

Analysis of Work Stoppages, 1973

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Preface

This bulletin, continuing an annual feature of the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the field of industrial relations since 1941, provides a detailed statistical presentation of work stoppages in 1973.

Preliminary monthly estimates of the level of strike (or lockout) activity for the United States as a whole are issued about 30 days after the end of the month of reference and are available on request. Preliminary estimates for the entire year are available at the year's end; selected final tabulations are issued in the early summer of the following year. The methods used to prepare work stoppage statistics are described in appendix B.

The Bureau wishes to acknowledge the cooperation of employers and employer associations, labor unions, the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, and various State agencies which furnished information for this program.

To expedite the release of this information, the degree of analysis included in earlier bulletins has been omitted.

This bulletin was prepared in the Division of Industrial Relations, Office of Wages and Industrial Relations.

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Highlights

Reversing a 2-year trend, most measures of strike activity rose in 1973. There were 5,353 strikes and lock-outs or 343 more than in 1972 and 2.3 million workers or .6 million more participating in strikes than in 1972. Accordingly, the average size of a stoppage increased from 342 to 421 workers per strike over the 2 years. Total idleness increased by about 3 percent, from 27.1 million days in 1972 to 27.9 million days in 1973. However, one key measure, the idleness rate, declined to 1.4 working days per thousand from 1.5 per thousand in 1972 as higher employment increased total available working time in the year.

Work stoppage highlights of 1973 were:

The parties to these disputes required about the same time to settle their differences as in 1972—a mean average of 24 days. Median duration increased 1 day, to 9 days in 1973.

There was little difference in the number of strikes that lasted a month or longer—1,221 in 1972 and 1,236 in 1973. However, the long stoppages in 1973 were of less importance because they constituted only 17 percent of all workers who withheld their services and 63 percent of total idleness, compared with 27 percent of worker's affected and 78 percent of idleness for the year before.

Historically, about one-half of all strikes occur upon termination of an agreement; 1973 was no exception. These disputes were responsible for 83 percent of total idleness—the same as in 1972. In these stoppages, 68 percent of idleness occurred over wage changes. Disputes over economic conditions caused more than one-half of the 1973 stoppages and nearly two-thirds of all days idle.

The 0.14 percent overall idleness rate reflected wide variation among industries and divisions. Idleness as a percent of total working time exceeded 1 percent in two manufacturing industries—petroleum and rubber. At the other end of the manufacturing scale were leather at a 0.03 percent rate, and textiles and printing at a 0.10 percent rate. In nonmanufacturing, the highest rate (0.55) occurred in mining which had one-fifth of all stoppages. More than 40 percent of the idleness in 1973 took place during June, July, September, and November. After leading all States in idleness for the 2 previous years, New York ranked 6th in 1973, with 1.6 million days away from work. Pennsylvania had more days of idleness (3 million) than any other State. California and Ohio each experienced more than 2 million days of idleness.

Philadelphia ranked first among metropolitan areas with 1.7 million days of idleness. One-third of this idleness resulted from a 2-month Philadelphia teachers' strike. Other metropolitan areas which experienced more than 1 million days away from the job included: Detroit, Los Angeles, and New York.

Although the number of stoppages with 10,000 workers or more increased from 18 in 1972 to 25 in 1973, idleness resulting from these walk-outs declined by about 1.4 million days away from work over these 2 years.

Heavily industrialized Region V, which included 3 of the 5 States having the greatest strike related idleness (Ohio, Michigan, and Illinois), led all other regions with 8.1 million days off the job in 1973.

Table 1. Monthly distribution of new strikes involving 1,000 workers or more, 1971-73

Month	1971	1972	1973	Month	1971	1972	1973
Total	298	250	317	Continued			
First quarter	78	44	44	Third quarter	73	69	101
January	30	14	15	July	27	21	38
February	19	12	14	August	23	27	31
March	29	18	15	September	23	21	32
Second quarter	100	100	104	Fourth quarter	47	37	68
April	30	33	35	October	21	81	30
May	39	26	33	November	16	15	24
June	31	41	36	December	10	4	14

Table 2. Percent of stoppages and idleness by contract status, 1971-73

Contract status	1971 ¹	1972	1973	1971 ¹	1972	1973
	Stoppages			Days idle		
All stoppages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition	12.8	13.4	12.2	4.7	7.4	9.7
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)	51.3	43.5	50.8	89.4	83.0	82.6
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)	33.1	39.8	33.9	5.6	8.7	6.8
Other	1.6	2.6	1.3	.1	.6	.1
Insufficient information to classify	1.3	.7	1.9	.2	.2	.8

¹ Revised.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table 3. Percent of idleness by major issue, 1970-73

Major issue	Percent of days idle			
	1970	1971	1972	1973
All issues	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Economic ¹	56.9	73.8	66.5	65.1
Other contractual matters	27.6	10.6	5.7	2.3
Union organization and security	9.2	7.0	8.4	12.1
Job security6	2.1	4.6	8.7
Plant administration	2.6	5.1	12.7	9.9
Other working conditions6	.6	.8	.6
Intra- or interunion matters	2.4	.7	1.2	1.3

¹ Includes wage changes, supplementary benefits, wage adjustments, and hours of work.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table 4. Work stoppages by mean and median duration, days idle per worker, and number of prolonged strikes, 1954-73

Year	All stoppages ending during year			
	Mean duration	Median duration	Days idle per worker	Number of prolonged strikes ¹
1954	22.5	6	14.7	172
1955	18.5	8	10.7	137
1956	18.9	8	17.4	132
1957	19.2	8	11.4	124
1958	19.7	8	11.6	133
1959	24.6	10	36.7	221
1960	23.4	10	14.5	201
1961	23.7	9	11.2	191
1962	24.6	9	15.0	224
1963	23.0	8	17.1	203
1964	22.9	8	14.0	189
1965	25.0	9	15.1	221
1966	22.2	9	12.9	210
1967	22.8	9	14.7	232
1968	24.5	10	18.5	261
1969	22.5	10	17.3	274
1970	25.0	11	20.1	334
1971	27.0	11	14.5	375
1972	24.0	8	15.8	313
1973	24.0	9	12.4	309

¹ Extending 90 days or longer.

Table 5. Unresolved issues in work stoppages, 1973

(Workers and days idle in thousands)

Issues	Stoppages		Workers involved		Days idle	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total stoppages covered ¹	504	100.0	260.1	100.0	2,368.2	100.0
Wages and hours	40	7.9	36.5	14.0	230.2	9.7
Fringe benefits	5	1.0	1.8	.7	13.3	.6
Union organization	38	7.5	5.4	2.1	46.2	1.9
Working conditions	217	43.1	103.1	39.6	602.9	25.5
Interunion	135	26.8	18.8	7.2	58.0	2.5
Combinations	60	11.9	54.8	21.0	889.3	37.6
Others	9	1.8	40.3	15.5	528.3	22.3

¹ Excludes stoppages which have no information on issues unsettled or no agreement for issues remaining.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Appendix A. Tables

Table A-1. Work stoppages in the United States, 1927-73¹

Year	Work stoppages			Workers involved ²		Days of idleness during year		
	Number	Duration		Number (thousands)	Percent of total employed	Number (thousands)	Percent of estimated total working time total economy ⁴	Per worker involved
		Mean ³	Median					
1927	707	26.5	3	330	1.4	26,200	(⁵)	79.5
1928	604	27.6	(⁵)	314	1.3	12,600	(⁵)	40.2
1929	921	22.6	(⁵)	289	1.2	5,350	(⁵)	18.5
1930	637	22.3	(⁵)	183	.8	3,320	(⁵)	18.1
1931	810	18.8	(⁵)	342	1.6	6,890	(⁵)	20.2
1932	841	19.6	(⁵)	324	1.8	10,500	(⁵)	32.4
1933	1,695	16.9	(⁵)	1,170	6.3	16,900	(⁵)	14.4
1934	1,856	19.5	(⁵)	1,470	7.2	19,600	(⁵)	13.4
1935	2,014	23.8	(⁵)	1,120	5.2	15,500	(⁵)	13.8
1936	2,172	23.3	(⁵)	789	3.1	13,900	(⁵)	17.6
1937	4,740	20.3	(⁵)	1,860	7.2	28,400	(⁵)	15.3
1938	2,772	23.6	(⁵)	688	2.8	9,150	(⁵)	13.3
1939	2,613	23.4	(⁵)	1,170	3.5	17,800	0.21	15.2
1940	2,508	20.9	(⁵)	577	1.7	6,700	.08	11.6
1941	4,288	18.3	(⁵)	2,360	6.1	23,000	.23	9.8
1942	2,968	11.7	(⁵)	840	2.0	4,180	.04	5.0
1943	3,752	5.0	(⁵)	1,980	4.6	13,500	.10	6.8
1944	4,956	5.6	(⁵)	2,120	4.8	8,720	.07	4.1
1945	4,750	9.9	(⁵)	3,470	8.2	38,000	.31	11.0
1946	4,985	24.2	(⁵)	4,600	10.5	116,000	1.04	25.2
1947	3,693	25.6	(⁵)	2,170	4.7	34,600	.30	15.9
1948	3,419	21.8	(⁵)	1,960	4.2	34,100	.28	17.4
1949	3,606	22.5	(⁵)	3,030	6.7	50,500	.44	16.7
1950	4,843	19.2	8	2,410	5.1	38,800	.33	16.1
1951	4,737	17.4	7	2,220	4.5	22,900	.18	10.3
1952	5,117	19.6	7	3,540	7.3	59,100	.48	16.7
1953	5,091	20.3	9	2,400	4.7	28,300	.22	11.8
1954	3,468	22.5	9	1,530	3.1	22,600	.18	14.7
1955	4,320	18.5	8	2,650	5.2	28,200	.22	10.7
1956	3,825	18.9	7	1,900	3.6	33,100	.24	17.4
1957	3,673	19.2	8	1,390	2.6	16,500	.12	11.4
1958	3,694	19.7	8	2,060	3.9	23,900	.18	11.6
1959	3,708	24.6	10	1,880	3.3	69,000	.50	36.7
1960	3,333	23.4	10	1,320	2.4	19,100	.14	14.5
1961	3,367	23.7	9	1,450	2.6	16,300	.11	11.2
1962	3,614	24.6	9	1,230	2.2	18,600	.13	15.0
1963	3,362	23.0	8	941	1.1	16,100	.11	17.1
1964	3,655	22.9	8	1,640	2.7	22,900	.15	14.0
1965	3,963	25.0	9	1,550	2.5	23,300	.15	15.1
1966	4,405	22.2	9	1,960	3.0	25,400	.15	12.9
1967	4,595	22.8	9	2,870	4.3	42,100	.25	14.7
1968	5,045	24.5	10	2,649	3.8	49,018	.28	18.5
1969	5,700	22.5	10	2,481	3.5	42,869	.24	17.3
1970	5,716	25.0	11	3,305	4.7	66,414	.37	20.1
1971	5,138	27.0	11	3,280	4.6	47,589	.26	14.5
1972	5,010	24.0	8	1,714	2.3	27,066	.15	15.8
1973	5,353	24.0	9	2,251	2.9	27,948	.14	12.4

¹ The number of stoppages and workers related to those stoppages beginning in the year; average duration, to those ending in the year. Days of idleness include all stoppages in effect.

Available information for earlier periods appears in Handbook of Labor Statistics, BLS Bulletin 1705 (1971), tables 144-149. For a discussion of the procedures involved in the collection and compilation of work stoppage statistics, see BLS Handbook of Methods for Survey and Studies, BLS Bulletin 1711 (1971), chapter 19. Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total employed

force and of the total time worked is found in "Total Economy Measure of Strike Idleness" by Howard N. Fullerton, Monthly Labor Review, Vol. 91, No. 10, Oct. 1968.

² In these tables, workers are counted more than once if they were involved in more than 1 stoppage during the year.

³ Figures are simple averages; each stoppage is given weight regardless of its size.

⁴ See table A-21 for idleness as a percent of private nonagricultural working time.

⁵ Not available.

Table A-2. Work stoppages by month, 1972-73

Month	Number of stoppages				Workers involved				Days of idleness		
	Beginning in month		In effect during month		Beginning in month		In effect during month		Number (thousands)	Percent	Percent of estimated working time
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent			
1972 -----	5,010	100.0	8,382	100.0	1,714	100.0	3,070	100.0	27,066	100.0	0.15
January -----	427	8.5	643	7.7	79.7	4.7	194.5	6.3	2,530.0	9.3	.17
February -----	419	8.4	675	8.1	86.0	5.0	182.8	6.0	1,848.5	6.8	.13
March -----	421	8.4	727	8.7	162.1	9.5	220.4	7.2	1,830.2	6.8	.11
April -----	498	9.9	759	9.1	186.6	10.9	257.4	8.4	2,257.6	8.3	.15
May -----	541	10.8	860	10.3	154.6	9.0	249.0	8.1	2,604.0	9.6	.16
June -----	491	9.8	818	9.8	311.3	18.2	412.5	13.4	3,605.6	13.3	.22
July -----	404	8.1	706	8.4	130.0	7.6	383.6	12.5	3,437.2	12.7	.23
August -----	485	9.7	790	9.4	167.6	9.8	269.5	8.8	2,839.9	10.5	.17
September -----	444	8.9	733	8.7	143.2	8.4	259.6	8.5	2,402.9	8.9	.16
October -----	395	7.9	665	7.9	172.5	10.1	276.8	9.0	1,342.1	5.0	.09
November -----	357	6.5	595	7.1	84.6	4.9	202.2	6.6	1,350.5	5.0	.08
December -----	158	3.2	411	4.9	35.4	2.1	161.8	5.3	1,017.8	3.8	.07
1973 -----	5,353	100.0	8,873	100.0	2,251	100.0	3,321	100.0	27,948	100.0	0.14
January -----	382	7.1	543	6.1	151.4	6.7	216.3	6.5	1,659.7	5.9	.10
February -----	349	6.5	560	6.3	151.1	6.7	228.8	6.9	1,335.0	4.8	.09
March -----	461	8.6	703	7.9	143.7	6.4	189.7	5.7	1,344.3	4.8	.08
April -----	465	8.7	728	8.2	161.7	7.2	205.5	6.2	1,831.7	6.6	.11
May -----	536	10.0	837	9.4	184.2	8.2	257.2	7.7	2,709.1	9.7	.16
June -----	530	9.9	864	9.7	308.4	13.7	395.1	11.9	2,902.6	10.4	.18
July -----	509	9.5	860	9.7	208.1	9.2	323.7	9.7	2,995.5	10.7	.19
August -----	498	9.3	864	9.7	158.1	7.0	307.5	9.3	2,571.0	9.2	.14
September -----	541	10.1	883	10.0	268.9	11.9	367.6	11.1	2,953.9	10.6	.20
October -----	523	9.8	885	10.0	193.9	8.6	297.2	8.9	2,484.5	8.9	.15
November -----	350	6.5	671	7.6	230.3	10.2	351.1	10.6	3,025.8	10.8	.18
December -----	209	3.9	475	5.4	90.9	4.0	181.7	5.5	2,135.4	7.6	.14

