.2	18.3	(¹)	(¹)	.2	2.1	1.1
Michigan	2,029	12.3	27.7	22.0	10.8	18.2	.1	.3	.3	5.9	2.4
Minnesota	1,341	16.8	29.1	20.9	9.4	17.3	.2	.2	.2	4.0	2.0
Mississippi	551	13.1	26.8	19.4	10.4	21.0	.8	.3	(¹)	6.1	1.9
Missouri	1,331	14.5	25.7	22.4	11.1	20.7	.2	.1	.5	3.3	1.6
Montana	229	17.2	24.9	22.3	9.9	20.4	.5	.4	(¹)	2.6	1.7
Nebraska	460	14.1	27.0	19.9	11.4	18.8	.5	.2	.2	6.1	1.9
Nevada	566	11.5	19.7	28.7	13.8	20.6	.1	.4	.3	1.9	3.1
New Hampshire	336	14.6	31.3	18.0	12.3	17.8	.2	.3	.3	3.4	1.7
New Jersey	1,972	13.6	27.7	19.9	11.3	21.3	.1	.1	.5	3.0	2.4
New Mexico	393	12.6	29.7	25.5	8.2	20.1	.3	.1	.2	1.9	1.3
New York	4,304	14.0	30.1	23.3	10.5	17.9	.1	.2	.3	2.4	1.3
North Carolina	2,053	12.6	28.2	22.0	10.9	19.4	.4	.2	.3	3.8	2.1
North Dakota	183	15.3	27.3	22.2	9.5	21.1	.4	.3	.2	2.6	1.1
Ohio	2,556	12.8	25.3	24.6	10.6	18.9	.2	.3	.4	4.1	2.8
Oklahoma	766	13.3	27.1	21.9	11.2	20.9	.2	.4	.3	3.3	1.5
Oregon	826	16.4	26.3	20.3	10.8	19.2	.8	.1	.6	3.2	2.4
Pennsylvania	2,846	13.7	27.6	21.9	10.6	20.1	.2	.4	.1	3.0	2.3
Rhode Island	244	14.5	29.1	21.8	9.5	18.5	(¹)	.1	.3	4.8	1.3
South Carolina	970	12.5	27.5	18.3	12.6	21.6	.2	.1	.4	5.0	1.8
South Dakota	204	13.6	26.0	22.2	9.2	22.0	.9	.4	.3	4.0	1.5
Tennessee	1,297	12.6	27.7	22.3	11.3	19.0	.3	.5	.2	4.1	1.9
Texas	5,378	13.9	24.9	23.2	12.3	20.2	.1	.4	.2	3.0	1.8
Utah	591	13.6	25.5	20.0	11.5	23.2	.2	.1	.1	3.6	2.0
Vermont	163	15.6	32.6	20.2	8.6	17.0	.7	.5	.3	3.0	1.7
Virginia	1,909	18.8	28.6	19.6	9.7	17.6	.3	.3	.3	2.5	2.4
Washington	1,498	16.9	27.5	21.0	10.1	17.1	1.1	.4	.8	2.9	2.2
West Virginia	351	12.6	29.9	21.6	11.0	20.6	.1	.5	.3	1.7	1.7
Wisconsin	1,387	14.7	25.9	21.8	10.9	18.2	.5	.1	.2	5.1	2.5
Wyoming	129	13.3	23.6	25.6	10.4	21.1	.6	1.0	.2	2.0	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
White											
Alabama	1,543	13.3	22.9	13.3	11.2	13.1	0.5	6.6	4.4	7.9	6.7
Alaska	261	17.0	23.8	16.2	8.5	12.8	1.9	6.3	4.6	2.7	6.0
Arizona	2,396	16.1	20.0	19.6	11.8	14.3	.3	5.3	4.0	3.7	4.9
Arkansas	995	14.1	17.8	16.2	12.4	12.4	1.5	4.9	5.0	8.5	7.1
California	12,695	16.8	21.1	18.4	10.9	11.5	1.6	5.6	3.1	5.2	5.9
Colorado	2,348	19.1	23.2	16.4	10.8	12.6	.4	5.9	3.1	3.9	4.6
Connecticut	1,406	19.2	26.0	15.8	10.2	10.8	.1	5.9	3.0	5.3	3.7
Delaware	303	17.2	23.0	17.3	9.9	14.0	.9	5.9	4.0	3.5	4.3
District of Columbia	193	31.1	42.7	10.6	5.7	7.2	.1	1.4	.3	.6	.3
Florida	7,030	16.8	20.9	18.7	13.4	13.2	.3	5.1	3.8	3.1	4.8
Georgia	2,794	18.7	22.6	13.0	11.4	11.6	.3	5.6	4.5	5.7	6.5
Hawaii	138	19.8	27.1	18.2	12.2	6.5	.9	5.6	3.9	2.1	3.7
Idaho	690	15.7	19.9	16.2	12.0	11.8	3.0	6.0	3.8	5.2	6.3
Illinois	4,881	16.5	21.0	16.5	11.6	12.8	.3	4.3	3.6	6.7	6.5
Indiana	2,642	15.7	20.1	16.5	10.4	11.0	.7	5.6	4.2	9.2	6.7
Iowa	1,494	16.9	20.5	16.5	9.8	12.0	1.2	4.3	3.4	8.0	7.3
Kansas	1,237	17.2	22.8	16.7	9.4	11.6	.7	5.5	3.8	6.1	6.1
Kentucky	1,689	14.3	20.5	16.8	10.1	14.4	.7	4.8	4.2	7.3	7.0
Louisiana	1,364	14.4	22.5	13.5	11.3	14.1	.8	8.3	4.7	5.5	4.9
Maine	639	15.0	23.3	17.4	10.4	12.2	1.8	5.3	3.8	5.7	5.1
Maryland	1,792	20.5	28.7	14.6	9.6	10.9	.3	5.7	3.4	2.8	3.6
Massachusetts	2,742	18.6	28.9	16.5	9.0	12.4	.2	4.5	2.4	3.6	3.7
Michigan	3,602	15.1	23.2	15.8	10.7	11.8	.7	3.9	4.2	9.3	5.4
Minnesota	2,494	19.1	23.8	16.0	10.4	11.6	.8	4.1	2.8	5.6	5.9
Mississippi	763	16.6	25.7	11.8	10.5	12.2	1.3	6.6	4.6	5.3	5.4
Missouri	2,424	17.5	21.2	16.2	11.0	12.4	.8	5.2	4.0	5.7	6.0
Montana	450	18.9	19.7	18.3	9.9	12.2	1.6	6.3	3.3	3.7	6.2
Nebraska	901	17.7	20.5	15.2	10.7	11.9	1.6	4.7	3.3	8.1	6.2
Nevada	977	13.3	16.5	26.1	11.8	12.6	.3	5.6	4.4	3.2	6.1
New Hampshire	672	17.9	24.9	14.3	11.9	12.0	.3	5.3	3.4	5.4	4.6
New Jersey	3,128	18.3	22.4	15.9	11.5	13.8	.2	4.6	3.2	3.9	6.1
New Mexico	730	15.1	25.0	19.1	9.7	12.2	1.0	6.5	3.2	4.1	4.1
New York	6,671	16.7	24.9	18.0	11.0	12.0	.3	5.0	3.1	3.9	5.1
North Carolina	3,151	15.8	23.2	16.8	10.4	11.8	.8	5.8	4.6	5.6	5.3
North Dakota	362	19.1	20.7	15.0	10.5	12.6	1.2	5.5	3.7	4.6	7.0
Ohio	4,597	15.2	20.3	17.2	10.1	12.8	.5	4.8	3.9	8.5	6.7
Oklahoma	1,286	16.6	19.6	16.6	10.3	14.0	.4	6.4	4.5	5.7	5.8
Oregon	1,547	17.0	21.9	15.7	11.4	12.7	1.9	5.0	2.9	5.4	6.2
Pennsylvania	5,187	16.3	21.9	16.4	10.6	12.7	.5	4.6	3.5	6.2	7.0
Rhode Island	440	16.6	25.1	18.3	9.8	12.2	.3	4.3	2.6	6.7	4.3
South Carolina	1,451	14.7	24.3	13.2	11.9	12.4	1.1	5.7	5.0	6.2	5.4
South Dakota	397	18.2	18.8	16.2	9.9	13.5	2.0	5.1	3.9	6.7	5.7
Tennessee	2,270	15.1	20.6	17.7	10.1	11.6	.7	6.2	4.3	7.5	6.2
Texas	9,797	15.3	19.6	17.3	11.3	12.5	.5	7.7	3.9	5.7	6.2
Utah	1,294	16.3	21.5	15.1	11.3	14.3	.4	5.6	3.9	5.3	6.3
Vermont	322	16.7	26.2	16.2	8.9	11.4	1.3	5.4	3.0	5.9	4.8
Virginia	2,957	20.5	25.3	14.8	9.4	10.5	.9	6.3	3.7	3.7	4.9
Washington	2,646	17.2	23.8	15.8	9.9	11.7	1.5	5.2	4.3	4.6	6.1
West Virginia	705	13.8	22.5	16.6	10.3	12.4	.1	8.7	3.4	4.8	7.5
Wisconsin	2,616	16.5	21.4	16.2	9.8	12.0	.9	4.4	3.8	9.1	5.9
Wyoming	276	14.3	17.9	17.1	9.0	12.0	1.4	10.9	4.8	4.9	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Black or African American											
Alabama	432	9.3	14.3	22.0	10.7	16.5	0.8	2.5	1.7	14.0	8.1
Alaska	9	18.5	12.1	22.6	12.0	18.7	(¹)	3.9	5.5	1.1	5.6
Arizona	117	7.8	19.7	22.5	12.5	16.3	(¹)	.7	4.9	4.7	11.1
Arkansas	152	10.1	17.1	33.3	6.7	6.5	.7	2.4	2.6	9.5	11.2
California	887	14.2	21.9	21.6	9.7	16.4	.6	2.3	2.5	2.6	8.3
Colorado	95	13.8	14.8	27.1	9.2	17.1	.3	1.0	4.0	6.7	5.9
Connecticut	168	10.9	24.7	26.0	10.6	11.8	.1	2.8	3.0	4.6	5.7
Delaware	83	12.7	20.6	22.7	8.8	15.1	1.3	2.3	3.0	4.5	9.0
District of Columbia	124	18.0	23.2	25.0	9.3	13.2	(¹)	2.2	1.7	1.6	5.7
Florida	1,312	8.6	16.6	28.7	11.4	13.5	.4	3.5	3.3	4.1	9.9
Georgia	1,281	11.8	19.6	24.8	11.2	12.5	.4	2.4	2.7	4.9	9.6
Hawaii	9	9.3	34.1	14.5	8.3	26.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.3	5.7
Idaho	7	16.4	10.5	26.8	15.2	9.1	(¹)	6.0	7.4	(¹)	8.5
Illinois	688	11.9	20.0	25.8	9.3	15.5	.1	1.5	1.9	4.9	9.1
Indiana	216	5.6	19.9	24.1	11.9	14.2	(¹)	.9	2.8	10.2	10.4
Iowa	37	8.9	9.4	25.5	11.0	16.2	(¹)	3.4	.3	12.4	13.1
Kansas	69	12.2	19.5	18.6	11.2	15.4	(¹)	1.6	4.6	9.9	7.1
Kentucky	146	8.5	14.5	23.0	4.9	16.5	(¹)	.8	2.1	14.1	15.4
Louisiana	518	5.9	16.0	29.0	14.3	14.8	1.1	2.6	1.6	5.5	9.3
Maine	6	3.2	11.9	41.1	12.3	18.8	(¹)	4.5	(¹)	4.6	3.8
Maryland	824	17.1	22.1	19.5	9.0	16.5	.2	3.7	2.3	2.7	7.0
Massachusetts	215	7.3	20.5	32.2	9.0	14.9	(¹)	4.7	2.4	2.1	6.9
Michigan	497	10.3	16.9	29.0	9.1	11.0	(¹)	1.3	1.5	11.2	9.8
Minnesota	121	9.0	12.9	29.9	9.6	11.0	(¹)	1.5	2.7	12.4	11.0
Mississippi	356	6.8	11.8	21.8	9.1	14.6	1.6	4.7	2.6	16.5	10.6
Missouri	271	12.4	12.8	25.9	7.3	18.6	.1	4.4	2.9	6.5	9.0
Montana	2	41.4	32.5	9.3	6.1	10.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	40	11.8	11.4	15.5	12.4	21.2	(¹)	1.0	3.3	19.2	4.2
Nevada	97	12.0	12.5	26.1	12.4	15.5	(¹)	2.7	3.2	2.4	13.2
New Hampshire	8	9.4	31.2	18.4	8.0	14.0	6.0	2.0	3.8	4.7	2.5
New Jersey	544	8.3	16.5	28.6	7.8	15.3	(¹)	3.2	2.7	4.3	13.2
New Mexico	20	8.0	26.0	26.8	8.3	20.1	(¹)	3.9	3.1	1.9	2.0
New York	1,352	9.3	21.3	31.9	9.2	12.7	.1	2.8	2.7	2.3	7.6
North Carolina	885	8.6	17.3	22.5	11.6	14.3	.7	2.9	2.4	9.4	10.2
North Dakota	5	6.1	8.3	26.5	13.8	15.8	(¹)	2.5	1.9	22.0	3.1
Ohio	513	10.3	18.3	33.3	5.7	11.8	(¹)	1.5	2.3	8.4	8.4
Oklahoma	107	8.1	20.1	22.8	10.0	14.8	.7	2.2	2.4	7.7	11.2
Oregon	24	15.1	18.3	24.8	10.1	17.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	13.3
Pennsylvania	552	9.6	22.2	25.2	7.6	14.2	.3	3.5	2.5	5.7	9.2
Rhode Island	29	11.1	17.7	26.7	12.6	11.7	(¹)	2.8	3.8	8.2	5.3
South Carolina	506	7.1	14.3	21.7	10.5	17.0	.3	1.9	2.9	16.1	8.0
South Dakota	6	6.8	19.5	24.2	8.5	7.0	(¹)	3.4	3.2	23.3	4.0
Tennessee	448	9.4	15.5	22.9	11.7	15.9	.1	1.6	2.7	8.1	12.1
Texas	1,394	11.3	18.1	23.3	10.3	15.9	.2	3.2	3.2	3.6	10.9
Utah	17	6.5	29.0	13.0	19.6	12.1	1.7	2.5	1.1	4.8	9.8
Vermont	2	5.7	21.4	40.2	2.8	10.8	5.2	(¹)	(¹)	6.5	7.6
Virginia	702	11.8	18.9	23.4	8.4	14.2	.2	3.7	3.2	7.4	8.8
Washington	97	10.5	16.6	24.6	9.1	13.7	.8	3.5	3.9	4.9	12.4
West Virginia	24	9.7	20.1	30.0	12.8	11.6	(¹)	1.4	1.6	6.9	5.9
Wisconsin	133	9.5	11.2	31.8	9.4	11.3	(¹)	1.3	.8	15.6	9.1
Wyoming	4	1.7	13.9	25.7	11.3	12.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.3	12.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Asian											
Alabama	28	2.6	26.1	41.2	6.5	8.8	(¹)	(¹)	5.8	5.3	3.6
Alaska	23	10.2	13.2	39.0	10.6	12.1	(¹)	1.5	1.7	5.7	6.1
Arizona	97	21.8	38.4	21.7	2.8	6.7	(¹)	3.4	(¹)	5.2	(¹)
Arkansas	33	18.8	51.0	11.7	5.5	2.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.1	.9
California	2,601	17.6	31.5	15.6	11.3	11.6	.3	1.0	2.4	5.3	3.3
Colorado	71	11.8	33.6	20.1	9.2	12.0	(¹)	.4	2.3	7.6	2.9
Connecticut	104	15.8	43.3	14.9	12.7	3.7	(¹)	.4	.4	7.5	1.3
Delaware	16	21.8	43.8	10.7	14.9	6.7	(¹)	.2	.5	.7	.7
District of Columbia	16	25.5	44.7	12.5	6.9	8.0	(¹)	.2	.3	1.0	.8
Florida	276	11.7	20.5	29.4	11.8	11.4	.3	3.4	2.8	3.9	4.8
Georgia	203	16.9	33.0	14.3	14.5	4.8	.1	3.9	1.2	8.9	2.3
Hawaii	272	13.9	19.6	22.9	11.9	13.4	.9	4.9	3.9	2.8	5.9
Idaho	9	14.0	24.4	40.9	2.4	1.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	17.2	(¹)
Illinois	305	22.4	37.1	11.9	11.6	7.5	(¹)	.7	1.3	5.5	2.1
Indiana	46	11.0	32.8	9.2	10.2	4.8	2.0	3.5	.6	20.3	5.5
Iowa	49	6.8	36.9	17.1	6.3	7.8	.4	.6	.4	21.8	1.8
Kansas	45	7.2	45.3	17.8	6.3	4.3	(¹)	1.6	1.5	13.5	2.4
Kentucky	36	2.2	31.5	23.7	13.7	12.0	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	7.9	7.2
Louisiana	31	16.0	8.0	29.4	18.8	4.8	(¹)	(¹)	5.0	2.9	15.2
Maine	10	9.9	23.2	35.3	4.7	7.1	.6	4.8	(¹)	8.3	6.2
Maryland	215	13.6	43.8	15.2	13.0	7.2	.2	1.8	1.4	1.6	2.1
Massachusetts	214	25.9	37.9	14.1	5.3	8.4	(¹)	1.6	1.3	5.0	.4
Michigan	148	14.7	50.6	12.1	4.8	4.8	(¹)	.9	.2	9.2	2.8
Minnesota	142	12.8	32.6	13.4	4.6	8.3	.3	.6	1.3	23.0	3.0
Mississippi	15	19.6	21.8	27.8	21.4	6.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.9	(¹)
Missouri	49	9.9	35.9	23.9	6.8	7.5	(¹)	.5	4.4	10.1	1.1
Nebraska	24	6.5	35.0	7.9	6.2	3.8	1.3	(¹)	(¹)	38.1	1.3
Nevada	97	8.6	16.9	35.8	14.4	12.1	(¹)	.4	2.1	1.4	8.1
New Hampshire	15	10.8	50.2	11.5	10.9	2.8	(¹)	1.1	1.5	10.5	.8
New Jersey	390	21.2	39.4	12.8	11.5	7.4	(¹)	.9	1.6	2.3	3.0
New Mexico	26	11.9	59.8	19.9	6.5	.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	(¹)
New York	750	18.3	28.1	18.3	12.4	10.7	(¹)	1.5	1.3	4.6	4.7
North Carolina	133	20.0	32.6	13.5	8.6	9.8	(¹)	.8	1.0	9.1	4.7
North Dakota	5	7.4	35.5	17.7	3.6	4.6	(¹)	4.2	(¹)	14.4	12.7
Ohio	85	18.7	29.5	25.8	5.1	5.1	(¹)	.5	1.5	11.0	2.7
Oklahoma	39	16.2	25.7	23.2	7.1	5.8	(¹)	4.7	4.6	12.7	(¹)
Oregon	83	11.3	38.0	17.7	7.7	6.6	(¹)	1.0	4.3	9.6	3.7
Pennsylvania	146	13.9	39.8	13.6	11.2	7.3	.8	(¹)	.4	7.2	6.0
Rhode Island	21	8.7	35.2	20.6	5.2	8.4	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	16.5	1.5
South Carolina	33	22.3	40.0	12.6	15.6	4.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.8	(¹)
South Dakota	5	7.3	24.8	8.4	9.5	11.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	35.1	3.5
Tennessee	54	26.4	17.6	26.1	12.1	.7	(¹)	3.7	2.5	9.6	1.3
Texas	545	13.5	35.8	15.8	9.7	7.6	.4	1.3	3.2	10.7	2.0
Utah	22	19.5	23.1	13.8	15.6	10.3	(¹)	(¹)	2.8	9.5	5.4
Vermont	7	8.9	30.8	37.0	4.9	3.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	13.5	1.6
Virginia	266	25.9	32.6	15.7	9.0	8.3	(¹)	1.2	1.4	2.8	3.2
Washington	258	16.7	31.7	20.2	9.3	9.4	.5	.6	1.5	7.0	3.1
West Virginia	8	18.0	23.1	32.1	18.1	8.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	68	13.9	32.4	16.2	9.6	8.9	(¹)	.6	.3	12.8	5.3
Wyoming	2	5.0	45.0	21.3	7.8	11.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.3	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance			Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Farming, fishing, and forestry	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	79	4.6	7.4	25.5	6.0	5.3	1.7	22.0	5.0	14.4	8.1
Alaska	24	19.6	10.9	27.0	9.7	14.4	(¹)	7.0	3.2	2.5	5.8
Arizona	841	8.1	10.0	30.2	9.3	14.7	1.2	9.7	4.2	6.9	5.6
Arkansas	82	5.7	4.6	31.0	5.4	3.4	3.4	13.3	2.6	20.3	10.2
California	6,095	8.9	10.7	26.0	10.6	11.4	3.3	8.3	3.7	8.2	8.9
Colorado	453	8.5	11.6	25.6	9.8	13.2	.9	13.4	3.3	6.8	6.9
Connecticut	179	8.1	15.8	30.9	8.7	9.7	.1	9.2	3.2	8.5	5.8
Delaware	35	6.1	9.5	31.6	5.9	10.7	6.8	10.6	3.2	8.0	7.7
District of Columbia	35	18.7	18.3	41.1	5.2	4.6	.2	8.0	1.5	1.6	.7
Florida	1,982	12.0	15.2	23.2	12.4	14.0	.4	7.4	4.5	4.6	6.3
Georgia	321	8.3	9.9	23.3	6.2	5.8	1.6	18.8	3.6	13.5	9.0
Hawaii	50	11.3	13.9	26.1	9.5	15.7	.5	5.7	4.3	4.1	9.0
Idaho	82	4.8	5.5	23.0	11.0	7.1	15.5	8.0	2.3	12.0	10.8
Illinois	839	5.8	9.4	27.4	9.3	10.4	.6	6.9	4.1	16.1	10.1
Indiana	162	6.4	9.1	23.8	9.6	10.8	1.7	7.7	1.7	14.8	14.4
Iowa	81	7.5	6.5	27.6	11.9	8.9	2.0	7.1	1.2	19.9	7.5
Kansas	110	6.0	10.9	31.3	8.7	9.7	1.1	9.6	2.9	12.7	7.1
Kentucky	67	6.5	7.8	40.0	3.4	4.6	8.0	4.9	.3	15.9	8.5
Louisiana	88	7.5	9.2	17.4	10.6	13.1	2.8	30.3	2.3	2.7	4.0
Maine	6	16.5	49.5	.7	10.6	11.9	.8	(¹)	(¹)	1.5	8.4
Maryland	296	8.8	9.8	32.2	8.4	7.7	.4	20.6	3.6	3.9	4.5
Massachusetts	253	7.1	11.4	32.8	7.2	14.6	.5	5.9	.9	8.6	11.0
Michigan	161	5.8	20.2	28.2	5.8	4.6	3.9	6.6	2.2	16.9	5.7
Minnesota	120	7.3	15.6	32.0	7.0	8.3	2.4	5.6	1.7	10.1	10.0
Mississippi	28	6.0	12.2	14.2	15.9	7.6	6.5	14.6	(¹)	14.9	8.1
Missouri	75	8.7	14.1	29.4	7.2	13.5	1.7	9.8	4.3	6.8	4.5
Montana	12	8.8	7.9	28.0	11.5	15.7	2.1	2.4	1.8	10.6	11.2
Nebraska	97	5.4	6.7	19.2	9.2	8.7	2.8	9.0	1.3	29.9	7.8
Nevada	318	8.0	9.1	37.2	10.0	10.5	.5	7.4	4.1	5.7	7.5
New Hampshire	22	11.0	19.6	21.7	10.3	8.1	2.3	4.0	3.1	12.4	7.4
New Jersey	823	7.9	11.9	24.7	9.2	12.3	.6	7.9	3.7	8.9	12.9
New Mexico	369	12.5	15.9	25.2	7.7	15.6	1.0	8.6	4.1	4.6	4.8
New York	1,376	8.0	14.1	34.4	9.7	11.3	.1	6.9	3.5	4.9	7.2
North Carolina	379	4.9	6.0	33.9	8.2	5.4	2.9	19.3	2.6	8.5	8.3
North Dakota	8	3.1	8.8	20.0	14.2	13.2	5.5	11.3	1.1	8.7	14.1
Ohio	148	6.6	10.7	31.5	8.2	13.3	.3	7.0	4.5	9.7	8.1
Oklahoma	150	7.1	7.4	25.0	7.3	7.9	.2	26.2	6.1	8.6	4.2
Oregon	180	7.0	10.4	27.5	9.5	8.3	5.9	6.3	2.4	13.6	9.0
Pennsylvania	284	7.2	12.2	27.3	12.9	11.7	1.8	4.8	2.0	9.7	10.4
Rhode Island	53	4.5	13.8	30.0	8.1	8.5	(¹)	5.5	3.5	16.0	10.2
South Carolina	82	4.7	9.0	21.8	8.9	7.0	14.3	18.8	1.6	11.0	3.1
South Dakota	12	3.1	11.0	24.0	7.6	11.5	6.0	11.7	2.4	13.1	9.5
Tennessee	134	2.9	6.9	31.1	8.0	9.1	2.9	18.7	2.4	9.3	8.6
Texas	4,596	8.3	12.3	24.1	10.3	12.0	.6	12.0	4.4	7.7	8.3
Utah	158	5.7	7.3	23.3	8.8	13.1	2.1	14.0	2.5	11.5	11.8
Vermont	4	13.4	29.6	23.6	6.6	2.4	8.5	1.4	.7	9.7	4.2
Virginia	286	12.2	14.2	25.1	10.5	6.3	1.6	16.8	4.0	5.0	4.3
Washington	311	11.2	11.7	24.6	6.0	9.3	9.4	8.5	2.8	6.4	10.1
West Virginia	8	(¹)	28.3	14.1	16.3	12.0	(¹)	(¹)	4.6	6.8	17.9
Wisconsin	138	6.6	8.2	24.3	8.2	8.2	3.8	4.7	2.7	21.2	12.1
Wyoming	24	7.8	10.0	25.0	5.5	11.7	3.6	13.7	4.4	9.7	8.5

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	2,167	(²)	147	314	204	110	324	127
Alaska	362	12	29	(²)	(²)	(²)	49	28
Arizona	2,989	(²)	211	201	162	39	426	136
Arkansas	1,294	(²)	78	174	86	88	233	69
California	18,448	59	1,206	1,822	1,181	640	2,501	878
Colorado	2,749	51	211	212	146	66	358	123
Connecticut	1,838	(²)	120	209	155	54	231	65
Delaware	437	(²)	31	33	11	22	60	20
District of Columbia	370	(²)	12	5	(²)	3	22	9
Florida	9,369	(²)	652	460	311	148	1,429	498
Georgia	4,689	(²)	321	469	249	220	676	320
Hawaii	642	(²)	51	20	(²)	10	91	42
Idaho	770	(²)	55	77	37	40	114	43
Illinois	6,481	(²)	377	762	491	271	911	379
Indiana	3,173	(²)	213	541	373	168	425	158
Iowa	1,672	(²)	97	253	136	118	228	80
Kansas	1,477	(²)	97	181	114	67	185	62
Kentucky	2,056	(²)	115	250	168	83	296	126
Louisiana	2,079	94	170	147	66	81	311	124
Maine	707	(²)	51	66	38	27	117	23
Maryland	3,107	(²)	239	145	79	66	386	126
Massachusetts	3,457	(²)	209	276	176	101	416	113
Michigan	4,674	(²)	232	867	693	175	621	209
Minnesota	2,947	(²)	160	401	266	135	392	149
Mississippi	1,244	21	80	180	111	69	176	81
Missouri	2,996	(²)	197	331	204	126	419	163
Montana	510	(²)	44	24	13	11	66	25
Nebraska	1,027	(²)	74	131	52	79	150	52
Nevada	1,372	18	93	58	36	21	206	70
New Hampshire	740	(²)	52	97	71	25	117	31
New Jersey	4,483	(²)	293	412	190	221	621	219
New Mexico	911	27	69	41	25	16	107	28
New York	9,589	(²)	561	649	384	265	1,240	525
North Carolina	4,633	(²)	329	560	283	278	609	211
North Dakota	408	13	28	27	17	(²)	61	20
Ohio	5,653	(²)	358	921	574	347	737	271
Oklahoma	1,807	79	131	161	112	48	278	102
Oregon	1,886	(²)	139	243	167	76	283	89
Pennsylvania	6,399	(²)	418	835	493	342	881	359
Rhode Island	549	(²)	33	63	45	17	74	18
South Carolina	2,173	(²)	130	326	196	130	327	124
South Dakota	445	(²)	33	47	30	17	63	19
Tennessee	3,034	(²)	229	364	244	120	398	198
Texas	12,752	405	1,019	1,135	678	457	1,719	740
Utah	1,414	(²)	107	138	93	45	218	69
Vermont	349	(²)	26	35	23	12	48	12
Virginia	4,200	(²)	333	281	175	106	518	167
Washington	3,439	(²)	240	365	267	98	487	191
West Virginia	798	42	59	60	36	24	112	43
Wisconsin	3,074	(²)	181	525	335	191	420	131
Wyoming	306	38	23	12	6	6	40	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	39	130	199	442	175	114	105	(²)
Alaska	(²)	15	29	81	37	19	38	(²)
Arizona	46	264	418	591	324	178	150	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	69	102	274	118	61	59	35
California	497	1,229	2,563	3,740	1,815	979	773	383
Colorado	82	205	365	564	305	136	108	27
Connecticut	36	181	207	476	167	82	58	(²)
Delaware	9	43	44	100	45	18	26	8
District of Columbia	15	23	85	63	42	30	64	(²)
Florida	200	750	1,286	1,913	1,149	542	429	50
Georgia	100	278	661	923	441	229	227	36
Hawaii	(²)	37	67	130	108	28	51	10
Idaho	13	38	81	165	68	33	39	40
Illinois	123	458	829	1,409	613	298	243	64
Indiana	44	157	318	679	318	134	126	45
Iowa	31	127	130	397	138	62	53	71
Kansas	33	96	147	354	132	73	58	43
Kentucky	27	113	185	472	199	107	91	55
Louisiana	(²)	121	184	473	196	112	85	(²)
Maine	12	45	64	180	66	32	32	21
Maryland	70	185	483	703	244	172	334	(²)
Massachusetts	72	257	503	947	302	182	162	(²)
Michigan	61	267	463	1,075	443	231	141	58
Minnesota	48	219	324	718	234	130	96	67
Mississippi	(²)	48	88	309	109	54	51	31
Missouri	54	230	288	714	269	134	110	79
Montana	(²)	28	41	113	65	25	29	33
Nebraska	22	74	88	230	74	42	32	53
Nevada	24	76	161	199	334	58	67	(²)
New Hampshire	15	48	85	176	58	32	24	(²)
New Jersey	126	384	621	1,009	402	184	196	(²)
New Mexico	17	45	121	218	106	40	72	20
New York	278	811	1,207	2,491	907	421	442	49
North Carolina	94	267	476	1,102	479	230	198	69
North Dakota	(²)	25	27	102	33	16	17	30
Ohio	87	312	534	1,308	587	261	183	80
Oklahoma	35	88	144	389	170	81	108	40
Oregon	31	104	209	374	176	99	73	60
Pennsylvania	118	410	652	1,526	595	252	244	84
Rhode Island	8	37	63	138	61	28	23	(²)
South Carolina	37	139	230	455	200	100	79	23
South Dakota	(²)	33	28	106	40	16	16	36
Tennessee	66	180	301	642	308	170	127	36
Texas	213	839	1,444	2,677	1,158	733	524	145
Utah	39	104	170	286	114	66	66	(²)
Vermont	7	16	31	98	32	16	17	11
Virginia	87	273	664	842	358	228	381	54
Washington	69	197	445	712	356	148	143	82
West Virginia	(²)	40	66	203	70	40	47	(²)
Wisconsin	58	183	291	698	258	145	110	73
Wyoming	(²)	12	20	66	31	14	17	13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Employed								
Alabama	2,034	(²)	130	297	192	105	296	123
Alaska	340	12	25	(²)	(²)	(²)	46	27
Arizona	2,770	(²)	193	188	152	36	391	130
Arkansas	1,204	(²)	68	164	81	83	216	66
California	17,001	52	1,072	1,674	1,100	573	2,284	807
Colorado	2,583	48	194	202	141	62	332	118
Connecticut	1,710	(²)	109	195	144	51	210	61
Delaware	409	(²)	28	32	10	21	55	18
District of Columbia	340	(²)	10	4	(²)	2	19	8
Florida	8,763	(²)	583	427	287	140	1,340	475
Georgia	4,358	(²)	293	437	231	206	629	303
Hawaii	614	(²)	46	18	(²)	9	86	41
Idaho	724	(²)	50	72	35	38	106	40
Illinois	5,960	(²)	318	700	456	244	848	347
Indiana	2,948	(²)	191	509	354	155	389	149
Iowa	1,600	(²)	89	243	129	114	217	78
Kansas	1,403	(²)	90	171	108	63	172	59
Kentucky	1,901	(²)	101	229	155	75	270	121
Louisiana	1,949	90	152	138	63	74	286	119
Maine	663	(²)	45	62	36	26	107	21
Maryland	2,919	(²)	215	136	73	63	359	120
Massachusetts	3,239	(²)	191	260	163	96	381	106
Michigan	4,317	(²)	207	806	644	162	567	199
Minnesota	2,815	(²)	146	387	256	132	374	143
Mississippi	1,149	20	71	164	102	62	164	74
Missouri	2,817	(²)	174	313	195	118	395	151
Montana	484	(²)	40	22	12	10	63	24
Nebraska	988	(²)	69	126	51	75	145	50
Nevada	1,249	17	76	51	32	20	185	62
New Hampshire	704	(²)	48	92	68	25	111	29
New Jersey	4,153	(²)	257	386	174	212	562	198
New Mexico	852	25	60	37	23	14	102	27
New York	8,925	(²)	498	610	357	253	1,140	484
North Carolina	4,305	(²)	299	511	264	247	569	200
North Dakota	397	12	26	26	17	(²)	60	20
Ohio	5,270	(²)	312	855	536	320	691	252
Oklahoma	1,714	77	122	151	106	45	260	100
Oregon	1,749	(²)	126	225	157	68	254	86
Pennsylvania	5,971	(²)	356	781	461	320	814	340
Rhode Island	503	(²)	27	56	41	16	67	16
South Carolina	2,022	(²)	118	303	178	124	308	114
South Dakota	430	(²)	31	45	29	16	61	18
Tennessee	2,817	(²)	198	340	227	113	369	188
Texas	12,033	386	945	1,059	640	419	1,612	705
Utah	1,363	(²)	99	133	90	43	211	66
Vermont	335	(²)	24	34	22	12	46	11
Virginia	3,993	(²)	311	269	169	101	487	163
Washington	3,221	(²)	206	352	260	92	456	178
West Virginia	748	35	54	58	34	24	106	40
Wisconsin	2,884	(²)	159	500	319	181	397	122
Wyoming	293	37	22	12	6	6	38	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Employed								
Alabama	37	127	185	430	152	109	100	(²)
Alaska	(²)	15	26	78	34	18	36	(²)
Arizona	43	255	384	551	285	168	141	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	66	92	261	105	58	57	33
California	454	1,149	2,357	3,547	1,641	886	748	330
Colorado	79	196	339	540	278	128	104	23
Connecticut	33	170	191	454	150	76	55	(²)
Delaware	8	41	41	96	41	16	26	7
District of Columbia	13	22	80	57	38	28	61	(²)
Florida	189	721	1,185	1,825	1,051	503	412	45
Georgia	94	268	593	873	391	214	220	35
Hawaii	(²)	36	63	126	104	27	50	9
Idaho	12	37	76	156	62	31	38	37
Illinois	116	442	736	1,334	544	280	232	56
Indiana	42	146	291	647	286	124	118	44
Iowa	30	124	121	385	128	61	52	68
Kansas	32	92	139	343	123	69	57	43
Kentucky	24	111	164	449	176	102	89	52
Louisiana	(²)	118	171	452	175	107	84	(²)
Maine	11	44	59	172	60	30	31	19
Maryland	64	179	451	669	223	162	325	(²)
Massachusetts	67	247	465	911	277	164	155	(²)
Michigan	55	256	417	1,011	387	220	131	55
Minnesota	46	212	302	696	216	125	94	66
Mississippi	(²)	45	77	295	96	51	47	29
Missouri	50	221	267	685	246	128	106	75
Montana	(²)	28	39	108	60	24	28	32
Nebraska	22	72	84	224	71	41	31	51
Nevada	21	70	145	186	310	52	64	(²)
New Hampshire	14	46	81	171	53	30	24	(²)
New Jersey	118	358	569	963	367	173	187	(²)
New Mexico	15	43	113	209	99	37	66	19
New York	260	767	1,129	2,361	810	387	427	46
North Carolina	90	252	439	1,048	415	217	193	66
North Dakota	(²)	25	27	100	31	16	17	29
Ohio	83	301	480	1,252	531	244	181	77
Oklahoma	33	84	137	379	150	78	105	39
Oregon	30	99	192	356	159	94	71	55
Pennsylvania	114	389	594	1,464	539	238	237	82
Rhode Island	7	35	58	131	54	26	23	(²)
South Carolina	34	135	208	440	168	95	77	22
South Dakota	(²)	32	27	103	38	16	16	35
Tennessee	61	170	271	609	285	159	120	34
Texas	206	799	1,359	2,586	1,045	688	508	135
Utah	37	101	161	279	109	65	65	(²)
Vermont	7	15	29	96	29	15	17	11
Virginia	79	270	626	812	322	219	374	53
Washington	62	189	419	685	321	138	140	73
West Virginia	(²)	39	61	195	62	39	47	(²)
Wisconsin	56	177	257	673	230	138	105	69
Wyoming	(²)	12	19	63	29	13	16	12

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployed								
Alabama	133	(²)	17	18	12	5	28	4
Alaska	22	1	4	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	1
Arizona	218	(²)	18	13	10	3	35	5
Arkansas	90	(²)	10	10	5	5	17	3
California	1,447	6	134	148	81	67	217	71
Colorado	166	3	17	10	5	4	26	5
Connecticut	128	(²)	12	14	11	3	20	4
Delaware	28	(²)	3	2	1	1	6	2
District of Columbia	30	(²)	2	1	(²)	(³)	3	1
Florida	606	(²)	69	32	24	8	89	23
Georgia	331	(²)	29	32	18	14	47	17
Hawaii	28	(²)	5	2	(²)	1	5	1
Idaho	46	(²)	4	4	2	2	7	2
Illinois	521	(²)	59	61	35	27	63	32
Indiana	225	(²)	22	32	20	12	36	9
Iowa	72	(²)	8	10	6	4	11	3
Kansas	74	(²)	8	10	5	4	13	3
Kentucky	155	(²)	14	21	13	8	25	5
Louisiana	130	4	18	9	2	7	26	6
Maine	45	(²)	6	4	3	1	9	2
Maryland	188	(²)	24	10	6	3	27	6
Massachusetts	218	(²)	18	16	12	4	35	7
Michigan	357	(²)	25	61	49	12	54	10
Minnesota	131	(²)	15	14	10	3	19	6
Mississippi	95	1	9	15	9	6	12	6
Missouri	179	(²)	24	18	9	8	25	12
Montana	27	(²)	4	2	1	1	3	2
Nebraska	39	(²)	5	5	1	4	6	2
Nevada	124	(³)	17	6	4	2	21	8
New Hampshire	36	(²)	4	4	1	1	6	2
New Jersey	330	(²)	36	26	17	9	59	21
New Mexico	59	2	9	4	1	2	5	1
New York	664	(²)	63	39	27	12	100	41
North Carolina	328	(²)	30	49	19	30	40	11
North Dakota	11	(³)	2	1	(³)	(²)	1	1
Ohio	383	(²)	46	66	39	27	46	18
Oklahoma	93	2	9	10	6	4	18	3
Oregon	136	(²)	13	19	10	8	29	3
Pennsylvania	428	(²)	62	54	32	22	66	19
Rhode Island	46	(²)	5	7	5	2	7	2
South Carolina	151	(²)	12	24	18	6	19	10
South Dakota	15	(²)	2	1	1	1	2	1
Tennessee	216	(²)	31	24	17	7	29	10
Texas	719	19	74	76	38	38	107	34
Utah	51	(²)	7	6	3	2	7	3
Vermont	14	(²)	2	1	1	1	2	(³)
Virginia	206	(²)	22	12	6	6	32	4
Washington	218	(²)	34	13	7	6	32	13
West Virginia	50	7	5	2	2	(³)	7	3
Wisconsin	190	(²)	22	25	16	9	23	9
Wyoming	13	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployed								
Alabama	2	3	14	12	23	4	5	(²)
Alaska	(²)	(³)	2	3	3	1	2	(²)
Arizona	3	9	33	39	39	9	8	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	3	10	13	13	3	2	2
California	43	80	206	193	174	92	25	54
Colorado	3	9	25	24	27	8	4	4
Connecticut	2	11	17	22	17	6	2	(²)
Delaware	1	2	3	4	4	2	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	1	5	6	4	2	3	(²)
Florida	11	29	101	88	98	40	17	5
Georgia	6	10	68	49	50	14	6	1
Hawaii	(²)	1	4	4	4	1	1	1
Idaho	(³)	1	6	9	6	2	1	3
Illinois	7	16	94	76	70	18	11	8
Indiana	1	12	27	32	32	10	9	1
Iowa	1	2	9	11	10	2	1	2
Kansas	1	4	9	12	9	4	1	(³)
Kentucky	3	2	21	23	23	6	2	3
Louisiana	(²)	2	14	21	21	5	1	(²)
Maine	(³)	1	6	8	6	2	(³)	2
Maryland	6	6	32	34	22	9	9	(²)
Massachusetts	5	10	38	36	25	19	7	(²)
Michigan	6	11	46	64	56	11	10	3
Minnesota	2	7	22	22	18	5	1	1
Mississippi	(²)	3	11	14	12	3	4	2
Missouri	4	9	21	30	23	6	4	4
Montana	(²)	(³)	2	5	4	1	1	2
Nebraska	1	2	4	6	3	1	1	2
Nevada	3	6	16	13	23	6	3	(²)
New Hampshire	1	2	4	6	5	2	1	(²)
New Jersey	8	26	51	46	35	11	9	(²)
New Mexico	2	2	8	9	6	3	5	1
New York	18	44	77	131	98	34	14	3
North Carolina	4	16	37	54	64	12	5	3
North Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	2	(³)	(³)	1
Ohio	4	11	54	57	56	17	3	3
Oklahoma	1	4	8	10	19	3	3	1
Oregon	1	5	18	18	17	5	2	5
Pennsylvania	4	20	58	62	56	15	7	2
Rhode Island	1	2	5	8	6	2	(³)	(²)
South Carolina	3	4	22	15	33	5	2	1
South Dakota	(²)	1	1	2	3	(³)	1	(³)
Tennessee	4	10	31	33	23	11	6	2
Texas	7	39	85	91	113	45	16	10
Utah	1	3	10	7	5	1	(³)	(²)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	2	2	3	1	1	(³)
Virginia	8	3	39	31	36	9	7	2
Washington	7	7	26	27	35	10	3	8
West Virginia	(²)	1	5	8	9	1	1	(²)
Wisconsin	2	6	34	25	27	7	5	4
Wyoming	(²)	(³)	1	2	2	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Total	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	6.2	(²)	11.8	5.6	6.0	4.8	8.6	3.4
Alaska	6.1	7.1	13.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.0	4.7
Arizona	7.3	(²)	8.5	6.6	6.2	8.1	8.3	4.0
Arkansas	7.0	(²)	13.0	5.9	6.3	5.5	7.4	4.4
California	7.8	11.0	11.1	8.1	6.9	10.5	8.7	8.1
Colorado	6.0	6.0	8.0	4.6	3.6	6.6	7.2	4.0
Connecticut	7.0	(²)	9.7	6.6	7.0	5.7	8.7	6.4
Delaware	6.4	(²)	10.2	4.8	6.2	4.1	9.2	9.6
District of Columbia	8.1	(²)	19.6	15.2	(²)	17.2	14.4	12.8
Florida	6.5	(²)	10.6	7.0	7.7	5.6	6.2	4.7
Georgia	7.1	(²)	8.9	6.9	7.2	6.4	6.9	5.5
Hawaii	4.3	(²)	9.7	9.0	(²)	7.9	5.3	2.4
Idaho	6.0	(²)	7.9	5.8	6.1	5.5	6.4	5.2
Illinois	8.0	(²)	15.6	8.1	7.1	9.9	6.9	8.3
Indiana	7.1	(²)	10.4	5.9	5.3	7.4	8.4	5.7
Iowa	4.3	(²)	8.4	4.0	4.7	3.1	4.7	3.6
Kansas	5.0	(²)	7.9	5.3	4.7	6.4	6.8	4.3
Kentucky	7.5	(²)	12.2	8.5	7.7	10.0	8.6	3.8
Louisiana	6.3	4.6	10.6	6.2	3.7	8.2	8.2	4.5
Maine	6.3	(²)	11.2	5.4	6.6	3.7	8.0	6.8
Maryland	6.0	(²)	10.0	6.7	8.2	4.9	7.0	5.1
Massachusetts	6.3	(²)	8.6	6.0	7.0	4.2	8.4	6.5
Michigan	7.6	(²)	10.6	7.0	7.0	7.1	8.7	4.7
Minnesota	4.5	(²)	9.2	3.4	3.8	2.5	4.7	3.9
Mississippi	7.7	5.9	11.5	8.5	8.1	9.0	6.9	7.7
Missouri	6.0	(²)	12.0	5.4	4.6	6.6	5.9	7.1
Montana	5.2	(²)	9.0	8.9	8.4	9.6	4.8	6.0
Nebraska	3.8	(²)	6.7	3.9	1.9	5.2	3.8	4.4
Nevada	9.0	.7	18.6	10.8	12.2	8.4	10.0	12.0
New Hampshire	4.9	(²)	7.0	4.5	5.3	2.2	4.9	5.4
New Jersey	7.4	(²)	12.4	6.3	8.8	4.1	9.6	9.6
New Mexico	6.5	7.3	13.4	9.4	5.8	14.9	5.0	1.8
New York	6.9	(²)	11.2	6.0	7.1	4.4	8.1	7.8
North Carolina	7.1	(²)	9.2	8.8	6.7	10.9	6.6	5.3
North Dakota	2.7	3.3	5.6	2.7	2.8	(²)	2.3	2.6
Ohio	6.8	(²)	12.8	7.1	6.7	7.8	6.2	6.8
Oklahoma	5.2	3.0	6.8	6.2	5.4	8.0	6.5	2.7
Oregon	7.2	(²)	9.6	7.7	6.2	11.0	10.2	3.3
Pennsylvania	6.7	(²)	14.9	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.5	5.3
Rhode Island	8.4	(²)	16.6	10.6	10.8	10.0	9.1	9.3
South Carolina	6.9	(²)	9.5	7.3	9.3	4.3	5.9	8.3
South Dakota	3.3	(²)	6.0	3.1	2.2	4.7	3.0	3.1
Tennessee	7.1	(²)	13.6	6.6	6.9	6.0	7.3	5.0
Texas	5.6	4.6	7.3	6.7	5.7	8.3	6.2	4.6
Utah	3.6	(²)	6.7	4.1	3.7	4.9	3.2	4.9
Vermont	4.0	(²)	6.9	3.9	3.0	5.7	3.6	2.6
Virginia	4.9	(²)	6.6	4.2	3.6	5.2	6.1	2.1
Washington	6.3	(²)	14.2	3.5	2.7	5.7	6.5	6.7
West Virginia	6.3	16.4	8.9	3.8	5.5	1.3	5.9	6.6
Wisconsin	6.2	(²)	12.2	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.5	7.0
Wyoming	4.3	2.7	6.4	2.9	4.0	1.6	4.1	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	6.1	2.7	7.2	2.7	13.2	3.7	4.5	(²)
Alaska	(²)	2.5	8.0	3.6	7.5	4.1	5.2	(²)
Arizona	6.3	3.6	8.0	6.7	12.1	5.2	5.6	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	4.2	10.0	4.9	11.2	5.4	3.9	5.3
California	8.7	6.5	8.0	5.2	9.6	9.4	3.2	14.0
Colorado	3.8	4.2	6.9	4.2	9.0	5.8	3.5	13.3
Connecticut	6.8	6.2	8.0	4.5	9.9	7.6	4.1	(²)
Delaware	8.7	4.5	7.2	3.8	8.3	8.8	1.4	4.6
District of Columbia	10.1	4.8	5.9	10.0	9.3	6.5	4.4	(²)
Florida	5.7	3.8	7.9	4.6	8.5	7.3	4.0	9.9
Georgia	6.0	3.7	10.3	5.4	11.3	6.3	2.8	2.9
Hawaii	(²)	2.2	5.4	3.1	3.9	3.1	1.7	6.6
Idaho	2.4	2.0	6.8	5.5	8.4	6.8	3.6	7.4
Illinois	5.9	3.6	11.3	5.4	11.4	6.0	4.7	12.1
Indiana	2.7	7.4	8.6	4.7	10.0	7.1	6.7	3.2
Iowa	3.2	1.7	7.0	2.9	7.4	2.8	2.7	3.4
Kansas	2.4	4.2	5.9	3.3	6.7	5.3	2.4	1.0
Kentucky	11.2	1.7	11.4	4.9	11.6	5.3	2.6	5.1
Louisiana	(²)	2.0	7.5	4.4	10.9	4.7	1.2	(²)
Maine	3.0	1.4	9.0	4.4	9.2	5.4	.7	9.6
Maryland	8.6	3.0	6.6	4.8	8.9	5.3	2.7	(²)
Massachusetts	6.7	3.8	7.5	3.8	8.1	10.3	4.3	(²)
Michigan	9.7	4.1	9.9	5.9	12.7	4.9	6.9	5.3
Minnesota	4.1	3.0	6.8	3.1	7.5	4.1	1.6	1.2
Mississippi	(²)	5.9	12.3	4.5	11.4	5.9	7.9	6.4
Missouri	7.4	3.8	7.4	4.2	8.6	4.4	3.3	4.7
Montana	(²)	1.3	4.4	4.4	6.9	2.0	3.1	4.8
Nebraska	2.8	2.9	4.4	2.8	4.5	2.3	3.4	2.9
Nevada	11.2	7.7	9.7	6.5	7.0	10.4	4.1	(²)
New Hampshire	5.9	3.8	4.5	3.2	8.9	6.2	3.5	(²)
New Jersey	6.3	6.7	8.3	4.6	8.7	6.2	4.4	(²)
New Mexico	10.1	4.6	6.9	4.2	5.8	7.0	7.5	3.6
New York	6.4	5.5	6.4	5.2	10.8	8.0	3.2	6.4
North Carolina	4.6	5.8	7.7	4.9	13.4	5.4	2.7	4.7
North Dakota	(²)	1.4	2.0	2.1	5.6	2.5	.4	2.9
Ohio	4.8	3.5	10.1	4.3	9.6	6.6	1.4	3.3
Oklahoma	4.2	5.0	5.2	2.5	11.5	4.0	3.0	3.3
Oregon	3.6	4.8	8.4	4.9	9.9	4.9	3.2	8.9
Pennsylvania	3.3	5.0	8.9	4.1	9.4	5.8	3.0	2.8
Rhode Island	13.7	5.4	8.6	5.5	10.6	6.2	1.9	(²)
South Carolina	8.0	2.9	9.7	3.3	16.3	4.7	2.4	4.1
South Dakota	(²)	2.6	4.2	2.3	7.3	2.2	3.4	1.2
Tennessee	6.8	5.4	10.1	5.1	7.6	6.3	5.1	5.6
Texas	3.3	4.7	5.9	3.4	9.8	6.1	3.1	6.8
Utah	3.0	3.1	5.6	2.4	4.6	1.6	.7	(²)
Vermont	3.1	2.2	5.2	2.5	8.6	4.4	3.2	2.1
Virginia	8.9	1.3	5.8	3.6	10.2	4.0	1.9	3.1
Washington	9.8	3.8	5.9	3.8	9.8	7.0	2.4	9.9
West Virginia	(²)	2.9	8.2	3.9	12.2	3.1	1.4	(²)
Wisconsin	3.8	3.3	11.7	3.6	10.6	5.0	4.7	5.0
Wyoming	(²)	2.6	5.7	3.3	6.5	6.5	3.9	8.9

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Levels may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Alabama	2,034	1.1	6.4	14.6	9.4	5.2	14.6	6.1
Alaska	340	3.4	7.3	2.4	1.3	1.1	13.6	7.8
Arizona	2,770	.5	7.0	6.8	5.5	1.3	14.1	4.7
Arkansas	1,204	.5	5.6	13.6	6.7	6.9	17.9	5.5
California	17,001	.3	6.3	9.8	6.5	3.4	13.4	4.7
Colorado	2,583	1.8	7.5	7.8	5.5	2.4	12.9	4.6
Connecticut	1,710	(¹)	6.4	11.4	8.4	3.0	12.3	3.6
Delaware	409	.1	6.8	7.7	2.6	5.1	13.4	4.4
District of Columbia	340	.1	2.9	1.2	.6	.6	5.6	2.2
Florida	8,763	.1	6.6	4.9	3.3	1.6	15.3	5.4
Georgia	4,358	.2	6.7	10.0	5.3	4.7	14.4	7.0
Hawaii	614	.1	7.6	2.9	1.4	1.5	14.0	6.7
Idaho	724	.7	7.0	10.0	4.8	5.2	14.7	5.6
Illinois	5,960	.1	5.3	11.8	7.7	4.1	14.2	5.8
Indiana	2,948	.4	6.5	17.3	12.0	5.3	13.2	5.1
Iowa	1,600	.2	5.6	15.2	8.1	7.1	13.6	4.8
Kansas	1,403	1.0	6.4	12.2	7.7	4.5	12.3	4.2
Kentucky	1,901	.7	5.3	12.1	8.1	3.9	14.2	6.4
Louisiana	1,949	4.6	7.8	7.1	3.2	3.8	14.7	6.1
Maine	663	.1	6.8	9.4	5.4	4.0	16.2	3.2
Maryland	2,919	(¹)	7.4	4.6	2.5	2.2	12.3	4.1
Massachusetts	3,239	.1	5.9	8.0	5.0	3.0	11.8	3.3
Michigan	4,317	.1	4.8	18.7	14.9	3.8	13.1	4.6
Minnesota	2,815	.3	5.2	13.8	9.1	4.7	13.3	5.1
Mississippi	1,149	1.8	6.2	14.3	8.9	5.4	14.2	6.5
Missouri	2,817	.2	6.2	11.1	6.9	4.2	14.0	5.4
Montana	484	1.5	8.2	4.5	2.5	2.0	13.0	4.9
Nebraska	988	.2	7.0	12.8	5.2	7.6	14.6	5.1
Nevada	1,249	1.4	6.1	4.1	2.6	1.6	14.8	4.9
New Hampshire	704	.1	6.8	13.1	9.6	3.5	15.8	4.2
New Jersey	4,153	(¹)	6.2	9.3	4.2	5.1	13.5	4.8
New Mexico	852	2.9	7.0	4.3	2.7	1.6	11.9	3.2
New York	8,925	.1	5.6	6.8	4.0	2.8	12.8	5.4
North Carolina	4,305	.2	6.9	11.9	6.1	5.7	13.2	4.6
North Dakota	397	3.1	6.5	6.6	4.3	2.3	15.1	4.9
Ohio	5,270	.2	5.9	16.2	10.2	6.1	13.1	4.8
Oklahoma	1,714	4.5	7.1	8.8	6.2	2.6	15.1	5.8
Oregon	1,749	.2	7.2	12.8	9.0	3.9	14.5	4.9
Pennsylvania	5,971	.4	6.0	13.1	7.7	5.4	13.6	5.7
Rhode Island	503	(¹)	5.5	11.2	8.1	3.1	13.4	3.3
South Carolina	2,022	.1	5.8	15.0	8.8	6.2	15.2	5.6
South Dakota	430	.5	7.1	10.5	6.7	3.8	14.2	4.3
Tennessee	2,817	.4	7.0	12.1	8.1	4.0	13.1	6.7
Texas	12,033	3.2	7.9	8.8	5.3	3.5	13.4	5.9
Utah	1,363	1.7	7.3	9.7	6.6	3.1	15.5	4.8
Vermont	335	.1	7.1	10.1	6.6	3.5	13.7	3.4
Virginia	3,993	.3	7.8	6.7	4.2	2.5	12.2	4.1
Washington	3,221	.1	6.4	10.9	8.1	2.9	14.2	5.5
West Virginia	748	4.7	7.2	7.7	4.5	3.2	14.1	5.3
Wisconsin	2,884	.1	5.5	17.4	11.1	6.3	13.8	4.2
Wyoming	293	12.7	7.4	4.0	2.0	2.0	13.0	5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
TOTAL								
Alabama	1.8	6.2	9.1	21.2	7.5	5.4	4.9	1.3
Alaska	1.6	4.4	7.7	23.1	10.1	5.4	10.6	2.5
Arizona	1.5	9.2	13.9	19.9	10.3	6.1	5.1	1.0
Arkansas	1.1	5.5	7.6	21.6	8.7	4.8	4.7	2.7
California	2.7	6.8	13.9	20.9	9.6	5.2	4.4	1.9
Colorado	3.1	7.6	13.1	20.9	10.7	5.0	4.0	.9
Connecticut	1.9	9.9	11.2	26.6	8.8	4.4	3.2	.3
Delaware	2.0	10.0	10.1	23.4	10.1	4.0	6.4	1.8
District of Columbia	3.8	6.4	23.5	16.7	11.1	8.4	18.0	(¹)
Florida	2.2	8.2	13.5	20.8	12.0	5.7	4.7	.5
Georgia	2.2	6.1	13.6	20.0	9.0	4.9	5.1	.8
Hawaii	1.1	5.9	10.3	20.5	17.0	4.4	8.1	1.5
Idaho	1.7	5.1	10.5	21.6	8.6	4.3	5.2	5.1
Illinois	1.9	7.4	12.3	22.4	9.1	4.7	3.9	.9
Indiana	1.4	4.9	9.9	22.0	9.7	4.2	4.0	1.5
Iowa	1.9	7.8	7.6	24.1	8.0	3.8	3.2	4.3
Kansas	2.3	6.5	9.9	24.4	8.7	4.9	4.1	3.0
Kentucky	1.3	5.8	8.6	23.6	9.2	5.3	4.7	2.7
Louisiana	1.8	6.1	8.8	23.2	9.0	5.5	4.3	1.2
Maine	1.7	6.6	8.9	26.0	9.1	4.5	4.7	2.8
Maryland	2.2	6.1	15.4	22.9	7.6	5.6	11.1	.5
Massachusetts	2.1	7.6	14.4	28.1	8.6	5.0	4.8	.4
Michigan	1.3	5.9	9.7	23.4	9.0	5.1	3.0	1.3
Minnesota	1.6	7.5	10.7	24.7	7.7	4.4	3.3	2.3
Mississippi	1.4	3.9	6.7	25.7	8.4	4.5	4.1	2.5
Missouri	1.8	7.8	9.5	24.3	8.7	4.6	3.8	2.7
Montana	1.8	5.7	8.1	22.3	12.5	5.0	5.8	6.6
Nebraska	2.2	7.3	8.5	22.7	7.2	4.1	3.1	5.2
Nevada	1.7	5.6	11.6	14.9	24.8	4.2	5.1	.6
New Hampshire	2.0	6.5	11.6	24.2	7.5	4.2	3.3	.6
New Jersey	2.8	8.6	13.7	23.2	8.8	4.2	4.5	.3
New Mexico	1.8	5.0	13.3	24.5	11.7	4.3	7.8	2.3
New York	2.9	8.6	12.7	26.4	9.1	4.3	4.8	.5
North Carolina	2.1	5.9	10.2	24.4	9.6	5.0	4.5	1.5
North Dakota	2.0	6.3	6.8	25.1	7.8	4.0	4.4	7.4
Ohio	1.6	5.7	9.1	23.8	10.1	4.6	3.4	1.5
Oklahoma	1.9	4.9	8.0	22.1	8.8	4.6	6.1	2.2
Oregon	1.7	5.7	11.0	20.3	9.1	5.4	4.1	3.1
Pennsylvania	1.9	6.5	9.9	24.5	9.0	4.0	4.0	1.4
Rhode Island	1.3	6.9	11.5	26.0	10.8	5.1	4.6	.5
South Carolina	1.7	6.7	10.3	21.8	8.3	4.7	3.8	1.1
South Dakota	1.4	7.5	6.2	24.0	8.7	3.7	3.6	8.2
Tennessee	2.2	6.0	9.6	21.6	10.1	5.7	4.3	1.2
Texas	1.7	6.6	11.3	21.5	8.7	5.7	4.2	1.1
Utah	2.7	7.4	11.8	20.5	8.0	4.8	4.8	1.0
Vermont	2.0	4.6	8.8	28.5	8.7	4.5	5.0	3.3
Virginia	2.0	6.8	15.7	20.3	8.1	5.5	9.4	1.3
Washington	1.9	5.9	13.0	21.3	10.0	4.3	4.3	2.3
West Virginia	1.3	5.2	8.1	26.1	8.2	5.1	6.2	.8
Wisconsin	1.9	6.1	8.9	23.3	8.0	4.8	3.6	2.4
Wyoming	1.2	4.0	6.5	21.7	9.9	4.4	5.6	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Alabama	1,057	1.8	11.0	20.4	13.9	6.5	14.4	9.0
Alaska	182	5.7	11.6	3.5	2.0	1.5	14.1	10.4
Arizona	1,492	.7	11.3	8.5	7.4	1.1	15.3	6.4
Arkansas	642	.9	9.5	17.9	10.1	7.8	19.1	8.1
California	9,289	.5	10.5	12.6	9.0	3.6	13.7	6.5
Colorado	1,390	2.9	12.5	9.9	7.1	2.8	14.0	6.4
Connecticut	882	(¹)	11.5	14.9	11.9	3.0	13.6	4.9
Delaware	211	.1	11.8	10.9	3.9	7.0	13.7	6.4
District of Columbia	167	.1	5.1	1.4	.8	.6	6.4	2.8
Florida	4,597	.1	11.4	6.4	4.6	1.8	16.7	7.6
Georgia	2,338	.4	11.4	13.6	7.5	6.1	15.7	9.6
Hawaii	326	.2	12.7	3.6	2.0	1.6	15.2	9.0
Idaho	398	1.0	11.6	13.7	6.7	6.9	14.0	8.0
Illinois	3,114	.2	9.1	15.0	10.4	4.6	14.6	7.8
Indiana	1,575	.6	11.0	23.1	16.6	6.4	14.2	7.2
Iowa	833	.4	9.7	21.0	11.9	9.0	15.1	7.9
Kansas	733	1.6	11.2	17.2	11.4	5.9	12.9	6.4
Kentucky	994	1.2	9.5	16.4	11.7	4.7	15.1	9.8
Louisiana	1,033	7.9	13.1	10.6	5.1	5.5	14.1	9.7
Maine	337	.1	12.2	13.7	8.4	5.2	17.6	5.2
Maryland	1,480	.1	12.7	5.9	3.6	2.3	13.3	6.5
Massachusetts	1,650	.1	11.0	11.1	7.4	3.8	12.6	4.7
Michigan	2,288	.2	8.2	25.8	20.7	5.2	13.9	6.6
Minnesota	1,474	.5	9.0	18.5	12.8	5.7	14.2	7.3
Mississippi	598	3.1	10.6	18.8	12.5	6.3	14.9	9.8
Missouri	1,486	.4	10.7	15.4	10.2	5.2	15.3	8.3
Montana	254	2.6	13.7	6.1	3.6	2.4	14.1	6.8
Nebraska	528	.3	12.1	16.7	7.7	9.1	15.1	7.7
Nevada	683	2.1	10.5	5.7	3.7	2.0	15.6	6.7
New Hampshire	368	.1	12.1	18.2	13.8	4.4	16.6	5.6
New Jersey	2,180	(¹)	10.8	10.6	4.8	5.7	13.8	7.0
New Mexico	458	5.0	11.8	5.5	3.8	1.8	13.4	4.5
New York	4,621	.1	10.0	9.0	5.7	3.3	13.7	8.1
North Carolina	2,252	.2	12.2	16.0	9.2	6.8	13.7	7.1
North Dakota	213	5.4	11.2	9.1	6.3	2.9	17.5	7.5
Ohio	2,714	.4	10.6	23.1	15.4	7.7	13.1	7.1
Oklahoma	948	6.7	12.3	12.2	9.3	2.9	15.5	8.5
Oregon	923	.5	12.0	17.4	13.2	4.3	15.3	6.4
Pennsylvania	3,125	.6	10.2	18.1	11.3	6.8	14.1	8.8
Rhode Island	259	.1	9.7	14.7	10.7	4.0	16.0	4.8
South Carolina	1,051	.1	10.6	21.4	12.6	8.8	15.2	8.4
South Dakota	226	1.0	12.5	14.0	9.4	4.6	15.6	6.6
Tennessee	1,520	.7	11.5	17.0	12.0	5.0	13.2	8.8
Texas	6,655	4.9	13.1	11.8	7.3	4.5	13.6	8.1
Utah	772	2.8	11.7	12.6	8.8	3.7	15.7	6.4
Vermont	172	.2	12.8	14.4	10.2	4.2	15.4	4.9
Virginia	2,084	.5	13.6	9.6	6.2	3.4	12.7	6.0
Washington	1,723	.1	10.7	15.6	12.1	3.5	14.4	7.7
West Virginia	398	8.3	12.4	11.3	7.2	4.1	14.5	7.9
Wisconsin	1,497	.1	9.6	23.8	16.1	7.7	13.7	6.5
Wyoming	163	20.0	11.5	5.2	2.8	2.4	12.3	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Men								
Alabama	2.2	4.6	10.4	8.8	5.8	4.8	4.6	2.1
Alaska	1.8	3.2	8.9	12.7	9.7	4.8	10.3	3.5
Arizona	2.1	7.3	15.0	10.8	10.0	5.4	5.7	1.6
Arkansas	1.1	4.0	8.7	9.9	8.0	4.5	4.4	3.9
California	3.1	5.9	15.2	11.1	9.1	4.8	4.3	2.6
Colorado	3.5	7.1	13.8	10.6	9.9	3.7	4.3	1.3
Connecticut	2.3	10.4	13.5	13.5	8.6	3.1	3.4	.3
Delaware	2.2	8.6	11.1	12.9	9.6	3.4	6.5	2.8
District of Columbia	3.8	7.2	25.7	11.7	10.6	6.6	18.4	(¹)
Florida	2.3	7.5	14.4	10.4	12.2	5.3	5.1	.6
Georgia	2.6	4.9	14.1	8.9	7.3	4.9	5.5	1.2
Hawaii	1.5	4.1	11.3	10.3	16.7	4.6	8.9	1.8
Idaho	1.7	4.5	11.3	11.0	6.8	2.9	6.0	7.4
Illinois	2.1	7.5	13.9	10.5	9.3	4.4	4.5	1.3
Indiana	1.7	4.0	10.8	9.9	8.3	3.3	3.7	2.2
Iowa	1.8	6.5	7.3	10.2	7.3	3.4	3.4	6.0
Kansas	2.9	5.5	10.2	11.1	7.9	4.1	4.3	4.5
Kentucky	1.1	4.7	9.7	10.4	8.5	5.5	4.1	4.1
Louisiana	2.0	4.5	9.7	8.9	8.0	4.7	4.7	2.0
Maine	2.1	5.2	9.8	12.5	8.5	4.3	4.9	3.9
Maryland	2.5	5.7	16.7	12.4	7.7	4.6	11.2	.6
Massachusetts	2.9	7.9	16.7	14.6	8.3	4.1	5.4	.6
Michigan	1.3	5.0	10.8	10.2	7.8	4.8	3.1	2.2
Minnesota	1.7	6.9	12.2	12.0	7.0	4.0	3.1	3.5
Mississippi	1.3	3.4	6.2	12.7	6.2	4.9	4.4	3.8
Missouri	2.2	6.5	10.3	11.5	7.6	4.6	3.6	3.5
Montana	1.7	4.6	8.1	11.7	11.0	4.7	6.1	8.9
Nebraska	2.1	6.5	9.4	9.8	6.0	3.3	3.3	7.7
Nevada	2.0	5.1	12.2	7.3	23.8	3.6	4.7	.8
New Hampshire	2.4	5.4	13.7	10.5	6.8	4.0	3.7	.8
New Jersey	2.8	9.6	16.1	11.9	8.5	3.7	4.8	.4
New Mexico	1.7	4.3	13.5	13.5	10.4	4.5	8.5	3.2
New York	3.2	9.2	13.7	13.2	9.8	3.7	5.5	.7
North Carolina	2.8	4.7	11.8	10.9	8.2	5.0	5.1	2.3
North Dakota	2.0	4.1	7.4	10.8	6.5	3.6	4.2	10.5
Ohio	1.9	4.5	10.0	10.7	7.9	4.4	4.2	2.2
Oklahoma	2.0	3.2	8.3	9.4	8.2	3.8	6.6	3.2
Oregon	2.0	4.3	11.3	9.8	7.9	4.7	3.7	4.6
Pennsylvania	2.1	5.7	10.7	11.9	7.5	3.5	4.8	1.8
Rhode Island	1.6	5.4	13.4	13.0	10.2	5.0	5.6	.6
South Carolina	1.7	5.4	11.2	8.1	6.7	5.6	4.0	1.6
South Dakota	1.7	5.1	6.0	10.3	7.9	3.8	3.6	12.0
Tennessee	2.8	5.2	9.3	9.8	9.5	6.1	4.3	1.7
Texas	2.0	5.7	12.4	9.7	7.9	5.1	4.1	1.6
Utah	3.6	6.6	12.6	11.4	6.0	4.5	4.8	1.3
Vermont	2.8	3.8	9.6	15.1	8.5	3.7	4.5	4.3
Virginia	2.2	5.8	18.2	8.2	7.1	4.0	10.4	1.9
Washington	2.3	4.8	14.2	10.7	8.6	3.4	4.3	3.1
West Virginia	1.2	4.3	8.1	12.3	6.2	5.5	6.9	1.1
Wisconsin	2.3	5.1	9.7	10.1	7.4	4.1	4.0	3.5
Wyoming	1.2	2.5	6.7	10.3	8.0	4.1	4.4	5.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Alabama	977	0.2	1.4	8.3	4.6	3.7	14.7	2.8
Alaska	157	.7	2.2	1.3	.5	.8	13.2	4.9
Arizona	1,278	.3	1.9	4.8	3.2	1.5	12.7	2.7
Arkansas	563	.1	1.3	8.7	2.8	5.9	16.6	2.6
California	7,711	.1	1.3	6.5	3.5	3.1	13.1	2.6
Colorado	1,193	.6	1.7	5.5	3.6	1.9	11.5	2.4
Connecticut	828	(¹)	.8	7.7	4.7	2.9	11.0	2.1
Delaware	198	(¹)	1.4	4.2	1.1	3.1	13.1	2.3
District of Columbia	174	.1	.8	1.0	.4	.6	4.9	1.7
Florida	4,166	(¹)	1.4	3.2	1.8	1.4	13.7	3.0
Georgia	2,020	(¹)	1.3	5.9	2.8	3.2	13.0	3.8
Hawaii	288	.1	1.7	2.1	.7	1.4	12.6	4.1
Idaho	326	.3	1.3	5.6	2.4	3.1	15.5	2.6
Illinois	2,846	.1	1.2	8.2	4.6	3.6	13.8	3.7
Indiana	1,374	.1	1.3	10.6	6.7	3.9	12.0	2.6
Iowa	767	.1	1.1	8.9	3.9	5.0	11.9	1.5
Kansas	671	.4	1.1	6.7	3.7	3.0	11.6	1.9
Kentucky	907	.1	.8	7.3	4.2	3.1	13.3	2.6
Louisiana	917	.9	1.8	3.1	1.2	1.9	15.3	2.0
Maine	325	(¹)	1.1	5.0	2.2	2.7	14.8	1.1
Maryland	1,440	(¹)	1.9	3.4	1.3	2.0	11.3	1.6
Massachusetts	1,589	(¹)	.7	4.8	2.6	2.2	10.9	1.8
Michigan	2,029	(¹)	1.0	10.6	8.4	2.2	12.3	2.4
Minnesota	1,341	(¹)	1.0	8.5	5.0	3.6	12.3	2.6
Mississippi	551	.3	1.3	9.5	5.0	4.5	13.5	2.9
Missouri	1,331	(¹)	1.1	6.3	3.2	3.1	12.6	2.1
Montana	229	.3	2.2	2.8	1.3	1.5	11.7	2.8
Nebraska	460	.1	1.2	8.2	2.3	6.0	14.1	2.0
Nevada	566	.6	.8	2.3	1.2	1.0	14.0	2.9
New Hampshire	336	(¹)	1.1	7.6	5.0	2.6	14.8	2.6
New Jersey	1,972	(¹)	1.1	7.9	3.5	4.4	13.2	2.2
New Mexico	393	.5	1.4	2.9	1.5	1.4	10.2	1.6
New York	4,304	(¹)	.9	4.5	2.1	2.4	11.8	2.5
North Carolina	2,053	.1	1.1	7.3	2.7	4.6	12.6	2.0
North Dakota	183	.4	1.1	3.6	2.0	1.7	12.4	2.0
Ohio	2,556	(¹)	1.0	8.9	4.6	4.3	13.1	2.4
Oklahoma	766	1.7	.7	4.6	2.4	2.2	14.7	2.5
Oregon	826	(¹)	1.8	7.7	4.3	3.4	13.7	3.2
Pennsylvania	2,846	.1	1.3	7.6	3.8	3.8	13.2	2.2
Rhode Island	244	(¹)	1.0	7.5	5.3	2.2	10.7	1.7
South Carolina	970	.1	.6	8.0	4.7	3.3	15.3	2.6
South Dakota	204	(¹)	1.2	6.6	3.7	2.8	12.7	1.7
Tennessee	1,297	.1	1.8	6.3	3.5	2.8	13.0	4.2
Texas	5,378	1.1	1.4	5.1	2.9	2.3	13.1	3.1
Utah	591	.3	1.5	6.0	3.7	2.3	15.3	2.8
Vermont	163	.1	1.2	5.6	2.9	2.8	11.9	1.8
Virginia	1,909	.1	1.5	3.6	2.1	1.6	11.7	2.0
Washington	1,498	(¹)	1.4	5.5	3.4	2.1	13.8	3.1
West Virginia	351	.5	1.2	3.6	1.5	2.2	13.6	2.4
Wisconsin	1,387	(¹)	1.1	10.4	5.6	4.7	13.8	1.8
Wyoming	129	3.6	2.2	2.5	1.0	1.5	13.8	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Women								
Alabama	1.5	8.0	7.7	34.5	9.3	6.0	5.3	0.3
Alaska	1.4	5.9	6.4	35.1	10.4	6.1	11.0	1.3
Arizona .....	.8	11.4	12.6	30.5	10.7	6.9	4.4	.3
Arkansas	1.1	7.1	6.3	35.0	9.6	5.2	5.1	1.4
California	2.1	7.8	12.2	32.6	10.3	5.8	4.5	1.1
Colorado	2.5	8.1	12.4	32.9	11.7	6.4	3.7	.5
Connecticut	1.6	9.5	8.6	40.5	9.0	5.9	3.1	.3
Delaware	1.7	11.5	9.0	34.7	10.7	4.6	6.2	.7
District of Columbia	3.9	5.6	21.3	21.5	11.6	10.0	17.5	(¹)
Florida	2.0	9.0	12.5	32.4	11.8	6.2	4.3	.5
Georgia	1.6	7.6	13.1	33.0	10.9	5.0	4.6	.3
Hawaii .....	.6	7.9	9.0	32.0	17.2	4.2	7.3	1.2
Idaho	1.6	5.7	9.4	34.5	10.8	6.0	4.3	2.3
Illinois	1.8	7.4	10.6	35.4	8.9	5.1	3.3	.5
Indiana	1.2	6.0	8.8	35.8	11.2	5.3	4.3	.7
Iowa	1.9	9.2	7.9	39.2	8.8	4.2	3.0	2.3
Kansas	1.6	7.6	9.5	39.0	9.6	5.8	3.8	1.5
Kentucky	1.5	7.1	7.5	38.0	10.0	5.2	5.3	1.3
Louisiana	1.4	7.8	7.6	39.3	10.1	6.4	3.9	.3
Maine	1.3	8.2	7.9	40.0	9.6	4.8	4.5	1.7
Maryland	1.9	6.6	14.2	33.7	7.5	6.5	11.0	.3
Massachusetts	1.3	7.3	11.9	42.2	8.8	6.1	4.1	.2
Michigan	1.2	7.0	8.4	38.3	10.2	5.4	3.0	.3
Minnesota	1.5	8.3	9.1	38.7	8.4	4.9	3.6	1.0
Mississippi	1.4	4.5	7.3	39.7	10.7	4.0	3.8	1.2
Missouri	1.2	9.3	8.5	38.6	10.0	4.5	4.0	1.7
Montana	2.0	7.0	8.1	34.1	14.1	5.3	5.4	4.0
Nebraska	2.3	8.2	7.5	37.5	8.6	5.1	2.9	2.3
Nevada	1.3	6.3	10.9	24.2	26.1	4.9	5.6	.2
New Hampshire	1.5	7.7	9.2	39.3	8.3	4.5	2.9	.4
New Jersey	2.9	7.6	11.0	35.7	9.2	4.7	4.2	.2
New Mexico	1.9	5.8	12.9	37.3	13.2	4.2	6.9	1.1
New York	2.6	7.9	11.5	40.6	8.2	5.0	4.0	.4
North Carolina	1.4	7.2	8.4	39.1	11.3	5.1	3.8	.7
North Dakota	1.9	8.8	6.0	41.7	9.3	4.4	4.6	3.8
Ohio	1.2	7.0	8.2	37.6	12.3	4.9	2.7	.7
Oklahoma	1.8	6.9	7.6	37.9	9.4	5.5	5.5	1.1
Oregon	1.3	7.2	10.6	32.1	10.3	6.1	4.5	1.4
Pennsylvania	1.7	7.4	9.1	38.3	10.7	4.5	3.1	.8
Rhode Island	1.0	8.5	9.4	39.8	11.4	5.2	3.5	.3
South Carolina	1.7	8.0	9.3	36.6	10.0	3.7	3.6	.5
South Dakota	1.1	10.2	6.3	39.2	9.7	3.6	3.6	4.1
Tennessee	1.4	7.0	10.0	35.4	10.9	5.2	4.2	.6
Texas	1.4	7.8	10.0	36.0	9.6	6.5	4.3	.6
Utah	1.6	8.5	10.8	32.3	10.5	5.2	4.7	.5
Vermont	1.2	5.4	8.0	42.7	9.0	5.4	5.5	2.3
Virginia	1.8	7.8	12.9	33.6	9.1	7.1	8.2	.6
Washington	1.5	7.1	11.7	33.4	11.6	5.2	4.4	1.3
West Virginia	1.4	6.3	8.2	41.6	10.5	4.7	5.5	.5
Wisconsin	1.5	7.3	8.0	37.6	8.6	5.5	3.2	1.2
Wyoming	1.3	6.0	6.1	36.1	12.3	4.8	7.1	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Alabama	1,543	1.3	7.4	13.6	8.8	4.9	14.7	6.0
Alaska	261	3.6	7.5	2.3	1.5	.8	13.6	7.6
Arizona	2,396	.6	7.6	6.5	5.3	1.2	14.2	4.5
Arkansas	995	.6	6.3	13.5	7.1	6.5	18.9	5.8
California	12,695	.4	7.3	9.6	6.0	3.6	13.5	4.5
Colorado	2,348	1.9	7.7	7.9	5.4	2.5	12.6	4.3
Connecticut	1,406	(¹)	7.3	11.6	8.5	3.1	11.8	3.6
Delaware	303	.1	8.2	7.7	2.8	4.9	13.1	4.0
District of Columbia	193	(¹)	2.4	1.0	.5	.5	3.8	.9
Florida	7,030	(¹)	7.3	4.8	3.4	1.5	15.6	5.0
Georgia	2,794	.2	8.5	10.6	5.7	4.9	13.8	6.6
Hawaii	138	.1	8.8	2.8	2.1	.7	12.3	4.5
Idaho	690	.7	7.0	10.0	4.8	5.2	14.9	5.5
Illinois	4,881	.2	6.0	12.3	7.7	4.6	14.6	5.4
Indiana	2,642	.4	7.0	17.4	12.3	5.1	13.4	4.9
Iowa	1,494	.3	5.8	14.7	8.1	6.6	13.6	5.0
Kansas	1,237	1.1	6.7	11.9	7.6	4.3	12.4	4.4
Kentucky	1,689	.8	5.8	11.9	8.0	3.9	14.4	6.2
Louisiana	1,364	5.7	10.0	7.5	4.0	3.5	13.0	5.6
Maine	639	.1	6.9	9.4	5.4	4.0	16.2	3.3
Maryland	1,792	.1	9.2	5.3	3.1	2.3	12.2	3.3
Massachusetts	2,742	.1	6.2	7.7	4.7	3.1	11.8	3.5
Michigan	3,602	.1	5.4	18.2	14.4	3.8	13.9	4.5
Minnesota	2,494	.3	5.7	13.0	8.8	4.2	13.5	5.1
Mississippi	763	1.9	7.6	11.4	7.6	3.7	14.1	6.2
Missouri	2,424	.2	6.4	11.4	7.2	4.2	14.3	5.1
Montana	450	1.5	8.2	4.3	2.3	2.0	13.5	5.2
Nebraska	901	.2	7.3	11.7	5.0	6.7	15.1	5.2
Nevada	977	1.6	7.2	4.2	2.9	1.3	14.4	4.5
New Hampshire	672	.1	7.0	13.1	9.6	3.5	15.9	4.2
New Jersey	3,128	(¹)	6.8	9.3	4.4	4.8	14.4	4.5
New Mexico	730	3.3	7.5	4.1	2.5	1.6	11.8	3.3
New York	6,671	.1	6.6	7.7	4.6	3.1	13.0	4.9
North Carolina	3,151	.2	8.5	11.6	6.3	5.3	12.9	3.9
North Dakota	362	3.1	6.5	6.4	4.0	2.3	15.3	5.2
Ohio	4,597	.2	6.4	17.0	10.8	6.2	13.5	4.6
Oklahoma	1,286	5.4	6.9	8.8	5.8	2.9	14.6	5.7
Oregon	1,547	.2	7.6	12.4	8.5	3.9	14.7	4.7
Pennsylvania	5,187	.4	6.4	13.5	8.3	5.2	14.0	5.5
Rhode Island	440	(¹)	5.8	10.7	7.8	2.9	13.5	3.2
South Carolina	1,451	(¹)	7.4	12.6	7.8	4.9	15.4	5.4
South Dakota	397	.6	7.0	10.2	6.8	3.5	14.5	4.5
Tennessee	2,270	.4	8.4	12.1	8.0	4.1	13.1	5.1
Texas	9,797	3.4	8.8	8.6	5.2	3.4	13.6	5.4
Utah	1,294	1.8	7.5	9.4	6.4	3.0	15.3	5.0
Vermont	322	.1	7.3	9.9	6.4	3.5	13.9	3.5
Virginia	2,957	.3	9.0	6.8	4.3	2.5	12.6	3.4
Washington	2,646	.1	7.0	10.6	7.8	2.9	13.8	5.3
West Virginia	705	4.9	7.5	7.8	4.7	3.0	14.2	5.5
Wisconsin	2,616	.1	5.9	17.8	11.4	6.4	14.0	4.0
Wyoming	276	12.9	7.5	3.9	2.0	1.9	12.9	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
White								
Alabama	1.7	6.6	10.0	20.4	6.4	5.6	4.7	1.5
Alaska	1.8	4.3	7.8	23.4	8.6	5.5	11.2	2.9
Arizona	1.5	9.7	13.8	19.3	10.2	6.4	5.1	.8
Arkansas	1.2	6.1	7.0	20.2	8.1	4.8	4.6	2.9
California	2.7	6.9	13.7	19.7	9.8	5.4	4.2	2.3
Colorado	3.0	7.7	13.3	20.9	10.7	4.9	4.1	1.0
Connecticut	2.0	10.5	11.2	25.4	8.5	4.6	3.2	.3
Delaware	1.8	9.4	10.6	22.0	10.8	4.2	6.1	2.0
District of Columbia	4.5	7.2	27.7	13.7	10.6	9.3	19.0	(¹)
Florida	2.1	8.9	14.0	20.3	11.7	5.4	4.3	.5
Georgia	2.4	6.7	13.5	19.5	7.4	5.2	4.5	1.1
Hawaii	2.1	6.6	13.3	22.0	14.2	4.2	7.3	1.9
Idaho	1.7	5.2	10.2	21.9	8.3	4.2	5.1	5.3
Illinois	1.7	7.5	12.6	21.4	9.1	4.7	3.5	1.1
Indiana	1.5	4.8	9.8	21.4	9.5	4.2	4.1	1.7
Iowa	1.9	7.9	7.6	24.0	7.8	3.8	3.2	4.5
Kansas	2.3	6.9	9.9	24.1	8.2	5.0	3.8	3.3
Kentucky	1.4	6.1	7.9	23.6	9.2	5.2	4.7	2.9
Louisiana	1.5	7.2	9.7	21.3	7.6	5.5	4.0	1.2
Maine	1.8	6.8	8.8	26.0	8.6	4.5	4.8	2.9
Maryland	2.3	6.2	17.3	21.0	7.9	5.2	9.4	.7
Massachusetts	2.2	8.0	14.6	27.5	8.2	4.8	5.0	.5
Michigan	1.4	6.1	9.2	23.1	8.7	5.0	2.9	1.5
Minnesota	1.7	7.6	10.5	24.5	7.6	4.4	3.6	2.6
Mississippi	1.5	4.0	8.2	26.5	7.1	5.2	3.3	3.0
Missouri	1.8	7.8	9.5	23.4	8.5	4.6	3.9	3.0
Montana	2.0	5.7	7.9	22.0	12.1	5.3	5.6	6.8
Nebraska	2.1	7.3	8.3	22.7	7.2	4.2	3.1	5.6
Nevada	1.6	5.5	12.6	15.0	23.4	4.2	5.1	.5
New Hampshire	2.0	6.5	11.5	24.1	7.5	4.1	3.3	.6
New Jersey	2.8	8.5	13.8	22.6	8.1	4.3	4.5	.4
New Mexico	1.8	5.2	14.3	22.9	11.7	4.6	7.3	2.3
New York	3.2	8.2	13.1	24.8	8.9	4.1	4.8	.6
North Carolina	2.4	6.2	10.5	23.1	9.6	5.3	4.1	1.7
North Dakota	2.1	6.7	6.9	25.0	6.9	4.0	3.9	8.1
Ohio	1.6	5.6	8.9	23.0	9.5	4.7	3.2	1.7
Oklahoma	1.9	5.5	8.7	21.5	7.6	4.6	6.0	2.9
Oregon	1.8	5.8	11.0	20.3	8.7	5.2	4.2	3.5
Pennsylvania	2.0	6.6	10.1	23.5	8.9	4.1	3.4	1.5
Rhode Island	1.5	7.2	12.0	25.3	10.5	4.8	4.9	.5
South Carolina	1.4	7.2	11.3	21.3	7.4	5.3	3.8	1.4
South Dakota	1.4	7.8	6.3	23.8	8.3	3.7	3.3	8.6
Tennessee	2.1	6.3	9.7	22.2	9.8	5.8	3.7	1.5
Texas	1.6	6.7	11.5	20.5	8.9	5.6	4.1	1.3
Utah	2.8	7.5	12.0	20.7	7.6	4.8	4.6	1.0
Vermont	2.0	4.6	8.9	28.2	8.6	4.7	5.0	3.3
Virginia	1.7	6.5	15.7	19.6	7.7	5.5	9.4	1.7
Washington	1.8	6.3	13.4	21.1	9.1	4.3	4.5	2.5
West Virginia	1.3	5.2	8.2	25.9	7.6	5.0	6.0	.8
Wisconsin	1.9	6.4	8.7	22.7	7.7	4.7	3.7	2.6
Wyoming	1.3	4.1	6.8	21.2	9.3	4.6	5.6	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Alabama	432	0.3	2.9	18.0	11.4	6.6	14.7	6.4
Alaska	9	(¹)	2.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	20.6	4.5
Arizona	117	(¹)	.7	5.7	4.5	1.2	13.7	6.4
Arkansas	152	(¹)	2.4	13.1	5.2	7.9	11.1	5.5
California	887	.3	2.6	5.2	4.0	1.2	12.1	8.0
Colorado	95	(¹)	1.8	6.7	4.3	2.4	14.3	10.8
Connecticut	168	.1	3.0	8.5	6.1	2.4	15.2	4.9
Delaware	83	(¹)	2.4	7.5	1.6	5.9	14.8	6.4
District of Columbia	124	.2	3.9	1.6	.7	.9	8.8	4.5
Florida	1,312	.2	4.0	4.6	2.3	2.2	14.2	7.7
Georgia	1,281	.3	2.9	8.8	4.1	4.7	15.6	8.2
Hawaii	9	(¹)	(¹)	6.3	6.3	(¹)	7.5	5.1
Idaho	7	(¹)	11.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.8	8.5
Illinois	688	(¹)	1.5	6.8	5.1	1.7	12.7	10.8
Indiana	216	(¹)	1.8	15.3	10.1	5.2	12.8	7.1
Iowa	37	(¹)	3.9	17.6	8.6	9.1	12.6	4.9
Kansas	69	.2	4.6	14.9	7.7	7.2	14.5	4.9
Kentucky	146	(¹)	.7	14.8	10.6	4.3	11.7	9.1
Louisiana	518	2.0	2.8	6.2	1.6	4.6	18.3	6.5
Maine	6	(¹)	4.5	4.6	(¹)	4.6	22.5	(¹)
Maryland	824	(¹)	4.3	3.6	1.4	2.2	12.7	6.5
Massachusetts	215	(¹)	6.3	4.5	4.0	.6	11.4	3.4
Michigan	497	(¹)	2.0	17.4	14.5	2.9	8.9	7.2
Minnesota	121	(¹)	1.9	16.4	8.2	8.2	10.3	7.8
Mississippi	356	1.5	3.5	21.3	12.1	9.2	13.2	7.4
Missouri	271	.3	5.0	10.6	5.8	4.9	11.6	7.4
Montana	2	(¹)	(¹)	2.6	(¹)	2.6	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	40	(¹)	1.9	21.8	6.7	15.1	11.1	5.9
Nevada	97	(¹)	1.8	2.2	1.1	1.1	19.5	9.4
New Hampshire	8	(¹)	2.0	9.5	4.7	4.8	15.8	5.7
New Jersey	544	(¹)	3.1	7.3	2.6	4.7	10.7	7.3
New Mexico	20	(¹)	3.2	.4	(¹)	.4	10.0	5.0
New York	1,352	(¹)	3.0	2.1	1.0	1.1	11.3	8.6
North Carolina	885	(¹)	2.6	14.0	5.9	8.1	14.4	6.9
North Dakota	5	.6	1.9	23.2	15.6	7.6	23.2	2.2
Ohio	513	(¹)	2.0	9.5	5.3	4.3	10.2	6.2
Oklahoma	107	(¹)	1.9	10.5	8.0	2.5	18.3	3.0
Oregon	24	(¹)	(¹)	5.0	3.2	1.7	16.0	11.5
Pennsylvania	552	(¹)	3.3	9.2	3.2	6.0	10.9	7.8
Rhode Island	29	(¹)	3.8	11.2	7.1	4.2	14.8	3.9
South Carolina	506	.2	1.8	22.2	12.3	9.9	14.4	6.2
South Dakota	6	(¹)	4.3	26.5	15.1	11.3	11.5	(¹)
Tennessee	448	(¹)	1.4	9.5	7.1	2.4	14.7	14.3
Texas	1,394	2.0	3.0	7.2	3.8	3.5	13.8	9.9
Utah	17	(¹)	2.5	10.1	2.3	7.8	21.1	(¹)
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	6.5	6.5	(¹)	14.3	5.8
Virginia	702	.3	4.0	8.0	4.8	3.2	10.5	6.6
Washington	97	(¹)	2.9	10.6	8.6	2.1	15.0	7.6
West Virginia	24	(¹)	.9	9.4	1.5	7.9	13.7	3.2
Wisconsin	133	(¹)	2.8	14.2	9.5	4.7	11.1	7.9
Wyoming	4	8.4	(¹)	14.8	7.5	7.3	14.9	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Black or African American								
Alabama	2.4	5.4	6.5	23.1	9.8	3.7	6.1	0.8
Alaska	1.9	6.5	12.1	28.9	7.0	4.0	12.4	(¹)
Arizona	1.5	13.0	15.1	23.6	8.5	2.8	9.0	(¹)
Arkansas .....	.4	2.4	6.0	34.0	10.7	5.7	7.1	1.7
California	2.0	5.0	13.9	30.2	7.7	4.7	7.8	.6
Colorado	5.9	7.8	12.6	21.6	9.3	5.4	3.5	.3
Connecticut	2.1	4.9	6.3	37.7	7.6	3.4	6.2	.1
Delaware	2.4	10.1	7.3	29.8	7.4	3.1	7.3	1.4
District of Columbia	3.0	5.4	16.3	21.7	11.9	7.1	15.6	(¹)
Florida	2.5	5.7	10.4	25.9	12.2	5.6	6.7	.3
Georgia	1.5	5.1	12.8	22.0	11.7	3.9	6.8	.4
Hawaii	(¹)	7.6	5.3	31.8	15.7	3.0	17.7	(¹)
Idaho	6.6	14.4	13.4	21.7	11.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	3.5	5.5	8.9	29.9	8.6	4.5	7.3	.1
Indiana	1.2	6.4	7.4	30.3	9.1	3.8	4.9	(¹)
Iowa	2.2	4.4	7.9	29.1	11.1	3.2	2.2	.8
Kansas	2.2	4.4	7.3	24.9	10.0	3.6	8.4	(¹)
Kentucky .....	.4	3.7	16.6	22.8	8.6	5.1	6.3	.3
Louisiana	2.6	3.5	6.6	29.8	10.0	5.0	5.1	1.5
Maine	(¹)	4.9	13.1	37.1	12.7	.5	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	2.3	6.7	9.7	27.1	6.5	5.5	15.1	.1
Massachusetts	1.3	6.4	9.7	37.7	10.8	4.7	3.9	(¹)
Michigan	1.0	5.3	10.4	26.8	9.9	6.2	4.9	(¹)
Minnesota	1.6	5.9	11.8	28.1	7.4	6.3	2.3	.1
Mississippi	1.0	3.7	3.6	24.4	9.9	3.1	5.9	1.6
Missouri	1.3	10.8	6.5	31.2	8.7	3.7	2.6	.2
Montana	(¹)	37.7	7.3	29.2	23.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	5.2	4.9	13.5	21.2	5.9	4.4	4.1	(¹)
Nevada	1.6	5.4	9.3	16.3	25.4	2.0	7.1	(¹)
New Hampshire	(¹)	2.4	6.7	31.5	6.3	3.8	10.4	6.0
New Jersey	3.2	7.3	10.2	30.3	10.8	4.6	5.3	(¹)
New Mexico	3.0	7.7	10.2	26.5	12.2	5.2	16.4	(¹)
New York	1.8	7.4	9.6	37.6	7.4	4.9	6.0	.1
North Carolina	1.3	5.0	8.7	28.5	9.3	3.2	5.2	.9
North Dakota	(¹)	7.4	6.3	19.7	6.6	5.1	3.7	(¹)
Ohio	1.6	7.1	9.6	32.0	11.8	4.5	5.4	(¹)
Oklahoma	3.9	5.2	6.2	33.1	8.1	2.5	7.3	(¹)
Oregon	(¹)	4.4	14.8	25.9	6.5	8.4	7.5	(¹)
Pennsylvania	1.6	4.3	6.3	35.6	8.8	2.7	9.1	.2
Rhode Island	(¹)	8.3	6.1	33.3	7.7	7.9	2.9	(¹)
South Carolina	2.4	5.7	7.3	22.1	10.2	2.8	4.3	.3
South Dakota .....	.6	3.8	13.4	17.2	18.4	2.1	2.1	(¹)
Tennessee	2.5	5.6	10.3	18.4	10.9	5.0	7.4	(¹)
Texas	1.8	6.8	9.1	28.4	7.5	4.1	6.3	.1
Utah	3.3	4.9	4.6	27.6	13.5	6.0	6.4	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	5.7	44.6	13.1	5.0	(¹)	5.2
Virginia	2.9	6.2	13.1	25.7	8.9	4.4	9.4	.2
Washington	4.0	5.7	10.9	22.7	7.6	5.5	4.0	3.4
West Virginia	1.9	7.8	7.8	31.2	14.3	2.7	7.1	(¹)
Wisconsin	2.2	2.0	14.1	33.0	6.9	4.0	1.9	(¹)
Wyoming	1.8	10.1	(¹)	19.4	26.8	3.8	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Alabama	28	1.4	1.7	12.7	10.0	2.6	5.2	(¹)
Alaska	23	2.8	1.2	2.8	(¹)	2.8	15.9	7.2
Arizona	97	(¹)	3.7	13.3	9.9	3.4	16.4	(¹)
Arkansas	33	(¹)	(¹)	13.0	7.8	5.3	21.8	(¹)
California	2,601	(¹)	2.4	13.4	9.6	3.8	13.5	4.9
Colorado	71	(¹)	3.8	8.3	7.5	.8	16.6	3.8
Connecticut	104	(¹)	.4	16.0	13.0	3.0	13.4	.6
Delaware	16	(¹)	.2	9.9	3.1	6.9	9.7	.6
District of Columbia	16	(¹)	2.4	1.5	1.5	(¹)	4.7	1.5
Florida	276	.4	2.9	5.9	4.0	1.9	14.8	3.4
Georgia	203	(¹)	5.2	11.4	8.0	3.4	17.0	2.0
Hawaii	272	.1	6.5	2.8	1.1	1.7	15.0	6.3
Idaho	9	(¹)	(¹)	10.0	5.1	4.9	10.1	2.6
Illinois	305	(¹)	1.7	14.0	11.2	2.7	12.1	2.6
Indiana	46	(¹)	(¹)	25.2	12.0	13.2	9.2	3.6
Iowa	49	(¹)	.2	29.3	7.8	21.6	10.9	1.4
Kansas	45	(¹)	.5	18.7	13.0	5.7	5.6	1.6
Kentucky	36	(¹)	2.6	11.1	7.8	3.3	15.4	1.3
Louisiana	31	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	(¹)	1.9	22.9	14.0
Maine	10	(¹)	2.9	13.2	9.5	3.6	10.1	(¹)
Maryland	215	(¹)	2.9	3.0	1.9	1.1	13.4	1.9
Massachusetts	214	(¹)	1.8	14.1	11.6	2.6	8.6	.5
Michigan	148	(¹)	.6	31.8	28.0	3.8	7.7	.5
Minnesota	142	(¹)	1.0	26.7	15.9	10.8	12.0	1.7
Mississippi	15	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	32.1	3.4
Missouri	49	(¹)	.5	9.2	9.2	(¹)	13.5	(¹)
Nebraska	24	(¹)	2.8	40.5	7.5	33.0	8.4	1.9
Nevada	97	(¹)	.6	2.7	1.5	1.3	11.4	7.0
New Hampshire	15	(¹)	(¹)	16.7	15.0	1.7	10.7	.3
New Jersey	390	(¹)	1.7	11.7	3.8	7.9	11.4	3.6
New Mexico	26	(¹)	2.1	6.5	3.5	2.9	10.7	1.3
New York	750	(¹)	2.1	6.8	3.5	3.3	13.5	4.9
North Carolina	133	(¹)	.8	11.3	6.1	5.2	13.7	4.4
North Dakota	5	4.2	.9	15.2	14.4	.8	19.3	2.3
Ohio	85	(¹)	2.0	17.4	10.3	7.1	7.5	5.2
Oklahoma	39	8.6	1.2	8.8	7.1	1.6	16.7	7.8
Oregon	83	(¹)	1.6	25.2	20.8	4.4	10.0	4.2
Pennsylvania	146	(¹)	2.1	14.9	7.6	7.4	10.5	5.3
Rhode Island	21	(¹)	(¹)	25.0	16.3	8.7	9.6	1.3
South Carolina	33	(¹)	2.6	14.3	8.5	5.8	11.0	(¹)
South Dakota	5	(¹)	(¹)	34.0	13.0	21.1	11.8	(¹)
Tennessee	54	(¹)	1.0	24.1	11.6	12.5	8.3	1.7
Texas	545	1.7	3.3	17.0	11.4	5.6	9.9	3.6
Utah	22	(¹)	1.4	16.1	10.5	5.6	17.3	(¹)
Vermont	7	1.0	1.7	20.7	16.2	4.6	4.6	(¹)
Virginia	266	(¹)	3.5	3.6	2.3	1.3	11.2	4.7
Washington	258	(¹)	2.3	12.8	10.0	2.8	15.9	6.0
West Virginia	8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	18.7	(¹)
Wisconsin	68	(¹)	.6	15.5	5.9	9.6	11.1	2.9
Wyoming	2	5.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.9	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Asian								
Alabama	1.2	(¹)	2.0	24.7	34.9	14.9	1.3	(¹)
Alaska	1.7	3.2	7.7	25.5	25.1	4.3	2.6	(¹)
Arizona	1.5	5.3	15.2	27.0	13.5	1.9	2.3	(¹)
Arkansas	2.6	5.1	35.4	10.3	7.4	2.4	(¹)	2.1
California	2.8	7.2	14.6	23.4	8.3	4.7	4.3	.5
Colorado	4.7	5.0	10.4	23.3	11.3	8.4	4.5	(¹)
Connecticut	1.2	11.3	20.1	21.3	11.5	3.5	.8	(¹)
Delaware	2.3	23.7	16.3	20.3	6.9	6.3	3.8	(¹)
District of Columbia	2.5	5.8	26.3	17.1	10.5	7.3	20.4	(¹)
Florida	1.3	5.9	10.1	16.3	18.7	15.7	4.1	.5
Georgia	2.8	6.0	19.7	14.6	10.4	8.7	2.2	(¹)
Hawaii .....	.8	5.8	9.3	21.6	17.3	5.0	7.8	1.7
Idaho	(¹)	(¹)	32.6	8.4	15.5	12.6	8.4	(¹)
Illinois	1.7	10.9	16.1	24.1	9.2	6.2	1.2	.2
Indiana	(¹)	5.0	14.0	24.7	14.9	3.3	(¹)	(¹)
Iowa .....	.8	8.2	7.1	26.2	7.2	4.2	4.4	(¹)
Kansas	2.8	3.5	11.4	39.0	9.3	3.2	4.4	(¹)
Kentucky	(¹)	5.7	13.3	27.6	14.5	8.4	(¹)	(¹)
Louisiana	(¹)	3.3	9.3	10.3	28.5	9.8	(¹)	(¹)
Maine	(¹)	3.2	6.0	29.2	31.2	4.2	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	1.3	4.7	21.7	25.3	8.2	9.0	8.5	.2
Massachusetts	1.9	4.6	18.2	26.5	11.0	9.2	3.6	(¹)
Michigan .....	.3	5.3	17.1	22.5	9.8	3.9	.3	(¹)
Minnesota .....	.5	8.5	16.3	22.0	7.4	2.9	.6	.3
Mississippi	3.8	4.7	3.8	14.8	35.9	1.5	(¹)	(¹)
Missouri	1.8	2.5	10.0	35.3	11.8	11.2	4.2	(¹)
Nebraska	(¹)	2.9	8.3	27.7	3.7	2.4	1.4	(¹)
Nevada	2.2	5.5	7.8	15.3	39.9	5.0	2.7	(¹)
New Hampshire	1.6	9.9	19.3	25.6	9.1	5.6	1.1	(¹)
New Jersey	3.2	12.0	17.9	21.0	11.6	2.8	3.1	(¹)
New Mexico	(¹)	2.1	9.8	41.6	18.3	2.9	4.8	(¹)
New York	2.0	13.6	14.9	22.7	12.4	4.8	2.3	(¹)
North Carolina .....	.9	7.3	18.0	15.7	13.8	11.2	2.1	.7
North Dakota	(¹)	(¹)	15.2	28.6	10.1	3.5	(¹)	.7
Ohio	1.8	5.8	15.6	16.9	22.3	1.6	3.8	(¹)
Oklahoma	(¹)	2.1	6.3	18.7	13.5	15.7	.4	(¹)
Oregon .....	.9	3.6	11.4	21.5	12.2	9.2	(¹)	(¹)
Pennsylvania	1.2	8.2	16.3	24.9	9.6	3.4	2.8	.8
Rhode Island	(¹)	3.2	9.4	22.9	16.8	9.9	1.9	(¹)
South Carolina	(¹)	2.1	16.0	33.9	12.2	8.0	(¹)	(¹)
South Dakota	(¹)	9.6	(¹)	33.6	9.9	1.0	(¹)	(¹)
Tennessee	3.1	3.4	2.2	30.5	18.7	7.0	(¹)	(¹)
Texas	2.7	6.7	13.7	22.8	6.1	10.5	1.1	1.0
Utah	1.5	2.1	13.9	13.9	19.6	3.4	10.8	(¹)
Vermont	1.1	4.6	8.8	41.6	10.7	.6	4.4	(¹)
Virginia	2.3	10.1	24.8	15.9	8.0	7.9	8.0	(¹)
Washington	2.9	2.7	11.8	22.7	16.5	3.7	2.7	(¹)
West Virginia	(¹)	6.8	8.2	18.4	33.6	14.3	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	3.6	4.7	13.8	22.5	9.9	11.1	4.3	(¹)
Wyoming	(¹)	(¹)	5.0	43.1	25.8	(¹)	5.0	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Number (thousands)	Mining and logging	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	79	1.4	25.6	24.1	7.5	16.7	6.6	2.1
Alaska	24	3.2	8.9	3.5	1.1	2.3	13.5	3.7
Arizona	841	.7	11.0	7.1	4.9	2.2	14.1	4.2
Arkansas	82	.8	13.0	29.7	10.6	19.1	13.2	2.3
California	6,095	.4	9.0	10.6	6.0	4.7	14.8	5.4
Colorado	453	1.4	13.3	8.2	4.5	3.7	13.1	5.5
Connecticut	179	(¹)	10.8	12.0	8.3	3.7	12.5	2.9
Delaware	35	.3	10.3	11.0	2.0	9.0	13.7	3.9
District of Columbia	35	(¹)	9.1	.9	.4	.5	4.5	1.4
Florida	1,982	.1	8.9	5.7	3.3	2.4	14.6	6.8
Georgia	321	(¹)	21.1	17.5	7.3	10.2	9.5	2.8
Hawaii	50	(¹)	6.2	3.0	1.4	1.6	13.3	10.9
Idaho	82	(¹)	8.0	20.2	8.4	11.7	16.4	4.3
Illinois	839	(¹)	7.4	19.6	11.4	8.3	14.7	4.9
Indiana	162	(¹)	10.0	25.5	15.3	10.2	13.0	6.3
Iowa	81	(¹)	7.6	24.6	5.5	19.1	14.7	1.6
Kansas	110	.2	9.9	16.9	8.8	8.2	11.1	1.2
Kentucky	67	(¹)	3.9	17.0	11.6	5.4	4.7	2.7
Louisiana	88	1.4	28.7	3.6	.3	3.2	13.1	6.8
Maine	6	(¹)	(¹)	8.6	6.1	2.5	7.3	7.1
Maryland	296	(¹)	23.3	5.6	.8	4.8	9.4	3.7
Massachusetts	253	(¹)	6.8	10.7	4.2	6.6	12.1	2.9
Michigan	161	(¹)	6.4	21.7	17.3	4.4	7.4	2.7
Minnesota	120	(¹)	6.3	16.4	5.7	10.7	10.0	2.6
Mississippi	28	(¹)	9.7	13.8	3.7	10.1	16.2	8.0
Missouri	75	1.1	10.0	11.9	7.9	4.0	15.8	3.1
Montana	12	(¹)	2.8	6.2	5.1	1.1	13.1	5.5
Nebraska	97	(¹)	9.0	33.7	5.3	28.4	11.0	2.3
Nevada	318	.6	8.2	4.9	2.5	2.4	14.7	3.5
New Hampshire	22	(¹)	5.6	19.3	14.1	5.2	14.8	3.2
New Jersey	823	.1	7.7	13.7	6.3	7.4	15.2	6.6
New Mexico	369	3.2	9.6	3.5	1.8	1.7	12.0	3.0
New York	1,376	(¹)	8.1	6.9	3.1	3.8	12.7	6.7
North Carolina	379	(¹)	20.3	11.0	5.1	6.0	10.6	3.3
North Dakota	8	2.1	11.5	7.7	7.3	.4	29.8	5.5
Ohio	148	(¹)	7.5	18.7	9.1	9.6	9.6	1.9
Oklahoma	150	6.3	25.0	8.8	6.7	2.1	11.7	2.9
Oregon	180	(¹)	8.1	16.1	10.2	6.0	14.9	1.9
Pennsylvania	284	(¹)	4.1	14.1	8.0	6.1	18.9	5.6
Rhode Island	53	(¹)	6.4	18.1	14.0	4.1	15.6	3.7
South Carolina	82	(¹)	15.1	13.8	8.0	5.8	13.5	2.8
South Dakota	12	(¹)	11.5	19.4	4.5	14.8	14.5	3.0
Tennessee	134	2.8	15.1	11.7	8.6	3.0	9.2	5.5
Texas	4,596	3.1	12.0	8.9	5.4	3.5	13.2	6.0
Utah	158	.2	14.1	11.7	8.0	3.7	15.2	5.5
Vermont	4	(¹)	1.4	11.9	(¹)	11.9	13.6	1.4
Virginia	286	(¹)	21.5	2.6	2.0	.5	10.6	2.8
Washington	311	(¹)	10.5	9.1	4.4	4.7	12.0	4.7
West Virginia	8	(¹)	(¹)	16.0	4.6	11.4	18.7	11.8
Wisconsin	138	(¹)	6.5	24.5	7.8	16.8	13.3	1.3
Wyoming	24	10.0	12.4	6.1	3.2	2.9	11.2	6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	0.5	1.5	23.2	2.7	6.5	5.2	(¹)	0.5
Alaska	2.2	5.0	8.6	20.0	14.6	8.6	8.3	(¹)
Arizona .....	.9	6.9	12.8	15.0	13.5	7.0	5.3	1.5
Arkansas	(¹)	2.0	6.0	8.2	17.9	4.4	.8	1.7
California	1.3	4.9	12.5	15.3	12.0	6.1	3.8	3.8
Colorado	1.7	4.8	9.3	18.3	14.4	4.6	4.5	.9
Connecticut .....	.8	5.2	7.4	25.2	13.3	6.3	3.1	.4
Delaware	2.4	4.9	11.0	14.9	15.0	2.2	1.6	9.0
District of Columbia	2.7	5.1	22.5	9.3	26.4	6.1	11.9	.2
Florida	2.7	7.7	14.3	18.1	11.1	6.6	2.8	.6
Georgia	1.2	4.3	16.4	8.0	13.0	2.9	1.1	2.3
Hawaii .....	.6	5.6	7.8	18.3	18.5	5.1	9.6	1.0
Idaho .....	.2	3.0	6.3	8.9	12.0	3.5	2.7	14.7
Illinois	1.6	4.0	11.7	13.0	15.2	4.8	2.3	.7
Indiana	(¹)	3.3	10.9	9.0	16.3	2.1	1.8	1.8
Iowa .....	.7	4.4	11.5	10.1	19.9	.9	2.0	2.1
Kansas	1.7	4.2	15.1	17.3	14.8	5.0	.9	1.6
Kentucky	1.0	1.8	9.6	10.9	21.0	10.4	(¹)	16.9
Louisiana .....	.3	5.6	8.9	7.7	13.3	5.8	2.1	2.8
Maine	(¹)	4.5	11.0	40.2	6.2	3.7	7.7	3.7
Maryland .....	.6	3.6	15.9	10.0	12.5	9.0	5.8	.7
Massachusetts .....	.9	7.6	10.8	24.9	16.0	3.7	2.7	1.0
Michigan	1.9	3.7	8.3	14.0	14.9	10.9	4.3	3.8
Minnesota	1.7	2.9	13.9	20.1	17.8	3.4	2.0	2.8
Mississippi	(¹)	(¹)	10.0	11.3	12.5	7.2	(¹)	11.4
Missouri	2.7	2.1	7.4	15.8	21.6	4.0	2.3	2.3
Montana	(¹)	10.9	8.7	20.9	22.2	2.5	5.2	2.1
Nebraska	1.0	4.5	6.4	11.1	13.8	2.9	1.6	2.5
Nevada	1.2	5.0	11.8	9.4	32.2	5.2	2.7	.5
New Hampshire	1.4	5.2	10.1	20.5	8.2	8.0	1.5	2.1
New Jersey	1.3	5.4	13.0	16.2	11.4	5.2	3.7	.3
New Mexico	1.9	4.3	12.9	22.2	13.9	4.2	7.5	1.9
New York	1.6	6.9	12.4	22.7	12.2	6.5	3.1	.1
North Carolina	1.2	1.3	14.3	9.3	18.7	5.3	1.1	3.5
North Dakota	1.9	1.1	3.9	10.9	16.6	1.6	(¹)	7.4
Ohio	2.1	3.8	11.5	15.5	21.0	4.9	3.2	.3
Oklahoma	1.5	2.1	6.9	12.3	13.7	4.7	3.5	.5
Oregon .....	.8	3.2	7.8	13.6	16.5	5.9	3.1	8.1
Pennsylvania	1.2	5.3	9.0	15.7	16.4	4.2	3.8	1.8
Rhode Island .....	.2	2.7	12.2	21.8	13.1	5.4	.9	(¹)
South Carolina	2.4	5.2	4.7	8.8	14.4	2.6	2.5	14.3
South Dakota	1.9	6.9	6.4	11.4	12.9	1.4	2.2	8.7
Tennessee	3.2	.5	9.4	10.3	24.0	4.2	.6	3.4
Texas	1.1	4.7	9.1	18.7	11.9	6.2	3.7	1.1
Utah	2.8	5.0	9.9	10.6	13.1	4.8	5.3	1.9
Vermont	3.6	3.7	2.6	31.5	9.1	6.6	6.0	8.5
Virginia	1.1	6.4	19.5	13.9	9.6	5.9	5.0	1.1
Washington .....	.9	4.2	11.9	16.2	12.0	4.6	3.3	10.8
West Virginia	(¹)	5.1	6.8	25.9	15.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	1.9	2.2	12.7	14.1	13.7	3.8	2.1	3.9
Wyoming .....	.9	3.0	7.0	19.4	14.9	3.6	1.5	3.6

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed	
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Total	Wage and salary workers		Government				
							Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL													
Alabama	2,034	26	18	7	2,008	1,905	1,589	9	316	58	258	102	
Alaska	340	8	4	5	331	307	225	1	82	20	62	24	
Arizona	2,770	27	20	7	2,743	2,537	2,158	21	379	72	306	206	
Arkansas	1,204	33	19	13	1,171	1,107	933	4	174	20	154	64	
California	17,001	330	293	37	16,671	15,155	12,744	128	2,412	333	2,078	1,497	
Colorado	2,583	23	14	9	2,559	2,378	2,044	12	334	56	278	180	
Connecticut	1,710	5	4	1	1,705	1,599	1,392	11	206	15	191	106	
Delaware	409	7	6	1	402	381	319	1	62	9	53	21	
District of Columbia	340	(²)	(²)	(²)	340	323	238	2	85	63	22	17	
Florida	8,763	45	28	14	8,717	8,197	7,118	64	1,079	168	911	519	
Georgia	4,358	35	28	6	4,323	4,119	3,421	8	698	137	560	205	
Hawaii	614	9	6	4	605	564	444	1	120	36	84	41	
Idaho	724	37	29	8	687	636	521	4	115	15	100	50	
Illinois	5,960	56	33	23	5,904	5,618	4,902	32	716	87	629	284	
Indiana	2,948	44	32	12	2,904	2,773	2,448	6	325	46	279	130	
Iowa	1,600	68	29	39	1,532	1,445	1,215	5	230	27	203	86	
Kansas	1,403	43	17	25	1,361	1,282	1,056	7	225	31	194	79	
Kentucky	1,901	52	29	23	1,849	1,769	1,489	12	280	50	231	79	
Louisiana	1,949	24	18	7	1,925	1,806	1,538	9	268	29	239	118	
Maine	663	19	9	10	644	589	502	3	87	13	74	55	
Maryland	2,919	14	9	5	2,905	2,769	2,117	14	651	298	354	135	
Massachusetts	3,239	13	9	4	3,226	3,018	2,597	22	421	47	374	206	
Michigan	4,317	55	38	17	4,262	4,052	3,591	16	460	53	407	208	
Minnesota	2,815	66	28	37	2,749	2,623	2,298	10	325	34	291	125	
Mississippi	1,149	29	20	9	1,120	1,056	842	2	213	24	189	63	
Missouri	2,817	75	31	41	2,742	2,591	2,210	5	381	56	325	150	
Montana	484	32	15	16	452	410	327	2	83	17	67	41	
Nebraska	988	51	23	28	937	878	738	3	140	16	124	59	
Nevada	1,249	7	4	3	1,242	1,184	1,038	7	146	24	122	57	
New Hampshire	704	4	2	2	700	645	562	2	83	13	70	54	
New Jersey	4,153	13	10	3	4,139	3,973	3,405	20	567	78	489	164	
New Mexico	852	19	11	8	832	774	552	3	222	63	159	58	
New York	8,925	46	16	26	8,879	8,372	7,005	49	1,367	151	1,215	502	
North Carolina	4,305	66	39	26	4,239	3,991	3,343	17	648	115	533	247	
North Dakota	397	29	7	22	367	346	278	1	68	10	58	21	
Ohio	5,270	77	49	26	5,193	4,917	4,291	13	626	103	524	267	
Oklahoma	1,714	39	8	30	1,676	1,564	1,251	3	313	68	245	111	
Oregon	1,749	55	39	16	1,695	1,547	1,327	9	221	27	194	147	
Pennsylvania	5,971	82	47	32	5,890	5,601	4,975	17	625	113	513	288	
Rhode Island	503	2	1	1	500	472	408	2	64	14	50	28	
South Carolina	2,022	22	17	5	2,000	1,886	1,587	4	299	31	268	114	
South Dakota	430	35	16	18	395	367	308	1	59	12	47	27	
Tennessee	2,817	34	15	18	2,783	2,585	2,212	19	373	70	303	198	
Texas	12,033	135	80	54	11,898	11,125	9,530	74	1,595	239	1,356	766	
Utah	1,363	13	9	5	1,350	1,273	1,064	3	209	33	176	76	
Vermont	335	11	6	5	324	293	241	2	52	6	46	31	
Virginia	3,993	53	29	23	3,941	3,741	2,944	29	797	319	478	199	
Washington	3,221	73	58	15	3,147	2,950	2,498	19	452	84	368	195	
West Virginia	748	6	3	3	742	700	561	1	140	26	114	42	
Wisconsin	2,884	69	31	35	2,815	2,657	2,264	12	392	39	353	158	
Wyoming	293	12	6	5	281	263	204	(²)	60	7	52	18	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries					Self-employed	
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Wage and salary workers			Government			
						Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local	
Men												
Alabama	1,057	23	17	5	1,035	965	830	(²)	135	26	109	70
Alaska	182	6	2	4	176	163	122	(²)	41	13	28	13
Arizona	1,492	23	19	5	1,469	1,337	1,154	2	183	52	130	132
Arkansas	642	25	16	9	616	581	516	(²)	65	10	55	35
California	9,289	244	218	26	9,045	8,147	7,129	14	1,018	191	827	894
Colorado	1,390	18	10	7	1,372	1,273	1,118	(²)	155	32	124	99
Connecticut	882	3	3	(²)	879	812	731	(²)	81	8	73	67
Delaware	211	6	5	1	206	194	165	(²)	29	6	23	12
District of Columbia	167	(²)	(²)	(²)	167	158	117	(²)	40	30	10	9
Florida	4,597	26	16	7	4,570	4,241	3,753	3	488	93	395	329
Georgia	2,338	28	24	4	2,310	2,180	1,909	1	272	70	201	130
Hawaii	326	6	3	3	320	296	239	(²)	57	22	35	24
Idaho	398	29	23	6	369	343	285	1	58	10	49	26
Illinois	3,114	41	28	13	3,073	2,920	2,630	3	289	41	248	153
Indiana	1,575	35	27	8	1,540	1,456	1,320	(²)	136	20	117	83
Iowa	833	50	20	30	783	740	639	(²)	101	16	84	43
Kansas	733	33	13	19	700	666	571	(²)	94	16	78	34
Kentucky	994	41	23	18	953	905	793	3	112	24	88	48
Louisiana	1,033	21	16	6	1,011	936	826	1	109	15	94	76
Maine	337	13	5	8	324	291	253	(²)	38	7	31	33
Maryland	1,480	10	6	3	1,470	1,397	1,104	1	293	154	140	73
Massachusetts	1,650	10	7	3	1,640	1,515	1,337	7	178	25	153	125
Michigan	2,288	50	34	15	2,238	2,119	1,922	2	198	33	165	118
Minnesota	1,474	52	22	29	1,422	1,356	1,230	(²)	126	18	108	66
Mississippi	598	22	16	6	575	534	449	1	84	9	76	41
Missouri	1,486	52	24	27	1,434	1,337	1,173	(²)	164	27	137	96
Montana	254	23	12	10	232	208	168	(²)	39	9	30	24
Nebraska	528	41	19	21	488	456	396	(²)	60	8	52	32
Nevada	683	6	4	2	677	646	579	1	68	14	53	31
New Hampshire	368	3	1	2	365	332	299	(²)	33	8	25	32
New Jersey	2,180	10	7	2	2,171	2,067	1,819	(²)	248	49	199	104
New Mexico	458	15	9	6	444	409	297	1	112	40	72	34
New York	4,621	30	8	20	4,591	4,295	3,664	1	632	85	546	294
North Carolina	2,252	52	32	19	2,200	2,064	1,795	1	269	68	200	135
North Dakota	213	22	5	17	191	179	152	(²)	28	4	23	11
Ohio	2,714	60	39	20	2,654	2,492	2,204	(²)	288	60	229	156
Oklahoma	948	30	7	23	918	848	704	1	143	43	100	70
Oregon	923	43	33	10	880	797	706	1	91	15	76	83
Pennsylvania	3,125	58	33	22	3,068	2,896	2,582	1	314	74	240	171
Rhode Island	259	2	1	1	257	239	209	(²)	30	9	21	18
South Carolina	1,051	17	15	3	1,034	963	855	1	108	20	88	72
South Dakota	226	27	12	15	199	184	160	(²)	24	5	19	15
Tennessee	1,520	27	11	15	1,494	1,368	1,215	2	153	32	121	126
Texas	6,655	104	62	41	6,551	6,049	5,376	5	673	126	547	500
Utah	772	10	7	3	762	722	628	(²)	93	17	76	40
Vermont	172	7	5	3	164	148	129	(²)	19	3	16	17
Virginia	2,084	40	23	17	2,044	1,930	1,563	3	366	189	177	114
Washington	1,723	54	44	9	1,669	1,577	1,370	3	207	54	153	90
West Virginia	398	4	2	2	393	369	304	(²)	65	13	52	24
Wisconsin	1,497	52	26	24	1,445	1,361	1,196	1	165	19	146	84
Wyoming	163	8	5	3	155	146	121	(²)	25	4	21	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Total	Wage and salary workers			Government				
							Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local		
Women														
Alabama	977	3	1	2	974	941	759	9	182	32	150	32		
Alaska	157	2	1	1	155	144	102	1	41	7	34	11		
Arizona	1,278	3	1	2	1,275	1,200	1,004	19	196	20	176	74		
Arkansas	563	8	3	5	555	526	417	4	109	10	99	29		
California	7,711	86	74	12	7,626	7,008	5,615	115	1,394	142	1,252	603		
Colorado	1,193	6	4	2	1,187	1,105	926	12	178	24	154	81		
Connecticut	828	2	1	1	826	787	661	11	126	8	118	39		
Delaware	198	1	1	(²)	196	187	155	1	33	3	30	9		
District of Columbia	174	(²)	(²)	(²)	173	166	121	2	45	33	12	8		
Florida	4,166	19	12	7	4,147	3,956	3,365	60	591	75	516	190		
Georgia	2,020	6	5	1	2,013	1,938	1,512	7	426	67	359	75		
Hawaii	288	3	2	1	285	268	205	1	63	14	49	17		
Idaho	326	8	5	2	318	293	236	4	57	5	51	25		
Illinois	2,846	15	6	9	2,831	2,698	2,272	29	426	45	381	132		
Indiana	1,374	9	5	4	1,364	1,317	1,128	6	189	27	162	46		
Iowa	767	18	9	9	749	706	576	5	129	10	119	43		
Kansas	671	10	4	5	661	616	485	6	131	15	116	45		
Kentucky	907	11	6	6	895	864	696	9	168	26	142	31		
Louisiana	917	3	2	1	913	871	712	9	159	14	144	43		
Maine	325	5	4	2	320	298	249	3	49	6	43	22		
Maryland	1,440	5	3	2	1,435	1,372	1,014	13	358	144	214	62		
Massachusetts	1,589	3	3	1	1,586	1,503	1,261	15	242	22	221	82		
Michigan	2,029	6	4	2	2,024	1,932	1,669	14	263	21	242	90		
Minnesota	1,341	14	5	8	1,327	1,267	1,068	10	199	16	183	59		
Mississippi	551	7	4	3	544	522	393	2	129	15	114	22		
Missouri	1,331	23	6	14	1,308	1,253	1,036	5	217	29	188	54		
Montana	229	9	3	6	220	203	159	2	44	8	36	17		
Nebraska	460	11	4	7	449	422	342	3	80	8	72	27		
Nevada	566	1	(²)	1	564	538	459	6	79	10	69	26		
New Hampshire	336	1	1	(²)	335	313	263	2	50	5	45	22		
New Jersey	1,972	4	3	1	1,969	1,906	1,587	20	319	29	290	61		
New Mexico	393	4	2	3	389	365	254	2	110	23	87	24		
New York	4,304	16	8	6	4,288	4,077	3,341	48	735	66	669	209		
North Carolina	2,053	14	7	7	2,039	1,927	1,547	17	379	47	332	112		
North Dakota	183	7	2	5	176	167	127	1	40	5	35	10		
Ohio	2,556	18	11	6	2,539	2,424	2,087	12	338	43	295	111		
Oklahoma	766	8	1	7	758	716	546	2	170	26	144	42		
Oregon	826	12	6	6	814	750	620	8	130	12	118	64		
Pennsylvania	2,846	24	14	10	2,822	2,704	2,393	16	312	39	273	117		
Rhode Island	244	1	(²)	1	243	233	199	2	34	5	29	10		
South Carolina	970	5	2	3	966	923	732	3	191	11	180	42		
South Dakota	204	8	4	4	195	183	148	1	35	7	28	12		
Tennessee	1,297	7	4	3	1,290	1,217	997	18	220	38	182	72		
Texas	5,378	31	18	13	5,347	5,076	4,154	68	922	112	809	266		
Utah	591	3	1	1	588	551	435	3	116	16	100	37		
Vermont	163	4	2	2	160	146	112	2	33	4	30	14		
Virginia	1,909	12	5	6	1,897	1,812	1,381	26	430	130	300	85		
Washington	1,498	19	14	6	1,478	1,372	1,127	17	245	30	215	105		
West Virginia	351	2	1	1	349	331	256	1	75	13	62	18		
Wisconsin	1,387	17	5	11	1,370	1,296	1,068	11	228	21	207	74		
Wyoming	129	4	1	2	126	117	82	(²)	35	3	32	9		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed	
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed	Total ¹	Wage and salary workers				Government	State and local		
						Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal			
White													
Alabama	1,543	23	16	5	1,520	1,444	1,200	8	244	42	203	75	
Alaska	261	8	3	4	254	233	169	(²)	65	15	49	20	
Arizona	2,396	19	14	6	2,376	2,192	1,870	17	321	57	264	184	
Arkansas	995	29	16	12	967	910	772	4	138	17	122	56	
California	12,695	293	264	29	12,401	11,184	9,440	111	1,744	210	1,534	1,205	
Colorado	2,348	23	14	8	2,325	2,159	1,850	12	309	51	259	164	
Connecticut	1,406	5	3	1	1,401	1,306	1,134	9	172	11	161	95	
Delaware	303	6	5	1	297	281	238	1	44	5	39	16	
District of Columbia	193	(²)	(²)	(²)	193	181	134	1	47	40	7	11	
Florida	7,030	39	22	14	6,991	6,571	5,765	55	807	126	681	418	
Georgia	2,794	30	23	6	2,765	2,623	2,191	7	432	69	363	142	
Hawaii	138	3	1	2	135	117	92	(²)	25	8	17	18	
Idaho	690	36	28	8	654	605	495	4	110	13	96	48	
Illinois	4,881	52	31	21	4,829	4,582	4,027	27	554	55	499	246	
Indiana	2,642	44	32	12	2,598	2,477	2,180	5	297	39	258	119	
Iowa	1,494	68	29	39	1,426	1,344	1,129	5	215	24	191	82	
Kansas	1,237	41	17	24	1,196	1,120	933	6	187	22	165	75	
Kentucky	1,689	48	25	23	1,640	1,567	1,321	11	246	42	203	72	
Louisiana	1,364	16	10	5	1,348	1,265	1,089	7	177	21	156	83	
Maine	639	19	9	10	620	567	482	3	85	12	73	53	
Maryland	1,792	13	8	5	1,779	1,679	1,323	9	355	155	200	100	
Massachusetts	2,742	13	9	4	2,728	2,540	2,168	17	372	41	331	188	
Michigan	3,602	55	38	17	3,547	3,367	2,986	15	380	41	339	178	
Minnesota	2,494	65	27	37	2,429	2,311	2,008	10	303	33	270	117	
Mississippi	763	23	15	8	740	690	556	2	134	13	120	49	
Missouri	2,424	73	30	40	2,351	2,214	1,886	4	328	39	289	137	
Montana	450	31	14	16	420	380	305	2	75	15	61	39	
Nebraska	901	50	23	27	850	795	671	3	124	13	110	56	
Nevada	977	5	4	2	972	923	807	6	115	18	97	49	
New Hampshire	672	4	2	2	668	615	535	2	80	13	67	52	
New Jersey	3,128	13	10	3	3,115	2,976	2,536	16	440	55	385	136	
New Mexico	730	17	10	7	714	663	483	3	180	52	127	51	
New York	6,671	42	14	24	6,629	6,215	5,181	30	1,034	108	926	410	
North Carolina	3,151	55	30	24	3,096	2,898	2,467	15	431	59	372	197	
North Dakota	362	29	7	22	332	313	256	1	57	8	49	20	
Ohio	4,597	77	49	26	4,520	4,268	3,744	12	524	81	444	246	
Oklahoma	1,286	38	8	30	1,248	1,157	940	3	217	46	171	91	
Oregon	1,547	54	38	16	1,494	1,365	1,166	8	199	24	175	128	
Pennsylvania	5,187	75	41	32	5,112	4,851	4,328	14	523	87	436	260	
Rhode Island	440	2	1	1	437	411	353	2	58	12	46	26	
South Carolina	1,451	21	15	5	1,430	1,336	1,130	4	205	20	185	94	
South Dakota	397	34	16	18	363	336	285	1	51	8	43	26	
Tennessee	2,270	34	15	18	2,237	2,062	1,787	16	275	43	233	173	
Texas	9,797	125	73	51	9,672	9,037	7,769	67	1,268	182	1,085	629	
Utah	1,294	13	9	5	1,281	1,207	1,009	3	198	28	170	74	
Vermont	322	11	6	5	312	281	231	2	50	6	44	30	
Virginia	2,957	51	27	23	2,906	2,742	2,156	20	586	222	364	164	
Washington	2,646	67	54	13	2,579	2,416	2,046	16	369	58	311	163	
West Virginia	705	6	3	3	699	660	529	1	130	23	107	39	
Wisconsin	2,616	68	31	34	2,548	2,401	2,061	12	340	34	306	148	
Wyoming	276	11	6	5	264	247	192	(²)	55	5	50	17	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Total	Wage and salary workers			Government				
							Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local		
Black or African American														
Alabama	432	3	2	2	429	406	344	1	62	14	48	22		
Alaska	9	(²)	(²)	(²)	9	9	7	(²)	2	(²)	1	1		
Arizona	117	(²)	(²)	(²)	117	115	93	(²)	22	5	16	2		
Arkansas	152	3	2	(²)	150	146	112	(²)	34	3	31	4		
California	887	6	6	(²)	881	828	601	6	227	34	193	53		
Colorado	95	(²)	(²)	(²)	94	87	79	(²)	8	1	7	7		
Connecticut	168	(²)	(²)	(²)	168	163	139	(²)	25	4	21	5		
Delaware	83	1	1	(²)	82	80	65	(²)	15	3	12	2		
District of Columbia	124	(²)	(²)	(²)	124	119	86	1	32	18	14	5		
Florida	1,312	4	4	(²)	1,308	1,245	1,012	8	234	27	207	63		
Georgia	1,281	5	5	(²)	1,276	1,229	997	1	233	58	175	47		
Hawaii	9	(²)	(²)	(²)	9	9	5	(²)	4	3	1	(²)		
Idaho	7	(²)	(²)	(²)	7	6	6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1		
Illinois	688	1	1	(²)	687	667	532	2	135	25	110	20		
Indiana	216	(²)	(²)	(²)	216	210	184	1	25	6	19	7		
Iowa	37	(²)	(²)	(²)	36	35	30	(²)	5	1	4	1		
Kansas	69	(²)	(²)	(²)	69	68	54	(²)	13	5	8	1		
Kentucky	146	1	1	(²)	145	141	116	(²)	25	7	18	4		
Louisiana	518	8	7	1	511	481	396	2	85	8	77	30		
Maine	6	(²)	(²)	(²)	6	6	6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Maryland	824	1	1	(²)	823	800	568	2	233	104	128	23		
Massachusetts	215	(²)	(²)	(²)	215	205	180	4	26	1	25	9		
Michigan	497	(²)	(²)	(²)	497	477	407	1	70	11	59	20		
Minnesota	121	(²)	(²)	(²)	121	117	106	(²)	10	1	9	4		
Mississippi	356	6	5	1	350	340	263	(²)	77	10	67	10		
Missouri	271	1	1	(²)	270	262	228	(²)	34	12	23	8		
Montana	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	2	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Nebraska	40	(²)	(²)	(²)	40	38	32	(²)	6	1	4	2		
Nevada	97	(²)	(²)	(²)	97	95	80	(²)	15	1	13	2		
New Hampshire	8	(²)	(²)	(²)	7	7	5	(²)	2	(²)	1	(²)		
New Jersey	544	(²)	(²)	(²)	544	533	444	3	89	12	77	11		
New Mexico	20	(²)	(²)	(²)	20	19	12	(²)	7	2	5	(²)		
New York	1,352	1	1	1	1,350	1,296	1,041	14	255	32	223	54		
North Carolina	885	8	7	(²)	877	849	684	2	166	41	125	28		
North Dakota	5	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	5	4	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Ohio	513	(²)	(²)	(²)	513	496	412	1	83	13	70	16		
Oklahoma	107	(²)	(²)	(²)	107	103	79	(²)	25	6	19	3		
Oregon	24	(²)	(²)	(²)	24	24	18	1	6	1	5	1		
Pennsylvania	552	1	1	(²)	551	532	447	2	85	20	65	18		
Rhode Island	29	(²)	(²)	(²)	29	28	25	(²)	3	1	3	1		
South Carolina	506	1	1	(²)	504	490	400	(²)	90	11	79	14		
South Dakota	6	(²)	(²)	(²)	6	6	5	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)		
Tennessee	448	(²)	(²)	(²)	448	425	340	2	86	23	63	22		
Texas	1,394	2	2	(²)	1,392	1,324	1,091	2	233	38	195	68		
Utah	17	(²)	(²)	(²)	17	17	14	(²)	2	1	2	1		
Vermont	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	2	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Virginia	702	1	1	(²)	700	675	514	3	161	67	94	25		
Washington	97	3	3	(²)	94	90	74	(²)	16	8	8	3		
West Virginia	24	(²)	(²)	(²)	24	23	17	(²)	6	1	4	2		
Wisconsin	133	(²)	(²)	(²)	133	131	111	(²)	20	4	16	3		
Wyoming	4	(²)	(²)	(²)	4	4	4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries					Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Wage and salary workers		Government					
						Total	Private	Total	Federal	State and local			
Asian													
Alabama	28	(²)	(²)	(²)	28	24	21	(²)	3	(²)	3	4	
Alaska	23	(²)	(²)	(²)	23	22	17	(²)	4	1	3	1	
Arizona	97	(²)	(²)	(²)	97	95	82	(²)	13	2	11	1	
Arkansas	33	1	1	(²)	32	30	29	(²)	1	(²)	1	1	
California	2,601	14	9	6	2,586	2,402	2,069	6	333	72	262	181	
Colorado	71	(²)	(²)	(²)	71	65	55	(²)	10	3	7	5	
Connecticut	104	(²)	(²)	(²)	104	99	95	(²)	4	1	3	5	
Delaware	16	(²)	(²)	(²)	16	15	13	(²)	2	(²)	2	1	
District of Columbia	16	(²)	(²)	(²)	16	16	12	(²)	4	3	1	(²)	
Florida	276	1	1	(²)	275	244	225	(²)	19	7	11	31	
Georgia	203	(²)	(²)	(²)	203	191	172	(²)	19	7	12	12	
Hawaii	272	5	3	1	267	253	201	(²)	52	16	36	14	
Idaho	9	(²)	(²)	(²)	9	9	8	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)	
Illinois	305	1	(²)	1	304	294	277	3	17	4	13	10	
Indiana	46	(²)	(²)	(²)	46	42	41	(²)	1	(²)	1	3	
Iowa	49	(²)	(²)	(²)	49	47	38	(²)	8	2	7	2	
Kansas	45	(²)	(²)	(²)	45	44	29	(²)	15	2	14	1	
Kentucky	36	(²)	(²)	(²)	36	35	29	(²)	7	(²)	7	1	
Louisiana	31	(²)	(²)	(²)	31	27	25	(²)	2	1	2	5	
Maine	10	(²)	(²)	(²)	10	9	8	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Maryland	215	1	1	(²)	214	204	162	3	42	24	17	10	
Massachusetts	214	(²)	(²)	(²)	214	208	194	1	15	4	11	5	
Michigan	148	(²)	(²)	(²)	148	145	142	(²)	4	(²)	3	3	
Minnesota	142	(²)	(²)	(²)	141	140	132	(²)	8	(²)	8	1	
Mississippi	15	(²)	(²)	(²)	15	13	12	(²)	1	1	(²)	2	
Missouri	49	(²)	(²)	(²)	49	45	37	(²)	8	2	6	3	
Nebraska	24	(²)	(²)	(²)	24	24	19	(²)	5	1	4	(²)	
Nevada	97	(²)	(²)	(²)	97	95	87	1	8	3	5	3	
New Hampshire	15	(²)	(²)	(²)	15	15	14	(²)	1	(²)	1	1	
New Jersey	390	(²)	(²)	(²)	390	377	350	1	27	11	16	13	
New Mexico	26	(²)	(²)	(²)	26	22	8	(²)	13	2	11	4	
New York	750	(²)	(²)	(²)	749	716	658	2	58	11	47	33	
North Carolina	133	1	1	(²)	132	117	110	(²)	7	2	5	15	
North Dakota	5	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	4	4	(²)					
Ohio	85	(²)	(²)	(²)	85	81	71	(²)	9	3	6	5	
Oklahoma	39	(²)	(²)	(²)	39	35	31	(²)	4	(²)	4	3	
Oregon	83	(²)	(²)	(²)	83	78	72	(²)	6	1	5	5	
Pennsylvania	146	1	1	(²)	145	141	131	(²)	10	3	6	5	
Rhode Island	21	(²)	(²)	(²)	21	20	19	(²)	1	1	1	1	
South Carolina	33	(²)	(²)	(²)	33	31	29	(²)	2	(²)	2	3	
South Dakota	5	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	5	5	(²)					
Tennessee	54	(²)	(²)	(²)	54	53	51	1	3	(²)	3	(²)	
Texas	545	5	2	3	540	498	448	1	50	12	38	41	
Utah	22	(²)	(²)	(²)	22	20	16	(²)	4	2	1	2	
Vermont	7	(²)	(²)	(²)	7	6	5	(²)	2	(²)	2	(²)	
Virginia	266	(²)	(²)	(²)	266	258	219	3	39	25	14	8	
Washington	258	(²)	(²)	(²)	258	245	212	1	32	8	24	13	
West Virginia	8	(²)	(²)	(²)	8	7	7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1	
Wisconsin	68	(²)	(²)	(²)	68	63	54	(²)	8	1	8	5	
Wyoming	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	2	1	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons, by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Agricultural Industries			Total ¹	Nonagricultural industries						Self-employed		
		Total ¹	Wage and Salary	Self-employed		Total	Wage and salary workers			Government				
							Total	Private	Private households	Total	Federal	State and local		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	79	(²)	(²)	(²)	79	69	68	1	2	(²)	2	9		
Alaska	24	(²)	(²)	(²)	24	22	17	(²)	5	1	4	2		
Arizona	841	13	13	(²)	829	759	664	12	95	25	70	70		
Arkansas	82	1	1	(²)	81	76	74	2	3	2	1	5		
California	6,095	234	230	4	5,861	5,415	4,734	78	681	79	603	441		
Colorado	453	4	3	1	449	426	375	4	51	8	43	23		
Connecticut	179	1	1	(²)	178	169	152	2	17	1	17	9		
Delaware	35	3	3	(²)	32	30	28	(²)	2	(²)	2	2		
District of Columbia	35	(²)	(²)	(²)	35	34	29	1	5	4	1	1		
Florida	1,982	12	11	1	1,970	1,845	1,676	27	169	33	137	125		
Georgia	321	7	7	(²)	313	290	277	3	12	2	10	24		
Hawaii	50	1	1	(²)	49	46	37	(²)	9	3	6	3		
Idaho	82	12	12	(²)	70	68	63	1	5	(²)	4	3		
Illinois	839	6	6	(²)	834	792	728	7	65	14	51	41		
Indiana	162	3	3	(²)	159	154	145	1	9	2	7	5		
Iowa	81	2	2	(²)	80	77	72	(²)	5	1	4	3		
Kansas	110	2	1	1	108	103	93	1	11	(²)	10	5		
Kentucky	67	11	9	3	55	54	51	3	3	1	2	2		
Louisiana	88	2	2	(²)	86	81	75	2	5	2	3	5		
Maine	6	(²)	(²)	(²)	6	5	4	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)		
Maryland	296	2	2	(²)	294	281	253	5	28	17	10	13		
Massachusetts	253	3	3	(²)	251	237	215	3	22	1	21	14		
Michigan	161	6	5	1	155	146	129	1	17	2	15	8		
Minnesota	120	3	3	(²)	117	114	105	(²)	9	1	8	3		
Mississippi	28	3	3	(²)	25	21	20	(²)	1	(²)	1	4		
Missouri	75	2	2	(²)	73	69	61	(²)	8	2	6	4		
Montana	12	(²)	(²)	(²)	11	11	10	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)		
Nebraska	97	2	2	(²)	95	90	85	(²)	5	1	5	5		
Nevada	318	2	1	(²)	316	300	280	4	20	4	16	16		
New Hampshire	22	(²)	(²)	(²)	22	21	19	(²)	2	(²)	1	1		
New Jersey	823	3	3	(²)	820	787	709	7	77	11	66	34		
New Mexico	369	7	3	4	362	345	254	2	90	27	63	17		
New York	1,376	1	1	(²)	1,375	1,304	1,143	20	161	16	146	70		
North Carolina	379	13	13	(²)	365	347	326	3	21	7	15	18		
North Dakota	8	1	1	(²)	8	7	7	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)		
Ohio	148	(²)	(²)	(²)	147	141	131	(²)	10	6	4	6		
Oklahoma	150	1	1	(²)	149	138	123	2	15	2	13	11		
Oregon	180	15	14	1	165	155	141	1	13	(²)	13	11		
Pennsylvania	284	5	5	(²)	279	266	249	1	17	4	13	12		
Rhode Island	53	(²)	(²)	(²)	53	51	48	(²)	3	1	2	2		
South Carolina	82	12	12	(²)	71	66	62	1	4	(²)	4	4		
South Dakota	12	1	1	(²)	11	10	9	(²)	1	(²)	1	(²)		
Tennessee	134	5	5	(²)	129	120	111	2	9	4	6	9		
Texas	4,596	48	41	7	4,547	4,289	3,755	52	534	89	444	256		
Utah	158	3	3	(²)	155	147	132	2	15	4	11	7		
Vermont	4	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	3	3	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Virginia	286	3	3	(²)	283	264	237	9	27	17	10	19		
Washington	311	33	33	(²)	278	262	227	4	35	10	25	16		
West Virginia	8	(²)	(²)	(²)	8	8	8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Wisconsin	138	5	5	1	133	127	119	1	9	(²)	8	6		
Wyoming	24	1	1	(²)	23	22	19	(²)	3	(²)	3	1		

¹ Includes unpaid family workers.² Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours								
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours				
TOTAL													
Alabama	1,977	70	227	119	1,561	100	938	183	339	39.5	43.1		
Alaska	319	17	35	24	244	27	128	26	62	40.0	43.7		
Arizona	2,678	126	323	208	2,021	161	1,226	204	430	38.6	42.6		
Arkansas	1,164	52	109	86	917	72	585	93	167	39.1	42.3		
California	16,416	791	2,155	1,335	12,135	963	7,573	1,141	2,458	38.0	42.2		
Colorado	2,479	141	332	191	1,815	176	922	245	472	38.5	43.1		
Connecticut	1,640	90	231	128	1,191	125	630	144	292	38.1	42.7		
Delaware	396	19	47	26	305	40	181	28	56	38.1	41.7		
District of Columbia	328	11	31	19	266	16	152	30	68	40.2	43.0		
Florida	8,527	298	973	551	6,704	506	4,432	543	1,223	38.7	42.1		
Georgia	4,223	138	423	282	3,381	253	2,128	310	689	39.5	42.6		
Hawaii	592	25	73	40	454	26	319	28	82	38.4	42.0		
Idaho	694	48	98	55	493	52	257	63	121	38.0	43.3		
Illinois	5,743	297	727	427	4,292	387	2,448	501	956	38.4	42.6		
Indiana	2,854	137	354	197	2,166	229	1,146	297	494	38.7	42.8		
Iowa	1,532	95	202	114	1,121	103	544	178	295	38.7	43.5		
Kansas	1,357	81	179	104	993	105	465	156	267	38.7	43.5		
Kentucky	1,841	84	245	145	1,367	166	751	164	286	38.3	42.4		
Louisiana	1,879	79	221	139	1,440	116	902	126	297	39.2	43.0		
Maine	637	48	88	59	442	55	198	72	117	37.7	42.9		
Maryland	2,826	126	302	194	2,206	181	1,344	236	445	38.9	42.2		
Massachusetts	3,113	191	422	278	2,222	244	1,239	242	497	37.5	42.3		
Michigan	4,144	234	572	290	3,047	283	1,596	411	757	38.4	43.1		
Minnesota	2,714	175	367	232	1,940	184	942	306	508	38.2	43.0		
Mississippi	1,112	45	117	82	868	68	537	77	186	39.5	42.8		
Missouri	2,719	129	328	182	2,080	170	1,160	258	493	39.2	43.2		
Montana	464	26	65	37	337	32	187	38	80	38.4	42.9		
Nebraska	958	50	112	64	732	71	348	111	202	39.8	43.8		
Nevada	1,213	54	140	91	928	94	596	77	161	38.2	41.6		
New Hampshire	678	38	85	52	503	53	251	73	126	38.5	43.0		
New Jersey	4,025	162	484	251	3,128	288	2,007	267	565	38.3	42.1		
New Mexico	819	43	110	67	598	59	377	52	111	37.7	42.0		
New York	8,630	353	1,038	530	6,710	808	3,963	643	1,296	38.5	42.2		
North Carolina	4,161	197	514	290	3,158	304	1,847	351	658	38.5	42.3		
North Dakota	380	17	46	27	290	24	134	43	89	40.9	44.9		
Ohio	5,075	255	704	413	3,704	355	2,001	507	840	38.2	42.8		
Oklahoma	1,661	68	183	133	1,277	106	703	137	330	39.7	43.0		
Oregon	1,676	108	229	150	1,189	137	631	159	263	37.5	42.2		
Pennsylvania	5,749	322	729	390	4,307	463	2,335	574	936	38.3	42.5		
Rhode Island	475	24	67	42	342	43	176	45	78	37.9	42.4		
South Carolina	1,964	76	189	131	1,568	152	966	165	285	39.0	42.2		
South Dakota	414	23	53	36	303	29	134	49	90	39.6	43.9		
Tennessee	2,717	137	351	207	2,022	211	1,177	217	417	38.1	42.2		
Texas	11,612	404	1,225	858	9,126	737	5,246	1,000	2,142	39.8	42.9		
Utah	1,311	74	186	103	949	85	529	126	209	37.8	42.5		
Vermont	321	22	42	25	232	25	111	35	62	38.4	43.5		
Virginia	3,856	165	420	302	2,969	256	1,729	343	641	39.0	42.4		
Washington	3,096	178	373	254	2,291	226	1,292	281	492	38.1	42.2		
West Virginia	720	28	78	46	568	50	335	53	130	39.8	43.4		
Wisconsin	2,770	173	380	214	2,003	211	976	328	489	38.3	43.4		
Wyoming	279	18	31	19	211	18	98	28	67	40.6	45.1		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours								
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours				
Men													
Alabama	1,032	27	75	49	881	38	474	116	254	42.2	44.6		
Alaska	172	6	14	10	141	12	70	15	44	42.8	45.3		
Arizona	1,453	51	144	97	1,161	68	682	120	291	40.4	43.7		
Arkansas	624	17	42	37	528	29	316	57	125	41.5	43.6		
California	9,030	297	865	605	7,263	450	4,357	725	1,732	40.2	43.1		
Colorado	1,344	59	136	83	1,066	78	509	145	334	41.0	44.3		
Connecticut	853	34	84	50	685	43	348	91	203	40.9	44.0		
Delaware	206	8	17	10	171	14	101	17	39	40.2	42.8		
District of Columbia	162	4	13	9	137	7	76	15	39	41.6	43.9		
Florida	4,492	135	409	270	3,678	212	2,283	330	853	40.3	43.1		
Georgia	2,280	61	160	124	1,935	116	1,144	197	478	41.4	43.6		
Hawaii	317	11	35	20	251	11	170	17	54	39.6	42.8		
Idaho	384	17	36	23	309	21	155	41	91	41.3	44.6		
Illinois	3,020	112	289	178	2,440	139	1,328	296	677	40.8	43.9		
Indiana	1,533	55	124	81	1,273	76	644	194	359	41.4	44.1		
Iowa	806	35	83	46	642	39	289	108	206	41.5	45.0		
Kansas	714	28	71	41	574	41	255	93	185	41.7	44.9		
Kentucky	965	36	102	61	765	64	405	102	195	40.1	43.3		
Louisiana	996	36	81	50	829	43	470	82	234	42.2	45.0		
Maine	324	18	37	22	246	21	103	41	81	40.3	44.3		
Maryland	1,440	51	123	78	1,188	63	706	132	287	40.7	43.1		
Massachusetts	1,598	75	146	100	1,278	90	700	151	336	40.1	43.3		
Michigan	2,212	94	217	103	1,798	112	870	268	548	41.1	44.4		
Minnesota	1,435	71	138	94	1,133	74	524	180	355	40.8	44.2		
Mississippi	583	13	42	36	492	25	276	49	142	42.5	44.6		
Missouri	1,442	55	122	81	1,184	69	616	152	346	41.5	44.5		
Montana	245	11	25	14	195	10	105	22	58	41.3	44.6		
Nebraska	515	18	46	28	423	27	191	62	143	42.5	45.5		
Nevada	668	24	62	46	537	44	330	49	115	39.9	42.7		
New Hampshire	357	14	31	19	293	17	142	46	88	41.3	44.3		
New Jersey	2,129	58	170	107	1,795	105	1,114	166	410	40.7	43.2		
New Mexico	443	17	45	31	350	27	212	31	80	39.8	43.0		
New York	4,484	122	400	214	3,749	295	2,183	381	889	40.7	43.3		
North Carolina	2,194	83	194	118	1,799	127	990	224	458	40.7	43.4		
North Dakota	207	6	17	10	173	8	71	25	69	44.9	47.4		
Ohio	2,625	92	262	173	2,098	134	1,072	308	584	40.8	44.0		
Oklahoma	923	27	77	64	755	42	387	83	243	42.1	44.6		
Oregon	889	47	91	62	690	56	359	96	178	39.6	43.0		
Pennsylvania	3,019	122	248	171	2,478	189	1,263	362	665	40.9	43.7		
Rhode Island	246	9	28	17	192	15	95	27	55	40.4	43.8		
South Carolina	1,028	31	82	58	857	55	492	112	198	40.8	43.3		
South Dakota	219	9	20	15	176	11	68	29	67	43.2	46.3		
Tennessee	1,478	56	152	94	1,175	77	670	138	290	40.0	43.1		
Texas	6,474	152	506	383	5,432	309	2,950	617	1,556	42.0	44.1		
Utah	748	24	74	45	606	42	315	88	161	40.7	43.4		
Vermont	166	9	16	10	131	9	60	21	41	40.9	44.6		
Virginia	2,020	68	170	131	1,652	103	907	204	438	40.9	43.4		
Washington	1,671	66	139	118	1,348	91	740	176	342	40.5	43.0		
West Virginia	383	9	31	19	323	17	180	34	93	42.3	44.8		
Wisconsin	1,448	67	148	79	1,154	76	540	193	344	41.0	44.6		
Wyoming	157	7	12	8	130	7	54	17	51	44.2	47.2		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours								
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours				
Women													
Alabama	945	43	152	71	679	62	465	67	85	36.6	41.1		
Alaska	148	10	21	14	103	15	58	11	19	36.8	41.5		
Arizona	1,225	74	179	112	860	93	544	84	139	36.4	41.3		
Arkansas	540	35	67	49	389	43	269	35	43	36.3	40.6		
California	7,385	494	1,290	730	4,872	513	3,216	416	726	35.3	40.8		
Colorado	1,135	82	196	108	749	98	413	101	138	35.7	41.4		
Connecticut	787	56	148	78	506	83	281	53	88	35.1	41.0		
Delaware	190	11	30	16	133	26	80	11	17	35.8	40.2		
District of Columbia	166	8	18	10	130	10	76	15	28	38.8	42.1		
Florida	4,035	163	564	281	3,026	295	2,149	212	370	36.9	40.8		
Georgia	1,943	77	264	157	1,445	137	984	113	211	37.4	41.3		
Hawaii	275	13	39	20	203	15	148	11	28	37.0	41.1		
Idaho	310	31	62	32	185	31	102	22	30	33.9	41.2		
Illinois	2,723	184	438	249	1,852	248	1,120	206	279	35.7	41.0		
Indiana	1,321	81	230	116	893	153	502	103	135	35.7	40.9		
Iowa	726	60	118	68	479	64	256	70	90	35.6	41.4		
Kansas	643	53	108	63	419	64	210	63	82	35.5	41.7		
Kentucky	876	48	142	84	602	102	347	62	91	36.2	41.1		
Louisiana	883	43	140	89	611	73	432	44	62	35.8	40.4		
Maine	313	29	51	36	196	34	95	30	37	35.0	41.3		
Maryland	1,386	74	179	116	1,017	118	638	104	158	37.1	41.1		
Massachusetts	1,515	116	276	178	944	154	539	91	161	34.8	41.0		
Michigan	1,932	141	356	187	1,249	170	725	144	210	35.3	41.2		
Minnesota	1,279	104	229	138	807	110	418	126	153	35.2	41.3		
Mississippi	529	32	75	46	376	44	261	28	44	36.2	40.5		
Missouri	1,277	74	205	102	897	101	544	105	147	36.6	41.6		
Montana	219	15	40	23	142	22	82	17	22	35.1	40.5		
Nebraska	443	32	66	37	309	44	157	49	59	36.6	41.6		
Nevada	545	30	78	46	391	51	266	28	46	36.1	40.1		
New Hampshire	321	24	55	33	210	37	109	27	37	35.4	41.3		
New Jersey	1,895	105	314	144	1,333	183	893	101	155	35.6	40.6		
New Mexico	376	26	65	37	248	32	165	20	30	35.2	40.6		
New York	4,146	230	638	316	2,961	512	1,780	261	408	36.1	40.8		
North Carolina	1,966	114	320	172	1,359	177	856	127	200	36.1	40.8		
North Dakota	174	11	29	17	117	15	64	18	20	36.1	41.2		
Ohio	2,450	164	442	240	1,605	221	929	200	256	35.5	41.2		
Oklahoma	737	41	106	69	521	64	316	54	87	36.8	40.8		
Oregon	787	61	139	88	499	80	271	63	84	35.2	41.1		
Pennsylvania	2,730	200	481	220	1,829	274	1,072	212	271	35.4	40.9		
Rhode Island	229	15	39	25	150	28	82	17	23	35.3	40.6		
South Carolina	935	45	107	73	711	97	474	53	87	37.1	40.9		
South Dakota	195	15	33	20	127	18	66	19	23	35.7	40.8		
Tennessee	1,240	81	199	113	847	133	507	79	127	35.8	40.9		
Texas	5,138	252	718	475	3,693	428	2,296	383	586	37.0	41.2		
Utah	563	50	112	58	343	43	213	38	48	34.0	40.8		
Vermont	155	13	26	15	101	16	50	14	21	35.8	42.0		
Virginia	1,836	98	250	172	1,317	153	822	139	204	36.8	41.2		
Washington	1,425	112	234	136	943	136	551	105	151	35.3	40.9		
West Virginia	337	19	47	27	244	33	155	20	37	37.0	41.5		
Wisconsin	1,322	106	232	135	849	134	436	134	144	35.3	41.6		
Wyoming	122	10	20	11	81	10	44	11	16	36.0	41.8		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	51	10	19	5	16	2	13	1	(¹)	25.3	39.4
Alaska	15	3	4	2	6	1	4	1	1	29.2	40.9
Arizona	76	17	35	5	19	5	12	1	1	22.8	38.4
Arkansas	32	7	13	3	10	2	5	1	2	26.2	42.2
California	395	92	163	44	96	17	67	7	6	23.6	38.0
Colorado	88	24	38	8	18	5	10	2	2	22.3	39.4
Connecticut	51	18	22	3	7	2	4	1	1	19.5	38.5
Delaware	14	4	5	1	4	1	2	(¹)	(¹)	24.0	38.0
District of Columbia	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	26.6	40.3
Florida	221	42	102	25	53	12	35	3	3	23.8	37.8
Georgia	100	19	40	12	29	6	16	4	3	25.6	39.0
Hawaii	15	3	6	1	5	1	3	(¹)	(¹)	25.1	37.6
Idaho	32	8	12	4	9	2	4	1	1	24.3	39.5
Illinois	179	54	78	14	34	9	21	1	3	21.4	37.5
Indiana	102	27	46	11	19	4	10	3	2	21.6	38.2
Iowa	75	25	28	7	15	3	8	2	3	22.0	39.8
Kansas	59	17	23	5	14	3	8	1	2	22.5	40.8
Kentucky	62	12	23	8	19	5	10	1	2	25.6	38.6
Louisiana	63	12	27	6	18	5	9	1	3	25.4	42.0
Maine	26	9	9	2	5	1	3	1	(¹)	20.9	37.2
Maryland	70	19	25	5	21	5	12	1	2	23.5	38.4
Massachusetts	105	42	37	9	17	5	8	2	2	19.5	41.2
Michigan	142	42	55	10	34	9	15	6	3	22.5	40.5
Minnesota	109	40	39	9	21	6	10	3	2	20.6	39.0
Mississippi	30	5	14	3	7	2	4	1	1	24.4	40.3
Missouri	99	25	36	11	28	7	15	2	4	24.6	39.8
Montana	15	4	5	1	5	1	3	(¹)	1	25.2	43.0
Nebraska	40	10	17	4	9	2	5	1	1	22.9	37.6
Nevada	33	7	13	3	10	3	6	1	(¹)	24.5	38.0
New Hampshire	26	8	10	2	5	2	3	(¹)	1	21.0	37.8
New Jersey	115	31	52	7	25	2	20	1	2	22.0	40.2
New Mexico	29	4	12	3	10	3	4	(¹)	3	28.9	44.4
New York	206	48	76	24	58	14	34	3	7	24.5	39.1
North Carolina	117	22	50	14	30	8	18	2	2	24.6	37.3
North Dakota	17	3	7	2	5	1	2	1	1	27.6	42.6
Ohio	219	60	87	17	55	11	30	7	7	23.2	38.9
Oklahoma	53	9	22	6	16	3	9	2	2	26.1	39.5
Oregon	50	14	15	7	14	3	10	1	1	24.0	38.5
Pennsylvania	194	59	82	14	39	9	20	4	6	21.8	39.0
Rhode Island	17	5	7	2	3	1	2	(¹)	(¹)	20.8	37.1
South Carolina	52	12	16	7	18	4	11	(¹)	3	26.3	39.6
South Dakota	19	4	8	2	5	1	2	(¹)	1	24.6	39.5
Tennessee	88	23	42	8	15	2	11	1	1	21.4	37.9
Texas	379	46	151	41	142	32	78	13	18	28.3	40.6
Utah	67	15	25	5	22	4	14	1	3	25.0	39.6
Vermont	11	4	4	1	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	19.9	37.5
Virginia	111	25	47	11	28	4	17	3	4	24.0	39.3
Washington	80	22	32	7	19	6	11	1	2	22.6	37.8
West Virginia	18	4	7	2	5	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	25.0	39.8
Wisconsin	123	45	49	6	23	7	11	2	3	20.5	39.8
Wyoming	12	3	4	1	4	1	2	(¹)	1	25.7	41.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours								
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours				
White													
Alabama	1,499	55	182	87	1,175	72	674	152	278	39.6	43.4		
Alaska	245	13	27	18	187	20	94	21	51	40.2	44.0		
Arizona	2,315	108	279	177	1,751	137	1,057	182	375	38.6	42.6		
Arkansas	963	47	88	68	761	59	479	74	148	39.2	42.6		
California	12,268	624	1,651	1,029	8,964	737	5,418	880	1,930	37.9	42.3		
Colorado	2,250	130	301	179	1,641	157	814	228	441	38.6	43.2		
Connecticut	1,349	79	188	104	978	99	497	123	259	38.2	43.0		
Delaware	293	15	34	20	225	30	128	22	44	38.2	41.9		
District of Columbia	185	6	15	10	154	9	76	21	48	41.4	43.9		
Florida	6,849	245	773	441	5,390	403	3,494	455	1,037	38.8	42.2		
Georgia	2,706	95	265	166	2,180	163	1,323	220	474	39.7	42.9		
Hawaii	131	7	18	8	98	7	58	8	25	38.9	43.3		
Idaho	661	47	93	53	469	50	244	59	117	38.0	43.3		
Illinois	4,692	264	594	350	3,485	318	1,915	434	819	38.3	42.7		
Indiana	2,559	122	316	179	1,942	198	1,019	271	454	38.9	42.9		
Iowa	1,429	90	188	106	1,046	94	501	168	283	38.8	43.6		
Kansas	1,197	73	151	91	882	91	405	143	244	38.9	43.7		
Kentucky	1,634	75	214	128	1,217	148	656	149	264	38.4	42.4		
Louisiana	1,315	59	142	90	1,024	73	608	97	246	39.9	43.6		
Maine	614	46	83	57	428	53	191	70	114	37.8	43.0		
Maryland	1,733	85	191	121	1,337	110	769	159	299	38.9	42.4		
Massachusetts	2,630	169	355	229	1,876	210	1,023	209	435	37.4	42.4		
Michigan	3,452	203	480	247	2,522	236	1,261	365	660	38.5	43.3		
Minnesota	2,403	157	317	203	1,726	163	817	278	469	38.4	43.2		
Mississippi	740	35	81	52	571	46	319	61	145	39.8	43.4		
Missouri	2,338	110	288	157	1,783	146	979	229	430	39.2	43.3		
Montana	432	24	60	34	313	30	171	36	77	38.5	43.0		
Nebraska	873	46	102	58	667	60	313	104	190	39.9	44.0		
Nevada	947	43	114	72	718	71	457	61	129	38.1	41.5		
New Hampshire	646	36	81	50	479	51	236	70	121	38.5	43.0		
New Jersey	3,030	129	362	190	2,348	210	1,455	215	469	38.5	42.4		
New Mexico	701	37	90	60	514	52	317	46	99	37.9	42.0		
New York	6,440	294	791	407	4,948	563	2,860	514	1,010	38.4	42.3		
North Carolina	3,047	159	369	192	2,327	221	1,310	276	519	38.6	42.5		
North Dakota	347	16	43	24	263	21	117	40	85	40.9	45.1		
Ohio	4,419	229	601	361	3,228	302	1,706	457	763	38.4	42.9		
Oklahoma	1,247	53	145	98	951	78	513	103	257	39.7	43.0		
Oregon	1,482	96	206	135	1,045	122	547	147	230	37.4	42.1		
Pennsylvania	4,987	283	636	338	3,730	393	1,966	518	853	38.4	42.7		
Rhode Island	415	21	59	36	299	39	149	42	70	38.0	42.4		
South Carolina	1,410	62	138	88	1,122	99	663	131	229	39.2	42.6		
South Dakota	383	22	48	32	281	27	122	46	86	39.9	44.2		
Tennessee	2,193	111	280	164	1,638	169	927	181	362	38.3	42.4		
Texas	9,452	339	1,016	696	7,401	590	4,203	832	1,776	39.7	43.0		
Utah	1,245	71	178	98	898	78	499	120	201	37.8	42.5		
Vermont	308	21	40	24	223	24	105	34	60	38.5	43.5		
Virginia	2,850	130	312	231	2,176	185	1,206	270	515	39.1	42.7		
Washington	2,542	154	302	211	1,875	184	1,038	243	409	38.1	42.2		
West Virginia	678	26	71	44	537	46	316	51	125	39.9	43.5		
Wisconsin	2,513	157	344	191	1,821	184	870	309	458	38.4	43.5		
Wyoming	262	17	29	18	199	17	91	27	64	40.7	45.2		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours				Total at work	Persons who usually work full time	
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours			
Black or African American											
Alabama	420	12	38	29	341	26	239	24	51	39.2	41.9
Alaska	9	(¹)	1	1	6	1	4	(¹)	1	37.1	40.8
Arizona	114	2	16	11	86	8	60	6	12	38.1	41.2
Arkansas	147	4	17	17	109	9	78	7	14	37.8	40.9
California	851	37	110	73	632	47	439	56	90	37.6	41.5
Colorado	92	4	11	4	74	7	50	6	10	38.6	41.3
Connecticut	161	6	26	16	113	18	69	11	15	36.7	40.3
Delaware	81	3	10	5	63	8	42	5	8	37.5	40.7
District of Columbia	120	5	14	8	94	6	66	7	15	38.2	41.4
Florida	1,268	39	151	84	994	81	736	61	116	37.8	40.9
Georgia	1,244	33	137	101	972	80	653	73	166	38.8	41.9
Hawaii	9	(¹)	1	(¹)	8	(¹)	6	(¹)	1	41.3	44.6
Idaho	7	(¹)	1	(¹)	6	1	4	(¹)	(¹)	37.6	40.1
Illinois	673	17	95	58	502	52	342	36	73	37.8	41.6
Indiana	207	9	29	13	156	21	90	18	27	37.9	41.5
Iowa	35	2	5	3	25	3	15	3	4	36.5	41.1
Kansas	65	3	10	7	45	4	26	5	10	37.8	42.3
Kentucky	142	4	20	10	107	12	71	10	14	37.5	41.4
Louisiana	502	15	69	47	370	36	266	25	43	37.8	41.6
Maine	6	1	2	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	28.9	40.8
Maryland	799	30	75	55	639	49	438	51	100	38.9	41.6
Massachusetts	207	10	34	27	135	17	75	16	27	36.7	41.7
Michigan	481	19	66	34	362	34	238	28	63	37.8	41.4
Minnesota	117	6	22	13	76	9	41	11	15	36.3	41.8
Mississippi	345	8	32	27	277	22	206	13	37	39.0	41.4
Missouri	263	11	28	16	207	14	142	17	34	38.6	42.3
Montana	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	36.8	41.9
Nebraska	39	2	4	4	29	4	16	3	7	39.1	43.8
Nevada	95	5	9	8	73	8	46	5	14	39.1	42.7
New Hampshire	8	(¹)	2	(¹)	5	1	3	(¹)	1	36.0	42.6
New Jersey	528	15	78	42	393	43	288	22	41	36.8	40.5
New Mexico	19	1	3	1	14	1	11	1	1	37.7	41.9
New York	1,306	37	154	82	1,033	181	660	71	122	37.8	40.6
North Carolina	858	31	120	80	626	68	412	57	89	37.5	41.2
North Dakota	5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	1	2	1	1	44.7	46.0
Ohio	501	23	81	41	356	42	219	38	57	37.0	41.5
Oklahoma	103	5	9	11	77	8	44	9	15	38.5	42.3
Oregon	23	1	4	2	17	4	9	1	4	37.5	41.1
Pennsylvania	536	23	66	39	408	51	274	35	47	37.2	40.6
Rhode Island	27	1	4	3	19	2	12	1	4	37.7	42.2
South Carolina	492	10	47	37	397	47	275	29	46	38.5	40.9
South Dakota	5	(¹)	1	1	4	1	2	(¹)	1	38.0	42.6
Tennessee	432	20	59	38	314	37	196	30	51	37.6	41.9
Texas	1,349	42	142	107	1,058	92	639	106	222	39.6	42.8
Utah	17	(¹)	3	1	13	1	9	1	1	36.1	40.9
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.3	43.5
Virginia	682	22	77	52	531	54	351	49	76	38.4	41.5
Washington	95	4	13	8	69	5	47	3	15	37.9	42.6
West Virginia	23	(¹)	3	1	19	3	13	2	2	37.8	40.0
Wisconsin	130	8	20	12	91	13	53	7	17	37.2	42.8
Wyoming	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	40.3	44.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	Persons who usually work full time		
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours								
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 or more hours				
Asian													
Alabama	27	(¹)	4	(¹)	22	1	10	6	6	40.8	45.9		
Alaska	22	1	3	1	17	2	11	1	3	38.8	41.9		
Arizona	96	5	8	8	75	6	40	6	24	41.9	46.6		
Arkansas	31	(¹)	2	(¹)	29	1	14	10	4	42.3	43.3		
California	2,502	85	283	177	1,956	122	1,355	137	342	38.5	41.9		
Colorado	68	3	9	2	54	5	32	5	12	38.9	43.6		
Connecticut	101	2	13	6	80	6	54	8	13	39.2	41.9		
Delaware	16	(¹)	2	(¹)	13	1	10	1	2	39.3	41.4		
District of Columbia	15	(¹)	1	1	13	1	6	1	4	41.9	44.6		
Florida	270	9	28	14	219	14	134	15	57	40.5	43.9		
Georgia	197	6	13	10	169	7	113	11	37	41.0	43.2		
Hawaii	264	9	27	16	211	10	156	10	35	38.8	41.8		
Idaho	9	(¹)	1	(¹)	7	1	4	1	1	39.4	43.6		
Illinois	294	8	30	15	242	13	151	27	51	40.4	43.4		
Indiana	43	3	3	2	35	4	20	4	7	37.9	41.7		
Iowa	47	3	6	3	36	4	22	4	5	37.0	40.8		
Kansas	43	2	10	2	29	3	18	4	4	35.7	41.7		
Kentucky	36	2	6	3	26	4	14	2	6	39.2	44.5		
Louisiana	31	2	5	1	22	2	16	1	3	35.2	39.4		
Maine	9	1	2	1	6	1	3	1	1	36.5	42.5		
Maryland	208	7	23	11	167	14	105	16	32	39.6	43.0		
Massachusetts	209	8	20	10	171	12	120	13	25	38.9	42.1		
Michigan	145	7	16	4	118	6	78	12	22	38.8	42.6		
Minnesota	137	9	14	12	102	9	66	12	15	37.1	40.8		
Mississippi	14	(¹)	2	1	11	(¹)	6	1	4	41.2	45.4		
Missouri	47	2	6	3	36	6	17	3	10	40.4	44.4		
Nebraska	23	1	3	2	18	5	9	1	3	38.0	41.5		
Nevada	95	3	10	5	77	8	55	4	10	38.5	41.4		
New Hampshire	15	1	1	(¹)	13	1	9	2	2	40.6	42.8		
New Jersey	378	16	38	13	312	26	214	26	46	38.6	41.7		
New Mexico	26	2	7	1	16	1	13	(¹)	2	34.3	42.9		
New York	736	13	71	31	621	51	378	46	145	41.0	43.7		
North Carolina	129	4	9	7	109	5	59	10	35	42.7	45.1		
North Dakota	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	3	(¹)	(¹)	39.9	42.2		
Ohio	83	1	11	5	65	3	46	6	10	39.6	42.5		
Oklahoma	38	(¹)	3	2	32	2	20	2	8	42.2	44.9		
Oregon	81	4	7	5	64	5	38	7	14	39.4	43.0		
Pennsylvania	142	5	17	7	113	10	66	11	26	39.6	43.3		
Rhode Island	20	1	2	1	15	1	10	2	3	38.0	42.3		
South Carolina	32	1	2	3	27	1	17	2	6	42.3	46.0		
South Dakota	5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	39.1	43.5		
Tennessee	52	3	5	1	41	2	35	2	2	35.9	40.1		
Texas	524	11	33	31	449	34	291	41	83	40.7	42.8		
Utah	21	1	3	1	16	1	11	2	1	37.0	42.1		
Vermont	6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5	(¹)	4	(¹)	1	40.2	43.4		
Virginia	258	10	22	15	210	12	141	18	39	39.4	42.5		
Washington	250	8	33	17	192	15	123	15	40	38.9	42.9		
West Virginia	8	(¹)	2	1	5	(¹)	2	(¹)	2	41.8	51.2		
Wisconsin	65	4	6	5	50	6	28	7	10	38.4	42.7		
Wyoming	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	37.0	40.3		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total at work	Hours at work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 or more hours				Total at work	Persons who usually work full time	
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	78	1	9	6	62	7	37	7	11	39.7	41.9
Alaska	23	1	3	2	17	2	9	2	4	40.1	44.2
Arizona	820	37	108	83	591	63	390	57	81	37.0	41.1
Arkansas	81	3	7	7	64	4	47	3	9	38.4	41.4
California	5,946	219	790	529	4,409	405	3,056	370	577	37.2	40.9
Colorado	440	21	59	38	322	42	194	34	51	37.2	40.9
Connecticut	171	10	31	16	115	15	73	11	16	35.8	40.3
Delaware	34	1	4	2	26	3	17	2	4	37.4	41.0
District of Columbia	34	1	3	2	28	2	19	3	4	39.4	41.7
Florida	1,942	45	217	125	1,555	104	1,167	105	179	38.1	40.9
Georgia	313	4	29	28	252	30	164	22	37	39.2	41.3
Hawaii	49	2	6	5	36	3	25	2	6	37.8	41.1
Idaho	81	3	9	8	61	7	32	6	15	39.9	44.0
Illinois	814	34	85	63	632	61	421	63	88	38.1	41.2
Indiana	158	3	18	16	122	12	74	10	27	39.7	42.9
Iowa	78	5	11	7	56	6	36	6	8	36.6	41.2
Kansas	107	4	15	10	79	9	47	9	15	38.2	41.8
Kentucky	66	3	12	5	46	8	26	4	8	36.9	41.9
Louisiana	85	2	13	6	65	6	42	8	9	37.6	40.7
Maine	6	(¹)	1	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	1	1	35.3	42.5
Maryland	289	10	36	24	219	18	157	17	26	37.7	40.4
Massachusetts	246	12	34	33	167	27	105	11	24	36.2	40.5
Michigan	156	6	26	9	114	22	55	12	24	37.5	42.0
Minnesota	116	8	16	8	84	9	47	13	14	37.2	41.5
Mississippi	28	2	4	3	20	2	12	2	4	37.5	41.9
Missouri	72	2	11	6	53	8	31	4	10	38.1	42.5
Montana	12	1	2	(¹)	8	(¹)	5	1	2	37.2	42.7
Nebraska	95	4	12	10	69	12	39	7	11	38.0	41.9
Nevada	311	12	34	26	239	30	169	15	25	37.3	40.5
New Hampshire	22	2	3	2	15	1	8	2	3	36.8	43.2
New Jersey	800	18	82	45	655	54	507	27	67	38.2	40.9
New Mexico	358	14	49	33	263	29	177	20	38	37.3	41.4
New York	1,337	44	172	81	1,040	142	681	77	140	37.7	41.0
North Carolina	368	16	44	33	275	45	178	18	34	37.1	40.8
North Dakota	8	(¹)	1	(¹)	6	(¹)	3	1	2	40.8	45.6
Ohio	143	5	16	15	107	20	54	11	22	38.5	41.9
Oklahoma	144	5	21	12	107	14	60	7	26	38.5	41.7
Oregon	173	9	26	19	119	17	75	11	16	36.4	40.5
Pennsylvania	277	17	35	24	202	23	127	18	33	37.2	41.6
Rhode Island	50	2	7	4	37	6	23	3	4	36.5	40.5
South Carolina	79	4	6	11	59	9	32	7	11	37.7	41.2
South Dakota	11	1	2	1	8	1	4	1	2	36.3	41.7
Tennessee	130	9	20	11	90	10	61	8	10	35.8	41.0
Texas	4,478	125	503	374	3,476	332	2,196	324	624	38.9	41.9
Utah	155	5	23	13	114	14	73	11	16	37.5	41.2
Vermont	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	39.3	44.3
Virginia	280	10	35	26	209	26	135	16	32	37.2	40.8
Washington	303	12	37	29	225	31	137	23	34	37.7	40.9
West Virginia	8	(¹)	2	1	6	1	4	1	(¹)	35.2	38.9
Wisconsin	134	7	21	15	91	13	54	13	11	36.0	40.6
Wyoming	23	1	3	1	17	1	9	2	5	39.5	43.5