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-3. Work stoppages by size and duration, 1973¹

Number of workers	Number								
	All stoppages	1 day	2-3 days	4-6 days	7-14 days	15-29 days	30-59 days	60-89 days	90 days and over
Number of stoppages									
All workers	5,320	833	793	657	950	851	666	261	309
6 and under 20	581	61	58	61	105	108	88	42	58
20 and under 100	1,937	274	209	206	353	340	299	118	138
100 and under 250	1,338	274	232	159	235	192	146	45	55
250 and under 500	812	162	176	112	135	108	66	26	27
500 and under 1,000	340	38	69	63	59	46	37	14	14
1,000 and under 5,000	264	20	44	48	53	44	25	14	16
5,000 and under 10,000	22	2	4	4	4	6	2	-	-
10,000 and over	26	2	1	4	6	7	3	2	1
Workers involved (in thousands)									
All workers	2,247.6	275.5	287.9	395.2	491.1	416.8	199.9	91.5	89.8
6 and under 20	7.1	.8	.7	.8	1.3	1.3	1.1	.5	.7
20 and under 100	100.3	15.0	11.3	10.7	17.8	17.6	15.2	5.8	6.8
100 and under 250	218.1	45.6	39.0	26.5	37.4	30.3	23.9	6.8	8.6
250 and under 500	280.7	56.0	60.6	40.2	47.1	37.4	21.7	8.9	8.8
500 and under 1,000	235.2	25.8	49.0	42.1	41.1	32.7	25.8	10.0	8.7
1,000 and under 5,000	537.4	33.7	86.1	93.0	110.5	98.0	49.1	33.5	33.7
5,000 and under 10,000	139.4	12.6	23.5	24.1	27.2	38.4	13.5	-	-
10,000 and over	729.4	86.0	17.7	157.8	208.6	161.0	49.6	26.0	22.6
Days of idle (in thousands)									
All workers	27,187.3	275.5	589.4	1,070.4	2,971.6	5,281.5	5,829.3	3,888.1	7,281.6
6 and under 20	163.3	.8	1.4	2.9	9.5	18.8	32.5	26.0	71.3
20 and under 100	1,947.1	15.0	21.5	38.3	128.5	254.9	431.7	286.3	770.9
100 and under 250	2,775.1	45.6	77.3	89.4	259.4	445.8	688.8	314.2	854.8
250 and under 500	3,275.2	56.0	119.2	130.2	321.5	542.1	654.6	440.8	1,010.8
500 and under 1,000	2,971.9	25.8	96.4	139.9	264.0	463.4	654.6	526.7	801.2
1,000 and under 5,000	7,872.8	33.7	174.9	280.2	730.7	1,286.1	1,332.2	1,352.4	2,682.6
5,000 and under 10,000	1,185.3	12.6	45.6	65.9	177.1	383.6	500.3	-	-
10,000 and over	6,996.5	86.0	53.0	323.6	1,080.9	1,886.9	1,534.6	941.7	1,089.9
Number of stoppages (percent)									
All workers	100.0	15.7	14.9	12.3	17.9	16.0	12.5	4.9	5.8
6 and under 20	10.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.7	.8	1.1
20 and under 100	36.4	5.2	3.9	3.9	6.6	6.4	5.6	2.2	2.6
100 and under 250	25.2	5.2	4.4	3.0	4.4	3.6	2.7	.8	1.0
250 and under 500	15.3	3.0	3.3	2.1	2.5	2.0	1.2	.5	.5
500 and under 1,000	6.4	.7	1.3	1.2	1.1	.9	.7	.3	.3
1,000 and under 5,000	5.0	.4	.8	.9	1.0	.8	.5	.3	.3
5,000 and under 10,000	.4	(^a)	.1	.1	.1	.1	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
10,000 and over	.5	(^a)	(^a)	.1	.1	.1	.1	(^a)	(^a)
Workers involved (percent)									
All workers	100.0	12.3	12.8	17.6	21.8	18.5	8.9	4.1	4.0
6 and under 20	.3	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	.1	.1	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
20 and under 100	4.5	.7	.5	.5	.8	.8	.7	.3	.3
100 and under 250	9.7	2.0	1.7	1.2	1.7	1.3	1.1	.3	.4
250 and under 500	12.5	2.5	2.7	1.8	2.1	1.7	1.0	.4	.4
500 and under 1,000	10.5	1.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.1	.4	.4
1,000 and under 5,000	23.9	1.5	3.8	4.1	4.9	4.4	2.2	1.5	1.5
5,000 and under 10,000	6.2	.6	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.7	.6	-	-
10,000 and over	32.5	3.8	.8	7.0	9.3	7.2	2.2	1.2	1.0
Days of idle (percent)									
All workers	100.0	1.0	2.2	3.9	10.9	19.4	21.4	14.3	26.8
6 and under 20	.6	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	.1	.1	.1	.3
20 and under 100	7.2	.1	.1	.1	.5	.9	1.6	1.1	2.8
100 and under 250	10.2	.2	.3	.3	1.0	1.6	2.5	1.2	3.1
250 and under 500	12.0	.2	.4	.5	1.2	2.0	2.4	1.6	3.7
500 and under 1,000	10.9	.1	.4	.5	1.0	1.7	2.4	1.9	2.9
1,000 and under 5,000	29.0	.1	.6	1.0	2.7	4.7	4.9	5.0	9.9
5,000 and under 10,000	4.4	(^a)	.2	.2	.7	1.4	1.8	-	-
10,000 and over	25.7	.3	.2	1.2	4.0	6.9	5.6	3.5	4.0

¹ Totals in this table differ from those in preceding tables because these stoppages ended during 1973, and thus included idleness occurring in prior years.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-4. Trend of work stoppages involving 10,000 workers or more, 1927-73

Year	Number	Workers involved		Days of idleness		
		Number (in thousands)	Percent of total for year	Number (in thousands) ¹	Percent of total for year	Percent of estimated total working time
1927	1	165	50.0	9,737	37.2	0.14
1928	5	137	43.6	10,086	80.0	.14
1929	1	15	5.2	195	3.6	(²)
1930	1	30	16.4	270	8.1	(²)
1931	6	122	37.7	1,954	28.4	.03
1932	7	140	43.2	5,337	50.8	.12
1933	17	429	36.7	5,199	30.7	.11
1934	18	725	49.3	7,488	38.2	.15
1935	9	516	46.1	4,523	29.2	.08
1936	8	169	21.4	2,893	20.8	.04
1937	26	528	28.4	9,110	32.1	.14
1938	2	39	5.7	171	1.9	(²)
1939	8	572	48.9	5,731	32.2	.09
1940	4	57	9.9	331	4.9	(²)
1941	29	1,070	45.3	9,344	40.6	.13
1942	6	74	8.8	245	5.9	(²)
1943	10	737	37.2	9,427	69.8	.10
1944	16	350	16.5	1,259	14.4	.01
1945	42	1,350	38.9	19,300	50.7	.24
1946	31	2,920	63.6	66,400	57.2	.82
1947	15	1,030	47.5	17,700	51.2	.21
1948	20	870	44.5	18,900	55.3	.20
1949	18	1,920	63.2	34,900	69.0	.41
1950	22	738	30.7	21,700	56.0	.25
1951	19	457	20.6	5,680	24.8	.57
1952	35	1,690	47.8	36,900	62.6	.36
1953	28	650	27.1	7,270	25.7	.07
1954	18	437	28.5	7,520	33.3	.07
1955	26	1,210	45.6	12,300	43.4	.11
1956	12	758	39.9	19,600	59.1	.17
1957	13	283	20.4	3,050	18.5	.26
1958	21	823	40.0	10,600	44.2	.10
1959	20	845	45.0	50,800	73.7	.45
1960	17	384	29.2	7,140	37.4	.06
1961	14	601	41.4	4,950	30.4	.04
1962	16	318	25.8	4,800	25.8	.04
1963	7	102	10.8	3,540	22.0	.03
1964	18	607	37.0	7,990	34.8	.06
1965	21	387	25.0	6,070	26.0	.05
1966	26	600	30.7	7,290	28.7	.05
1967	28	1,340	46.5	21,400	50.7	.15
1968	32	994	37.5	20,514	41.8	.12
1969	25	688	26.9	17,853	41.6	.10
1970	34	1,653	50.0	35,440	53.4	.20
1971	29	1,901	58.0	23,152	48.6	.13
1972	18	390	22.7	7,499	27.7	.04
1973	25	713	31.7	6,062	21.7	.03

¹ Includes idleness in stoppages beginning in earlier years.

² Less than 0.005 percent.

Table A-5. Work stoppages involving 10,000 workers or more, beginning in 1973

Beginning date	Approximate duration (calendar days) ¹	Establishment(s) and location(s)	Union(s) involved ²	Approximate number of workers involved ³	Major terms of settlement ⁴
Jan. 4, 1973	7	City, county and school board, Milwaukee, Wis.	State, county and municipal employees	12,000	25½-month agreement negotiated March 20, 1973, provided: 3-percent wage increase retroactive to December 4, 1972, and 3 percent January 1974; minimum 2 percent cost-of-living adjustment in July 1974; full-day Good Friday (was half day); and improvements in life and health insurance.
Jan. 8, 1973	51	Philadelphia School Board, Philadelphia, Pa.	American Federation of Teachers	16,000	7 week strike ended with a 4-year agreement negotiated Feb. 27, 1973, which provided for 4 percent salary increase (7 percent for teachers with 11 years of service) each contract year, plus \$100 increase in increment teachers received after first 10 years of service; 35 pupil maximum class size in 1975 (was 33); 45 minute daily preparation period for high school teachers.
Jan. 10, 1973	16	Board of Education, Chicago, Ill.	American Federation of Teachers	23,000	Agreement provided a 2.5-percent wage increase; also reduced school year to 39 weeks (from 40) with no loss in pay; other benefits were also included.
Jan. 31, 1973	5	Board of Education, Cleveland, Ohio.	American Federation of Teachers	12,000	1-year contract which provides for numerous adjustments in working conditions, evening-out of vacation schedules and set a limit of 23 hours overtime for nonacademic employees. No salary increase.
Feb. 8, 1973	1	Penn Central Railroad Co., Northeastern States	United Transportation Union	73,000	Strike occurred when Penn Central issued a rule reducing the basic train crew, through attrition, from 3 men to 2 and ended when strikers were ordered back to work for 90 days by congressional legislation. On May 25, 1973, Penn Central officials postponed indefinitely the reduction in crew size.
Mar. 2, 1973	1	New Jersey Bell Co., Intrastate	International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers	13,000	Protest against a new company policy permitting customers to disconnect their own phones when they move. Union contended that the policy would take work from installers and could also prove dangerous to customers. Company practice was continued.
Mar. 5, 1973	14	Bituminous Coal Cos. West Virginia (McDowell and Wyoming Counties)	United Mine Workers (Ind.)	14,500	Protest over shift rotation policies at selected U.S. Steel Corp. Mines. Roving pickets closed other mines in the area. Operations resumed after company agreed to meet on problems with UNW president.
May 1, 1973	22	Building Contractors Association of New Jersey Intrastate	United Brotherhood of Carpenters, and Joiners; Laborers' International Union of North America; Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union of America	15,000	CJA—deferred increase of 26 cents, effective November 1, 1973, approved by the Construction Industry Stabilization Committee October 13, 1973; 2-year agreement also provided: 43 cents an hour increase May 1, 1973, and 47 cents an hour May 1, 1974; CISC maintained jurisdiction over the 1974 increases.
May 1, 1973	22	Building Contractors Association of New Jersey Intrastate	United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners; Laborers' International Union of North America; Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union of America	15,000	LIUNA—2-year agreement provided 35 cents an hour increase May 1, 1973, and 35 cents an hour increase on May 1, 1974. BMP—Settlement terms not available.
May 8, 1973	24	B. F. Goodrich Co. Interstate	Rubber, Cork, Linoleum and Plastic Workers of America; United	10,600	3-year contract negotiated June 1973, provided 28.8 cents increase on July 1973; 25 cents on July 1974, and 24 cents June 31, 1975; 11.8 cents night differential (was 8.8), effective July 1974; 4-cent-an-hour increase in company contribution to Unemployment Benefit Fund—will guarantee 80 percent of gross pay for up to 4 years after layoff.
June 1, 1973	5	Construction Contractors Association Chicago, Ill.	Laborers' International Union of North America	100,000	2-year agreement approved by the Construction Industry Stabilization Committee September 13, 1973, provided 40 cents an hour increase on June 1, 1973, and June 1, 1974; 20 cents December 1, 1974.
June 1, 1973	63	Associated General Contractors of America, Inc. (Heavy and Highway, Building and Utility) Oregon and Southwestern Washington	International Union of Operating Engineers	15,000	3-year agreement with pay increase of 75 cents effective June 1, 1973, and 75 cents June 1, 1974; improved pensions, vacation pay, increased most travel zone pay; and added a Training Trust Plan.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-5. Work stoppages involving 10,000 workers or more, beginning in 1973—Continued