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	98	15	43	4	4	32	318	34	29	12	41	66	34	103
Alaska	25	4	10	(³)	1	10	50	5	4	2	11	11	2	15
Arizona	164	34	54	3	2	71	492	93	55	19	81	107	40	99
Arkansas	74	12	22	1	12	27	174	21	20	3	20	29	19	61
California	1,059	244	362	49	7	397	3,222	661	403	99	473	698	179	709
Colorado	172	26	67	2	14	63	492	61	45	17	93	123	37	115
Connecticut	113	16	42	4	17	33	336	41	32	13	53	80	33	84
Delaware	25	3	12	(³)	1	8	67	9	10	2	10	13	10	12
District of Columbia	22	2	10	1	(³)	9	40	5	7	1	4	7	4	12
Florida	433	95	161	10	8	159	1,389	294	141	30	154	271	118	381
Georgia	221	43	70	8	9	91	622	107	88	19	76	144	43	145
Hawaii	38	7	13	6	1	13	100	15	12	4	10	20	10	29
Idaho	44	8	18	1	1	17	156	18	12	4	38	33	15	35
Illinois	353	64	141	8	11	128	1,098	158	145	36	177	259	102	223
Indiana	169	33	62	3	5	66	519	56	54	25	85	129	62	109
Iowa	107	13	49	(³)	3	40	305	22	22	7	52	87	41	73
Kansas	94	16	33	(³)	5	40	270	25	22	6	52	76	29	61
Kentucky	110	18	35	1	9	47	364	53	41	12	48	75	43	91
Louisiana	114	20	36	8	7	42	325	43	26	7	51	78	25	95
Maine	50	8	19	1	1	20	144	16	16	5	24	30	17	37
Maryland	199	30	81	4	5	79	421	54	44	18	63	90	43	109
Massachusetts	203	26	78	11	12	75	688	90	49	27	121	147	62	191
Michigan	249	37	105	6	8	93	848	89	119	18	154	211	95	162
Minnesota	206	25	104	2	6	69	568	56	50	14	113	148	59	128
Mississippi	77	14	27	6	3	26	167	28	14	2	19	32	17	54
Missouri	160	23	66	3	15	54	479	59	39	15	81	114	63	108
Montana	33	8	13	1	1	11	94	11	7	3	21	17	13	23
Nebraska	64	11	25	1	3	25	162	14	8	3	25	43	24	43
Nevada	84	22	25	3	2	31	201	47	21	5	23	35	17	54
New Hampshire	40	6	16	1	2	14	135	14	14	5	26	28	14	34
New Jersey	190	29	72	15	9	65	706	103	93	32	102	156	58	162
New Mexico	51	8	20	2	1	21	170	23	11	6	24	36	15	55
New York	471	68	188	38	10	167	1,449	215	168	71	240	293	134	328
North Carolina	276	63	98	5	13	98	726	106	86	20	81	136	70	227
North Dakota	28	2	12	(³)	2	11	62	2	3	2	13	19	9	15
Ohio	325	52	135	4	15	119	1,047	104	119	28	174	261	130	230
Oklahoma	133	20	34	3	26	50	251	23	18	8	42	55	35	71
Oregon	131	30	45	3	5	49	357	65	45	9	59	66	30	83
Pennsylvania	386	61	177	8	9	131	1,055	98	125	29	199	226	136	242
Rhode Island	36	4	13	4	3	12	97	13	11	4	11	24	9	25
South Carolina	101	21	30	2	3	44	295	42	34	9	43	59	30	79
South Dakota	38	4	13	1	9	12	74	4	4	2	10	20	11	23
Tennessee	179	30	60	6	13	70	516	68	64	12	90	117	50	114
Texas	771	123	267	17	81	283	1,715	248	145	77	225	400	130	492
Utah	90	15	41	2	3	30	272	29	18	5	78	73	17	52
Vermont	21	3	10	(³)	1	8	68	5	6	2	12	12	11	20
Virginia	269	47	102	8	13	99	618	70	80	15	115	130	72	136
Washington	234	47	90	3	2	93	571	88	62	19	122	105	51	124
West Virginia	38	7	12	1	1	17	115	14	12	5	20	19	13	32
Wisconsin	169	29	78	1	4	56	599	49	53	11	117	155	70	144
Wyoming	19	2	7	(³)	2	7	49	4	3	2	10	11	6	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
Alabama	51	11	21	(³)	4	14	100	15	9	(³)	2	26	19	28
Alaska	13	2	5	(³)	1	5	18	3	1	(³)	1	5	1	6
Arizona	84	21	28	1	2	32	208	50	27	(³)	10	58	19	42
Arkansas	39	8	11	1	7	12	58	8	7	(³)	2	10	10	22
California	552	154	186	20	6	186	1,215	322	167	11	53	316	84	263
Colorado	92	15	38	1	9	28	186	34	21	1	10	51	21	49
Connecticut	57	10	21	2	8	16	110	19	12	(³)	4	35	15	25
Delaware	12	2	5	(³)	1	4	23	4	4	(³)	1	5	4	4
District of Columbia	10	1	4	(³)	(³)	4	16	2	3	(³)	(³)	3	1	5
Florida	218	57	84	6	7	63	596	143	68	2	19	133	68	162
Georgia	113	27	37	4	8	37	231	56	37	1	8	61	18	50
Hawaii	21	4	7	3	(³)	6	45	7	7	1	2	9	6	13
Idaho	24	4	10	(³)	(³)	9	51	9	5	(³)	3	14	8	12
Illinois	178	39	70	3	9	57	402	74	63	2	18	116	45	84
Indiana	85	19	28	2	2	34	175	22	22	(³)	10	51	34	35
Iowa	53	8	24	(³)	2	19	111	10	8	1	6	39	19	28
Kansas	49	9	17	(³)	4	19	91	13	10	(³)	5	30	15	19
Kentucky	59	14	18	1	6	21	141	25	19	1	6	33	24	34
Louisiana	59	13	17	3	7	19	108	19	11	(³)	7	23	13	35
Maine	25	5	10	1	1	9	52	7	7	(³)	4	13	9	13
Maryland	99	22	39	1	4	33	153	28	20	1	6	37	21	39
Massachusetts	105	14	39	6	9	37	215	41	15	1	14	63	34	47
Michigan	123	19	51	2	5	46	290	39	44	(³)	13	94	51	50
Minnesota	108	14	54	1	3	35	195	27	24	1	12	60	34	38
Mississippi	35	8	11	2	3	11	55	13	3	(³)	3	9	7	20
Missouri	80	12	33	1	8	25	179	32	15	(³)	5	47	35	44
Montana	17	4	6	(³)	1	5	33	6	3	(³)	3	8	6	7
Nebraska	31	5	11	(³)	2	12	60	7	4	1	2	21	10	16
Nevada	44	12	12	2	2	16	87	25	10	(³)	4	17	9	22
New Hampshire	21	4	8	(³)	1	7	43	6	5	(³)	3	11	8	10
New Jersey	95	19	35	6	8	28	239	46	37	3	10	58	32	53
New Mexico	26	5	9	1	1	11	67	16	6	(³)	2	15	7	20
New York	236	40	89	17	8	82	499	94	62	2	23	136	65	117
North Carolina	138	37	42	2	11	46	258	56	35	(³)	4	61	33	68
North Dakota	14	2	6	(³)	1	5	19	1	1	(³)	1	8	4	4
Ohio	170	31	70	2	14	53	357	52	44	3	12	105	63	78
Oklahoma	71	12	18	2	15	24	97	13	9	1	4	25	19	26
Oregon	67	17	22	1	4	24	132	32	20	1	9	25	15	31
Pennsylvania	196	34	95	4	8	55	344	38	47	2	14	89	70	86
Rhode Island	18	3	6	2	1	6	36	6	5	(³)	1	11	4	8
South Carolina	54	12	16	1	3	22	118	25	16	(³)	6	26	16	29
South Dakota	17	2	6	(³)	4	5	26	2	1	(³)	1	9	5	8
Tennessee	99	18	35	3	8	35	204	38	29	(³)	9	58	26	44
Texas	415	79	139	9	55	133	626	124	55	6	20	172	64	185
Utah	53	9	24	1	2	16	90	17	7	(³)	7	32	10	16
Vermont	11	2	4	(³)	1	4	24	2	2	(³)	1	5	5	7
Virginia	146	31	52	4	11	49	221	39	30	2	11	56	38	46
Washington	132	31	53	1	1	45	191	39	27	1	12	48	23	41
West Virginia	18	3	6	(³)	1	7	41	7	5	(³)	2	8	7	12
Wisconsin	87	19	39	1	3	26	207	22	22	1	7	71	36	48
Wyoming	10	2	4	(³)	1	4	17	2	1	(³)	1	5	3	5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
Alabama	48	4	22	4	(³)	18	218	19	20	12	38	39	15	75
Alaska	13	1	5	(³)	(³)	6	32	2	3	2	9	6	1	9
Arizona	81	14	26	2	(³)	39	285	43	28	19	70	48	20	56
Arkansas	35	4	10	(³)	5	15	116	13	14	3	19	18	10	40
California	507	89	176	28	2	212	2,007	340	236	88	420	382	95	447
Colorado	81	11	29	1	5	35	306	28	24	17	83	72	17	67
Connecticut	55	5	22	2	9	17	226	23	20	12	49	46	17	59
Delaware	13	2	7	(³)	(³)	4	43	4	6	2	9	8	5	8
District of Columbia	12	1	6	(³)	(³)	5	24	3	4	1	3	3	2	7
Florida	215	38	77	4	1	96	793	151	73	28	135	138	50	218
Georgia	107	16	33	4	1	54	391	51	51	18	68	83	24	95
Hawaii	17	2	5	3	(³)	7	55	7	5	3	8	11	4	16
Idaho	20	3	9	(³)	(³)	7	105	9	7	4	35	19	7	23
Illinois	175	26	71	5	2	71	696	84	81	33	159	143	57	139
Indiana	84	14	34	2	2	32	343	33	32	25	75	77	28	73
Iowa	53	5	25	(³)	1	22	194	12	14	6	46	48	22	46
Kansas	45	6	16	(³)	1	21	179	12	12	5	48	46	14	42
Kentucky	51	4	17	(³)	3	26	223	28	22	12	42	42	19	58
Louisiana	55	7	19	5	(³)	23	216	24	15	7	44	55	12	60
Maine	25	3	10	1	(³)	11	92	10	9	4	20	17	9	23
Maryland	100	9	42	3	1	46	268	26	24	17	56	53	22	71
Massachusetts	97	12	39	4	3	38	473	49	34	27	106	84	28	143
Michigan	126	18	54	4	3	47	558	50	75	17	141	117	44	113
Minnesota	99	11	50	1	3	34	373	29	27	13	102	88	25	90
Mississippi	41	6	17	4	(³)	15	112	15	11	2	17	22	10	34
Missouri	80	11	32	2	7	29	300	26	24	15	76	67	29	64
Montana	16	4	6	(³)	(³)	6	61	5	4	3	18	9	7	15
Nebraska	33	5	14	(³)	1	13	102	7	5	2	23	23	14	28
Nevada	40	10	13	1	(³)	16	114	22	11	4	19	18	8	32
New Hampshire	19	2	8	(³)	1	7	92	7	9	5	22	17	7	25
New Jersey	95	10	38	9	1	37	468	57	56	29	92	98	26	109
New Mexico	25	3	11	1	(³)	10	103	8	5	6	22	20	7	34
New York	235	28	98	21	2	85	950	121	106	70	216	157	69	211
North Carolina	139	26	56	3	2	52	468	50	52	20	76	75	36	159
North Dakota	14	1	6	(³)	1	6	43	1	2	2	12	10	5	11
Ohio	155	21	65	2	1	66	690	52	75	26	163	156	68	152
Oklahoma	62	8	16	1	10	26	153	10	9	6	38	30	16	45
Oregon	63	13	23	2	1	25	224	33	25	8	50	41	14	53
Pennsylvania	190	27	81	4	1	77	711	60	78	28	185	138	66	156
Rhode Island	18	2	7	2	2	6	61	6	6	4	11	13	5	17
South Carolina	46	8	14	1	1	23	178	17	18	9	37	33	14	50
South Dakota	21	2	7	(³)	5	7	48	2	3	2	9	11	6	15
Tennessee	80	12	25	2	5	35	313	29	35	12	81	60	24	71
Texas	355	44	128	8	25	150	1,089	124	90	70	205	227	66	307
Utah	38	6	17	1	(³)	14	182	13	11	5	71	40	7	36
Vermont	11	1	6	(³)	(³)	4	44	3	3	2	11	7	5	12
Virginia	123	16	50	4	2	51	397	32	50	14	104	74	33	89
Washington	102	15	37	2	(³)	47	380	49	34	18	110	57	28	83
West Virginia	19	3	6	(³)	(³)	9	73	7	7	4	19	11	5	20
Wisconsin	82	11	40	1	1	30	392	27	32	9	110	84	34	96
Wyoming	9	(³)	4	(³)	1	4	32	2	2	2	9	6	3	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Alabama	75	10	34	4	4	23	249	23	22	10	34	49	32	80
Alaska	20	3	8	(³)	1	8	39	4	3	1	8	8	2	12
Arizona	143	31	49	3	2	57	421	82	43	16	69	88	36	87
Arkansas	60	10	17	1	9	23	142	17	14	2	18	24	18	49
California	808	190	264	40	5	308	2,496	525	300	69	375	517	153	556
Colorado	159	24	62	2	12	58	450	55	37	17	89	110	36	106
Connecticut	89	11	35	4	14	26	281	32	26	11	47	64	30	71
Delaware	19	2	9	(³)	1	6	50	6	6	2	8	10	8	9
District of Columbia	13	1	7	(³)	(³)	4	19	1	2	1	3	4	2	6
Florida	339	72	131	9	5	121	1,121	226	104	24	135	213	110	308
Georgia	138	26	49	4	5	54	388	49	45	13	60	97	33	91
Hawaii	9	2	3	1	(³)	3	24	3	3	1	2	3	4	8
Idaho	42	8	18	1	1	16	150	17	11	4	36	32	15	34
Illinois	299	54	122	6	11	105	908	126	103	29	159	210	95	187
Indiana	151	29	56	3	4	59	466	48	42	24	81	112	58	102
Iowa	100	12	47	(³)	3	38	283	19	20	7	49	77	41	70
Kansas	81	13	30	(³)	4	34	233	21	19	5	47	65	28	50
Kentucky	101	17	32	1	9	43	315	44	32	11	45	66	39	78
Louisiana	82	14	28	7	4	30	208	23	13	4	39	52	21	57
Maine	48	8	19	1	1	19	138	15	15	4	23	27	17	35
Maryland	122	21	51	2	3	44	274	32	23	13	48	52	34	72
Massachusetts	169	22	69	10	6	63	584	66	41	24	105	121	60	167
Michigan	207	29	91	4	8	75	723	72	94	13	141	178	87	139
Minnesota	182	22	93	1	6	60	495	45	36	12	106	125	57	114
Mississippi	51	9	19	2	2	19	117	17	8	2	15	23	13	40
Missouri	142	19	58	3	14	48	413	47	27	12	72	101	59	94
Montana	31	7	12	1	1	11	87	10	6	3	20	15	13	20
Nebraska	60	10	24	1	3	23	146	13	7	3	23	37	24	39
Nevada	70	19	21	3	1	26	159	36	18	4	18	27	15	41
New Hampshire	38	6	16	1	2	14	129	13	13	5	25	27	14	33
New Jersey	143	21	56	13	6	47	538	71	62	26	85	121	52	121
New Mexico	46	7	18	2	1	19	141	20	10	4	21	29	13	43
New York	367	51	150	28	9	128	1,125	137	116	56	205	232	121	258
North Carolina	197	47	70	4	11	65	523	70	57	16	70	95	57	157
North Dakota	25	2	11	(³)	2	10	59	2	3	2	13	17	8	15
Ohio	282	43	121	3	14	100	910	84	93	22	162	221	123	204
Oklahoma	104	16	29	2	20	37	192	18	11	6	33	42	32	51
Oregon	118	28	40	3	4	44	318	57	38	8	55	56	29	76
Pennsylvania	339	55	156	6	8	114	918	82	99	25	184	194	125	210
Rhode Island	32	4	12	4	3	10	83	11	9	3	10	20	9	22
South Carolina	71	12	20	1	3	34	216	26	21	6	40	41	25	58
South Dakota	34	3	12	(³)	8	11	67	3	4	1	9	18	11	21
Tennessee	145	25	48	4	9	60	409	51	41	11	79	92	47	89
Texas	635	107	221	16	65	226	1,416	209	112	61	196	320	112	404
Utah	88	15	40	2	2	29	260	28	17	5	76	68	16	49
Vermont	21	3	10	(³)	1	8	65	5	5	2	12	11	11	19
Virginia	207	35	84	6	11	71	466	52	51	11	99	88	58	108
Washington	196	38	76	3	2	78	471	75	45	17	106	80	45	103
West Virginia	34	6	11	1	1	15	106	11	12	4	20	17	12	30
Wisconsin	154	27	74	1	3	49	537	41	43	10	109	139	67	129
Wyoming	17	2	7	(³)	2	7	46	4	3	1	9	10	6	13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black or African American														
Alabama	21	5	8	(³)	(³)	8	57	10	7	1	6	13	2	19
Alaska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1
Arizona	9	1	2	(³)	(³)	7	19	4	4	(³)	1	5	1	4
Arkansas	11	2	4	(³)	2	3	27	4	7	1	2	4	(³)	9
California	61	16	23	3	1	18	159	36	28	5	11	40	8	30
Colorado	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	2	13	1	2	(³)	2	3	(³)	3
Connecticut	15	3	4	(³)	2	6	33	6	5	(³)	2	9	1	9
Delaware	5	1	2	(³)	(³)	2	13	2	4	(³)	1	3	1	2
District of Columbia	8	1	2	(³)	(³)	4	18	3	5	(³)	1	2	2	6
Florida	72	18	19	(³)	3	32	202	53	31	5	11	41	8	54
Georgia	71	16	17	3	2	33	201	51	40	4	13	39	8	46
Hawaii	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	37	8	12	2	(³)	13	134	23	36	3	9	30	5	27
Indiana	13	4	5	(³)	1	4	38	7	10	1	3	11	1	5
Iowa	2	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	8	2	1	(³)	1	3	(³)	2
Kansas	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	2	15	2	2	1	2	4	(³)	4
Kentucky	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	3	28	5	5	1	3	5	3	6
Louisiana	29	5	8	2	3	11	103	18	11	3	11	22	2	35
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
Maryland	58	5	24	1	(³)	28	103	15	17	3	8	26	7	26
Massachusetts	20	3	5	(³)	4	8	52	15	4	1	6	14	1	11
Michigan	31	5	10	2	(³)	14	88	12	17	4	6	22	8	19
Minnesota	10	2	3	(³)	(³)	5	32	6	7	1	3	9	1	5
Mississippi	24	5	7	4	1	6	44	10	5	(³)	5	9	4	12
Missouri	10	3	3	(³)	(³)	3	46	10	9	1	6	5	4	10
Montana	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	8	1	1	(³)	1	3	(³)	2
Nevada	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	2	17	5	2	(³)	1	3	1	5
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	1
New Jersey	27	5	10	1	2	8	108	23	27	3	6	20	4	27
New Mexico	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	1	(³)	(³)	1	1	(³)	1
New York	73	12	27	8	(³)	26	200	57	35	8	14	33	9	44
North Carolina	63	15	19	1	(³)	28	168	29	26	3	7	36	11	56
Ohio	33	4	10	1	(³)	17	112	18	20	6	10	28	8	23
Oklahoma	8	2	2	(³)	1	3	18	2	4	(³)	1	6	1	4
Oregon	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	4	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	34	4	15	1	1	13	94	12	21	3	9	20	7	22
Rhode Island	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	6	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	2
South Carolina	27	8	9	1	(³)	9	67	13	12	2	3	14	5	18
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1
Tennessee	27	4	11	1	2	9	91	15	21	1	7	20	3	23
Texas	85	8	32	(³)	9	36	206	31	25	9	15	51	16	59
Utah	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	46	10	12	2	1	21	105	15	23	4	8	26	10	19
Washington	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	3	20	3	5	(³)	2	5	(³)	4
West Virginia	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	3	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1
Wisconsin	6	1	2	(³)	(³)	3	33	3	8	(³)	5	7	2	8
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training			
Asian															
Alabama	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	5	(³)	(³)	(³)	3	(³)	2		
Alaska	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	3	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1		
Arizona	4	1	1	(³)	(³)	2	17	2	1	1	7	4	2		
Arkansas	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1		
California	138	27	58	4	(³)	48	408	68	54	17	72	86	14	97	
Colorado	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	12	1	2	(³)	1	6	(³)	2	
Connecticut	7	2	3	(³)	1	1	14	1	1	1	3	3	1	4	
Delaware	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	
District of Columbia	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	
Florida	11	2	5	(³)	(³)	5	40	6	2	1	8	11	(³)	13	
Georgia	8	1	4	(³)	2	2	20	5	1	1	2	5	1	4	
Hawaii	16	2	6	3	(³)	5	37	5	4	1	4	7	4	11	
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	
Illinois	13	1	5	(³)	(³)	6	40	6	4	3	8	11	1	6	
Indiana	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	6	(³)	1	(³)	1	2	2	1	
Iowa	3	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	8	1	(³)	(³)	1	6	(³)	1	
Kansas	3	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	12	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	3	(³)	6	
Kentucky	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	9	2	2	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2	
Louisiana	2	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	7	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	2	3	
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	
Maryland	10	2	3	(³)	(³)	4	31	4	2	2	6	9	1	7	
Massachusetts	7	1	3	(³)	(³)	3	31	6	4	2	8	5	1	7	
Michigan	4	(³)	3	(³)	(³)	1	23	2	2	1	7	7	(³)	4	
Minnesota	10	(³)	6	1	(³)	3	25	3	4	(³)	3	10	1	4	
Mississippi	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	
Missouri	4	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	2	8	(³)	1	(³)	2	1	(³)	3	
Nebraska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	1	
Nevada	4	1	2	(³)	(³)	1	15	3	1	(³)	2	4	(³)	4	
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	
New Jersey	16	3	5	(³)	(³)	8	50	8	3	3	10	12	2	11	
New Mexico	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	9	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	2	(³)	6	
New York	24	4	7	2	1	10	90	14	13	4	18	19	2	19	
North Carolina	7	1	4	(³)	1	1	13	1	1	1	2	2	1	5	
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	
Ohio	5	1	3	(³)	(³)	1	12	1	3	(³)	2	6	(³)	1	
Oklahoma	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2	2	
Oregon	5	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	2	12	1	3	1	2	3	(³)	2	
Pennsylvania	7	2	3	(³)	(³)	2	22	3	2	1	3	6	2	6	
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	2	(³)	1	
South Carolina	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	5	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2		
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	
Tennessee	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	9	1	2	(³)	1	3	(³)	1	
Texas	22	4	6	(³)	3	9	52	5	2	4	7	18	(³)	15	
Utah	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	2	(³)	1	
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	
Virginia	12	1	5	1	(³)	5	35	3	3	1	7	13	3	6	
Washington	13	2	6	(³)	(³)	4	45	5	5	1	12	11	4	6	
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1		
Wisconsin	3	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	12	1	(³)	(³)	3	5	(³)	2	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	7	2	2	(³)	1	2	9	3	1	1	1	1	(³)	2
Alaska	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	1	(³)	1
Arizona	56	18	12	2	1	23	173	45	24	12	26	36	4	26
Arkansas	5	1	1	(³)	1	2	12	3	1	(³)	1	3	(³)	3
California	394	124	99	19	5	147	1,144	336	171	33	110	259	22	213
Colorado	33	8	9	1	5	10	85	17	10	4	12	22	3	18
Connecticut	16	4	4	(³)	3	5	41	11	4	2	4	9	2	9
Delaware	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	6	1	1	(³)	1	2	(³)	1
District of Columbia	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	4	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1
Florida	94	26	32	3	3	30	293	96	34	6	27	59	8	62
Georgia	22	8	5	1	3	6	39	13	5	1	4	8	1	7
Hawaii	4	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	9	1	1	(³)	1	2	(³)	2
Idaho	4	2	1	(³)	(³)	2	16	3	2	(³)	2	3	(³)	4
Illinois	50	17	14	1	3	16	131	34	16	6	13	41	(³)	21
Indiana	11	4	4	(³)	(³)	4	25	5	2	2	3	9	(³)	4
Iowa	5	1	2	(³)	(³)	2	17	2	2	1	2	7	(³)	3
Kansas	10	3	2	(³)	2	3	18	5	2	1	2	6	(³)	1
Kentucky	3	1	1	(³)	1	1	17	5	4	2	2	1	(³)	3
Louisiana	6	1	2	(³)	1	2	15	4	(³)	1	1	6	(³)	3
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	27	13	4	1	3	6	43	9	6	5	4	5	1	13
Massachusetts	21	5	3	1	5	7	58	16	7	3	7	13	1	11
Michigan	8	3	1	(³)	(³)	4	33	5	8	1	3	8	(³)	8
Minnesota	8	1	3	(³)	(³)	4	24	4	3	(³)	4	8	1	3
Mississippi	2	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	6	3	(³)	(³)	1	2	(³)	2
Missouri	4	1	2	(³)	(³)	1	15	3	2	(³)	3	4	1	3
Montana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	3	(³)	1	(³)	1	1	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	6	2	1	(³)	(³)	2	19	6	2	(³)	1	5	(³)	5
Nevada	21	8	5	1	(³)	7	51	17	5	2	5	10	1	11
New Hampshire	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	6	1	(³)	1	1	(³)	1	1
New Jersey	32	5	8	2	4	11	114	29	19	6	12	25	4	19
New Mexico	20	4	6	1	(³)	8	76	14	6	4	12	17	6	17
New York	70	12	19	4	1	33	227	53	31	15	31	42	9	47
North Carolina	22	12	4	(³)	3	3	71	20	12	1	5	16	2	15
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	12	4	2	(³)	2	5	24	6	7	(³)	4	4	(³)	2
Oklahoma	14	3	2	(³)	5	4	23	3	2	2	3	6	2	6
Oregon	16	7	2	(³)	1	5	38	12	7	1	5	9	(³)	4
Pennsylvania	19	5	7	1	(³)	6	57	9	11	3	7	16	1	9
Rhode Island	3	(³)	1	1	(³)	2	10	3	1	(³)	1	2	(³)	2
South Carolina	8	2	1	(³)	(³)	5	13	5	1	(³)	1	2	1	1
South Dakota	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	3	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	7	(³)	2	(³)	3	2	33	4	8	1	7	5	(³)	9
Texas	317	70	85	8	45	109	685	135	73	36	85	174	23	159
Utah	11	3	4	(³)	1	3	29	7	2	1	8	9	1	2
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	18	7	4	(³)	3	5	53	14	9	1	11	10	1	7
Washington	25	9	5	(³)	1	9	53	16	8	3	5	11	1	9
West Virginia	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	11	3	3	(³)	(³)	4	32	5	4	1	4	8	(³)	10
Wyoming	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	1	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Alabama	57	26	7	11	13
Alaska	20	12	2	2	4
Arizona	92	51	7	15	19
Arkansas	40	16	4	11	10
California	585	274	95	112	104
Colorado	104	51	13	13	26
Connecticut	70	35	6	12	17
Delaware	13	7	1	3	2
District of Columbia	12	5	2	2	3
Florida	236	123	24	46	43
Georgia	135	58	16	30	31
Hawaii	22	12	2	4	4
Idaho	30	13	3	6	8
Illinois	217	118	14	41	44
Indiana	94	45	12	17	20
Iowa	68	33	10	12	14
Kansas	46	21	5	11	10
Kentucky	60	29	6	12	13
Louisiana	70	27	9	15	20
Maine	26	13	2	4	7
Maryland	93	41	10	21	20
Massachusetts	126	74	14	20	18
Michigan	173	77	21	38	37
Minnesota	101	49	13	15	24
Mississippi	37	17	3	7	9
Missouri	98	42	10	25	21
Montana	19	8	2	3	6
Nebraska	30	14	3	5	7
Nevada	36	19	6	4	6
New Hampshire	26	15	3	5	4
New Jersey	128	69	11	25	23
New Mexico	33	18	2	3	9
New York	295	158	29	58	50
North Carolina	144	64	18	30	33
North Dakota	16	8	2	3	3
Ohio	195	92	21	44	37
Oklahoma	54	21	6	11	15
Oregon	73	34	11	11	18
Pennsylvania	222	120	15	47	40
Rhode Island	28	15	2	7	3
South Carolina	58	25	7	12	14
South Dakota	16	6	2	3	4
Tennessee	100	45	13	21	21
Texas	421	244	37	62	78
Utah	52	27	7	9	10
Vermont	14	7	2	3	3
Virginia	137	73	11	22	31
Washington	125	67	13	21	24
West Virginia	29	15	2	6	6
Wisconsin	114	59	13	19	23
Wyoming	14	7	2	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Men					
Alabama	26	11	1	6	7
Alaska	11	6	(³)	1	3
Arizona	39	21	1	9	9
Arkansas	17	6	1	5	5
California	259	132	19	53	55
Colorado	46	23	2	6	15
Connecticut	29	16	1	6	7
Delaware	5	3	(³)	1	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	(³)	1
Florida	105	59	7	18	21
Georgia	58	25	2	17	15
Hawaii	9	5	1	2	2
Idaho	14	6	(³)	3	4
Illinois	94	48	2	17	28
Indiana	41	19	2	8	12
Iowa	27	14	1	5	8
Kansas	19	8	(³)	5	5
Kentucky	29	14	1	7	7
Louisiana	36	13	2	6	15
Maine	13	6	(³)	3	4
Maryland	39	17	1	10	11
Massachusetts	52	30	2	10	10
Michigan	76	34	4	15	23
Minnesota	39	20	2	7	11
Mississippi	15	6	1	3	5
Missouri	44	17	1	12	13
Montana	9	3	(³)	1	4
Nebraska	14	6	1	3	4
Nevada	15	9	1	1	3
New Hampshire	11	6	(³)	3	2
New Jersey	51	29	1	9	11
New Mexico	15	9	(³)	1	4
New York	137	74	8	30	25
North Carolina	57	27	3	11	16
North Dakota	7	3	(³)	2	2
Ohio	89	44	3	22	20
Oklahoma	25	10	1	5	9
Oregon	34	16	3	6	10
Pennsylvania	107	59	4	24	19
Rhode Island	13	7	(³)	4	2
South Carolina	23	9	2	6	6
South Dakota	7	2	(³)	2	3
Tennessee	43	20	2	11	10
Texas	181	105	5	28	42
Utah	24	13	1	5	5
Vermont	6	3	(³)	1	2
Virginia	64	34	2	12	17
Washington	52	29	2	11	10
West Virginia	15	8	1	3	3
Wisconsin	49	25	2	9	13
Wyoming	7	3	(³)	1	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Women					
Alabama	32	15	5	5	6
Alaska	9	6	1	1	1
Arizona	53	31	6	6	10
Arkansas	23	10	3	6	4
California	326	142	76	58	50
Colorado	58	29	11	7	11
Connecticut	41	19	5	7	10
Delaware	8	4	1	2	1
District of Columbia	8	3	1	1	2
Florida	131	64	17	29	22
Georgia	76	33	14	14	16
Hawaii	13	7	2	2	2
Idaho	16	7	2	2	4
Illinois	123	70	12	24	16
Indiana	53	26	10	9	8
Iowa	41	19	8	7	6
Kansas	27	12	4	6	5
Kentucky	31	15	5	6	6
Louisiana	34	14	7	8	5
Maine	13	7	1	1	3
Maryland	54	24	9	11	10
Massachusetts	74	44	12	10	8
Michigan	97	43	17	22	15
Minnesota	62	29	12	8	13
Mississippi	22	11	2	4	5
Missouri	54	25	9	12	7
Montana	10	5	2	2	2
Nebraska	16	8	3	2	4
Nevada	21	10	5	3	3
New Hampshire	15	9	2	2	2
New Jersey	77	39	10	16	12
New Mexico	18	9	2	1	5
New York	158	84	21	28	25
North Carolina	87	37	15	18	17
North Dakota	10	5	2	1	2
Ohio	106	49	18	22	18
Oklahoma	29	12	5	6	6
Oregon	39	18	8	5	8
Pennsylvania	116	61	10	23	21
Rhode Island	15	8	2	4	1
South Carolina	35	16	5	7	8
South Dakota	9	4	2	1	2
Tennessee	57	26	11	9	11
Texas	240	138	31	34	36
Utah	28	14	6	3	5
Vermont	8	4	1	1	2
Virginia	73	39	9	10	14
Washington	73	37	11	10	14
West Virginia	14	7	2	3	3
Wisconsin	65	34	10	10	10
Wyoming	7	4	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Alabama	44	22	6	6	10
Alaska	16	10	1	1	4
Arizona	81	46	6	13	16
Arkansas	32	13	3	8	8
California	427	195	69	86	76
Colorado	98	49	12	13	25
Connecticut	57	29	5	9	14
Delaware	10	5	1	2	2
District of Columbia	7	3	1	1	2
Florida	181	98	16	33	33
Georgia	88	39	9	20	21
Hawaii	7	3	1	1	2
Idaho	28	13	2	5	8
Illinois	189	99	12	36	41
Indiana	82	41	10	14	17
Iowa	64	31	9	12	13
Kansas	39	17	4	9	9
Kentucky	55	27	5	11	11
Louisiana	49	21	4	11	14
Maine	25	13	2	4	7
Maryland	59	28	7	13	12
Massachusetts	112	65	12	18	17
Michigan	150	70	16	31	33
Minnesota	91	45	11	14	21
Mississippi	23	11	2	4	6
Missouri	86	36	10	20	19
Montana	19	8	2	3	6
Nebraska	28	13	3	4	7
Nevada	30	16	4	4	6
New Hampshire	25	14	2	4	4
New Jersey	99	54	8	19	18
New Mexico	29	17	2	2	9
New York	231	122	20	51	38
North Carolina	104	50	13	22	19
North Dakota	15	7	1	3	3
Ohio	178	83	18	42	35
Oklahoma	39	16	4	10	9
Oregon	66	31	8	10	16
Pennsylvania	200	108	13	43	36
Rhode Island	24	14	2	6	3
South Carolina	41	19	6	7	9
South Dakota	15	6	2	3	4
Tennessee	78	33	12	16	17
Texas	345	200	32	52	62
Utah	49	25	6	8	10
Vermont	14	7	2	3	3
Virginia	107	59	6	16	26
Washington	105	56	12	18	19
West Virginia	27	14	2	6	5
Wisconsin	103	54	12	18	20
Wyoming	13	7	2	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black or African American					
Alabama	12	4	1	5	3
Arizona	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Arkansas	6	1	(³)	3	1
California	35	11	7	12	6
Colorado	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Connecticut	7	4	1	2	1
Delaware	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	4	1	(³)	1	1
Florida	44	20	6	12	6
Georgia	38	16	5	10	7
Illinois	15	11	(³)	4	1
Indiana	9	3	1	1	3
Iowa	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	3	2	(³)	1	(³)
Kentucky	4	2	1	1	1
Louisiana	17	5	4	3	5
Maryland	25	9	2	7	6
Massachusetts	8	5	1	2	1
Michigan	16	4	4	5	3
Minnesota	4	2	1	1	1
Mississippi	11	5	(³)	3	2
Missouri	8	3	(³)	3	2
Nebraska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	16	7	1	5	3
New Mexico	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	46	24	7	5	9
North Carolina	27	8	3	6	10
Ohio	12	7	2	1	2
Oklahoma	3	1	(³)	(³)	1
Oregon	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	16	7	2	5	3
Rhode Island	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	14	5	1	5	4
Tennessee	16	8	1	4	3
Texas	45	24	2	8	12
Virginia	19	8	3	5	3
Washington	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	1
West Virginia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	3	1	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Asian					
Alaska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arkansas	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
California	99	55	18	10	17
Colorado	2	1	1	(³)	1
Connecticut	3	1	1	1	1
District of Columbia	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	7	5	(³)	1	1
Georgia	6	2	2	1	1
Hawaii	8	5	1	1	1
Illinois	11	8	1	1	1
Indiana	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Iowa	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maine	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	7	3	1	1	2
Massachusetts	5	4	1	(³)	(³)
Michigan	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Minnesota	5	2	1	(³)	2
Mississippi	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Missouri	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Nebraska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	11	6	1	2	2
New York	14	9	2	1	2
North Carolina	4	3	(³)	(³)	1
Ohio	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Oregon	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	4	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	2	1	(³)	(³)	1
Texas	21	14	2	1	4
Utah	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	8	5	1	1	2
Washington	8	5	(³)	1	1
Wisconsin	3	2	(³)	(³)	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and state	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Alabama	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Alaska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	22	12	1	3	5
Arkansas	1	(³)	(³)	1	1
California	148	64	21	38	25
Colorado	14	6	2	2	4
Connecticut	8	4	1	1	1
Delaware	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	40	21	4	8	6
Georgia	7	2	1	2	3
Hawaii	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	25	10	2	6	7
Indiana	4	2	1	1	(³)
Iowa	4	1	1	1	1
Kansas	3	1	(³)	(³)	1
Kentucky	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	3	1	(³)	1	(³)
Maryland	7	3	2	1	1
Massachusetts	7	3	1	2	1
Michigan	5	1	1	2	1
Minnesota	4	2	(³)	(³)	2
Missouri	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	3	1	(³)	(³)	1
Nevada	7	3	1	1	2
New Jersey	23	10	4	6	3
New Mexico	10	5	1	1	3
New York	39	21	5	7	5
North Carolina	10	3	2	4	2
Ohio	4	2	(³)	1	1
Oklahoma	6	1	(³)	2	3
Oregon	6	2	2	1	2
Pennsylvania	6	2	1	3	1
Rhode Island	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	3	1	1	(³)	1
Tennessee	4	2	1	1	1
Texas	118	69	12	19	17
Utah	3	1	(³)	1	1
Virginia	6	4	1	1	(³)
Washington	8	3	2	2	1
Wisconsin	4	2	(³)	2	1
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Alabama	151	80	14	13	41	17
Alaska	24	12	5	3	7	2
Arizona	242	111	18	32	75	24
Arkansas	102	49	10	10	31	12
California	1,657	901	153	95	451	209
Colorado	183	90	15	24	52	17
Connecticut	142	81	14	11	35	14
Delaware	31	17	2	2	8	3
District of Columbia	32	16	2	2	12	2
Florida	671	384	34	58	164	65
Georgia	390	188	31	39	104	59
Hawaii	31	14	5	4	11	3
Idaho	51	23	7	7	17	4
Illinois	593	331	64	40	150	72
Indiana	244	135	34	23	67	19
Iowa	78	38	13	12	22	6
Kansas	83	40	11	12	22	9
Kentucky	168	85	14	15	55	13
Louisiana	147	69	18	15	46	17
Maine	48	26	8	5	14	3
Maryland	209	115	22	17	56	21
Massachusetts	245	142	28	20	56	27
Michigan	407	200	43	39	117	50
Minnesota	145	81	24	16	35	13
Mississippi	110	55	9	9	32	15
Missouri	198	117	28	16	46	19
Montana	28	15	8	4	8	1
Nebraska	42	19	6	7	13	3
Nevada	136	78	12	11	35	12
New Hampshire	39	22	5	3	11	3
New Jersey	369	214	30	21	95	38
New Mexico	66	31	6	9	19	7
New York	736	434	75	35	195	72
North Carolina	370	200	25	35	93	42
North Dakota	12	6	3	2	3	1
Ohio	432	220	46	31	131	50
Oklahoma	101	48	6	7	38	8
Oregon	150	80	18	8	49	14
Pennsylvania	485	273	64	35	120	57
Rhode Island	51	30	5	3	13	5
South Carolina	167	81	10	17	53	16
South Dakota	16	8	3	2	5	1
Tennessee	246	115	22	22	79	30
Texas	802	378	59	76	266	83
Utah	62	29	9	5	17	11
Vermont	15	8	3	1	5	1
Virginia	238	112	17	19	76	31
Washington	241	122	29	19	77	23
West Virginia	53	30	5	5	15	3
Wisconsin	208	115	39	16	59	18
Wyoming	14	7	2	2	5	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Men						
Alabama	79	47	6	6	17	9
Alaska	15	8	3	2	4	1
Arizona	134	66	12	16	39	13
Arkansas	55	33	7	6	10	6
California	929	558	94	53	208	110
Colorado	104	59	10	9	25	10
Connecticut	78	49	9	4	17	7
Delaware	16	9	1	1	3	2
District of Columbia	16	9	1	1	6	1
Florida	371	226	18	27	79	40
Georgia	183	100	19	12	37	34
Hawaii	19	9	3	2	5	2
Idaho	25	13	4	3	7	2
Illinois	337	205	43	25	72	35
Indiana	126	80	23	9	26	11
Iowa	44	23	9	6	11	4
Kansas	45	23	7	5	11	5
Kentucky	95	57	9	6	24	9
Louisiana	82	42	12	8	23	9
Maine	26	15	4	3	7	2
Maryland	114	66	13	9	27	12
Massachusetts	137	88	16	8	30	11
Michigan	218	118	28	18	57	25
Minnesota	82	51	16	6	18	7
Mississippi	59	32	5	6	13	8
Missouri	101	66	16	7	21	7
Montana	17	9	5	2	5	1
Nebraska	22	11	4	4	6	1
Nevada	75	48	7	5	16	7
New Hampshire	22	15	4	1	5	2
New Jersey	209	136	22	9	48	16
New Mexico	38	19	4	5	12	2
New York	414	261	49	18	95	40
North Carolina	198	115	15	16	41	27
North Dakota	7	4	2	1	2	(1)
Ohio	244	143	36	17	60	25
Oklahoma	56	28	4	4	17	7
Oregon	85	46	10	3	28	7
Pennsylvania	275	166	44	18	60	31
Rhode Island	28	18	3	2	6	3
South Carolina	86	43	4	6	27	10
South Dakota	9	5	2	1	2	1
Tennessee	138	74	12	12	36	17
Texas	431	233	38	43	115	41
Utah	35	18	4	2	9	6
Vermont	8	5	2	1	2	1
Virginia	122	63	8	11	32	16
Washington	138	77	22	15	35	11
West Virginia	34	22	5	3	7	2
Wisconsin	124	73	30	9	31	11
Wyoming	8	4	1	1	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Women						
Alabama	71	33	8	7	23	8
Alaska	9	4	2	1	3	1
Arizona	109	45	5	16	36	11
Arkansas	47	17	3	3	21	6
California	728	343	59	42	243	100
Colorado	79	31	6	15	27	6
Connecticut	64	32	5	7	19	7
Delaware	15	8	1	1	5	1
District of Columbia	16	7	1	1	7	1
Florida	299	158	16	31	85	25
Georgia	206	88	12	26	67	25
Hawaii	12	4	1	2	5	1
Idaho	26	10	3	4	10	2
Illinois	256	126	20	15	78	37
Indiana	118	55	11	14	40	8
Iowa	34	15	3	6	11	2
Kansas	38	17	5	7	11	3
Kentucky	73	28	6	9	32	4
Louisiana	65	27	5	7	24	8
Maine	22	11	4	2	7	1
Maryland	95	50	10	8	29	9
Massachusetts	108	54	12	12	27	16
Michigan	189	82	15	21	61	25
Minnesota	63	29	8	10	17	7
Mississippi	52	23	4	3	19	7
Missouri	96	50	12	10	25	12
Montana	11	6	3	1	4	(¹)
Nebraska	20	8	2	3	7	2
Nevada	60	30	5	6	20	5
New Hampshire	17	8	2	2	6	1
New Jersey	160	78	9	12	47	22
New Mexico	28	12	2	4	7	5
New York	322	173	26	17	100	32
North Carolina	172	85	10	19	53	15
North Dakota	4	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	188	77	11	14	72	25
Oklahoma	45	20	2	3	21	1
Oregon	65	34	8	4	20	7
Pennsylvania	210	107	20	17	60	26
Rhode Island	23	11	2	2	7	2
South Carolina	81	38	6	11	26	6
South Dakota	7	3	1	1	3	1
Tennessee	108	42	9	10	44	13
Texas	371	146	20	33	151	42
Utah	27	11	5	3	9	5
Vermont	7	3	1	(¹)	3	(¹)
Virginia	115	48	10	8	43	15
Washington	103	44	7	5	42	12
West Virginia	19	8	1	2	8	1
Wisconsin	84	42	9	7	28	7
Wyoming	7	3	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
White						
Alabama	86	47	9	10	21	8
Alaska	15	8	3	2	4	1
Arizona	186	86	14	24	58	18
Arkansas	68	34	8	8	19	7
California	1,194	687	130	64	300	143
Colorado	158	82	15	21	43	12
Connecticut	106	63	12	8	26	9
Delaware	19	12	2	2	4	2
District of Columbia	8	4	1	1	3	(¹)
Florida	455	269	22	41	102	44
Georgia	173	87	21	24	41	22
Hawaii	7	3	1	1	2	(¹)
Idaho	45	20	7	4	17	4
Illinois	420	252	56	30	94	44
Indiana	194	111	30	15	51	17
Iowa	70	34	12	11	19	5
Kansas	68	33	9	10	18	7
Kentucky	139	68	12	14	46	10
Louisiana	71	39	10	7	18	7
Maine	45	25	8	5	13	3
Maryland	102	59	14	10	25	8
Massachusetts	192	110	25	17	46	20
Michigan	289	144	35	30	80	36
Minnesota	111	68	22	12	24	7
Mississippi	49	25	5	5	14	6
Missouri	153	88	24	12	37	15
Montana	23	12	7	3	7	1
Nebraska	33	16	5	6	10	2
Nevada	97	58	9	7	23	8
New Hampshire	37	21	5	3	10	3
New Jersey	254	158	27	15	55	25
New Mexico	49	23	4	6	14	6
New York	475	287	61	26	117	45
North Carolina	218	116	16	25	55	23
North Dakota	8	5	3	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	331	178	41	25	94	35
Oklahoma	63	29	4	6	22	6
Oregon	130	71	16	7	40	12
Pennsylvania	376	218	57	31	91	37
Rhode Island	42	25	4	3	10	4
South Carolina	92	49	6	9	29	5
South Dakota	11	6	3	2	3	(¹)
Tennessee	161	78	16	19	50	14
Texas	581	272	46	63	190	55
Utah	56	26	9	5	16	9
Vermont	14	7	3	1	4	1
Virginia	143	69	12	13	45	16
Washington	191	101	25	17	56	18
West Virginia	50	28	5	5	14	3
Wisconsin	161	93	34	14	40	14
Wyoming	13	6	2	1	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Black or African American						
Alabama	60	31	5	2	18	8
Arizona	21	9	1	4	6	2
Arkansas	30	13	2	1	11	4
California	165	77	6	9	59	21
Colorado	12	4	(¹)	2	4	3
Connecticut	26	14	2	2	6	4
Delaware	10	5	(¹)	1	4	1
District of Columbia	22	11	1	1	9	1
Florida	185	95	11	15	56	18
Georgia	199	96	11	11	58	34
Hawaii	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	141	62	4	7	49	23
Indiana	45	20	4	8	14	2
Iowa	5	2	(¹)	(¹)	2	1
Kansas	9	4	2	1	3	1
Kentucky	22	13	3	(¹)	7	2
Louisiana	72	29	7	7	26	10
Maine	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Maryland	88	48	6	4	25	11
Massachusetts	25	14	2	2	7	3
Michigan	98	47	6	6	32	13
Minnesota	21	9	2	3	6	3
Mississippi	57	29	4	4	15	9
Missouri	34	20	4	2	8	4
Nebraska	5	2	(¹)	1	2	1
Nevada	17	8	1	1	7	1
New Hampshire	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	82	39	2	5	29	9
New Mexico	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New York	204	116	12	6	61	21
North Carolina	128	73	7	9	32	13
Ohio	91	38	5	6	35	13
Oklahoma	10	6	(¹)	1	3	1
Oregon	5	2	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Pennsylvania	93	49	5	3	24	17
Rhode Island	5	3	1	(¹)	1	1
South Carolina	67	28	4	7	21	11
Tennessee	79	34	6	2	27	16
Texas	167	80	10	9	58	20
Virginia	74	36	5	4	23	12
Washington	16	7	2	1	6	2
West Virginia	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Wisconsin	24	11	1	1	11	1
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued
 (In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Arizona	11	4	1	2	5	1
Arkansas	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
California	180	86	7	12	53	30
Colorado	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Connecticut	5	2	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Delaware	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
District of Columbia	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Florida	11	5	1	(¹)	4	2
Georgia	7	1	(¹)	2	3	(¹)
Hawaii	9	4	1	1	3	1
Illinois	13	6	(¹)	1	2	3
Indiana	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Iowa	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Kansas	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Kentucky	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Maine	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	11	4	1	1	4	2
Massachusetts	16	11	1	(¹)	3	2
Michigan	7	4	1	(¹)	2	1
Minnesota	9	2	(¹)	1	3	2
Missouri	3	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nevada	7	4	(¹)	(¹)	2	2
New Jersey	25	14	1	1	7	4
New York	44	23	1	2	15	4
North Carolina	7	5	1	(¹)	1	1
Ohio	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Oklahoma	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Oregon	4	2	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Pennsylvania	7	2	(¹)	(¹)	4	1
Rhode Island	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South Carolina	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Tennessee	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Texas	21	9	2	1	8	4
Virginia	10	4	1	1	4	1
Washington	10	3	(¹)	1	5	1
Wisconsin	4	2	1	(¹)	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and state	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Alabama	5	3	1	1	1	1
Alaska	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Arizona	88	44	9	9	21	13
Arkansas	7	2	(¹)	1	1	2
California	692	379	91	35	173	106
Colorado	50	25	6	5	15	5
Connecticut	25	11	2	2	7	4
Delaware	3	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
District of Columbia	3	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Florida	173	103	8	9	42	19
Georgia	22	9	4	4	7	2
Hawaii	4	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Idaho	9	3	1	1	3	1
Illinois	105	57	14	7	26	14
Indiana	12	9	1	(¹)	2	1
Iowa	7	3	1	2	1	(¹)
Kansas	10	5	1	1	2	2
Kentucky	8	6	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Louisiana	13	9	4	1	2	1
Maryland	16	7	3	1	6	1
Massachusetts	41	25	6	1	9	5
Michigan	24	11	2	2	7	4
Minnesota	9	3	1	2	3	1
Mississippi	4	3	1	(¹)	1	(¹)
Missouri	6	4	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Montana	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	8	4	1	1	3	(¹)
Nevada	39	21	4	2	12	5
New Hampshire	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	74	45	6	3	22	4
New Mexico	34	16	2	6	8	4
New York	170	95	13	7	45	23
North Carolina	40	23	3	5	8	5
Ohio	25	12	2	1	8	4
Oklahoma	13	4	1	(¹)	7	1
Oregon	22	11	4	1	7	3
Pennsylvania	40	21	3	4	12	4
Rhode Island	14	8	1	1	4	2
South Carolina	5	3	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
South Dakota	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Tennessee	12	6	1	(¹)	4	1
Texas	339	161	26	26	110	42
Utah	10	5	2	(¹)	2	2
Virginia	16	9	3	1	4	2
Washington	30	17	5	2	7	5
Wisconsin	24	14	5	2	4	3
Wyoming	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration	
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more					
TOTAL											
Alabama	151	31	40	79	27	52	18	34	33.7	16.1	
Alaska	24	7	7	10	3	6	2	4	25.0	10.2	
Arizona	242	58	66	119	42	77	23	54	30.1	14.1	
Arkansas	102	27	28	48	17	31	11	20	28.1	13.2	
California	1,657	347	379	930	258	672	204	468	39.9	19.1	
Colorado	183	46	41	95	27	68	25	44	34.0	16.3	
Connecticut	142	27	33	82	20	62	16	45	42.3	20.6	
Delaware	31	7	7	17	6	11	3	8	37.3	17.4	
District of Columbia	32	5	6	21	6	15	4	11	46.3	24.6	
Florida	671	115	151	404	94	310	73	237	48.0	22.5	
Georgia	390	76	86	227	64	163	52	111	37.4	20.0	
Hawaii	31	8	7	15	5	10	4	7	33.0	14.2	
Idaho	51	17	16	18	6	12	4	8	25.4	9.5	
Illinois	593	121	132	341	95	246	75	171	40.7	19.8	
Indiana	244	58	62	125	53	71	24	48	30.6	15.0	
Iowa	78	25	25	28	12	16	6	10	22.4	9.7	
Kansas	83	28	21	34	11	23	7	16	30.5	10.1	
Kentucky	168	41	45	82	28	54	21	33	28.7	14.0	
Louisiana	147	41	36	70	19	51	24	27	29.2	13.3	
Maine	48	12	14	22	7	15	5	10	29.9	12.6	
Maryland	209	52	48	109	33	76	27	49	36.0	16.1	
Massachusetts	245	48	67	130	41	89	26	62	35.2	17.0	
Michigan	407	94	93	220	71	149	38	110	39.2	17.0	
Minnesota	145	40	43	62	23	39	12	26	29.1	11.3	
Mississippi	110	24	25	61	16	45	17	28	40.3	19.5	
Missouri	198	46	45	107	29	78	28	51	35.4	18.1	
Montana	28	9	9	10	3	7	3	4	22.6	9.8	
Nebraska	42	14	12	16	4	12	5	7	27.0	10.0	
Nevada	136	30	29	77	23	54	13	41	41.6	19.4	
New Hampshire	39	10	11	18	6	12	5	7	30.2	13.5	
New Jersey	369	65	74	230	58	172	46	125	43.7	24.4	
New Mexico	66	14	15	37	10	27	10	18	38.9	19.4	
New York	736	139	153	444	116	327	102	225	41.9	22.1	
North Carolina	370	71	86	213	53	160	44	116	41.8	20.8	
North Dakota	12	4	4	4	1	2	1	1	17.6	7.9	
Ohio	432	100	108	224	75	150	54	96	33.5	15.8	
Oklahoma	101	29	31	40	17	24	10	14	21.3	10.8	
Oregon	150	38	38	74	20	54	15	38	34.4	14.2	
Pennsylvania	485	100	112	273	80	194	64	130	37.1	19.0	
Rhode Island	51	9	13	29	6	23	6	17	42.3	21.5	
South Carolina	167	37	47	83	23	60	20	40	33.0	14.5	
South Dakota	16	6	5	5	3	3	1	2	19.3	8.6	
Tennessee	246	57	70	119	39	80	22	58	31.8	13.9	
Texas	802	234	201	367	127	240	82	158	28.2	12.6	
Utah	62	21	18	23	9	14	5	9	22.8	9.5	
Vermont	15	4	5	6	2	4	1	2	28.1	10.9	
Virginia	238	53	62	122	39	84	24	60	36.5	15.5	
Washington	241	66	67	108	35	73	22	52	30.2	12.4	
West Virginia	53	12	12	28	10	19	8	11	29.0	17.2	
Wisconsin	208	54	51	104	32	71	25	46	33.2	14.4	
Wyoming	14	5	4	5	2	3	1	2	21.9	8.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Men												
Alabama	79	17	19	43	14	29	9	20	36.3	16.9		
Alaska	15	5	4	6	2	4	1	2	23.7	10.6		
Arizona	134	30	34	70	23	48	13	34	32.4	16.1		
Arkansas	55	13	17	24	10	14	4	9	25.7	12.7		
California	929	196	211	523	146	377	118	259	39.8	19.0		
Colorado	104	25	23	55	15	40	13	27	35.2	17.0		
Connecticut	78	14	20	44	12	32	9	23	39.1	19.5		
Delaware	16	4	4	8	3	5	1	4	38.0	15.5		
District of Columbia	16	3	3	10	3	7	2	5	44.7	22.1		
Florida	371	68	80	224	49	175	39	137	50.6	23.7		
Georgia	183	39	40	104	27	77	22	55	38.7	19.2		
Hawaii	19	5	5	9	3	7	2	5	36.2	13.7		
Idaho	25	8	8	9	3	5	2	3	24.2	8.9		
Illinois	337	74	74	189	45	144	39	105	43.8	19.4		
Indiana	126	31	34	62	31	31	11	20	26.3	14.1		
Iowa	44	14	15	15	7	8	3	5	21.5	9.4		
Kansas	45	15	11	18	5	13	3	10	32.8	9.6		
Kentucky	95	23	24	48	17	31	13	18	29.1	15.1		
Louisiana	82	24	20	38	11	27	13	15	27.4	12.5		
Maine	26	7	7	12	3	9	3	5	30.7	12.1		
Maryland	114	26	28	59	18	41	13	28	38.5	15.9		
Massachusetts	137	26	36	75	21	54	13	41	39.7	18.6		
Michigan	218	45	51	122	37	86	21	65	42.0	18.3		
Minnesota	82	22	26	34	14	20	6	14	27.3	10.7		
Mississippi	59	12	12	35	10	25	10	15	40.8	21.6		
Missouri	101	21	22	59	13	46	15	31	39.2	21.8		
Montana	17	5	6	6	2	4	1	3	22.5	9.5		
Nebraska	22	7	6	9	2	8	3	4	30.1	11.8		
Nevada	75	17	15	43	12	31	9	22	41.9	19.8		
New Hampshire	22	6	6	11	3	7	3	4	31.4	13.7		
New Jersey	209	34	41	134	36	98	29	68	44.0	24.9		
New Mexico	38	8	10	20	5	14	6	8	36.4	16.4		
New York	414	73	87	254	66	187	61	126	41.8	22.5		
North Carolina	198	40	45	113	30	83	21	61	40.7	20.0		
North Dakota	7	2	3	2	1	2	1	(¹)	17.5	8.9		
Ohio	244	51	66	127	41	86	31	55	34.2	15.9		
Oklahoma	56	15	18	24	9	15	7	8	22.2	12.2		
Oregon	85	21	23	41	10	32	9	22	31.9	13.8		
Pennsylvania	275	54	60	160	44	116	33	83	40.3	20.4		
Rhode Island	28	5	8	16	3	12	3	9	44.8	20.3		
South Carolina	86	18	27	40	13	28	9	18	32.1	13.7		
South Dakota	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	21.9	8.5		
Tennessee	138	34	36	68	23	45	11	33	34.2	14.1		
Texas	431	127	108	196	67	128	40	88	28.6	12.3		
Utah	35	10	9	15	5	10	4	6	26.3	11.8		
Vermont	8	2	2	4	2	2	1	2	32.7	12.7		
Virginia	122	25	34	64	21	43	12	30	35.4	15.9		
Washington	138	38	37	63	22	41	16	25	29.4	12.5		
West Virginia	34	7	8	19	7	12	5	6	29.8	17.6		
Wisconsin	124	29	31	64	21	42	18	24	30.6	15.6		
Wyoming	8	3	2	3	1	2	1	1	23.5	9.5		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration	
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more					
Women											
Alabama	71	14	21	36	13	24	9	14	30.8	15.2	
Alaska	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	2	27.1	9.7	
Arizona	109	28	32	49	19	29	9	20	27.4	12.5	
Arkansas	47	13	10	24	6	18	7	11	30.8	14.8	
California	728	152	168	408	112	295	86	210	40.0	19.1	
Colorado	79	21	18	40	11	29	12	17	32.5	15.3	
Connecticut	64	13	14	38	8	29	7	22	46.2	22.1	
Delaware	15	3	3	9	3	6	2	4	36.6	20.0	
District of Columbia	16	2	3	11	3	8	3	6	47.8	26.9	
Florida	299	48	71	181	46	135	34	101	44.7	21.6	
Georgia	206	37	46	123	37	86	30	56	36.2	20.6	
Hawaii	12	3	3	6	2	4	2	2	28.1	15.0	
Idaho	26	8	8	10	3	7	2	5	26.6	10.0	
Illinois	256	47	57	151	50	102	35	66	36.5	20.2	
Indiana	118	28	28	63	22	40	13	28	35.1	16.5	
Iowa	34	10	10	14	5	8	3	5	23.5	10.0	
Kansas	38	13	10	16	6	10	4	6	27.8	10.7	
Kentucky	73	18	21	34	11	23	8	15	28.3	12.8	
Louisiana	65	18	16	32	9	24	12	12	31.5	14.1	
Maine	22	5	7	10	4	6	2	4	28.8	13.0	
Maryland	95	26	20	50	14	35	14	21	33.0	16.4	
Massachusetts	108	22	31	55	20	35	13	22	29.4	15.4	
Michigan	189	49	43	98	35	63	18	45	36.0	15.5	
Minnesota	63	17	17	28	9	19	6	13	31.4	12.0	
Mississippi	52	12	13	26	6	20	7	13	39.8	15.7	
Missouri	96	25	23	49	16	32	13	20	31.4	14.9	
Montana	11	4	3	4	2	3	1	1	22.8	10.4	
Nebraska	20	7	6	6	2	4	1	3	23.5	8.4	
Nevada	60	13	14	34	11	23	4	19	41.3	19.0	
New Hampshire	17	4	5	8	3	5	2	3	28.7	13.2	
New Jersey	160	31	33	96	22	74	17	57	43.4	23.4	
New Mexico	28	6	5	18	5	13	4	9	42.3	22.2	
New York	322	66	66	190	50	140	41	99	41.9	21.5	
North Carolina	172	31	40	100	23	77	23	54	43.0	21.8	
North Dakota	4	2	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	17.6	6.2	
Ohio	188	49	42	97	34	63	23	41	32.6	15.7	
Oklahoma	45	15	14	16	8	9	4	5	20.2	9.3	
Oregon	65	16	16	33	11	22	6	16	37.6	14.8	
Pennsylvania	210	45	52	113	36	77	30	47	33.0	17.2	
Rhode Island	23	4	5	13	3	10	3	7	39.2	22.8	
South Carolina	81	19	20	43	11	32	11	21	33.9	17.5	
South Dakota	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	16.0	8.8	
Tennessee	108	23	34	51	16	35	11	24	28.7	13.6	
Texas	371	107	93	171	60	111	42	70	27.6	12.9	
Utah	27	10	9	8	4	4	1	3	18.3	7.6	
Vermont	7	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	22.4	9.3	
Virginia	115	28	28	59	17	41	11	30	37.7	15.1	
Washington	103	27	30	45	13	32	6	26	31.2	12.2	
West Virginia	19	5	4	10	3	7	3	4	27.5	16.1	
Wisconsin	84	25	20	40	11	29	7	22	37.2	13.2	
Wyoming	7	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	20.0	8.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
White												
Alabama	86	22	25	39	15	23	8	15	27.4	12.6		
Alaska	15	5	5	6	2	3	1	2	23.9	9.3		
Arizona	186	48	50	88	30	58	16	42	28.8	13.3		
Arkansas	68	18	21	28	11	16	7	10	25.9	11.2		
California	1,194	257	273	664	184	480	144	335	39.4	18.7		
Colorado	158	41	37	81	22	59	20	38	33.9	15.5		
Connecticut	106	21	26	59	14	45	13	32	40.4	19.5		
Delaware	19	4	5	10	3	7	2	5	37.2	16.7		
District of Columbia	8	2	2	4	1	2	1	2	36.2	14.1		
Florida	455	82	97	276	66	209	49	160	46.7	22.0		
Georgia	173	43	42	88	27	61	22	39	29.9	15.1		
Hawaii	7	2	2	3	1	2	1	2	37.4	14.6		
Idaho	45	15	13	16	5	11	3	8	25.9	9.6		
Illinois	420	95	96	229	66	163	48	115	40.3	17.8		
Indiana	194	49	53	92	42	49	13	36	29.2	13.5		
Iowa	70	22	23	25	11	15	6	9	21.7	9.8		
Kansas	68	23	16	28	9	19	5	14	31.9	9.5		
Kentucky	139	36	38	65	22	44	17	26	27.0	13.1		
Louisiana	71	25	17	29	8	20	9	11	26.0	9.5		
Maine	45	12	14	20	7	13	5	9	29.5	12.5		
Maryland	102	28	23	52	14	38	13	25	38.9	14.9		
Massachusetts	192	40	52	100	31	69	19	50	35.7	16.5		
Michigan	289	69	69	151	50	101	27	74	37.8	15.9		
Minnesota	111	31	32	48	18	30	9	20	29.3	11.4		
Mississippi	49	15	12	23	6	16	6	10	34.2	12.4		
Missouri	153	37	37	79	20	59	21	38	35.6	15.8		
Montana	23	8	7	8	2	5	2	3	22.0	9.6		
Nebraska	33	11	10	13	4	9	3	6	27.7	10.2		
Nevada	97	22	20	55	16	39	10	29	43.4	19.8		
New Hampshire	37	9	10	17	6	11	4	7	29.1	13.2		
New Jersey	254	45	55	154	43	111	32	79	41.4	21.9		
New Mexico	49	11	10	28	7	21	7	14	42.3	20.2		
New York	475	100	102	273	77	197	62	134	38.2	19.8		
North Carolina	218	44	49	125	30	95	29	66	41.7	20.7		
North Dakota	8	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	15.8	6.6		
Ohio	331	78	79	174	59	115	40	75	34.6	16.2		
Oklahoma	63	19	20	25	10	15	6	8	20.9	10.5		
Oregon	130	31	33	67	18	49	13	36	36.5	15.5		
Pennsylvania	376	82	93	201	55	146	48	98	36.9	17.3		
Rhode Island	42	7	11	24	5	19	5	14	45.0	22.9		
South Carolina	92	24	26	42	11	31	12	19	28.6	13.1		
South Dakota	11	4	3	3	1	2	1	1	18.4	7.7		
Tennessee	161	39	45	77	27	51	15	36	29.0	13.8		
Texas	581	188	147	246	90	156	58	98	25.9	11.1		
Utah	56	19	17	21	8	13	5	8	21.9	9.5		
Vermont	14	4	4	6	2	3	1	2	25.8	10.8		
Virginia	143	33	37	73	22	51	15	36	37.5	15.0		
Washington	191	56	56	79	25	54	16	38	28.5	10.8		
West Virginia	50	12	12	27	9	17	8	9	27.4	16.5		
Wisconsin	161	46	41	74	23	51	18	33	31.0	12.5		
Wyoming	13	5	4	4	2	3	1	1	22.0	8.7		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Black or African American												
Alabama	60	9	14	37	11	26	8	18	42.6	21.7		
Arizona	21	4	5	12	5	7	2	4	27.3	17.2		
Arkansas	30	6	6	18	5	13	4	10	33.3	23.3		
California	165	30	39	96	27	69	20	49	42.1	20.6		
Colorado	12	3	2	7	2	4	3	1	25.4	17.5		
Connecticut	26	3	5	17	5	12	3	9	46.2	24.8		
Delaware	10	2	3	6	2	3	1	2	34.5	17.4		
District of Columbia	22	3	4	16	4	12	3	9	51.5	29.6		
Florida	185	25	44	116	25	91	22	69	52.2	26.6		
Georgia	199	30	41	128	33	96	28	68	44.0	24.3		
Hawaii	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.3	5.8		
Illinois	141	17	29	95	24	71	21	49	42.9	26.8		
Indiana	45	8	9	28	9	19	11	8	32.4	22.1		
Iowa	5	2	1	2	1	1	(¹)	1	22.9	9.2		
Kansas	9	2	2	5	2	4	1	2	31.1	17.8		
Kentucky	22	5	5	13	4	8	3	5	35.9	18.2		
Louisiana	72	15	16	41	11	30	14	16	33.5	20.9		
Maine	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	35.4	10.3		
Maryland	88	19	21	48	16	32	13	20	33.0	17.6		
Massachusetts	25	4	6	15	5	10	4	6	31.6	23.1		
Michigan	98	18	19	61	17	43	10	34	46.7	22.9		
Minnesota	21	5	7	9	2	7	2	4	29.9	10.1		
Mississippi	57	9	12	37	9	27	11	16	46.1	25.1		
Missouri	34	7	6	21	6	15	5	9	33.5	23.8		
Nebraska	5	2	1	2	(¹)	2	1	1	32.6	11.5		
Nevada	17	3	3	12	3	8	2	7	45.2	24.7		
New Hampshire	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	43.0	31.6		
New Jersey	82	14	13	55	11	44	12	33	50.4	31.1		
New Mexico	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	28.7	9.7		
New York	204	31	42	130	31	99	32	67	46.7	25.8		
North Carolina	128	20	30	77	19	59	13	46	45.1	23.5		
Ohio	91	20	26	45	14	31	14	18	27.3	14.3		
Oklahoma	10	4	2	4	2	2	1	2	28.2	7.7		
Oregon	5	2	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.9	9.0		
Pennsylvania	93	14	15	63	23	41	14	26	38.1	22.9		
Rhode Island	5	1	1	3	1	2	1	1	30.0	18.2		
South Carolina	67	12	18	38	12	26	7	18	38.2	18.2		
Tennessee	79	17	23	39	12	27	7	20	34.8	14.0		
Texas	167	36	42	89	27	61	19	43	30.6	16.7		
Virginia	74	14	19	41	15	27	8	19	33.7	17.6		
Washington	16	3	5	8	2	6	3	3	28.7	14.4		
West Virginia	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	75.2	56.0		
Wisconsin	24	4	5	15	4	11	2	9	53.2	25.1		
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	28.7	10.9		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons									Weeks		
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more					Mean duration	Median duration		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more						
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Asian												
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.7	4.9		
Arizona	11	1	4	6	2	3	(¹)	3	55.3	15.3		
Arkansas	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	20.5	4.4		
California	180	33	36	111	32	79	30	49	41.3	21.9		
Colorado	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	31.6	8.1		
Connecticut	5	1	1	3	1	2	(¹)	2	55.1	22.1		
Delaware	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	54.4	14.8		
District of Columbia	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	28.0	22.3		
Florida	11	4	2	5	1	4	1	4	55.5	13.0		
Georgia	7	1	1	4	1	3	1	2	41.0	24.5		
Hawaii	9	2	2	5	1	4	1	3	40.8	22.9		
Illinois	13	3	2	7	2	5	3	2	26.5	18.4		
Indiana	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	38.5	49.4		
Iowa	1	1	(¹)	35.6	3.7							
Kansas	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	20.9	9.2		
Kentucky	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	40.7	18.0		
Maine	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	51.9	27.6		
Maryland	11	2	3	6	3	3	(¹)	3	35.8	16.5		
Massachusetts	16	2	5	9	4	5	2	4	40.8	18.2		
Michigan	7	3	1	2	1	2	(¹)	2	31.7	8.8		
Minnesota	9	2	3	4	2	2	(¹)	2	31.2	12.9		
Missouri	3	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	2	1	1	44.5	43.5		
Nebraska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	23.4	3.6		
Nevada	7	2	2	4	1	3	1	2	34.6	19.2		
New Hampshire	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	63.5	20.0		
New Jersey	25	5	5	15	3	11	2	10	48.4	23.3		
New Mexico	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.0	3.5		
New York	44	6	7	31	7	24	6	18	54.5	30.1		
North Carolina	7	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	25.5	15.3		
Ohio	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	98.1	53.8		
Oklahoma	2	(¹)	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	19.4	14.7		
Oregon	4	1	1	2	(¹)	2	1	1	28.0	17.8		
Pennsylvania	7	2	2	3	1	2	(¹)	2	36.2	13.6		
Rhode Island	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	39.0	33.7		
South Carolina	2	1	1	(¹)	7.0	6.0						
Tennessee	1	1	1	(¹)	6.1	6.6						
Texas	21	3	3	15	4	12	3	9	58.8	34.4		
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	52.4	12.9		
Virginia	10	4	3	3	1	2	1	2	27.6	8.0		
Washington	10	3	2	5	2	3	(¹)	3	29.6	14.3		
Wisconsin	4	1	1	3	(¹)	2	2	1	29.0	30.1		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group and state	Thousands of persons										Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks or more						Mean duration	Median duration	
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or more			Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more	
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks or more				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	5	(¹)	1	3	1	2	2	1	25.8	24.4		
Alaska	2	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	20.7	12.9		
Arizona	88	23	25	40	16	24	6	18	25.2	12.3		
Arkansas	7	1	3	3	1	1	(¹)	1	23.6	10.7		
California	692	159	175	358	102	256	77	179	35.3	15.8		
Colorado	50	13	12	25	8	17	6	11	30.0	14.2		
Connecticut	25	4	7	15	4	11	3	8	44.0	20.2		
Delaware	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	38.5	9.7		
District of Columbia	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	37.0	17.3		
Florida	173	28	44	101	27	74	17	57	41.0	20.3		
Georgia	22	8	7	7	3	4	2	2	18.7	8.6		
Hawaii	4	1	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	28.1	10.0		
Idaho	9	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	17.5	7.3		
Illinois	105	27	22	56	17	39	15	24	38.4	16.9		
Indiana	12	5	3	5	3	1	(¹)	1	14.7	8.7		
Iowa	7	3	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	15.2	5.9		
Kansas	10	4	2	4	2	2	(¹)	2	27.6	8.2		
Kentucky	8	1	1	6	3	3	2	1	25.7	20.5		
Louisiana	13	6	2	4	1	3	1	2	18.1	4.5		
Maryland	16	7	4	5	2	3	1	2	29.9	8.3		
Massachusetts	41	10	11	20	5	15	5	10	28.4	14.1		
Michigan	24	6	6	13	5	8	2	6	38.8	15.8		
Minnesota	9	3	2	3	(¹)	3	1	1	25.1	8.0		
Mississippi	4	2	2	(¹)	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	5.4	4.2		
Missouri	6	1	2	4	1	2	2	1	42.6	22.4		
Montana	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	6.9		
Nebraska	8	2	3	3	1	2	1	2	26.5	11.1		
Nevada	39	10	11	18	6	13	4	9	30.0	13.1		
New Hampshire	1	(¹)	1	(^{1})	(^{1})	(^{1})	(1	(¹)	14.2	9.2		
New Jersey	74	13	15	46	10	36	9	27	44.1	26.8		
New Mexico	34	6	6	22	6	16	6	11	42.6	24.5		
New York	170	30	33	106	25	81	30	52	42.2	24.6		
North Carolina	40	11	12	17	3	14	4	9	35.2	10.5		
Ohio	25	6	6	12	5	7	3	5	28.0	14.4		
Oklahoma	13	4	5	4	2	2	(¹)	2	16.4	9.2		
Oregon	22	6	6	10	4	7	2	4	24.2	13.3		
Pennsylvania	40	8	10	22	6	16	6	10	32.1	18.3		
Rhode Island	14	2	4	8	2	6	2	4	38.8	20.5		
South Carolina	5	2	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	20.5	10.0		
South Dakota	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	21.5	7.0		
Tennessee	12	4	4	4	1	3	1	3	23.2	11.6		
Texas	339	114	86	139	54	85	32	52	24.9	10.6		
Utah	10	4	2	3	1	2	1	1	23.1	7.5		
Virginia	16	6	4	6	2	4	(¹)	3	27.7	9.0		
Washington	30	10	9	11	7	4	2	3	17.8	10.2		
Wisconsin	24	5	7	11	5	7	4	3	22.6	13.1		
Wyoming	1	1	(¹)	14.4	8.6							

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Detailed items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated 2010 census-based population controls.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas, Metropolitan Divisions, and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels for the selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are not provided in tables 27 through 32, because independent population controls are not available. Only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published. Unemployment rates shown in table 27 differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Atlanta—Sandy Springs—Marietta									
Total	66.3	61.1	7.8	7.1	— 8.5				
Men	74.2	69.1	6.9	6.0	— 7.8				
Women	59.1	53.8	8.9	7.8	— 10.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.9	18.0	27.8	19.6	— 36.0				
White	65.4	61.9	5.2	4.4	— 6.0				
Men	74.4	70.8	4.8	3.8	— 5.8				
Women	56.4	53.2	5.8	4.6	— 7.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.6	20.2	17.8	8.6	— 27.0				
Black or African American	68.4	59.2	13.4	11.9	— 14.9				
Men	74.4	65.2	12.3	10.2	— 14.4				
Women	63.8	54.6	14.4	12.2	— 16.6				
Asian	64.6	63.2	2.2	.8	— 3.6				
Men	72.4	70.6	2.4	.5	— 4.3				
Women	56.4	55.4	1.8	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.2	68.4	5.3	3.4	— 7.2				
Men	84.6	81.7	3.4	1.5	— 5.3				
Women	57.5	52.6	8.5	4.6	— 12.4				
Married men, spouse present	80.9	77.6	4.1	3.2	— 5.0				
Married women, spouse present	59.4	55.9	5.9	4.6	— 7.2				
Women who maintain families	72.3	63.5	12.2	9.1	— 15.3				
Austin—Round Rock—San Marcos									
Total	69.8	66.3	5.0	4.1	— 5.9				
Men	76.5	73.3	4.2	3.1	— 5.3				
Women	62.5	58.7	6.2	4.6	— 7.8				
White	69.4	66.0	5.0	4.0	— 6.0				
Men	76.4	73.1	4.3	3.1	— 5.5				
Women	61.6	58.0	5.9	4.2	— 7.6				
Black or African American	73.1	68.1	6.8	2.7	— 10.9				
Asian	74.5	73.3	1.5	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.9	64.8	5.9	4.0	— 7.8				
Men	78.7	76.3	3.0	1.3	— 4.7				
Women	57.2	51.1	10.7	6.5	— 14.9				
Married men, spouse present	80.6	78.7	2.3	1.2	— 3.4				
Married women, spouse present	59.7	56.9	4.7	2.8	— 6.6				
Women who maintain families	84.4	80.2	5.0	.9	— 9.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Baltimore–Towson											
Total	67.2	62.5	7.0	6.3	—	7.7					
Men	72.5	67.0	7.6	6.6	—	8.6					
Women	62.6	58.6	6.3	5.4	—	7.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.2	25.2	28.3	20.9	—	35.7					
White	68.0	64.5	5.2	4.5	—	5.9					
Men	74.5	70.3	5.6	4.6	—	6.6					
Women	61.8	58.9	4.8	3.8	—	5.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.6	26.0	22.7	13.5	—	31.9					
Black or African American	63.8	56.9	10.9	9.3	—	12.5					
Men	64.6	56.0	13.3	10.7	—	15.9					
Women	63.3	57.6	8.9	7.0	—	10.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.1	21.6	40.3	26.3	—	54.3					
Asian	72.5	68.5	5.5	3.2	—	7.8					
Men	82.3	77.1	6.2	2.6	—	9.8					
Women	65.3	62.1	4.9	1.8	—	8.0					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.0	77.4	3.3	1.6	—	5.0					
Men	88.8	85.9	3.3	1.1	—	5.5					
Women	70.6	68.3	3.3	.7	—	5.9					
Married men, spouse present	78.1	74.4	4.9	3.8	—	6.0					
Married women, spouse present	64.3	61.1	5.0	3.8	—	6.2					
Women who maintain families	70.9	67.3	5.1	3.0	—	7.2					
Birmingham–Hoover											
Total	59.1	55.3	6.4	5.0	—	7.8					
Men	65.1	60.0	7.8	5.7	—	9.9					
Women	53.5	51.0	4.8	3.1	—	6.5					
White	61.8	58.3	5.7	4.2	—	7.2					
Men	70.2	65.3	7.0	4.7	—	9.3					
Women	54.0	51.8	4.1	2.2	—	6.0					
Black or African American	53.9	49.4	8.3	5.4	—	11.2					
Men	53.4	47.5	11.0	6.1	—	15.9					
Women	54.4	51.1	6.1	2.7	—	9.5					
Married men, spouse present	71.0	66.9	5.7	3.3	—	8.1					
Married women, spouse present	60.0	58.5	2.4	.7	—	4.1					
Women who maintain families	61.7	55.4	10.3	3.7	—	16.9					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy									
Total	66.5	62.3	6.3	5.7	— 6.9				
Men	70.9	66.0	6.9	6.0	— 7.8				
Women	62.6	59.0	5.6	4.8	— 6.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.3	28.9	20.4	14.8	— 26.0				
White	67.1	63.1	5.9	5.2	— 6.6				
Men	71.3	66.9	6.2	5.3	— 7.1				
Women	63.2	59.6	5.6	4.7	— 6.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.3	31.0	16.8	11.2	— 22.4				
Black or African American	59.9	54.4	9.2	6.4	— 12.0				
Men	63.8	55.9	12.4	7.8	— 17.0				
Women	56.5	53.1	6.0	2.8	— 9.2				
Asian	68.0	63.0	7.3	5.0	— 9.6				
Men	73.2	65.9	9.9	6.1	— 13.7				
Women	63.5	60.5	4.7	2.1	— 7.3				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.2	58.6	11.4	8.5	— 14.3				
Men	78.1	68.2	12.7	8.4	— 17.0				
Women	57.1	51.4	10.1	6.2	— 14.0				
Married men, spouse present	78.2	74.9	4.2	3.2	— 5.2				
Married women, spouse present	67.5	65.1	3.6	2.6	— 4.6				
Women who maintain families	68.8	63.6	7.5	4.8	— 10.2				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk									
Total	63.3	58.2	8.0	7.0	— 9.0				
Men	72.2	66.5	7.9	6.5	— 9.3				
Women	55.7	51.2	8.1	6.6	— 9.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.2	19.9	24.2	14.1	— 34.3				
White	62.7	58.0	7.5	6.4	— 8.6				
Men	72.9	67.3	7.6	6.1	— 9.1				
Women	53.8	49.9	7.4	5.7	— 9.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.2	22.0	22.0	11.5	— 32.5				
Black or African American	63.2	54.2	14.2	10.2	— 18.2				
Men	62.7	54.8	12.5	6.8	— 18.2				
Women	63.6	53.8	15.5	10.0	— 21.0				
Asian	69.0	66.2	4.1	1.5	— 6.7				
Men	78.7	75.7	3.7	.4	— 7.0				
Women	60.3	57.6	4.4	.5	— 8.3				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.1	59.2	11.8	8.3	— 15.3				
Men	73.7	66.6	9.7	5.2	— 14.2				
Women	61.5	53.0	13.9	8.5	— 19.3				
Married men, spouse present	79.7	75.8	5.0	3.6	— 6.4				
Married women, spouse present	56.6	53.2	6.0	4.2	— 7.8				
Women who maintain families	68.6	59.9	12.7	7.2	— 18.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls											
Total	63.8	59.2	7.2	5.8	—	8.6					
Men	67.4	61.8	8.3	6.2	—	10.4					
Women	60.2	56.6	5.9	4.0	—	7.8					
White	65.7	61.6	6.2	4.8	—	7.6					
Men	70.3	65.2	7.3	5.2	—	9.4					
Women	61.1	58.1	5.0	3.1	—	6.9					
Black or African American	55.7	45.0	19.1	11.3	—	26.9					
Women	60.1	52.0	13.5	5.2	—	21.8					
Married men, spouse present	68.9	66.8	3.1	1.2	—	5.0					
Married women, spouse present	62.2	59.9	3.6	1.5	—	5.7					
Women who maintain families	63.1	55.4	12.2	4.2	—	20.2					
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill											
Total	65.9	60.4	8.3	7.1	—	9.5					
Men	71.6	65.6	8.4	6.7	—	10.1					
Women	60.5	55.6	8.1	6.4	—	9.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.2	25.4	33.6	20.5	—	46.7					
White	65.2	60.7	6.8	5.5	—	8.1					
Men	73.6	68.8	6.6	4.9	—	8.3					
Women	56.9	52.8	7.1	5.1	—	9.1					
Black or African American	69.5	61.0	12.2	9.5	—	14.9					
Men	69.4	59.9	13.7	9.4	—	18.0					
Women	69.5	61.9	11.0	7.5	—	14.5					
Asian	58.0	52.8	9.0	1.6	—	16.4					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.4	66.5	9.3	5.6	—	13.0					
Men	84.4	80.8	4.3	.9	—	7.7					
Women	63.2	53.4	15.5	8.4	—	22.6					
Married men, spouse present	74.9	70.9	5.3	3.4	—	7.2					
Married women, spouse present	58.2	54.1	6.9	4.5	—	9.3					
Women who maintain families	73.9	66.8	9.6	5.4	—	13.8					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville									
Total	66.0	60.2	8.7	8.2	— 9.2				
Men	72.7	66.0	9.3	8.5	— 10.1				
Women	59.6	54.8	8.1	7.3	— 8.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	23.0	30.2	24.7	— 35.7				
White	67.4	62.4	7.3	6.7	— 7.9				
Men	74.8	69.0	7.8	7.0	— 8.6				
Women	60.1	56.0	6.8	6.0	— 7.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.0	23.2	29.7	23.3	— 36.1				
Black or African American	59.3	49.5	16.5	14.6	— 18.4				
Men	60.8	49.2	19.0	16.0	— 22.0				
Women	58.1	49.7	14.5	12.1	— 16.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.2	20.2	37.1	23.7	— 50.5				
Asian	67.2	64.2	4.5	2.9	— 6.1				
Men	75.7	71.3	5.8	3.3	— 8.3				
Women	59.9	58.1	3.0	1.1	— 4.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.3	63.4	11.1	9.7	— 12.5				
Men	83.1	74.3	10.6	8.8	— 12.4				
Women	59.0	51.9	12.0	9.7	— 14.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.2	21.1	38.3	25.9	— 50.7				
Married men, spouse present	78.1	73.4	6.1	5.3	— 6.9				
Married women, spouse present	60.3	57.0	5.6	4.7	— 6.5				
Women who maintain families	71.1	65.6	7.7	5.7	— 9.7				
Cincinnati–Middletown									
Total	64.6	60.4	6.5	5.5	— 7.5				
Men	71.2	66.3	6.8	5.4	— 8.2				
Women	58.3	54.8	6.0	4.6	— 7.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.5	34.0	18.2	10.7	— 25.7				
White	65.0	61.0	6.1	5.1	— 7.1				
Men	72.6	67.7	6.7	5.3	— 8.1				
Women	57.4	54.4	5.2	3.8	— 6.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.6	33.8	20.5	11.5	— 29.5				
Black or African American	62.5	56.1	10.2	6.8	— 13.6				
Men	62.0	56.2	9.3	4.4	— 14.2				
Women	62.9	56.0	11.0	6.2	— 15.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.1	62.7	6.6	1.3	— 11.9				
Married men, spouse present	76.0	71.8	5.6	3.9	— 7.3				
Married women, spouse present	58.5	56.3	3.7	2.1	— 5.3				
Women who maintain families	63.1	60.0	4.9	1.7	— 8.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor									
Total	62.5	57.9	7.4	6.3	— 8.5				
Men	66.9	61.9	7.5	5.9	— 9.1				
Women	58.5	54.2	7.4	5.8	— 9.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.6	35.5	18.6	10.6	— 26.6				
White	64.5	61.1	5.4	4.4	— 6.4				
Men	69.1	65.0	5.9	4.4	— 7.4				
Women	60.4	57.4	4.9	3.5	— 6.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	39.8	13.0	5.0	— 21.0				
Black or African American	53.9	43.0	20.2	15.5	— 24.9				
Men	56.0	45.8	18.3	12.0	— 24.6				
Women	51.9	40.4	22.2	15.2	— 29.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.6	52.6	16.0	8.8	— 23.2				
Men	71.3	60.2	15.7	6.4	— 25.0				
Married men, spouse present	70.9	68.9	2.7	1.4	— 4.0				
Married women, spouse present	59.2	57.4	3.1	1.5	— 4.7				
Women who maintain families	66.7	56.8	14.9	9.1	— 20.7				
Columbus									
Total	65.9	60.7	7.8	6.6	— 9.0				
Men	70.2	64.7	7.7	6.0	— 9.4				
Women	62.2	57.3	7.8	6.1	— 9.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.3	30.9	23.4	12.9	— 33.9				
White	65.8	61.1	7.1	5.8	— 8.4				
Men	70.1	65.2	7.0	5.2	— 8.8				
Women	61.9	57.4	7.2	5.3	— 9.1				
Black or African American	65.7	59.2	9.8	6.6	— 13.0				
Men	70.5	62.6	11.3	5.9	— 16.7				
Women	62.6	57.1	8.8	4.8	— 12.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.6	59.4	15.8	7.3	— 24.3				
Married men, spouse present	71.2	68.3	4.1	2.4	— 5.8				
Married women, spouse present	62.0	58.4	5.7	3.5	— 7.9				
Women who maintain families	72.5	64.9	10.4	5.7	— 15.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington									
Total	69.5	65.1	6.2	5.7	— 6.7				
Men	78.7	74.3	5.6	4.9	— 6.3				
Women	60.5	56.2	7.0	6.1	— 7.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.8	26.1	22.6	17.1	— 28.1				
White	68.8	65.1	5.4	4.8	— 6.0				
Men	78.7	74.7	5.1	4.4	— 5.8				
Women	58.7	55.3	5.8	4.9	— 6.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.3	27.8	21.2	15.1	— 27.3				
Black or African American	72.8	65.1	10.6	8.8	— 12.4				
Men	75.8	68.4	9.7	7.3	— 12.1				
Women	70.2	62.2	11.4	8.9	— 13.9				
Asian	69.8	66.6	4.6	2.8	— 6.4				
Men	83.4	81.2	2.7	.9	— 4.5				
Women	57.8	53.8	6.9	3.6	— 10.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	67.3	7.0	5.9	— 8.1				
Men	85.5	80.7	5.6	4.4	— 6.8				
Women	58.0	52.7	9.2	7.2	— 11.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.2	29.5	24.8	16.2	— 33.4				
Married men, spouse present	83.9	81.0	3.5	2.8	— 4.2				
Married women, spouse present	58.8	56.1	4.6	3.6	— 5.6				
Women who maintain families	77.6	70.5	9.1	6.6	— 11.6				
Dayton									
Total	62.3	56.3	9.6	7.6	— 11.6				
Men	66.4	59.0	11.2	8.2	— 14.2				
Women	58.7	54.0	8.1	5.5	— 10.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.1	36.7	25.3	11.1	— 39.5				
White	62.2	56.7	8.9	6.8	— 11.0				
Men	67.6	59.6	11.8	8.4	— 15.2				
Women	57.3	54.0	5.7	3.3	— 8.1				
Black or African American	62.3	53.5	14.2	8.0	— 20.4				
Men	60.8	55.9	8.1	.9	— 15.3				
Women	63.5	51.7	18.7	9.2	— 28.2				
Married men, spouse present	61.9	58.1	6.1	2.9	— 9.3				
Married women, spouse present	57.5	55.2	4.0	1.3	— 6.7				
Women who maintain families	73.0	53.3	26.9	14.7	— 39.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield											
Total	70.0	65.4	6.6	5.9	—	7.3					
Men	76.4	71.2	6.8	5.9	—	7.7					
Women	63.9	59.9	6.2	5.3	—	7.1					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.4	29.6	23.0	16.9	—	29.1					
White	71.0	66.7	6.1	5.4	—	6.8					
Men	77.4	72.4	6.4	5.5	—	7.3					
Women	64.9	61.2	5.6	4.7	—	6.5					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.5	33.7	18.6	12.7	—	24.5					
Black or African American	67.2	58.4	13.0	9.1	—	16.9					
Men	68.6	60.3	12.1	6.9	—	17.3					
Women	65.7	56.5	14.1	8.3	—	19.9					
Asian	55.0	52.8	4.0	1.1	—	6.9					
Men	72.2	70.3	2.6	(²)							
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.3	65.3	9.6	7.9	—	11.3					
Men	81.3	73.0	10.2	7.8	—	12.6					
Women	63.4	57.8	8.8	6.3	—	11.3					
Married men, spouse present	80.9	77.4	4.3	3.3	—	5.3					
Married women, spouse present	63.9	60.6	5.1	3.9	—	6.3					
Women who maintain families	73.2	69.0	5.8	3.0	—	8.6					
Detroit–Warren–Livonia											
Total	60.0	54.6	9.0	8.2	—	9.8					
Men	67.1	60.9	9.3	8.1	—	10.5					
Women	53.3	48.7	8.7	7.5	—	9.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.3	26.5	26.9	19.6	—	34.2					
White	60.6	56.0	7.6	6.7	—	8.5					
Men	68.3	62.4	8.7	7.4	—	10.0					
Women	53.2	49.9	6.1	4.9	—	7.3					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.6	30.6	24.7	16.9	—	32.5					
Black or African American	57.2	48.6	15.1	12.7	—	17.5					
Men	61.0	52.7	13.6	10.3	—	16.9					
Women	54.0	45.1	16.5	13.0	—	20.0					
Asian	62.9	60.4	4.0	1.6	—	6.4					
Men	74.1	71.0	4.2	1.0	—	7.4					
Women	51.6	49.7	3.7	.1	—	7.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.4	55.4	14.0	8.6	—	19.4					
Men	74.6	60.8	18.4	10.6	—	26.2					
Women	52.3	48.9	6.4	.4	—	12.4					
Married men, spouse present	71.2	68.1	4.3	3.2	—	5.4					
Married women, spouse present	55.9	53.0	5.2	3.8	—	6.6					
Women who maintain families	68.1	58.9	13.5	9.6	—	17.4					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford									
Total	65.5	61.0	6.9	6.0	— 7.8				
Men	70.4	65.1	7.6	6.3	— 8.9				
Women	60.8	57.1	6.1	4.9	— 7.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	25.2	20.7	12.9	— 28.5				
White	65.1	61.1	6.1	5.2	— 7.0				
Men	69.2	64.7	6.5	5.2	— 7.8				
Women	61.1	57.6	5.7	4.4	— 7.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	27.1	17.6	9.6	— 25.6				
Black or African American	65.4	57.9	11.6	8.1	— 15.1				
Men	69.3	59.0	14.7	9.0	— 20.4				
Women	62.3	56.9	8.7	4.5	— 12.9				
Asian	67.8	63.6	6.2	3.1	— 9.3				
Men	85.9	79.9	7.0	2.7	— 11.3				
Women	52.3	49.7	5.0	.6	— 9.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	59.3	51.5	13.2	9.0	— 17.4				
Men	65.3	53.4	18.2	11.4	— 25.0				
Women	54.0	49.8	7.8	3.2	— 12.4				
Married men, spouse present	75.8	71.4	5.7	4.3	— 7.1				
Married women, spouse present	64.8	62.2	4.1	2.8	— 5.4				
Women who maintain families	69.6	62.6	10.1	5.7	— 14.5				
Honolulu									
Total	60.2	57.5	4.6	4.0	— 5.2				
Men	66.3	62.7	5.4	4.6	— 6.2				
Women	54.5	52.5	3.7	3.0	— 4.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.4	21.7	17.8	11.3	— 24.3				
White	59.9	57.4	4.2	2.9	— 5.5				
Men	67.1	64.8	3.4	1.9	— 4.9				
Women	51.3	48.5	5.5	3.1	— 7.9				
Asian	59.0	57.2	3.1	2.4	— 3.8				
Men	65.5	63.1	3.7	2.7	— 4.7				
Women	53.4	52.1	2.4	1.6	— 3.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.8	56.6	8.4	5.7	— 11.1				
Men	68.5	60.7	11.3	7.1	— 15.5				
Women	55.5	52.8	4.9	1.9	— 7.9				
Married men, spouse present	70.8	68.1	3.8	2.8	— 4.8				
Married women, spouse present	57.8	56.2	2.7	1.8	— 3.6				
Women who maintain families	52.9	49.5	6.5	3.5	— 9.5				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown									
Total	67.0	63.0	6.1	5.5	— 6.7				
Men	76.0	71.6	5.7	4.9	— 6.5				
Women	58.6	54.8	6.6	5.7	— 7.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.0	26.6	21.6	16.0	— 27.2				
White	67.1	63.6	5.2	4.6	— 5.8				
Men	77.8	74.2	4.7	3.9	— 5.5				
Women	56.8	53.4	6.0	5.0	— 7.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.0	28.9	19.6	13.5	— 25.7				
Black or African American	64.1	57.4	10.5	8.8	— 12.2				
Men	66.5	58.6	11.9	9.3	— 14.5				
Women	62.1	56.4	9.2	7.0	— 11.4				
Asian	71.7	69.8	2.7	1.2	— 4.2				
Men	79.3	77.9	1.9	.2	— 3.6				
Women	64.5	62.1	3.6	1.1	— 6.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.7	64.6	5.9	5.0	— 6.8				
Men	82.8	78.7	4.9	3.8	— 6.0				
Women	55.3	51.2	7.5	5.8	— 9.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.6	34.5	17.2	10.6	— 23.8				
Married men, spouse present	82.1	79.2	3.5	2.7	— 4.3				
Married women, spouse present	55.6	53.2	4.2	3.2	— 5.2				
Women who maintain families	71.3	65.1	8.8	6.3	— 11.3				
Indianapolis–Carmel									
Total	67.1	62.3	7.2	6.1	— 8.3				
Men	73.5	69.0	6.2	4.8	— 7.6				
Women	61.2	56.2	8.2	6.5	— 9.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.7	29.8	16.6	7.7	— 25.5				
White	67.4	63.6	5.6	4.5	— 6.7				
Men	74.7	70.5	5.6	4.1	— 7.1				
Women	60.5	57.1	5.6	4.0	— 7.2				
Black or African American	64.5	52.3	18.9	13.6	— 24.2				
Men	66.6	57.6	13.6	6.8	— 20.4				
Women	62.8	48.2	23.2	15.2	— 31.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.6	65.2	6.4	2.1	— 10.7				
Men	82.1	75.4	8.1	2.1	— 14.1				
Married men, spouse present	78.8	77.0	2.3	1.2	— 3.4				
Married women, spouse present	62.4	60.3	3.4	1.8	— 5.0				
Women who maintain families	68.3	57.6	15.7	9.6	— 21.8				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Jacksonville											
Total	62.9	59.1	6.0	4.8	—	7.2					
Men	67.1	63.1	6.0	4.3	—	7.7					
Women	59.2	55.6	6.1	4.4	—	7.8					
White	63.2	59.8	5.5	4.2	—	6.8					
Men	69.1	65.5	5.3	3.5	—	7.1					
Women	57.8	54.6	5.7	3.7	—	7.7					
Black or African American	59.3	54.0	8.8	5.5	—	12.1					
Men	55.1	48.6	11.8	5.6	—	18.0					
Women	62.0	57.6	7.1	3.4	—	10.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.0	65.0	4.5	.9	—	8.1					
Married men, spouse present	72.5	70.4	3.0	1.4	—	4.6					
Married women, spouse present	59.5	57.5	3.2	1.4	—	5.0					
Women who maintain families	72.9	69.3	5.0	1.1	—	8.9					
Kansas City											
Total	68.3	64.0	6.4	5.6	—	7.2					
Men	73.5	68.6	6.6	5.5	—	7.7					
Women	63.5	59.6	6.1	5.0	—	7.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.7	34.6	14.9	8.9	—	20.9					
White	68.7	64.8	5.6	4.8	—	6.4					
Men	74.4	70.1	5.8	4.7	—	6.9					
Women	63.1	59.7	5.3	4.1	—	6.5					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.3	34.2	10.8	4.8	—	16.8					
Black or African American	62.9	54.5	13.4	10.0	—	16.8					
Men	62.9	52.7	16.3	10.7	—	21.9					
Women	62.9	56.0	11.0	6.8	—	15.2					
Asian	82.5	78.7	4.6	1.1	—	8.1					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.8	64.7	6.1	3.5	—	8.7					
Men	74.7	70.9	5.1	1.8	—	8.4					
Women	62.9	58.3	7.3	3.0	—	11.6					
Married men, spouse present	76.7	73.6	4.1	2.9	—	5.3					
Married women, spouse present	66.0	63.2	4.2	2.9	—	5.5					
Women who maintain families	67.9	62.1	8.6	4.9	—	12.3					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Las Vegas–Paradise									
Total	63.5	57.0	10.2	9.4	— 11.0				
Men	70.6	63.2	10.5	9.4	— 11.6				
Women	56.5	50.9	9.9	8.7	— 11.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.2	24.4	26.5	19.4	— 33.6				
White	64.3	58.3	9.4	8.5	— 10.3				
Men	72.1	65.0	9.8	8.6	— 11.0				
Women	56.1	51.1	8.9	7.5	— 10.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.5	27.9	23.6	15.4	— 31.8				
Black or African American	61.7	52.4	15.1	12.2	— 18.0				
Men	64.5	54.9	14.9	10.7	— 19.1				
Women	59.2	50.2	15.2	11.1	— 19.3				
Asian	58.9	54.9	6.8	4.6	— 9.0				
Men	67.2	61.4	8.6	5.0	— 12.2				
Women	53.2	50.4	5.2	2.6	— 7.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.6	62.0	10.9	9.3	— 12.5				
Men	81.5	71.9	11.8	9.6	— 14.0				
Women	58.0	52.4	9.6	7.3	— 11.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.5	23.9	30.8	19.0	— 42.6				
Married men, spouse present	73.4	68.4	6.8	5.5	— 8.1				
Married women, spouse present	54.0	50.4	6.7	5.2	— 8.2				
Women who maintain families	72.2	63.9	11.5	8.4	— 14.6				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana									
Total	64.3	58.4	9.2	8.7	— 9.7				
Men	72.4	65.6	9.4	8.7	— 10.1				
Women	56.6	51.5	9.0	8.3	— 9.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.6	17.8	30.7	25.3	— 36.1				
White	64.8	59.0	9.0	8.4	— 9.6				
Men	73.5	67.0	9.0	8.2	— 9.8				
Women	56.4	51.2	9.1	8.2	— 10.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.4	19.6	28.5	22.7	— 34.3				
Black or African American	57.1	47.4	16.9	14.4	— 19.4				
Men	59.5	47.8	19.7	15.7	— 23.7				
Women	55.0	47.1	14.4	11.2	— 17.6				
Asian	64.7	60.6	6.3	5.3	— 7.3				
Men	72.1	67.5	6.3	4.9	— 7.7				
Women	58.3	54.6	6.4	5.0	— 7.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.8	59.3	9.9	9.2	— 10.6				
Men	76.4	69.2	9.4	8.4	— 10.4				
Women	55.1	49.3	10.6	9.4	— 11.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.5	18.5	30.1	23.5	— 36.7				
Married men, spouse present	78.4	73.5	6.1	5.3	— 6.9				
Married women, spouse present	56.1	52.1	7.1	6.1	— 8.1				
Women who maintain families	67.4	60.3	10.5	8.4	— 12.6				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Louisville-Jefferson County											
Total	65.3	60.4	7.5	6.4	—	8.6					
Men	68.0	62.9	7.6	6.0	—	9.2					
Women	62.7	58.1	7.4	5.8	—	9.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.9	28.0	19.8	10.0	—	29.6					
White	64.7	60.5	6.4	5.3	—	7.5					
Men	67.4	63.3	6.0	4.5	—	7.5					
Women	62.0	57.8	6.8	5.1	—	8.5					
Black or African American	66.4	57.6	13.2	9.4	—	17.0					
Men	69.5	58.5	15.8	9.8	—	21.8					
Women	63.8	56.9	10.8	6.0	—	15.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.0	65.5	17.2	9.7	—	24.7					
Men	83.7	64.1	23.4	12.0	—	34.8					
Married men, spouse present	72.5	70.2	3.2	1.7	—	4.7					
Married women, spouse present	66.0	63.9	3.2	1.7	—	4.7					
Women who maintain families	65.0	58.8	9.5	4.9	—	14.1					
Memphis											
Total	68.5	60.7	11.4	9.9	—	12.9					
Men	74.1	65.4	11.7	9.5	—	13.9					
Women	63.5	56.5	11.1	8.9	—	13.3					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.5	30.1	36.6	24.8	—	48.4					
White	69.4	64.7	6.7	5.1	—	8.3					
Men	75.6	70.2	7.1	4.8	—	9.4					
Women	63.4	59.5	6.3	3.9	—	8.7					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	35.1	23.2	8.7	—	37.7					
Black or African American	67.0	55.3	17.5	14.7	—	20.3					
Men	71.8	59.1	17.8	13.7	—	21.9					
Women	63.0	52.1	17.3	13.3	—	21.3					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.1	25.2	48.6	30.5	—	66.7					
Asian	74.4	72.1	3.0	(²)							
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	82.9	74.8	9.8	3.4	—	16.2					
Men	88.1	83.1	5.7	(²)							
Married men, spouse present	77.2	72.2	6.4	4.0	—	8.8					
Married women, spouse present	67.1	61.7	8.1	5.3	—	10.9					
Women who maintain families	72.0	62.6	13.1	7.4	—	18.8					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach											
Total	62.0	57.3	7.6	6.9	—	8.3					
Men	70.0	64.8	7.5	6.6	—	8.4					
Women	54.8	50.5	7.8	6.8	—	8.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.9	17.6	16.1	9.1	—	23.1					
White	61.5	57.9	6.0	5.3	—	6.7					
Men	70.3	66.6	5.3	4.4	—	6.2					
Women	53.5	49.9	6.7	5.6	—	7.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.6	19.6	13.2	5.8	—	20.6					
Black or African American	64.5	55.5	14.0	12.0	—	16.0					
Men	69.5	58.1	16.5	13.5	—	19.5					
Women	60.1	53.2	11.5	9.0	—	14.0					
Asian	57.7	55.1	4.5	1.2	—	7.8					
Men	62.1	60.5	2.6	(²)							
Women	54.2	50.8	6.2	.8	—	11.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.5	57.9	7.3	6.3	—	8.3					
Men	72.0	67.0	7.0	5.7	—	8.3					
Women	53.8	49.7	7.6	6.1	—	9.1					
Married men, spouse present	74.9	71.5	4.6	3.6	—	5.6					
Married women, spouse present	56.8	53.2	6.3	4.9	—	7.7					
Women who maintain families	68.3	61.2	10.4	7.6	—	13.2					
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis											
Total	67.6	62.3	7.9	6.8	—	9.0					
Men	73.7	67.1	8.9	7.3	—	10.5					
Women	62.0	57.8	6.7	5.3	—	8.1					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	38.6	15.2	8.1	—	22.3					
White	67.9	63.9	5.9	4.9	—	6.9					
Men	74.9	69.5	7.1	5.5	—	8.7					
Women	61.6	58.8	4.6	3.3	—	5.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.2	39.6	12.3	4.6	—	20.0					
Black or African American	62.9	52.7	16.3	12.4	—	20.2					
Men	63.8	54.6	14.4	9.1	—	19.7					
Women	62.1	50.9	18.0	12.3	—	23.7					
Asian	84.8	77.7	8.4	2.6	—	14.2					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.8	49.5	21.2	15.6	—	26.8					
Men	66.0	43.6	34.0	24.0	—	44.0					
Women	59.7	55.0	8.0	3.1	—	12.9					
Married men, spouse present	78.8	73.9	6.2	4.4	—	8.0					
Married women, spouse present	67.0	64.7	3.4	1.9	—	4.9					
Women who maintain families	72.2	62.3	13.7	8.6	—	18.8					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington									
Total	71.9	68.2	5.1	4.6	— 5.6				
Men	76.2	72.0	5.5	4.8	— 6.2				
Women	67.6	64.5	4.6	3.9	— 5.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.6	39.1	16.0	12.0	— 20.0				
White	71.7	68.6	4.3	3.8	— 4.8				
Men	76.0	72.1	5.1	4.4	— 5.8				
Women	67.6	65.2	3.6	3.0	— 4.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.3	42.3	12.4	8.5	— 16.3				
Black or African American	70.2	60.1	14.4	11.2	— 17.6				
Men	73.9	63.7	13.8	9.4	— 18.2				
Women	66.8	56.8	15.1	10.4	— 19.8				
Asian	75.5	71.3	5.6	3.7	— 7.5				
Men	80.4	77.2	4.0	1.8	— 6.2				
Women	70.2	65.0	7.5	4.2	— 10.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.0	67.9	6.9	4.4	— 9.4				
Men	78.8	72.6	7.9	4.5	— 11.3				
Women	65.6	62.0	5.5	2.0	— 9.0				
Married men, spouse present	79.9	77.9	2.4	1.8	— 3.0				
Married women, spouse present	70.0	67.7	3.2	2.4	— 4.0				
Women who maintain families	73.6	65.9	10.4	7.2	— 13.6				
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin									
Total	67.0	63.2	5.6	4.6	— 6.6				
Men	77.7	73.3	5.7	4.3	— 7.1				
Women	56.9	53.7	5.6	4.1	— 7.1				
White	67.6	64.4	4.7	3.7	— 5.7				
Men	78.1	74.4	4.8	3.4	— 6.2				
Women	57.2	54.6	4.5	2.9	— 6.1				
Black or African American	64.0	56.9	11.1	7.7	— 14.5				
Men	72.7	63.4	12.9	7.7	— 18.1				
Women	57.4	52.0	9.4	5.0	— 13.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.2	66.4	6.8	2.1	— 11.5				
Married men, spouse present	82.2	80.2	2.4	1.3	— 3.5				
Married women, spouse present	59.8	58.0	3.0	1.5	— 4.5				
Women who maintain families	62.9	56.9	9.6	4.2	— 15.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner									
Total	62.6	57.6	7.9	6.4	— 9.4				
Men	72.5	67.1	7.5	5.4	— 9.6				
Women	53.9	49.3	8.5	6.1	— 10.9				
White	66.0	61.1	7.5	5.7	— 9.3				
Men	78.8	72.9	7.5	5.1	— 9.9				
Women	54.0	50.0	7.4	4.6	— 10.2				
Black or African American	54.2	48.9	9.8	6.5	— 13.1				
Men	54.6	50.6	7.4	3.1	— 11.7				
Women	53.9	47.6	11.6	6.9	— 16.3				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	65.0	12.2	6.9	— 17.5				
Men	86.5	73.1	15.5	8.0	— 23.0				
Married men, spouse present	75.3	73.2	2.8	1.0	— 4.6				
Married women, spouse present	53.4	50.6	5.1	2.1	— 8.1				
Women who maintain families	60.8	53.3	12.2	5.8	— 18.6				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island									
Total	62.4	57.5	7.8	7.4	— 8.2				
Men	69.4	63.7	8.2	7.7	— 8.7				
Women	56.1	52.0	7.3	6.8	— 7.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.4	19.5	20.1	16.3	— 23.9				
White	62.8	58.5	6.8	6.4	— 7.2				
Men	70.1	65.2	7.0	6.4	— 7.6				
Women	56.0	52.4	6.5	5.9	— 7.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.2	22.5	17.1	13.0	— 21.2				
Black or African American	61.2	53.3	12.9	11.8	— 14.0				
Men	64.5	55.0	14.8	13.1	— 16.5				
Women	58.5	51.9	11.2	9.8	— 12.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.9	14.0	36.2	25.2	— 47.2				
Asian	61.7	58.0	5.9	4.9	— 6.9				
Men	71.8	67.0	6.6	5.3	— 7.9				
Women	51.8	49.3	4.8	3.5	— 6.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.7	57.4	9.8	8.9	— 10.7				
Men	73.1	66.3	9.2	8.1	— 10.3				
Women	55.1	49.3	10.5	9.2	— 11.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.7	15.6	27.9	19.3	— 36.5				
Married men, spouse present	76.5	72.2	5.7	5.1	— 6.3				
Married women, spouse present	58.5	55.6	5.0	4.3	— 5.7				
Women who maintain families	66.0	58.1	11.9	10.2	— 13.6				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Oklahoma City											
Total	63.8	61.2	4.2	3.3	—	5.1					
Men	75.2	72.7	3.4	2.3	—	4.5					
Women	53.5	50.8	5.1	3.6	—	6.6					
White	63.5	61.3	3.5	2.5	—	4.5					
Men	74.3	71.9	3.2	2.0	—	4.4					
Women	53.6	51.5	3.9	2.4	—	5.4					
Black or African American	60.9	56.7	6.9	3.3	—	10.5					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.0	66.3	6.6	3.4	—	9.8					
Men	85.5	82.7	3.2	.5	—	5.9					
Married men, spouse present	78.2	76.0	2.8	1.4	—	4.2					
Married women, spouse present	55.8	53.6	3.8	1.9	—	5.7					
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford											
Total	66.2	61.6	7.1	6.1	—	8.1					
Men	71.7	66.0	7.9	6.4	—	9.4					
Women	61.3	57.5	6.2	4.8	—	7.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.6	29.3	15.5	7.2	—	23.8					
White	66.4	62.4	6.0	4.9	—	7.1					
Men	72.5	67.9	6.4	4.8	—	8.0					
Women	60.7	57.3	5.5	4.0	—	7.0					
Black or African American	66.1	57.8	12.5	9.3	—	15.7					
Men	68.8	57.9	15.8	10.7	—	20.9					
Women	63.7	57.7	9.4	5.6	—	13.2					
Asian	64.6	61.9	4.1	.6	—	7.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.5	57.5	9.5	6.9	—	12.1					
Men	69.3	61.0	11.9	7.8	—	16.0					
Women	58.7	54.5	7.1	4.0	—	10.2					
Married men, spouse present	74.8	71.3	4.7	3.1	—	6.3					
Married women, spouse present	63.5	60.4	4.9	3.1	—	6.7					
Women who maintain families	68.3	64.8	5.1	2.0	—	8.2					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington									
Total	63.3	58.1	8.3	7.6	— 9.0				
Men	69.5	62.7	9.8	8.8	— 10.8				
Women	57.8	54.0	6.6	5.8	— 7.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	22.8	30.8	24.0	— 37.6				
White	64.8	60.3	6.9	6.2	— 7.6				
Men	71.7	65.9	8.1	7.1	— 9.1				
Women	58.4	55.1	5.6	4.7	— 6.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.2	26.9	27.8	20.4	— 35.2				
Black or African American	58.8	50.2	14.6	12.7	— 16.5				
Men	60.2	48.3	19.7	16.3	— 23.1				
Women	57.7	51.6	10.6	8.4	— 12.8				
Asian	58.5	55.3	5.5	3.1	— 7.9				
Men	72.3	68.7	5.1	1.9	— 8.3				
Women	47.6	44.8	6.0	2.2	— 9.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.9	55.3	12.2	9.3	— 15.1				
Men	75.0	65.0	13.3	9.3	— 17.3				
Women	51.0	45.6	10.6	6.3	— 14.9				
Married men, spouse present	77.0	73.3	4.9	3.9	— 5.9				
Married women, spouse present	61.5	58.9	4.3	3.3	— 5.3				
Women who maintain families	65.6	60.6	7.6	5.2	— 10.0				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale									
Total	62.3	58.3	6.4	5.6	— 7.2				
Men	69.6	65.2	6.3	5.3	— 7.3				
Women	55.4	51.8	6.5	5.4	— 7.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.0	28.1	22.0	14.7	— 29.3				
White	62.5	59.2	5.4	4.6	— 6.2				
Men	69.7	66.2	5.1	4.1	— 6.1				
Women	55.7	52.5	5.7	4.6	— 6.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.7	30.8	20.5	12.7	— 28.3				
Black or African American	57.5	48.9	14.9	9.8	— 20.0				
Men	62.4	53.2	14.7	7.5	— 21.9				
Women	53.5	45.4	15.2	8.0	— 22.4				
Asian	56.1	50.3	10.4	5.8	— 15.0				
Men	71.0	60.4	14.9	7.4	— 22.4				
Women	45.0	42.7	5.1	.3	— 9.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.8	57.6	6.7	5.1	— 8.3				
Men	73.0	67.6	7.5	5.4	— 9.6				
Women	50.5	47.6	5.7	3.4	— 8.0				
Married men, spouse present	75.7	73.0	3.6	2.6	— 4.6				
Married women, spouse present	55.4	53.4	3.7	2.5	— 4.9				
Women who maintain families	59.2	56.0	5.5	2.3	— 8.7				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Pittsburgh									
Total	67.5	62.5	7.3	6.3	— 8.3				
Men	75.2	70.7	6.0	4.8	— 7.2				
Women	60.5	55.1	8.9	7.3	— 10.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.4	36.8	24.0	14.7	— 33.3				
White	68.3	63.4	7.1	6.1	— 8.1				
Men	76.1	71.6	6.0	4.7	— 7.3				
Women	61.0	56.0	8.3	6.7	— 9.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.1	40.5	23.7	13.9	— 33.5				
Black or African American	61.2	54.8	10.4	5.7	— 15.1				
Men	67.4	63.4	5.9	.6	— 11.2				
Women	57.0	48.9	14.2	6.8	— 21.6				
Asian	61.7	59.7	3.3	(²)					
Married men, spouse present	76.7	74.0	3.6	2.2	— 5.0				
Married women, spouse present	65.9	62.6	5.1	3.4	— 6.8				
Women who maintain families	60.9	48.9	19.6	12.7	— 26.5				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro									
Total	66.1	61.2	7.4	6.6	— 8.2				
Men	72.9	67.2	7.8	6.7	— 8.9				
Women	59.4	55.3	6.9	5.7	— 8.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.4	22.9	31.3	22.0	— 40.6				
White	66.6	61.9	7.1	6.2	— 8.0				
Men	74.0	68.5	7.3	6.1	— 8.5				
Women	59.2	55.2	6.8	5.5	— 8.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.7	24.6	29.2	19.0	— 39.4				
Black or African American	53.1	41.2	22.3	13.1	— 31.5				
Asian	68.0	65.2	4.1	1.8	— 6.4				
Men	78.4	73.4	6.4	2.3	— 10.5				
Women	59.6	58.6	1.7	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.9	66.6	11.1	8.0	— 14.2				
Men	83.7	74.0	11.6	7.5	— 15.7				
Women	64.1	57.6	10.2	5.4	— 15.0				
Married men, spouse present	77.4	74.4	3.9	2.8	— 5.0				
Married women, spouse present	61.6	59.0	4.3	3.0	— 5.6				
Women who maintain families	68.3	62.5	8.5	4.3	— 12.7				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Providence–Fall River–Warwick									
Total	66.0	60.2	8.7	7.9	— 9.5				
Men	71.6	65.1	9.0	7.8	— 10.2				
Women	60.8	55.7	8.4	7.2	— 9.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.3	33.0	20.2	13.9	— 26.5				
White	66.1	60.6	8.4	7.5	— 9.3				
Men	71.2	64.7	9.2	7.9	— 10.5				
Women	61.3	56.7	7.5	6.3	— 8.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.1	32.9	20.0	13.1	— 26.9				
Black or African American	65.9	56.2	14.7	10.1	— 19.3				
Men	74.0	65.5	11.5	5.9	— 17.1				
Women	58.3	47.4	18.6	10.8	— 26.4				
Asian	67.1	64.0	4.6	1.7	— 7.5				
Men	82.7	80.0	3.3	.1	— 6.5				
Women	52.6	49.2	6.5	1.0	— 12.0				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.1	49.2	22.0	17.9	— 26.1				
Men	68.7	52.2	24.1	18.0	— 30.2				
Women	58.0	46.5	19.9	14.2	— 25.6				
Married men, spouse present	77.2	74.1	4.0	2.9	— 5.1				
Married women, spouse present	65.1	61.3	5.9	4.5	— 7.3				
Women who maintain families	73.5	61.8	16.0	11.5	— 20.5				
Richmond									
Total	62.2	58.6	5.8	4.7	— 6.9				
Men	67.6	63.6	5.8	4.2	— 7.4				
Women	57.4	54.0	5.9	4.2	— 7.6				
White	63.3	60.7	4.1	3.0	— 5.2				
Men	70.5	67.4	4.3	2.7	— 5.9				
Women	56.4	54.3	3.8	2.1	— 5.5				
Black or African American	57.1	50.3	11.9	8.4	— 15.4				
Men	57.2	50.2	12.3	7.0	— 17.6				
Women	57.0	50.4	11.6	7.0	— 16.2				
Married men, spouse present	73.5	71.5	2.7	1.2	— 4.2				
Married women, spouse present	57.9	55.6	4.0	2.0	— 6.0				
Women who maintain families	73.9	69.1	6.4	1.9	— 10.9				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario											
Total	58.4	50.7	13.2	12.1	—	14.3					
Men	68.1	58.5	14.1	12.6	—	15.6					
Women	49.3	43.3	12.0	10.4	—	13.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.2	14.7	41.8	31.6	—	52.0					
White	59.3	51.8	12.5	11.3	—	13.7					
Men	69.0	60.1	13.0	11.4	—	14.6					
Women	49.6	43.7	11.8	10.0	—	13.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.1	16.4	37.1	26.4	—	47.8					
Black or African American	50.8	40.8	19.7	14.9	—	24.5					
Men	59.1	45.1	23.7	16.5	—	30.9					
Women	43.7	37.1	15.0	8.9	—	21.1					
Asian	58.6	50.5	14.0	9.6	—	18.4					
Men	69.5	59.3	14.7	8.3	—	21.1					
Women	51.0	44.2	13.2	7.3	—	19.1					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.2	52.1	14.9	13.2	—	16.6					
Men	74.0	62.8	15.2	13.0	—	17.4					
Women	48.7	41.6	14.5	11.8	—	17.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.4	13.2	45.7	31.4	—	60.0					
Married men, spouse present	76.2	70.0	8.0	6.4	—	9.6					
Married women, spouse present	51.8	47.2	8.9	6.9	—	10.9					
Women who maintain families	59.6	50.0	16.0	11.3	—	20.7					
Rochester											
Total	63.6	58.6	7.9	6.4	—	9.4					
Men	67.3	61.6	8.4	6.2	—	10.6					
Women	60.0	55.5	7.5	5.3	—	9.7					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.1	34.5	26.7	13.5	—	39.9					
White	64.8	60.7	6.3	4.8	—	7.8					
Men	69.4	64.8	6.6	4.5	—	8.7					
Women	60.2	56.6	6.0	3.8	—	8.2					
Black or African American	59.0	47.8	19.1	11.8	—	26.4					
Women	57.4	47.6	17.0	7.8	—	26.2					
Asian	60.1	53.6	10.8	3.3	—	18.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.7	54.3	21.0	10.7	—	31.3					
Married men, spouse present	73.8	70.5	4.5	2.3	—	6.7					
Married women, spouse present	62.6	59.9	4.2	1.9	—	6.5					
Women who maintain families	67.2	64.3	4.3	(²)							