Beginning date	Approximate duration (calendar days) ¹	Establishment(s) and location(s)	Union(s) involved ²	Approximate number of workers involved ³	Major terms of settlement ⁴
June 12, 1973	4	General Electric Company Appliance Park, Louisville, Ky.	International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers	15,800	Strike, which resulted from a grievance involving a pay rate dispute of 1 employee and the suspension of 2 other employees for fighting. The employees returned to work voluntarily.
June 20, 1973	3	Firestone Tire and Rubber Co. Nationwide	Rubber, Cork, Linoleum and Plastic Workers of America; United	17,700	Terms are similar to B.F. Goodrich Co. settlement listed above.
July 16, 1973	19	Grower Shipper Vegetable Association of Central California Salinas Valley, Calif.	International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers of America (Ind.)	18,700	3-year agreement with a pay increase of \$1.10 an hour over a 3-year period—40 cents in 1973 and 35 cents in each of the next 2 years. Before the increase driver-stitchers were paid \$4.65 an hour, drivers and folders \$4.25.
July 19, 1973	4	California Processors, Inc. Northern California	International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers of America (Ind.)	30,000	3-year agreement negotiated July 1973 with approximately 27 Northern California firms provided: 13 to 35 cents increase effective July 1, 1973; 20 to 25 cents effective July 1, 1974, and 20 to 35 cents July 1, 1975; overtime after 40 hours weekly (was after 48 hours only during 2 annual 10-week periods); vision care for full-time workers, and dental care and paid drug-prescription plan extended to part-time workers.
Aug. 13, 1973	9	Associated General Contractors of America, Inc. Oregon and Southwestern Washington	United Brotherhood of Joiners and Laborers' International Union of North America	13,600	CJA—3-year agreement provided 40 cents increase effective June 1, 1973, and 75 cents effective June 1, 1974. LIUNA—2-year contract which provided similar wage increases as the carpenters.
Sept. 4, 1973	44	Board of Education of the School District of the City of Detroit Detroit, Mich.	American Federation of Teachers	12,600	A settlement was reached when the Board of Education agreed to drop a demand that the Detroit Federation of Teachers pay the \$100,000-a-day cost of keeping administrative personnel in idle schools and the teachers agreed to call off an unfair labor practices action. The substantive issues which caused the strike—wages and class size—are to be submitted to compulsory arbitration, and teacher accountability was to be made the subject of a special panel appointed by the Governor.
Sept. 14, 1973	9	Chrysler Corporation Interstate	International Union, United, Automobile, Aerospace, and Agricultural Implement Workers of America (Ind.)	111,400	3-year agreement with a wage increase of 3 percent in each year of the contract, plus an additional 12 cents an hour in the first year raising the basic wage of an assembly line worker from \$4.48 to \$4.73 an hour in the first year of the contract, and improvements in pension plan.
Oct. 18, 1973	17	International Harvester Co. Interstate	International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America; International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers	40,400	3-year agreement provided 3 percent annual increase plus 12 cents effective Oct. 1, 1973; and 3-percent annual improvement factor increase effective October 1, 1973; and 3-percent annual improvement factor increase effective both October 7, 1974, and October 6, 1975; 35 of current 40 cents cost-of-living allowance incorporated into base rates after the initial wage increase and clause revised to provide quarterly adjustments of 1 cent an hour for each 0.3 point movement in the BLS-CPI. Retirement eligibility provisions and benefits liberalized; improved dental plan.
Nov. 5, 1973	7	Associated Underground Contractors Inc. Bloom Field Hills, Mich.	Laborers' International Union of North America	30,000	3-year contract providing: wage increases of between 25 to 50 cents in the first year effective November 12, 1973, same wage increase for the second year; improvements were made in vacation and holiday benefits.
Nov. 5, 1973	7	League of Voluntary Hospitals and Homes of New York New York City	Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union	30,000	Strike called when cost of living council failed to approve 7.5 percent increase granted to hospital workers under a State arbitration award in July 1973. Strike was settled when the union accepted a wage hike of 6 percent.

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-5. Work stoppages involving 10,000 workers or more, beginning in 1973—Continued

Beginning date	Approximate duration (calendar days) ¹	Establishment(s) and location(s)	Union(s) involved ²	Approximate number of workers involved ³	Major terms of settlement ⁴
Nov. 5, 1973	44	Trans-World Airlines Interstate	Transport Workers Union of America	21,000	3-year agreement negotiated December 1973 provided: 5.5 percent wage increase retroactive to August 1, 1972, 1.5 percent effective December 1, 1973, and 3 percent effective October 1974 and April 1, 1975; and improved medical and life insurance.
Nov. 15, 1973	19	Caterpillar Tractor Co. Interstate	International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America.	36,000	3-year agreement provided 3 percent increase plus 4 cents effective October 1, 1973, contract also included 3-percent annual improvement factor increase in both 1974 and 1975; and escalator clause revised.
Dec. 3, 1973	34	Food Employers Council Inc. Super Market, Chain Stores Southern California	MCBW, IAM, IUOE and IBT-(Ind.)	17,700	3-year contract provided annual wage increase of 30 cents for butchers and head meatcutters and 27, 25, and 25 cents for weighers and wrappers and delicatessen clerks, and for continuation of semiannual cost-of-living adjustments. Other terms included increase in financing for pension improvements; improved medical and dental benefits; and adoption of a factfinding procedure in cases where the parties are unable to agree on operational changes. The contract for the 7,000 teamsters provided for successive annual wage increases of 35, 30 and 30 cents for hourly paid drivers and warehouse workers.
Dec. 3, 1973	18	Food Employers Council Inc. Super Market, Chain Stores Northern California		17,300	3-year contract provided 30.5 cents effective on Nov. 1, 1973, and will be raised by 33 and 35 cents in the following 2 years. Five cost-of-living adjustments will be made each May and November with a 3-point minimum increase for each May adjustment and no minimum for November.

¹ Includes nonworkdays such as Saturdays, Sundays and established holidays.

² The unions listed are those directly involved in the dispute, but the number of workers involved may include members of other unions or nonunion workers idled by disputes in the same establishments. The unions are affiliated with the AFL-CIO, except where they are noted as independent (Ind.).

³ The number of workers involved is the maximum made idle for 1 shift or longer in establishments directly involved in a stoppage.

This figure does not measure the indirect or secondary effect on other establishments or industries whose employees are made idle as a result of material or service shortage.

⁴ Adopted largely from Current Wage Developments, a monthly subscription publication of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ All plants except 1 settled on November 25.

⁶ Strike was still in progress at end of year; settled January 5, 1974.

Table A-6. Work stoppages by industry group and size, 1973

Industry group	Total	6-19 workers	20-99 workers	100-249 workers	250-499 workers	500-999 workers	1,000-4,999 workers	5,000-9,999 workers	10,000 workers and over
All industries -----	1 5,353	583	1,934	1,354	817	348	271	21	25
Manufacturing -----	1 2,282	189	855	602	313	163	145	7	8
Ordnance and accessories -----	5	=	1	1	=	2	2	=	=
Food and kindred products -----	186	18	64	61	24	12	6	=	1
Tobacco manufactures -----	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Textile mill products -----	46	6	18	14	3	3	2	=	=
Apparel, etc. ³ -----	45	5	16	14	5	2	3	=	=
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	65	9	21	18	8	7	2	=	=
Furniture and fixtures -----	82	8	29	30	9	5	1	=	=
Paper and allied products -----	98	1	31	38	17	9	2	=	=
Printing, publishing and allied industries -----	83	17	31	15	8	5	7	=	=
Chemicals and allied products -----	132	10	56	31	20	10	5	=	=
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	15	=	6	3	3	=	3	=	=
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	143	5	43	36	19	11	27	=	2
Leather and leather products -----	10	=	3	5	2	=	=	=	=
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	176	23	86	35	19	8	5	=	=
Primary metal industries -----	171	6	59	58	22	13	13	=	=
Fabricated metal products ³ -----	295	27	135	69	42	16	4	1	1
Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	323	24	131	80	48	21	16	1	2
Transportation equipment -----	173	17	55	32	34	18	14	2	1
Instruments, etc. ⁴ -----	160	5	40	45	17	18	31	3	1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	35	5	11	7	6	3	3	=	=
Nonmanufacturing -----	43	2	19	10	7	2	=	=	=
Nonmanufacturing -----	3,072	394	1,079	752	504	185	126	14	17
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	11	1	5	1	=	2	1	=	1
Mining -----	1,079	31	265	390	295	73	21	3	1
Contract construction ⁵ -----	538	85	191	113	60	45	35	4	5
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	324	71	136	54	24	11	24	1	3
Wholesale and retail trade -----	499	128	241	56	36	17	16	3	2
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	24	5	14	1	3	=	1	=	=
Services -----	210	33	100	43	18	9	5	1	1
Government ⁶ -----	387	40	127	94	68	28	24	4	4
	Workers involved (in thousands)								
All industries -----	2,250.7	7.1	100.0	220.6	282.3	242.4	564.0	142.8	812.0
Manufacturing -----	963.4	2.4	45.2	97.3	105.6	118.3	304.5	41.0	249.1
Ordnance and accessories -----	4.4	=	(⁷)	.2	=	1.4	2.8	=	=
Food and kindred products -----	69.5	.2	3.1	10.3	8.2	8.0	9.6	=	30.0
Tobacco manufactures -----	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Textile mill products -----	9.4	(⁷)	1.0	2.3	1.1	2.6	2.3	=	=
Apparel, etc. ³ -----	11.2	(⁷)	.8	2.4	1.6	1.5	4.8	=	=
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	16.8	.1	1.1	3.1	2.5	5.2	4.7	=	=
Furniture and fixtures -----	14.7	.1	1.6	4.8	3.0	3.8	1.4	=	=
Paper and allied products -----	23.9	(⁷)	1.9	6.3	5.7	6.3	3.7	=	=
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	23.2	.2	1.3	2.5	2.3	4.1	12.8	=	=
Chemicals and allied products -----	32.1	.1	2.8	4.8	6.6	6.9	10.9	=	=
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	9.1	=	.3	.4	1.0	=	7.3	=	=
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	102.3	(⁷)	2.1	6.0	6.4	8.3	51.1	=	28.3
Leather and leather products -----	2.1	=	.2	1.1	.7	=	=	=	=
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	28.5	.3	4.8	5.2	5.9	6.0	6.3	=	=
Primary metal industries -----	56.6	(⁷)	3.1	9.5	7.2	9.4	27.1	=	=
Fabricated metal products ³ -----	76.7	.3	6.9	10.7	14.1	10.3	9.0	6.7	18.7
Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	167.0	.3	7.2	12.3	16.6	15.7	33.2	5.1	76.5
Transportation equipment -----	87.1	.2	2.8	5.4	12.4	13.0	26.7	10.8	15.8
Instruments, etc. ⁴ -----	206.2	(⁷)	2.3	7.2	5.9	12.2	80.3	18.4	79.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	13.8	(⁷)	.5	1.1	1.9	2.1	8.1	=	=
	8.9	(⁷)	1.0	1.5	2.4	1.4	2.5	=	=

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-6. Work stoppages by industry group and size, 1973—Continued

Industry group	Total	6-19 workers	20-99 workers	100-249 workers	250-499 workers	500-999 workers	1,000-4,999 workers	5,000-9,999 workers	10,000 workers and over
Workers involved (in thousands)—Continued									
Nonmanufacturing -----	1,287.3	4.8	54.8	123.3	176.7	124.2	259.5	101.8	442.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	23.2	(?)	.2	.2	-	1.5	2.5	-	18.7
Mining -----	301.0	1.4	15.7	67.4	104.9	48.7	31.4	18.0	14.5
Contract construction ² -----	366.9	1.0	9.3	17.4	19.4	30.8	90.5	25.0	173.6
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	192.7	.8	6.5	8.4	8.8	7.0	49.2	5.0	107.0
Wholesale and retail trade -----	136.0	1.6	10.9	8.1	12.4	10.4	34.3	23.4	34.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	3.5	(?)	.6	.1	1.0	-	1.7	-	-
Services -----	67.7	.4	4.6	6.5	6.1	6.5	8.0	5.7	30.0
Government ³ -----	196.4	.5	7.0	15.2	24.1	19.2	42.0	24.7	63.6
Days of idleness during year (in thousands)									
All industries -----	27,948.4	163.1	1,872.9	2,975.2	3,323.7	3,362.1	9,345.4	948.8	6,554.5
Manufacturing -----	14,318.5	64.3	1,086.6	1,979.3	2,180.3	2,165.2	5,081.8	229.0	1,532.0
Ordnance and accessories -----	222.2	-	.5	1.9	-	77.3	142.5	-	-
Food and kindred products -----	1,007.9	6.4	60.7	213.4	189.8	114.4	324.3	-	98.8
Tobacco manufactures -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	268.0	2.4	29.9	30.3	86.5	89.4	29.6	-	-
Apparel, etc. ² -----	999.4	1.7	11.4	55.9	16.4	3.6	910.2	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	248.6	2.0	30.1	68.8	37.2	83.4	27.1	-	-
Furniture and fixtures -----	290.9	1.8	30.9	85.1	43.5	92.3	37.3	-	-
Paper and allied products -----	410.3	2.2	49.0	113.7	115.2	57.7	72.5	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	281.1	6.3	69.1	64.7	32.9	10.9	97.2	-	-
Chemicals and allied products -----	501.1	3.8	72.6	101.7	125.0	129.1	68.8	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	536.8	-	3.8	16.4	72.6	-	444.1	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	1,743.0	1.2	67.8	140.6	169.0	281.6	848.8	-	234.0
Leather and leather products -----	22.7	-	5.6	11.1	6.0	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	629.5	9.6	131.1	127.9	85.2	106.3	169.4	-	-
Primary metal industries -----	760.5	1.4	83.9	214.4	138.3	66.2	256.4	-	-
Fabricated metal products ³ -----	1,239.9	5.9	133.5	236.5	314.9	133.1	192.3	130.1	93.6
Machinery, except electrical -----	2,006.4	9.2	192.9	199.7	251.4	221.6	442.3	10.2	679.0
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	1,234.2	4.3	46.4	131.1	249.5	400.4	358.8	16.0	27.6
Transportation equipment -----	1,437.9	2.0	46.3	105.0	84.9	205.4	522.8	72.7	398.9
Instruments, etc. ⁴ -----	278.3	2.6	7.9	27.7	70.8	53.3	116.0	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	200.0	1.5	13.3	33.3	91.2	39.3	21.5	-	-
Nonmanufacturing -----	13,629.9	98.8	786.3	995.9	1,143.3	1,196.9	4,263.5	719.8	4,425.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	479.0	.1	7.7	6.6	-	59.0	124.9	-	280.6
Mining -----	865.4	1.6	39.3	189.8	291.8	201.9	70.8	41.7	28.5
Contract construction ² -----	3,658.8	8.2	118.8	194.7	228.2	267.6	1,249.1	172.3	1,419.8
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	3,296.5	20.5	169.1	208.1	215.3	139.8	1,737.6	69.1	737.0
Wholesale and retail trade -----	2,123.6	50.0	247.3	153.1	136.8	263.1	512.3	176.7	584.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	80.2	.9	15.5	9.0	15.3	-	39.5	-	-
Services -----	822.5	10.2	120.7	130.9	85.5	89.6	171.5	34.2	180.0
Government ³ -----	2,303.9	7.2	67.9	103.7	170.4	175.9	357.8	225.8	1,195.1

¹ The number of stoppages reported for a major industry group or division may not equal the sum of its components because individual stoppages occurring in 2 or more groups have been counted in each. The major industry group and division totals have been adjusted to eliminate duplication. Workers involved and days idle have been allocated among the respective groups.

² Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.

³ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

⁴ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks.

⁵ "Work Stoppages, 1973, Selected Final Tabulations" revised. This revision applies to all tables that contain industry data including tables that apply only to government work stoppages.