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Sacramento–Arden-Arcade–Roseville									
Total	61.8	56.1	9.2	8.0	— 10.4				
Men	67.7	61.1	9.7	8.0	— 11.4				
Women	56.2	51.4	8.6	6.8	— 10.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.3	19.9	38.4	25.2	— 51.6				
White	62.8	57.2	8.9	7.5	— 10.3				
Men	69.2	62.6	9.7	7.7	— 11.7				
Women	56.4	51.9	8.0	6.0	— 10.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.2	23.3	35.8	21.5	— 50.1				
Black or African American	53.1	46.6	12.2	6.7	— 17.7				
Men	60.7	53.6	11.8	4.4	— 19.2				
Women	46.4	40.6	12.6	4.5	— 20.7				
Asian	61.1	57.5	5.9	3.1	— 8.7				
Men	62.8	58.5	6.9	2.5	— 11.3				
Women	59.7	56.8	5.0	1.6	— 8.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.9	61.1	11.2	8.6	— 13.8				
Men	79.3	71.8	9.4	6.3	— 12.5				
Women	56.3	48.2	14.4	9.5	— 19.3				
Married men, spouse present	72.2	68.6	5.1	3.4	— 6.8				
Married women, spouse present	60.3	56.2	6.9	4.7	— 9.1				
Women who maintain families	68.3	64.8	5.2	1.6	— 8.8				
Salt Lake City									
Total	71.7	68.6	4.4	3.7	— 5.1				
Men	79.3	75.2	5.1	4.0	— 6.2				
Women	64.1	61.8	3.6	2.6	— 4.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.6	38.1	16.5	9.7	— 23.3				
White	72.3	69.5	4.0	3.3	— 4.7				
Men	79.6	76.0	4.5	3.5	— 5.5				
Women	64.9	62.8	3.3	2.3	— 4.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.5	41.0	13.8	7.2	— 20.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.3	69.9	5.8	3.4	— 8.2				
Men	85.7	81.3	5.2	2.4	— 8.0				
Women	60.9	56.8	6.8	2.6	— 11.0				
Married men, spouse present	82.3	80.2	2.5	1.5	— 3.5				
Married women, spouse present	62.7	61.0	2.7	1.4	— 4.0				
Women who maintain families	70.5	67.3	4.5	1.1	— 7.9				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
San Antonio–New Braunfels									
Total	62.2	58.5	5.9	4.9	— 6.9				
Men	68.5	63.9	6.8	5.3	— 8.3				
Women	56.5	53.7	5.0	3.7	— 6.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.0	25.6	24.9	14.4	— 35.4				
White	62.5	58.9	5.7	4.7	— 6.7				
Men	68.9	64.4	6.6	5.1	— 8.1				
Women	56.5	53.8	4.8	3.4	— 6.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.3	26.7	24.6	14.0	— 35.2				
Black or African American	58.8	54.6	7.2	2.3	— 12.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.6	58.7	6.2	4.9	— 7.5				
Men	68.3	63.2	7.4	5.5	— 9.3				
Women	56.9	54.3	4.7	3.0	— 6.4				
Married men, spouse present	71.1	68.1	4.3	2.7	— 5.9				
Married women, spouse present	54.9	53.0	3.5	1.9	— 5.1				
Women who maintain families	64.2	58.9	8.2	3.7	— 12.7				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos									
Total	61.7	57.6	6.5	5.6	— 7.4				
Men	68.7	64.4	6.4	5.2	— 7.6				
Women	55.3	51.6	6.7	5.4	— 8.0				
White	61.6	57.7	6.4	5.4	— 7.4				
Men	68.9	64.8	5.9	4.6	— 7.2				
Women	54.8	51.0	7.0	5.4	— 8.6				
Black or African American	58.5	52.1	10.8	6.0	— 15.6				
Men	64.2	57.2	10.8	4.2	— 17.4				
Women	53.4	47.6	10.9	4.0	— 17.8				
Asian	61.2	58.6	4.3	2.2	— 6.4				
Men	70.1	65.4	6.7	3.1	— 10.3				
Women	54.1	53.1	1.8	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.5	62.6	7.3	5.6	— 9.0				
Men	74.5	69.4	6.9	4.6	— 9.2				
Women	61.1	56.3	7.8	5.2	— 10.4				
Married men, spouse present	76.0	72.0	5.2	3.7	— 6.7				
Married women, spouse present	56.1	52.5	6.4	4.5	— 8.3				
Women who maintain families	63.3	59.8	5.4	2.0	— 8.8				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont											
Total	67.1	62.4	7.0	6.3	—	7.7					
Men	73.4	68.8	6.3	5.4	—	7.2					
Women	60.8	56.1	7.8	6.7	—	8.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.9	23.1	25.2	17.1	—	33.3					
White	67.8	63.6	6.1	5.3	—	6.9					
Men	74.9	70.5	5.8	4.7	—	6.9					
Women	60.2	56.3	6.6	5.2	—	8.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.0	27.6	18.9	9.5	—	28.3					
Black or African American	57.8	49.0	15.1	11.2	—	19.0					
Men	57.4	50.8	11.5	6.6	—	16.4					
Women	58.1	47.4	18.4	12.4	—	24.4					
Asian	66.8	62.6	6.2	5.0	—	7.4					
Men	72.9	68.9	5.6	3.9	—	7.3					
Women	61.5	57.2	6.9	5.0	—	8.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.5	64.5	8.5	6.9	—	10.1					
Men	81.2	74.9	7.7	5.7	—	9.7					
Women	58.9	53.2	9.7	6.9	—	12.5					
Married men, spouse present	77.3	74.4	3.7	2.7	—	4.7					
Married women, spouse present	61.8	58.0	6.0	4.6	—	7.4					
Women who maintain families	68.4	61.2	10.6	6.9	—	14.3					
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara											
Total	65.5	61.4	6.2	5.2	—	7.2					
Men	74.4	69.0	7.3	5.8	—	8.8					
Women	56.5	53.8	4.9	3.5	—	6.3					
White	63.9	59.6	6.7	5.3	—	8.1					
Men	73.9	68.2	7.7	5.8	—	9.6					
Women	53.8	50.9	5.4	3.5	—	7.3					
Asian	68.1	64.9	4.7	3.2	—	6.2					
Men	75.7	70.5	6.9	4.4	—	9.4					
Women	60.7	59.4	2.1	.6	—	3.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.3	64.9	6.4	4.5	—	8.3					
Men	80.4	75.1	6.6	4.1	—	9.1					
Women	57.7	54.2	6.0	3.1	—	8.9					
Married men, spouse present	79.7	75.4	5.4	3.7	—	7.1					
Married women, spouse present	56.5	54.4	3.7	2.1	—	5.3					
Women who maintain families	70.1	65.3	6.9	1.8	—	12.0					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan areas:									
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue									
Total	67.1	63.4	5.5	4.8	— 6.2				
Men	73.0	68.6	6.0	5.1	— 6.9				
Women	61.2	58.3	4.8	3.9	— 5.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.7	27.7	20.3	13.0	— 27.6				
White	67.5	64.0	5.2	4.5	— 5.9				
Men	73.3	69.2	5.7	4.7	— 6.7				
Women	61.8	58.9	4.7	3.7	— 5.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.0	31.9	18.3	10.3	— 26.3				
Black or African American	67.3	58.8	12.7	8.3	— 17.1				
Men	77.9	67.6	13.2	7.3	— 19.1				
Women	56.6	49.9	11.9	5.3	— 18.5				
Asian	62.3	60.1	3.4	1.9	— 4.9				
Men	68.6	66.3	3.4	1.3	— 5.5				
Women	57.2	55.2	3.4	1.3	— 5.5				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.0	68.0	5.6	3.1	— 8.1				
Men	81.9	77.1	5.9	2.7	— 9.1				
Women	60.8	57.8	5.0	1.3	— 8.7				
Married men, spouse present	76.4	73.9	3.4	2.4	— 4.4				
Married women, spouse present	60.1	58.2	3.1	2.0	— 4.2				
Women who maintain families	71.9	66.9	7.0	3.8	— 10.2				
St. Louis⁴									
Total	65.2	61.1	6.3	5.5	— 7.1				
Men	70.7	66.1	6.6	5.5	— 7.7				
Women	60.3	56.7	6.0	4.9	— 7.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.7	25.9	23.2	14.7	— 31.7				
White	66.7	62.8	5.7	4.9	— 6.5				
Men	73.1	68.5	6.3	5.1	— 7.5				
Women	60.6	57.5	5.1	3.9	— 6.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.1	30.5	19.9	11.3	— 28.5				
Black or African American	56.9	52.0	8.6	6.2	— 11.0				
Men	56.2	51.9	7.6	4.2	— 11.0				
Women	57.4	52.0	9.4	6.1	— 12.7				
Married men, spouse present	74.8	72.0	3.7	2.6	— 4.8				
Married women, spouse present	64.4	61.7	4.1	2.8	— 5.4				
Women who maintain families	66.8	62.3	6.7	3.3	— 10.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater											
Total	60.0	56.0	6.8	5.9	—	7.7					
Men	64.8	60.1	7.1	5.8	—	8.4					
Women	55.6	52.1	6.3	5.1	—	7.5					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.3	27.0	16.2	7.6	—	24.8					
White	58.5	55.1	5.9	5.0	—	6.8					
Men	63.7	59.4	6.7	5.4	—	8.0					
Women	53.6	50.9	5.0	3.8	—	6.2					
Black or African American	70.0	61.6	12.1	8.8	—	15.4					
Men	73.1	66.3	9.3	5.1	—	13.5					
Women	67.5	57.7	14.6	9.6	—	19.6					
Asian	62.4	59.6	4.5	.4	—	8.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.1	62.0	10.3	7.6	—	13.0					
Men	78.8	69.5	11.8	7.9	—	15.7					
Women	59.4	54.5	8.3	4.6	—	12.0					
Married men, spouse present	66.8	64.1	4.0	2.7	—	5.3					
Married women, spouse present	57.0	54.6	4.3	2.8	—	5.8					
Women who maintain families	71.6	62.4	12.8	8.1	—	17.5					
Tulsa											
Total	65.8	62.1	5.6	4.4	—	6.8					
Men	72.7	68.1	6.3	4.6	—	8.0					
Women	59.1	56.3	4.7	3.1	—	6.3					
White	67.6	64.1	5.2	3.8	—	6.6					
Men	75.8	71.4	5.8	3.9	—	7.7					
Women	59.0	56.4	4.3	2.4	—	6.2					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.1	67.3	6.7	2.2	—	11.2					
Married men, spouse present	77.5	74.9	3.5	1.8	—	5.2					
Married women, spouse present	56.1	54.2	3.4	1.4	—	5.4					
Women who maintain families	70.3	62.8	10.7	4.2	—	17.2					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan areas:											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News											
Total	68.3	63.0	7.7	6.6	—	8.8					
Men	73.0	67.0	8.2	6.5	—	9.9					
Women	64.3	59.6	7.3	5.7	—	8.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.9	27.3	36.4	24.3	—	48.5					
White	67.5	64.1	5.1	3.9	—	6.3					
Men	75.4	71.8	4.7	3.0	—	6.4					
Women	60.9	57.5	5.5	3.7	—	7.3					
Black or African American	69.1	60.9	11.9	9.6	—	14.2					
Men	69.0	59.2	14.3	10.6	—	18.0					
Women	69.1	62.3	9.8	7.0	—	12.6					
Asian	76.3	73.8	3.3	(²)							
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.4	57.5	13.4	4.8	—	22.0					
Married men, spouse present	75.1	73.0	2.8	1.4	—	4.2					
Married women, spouse present	64.1	60.6	5.5	3.5	—	7.5					
Women who maintain families	76.9	70.0	9.0	4.8	—	13.2					
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria											
Total	71.3	67.6	5.2	4.8	—	5.6					
Men	77.8	73.8	5.1	4.5	—	5.7					
Women	65.3	61.8	5.4	4.8	—	6.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.4	24.3	17.4	12.8	—	22.0					
White	72.3	69.2	4.2	3.7	—	4.7					
Men	79.9	76.4	4.3	3.7	—	4.9					
Women	64.7	62.1	4.1	3.4	—	4.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.2	25.1	14.1	8.6	—	19.6					
Black or African American	70.0	64.1	8.4	7.4	—	9.4					
Men	72.5	66.8	7.9	6.4	—	9.4					
Women	67.9	61.9	8.9	7.4	—	10.4					
Asian	69.9	67.3	3.6	2.6	—	4.6					
Men	76.6	73.4	4.3	2.7	—	5.9					
Women	63.6	61.7	2.9	1.5	—	4.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.3	71.9	4.6	3.6	—	5.6					
Men	85.9	82.1	4.4	3.1	—	5.7					
Women	63.7	60.6	4.8	3.1	—	6.5					
Married men, spouse present	83.0	80.8	2.6	2.1	—	3.1					
Married women, spouse present	65.8	63.1	4.1	3.3	—	4.9					
Women who maintain families	75.2	70.0	6.9	4.8	—	9.0					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick									
Total	70.5	66.8	5.2	4.4	— 6.0				
Men	77.7	73.2	5.8	4.6	— 7.0				
Women	64.0	61.0	4.7	3.6	— 5.8				
White	70.3	66.6	5.2	4.2	— 6.2				
Men	77.6	72.6	6.5	5.0	— 8.0				
Women	63.3	60.9	3.8	2.5	— 5.1				
Black or African American	74.5	69.3	6.9	4.6	— 9.2				
Men	79.9	76.7	4.1	1.5	— 6.7				
Women	70.3	63.6	9.4	5.7	— 13.1				
Asian	67.8	65.6	3.2	1.5	— 4.9				
Men	76.2	73.0	4.3	1.7	— 6.9				
Women	60.2	59.0	2.0	.1	— 3.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.1	70.3	6.4	4.1	— 8.7				
Men	85.4	79.7	6.7	3.4	— 10.0				
Women	66.9	62.9	6.0	2.8	— 9.2				
Married men, spouse present	84.3	81.0	3.8	2.6	— 5.0				
Married women, spouse present	65.8	63.5	3.6	2.3	— 4.9				
Women who maintain families	85.5	80.5	5.9	2.1	— 9.7				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy									
Total	66.4	62.2	6.4	5.6	— 7.2				
Men	71.1	65.7	7.6	6.3	— 8.9				
Women	62.1	58.9	5.1	4.0	— 6.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.8	27.7	17.9	10.7	— 25.1				
White	67.2	63.0	6.2	5.3	— 7.1				
Men	71.7	66.8	6.9	5.5	— 8.3				
Women	62.9	59.5	5.5	4.2	— 6.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.9	30.0	14.2	6.9	— 21.5				
Black or African American	60.8	55.7	8.4	5.2	— 11.6				
Men	62.8	53.9	14.3	8.3	— 20.3				
Women	59.0	57.3	2.8	.2	— 5.4				
Asian	67.1	63.7	5.0	2.6	— 7.4				
Men	72.4	67.1	7.3	3.2	— 11.4				
Women	62.5	60.8	2.6	.1	— 5.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.6	57.0	13.0	8.9	— 17.1				
Men	80.2	68.9	14.1	8.3	— 19.9				
Women	53.7	47.5	11.7	5.9	— 17.5				
Married men, spouse present	78.8	74.5	5.4	3.9	— 6.9				
Married women, spouse present	67.8	65.6	3.2	2.0	— 4.4				
Women who maintain families	71.1	65.0	8.6	4.8	— 12.4				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Camden									
Total	62.9	57.3	8.8	7.3	— 10.3				
Men	68.6	61.3	10.6	8.2	— 13.0				
Women	57.8	53.8	7.0	5.0	— 9.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.2	24.9	39.6	25.6	— 53.6				
White	65.2	59.4	8.8	7.1	— 10.5				
Men	70.8	63.3	10.6	8.0	— 13.2				
Women	59.7	55.7	6.8	4.6	— 9.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.8	31.3	37.1	22.0	— 52.2				
Black or African American	51.9	45.8	11.8	6.9	— 16.7				
Men	55.6	46.4	16.6	7.5	— 25.7				
Women	49.6	45.4	8.5	3.0	— 14.0				
Asian	59.6	57.8	2.9	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.2	59.7	11.2	4.4	— 18.0				
Married men, spouse present	77.2	72.6	5.9	3.5	— 8.3				
Married women, spouse present	63.9	61.6	3.6	1.6	— 5.6				
Women who maintain families	63.8	60.0	6.0	1.4	— 10.6				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville									
Total	66.8	60.7	9.1	8.5	— 9.7				
Men	73.2	66.1	9.8	8.9	— 10.7				
Women	60.8	55.7	8.4	7.6	— 9.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.5	21.9	32.6	26.4	— 38.8				
White	68.6	63.4	7.6	7.0	— 8.2				
Men	75.7	69.5	8.2	7.3	— 9.1				
Women	61.7	57.4	7.0	6.1	— 7.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.7	22.2	32.1	24.7	— 39.5				
Black or African American	59.5	49.3	17.2	15.1	— 19.3				
Men	60.9	49.0	19.5	16.2	— 22.8				
Women	58.5	49.6	15.3	12.7	— 17.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	18.6	40.6	25.7	— 55.5				
Asian	67.1	63.9	4.8	3.1	— 6.5				
Men	75.1	70.5	6.1	3.5	— 8.7				
Women	59.9	58.0	3.3	1.2	— 5.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.8	62.6	11.5	10.0	— 13.0				
Men	82.0	73.0	11.0	9.0	— 13.0				
Women	59.4	52.1	12.3	9.8	— 14.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.0	18.7	41.7	27.7	— 55.7				
Married men, spouse present	78.7	73.6	6.4	5.5	— 7.3				
Married women, spouse present	61.9	58.5	5.5	4.5	— 6.5				
Women who maintain families	72.3	66.0	8.6	6.3	— 10.9				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Dallas–Plano–Irving									
Total	69.9	65.7	6.0	5.4	— 6.6				
Men	79.2	75.3	4.9	4.1	— 5.7				
Women	60.8	56.3	7.4	6.3	— 8.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.9	25.5	20.2	14.0	— 26.4				
White	69.6	66.0	5.2	4.5	— 5.9				
Men	79.7	76.0	4.6	3.8	— 5.4				
Women	59.3	55.7	6.0	4.9	— 7.1				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.4	26.7	20.1	13.1	— 27.1				
Black or African American	72.4	64.9	10.2	8.1	— 12.3				
Men	74.9	68.7	8.3	5.5	— 11.1				
Women	70.4	62.0	11.9	8.9	— 14.9				
Asian	68.5	65.5	4.5	2.5	— 6.5				
Men	82.6	81.1	1.9	.1	— 3.7				
Women	56.1	51.7	7.8	3.7	— 11.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.8	67.3	6.3	5.1	— 7.5				
Men	84.6	80.6	4.7	3.4	— 6.0				
Women	57.5	52.4	8.9	6.6	— 11.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.8	28.6	24.5	14.6	— 34.4				
Married men, spouse present	85.1	82.4	3.2	2.4	— 4.0				
Married women, spouse present	59.6	56.6	4.9	3.7	— 6.1				
Women who maintain families	78.7	72.0	8.5	5.6	— 11.4				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn									
Total	55.6	49.2	11.4	9.8	— 13.0				
Men	63.0	56.1	11.0	8.9	— 13.1				
Women	48.7	42.8	12.0	9.6	— 14.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.5	18.8	38.2	22.8	— 53.6				
White	56.0	51.6	7.9	6.2	— 9.6				
Men	65.4	60.2	8.1	5.8	— 10.4				
Women	46.5	42.9	7.6	4.9	— 10.3				
Black or African American	54.5	45.2	17.0	13.9	— 20.1				
Men	57.1	47.8	16.3	11.9	— 20.7				
Women	52.3	43.1	17.6	13.3	— 21.9				
Asian	64.4	58.2	9.6	3.0	— 16.2				
Men	76.7	68.5	10.8	1.6	— 20.0				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.0	57.5	10.1	3.9	— 16.3				
Men	80.3	70.2	12.6	4.5	— 20.7				
Married men, spouse present	67.8	64.2	5.3	3.2	— 7.4				
Married women, spouse present	51.2	48.4	5.6	3.0	— 8.2				
Women who maintain families	62.3	49.9	19.8	13.0	— 26.6				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Edison–New Brunswick									
Total	65.2	59.6	8.6	7.5	— 9.7				
Men	72.9	66.5	8.8	7.3	— 10.3				
Women	57.8	53.0	8.3	6.7	— 9.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	23.9	24.5	14.4	— 34.6				
White	63.6	58.6	7.8	6.6	— 9.0				
Men	70.9	64.8	8.6	6.9	— 10.3				
Women	56.6	52.7	6.9	5.2	— 8.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.6	26.3	19.2	8.9	— 29.5				
Black or African American	68.6	56.5	17.5	12.1	— 22.9				
Men	73.2	59.9	18.2	10.5	— 25.9				
Women	64.2	53.4	16.8	9.2	— 24.4				
Asian	71.5	66.9	6.4	3.7	— 9.1				
Men	80.1	76.4	4.6	1.7	— 7.5				
Women	62.0	56.5	8.9	4.0	— 13.8				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.7	66.4	12.3	9.1	— 15.5				
Men	87.0	76.3	12.3	8.2	— 16.4				
Women	62.9	55.1	12.4	7.3	— 17.5				
Married men, spouse present	78.9	73.4	7.0	5.2	— 8.8				
Married women, spouse present	58.4	54.4	6.9	4.8	— 9.0				
Women who maintain families	78.9	73.0	7.5	3.2	— 11.8				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach									
Total	65.1	60.1	7.7	6.5	— 8.9				
Men	71.7	66.6	7.1	5.5	— 8.7				
Women	58.8	53.8	8.5	6.6	— 10.4				
White	65.8	61.8	6.1	4.8	— 7.4				
Men	72.9	69.3	4.9	3.3	— 6.5				
Women	58.6	54.2	7.6	5.4	— 9.8				
Black or African American	64.7	56.9	12.1	9.2	— 15.0				
Men	69.1	59.2	14.4	10.0	— 18.8				
Women	60.8	54.8	9.7	6.0	— 13.4				
Asian	61.2	58.1	5.1	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.3	62.5	7.3	5.0	— 9.6				
Men	77.7	73.3	5.6	2.9	— 8.3				
Women	56.3	50.9	9.7	5.4	— 14.0				
Married men, spouse present	77.9	74.5	4.4	2.7	— 6.1				
Married women, spouse present	58.4	54.1	7.3	4.7	— 9.9				
Women who maintain families	69.4	60.8	12.4	6.8	— 18.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan divisions:											
Fort Worth–Arlington											
Total	68.5	64.0	6.7	5.7	—	7.7					
Men	77.5	72.0	7.1	5.7	—	8.5					
Women	59.7	56.0	6.1	4.6	—	7.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.0	27.9	28.4	17.0	—	39.8					
White	67.0	63.0	5.9	4.8	—	7.0					
Men	76.5	71.7	6.3	4.8	—	7.8					
Women	57.5	54.4	5.4	3.8	—	7.0					
Black or African American	73.7	65.3	11.3	8.0	—	14.6					
Men	77.4	67.8	12.4	7.7	—	17.1					
Women	69.7	62.7	10.1	5.5	—	14.7					
Asian	73.8	70.2	4.8	1.2	—	8.4					
Men	85.9	81.4	5.2	.1	—	10.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.9	67.4	8.7	6.4	—	11.0					
Men	88.1	81.0	8.0	5.2	—	10.8					
Women	59.3	53.5	9.8	5.9	—	13.7					
Married men, spouse present	81.2	78.0	4.0	2.6	—	5.4					
Married women, spouse present	57.0	54.8	3.9	2.2	—	5.6					
Women who maintain families	75.5	67.6	10.4	5.9	—	14.9					
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale											
Total	63.1	56.9	9.9	9.3	—	10.5					
Men	70.8	63.5	10.3	9.5	—	11.1					
Women	55.8	50.6	9.3	8.4	—	10.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.6	14.9	34.1	27.2	—	41.0					
White	63.7	57.7	9.5	8.8	—	10.2					
Men	72.2	65.2	9.7	8.8	—	10.6					
Women	55.5	50.4	9.3	8.3	—	10.3					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.7	15.9	33.1	25.4	—	40.8					
Black or African American	56.4	46.6	17.4	14.7	—	20.1					
Men	58.2	46.0	20.9	16.7	—	25.1					
Women	54.9	47.1	14.2	10.9	—	17.5					
Asian	64.0	59.4	7.1	5.8	—	8.4					
Men	70.5	65.5	7.2	5.4	—	9.0					
Women	58.3	54.3	6.9	5.1	—	8.7					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.7	58.0	10.4	9.5	—	11.3					
Men	74.8	67.2	10.2	9.1	—	11.3					
Women	54.6	48.7	10.7	9.4	—	12.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.4	16.5	32.3	24.4	—	40.2					
Married men, spouse present	77.8	72.6	6.7	5.8	—	7.6					
Married women, spouse present	55.3	51.3	7.1	5.9	—	8.3					
Women who maintain families	66.4	59.2	10.8	8.4	—	13.2					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall									
Total	60.4	55.5	8.2	7.2	— 9.2				
Men	68.7	62.6	8.8	7.3	— 10.3				
Women	53.4	49.3	7.6	6.2	— 9.0				
White	59.8	56.2	6.1	5.1	— 7.1				
Men	68.5	64.6	5.7	4.4	— 7.0				
Women	52.3	48.9	6.5	5.0	— 8.0				
Black or African American	63.2	52.7	16.6	13.3	— 19.9				
Men	68.9	54.0	21.7	16.2	— 27.2				
Women	58.8	51.7	12.0	8.1	— 15.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.9	56.7	6.9	5.8	— 8.0				
Men	69.6	65.0	6.7	5.1	— 8.3				
Women	53.4	49.6	7.1	5.4	— 8.8				
Married men, spouse present	74.4	70.4	5.4	3.8	— 7.0				
Married women, spouse present	56.1	52.5	6.5	4.4	— 8.6				
Women who maintain families	67.7	61.5	9.1	5.5	— 12.7				
Nassau–Suffolk									
Total	63.3	59.9	5.3	4.5	— 6.1				
Men	70.3	66.6	5.2	4.1	— 6.3				
Women	56.9	53.8	5.5	4.3	— 6.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.5	24.0	15.9	8.7	— 23.1				
White	63.7	60.4	5.1	4.2	— 6.0				
Men	70.2	66.8	4.8	3.6	— 6.0				
Women	57.6	54.5	5.4	4.1	— 6.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.5	29.2	17.8	9.7	— 25.9				
Black or African American	63.8	58.1	8.8	5.8	— 11.8				
Men	73.1	66.4	9.3	5.0	— 13.6				
Women	55.8	51.1	8.4	4.1	— 12.7				
Asian	60.4	57.6	4.5	2.0	— 7.0				
Men	71.7	67.7	5.5	1.8	— 9.2				
Women	49.2	47.7	3.1	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.4	65.2	7.4	4.7	— 10.1				
Men	78.9	73.8	6.4	3.0	— 9.8				
Women	62.4	57.1	8.5	4.2	— 12.8				
Married men, spouse present	76.8	74.8	2.5	1.6	— 3.4				
Married women, spouse present	63.2	60.4	4.4	3.0	— 5.8				
Women who maintain families	58.2	55.2	5.1	1.5	— 8.7				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
New York–White Plains–Wayne									
Total	61.0	55.8	8.5	8.0	— 9.0				
Men	68.0	61.8	9.1	8.4	— 9.8				
Women	54.6	50.4	7.8	7.1	— 8.5				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.4	15.9	22.1	16.5	— 27.7				
White	61.6	57.1	7.2	6.6	— 7.8				
Men	69.2	64.0	7.4	6.6	— 8.2				
Women	54.5	50.7	6.9	6.1	— 7.7				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.7	17.1	17.7	11.3	— 24.1				
Black or African American	59.6	51.6	13.5	12.2	— 14.8				
Men	62.6	52.7	15.8	13.7	— 17.9				
Women	57.3	50.7	11.6	10.0	— 13.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.7	13.9	36.1	23.1	— 49.1				
Asian	59.7	55.9	6.3	5.1	— 7.5				
Men	69.9	64.5	7.7	5.9	— 9.5				
Women	49.9	47.7	4.5	2.9	— 6.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.8	54.5	10.4	9.3	— 11.5				
Men	69.7	62.8	9.9	8.5	— 11.3				
Women	53.1	47.3	11.0	9.4	— 12.6				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.0	14.1	25.9	15.8	— 36.0				
Married men, spouse present	75.2	70.2	6.7	5.8	— 7.6				
Married women, spouse present	55.7	53.2	4.6	3.7	— 5.5				
Women who maintain families	64.6	55.8	13.6	11.4	— 15.8				
Newark–Union									
Total	66.4	61.9	6.7	5.7	— 7.7				
Men	72.1	66.9	7.2	5.7	— 8.7				
Women	61.2	57.4	6.3	4.9	— 7.7				
White	66.7	62.5	6.3	5.1	— 7.5				
Men	73.6	68.7	6.6	5.0	— 8.2				
Women	60.4	56.8	5.9	4.2	— 7.6				
Black or African American	66.0	59.5	9.9	7.2	— 12.6				
Men	66.1	58.3	11.9	7.6	— 16.2				
Women	65.8	60.4	8.2	4.9	— 11.5				
Asian	66.6	64.9	2.5	.2	— 4.8				
Men	76.1	74.3	2.3	(²)					
Women	58.4	56.8	2.6	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.9	66.9	5.7	3.7	— 7.7				
Men	81.2	77.6	4.5	2.1	— 6.9				
Women	60.3	55.8	7.4	3.9	— 10.9				
Married men, spouse present	79.7	76.5	4.0	2.6	— 5.4				
Married women, spouse present	64.4	60.7	5.7	3.8	— 7.6				
Women who maintain families	73.2	65.3	10.8	6.1	— 15.5				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Metropolitan divisions:											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward											
Total	66.4	61.1	8.0	7.1	—	8.9					
Men	73.8	68.4	7.3	6.0	—	8.6					
Women	59.6	54.3	8.9	7.4	—	10.4					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.0	22.1	28.7	18.4	—	39.0					
White	68.1	63.4	6.8	5.6	—	8.0					
Men	75.8	71.1	6.2	4.7	—	7.7					
Women	60.2	55.7	7.5	5.7	—	9.3					
Black or African American	56.8	47.1	17.0	12.5	—	21.5					
Men	58.1	50.6	13.1	7.3	—	18.9					
Women	55.6	44.2	20.4	13.6	—	27.2					
Asian	66.8	62.6	6.3	4.6	—	8.0					
Men	74.5	69.8	6.3	3.9	—	8.7					
Women	60.7	56.8	6.3	3.9	—	8.7					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.3	63.8	9.3	7.2	—	11.4					
Men	81.1	74.4	8.2	5.6	—	10.8					
Women	59.0	52.5	11.0	7.4	—	14.6					
Married men, spouse present	77.7	74.3	4.4	3.1	—	5.7					
Married women, spouse present	60.6	56.8	6.3	4.5	—	8.1					
Women who maintain families	67.8	60.0	11.4	7.0	—	15.8					
Philadelphia											
Total	63.3	58.1	8.4	7.6	—	9.2					
Men	69.6	62.7	10.0	8.7	—	11.3					
Women	57.8	54.0	6.7	5.6	—	7.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.9	20.9	27.6	18.4	—	36.8					
White	64.9	60.8	6.4	5.5	—	7.3					
Men	72.2	66.8	7.5	6.2	—	8.8					
Women	58.3	55.2	5.2	4.0	—	6.4					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	24.0	24.4	14.5	—	34.3					
Black or African American	59.2	49.7	16.0	13.5	—	18.5					
Men	59.7	46.8	21.5	17.2	—	25.8					
Women	58.7	52.1	11.4	8.6	—	14.2					
Asian	57.1	53.4	6.5	3.1	—	9.9					
Men	73.7	69.3	6.0	1.8	—	10.2					
Women	43.2	40.1	7.1	1.6	—	12.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.2	52.0	13.7	9.7	—	17.7					
Men	73.4	62.4	15.0	9.6	—	20.4					
Women	47.7	42.2	11.7	6.0	—	17.4					
Married men, spouse present	77.6	73.9	4.7	3.5	—	5.9					
Married women, spouse present	61.3	58.5	4.7	3.3	—	6.1					
Women who maintain families	65.1	60.1	7.8	4.7	—	10.9					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City									
Total	68.1	64.5	5.4	4.4	— 6.4				
Men	73.0	69.3	5.0	3.7	— 6.3				
Women	62.9	59.2	5.9	4.4	— 7.4				
White	67.3	63.9	5.1	3.9	— 6.3				
Men	73.6	69.8	5.2	3.6	— 6.8				
Women	60.2	57.2	5.1	3.2	— 7.0				
Asian	66.7	62.6	6.1	4.2	— 8.0				
Men	71.1	67.8	4.6	2.3	— 6.9				
Women	62.6	57.8	7.7	4.7	— 10.7				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.9	66.1	6.8	4.3	— 9.3				
Men	81.4	75.9	6.8	3.6	— 10.0				
Women	58.7	54.7	6.9	2.8	— 11.0				
Married men, spouse present	76.6	74.8	2.3	1.0	— 3.6				
Married women, spouse present	63.8	60.3	5.6	3.4	— 7.8				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine									
Total	67.8	62.9	7.2	6.4	— 8.0				
Men	77.2	72.0	6.7	5.6	— 7.8				
Women	58.9	54.3	7.9	6.6	— 9.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.8	26.4	24.1	15.9	— 32.3				
White	68.1	62.9	7.7	6.7	— 8.7				
Men	77.7	72.3	7.0	5.7	— 8.3				
Women	58.9	53.8	8.6	7.0	— 10.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.6	31.0	19.8	11.6	— 28.0				
Asian	66.2	62.9	4.9	3.4	— 6.4				
Men	75.5	72.1	4.5	2.4	— 6.6				
Women	58.3	55.2	5.3	3.0	— 7.6				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.6	65.1	7.8	6.3	— 9.3				
Men	83.1	77.8	6.3	4.6	— 8.0				
Women	57.6	51.8	10.0	7.3	— 12.7				
Married men, spouse present	79.9	76.1	4.7	3.4	— 6.0				
Married women, spouse present	58.2	54.2	6.9	5.1	— 8.7				
Women who maintain families	71.5	65.0	9.2	4.9	— 13.5				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett									
Total	68.7	65.3	4.9	4.2	— 5.6				
Men	75.1	71.1	5.4	4.4	— 6.4				
Women	62.3	59.7	4.2	3.3	— 5.1				
White	69.3	66.1	4.6	3.8	— 5.4				
Men	75.6	71.7	5.2	4.1	— 6.3				
Women	63.0	60.5	4.0	2.9	— 5.1				
Black or African American	70.0	60.9	13.0	8.1	— 17.9				
Men	80.0	68.5	14.3	7.5	— 21.1				
Asian	63.8	61.8	3.1	1.6	— 4.6				
Men	71.4	69.1	3.2	1.1	— 5.3				
Women	57.5	55.8	3.0	.9	— 5.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.2	68.9	5.9	3.1	— 8.7				
Men	83.4	78.4	6.0	2.5	— 9.5				
Married men, spouse present	78.0	75.5	3.1	2.1	— 4.1				
Married women, spouse present	60.7	59.0	2.7	1.6	— 3.8				
Women who maintain families	77.5	73.2	5.5	2.3	— 8.7				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills									
Total	62.8	58.0	7.7	6.7	— 8.7				
Men	69.8	64.0	8.4	7.0	— 9.8				
Women	56.3	52.4	6.9	5.5	— 8.3				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.9	31.2	21.7	13.8	— 29.6				
White	62.6	58.0	7.4	6.4	— 8.4				
Men	69.6	63.4	9.0	7.4	— 10.6				
Women	56.0	52.8	5.6	4.2	— 7.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.1	34.7	21.4	13.3	— 29.5				
Black or African American	64.0	57.0	11.0	7.3	— 14.7				
Men	70.4	64.5	8.4	3.9	— 12.9				
Women	58.4	50.4	13.7	7.8	— 19.6				
Asian	62.3	61.4	1.4	(²)					
Men	73.0	72.1	1.3	(²)					
Women	51.0	50.2	1.6	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.9	52.9	18.5	9.3	— 27.7				
Married men, spouse present	72.9	70.1	3.9	2.6	— 5.2				
Married women, spouse present	58.2	55.3	5.0	3.4	— 6.6				
Women who maintain families	74.2	68.3	8.0	3.9	— 12.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Metropolitan divisions:									
Washington—Arlington—Alexandria									
Total	71.5	67.8	5.2	4.7	— 5.7				
Men	77.9	74.0	4.9	4.3	— 5.5				
Women	65.7	62.1	5.5	4.8	— 6.2				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.7	24.7	16.9	11.6	— 22.2				
White	72.9	70.0	3.9	3.4	— 4.4				
Men	80.6	77.6	3.7	3.0	— 4.4				
Women	65.2	62.5	4.2	3.4	— 5.0				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.6	25.1	12.2	6.0	— 18.4				
Black or African American	69.3	63.3	8.7	7.5	— 9.9				
Men	71.4	65.3	8.5	6.8	— 10.2				
Women	67.6	61.6	8.8	7.2	— 10.4				
Asian	70.8	68.1	3.8	2.5	— 5.1				
Men	76.8	73.5	4.3	2.4	— 6.2				
Women	65.1	63.0	3.2	1.5	— 4.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.4	72.4	4.0	2.9	— 5.1				
Men	86.1	82.7	3.9	2.5	— 5.3				
Women	62.4	59.7	4.3	2.4	— 6.2				
Married men, spouse present	82.6	80.7	2.2	1.6	— 2.8				
Married women, spouse present	65.9	63.1	4.3	3.4	— 5.2				
Women who maintain families	72.8	67.6	7.2	4.8	— 9.6				
West Palm Beach—Boca Raton—Boynton Beach									
Total	61.2	57.4	6.3	5.0	— 7.6				
Men	70.5	66.6	5.5	3.9	— 7.1				
Women	52.8	49.0	7.2	5.1	— 9.3				
White	60.4	57.0	5.5	4.1	— 6.9				
Men	70.8	67.3	5.0	3.3	— 6.7				
Women	50.6	47.5	6.2	4.0	— 8.4				
Black or African American	67.0	59.1	11.7	7.4	— 16.0				
Men	71.9	65.1	9.4	4.0	— 14.8				
Women	62.5	53.7	14.2	7.4	— 21.0				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.4	58.8	10.0	6.5	— 13.5				
Men	78.3	69.5	11.2	6.4	— 16.0				
Women	53.0	48.6	8.4	3.4	— 13.4				
Married men, spouse present	72.2	70.0	3.2	1.5	— 4.9				
Married women, spouse present	56.1	53.6	4.5	2.2	— 6.8				
Women who maintain families	68.4	60.9	10.9	3.8	— 18.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Atlanta city									
Total	64.1	61.1	4.7	2.7	— 6.7				
Men	68.7	65.6	4.4	1.8	— 7.0				
Women	59.3	56.3	5.0	1.9	— 8.1				
White	70.7	69.6	1.6	(²)					
Men	75.6	74.2	1.9	(²)					
Black or African American	58.0	52.3	9.8	5.2	— 14.4				
Austin city									
Total	71.9	68.3	5.0	3.8	— 6.2				
Men	79.3	76.2	3.9	2.5	— 5.3				
Women	62.4	58.2	6.7	4.4	— 9.0				
White	72.2	68.4	5.2	3.8	— 6.6				
Men	80.3	77.0	4.0	2.5	— 5.5				
Women	61.5	57.1	7.2	4.5	— 9.9				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.3	66.1	6.0	3.5	— 8.5				
Men	82.1	79.3	3.4	1.1	— 5.7				
Women	53.5	47.2	11.8	5.5	— 18.1				
Married men, spouse present	83.7	81.9	2.2	.6	— 3.8				
Married women, spouse present	54.6	51.3	5.9	2.6	— 9.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Baltimore city											
Total	59.2	52.0	12.1	9.9	—	14.3					
Men	61.1	51.6	15.7	12.0	—	19.4					
Women	57.6	52.4	9.1	6.5	—	11.7					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.2	23.1	39.5	20.1	—	58.9					
White	66.8	63.5	4.9	2.5	—	7.3					
Men	71.7	67.2	6.2	2.5	—	9.9					
Women	62.4	60.2	3.6	.7	—	6.5					
Black or African American	54.6	45.6	16.5	13.3	—	19.7					
Men	54.0	41.7	22.9	17.0	—	28.8					
Women	55.1	48.5	11.9	8.3	—	15.5					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.4	67.3	7.1	.9	—	13.3					
Men	83.9	75.8	9.6	.8	—	18.4					
Married men, spouse present	73.0	67.8	7.0	3.0	—	11.0					
Married women, spouse present	59.7	54.1	9.4	4.2	—	14.6					
Women who maintain families	65.8	61.6	6.4	1.9	—	10.9					
Boston city											
Total	67.1	62.4	7.0	5.1	—	8.9					
Men	71.0	63.2	11.1	7.6	—	14.6					
Women	63.9	61.8	3.4	1.5	—	5.3					
White	76.3	72.0	5.6	3.4	—	7.8					
Men	79.6	72.9	8.5	4.7	—	12.3					
Women	73.4	71.3	2.8	.6	—	5.0					
Black or African American	56.1	50.8	9.5	5.1	—	13.9					
Men	61.0	51.3	15.9	7.8	—	24.0					
Women	52.1	50.4	3.3	(²)							
Asian	62.8	59.1	5.9	.7	—	11.1					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	51.8	41.1	20.8	11.8	—	29.8					
Married men, spouse present	76.8	70.6	8.1	3.2	—	13.0					
Married women, spouse present	72.3	72.3	(⁴)	(²)							
Women who maintain families	68.7	62.8	8.5	2.1	—	14.9					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Charlotte city											
Total	68.4	63.5	7.1	5.5	—	8.7					
Men	72.8	67.5	7.2	4.9	—	9.5					
Women	64.6	60.1	6.9	4.7	—	9.1					
White	66.2	62.7	5.3	3.4	—	7.2					
Men	74.7	71.6	4.2	1.9	—	6.5					
Women	58.1	54.2	6.7	3.5	—	9.9					
Black or African American	71.5	64.6	9.6	6.7	—	12.5					
Men	71.5	63.0	11.9	7.1	—	16.7					
Women	71.4	65.9	7.7	4.2	—	11.2					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.5	69.2	8.3	3.7	—	12.9					
Men	86.2	80.9	6.2	.8	—	11.6					
Married men, spouse present	74.6	70.8	5.1	2.1	—	8.1					
Married women, spouse present	61.1	58.0	5.1	1.8	—	8.4					
Women who maintain families	81.0	76.3	5.8	1.7	—	9.9					
Chicago city											
Total	65.6	57.8	12.0	10.7	—	13.3					
Men	71.0	63.1	11.0	9.3	—	12.7					
Women	60.8	52.9	13.0	11.1	—	14.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.2	13.3	51.0	34.2	—	67.8					
White	69.8	64.5	7.7	6.4	—	9.0					
Men	76.0	70.8	6.8	5.1	—	8.5					
Women	63.9	58.4	8.7	6.7	—	10.7					
Black or African American	56.9	44.3	22.1	18.9	—	25.3					
Men	59.3	46.1	22.3	17.6	—	27.0					
Women	55.0	42.9	22.0	17.6	—	26.4					
Asian	71.7	66.5	7.3	3.4	—	11.2					
Men	77.0	70.8	8.1	2.7	—	13.5					
Women	65.5	61.4	6.2	.6	—	11.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.5	58.6	11.8	9.3	—	14.3					
Men	77.6	70.7	9.0	6.1	—	11.9					
Women	55.2	46.4	15.9	11.4	—	20.4					
Married men, spouse present	75.5	69.8	7.5	5.4	—	9.6					
Married women, spouse present	60.3	55.7	7.6	5.2	—	10.0					
Women who maintain families	71.0	62.6	11.8	7.4	—	16.2					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Cleveland city											
Total	56.4	48.0	14.8	10.9	—	18.7					
Men	59.2	50.7	14.4	9.1	—	19.7					
Women	53.4	45.3	15.3	9.4	—	21.2					
White	58.4	54.3	7.0	2.9	—	11.1					
Men	61.0	55.4	9.1	2.7	—	15.5					
Women	55.6	53.1	4.5	(²)							
Black or African American	55.1	42.3	23.2	16.4	—	30.0					
Men	58.3	46.2	20.8	11.9	—	29.7					
Women	51.8	38.3	26.0	15.3	—	36.7					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	56.4	46.8	16.9	6.4	—	27.4					
Men	59.2	50.6	14.6	1.4	—	27.8					
Women	53.3	42.7	19.8	2.8	—	36.8					
Married men, spouse present	63.5	58.4	8.1	.7	—	15.5					
Married women, spouse present	60.2	58.3	3.2	(²)							
Women who maintain families	56.5	41.4	26.8	12.3	—	41.3					
Columbus city											
Total	66.9	61.6	8.0	6.1	—	9.9					
Men	69.5	63.7	8.2	5.4	—	11.0					
Women	64.8	59.7	7.8	5.2	—	10.4					
White	68.6	64.6	5.7	3.5	—	7.9					
Men	70.9	67.3	5.0	2.1	—	7.9					
Women	66.2	62.0	6.5	3.1	—	9.9					
Black or African American	66.2	59.5	10.1	6.6	—	13.6					
Men	68.7	60.2	12.4	6.2	—	18.6					
Women	64.6	59.0	8.6	4.4	—	12.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.1	61.3	12.5	4.0	—	21.0					
Married men, spouse present	72.3	68.4	5.5	2.0	—	9.0					
Married women, spouse present	61.7	57.7	6.6	2.4	—	10.8					
Women who maintain families	73.0	65.9	9.6	3.1	—	16.1					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Dallas city											
Total	68.5	63.4	7.4	6.0	—	8.8					
Men	79.3	74.7	5.8	4.2	—	7.4					
Women	57.9	52.5	9.4	7.0	—	11.8					
White	69.1	65.3	5.5	4.1	—	6.9					
Men	82.4	78.5	4.7	3.1	—	6.3					
Women	55.4	51.6	6.8	4.4	—	9.2					
Black or African American	69.5	60.0	13.7	9.5	—	17.9					
Men	68.1	60.8	10.6	4.9	—	16.3					
Women	70.6	59.4	16.0	10.0	—	22.0					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.3	64.2	7.3	5.3	—	9.3					
Men	85.3	81.0	5.1	3.1	—	7.1					
Women	51.0	45.2	11.4	7.2	—	15.6					
Married men, spouse present	84.9	81.6	3.9	1.9	—	5.9					
Married women, spouse present	47.8	45.7	4.4	1.5	—	7.3					
Women who maintain families	73.3	62.7	14.4	7.8	—	21.0					
Denver County/city											
Total	74.9	69.4	7.3	5.9	—	8.7					
Men	81.9	75.4	7.9	6.0	—	9.8					
Women	67.7	63.2	6.7	4.7	—	8.7					
White	76.3	71.2	6.7	5.3	—	8.1					
Men	84.3	78.1	7.3	5.3	—	9.3					
Women	68.3	64.3	5.9	3.9	—	7.9					
Black or African American	58.2	48.5	16.7	7.7	—	25.7					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.9	65.4	11.6	8.4	—	14.8					
Men	87.4	76.9	11.9	7.7	—	16.1					
Women	60.5	53.8	11.0	6.1	—	15.9					
Married men, spouse present	85.8	80.0	6.7	3.9	—	9.5					
Married women, spouse present	65.2	60.2	7.7	4.3	—	11.1					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Detroit city									
Total	49.5	40.3	18.7	15.1	— 22.3				
Men	53.0	43.8	17.4	12.3	— 22.5				
Women	46.5	37.2	20.0	14.6	— 25.4				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.3	17.4	38.5	12.9	— 64.1				
Black or African American	51.5	41.6	19.3	15.6	— 23.0				
Men	54.6	44.7	18.1	12.9	— 23.3				
Women	48.9	38.9	20.5	15.1	— 25.9				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.2	17.9	38.5	13.6	— 63.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.3	61.3	(⁴)	(²)					
Men	82.0	82.0	(⁴)	(²)					
Married men, spouse present	55.1	50.7	8.0	.7	— 15.3				
Married women, spouse present	53.6	48.2	10.0	1.2	— 18.8				
Women who maintain families	61.6	46.0	25.4	15.2	— 35.6				
Fort Worth city									
Total	73.4	67.9	7.5	5.7	— 9.3				
Men	83.5	76.4	8.5	5.9	— 11.1				
Women	64.0	60.0	6.2	3.7	— 8.7				
White	73.6	69.4	5.7	3.9	— 7.5				
Men	86.4	81.2	6.1	3.5	— 8.7				
Women	62.8	59.4	5.3	2.7	— 7.9				
Black or African American	69.9	57.4	17.8	10.8	— 24.8				
Men	70.8	56.8	19.8	10.3	— 29.3				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.6	68.1	6.2	3.0	— 9.4				
Men	93.0	86.4	7.1	2.6	— 11.6				
Women	56.1	53.4	5.0	.6	— 9.4				
Married men, spouse present	91.1	86.8	4.7	2.0	— 7.4				
Married women, spouse present	60.5	58.9	2.7	.2	— 5.2				
Women who maintain families	77.6	71.0	8.5	1.8	— 15.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Houston city									
Total	67.3	62.6	7.0	6.0	— 8.0				
Men	77.0	71.8	6.7	5.4	— 8.0				
Women	58.2	53.9	7.3	5.8	— 8.8				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	21.8	31.3	18.9	— 43.7				
White	69.7	65.9	5.4	4.3	— 6.5				
Men	81.5	77.7	4.7	3.4	— 6.0				
Women	57.9	54.2	6.4	4.6	— 8.2				
Black or African American	60.4	52.7	12.7	10.1	— 15.3				
Men	64.6	54.7	15.3	11.1	— 19.5				
Women	57.0	51.2	10.2	6.9	— 13.5				
Asian	74.2	72.6	2.2	(²)					
Men	76.2	74.5	2.2	(²)					
Women	72.4	70.7	2.3	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.8	65.5	6.1	4.7	— 7.5				
Men	84.8	80.9	4.7	3.1	— 6.3				
Women	54.4	49.9	8.4	5.7	— 11.1				
Married men, spouse present	82.6	79.2	4.1	2.6	— 5.6				
Married women, spouse present	53.0	49.8	6.1	3.8	— 8.4				
Women who maintain families	70.5	65.8	6.7	3.5	— 9.9				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city									
Total	66.7	59.8	10.3	8.4	— 12.2				
Men	73.4	66.6	9.3	6.7	— 11.9				
Women	60.8	53.9	11.4	8.5	— 14.3				
White	68.4	63.0	7.9	5.9	— 9.9				
Men	76.8	70.3	8.5	5.7	— 11.3				
Women	60.4	56.0	7.1	4.3	— 9.9				
Black or African American	60.3	47.8	20.8	14.6	— 27.0				
Men	62.3	53.2	14.6	6.8	— 22.4				
Women	58.8	43.6	25.9	16.6	— 35.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.3	67.0	3.3	(²)					
Men	82.8	81.0	2.2	(²)					
Married men, spouse present	81.9	79.1	3.4	1.1	— 5.7				
Married women, spouse present	62.3	59.4	4.6	1.5	— 7.7				
Women who maintain families	66.5	54.4	18.2	10.2	— 26.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Jacksonville city											
Total	64.6	60.0	7.1	5.4	—	8.8					
Men	66.9	62.5	6.5	4.1	—	8.9					
Women	62.8	58.0	7.6	5.2	—	10.0					
White	65.5	61.4	6.2	4.2	—	8.2					
Men	70.6	67.0	5.1	2.7	—	7.5					
Women	60.5	56.0	7.5	4.3	—	10.7					
Black or African American	60.3	54.4	9.8	6.0	—	13.6					
Men	54.1	46.8	13.5	5.8	—	21.2					
Women	64.1	59.0	8.0	3.7	—	12.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.0	62.9	6.0	1.2	—	10.8					
Married men, spouse present	75.7	72.4	4.4	1.7	—	7.1					
Married women, spouse present	60.6	58.7	3.2	.7	—	5.7					
Women who maintain families	79.0	74.1	6.2	1.4	—	11.0					
Kansas City city											
Total	65.9	61.8	6.3	4.4	—	8.2					
Men	71.7	67.6	5.8	3.3	—	8.3					
Women	60.6	56.5	6.8	4.0	—	9.6					
White	70.5	67.2	4.6	2.7	—	6.5					
Men	79.4	76.3	3.9	1.5	—	6.3					
Women	61.7	58.3	5.6	2.4	—	8.8					
Black or African American	56.1	49.1	12.5	7.2	—	17.8					
Women	58.4	52.0	10.9	4.3	—	17.5					
Married men, spouse present	76.5	72.7	4.9	1.6	—	8.2					
Married women, spouse present	64.2	60.7	5.3	1.6	—	9.0					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Las Vegas city											
Total	60.5	53.1	12.1	10.4	—	13.8					
Men	68.3	60.0	12.2	9.9	—	14.5					
Women	53.0	46.6	12.0	9.5	—	14.5					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.1	16.7	38.3	21.4	—	55.2					
White	61.6	54.6	11.3	9.5	—	13.1					
Men	70.4	62.4	11.4	8.9	—	13.9					
Women	52.9	46.9	11.2	8.4	—	14.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.4	20.9	35.5	17.8	—	53.2					
Black or African American	54.4	46.3	14.8	9.2	—	20.4					
Men	56.7	48.0	15.4	7.3	—	23.5					
Women	52.3	44.8	14.3	6.6	—	22.0					
Asian	58.1	52.9	9.0	3.2	—	14.8					
Men	68.7	61.0	11.2	1.6	—	20.8					
Women	51.5	47.9	7.1	.1	—	14.1					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.5	58.0	10.1	7.6	—	12.6					
Men	79.0	70.7	10.4	7.0	—	13.8					
Women	51.1	46.2	9.7	5.8	—	13.6					
Married men, spouse present	73.8	66.3	10.1	7.2	—	13.0					
Married women, spouse present	52.5	49.2	6.3	3.5	—	9.1					
Women who maintain families	67.1	57.0	15.0	8.0	—	22.0					
Los Angeles city											
Total	64.5	57.6	10.7	9.7	—	11.7					
Men	71.4	63.7	10.8	9.5	—	12.1					
Women	57.7	51.6	10.5	9.1	—	11.9					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.4	10.8	41.0	27.1	—	54.9					
White	65.7	59.2	9.9	8.8	—	11.0					
Men	73.3	66.2	9.7	8.2	—	11.2					
Women	57.8	52.0	10.1	8.4	—	11.8					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.8	12.5	36.9	21.7	—	52.1					
Black or African American	56.3	45.5	19.2	15.3	—	23.1					
Men	57.6	43.4	24.7	18.2	—	31.2					
Women	55.3	47.2	14.5	9.9	—	19.1					
Asian	65.6	60.0	8.5	6.3	—	10.7					
Men	71.5	65.4	8.6	5.5	—	11.7					
Women	60.5	55.3	8.4	5.3	—	11.5					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.8	59.9	10.3	8.9	—	11.7					
Men	76.9	69.3	9.9	8.1	—	11.7					
Women	56.2	50.0	10.9	8.6	—	13.2					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.7	13.0	40.2	24.8	—	55.6					
Married men, spouse present	80.6	74.8	7.2	5.6	—	8.8					
Married women, spouse present	56.8	52.4	7.8	5.8	—	9.8					
Women who maintain families	65.1	56.5	13.2	9.0	—	17.4					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city											
Total	66.2	61.2	7.6	6.2	—	9.0					
Men	67.5	62.2	7.9	5.9	—	9.9					
Women	65.0	60.3	7.2	5.3	—	9.1					
White	65.3	61.3	6.0	4.6	—	7.4					
Men	66.3	62.6	5.6	3.7	—	7.5					
Women	64.3	60.1	6.5	4.4	—	8.6					
Black or African American	67.3	58.2	13.5	9.3	—	17.7					
Men	69.7	57.6	17.4	10.4	—	24.4					
Women	65.4	58.7	10.2	5.2	—	15.2					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.7	62.2	20.0	10.7	—	29.3					
Married men, spouse present	75.3	72.9	3.1	1.3	—	4.9					
Married women, spouse present	70.1	68.6	2.2	.6	—	3.8					
Women who maintain families	64.0	56.8	11.3	5.1	—	17.5					
Memphis city											
Total	69.8	59.6	14.5	12.1	—	16.9					
Men	74.0	63.3	14.5	11.0	—	18.0					
Women	65.9	56.3	14.6	11.1	—	18.1					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.8	29.1	42.8	25.6	—	60.0					
White	74.7	70.5	5.7	3.1	—	8.3					
Men	78.2	74.2	5.1	1.7	—	8.5					
Women	71.2	66.7	6.3	2.3	—	10.3					
Black or African American	66.7	53.6	19.6	16.1	—	23.1					
Men	71.3	57.3	19.7	14.6	—	24.8					
Women	62.8	50.5	19.6	14.6	—	24.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.4	27.5	48.5	29.0	—	68.0					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.7	65.2	10.4	(²)							
Married men, spouse present	73.5	65.0	11.6	6.3	—	16.9					
Married women, spouse present	64.6	55.8	13.7	7.6	—	19.8					
Women who maintain families	75.5	62.5	17.1	8.4	—	25.8					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Miami city											
Total	56.8	52.7	7.1	4.4	—	9.8					
Men	68.8	62.8	8.7	4.6	—	12.8					
Women	47.4	44.9	5.3	1.9	—	8.7					
White	58.3	55.2	5.3	2.7	—	7.9					
Men	68.3	64.8	5.1	1.6	—	8.6					
Women	50.1	47.3	5.5	1.7	—	9.3					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57.1	53.8	5.8	3.1	—	8.5					
Men	67.0	63.8	4.7	1.3	—	8.1					
Women	48.8	45.4	7.0	2.6	—	11.4					
Married men, spouse present	75.1	69.8	7.0	1.4	—	12.6					
Milwaukee city											
Total	65.7	57.7	12.2	10.0	—	14.4					
Men	69.8	60.4	13.4	10.2	—	16.6					
Women	61.7	55.0	10.9	7.8	—	14.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.4	36.7	17.4	4.8	—	30.0					
White	67.5	61.7	8.7	6.2	—	11.2					
Men	73.4	65.2	11.2	7.3	—	15.1					
Women	61.5	58.0	5.7	2.6	—	8.8					
Black or African American	62.0	51.9	16.3	12.2	—	20.4					
Men	61.9	53.1	14.1	8.4	—	19.8					
Women	62.1	50.8	18.2	12.2	—	24.2					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.8	49.6	19.8	13.5	—	26.1					
Men	65.0	44.4	31.7	20.6	—	42.8					
Women	58.7	54.7	6.8	1.4	—	12.2					
Married men, spouse present	74.9	66.7	10.9	5.8	—	16.0					
Married women, spouse present	59.7	57.2	4.2	.6	—	7.8					
Women who maintain families	71.9	58.3	18.9	11.1	—	26.7					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Minneapolis city											
Total	73.5	68.6	6.7	5.2	—	8.2					
Men	74.8	70.1	6.3	4.2	—	8.4					
Women	72.1	67.0	7.1	4.9	—	9.3					
White	77.1	73.8	4.3	2.9	—	5.7					
Men	77.5	74.2	4.3	2.3	—	6.3					
Women	76.6	73.3	4.4	2.4	—	6.4					
Black or African American	64.5	52.6	18.6	12.1	—	25.1					
Men	64.1	50.6	21.0	11.4	—	30.6					
Women	65.1	54.6	16.0	7.3	—	24.7					
Asian	64.6	59.9	7.3	1.8	—	12.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.5	67.9	7.6	2.5	—	12.7					
Married men, spouse present	74.5	72.2	3.1	.5	—	5.7					
Married women, spouse present	66.8	60.7	9.1	4.5	—	13.7					
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city											
Total	68.9	65.8	4.6	3.1	—	6.1					
Men	82.3	78.7	4.4	2.5	—	6.3					
Women	57.1	54.4	4.8	2.5	—	7.1					
White	70.1	67.0	4.5	2.7	—	6.3					
Men	81.5	77.9	4.4	2.1	—	6.7					
Women	58.7	56.0	4.6	1.8	—	7.4					
Black or African American	65.1	61.1	6.1	2.8	—	9.4					
Married men, spouse present	85.0	83.0	2.3	.4	—	4.2					
Married women, spouse present	59.5	56.9	4.4	1.1	—	7.7					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
New Orleans city											
Total	57.4	51.5	10.1	6.7	—	13.5					
Men	65.4	59.5	9.1	4.4	—	13.8					
Women	51.6	45.9	11.1	6.2	—	16.0					
White	62.1	56.8	8.4	3.8	—	13.0					
Men	79.4	72.4	8.9	2.6	—	15.2					
Women	48.0	44.2	7.9	1.1	—	14.7					
Black or African American	52.7	46.6	11.5	6.5	—	16.5					
Men	51.4	47.2	8.2	1.3	—	15.1					
Women	53.5	46.2	13.5	6.7	—	20.3					
Married men, spouse present	70.7	70.7	(⁴)	(²)							
New York city											
Total	60.1	54.9	8.7	8.1	—	9.3					
Men	66.8	60.4	9.5	8.6	—	10.4					
Women	54.2	50.0	7.8	7.0	—	8.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	17.9	13.1	26.9	18.9	—	34.9					
White	61.4	57.0	7.2	6.5	—	7.9					
Men	68.5	63.3	7.5	6.5	—	8.5					
Women	54.7	50.9	6.9	5.8	—	8.0					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.8	13.3	21.3	11.1	—	31.5					
Black or African American	58.5	50.6	13.4	12.0	—	14.8					
Men	61.2	51.1	16.4	14.1	—	18.7					
Women	56.4	50.2	10.9	9.2	—	12.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.0	11.8	41.0	25.2	—	56.8					
Asian	57.5	54.1	6.0	4.7	—	7.3					
Men	68.1	63.5	6.7	4.8	—	8.6					
Women	48.1	45.6	5.1	3.3	—	6.9					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	58.0	51.5	11.2	9.9	—	12.5					
Men	66.8	59.0	11.6	9.8	—	13.4					
Women	50.6	45.1	10.7	8.8	—	12.6					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.7	11.6	30.7	17.1	—	44.3					
Married men, spouse present	73.7	68.3	7.3	6.2	—	8.4					
Married women, spouse present	53.9	51.5	4.6	3.5	—	5.7					
Women who maintain families	64.1	55.2	14.0	11.5	—	16.5					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Oakland city									
Total	72.1	65.2	9.6	7.3	— 11.9				
Men	76.4	69.4	9.2	6.0	— 12.4				
Women	68.2	61.3	10.0	6.6	— 13.4				
White	84.0	78.6	6.4	3.8	— 9.0				
Men	90.6	83.2	8.2	4.3	— 12.1				
Women	76.7	73.5	4.1	1.0	— 7.2				
Black or African American	54.7	45.1	17.5	10.7	— 24.3				
Men	51.2	42.6	16.8	6.7	— 26.9				
Women	57.8	47.4	18.0	8.8	— 27.2				
Asian	63.1	58.4	7.4	2.2	— 12.6				
Women	60.4	55.7	7.7	.7	— 14.7				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	82.8	71.0	14.2	8.3	— 20.1				
Men	94.5	83.6	11.6	4.5	— 18.7				
Women	71.3	58.7	17.6	7.6	— 27.6				
Married men, spouse present	78.7	74.7	5.0	1.4	— 8.6				
Married women, spouse present	68.4	63.0	7.9	3.1	— 12.7				
Oklahoma City city									
Total	63.1	60.6	4.0	2.7	— 5.3				
Men	76.1	73.7	3.1	1.6	— 4.6				
Women	51.6	49.0	5.1	2.9	— 7.3				
White	62.1	60.3	3.0	1.6	— 4.4				
Men	74.0	71.7	3.1	1.2	— 5.0				
Women	51.5	50.0	2.8	.8	— 4.8				
Black or African American	59.9	55.1	7.9	3.4	— 12.4				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.0	63.6	7.7	3.7	— 11.7				
Married men, spouse present	77.5	74.6	3.6	1.3	— 5.9				
Married women, spouse present	50.7	48.7	4.1	1.1	— 7.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cities:						
Philadelphia County/city						
Total	56.5	49.2	12.8	10.9	—	14.7
Men	62.4	53.3	14.5	11.7	—	17.3
Women	51.2	45.6	11.0	8.4	—	13.6
White	57.0	51.0	10.5	8.0	—	13.0
Men	66.2	58.3	11.9	8.3	—	15.5
Women	48.6	44.3	8.8	5.3	—	12.3
Black or African American	56.4	47.3	16.1	13.1	—	19.1
Men	57.4	46.2	19.5	14.5	—	24.5
Women	55.5	48.2	13.3	9.5	—	17.1
Asian	50.3	46.9	6.7	.8	—	12.6
Men	65.2	61.2	6.1	(²)		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	56.1	45.3	19.2	13.0	—	25.4
Men	69.6	56.2	19.2	11.3	—	27.1
Women	43.3	34.9	19.2	9.4	—	29.0
Married men, spouse present	64.4	59.9	6.9	3.4	—	10.4
Married women, spouse present	51.0	47.8	6.3	2.6	—	10.0
Women who maintain families	55.2	48.3	12.6	6.6	—	18.6
Phoenix city						
Total	62.4	57.2	8.3	7.0	—	9.6
Men	69.8	63.5	9.0	7.1	—	10.9
Women	55.7	51.5	7.5	5.7	—	9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	22.4	31.8	18.1	—	45.5
White	64.2	59.7	6.9	5.6	—	8.2
Men	71.5	65.9	7.8	5.9	—	9.7
Women	57.1	53.7	5.9	4.1	—	7.7
Black or African American	58.4	47.6	18.5	11.4	—	25.6
Women	54.6	43.6	20.1	10.4	—	29.8
Asian	45.7	40.4	11.7	3.9	—	19.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	58.0	52.6	9.3	6.8	—	11.8
Men	69.3	61.3	11.5	7.8	—	15.2
Women	47.1	44.2	6.1	2.9	—	9.3
Married men, spouse present	78.0	74.8	4.1	2.2	—	6.0
Married women, spouse present	57.9	55.7	3.7	1.6	—	5.8
Women who maintain families	51.9	48.9	5.8	1.2	—	10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Portland city									
Total	70.5	65.3	7.4	5.9	— 8.9				
Men	76.6	70.9	7.5	5.5	— 9.5				
Women	64.6	59.9	7.2	5.1	— 9.3				
White	72.1	67.4	6.5	5.0	— 8.0				
Men	77.2	72.2	6.4	4.3	— 8.5				
Women	67.3	62.9	6.6	4.4	— 8.8				
Asian	67.6	61.0	9.8	3.5	— 16.1				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	81.4	75.0	7.9	2.9	— 12.9				
Men	88.6	80.3	9.4	2.9	— 15.9				
Married men, spouse present	78.7	75.7	3.8	1.6	— 6.0				
Married women, spouse present	57.3	54.9	4.2	1.5	— 6.9				
Women who maintain families	73.2	68.0	7.1	1.3	— 12.9				
Sacramento city									
Total	51.1	44.4	13.2	9.6	— 16.8				
Men	56.7	48.5	14.3	9.0	— 19.6				
Women	46.6	40.9	12.1	7.2	— 17.0				
White	55.7	48.5	12.9	8.7	— 17.1				
Men	64.3	55.9	12.9	7.3	— 18.5				
Women	47.6	41.5	12.8	6.4	— 19.2				
Black or African American	35.9	26.8	25.3	10.1	— 40.5				
Asian	44.4	42.3	4.8	(²)					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60.9	50.7	16.8	10.6	— 23.0				
Men	71.9	60.4	16.0	7.7	— 24.3				
Women	51.6	42.4	17.9	8.4	— 27.4				
Married men, spouse present	59.5	54.8	8.0	2.1	— 13.9				
Married women, spouse present	45.1	40.5	10.3	2.6	— 18.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
San Antonio city											
Total	63.3	59.3	6.3	5.0	—	7.6					
Men	69.7	64.7	7.2	5.3	—	9.1					
Women	57.4	54.3	5.3	3.6	—	7.0					
White	63.1	59.3	6.0	4.7	—	7.3					
Men	69.4	64.6	6.9	5.0	—	8.8					
Women	57.3	54.4	4.9	3.2	—	6.6					
Black or African American	66.9	61.2	8.5	2.4	—	14.6					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.9	58.7	6.7	5.2	—	8.2					
Men	67.7	62.3	8.0	5.7	—	10.3					
Women	58.2	55.1	5.2	3.2	—	7.2					
Married men, spouse present	73.0	69.8	4.4	2.3	—	6.5					
Married women, spouse present	56.8	54.3	4.3	2.0	—	6.6					
Women who maintain families	63.6	57.3	9.9	4.2	—	15.6					
San Diego city											
Total	65.2	61.4	5.8	4.6	—	7.0					
Men	71.9	68.1	5.2	3.6	—	6.8					
Women	58.8	55.0	6.5	4.6	—	8.4					
White	66.3	62.2	6.2	4.7	—	7.7					
Men	72.6	69.2	4.7	3.0	—	6.4					
Women	59.9	55.1	7.9	5.4	—	10.4					
Asian	64.3	61.8	3.9	1.4	—	6.4					
Men	72.8	68.2	6.3	1.9	—	10.7					
Women	56.7	56.1	1.1	(²)							
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.2	62.4	7.2	5.0	—	9.4					
Men	75.5	70.5	6.6	3.7	—	9.5					
Women	59.5	54.8	8.0	4.5	—	11.5					
Married men, spouse present	79.7	76.2	4.3	2.1	—	6.5					
Married women, spouse present	58.1	53.4	8.0	4.6	—	11.4					
Women who maintain families	66.2	64.2	3.1	(²)							

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
San Francisco County/city											
Total	70.0	65.8	6.0	4.5	—	7.5					
Men	73.5	69.4	5.5	3.5	—	7.5					
Women	66.2	61.9	6.5	4.2	—	8.8					
White	73.2	68.9	5.9	3.9	—	7.9					
Men	77.4	72.2	6.7	3.9	—	9.5					
Women	68.3	65.0	4.8	2.0	—	7.6					
Asian	63.1	58.4	7.3	4.5	—	10.1					
Men	68.6	65.3	4.7	1.6	—	7.8					
Women	58.1	52.3	10.1	5.4	—	14.8					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.9	61.7	10.4	5.4	—	15.4					
Men	78.0	69.3	11.1	4.5	—	17.7					
Married men, spouse present	76.8	74.4	3.2	.5	—	5.9					
Married women, spouse present	61.9	56.5	8.7	3.7	—	13.7					
San Jose city											
Total	66.1	61.2	7.4	5.8	—	9.0					
Men	73.1	66.7	8.7	6.4	—	11.0					
Women	58.7	55.3	5.8	3.7	—	7.9					
White	64.6	59.4	8.1	5.9	—	10.3					
Men	72.7	66.2	9.0	5.9	—	12.1					
Women	55.9	52.1	6.8	3.6	—	10.0					
Asian	67.1	63.0	6.2	3.8	—	8.6					
Men	73.7	66.8	9.3	5.3	—	13.3					
Women	60.5	59.1	2.4	.1	—	4.7					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.5	64.8	6.7	4.0	—	9.4					
Men	78.4	73.2	6.6	3.0	—	10.2					
Women	60.3	56.2	6.9	2.7	—	11.1					
Married men, spouse present	82.0	77.9	4.9	2.7	—	7.1					
Married women, spouse present	58.0	55.5	4.3	1.8	—	6.8					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Seattle city									
Total	75.4	71.2	5.5	4.2	— 6.8				
Men	80.1	74.8	6.6	4.7	— 8.5				
Women	70.5	67.5	4.3	2.6	— 6.0				
White	78.4	74.8	4.6	3.2	— 6.0				
Men	82.2	77.3	5.9	3.7	— 8.1				
Women	74.2	72.0	3.0	1.3	— 4.7				
Asian	58.0	54.2	6.5	2.4	— 10.6				
Married men, spouse present	78.7	76.1	3.3	1.0	— 5.6				
Married women, spouse present	66.0	62.7	5.0	1.8	— 8.2				
St. Louis city									
Total	56.3	49.7	11.7	7.8	— 15.6				
Men	63.7	58.4	8.2	3.8	— 12.6				
Women	49.4	41.6	15.8	9.1	— 22.5				
White	65.8	59.8	9.1	4.8	— 13.4				
Men	76.9	72.5	5.8	1.4	— 10.2				
Women	53.2	45.4	14.6	5.8	— 23.4				
Black or African American	43.8	36.0	17.8	9.3	— 26.3				
Men	41.2	34.6	16.2	3.8	— 28.6				
Women	45.9	37.1	19.0	7.4	— 30.6				
Married men, spouse present	73.0	66.6	8.8	1.5	— 16.1				
Married women, spouse present	54.9	50.9	7.3	(²)					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment						
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹					
Cities:									
Tulsa city									
Total	67.2	62.8	6.6	4.7	— 8.5				
Men	74.7	69.5	7.0	4.4	— 9.6				
Women	59.7	56.1	6.0	3.2	— 8.8				
White	69.8	66.1	5.4	3.3	— 7.5				
Men	80.0	75.1	6.1	3.2	— 9.0				
Women	59.3	56.7	4.3	1.4	— 7.2				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.6	63.2	9.2	2.9	— 15.5				
Married men, spouse present	82.1	79.3	3.4	.8	— 6.0				
Married women, spouse present	55.2	53.2	3.6	.3	— 6.9				
Virginia Beach city									
Total	72.9	69.2	5.0	3.3	— 6.7				
Men	74.8	71.1	5.0	2.4	— 7.6				
Women	71.3	67.8	5.0	2.6	— 7.4				
White	74.4	70.8	4.9	2.9	— 6.9				
Men	79.6	75.9	4.7	1.9	— 7.5				
Women	70.1	66.5	5.1	2.2	— 8.0				
Black or African American	68.8	64.9	5.7	1.7	— 9.7				
Married men, spouse present	76.7	75.4	1.6	(²)					
Married women, spouse present	72.5	69.0	4.8	1.6	— 8.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment								
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹							
Cities:											
Washington city											
Total	69.6	63.6	8.6	8.0	—	9.2					
Men	73.9	67.4	8.7	7.8	—	9.6					
Women	65.9	60.3	8.5	7.7	—	9.3					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.9	14.4	34.2	23.3	—	45.1					
White	81.4	78.3	3.9	3.3	—	4.5					
Men	85.4	81.6	4.5	3.7	—	5.3					
Women	77.5	75.0	3.2	2.5	—	3.9					
Black or African American	57.2	48.6	15.2	14.0	—	16.4					
Men	60.3	51.0	15.4	13.5	—	17.3					
Women	54.9	46.7	15.0	13.3	—	16.7					
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.1	9.5	40.7	24.8	—	56.6					
Asian	78.0	74.4	4.5	2.5	—	6.5					
Men	83.5	78.0	6.5	2.6	—	10.4					
Women	74.9	72.4	3.3	1.1	—	5.5					
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.0	71.8	6.8	5.2	—	8.4					
Men	84.6	77.7	8.1	5.8	—	10.4					
Women	67.8	64.6	4.8	2.6	—	7.0					
Married men, spouse present	77.8	74.2	4.5	3.4	—	5.6					
Married women, spouse present	69.0	65.5	5.1	3.8	—	6.4					
Women who maintain families	63.2	52.4	17.1	14.0	—	20.2					

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Data do not match the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta			
Less than a high school diploma	50.4	45.0	10.7
High school graduate, no college	60.7	54.9	9.5
Some college or associate's degree	74.3	68.8	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	74.6	3.5
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos			
Less than a high school diploma	63.9	60.7	5.1
High school graduate, no college	68.9	63.4	8.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.6	68.9	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.8	73.3	3.3
Baltimore–Towson			
Less than a high school diploma	44.2	40.2	9.1
High school graduate, no college	62.3	57.9	7.1
Some college or associate's degree	70.3	66.5	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	75.6	4.3
Birmingham–Hoover			
High school graduate, no college	51.2	48.4	5.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.7	62.3	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	74.7	3.1
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy			
Less than a high school diploma	34.8	30.0	14.0
High school graduate, no college	58.7	55.3	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	69.7	65.2	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.6	77.0	3.3
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk			
Less than a high school diploma	39.4	33.0	16.2
High school graduate, no college	56.7	51.4	9.4
Some college or associate's degree	62.5	55.6	11.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.5	71.7	5.0
Buffalo–Niagara Falls			
Less than a high school diploma	39.5	34.0	13.8
High school graduate, no college	55.3	51.9	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	67.8	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	74.9	5.1
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill			
Less than a high school diploma	57.5	51.1	11.1
High school graduate, no college	61.1	55.2	9.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.8	62.5	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.7	72.0	4.8
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville			
Less than a high school diploma	52.1	45.3	13.0
High school graduate, no college	58.1	52.1	10.4
Some college or associate's degree	70.4	65.4	7.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	74.7	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Cincinnati–Middletown			
Less than a high school diploma	41.8	36.8	12.1
High school graduate, no college	58.9	55.4	6.1
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	67.1	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	76.5	2.6
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor			
Less than a high school diploma	30.6	26.0	15.1
High school graduate, no college	56.4	52.1	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	66.5	62.3	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.6	73.0	3.4
Columbus			
Less than a high school diploma	32.4	26.1	19.2
High school graduate, no college	61.0	56.5	7.3
Some college or associate's degree	70.6	66.0	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.3	75.6	3.4
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	66.6	61.5	7.7
High school graduate, no college	66.5	62.4	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	71.8	67.9	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	76.2	3.2
Dayton			
High school graduate, no college	53.4	47.4	11.4
Some college or associate's degree	70.7	64.2	9.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.9	70.1	2.6
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield			
Less than a high school diploma	62.6	55.8	10.9
High school graduate, no college	63.2	59.8	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	72.6	67.7	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	75.3	3.9
Detroit–Warren–Livonia			
Less than a high school diploma	32.3	27.4	15.3
High school graduate, no college	55.5	50.0	9.8
Some college or associate's degree	63.9	58.8	8.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.2	68.1	4.3
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford			
Less than a high school diploma	40.4	34.7	14.1
High school graduate, no college	60.4	54.6	9.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.4	68.1	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.1	73.6	3.3
Honolulu			
Less than a high school diploma	37.3	34.3	8.1
High school graduate, no college	55.3	52.6	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	65.6	63.0	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	70.3	69.1	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown			
Less than a high school diploma	60.5	56.0	7.4
High school graduate, no college	64.5	60.8	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.7	68.4	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.4	74.8	3.3
Indianapolis–Carmel			
Less than a high school diploma	50.7	46.6	8.2
High school graduate, no college	61.5	56.0	8.9
Some college or associate's degree	65.4	60.7	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.2	78.1	2.6
Jacksonville			
High school graduate, no college	59.1	56.2	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	65.5	62.1	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.7	69.8	2.6
Kansas City			
Less than a high school diploma	51.4	44.0	14.4
High school graduate, no college	61.3	57.8	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	68.5	64.2	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	77.6	3.5
Las Vegas–Paradise			
Less than a high school diploma	54.7	47.9	12.5
High school graduate, no college	61.1	53.4	12.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.0	59.6	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.7	68.3	4.7
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana			
Less than a high school diploma	55.1	49.4	10.3
High school graduate, no college	62.5	56.9	9.1
Some college or associate's degree	70.4	64.2	8.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.9	70.8	5.5
Louisville–Jefferson County			
Less than a high school diploma	30.1	26.5	12.0
High school graduate, no college	58.6	55.3	5.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.5	67.2	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.7	77.9	4.6
Memphis			
Less than a high school diploma	34.6	22.8	33.9
High school graduate, no college	63.4	58.5	7.8
Some college or associate's degree	76.4	69.0	9.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.1	79.3	4.5
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	42.6	37.8	11.2
High school graduate, no college	63.1	57.8	8.3
Some college or associate's degree	67.7	62.4	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.1	69.8	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis			
Less than a high school diploma	46.2	36.5	21.0
High school graduate, no college	56.0	48.5	13.4
Some college or associate's degree	71.9	68.3	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.7	77.6	2.6
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington			
Less than a high school diploma	47.9	41.8	12.8
High school graduate, no college	64.7	61.0	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	73.5	70.6	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.1	78.8	2.8
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin			
Less than a high school diploma	40.8	35.3	13.3
High school graduate, no college	64.7	60.3	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	70.9	68.5	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	76.5	1.8
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner			
Less than a high school diploma	46.4	38.8	16.4
High school graduate, no college	59.7	54.5	8.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.3	60.9	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	71.6	3.2
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island			
Less than a high school diploma	44.8	40.0	10.9
High school graduate, no college	57.1	52.1	8.8
Some college or associate's degree	69.6	64.5	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.6	72.9	4.9
Oklahoma City			
High school graduate, no college	56.0	53.2	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	66.4	65.0	2.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.1	72.1	2.7
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford			
Less than a high school diploma	45.9	39.8	13.3
High school graduate, no college	62.9	57.5	8.6
Some college or associate's degree	69.5	65.3	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	76.7	4.1
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington			
Less than a high school diploma	37.0	31.0	16.2
High school graduate, no college	56.9	51.7	9.2
Some college or associate's degree	70.6	66.2	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	74.4	3.6
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale			
Less than a high school diploma	46.9	44.6	4.9
High school graduate, no college	54.9	51.7	5.9
Some college or associate's degree	66.4	62.4	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.0	72.7	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Pittsburgh			
High school graduate, no college	57.3	52.5	8.4
Some college or associate's degree	71.0	65.9	7.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.1	77.4	3.4
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro			
Less than a high school diploma	56.2	49.9	11.2
High school graduate, no college	62.0	56.8	8.4
Some college or associate's degree	65.0	61.0	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.9	74.1	3.7
Providence–Fall River–Warwick			
Less than a high school diploma	43.9	34.2	22.1
High school graduate, no college	61.7	56.1	9.2
Some college or associate's degree	69.0	63.4	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.8	75.7	3.9
Richmond			
High school graduate, no college	56.7	53.3	5.9
Some college or associate's degree	62.8	59.7	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.2	73.8	3.1
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario			
Less than a high school diploma	50.8	43.5	14.5
High school graduate, no college	57.4	49.6	13.6
Some college or associate's degree	64.2	58.0	9.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.5	68.7	5.3
Rochester			
High school graduate, no college	57.8	52.5	9.2
Some college or associate's degree	60.1	57.9	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.5	70.7	2.5
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville			
Less than a high school diploma	51.9	47.2	9.1
High school graduate, no college	55.8	51.3	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	64.7	59.5	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.9	68.5	4.8
Salt Lake City			
Less than a high school diploma	66.8	63.7	4.7
High school graduate, no college	67.2	63.6	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	70.2	67.8	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	77.8	2.2
San Antonio–New Braunfels			
Less than a high school diploma	45.5	42.0	7.6
High school graduate, no college	60.5	57.0	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	66.7	63.6	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.2	73.2	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos			
Less than a high school diploma	53.8	49.6	7.8
High school graduate, no college	58.2	54.4	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	63.7	59.7	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.3	69.2	4.3
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont			
Less than a high school diploma	52.3	48.2	7.9
High school graduate, no college	60.3	54.7	9.3
Some college or associate's degree	68.5	63.1	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.9	74.5	4.3
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara			
Less than a high school diploma	55.4	53.2	3.9
High school graduate, no college	60.7	55.2	9.0
Some college or associate's degree	66.0	60.4	8.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.0	70.0	4.1
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue			
Less than a high school diploma	47.7	43.0	9.9
High school graduate, no college	60.1	56.4	6.1
Some college or associate's degree	66.1	62.8	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	75.1	3.2
St. Louis¹			
Less than a high school diploma	36.4	33.8	7.1
High school graduate, no college	59.5	55.7	6.4
Some college or associate's degree	69.6	65.6	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	74.2	3.9
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater			
Less than a high school diploma	40.4	34.7	14.1
High school graduate, no college	53.7	50.1	6.7
Some college or associate's degree	63.5	59.7	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	70.3	67.2	4.4
Tulsa			
High school graduate, no college	65.1	60.1	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	65.3	61.0	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	76.1	1.5
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News			
Less than a high school diploma	46.3	39.6	14.4
High school graduate, no college	63.8	59.1	7.4
Some college or associate's degree	71.6	67.2	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	76.6	2.3
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	60.7	57.1	5.9
High school graduate, no college	65.4	60.8	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	72.4	69.0	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	78.9	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick			
Less than a high school diploma	50.5	46.2	8.5
High school graduate, no college	65.9	61.3	6.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.9	69.3	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	77.0	3.7
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy			
Less than a high school diploma	34.6	28.5	17.9
High school graduate, no college	58.8	55.4	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	66.4	61.2	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	76.6	3.6
Camden			
High school graduate, no college	59.0	54.5	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	67.2	62.9	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.9	72.4	4.7
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville			
Less than a high school diploma	51.5	45.0	12.6
High school graduate, no college	59.8	53.4	10.8
Some college or associate's degree	70.7	65.2	7.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	75.5	4.8
Dallas–Plano–Irving			
Less than a high school diploma	67.1	62.3	7.1
High school graduate, no college	66.4	62.1	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	73.1	69.3	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.2	76.7	3.2
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn			
Less than a high school diploma	32.6	27.0	17.1
High school graduate, no college	53.2	46.7	12.4
Some college or associate's degree	61.9	55.9	9.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	68.7	65.2	5.1
Edison–New Brunswick			
Less than a high school diploma	53.2	47.4	10.9
High school graduate, no college	59.2	54.1	8.6
Some college or associate's degree	67.1	61.2	8.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.2	72.6	4.6
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	43.7	36.1	17.4
High school graduate, no college	65.1	60.6	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	69.0	63.1	8.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.8	74.1	4.7
Fort Worth–Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	65.4	59.5	9.1
High school graduate, no college	66.6	62.8	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	69.5	65.4	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.4	74.9	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale			
Less than a high school diploma	53.4	47.5	11.0
High school graduate, no college	61.8	56.0	9.3
Some college or associate's degree	70.1	63.1	10.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.4	71.1	5.7
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall			
Less than a high school diploma	39.1	34.7	11.2
High school graduate, no college	62.4	56.9	8.8
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	64.9	8.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.8	69.9	5.3
Nassau–Suffolk			
Less than a high school diploma	42.6	38.6	9.5
High school graduate, no college	55.0	52.0	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	67.6	64.8	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.4	73.5	3.7
New York–White Plains–Wayne			
Less than a high school diploma	43.7	38.6	11.6
High school graduate, no college	56.2	50.6	10.1
Some college or associate's degree	70.0	64.4	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.6	72.7	5.2
Newark–Union			
Less than a high school diploma	47.6	44.8	5.8
High school graduate, no college	62.6	58.5	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	73.7	67.7	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.5	73.4	5.2
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward			
Less than a high school diploma	48.7	43.5	10.7
High school graduate, no college	60.0	53.9	10.1
Some college or associate's degree	70.3	64.3	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	73.9	4.4
Philadelphia			
Less than a high school diploma	34.2	26.9	21.5
High school graduate, no college	56.4	50.7	10.1
Some college or associate's degree	72.2	67.4	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.8	75.1	3.4
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City			
Less than a high school diploma	56.6	53.8	4.9
High school graduate, no college	60.9	56.2	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	64.7	60.6	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	75.1	4.3
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine			
Less than a high school diploma	61.9	57.1	7.8
High school graduate, no college	65.5	60.3	8.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	67.0	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.7	69.9	5.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett			
Less than a high school diploma	50.9	45.5	10.7
High school graduate, no college	61.0	57.5	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	67.7	65.4	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	74.7	3.4
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills			
Less than a high school diploma	32.0	27.8	13.1
High school graduate, no college	57.2	52.5	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	65.0	60.4	7.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.5	69.6	3.9
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	63.1	59.7	5.4
High school graduate, no college	65.2	60.7	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	72.5	68.9	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.0	79.5	3.1
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	51.4	49.3	4.0
High school graduate, no college	62.1	56.7	8.8
Some college or associate's degree	60.3	57.3	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	66.7	64.4	3.4
Cities:			
Atlanta city			
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.2	78.8	1.6
Austin city			
High school graduate, no college	70.9	64.8	8.7
Some college or associate's degree	74.1	71.0	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.9	74.3	3.3
Baltimore city			
Less than a high school diploma	33.5	27.8	17.0
High school graduate, no college	53.9	48.8	9.5
Some college or associate's degree	63.5	56.0	11.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	76.9	3.9
Boston city			
High school graduate, no college	63.8	61.1	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	62.2	56.4	9.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	88.0	86.0	2.2
Charlotte city			
Less than a high school diploma	61.8	57.5	6.9
High school graduate, no college	63.9	60.0	6.1
Some college or associate's degree	69.4	65.7	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.4	72.9	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment–population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Chicago city			
Less than a high school diploma	49.9	42.3	15.2
High school graduate, no college	59.5	50.9	14.5
Some college or associate's degree	64.8	58.0	10.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.7	77.4	5.3
Cleveland city			
Less than a high school diploma	35.3	28.6	19.0
High school graduate, no college	54.0	45.4	15.8
Some college or associate's degree	51.2	45.9	10.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	89.9	87.3	2.9
Columbus city			
High school graduate, no college	62.9	59.4	5.6
Some college or associate's degree	67.6	63.2	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	88.3	84.7	4.1
Dallas city			
Less than a high school diploma	64.7	60.2	6.9
High school graduate, no college	65.7	58.1	11.6
Some college or associate's degree	71.5	66.7	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.7	74.9	2.4
Denver County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	65.3	57.1	12.6
High school graduate, no college	66.7	62.4	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	78.6	72.0	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.8	78.2	4.4
Detroit city			
Less than a high school diploma	28.0	21.1	24.8
High school graduate, no college	56.5	47.4	16.1
Some college or associate's degree	59.2	48.3	18.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	54.5	49.0	10.2
Fort Worth city			
Less than a high school diploma	68.2	60.3	11.6
High school graduate, no college	68.4	64.4	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	78.9	75.6	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.6	78.3	4.1
Houston city			
Less than a high school diploma	62.2	56.7	8.7
High school graduate, no college	62.0	58.5	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	73.6	69.0	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.3	76.0	3.0
Indianapolis (consolidated) city			
Less than a high school diploma	50.9	47.1	7.6
High school graduate, no college	62.5	55.1	11.8
Some college or associate's degree	66.8	58.5	12.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.2	79.3	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment–population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Jacksonville city			
High school graduate, no college	59.9	57.0	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.5	66.6	6.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	71.3	3.7
Kansas City city			
High school graduate, no college	60.7	56.6	6.6
Some college or associate's degree	68.1	63.0	7.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.9	74.8	2.7
Las Vegas city			
Less than a high school diploma	56.5	49.9	11.7
High school graduate, no college	59.4	52.6	11.3
Some college or associate's degree	60.6	52.9	12.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	69.2	63.7	8.0
Los Angeles city			
Less than a high school diploma	57.1	51.2	10.3
High school graduate, no college	65.6	57.8	11.9
Some college or associate's degree	68.6	61.8	10.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.1	69.9	7.0
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city			
High school graduate, no college	58.5	55.2	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	66.9	7.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.0	77.8	5.1
Memphis city			
Less than a high school diploma	38.3	19.8	48.4
High school graduate, no college	64.1	57.4	10.4
Some college or associate's degree	80.3	72.4	9.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.5	77.2	6.4
Miami city			
Less than a high school diploma	41.6	39.5	5.1
High school graduate, no college	60.5	54.9	9.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.8	79.9	3.5
Milwaukee city			
Less than a high school diploma	48.2	38.8	19.7
High school graduate, no college	60.9	51.9	14.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	64.1	10.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	74.4	4.6
Minneapolis city			
Less than a high school diploma	46.7	37.4	20.0
High school graduate, no college	72.8	69.2	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	72.4	65.6	9.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.4	82.3	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment–population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city			
High school graduate, no college	68.8	64.7	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.9	70.0	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.6	72.9	2.3
New Orleans city			
Some college or associate's degree	57.8	53.7	7.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.3	69.6	3.8
New York city			
Less than a high school diploma	41.9	36.7	12.4
High school graduate, no college	56.3	50.4	10.4
Some college or associate's degree	70.5	65.0	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	73.2	5.1
Oakland city			
Less than a high school diploma	64.6	58.3	9.8
High school graduate, no college	70.1	61.9	11.7
Some college or associate's degree	65.0	56.0	13.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.1	81.1	2.4
Oklahoma City city			
High school graduate, no college	56.4	53.8	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	64.1	63.5	1.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.0	70.6	3.3
Philadelphia County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	34.1	24.2	29.0
High school graduate, no college	51.7	45.7	11.5
Some college or associate's degree	68.4	61.2	10.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.1	70.6	3.4
Phoenix city			
Less than a high school diploma	44.0	42.2	4.2
High school graduate, no college	56.8	52.8	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	69.3	64.5	6.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.8	77.6	3.9
Portland city			
High school graduate, no college	58.0	53.5	7.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	65.8	7.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	77.5	4.7
Sacramento city			
Less than a high school diploma	38.3	32.9	14.1
High school graduate, no college	49.8	43.6	12.4
Some college or associate's degree	51.1	47.8	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	58.3	55.6	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment–population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and older, by educational attainment, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment–population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
San Antonio city			
Less than a high school diploma	45.7	41.4	9.4
High school graduate, no college	63.0	59.6	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	67.9	64.4	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	75.2	2.1
San Diego city			
Less than a high school diploma	58.7	55.5	5.4
High school graduate, no college	60.8	56.6	6.8
Some college or associate's degree	68.1	64.0	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.9	73.4	4.6
San Francisco County/city			
High school graduate, no college	63.5	58.5	7.9
Some college or associate's degree	66.3	59.1	10.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.8	76.9	4.9
San Jose city			
Less than a high school diploma	52.9	50.0	5.6
High school graduate, no college	63.5	58.2	8.4
Some college or associate's degree	67.5	61.8	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.7	71.1	4.9
Seattle city			
High school graduate, no college	62.6	54.8	12.4
Some college or associate's degree	75.7	73.2	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.4	81.4	3.6
St. Louis city			
High school graduate, no college	61.1	52.5	14.2
Some college or associate's degree	61.7	56.9	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.4	66.5	8.2
Tulsa city			
High school graduate, no college	66.6	60.5	9.2
Some college or associate's degree	63.2	57.4	9.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.7	75.5	2.8
Virginia Beach city			
High school graduate, no college	63.2	59.4	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	74.2	71.7	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	89.2	86.4	3.0
Washington city			
Less than a high school diploma	45.9	38.4	16.4
High school graduate, no college	56.0	46.8	16.4
Some college or associate's degree	63.6	55.1	13.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.4	79.9	4.2

¹ Data do not match the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates, by occupation, 2013 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and adminis- trative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving	
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	6.6	2.8	4.4	9.4	6.9	10.8	9.1	7.1	8.4	7.7	
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	4.5	4.0	2.6	5.7	4.0	7.9	2.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Baltimore–Towson	6.3	3.1	5.0	6.9	7.4	7.0	15.9	4.6	8.7	9.4	
Birmingham–Hoover	6.0	2.5	3.1	10.1	8.6	1.6	8.9	(²)	10.0	13.7	
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	5.6	2.6	3.8	8.8	6.9	6.9	9.1	5.7	9.7	8.0	
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	7.6	6.9	5.6	7.5	7.6	10.9	11.4	10.9	11.9	7.5	
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	6.7	5.0	3.3	5.5	7.7	9.6	7.8	(²)	11.6	8.1	
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	7.5	4.2	3.5	10.5	6.4	9.5	7.6	9.7	6.6	13.9	
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	7.7	3.7	4.5	11.0	8.0	8.1	17.2	6.4	10.0	9.1	
Cincinnati–Middletown	5.9	2.8	3.0	7.8	8.9	5.9	12.1	4.7	4.3	9.7	
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	6.8	3.1	3.3	7.1	8.8	4.5	16.1	5.2	13.5	18.1	
Columbus	7.1	2.0	2.8	10.4	6.1	10.2	8.6	(²)	18.0	7.4	
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	5.5	3.6	4.0	8.3	5.5	5.4	7.4	5.1	5.2	7.0	
Dayton	7.8	1.7	1.5	7.8	11.1	12.1	(²)	(²)	10.0	15.5	
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	6.0	3.9	4.3	8.5	7.5	4.2	9.9	2.1	5.7	9.0	
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	7.9	4.4	3.1	11.0	9.9	7.7	14.1	8.6	11.5	13.0	
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	6.2	3.7	3.5	7.4	9.6	5.8	9.9	3.7	8.4	13.5	
Honolulu	4.2	1.2	2.0	4.3	4.3	4.5	11.7	4.5	6.6	8.2	
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	5.5	2.4	3.0	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.0	4.4	8.6	7.0	
Indianapolis–Carmel	6.8	2.4	3.4	8.9	10.2	10.9	11.0	(²)	6.6	10.7	
Jacksonville	5.5	3.2	3.2	8.2	8.1	4.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.6	
Kansas City	5.9	2.2	5.1	6.8	6.8	3.8	14.8	4.2	10.9	8.9	
Las Vegas–Paradise	9.4	8.3	4.7	8.2	10.0	10.3	26.3	6.9	11.7	11.0	
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	8.0	4.9	6.1	8.2	9.0	9.1	12.0	8.0	8.6	12.9	
Louisville–Jefferson County	7.0	2.6	5.9	8.1	13.5	3.5	9.7	1.7	11.1	10.4	
Memphis	9.7	4.3	7.4	11.7	7.5	12.8	21.1	5.2	19.2	8.8	
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	6.7	3.6	4.9	7.1	5.4	8.3	17.3	8.4	9.9	6.3	
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	7.0	1.5	3.7	10.2	3.7	6.8	19.3	10.8	10.1	17.3	
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	4.5	3.0	2.5	6.1	5.0	5.4	7.9	4.3	5.5	7.5	
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	4.9	1.9	1.9	6.1	6.8	3.6	8.8	(²)	5.5	11.5	
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	7.1	2.8	3.7	9.1	6.6	4.8	17.7	(²)	(²)	8.3	
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	7.1	5.5	4.4	8.8	6.5	9.4	12.8	5.2	7.8	9.3	
Oklahoma City	3.9	2.5	1.7	5.8	7.0	3.8	2.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	6.5	3.2	3.7	9.4	5.5	8.0	11.1	(²)	10.0	8.8	
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	7.0	4.3	3.3	8.7	8.5	7.1	16.7	9.4	8.9	11.7	
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	5.8	3.0	3.2	7.6	8.2	6.2	3.9	5.4	7.9	11.7	
Pittsburgh	6.8	4.2	2.6	8.2	9.2	7.4	22.6	7.2	8.0	10.0	
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	6.8	3.3	3.5	11.3	8.5	6.0	13.9	3.4	6.6	8.7	
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	8.0	4.6	3.3	9.9	11.6	6.3	11.4	13.8	11.8	17.3	
Richmond	5.0	2.3	4.4	8.9	2.0	5.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.2	
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	11.9	6.8	5.4	11.4	14.4	15.8	18.9	9.8	15.1	17.6	
Rochester	7.4	2.1	1.7	10.6	13.1	9.0	27.2	(²)	(²)	9.8	
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	7.6	4.0	3.8	8.4	8.0	10.5	14.3	15.8	8.3	10.3	
Salt Lake City	3.7	1.2	3.1	3.7	3.7	4.3	9.0	(²)	4.3	5.9	
San Antonio–New Braunfels	5.4	1.2	4.1	7.8	5.5	3.1	12.7	(²)	8.7	7.0	
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	5.6	4.3	3.7	6.5	5.5	6.9	9.3	7.0	7.2	7.5	
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	6.3	4.8	3.5	8.2	5.6	9.6	8.8	5.8	12.1	10.2	
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	5.7	4.5	3.6	4.8	4.3	9.5	15.0	(²)	10.1	(²)	
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	5.0	2.1	2.5	7.4	4.3	7.1	15.3	2.4	5.0	9.7	
St. Louis ³	5.9	2.9	3.5	7.0	4.9	5.5	16.8	8.5	6.8	10.2	
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	6.0	2.0	4.8	9.9	7.2	5.2	10.2	2.5	4.7	6.9	
Tulsa	5.3	1.3	1.3	5.8	8.5	2.9	(²)	(²)	15.8	(²)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Metropolitan areas:										
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	6.7	1.6	3.5	10.4	9.6	5.8	10.3	2.7	6.4	11.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	4.8	2.9	3.6	6.3	6.0	6.9	7.3	5.2	6.3	5.5
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	4.8	2.9	3.0	7.7	6.8	7.4	12.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	5.8	3.0	4.2	8.0	9.8	6.5	7.6	(²)	11.0	9.9
Camden	7.0	5.1	4.0	8.1	7.3	6.2	22.2	(²)	(²)	11.2
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	8.0	3.8	4.4	11.0	8.4	8.9	18.0	6.4	10.7	9.6
Dallas–Plano–Irving	5.4	3.8	4.3	7.3	5.5	5.6	6.1	3.9	5.7	6.7
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	9.8	5.6	4.0	13.6	10.5	7.8	19.7	(²)	14.3	12.5
Edison–New Brunswick	7.8	6.0	3.3	10.4	8.3	12.9	14.9	8.5	6.1	9.5
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	7.1	5.0	4.8	7.4	5.5	11.6	(²)	5.9	(²)	7.8
Fort Worth–Arlington	6.0	3.0	3.0	10.4	5.5	5.0	10.2	7.7	4.2	7.5
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	8.6	5.8	6.4	8.6	9.8	9.6	13.8	8.7	7.9	13.7
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	7.2	3.1	4.7	7.6	6.2	6.4	24.0	9.0	12.1	7.0
Nassau–Suffolk	5.0	4.8	3.1	6.7	4.1	9.0	7.9	.7	(²)	4.2
New York–White Plains–Wayne	7.6	5.7	4.9	8.9	6.7	9.6	15.0	6.0	10.2	10.9
Newark–Union	6.5	5.0	5.5	9.3	7.1	5.5	8.0	(²)	4.8	7.9
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	7.1	4.7	3.4	9.9	6.8	10.0	10.5	8.1	15.0	9.0
Philadelphia	7.2	4.4	3.1	8.6	8.8	7.5	16.3	10.0	11.8	12.0
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	5.2	4.9	3.7	5.8	3.8	8.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	6.2	2.9	5.0	6.9	6.9	7.6	6.4	5.3	10.4	9.0
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	4.6	2.2	2.6	6.9	4.8	7.1	12.4	(²)	1.7	9.7
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	6.8	3.8	2.7	9.1	9.6	7.6	11.4	9.1	9.6	13.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	4.8	2.9	3.8	6.0	5.8	6.8	6.1	6.6	7.5	5.9
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	5.3	2.3	5.8	5.8	4.0	6.9	4.0	(²)	(²)	2.5
Cities:										
Atlanta city	3.2	.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	4.2	2.6	2.9	7.4	3.8	6.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	10.7	6.6	6.2	17.3	11.7	7.9	28.8	(²)	(²)	12.4
Boston city	6.6	1.5	2.2	9.2	(²)	9.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	6.2	1.6	3.0	7.6	7.9	7.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	14.4
Chicago city	10.2	4.3	5.7	12.3	12.8	14.0	18.3	3.1	20.6	11.0
Cleveland city	13.0	(⁴)	1.6	14.5	(²)	12.2	(²)	(²)	21.6	29.3
Columbus city	7.0	.4	4.2	6.8	6.3	13.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.0
Dallas city	6.9	3.7	4.7	7.4	11.0	6.5	5.8	(²)	13.6	7.0
Denver County/city	7.0	3.6	4.9	9.6	6.1	4.3	10.9	(²)	(²)	15.2
Detroit city	16.4	6.8	6.6	14.6	23.1	13.6	(²)	(²)	27.6	13.0
Fort Worth city	6.5	1.4	3.3	10.6	7.5	4.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Houston city	6.0	2.0	2.8	8.2	5.2	6.9	3.7	5.7	15.5	10.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	9.7	4.4	6.1	11.9	14.1	12.3	15.7	(²)	6.1	13.4
Jacksonville city	6.8	3.4	4.9	11.5	8.1	6.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City city	5.6	3.1	5.2	9.0	(²)	2.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	11.0	10.5	9.0	7.7	15.1	9.0	27.4	14.1	8.1	11.5
Los Angeles city	9.6	6.1	8.2	8.6	11.1	13.4	11.2	7.7	8.8	16.2
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	7.2	2.0	7.1	7.4	18.9	2.9	(²)	(²)	10.3	10.8
Memphis city	12.3	5.6	8.6	14.6	7.7	14.9	36.0	(²)	23.9	8.1
Miami city	7.0	(²)	(²)	3.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	11.1	(⁴)	5.6	9.6	11.5	12.3	24.2	(²)	13.2	22.4
Minneapolis city	5.8	2.5	3.0	6.2	5.9	12.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates, by occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and administrative support	Construction and extraction	Installation, maintenance, and repair	Production	Transportation and material moving
Cities:										
Nashville—Davidson (consolidated) city	4.3	0.5	1.9	7.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	9.6	(²)	4.0	10.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York city	7.7	4.1	5.3	8.7	7.0	10.1	15.5	6.3	9.5	13.8
Oakland city	8.3	2.7	3.1	15.6	(²)	(²)	7.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	3.8	(²)	1.6	3.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	11.2	5.0	6.2	11.3	14.8	13.3	13.9	(²)	18.2	15.4
Phoenix city	7.5	4.4	3.0	8.3	10.8	8.5	6.7	5.4	(²)	16.5
Portland city	6.9	3.9	4.1	12.3	8.1	5.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	11.8
Sacramento city	10.5	4.5	8.8	12.5	2.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio—New Braunfels city	5.6	1.2	3.5	7.7	6.4	3.5	15.8	(²)	11.4	(²)
San Diego city	5.1	3.6	4.5	5.8	3.4	6.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	5.8	5.4	4.5	6.8	1.9	10.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	6.5	6.2	2.6	5.6	4.5	11.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	5.4	1.7	3.3	9.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	11.2	6.2	8.1	12.5	(²)	5.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	6.3	1.8	3.2	5.4	12.2	1.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	4.9	(²)	4.1	7.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	8.1	3.8	4.9	11.8	10.7	13.3	24.8	26.4	14.6	17.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and adminis- trative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving	
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	19.8	22.8	15.6	12.2	10.8	4.0	3.2	4.6	6.9	
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	21.3	26.4	15.6	10.4	10.2	6.4	3.1	3.5	3.1	
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	19.0	27.6	16.2	10.4	12.2	3.8	3.2	2.8	4.6	
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	15.5	21.2	12.8	10.9	15.9	6.1	3.6	6.0	7.9	
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	20.3	30.1	15.7	9.4	11.4	3.9	2.2	3.2	3.6	
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	24.1	29.6	14.5	11.1	9.8	4.2	2.2	2.0	2.6	
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	12.1	20.6	19.3	13.0	14.2	5.2	3.4	6.0	6.0	
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	16.1	18.8	18.9	13.3	13.3	4.9	3.6	5.0	6.1	
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	17.4	22.1	16.9	11.4	12.8	3.9	2.8	5.8	6.8	
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	15.8	19.5	19.8	9.1	13.9	4.6	3.0	7.3	6.3	
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	17.3	23.5	18.2	9.8	11.7	4.1	3.6	7.5	4.1	
Columbus	100.0	16.5	21.7	18.5	10.5	13.4	3.6	3.0	4.9	7.2	
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	17.5	19.9	15.8	11.8	12.8	6.6	3.3	5.3	6.9	
Dayton	100.0	14.8	21.6	21.8	9.3	12.9	3.0	3.1	7.2	6.1	
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	19.8	23.2	16.4	10.9	13.4	5.4	3.0	3.3	4.4	
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	15.0	25.4	17.7	11.3	11.2	3.0	2.4	8.5	5.3	
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	18.1	27.0	15.1	8.8	12.0	5.1	2.7	7.4	3.7	
Honolulu	100.0	14.8	22.0	20.2	11.7	12.9	5.7	3.4	2.8	6.0	
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	13.9	22.0	18.5	11.2	11.7	5.7	3.9	6.8	6.2	
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	19.3	23.9	14.1	11.1	11.4	4.6	3.1	6.4	6.0	
Jacksonville	100.0	18.5	22.5	15.3	10.4	15.1	4.0	4.8	4.0	5.2	
Kansas City	100.0	18.6	23.1	15.0	10.6	12.9	4.1	3.7	5.6	6.0	
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	12.3	16.3	28.3	13.4	12.6	4.0	3.6	2.7	6.9	
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	15.8	21.5	18.5	11.8	12.8	4.4	2.8	6.7	5.7	
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	15.6	19.7	19.1	8.5	14.7	2.9	3.1	7.4	8.8	
Memphis	100.0	16.0	21.0	17.8	9.4	12.8	3.2	3.4	4.6	11.7	
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	15.1	19.6	21.2	13.1	12.9	4.4	3.6	3.5	6.5	
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	18.3	23.8	16.6	9.6	11.7	3.4	2.4	9.2	5.0	
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	18.7	24.7	16.8	10.3	11.9	3.4	2.6	6.2	5.3	
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	16.4	21.1	18.6	11.0	12.0	5.8	3.5	5.8	5.5	
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	11.9	19.6	21.6	13.2	13.2	8.0	2.4	3.3	6.4	
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	16.7	24.8	19.4	11.5	11.8	4.4	2.6	3.0	5.7	
Oklahoma City	100.0	16.2	24.1	15.4	9.4	13.2	7.5	4.0	4.4	5.6	
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	17.4	18.1	21.3	14.7	12.9	4.3	2.6	3.2	5.4	
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	18.9	24.6	16.2	10.8	13.5	4.2	3.0	3.5	5.2	
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	18.1	21.3	18.4	11.4	13.7	4.7	3.5	3.4	5.2	
Pittsburgh	100.0	16.0	26.3	18.1	10.4	13.1	3.5	3.4	4.5	4.5	
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	17.7	23.7	15.6	10.0	12.1	5.3	3.0	4.9	7.0	
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	15.5	24.9	19.0	9.2	12.6	5.0	3.0	6.4	4.3	
Richmond	100.0	18.6	22.8	15.4	10.9	13.3	4.8	2.8	4.7	6.3	
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	11.0	19.6	21.2	10.8	12.7	6.4	5.1	5.3	7.6	
Rochester	100.0	18.0	25.2	19.5	10.2	11.2	3.8	2.7	4.7	4.8	
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	19.2	20.5	19.6	10.3	11.7	5.3	3.0	3.7	5.5	
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.5	22.5	13.4	11.7	16.3	4.9	3.6	5.5	6.3	
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	12.5	21.1	16.8	11.1	16.2	6.9	3.8	4.8	6.6	
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	18.4	25.1	19.9	11.5	11.3	4.1	2.8	3.0	3.9	
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	21.1	29.3	16.1	10.0	10.0	4.2	1.9	3.2	4.0	
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	19.5	30.5	17.7	10.8	8.1	3.6	1.6	4.7	3.3	
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	18.6	27.5	16.8	9.7	10.8	3.9	3.3	4.7	4.7	
St. Louis ²	100.0	17.3	22.3	17.5	11.4	14.8	4.6	3.0	3.9	5.0	
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	17.4	21.3	17.9	13.1	12.8	4.5	3.8	4.0	4.6	
Tulsa	100.0	15.0	20.2	18.0	12.2	13.8	5.4	4.6	6.9	3.8	
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	12.5	24.6	18.7	9.6	13.1	6.3	4.5	5.2	5.4	
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	23.9	29.5	15.4	8.8	10.1	4.8	2.0	1.7	3.6	
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	23.3	34.4	13.4	9.4	8.8	3.9	2.1	1.6	2.8	
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	22.1	32.9	14.9	8.5	10.4	3.8	2.1	2.6	2.8	
Camden	100.0	19.4	21.7	15.1	9.7	17.6	3.6	3.3	4.0	5.7	
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	17.2	22.4	16.8	11.7	12.6	3.8	3.0	5.8	6.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving		
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- tation and material moving	
TOTAL											
Metropolitan divisions:											
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	18.6	21.0	15.5	11.7	12.0	6.7	3.3	4.8	6.0	
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	14.2	19.5	20.7	12.1	11.2	2.6	2.0	9.3	8.3	
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	19.8	26.4	15.3	10.8	11.4	4.3	2.7	3.6	5.5	
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	16.9	20.6	21.0	13.6	13.5	2.6	4.1	2.3	5.4	
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	14.9	17.4	16.4	12.0	14.6	6.4	3.1	6.3	8.8	
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	14.4	21.6	19.0	11.5	13.0	4.5	2.9	6.6	6.5	
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	14.1	19.1	20.8	12.7	12.6	4.6	4.0	4.4	7.4	
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	18.2	26.3	15.4	11.9	11.4	5.1	3.3	2.9	5.5	
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	15.5	24.5	22.1	11.4	11.8	4.0	2.4	2.8	5.4	
Newark–Union	100.0	17.5	22.6	15.1	11.9	12.9	5.2	2.7	3.9	8.1	
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	19.8	28.9	15.3	9.7	11.3	5.0	2.0	3.6	4.3	
Philadelphia	100.0	19.0	25.2	16.5	11.6	12.1	4.4	2.7	3.3	5.0	
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	23.0	30.0	17.3	10.4	8.2	2.9	1.7	2.5	3.7	
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	19.7	21.0	16.9	12.8	12.4	4.3	2.3	6.9	3.6	
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	19.5	29.0	16.0	9.6	10.1	3.3	2.8	5.1	4.6	
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	15.4	28.6	16.1	10.9	11.3	3.3	2.6	8.0	3.7	
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	24.1	28.1	15.9	8.6	10.4	5.0	2.0	1.8	3.8	
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	14.6	19.1	22.4	13.4	12.4	6.3	2.1	3.5	6.2	
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	29.4	23.0	12.1	15.6	8.6	2.3	1.2	1.0	6.8	
Austin city	100.0	20.7	28.3	15.2	11.2	8.3	8.2	2.6	3.1	2.4	
Baltimore city	100.0	14.5	27.3	19.0	8.5	16.9	3.7	3.5	1.3	5.1	
Boston city	100.0	19.3	33.6	19.1	8.2	10.1	1.1	1.7	3.6	3.3	
Charlotte city	100.0	16.0	19.2	22.3	13.0	12.8	4.0	1.7	4.5	6.5	
Chicago city	100.0	16.7	24.4	21.9	10.5	9.9	3.1	1.7	4.7	7.0	
Cleveland city	100.0	17.8	13.9	27.0	6.1	9.6	6.2	3.3	8.9	7.1	
Columbus city	100.0	16.5	21.3	24.1	8.8	11.7	2.3	1.3	4.7	8.8	
Dallas city	100.0	14.4	13.2	20.4	11.2	12.5	12.9	2.4	4.4	8.5	
Denver County/city	100.0	19.2	23.3	17.0	10.1	11.2	7.9	2.0	4.2	4.9	
Detroit city	100.0	8.1	11.0	38.7	9.8	6.7	1.7	1.6	10.3	12.1	
Fort Worth city	100.0	13.4	21.8	17.4	12.6	14.5	5.0	4.3	5.8	5.3	
Houston city	100.0	11.8	24.0	19.3	9.8	11.4	7.9	3.6	6.0	6.1	
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	16.7	21.1	14.8	11.8	12.0	5.1	3.0	6.5	8.9	
Jacksonville city	100.0	17.6	20.9	12.8	11.4	18.9	2.0	5.4	5.4	5.5	
Kansas City city	100.0	18.0	22.4	13.7	9.8	14.0	3.9	3.5	8.3	6.2	
Las Vegas city	100.0	12.2	15.4	29.4	11.2	12.8	4.5	3.2	3.1	8.1	
Los Angeles city	100.0	15.8	23.7	19.5	10.4	10.9	5.0	2.5	6.5	5.6	
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	15.9	21.1	18.9	7.0	15.4	2.4	2.5	8.5	8.5	
Memphis city	100.0	12.5	21.5	19.6	9.8	14.5	2.8	2.6	4.7	12.0	
Miami city	100.0	9.3	11.9	33.3	8.8	12.5	9.5	3.1	2.7	8.9	
Milwaukee city	100.0	10.2	20.3	25.2	6.7	11.8	4.4	1.9	11.7	7.7	
Minneapolis city	100.0	17.0	25.4	24.1	7.8	10.0	1.8	1.4	5.8	6.5	
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	15.6	25.1	19.4	10.7	11.8	4.3	2.9	4.9	5.1	
New Orleans city	100.0	10.3	25.3	29.1	13.2	11.8	5.1	1.7	2.0	1.6	
New York city	100.0	15.1	24.1	23.9	11.2	11.7	3.7	2.2	2.7	5.3	
Oakland city	100.0	16.9	38.9	16.6	6.3	6.4	8.2	1.3	2.2	3.1	
Oklahoma City city	100.0	13.1	22.2	16.7	10.8	12.0	10.7	5.2	4.2	4.9	
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	12.7	22.7	24.4	9.5	11.8	6.1	2.2	3.5	7.1	
Phoenix city	100.0	14.6	20.9	21.4	10.0	14.0	5.4	4.3	3.1	6.3	
Portland city	100.0	17.6	28.0	15.5	8.9	13.3	4.2	2.2	4.7	5.5	
Sacramento city	100.0	14.3	17.4	28.5	12.0	7.4	6.4	3.6	3.4	7.2	
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	11.5	20.5	19.8	11.1	18.1	5.7	3.6	5.0	4.9	
San Diego city	100.0	16.2	25.9	21.7	11.3	10.7	4.0	2.6	3.4	4.0	
San Francisco County/city	100.0	24.2	31.3	17.5	9.9	8.8	2.4	1.0	2.5	2.2	
San Jose city	100.0	16.9	27.1	20.3	11.3	8.6	3.7	1.9	5.8	4.4	
Seattle city	100.0	22.9	38.5	13.6	7.6	7.0	1.3	1.9	2.8	4.4	
St. Louis city	100.0	15.3	18.2	25.5	8.3	13.3	6.1	(³)	4.5	8.9	
Tulsa city	100.0	18.5	17.3	19.7	12.3	14.3	5.5	4.4	4.8	3.0	
Virginia Beach city	100.0	17.1	22.6	19.9	12.1	14.2	4.2	3.3	3.4	3.2	
Washington city	100.0	26.0	35.5	16.3	7.1	9.4	1.7	.8	1.0	2.3	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and adminis- trative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Men																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	20.7	19.0	14.2	11.8	5.2	7.3	5.4	5.8	10.6											
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	21.3	25.1	12.6	9.7	5.2	11.1	5.3	4.6	5.0											
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	20.5	24.1	14.3	10.4	5.2	7.1	6.2	4.2	7.6											
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	18.1	13.4	10.5	10.3	6.7	11.6	6.9	8.2	14.2											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	21.7	27.2	12.8	9.8	6.1	7.8	4.0	4.3	6.4											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	30.1	26.3	10.6	11.2	4.0	7.7	4.1	2.5	3.6											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	13.2	15.6	15.7	14.1	6.2	10.0	6.5	8.3	10.1											
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	17.7	15.2	13.4	14.0	8.4	9.1	6.6	6.0	9.6											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	18.5	18.3	14.9	12.0	6.7	7.2	5.0	7.0	10.4											
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	17.2	13.9	17.6	8.6	7.7	8.5	5.4	10.8	9.3											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	18.7	20.3	15.6	8.2	5.5	7.6	6.8	10.7	6.7											
Columbus	100.0	16.0	19.6	16.2	9.0	7.6	6.9	5.7	6.2	12.1											
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	17.7	16.3	13.2	11.5	7.4	11.5	5.6	6.2	10.4											
Dayton	100.0	20.2	16.3	17.6	9.6	6.1	6.0	5.2	9.7	9.1											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	21.8	20.0	13.2	11.6	7.5	10.0	5.5	3.9	6.5											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	16.1	21.7	15.4	12.0	5.8	5.6	4.3	11.4	7.7											
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	18.9	22.8	12.5	8.9	5.1	9.6	5.2	10.8	6.0											
Honolulu	100.0	14.7	18.4	19.7	9.9	7.2	10.5	6.0	3.5	9.5											
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	14.0	19.0	13.7	10.5	6.0	10.1	7.0	10.2	9.6											
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	19.4	20.7	11.2	11.3	5.5	8.7	5.4	8.7	8.9											
Jacksonville	100.0	18.2	19.1	14.9	10.5	6.0	7.7	9.2	5.4	8.9											
Kansas City	100.0	20.5	18.9	10.3	11.6	7.0	7.6	6.6	7.1	9.6											
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	13.6	13.6	27.9	11.8	5.9	7.2	6.4	3.4	10.1											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	15.9	19.1	15.6	11.8	7.0	7.9	4.9	8.7	8.9											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	14.7	15.2	15.7	9.7	8.6	5.7	5.0	10.1	14.8											
Memphis	100.0	16.3	10.5	17.5	10.0	7.2	6.1	6.4	7.4	18.4											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	16.1	16.4	18.1	12.8	7.3	7.8	6.0	4.8	10.7											
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	19.4	18.1	14.1	9.2	6.7	6.5	4.6	13.7	7.6											
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	19.2	20.6	13.8	11.2	6.8	6.2	4.7	8.6	8.5											
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	18.4	16.4	15.2	9.9	6.9	9.9	6.0	7.7	9.0											
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	13.8	17.0	18.9	12.0	5.1	14.6	4.4	3.8	9.5											
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	18.6	20.4	16.9	11.5	6.3	8.2	4.6	3.8	9.5											
Oklahoma City	100.0	15.3	18.5	13.2	8.9	8.8	13.3	6.8	6.0	8.8											
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	17.5	15.0	19.2	14.6	8.0	8.3	4.6	3.6	9.0											
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	21.5	20.3	13.5	11.0	6.3	7.9	5.7	4.9	8.7											
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	17.8	19.1	15.7	11.7	8.4	8.3	6.1	4.1	8.3											
Pittsburgh	100.0	17.4	22.4	14.5	10.1	7.5	6.4	6.2	7.0	8.0											
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	17.3	19.9	12.1	10.9	6.3	9.6	5.1	6.9	10.9											
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	16.9	21.0	15.0	10.1	5.9	9.5	5.5	8.6	7.2											
Richmond	100.0	19.4	18.7	13.8	11.3	6.2	8.8	5.5	7.2	8.6											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	11.5	14.6	18.0	9.4	7.0	11.0	8.9	8.0	11.4											
Rochester	100.0	20.3	17.6	17.9	11.6	7.1	7.3	5.1	4.6	8.5											
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	18.2	17.1	15.9	10.0	6.9	10.0	5.3	5.5	9.1											
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.7	20.0	10.3	11.3	10.1	8.9	6.5	7.0	10.0											
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	12.6	15.3	13.7	9.9	9.8	12.7	7.2	7.3	11.2											
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	18.8	23.6	17.2	11.3	6.4	7.7	5.2	3.7	5.9											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	20.9	28.5	14.8	9.4	5.6	7.5	3.3	3.9	5.7											
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	18.3	30.8	16.5	10.2	4.3	6.3	2.7	5.7	4.9											
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	18.6	25.9	13.3	9.8	6.8	6.9	5.4	6.1	7.1											
St. Louis ²	100.0	19.3	18.3	15.2	11.0	7.4	8.8	5.6	5.7	8.4											
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	20.3	19.0	15.9	11.8	5.9	8.3	6.6	4.2	7.4											
Tulsa	100.0	17.1	13.7	12.8	12.6	8.6	9.8	8.4	10.3	6.6											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	12.1	19.2	14.2	8.6	5.2	12.8	9.0	8.3	10.3											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	23.8	28.2	13.4	9.0	5.3	8.7	3.7	1.9	5.6											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	23.2	33.5	10.4	10.7	5.2	6.8	3.7	1.2	4.9											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	23.1	29.2	12.9	8.8	6.0	7.4	3.9	3.7	4.9											
Camden	100.0	24.4	15.2	13.4	9.2	10.3	6.7	6.3	4.9	9.5											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	17.9	19.1	14.4	12.4	6.8	7.0	5.2	7.0	10.2											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Men																					
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	18.4	18.1	12.5	12.1	7.0	11.6	5.7	5.3	9.0											
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	14.0	15.4	17.9	13.4	7.7	4.8	3.5	10.9	12.3											
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	23.0	22.3	14.9	10.4	4.1	7.8	4.4	4.7	8.4											
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	16.5	17.8	19.9	14.4	8.3	4.4	6.9	3.1	8.7											
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	16.2	12.1	14.6	10.2	8.3	11.2	5.3	8.2	13.8											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	14.3	18.8	16.0	11.5	7.3	8.0	5.2	8.7	10.0											
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	15.4	16.6	17.0	10.6	6.9	8.4	6.6	5.6	12.7											
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	21.1	20.0	14.2	12.7	4.5	9.2	5.6	3.8	8.9											
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	16.9	20.3	19.0	11.5	7.5	7.7	4.4	3.4	9.3											
Newark–Union	100.0	19.4	19.0	12.1	11.1	5.5	10.2	4.4	5.1	13.0											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	20.7	27.3	13.0	9.3	6.4	9.1	3.6	4.3	6.1											
Philadelphia	100.0	20.7	21.7	13.3	12.0	5.1	8.3	5.2	5.0	8.4											
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	21.1	30.1	17.4	9.5	4.5	5.2	2.9	3.4	5.2											
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	20.4	20.0	14.6	12.6	6.3	7.7	4.1	8.5	5.8											
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	20.0	28.2	12.5	9.4	6.6	5.8	4.7	6.1	6.5											
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	17.3	25.3	14.0	11.2	4.8	6.0	4.7	11.7	5.1											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	24.0	26.7	14.3	8.6	5.3	9.3	3.7	2.1	5.8											
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	16.7	14.0	17.9	14.9	6.5	11.0	3.7	5.5	9.7											
Cities:																					
Atlanta city	100.0	33.5	21.3	6.8	16.7	5.3	3.9	2.2	.3	10.0											
Austin city	100.0	20.3	25.8	12.6	10.4	5.7	13.1	4.2	4.0	3.8											
Baltimore city	100.0	19.5	25.0	15.8	3.3	10.5	7.6	7.1	1.1	9.6											
Boston city	100.0	21.9	27.5	20.3	8.4	5.5	2.5	3.7	3.7	6.4											
Charlotte city	100.0	19.2	14.3	17.1	14.8	8.5	8.0	3.0	4.8	10.3											
Chicago city	100.0	16.1	21.6	20.1	11.6	5.4	5.9	3.0	5.4	10.8											
Cleveland city	100.0	14.4	14.4	23.8	3.3	4.5	10.7	6.1	10.0	12.8											
Columbus city	100.0	15.7	18.2	21.2	8.8	7.2	4.9	2.8	5.2	15.7											
Dallas city	100.0	13.6	10.8	14.2	11.3	8.3	21.8	4.1	3.6	11.8											
Denver County/city	100.0	22.2	18.9	13.2	10.1	4.6	14.1	3.5	5.7	7.1											
Detroit city	100.0	7.2	9.3	36.5	10.0	1.2	3.3	3.1	10.6	18.7											
Fort Worth city	100.0	14.8	17.3	15.0	10.8	9.6	8.4	7.9	7.0	9.2											
Houston city	100.0	10.3	22.5	14.5	8.0	7.3	13.6	6.5	8.5	8.8											
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	15.7	18.9	13.8	10.4	6.3	9.8	5.2	7.7	12.2											
Jacksonville city	100.0	16.3	19.7	13.9	11.9	7.5	4.1	10.7	6.6	9.2											
Kansas City city	100.0	20.4	17.3	8.2	9.3	10.4	7.3	5.8	10.8	10.4											
Las Vegas city	100.0	14.4	12.9	27.5	9.0	6.2	8.1	5.8	3.6	12.2											
Los Angeles city	100.0	15.5	20.9	16.3	10.5	6.6	9.1	4.6	8.0	8.5											
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	13.8	19.5	13.3	9.1	9.2	4.8	4.1	11.2	15.0											
Memphis city	100.0	11.2	11.4	23.1	9.9	8.2	5.6	5.0	7.7	17.9											
Miami city	100.0	14.1	6.0	22.4	6.2	11.5	16.8	4.3	3.3	15.1											
Milwaukee city	100.0	10.5	16.1	22.0	4.7	7.3	7.9	3.7	17.0	10.8											
Minneapolis city	100.0	14.7	21.5	23.4	8.6	7.5	3.6	2.8	7.3	10.6											
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	19.0	18.3	19.0	11.5	5.7	7.1	5.0	6.0	8.3											
New Orleans city	100.0	14.5	19.2	30.7	11.0	4.3	10.7	3.6	2.7	3.2											
New York city	100.0	15.9	20.6	20.1	11.4	7.8	7.2	4.0	3.5	9.5											
Oakland city	100.0	18.2	35.1	13.9	5.8	3.5	16.1	2.5	1.8	3.0											
Oklahoma City city	100.0	11.1	17.5	12.1	10.6	7.8	18.6	8.9	5.3	8.0											
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	10.4	17.9	22.6	9.5	6.4	11.9	4.3	5.1	11.6											
Phoenix city	100.0	16.6	17.2	18.1	9.6	6.9	10.0	7.5	4.3	9.7											
Portland city	100.0	16.5	24.3	12.5	10.9	9.4	8.0	3.2	7.5	7.7											
Sacramento city	100.0	10.0	16.7	26.5	6.9	3.9	12.9	6.9	4.6	11.7											
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	11.6	16.8	16.2	10.3	11.2	10.8	6.8	8.3	8.0											
San Diego city	100.0	14.9	25.7	18.4	11.2	7.0	7.3	4.7	4.4	6.0											
San Francisco County/city	100.0	22.9	32.7	19.1	7.5	5.5	4.5	1.9	3.1	2.4											
San Jose city	100.0	15.5	28.1	18.4	9.8	4.5	6.6	3.4	6.8	7.0											
Seattle city	100.0	23.2	36.7	12.4	9.1	4.0	2.0	3.1	3.9	5.6											
St. Louis city	100.0	24.5	15.2	21.1	2.9	5.1	10.8	(³)	4.7	15.7											
Tulsa city	100.0	22.3	13.3	15.8	11.7	7.4	9.3	7.8	7.3	5.0											
Virginia Beach city	100.0	17.9	17.4	16.3	12.5	7.1	9.3	7.2	5.3	7.0											
Washington city	100.0	26.9	35.1	15.7	7.0	5.8	3.3	1.4	1.1	3.6											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Women																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	18.6	27.3	17.3	12.7	17.4	0.1	0.7	3.2	2.6											
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	21.2	28.2	19.7	11.2	17.0	(³)	.1	2.1	.5											
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	17.6	31.1	18.0	10.5	19.3	.4	.2	1.3	1.5											
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	12.8	29.5	15.2	11.7	25.7	.2	(³)	3.6	1.2											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	18.9	33.1	18.8	9.1	16.7	(³)	.3	2.2	.9											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	17.4	33.3	18.9	11.1	16.2	.3	(³)	1.4	1.4											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	10.9	26.0	23.3	11.8	22.7	(³)	(³)	3.6	1.7											
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	14.3	22.8	25.0	12.5	18.8	.3	.2	4.0	2.2											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	16.2	26.4	19.1	10.8	19.7	.3	.4	4.5	2.6											
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	14.3	26.0	22.4	9.7	20.9	.1	.3	3.2	2.9											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	15.8	27.0	21.0	11.4	18.2	.4	.3	4.2	1.4											
Columbus	100.0	17.1	23.8	20.8	12.0	19.1	.3	.4	3.6	2.5											
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	17.2	24.5	19.1	12.2	19.8	.4	.3	4.1	2.2											
Dayton	100.0	9.6	26.9	25.9	9.1	19.5	.1	1.0	4.7	3.2											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	17.7	26.8	20.1	10.1	20.1	.2	.3	2.5	2.1											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	13.7	29.7	20.5	10.6	17.6	.1	.3	5.1	2.5											
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	17.2	31.6	17.8	8.7	19.5	.2	.1	3.6	1.3											
Honolulu	100.0	14.9	26.1	20.7	13.7	19.3	.3	.4	2.0	2.1											
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	13.7	25.8	24.4	12.1	18.8	.4	.1	2.6	2.1											
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	19.3	27.3	17.3	10.9	17.9	(³)	.5	3.9	2.8											
Jacksonville	100.0	18.9	25.8	15.7	10.4	24.0	.3	.4	2.7	1.7											
Kansas City	100.0	16.6	27.6	20.0	9.6	19.4	.2	.5	4.0	2.0											
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	10.7	19.6	28.7	15.2	20.6	.2	.1	1.8	3.1											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	15.6	24.3	21.9	11.9	19.9	.2	.1	4.2	1.9											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	16.4	24.4	22.6	7.2	21.0	(³)	1.1	4.7	2.5											
Memphis	100.0	15.7	31.9	18.1	8.8	18.6	.2	.3	1.8	4.7											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	13.9	23.3	24.8	13.5	19.4	.4	.9	2.1	1.6											
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	17.1	29.7	19.3	9.9	16.9	.2	(³)	4.4	2.4											
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	18.1	29.0	20.0	9.4	17.4	.2	.2	3.6	1.9											
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	13.8	27.1	22.9	12.5	18.4	.6	.3	3.4	1.1											
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	9.7	22.7	24.8	14.6	22.8	.1	(³)	2.6	2.7											
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	14.5	29.8	22.1	11.5	17.9	.1	.4	2.1	1.5											
Oklahoma City	100.0	17.4	31.4	18.2	10.1	18.9	(³)	.3	2.2	1.5											
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	17.2	21.4	23.4	14.7	18.0	.1	.6	2.8	1.7											
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	16.2	29.0	18.9	10.7	20.9	.3	.1	2.0	1.7											
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	18.4	23.9	21.5	11.1	20.0	.5	.4	2.6	1.6											
Pittsburgh	100.0	14.5	30.7	22.2	10.7	19.4	.2	.2	1.5	.5											
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	18.1	28.2	19.7	9.0	19.0	.2	.6	2.5	2.4											
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	13.9	29.2	23.3	8.3	19.9	.1	.2	4.0	1.1											
Richmond	100.0	17.7	27.1	17.2	10.5	20.9	.4	(³)	2.0	3.9											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	10.4	26.1	25.4	12.5	20.1	.6	.1	1.9	2.8											
Rochester	100.0	15.5	33.3	21.3	8.7	15.7	(³)	(³)	4.7	.9											
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	20.3	24.4	23.7	10.6	17.2	(³)	.4	1.7	1.5											
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.3	25.7	17.1	12.1	24.0	(³)	.2	3.7	1.8											
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	12.4	27.4	20.1	12.4	23.2	.7	.1	2.1	1.6											
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	18.0	26.7	22.9	11.6	16.8	(³)	.1	2.2	1.7											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	21.3	30.3	17.7	10.6	15.3	.2	.2	2.3	2.0											
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	21.1	30.0	19.1	11.7	13.1	.1	.1	3.3	1.3											
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	18.5	29.5	20.8	9.5	15.4	.4	.8	3.2	1.9											
St. Louis ²	100.0	15.2	26.6	20.0	11.9	22.7	.1	.2	1.9	1.4											
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	14.4	23.8	20.0	14.4	20.3	.4	.8	3.7	1.7											
Tulsa	100.0	12.4	28.0	24.1	11.7	20.0	.3	.1	2.9	.5											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	12.9	29.7	22.8	10.4	20.5	.2	.4	2.3	.8											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	24.1	30.9	17.5	8.6	15.4	.4	.2	1.5	1.4											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	23.4	35.3	16.8	8.1	12.9	.7	.4	2.1	.4											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	21.0	36.6	16.9	8.2	15.0	(³)	.2	1.5	.7											
Camden	100.0	14.2	28.4	16.8	10.1	25.1	.5	.3	3.0	1.7											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	16.5	26.1	19.5	10.9	19.1	.3	.4	4.5	2.7											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Women																					
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	19.0	24.8	19.3	11.2	18.5	0.4	0.3	4.2	2.1											
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	14.6	24.5	24.0	10.6	15.5	(³)	.1	7.4	3.3											
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	16.0	31.4	15.9	11.4	20.2	.2	.5	2.3	1.9											
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	17.3	23.9	22.3	12.6	19.8	.3	.8	1.5	1.4											
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	13.2	24.1	18.6	14.3	22.7	.3	.5	3.9	2.6											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	14.5	25.0	22.6	11.4	19.9	.2	.1	4.0	2.3											
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	12.6	21.9	25.0	14.9	18.9	.5	1.3	3.0	1.6											
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	14.9	33.4	16.9	11.0	19.3	.4	.7	1.8	1.6											
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	13.9	29.2	25.5	11.4	16.6	(³)	.2	2.1	1.1											
Newark–Union	100.0	15.5	26.3	18.2	12.8	20.7	(³)	.9	2.6	2.9											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	18.7	30.7	18.0	10.1	17.0	.3	.2	2.9	2.2											
Philadelphia	100.0	17.3	28.8	19.9	11.1	19.2	.3	.1	1.6	1.5											
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	25.3	29.7	17.2	11.5	12.7	.1	.3	1.3	1.8											
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	18.9	22.3	19.8	13.0	19.9	.1	.2	4.9	.8											
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	18.9	30.0	20.1	9.8	14.2	.3	.7	3.8	2.2											
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	13.2	32.4	18.6	10.5	18.7	.1	.3	3.9	2.1											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	24.2	29.7	17.7	8.7	16.1	.3	.2	1.3	1.7											
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	12.0	25.4	27.9	11.5	19.6	.4	(³)	1.2	1.8											
Cities:																					
Atlanta city	100.0	24.5	25.0	18.7	14.2	12.6	.2	(³)	1.9	2.8											
Austin city	100.0	21.2	32.4	19.4	12.6	12.6	(³)	(³)	1.6	.1											
Baltimore city	100.0	10.5	29.0	21.5	12.5	22.0	.7	.7	1.5	1.6											
Boston city	100.0	17.1	38.8	18.1	8.0	14.0	(³)	(³)	3.4	.6											
Charlotte city	100.0	12.9	24.1	27.3	11.2	17.0	.1	.4	4.2	2.9											
Chicago city	100.0	17.3	27.5	23.9	9.3	14.9	(³)	.4	3.8	2.9											
Cleveland city	100.0	21.9	13.4	30.7	9.5	15.6	.9	(³)	7.6	.4											
Columbus city	100.0	17.3	24.0	26.6	8.7	15.9	(³)	(³)	4.3	2.6											
Dallas city	100.0	15.4	16.3	28.8	11.0	18.3	.7	(³)	5.6	3.9											
Denver County/city	100.0	15.4	28.8	21.8	10.1	19.4	.1	.1	2.3	2.0											
Detroit city	100.0	9.0	12.6	41.0	9.7	12.3	(³)	(³)	10.0	5.4											
Fort Worth city	100.0	11.6	27.2	20.2	14.7	20.4	.8	(³)	4.4	.7											
Houston city	100.0	13.6	26.0	25.3	12.1	16.6	.7	.1	2.9	2.7											
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	17.8	23.4	16.0	13.4	18.2	(³)	.6	5.2	5.3											
Jacksonville city	100.0	18.7	22.1	11.8	11.0	29.2	.1	.7	4.3	2.1											
Kansas City city	100.0	15.4	28.1	19.9	10.3	18.0	.2	1.1	5.5	1.5											
Las Vegas city	100.0	9.5	18.4	31.7	14.0	20.8	.1	(³)	2.4	3.1											
Los Angeles city	100.0	16.2	27.1	23.3	10.4	16.2	(³)	(³)	4.6	2.2											
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	17.9	22.7	24.3	4.9	21.4	(³)	.9	5.8	2.1											
Memphis city	100.0	13.8	31.9	15.9	9.8	20.9	(³)	(³)	1.6	6.1											
Miami city	100.0	4.0	18.2	45.3	11.6	13.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.0											
Milwaukee city	100.0	9.8	24.8	28.6	8.9	16.8	.6	(³)	6.0	4.4											
Minneapolis city	100.0	19.4	29.5	24.9	7.0	12.7	(³)	(³)	4.2	2.2											
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	11.3	33.8	20.0	9.8	19.6	.8	.3	3.5	1.0											
New Orleans city	100.0	6.4	30.9	27.6	15.1	18.8	(³)	(³)	1.3	(³)											
New York city	100.0	14.2	27.9	28.0	11.1	15.9	(³)	.2	1.9	.8											
Oakland city	100.0	15.5	42.8	19.4	6.9	9.4	(³)	(³)	2.6	3.1											
Oklahoma City city	100.0	15.8	28.6	23.0	11.2	17.6	(³)	.2	2.7	.8											
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	15.0	27.7	26.3	9.4	17.3	(³)	(³)	1.9	2.5											
Phoenix city	100.0	12.3	24.9	25.2	10.4	22.0	.3	.7	1.8	2.5											
Portland city	100.0	18.9	32.2	18.8	6.6	17.6	(³)	1.0	1.5	3.1											
Sacramento city	100.0	18.5	18.1	30.4	17.1	10.8	(³)	.3	2.2	2.7											
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	11.4	24.5	23.7	11.9	25.6	.1	(³)	1.4	1.5											
San Diego city	100.0	17.8	26.0	25.7	11.4	15.1	.1	(³)	2.2	1.6											
San Francisco County/city	100.0	25.8	29.6	15.5	12.7	12.8	(³)	(³)	1.7	1.9											
San Jose city	100.0	18.6	25.9	22.7	13.1	13.7	.1	(³)	4.7	1.2											
Seattle city	100.0	22.5	40.6	15.1	5.9	10.5	.4	.5	1.5	3.0											
St. Louis city	100.0	3.2	22.0	31.3	15.3	24.0	(³)	(³)	4.2	(³)											
Tulsa city	100.0	13.9	22.3	24.5	13.0	22.9	.7	.2	1.8	.7											
Virginia Beach city	100.0	16.5	26.9	22.8	11.7	20.2	(³)	(³)	1.8	(³)											
Washington city	100.0	25.1	35.8	16.8	7.1	12.7	.2	.2	.9	1.1											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and adminis- trative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
White																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	22.8	22.4	12.6	12.0	10.7	5.1	4.0	4.5	6.0											
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	22.4	25.7	13.9	10.3	10.7	6.7	3.3	3.8	3.2											
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	21.1	28.3	14.5	10.0	11.1	4.5	3.7	3.0	3.5											
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	16.6	22.9	10.7	11.1	14.4	7.9	3.4	6.0	7.0											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	21.1	30.0	14.7	9.8	11.6	4.1	2.2	2.9	3.6											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	26.3	28.7	13.7	11.1	9.5	5.0	1.9	1.7	2.3											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	13.2	20.4	16.9	13.5	15.3	5.4	3.5	5.7	5.8											
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	18.1	20.6	18.4	13.6	10.6	6.2	4.3	4.0	4.0											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	18.0	21.2	15.8	12.0	12.6	4.5	3.1	6.2	6.7											
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	17.6	20.2	16.5	9.7	14.2	5.1	3.4	6.5	6.3											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	18.0	24.4	15.3	10.3	12.2	4.3	3.6	7.5	4.2											
Columbus	100.0	17.0	21.8	16.3	11.9	13.6	4.4	3.3	4.7	6.4											
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	18.5	19.3	15.5	12.2	11.6	7.8	3.6	5.0	6.3											
Dayton	100.0	14.7	20.8	20.5	10.1	13.6	3.5	3.6	7.3	6.0											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	21.0	23.4	15.8	10.7	13.2	5.7	2.9	2.8	4.4											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	15.8	25.4	15.0	12.3	12.0	3.7	2.8	8.6	4.4											
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	18.7	25.7	14.4	9.0	12.6	5.8	2.9	7.3	3.5											
Honolulu	100.0	22.3	31.8	12.2	11.8	6.8	4.7	4.2	2.0	3.5											
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	15.0	21.2	17.1	11.2	11.6	6.9	3.8	7.3	5.8											
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	20.8	24.6	13.6	10.9	10.5	5.2	3.2	6.4	4.6											
Jacksonville	100.0	20.9	24.0	14.5	9.8	13.4	4.9	5.6	2.5	4.2											
Kansas City	100.0	20.4	23.5	13.6	11.1	12.9	4.1	3.2	4.9	5.9											
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	12.7	16.6	28.5	12.6	12.3	4.6	3.7	2.8	6.0											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	16.0	19.7	18.5	11.8	12.2	5.3	3.0	7.1	6.4											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	17.1	21.1	17.4	8.9	14.5	3.3	3.6	5.9	7.9											
Memphis	100.0	19.9	25.6	14.7	9.7	10.3	4.7	4.0	2.7	8.4											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	16.9	19.8	18.6	13.5	13.2	4.9	3.5	3.7	5.7											
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	20.1	26.0	13.9	9.5	11.7	3.9	2.8	7.7	4.3											
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	19.9	24.9	16.0	10.8	12.2	3.8	2.7	4.5	5.1											
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	17.9	22.1	17.5	10.6	11.2	6.8	3.5	5.1	4.9											
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	15.1	23.6	16.5	10.5	12.6	10.4	3.1	2.1	5.5											
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	18.0	25.3	17.1	12.0	11.7	5.0	2.8	3.0	4.9											
Oklahoma City	100.0	17.4	24.8	15.3	10.1	12.9	6.2	3.5	4.8	4.9											
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	18.5	20.2	19.2	15.3	12.0	3.6	2.4	3.3	5.3											
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	21.2	24.0	13.8	11.2	13.8	4.5	3.1	3.2	5.0											
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	18.2	20.7	18.3	11.7	13.8	5.1	3.8	3.3	5.0											
Pittsburgh	100.0	16.3	25.7	17.4	11.0	12.9	3.9	3.5	4.6	4.5											
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	18.3	22.8	14.5	10.6	12.5	5.9	3.1	4.4	7.2											
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	16.2	25.0	18.2	9.4	12.7	5.1	3.1	6.1	4.0											
Richmond	100.0	21.0	24.8	13.2	11.3	11.8	5.3	3.5	4.4	4.1											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	11.0	16.8	21.6	11.0	12.9	7.4	5.3	5.7	7.9											
Rochester	100.0	20.4	27.5	16.1	9.9	10.6	3.9	2.5	3.6	5.5											
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	18.2	19.8	18.1	9.3	13.3	6.4	3.5	3.7	6.2											
Salt Lake City	100.0	15.9	22.3	13.7	11.6	16.0	5.1	3.7	5.2	6.3											
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	12.6	21.0	17.0	11.3	15.3	7.3	3.8	4.9	6.7											
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	20.1	24.0	19.2	12.5	10.3	4.6	3.0	2.5	3.7											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	22.0	30.4	14.3	10.1	8.8	5.0	1.8	3.3	4.0											
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	20.3	25.9	19.6	11.5	8.8	5.0	1.7	3.6	3.4											
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	19.3	27.2	15.1	10.1	11.4	4.2	3.8	4.3	4.5											
St. Louis ²	100.0	17.7	23.6	15.6	12.1	13.9	4.7	3.4	4.0	4.7											
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	19.0	22.1	15.7	13.8	13.4	5.1	4.0	3.2	3.2											
Tulsa	100.0	15.6	18.5	16.5	11.9	14.8	6.7	5.1	7.0	3.6											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	15.1	26.4	15.0	10.7	12.4	7.4	4.4	4.1	4.3											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	25.9	31.1	13.3	8.6	8.6	5.6	2.2	1.3	3.2											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	25.3	35.0	10.7	8.7	9.4	4.0	2.4	1.4	2.7											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	23.5	33.2	13.7	8.4	10.4	4.0	2.0	2.1	2.7											
Camden	100.0	20.8	20.9	12.6	9.6	17.6	4.4	3.5	4.0	6.6											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	17.5	21.8	15.8	12.2	12.3	4.4	3.2	6.3	6.5											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
White																					
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	19.5	20.0	14.8	11.9	11.4	8.2	3.8	4.9	5.4											
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	16.4	21.6	13.9	13.6	12.7	3.9	2.7	9.1	6.1											
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	19.7	25.7	14.4	11.7	12.6	4.2	3.2	3.6	4.8											
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	19.6	20.8	18.7	13.2	14.7	2.6	3.9	2.5	4.0											
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	16.5	17.7	17.2	13.1	12.0	6.8	3.1	5.3	8.3											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	14.5	20.1	18.8	11.4	12.4	5.4	3.1	7.2	7.2											
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	15.4	19.2	18.9	12.9	12.8	5.1	4.0	4.4	7.1											
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	18.7	25.9	14.0	12.2	11.9	5.9	3.2	2.6	5.7											
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	17.0	25.4	19.7	11.8	11.3	4.7	2.5	3.0	4.6											
Newark–Union	100.0	19.9	23.8	13.4	12.8	12.2	6.0	3.2	3.3	5.4											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	19.6	29.0	14.4	9.8	10.1	6.1	2.4	3.7	4.7											
Philadelphia	100.0	21.9	24.7	14.1	12.3	12.3	4.5	2.7	3.0	4.5											
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	25.5	32.4	14.0	10.4	7.0	3.5	1.0	2.7	3.0											
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	20.2	18.7	17.6	12.9	11.9	5.2	2.5	6.9	4.0											
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	20.1	28.7	14.2	10.1	10.6	3.9	3.2	4.7	4.4											
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	15.6	26.8	15.4	11.8	11.7	3.6	2.9	8.4	3.7											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	26.1	29.9	14.1	8.6	8.4	6.0	2.1	1.2	3.3											
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	16.5	19.8	17.9	15.0	12.0	7.3	2.2	4.0	5.1											
Cities:																					
Atlanta city	100.0	42.4	23.8	4.8	15.5	7.3	2.0	.7	(³)	3.5											
Austin city	100.0	22.9	26.4	13.6	11.5	8.7	8.9	2.5	3.3	2.1											
Baltimore city	100.0	20.7	37.2	14.0	8.7	10.3	4.3	2.9	1.2	.7											
Boston city	100.0	26.4	37.1	16.4	6.3	6.9	1.3	.4	2.9	2.1											
Charlotte city	100.0	20.2	22.8	23.5	12.2	7.3	6.5	1.8	2.4	3.2											
Chicago city	100.0	18.2	25.0	18.9	11.3	9.5	3.6	1.9	5.3	6.1											
Cleveland city	100.0	19.7	14.6	18.7	3.1	8.9	7.8	5.4	12.0	9.8											
Columbus city	100.0	18.2	22.8	17.9	12.3	11.4	3.7	1.8	4.6	6.7											
Dallas city	100.0	15.8	11.9	18.7	11.3	10.5	15.9	2.5	5.2	8.3											
Denver County/city	100.0	20.5	24.4	16.0	9.8	11.2	7.9	1.6	3.6	4.7											
Detroit city	100.0	15.0	3.8	12.0	(³)	9.5	18.5	9.8	24.1	7.3											
Fort Worth city	100.0	14.6	22.2	19.1	13.1	12.3	3.6	4.3	5.7	5.2											
Houston city	100.0	13.6	22.8	17.8	9.8	10.4	9.7	3.8	6.5	5.5											
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	18.9	23.3	13.4	12.2	10.0	6.7	3.0	6.9	5.7											
Jacksonville city	100.0	22.0	23.6	10.8	11.3	16.0	2.2	6.8	3.4	3.7											
Kansas City city	100.0	20.2	24.4	11.4	9.7	13.6	4.0	2.7	7.4	6.5											
Las Vegas city	100.0	12.7	14.7	31.2	10.5	11.1	5.7	3.6	3.2	7.1											
Los Angeles city	100.0	15.3	23.0	18.4	10.8	9.9	5.9	2.7	7.7	6.1											
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	18.0	23.2	17.1	7.4	14.9	2.9	2.9	6.6	7.1											
Memphis city	100.0	18.0	28.6	16.4	10.9	9.9	5.0	3.0	2.0	6.2											
Miami city	100.0	9.9	12.9	31.7	10.3	12.9	8.4	1.7	3.2	8.9											
Milwaukee city	100.0	13.2	27.1	17.4	5.6	12.9	6.6	3.0	8.1	6.0											
Minneapolis city	100.0	20.2	28.2	23.1	8.6	9.5	1.7	1.3	2.2	5.2											
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	18.7	28.8	17.6	9.9	10.1	5.2	3.0	4.4	2.3											
New Orleans city	100.0	15.8	36.2	22.3	7.7	8.8	8.0	1.1	(³)	(³)											
New York city	100.0	16.9	25.8	20.7	11.8	10.8	4.6	2.6	2.8	4.0											
Oakland city	100.0	16.8	47.0	12.2	4.9	4.4	8.9	1.7	2.1	1.9											
Oklahoma City city	100.0	13.9	22.4	19.1	12.5	11.1	8.4	4.3	4.3	3.7											
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	17.5	21.6	19.7	12.0	11.1	7.3	1.6	2.2	7.0											
Phoenix city	100.0	14.6	20.2	21.1	10.1	13.8	5.5	4.6	3.5	6.4											
Portland city	100.0	18.4	28.9	14.7	9.3	13.5	4.7	2.1	3.6	4.6											
Sacramento city	100.0	14.4	19.1	22.7	10.3	7.6	8.3	3.9	4.0	9.6											
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	11.5	20.3	20.0	11.4	17.2	6.1	3.6	5.0	4.9											
San Diego city	100.0	17.4	24.4	21.5	12.6	9.9	4.4	2.8	2.7	4.2											
San Francisco County/city	100.0	25.8	38.8	11.4	10.1	6.7	2.3	1.1	2.0	1.4											
San Jose city	100.0	17.5	23.0	22.1	12.2	10.2	4.9	2.2	3.7	4.3											
Seattle city	100.0	24.1	39.1	10.9	7.7	7.6	1.2	2.2	2.7	4.4											
St. Louis city	100.0	21.4	18.6	20.9	7.3	10.9	8.5	(³)	6.3	6.0											
Tulsa city	100.0	19.2	17.9	17.0	11.0	14.6	7.6	5.4	4.4	2.8											
Virginia Beach city	100.0	18.2	24.3	18.5	12.2	12.7	5.0	2.9	3.5	2.8											
Washington city	100.0	31.1	42.7	10.6	5.7	7.2	1.4	.3	.6	.3											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Black or African American																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	14.3	21.2	21.4	12.7	12.9	1.7	2.4	3.7	9.5											
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	28.2	15.0	21.9	14.4	11.8	3.9	.5	1.4	2.9											
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	15.0	22.4	20.6	10.0	17.1	2.0	2.9	2.2	7.6											
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	13.5	15.9	18.2	11.0	20.2	1.8	2.4	6.3	10.7											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	6.7	22.4	33.5	9.6	12.7	3.1	3.2	2.6	6.2											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	13.1	21.5	24.2	9.4	15.9	1.0	5.3	2.6	7.0											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	(³)	23.7	47.2	8.3	5.5	4.2	2.6	4.0	4.5											
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	10.3	14.8	21.4	12.3	18.2	2.1	2.1	6.9	11.8											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	12.0	22.4	24.9	8.6	15.5	1.2	2.1	3.7	9.5											
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	5.3	14.2	39.8	5.0	12.7	2.3	1.5	12.4	6.7											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	10.0	18.4	34.6	7.4	11.0	2.8	3.3	7.7	4.8											
Columbus	100.0	16.7	19.3	28.5	3.7	11.8	.7	1.1	6.5	11.6											
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	12.6	17.0	17.6	10.2	21.1	2.9	2.4	3.3	12.3											
Dayton	100.0	10.5	28.2	29.9	6.1	11.1	(³)	.7	5.6	8.0											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	14.2	16.3	24.6	10.4	17.7	.9	4.4	5.4	6.1											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	11.5	16.6	30.6	8.6	10.8	1.1	1.4	9.4	10.0											
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	14.6	27.2	19.8	6.2	12.8	3.0	3.5	7.2	5.8											
Honolulu	100.0	10.4	36.0	8.5	9.2	28.2	(³)	(³)	1.5	6.3											
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	11.0	20.4	23.7	11.5	13.7	2.7	3.0	4.0	9.9											
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	9.3	12.5	19.2	14.0	17.3	1.3	3.4	5.8	17.2											
Jacksonville	100.0	10.3	16.4	18.6	13.5	21.2	(³)	1.9	7.2	10.9											
Kansas City	100.0	10.5	15.0	22.6	11.3	12.5	3.4	6.1	10.1	8.7											
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	12.1	13.0	26.3	12.1	14.8	2.8	3.4	2.0	13.5											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	15.4	21.0	22.3	9.3	16.9	1.6	2.7	3.4	7.4											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	8.6	12.8	28.3	7.1	16.1	1.2	.5	13.5	11.9											
Memphis	100.0	9.6	15.6	20.5	9.3	16.6	1.5	2.4	7.0	17.2											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	6.7	19.9	30.7	12.1	11.2	2.5	3.6	3.5	9.8											
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	7.0	11.6	33.0	8.6	12.4	1.7	(³)	16.1	9.5											
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	8.9	13.7	29.4	10.2	12.6	1.7	3.1	8.9	11.7											
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	7.4	17.8	23.1	13.3	17.1	.9	4.5	7.5	8.0											
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	5.0	12.1	33.4	19.0	15.0	1.9	1.2	6.2	5.7											
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	9.3	19.6	29.7	9.3	14.0	3.0	2.8	2.6	9.7											
Oklahoma City	100.0	11.1	25.1	19.8	7.2	18.9	.7	4.0	1.6	11.6											
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	12.7	10.1	30.3	10.5	14.4	8.0	4.4	3.2	6.3											
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	10.6	23.7	27.0	7.7	13.3	3.6	2.8	4.2	6.8											
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	10.7	19.3	19.0	17.2	18.0	.9	2.6	3.0	9.2											
Pittsburgh	100.0	14.3	22.6	27.1	3.6	18.2	(³)	1.8	5.0	7.3											
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	11.7	20.2	19.4	7.9	19.5	(³)	5.3	1.1	14.9											
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	10.5	16.7	25.1	11.9	11.0	8.6	3.6	7.7	5.0											
Richmond	100.0	8.9	10.7	24.6	9.9	19.8	4.3	.8	5.4	15.6											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	8.3	34.9	17.5	8.3	14.4	(³)	2.7	2.0	11.9											
Rochester	100.0	2.4	7.3	41.5	14.0	14.8	6.0	6.4	5.7	1.8											
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	19.0	18.8	26.4	16.5	4.2	4.1	.9	3.7	6.2											
Salt Lake City	100.0	8.5	24.7	12.2	20.7	10.2	3.3	1.4	6.2	12.8											
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	10.6	19.2	11.0	12.3	31.8	3.1	5.5	(³)	6.6											
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	5.9	20.7	31.7	8.6	18.1	2.9	1.9	.5	9.7											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	16.9	21.6	18.8	8.7	17.6	4.2	3.1	1.7	7.3											
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	17.8	27.4	31.1	13.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	10.2												
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	10.6	15.2	26.8	9.6	15.7	4.0	1.5	5.0	11.7											
St. Louis ²	100.0	14.8	13.4	26.9	6.7	21.4	5.0	1.4	4.0	6.4											
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	11.1	16.1	29.4	7.9	10.3	2.0	3.6	6.2	12.4											
Tulsa	100.0	.7	19.3	29.4	13.7	15.2	(³)	(³)	11.6	10.0											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	8.0	23.3	23.0	7.2	14.1	4.5	5.2	7.2	7.5											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	20.3	22.0	19.5	9.0	14.6	4.0	2.1	2.7	5.6											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	23.7	26.1	19.7	11.3	8.7	2.2	.8	2.4	5.0											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	6.2	25.8	32.6	10.0	11.7	1.8	4.2	2.9	4.9											
Camden	100.0	12.3	24.3	32.3	6.9	17.8	(³)	.5	4.7	1.1											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	13.0	20.8	24.6	8.7	16.1	1.3	2.3	3.2	9.7											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Black or African American																					
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	14.9	17.6	19.7	11.6	17.4	2.1	1.8	3.2	11.1											
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	9.8	14.8	32.6	9.6	9.1	.9	.9	9.9	12.4											
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	7.4	12.3	37.8	11.6	12.3	5.0	(³)	1.7	11.9											
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	8.7	20.4	28.2	15.3	10.4	1.7	3.8	2.3	9.2											
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	7.6	15.6	13.0	7.3	29.4	4.8	3.8	3.6	14.9											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	14.0	21.5	22.2	9.4	17.2	1.7	2.5	3.7	7.9											
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	5.8	19.7	29.4	10.6	12.9	3.2	4.4	5.1	8.7											
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	10.2	26.9	30.4	5.9	11.7	1.5	5.1	2.8	5.4											
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	9.6	19.9	30.7	9.5	13.8	2.9	2.8	2.0	8.6											
Newark–Union	100.0	7.3	15.5	20.4	9.5	17.7	3.3	2.0	6.1	18.3											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	17.7	20.4	17.0	9.3	19.2	5.1	2.6	1.8	7.1											
Philadelphia	100.0	9.9	23.6	26.8	7.9	12.2	4.8	3.1	4.1	7.4											
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	13.1	27.5	27.3	6.3	10.8	(³)	5.6	1.3	8.2											
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	32.9	14.3	23.5	8.1	13.7	(³)	6.1	(³)	1.4											
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	11.2	16.7	26.6	9.9	14.0	1.1	1.8	6.2	12.6											
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	14.7	20.1	26.8	6.8	14.3	1.4	2.4	8.3	5.3											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	19.7	21.3	19.5	8.7	15.5	4.4	2.3	2.8	5.7											
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	4.2	19.1	39.1	8.2	9.1	3.0	1.2	2.5	13.7											
Cities:																					
Atlanta city	100.0	10.1	14.8	26.1	16.3	11.0	3.1	2.2	2.9	13.6											
Austin city	100.0	22.9	16.9	20.4	19.3	11.8	3.4	(³)	.9	4.4											
Baltimore city	100.0	10.9	19.6	22.8	9.0	22.0	2.6	4.3	.7	7.7											
Boston city	100.0	6.5	24.9	27.5	12.8	15.4	.8	4.8	2.4	5.0											
Charlotte city	100.0	10.7	15.2	21.6	14.2	17.8	1.3	1.7	6.3	11.2											
Chicago city	100.0	9.4	21.2	30.3	9.7	12.5	1.8	1.2	3.6	10.1											
Cleveland city	100.0	11.2	11.9	37.5	9.8	11.6	5.1	1.4	6.5	5.0											
Columbus city	100.0	16.8	19.3	31.7	3.0	10.6	.8	(³)	5.5	12.3											
Dallas city	100.0	8.1	11.2	28.2	11.2	23.2	1.9	2.4	1.6	10.9											
Denver County/city	100.0	18.8	13.7	33.3	4.7	9.2	3.3	3.1	5.5	8.2											
Detroit city	100.0	7.9	11.1	39.3	10.3	6.7	1.0	1.3	9.9	12.4											
Fort Worth city	100.0	11.1	15.5	13.9	11.6	23.2	8.9	4.5	5.0	6.3											
Houston city	100.0	7.5	22.5	24.7	11.2	14.8	3.5	2.3	4.0	9.6											
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	7.1	12.1	20.3	9.2	17.7	(³)	4.3	7.5	21.9											
Jacksonville city	100.0	9.4	15.2	16.9	13.0	25.1	(³)	2.3	6.7	11.4											
Kansas City city	100.0	11.7	12.1	23.2	12.2	12.0	4.0	6.6	12.4	5.7											
Las Vegas city	100.0	11.7	14.5	24.8	14.8	15.3	(³)	1.4	1.2	16.3											
Los Angeles city	100.0	18.1	19.8	26.5	4.1	17.1	3.0	1.2	2.6	7.5											
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	8.5	13.7	27.2	5.7	17.6	.9	.6	14.2	11.7											
Memphis city	100.0	8.1	16.3	21.7	9.3	18.0	1.4	2.0	6.7	16.4											
Miami city	100.0	5.3	5.8	42.4	(³)	9.9	15.8	11.0	(³)	8.6											
Milwaukee city	100.0	5.1	12.2	36.6	8.9	11.9	1.5	(³)	14.4	9.4											
Minneapolis city	100.0	4.0	13.9	37.9	4.8	10.6	1.4	1.1	8.9	17.4											
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	5.6	20.3	21.7	13.9	19.2	1.4	3.6	3.4	10.5											
New Orleans city	100.0	5.6	14.6	34.5	19.2	15.4	2.3	2.4	3.9	2.0											
New York city	100.0	9.0	20.2	32.2	9.6	13.3	2.9	2.2	2.2	8.3											
Oakland city	100.0	17.5	25.8	18.6	7.5	16.2	8.3	1.5	.6	4.2											
Oklahoma City city	100.0	13.1	20.5	17.0	7.7	19.5	1.0	5.5	2.2	13.7											
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	8.2	21.5	29.1	7.2	12.8	5.6	2.9	4.9	7.6											
Phoenix city	100.0	11.0	17.2	21.7	14.9	20.2	1.5	4.2	1.2	8.2											
Portland city	100.0	11.5	17.1	21.8	9.3	16.9	(³)	(³)	2.0	21.6											
Sacramento city	100.0	8.8	7.0	53.8	21.2	6.6	2.7	(³)	(³)	(³)											
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	14.0	17.2	13.0	9.8	33.6	2.5	4.6	(³)	5.4											
San Diego city	100.0	7.2	15.4	34.1	12.4	16.7	2.1	2.7	1.0	8.3											
San Francisco County/city	100.0	14.6	20.1	32.6	6.0	15.9	(³)	(³)	2.1	8.6											
San Jose city	100.0	19.5	9.8	41.5	15.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	13.6											
Seattle city	100.0	7.6	26.1	29.5	5.2	8.9	2.5	(³)	6.3	14.0											
St. Louis city	100.0	2.9	19.4	36.4	5.7	18.5	1.3	(³)	.9	14.8											
Tulsa city	100.0	1.0	9.2	31.4	17.2	17.3	(³)	(³)	12.7	11.2											
Virginia Beach city	100.0	10.7	21.1	22.8	12.0	18.6	2.3	6.2	3.1	3.2											
Washington city	100.0	18.0	23.2	25.0	9.3	13.2	2.2	1.7	1.6	5.7											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- tation and material moving											
Asian																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	17.2	33.6	14.3	13.0	3.7	4.5	1.4	9.7	2.6											
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	5.8	61.5	18.1	9.0	5.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	3.2											
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	14.3	42.0	12.3	17.9	4.7	2.4	1.0	2.3												
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	26.4	38.2	12.9	5.0	8.1	1.9	1.5	5.6	.5											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	19.2	48.9	10.1	15.2	2.7	.8	(³)	3.0	(³)											
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	6.0	20.0	25.0	12.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	22.4	14.4											
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	27.2	16.2	7.1	16.3	17.5	(³)	(³)	12.2	3.4											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	23.3	34.1	11.6	12.2	8.5	.7	1.4	6.1	2.0											
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	10.3	28.9	22.9	13.6	5.5	(³)	(³)	13.3	5.4											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	29.0	40.5	25.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	1.5	3.2	(³)											
Columbus	100.0	10.7	32.0	29.3	8.8	10.2	(³)	4.6	1.4	3.1											
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	17.2	30.6	13.1	9.6	8.7	2.2	2.5	13.2	2.2											
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	8.1	34.3	18.1	9.8	12.4	(³)	4.0	11.1	2.2											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	16.2	54.5	11.5	5.9	3.5	.6	.2	4.5	3.1											
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	16.3	45.6	14.4	8.1	4.6	(³)	.3	9.3	1.4											
Honolulu	100.0	14.6	20.4	22.2	11.7	13.3	5.0	3.9	2.4	5.8											
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	11.1	36.8	16.9	9.7	7.8	1.0	5.7	8.9	2.1											
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	16.6	45.2	(³)	7.7	7.9	(³)	1.3	13.7	7.6											
Jacksonville	100.0	10.4	25.0	20.4	5.5	14.0	6.8	4.8	11.2	2.0											
Kansas City	100.0	11.6	34.5	19.2	4.5	10.4	.7	5.4	13.6	(³)											
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	9.3	17.6	33.9	14.3	13.5	.1	2.5	.8	7.9											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	16.3	30.2	14.6	13.1	13.8	.9	1.8	6.6	2.5											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	4.8	29.4	17.4	9.0	11.6	(³)	5.9	10.3	11.6											
Memphis	100.0	34.7	16.1	31.6	9.4	(³)	(³)	8.2	(³)	(³)											
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	17.0	16.6	29.9	11.0	11.2	1.4	6.9	(³)	6.1											
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	17.3	27.5	8.9	14.2	8.9	(³)	.8	17.8	4.6											
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	13.9	31.7	11.8	4.9	8.6	.7	1.5	24.3	2.6											
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	26.6	12.7	21.6	12.3	1.3	6.1	(³)	18.0	1.4											
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	10.0	5.8	30.0	13.0	2.6	(³)	(³)	6.6	32.0											
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	20.4	31.6	15.8	12.5	9.8	1.3	1.4	3.1	4.2											
Oklahoma City	100.0	18.4	39.3	8.5	5.6	8.8	10.3	5.1	4.1	(³)											
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	12.8	15.0	25.2	21.3	18.0	.6	1.8	(³)	5.2											
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	17.1	36.9	13.6	14.4	7.9	(³)	1.3	4.3	4.5											
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	24.3	35.0	23.2	3.2	5.7	4.4	(³)	4.4	(³)											
Pittsburgh	100.0	10.9	55.9	17.0	7.0	9.2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	11.2	33.5	19.9	9.6	5.9	1.1	3.0	10.2	4.1											
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	14.4	38.6	17.4	4.1	8.6	(³)	3.0	12.8	1.2											
Richmond	100.0	26.8	44.8	7.8	10.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	7.2	3.4											
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	15.4	36.1	14.4	10.7	9.8	.7	5.7	5.1	2.1											
Rochester	100.0	8.9	26.5	28.0	6.1	10.4	(³)	(³)	20.1	(³)											
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	24.6	29.3	18.6	11.7	8.3	.3	2.2	2.6	2.4											
Salt Lake City	100.0	14.5	37.5	3.2	10.9	14.6	(³)	5.6	11.4	2.2											
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	25.6	43.1	12.6	2.7	16.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	15.2	35.9	16.9	6.2	11.8	1.1	2.1	8.0	2.7											
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	22.0	30.9	16.4	10.5	11.2	1.4	1.8	3.0	2.9											
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	17.9	41.2	13.8	10.0	5.8	.8	1.7	6.0	2.8											
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	15.9	34.0	21.1	8.9	8.6	.8	1.8	6.9	2.0											
St. Louis ²	100.0	7.1	34.7	37.5	14.8	3.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	2.9											
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	3.5	21.7	31.6	8.4	6.7	.8	(³)	12.7	13.3											
Tulsa	100.0	22.2	19.7	30.3	8.7	(³)	(³)	7.4	11.6	(³)											
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	18.4	21.8	24.3	11.1	11.9	4.2	.6	2.6	5.1											
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	22.2	38.5	15.4	8.6	9.0	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.1											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	15.7	45.2	14.8	11.0	7.5	1.8	2.1	.7	1.2											
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	27.7	36.7	12.5	5.8	9.5	2.3	1.3	4.2	.2											
Camden	100.0	19.7	29.3	11.3	15.7	17.1	(³)	3.8	(³)	3.1											
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	22.7	34.1	11.1	12.5	8.8	.8	1.5	6.4	2.1											
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	18.3	37.1	12.9	10.3	7.4	1.7	2.1	6.9	2.0											
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	20.8	27.9	16.1	14.5	6.4	(³)	.8	8.7	4.8											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Asian																					
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Edison—New Brunswick	100.0	32.0	44.0	5.5	6.7	5.1	(³)	1.8	2.4	2.4											
Fort Lauderdale—Pompano Beach—Deerfield Beach	100.0	14.8	23.1	14.0	14.4	12.9	3.1	11.8	(³)	5.9											
Fort Worth—Arlington	100.0	13.9	11.9	13.6	7.6	12.3	3.5	3.5	30.9	2.7											
Los Angeles—Long Beach—Glendale	100.0	15.6	30.8	15.7	12.7	14.1	.8	1.8	5.7	2.5											
Miami—Miami Beach—Kendall	100.0	13.2	15.3	28.6	14.5	8.2	(³)	6.6	(³)	13.4											
Nassau—Suffolk	100.0	23.2	29.8	8.1	16.8	8.5	2.7	3.0	4.2	3.7											
New York—White Plains—Wayne	100.0	17.6	29.0	19.3	13.1	11.1	1.3	1.3	3.1	4.4											
Newark—Union	100.0	18.9	34.0	15.1	11.6	9.2	1.3	(³)	3.0	7.0											
Oakland—Fremont—Hayward	100.0	21.8	34.2	14.9	9.9	11.8	1.3	.9	3.2	2.1											
Philadelphia	100.0	15.2	38.3	14.9	14.0	4.9	(³)	.6	6.4	5.6											
San Francisco—San Mateo—Redwood City	100.0	22.2	26.5	18.4	11.2	10.5	1.5	2.9	2.7	3.9											
Santa Ana—Anaheim—Irvine	100.0	17.6	29.0	12.3	13.9	13.2	1.1	1.8	8.4	2.6											
Seattle—Bellevue—Everett	100.0	16.5	34.6	20.1	8.6	8.3	.8	2.0	7.0	2.0											
Warren—Troy—Farmington Hills	100.0	14.2	65.7	9.6	2.3	2.2	.9	(³)	2.7	2.3											
Washington—Arlington—Alexandria	100.0	24.9	35.7	15.6	7.6	9.6	.7	1.1	2.3	2.5											
West Palm Beach—Boca Raton—Boynton Beach	100.0	23.5	8.3	54.0	3.0	11.2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Cities:																					
Atlanta city	100.0	19.5	56.0	2.5	14.4	7.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Austin city	100.0	4.7	66.5	14.8	8.2	5.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Baltimore city	100.0	(³)	57.7	14.8	4.2	11.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	12.1											
Boston city	100.0	10.9	32.3	20.3	2.6	19.1	.9	2.7	10.5	.8											
Charlotte city	100.0	19.5	15.5	11.1	20.2	9.4	(³)	(³)	19.0	5.3											
Chicago city	100.0	26.1	31.7	18.2	8.9	6.0	(³)	1.3	2.7	5.0											
Columbus city	100.0	8.1	23.9	38.0	5.1	13.2	(³)	5.9	1.8	4.0											
Dallas city	100.0	17.0	71.9	2.5	8.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Denver County/city	100.0	4.3	34.9	18.3	16.3	9.2	(³)	6.0	11.2	(³)											
Fort Worth city	100.0	7.8	2.1	11.7	14.2	30.3	9.6	8.1	16.3	(³)											
Houston city	100.0	8.7	54.4	14.4	7.1	5.8	.6	1.6	5.3	2.1											
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	31.4	19.8	(³)	13.7	17.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	17.3											
Jacksonville city	100.0	4.1	21.3	20.6	1.3	18.1	9.5	6.7	15.7	2.8											
Kansas City city	100.0	15.7	46.3	6.8	(³)	23.1	2.4	2.4	3.3	(³)											
Las Vegas city	100.0	5.3	23.9	30.6	3.4	27.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.3											
Los Angeles city	100.0	18.0	31.1	16.6	12.0	11.7	1.4	2.3	4.8	2.2											
Louisville—Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	4.8	29.4	17.4	9.0	11.6	(³)	5.9	10.3	11.6											
Milwaukee city	100.0	4.8	(³)	20.6	6.2	2.4	(³)	(³)	51.5	14.5											
Minneapolis city	100.0	7.4	13.0	8.9	7.2	15.2	4.3	3.7	36.9	3.3											
Nashville—Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	26.5	11.9	24.9	9.7	1.5	7.1	(³)	16.7	1.7											
New York city	100.0	18.6	24.9	21.5	12.3	12.2	1.4	.5	3.4	5.1											
Oakland city	100.0	20.7	29.4	24.8	14.5	1.1	4.4	(³)	1.2	4.0											
Oklahoma City city	100.0	14.0	39.5	7.3	7.6	8.9	13.9	6.9	1.9	(³)											
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	7.8	31.7	32.8	6.3	9.7	(³)	1.9	3.9	5.8											
Phoenix city	100.0	20.1	25.7	32.3	3.8	7.5	10.7	(³)	(³)	(³)											
Portland city	100.0	9.2	30.7	21.5	9.6	8.4	(³)	2.7	11.0	6.8											
Sacramento city	100.0	22.8	17.4	27.9	12.9	9.9	1.4	5.4	2.2	(³)											
San Antonio—New Braunfels city	100.0	17.0	56.5	21.9	4.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)											
San Diego city	100.0	14.4	36.1	16.5	5.8	12.0	1.9	2.2	8.4	2.6											
San Francisco County/city	100.0	25.5	23.0	20.8	8.7	12.7	1.9	1.2	3.8	2.3											
San Jose city	100.0	14.3	38.2	16.6	10.1	5.1	1.4	1.8	8.6	3.9											
Seattle city	100.0	17.3	47.3	14.8	10.1	6.3	(³)	1.5	1.4	1.3											
Tulsa city	100.0	30.4	7.3	34.6	10.2	(³)	(³)	10.2	7.3	(³)											
Virginia Beach city	100.0	32.6	16.1	5.9	15.1	18.4	(³)	(³)	5.2	6.7											
Washington city	100.0	25.5	44.7	12.5	6.9	8.0	.2	.3	1.0	.8											
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Atlanta—Sandy Springs—Marietta	100.0	9.6	11.3	26.3	6.8	5.6	21.5	2.5	9.3	7.2											
Austin—Round Rock—San Marcos	100.0	11.5	8.3	26.4	9.2	8.4	16.0	5.9	7.1	7.1											
Baltimore—Towson	100.0	9.2	11.1	34.7	12.4	6.6	11.0	4.5	4.2	6.1											
Birmingham—Hoover	100.0	(³)	(³)	28.9	3.7	8.3	32.3	6.0	16.7	2.6											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving												
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving											
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity																					
Metropolitan areas:																					
Boston—Cambridge—Quincy	100.0	8.7	13.8	34.6	6.4	11.8	4.7	1.5	8.3	10.2											
Bridgeport—Stamford—Norwalk	100.0	16.5	17.0	25.0	9.0	11.9	9.8	2.8	3.9	4.1											
Buffalo—Niagara Falls	100.0	(³)	10.0	30.8	31.1	3.0	18.3	(³)	6.8	(³)											
Charlotte—Gastonia—Rock Hill	100.0	6.5	3.6	37.2	14.9	6.3	17.8	1.1	6.1	6.5											
Chicago—Joliet—Naperville	100.0	6.6	8.5	27.2	9.9	11.5	7.0	4.0	15.0	10.2											
Cincinnati—Middletown	100.0	.6	(³)	54.0	4.5	7.5	8.0	(³)	2.7	10.7											
Cleveland—Elyria—Mentor	100.0	2.7	16.7	30.3	11.9	10.4	4.2	7.1	13.7	3.1											
Columbus	100.0	8.7	2.6	52.1	2.8	12.1	8.5	3.0	1.1	9.0											
Dallas—Fort Worth—Arlington	100.0	7.0	8.8	23.4	9.0	10.9	16.5	4.5	9.3	10.5											
Denver—Aurora—Broomfield	100.0	10.0	10.8	23.5	10.4	13.8	14.9	3.9	5.5	7.1											
Detroit—Warren—Livonia	100.0	7.4	21.9	34.8	7.8	5.6	6.4	(³)	8.2	7.9											
Hartford—West Hartford—East Hartford	100.0	5.3	9.3	31.8	8.2	17.1	3.9	3.8	12.4	8.3											
Honolulu	100.0	11.0	16.9	19.2	9.6	18.8	6.2	5.3	5.2	7.8											
Houston—Sugar Land—Baytown	100.0	8.3	12.0	25.8	10.3	10.1	11.2	4.7	10.0	7.6											
Indianapolis—Carmel	100.0	10.7	7.3	23.9	10.5	10.4	11.7	1.5	15.3	8.7											
Jacksonville	100.0	11.2	20.0	7.8	16.4	19.7	8.3	8.2	8.4	(³)											
Kansas City	100.0	7.3	12.5	31.4	7.6	14.9	8.0	1.1	9.1	7.3											
Las Vegas—Paradise	100.0	7.5	9.1	39.5	11.1	9.2	7.4	3.6	6.3	6.2											
Los Angeles—Long Beach—Santa Ana	100.0	9.0	10.5	25.4	11.1	12.6	7.7	3.7	10.6	9.3											
Louisville—Jefferson County	100.0	2.1	9.7	43.1	(³)	2.9	14.0	(³)	14.8	9.8											
Memphis	100.0	6.8	7.3	35.2	10.0	16.9	8.0	3.6	7.2	4.9											
Miami—Fort Lauderdale—Pompano Beach	100.0	13.9	15.6	20.2	12.9	13.7	6.6	4.6	4.7	7.6											
Milwaukee—Waukesha—West Allis	100.0	7.5	9.3	21.5	7.3	10.0	6.4	2.3	21.6	14.0											
Minneapolis—St. Paul—Bloomington	100.0	8.5	13.3	33.0	7.5	7.9	7.1	2.0	10.6	9.7											
Nashville—Davidson—Murfreesboro—Franklin	100.0	1.2	3.4	31.6	9.4	5.0	26.1	3.9	5.5	12.0											
New Orleans—Metairie—Kenner	100.0	8.0	6.7	20.1	15.2	11.1	32.5	.6	(³)	5.8											
New York—Northern New Jersey—Long Island	100.0	8.0	13.4	29.8	9.9	12.1	7.4	3.5	6.4	9.2											
Oklahoma City	100.0	3.6	5.7	23.7	6.0	5.1	37.6	5.5	10.3	2.3											
Orlando—Kissimmee—Sanford	100.0	13.8	12.8	28.2	13.1	14.6	4.9	2.6	3.2	6.2											
Philadelphia—Camden—Wilmington	100.0	9.6	15.8	26.3	12.4	12.3	7.2	3.6	4.7	6.8											
Phoenix—Mesa—Glendale	100.0	9.4	11.9	29.6	7.9	12.8	11.6	4.7	6.8	4.4											
Pittsburgh	100.0	(³)	37.2	43.3	4.4	(³)	4.3	(³)	10.7	(³)											
Portland—Vancouver—Hillsboro	100.0	6.6	10.4	26.8	7.4	12.3	8.4	2.2	11.4	11.7											
Providence—Fall River—Warwick	100.0	4.4	13.7	30.0	8.1	8.5	5.5	3.5	16.0	10.2											
Richmond	100.0	9.8	16.2	21.3	4.9	7.0	18.3	10.8	4.8	7.0											
Riverside—San Bernardino—Ontario	100.0	6.6	10.1	24.4	10.7	12.9	9.5	5.9	7.4	11.9											
Rochester	100.0	8.0	12.4	43.3	13.3	4.3	6.7	5.3	1.7	5.0											
Sacramento—Arden—Arcade—Roseville	100.0	11.7	7.4	27.7	9.9	8.8	11.5	3.4	5.3	9.9											
Salt Lake City	100.0	4.7	7.1	26.7	8.3	10.8	11.7	3.1	12.9	13.2											
San Antonio—New Braunfels	100.0	10.2	14.2	20.9	10.7	16.9	8.5	3.9	6.8	7.7											
San Diego—Carlsbad—San Marcos	100.0	10.7	14.9	31.2	12.6	10.3	7.6	3.6	4.2	4.8											
San Francisco—Oakland—Fremont	100.0	10.9	10.9	29.6	9.6	9.0	12.9	2.5	6.7	7.5											
San Jose—Sunnyvale—Santa Clara	100.0	8.3	9.2	32.6	13.4	11.7	10.8	1.5	5.5	6.5											
Seattle—Tacoma—Bellevue	100.0	15.4	14.1	27.9	9.4	9.2	14.2	.6	3.9	4.7											
St. Louis ²	100.0	13.7	19.8	27.7	7.3	15.9	6.2	3.6	3.7	(³)											
Tampa—St. Petersburg—Clearwater	100.0	8.5	19.3	25.5	9.4	13.0	7.7	5.2	5.9	4.2											
Tulsa	100.0	17.1	3.8	24.8	3.3	7.4	23.8	7.9	5.8	6.0											
Virginia Beach—Norfolk—Newport News	100.0	17.7	30.2	10.4	8.2	8.3	16.4	5.5	(³)	3.4											
Washington—Arlington—Alexandria	100.0	11.2	11.1	29.9	9.0	6.9	20.3	3.1	4.3	3.7											
Metropolitan divisions:																					
Bethesda—Rockville—Frederick	100.0	15.0	12.1	30.3	7.7	6.3	17.1	3.3	4.2	3.1											
Boston—Cambridge—Quincy	100.0	9.6	15.9	34.3	5.3	9.5	4.8	1.2	8.6	10.8											
Camden	100.0	12.8	12.3	40.2	.8	13.9	4.6	6.8	2.4	6.2											
Chicago—Joliet—Naperville	100.0	6.4	9.3	27.2	9.6	10.8	7.0	3.8	15.5	10.3											
Dallas—Plano—Irving	100.0	7.0	9.2	23.3	9.0	10.7	17.0	4.9	8.9	9.8											
Detroit—Livonia—Dearborn	100.0	6.6	14.8	43.7	6.8	7.0	3.2	(³)	11.7	6.2											
Edison—New Brunswick	100.0	6.9	11.3	22.2	9.2	9.8	10.7	1.9	14.2	13.3											
Fort Lauderdale—Pompano Beach—Deerfield Beach	100.0	16.5	14.1	20.3	13.8	16.1	4.1	6.7	3.3	5.0											
Fort Worth—Arlington	100.0	7.0	7.6	23.5	8.9	11.4	15.2	3.4	10.4	12.6											
Los Angeles—Long Beach—Glendale	100.0	8.8	11.0	24.6	11.2	12.8	7.4	4.0	10.2	9.9											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related		Service	Sales and office		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving			
		Manage- ment, business, and financial operations	Professional and related		Sales and related	Office and admini- strative support	Construc- tion and extraction	Installations, main- tenance, and repair	Produc- tion	Transpor- ta- tion and material moving		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Metropolitan divisions:												
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	13.8	16.7	19.8	13.0	13.0	6.2	4.1	4.9	8.3		
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	13.6	14.7	26.4	8.7	11.8	7.1	4.1	4.9	8.6		
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	7.1	13.6	33.3	10.1	12.2	6.8	3.7	5.1	7.9		
Newark–Union	100.0	10.4	12.5	16.7	10.5	13.8	8.8	3.5	9.2	14.3		
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	12.3	8.5	24.7	9.7	11.0	14.7	2.8	7.7	8.5		
Philadelphia	100.0	9.8	18.6	21.0	17.7	12.4	7.8	2.6	4.0	6.2		
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	8.3	15.4	38.9	9.2	5.0	9.6	2.0	5.0	5.7		
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	9.8	8.8	28.5	10.8	12.2	8.6	2.3	12.3	6.7		
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	18.0	15.7	26.5	9.8	7.8	11.4	.8	4.1	5.4		
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	8.5	31.3	23.2	9.3	3.6	10.5	(³)	3.6	10.0		
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	10.0	10.7	29.7	9.4	7.1	21.3	3.1	4.3	3.9		
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	9.8	11.0	22.3	10.5	14.4	13.7	4.7	5.9	7.4		
Cities:												
Atlanta city	100.0	16.1	42.2	16.5	2.7	15.7	6.8	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Austin city	100.0	10.4	8.8	23.2	8.4	9.7	21.9	5.3	7.1	5.0		
Baltimore city	100.0	8.9	9.8	23.2	19.7	5.9	19.7	4.4	8.5	(³)		
Boston city	100.0	12.3	12.5	42.1	5.8	8.1	(³)	(³)	1.1	18.1		
Charlotte city	100.0	3.6	3.2	48.0	18.3	4.4	13.3	(³)	4.3	5.0		
Chicago city	100.0	6.5	11.1	32.2	9.4	7.5	8.2	2.9	11.4	10.7		
Cleveland city	100.0	1.5	7.2	24.8	6.1	12.7	3.4	9.6	28.3	6.5		
Columbus city	100.0	10.5	3.1	47.6	2.4	10.5	10.1	3.6	1.3	10.8		
Dallas city	100.0	4.4	4.1	24.8	8.2	9.0	25.6	4.2	7.6	12.2		
Denver County/city	100.0	9.2	7.4	24.8	5.4	12.5	21.1	2.1	7.6	9.4		
Detroit city	100.0	(³)	2.3	79.8	(³)	3.5	6.8	(³)	7.6	(³)		
Fort Worth city	100.0	5.8	5.4	28.8	11.5	11.8	13.1	5.5	10.3	7.8		
Houston city	100.0	6.8	10.8	25.3	9.2	9.7	14.8	6.2	10.0	7.0		
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	4.1	5.0	27.4	11.5	6.6	18.3	2.4	20.0	4.6		
Jacksonville city	100.0	7.9	19.7	7.1	16.3	19.4	9.7	8.3	11.6	(³)		
Kansas City city	100.0	2.4	9.0	25.8	(³)	23.2	29.5	(³)	10.1	(³)		
Las Vegas city	100.0	8.0	7.7	41.0	10.6	7.1	10.0	3.1	6.9	5.3		
Los Angeles city	100.0	8.4	10.4	26.0	10.4	10.7	9.5	3.6	11.9	9.0		
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	2.6	7.9	47.1	(³)	3.8	8.0	(³)	18.0	12.6		
Memphis city	100.0	(³)	13.0	30.2	3.4	17.8	12.5	9.8	(³)	13.4		
Miami city	100.0	6.7	8.6	35.1	8.4	13.1	11.9	1.8	3.5	10.9		
Milwaukee city	100.0	4.9	12.3	23.9	6.4	6.4	8.7	3.2	17.0	17.2		
Minneapolis city	100.0	4.0	12.6	46.6	6.8	4.1	6.1	(³)	9.8	10.0		
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	1.1	1.2	37.6	12.0	5.0	20.3	2.2	2.2	18.6		
New Orleans city	100.0	9.0	28.9	18.5	7.1	19.1	17.5	(³)	(³)	(³)		
New York city	100.0	6.7	13.7	35.7	10.0	12.6	6.1	3.3	4.9	6.9		
Oakland city	100.0	7.8	12.1	26.0	4.8	4.3	29.3	2.4	6.4	6.4		
Oklahoma City city	100.0	2.2	2.9	27.3	5.7	.7	44.6	6.6	7.9	1.9		
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	6.8	13.6	20.8	19.5	12.4	10.3	2.5	4.3	9.7		
Phoenix city	100.0	6.9	13.0	33.6	7.8	10.9	10.4	5.6	5.3	6.4		
Portland city	100.0	6.4	7.6	18.6	11.4	14.0	10.2	(³)	15.3	15.5		
Sacramento city	100.0	11.2	3.8	34.4	9.2	4.1	13.7	5.4	5.5	12.7		
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	10.3	15.1	21.8	11.3	17.8	7.0	3.6	6.7	6.4		
San Diego city	100.0	8.9	11.9	36.2	12.6	9.1	8.2	3.9	4.4	4.8		
San Francisco County/city	100.0	9.3	19.1	41.8	11.1	4.6	8.1	1.5	4.1	.4		
San Jose city	100.0	8.0	7.2	32.1	12.9	13.8	10.7	1.6	5.7	8.0		
Seattle city	100.0	37.3	13.4	28.6	8.8	8.9	(³)	.8	2.1	(³)		
Tulsa city	100.0	14.8	5.3	32.1	1.5	5.6	20.4	6.7	5.2	8.5		
Virginia Beach city	100.0	21.3	15.8	14.3	22.9	25.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)		
Washington city	100.0	18.7	18.3	41.1	5.2	4.6	8.0	1.5	1.6	.7		

¹ Includes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2013 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable	Nondurable		
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	6.6	6.9	8.4	9.8	6.4	5.6	4.8
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.5	(²)	4.3	(²)
Baltimore–Towson	6.3	13.2	6.8	7.5	5.7	7.2	5.1
Birmingham–Hoover	6.1	8.2	8.4	6.8	(²)	9.8	5.3
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	5.6	7.9	7.0	7.9	5.3	7.1	4.6
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	7.6	10.4	6.1	4.8	9.0	9.4	7.5
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	6.8	10.2	4.7	3.3	(²)	4.0	5.1
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	7.5	6.7	7.1	7.9	5.9	7.5	5.5
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	7.6	14.4	6.7	5.2	9.5	6.8	8.4
Cincinnati–Middletown	6.0	12.9	3.7	3.6	3.8	5.2	7.3
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	6.9	11.6	7.9	8.8	6.1	10.7	8.7
Columbus	7.0	7.2	10.1	8.7	11.8	6.6	5.3
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	5.5	5.6	4.0	3.1	5.8	6.1	4.4
Dayton	7.8	11.2	16.6	10.6	24.1	8.7	(²)
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	5.8	7.8	5.9	4.6	8.6	7.5	2.8
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	7.8	13.8	6.7	6.6	7.3	9.5	6.4
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	6.2	8.6	7.1	6.8	8.3	11.5	6.4
Honolulu	4.2	10.9	7.7	(²)	(²)	5.4	2.5
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	5.4	5.5	5.9	5.3	6.8	7.2	4.3
Indianapolis–Carmel	6.8	6.5	6.1	8.9	2.7	9.3	9.7
Jacksonville	5.6	5.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.8	2.6
Kansas City	6.0	10.9	7.0	4.9	10.5	6.9	4.7
Las Vegas–Paradise	9.4	23.1	10.8	12.7	8.7	11.5	12.0
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	7.9	10.2	6.6	5.0	9.1	9.0	7.7
Louisville–Jefferson County	7.0	6.2	8.0	5.7	12.4	9.5	2.4
Memphis	9.7	17.8	9.5	9.7	8.8	6.8	6.8
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	6.7	13.5	9.3	13.1	3.8	6.2	4.5
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	6.9	15.7	5.6	6.2	4.3	6.1	12.7
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	4.6	6.4	3.4	4.4	1.0	5.4	5.1
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	4.9	9.5	8.1	9.2	(²)	7.4	(²)
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	7.0	15.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.2	4.6
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	7.1	11.0	6.6	10.1	3.4	8.6	9.3
Oklahoma City	3.9	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.9	(²)
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	6.5	7.6	10.0	9.8	(²)	5.0	4.8
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	7.0	15.5	6.1	7.8	4.7	8.9	8.4
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	5.8	4.1	5.5	4.0	(²)	7.0	4.3
Pittsburgh	6.9	13.6	4.6	3.6	6.4	11.4	4.7
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	6.8	13.7	5.0	4.4	7.1	9.9	3.5
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	8.0	11.6	9.9	9.6	10.9	11.0	8.5
Richmond	5.1	8.0	3.8	(²)	(²)	4.2	(²)
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	11.9	18.3	11.8	9.2	18.3	14.4	12.7
Rochester	7.4	20.3	3.4	2.7	(²)	8.3	(²)
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	7.6	11.6	6.6	7.7	(²)	7.2	9.4
Salt Lake City	3.7	6.2	5.5	4.5	(²)	3.7	4.2
San Antonio–New Braunfels	5.4	11.2	13.7	11.7	(²)	4.0	1.9
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	5.6	7.5	6.5	5.0	(²)	6.6	8.1
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	6.3	6.9	11.1	9.9	13.4	6.7	4.2
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	5.7	12.3	7.8	8.1	(²)	5.3	(²)
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	5.0	12.9	3.1	2.9	4.2	4.3	6.2
St. Louis ³	5.9	15.5	3.6	3.2	4.1	5.4	5.0
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	6.0	7.1	3.8	2.4	(²)	5.2	3.4
Tulsa	5.2	(²)	12.2	10.5	(²)	6.4	(²)
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	6.7	10.6	4.0	3.4	(²)	7.8	4.7
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	4.8	5.3	4.2	3.4	5.7	7.4	4.6
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	4.8	7.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.1	(²)
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	5.8	7.3	9.1	9.8	8.0	7.9	4.7
Camden	7.0	16.3	6.4	6.9	(²)	8.3	9.4
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	7.9	15.5	7.2	5.5	10.1	6.8	8.9
Dallas–Plano–Irving	5.3	5.4	4.1	2.9	6.5	6.6	5.1
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	9.7	18.3	10.9	10.6	13.1	10.5	9.2
Edison–New Brunswick	7.8	12.7	4.8	9.2	2.4	8.6	18.0
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	7.1	14.0	8.6	(²)	(²)	4.3	3.2
Fort Worth–Arlington	5.9	6.2	3.8	3.5	4.4	5.2	3.2
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	8.6	12.6	6.6	5.1	8.7	9.9	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	4.0	3.5	7.9	6.7	10.1	5.2	4.1
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	(²)	6.9	4.0	2.3	10.3	2.1	6.1
Baltimore–Towson	6.8	3.4	6.0	5.4	7.6	8.1	2.0
Birmingham–Hoover	(²)	2.6	6.1	3.0	13.8	(²)	(²)
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	6.0	3.6	5.2	3.6	7.8	9.7	4.1
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	4.3	8.5	7.8	5.8	9.6	7.4	(²)
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	(²)	4.3	4.8	4.9	11.9	(²)	(²)
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	1.8	6.1	9.0	7.4	12.3	2.5	8.9
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	6.8	3.9	10.4	5.1	11.0	5.6	4.8
Cincinnati–Middletown	(²)	4.8	8.9	3.5	8.0	4.3	1.9
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	(²)	2.2	9.1	3.5	8.2	9.7	.7
Columbus	(²)	2.5	9.2	6.0	13.6	8.5	(⁴)
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	1.7	4.1	7.2	4.1	7.9	7.0	5.1
Dayton	(²)	2.4	4.6	4.9	7.8	(²)	(²)
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	2.4	3.5	6.9	3.9	9.5	5.5	2.7
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	5.1	2.7	9.3	6.5	12.2	3.7	7.8
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	(²)	4.2	6.6	3.3	9.2	4.9	4.4
Honolulu	(²)	2.5	5.0	2.2	4.3	3.3	1.4
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	6.8	6.8	5.1	3.2	9.2	7.8	1.7
Indianapolis–Carmel	(²)	5.8	5.6	4.0	11.8	10.9	3.7
Jacksonville	(²)	1.9	8.8	2.3	13.5	4.8	(²)
Kansas City	2.3	3.3	6.8	4.4	7.9	3.1	4.3
Las Vegas–Paradise	11.2	7.2	9.0	6.9	6.4	11.9	4.6
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	8.8	6.8	8.5	6.1	10.1	9.2	2.4
Louisville–Jefferson County	(²)	2.6	10.9	4.9	11.6	11.1	(⁴)
Memphis	(²)	9.0	16.6	9.3	5.1	11.4	9.7
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	7.3	2.6	8.5	4.8	7.3	8.8	4.1
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	(²)	4.2	13.8	2.2	11.5	4.3	4.7
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	2.4	3.0	6.6	2.8	7.8	4.0	2.3
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	(²)	3.6	3.6	1.7	7.5	3.2	(²)
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	(²)	3.6	8.1	5.0	7.6	3.5	(²)
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	6.1	5.5	7.1	5.5	9.5	7.4	2.9
Oklahoma City	(²)	(²)	3.4	2.4	8.2	(²)	2.6
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	(²)	6.9	9.0	6.4	6.1	7.1	2.6
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	6.2	6.2	8.2	3.8	8.7	5.9	1.4
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	(²)	2.9	6.6	4.6	11.3	3.9	5.3
Pittsburgh	(²)	3.1	9.0	4.7	9.4	7.0	2.6
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	3.1	5.5	8.2	3.3	10.5	4.3	2.7
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	10.8	4.4	10.9	4.5	11.2	4.9	1.6
Richmond	(²)	1.2	6.5	3.9	10.9	(²)	2.4
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	27.8	13.7	15.6	5.9	11.9	10.5	6.9
Rochester	(²)	10.2	7.1	3.9	12.5	(²)	2.0
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	(²)	10.1	8.8	5.5	8.5	12.7	1.4
Salt Lake City	(²)	3.4	5.3	2.3	3.5	(²)	(²)
San Antonio–New Braunfels	(²)	.3	4.6	2.4	8.9	7.8	4.0
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	(²)	1.2	7.1	3.9	5.6	7.3	1.7
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	5.9	3.9	6.2	4.5	8.0	8.1	4.9
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	(²)	5.8	2.3	4.6	4.4	(²)	(²)
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	10.2	2.6	4.6	2.6	7.6	7.6	3.1
St. Louis ³	(²)	2.7	7.6	3.8	9.2	5.3	1.7
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	8.1	3.7	6.0	5.1	12.4	7.1	4.9
Tulsa	(²)	(²)	8.7	1.5	7.5	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	(²)	2.3	10.3	4.2	12.3	5.3	2.3
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	9.0	1.8	4.7	4.4	7.6	3.7	2.7
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	(²)	2.0	5.3	3.8	9.3	2.1	3.4
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	7.4	4.5	5.7	3.4	7.6	10.1	3.9
Camden	(²)	7.2	10.8	2.4	8.4	(²)	2.2
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	7.3	3.7	10.8	5.4	10.6	6.4	4.3
Dallas–Plano–Irving	1.3	3.2	6.7	3.8	8.5	6.1	6.4
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	(²)	.5	13.3	9.7	11.3	2.4	8.6
Edison–New Brunswick	5.1	7.4	9.2	5.3	8.2	8.1	2.6
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	(²)	4.3	13.4	4.8	7.0	8.5	4.6
Fort Worth–Arlington	(²)	6.6	8.7	4.9	6.7	9.2	3.2
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	9.7	7.6	9.1	6.1	11.9	9.1	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable	Nondurable		
Metropolitan divisions:							
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	7.3	18.4	9.7	13.8	4.5	8.3	6.1
Nassau–Suffolk	5.0	6.8	3.5	5.2	(²)	4.7	4.2
New York–White Plains–Wayne	7.6	12.0	8.5	11.6	5.1	9.9	9.9
Newark–Union	6.5	9.9	5.7	10.7	1.9	8.7	8.2
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	7.0	8.3	10.5	12.4	6.7	7.9	4.1
Philadelphia	7.1	16.4	6.5	8.4	5.0	9.3	7.5
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	5.2	(²)	12.4	(²)	(²)	4.9	(²)
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	6.0	4.0	6.5	4.8	9.9	6.4	5.3
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	4.6	11.4	1.5	1.2	(²)	4.8	5.4
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	6.8	11.8	4.6	4.6	4.7	9.0	3.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	4.8	4.7	5.6	4.4	8.1	7.8	4.7
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	5.1	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.1	(²)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	3.2	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
Austin city	4.1	1.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.3	(²)
Baltimore city	10.7	23.9	10.8	(²)	(²)	11.7	10.9
Boston city	6.6	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
Charlotte city	6.2	(²)	9.2	(²)	(²)	10.2	(²)
Chicago city	10.1	16.9	12.2	7.3	18.7	12.3	11.7
Cleveland city	13.0	22.4	20.8	27.1	12.1	27.3	(²)
Columbus city	6.7	(²)	8.3	(²)	(²)	6.2	(²)
Dallas city	6.9	5.1	8.4	(²)	(²)	12.2	7.7
Denver County/city	6.9	12.2	3.6	(²)	(²)	7.8	(²)
Detroit city	16.4	42.8	22.3	21.0	(²)	23.0	7.4
Fort Worth city	6.5	8.0	2.5	(²)	(²)	6.0	(²)
Houston city	6.0	3.9	8.6	7.2	(²)	7.2	6.1
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	9.7	9.7	9.3	16.1	4.2	10.6	16.3
Jacksonville city	6.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.0	3.5
Kansas City city	5.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.1	(²)
Las Vegas city	11.1	20.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	15.0	10.9
Los Angeles city	9.6	11.2	7.8	8.8	6.8	9.7	12.2
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	7.2	(²)	6.7	3.5	(²)	12.1	3.2
Memphis city	12.3	30.9	16.3	(²)	(²)	5.5	9.8
Miami city	7.0	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
Milwaukee city	11.1	23.3	9.8	11.8	6.9	12.4	22.7
Minneapolis city	5.8	(²)	2.5	(²)	(²)	8.3	(²)
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	4.3	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
New Orleans city	9.6	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
New York city	7.7	13.6	8.7	16.3	2.0	9.7	11.7
Oakland city	8.0	8.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	3.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.1	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	11.1	17.8	10.6	12.2	9.5	17.2	11.1
Phoenix city	7.5	4.8	7.3	2.5	(²)	9.7	6.3
Portland city	6.9	7.8	6.2	6.6	(²)	13.6	(²)
Sacramento city	10.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	12.8	(²)
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	5.6	14.5	13.5	(²)	(²)	4.7	(²)
San Diego city	5.1	(²)	8.9	6.0	(²)	3.7	(²)
San Francisco County/city	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.3	(²)
San Jose city	6.5	(²)	7.4	7.9	(²)	6.6	(²)
Seattle city	5.4	(²)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(²)	5.3	(²)
St. Louis city	11.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.9	(²)
Tulsa city	6.3	(²)	16.8	(²)	(²)	7.5	(²)
Virginia Beach city	4.9	(²)	(²)	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})	(^{2})
Washington city	8.1	19.6	15.2	(²)	17.2	14.4	12.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Metropolitan divisions:							
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	8.7	2.0	7.1	4.3	8.0	7.9	5.8
Nassau–Suffolk	5.2	3.9	5.4	4.8	9.6	6.4	.7
New York–White Plains–Wayne	6.5	6.1	7.0	5.8	9.9	7.8	2.9
Newark–Union	(²)	2.9	7.0	5.3	8.2	(²)	6.6
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	6.2	6.3	7.4	4.3	9.1	9.3	4.2
Philadelphia	6.7	6.4	7.7	4.3	8.3	6.2	1.2
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	(²)	.4	4.8	4.8	6.8	6.6	(²)
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	(²)	5.2	7.1	6.1	4.2	9.8	4.1
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	(²)	2.6	4.1	2.6	7.5	7.3	(²)
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	(²)	4.0	7.2	4.7	12.8	4.7	7.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	9.9	1.7	4.5	4.6	7.2	4.2	2.5
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	(²)	1.4	5.0	6.0	6.5	11.2	(²)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	(²)	(²)	5.2	1.8	7.1	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	(²)	1.3	10.2	9.8	14.2	13.3	5.1
Boston city	(²)	9.9	8.2	3.4	6.1	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	(²)	4.8	6.7	5.6	5.9	(²)	(²)
Chicago city	10.1	4.0	13.2	7.2	13.1	5.3	3.2
Cleveland city	(²)	(²)	6.0	5.0	10.4	11.1	(²)
Columbus city	(²)	4.8	8.1	5.2	8.1	(²)	(²)
Dallas city	(²)	1.8	9.1	3.7	8.1	8.3	(²)
Denver County/city	(²)	.8	8.1	4.8	9.9	(²)	(²)
Detroit city	(²)	(²)	20.4	13.6	18.4	2.7	(²)
Fort Worth city	(²)	5.8	11.6	5.2	5.9	(²)	(²)
Houston city	(²)	10.8	6.2	2.8	9.4	10.2	1.4
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(²)	8.5	7.9	7.2	13.1	(²)	6.4
Jacksonville city	(²)	3.1	12.8	2.8	22.1	2.9	(²)
Kansas City city	(²)	(²)	2.7	6.7	(²)	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	17.3	8.2	13.6	9.5	6.7	15.2	(⁴)
Los Angeles city	10.4	8.7	11.1	6.6	11.9	9.3	4.2
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(²)	2.0	11.2	6.3	9.4	9.7	(²)
Memphis city	(²)	10.0	19.9	11.7	5.8	16.5	5.8
Miami city	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	(²)	8.8	15.1	4.2	15.2	10.8	(²)
Minneapolis city	(²)	3.5	7.7	4.7	3.5	(²)	(²)
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.3	10.4	(²)	(²)
New York city	6.7	5.1	6.7	6.5	9.1	7.1	3.9
Oakland city	(²)	(²)	5.3	6.9	11.5	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	(²)	6.4	16.8	7.5	12.9	10.6	.7
Phoenix city	(²)	2.9	9.1	5.0	13.6	3.9	7.0
Portland city	(²)	3.5	7.6	3.6	10.6	6.2	(²)
Sacramento city	(²)	(²)	7.0	12.8	13.9	(²)	2.0
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	(²)	(⁴)	3.3	3.1	8.0	(²)	(²)
San Diego city	(²)	1.1	4.9	4.9	3.8	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	(²)	(²)	5.4	5.7	6.7	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	(²)	(²)	3.0	5.7	6.1	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	(²)	(²)	4.0	2.7	9.3	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	(²)	(²)	12.0	2.0	4.4	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	10.1	4.8	5.9	10.0	9.3	6.5	4.4