⁶ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

⁷ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-7. Work stoppages by affiliation of unions involved, 1973

Affiliation	Stoppages beginning in year				Days of idleness during year	
	Number	Percent	Workers involved		Number (in thousands)	Percent
			Number (in thousands)	Percent		
Total	5,353	100.0	2,250.7	100.0	27,948.4	100.0
AFL-CIO	2,988	55.8	1,276.5	56.7	19,360.8	69.3
Unaffiliated unions	2,054	38.4	737.0	32.7	5,897.3	21.1
Single firm unions	35	.7	11.4	.5	292.8	1.0
Different affiliations ¹	42	.8	162.6	7.2	1,782.3	6.4
Professional and public employee associations	182	3.4	60.7	2.7	590.2	2.1
No union or association involved	52	1.0	2.5	.1	25.0	.1

¹ Includes work stoppages involving unions of different affiliations—either 1 union or more affiliated with AFL-CIO and 1 unaffiliated union or more, or 2 unaffiliated unions or more.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-8. Work stoppages by contract status and size, 1973

Contract status and size of stoppage (Number of workers involved)	Stoppages beginning in year				Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Percent	Workers involved		Number (in thousands)	Percent
			Number (in thousands)	Percent		
All stoppages	5,353	100.0	2,250.7	100.0	2,7948.4	100.0
6 and under 20	583	10.9	7.1	.3	163.1	.6
20 and under 100	1,934	36.1	100.0	4.4	1,872.9	6.7
100 and under 250	1,354	25.3	220.6	9.8	2,975.2	10.6
250 and under 500	817	15.3	282.3	12.5	3,323.7	11.9
500 and under 1,000	348	6.5	240.8	10.7	3,354.0	12.0
1,000 and under 5,000	271	5.1	553.8	24.6	9,300.2	33.3
5,000 and under 10,000	21	.4	132.5	5.9	897.3	3.2
10,000 and over	25	.5	713.5	31.7	6,062.0	21.7
Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition	653	12.2	69.6	3.1	2,708.9	9.7
6 and under 20	172	3.2	2.0	.1	80.4	.3
20 and under 100	310	5.8	13.9	.6	504.0	1.8
100 and under 250	111	2.1	16.5	.7	410.9	1.5
250 and under 500	41	.8	13.7	.6	484.5	1.7
500 and under 1,000	11	.2	7.4	.3	123.0	.4
1,000 and under 5,000	8	.1	16.1	.7	1,106.2	4.0
5,000 and under 10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
10,000 and over	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)	2,717	50.8	1,482.4	65.9	23,089.5	82.6
6 and under 20	237	4.4	3.1	.1	61.0	.2
20 and under 100	1,037	19.4	54.5	2.4	1,201.5	4.3
100 and under 250	689	12.9	109.6	4.9	2,290.2	8.2
250 and under 500	359	6.7	123.0	5.5	2,450.7	8.8
500 and under 1,000	187	3.5	130.2	5.8	2,794.3	10.0
1,000 and under 5,000	174	3.3	377.1	16.8	7,569.7	27.1
5,000 and under 10,000	13	.2	87.8	3.9	802.3	2.9
10,000 and over	21	.4	597.2	26.5	5,919.9	21.2
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)	1,812	33.9	678.0	30.1	1,908.5	6.8
6 and under 20	131	2.4	1.6	.1	12.4	(¹)
20 and under 100	502	9.4	27.8	1.2	121.1	.4
100 and under 250	533	10.0	91.4	4.1	244.6	.9
250 and under 500	400	7.5	139.8	6.2	355.3	1.3
500 and under 1,000	148	2.8	101.8	4.5	375.9	1.3
1,000 and under 5,000	86	1.6	154.5	6.9	562.1	2.0
5,000 and under 10,000	8	.1	44.7	2.0	95.0	.3
10,000 and over	4	.1	116.3	5.2	142.1	.5
No contract or other contract status	68	1.3	6.1	.3	28.9	.1
6 and under 20	22	.4	.2	(¹)	3.7	(¹)
20 and under 100	35	.7	1.5	.1	8.8	(¹)
100 and under 250	3	.1	.3	(¹)	7.8	(¹)
250 and under 500	6	.1	1.9	.1	6.4	(¹)
500 and under 1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 and under 5,000	2	(¹)	2.2	.1	2.2	(¹)
5,000 and under 10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
10,000 and over	-	-	-	-	-	-
No information on contract status	103	1.9	14.6	.6	212.6	.8
6 and under 20	21	.4	.2	(¹)	5.6	(¹)
20 and under 100	50	.9	2.4	.1	37.6	.1
100 and under 250	18	.3	2.8	.1	21.8	.1
250 and under 500	11	.2	3.8	.2	26.8	.1
500 and under 1,000	2	-	1.4	.1	60.8	.2
1,000 and under 5,000	1	-	4.0	.2	60.0	.2
5,000 and under 10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
10,000 and over	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-9. Work stoppages by industry group and contract status, 1973

(Workers and days of idleness in thousands)

Industry group	Total			Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition			Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries -----	¹ 5,353	2,250.7	27,948.4	653	69.6	2,708.9	2,725	1,482.4	23,089.5
Manufacturing -----	¹ 2,282	963.4	14,318.5	289	36.5	1,920.7	1,535	692.5	11,498.4
Ordnance and accessories -----	5	4.4	222.2	-	-	-	5	4.2	220.3
Food and kindred products -----	186	69.5	1,007.9	33	3.6	120.8	129	61.5	849.3
Tobacco manufacturers -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	46	9.4	268.0	14	1.6	108.3	21	5.2	72.8
Apparel, etc. ² -----	45	11.2	999.4	9	1.1	927.4	18	5.6	52.5
Lumber and wood products, except furniture-----	65	16.8	248.6	9	1.4	17.2	40	9.8	199.9
Furniture and fixtures -----	82	14.7	290.9	6	.7	15.1	66	10.2	248.3
Paper and allied products -----	98	23.9	410.3	8	1.5	26.1	73	19.1	375.4
Printing, publishing, and allied industries-----	83	23.2	281.1	20	1.5	44.8	55	19.6	229.2
Chemicals and allied products -----	132	32.1	501.1	12	.7	26.9	107	25.3	451.3
Petroleum refining and related industries-----	15	9.1	536.8	1	(³)	.6	13	8.9	536.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products-----	143	102.3	1,743.0	21	3.3	112.7	106	90.0	1,601.4
Leather and leather products -----	10	2.1	22.7	3	.3	6.6	5	1.1	13.7
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	176	28.5	629.5	20	1.5	31.7	124	21.3	578.1
Primary metal industries -----	171	56.6	760.5	14	1.8	48.7	110	29.0	628.3
Fabricated metal products ⁴ -----	295	76.7	1,239.9	32	2.5	120.2	213	62.9	1,065.8
Machinery, except electrical -----	323	167.0	2,006.4	41	4.6	104.7	203	130.0	1,787.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	173	87.1	1,234.2	15	1.9	68.8	94	29.7	971.1
Transportation equipment -----	160	206.2	1,437.9	24	8.1	95.4	90	140.7	1,198.8
Instruments, etc. ³ -----	35	13.8	278.3	3	(³)	1.9	28	11.7	265.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	43	8.9	200.0	4	.5	42.8	35	6.7	153.5
Nonmanufacturing -----	¹ 3,072	1,287.3	13,629.9	364	33.1	788.2	1,190	789.9	11,591.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	11	23.2	479.0	1	(³)	31.6	8	22.4	446.4
Mining -----	1,079	301.0	865.4	3	.3	24.4	28	5.9	286.6
Contract construction -----	538	366.9	3,658.8	28	3.6	41.2	284	325.3	3,267.4
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	324	192.7	3,296.5	63	4.5	129.6	191	87.9	3,013.4
Wholesale and retail trade -----	499	136.0	2,123.6	124	5.7	225.6	315	122.9	1,808.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	24	3.5	80.2	5	.5	15.1	17	2.9	62.5
Services -----	210	67.7	822.5	67	4.7	172.8	107	55.1	603.9
Government ⁴ -----	387	196.4	2,303.9	73	13.8	147.9	240	167.5	2,102.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-9. Work stoppages by industry group and contract status, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days of idleness in thousands)

Industry group	During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)			No contract or other contract status			No information on contract status		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries -----	1,812	678.0	1,908.5	68	6.1	28.9	103	14.6	212.6
Manufacturing -----	402	228.4	798.1	15	1.1	4.2	46	4.9	97.1
Ordnance and accessories -----	1	.2	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products -----	19	4.1	36.7	2	.1	.4	3	.1	.7
Tobacco manufactures -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	5	1.5	23.9	1	(³)	(³)	5	1.0	63.0
Apparel, etc. ² -----	11	3.8	17.5	1	(³)	(³)	6	.8	1.9
Lumber and wood products, except furniture--	13	5.5	25.8	2	(³)	.3	1	.1	5.4
Furniture and fixtures -----	9	3.8	26.7	-	-	-	1	(³)	.8
Paper and allied products -----	15	3.1	8.2	-	-	-	2	.2	.7
Printing, publishing, and allied industries--	4	1.7	5.2	1	(³)	.1	3	.3	1.7
Chemicals and allied products -----	13	6.2	22.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries--	1	.1	.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products--	12	8.8	28.3	3	.2	.5	1	(³)	(³)
Leather and leather products -----	2	.6	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	25	5.1	16.5	2	.3	.5	5	.4	2.6
Primary metal industries -----	46	25.7	83.3	-	-	-	1	(³)	.2
Fabricated metal products ⁴ -----	46	11.1	50.2	-	-	-	4	.2	3.8
Machinery, except electrical -----	70	31.4	107.7	1	(³)	(³)	8	1.0	6.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	63	55.3	193.7	-	-	-	1	.2	.6
Transportation equipment -----	42	56.7	132.7	1	.3	2.1	3	.4	8.9
Instruments, etc. ⁵ -----	2	1.9	10.9	-	-	-	2	.1	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	3	1.7	3.7	1	(³)	.1	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing -----	1,410	449.6	1,110.4	53	5.0	24.6	57	9.7	115.5
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	1	.8	.8	1	(³)	.1	-	-	-
Mining -----	1,046	294.5	554.1	2	.3	.3	-	-	-
Contract construction -----	196	31.4	266.7	8	.2	1.4	22	6.4	82.0
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	55	99.2	137.1	7	.6	9.2	8	.5	7.2
Wholesale and retail trade -----	42	6.3	71.7	5	.3	1.5	13	.9	16.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	2.5	-	-	-
Services -----	22	6.7	38.4	6	.2	1.7	8	1.0	5.7
Government ⁶ -----	47	10.7	41.4	23	3.4	7.8	6	1.0	4.1

¹ See footnote 1, table A-6.

² Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.

³ Fewer than 100.

⁴ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

⁵ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks.

⁶ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-10. Work stoppages by contract status and major issue, 1973

Contract status and major issue	Stoppages beginning in year				Days of idleness during year	
	Number	Percent	Workers involved		Number (thousands)	Percent
			Number (thousands)	Percent		
All stoppages	5,353	100.0	2,250.7	100.0	27,948.4	100.0
Negotiation of first agreement	653	12.2	69.6	3.1	2,708.9	9.7
General wage changes	264	4.9	28.0	1.2	831.0	3.0
Supplementary benefits	8	.1	.2	(¹)	4.9	(¹)
Wage adjustments	7	.1	2.5	(¹)	62.5	.2
Hours of work	5	.1	.8	(¹)	2.4	(¹)
Other contractual matters	317	5.9	30.3	1.3	1,685.7	6.0
Union organization and security	16	.3	1.7	.1	48.3	.2
Job security	26	.5	5.5	.2	68.2	.2
Plant administration	2	(¹)	(²)	(¹)	2.6	(¹)
Other working conditions	6	.1	.4	(¹)	2.0	(¹)
Interunion or intraunion matters	2	(¹)	.1	(¹)	1.2	(¹)
Not reported						
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)	2,717	50.8	1,482.4	65.9	23,089.5	82.6
General wage changes	2,217	41.4	1,084.0	48.2	15,702.0	56.2
Supplementary benefits	68	1.3	38.5	1.7	1,001.4	3.6
Wage adjustments	29	.5	10.7	.5	95.0	.3
Hours of work	7	.1	1.0	(¹)	13.5	(¹)
Other contractual matters	87	1.6	50.5	2.2	630.9	2.3
Union organization and security	98	1.8	81.2	3.6	1,609.7	5.8
Job security	114	2.1	112.7	5.0	2,272.2	8.1
Plant administration	82	1.5	94.7	4.2	1,560.3	5.6
Other working conditions	8	.1	4.6	.2	67.9	.2
Interunion or intraunion matters	5	.1	4.1	.2	136.2	.5
Not reported	2	(¹)	.3	(¹)	.5	(¹)
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)	1,812	33.9	678.0	30.1	1,908.5	6.8
General wage changes	18	.3	6.2	.3	104.5	.4
Supplementary benefits	2	(¹)	(²)	(¹)	.4	(¹)
Wage adjustments	135	2.5	70.1	3.1	241.0	.9
Other contractual matters	-	-	-	-	35.8	(¹)
Union organization and security	23	.4	4.3	.2	19.2	.1
Job security	134	2.5	59.5	2.6	124.9	.4
Plant administration	1,090	20.4	432.3	19.2	1,130.9	4.0
Other working conditions	131	2.4	34.3	1.5	96.7	.3
Interunion or intraunion matters	270	5.0	68.9	3.1	176.3	.6
Not reported	9	.2	2.4	.1	8.9	(¹)
No contract or other contract status	68	1.3	6.1	.3	28.9	.1
General wage changes	33	.6	3.8	.2	19.0	.1
Supplementary benefits	2	(¹)	.3	(¹)	.5	(¹)
Wage adjustments	8	.1	.4	(¹)	1.7	(¹)
Hours of work	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	-	-	-	-	-	-
Union organization and security	5	.1	(²)	(¹)	.4	(¹)
Job security	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant administration	13	.2	1.2	.1	5.8	(¹)
Other working conditions	1	(¹)	(²)	(¹)	.2	(¹)
Interunion or intraunion matters	2	(¹)	(²)	(¹)	.4	(¹)
Not reported	4	.1	(²)	(¹)	.7	(¹)
No information	103	1.9	14.6	.6	212.6	.8

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.² Less than 100 workers or days.³ Idleness in 1973 resulting from that which began in 1972.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-11. Work stoppages by major issue, 1973

Major issues	Stoppages beginning in year				Days of idleness during year	
	Number	Percent	Workers involved		Number (in thousands)	Percent
			Number (in thousands)	Percent		
All issues	5,353	100.0	2,250.7	100.0	27,948.4	100.0
General wage changes	2,576	48.1	1,127.3	50.1	16,714.6	59.8
General wage increase	583	10.9	140.1	6.2	1,865.0	6.7
General wage increase plus supplementary benefits	1,481	27.7	446.8	19.9	9,162.5	32.8
General wage increase, hour decrease	21	.4	34.0	1.5	136.0	.5
General wage decrease	4	.1	.4	(¹)	5.3	(¹)
Escalation cost-of-living increases	20	.4	5.4	.2	52.3	.2
General wage increase and escalation	53	1.0	18.8	.8	338.1	1.2
Wages and working conditions	414	7.7	481.9	21.4	5,155.4	18.4
Supplementary benefits	81	1.5	43.1	1.9	1,067.2	3.8
Pensions, insurance, and other welfare programs	47	.9	32.6	1.4	942.4	3.4
Severance or dismissal pay; other payments on layoff or separation	9	.2	8.3	.4	88.5	.3
Premium pay	13	.2	.9	(¹)	12.4	(¹)
Other	12	.2	1.2	.1	23.8	.1
Wage adjustments	180	3.4	83.8	3.7	400.4	1.4
Incentive pay rates or administration	24	.4	10.5	.5	106.1	.4
Job classification or rates	62	1.2	42.7	1.9	171.4	.6
Downgrading	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retroactivity	13	.2	8.5	.4	27.3	.1
Method of computing pay	81	1.5	22.2	1.0	95.7	.3
Hours of work	7	.1	1.0	(¹)	13.5	(¹)
Increase	1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	2.4	(¹)
Decrease	6	.1	.9	(¹)	11.1	(¹)
Other contractual matters	92	1.7	51.4	2.3	639.1	2.3
Duration of contract	15	.3	4.7	.2	49.6	.2
Local issues supplementing national contract	13	.2	25.7	1.1	297.2	1.1
Unspecified	64	1.2	21.0	.9	292.3	1.0
Union organization and security	446	8.3	116.8	5.2	3,378.4	12.1
Recognition (certification)	162	3.0	16.7	.7	290.2	1.0
Recognition and job security issues	4	.1	.5	(¹)	9.6	(¹)
Recognition and economic issues	59	1.1	8.7	.4	1,102.8	3.9
Strengthening bargaining position or union shop and economic issues	142	2.7	66.0	2.9	1,716.2	6.1
Union security	39	.7	18.2	.8	214.7	.8
Refusal to sign agreement	11	.2	3.5	.2	19.6	.1
Other union organization matters	29	.5	3.3	.1	25.3	.1
Job security	264	4.9	173.9	7.7	2,445.4	8.7
Seniority and/or layoff	58	1.1	16.7	.7	89.3	.3
Division of work	4	.1	.6	(¹)	99.2	.4
Subcontracting	17	.3	4.4	.2	15.5	.1
New machinery or other technological issues	10	.2	14.1	.6	42.4	.2
Job transfers, bumping, etc	7	.1	3.5	.2	8.3	(¹)
Transfer of operations of prefabricated goods	3	.1	.5	(¹)	2.4	(¹)
Other	165	3.1	134.0	6.0	2,188.2	7.8
Plant administration	1,216	22.7	535.0	23.8	2,770.5	9.9
Physical facilities, surroundings, etc	120	2.2	35.3	1.6	711.8	2.5
Safety measures, dangerous equipment, etc	155	2.9	57.0	2.5	236.2	.8
Supervision	53	1.0	25.1	1.1	60.9	.2
Shift work	34	.6	22.1	1.0	57.0	.2
Work assignment	92	1.7	32.2	1.4	77.7	.3
Speedup (workload)	49	.9	85.4	3.8	136.0	.5
Work rules	21	.4	12.7	.6	136.6	.5
Overtime work	54	1.0	51.5	2.3	488.0	1.7
Discharge and discipline	292	5.5	108.2	4.8	307.6	1.1
Other	346	6.5	105.7	4.7	558.8	2.0
Other working conditions	143	2.7	39.2	1.7	167.4	.6
Arbitration	10	.2	4.6	.2	73.3	.3
Grievance procedures	45	.8	12.3	.5	27.9	.1
Unspecified contract violations	88	1.6	22.3	1.0	66.2	.2
Interunion or intraunion matters	348	6.5	79.2	3.5	352.1	1.3
Union rivalry ²	6	.1	.3	.1	132.3	.5
Jurisdiction-representation of workers ³	26	.5	6.5	.3	15.2	.1
Jurisdictional-work assignment	133	2.5	15.8	.7	47.3	.2
Union administration ⁴	19	.4	11.1	.5	22.7	.1
Sympathy	99	1.8	37.0	1.6	97.3	.3
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not reported	65	1.2	5.8	.3	37.2	.1

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

² Includes disputes between unions of different affiliation, such as those of AFL-CIO affiliates and independent organizations.

³ Includes disputes between union, usually of the same affiliation or 2 locals of the same union, over representation of workers.

⁴ Includes disputes within a union over the administration of union affairs or regulations.

NOTE: Dashes denotes zeros.

Table A-12. Work stoppages by industry group and major issue, 1973

(Workers and days of idleness in thousands)

Industry group	Total			General wage changes			Supplementary benefits		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries -----	15,353	2,250.7	27,948.4	2,576	1,127.3	16,714.6	81	43.1	1,067.2
Manufacturing -----	12,282	963.4	14,318.5	1,459	524.1	8,771.1	42	24.9	666.5
Ordnance and accessories -----	5	4.4	222.2	2	2.0	83.5	-	-	-
Food and kindred products -----	186	69.5	1,007.9	114	54.3	804.9	1	3.2	22.7
Tobacco manufactures -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	46	9.4	268.0	23	4.4	68.5	2	.3	5.6
Apparel, etc. ² -----	45	11.2	999.4	19	5.6	65.9	2	.2	1.3
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	65	16.8	248.6	38	9.1	202.7	6	.5	6.0
Furniture and fixtures -----	82	14.7	290.9	60	9.8	167.5	-	-	-
Paper and allied products -----	98	23.9	410.3	71	14.9	315.5	3	.9	13.8
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	83	23.2	281.1	46	11.0	168.3	2	1.1	1.1
Chemicals and allied products -----	132	32.1	501.1	99	20.6	383.4	3	3.1	8.3
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	15	9.1	536.8	9	2.6	170.7	2	5.6	296.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	143	102.3	1,743.0	89	56.2	1,081.7	3	1.4	8.1
Leather and leather products -----	10	2.1	22.7	7	1.4	19.8	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	176	28.5	629.5	124	17.6	463.3	4	2.2	97.5
Primary metal industries -----	171	56.6	760.5	105	25.1	458.1	2	.3	5.0
Fabricated metal products ³ -----	295	76.7	1,239.9	220	49.2	774.1	5	7.2	169.8
Machinery, except electrical -----	323	167.0	2,006.4	207	88.7	1,285.0	3	.2	7.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	173	87.1	1,234.2	88	27.2	1,019.2	2	.8	15.9
Transportation equipment -----	160	206.2	1,437.9	81	109.5	906.4	1	.1	.9
Instruments, etc. ⁴ -----	35	13.8	278.3	22	8.0	153.5	1	.6	6.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	43	8.9	200.0	34	6.7	179.1	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing -----	13072	1,287.3	13,629.9	1,125	603.2	7,943.5	39	18.1	400.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	11	23.2	479.0	4	.9	61.9	-	-	-
Mining -----	1,079	301.0	865.4	29	4.9	126.1	1	.2	.2
Contract construction -----	538	366.9	3,658.8	227	245.2	1,842.3	11	5.9	104.3
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	324	192.7	3,296.5	177	67.1	2,192.3	8	7.2	266.1
Wholesale and retail trade -----	499	136.0	2,123.6	316	66.0	992.2	11	4.0	22.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	24	3.5	80.2	18	3.3	66.6	1	(⁵)	2.6
Services -----	210	67.7	822.5	117	56.9	657.0	3	.2	2.6
Government ⁶ -----	387	196.4	2,303.9	237	159.0	2,005.1	4	.6	2.7
	Union organization and security			Job security			Plant administration		
All industries -----	446	116.8	3,378.4	264	173.9	2,445.4	1,216	535.0	2,770.5
Manufacturing -----	171	36.0	1,812.1	95	44.3	891.5	265	194.6	1,219.9
Ordnance and accessories -----	-	-	-	1	1.5	136.1	1	.2	1.9
Food and kindred products -----	16	1.5	67.1	19	4.1	61.8	16	2.8	12.1
Tobacco manufactures -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	11	2.0	163.1	1	(⁵)	4.5	5	1.5	23.9
Apparel, etc. ² -----	5	.4	910.5	2	.1	1.0	6	1.7	9.0
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	5	1.1	6.4	3	.5	5.7	8	4.7	18.7
Furniture and fixtures -----	5	.4	10.8	2	.3	18.5	5	2.2	71.3
Paper and allied products -----	4	3.3	41.6	4	1.0	6.5	9	1.6	6.9
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	13	5.9	36.9	9	2.0	44.4	6	1.9	10.4
Chemicals and allied products -----	9	.7	13.4	2	.2	.9	10	4.3	12.2
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	-	-	(^{7 5})	-	-	-	3	.7	69.3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	11	.8	33.4	9	17.0	272.4	11	3.6	43.8
Leather and leather products -----	1	(⁵)	.5	-	-	-	1	.3	1.9
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	8	1.0	16.1	5	.7	19.6	20	4.9	16.4
Primary metal industries -----	12	5.6	166.6	4	1.7	3.4	31	15.5	105.6
Fabricated metal products ³ -----	10	1.1	46.7	9	4.6	184.4	30	10.3	48.9
Machinery, except electrical -----	24	1.6	54.9	9	3.4	27.5	31	59.2	510.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	11	1.4	26.3	6	.7	7.4	33	18.6	47.5
Transportation equipment -----	19	8.6	187.6	5	4.3	30.3	36	60.0	208.8
Instruments, etc. ⁴ -----	4	.3	17.8	3	1.8	62.7	1	.1	.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	3	.3	12.7	2	.2	4.4	2	.2	.5
Nonmanufacturing -----	275	80.8	1,566.3	169	129.6	1,553.9	951	340.4	1,550.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	2	(⁵)	.2	2	19.0	287.3	1	.8	.8
Mining -----	9	2.4	24.8	84	27.8	156.6	754	202.4	388.7
Contract construction -----	52	42.3	500.4	15	11.7	199.6	39	27.8	868.9
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	41	11.4	576.8	21	18.2	75.9	46	83.3	121.8
Wholesale and retail trade -----	75	11.3	248.7	17	39.4	739.7	44	13.2	94.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	3	(⁵)	1.8	-	-	-	1	(⁵)	(⁵)
Services -----	51	2.6	89.9	4	.4	2.8	17	4.7	38.2
Government ⁶ -----	42	10.6	123.7	26	13.1	91.9	52	8.2	37.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-13. Work stoppages by major issue and size, 1973

Major issue	Total	6-19 workers	20-99 workers	100-249 workers	250-499 workers	500-999 workers	1,000-4,999 workers	5,000-9,999 workers	10,000 workers and over
Total	5,353	583	1,934	1,354	817	348	271	21	25
General wage increase	2,576	264	1,051	639	324	160	117	7	14
Supplementary benefits, no general wage increase	81	11	27	18	10	5	9	1	-
Wage adjustments	180	14	57	43	34	16	13	2	1
Hours of work	7	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	92	4	29	17	15	12	15	-	-
Union organization and security	446	120	201	64	28	10	20	2	1
Job security	264	15	76	73	51	18	26	-	5
Plant administration	1,216	66	313	401	285	90	49	8	4
Other working conditions	143	6	37	42	40	12	6	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	283	58	115	44	26	23	16	1	-
Not reported	65	24	26	11	2	2	-	-	-
Workers involved (in thousands)									
Total	2,250.7	7.1	100.0	220.6	282.3	240.8	553.8	132.5	713.5
General wage increase	1,127.3	3.4	54.2	101.2	111.8	109.6	239.3	44.0	463.8
Supplementary benefits, no general wage increase	43.1	.1	1.3	2.8	3.5	3.5	25.3	6.7	-
Wage adjustments	83.8	.2	3.1	7.3	12.2	11.8	21.1	12.2	15.8
Hours of work	1.0	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.6	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	51.4	(¹)	1.5	2.8	4.6	8.9	33.6	-	-
Union organization and security	116.8	1.4	9.1	9.6	9.8	7.1	50.7	15.5	13.6
Job security	173.9	.2	4.2	12.4	17.5	13.2	49.2	-	77.3
Plant administration	535.0	.8	18.0	68.3	99.4	60.8	97.0	47.8	142.9
Other working conditions	39.2	(¹)	2.0	7.2	13.3	8.6	8.0	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	73.4	.6	5.3	6.8	9.0	15.7	29.7	6.3	-
Not reported	5.8	.3	1.3	2.0	.6	1.6	-	-	-
Days of idleness (in thousands)									
Total	27,948.4	163.1	1,872.9	2,975.2	3,323.7	3,354.0	9,300.2	897.3	6,062.0
General wage increase	16,714.6	70.1	1,192.6	2,092.0	2,245.3	2,430.8	4,579.6	430.2	3,673.9
Supplementary benefits, no general wage increase	1,067.2	2.3	44.1	37.6	67.1	30.0	756.1	130.1	-
Wage adjustments	400.4	3.0	38.9	65.0	92.9	46.9	108.7	17.4	27.6
Hours of work	13.5	(¹)	.2	11.2	2.1	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	639.1	2.7	36.7	31.6	114.7	143.2	310.3	-	-
Union organization and security	3,378.4	58.6	316.8	307.7	260.1	172.5	1,999.1	168.4	95.2
Job security	2,445.4	3.3	63.0	148.5	158.2	173.3	840.2	-	1,058.9
Plant administration	2,770.5	11.3	104.0	243.3	335.1	293.2	442.7	134.4	1,206.4
Other working conditions	167.4	2.1	26.6	16.5	24.1	26.2	72.0	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	314.9	4.4	29.9	14.0	22.8	35.5	191.5	16.8	-
Not reported	37.2	5.4	20.2	8.1	1.2	2.3	-	-	-