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	7.0	7.8	4.4	3.4	14.6	7.2				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	8.5	8.1	6.7	1.5	10.9	2.5				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	6.4	6.1	3.6	2.5	13.9	3.9				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	7.1	10.6	8.4	2.2	14.4	6.4				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	5.1	8.6	5.6	3.0	12.0	3.4				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	5.9	8.1	5.7	2.5	11.1	2.5				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	6.0	13.1	8.4	4.7	16.9	5.2				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	6.9	10.2	6.0	4.2	14.8	5.2				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	5.4	11.4	7.4	4.0	13.4	6.5				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	5.1	14.4	9.2	5.2	14.2	5.8				
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	5.1	15.3	10.4	4.9	11.3	3.1				
Columbus	100.0	4.9	8.7	4.7	4.0	14.4	6.4				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	8.2	9.6	6.4	3.2	13.5	6.8				
Dayton	100.0	6.3	11.7	7.0	4.7	12.6	4.8				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	7.7	5.6	3.9	1.7	12.5	5.3				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	4.5	18.2	15.4	2.9	13.2	4.5				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	6.3	13.3	10.2	3.1	10.6	3.7				
Honolulu	100.0	7.5	3.1	1.6	1.5	13.8	7.3				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	7.9	10.8	6.7	4.1	12.7	6.0				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	6.4	12.5	6.7	5.8	12.6	5.2				
Jacksonville	100.0	5.9	4.9	3.8	1.2	14.3	7.4				
Kansas City	100.0	6.3	10.2	6.5	3.7	14.0	4.4				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	5.4	3.1	1.6	1.5	14.5	5.2				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	5.8	11.9	7.4	4.5	13.3	4.9				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	4.3	10.5	7.0	3.4	13.1	7.3				
Memphis	100.0	4.8	7.9	5.5	2.3	14.1	15.6				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	6.2	4.7	2.6	2.0	14.4	6.3				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	4.9	16.6	11.5	5.1	13.5	3.1				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	4.8	13.8	9.5	4.3	13.4	5.0				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	7.0	9.4	5.2	4.2	12.3	4.4				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	9.3	5.0	2.0	3.1	15.1	6.6				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	5.7	6.3	2.9	3.4	12.4	5.5				
Oklahoma City	100.0	8.1	6.2	4.8	1.4	14.9	5.3				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	5.9	4.2	3.2	1.0	14.7	5.9				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	5.7	9.7	4.4	5.4	13.3	5.0				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	7.2	7.0	5.6	1.3	13.9	5.1				
Pittsburgh	100.0	5.6	11.1	7.1	4.0	13.2	4.7				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	7.2	13.4	10.2	3.2	12.9	6.5				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	6.5	10.4	7.8	2.6	12.9	2.9				
Richmond	100.0	6.5	7.6	4.4	3.2	13.3	5.1				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	7.7	8.7	6.4	2.4	14.3	6.5				
Rochester	100.0	4.1	10.7	7.3	3.4	13.2	3.6				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	6.8	5.0	2.5	2.5	13.6	4.2				
Salt Lake City	100.0	6.4	10.1	7.4	2.8	16.1	6.2				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	8.5	5.6	3.8	1.9	13.7	4.6				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	6.3	8.2	6.7	1.5	14.0	4.0				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	6.5	7.0	4.7	2.3	12.6	4.7				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	4.9	18.4	17.2	1.2	10.8	3.2				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	5.7	12.0	10.0	2.1	14.2	4.7				
St. Louis ²	100.0	5.7	10.4	6.7	3.7	14.2	5.5				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	7.9	6.0	4.3	1.7	15.2	4.3				
Tulsa	100.0	6.3	11.4	8.6	2.8	15.5	5.7				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	6.9	8.9	7.3	1.6	13.1	3.3				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	7.6	2.5	1.6	.9	9.1	3.7				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	7.0	2.9	1.7	1.2	10.0	2.5				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	4.7	7.4	4.5	2.9	10.3	2.8				
Camden	100.0	5.8	8.2	4.4	3.8	15.6	6.0				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	5.2	11.1	7.1	4.0	13.5	6.6				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	8.3	9.1	6.0	3.1	13.0	6.3				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	3.7	16.0	13.7	2.3	14.1	6.3				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	6.8	9.6	3.3	6.3	13.5	2.9				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	5.2	3.8	2.4	1.5	16.1	5.6				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	8.0	10.7	7.2	3.5	14.6	8.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	2.9	7.0	18.0	17.6	9.0	5.1	3.7
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	3.3	7.1	17.3	21.2	8.2	6.7	4.8
Baltimore–Towson	2.0	6.3	14.2	24.0	8.3	4.5	10.0
Birmingham–Hoover	2.8	9.7	9.1	22.3	5.8	5.4	3.7
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.2	8.3	15.6	27.3	8.3	4.9	4.2
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	2.3	14.5	15.8	24.9	7.9	5.1	1.9
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	1.1	6.6	11.2	23.6	8.8	4.6	2.7
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	3.7	10.0	11.6	19.3	10.9	5.1	2.1
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.2	7.3	14.3	21.8	9.4	4.3	3.8
Cincinnati–Middletown	1.2	6.0	11.4	20.4	12.2	4.3	3.4
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	1.6	7.6	10.6	26.6	9.4	5.0	3.5
Columbus	2.1	10.7	10.8	22.0	8.6	5.1	4.8
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	2.6	9.2	13.0	18.2	8.5	6.3	2.7
Dayton	2.6	6.1	9.4	25.5	12.3	3.8	4.0
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	3.8	8.8	15.1	20.2	10.4	4.7	4.4
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	1.6	6.2	11.3	22.3	9.6	5.2	3.1
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	1.9	12.4	10.0	26.0	6.9	4.3	4.2
Honolulu	1.1	5.9	10.4	21.1	14.1	5.0	9.4
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	1.1	5.8	12.7	21.7	8.5	5.2	3.7
Indianapolis–Carmel	2.4	6.8	14.6	20.9	8.4	4.5	4.6
Jacksonville	2.3	11.8	11.8	20.6	8.9	6.3	5.4
Kansas City	3.1	7.6	14.1	21.6	8.2	5.6	3.3
Las Vegas–Paradise	1.8	6.0	12.2	13.8	29.4	3.8	4.6
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	3.7	7.7	13.9	19.1	10.8	5.7	3.0
Louisville–Jefferson County	1.2	9.6	10.3	23.9	10.5	4.6	3.7
Memphis .....	.9	4.9	10.4	19.5	11.7	4.7	5.4
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	2.4	8.4	14.0	21.5	11.3	6.3	4.1
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	1.8	7.1	11.9	25.5	7.0	5.6	3.0
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	1.8	9.2	12.9	22.1	8.4	4.8	3.2
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	4.0	8.7	10.3	21.5	11.8	5.6	4.0
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner .....	.7	6.5	11.2	20.2	14.6	6.0	2.8
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	3.4	10.0	14.4	24.9	8.8	4.4	4.2
Oklahoma City	2.0	5.2	11.6	22.0	7.8	4.4	7.1
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	2.6	7.8	15.3	16.3	18.6	5.0	3.2
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	2.0	7.9	12.8	25.7	9.1	4.1	4.2
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	1.6	11.4	15.5	18.2	10.0	5.7	3.6
Pittsburgh	2.5	7.8	8.9	27.2	10.0	3.9	3.8
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	2.1	6.2	12.4	20.0	9.1	5.6	3.0
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	1.4	7.0	10.9	28.1	10.1	5.3	4.0
Richmond .....	.9	10.8	12.8	21.4	9.0	5.0	6.9
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	1.1	4.4	10.6	23.8	10.8	6.2	5.1
Rochester	2.9	5.4	11.3	28.1	11.4	3.7	5.1
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	1.9	7.8	10.8	20.9	9.5	6.4	10.9
Salt Lake City	3.3	10.2	12.6	18.5	8.3	3.8	3.6
San Antonio–New Braunfels	2.0	8.7	10.0	25.4	11.0	4.7	3.9
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	1.9	7.2	14.7	23.2	9.6	4.6	5.9
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	3.3	8.6	20.2	20.0	8.2	4.9	3.4
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	3.5	4.5	19.4	19.9	9.3	3.1	2.8
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	2.1	6.3	15.1	21.4	11.5	3.8	2.8
St. Louis ²	1.7	10.4	10.5	23.4	9.0	4.9	3.9
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	3.0	9.9	14.5	21.3	8.4	4.6	4.2
Tulsa	3.2	6.1	8.4	21.7	9.8	6.0	2.9
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	2.5	7.2	12.5	24.2	8.8	5.7	6.7
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.7	6.6	21.8	18.2	7.3	6.4	13.9
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	3.2	6.6	22.8	21.4	5.5	6.8	10.8
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.3	9.2	16.5	28.7	8.7	4.6	4.6
Camden	2.4	7.2	12.1	25.0	8.0	4.0	5.5
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.4	7.5	14.5	21.8	9.2	4.3	3.7
Dallas–Plano–Irving	2.9	9.9	14.2	18.1	8.1	6.5	2.3
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	1.2	7.0	10.4	21.5	10.6	6.6	2.4
Edison–New Brunswick	3.8	8.1	18.1	22.0	7.9	3.7	3.5
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	3.0	8.5	12.6	21.2	12.5	6.8	4.6
Fort Worth–Arlington	1.7	7.6	10.2	18.2	9.4	5.8	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
TOTAL											
Metropolitan divisions:											
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	5.5	10.8	6.4	4.3	13.3	5.3				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	6.3	5.9	3.1	2.8	13.3	7.7				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	6.4	5.6	3.0	2.7	15.0	6.3				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	5.3	5.1	2.5	2.5	11.4	5.7				
Newark–Union	100.0	5.2	10.5	4.3	6.2	13.0	5.7				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	7.8	8.0	5.2	2.8	12.6	4.8				
Philadelphia	100.0	5.6	10.3	4.5	5.8	12.7	4.7				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	4.6	5.5	3.9	1.6	12.7	4.4				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	6.5	15.1	10.2	4.9	13.5	3.7				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	4.7	13.3	11.1	2.2	13.9	4.6				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	5.0	19.4	16.3	3.2	12.7	3.6				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	7.7	2.3	1.6	.8	8.8	4.0				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	7.5	3.5	2.1	1.4	14.4	4.6				
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	4.1	3.3	2.3	1.0	18.1	6.5				
Austin city	100.0	9.9	7.1	5.5	1.6	11.7	1.5				
Baltimore city	100.0	5.4	4.7	3.1	1.6	10.5	4.9				
Boston city	100.0	1.7	6.2	2.8	3.4	8.3	2.3				
Charlotte city	100.0	6.4	7.8	4.2	3.7	12.7	3.9				
Chicago city	100.0	4.0	9.3	5.6	3.7	10.9	6.1				
Cleveland city	100.0	7.2	15.9	8.5	7.4	8.4	3.7				
Columbus city	100.0	3.1	8.1	2.8	5.4	14.0	5.3				
Dallas city	100.0	13.9	6.6	3.5	3.0	11.7	6.2				
Denver County/city	100.0	8.3	5.4	3.5	1.9	9.5	4.2				
Detroit city	100.0	2.8	13.8	11.1	2.8	9.2	7.5				
Fort Worth city	100.0	7.9	10.2	6.6	3.6	12.8	6.3				
Houston city	100.0	9.9	9.7	7.4	2.4	11.4	5.8				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	6.9	11.3	4.5	6.8	12.3	5.3				
Jacksonville city	100.0	4.8	5.2	3.5	1.8	15.5	9.3				
Kansas City city	100.0	6.0	10.5	7.4	3.1	11.8	4.8				
Las Vegas city	100.0	7.0	1.9	1.1	.8	12.7	5.9				
Los Angeles city	100.0	5.6	8.4	4.0	4.4	11.6	4.1				
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	3.5	9.4	6.3	3.1	11.3	7.8				
Memphis city	100.0	3.9	4.8	3.0	1.8	12.5	16.4				
Miami city	100.0	10.3	2.6	1.8	.8	12.2	9.5				
Milwaukee city	100.0	5.2	13.6	8.0	5.7	10.4	3.5				
Minneapolis city	100.0	2.3	8.5	4.3	4.2	10.2	4.2				
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	4.5	7.2	2.6	4.6	12.8	2.0				
New Orleans city	100.0	3.3	2.5	1.8	.7	11.9	3.5				
New York city	100.0	4.8	3.9	1.7	2.2	11.1	5.9				
Oakland city	100.0	11.8	2.5	1.4	1.1	7.4	3.0				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	12.4	5.9	4.6	1.4	17.2	5.4				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	6.4	7.3	2.9	4.4	11.9	5.6				
Phoenix city	100.0	8.2	6.2	4.8	1.4	13.8	5.8				
Portland city	100.0	5.9	12.1	8.1	4.0	10.8	5.1				
Sacramento city	100.0	9.7	4.5	1.4	3.1	10.1	3.2				
San Antonio city	100.0	7.6	4.9	3.3	1.6	14.2	3.3				
San Diego city	100.0	5.4	8.5	7.4	1.1	12.6	3.3				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	3.3	5.0	2.8	2.2	9.9	4.2				
San Jose city	100.0	4.7	20.1	18.6	1.5	10.4	3.4				
Seattle city	100.0	2.5	11.1	8.9	2.2	13.0	3.3				
St. Louis city	100.0	7.7	6.0	2.5	3.5	15.2	3.0				
Tulsa city	100.0	5.6	10.7	8.0	2.7	14.2	4.3				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	5.7	5.1	4.6	.5	14.7	3.6				
Washington city	100.0	2.9	1.2	.6	.6	5.6	2.2				
Men											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	11.8	10.0	5.8	4.3	15.5	9.8				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	14.0	9.8	8.2	1.6	10.6	3.9				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	11.0	8.2	5.4	2.8	14.5	6.0				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	11.4	16.5	14.1	2.5	14.7	9.0				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	9.4	11.3	7.8	3.4	12.9	5.0				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	4.5	7.1	13.4	19.7	11.0	6.1	3.0
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	2.3	8.9	14.2	22.2	9.3	6.3	3.3
Nassau–Suffolk	3.2	9.3	12.6	26.2	7.0	3.3	5.2
New York–White Plains–Wayne	3.4	10.4	14.4	25.4	9.5	5.1	4.1
Newark–Union	2.9	10.8	13.5	23.4	8.0	2.9	4.0
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	3.0	8.3	18.3	21.3	7.0	4.6	3.7
Philadelphia	1.8	7.6	13.2	26.2	9.6	4.0	3.8
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	3.7	9.1	22.9	18.2	10.0	5.2	3.0
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	1.7	9.3	15.1	17.5	10.1	4.5	3.1
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	2.2	6.5	16.1	20.3	11.8	3.8	2.6
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	1.8	5.8	11.8	22.7	9.1	4.5	3.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.6	6.6	21.5	17.3	7.8	6.3	14.7
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	1.9	7.6	15.7	20.5	13.6	5.6	5.0
Cities:							
Atlanta city	3.3	12.5	19.2	14.8	11.9	4.3	2.0
Austin city	4.6	6.9	16.9	20.7	10.6	4.9	4.6
Baltimore city	1.9	5.9	13.5	29.1	9.0	4.4	10.6
Boston city	1.0	10.9	14.4	37.2	10.0	4.6	3.1
Charlotte city	3.4	12.7	13.9	20.2	13.3	4.2	1.3
Chicago city	1.8	7.3	15.9	23.5	10.2	5.4	5.2
Cleveland city	1.8	5.1	10.8	25.1	10.7	9.3	1.9
Columbus city	1.0	11.1	10.3	24.5	11.9	5.4	4.7
Dallas city	1.7	10.0	15.3	15.4	10.1	7.5	.9
Denver County/city	4.5	9.8	15.9	21.8	11.4	4.1	3.3
Detroit city	1.5	3.7	11.3	21.6	13.3	11.6	3.6
Fort Worth city	1.8	8.2	9.2	21.8	10.8	6.9	2.4
Houston city	1.1	5.7	13.5	22.4	8.5	4.8	2.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	3.0	7.3	17.4	15.9	10.9	3.8	5.8
Jacksonville city	3.2	11.8	11.2	19.2	6.5	8.2	4.8
Kansas City city	1.8	7.9	17.0	22.1	8.1	6.4	3.6
Las Vegas city	2.3	8.5	10.8	14.0	27.7	4.8	4.3
Los Angeles city	6.7	8.0	14.7	18.8	12.4	7.1	2.2
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	1.4	11.1	11.9	23.8	11.0	4.9	3.6
Memphis city .....	.8	6.3	13.3	17.6	12.3	4.6	7.5
Miami city .....	.4	8.1	15.6	20.3	14.3	4.9	1.5
Milwaukee city	2.0	5.8	14.2	27.6	8.5	5.8	3.1
Minneapolis city	3.9	10.2	18.5	20.2	15.8	5.1	1.2
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	3.5	10.3	10.8	22.6	13.7	7.2	5.2
New Orleans city	1.3	7.2	13.9	24.5	21.2	6.8	3.9
New York city	3.5	10.7	14.9	25.5	10.7	4.9	4.0
Oakland city	3.8	4.6	19.0	29.0	10.1	6.7	1.6
Oklahoma City city .....	.6	2.4	11.3	21.2	8.2	5.6	6.2
Philadelphia County/city	2.2	5.2	10.2	29.6	10.6	4.3	6.8
Phoenix city	1.1	11.8	15.0	17.8	10.9	5.6	3.7
Portland city	2.6	7.1	14.7	21.2	11.4	5.7	3.0
Sacramento city	2.9	7.5	11.1	18.3	11.0	9.3	12.4
San Antonio city	2.4	8.9	11.2	24.5	13.1	4.8	4.3
San Diego city	1.9	7.9	16.5	24.1	10.8	4.1	4.7
San Francisco County/city	5.2	8.4	23.7	20.2	12.3	4.7	2.9
San Jose city	3.4	4.4	18.4	19.2	9.3	3.7	2.9
Seattle city	1.4	6.6	17.0	26.5	11.4	3.2	3.8
St. Louis city	2.2	11.9	9.0	21.5	10.5	4.2	7.8
Tulsa city	3.1	7.4	12.1	19.5	12.7	5.9	1.3
Virginia Beach city	2.8	11.9	14.0	22.1	11.1	3.2	5.3
Washington city	3.8	6.4	23.5	16.7	11.1	8.4	18.0
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	3.6	6.2	18.4	8.2	7.6	4.8	4.1
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	3.3	6.8	20.6	11.2	7.2	7.0	3.6
Baltimore–Towson	2.5	5.8	15.5	12.7	8.8	3.8	10.7
Birmingham–Hoover	3.6	9.8	8.3	8.8	5.9	4.2	3.3
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	3.1	9.0	18.4	13.6	8.4	4.2	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Men											
Metropolitan areas:											
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	10.3	10.2	8.0	2.2	11.2	3.4				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	10.2	17.2	12.1	5.1	21.1	6.8				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	12.0	12.1	8.0	4.1	16.3	7.7				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	9.3	14.2	10.0	4.1	13.8	8.6				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	8.7	20.0	13.1	6.9	13.1	8.1				
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	8.6	21.2	15.3	6.0	11.4	5.0				
Columbus	100.0	9.1	11.0	5.8	5.2	14.4	10.0				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	13.5	11.3	7.8	3.6	14.3	8.7				
Dayton	100.0	11.5	15.3	10.5	4.8	13.0	8.5				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	12.9	7.2	5.1	2.1	14.0	7.2				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	7.5	24.6	20.9	3.7	14.2	5.9				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	11.4	17.9	14.1	3.7	11.5	5.2				
Honolulu	100.0	12.8	3.9	2.4	1.5	14.8	9.5				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	13.0	14.9	9.5	5.4	13.3	8.3				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	11.2	17.1	9.9	7.3	14.4	7.5				
Jacksonville	100.0	9.9	6.9	5.6	1.2	16.8	9.8				
Kansas City	100.0	9.9	14.2	10.0	4.2	15.8	6.6				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	9.5	4.3	2.4	2.0	14.8	7.3				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	9.6	14.9	10.2	4.7	13.6	6.6				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	8.0	14.7	10.3	4.4	16.2	11.0				
Memphis	100.0	8.6	11.4	8.3	3.1	15.2	19.1				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	10.6	6.2	3.9	2.3	15.7	8.5				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	8.3	23.6	17.3	6.3	14.2	4.9				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	8.1	18.3	13.1	5.2	14.3	7.1				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	10.5	11.7	7.4	4.2	12.7	7.4				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	15.2	7.1	2.6	4.6	14.6	9.1				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	10.1	7.4	3.6	3.8	12.7	8.3				
Oklahoma City	100.0	13.9	8.6	7.0	1.6	15.8	7.4				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	10.4	5.0	4.1	1.0	16.1	9.7				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	9.9	13.0	5.9	7.0	13.8	8.0				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	11.3	8.8	7.7	1.1	15.7	6.6				
Pittsburgh	100.0	9.5	16.1	10.4	5.6	13.5	7.3				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	12.3	17.8	14.7	3.0	14.6	8.8				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	11.7	14.0	10.7	3.4	15.6	4.4				
Richmond	100.0	11.4	11.0	6.6	4.4	15.8	6.4				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	12.3	12.6	9.2	3.3	14.3	9.1				
Rochester	100.0	7.6	14.3	10.4	3.9	17.3	6.6				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	12.3	6.2	4.0	2.2	14.9	6.8				
Salt Lake City	100.0	11.2	13.0	9.6	3.4	16.6	7.9				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	15.1	8.2	5.8	2.4	14.4	6.9				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	10.7	11.2	9.3	2.0	14.6	5.4				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	10.7	8.9	7.0	1.9	12.5	5.8				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	8.0	23.2	21.6	1.6	10.8	4.1				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	9.5	16.8	14.5	2.3	15.0	5.9				
St. Louis ²	100.0	10.3	14.0	9.8	4.2	15.9	8.2				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	13.2	6.4	4.7	1.7	16.7	5.8				
Tulsa	100.0	11.3	17.1	13.9	3.2	17.2	8.0				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	13.7	14.8	12.2	2.6	12.6	6.2				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	12.7	2.9	2.2	.7	10.1	5.2				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	10.8	2.5	2.2	.4	11.6	4.0				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	8.7	9.9	6.2	3.7	11.2	4.4				
Camden	100.0	9.8	9.1	5.2	3.8	16.1	9.0				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	9.1	13.6	9.4	4.3	13.6	8.7				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	13.9	10.3	7.1	3.2	13.6	8.5				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	5.9	21.9	19.0	2.9	16.1	7.8				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	11.3	11.8	4.4	7.4	13.0	3.7				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	8.0	4.7	3.5	1.2	17.8	7.9				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	12.5	13.8	9.3	4.5	15.7	9.3				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	9.2	13.7	9.0	4.7	13.7	7.4				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	11.0	7.7	4.3	3.3	13.8	10.0				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	10.9	7.3	4.2	3.1	15.2	8.8				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	9.6	5.6	3.0	2.5	11.9	9.0				
Newark–Union	100.0	10.2	11.9	4.7	7.2	12.9	8.8				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	2.4	19.3	19.3	11.6	7.0	3.2	1.9
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	1.4	5.0	10.8	10.2	9.3	5.1	2.8
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	5.0	10.5	13.3	8.5	8.1	3.6	2.8
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.4	7.8	16.1	10.0	9.6	3.7	4.3
Cincinnati–Middletown	1.5	4.5	11.7	9.0	11.7	5.3	3.9
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	2.1	6.1	11.0	15.2	8.9	5.0	4.6
Columbus	2.0	9.2	12.6	11.9	8.4	3.0	5.7
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	3.3	8.9	13.8	7.7	9.0	5.1	2.3
Dayton	3.1	6.1	10.5	8.8	11.6	4.1	6.9
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	4.7	8.8	15.7	9.5	9.8	3.5	4.3
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	1.4	5.9	12.8	10.0	9.0	4.9	3.6
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	2.2	12.1	11.3	13.1	7.1	3.2	4.4
Honolulu	1.5	4.0	11.5	11.2	13.3	5.7	10.6
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	1.1	4.4	13.3	10.1	7.8	4.5	4.3
Indianapolis–Carmel	2.9	5.5	16.0	11.0	6.1	3.0	3.9
Jacksonville	1.1	10.0	15.3	9.2	8.9	6.3	5.5
Kansas City	3.9	6.9	16.3	9.1	7.1	5.2	2.7
Las Vegas–Paradise	2.2	5.0	13.1	7.3	27.8	3.8	4.6
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	4.3	6.9	14.9	10.2	10.7	5.3	2.5
Louisville–Jefferson County	1.3	9.1	12.1	9.2	10.8	3.5	2.7
Memphis .....	.7	5.9	9.7	8.1	11.9	5.4	3.7
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	2.8	8.3	14.7	11.4	11.7	5.4	4.5
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	2.8	6.4	13.2	11.3	6.6	4.7	3.7
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	2.0	8.3	14.7	10.8	8.3	4.1	2.7
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	5.9	7.8	10.1	13.1	10.5	5.0	4.1
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	1.2	6.8	12.2	8.7	15.6	3.2	2.9
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	3.5	11.5	15.7	12.8	9.6	3.5	4.9
Oklahoma City	2.0	3.6	11.2	10.7	7.4	4.0	7.6
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	2.8	6.5	16.1	7.9	18.2	4.1	2.9
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	2.4	7.6	15.2	12.4	8.5	4.0	4.6
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	2.3	9.2	16.6	10.2	9.6	4.6	3.7
Pittsburgh	2.4	7.6	8.9	16.9	7.5	3.6	4.8
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	2.8	4.7	12.5	9.9	7.6	5.1	2.1
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	1.5	5.3	12.6	14.5	9.8	5.1	4.9
Richmond	1.3	10.4	13.6	9.0	8.3	2.8	8.7
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	1.6	3.1	11.4	13.4	9.5	6.3	5.3
Rochester	3.3	4.2	12.6	10.9	11.8	3.8	7.2
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	2.7	6.0	12.0	10.0	9.7	6.3	9.7
Salt Lake City	4.7	9.6	12.6	10.2	6.1	3.7	3.4
San Antonio–New Braunfels	2.3	6.5	11.3	12.3	10.1	5.0	4.7
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	2.6	7.2	16.2	12.0	8.7	4.3	6.7
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	3.6	7.7	21.9	12.8	8.2	4.1	3.2
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	4.1	3.5	22.1	10.8	9.0	2.1	1.9
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	2.7	5.6	16.7	10.5	10.8	3.2	2.8
St. Louis ²	2.3	9.5	10.5	10.8	8.9	4.4	4.7
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	3.4	8.5	15.6	11.9	8.6	4.8	4.2
Tulsa	3.3	5.2	9.9	7.9	9.0	4.8	2.9
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	3.5	4.6	13.3	10.6	7.8	5.2	7.3
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.9	6.4	24.9	9.1	7.0	4.5	14.0
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	4.0	6.5	24.8	12.3	6.2	5.7	10.8
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	3.5	10.6	19.0	14.4	9.0	3.8	5.4
Camden	2.9	7.0	16.2	11.8	8.2	5.0	4.6
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.7	8.0	16.8	9.8	9.5	3.8	4.2
Dallas–Plano–Irving	3.8	9.1	15.4	8.4	8.3	5.2	1.8
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn .....	.7	6.7	11.6	8.7	10.6	7.2	2.4
Edison–New Brunswick	3.6	9.8	21.7	10.8	7.3	3.5	3.2
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	3.8	7.5	13.6	10.6	14.8	6.2	5.2
Fort Worth–Arlington	2.2	8.3	10.2	6.2	10.5	4.8	3.5
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	5.4	6.4	14.5	10.2	10.6	5.8	2.5
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	2.4	8.8	13.7	13.8	9.3	5.5	3.5
Nassau–Suffolk	3.5	11.3	13.9	13.8	7.0	2.6	5.5
New York–White Plains–Wayne	3.6	11.9	15.4	12.8	11.1	4.1	5.1
Newark–Union	2.9	11.2	13.2	13.4	8.0	2.1	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Men											
Metropolitan divisions:											
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	12.7	10.2	7.8	2.4	13.8	6.5				
Philadelphia	100.0	9.8	14.3	6.5	7.8	13.1	7.9				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	7.7	7.0	6.0	1.1	10.6	4.9				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	10.7	18.3	13.6	4.7	13.1	4.7				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	8.0	18.3	16.0	2.3	14.7	5.4				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	8.3	26.1	22.0	4.2	13.1	4.8				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	13.2	3.0	2.2	.8	9.7	5.6				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	13.3	5.3	3.5	1.9	16.3	6.3				
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	6.3	3.5	3.2	.3	21.9	9.5				
Austin city	100.0	15.6	8.7	7.0	1.7	12.0	2.3				
Baltimore city	100.0	11.5	6.2	4.9	1.3	10.2	8.8				
Boston city	100.0	3.2	6.2	3.2	2.9	9.7	4.2				
Charlotte city	100.0	11.7	9.4	5.8	3.6	14.2	5.9				
Chicago city	100.0	7.2	11.5	7.5	4.1	10.9	8.1				
Cleveland city	100.0	11.2	16.7	11.2	5.4	8.6	4.9				
Columbus city	100.0	6.6	10.0	2.8	7.2	15.7	9.9				
Dallas city	100.0	23.4	7.2	4.6	2.5	12.1	7.5				
Denver County/city	100.0	14.9	7.6	5.5	2.1	9.5	4.5				
Detroit city	100.0	5.6	18.0	13.9	4.1	9.2	9.9				
Fort Worth city	100.0	12.6	11.5	7.0	4.5	11.8	7.6				
Houston city	100.0	16.2	12.6	9.4	3.2	11.2	8.1				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	12.6	14.0	6.4	7.6	12.6	7.2				
Jacksonville city	100.0	7.3	5.9	4.2	1.7	19.5	11.2				
Kansas City city	100.0	9.6	16.7	12.1	4.6	15.8	6.8				
Las Vegas city	100.0	11.7	2.6	1.2	1.4	13.9	7.9				
Los Angeles city	100.0	9.7	10.3	5.3	5.0	11.7	5.9				
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	6.8	14.1	10.0	4.0	14.8	12.0				
Memphis city	100.0	7.7	8.5	5.6	2.9	12.6	17.2				
Miami city	100.0	18.4	4.7	3.2	1.5	13.2	14.9				
Milwaukee city	100.0	9.3	18.2	11.6	6.6	10.5	6.1				
Minneapolis city	100.0	3.5	11.2	6.1	5.1	9.5	5.6				
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	7.2	8.5	3.7	4.8	13.9	3.6				
New Orleans city	100.0	6.9	3.9	2.5	1.5	9.2	6.4				
New York city	100.0	8.7	4.6	2.3	2.4	11.7	9.2				
Oakland city	100.0	22.2	2.5	1.1	1.3	6.4	4.1				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	21.0	7.8	6.3	1.5	17.6	7.3				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	11.9	10.9	4.9	6.1	13.4	9.2				
Phoenix city	100.0	13.7	7.8	6.7	1.0	15.9	7.4				
Portland city	100.0	11.1	14.9	11.0	3.9	13.3	6.2				
Sacramento city	100.0	19.7	1.8	1.5	.3	8.3	5.1				
San Antonio city	100.0	13.4	7.6	5.7	2.0	14.6	4.7				
San Diego city	100.0	9.6	10.5	9.5	1.0	12.5	4.5				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	6.0	6.3	4.5	1.8	6.8	4.3				
San Jose city	100.0	7.8	24.9	23.0	1.9	10.9	5.2				
Seattle city	100.0	3.5	15.5	12.9	2.6	14.0	3.4				
St. Louis city	100.0	13.7	9.1	3.9	5.1	8.6	4.1				
Tulsa city	100.0	10.1	14.5	11.8	2.8	12.4	5.0				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	12.6	8.3	7.3	1.1	12.2	7.7				
Washington city	100.0	5.1	1.4	.8	.6	6.4	2.8				
Women											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	1.4	5.2	2.9	2.4	13.6	4.2				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	1.1	5.8	4.5	1.3	11.3	.6				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	1.8	3.9	1.8	2.2	13.2	1.9				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	2.5	4.2	2.3	1.9	14.1	3.6				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	.6	5.9	3.4	2.5	11.2	1.7				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	.9	5.9	3.1	2.8	10.9	1.5				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	1.5	8.7	4.5	4.2	12.4	3.5				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	1.2	8.1	3.8	4.2	13.3	2.4				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	1.0	8.3	4.5	3.8	13.0	4.0				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	1.0	8.0	4.7	3.3	15.5	3.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Men							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	3.4	7.0	19.4	12.6	6.5	3.8	3.6
Philadelphia	2.1	7.3	15.3	12.6	8.9	3.6	4.6
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	3.9	8.7	25.6	13.0	10.6	4.5	2.6
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	1.3	8.0	16.3	10.1	11.0	4.1	2.4
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	2.9	5.3	17.9	10.6	10.8	3.0	2.7
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	1.7	5.5	13.4	10.8	8.1	3.6	4.2
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.6	6.3	24.9	8.1	7.2	4.1	14.9
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	2.2	8.7	18.2	8.2	11.9	4.0	5.5
Cities:							
Atlanta city	4.2	12.2	20.9	8.0	11.0	2.3	.3
Austin city	3.7	7.7	19.6	13.7	8.9	4.6	2.4
Baltimore city	3.0	4.8	14.4	17.1	9.7	3.0	11.3
Boston city	2.1	16.8	18.1	18.5	12.5	4.1	4.4
Charlotte city	4.5	12.9	15.9	8.8	12.3	2.3	2.1
Chicago city	1.6	8.6	18.3	11.3	12.4	4.3	5.6
Cleveland city	2.0	6.1	13.8	18.3	5.3	11.4	1.7
Columbus city .....	.5	10.6	12.7	13.7	13.4	2.7	4.1
Dallas city	1.8	9.9	14.5	6.1	9.7	6.2	.5
Denver County/city	5.6	10.3	16.5	12.0	11.2	3.4	2.6
Detroit city	(³)	3.4	12.9	8.6	14.6	16.2	1.6
Fort Worth city	2.6	9.5	8.9	10.6	12.8	6.8	2.6
Houston city .....	.9	4.9	12.4	11.9	9.4	4.1	3.1
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	3.9	5.9	17.5	10.2	8.6	2.4	5.1
Jacksonville city	1.7	11.0	13.6	8.2	7.7	8.2	5.3
Kansas City city	1.6	6.3	19.5	8.9	6.5	5.2	2.9
Las Vegas city	2.7	7.9	10.8	8.5	24.6	5.1	4.2
Los Angeles city	8.1	7.9	15.7	10.2	12.2	5.9	1.9
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	1.1	10.6	13.9	8.9	11.1	3.6	2.5
Memphis city	(³)	7.0	13.8	8.9	13.9	6.2	4.2
Miami city	(³)	9.0	13.6	11.7	9.8	1.8	2.5
Milwaukee city	3.1	6.3	13.6	15.9	7.2	4.9	4.1
Minneapolis city	4.3	8.6	21.9	11.1	18.0	5.8	.4
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	5.2	10.2	11.5	16.0	12.8	6.6	4.1
New Orleans city	2.8	8.7	12.4	17.9	23.4	2.6	5.8
New York city	3.9	12.2	15.4	12.8	13.0	3.6	4.8
Oakland city	5.7	3.3	18.6	20.9	10.3	5.7	.4
Oklahoma City city .....	.1	2.3	10.2	9.2	7.9	5.1	6.7
Philadelphia County/city	3.4	3.5	10.8	14.6	12.3	3.1	6.7
Phoenix city	1.6	10.3	16.4	9.2	9.8	4.9	3.1
Portland city	4.5	6.7	15.3	11.1	9.9	4.8	2.1
Sacramento city	4.5	3.7	17.6	10.0	12.0	8.4	8.7
San Antonio city	2.5	7.4	12.5	13.9	12.3	4.6	5.1
San Diego city	2.4	8.7	16.6	14.2	10.8	4.0	6.0
San Francisco County/city	5.5	8.2	26.2	15.3	14.5	3.4	3.0
San Jose city	4.2	4.0	20.4	10.2	8.7	2.8	.9
Seattle city	1.8	6.7	17.8	17.8	12.4	3.3	3.7
St. Louis city	1.8	16.1	13.6	12.2	6.4	3.0	9.8
Tulsa city	2.9	6.7	14.9	9.5	14.5	4.8	2.0
Virginia Beach city	3.7	11.6	15.1	10.0	9.6	1.9	6.5
Washington city	3.8	7.2	25.7	11.7	10.6	6.6	18.4
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	2.0	7.9	17.5	28.8	10.6	5.5	3.3
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	3.4	7.5	12.9	34.9	9.5	6.3	6.5
Baltimore–Towson	1.6	6.9	12.8	35.5	7.8	5.2	9.3
Birmingham–Hoover	2.0	9.7	9.9	36.8	5.7	6.7	4.2
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	1.2	7.5	12.7	41.2	8.3	5.6	3.9
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	2.0	9.0	11.8	39.7	8.9	7.3	1.8
Buffalo–Niagara Falls .....	.8	8.2	11.6	38.0	8.3	4.0	2.7
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	2.2	9.5	9.7	31.3	14.0	6.8	1.4
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.1	6.8	12.2	35.2	9.2	5.0	3.1
Cincinnati–Middletown .....	.9	7.8	11.0	33.5	12.9	3.1	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Women											
Metropolitan areas:											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	1.4	9.0	5.3	3.8	11.3	1.1				
Columbus	100.0	.9	6.6	3.8	2.8	14.3	3.0				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	1.4	7.3	4.6	2.7	12.5	4.4				
Dayton	100.0	1.2	8.2	3.5	4.7	12.1	1.1				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	1.8	3.7	2.5	1.2	10.7	3.1				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	1.1	10.7	8.9	1.9	11.9	2.9				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	.7	8.3	6.0	2.3	9.6	2.0				
Honolulu	100.0	1.5	2.2	.6	1.6	12.7	4.9				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	1.7	5.6	3.2	2.5	12.0	3.3				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	1.0	7.3	3.1	4.2	10.7	2.6				
Jacksonville	100.0	2.0	3.1	1.9	1.1	11.9	5.2				
Kansas City	100.0	2.4	5.8	2.7	3.0	12.1	2.0				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	.6	1.7	.7	1.0	14.1	2.8				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	1.2	8.2	4.1	4.2	13.0	2.8				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	.4	6.1	3.6	2.5	9.8	3.4				
Memphis	100.0	.7	4.2	2.6	1.5	13.0	11.9				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	1.2	3.0	1.2	1.7	13.0	3.8				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	1.3	9.1	5.3	3.8	12.6	1.2				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	1.1	8.9	5.5	3.4	12.4	2.6				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	2.6	6.5	2.3	4.2	11.8	.7				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	2.3	2.6	1.3	1.3	15.7	3.5				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	.8	5.2	2.2	3.1	12.1	2.4				
Oklahoma City	100.0	.5	3.0	1.9	1.1	13.7	2.6				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	1.2	3.4	2.3	1.1	13.3	2.0				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	1.4	6.4	2.7	3.7	12.9	1.8				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	2.3	4.8	3.2	1.6	11.8	3.3				
Pittsburgh	100.0	1.2	5.4	3.2	2.2	12.8	1.7				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	1.2	8.3	4.9	3.4	10.9	3.7				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	.8	6.4	4.7	1.8	9.9	1.4				
Richmond	100.0	1.3	3.9	2.1	1.8	10.5	3.6				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	1.8	3.8	2.7	1.1	14.3	3.2				
Rochester	100.0	.3	6.9	4.0	3.0	8.8	.4				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	.6	3.8	.9	2.9	12.1	1.3				
Salt Lake City	100.0	.5	6.6	4.6	2.0	15.4	4.1				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	1.4	2.9	1.5	1.4	12.8	2.0				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	1.4	4.8	3.9	.9	13.3	2.5				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	1.6	4.7	1.8	2.9	12.8	3.3				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	.8	12.2	11.4	.8	10.8	2.0				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	1.3	6.6	4.8	1.8	13.4	3.3				
St. Louis ²	100.0	.8	6.6	3.4	3.2	12.4	2.7				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	2.2	5.6	3.9	1.7	13.5	2.8				
Tulsa	100.0	.4	4.7	2.3	2.4	13.4	3.0				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	.5	3.3	2.7	.6	13.5	.6				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	1.9	2.0	1.0	1.0	7.9	2.0				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	2.7	3.3	1.1	2.2	8.2	.7				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	.7	4.8	2.7	2.1	9.3	1.2				
Camden	100.0	1.7	7.3	3.5	3.8	15.0	2.9				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	.9	8.2	4.5	3.7	13.4	4.2				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	.9	7.6	4.7	2.9	12.1	3.5				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	1.0	8.9	7.3	1.7	11.7	4.4				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	1.2	6.9	1.9	5.0	14.1	1.9				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	1.7	2.8	1.0	1.8	14.1	2.9				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	2.3	6.7	4.5	2.2	13.3	6.3				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	1.1	7.2	3.4	3.9	12.7	2.9				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	1.2	3.9	1.8	2.1	12.8	5.1				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	1.2	3.7	1.6	2.1	14.7	3.6				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	.7	4.5	2.0	2.5	10.9	2.1				
Newark–Union	100.0	(³)	9.0	3.8	5.2	13.0	2.5				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	2.1	5.3	2.1	3.2	11.2	2.9				
Philadelphia	100.0	1.2	6.3	2.5	3.7	12.2	1.4				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	.7	3.7	1.3	2.3	15.3	3.8				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	0.9	9.3	10.2	38.7	10.0	5.0	2.4
Columbus	2.2	12.1	9.1	31.8	8.8	7.2	3.9
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	1.6	9.6	11.9	31.6	7.9	7.9	3.1
Dayton	2.1	6.1	8.3	41.8	13.1	3.5	1.2
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	2.8	8.7	14.3	32.3	11.1	5.9	4.5
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	1.8	6.6	9.6	36.7	10.4	5.7	2.6
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	1.5	12.8	8.6	39.9	6.7	5.5	4.0
Honolulu .....	.7	8.0	9.3	32.4	15.0	4.2	8.0
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	1.2	7.5	12.0	36.1	9.4	6.0	2.9
Indianapolis–Carmel	1.9	8.1	13.1	32.0	11.0	6.1	5.4
Jacksonville	3.5	13.6	8.5	31.6	8.9	6.3	5.4
Kansas City	2.3	8.4	11.7	35.1	9.3	6.0	4.1
Las Vegas–Paradise	1.2	7.1	11.1	21.6	31.2	3.9	4.7
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	3.1	8.6	12.6	29.8	10.8	6.1	3.6
Louisville–Jefferson County	1.2	10.1	8.4	39.3	10.2	5.8	4.8
Memphis	1.1	3.8	11.0	31.4	11.5	3.9	7.2
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	1.9	8.6	13.2	33.1	10.9	7.4	3.6
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis .....	.8	7.7	10.5	40.6	7.4	6.6	2.2
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	1.6	10.2	10.9	34.3	8.6	5.4	3.7
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	1.6	9.8	10.6	32.3	13.5	6.4	4.0
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	(³)	6.1	10.0	33.8	13.5	9.3	2.6
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	3.2	8.4	13.0	38.3	7.8	5.3	3.4
Oklahoma City	2.0	7.3	12.1	36.7	8.2	4.9	6.5
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	2.4	9.2	14.4	25.0	19.0	6.0	3.6
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	1.6	8.2	10.2	39.3	9.6	4.1	3.9
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale .....	.8	14.1	14.2	27.8	10.5	6.9	3.4
Pittsburgh	2.6	8.1	9.0	39.1	12.9	4.3	2.6
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	1.3	8.0	12.3	32.1	10.8	6.3	4.1
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	1.3	8.8	9.1	42.9	10.4	5.6	3.0
Richmond .....	.4	11.1	11.9	34.8	9.7	7.3	4.9
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario .....	.5	6.0	9.6	37.2	12.4	6.0	4.9
Rochester	2.6	6.7	9.8	46.7	10.9	3.6	2.7
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville .....	.9	9.9	9.5	33.3	9.2	6.5	12.3
Salt Lake City	1.6	11.0	12.5	28.6	11.0	4.0	3.9
San Antonio–New Braunfels	1.8	11.0	8.5	39.6	11.9	4.3	3.2
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	1.2	7.2	13.1	35.8	10.6	4.9	4.9
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	2.9	9.7	18.0	28.8	8.4	5.8	3.7
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	2.8	5.7	16.0	31.6	9.7	4.2	3.9
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	1.4	7.2	13.3	33.8	12.4	4.5	2.8
St. Louis ²	1.1	11.5	10.4	36.7	9.1	5.4	3.0
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	2.6	11.5	13.2	31.3	8.0	4.4	4.3
Tulsa	3.2	7.2	6.5	38.0	10.8	7.4	2.8
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	1.6	9.6	11.8	36.9	9.8	6.3	6.2
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.5	6.9	18.4	28.3	7.6	8.5	13.8
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	2.4	6.7	20.6	31.5	4.8	8.0	10.9
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	1.0	7.8	13.9	43.4	8.5	5.4	3.8
Camden	1.9	7.4	7.8	38.5	7.7	2.9	6.4
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.1	6.9	12.1	35.2	8.9	4.8	3.1
Dallas–Plano–Irving	1.8	10.9	12.6	30.9	8.0	8.3	2.9
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	1.7	7.2	8.9	37.2	10.7	5.9	2.4
Edison–New Brunswick	3.9	6.1	13.7	35.6	8.7	3.8	3.8
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	2.0	9.7	11.4	34.0	9.9	7.6	3.9
Fort Worth–Arlington	1.2	6.8	10.3	33.3	7.8	7.0	3.6
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	3.4	7.8	12.2	31.0	11.5	6.5	3.5
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	2.1	9.0	14.7	31.3	9.3	7.2	3.1
Nassau–Suffolk	2.7	7.0	11.0	40.2	7.0	4.0	4.8
New York–White Plains–Wayne	3.2	8.8	13.3	39.2	7.9	6.2	3.1
Newark–Union	2.9	10.3	13.8	33.8	7.9	3.9	2.7
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	2.5	9.7	17.1	31.4	7.7	5.6	3.8
Philadelphia	1.5	8.0	11.2	40.2	10.4	4.3	2.9
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	3.4	9.6	19.4	24.8	9.4	6.1	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Women											
Metropolitan divisions:											
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	1.3	11.1	6.0	5.1	13.9	2.4				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	.8	7.4	5.3	2.2	13.0	3.6				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	1.1	11.7	9.7	2.0	12.1	2.1				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	1.7	1.6	.9	.7	7.8	2.3				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	.3	1.3	.5	.8	12.0	2.5				
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	1.4	3.2	1.3	1.9	13.4	2.8				
Austin city	100.0	.4	4.4	2.9	1.5	11.3	.1				
Baltimore city	100.0	.7	3.6	1.7	1.9	10.8	1.8				
Boston city	100.0	.4	6.3	2.4	3.9	7.1	.7				
Charlotte city	100.0	1.3	6.3	2.5	3.7	11.3	1.9				
Chicago city	100.0	.5	6.9	3.6	3.3	11.0	4.0				
Cleveland city	100.0	2.6	15.0	5.3	9.8	8.3	2.2				
Columbus city	100.0	(³)	6.5	2.7	3.8	12.5	1.2				
Dallas city	100.0	.9	5.8	2.0	3.8	11.2	4.5				
Denver County/city	100.0	.1	2.6	1.0	1.6	9.5	3.8				
Detroit city	100.0	(³)	9.6	8.2	1.5	9.3	5.0				
Fort Worth city	100.0	2.3	8.7	6.2	2.4	13.9	4.7				
Houston city	100.0	2.0	6.1	4.8	1.3	11.6	3.0				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	.7	8.3	2.5	5.8	12.0	3.2				
Jacksonville city	100.0	2.7	4.7	2.8	1.9	11.9	7.5				
Kansas City city	100.0	2.0	3.6	2.2	1.5	7.3	2.6				
Las Vegas city	100.0	1.4	1.0	1.0	(³)	11.2	3.6				
Los Angeles city	100.0	.5	6.1	2.3	3.8	11.6	1.8				
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	.3	4.8	2.7	2.1	8.0	3.7				
Memphis city	100.0	(³)	1.0	.2	.7	12.4	15.5				
Miami city	100.0	1.5	.3	.3	(³)	11.1	3.5				
Milwaukee city	100.0	.8	8.6	4.1	4.6	10.3	.6				
Minneapolis city	100.0	1.1	5.6	2.4	3.2	10.8	2.7				
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	1.1	5.6	1.1	4.5	11.4	(³)				
New Orleans city	100.0	(³)	1.1	1.1	(³)	14.5	.8				
New York city	100.0	.5	3.2	1.0	2.1	10.5	2.4				
Oakland city	100.0	1.1	2.5	1.7	.8	8.5	1.8				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	.9	3.4	2.3	1.1	16.6	2.9				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	.6	3.5	.8	2.7	10.4	1.8				
Phoenix city	100.0	2.1	4.4	2.6	1.8	11.4	4.0				
Portland city	100.0	.1	8.9	4.9	4.1	8.0	3.8				
Sacramento city	100.0	(³)	7.1	1.2	5.9	11.9	1.3				
San Antonio city	100.0	1.3	1.9	.6	1.2	13.7	1.8				
San Diego city	100.0	.4	6.2	4.9	1.3	12.9	2.0				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	.1	3.5	.8	2.7	13.5	4.0				
San Jose city	100.0	.9	14.0	13.1	.9	9.8	1.2				
Seattle city	100.0	1.3	6.1	4.4	1.7	11.9	3.1				
St. Louis city	100.0	(³)	1.9	.7	1.3	23.8	1.6				
Tulsa city	100.0	(³)	5.9	3.3	2.6	16.4	3.5				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	(³)	2.3	2.3	(³)	16.8	.2				
Washington city	100.0	.8	1.0	.4	.6	4.9	1.7				
White											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	9.2	7.9	4.5	3.3	13.9	6.5				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	9.0	8.3	6.6	1.7	10.3	2.6				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	8.4	6.9	4.3	2.6	13.4	3.4				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	8.8	10.7	8.7	2.0	13.7	6.3				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	5.4	8.2	5.2	3.0	12.2	3.6				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	7.0	8.5	5.9	2.7	9.6	2.1				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	6.2	14.0	9.2	4.8	17.4	5.3				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	8.9	10.8	6.7	4.1	14.3	4.4				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	6.3	12.4	7.8	4.6	13.8	5.8				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	5.7	15.1	9.6	5.6	14.8	5.7				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Women							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	2.1	10.9	13.7	26.7	8.9	5.0	3.9
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	1.3	7.8	14.0	31.8	12.9	4.8	2.4
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	1.8	6.2	10.0	36.4	10.3	5.6	2.7
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.6	7.0	17.8	27.4	8.4	8.7	14.6
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	1.4	6.1	12.6	35.9	15.7	7.5	4.3
Cities:							
Atlanta city	2.1	12.9	17.1	23.2	13.1	6.7	4.1
Austin city	6.1	5.6	12.4	32.2	13.5	5.5	8.2
Baltimore city	1.0	6.7	12.8	38.5	8.3	5.5	10.1
Boston city	(³)	6.0	11.3	53.0	7.8	5.1	2.1
Charlotte city	2.4	12.5	11.9	31.3	14.2	5.9	.6
Chicago city	2.1	5.9	13.2	36.8	7.9	6.7	4.8
Cleveland city	1.7	3.8	7.3	33.1	17.0	6.8	2.2
Columbus city	1.4	11.7	8.2	34.3	10.6	7.8	5.3
Dallas city	1.6	10.1	16.4	28.2	10.6	9.3	1.5
Denver County/city	3.3	9.3	15.2	34.0	11.8	4.8	4.2
Detroit city	3.0	4.0	9.6	34.7	12.0	7.0	5.6
Fort Worth city .....	.9	6.6	9.5	35.2	8.5	6.9	2.3
Houston city	1.5	6.7	15.0	35.7	7.4	5.7	2.6
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	1.9	8.8	17.3	22.1	13.3	5.3	6.5
Jacksonville city	4.6	12.6	9.0	29.1	5.4	8.1	4.4
Kansas City city	1.9	9.7	14.2	36.6	9.9	7.9	4.2
Las Vegas city	1.7	9.3	10.8	20.7	31.5	4.4	4.4
Los Angeles city	5.1	8.2	13.5	29.1	12.7	8.7	2.5
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	1.6	11.5	9.9	38.4	11.0	6.3	4.7
Memphis city	1.7	5.5	12.7	26.6	10.6	3.1	11.0
Miami city .....	.8	7.2	17.9	29.8	19.3	8.3	.4
Milwaukee city .....	.7	5.2	14.8	40.3	9.9	6.8	1.9
Minneapolis city	3.5	11.9	15.0	29.8	13.4	4.4	1.9
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	1.4	10.3	9.8	31.0	14.9	8.0	6.6
New Orleans city	(³)	5.7	15.3	30.7	19.1	10.7	2.2
New York city	3.1	9.1	14.4	39.1	8.2	6.3	3.2
Oakland city	1.9	5.9	19.4	37.3	9.9	7.7	2.8
Oklahoma City city	1.3	2.7	12.9	37.3	8.7	6.1	5.6
Philadelphia County/city	1.0	6.9	9.5	45.1	8.7	5.4	7.0
Phoenix city .....	.6	13.6	13.4	27.4	12.2	6.5	4.5
Portland city .....	.5	7.5	13.9	32.6	13.1	6.7	4.1
Sacramento city	1.4	11.2	4.7	26.3	9.9	10.2	16.1
San Antonio city	2.2	10.6	9.8	36.0	14.1	5.1	3.5
San Diego city	1.2	7.0	16.3	35.9	10.9	4.2	3.1
San Francisco County/city	4.8	8.6	20.7	26.0	9.7	6.1	2.9
San Jose city	2.3	4.8	15.9	30.7	10.1	4.8	5.6
Seattle city	1.1	6.5	16.0	36.7	10.2	3.0	4.0
St. Louis city	2.6	6.5	3.1	33.6	15.9	5.9	5.1
Tulsa city	3.5	8.3	8.7	31.9	10.5	7.2	.4
Virginia Beach city	2.1	12.2	13.0	32.3	12.4	4.4	4.3
Washington city	3.9	5.6	21.3	21.5	11.6	10.0	17.5
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	3.3	7.6	18.6	16.7	7.8	5.3	3.1
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	3.3	7.7	17.1	21.5	8.1	6.4	4.3
Baltimore–Towson	2.1	6.3	16.3	21.1	8.1	5.0	8.8
Birmingham–Hoover	2.6	10.1	10.2	20.4	4.3	6.1	3.3
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.3	8.7	15.8	26.7	7.9	4.7	4.3
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	2.5	15.6	16.1	22.6	8.3	5.5	2.0
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	1.3	7.0	11.6	21.9	7.7	4.6	2.8
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	4.4	9.4	11.5	18.3	10.9	5.1	2.2
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	1.9	7.3	15.1	19.9	9.8	4.2	3.2
Cincinnati–Middletown	1.2	6.3	11.5	19.2	11.5	4.0	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
White											
Metropolitan areas:											
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	5.5	16.3	11.2	5.1	11.8	3.1				
Columbus	100.0	6.1	9.0	5.4	3.5	14.8	6.0				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	9.6	9.3	6.4	2.9	13.9	6.0				
Dayton	100.0	6.6	13.3	7.7	5.6	12.3	4.9				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	8.0	5.5	3.8	1.8	12.1	4.9				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	5.6	17.8	14.7	3.1	14.6	4.0				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	7.1	13.3	9.9	3.4	10.1	3.7				
Honolulu	100.0	8.7	2.6	2.2	.5	11.7	5.2				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	9.4	11.2	6.7	4.5	12.6	5.4				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	7.1	12.9	6.7	6.2	12.7	4.2				
Jacksonville	100.0	6.8	4.4	3.7	.7	14.0	6.1				
Kansas City	100.0	6.4	10.4	6.7	3.7	14.0	4.4				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	6.8	2.9	1.8	1.2	13.9	4.5				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	6.8	12.0	7.2	4.8	13.3	4.7				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	5.1	10.0	6.5	3.5	13.5	7.0				
Memphis	100.0	7.3	5.7	3.3	2.4	15.1	12.2				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	7.1	5.4	3.3	2.1	14.8	6.1				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	5.4	17.1	12.0	5.1	13.7	2.4				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	5.3	12.8	9.1	3.7	13.7	4.9				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	8.7	8.6	5.0	3.6	12.0	3.9				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	12.8	5.4	2.5	2.8	13.3	5.6				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	6.8	6.8	3.2	3.6	12.7	4.8				
Oklahoma City	100.0	7.5	6.9	5.1	1.7	13.7	4.8				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	5.8	4.6	3.5	1.1	14.3	5.7				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	6.5	10.0	4.9	5.1	13.8	4.6				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	7.7	6.6	5.5	1.1	13.3	5.1				
Pittsburgh	100.0	6.1	11.4	7.3	4.0	13.6	4.7				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	7.8	12.8	9.6	3.2	13.1	6.3				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	6.7	10.2	7.8	2.4	13.0	2.9				
Richmond	100.0	8.0	8.2	4.7	3.4	13.2	3.7				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	8.8	9.0	6.4	2.6	14.5	7.0				
Rochester	100.0	4.3	11.0	8.0	3.0	14.0	3.8				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	7.8	4.8	2.5	2.4	13.8	3.8				
Salt Lake City	100.0	6.7	10.0	7.4	2.6	15.7	6.5				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	9.0	5.5	3.5	2.0	14.1	4.7				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	7.2	7.8	6.3	1.5	14.6	3.5				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	7.7	6.4	4.1	2.4	11.6	3.8				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	6.8	15.9	14.8	1.0	12.2	3.6				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	6.4	12.1	10.0	2.2	14.1	4.3				
St. Louis ²	100.0	6.2	10.5	6.9	3.6	14.5	5.2				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	9.0	5.4	4.0	1.4	16.0	3.5				
Tulsa	100.0	8.1	12.8	9.2	3.6	15.4	5.4				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	8.3	8.4	7.4	1.0	14.5	2.4				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	9.1	2.6	1.8	.8	8.7	2.7				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	7.9	2.7	1.7	1.0	10.0	1.8				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	5.1	6.5	3.6	2.9	9.8	2.9				
Camden	100.0	6.9	7.9	4.2	3.8	16.1	5.9				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	6.0	12.1	7.4	4.6	13.9	5.9				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	10.0	9.3	6.3	3.0	13.0	5.6				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	5.4	15.9	13.4	2.5	16.8	5.9				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	7.1	9.1	3.6	5.5	14.8	3.1				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	5.3	4.8	3.1	1.7	16.0	5.2				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	8.7	9.2	6.6	2.6	15.8	6.8				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	6.6	11.3	6.5	4.8	13.4	5.1				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	7.1	6.7	3.8	3.0	13.5	8.0				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	7.6	5.6	2.8	2.8	14.7	6.1				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	6.5	5.8	2.9	2.9	11.4	5.0				
Newark–Union	100.0	6.7	10.3	4.6	5.8	13.4	3.9				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	9.8	6.9	4.0	2.9	11.2	4.6				
Philadelphia	100.0	6.1	10.6	5.3	5.3	13.4	4.1				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	4.7	5.7	4.1	1.6	12.1	2.6				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	7.5	13.8	9.0	4.7	13.1	3.4				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	5.7	13.6	11.2	2.3	13.7	4.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	1.4	8.0	10.9	25.0	8.4	5.0	3.7
Columbus	2.4	10.6	10.2	21.5	8.1	5.5	4.0
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	2.4	8.7	13.5	16.7	9.1	6.6	2.6
Dayton	2.7	5.1	9.4	24.2	12.6	4.3	3.5
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	3.6	8.9	15.2	20.2	10.7	4.6	4.5
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	1.8	6.4	10.7	21.4	9.3	5.1	3.1
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	1.6	13.1	9.7	25.8	7.0	4.2	4.0
Honolulu	2.2	5.7	13.0	23.9	11.5	5.4	8.1
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown .....	.8	6.1	14.0	19.0	8.9	4.8	3.4
Indianapolis–Carmel	2.7	6.2	15.1	20.5	7.9	4.7	4.8
Jacksonville	1.9	12.6	12.8	21.1	9.4	5.6	5.0
Kansas City	3.3	8.4	14.3	20.7	7.3	5.6	3.5
Las Vegas–Paradise	1.6	5.8	13.5	13.4	28.5	3.9	4.8
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	4.1	7.7	14.3	17.1	11.2	5.9	2.5
Louisville–Jefferson County	1.4	10.4	9.4	23.5	10.6	4.7	3.3
Memphis .....	.7	6.5	10.2	22.3	12.0	5.0	3.0
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	2.5	9.5	14.0	20.2	10.9	5.8	3.4
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	1.6	7.9	11.5	24.4	7.5	5.4	2.9
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	1.9	9.4	12.8	21.8	8.3	4.8	3.5
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	3.7	8.7	11.2	21.2	11.6	5.6	3.7
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner .....	.5	7.8	12.3	19.9	13.2	6.0	.9
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	3.7	9.8	15.2	23.0	8.5	4.3	4.2
Oklahoma City	1.9	5.7	13.1	21.5	7.4	4.9	6.2
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	2.3	7.8	16.5	16.6	18.3	4.9	2.5
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	2.1	8.2	13.9	23.6	9.2	3.9	3.5
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	1.5	12.0	15.5	17.8	9.8	6.1	3.6
Pittsburgh	2.7	7.9	9.2	25.8	9.9	4.1	3.2
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	2.3	6.4	12.8	19.7	8.8	5.2	3.2
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	1.6	7.3	11.1	27.6	10.1	4.8	4.3
Richmond .....	.5	11.8	12.9	20.2	9.0	4.6	7.0
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	1.2	4.6	10.7	21.5	10.9	6.0	4.9
Rochester	2.8	5.7	10.8	28.7	10.2	3.3	5.0
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	1.9	8.6	10.2	20.4	9.4	7.0	10.0
Salt Lake City	3.4	10.2	12.6	18.3	8.2	3.8	3.6
San Antonio–New Braunfels	2.2	8.6	9.7	24.7	11.0	4.8	3.7
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	1.3	8.3	14.7	22.2	9.5	4.8	5.8
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	4.0	8.6	20.9	19.0	9.1	4.8	3.5
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	2.7	4.5	18.3	20.7	10.0	2.7	2.3
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	1.9	7.3	16.1	20.7	10.3	3.6	2.8
St. Louis ²	1.7	10.3	11.2	22.1	8.9	5.1	3.7
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	3.1	10.4	14.9	20.5	8.2	4.1	4.2
Tulsa	2.7	7.0	8.4	20.1	8.7	4.6	2.8
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	2.1	8.0	14.1	21.0	8.8	5.3	6.8
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.7	6.4	23.7	17.0	7.1	6.2	13.4
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	3.1	6.9	23.4	21.8	5.6	5.6	10.5
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.4	9.8	17.3	28.4	8.1	4.6	4.6
Camden	2.9	7.3	12.9	23.5	7.9	3.2	5.0
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.0	7.4	15.3	20.0	9.7	4.3	3.2
Dallas–Plano–Irving	2.8	9.1	14.7	16.3	8.7	7.0	2.2
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	1.3	8.1	9.1	20.3	9.7	5.1	2.1
Edison–New Brunswick	3.5	6.9	16.8	22.8	7.1	4.6	3.9
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	3.2	10.2	13.3	18.9	13.1	6.0	3.9
Fort Worth–Arlington	1.4	7.9	11.0	17.6	9.9	5.7	3.6
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	4.8	7.2	13.6	17.2	11.4	6.5	2.4
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	2.5	9.1	13.7	21.3	8.3	6.5	2.8
Nassau–Suffolk	3.7	9.3	13.8	24.5	6.8	2.6	5.2
New York–White Plains–Wayne	4.0	10.3	15.4	22.9	9.7	5.0	4.0
Newark–Union	2.8	11.8	14.6	21.3	7.4	3.5	4.0
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	3.3	8.2	18.4	20.0	8.3	4.5	4.1
Philadelphia	1.8	8.1	14.6	24.1	9.7	4.1	2.9
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	5.0	9.1	24.6	17.5	10.1	5.2	2.5
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	2.1	9.4	16.1	16.7	10.7	4.3	2.8
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	1.9	7.4	17.1	19.9	10.3	3.5	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
White											
Metropolitan divisions:											
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	5.6	18.6	15.2	3.4	13.8	3.2				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	9.4	2.6	1.8	.7	8.3	2.9				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	9.3	3.5	2.5	1.0	16.0	3.6				
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	4.1	1.6	1.5	.2	14.5	5.2				
Austin city	100.0	10.6	6.9	5.0	2.0	11.2	1.4				
Baltimore city	100.0	6.6	5.0	3.6	1.4	8.2	2.6				
Boston city	100.0	2.2	5.7	1.2	4.5	6.1	2.8				
Charlotte city	100.0	10.2	6.8	3.8	3.0	10.7	2.2				
Chicago city	100.0	4.9	11.0	6.2	4.8	10.8	5.2				
Cleveland city	100.0	8.9	23.4	12.7	10.7	6.1	2.7				
Columbus city	100.0	5.4	8.0	3.1	4.9	16.7	4.5				
Dallas city	100.0	17.2	7.9	4.2	3.6	10.5	5.5				
Denver County/city	100.0	8.5	5.0	3.1	1.9	9.2	3.6				
Detroit city	100.0	30.5	20.8	20.8	(³)	9.8	(³)				
Fort Worth city	100.0	7.2	9.1	6.1	3.1	12.7	6.4				
Houston city	100.0	12.1	10.3	7.4	2.9	10.8	5.6				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	8.4	12.0	4.4	7.6	13.1	2.2				
Jacksonville city	100.0	5.3	4.1	3.2	.9	16.6	7.1				
Kansas City city	100.0	6.3	11.6	8.7	2.9	10.9	4.5				
Las Vegas city	100.0	8.7	1.9	1.2	.7	11.7	4.8				
Los Angeles city	100.0	6.6	9.6	4.4	5.2	12.7	3.8				
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	4.3	8.9	5.6	3.3	11.5	7.3				
Memphis city	100.0	7.6	3.7	1.0	2.7	12.7	7.9				
Miami city	100.0	9.7	2.2	1.2	.9	14.3	9.6				
Milwaukee city	100.0	7.7	13.9	8.2	5.7	9.8	2.2				
Minneapolis city	100.0	2.3	5.4	3.4	2.0	10.8	3.9				
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	6.6	6.2	2.0	4.1	11.1	1.2				
New Orleans city	100.0	5.9	3.7	3.7	(³)	6.9	(³)				
New York city	100.0	6.2	4.6	1.9	2.7	11.0	5.0				
Oakland city	100.0	12.7	2.7	1.3	1.3	7.2	1.7				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	11.7	6.5	4.7	1.8	15.7	4.6				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	7.3	5.5	3.9	1.6	14.9	4.3				
Phoenix city	100.0	8.6	6.9	5.3	1.5	12.6	5.9				
Portland city	100.0	6.7	12.5	7.9	4.5	11.0	4.7				
Sacramento city	100.0	12.7	4.5	1.9	2.5	11.0	4.4				
San Antonio city	100.0	8.2	4.7	2.9	1.8	14.9	3.3				
San Diego city	100.0	6.1	7.2	6.4	.8	13.4	3.3				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	2.3	5.4	3.1	2.3	8.5	2.8				
San Jose city	100.0	6.4	15.9	15.2	.7	12.5	3.7				
Seattle city	100.0	3.0	11.7	9.0	2.7	12.0	3.4				
St. Louis city	100.0	10.9	6.0	.8	5.1	16.3	2.9				
Tulsa city	100.0	7.4	11.2	7.9	3.3	13.8	3.5				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	7.0	4.4	4.3	.1	15.1	2.9				
Washington city	100.0	2.4	1.0	.5	.5	3.8	.9				
Black or African American											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	3.1	6.8	3.3	3.5	15.9	9.8				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	3.9	4.2	4.2	(³)	18.2	2.3				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	2.3	4.6	2.2	2.5	14.8	5.7				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	2.7	10.7	7.9	2.8	15.8	5.9				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	3.5	4.2	3.5	.7	11.1	4.3				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	1.9	7.5	5.4	2.1	18.7	7.6				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	6.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.9	4.3				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	2.8	9.1	4.4	4.7	15.3	6.3				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	1.5	5.6	4.1	1.5	11.4	12.1				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	2.3	10.2	8.1	2.1	10.6	7.4				
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	3.4	7.1	5.2	1.9	10.4	3.5				
Columbus	100.0	.3	9.9	2.9	7.0	9.4	6.4				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	3.0	8.7	4.4	4.3	14.9	12.6				
Dayton	100.0	2.4	1.6	1.6	(³)	16.2	4.7				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	1.8	4.3	2.8	1.5	13.3	11.1				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
White							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	2.0	5.7	11.4	21.8	9.2	5.1	3.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.5	6.3	23.8	15.6	7.6	6.3	14.3
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	1.6	9.4	15.3	19.5	13.4	4.4	3.9
Cities:							
Atlanta city	3.7	16.7	25.6	13.8	9.1	4.7	1.1
Austin city	4.6	7.4	17.0	20.3	11.0	4.1	4.6
Baltimore city	2.6	6.5	19.4	27.8	11.8	4.8	4.7
Boston city	1.3	13.1	17.6	34.0	9.7	3.6	3.4
Charlotte city	4.0	13.9	15.3	18.6	13.3	4.4	.7
Chicago city	1.5	7.8	17.8	19.7	11.0	5.2	5.0
Cleveland city	1.5	4.9	11.4	18.8	8.5	12.1	1.7
Columbus city .....	.5	10.0	8.6	23.2	11.7	6.9	3.7
Dallas city	1.2	9.6	15.9	11.6	10.7	8.9	.5
Denver County/city	4.4	9.9	15.9	22.5	11.6	4.0	3.3
Detroit city	9.5	(³)	(³)	7.0	15.0	7.3	(³)
Fort Worth city	1.7	8.9	10.4	20.6	13.4	6.7	2.2
Houston city .....	.8	7.0	15.0	18.3	8.9	4.6	1.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	3.5	6.7	18.8	14.7	9.8	4.1	6.4
Jacksonville city	2.5	14.3	11.9	19.4	5.9	7.5	5.2
Kansas City city	2.4	9.7	16.9	18.7	6.7	7.6	4.6
Las Vegas city	2.0	8.4	12.9	12.1	27.4	5.4	4.7
Los Angeles city	7.8	7.9	14.0	16.1	12.4	7.5	1.2
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	1.6	12.3	10.8	23.4	11.5	5.2	2.8
Memphis city .....	.5	10.9	13.0	20.5	13.2	6.3	3.7
Miami city .....	.4	9.6	15.4	19.3	13.9	4.6	1.0
Milwaukee city	2.2	7.3	13.7	23.2	10.8	4.9	3.6
Minneapolis city	3.8	11.4	20.0	19.3	17.5	4.6	.9
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	2.9	10.8	12.6	22.0	13.7	7.4	5.2
New Orleans city	(³)	10.1	16.1	30.6	19.6	7.0	(³)
New York city	4.3	10.4	16.5	22.2	11.2	4.8	3.6
Oakland city	5.2	4.2	17.9	29.8	11.7	4.0	2.1
Oklahoma City city .....	.5	2.7	14.2	19.8	8.5	6.4	5.4
Philadelphia County/city	2.2	5.6	12.3	24.5	12.6	4.9	5.9
Phoenix city	1.2	12.1	15.4	17.0	10.4	6.2	3.7
Portland city	3.0	7.3	14.7	21.0	10.3	5.1	3.2
Sacramento city	3.0	6.9	12.8	13.7	9.7	9.8	11.4
San Antonio city	2.6	8.7	10.9	23.7	13.3	5.0	3.9
San Diego city	1.1	9.0	16.7	23.0	11.0	4.2	4.9
San Francisco County/city	8.0	8.4	27.4	19.5	12.8	2.7	1.6
San Jose city	2.7	4.0	18.4	20.1	10.1	3.3	2.7
Seattle city	1.4	7.2	18.2	24.8	12.1	2.8	3.4
St. Louis city	1.5	12.1	8.8	18.0	10.3	5.3	6.7
Tulsa city	2.6	9.2	11.7	18.1	10.9	6.1	1.8
Virginia Beach city	2.6	12.1	16.4	17.9	11.3	4.0	5.6
Washington city	4.5	7.2	27.7	13.7	10.6	9.3	19.0
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	1.9	5.8	16.2	20.2	11.0	3.9	5.4
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	2.7	8.8	16.1	13.1	11.8	4.5	14.3
Baltimore–Towson	1.9	7.1	8.8	31.3	6.4	3.7	13.2
Birmingham–Hoover	3.7	9.3	6.3	26.9	9.5	3.8	5.0
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	1.7	5.8	11.1	36.3	12.3	5.8	3.8
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	1.1	6.6	4.9	38.8	6.4	4.1	2.4
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	(³)	(³)	11.1	46.8	18.1	(³)	3.4
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	1.8	11.4	12.0	23.3	11.1	4.6	2.2
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	3.8	5.7	9.2	31.8	6.9	4.6	7.5
Cincinnati–Middletown	1.0	4.5	8.0	30.1	15.6	5.9	3.9
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	2.2	5.2	9.9	37.3	11.7	6.1	3.2
Columbus .....	.7	12.4	12.4	28.6	9.3	3.6	7.0
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	3.1	10.6	7.9	24.6	5.6	3.6	4.0
Dayton	2.5	13.0	6.0	34.6	9.5	1.5	8.1
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	7.3	7.9	16.0	22.3	7.8	3.4	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Black or African American											
Metropolitan areas:											
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	1.4	16.3	13.9	2.4	8.4	8.2				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	3.2	9.1	7.2	2.0	12.3	5.0				
Honolulu	100.0	(³)	7.0	7.0	(³)	8.3	4.1				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	3.3	6.7	3.7	3.0	13.7	9.0				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	3.7	9.6	5.2	4.4	14.4	11.9				
Jacksonville	100.0	1.4	5.6	3.5	2.1	16.6	13.2				
Kansas City	100.0	6.6	8.5	5.0	3.4	15.2	5.8				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	1.7	2.1	1.0	1.2	18.3	9.8				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	2.3	6.8	6.1	.8	9.0	7.9				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	.4	13.0	9.9	3.1	11.1	8.4				
Memphis	100.0	1.6	8.5	6.1	2.4	13.8	21.2				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	3.1	2.8	.7	2.1	13.1	6.5				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	3.4	13.0	8.4	4.5	11.2	5.8				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	1.9	13.9	6.7	7.2	10.6	8.5				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	.3	10.7	6.4	4.3	14.7	6.1				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	1.7	3.7	1.0	2.7	18.7	7.2				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	3.0	3.6	1.3	2.2	11.5	8.7				
Oklahoma City	100.0	.4	3.0	2.2	.8	19.8	5.3				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	7.9	2.0	1.0	1.0	15.5	8.4				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	3.3	8.1	2.0	6.1	11.0	6.4				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	.9	5.2	3.6	1.6	19.0	5.9				
Pittsburgh	100.0	(³)	7.3	2.3	5.0	8.9	4.9				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	(³)	9.2	7.3	1.9	11.5	18.1				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	9.5	10.6	6.6	3.9	14.0	3.6				
Richmond	100.0	3.6	7.0	3.8	3.2	12.3	10.5				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	.9	3.0	2.4	.6	16.9	7.3				
Rochester	100.0	6.0	.7	(³)	.7	7.6	5.2				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	4.1	5.5	.5	5.0	15.9	7.0				
Salt Lake City	100.0	3.3	8.5	3.0	5.5	22.6	(³)				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	2.5	5.0	5.0	(³)	9.5	4.0				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	2.5	3.6	2.8	.8	13.5	8.3				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	4.7	4.3	3.0	1.3	15.3	8.2				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	(³)	4.0	4.0	(³)	3.4	8.0				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	3.4	10.4	8.4	2.0	16.7	5.5				
St. Louis ²	100.0	3.9	10.9	6.8	4.1	11.9	7.4				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	3.2	5.8	4.0	1.7	10.5	9.2				
Tulsa	100.0	1.9	12.5	12.5	(³)	16.1	.6				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	4.8	9.8	7.9	2.0	10.5	4.7				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	5.1	1.9	.8	1.1	9.6	6.4				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	3.7	3.5	1.4	2.1	10.0	6.2				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	2.3	4.8	4.5	.3	11.4	3.6				
Camden	100.0	(³)	10.1	6.5	3.6	9.5	4.3				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	1.5	5.5	4.0	1.5	11.8	12.5				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	2.1	7.6	4.4	3.2	15.8	10.7				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	1.3	15.6	13.5	2.1	8.8	7.6				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	5.0	3.9	.6	3.2	12.1	4.7				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	4.3	1.7	.6	1.1	15.9	6.6				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	4.9	11.2	4.3	6.9	13.1	16.9				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	2.2	6.3	5.8	.5	9.1	8.4				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	3.0	2.8	.6	2.2	11.6	6.8				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	1.6	2.2	.8	1.4	14.0	9.1				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	3.5	2.6	1.4	1.3	11.0	8.5				
Newark–Union	100.0	.6	9.9	2.0	8.0	12.1	11.5				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	5.7	2.4	.8	1.6	15.3	8.2				
Philadelphia	100.0	4.4	8.5	1.4	7.1	9.9	6.9				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	(³)	12.8	12.8	(³)	15.2	8.4				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	4.8	13.1	9.1	4.0	7.1	1.0				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	(³)	11.8	9.4	2.4	17.4	4.5				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	1.4	17.7	14.8	2.9	7.5	9.4				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	5.4	1.6	.7	.9	9.6	6.4				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	.6	5.1	1.1	4.0	10.3	5.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	1.1	6.0	10.8	26.7	9.9	6.8	4.5
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	4.8	5.5	6.6	35.2	4.3	5.5	8.4
Honolulu	(³)	8.4	5.9	32.6	10.6	3.3	19.7
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	1.3	5.2	8.7	32.6	7.3	4.0	5.4
Indianapolis–Carmel	1.3	12.0	7.4	22.9	9.7	2.1	5.0
Jacksonville	5.0	7.1	4.0	22.5	9.3	6.1	9.2
Kansas City .....	.8	4.3	10.0	28.8	11.2	6.4	2.4
Las Vegas–Paradise	1.7	5.6	9.3	16.4	25.7	1.9	7.4
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	2.6	6.1	13.2	31.0	10.2	5.1	5.7
Louisville–Jefferson County .....	.4	4.2	14.5	28.1	9.6	4.4	6.0
Memphis	1.1	2.3	11.7	15.8	9.4	4.8	9.3
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	2.1	5.1	13.6	28.6	11.8	7.1	6.1
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	1.9	2.6	14.3	34.1	6.0	5.1	2.5
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	1.9	6.6	11.9	27.7	7.6	6.7	2.6
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	5.4	11.0	8.0	20.7	12.3	5.0	5.6
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	1.3	4.2	10.1	23.2	15.1	5.8	7.3
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	2.5	7.9	9.9	35.4	7.4	4.5	5.4
Oklahoma City	2.1	6.5	7.1	35.6	4.8	3.7	11.6
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	3.0	7.6	9.5	16.7	18.2	4.0	7.2
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	1.8	6.1	8.0	35.8	7.7	4.4	7.1
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	1.7	12.6	14.7	22.6	10.1	2.1	5.2
Pittsburgh	1.3	6.6	3.3	44.7	9.2	2.6	11.2
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	3.0	8.4	11.3	19.3	6.2	8.8	4.0
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	(³)	7.8	5.8	31.4	7.3	7.5	2.7
Richmond	1.5	5.6	12.0	26.1	9.1	6.2	6.1
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	1.0	1.4	12.8	40.9	5.4	2.8	7.4
Rochester	4.0	6.5	9.6	32.0	14.9	7.7	5.7
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	1.0	4.6	7.9	22.6	6.3	4.1	21.1
Salt Lake City	4.3	6.4	5.1	27.3	13.8	4.5	4.2
San Antonio–New Braunfels .....	.6	10.4	16.3	27.8	12.1	4.3	7.1
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	1.6	3.6	16.6	29.4	5.8	1.7	13.3
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	(³)	7.6	17.0	26.5	5.9	8.6	1.9
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	16.0	2.9	19.5	28.2	4.9	4.1	8.9
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	3.8	5.6	11.0	25.0	8.5	6.3	3.8
St. Louis ²	1.5	12.2	5.3	31.5	7.5	2.7	5.3
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	2.9	8.1	11.8	28.0	8.7	5.0	5.9
Tulsa	10.5	6.5	5.5	36.5	9.3	.7	(³)
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	3.5	6.0	10.2	29.2	8.3	5.8	7.1
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	3.0	6.4	14.6	22.4	7.7	5.9	16.8
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	5.5	8.4	13.2	22.6	6.0	6.2	14.8
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	1.2	7.6	11.8	37.4	11.6	3.8	4.5
Camden	(³)	8.5	11.3	37.1	6.1	10.2	2.9
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	4.2	6.1	9.5	31.3	6.6	4.1	6.7
Dallas–Plano–Irving	2.5	12.7	8.4	25.4	6.3	3.6	4.0
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn .....	.9	6.0	12.4	24.1	10.5	9.3	3.4
Edison–New Brunswick	3.8	3.5	10.5	33.6	17.8	1.5	3.8
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	2.5	4.8	9.2	27.5	11.9	8.6	6.8
Fort Worth–Arlington	4.3	5.9	7.0	22.9	3.8	3.4	4.0
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	2.8	6.2	12.9	31.3	9.8	5.5	5.4
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	1.4	7.3	14.9	28.0	13.2	6.0	4.7
Nassau–Suffolk .....	.5	4.6	8.3	40.4	6.2	4.6	8.0
New York–White Plains–Wayne	2.5	8.5	10.1	35.7	6.7	5.3	5.4
Newark–Union	3.2	8.5	9.9	30.7	8.1	1.1	4.4
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	(³)	8.8	16.9	28.6	4.3	7.5	2.3
Philadelphia	2.0	4.7	7.2	36.2	8.5	3.3	8.3
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	(³)	2.3	17.5	16.9	13.3	13.7	(³)
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	(³)	4.2	17.1	26.9	15.2	(³)	9.6
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	4.2	5.4	12.3	25.9	7.0	7.8	3.7
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	1.4	6.2	7.5	32.0	8.8	1.6	6.5
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.5	6.1	14.8	22.4	7.9	5.9	17.1
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	2.7	.6	20.7	32.5	8.4	6.2	7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Black or African American											
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	4.8	6.8	4.3	2.5	23.9	9.9				
Austin city	100.0	3.4	5.2	5.2	(³)	21.7	4.3				
Baltimore city	100.0	3.8	3.5	2.1	1.4	13.3	6.7				
Boston city	100.0	.8	6.5	6.1	.5	13.6	2.3				
Charlotte city	100.0	2.1	9.6	5.1	4.5	14.5	5.5				
Chicago city	100.0	1.4	5.1	4.2	.9	11.4	9.6				
Cleveland city	100.0	6.3	6.2	2.8	3.3	11.6	5.3				
Columbus city	100.0	.3	9.3	2.6	6.7	9.1	5.8				
Dallas city	100.0	1.4	1.7	1.0	.7	17.5	9.3				
Denver County/city	100.0	(³)	6.9	4.0	2.8	5.7	16.3				
Detroit city	100.0	1.8	13.7	10.8	2.9	9.3	7.8				
Fort Worth city	100.0	9.9	15.4	7.6	7.8	15.1	6.1				
Houston city	100.0	4.3	5.6	4.9	.7	14.7	8.3				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	3.0	12.3	6.6	5.7	9.2	15.2				
Jacksonville city	100.0	1.4	5.6	3.0	2.6	14.7	15.2				
Kansas City city	100.0	5.9	9.1	4.7	4.4	13.3	7.0				
Las Vegas city	100.0	(³)	.6	(³)	.6	19.0	13.5				
Los Angeles city	100.0	3.9	1.2	1.2	(³)	4.4	5.7				
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	10.7	8.5	2.2	9.9	9.4				
Memphis city	100.0	1.3	5.7	4.4	1.3	12.6	21.9				
Miami city	100.0	14.0	5.3	5.3	(³)	(³)	8.6				
Milwaukee city	100.0	2.1	12.9	9.0	3.9	11.6	5.3				
Minneapolis city	100.0	2.0	8.7	2.7	6.1	4.0	8.8				
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	.5	6.8	2.9	3.8	18.1	1.9				
New Orleans city	100.0	1.0	1.4	(³)	1.4	17.5	5.9				
New York city	100.0	3.0	2.5	1.3	1.2	10.8	8.7				
Oakland city	100.0	9.8	2.4	1.9	.6	9.3	6.8				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	.5	4.1	3.0	1.1	22.8	7.2				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	5.4	7.6	.7	6.9	9.4	7.6				
Phoenix city	100.0	1.5	3.2	2.0	1.2	20.4	9.1				
Portland city	100.0	(³)	5.5	1.9	3.6	20.6	6.3				
Sacramento city	100.0	2.7	4.3	(³)	4.3	4.7	(³)				
San Antonio city	100.0	1.8	3.2	3.2	(³)	7.9	4.4				
San Diego city	100.0	(³)	4.8	3.1	1.7	14.0	5.2				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	(³)	10.1	10.1	(³)	15.5	8.9				
San Jose city	100.0	(³)	5.3	5.3	(³)	2.0	10.7				
Seattle city	100.0	(³)	5.9	4.2	1.7	15.8	4.1				
St. Louis city	100.0	1.3	5.8	5.8	(³)	8.7	3.7				
Tulsa city	100.0	2.8	18.2	18.2	(³)	13.3	.9				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	2.3	6.2	6.2	(³)	14.3	4.6				
Washington city	100.0	3.9	1.6	.7	.9	8.8	4.5				
Asian											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	5.9	12.7	8.8	3.9	15.6	1.7				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	(³)	14.5	13.4	1.1	14.5	(³)				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	3.5	3.9	1.8	2.2	17.3	3.0				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	2.0	15.4	12.6	2.8	7.3	.4				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	.8	6.1	4.8	1.3	16.6	(³)				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	(³)	22.9	8.8	14.0	14.3	(³)				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	(³)	9.1	4.7	4.5	22.1	11.7				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	1.6	12.8	9.7	3.1	12.7	2.7				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	(³)	18.2	6.3	11.9	12.7	5.8				
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	1.5	21.0	8.9	12.1	(³)	(³)				
Columbus	100.0	(³)	5.2	1.4	3.8	10.6	9.0				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	3.7	17.1	12.4	4.7	8.3	3.9				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	5.8	7.7	6.2	1.5	18.4	5.1				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	.6	29.5	28.2	1.4	8.4	.7				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	(³)	21.4	20.7	.7	9.3	1.7				
Honolulu	100.0	6.5	3.0	1.3	1.7	14.4	6.7				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	4.6	15.1	11.3	3.8	9.7	4.7				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	(³)	19.6	15.3	4.3	10.4	7.6				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Black or African American							
Cities:							
Atlanta city	1.4	7.4	10.1	11.6	16.6	4.4	3.1
Austin city	5.1	12.9	4.8	13.6	15.1	1.0	13.0
Baltimore city .....	.9	5.5	10.9	29.3	6.6	3.5	15.8
Boston city	(³)	9.4	6.1	46.1	8.6	4.2	2.4
Charlotte city	2.5	12.0	12.3	23.1	13.0	2.9	2.4
Chicago city	2.7	5.0	9.0	35.3	8.1	5.0	7.2
Cleveland city	2.4	5.9	9.8	30.5	12.4	7.3	2.4
Columbus city .....	.8	13.1	12.0	29.2	9.9	4.1	6.4
Dallas city	4.2	12.1	11.5	27.6	8.0	2.8	2.5
Denver County/city	11.7	3.2	24.4	17.2	6.0	2.8	5.9
Detroit city	1.2	3.9	11.8	22.1	12.5	11.9	3.8
Fort Worth city	3.6	2.0	5.0	26.5	1.9	3.9	5.3
Houston city .....	.9	2.5	10.0	32.7	7.2	4.3	6.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	1.7	11.5	9.5	19.5	10.6	2.7	5.0
Jacksonville city	6.2	7.5	4.6	22.1	9.7	7.6	5.5
Kansas City city	(³)	4.0	11.3	31.2	14.6	2.8	1.0
Las Vegas city	2.3	8.4	3.0	18.3	26.7	2.3	5.8
Los Angeles city	3.1	7.6	14.7	30.5	13.1	7.3	8.5
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city .....	.5	4.9	15.9	27.6	10.0	4.2	7.0
Memphis city	1.1	3.1	13.8	15.2	11.3	3.6	10.4
Miami city	(³)	(³)	17.1	26.3	16.6	6.6	4.3
Milwaukee city	2.0	3.0	14.2	37.1	5.6	4.4	1.9
Minneapolis city	4.0	6.5	16.8	26.1	8.7	12.3	2.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	4.3	12.3	8.6	22.1	12.8	5.7	6.9
New Orleans city	2.7	4.8	12.2	18.9	20.6	7.0	7.9
New York city	2.3	8.6	9.7	36.8	7.1	4.9	5.6
Oakland city	(³)	7.4	15.1	32.6	5.7	9.0	1.9
Oklahoma City city	1.4	3.7	6.1	33.9	5.0	3.1	12.4
Philadelphia County/city	2.1	4.7	7.9	35.4	7.9	3.0	8.8
Phoenix city	1.0	12.7	11.0	23.0	9.6	2.4	5.9
Portland city	(³)	9.3	10.4	26.9	9.3	10.2	1.5
Sacramento city	(³)	4.5	(³)	36.1	11.2	8.7	27.8
San Antonio city	(³)	10.5	18.0	25.2	16.1	3.7	8.6
San Diego city	(³)	7.7	3.8	39.7	12.3	(³)	12.4
San Francisco County/city	(³)	3.7	17.1	18.5	4.2	22.1	(³)
San Jose city	11.6	3.9	26.1	20.7	6.5	5.5	7.7
Seattle city	(³)	7.6	14.3	35.6	5.1	6.3	5.3
St. Louis city	4.0	13.0	8.9	29.5	12.4	2.3	10.3
Tulsa city	10.0	4.9	3.0	40.6	5.3	1.0	(³)
Virginia Beach city	4.8	11.2	6.7	36.2	7.9	1.7	4.3
Washington city	3.0	5.4	16.3	21.7	11.9	7.1	15.6
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	3.2	6.1	20.5	13.7	9.2	9.2	2.2
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	7.1	1.0	17.7	29.3	5.2	8.4	2.2
Baltimore–Towson .....	.3	4.5	18.3	25.1	13.1	4.1	6.9
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.2	5.7	18.8	26.1	11.4	7.6	3.3
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	1.9	15.5	26.8	24.4	4.2	3.6	(³)
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	(³)	6.0	2.7	15.7	21.8	16.6	(³)
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	5.0	18.8	10.8	1.6	5.5	11.3	(³)
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	1.9	11.4	15.6	25.4	9.1	5.4	1.2
Cincinnati–Middletown	1.4	1.2	31.7	8.9	12.2	7.8	(³)
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	(³)	9.1	(³)	39.4	25.8	3.2	(³)
Columbus	5.0	14.1	22.9	11.2	18.1	(³)	4.0
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	3.4	11.0	16.6	18.5	6.3	10.1	.4
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	6.6	6.3	11.1	20.9	2.3	11.5	4.4
Detroit–Warren–Livonia .....	.4	5.3	20.6	21.2	10.8	2.6	(³)
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford .....	.3	17.0	20.4	15.1	8.7	3.8	2.3
Honolulu .....	.9	6.3	9.7	21.3	15.3	5.5	9.0
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	1.6	5.2	12.2	23.8	4.9	12.1	1.7
Indianapolis–Carmel	(³)	1.7	20.9	30.2	8.2	1.3	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Asian											
Metropolitan areas:											
Jacksonville	100.0	6.8	6.8	(³)	6.8	6.4	4.2				
Kansas City	100.0	1.3	13.6	10.4	3.2	11.1	.4				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	.6	2.1	.9	1.2	10.4	7.7				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	2.2	14.3	9.4	4.9	14.9	4.4				
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	4.8	6.8	6.8	(³)	22.1	(³)				
Memphis	100.0	1.5	24.0	22.1	1.8	4.5	4.0				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	3.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	14.7	4.5				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	(³)	17.4	10.0	7.4	16.8	4.1				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	1.2	27.5	17.1	10.4	12.3	1.9				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	(³)	25.1	6.1	18.9	8.4	(³)				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	19.6	32.0				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	2.0	7.5	3.3	4.2	12.9	4.6				
Oklahoma City	100.0	1.2	7.7	7.7	(³)	17.0	6.5				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	1.2	2.5	2.5	(³)	17.5	3.6				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	1.7	12.5	4.7	7.8	13.6	5.6				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	4.4	12.0	7.6	4.4	17.8	(³)				
Pittsburgh	100.0	2.9	12.0	12.0	(³)	6.4	5.0				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	1.7	23.5	20.5	2.9	13.7	4.9				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	(³)	19.4	12.6	6.8	7.5	2.6				
Richmond	100.0	(³)	4.0	4.0	(³)	17.1	2.7				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	1.1	11.6	7.7	3.9	9.8	3.2				
Rochester	100.0	(³)	26.4	10.7	15.7	13.8	(³)				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	.6	6.2	3.8	2.4	9.3	6.2				
Salt Lake City	100.0	(³)	18.9	7.8	11.1	5.8	(³)				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.2	(³)				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	2.8	12.3	10.0	2.4	9.5	5.2				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	3.3	9.5	6.5	3.0	14.0	6.0				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	1.4	25.4	24.3	1.2	9.5	1.2				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	2.0	13.0	10.6	2.4	15.5	6.5				
St. Louis ²	100.0	(³)	1.5	1.5	(³)	16.9	(³)				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	(³)	20.6	13.9	6.7	8.7	7.2				
Tulsa	100.0	(³)	16.0	11.6	4.4	11.3	14.7				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	4.2	7.6	2.6	5.0	9.5	4.7				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	3.1	2.6	2.0	.6	10.5	3.5				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	3.2	2.2	1.8	.3	11.2	.7				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	2.3	15.6	12.9	2.7	7.9	.3				
Camden	100.0	(³)	7.3	1.0	6.3	21.6	9.8				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	1.7	12.0	9.2	2.8	13.3	2.7				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	2.9	12.0	8.5	3.5	9.1	4.6				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	(³)	22.8	20.5	2.3	19.9	1.6				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	1.5	14.2	2.2	12.0	7.2	1.0				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	3.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	20.9	4.3				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	5.8	31.6	23.6	8.0	6.1	2.1				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	1.9	10.6	6.0	4.6	14.2	4.1				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	6.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	21.3	6.5				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	2.2	7.5	4.5	3.0	21.0	6.5				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	2.1	5.1	2.7	2.4	12.8	4.6				
Newark–Union	100.0	1.3	15.5	8.5	7.1	12.9	7.9				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	2.5	12.8	9.1	3.6	14.2	4.5				
Philadelphia	100.0	2.5	14.6	6.2	8.3	11.9	5.2				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	4.3	5.3	3.1	2.3	13.8	7.9				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	2.7	21.7	16.2	5.5	16.5	5.0				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	1.8	13.4	10.8	2.6	15.7	6.8				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	.8	32.4	31.4	1.0	3.5	.3				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	3.1	2.8	2.1	.7	10.1	4.6				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	(³)	3.1								