¹ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
All industries	25,353	20.2	2,250.7	27,948.4	0.14
Manufacturing	22,282	21.0	963.4	14,318.5	.29
Ordnance and accessories	5	70.4	4.4	222.2	.46
Guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Ammunition, except for small arms	3	6.6	1.6	5.8	-
Tanks, and tank components	1	9.0	1.3	6.4	-
Sighting and fire control equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Small arms	1	154.7	1.5	209.5	-
Small arms ammunition	-	-	-	-	-
Ordnance and accessories not elsewhere classified	1	14.0	(³)	.5	-
Food and kindred products	186	24.3	69.5	1,007.9	.23
Meat products	39	36.3	10.8	450.2	-
Dairy products	19	7.2	2.2	10.8	-
Canned and preserved fruits, vegetables, and sea foods	25	7.4	35.1	168.2	-
Grain mill products	13	19.7	1.1	17.1	-
Bakery products	18	65.4	1.9	61.2	-
Sugar	2	5.6	.8	3.0	-
Confectionery and related products	3	36.6	1.4	35.9	-
Beverages	47	21.2	12.1	164.4	-
Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products	20	35.4	4.0	97.2	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-
Cigarettes	-	-	-	-	-
Cigars	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	46	37.5	9.4	268.0	.10
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	3	23.3	.2	3.9	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, man-made fiber and silk	3	15.1	(³)	.9	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool including dyeing and finishing	1	3.0	.1	.3	-
Narrow fabrics and other smallwares mills:					
Cotton, wool, silk, and man-made fiber	4	95.2	.2	13.6	-
Knitting mills	10	45.7	2.0	64.4	-
Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool fabrics and knit goods	3	24.2	.4	6.5	-
Floor covering mills	5	30.2	.6	13.1	-
Yarn and thread mills	6	46.1	3.1	128.9	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	11	27.6	2.8	36.4	-
Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials	45	10.9	11.2	999.4	.30
Men's, youths', and boys' suits, coats, and overcoats	4	16.4	.4	4.7	-
Men's, youths', and boys' furnishings, work clothing, and allied garments	9	11.4	5.0	923.8	-
Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear	12	5.2	3.6	12.5	-
Women's, misses', children's, and infants' undergarments	2	8.0	.4	32.0	-
Hats, caps, and millinery	-	-	-	-	-
Girls', children's, and infants' outerwear	2	9.3	(³)	.3	-
Fur goods	-	131.0	-	4.6	-
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories	2	31.3	.3	5.9	-
Miscellaneous fabricated textile products	14	17.3	1.6	19.4	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	65	29.5	16.8	248.6	.16
Logging camps and logging contractors	2	16.6	1.0	10.2	-
Sawmills and planing mills	18	27.7	5.3	101.6	-
Millwork, veneer, plywood, and prefabricated structural wood products	30	25.0	9.5	90.1	-
Wooden containers	4	181.1	.1	27.1	-
Miscellaneous wood products	11	43.9	.9	19.7	-
Furniture and fixtures	82	30.3	14.7	290.9	.22
Household furniture	42	35.6	7.1	161.6	-
Office furniture	6	16.3	.7	8.0	-
Public buildings and related furniture	10	23.3	2.7	43.5	-
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and office and store fixtures	22	20.3	2.6	37.1	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	2	38.5	1.6	40.7	-
Paper and allied products	98	26.4	23.9	410.3	.23
Pulpmills	6	26.7	3.2	59.8	-
Pulpmills, except building paper mills	20	27.8	5.4	87.7	-
Paperboard mills	11	13.1	2.4	26.7	-
Converted paper and paperboard products, except containers and boxes	26	33.6	4.0	69.9	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	30	25.2	7.8	142.4	-
Building paper and building board mills	5	30.7	1.1	23.7	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	83	16.8	23.2	281.1	.10
Newspapers: Publishing and printing	28	16.2	13.9	178.1	-
Periodicals: Publishing and printing	3	8.7	1.8	10.7	-
Books	1	14.0	.1	1.1	-
Miscellaneous publishing	1	53.0	.2	7.2	-
Commercial printing	38	15.8	6.6	67.1	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
Manufacturing—Continued					
Printing, publishing, and allied industries—Continued					
Manifold business forms	4	58.6	0.3	4.3	-
Greeting card publishing	1	13.0	(³)	(³)	-
Blankbooks, loose leaf binders and bookbinding work	5	35.7	.3	11.1	-
Service industries for the printing trade	2	197.0	(³)	1.4	-
Chemicals and allied products	132	30.7	32.1	501.1	0.19
Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	54	18.9	9.1	119.6	-
Plastics materials and synthetic resins, synthetic rubber, and other man-made fibers, except glass	26	23.2	9.9	163.7	-
Drugs	3	18.1	.7	8.4	-
Soap, detergents and cleaning preparations, perfumes, cosmetics, and other toilet preparations	14	22.3	2.6	39.8	-
Paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels, and allied products	7	13.9	.7	6.7	-
Gum and wood chemicals	3	23.6	.3	4.4	-
Agricultural chemicals	10	65.1	1.3	72.5	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	15	54.5	7.6	85.9	-
Petroleum refining and related products	15	94.1	9.1	536.8	1.14
Petroleum refining	10	97.5	8.7	530.4	-
Paving and roofing materials	3	24.0	.3	4.8	-
Miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal	2	36.5	.1	1.6	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	143	21.1	102.3	1,743.0	1.01
Tires and inner tubes	43	18.6	82.4	1,089.9	-
Rubber footwear	1	43.0	(³)	2.5	-
Reclaimed rubber	2	6.6	1.3	6.1	-
Fabricated rubber products not elsewhere classified	26	31.4	9.4	261.4	-
Miscellaneous plastics products	71	39.1	9.1	383.2	-
Leather and leather products	10	26.6	2.1	22.7	.03
Leather tanning and finishing	2	20.0	.1	5.2	-
Industrial leather belting and packing	-	-	-	-	-
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings	1	33.0	.2	5.5	-
Footwear, except rubber	6	27.4	1.5	10.1	-
Leather gloves and mittens	-	-	-	-	-
Luggage	-	-	-	-	-
Handbags and other personal leather goods	1	14.0	.2	1.9	-
Leather goods not elsewhere classified	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	176	29.6	28.5	629.5	.36
Flat glass	5	15.1	1.7	36.8	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	7	5.6	1.8	6.6	-
Glass products, made from purchased glass	7	8.3	1.1	6.9	-
Cement, hydraulic	1	39.0	(³)	2.0	-
Structural clay products	12	34.9	1.3	30.9	-
Pottery and related products	15	35.7	5.5	137.3	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	84	37.9	9.5	260.0	-
Cut stone and stone products	3	26.7	1.1	21.9	-
Abrasives, asbestos, and miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products	42	25.8	6.4	127.2	-
Primary metal industries	171	18.2	56.6	760.5	.23
Blast furnaces, steelworks, and rolling and finishing mills	35	10.4	7.9	60.9	-
Iron and steel foundries	55	20.7	19.4	298.1	-
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	7	15.9	9.4	103.7	-
Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	7	36.9	.7	17.4	-
Rolling, drawing, and extruding of nonferrous foundries	27	19.2	11.3	171.4	-
Nonferrous foundries	20	23.8	4.2	66.8	-
Miscellaneous primary metal products	20	16.2	3.7	42.1	-
Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment	295	28.1	76.7	1,239.9	.34
Metal cans	9	23.9	2.0	22.9	-
Cutlery, handtools, and general hardware	25	71.3	7.8	283.9	-
Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbing fixtures	20	33.3	5.6	120.1	-
Fabricated structural metal products	144	42.2	23.7	526.5	-
Screw machine products, bolts, nuts, screws, and rivets	8	30.0	1.3	24.5	-
Metal stampings	19	8.3	26.7	127.7	-
Coating, engraving, and allied services	13	28.0	.7	13.9	-
Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	18	14.7	2.1	22.3	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	39	22.5	6.8	98.2	-
Machinery, except electrical	323	18.4	167.0	2,006.4	.39
Engines and turbines	37	5.1	19.2	63.2	-
Farm machinery and equipment	23	20.6	45.4	590.9	-
Construction, mining, and material handling machinery and equipment	67	18.6	58.2	607.4	-
Metalworking machinery and equipment	42	16.2	8.6	109.0	-
Special industry machinery and equipment	36	28.2	4.8	81.0	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
Manufacturing—Continued					
Machinery, except electrical—Continued					
General industrial machinery and equipment	54	26.4	11.2	201.0	-
Office, computing, and accounting machines	5	35.0	.4	7.9	-
Service industry machines	37	16.9	17.2	298.4	-
Miscellaneous machinery, except electrical	22	36.0	1.9	47.5	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies					
Electric transmission and distribution equipment	173	17.9	87.1	1,234.2	0.25
Electrical industrial apparatus	39	19.2	18.7	352.5	-
Household appliances	27	18.9	20.8	260.7	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	22	19.5	17.2	236.2	-
Radio and television receiving sets, except communication types	29	13.4	8.0	141.8	-
Communication equipment	8	20.8	4.7	73.0	-
Electronic components and accessories	17	7.8	9.2	53.1	-
Miscellaneous electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	19	16.2	5.8	52.7	-
Transportation equipment	12	37.0	2.6	64.2	-
Transportation equipment					
Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment	160	11.5	206.2	1,437.9	.31
Aircraft and parts	102	10.1	183.3	1,077.6	-
Ship and boatbuilding and repairing	13	30.5	4.5	99.1	-
Railroad equipment	19	19.0	13.3	168.1	-
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	5	42.0	2.1	64.1	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	2	6.3	1.2	6.9	-
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks	19	14.6	1.8	23.0	-
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks					
Engineering, laboratory, and scientific and research instruments and associated equipment	35	29.3	13.8	278.3	.22
Instruments for measuring, controlling, and indicating physical characteristics	3	5.4	.2	1.3	-
Optical instruments and lenses	11	29.1	3.1	67.1	-
Surgical, medical, and dental instruments and supplies	1	102.6	.3	17.6	-
Ophthalmic goods	10	33.7	2.7	59.6	-
Photographic equipment and supplies	2	43.5	.8	23.3	-
Watches, clocks, clockwork operated devices and parts	5	16.1	5.0	55.4	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	3	44.0	1.8	53.9	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries					
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	43	31.8	8.9	200.0	.18
Musical instruments	4	15.6	.7	8.2	-
Toys, amusement, sporting and athletic goods	-	-	-	-	-
Pens, pencils, and other office and artists' materials	11	23.0	3.7	65.6	-
Costume jewelry, costume novelties, buttons, and miscellaneous notions, except precious metals	5	21.9	.5	7.5	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	4	16.1	.8	8.7	-
Nonmanufacturing	19	51.4	3.2	110.1	-
Total	3,072	19.5	1,287.3	13,629.9	.09
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries					
Agricultural production	11	36.1	23.2	479.0	.15
Agricultural services and hunting and trapping	7	35.7	22.4	448.6	-
Forestry	3	32.6	.2	3.8	-
Fisheries	1	52.0	.7	26.6	-
Mining	1,079	5.1	301.0	865.4	.55
Mining					
Metal mining	15	36.9	8.8	229.9	-
Iron ores	-	-	-	-	-
Copper ores	5	2.9	4.2	8.6	-
Lead and zinc ores	7	36.0	3.4	87.1	-
Gold and silver ores	2	102.2	.5	35.2	-
Bauxite and aluminum ores	-	-	-	-	-
Ferrous alloy ores except vanadium	-	-	-	-	-
Metal mining services	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous metal ores	1	191.0	.8	99.0	-
Anthracite mining	-	-	-	-	-
Bituminous coal and lignite	1,039	3.8	289.8	559.9	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	5	58.6	.7	31.9	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas liquids	2	68.3	.4	20.2	-
Natural gas liquids	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services	3	32.5	.3	11.7	-
Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels					
Dimension stone	20	38.5	1.7	43.7	-
Crushed and broken stone, including riprap	3	7.3	.6	3.1	-
Sand and gravel	8	39.9	.6	14.2	-
Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals	4	38.6	.2	4.2	-
Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	1	27.0	(³)	.9	-
Nonmetallic minerals (except fuels) services	3	109.4	.3	20.8	-
Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	1	11.0	(³)	.5	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
Nonmanufacturing—Continued					
Contract construction	538	27.8	366.9	3,658.8	0.40
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	324	23.0	192.7	3,296.5	.28
Railroad transportation	3	1.0	73.1	73.3	-
Railroads	3	1.0	73.1	73.3	-
Sleeping car and other passenger car services	-	-	-	-	-
Railway express service	-	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transit and interurban highway passenger transportation	49	57.3	9.8	519.8	-
Local and suburban passenger transportation	17	43.4	2.1	76.6	-
Taxicabs	15	78.1	5.1	282.4	-
Intercity and rural highway passenger transportation	10	24.2	2.0	154.0	-
Passenger transportation charter service	1	41.0	(³)	.7	-
School buses	6	14.3	.5	6.0	-
Terminal and service facilities for motor vehicle passenger transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Motor freight transportation and warehousing	129	28.0	18.0	390.4	-
Trucking, local and long distance	107	29.5	16.4	375.7	-
Public warehousing	22	13.6	1.6	14.7	-
Terminal and joint terminal maintenance facilities for motor freight transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation	12	6.6	5.6	26.0	-
Deep sea foreign transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Deep sea domestic transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Great Lakes—St. Lawrence Seaway transportation	1	8.0	(³)	.3	-
Transportation on rivers and canals	1	11.0	.1	1.2	-
Local water transportation	3	25.7	(³)	.7	-
Services incidental to water transportation	7	6.3	5.3	23.8	-
Transportation by air	13	41.6	29.3	849.9	-
Air transportation, certificated carriers	8	41.7	29.2	846.7	-
Air transportation, noncertificated carriers	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed facilities and services related to air transportation	5	24.7	.2	3.2	-
Pipeline transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation services	4	28.4	.2	4.4	-
Freight forwarding	1	-	-	-	-
Arrangement of transportation	1	105.0	(³)	3.4	-
Stock yards	3	7.9	.2	.9	-
Rental of railroads cars	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous services incidental to transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Communication	65	26.0	32.8	561.1	-
Telephone communication (wire or radio)	41	25.8	30.3	511.6	-
Telegraph communication (wire or radio)	-	-	-	-	-
Radio broadcasting and television	19	30.2	2.2	45.3	-
Communication service, not elsewhere classified	5	19.6	.3	4.2	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	55.9	23.9	871.7	-
Electric companies and systems	20	80.7	15.2	759.3	-
Gas companies and systems	11	21.0	2.0	28.6	-
Combination companies and systems	6	25.5	6.2	79.5	-
Water supply	3	25.4	(³)	1.3	-
Sanitary services	9	17.4	.3	3.0	-
Steam supply	-	-	-	-	-
Irrigation systems	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade	499	23.2	136.0	2,123.6	.05
Wholesale trade	274	22.1	35.0	593.0	-
Motor vehicle and automotive equipment	25	26.7	4.2	77.2	-
Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	18	33.0	3.1	70.7	-
Piece goods, notions, apparel	8	10.8	3.3	31.2	-
Groceries and related products	40	14.9	6.0	73.8	-
Farm products—Raw materials	2	2.3	.1	.2	-
Electrical goods	16	5.8	2.2	7.6	-
Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies	12	39.5	1.3	34.5	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	37	27.1	3.3	58.7	-
Miscellaneous wholesalers	116	24.5	11.5	239.0	-
Retail trade	225	23.6	101.0	1,530.6	-
Building materials, hardware, and farm equipment dealers	21	17.2	2.4	32.8	-
Lumber and other building material dealers	15	17.8	2.0	27.5	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning equipment dealers	1	43.0	(³)	.8	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical supply stores	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware and farm equipment dealers	5	9.5	.4	4.5	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
Nonmanufacturing—Continued					
Wholesale and retail trade—Continued					
Retail trade—Continued					
General merchandise stores	38	31.4	18.0	296.7	-
Department stores	25	32.5	16.8	283.0	-
Mall order houses	1	16.0	(³)	.9	-
Variety stores	3	43.5	(³)	1.9	-
Merchandising machine operators	6	3.6	.9	2.8	-
Direct selling establishments	-	69.0	-	45.3	-
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	3	36.0	(³)	2.8	-
Food stores	48	19.7	67.2	922.6	-
Grocery stores	47	19.6	67.1	918.7	-
Meat and fish (seafood) markets	-	175.0	-	41.8	-
Fruit stores and vegetable markets	-	-	-	-	-
Candy, nuts, and confectionery stores	-	-	-	-	-
Dairy products stores	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	1	32.0	.1	2.0	-
Miscellaneous food stores	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and gasoline service stations					
Motor vehicle dealers (new and used cars)	44	40.8	4.4	125.8	-
Motor vehicle dealers (used cars only)	36	40.2	4.2	118.2	-
Tire, battery, and accessory dealers	7	60.2	.2	7.6	-
Gasoline service stations	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous aircraft, marine, and automotive dealers	1	8.0	(³)	.1	-
Apparel and accessory stores					
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	-	-	-	-	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores	-	-	-	-	-
Women's accessory and specialty stores	-	-	-	-	-
Children's and infants' wear stores	-	-	-	-	-
Family clothing stores	-	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores	-	-	-	-	-
Custom tailors	-	-	-	-	-
Furrier and fur shops	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores					
Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores, except appliances	25	27.0	2.2	43.0	-
Household appliance stores	21	26.4	2.1	40.3	-
Radio, television, and music stores	2	46.3	(³)	2.1	-
Eating and drinking places	2	32.0	(³)	.6	-
Eating and drinking places	32	32.5	1.9	50.3	-
Eating and drinking places	32	32.5	1.9	50.3	-
Miscellaneous retail stores	17	18.8	4.8	59.4	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	6	17.9	4.3	49.9	-
Liquor stores	2	20.5	(³)	.5	-
Antique stores and secondhand stores	-	-	-	-	-
Book and stationery stores	1	15.0	(³)	.7	-
Sporting goods stores and bicycle shops	1	7.0	(³)	.1	-
Farm and garden supply stores	-	-	-	-	-
Jewelry stores	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel and ice dealers	5	32.0	.3	7.6	-
Retail stores, not elsewhere classified	2	27.3	(³)	.6	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	24	59.0	3.5	80.2	0.01
Banking	2	72.4	(³)	3.0	-
Credit agencies other than banking	1	15.0	(³)	.1	-
Security and commodity brokers, dealers, exchanges, and services	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	3	65.2	.4	23.2	-
Insurance agents, brokers, and services	1	22.0	(³)	.1	-
Real estate	16	56.9	2.9	50.8	-
Combinations of real estate, insurance, loans, and law offices	-	-	-	-	-
Holding and other investment companies	1	95.0	(³)	2.8	-
Services	210	17.7	67.7	822.5	.03
Hotels, rooming houses, camps, and other lodging places	14	33.2	2.1	50.0	-
Personal services	19	20.0	3.1	36.7	-
Miscellaneous business services	41	22.7	3.7	57.3	-
Automobile repair, automobile service, and garages	13	23.0	.7	11.1	-
Miscellaneous repair services	10	47.4	.7	23.9	-
Motion pictures	4	107.2	2.1	160.8	-
Amusement and recreation services, except motion pictures	17	9.6	5.8	42.6	-
Medical and other health services	56	11.3	43.4	336.2	-
Legal services	-	-	-	-	-
Educational services	19	40.0	3.0	76.3	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-14. Work stoppages by industry, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry	Stoppages			Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
	Number	Mean duration ¹	Workers involved	Number	Percent of total working time
Nonmanufacturing—Continued					
Services—Continued					
Museums, art galleries, botanical and zoological gardens	2	54.3	.1	5.6	-
Nonprofit membership organizations	14	10.7	2.8	21.7	-
Private households	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous services	1	10.0	(³)	.3	-
Government ⁵	389	17.9	196.4	2,303.9	0.07
Federal	1	12.0	.5	4.6	-
State	29	22.4	12.3	133.0	-
County	40	9.3	13.4	89.2	-
City	95	8.6	17.2	102.8	-
School district	210	19.1	149.2	1,920.4	-
Other local government	14	19.7	3.9	53.9	-