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Jacksonville	(³)	22.7	23.7	8.0	2.3	19.2	(³)
Kansas City	5.9	2.7	20.9	27.2	7.5	5.4	4.0
Las Vegas–Paradise	2.5	5.9	7.7	16.2	41.6	3.9	1.4
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	2.5	7.9	13.2	23.0	8.6	4.9	3.9
Louisville–Jefferson County	(³)	18.9	19.0	15.6	5.8	7.0	(³)
Memphis	(³)	11.2	(³)	21.3	33.6	(³)	(³)
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	3.4	1.6	8.9	17.6	23.9	15.4	6.8
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	6.2	3.3	12.4	20.6	(³)	14.2	4.9
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington .....	.6	9.6	17.6	19.0	6.5	3.3	.7
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	6.0	(³)	3.0	36.0	10.9	10.6	(³)
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	(³)	1.3	1.5	9.0	36.6	(³)	(³)
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	2.5	14.3	16.8	21.5	11.4	4.3	2.3
Oklahoma City	(³)	5.6	7.1	28.2	10.0	1.4	1.2
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	(³)	11.2	14.8	15.8	19.2	12.1	2.2
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	1.6	8.5	15.4	21.3	11.3	5.3	2.9
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	1.9	6.8	15.0	24.1	13.9	2.4	1.8
Pittsburgh	(³)	7.0	12.2	41.4	10.1	(³)	2.9
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	1.0	3.4	10.8	18.3	11.3	10.0	1.5
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	(³)	2.4	15.6	26.8	12.4	11.8	1.4
Richmond .....	.9	12.2	20.4	22.5	4.4	6.4	9.3
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	1.4	5.1	9.5	28.7	13.7	10.2	3.9
Rochester	4.9	(³)	17.4	17.9	15.8	3.8	(³)
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	2.0	7.0	14.5	25.4	9.8	3.4	13.7
Salt Lake City	3.0	4.2	27.6	19.2	11.2	6.8	3.3
San Antonio–New Braunfels	(³)	(³)	6.9	68.9	15.0	(³)	(³)
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	5.7	3.1	13.4	28.7	9.3	5.1	5.0
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	2.9	10.0	19.2	21.1	5.9	4.0	3.9
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	4.5	4.1	21.5	17.9	8.5	3.4	2.5
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	3.4	2.0	12.0	23.6	16.7	4.3	.9
St. Louis ²	(³)	6.8	8.7	28.0	11.6	24.9	1.5
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	3.0	5.0	7.2	19.3	10.0	17.6	(³)
Tulsa	(³)	(³)	7.8	8.1	17.3	18.8	(³)
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	(³)	6.5	12.0	30.8	8.6	12.5	3.6
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.6	8.4	27.1	17.1	6.7	8.6	9.8
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	2.5	4.4	27.7	22.9	4.5	12.6	8.1
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	2.1	6.8	15.5	25.7	14.0	5.6	4.3
Camden	(³)	4.2	4.9	24.9	16.6	3.3	7.5
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	2.1	12.2	16.3	25.0	8.1	5.4	1.2
Dallas–Plano–Irving	4.6	11.1	20.5	20.6	5.5	7.8	.5
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	1.3	.8	11.9	18.6	16.7	6.2	(³)
Edison–New Brunswick	6.4	18.1	29.0	13.9	6.6	.2	1.9
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	3.7	3.6	15.6	26.2	9.9	12.8	(³)
Fort Worth–Arlington	(³)	10.5	5.5	12.6	8.6	16.7	(³)
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	3.5	7.3	13.4	25.7	9.7	4.8	4.4
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	(³)	(³)	8.0	20.0	23.2	7.5	6.6
Nassau–Suffolk	1.4	15.0	6.8	26.2	7.9	4.5	1.0
New York–White Plains–Wayne	1.9	14.1	16.5	21.8	13.1	5.4	2.5
Newark–Union	2.0	8.3	10.8	26.0	9.9	1.9	3.5
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	3.7	9.3	19.3	21.5	5.4	3.2	3.7
Philadelphia	2.0	7.0	18.6	20.5	10.3	5.8	1.6
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	1.9	11.0	19.0	20.7	6.5	5.1	4.3
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine .....	.4	9.0	12.7	17.6	6.3	5.1	3.0
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	3.4	2.1	12.4	21.7	17.2	4.6	.9
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	(³)	7.2	24.2	22.2	8.4	1.0	(³)
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	2.7	10.1	26.9	14.6	7.7	6.9	10.6
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	5.9	(³)	(³)	2.9	45.1	26.2	16.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Asian											
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	22.0	(³)				
Austin city	100.0	(³)	13.6	13.6	(³)	15.3	(³)				
Baltimore city	100.0	(³)	12.1	(³)	12.1	(³)	(³)				
Boston city	100.0	.9	9.8	5.4	4.3	6.8	(³)				
Charlotte city	100.0	(³)	9.0	2.0	7.0	22.5	5.3				
Chicago city	100.0	(³)	9.3	5.1	4.2	12.2	4.5				
Columbus city	100.0	(³)	6.7	1.8	5.0	8.8	5.9				
Dallas city	100.0	4.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	13.0	5.0				
Denver County/city	100.0	(³)	8.3	5.2	3.1	19.2	(³)				
Fort Worth city	100.0	9.6	8.1	8.1	(³)	11.1	8.6				
Houston city	100.0	3.3	14.5	10.4	4.1	6.2	(³)				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	23.6	17.3				
Jacksonville city	100.0	9.5	9.4	(³)	9.4	5.3	5.8				
Kansas City city	100.0	2.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	20.6	(³)				
Las Vegas city	100.0	(³)	2.5	(³)	2.5	10.7	7.1				
Los Angeles city	100.0	2.4	8.3	4.0	4.3	11.5	4.0				
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	4.8	6.8	6.8	(³)	22.1	(³)				
Milwaukee city	100.0	(³)	23.2	(³)	23.2	14.4	2.1				
Minneapolis city	100.0	3.0	39.8	16.4	23.4	15.8	(³)				
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	20.4	7.1	13.3	9.7	(³)				
New York city	100.0	2.5	3.7	1.8	2.0	12.3	4.8				
Oakland city	100.0	4.4	3.4	2.1	1.3	10.4	2.6				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	1.7	8.4	8.4	(³)	19.3	5.7				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	7.4	21.9	10.9	11.0	7.3	2.1				
Phoenix city	100.0	10.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	32.4	(³)				
Portland city	100.0	(³)	9.6	8.7	.9	7.3	8.5				
Sacramento city	100.0	1.4	6.7	(³)	6.7	6.2	(³)				
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	4.6	(³)				
San Diego city	100.0	3.6	16.2	13.3	2.9	8.8	2.9				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	3.8	5.2	2.3	2.9	11.3	5.6				
San Jose city	100.0	2.0	29.4	27.4	1.9	8.5	.7				
Seattle city	100.0	1.7	7.5	5.7	1.8	18.6	4.3				
Tulsa city	100.0	(³)	13.3	7.3	6.0	1.9	12.2				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	(³)	11.5	5.2	6.3	8.8	8.6				
Washington city	100.0	2.4	1.5	1.5	(³)	4.7	1.5				
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	100.0	24.9	10.3	5.8	4.5	9.0	3.7				
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	100.0	17.9	7.0	5.4	1.5	12.4	4.0				
Baltimore–Towson	100.0	14.1	8.8	1.9	6.9	12.1	2.3				
Birmingham–Hoover	100.0	24.5	18.7	7.3	11.5	9.2	8.3				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	4.4	10.1	4.6	5.5	11.6	3.5				
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	100.0	13.1	8.2	5.9	2.4	11.9	1.9				
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	100.0	11.9	13.3	13.3	(³)	(³)	16.1				
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	100.0	19.1	7.4	3.8	3.6	16.4	4.9				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	7.5	19.5	12.0	7.5	15.3	5.2				
Cincinnati–Middletown	100.0	7.1	2.5	1.5	1.0	8.2	5.2				
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	100.0	5.8	19.1	11.6	7.5	11.9	1.9				
Columbus	100.0	8.5	8.0	5.8	2.2	8.1	1.0				
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	17.5	10.6	6.6	4.0	11.9	6.5				
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	100.0	15.7	5.9	4.2	1.8	14.0	6.8				
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	100.0	7.5	13.9	13.0	.9	9.4	3.0				
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	100.0	6.7	16.0	9.5	6.5	10.7	1.9				
Honolulu	100.0	5.5	4.1	2.1	2.0	13.4	13.9				
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	100.0	13.1	12.5	8.8	3.7	12.2	5.7				
Indianapolis–Carmel	100.0	17.5	14.4	4.5	9.9	14.6	4.8				
Jacksonville	100.0	10.6	10.6	6.9	3.7	12.7	(³)				
Kansas City	100.0	9.9	11.4	5.8	5.6	17.2	2.6				
Las Vegas–Paradise	100.0	7.8	4.1	1.6	2.5	13.6	3.4				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	100.0	8.4	13.6	7.3	6.2	14.3	5.9				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Asian							
Cities:							
Atlanta city	10.6	5.0	14.5	43.6	(³)	(³)	4.3
Austin city	6.5	1.3	19.3	33.6	2.6	7.9	(³)
Baltimore city	(³)	(³)	(³)	55.3	19.1	13.6	(³)
Boston city	1.6	4.1	9.8	34.6	16.2	12.2	4.1
Charlotte city	7.8	11.7	11.3	(³)	8.5	17.6	(³)
Chicago city	2.1	11.2	19.6	19.4	9.2	11.0	1.5
Columbus city	6.5	16.6	17.5	14.5	23.4	(³)	(³)
Dallas city	(³)	10.1	18.3	46.1	(³)	(³)	3.2
Denver County/city	2.2	14.4	3.8	34.0	1.5	11.8	4.7
Fort Worth city	(³)	23.5	(³)	11.9	(³)	27.2	(³)
Houston city	2.9	7.2	11.3	35.5	3.9	9.3	(³)
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	17.6	22.8	18.8	(³)	(³)
Jacksonville city	(³)	9.0	27.6	11.2	1.4	20.8	(³)
Kansas City city	(³)	(³)	34.0	36.2	(³)	6.8	(³)
Las Vegas city	1.0	10.1	1.0	28.6	36.1	2.8	(³)
Los Angeles city	4.0	8.8	17.6	25.4	9.7	5.8	2.0
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	18.9	19.0	15.6	5.8	7.0	(³)
Milwaukee city	(³)	1.7	17.4	3.1	(³)	38.0	(³)
Minneapolis city	3.9	6.0	8.9	11.0	8.6	(³)	2.9
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	6.9	(³)	3.4	34.6	12.6	12.3	(³)
New York city	2.0	15.1	17.3	20.1	14.2	5.0	2.7
Oakland city	2.2	2.6	31.1	20.3	10.9	12.1	(³)
Oklahoma City city	(³)	(³)	8.0	26.6	9.4	1.9	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	3.6	6.1	10.4	20.4	11.5	9.4	(³)
Phoenix city	(³)	8.5	14.2	10.4	22.6	1.2	(³)
Portland city	(³)	4.2	17.8	22.8	18.7	11.2	(³)
Sacramento city	5.4	15.2	11.7	30.4	4.5	5.6	12.9
San Antonio–New Braunfels city	(³)	(³)	12.1	78.4	5.0	(³)	(³)
San Diego city	6.6	2.8	17.4	25.2	9.2	5.6	1.6
San Francisco County/city	1.6	9.5	20.1	24.6	6.9	6.0	5.6
San Jose city	3.8	4.4	18.8	17.6	8.4	4.3	2.3
Seattle city	1.5	2.5	10.3	40.8	7.8	4.4	.5
Tulsa city	(³)	(³)	10.7	11.1	23.6	19.0	(³)
Virginia Beach city	(³)	17.0	13.8	35.0	5.3	(³)	(³)
Washington city	2.5	5.8	26.3	17.1	10.5	7.3	20.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	1.6	5.5	18.4	8.1	14.2	3.5	.6
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	1.3	5.6	11.5	17.0	10.9	7.6	2.8
Baltimore–Towson .....	.9	1.8	13.0	11.9	18.0	9.5	6.6
Birmingham–Hoover	2.6	(³)	20.9	5.4	2.6	(³)	(³)
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy .....	.5	7.9	11.9	23.8	16.9	6.1	3.3
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	1.0	10.7	9.3	23.0	9.9	8.7	2.3
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	(³)	7.7	9.6	19.2	14.7	7.6	(³)
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	1.1	4.5	10.1	12.6	17.1	6.7	(³)
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	1.5	4.3	12.2	12.5	15.4	4.3	2.2
Cincinnati–Middletown	2.0	(³)	14.7	2.7	29.6	7.2	(³)
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	(³)	6.7	5.7	22.0	15.8	3.8	7.2
Columbus	6.8	4.6	10.2	6.3	38.0	4.1	4.4
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	1.5	5.2	11.8	12.0	12.5	8.5	1.3
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	1.8	5.2	10.6	16.2	14.3	4.2	4.3
Detroit–Warren–Livonia .....	.9	4.7	9.1	12.2	14.4	19.2	4.8
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford .....	.2	4.5	4.3	30.8	14.3	4.2	6.4
Honolulu .....	.9	5.2	7.5	22.0	8.8	6.1	11.4
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown .....	.9	4.5	11.0	16.0	13.1	5.8	2.4
Indianapolis–Carmel	(³)	3.3	11.7	6.4	21.0	3.1	3.3
Jacksonville	4.0	12.3	7.0	20.8	5.6	13.8	2.5
Kansas City	1.3	5.3	15.8	13.5	14.3	7.2	.5
Las Vegas–Paradise .....	.8	5.8	11.8	9.6	34.6	5.6	2.9
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	2.0	5.8	13.0	14.6	12.2	7.2	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Metropolitan areas:											
Louisville–Jefferson County	100.0	11.5	15.9	10.9	5.0	6.5	(³)				
Memphis	100.0	10.7	13.5	12.3	1.2	13.9	4.9				
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	100.0	8.4	6.2	3.5	2.7	14.7	8.5				
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	100.0	9.4	22.5	7.9	14.5	12.0	1.9				
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	100.0	8.0	14.6	6.8	7.8	10.2	3.0				
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	100.0	26.1	6.6	3.6	3.0	5.8	6.8				
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	100.0	30.1	4.5	.5	4.1	18.7	3.8				
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	100.0	8.3	9.6	4.3	5.3	13.6	7.0				
Oklahoma City	100.0	36.0	6.8	5.9	.9	8.2	2.3				
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	100.0	7.0	1.4	.8	.6	16.4	5.8				
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	100.0	6.9	12.1	5.0	7.1	20.1	2.8				
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	100.0	13.2	7.9	4.9	3.0	11.1	4.0				
Pittsburgh	100.0	4.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)				
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	100.0	10.1	12.8	10.0	2.8	14.2	4.9				
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	100.0	6.4	18.1	14.0	4.1	15.6	3.7				
Richmond	100.0	15.8	5.7	5.7	(³)	12.3	2.0				
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	100.0	10.0	10.2	7.3	2.9	15.5	9.1				
Rochester	100.0	6.7	4.0	4.0	(³)	13.5	(³)				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	100.0	12.3	3.7	1.3	2.4	14.8	4.0				
Salt Lake City	100.0	12.1	13.2	10.1	3.1	15.8	6.6				
San Antonio–New Braunfels	100.0	10.2	6.8	4.4	2.4	14.6	5.1				
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	100.0	7.8	7.7	6.6	1.1	15.7	3.3				
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	100.0	16.0	6.3	3.3	3.0	13.4	4.1				
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	100.0	10.4	9.3	7.0	2.2	15.7	4.7				
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	100.0	16.4	6.3	4.4	1.9	11.7	4.3				
St. Louis ²	100.0	3.8	10.9	5.4	5.4	10.9	(³)				
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	100.0	10.3	6.3	3.6	2.7	10.6	4.2				
Tulsa	100.0	22.5	14.3	10.1	4.2	7.7	5.8				
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	100.0	21.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	10.8	(³)				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	24.3	2.5	.8	1.7	8.1	3.7				
Metropolitan divisions:											
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	100.0	19.8	5.1	(³)	5.1	9.5	3.5				
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	100.0	4.5	8.2	4.0	4.1	13.5	4.1				
Camden	100.0	1.7	7.0	6.2	.8	15.1	(³)				
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	100.0	7.4	19.2	11.7	7.5	15.7	5.1				
Dallas–Plano–Irving	100.0	18.1	10.3	6.7	3.6	11.8	6.1				
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	100.0	5.3	18.5	16.9	1.6	6.8	3.9				
Edison–New Brunswick	100.0	12.8	17.7	8.2	9.5	16.4	4.0				
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	100.0	5.9	5.6	3.5	2.1	15.4	7.7				
Fort Worth–Arlington	100.0	15.8	11.6	6.5	5.1	12.3	7.7				
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	100.0	8.0	13.1	7.2	6.0	14.6	6.3				
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	100.0	7.9	6.7	3.8	3.0	14.6	8.8				
Nassau–Suffolk	100.0	9.0	11.8	7.4	4.4	11.8	8.1				
New York–White Plains–Wayne	100.0	8.0	7.4	3.4	4.0	13.5	6.7				
Newark–Union	100.0	6.5	15.4	4.6	10.8	13.6	10.6				
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	100.0	19.1	7.6	4.1	3.6	12.4	5.5				
Philadelphia	100.0	7.8	12.7	5.3	7.4	23.5	3.5				
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	100.0	10.1	3.9	1.9	2.0	15.5	1.6				
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	100.0	9.9	15.2	8.1	7.1	13.5	4.2				
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	100.0	13.2	7.3	5.0	2.4	10.7	5.2				
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	100.0	10.5	7.8	7.8	(³)	12.7	1.9				
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	100.0	25.6	1.7	1.0	.7	7.7	3.8				
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	100.0	15.9	3.9	2.2	1.7	14.0	7.6				
Cities:											
Atlanta city	100.0	6.8	2.7	(³)	2.7	(³)	13.0				
Austin city	100.0	24.0	5.5	4.0	1.5	12.8	1.9				
Baltimore city	100.0	25.6	9.5	7.1	2.4	11.1	(³)				
Boston city	100.0	2.6	4.0	4.0	(³)	7.6	4.6				
Charlotte city	100.0	16.1	4.6	4.0	.6	19.7	1.7				
Chicago city	100.0	7.6	19.3	11.7	7.6	12.2	4.4				
Cleveland city	100.0	6.8	38.3	22.8	15.5	6.1	2.8				
Columbus city	100.0	10.1	9.6	6.9	2.7	8.4	1.2				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Louisville–Jefferson County	(³)	4.0	19.4	10.9	11.5	16.6	(³)
Memphis	(³)	(³)	4.9	10.2	37.4	4.4	(³)
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	2.7	8.0	13.8	18.8	9.3	6.7	2.4
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	(³)	2.3	16.3	17.2	13.8	3.1	1.4
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	2.2	3.8	17.3	14.9	20.1	3.3	2.0
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	7.6	.6	10.6	7.7	22.7	3.5	(³)
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	(³)	6.2	12.7	4.9	10.7	5.3	3.1
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	1.5	6.7	13.1	20.1	10.9	6.2	2.8
Oklahoma City	1.9	2.2	8.6	10.9	10.5	5.3	1.7
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	4.4	6.9	15.1	17.1	17.0	6.0	2.3
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington .....	.6	4.1	10.2	16.2	15.1	4.2	6.3
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale .....	.9	8.3	16.2	12.8	14.9	5.8	3.3
Pittsburgh	2.9	(³)	2.2	45.8	29.5	15.4	(³)
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	1.6	4.8	11.4	12.9	15.3	6.7	1.9
Providence–Fall River–Warwick .....	.2	2.7	12.1	21.8	13.1	5.4	.9
Richmond	(³)	9.0	17.0	10.9	12.4	10.4	2.7
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario .....	.8	3.5	10.3	17.3	12.3	6.8	3.6
Rochester	(³)	9.4	11.4	27.0	24.5	(³)	3.5
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville .....	.9	5.4	11.5	12.0	13.1	9.8	8.1
Salt Lake City	2.0	5.4	9.7	10.8	15.0	3.0	5.6
San Antonio–New Braunfels	1.2	8.7	7.9	22.6	12.6	5.4	3.7
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos .....	.9	5.9	15.4	20.0	12.4	4.7	6.2
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	1.5	6.7	17.7	11.6	13.9	5.0	2.8
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara .....	.1	4.0	15.9	17.3	16.3	2.1	3.3
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue .....	.8	5.2	12.0	15.4	19.9	5.3	1.8
St. Louis ²	6.0	3.0	14.1	15.4	19.8	9.7	4.5
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	3.3	9.0	17.6	18.3	11.5	3.9	3.4
Tulsa .....	.6	3.8	8.0	6.9	19.1	9.5	(³)
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	(³)	12.4	13.4	27.3	5.6	8.7	(³)
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	1.1	5.4	20.0	11.0	10.5	7.0	6.0
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick .....	.6	5.6	22.3	11.3	5.4	9.6	6.7
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	(³)	8.7	13.3	21.9	17.4	4.4	4.0
Camden	(³)	.9	9.3	15.7	26.8	5.4	18.3
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	1.5	4.0	12.0	13.3	15.0	4.5	2.3
Dallas–Plano–Irving	1.6	5.7	12.3	11.9	12.0	8.9	1.2
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	1.7	2.7	7.5	7.7	14.9	29.5	(³)
Edison–New Brunswick .....	.7	3.7	19.8	7.7	9.4	3.6	4.3
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	4.6	11.6	10.5	16.5	12.5	7.0	2.7
Fort Worth–Arlington	1.0	3.8	10.4	12.4	13.9	7.5	1.4
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	2.4	5.6	11.9	15.4	11.7	7.7	2.8
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	2.3	7.4	14.0	20.6	7.7	6.8	2.7
Nassau–Suffolk	1.2	7.4	14.4	17.9	8.5	6.1	3.9
New York–White Plains–Wayne	1.8	7.1	12.1	22.5	11.5	6.9	2.5
Newark–Union .....	.6	6.3	13.2	16.9	10.0	3.9	2.9
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	1.9	7.7	15.5	11.3	10.1	4.7	3.6
Philadelphia .....	.4	4.9	9.5	16.8	12.5	4.2	4.2
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City .....	.8	5.0	21.8	12.1	21.2	5.5	1.5
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine .....	.6	6.5	17.1	11.4	14.4	5.2	2.0
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	1.0	5.5	12.5	16.7	20.1	6.4	.8
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	(³)	7.3	11.3	18.0	13.7	5.6	11.1
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	1.3	5.3	19.3	10.9	12.1	6.2	5.7
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	2.5	6.2	18.2	10.7	14.7	5.7	.4
Cities:							
Atlanta city	(³)	(³)	(³)	15.4	46.4	15.7	(³)
Austin city	2.1	4.9	12.0	15.5	11.4	6.8	2.2
Baltimore city	(³)	2.9	19.0	4.7	9.1	11.4	6.7
Boston city	(³)	10.8	14.5	28.7	27.2	(³)	(³)
Charlotte city	(³)	.9	15.3	16.3	20.1	5.1	(³)
Chicago city .....	.5	4.3	11.4	15.0	16.7	5.2	3.4
Cleveland city	(³)	14.0	6.7	12.1	8.9	2.7	1.6
Columbus city	(³)	5.5	9.5	3.1	42.3	4.9	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transporta- tion and utilities				
			Total	Durable	Nondurable						
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Cities:											
Dallas city	100.0	26.9	9.1	5.1	4.0	8.9	5.4				
Denver County/city	100.0	21.5	7.2	4.6	2.6	9.3	5.7				
Detroit city	100.0	11.1	6.4	6.4	(³)	(³)	(³)				
Fort Worth city	100.0	15.6	10.9	5.7	5.2	11.0	4.5				
Houston city	100.0	16.1	12.6	10.7	1.9	11.3	6.0				
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	22.4	15.0	4.0	10.9	16.3	(³)				
Jacksonville city	100.0	12.9	11.6	6.5	5.1	14.3	(³)				
Kansas City city	100.0	34.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	21.2	(³)				
Las Vegas city	100.0	12.1	2.0	1.0	1.0	9.7	2.2				
Los Angeles city	100.0	9.4	13.2	5.7	7.5	13.9	5.0				
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	4.8	14.9	10.1	4.7	8.3	(³)				
Memphis city	100.0	12.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	5.9	13.4				
Miami city	100.0	12.3	1.9	1.3	.5	14.3	10.6				
Milwaukee city	100.0	9.1	20.9	6.7	14.3	9.2	2.6				
Minneapolis city	100.0	6.1	8.0	5.0	3.1	7.8	(³)				
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	20.3	1.1	(³)	1.1	2.5	9.8				
New Orleans city	100.0	20.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.9	(³)				
New York city	100.0	7.7	6.2	2.3	3.9	12.8	6.5				
Oakland city	100.0	38.7	2.6	1.1	1.5	4.1	2.8				
Oklahoma City city	100.0	42.5	5.4	4.2	1.2	9.8	(³)				
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	9.5	8.7	4.5	4.2	29.6	6.5				
Phoenix city	100.0	13.1	7.4	3.9	3.6	10.1	4.1				
Portland city	100.0	8.7	18.1	14.0	4.1	17.9	3.5				
Sacramento city	100.0	19.9	2.5	(³)	2.5	8.2	3.7				
San Antonio-New Braunfels city	100.0	9.4	6.5	4.5	2.0	14.7	4.2				
San Diego city	100.0	7.2	8.0	7.3	.7	15.4	3.2				
San Francisco County/city	100.0	8.6	5.0	(³)	5.0	9.3	.7				
San Jose city	100.0	10.5	8.6	6.6	1.9	15.2	6.6				
Seattle city	100.0	2.9	9.7	4.0	5.7	14.1	2.9				
Tulsa city	100.0	22.9	17.1	14.2	2.9	6.4	3.8				
Virginia Beach city	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	22.9	(³)				
Washington city	100.0	9.1	.9	.4	.5	4.5	1.4				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2013 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Cities:							
Dallas city	0.5	4.1	13.5	10.6	10.5	10.1	0.5
Denver County/city	2.5	3.7	12.7	12.6	16.2	3.5	3.5
Detroit city	3.5	(³)	8.6	1.2	11.0	58.3	(³)
Fort Worth city	1.3	2.4	10.3	11.0	21.0	9.9	.6
Houston city	1.1	5.1	10.8	14.7	12.0	6.0	1.4
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	9.2	3.4	26.1	2.4	5.1
Jacksonville city	5.5	12.8	4.8	16.8	4.7	15.8	.8
Kansas City city	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.7	18.7	14.5	2.1
Las Vegas city	1.6	7.2	12.1	9.1	36.6	6.0	1.3
Los Angeles city	2.8	6.3	11.4	14.4	12.7	9.1	1.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	4.6	18.1	14.1	14.0	21.3	(³)
Memphis city	(³)	(³)	4.8	13.0	38.5	12.0	(³)
Miami city .....	.2	5.4	16.7	17.4	15.3	4.8	1.1
Milwaukee city	(³)	3.1	15.9	21.5	16.5	.7	.5
Minneapolis city	2.4	5.6	30.8	9.2	26.1	4.0	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	8.5	1.1	11.2	7.1	35.6	2.9	(³)
New Orleans city	(³)	11.1	26.8	14.4	8.0	9.0	(³)
New York city	1.7	7.0	12.4	23.0	13.1	6.8	2.7
Oakland city	1.4	3.9	12.4	10.5	13.2	6.8	.8
Oklahoma City city .....	.4	(³)	8.3	9.1	11.4	6.9	1.8
Philadelphia County/city .....	.7	(³)	5.3	17.7	11.3	6.4	4.3
Phoenix city .....	.2	7.8	19.1	11.9	15.1	7.0	3.9
Portland city	3.4	4.3	7.8	6.4	20.9	6.7	.6
Sacramento city	1.5	8.3	13.6	7.3	15.7	9.9	9.4
San Antonio-New Braunfels city	1.5	8.6	8.8	22.6	13.8	5.5	4.0
San Diego city .....	.4	6.4	15.2	17.9	15.0	5.0	6.5
San Francisco County/city	1.2	9.5	12.2	11.7	40.6	.8	.5
San Jose city	(³)	3.2	17.1	19.5	11.9	3.2	4.0
Seattle city	3.7	14.0	6.2	21.9	22.2	2.3	(³)
Tulsa city .....	.8	2.1	9.7	6.3	24.0	7.0	(³)
Virginia Beach city	(³)	33.7	27.6	15.8	(³)	(³)	(³)
Washington city	2.7	5.1	22.5	9.3	26.4	6.1	11.9

¹ Includes mining and agriculture, which are not shown separately.

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Appendix A.

Concepts and Definitions for Data Derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing the labor force status include estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older, as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, employment, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and these revised estimates are incorporated into the Current Population Survey (CPS) labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment levels, but it generally does not affect percentage measures, such as unemployment rates, labor force participation rates, or employment–population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to or after 2013 in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

The concepts and definitions underlying the labor force data in this bulletin are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. This category comprises all people 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed. These are all people who, during the reference week, (a) worked for least 1 hour as paid employees in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of a labor-management dispute, job training, vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed. Those in this category are all people who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work—except for temporary illness—and made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. People who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they

had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This categorization represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that people classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For people who were laid off, the duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. People are divided into five major groups on the basis of their reason for unemployment: (1) *job losers*, comprising (a) people *on temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (people on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *job leavers*, who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *people who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after their temporary jobs ended; (4) *reentrants*, who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *new entrants*, who have never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all people classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described in the previous paragraph.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed people as a percentage of the labor force.

Participation rate. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment–population ratio. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Married, spouse present; and family. “Married, spouse present,” applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even if one is temporarily absent on business, on vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. A family is defined as a group of two or more people residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such people are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is defined as a family in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married with the spouse absent.

Occupation and industry. This information regarding the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. People with two or more jobs are classified as being in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupation and industry classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in census 2000.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed people are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed people who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are people working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, people who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For people working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week, with all of the hours credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes called “involuntary part time,” this category refers to individuals who give an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must indicate that they want and are

available to work full time in order to be classified as at work part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those people who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Some examples of noneconomic reasons are illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who give an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but say they do not want to work full time or are unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on people “at work” exclude people who were temporarily absent from a job and are therefore classified into the zero-hours-worked category, “with a job but not at work.” These are people who were absent from their jobs for the entire reference week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person’s normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, people also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually work 35 or more hours (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This group may include some individuals who actually worked at least 35 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, Black or African American, Asian, and “other.” These terms describe the race of people. Included in the “other” group are people classified as American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN), as Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander (NHPI), as some other race (SOR), and within two or more race categories. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for “other” races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This category refers to people who identified themselves in the survey as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity or descent. People of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race; thus, they are included in the White, Black or African American, and Asian population groups.

Appendix B.

Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey, conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, provides comprehensive data on the labor force, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 eligible households. This sample, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population, also includes about 10,000 households in order to meet the requirements of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) legislation. The SCHIP legislation required the Census Bureau to improve state estimates of the number of children who live in low-income families and lack health insurance. These estimates are obtained from the Annual Demographic Supplement to the CPS. In September 2000, the Census Bureau began expanding the monthly CPS sample in 31 states and the District of Columbia because of the SCHIP legislation.

Selected respondents in the eligible households are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and older. The information that is collected pertains to a "reference week," usually the calendar week (Sunday to Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month, with actual interviewing occurring during the week following the reference week—known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2013 sample encompasses 824 sample areas, with coverage of every state and the District of Columbia. It is based, to a large extent, on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the census 2000 enumeration. (A redesigned census 2000-based sample was phased in from April 2004 through July 2005.) The 824 areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,025 primary sampling units (PSUs). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,025 PSUs are grouped into strata within each state. Those PSUs which are in a stratum by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each state. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of Blacks and Hispanics, and distributions by occupation and industry and by age and sex. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. One PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportional to the relative population size of the PSU.

In states with a SCHIP sample, the self-representing PSUs are the same for both the regular CPS and SCHIP. In most states, the same non-self-representing sample PSUs are in the sample for both the regular CPS and SCHIP; however, to improve the reliability of the SCHIP estimates in Maine, Maryland, and Nevada, the SCHIP non-self-representing PSUs are selected independently of the regular CPS sample PSUs, with replacement. The method for stratification of PSUs for SCHIP in these states is similar to that of the other stratifications, except that the stratification variable used is the number of people under age 18 with household income below twice the poverty level.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of the unit's census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected through the use of the population size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample for the next 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Methods of estimation

Under the methods of estimation used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each respondent by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. The result gives a rough measure of the number of actual people that each sample case represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined next), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a state. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed averages about 7 percent to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and state of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of the population characteristics. This task is accomplished through four stages of adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio adjustment.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to the variance of the sample state-level estimates arising from the sampling of PSUs. (There would still be variance associated with the state-level estimates even if the survey included all households in every sample PSU.) This kind of variance is called between-PSU variance. For some states, the between-PSU variance makes up a relatively large proportion of the total variance, whereas the relative contribution of the between-PSU variance at the national level is generally quite small. There are several factors to consider in determining what information to use in applying the first-stage adjustment: the information must be available for each PSU, be correlated with as many of the relevant statistics from the CPS as possible, and be reasonably stable over time so that the gain achieved from

the ratio adjustment procedure does not deteriorate. The basic labor force categories (unemployed, nonagricultural employed, etc.) could be used; however, this information probably would fail the stability criterion. The distribution of the population by race (Black alone and non-Black alone) by age groups 0–15 years old and 16 years and older satisfies all three criteria, including stability.

Use of the categories of Black alone and non-Black alone compensates for the fact that the racial composition of a non-self-representing (NSR) sample PSU could differ substantially from the racial composition of the stratum it is representing. This adjustment is not necessary for self-representing (SR) PSUs, because they represent only themselves. Adjustment factors are computed for the two race categories for each state containing NSR PSUs. The Black-alone and non-Black-alone cells are collapsed within a state when a cell meets any one of four sampling criteria.¹ As a result of these criteria, the first-stage ratio adjustment actually is used (i.e., does not collapse to 1.0) in less than half of the states.

b. *National coverage adjustment.* A national coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the national coverage adjustment is to correct for interactions between race and ethnicity that are not addressed in the second-stage weighting. (See item "d" following.) Research has shown that the undercoverage of certain race–ethnicity combinations (e.g., non-Black Hispanic) cannot be corrected with second-stage adjustment alone. The national coverage adjustment also helps to speed the convergence of the second-stage adjustment, resulting in fewer iterations required to reach the final national controls. The national coverage adjustment factors are based on independently derived estimates of the population. Person records are grouped into four pairs on the basis of their month-in-sample (MIS). MISs 1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8 form the four pairs. Each MIS pair is then adjusted to age–sex–race–ethnicity population controls. Between 2 and 28 age cells are used, depending on which of the six major coverage groups (Black alone non-Hispanic, White alone non-Hispanic, White alone Hispanic, non-White alone Hispanic, Asian alone non-Hispanic, or residual race non-Hispanic) is being adjusted.

c. *State coverage adjustment.* Besides a national coverage adjustment, a state coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the state coverage adjustment is to adjust for state differences in age–sex–race coverage. Research

¹ The four sampling criteria are (1) that the adjustment factor be greater than 1.3; (2) that the adjustment factor be less than 1/1.3 (or 0.769230 in decimal form); (3) that there be fewer than four NSR sample PSUs in the state; and (4) that there be fewer than 10 expected interviews in an age–race cell in the state.

has shown that estimates of characteristics of certain race groups (e.g., Blacks) can differ greatly from the controls if a state coverage adjustment is not used. However, unlike the national coverage adjustment, the state coverage adjustment slows the convergence of the second-stage ratio adjustment process. The state coverage adjustment is based on independently derived estimates of the population. Except for the District of Columbia, person records for non-Black alone are grouped into four pairs based on (MIS)—with the same MIS pairings (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8) used as in the national coverage adjustment. Person records for Black alone for all states and non-Black alone for the District of Columbia are formed at the state level, with all months in the sample combined. For the Black-alone component of the adjustment, states are adjusted with the use of a varying number of age–sex–race cells based on the expected number of sample records in each age–sex cell. For example, for non-Black alone, all states but not the District of Columbia are adjusted for three age groupings (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older) by sex. Each cell is adjusted to independent age–sex–race population controls in each state.

d. *Second-stage ratio adjustment.* The second-stage ratio adjustment is performed to decrease the variance of the vast majority of the CPS sample estimates. Because the labor force status of individuals in the general population is correlated with their specific geographic and demographic identification (e.g., teenagers and unemployment, or rural married women and labor force participation), the variance of the labor force estimates can be reduced by controlling the CPS sample estimates to independent estimates of selected geographic and demographic population categories. The procedure also is believed to reduce bias due to coverage errors. The procedure adjusts the weights for the sample to estimates within each MIS pair to control the sample estimates for a number of geographic and demographic subgroups of the population in order to ensure that these sample-based estimates of the population match independent population controls for each of the categories. These independent population controls are updated each month. Three sets of controls are used: (1) the civilian noninstitutional population for the 50 states and the District of Columbia by sex and age (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older); (2) the national civilian noninstitutional population for 36 Hispanic and 36 non-Hispanic age–sex categories; and (3) the total national civilian noninstitutional population for 56 White, 36 Black, and 26 residual age–sex–race categories.

The adjustment is done separately for each MIS pair (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8). Because adjusting the weights to match one set of controls can cause differences in other controls, an iterative process is used to simultaneously control all variables. Successive iterations begin with the weights as adjusted by all previous iterations. Ten iterations are performed, resulting in (virtual)

consistency between the sample estimates and the population controls.

The independent population controls used for the CPS are produced by the Census Bureau's Population Division. The CPS population controls are based on a demographic framework of population accounting. Under this framework, time series of population estimates and projections are anchored by the latest decennial census enumerations, with populations for dates since the latest decennial census derived from the estimation, or projection, of population change. In the simplest terms, information from a variety of data sources is used to derive estimates of population change by adjusting the resident population as enumerated in the latest decennial census for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimates of the resident population are adjusted to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older (the eligible CPS population) by subtracting estimates of the number of residents under 16 years of age, the number of residents on active duty with the Armed Forces, and the number of residents who are institutionalized.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with MIS estimates. The compositing procedure results in a further reduction in sampling error—that is, a reduction beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Effective with the release of January 1998 data, a new composite estimation method was implemented for the CPS. The new technique provides increased operational simplicity for microdata users and allows optimization of compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. Under the new procedure, weights are derived for each record. These weights, when aggregated, produce estimates consistent with those produced by the composite estimator. Under the previous procedure, composite estimation was performed at the macrolevel. The composite estimator for each tabulated cell was a function of the aggregated weights for respondents contributing to the cell in question in current and previous months. The different months of data were combined by the use of compositing coefficients. Thus, microdata users needed several months of data to compute composite estimates. To ensure consistency, the same coefficients had to be used for all estimates. The values of the coefficients selected were much closer to optimal for

unemployment values than for employment or labor force values.

The new composite weighting method involves two steps: (1) the computation of composite estimates for the main labor force categories, classified by important demographic characteristics, and (2) the adjustment of the microdata weights, through a series of ratio adjustments, to agree with these composite estimates, thus incorporating the effect of composite estimation into the microdata weights. Under this procedure, the sum of the composite weights of all sample cases in a particular labor force category equals the composite estimate of the level for that category. Thus, to produce a composite estimate for a particular month, a data user needs simply to access the microdata file for that (single) month and compute a weighted sum. The new composite weighting approach also improves the accuracy of labor force estimates by using different compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. The weighting adjustment method ensures additivity while allowing variation in the compositing coefficients.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures that are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and nonsampling error. Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability—that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals: ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions by use of the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate

would include the average result of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and state reliability. For the state data, a minimum reliability standard is set: an expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8.0 percent annually. This CV is calculated with the assumption of a 6.0-percent unemployment rate. Because each state's sample design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by state. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the state population, the higher is the sampling rate. Sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the state.

Publication standards for state and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, states, metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum levels for the labor force and for employment and unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular state), a predetermined "critical cell" must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the census regions and divisions; in the states and the District of Columbia; and in the metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the state or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population—that is, the number of employed and unemployed—publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data—labor force,

employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate—are suppressed. In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the size of the base of the distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the table showing unemployed people by reason for unemployment, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the minimum base for unemployment. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as a given gender or race), data for the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for the reason in question does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of less than 500 people or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.645 standard errors) for the major employment status characteristics. The sampling errors provided are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided next. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of people.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in Michigan will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, for a relative sampling error of 20 percent ($10,000/50,000$). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed people in Michigan has an absolute sampling error of 14,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 14 percent ($14,000/100,000$). A statement that unemployment for a particular group is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 86,000 and 114,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

The latter statement can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples, make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques), and construct an interval around each estimate (with the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of the intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

In order to convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90-percent to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors), multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence is 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 ($10,000 \times 0.63$). At 95-percent

confidence, the error would be about 12,300 ($10,000 \times 1.23$).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by a redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as the one that occurred in 1994.)

As noted before, differences can take two general forms: (1) differences between population groups and/or geographic areas, and (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated with the following formula, noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed later:

$$SE_d = [(SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C(SE_1 \times SE_2)]^{1/2}.$$

In this equation,

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference,

SE_1 = the sampling error of one group or year,

SE_2 = the sampling error of another group or year,

and

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The values of SE_1 and SE_2 can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or C term, for employment and unemployment for differences between consecutive years are as follows: for labor force or employment levels, $C = 0.58$; for unemployment levels or rates, $C = 0.37$. It is important to note that these C terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the same geographic area and population group.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. In calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a C term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is that (1) if the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, then the C term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, and (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error

computed without a C term will be overstated. An overstatement could lead one to state that a difference or change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a characteristic such as employment (people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a C term to calculate the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The next example illustrates how to calculate the sampling error of a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between an unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 22,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 19,000. Using the formula described previously without the C term produces the following results (levels in thousands):

$$\begin{aligned} SE_1 &= 22; SE_2 = 19 \\ SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 &= 845 \\ SE_d &= (\sqrt{SE_1^2 + SE_2^2})^{1/2} = 29 \end{aligned}$$

Because each states' sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the unemployment estimates for California and New York, and a C term of zero can be assumed. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated with 90-percent confidence that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 14, and 27. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range (or subtracting the lower bound of the range from the estimated unemployment rate), the sampling error for the rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the formula given previously for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for any other purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for the 2013 total unemployment level for men in Indiana, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment-level estimate of 126,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \{[(A - G) / (F - G)] \times (X - Y)\} + Y.$$

In this equation,

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value, A

A = the estimated value (126,000),

F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value,

G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value,

X = the sampling error of F (19,000), and

Y = the sampling error of G (14,000).

Thus (levels in thousands),

$$\begin{aligned} SE &= \{[(126 - 100) / (200 - 100)] \times (19 - 14)\} + 14 \\ &= (0.26 \times 5) + 14 \\ &= 1.3 + 14 \\ &\approx 15 \end{aligned}$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the F term becomes the highest value in the table and the G term becomes the next-highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The state and area sampling errors are developed with a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS state and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of the error rather than a precise error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6392.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race or ethnic group whose data are published. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for Whites (and the total of all race and ethnic groups) than it is for Blacks or Hispanics.

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Census regions and divisions:		
Northeast	10	27
New England	7	19
Middle Atlantic	11	29
Midwest	10	29
East North Central	12	28
West North Central	7	28
South	12	32
South Atlantic	11	31
East South Central	13	26
West South Central	14	40
West	8	26
Mountain	9	23
Pacific	8	27
States:		
Alabama	14	35
Alaska	3	12
Arizona	15	32
Arkansas	6	23
California	8	27
Colorado	10	20
Connecticut	5	10
Delaware	1	4
District of Columbia	1	2
Florida	14	32
Georgia	10	35
Hawaii	2	10
Idaho	4	11
Illinois	10	25
Indiana	11	31
Iowa	4	22
Kansas	5	23
Kentucky	12	23
Louisiana	10	36
Maine	2	6
Maryland	6	20
Massachusetts	11	32
Michigan	13	27
Minnesota	7	28
Mississippi	9	18
Missouri	12	29
Montana	3	10
Nebraska	2	20
Nevada	5	12
New Hampshire	1	7

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
States:		
New Jersey	9	28
New Mexico	6	16
New York	13	29
North Carolina	12	36
North Dakota	2	11
Ohio	14	31
Oklahoma	9	34
Oregon	6	19
Pennsylvania	8	31
Rhode Island	1	3
South Carolina	8	22
South Dakota	1	9
Tennessee	14	26
Texas	16	44
Utah	6	29
Vermont	1	5
Virginia	13	38
Washington	7	32
West Virginia	7	11
Wisconsin	11	23
Wyoming	1	4
Metropolitan areas:		
Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	8	29
Austin–Round Rock–San Marcos	12	46
Baltimore–Towson	5	18
Birmingham–Hoover	11	34
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	10	33
Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	5	10
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	12	30
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	9	25
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	9	23
Cincinnati–Middletown	11	31
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	13	29
Columbus	12	26
Dallas–Fort Worth–Arlington	12	35
Dayton	13	21
Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	7	18
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	11	24
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	5	12
Honolulu	2	10
Houston–Sugar Land–Baytown	13	37
Indianapolis–Carmel	10	29
Jacksonville	12	39
Kansas City	7	22
Las Vegas–Paradise	4	8
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	8	26
Louisville–Jefferson County	8	19

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan areas:		
Memphis	9	16
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	13	29
Milwaukee–Waukesha–West Allis	9	18
Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	6	23
Nashville–Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	9	38
New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	8	28
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	11	28
Oklahoma City	7	40
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	12	32
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	7	25
Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	12	37
Pittsburgh	7	32
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	5	20
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	3	8
Richmond	10	33
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	9	17
Rochester	13	27
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	8	26
Salt Lake City	5	25
San Antonio–New Braunfels	14	38
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	8	38
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	7	35
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	7	39
Seattle–Tacoma–Bellevue	6	39
St. Louis	9	30
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	13	34
Tulsa	6	28
Virginia Beach–Norfolk–Newport News	10	24
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	6	29
Metropolitan divisions:		
Bethesda–Rockville–Frederick	5	25
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	11	35
Camden	9	26
Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	9	23
Dallas–Plano–Irving	12	36
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	12	18
Edison–New Brunswick	9	26
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	12	29
Fort Worth–Arlington	13	33
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	8	24
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	13	27
Nassau–Suffolk	12	43
New York–White Plains–Wayne	13	25
Newark–Union	8	34
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	7	30
Philadelphia	8	27
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	7	47

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2013 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; state; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan divisions:		
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	7	34
Seattle–Bellevue–Everett	6	44
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	10	29
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	7	30
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	12	37
Cities:		
Atlanta city	8	54
Austin city	12	47
Baltimore city	6	9
Boston city	11	32
Charlotte city	9	32
Chicago city	9	16
Cleveland city	15	11
Columbus city	12	26
Dallas city	13	29
Denver County/city	6	16
Detroit city	15	9
Fort Worth city	12	29
Houston city	13	31
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	10	19
Jacksonville city	12	32
Kansas City city	9	29
Las Vegas city	4	6
Los Angeles city	8	22
Louisville–Jefferson County (consolidated) city	8	19
Memphis city	10	13
Miami city	13	32
Milwaukee city	10	10
Minneapolis city	6	17
Nashville–Davidson (consolidated) city	9	53
New Orleans city	9	21
New York city	13	24
Oakland city	7	24
Oklahoma City city	7	43
Philadelphia County/city	9	16
Phoenix city	12	27
Portland city	4	19
Sacramento city	10	17
San Antonio city	14	35
San Diego city	7	43
San Francisco County/city	7	42
San Jose city	7	33
Seattle city	5	39
St. Louis city	11	13
Tulsa city	7	25
Virginia Beach city	9	41
Washington city	1	2

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment, by census region and division, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	6	8	9	13	19	27	30	38	53	59	72	83
New England	5	7	8	11	16	23	25	32	44	49	58	66
Middle Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	55	62	75	86
Midwest	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	56	62	75	87
East North Central	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	59	66	80	92
West North Central	5	7	8	12	17	23	26	33	46	51	62	70
South	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	43	60	67	82	94
South Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	29	32	40	57	64	78	89
East South Central	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	58	65	78	88
West South Central	7	10	11	16	23	32	36	46	64	71	87	99
West	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	48	54	66	75
Mountain	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	36	50	55	66	76
Pacific	5	8	8	12	17	24	26	33	47	52	64	73
Estimated level												
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	92	126	149	167	179	189	199	199	—	—	—	
New England	72	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Middle Atlantic	95	129	151	166	175	179	—	—	—	—	—	
Midwest	97	133	159	178	193	205	221	227	225	—	—	
East North Central	102	139	163	180	191	198	200	—	—	—	—	
West North Central	77	98	106	104	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South	105	147	177	201	221	239	266	287	301	312	317	
South Atlantic	99	136	162	181	195	206	219	222	—	—	—	
East South Central	96	121	127	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
West South Central	110	147	170	184	190	190	—	—	—	—	—	
West	84	116	139	156	170	180	195	203	204	—	—	
Mountain	83	107	117	117	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Pacific	81	111	131	145	155	162	167	—	—	—	—	

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment, by census region and division, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
New England	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	15
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	19
Midwest	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
East North Central	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19
West North Central	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	15
South	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
East South Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
West South Central	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20
West	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
Mountain	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16
Pacific	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
Estimated level								
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	20	25	31	36	40	49	56	62
New England	16	20	25	28	31	37	42	46
Middle Atlantic	21	27	33	38	42	51	58	65
Midwest	21	26	32	36	41	50	57	63
East North Central	21	27	33	38	43	52	59	66
West North Central	17	21	26	29	32	39	44	49
South	21	27	33	38	43	52	60	67
South Atlantic	21	27	33	38	42	51	59	65
East South Central	21	26	31	36	40	48	54	60
West South Central	23	28	35	40	44	54	62	68
West	20	26	31	36	40	49	56	63
Mountain	18	23	28	32	35	42	48	53
Pacific	21	27	32	37	42	51	58	64

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment, by state, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	35	43	51	57
Alaska	1	2	3	5	5	7	9	12	12	11	—	—
Arizona	3	5	7	10	12	16	23	32	36	45	53	60
Arkansas	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	23	28	32	35
California	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	43	50
Colorado	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	46	51
Connecticut	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	30	33
Delaware	1	2	2	3	3	5	7	9	9	9	7	—
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	7	6	—	—
Florida	3	5	7	10	12	16	23	33	37	46	56	64
Georgia	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	53
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	13	13	12
Idaho	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	16	18	21	22	21
Illinois	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	54
Indiana	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	33	41	49	55
Iowa	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	30	32
Kansas	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	30	32
Kentucky	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	41	48	54
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	49
Maine	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	13	15	15	13
Maryland	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	24	30	35	40
Massachusetts	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	41	50	56
Michigan	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	34	42	51	58
Minnesota	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	27	34	41	45
Mississippi	3	4	6	8	9	12	17	24	27	32	37	40
Missouri	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	34	43	51	58
Montana	2	2	4	5	5	8	10	14	15	16	14	1
Nebraska	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14	15	18	20	20
Nevada	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	29	32
New Hampshire	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	10	11	12	13	11
New Jersey	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	36	44	50
New Mexico	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	19	21	25	28	29
New York	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	32	35	44	54	62
North Carolina	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	41	50	57
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	11	10	—	—
Ohio	3	5	8	11	12	17	24	33	37	47	57	65
Oklahoma	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	35	41	45
Oregon	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	24	29	34	38
Pennsylvania	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	36	43	50
Rhode Island	1	2	2	3	3	5	7	9	9	10	9	5
South Carolina	2	4	6	8	9	12	17	24	27	33	39	44
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	5	7	9	10	10	5	—
Tennessee	3	5	7	10	11	16	23	32	35	44	52	59
Texas	4	6	8	11	13	18	25	36	40	50	62	71
Utah	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	21	24	29	33	35
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	6	—	—
Virginia	3	5	7	11	12	17	23	33	37	46	55	62
Washington	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	33	40	45
West Virginia	2	4	5	7	8	11	15	21	23	27	30	30
Wisconsin	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	41	49	55
Wyoming	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	8	8	5	—	—

See note at end of table.

**Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment, by state,
2013 annual averages—Continued**

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	61	68	69	66	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	66	76	81	83	20	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	36	34	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	55	67	77	85	115	133	145	151	153
Colorado	56	62	65	63	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	35	37	34	25	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	71	86	97	107	136	146	140	117	59
Georgia	59	69	77	82	82	16	—	—	—
Hawaii	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	60	71	80	86	100	87	9	—	—
Indiana	60	69	74	75	17	—	—	—	—
Iowa	34	33	26	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	33	31	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	58	63	62	56	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	53	58	58	53	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	43	49	52	53	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	61	71	76	79	41	—	—	—	—
Michigan	64	76	84	90	92	38	—	—	—
Minnesota	49	56	58	57	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	42	40	27	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	63	72	76	77	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	33	30	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	54	64	70	75	70	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	28	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	69	83	94	103	131	141	135	113	57
North Carolina	63	74	81	87	88	20	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	71	84	94	102	113	86	—	—	—
Oklahoma	48	51	47	36	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	41	44	42	35	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	55	65	73	79	92	81	24	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	48	53	53	50	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	65	74	79	81	18	—	—	—	—
Texas	79	95	108	119	156	174	179	172	152
Utah	36	32	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	69	80	88	92	78	—	—	—	—
Washington	49	57	62	64	35	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	60	68	71	71	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment, by state, 2013 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	31	35	38
Alaska	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	8	—	—	—
Arizona	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	20	23	28	34	38	42
Arkansas	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16	18	21	25	27	28
California	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	22	27	33	38	43
Colorado	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	15	16	20	24	27	29
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	11	12	15	18	20	21
Delaware	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6	6	6	5	—	—
District of Columbia	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	4	—	—	—
Florida	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	22	27	33	38	42
Georgia	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	21	23	29	35	40	44
Hawaii	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	8	9	10	8	5
Idaho	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	10	11	13	13	13	10
Illinois	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	27	33	37	41
Indiana	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	32	36	39
Iowa	1	2	3	4	4	6	9	12	13	16	19	20	21
Kansas	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	13	15	18	21	22	23
Kentucky	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	19	24	28	32	34
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	31	35	37
Maine	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	8	8	9	10	9	5
Maryland	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14	16	19	23	26	28
Massachusetts	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19	21	26	31	35	38
Michigan	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	22	27	33	37	41
Minnesota	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14	16	20	24	26	29
Mississippi	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	15	17	21	24	26	27
Missouri	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	24	29	33	36
Montana	1	1	2	3	3	5	6	8	9	9	8	1	—
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	10	11	13	14	14	13
Nevada	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	13	15	18	21	22	23
New Hampshire	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	7	8	8	7	4
New Jersey	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19	21	26	31	36	39
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	13	14	16	18	19	18
New York	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	27	33	37	41
North Carolina	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	21	23	29	35	40	44
North Dakota	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	6	6	5	—	—	—
Ohio	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	28	33	38	42
Oklahoma	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	18	22	26	29	31
Oregon	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	15	17	20	24	27	29
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19	21	26	32	37	40
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	2	3	5	6	7	7	7	3	—
South Carolina	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16	18	22	26	29	32
South Dakota	1	1	2	2	2	3	5	6	6	6	3	—	—
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	19	21	26	31	35	38
Texas	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	21	23	30	36	41	46
Utah	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	13	14	18	20	22	22
Vermont	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	4	—	—	—
Virginia	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	26	31	35	38
Washington	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	25	30	34	37
West Virginia	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	11	12	14	15	16	15
Wisconsin	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16	18	22	27	30	32
Wyoming	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	4	3	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the states composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Tables C-2 and C-3 provide the geographic boundary definitions of the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions, respectively, for which data are published in section III. The information for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions reflects the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, Missouri. That change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 2003 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions

The general concept of a metropolitan area is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that core.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on December 27, 2000. The definitions and a complete listing of the areas were first published on June 6, 2003, in OMB Bulletin No. 03-04. Area titles appearing in this publication reflect updates per OMB Bulletin No. 10-02, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated December 1, 2009.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area* consists of at least one urbanized area that has a population of at least 50,000. The Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the central county or counties containing the urbanized core area, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties, as measured through commuting ties.

A *Metropolitan Division* is essentially a separately identifiable employment center within a very large Metropolitan Statistical Area (one with a core population of 2.5 million or more). The Metropolitan Division consists of one or more main or secondary counties that represent an employment center, plus adjacent counties associated with the main or secondary county or counties through the strongest commuting ties.

The data published in section III reflect New England City and Town Area definitions, rather than the county-based Metropolitan Statistical Area and Metropolitan Division definitions, in the six New England states. In previous decades, the statistical areas that OMB had defined for the New England states were city and town based, with county-based areas specified as an alternative for users seeking a comparable geographic basis. For the current definitions, all Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Metropolitan Divisions are county based, with New England City and Town Areas serving as an equivalent alternative for the New England states.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central ...	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas

State and area	Definition
Alabama Birmingham–Hoover	Bibb, Blount, Chilton, Jefferson, St. Clair, Shelby, and Walker Counties
Arizona Phoenix–Mesa–Glendale	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	Los Angeles and Orange Counties
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties
San Diego–Carlsbad–San Marcos	San Diego County
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
San Jose–Sunnyvale–Santa Clara	San Benito and Santa Clara Counties
Colorado Denver–Aurora–Broomfield	Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Clear Creek, Denver, Douglas, Elbert, Gilpin, Jefferson, and Park Counties
Connecticut Bridgeport–Stamford–Norwalk	Bridgeport, Norwalk, Shelton, and Stamford cities, and Darien, Easton, Fairfield, Greenwich, Monroe, New Canaan, Newtown, Redding, Ridgefield, Stratford, Trumbull, Weston, Westport, and Wilton towns in Fairfield County; Ansonia, Derby, and Milford cities, and Oxford, Seymour, Southbury, and Woodbridge towns in New Haven County
Hartford–West Hartford–East Hartford	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities, and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Hartland, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, and Windsor towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Thomaston towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city, and Cromwell, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Stafford, Tolland, Union, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; Ashford town in Windham County
District of Columbia Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida Jacksonville	Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. Johns Counties
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach	Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties
Orlando–Kissimmee–Sanford	Lake, Orange, Osceola, and Seminole Counties
Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia Atlanta–Sandy Springs–Marietta	Barrow, Bartow, Butts, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, Dawson, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Haralson, Heard, Henry, Jasper, Lamar, Meriwether, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Pike, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Hawaii Honolulu	Honolulu County
Illinois Chicago–Joliet–Naperville	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, IL; Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter Counties, IN; Kenosha County, WI

See footnote at end of table.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Indiana Indianapolis–Carmel	Boone, Brown, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Marion, Morgan, Putnam, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky Louisville–Jefferson County	Bullitt, Henry, Jefferson, Meade, Nelson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, and Trimble Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Washington Counties, IN
Louisiana New Orleans–Metairie–Kenner	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes
Maryland Baltimore–Towson	Baltimore city, and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	Taunton city, and Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham towns in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lynn, Methuen, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities, and Amesbury, Andover, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, North Andover, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, and West Newbury towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Lowell, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Avon, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Brockton city, and Abington, Bridgewater, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marshfield, Middleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, West Bridgewater, and Whitman towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; Nashua city, and Amherst, Brookline, Greenfield, Greenville, Hollis, Hudson, Litchfield, Merrimack, Milford, Mont Vernon, Pelham, and Wilton towns in Hillsborough County; Atkinson, Brentwood, Chester, Danville, Derry, East Kingston, Epping, Exeter, Fremont, Hampstead, Hampton Falls, Kensington, Kingston, Londonderry, Newfields, Newton, Plaistow, Raymond, Salem, Sandown, Seabrook, South Hampton, and Windham towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan Detroit–Warren–Livonia	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota Minneapolis–St. Paul–Bloomington	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI

See footnote at end of table.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Missouri	
Kansas City	Bates, Caldwell, Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO; Franklin, Johnson, Leavenworth, Linn, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS
St. Louis ¹	St. Louis city, and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, Warren, and Washington Counties, MO; Bond, Calhoun, Clinton, Jersey, Macoupin, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL
Nevada	
Las Vegas–Paradise	Clark County
New York	
Buffalo–Niagara Falls	Erie and Niagara Counties
New York–Northern New Jersey–Long Island	Bronx, Kings, Nassau, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Rochester	Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina	
Charlotte–Gastonia–Rock Hill	Anson, Cabarrus, Gaston, Mecklenburg, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC
Ohio	
Cincinnati–Middletown	Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio Counties, IN
Cleveland–Elyria–Mentor	Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Medina Counties
Columbus	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Pickaway, and Union Counties
Dayton	Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble Counties
Oklahoma	
Oklahoma City	Canadian, Cleveland, Grady, Lincoln, Logan, McClain, and Oklahoma Counties
Tulsa	Creek, Okmulgee, Osage, Pawnee, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner Counties
Oregon	
Portland–Vancouver–Hillsboro	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark and Skamania Counties, WA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia–Camden–Wilmington	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; New Castle County, DE; Cecil County, MD
Pittsburgh	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island	
Providence–Fall River–Warwick	Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County; Warwick city, and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County; Newport city, and Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown, Portsmouth, and Tiverton towns in Newport County; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Glocester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield town in Providence County; Charlestown, Exeter, Hopkinton, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown in Washington County, RI; Attleboro and Fall River cities, and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County; Bellingham and Plainville towns in Norfolk County; Blackstone and Millville towns in Worcester County, MA

See footnote at end of table.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Tennessee	
Memphis	Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN; DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, and Tunica Counties, MS; Crittenden County, AR
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, and Wilson Counties
Texas	
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos	Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, San Jacinto, and Waller Counties
San Antonio-New Braunfels	Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Medina, and Wilson Counties
Utah	
Salt Lake City	Salt Lake, Summit, and Tooele Counties
Virginia	
Richmond	Colonial Heights, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond cities, and Amelia, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Cumberland, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, King William, Louisa, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George, and Sussex Counties
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities, and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, Surry, and York Counties, VA; Currituck County, NC
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	King, Pierce, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin	
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties

¹ This is not the official definition of the St. Louis area. Excluded is the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
California	
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Santa Ana	
Los Angeles–Long Beach–Glendale	Los Angeles County
Santa Ana–Anaheim–Irvine	Orange County
San Francisco–Oakland–Fremont	
Oakland–Fremont–Hayward	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
San Francisco–San Mateo–Redwood City	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
District of Columbia	
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	
Bethesda–Frederick–Rockville	Frederick and Montgomery Counties, MD
Washington–Arlington–Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida	
Miami–Fort Lauderdale–Miami Beach	
Fort Lauderdale–Pompano Beach–Deerfield Beach	Broward County
Miami–Miami Beach–Kendall	Miami-Dade County
West Palm Beach–Boca Raton–Boynton Beach	Palm Beach County
Illinois	
Chicago–Naperville–Joliet	
Chicago–Naperville–Joliet	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, McHenry, and Will Counties
Massachusetts	
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	
Boston–Cambridge–Quincy	Mansfield town in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, and Newburyport cities, and Andover, Boxford, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Middleton, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Saugus, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Groton, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, and Scituate towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Bolton and Harvard towns in Worcester County
Michigan	
Detroit–Warren–Livonia	
Detroit–Livonia–Dearborn	Wayne County
Warren–Troy–Farmington Hills	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, and St. Clair Counties

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions—Continued

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
New York	
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	
Edison-New Brunswick	Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean, and Somerset Counties, NJ
Nassau-Suffolk	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York-White Plains-Wayne	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Hudson, and Passaic Counties, NJ
Newark-Union	Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	
Camden	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties, NJ
Philadelphia	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties
Texas	
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	
Dallas-Plano-Irving	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Kaufman, and Rockwall Counties
Fort Worth-Arlington	Johnson, Parker, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	King and Snohomish Counties