¹ Weighted by multiplying the duration of each stoppage by the workers involved.

² See footnote 1, table A-6.

³ Fewer than 100.

⁴ Idleness in 1973 resulting from stoppage that began in 1972.

⁵ The situations reported here have, for statistical

purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-15. Work stoppages by industry group and occupation, 1973

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Total			Professional and technical			Clerical		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	15,353	2,250.7	27,948.4	203	67.9	933.5	30	2.8	31.2
Manufacturing	12,282	963.4	14,318.5	1	.3	.3	3	.9	5.1
Ordnance and accessories	6	4.4	222.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	186	69.5	1,007.9	-	-	-	1	(²)	(⁴)
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	46	9.4	268.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	45	11.2	999.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	65	16.8	248.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures	82	14.7	290.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paper and allied products	98	23.9	410.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	83	23.2	281.1	-	-	-	2	.9	4.9
Chemicals and allied products	132	32.1	501.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	15	9.1	536.8	-	-	-	-	-	(⁴)
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	143	102.3	1,743.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leather and leather products	10	2.1	22.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	176	28.5	629.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	171	56.6	760.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products ⁵	295	76.7	1,239.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, except electrical	323	167.0	2,006.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	173	87.1	1,234.2	1	.3	.3	-	-	-
Transportation equipment	160	206.2	1,437.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instruments, etc. ⁶	35	13.8	278.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	43	8.9	200.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	13,072	1,287.3	13,629.9	202	67.5	933.1	27	1.9	26.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	11	23.2	479.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining	1,079	301.0	865.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract construction	538	366.9	3,658.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	324	192.7	3,296.5	13	.9	20.1	4	.5	8.9
Wholesale and retail trade	499	136.0	2,123.6	3	.1	4.2	5	.5	8.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	24	3.5	80.2	1	(²)	1.1	3	(²)	3.0
Services	210	67.7	822.5	40	8.2	219.2	6	.3	1.7
Government ^{7,8}	387	196.4	2,303.9	145	58.2	688.6	9	.5	4.0
	Sales			Production and maintenance			Protective		
All industries	64	31.6	273.0	4,613	1,720.3	21,078.4	23	1.9	10.5
Manufacturing	10	1.5	6.2	2,186	817.0	13,083.4	-	-	-
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	4	2.5	212.7	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	9	1.5	5.5	157	62.0	882.7	-	-	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	-	-	-	45	8.1	239.4	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	-	-	-	44	11.0	995.2	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	-	-	-	64	16.6	241.7	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	-	78	14.0	268.8	-	-	-
Paper and allied products	-	-	-	93	21.9	359.1	-	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	-	-	-	76	20.7	265.8	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products	-	-	-	126	30.3	487.2	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	-	-	-	14	8.9	536.4	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	-	-	-	141	102.0	1,730.8	-	-	-
Leather and leather products	-	-	-	10	2.1	22.7	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	-	-	-	173	26.9	622.8	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	-	-	-	167	49.1	725.8	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products ⁵	-	-	-	288	56.5	1,131.7	-	-	-
Machinery, except electrical	1	(²)	.7	313	159.6	1,943.5	-	-	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	-	-	-	163	81.4	1,050.6	-	-	-
Transportation equipment	-	-	-	152	120.7	888.2	-	-	-
Instruments, etc. ⁶	-	-	-	35	13.8	278.3	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	-	-	43	8.9	200.0	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	54	30.1	266.8	2,427	903.3	7,995.0	-	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	10	23.2	478.5	-	-	-
Mining	-	-	-	1,079	301.0	865.4	-	-	-
Contract construction	-	-	-	537	363.9	3,613.8	-	-	-
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	-	-	-	250	138.3	1,684.1	1	(²)	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	52	25.4	240.4	349	46.9	967.1	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	-	-	48.7	17	2.6	52.6	-	-	-
Services	1	.2	.6	71	8.5	112.5	3	.2	2.2
Government ^{7,8}	1	4.5	17.1	114	18.9	221.0	19	1.7	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-15. Work stoppages by industry group and occupation, 1973—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Service			Combinations			Not reported		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	115	71.2	1,422.0	315	355.0	4,199.8	-	-	-
Manufacturing	1	(¹)	(¹)	86	143.5	1,223.4	-	-	-
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	2	1.9	9.5	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	-	-	-	19	6.0	119.5	-	-	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	-	-	-	1	1.3	28.6	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	-	-	-	1	..2	4.2	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	-	-	-	1	.2	6.9	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	-	4	.7	22.1	-	-	-
Paper and allied products	-	-	-	5	2.0	51.2	-	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	-	-	-	5	1.6	10.3	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products	-	-	-	6	1.8	13.9	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	-	-	-	1	.1	.3	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	-	-	-	2	.3	12.3	-	-	-
Leather and leather products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	-	-	-	3	1.6	6.7	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	-	-	-	4	7.5	34.7	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products	-	-	-	7	20.2	108.2	-	-	-
Machinery, except electrical	-	-	-	9	7.3	62.2	-	-	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	1	(²)	(²)	8	5.3	183.2	-	-	-
Transportation equipment	-	-	-	8	85.5	549.7	-	-	-
Instruments, etc. ⁶	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	114	71.1	1,422.0	229	211.5	2,976.4	-	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	1	(²)	.5	-	-	-
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract construction	-	-	-	1	3.0	45.0	-	-	-
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	20	28.8	1,005.9	36	24.0	577.1	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade	34	2.7	53.4	56	60.4	850.0	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1	.4	1.6	2	.4	13.3	-	-	-
Services	54	38.7	357.8	35	11.6	128.6	-	-	-
Government ⁷	5	.6	3.3	96	112.1	1,361.9	-	-	-

¹ See footnote 1, table A-6.² Fewer than 100.³ Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.⁴ Idleness resulting from a work stoppage beginning in 1972.⁵ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.⁶ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks.⁷ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been

deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

⁸ The number of stoppages for all functions, occupations and levels may not equal the sum of its components because individual stoppages occurring in 2 groups or more have been counted in each.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-16. Government work stoppages by major issue and level, 1973¹

Major issue	Total	Federal	State	County	City	School district	Other local government
Number of stoppages							
Total	387	1	29	40	95	210	14
Wages	235	-	7	25	54	143	8
Supplementary benefits	4	-	1	-	2	1	-
Wage adjustments	5	-	-	1	3	1	-
Hours of work	3	-	-	-	1	2	-
Other contractual matters	5	-	-	-	1	4	-
Union organization and security	42	1	-	4	13	22	2
Job security	26	-	5	-	3	17	1
Plant administration	52	-	10	8	17	15	2
Other working conditions	7	-	2	1	1	3	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	4	-	2	1	-	-	1
Not reported	4	-	2	-	-	2	-
Workers involved (in thousands)							
Total	196.4	0.5	12.3	13.4	17.1	149.2	3.9
Wages	159.0	-	2.7	12.5	12.6	128.5	2.7
Supplementary benefits	.6	-	.5	-	(³)	(³)	-
Wage adjustments	.4	-	-	.2	1	(³)	-
Hours of work	.4	-	-	-	(³)	.4	-
Other contractual matters	1.8	-	-	-	.4	1.5	-
Union organization and security	10.7	0.5	-	(³)	.7	9.3	(³)
Job security	13.1	-	5.2	-	.6	6.7	.7
Plant administration	8.2	-	2.7	5	2.5	2.2	.3
Other working conditions	1.0	-	.3	(³)	.3	.4	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	.9	-	.6	.2	-	-	.2
Not reported	.4	-	.2	-	-	.2	-
Days of idleness (in thousands)							
Total	2,303.9	4.6	133.0	89.2	102.8	1,920.4	53.9
Wages	2,005.1	-	91.6	79.1	73.6	1,741.4	19.4
Supplementary benefits	2.7	-	2.1	-	.4	.3	-
Wage adjustments	2.4	-	-	2.1	.2	(³)	-
Hours of work	1.7	-	-	-	.1	1.6	-
Other contractual matters	23.7	-	-	-	1.2	22.5	-
Union organization and security	123.7	4.6	-	.4	9.8	105.1	3.7
Job security	91.9	-	25.1	-	6.9	30.0	29.9
Plant administration	37.8	-	5.2	7.3	10.3	14.2	.8
Other working conditions	6.9	-	1.7	(³)	.3	4.9	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	7.5	-	7.2	.2	-	-	.2
Not reported	.6	-	.2	-	-	.4	-

¹ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

² The number of stoppages for all levels does not equal the sum of its components because individual stoppages occurring in 2 groups

or more have been counted in each. Workers involved and days of idleness have been allocated among the respective groups.

³ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-17. Government work stoppages and union participation by major issue, 1973¹

Major issue	Union							
	Total	Called or supported strike	Did not call or support strike	No information	Total	Called or supported strike	Did not call or support strike	No information
	Number of work stoppages				Workers involved (in thousands)			
Total	387	327	37	23	196.4	185.8	5.6	4.9
Wages	235	208	15	12	159.0	153.7	2.4	2.9
Supplementary benefits	4	4	-	-	.6	.6	-	-
Wage adjustments	5	3	1	1	.4	.3	(²)	(²)
Hours of work	3	1	2	-	.4	(²)	.4	-
Other contractual matters	5	5	-	-	1.8	1.8	-	-
Union organization and security	42	36	3	3	10.7	9.8	.2	.7
Job security	26	24	1	1	13.1	12.4	(²)	.7
Plant administration	52	35	14	3	8.2	5.2	2.5	.5
Other working conditions	7	7	-	-	1.0	1.0	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	4	3	1	-	.9	.8	.1	-
Not reported	4	1	-	3	.4	.2	-	.2
					Days of idleness (in thousands)			
Total					2,303.9	2,136.0	20.7	1,147.3
Wages					2,005.1	1,884.0	10.5	110.6
Supplementary benefits					2.7	2.7	-	-
Wage adjustments					2.4	2.3	(²)	(²)
Hours of work					1.7	.1	1.6	-
Other contractual matters					23.7	23.7	-	-
Union organization and security					123.7	117.1	1.3	5.3
Job security					91.9	61.8	.2	29.9
Plant administration					37.8	29.7	6.8	1.3
Other working conditions					6.9	6.9	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters					7.5	7.3	.2	-
Not reported					.6	.4	-	.2

¹ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

² Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-18. Government work stoppages by occupation and level, 1973¹

Occupation	Number of stoppages						
	Total	Federal	State	County	City	School district	Other local government
All occupations	387	1	29	40	95	210	14
Teachers	117	-	1	1	-	115	-
Nurses	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
Other professionals	26	-	2	5	2	14	3
Clerical	9	-	2	4	1	2	-
Sales	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Sanitation workers	9	-	-	-	9	-	-
Craft workers	8	1	-	-	6	-	1
Blue-collar and manual	97	-	11	11	47	19	9
Police	5	-	-	1	4	-	-
Firefighters	2	-	-	1	1	-	-
Other protective	12	-	5	5	2	-	-
Service workers	5	-	2	1	1	-	1
Professional, technical, and clerical	24	-	-	4	1	19	-
Clerical and blue-collar	21	-	1	2	14	4	-
Professional, technical, and blue-collar	48	-	3	3	5	37	-
Protective and blue-collar	3	-	1	-	2	-	-
Workers involved (in thousands)							
All occupations	196.4	0.5	12.3	13.4	17.2	149.2	3.9
Teachers	51.4	-	.3	(³)	-	51.1	-
Nurses	.2	-	-	.2	-	-	-
Other professionals	6.6	-	.1	.6	.1	5.7	(³)
Clerical	.5	-	.1	.1	(³)	.3	-
Sales	4.5	-	4.5	-	-	-	-
Sanitation workers	.4	-	-	-	.4	-	-
Craft workers	1.3	.5	-	-	.8	-	(³)
Blue-collar and manual	17.2	-	4.1	1.3	7.0	1.1	3.6
Police	.6	-	-	(³)	.6	-	-
Firefighters	.3	-	-	(³)	.3	-	-
Other protective	.8	-	.7	(³)	(³)	-	-
Service workers	.6	-	.4	(³)	(³)	-	.1
Professional, technical, and clerical	60.2	-	-	2.9	.2	57.1	-
Clerical and blue-collar	16.2	-	.2	7.5	6.3	2.3	-
Professional, technical, and blue-collar	35.0	-	1.7	.7	1.0	31.6	-
Protective and blue-collar	.6	-	.2	-	.4	-	-
Days of idleness (in thousands)							
All occupations	2,303.9	4.6	133.0	89.2	102.8	1,920.4	53.9
Teachers	620.7	-	2.1	(³)	-	618.5	-
Nurses	.2	-	-	.2	-	-	-
Other professionals	67.7	-	.1	4.5	.2	59.1	3.7
Clerical	4.0	-	1.9	.3	(³)	1.7	-
Sales	17.1	-	17.1	-	-	-	-
Sanitation workers	5.3	-	-	-	5.3	-	-
Craft workers	7.7	4.6	-	-	2.7	-	.4
Blue-collar and manual	208.0	-	101.2	9.7	42.8	6.4	47.8
Police	1.7	-	-	.2	1.5	-	-
Firefighters	1.8	-	-	(³)	1.8	-	-
Other protective	4.5	-	2.8	1.0	.7	-	-
Service workers	3.3	-	.9	.4	(³)	-	1.9
Professional, technical, and clerical	1,075.8	-	-	27.4	.9	1,047.5	-
Clerical and blue-collar	88.0	-	4.8	39.9	38.8	4.6	-
Professional, technical, and blue-collar	196.9	-	1.7	5.5	7.1	182.5	-
Protective and blue-collar	1.2	-	.4	-	.9	-	-

¹ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has violated any law or public policy.

² The number of stoppages for all levels does not equal the sum of its components because of individual stoppages occurring in 2 groups

or more have been counted in each. Workers involved and days of idleness have been allocated among the respective groups.

³ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-19. Government work stoppages by occupation and function, 1973¹

Function	Total	Professional and technical			Clerical	Production and maintenance			Protective				Other ²
		Teachers	Nurses	Other		Sanitation workers	Craft workers	Other	Police	Fire-fighters	Combination of police, fire-fighters, and others	Other	
Number of work stoppages													
All functions	387	117	2	26	9	9	8	97	5	2	-	12	102
Administrative services	10	-	-	-	4	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	1
Welfare services	8	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Law enforcement and correction	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	12	1
Fire protection	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Sanitation services	20	-	-	-	1	8	4	7	-	-	-	-	-
Education	224	117	-	15	4	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	63
Streets and highways	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	1
Park, recreation, libraries, etc	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals and health services	15	-	2	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	7
Transportation and allied facilities	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	1	-	-	2
Other utilities	12	-	-	-	-	-	2	7	-	-	-	-	3
Other	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	1
Combinations	47	-	-	1	-	1	1	24	-	-	-	-	20
Number of workers involved (in thousands)													
All functions	196.4	51.4	0.2	6.6	0.5	0.4	1.3	17.2	0.6	0.3	-	0.8	117.2
Administrative services	.8	-	-	-	(³)	-	(³)	.6	-	-	-	-	(³)
Welfare services	3.1	-	-	.4	-	-	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	1.5
Law enforcement and correction	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.6	-	-	.8	.2
Fire protection	.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.3	-	-	-
Sanitation services	1.0	-	-	-	(³)	.3	.4	.2	-	-	-	-	-
Education	153.2	51.4	-	5.8	.4	-	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	92.6
Streets and highways	.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	.6	-	-	-	-	(³)
Park, recreation, libraries, etc	.2	-	-	(³)	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals and health services	3.1	-	.2	.1	-	-	-	(³)	-	-	-	-	2.7
Transportation and allied facilities	9.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.7	-	(³)	-	-	2.6
Other utilities	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	.5	.7	-	-	-	-	.5
Other	4.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	.2	-	-	-	-	4.5
Combinations	16.9	-	-	.2	-	(³)	.4	3.8	-	-	-	-	12.5
Number of days of idleness (in thousands)													
All functions	2,303.9	620.7	0.2	67.7	4.0	5.3	7.7	208.0	1.7	1.8	-	4.5	1,382.3
Administrative services	2.3	-	-	-	.3	-	.4	1.2	-	-	-	-	.4
Welfare services	28.1	-	-	.4	-	-	-	11.1	-	-	-	-	16.6
Law enforcement and correction	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	-	-	4.5	.4
Fire protection	1.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	-	-	-
Sanitation services	8.5	-	-	-	(³)	5.2	2.0	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
Education	1,950.7	620.7	-	62.2	3.6	-	-	11.1	-	-	-	-	1,253.1
Streets and highways	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	-	-	-	-	.8
Park, recreation, libraries, etc	.2	-	-	(³)	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals and health services	8.3	-	.2	3.8	-	-	-	(³)	-	-	-	-	4.1
Transportation and allied facilities	164.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	148.0	-	(³)	-	-	16.8
Other utilities	11.1	-	-	-	-	-	4.6	5.0	-	-	-	-	1.5
Other	20.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	-	-	17.1
Combinations	93.5	-	-	1.2	-	(³)	.8	20.0	-	-	-	-	71.4

¹ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

² Includes combination of occupations.

³ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-20. Work stoppages in government by State, affiliation, and recognition, 1973¹

State	All unions and associations												A.F.L.-CIO				Other unions ²				Employee association				No union or association
	Total	Officially recog- nized		Not recog- nized		No infor- mation	Officially recog- nized	Not recog- nized		No infor- mation	Officially recog- nized	Not recog- nized		Officially recog- nized	Not recog- nized		Officially recog- nized	Not recog- nized							
		Number of work stoppages																							
All States.....	387	335	41	12	147	12	5	35	3	4	153	13	3	13	3	13									
Alabama.....	6	3	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									
Alaska.....	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									
Arizona.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									
Arkansas.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
California.....	13	13	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	6									
Colorado.....	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3									
Connecticut.....	4	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	4									
Delaware.....	4	4	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4									
District of Columbia.....	4	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4									
Florida.....	4	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4									
Georgia.....	7	1	5	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	3									
Hawaii.....	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1									
Idaho.....	32	27	5	-	19	2	-	3	1	-	5	2	1	1	1	32									
Illinois.....	7	6	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	7									
Indiana.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Iowa.....	5	3	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	5									
Kansas.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Kentucky.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Louisiana.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Maine.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Maryland.....	4	3	1	1	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4									
Massachusetts.....	6	6	2	1	22	-	-	6	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	6									
Michigan.....	73	70	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	73									
Minnesota.....	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									
Mississippi.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Missouri.....	5	4	1	-	3	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	5									
Montana.....	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2									
Nebraska.....	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									
Nevada.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
New Hampshire.....	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2									
New Jersey.....	18	17	-	1	5	-	1	3	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	18									
New Mexico.....	2	2	-	-	4	4	-	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	2									
New York.....	16	12	4	2	6	-	-	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	16									
North Carolina.....	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3									
North Dakota.....	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Ohio.....	44	41	2	1	16	2	-	5	1	1	20	1	1	1	1	44									
Oklahoma.....	2	4	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2									
Oregon.....	3	3	-	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3									
Pennsylvania.....	65	60	2	3	20	-	11	29	2	-	2	1	1	1	1	65									
Rhode Island.....	6	6	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	6									
South Carolina.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
South Dakota.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Tennessee.....	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3									
Texas.....	4	3	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4									
Utah.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Vermont.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
Virginia.....	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2									
Washington.....	7	6	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	7									
West Virginia.....	3	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3									
Wisconsin.....	24	24	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	24									
Wyoming.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1									

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-20. Work stoppages in government by State, affiliation, and recognition, 1973¹—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

State	All unions and associations			AFL-CIO			Other unions ²			Employee association			No union or association	
	Total	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized		No information
Number of workers involved														
All States	196.4	187.0	8.3	1.1	123.6	1.9	0.3	8.4	4.3	0.2	55.0	1.7	0.6	0.4
Alabama	.7	6.1	.1	-	6.1	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	(*)	-	(*)
Alaska	(*)	(*)	(*)	-	(*)	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	.7	.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.7	-	-	-
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	4.4	4.4	-	-	.8	-	-	(*)	-	-	3.6	-	-	-
Colorado	1.2	1.2	-	-	.6	-	-	-	-	-	.6	-	-	-
Connecticut	1.8	1.8	-	-	.7	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
Delaware	2.2	2.2	-	-	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	.5	.5	(*)	-	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	.4	-	-	(*)
Georgia	1.6	1.2	.2	.2	1.2	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	.1	.2	(*)
Hawaii	7.9	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.9	-	-	-
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	28.9	28.2	.7	-	26.8	(*)	-	.4	-	-	1.0	.6	-	(*)
Indiana	1.1	.9	.2	-	.3	-	-	(*)	-	-	.6	.2	-	-
Iowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	.6	.3	.3	-	.2	.3	-	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	1.4	.2	1.2	-	(*)	1.2	-	.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	1.7	1.7	-	-	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	(*)	-	-	-
Michigan	46.9	46.2	.4	.4	26.5	-	-	3.1	-	-	16.6	.4	.4	-
Minnesota	.1	.1	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	4.7	.5	4.2	-	.4	-	-	(*)	4.2	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	.2	.2	-	-	.2	-	-	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	(*)	(*)	-	-	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	.2	-	.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.2	-	-
New Jersey	4.0	3.9	-	(*)	1.0	-	(*)	1.4	-	-	1.5	-	-	-
New Mexico	1.4	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	3.0	2.8	-	.3	.9	-	.3	.7	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
North Carolina	.6	.5	-	.1	.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	22.1	21.9	.1	(*)	14.9	-	-	2.1	.1	(*)	4.9	(*)	-	-
Oklahoma	.2	-	.2	-	-	.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	.4	.4	(*)	-	(*)	(*)	-	-	-	-	.3	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	30.7	30.6	(*)	(*)	24.4	-	-	.4	-	(*)	5.8	(*)	(*)	(*)
Rhode Island	5.8	5.8	-	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	-	-	-
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	.2	-	.2	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.2	-	(*)
Texas	2.3	2.2	(*)	-	.6	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	(*)
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	.7	.6	(*)	-	.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(*)
Washington	1.6	1.5	-	.1	.3	-	-	-	-	.1	1.2	-	-	-
West Virginia	.2	.1	(*)	-	.1	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(*)
Wisconsin	16.1	16.1	-	-	13.6	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	-	-	-
Wyoming	(*)	-	(*)	-	-	-	-	-	(*)	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-20. Work stoppages in government by State, affiliation, and recognition, 1973¹—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

State	All unions and associations			AFL-CIO			Other unions ²			Employee association			No union or association	
	Total	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized	No information	Officially recognized	Not recognized		No information
	Number of days of idleness													
All States	2,303.9	2,186.1	109.3	8.5	1,563.0	10.9	0.3	179.5	83.1	4.6	443.6	12.3	3.6	3.1
Alabama	8.5	4.9	3.6	-	4.9	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	.3	-	.1
Alaska	2.4	2.4	(⁴)	-	2.4	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2.1	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	-	-	-
Arkansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	35.1	35.1	-	-	8.0	-	-	(⁴)	-	-	27.0	-	-	-
Colorado	9.5	9.5	-	-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	6.0	-	-	-
Connecticut	6.5	6.5	-	-	4.5	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-
Delaware	8.8	8.8	-	-	8.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2.6	2.5	(⁴)	-	.2	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	-	-	(⁴)
Georgia	7.1	6.2	.5	.3	6.2	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	-	.1	.3	.4
Hawaii	79.0	79.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79.0	-	-	-
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(⁴)
Illinois	309.3	304.0	5.3	-	300.9	3.7	-	.9	-	-	2.2	1.6	-	(⁴)
Indiana	9.9	4.4	5.5	-	.3	-	-	(⁴)	-	-	4.1	5.5	-	-
Iowa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	3.6	1.7	1.9	-	.2	1.9	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2.1	.9	1.2	-	.7	1.2	-	.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2.7	2.7	-	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-
Michigan	642.6	638.2	1.6	2.8	420.2	-	-	38.1	-	-	180.0	1.6	2.8	-
Minnesota	1.3	1.3	-	-	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	83.7	2.1	81.6	-	2.0	-	-	(⁴)	81.6	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1.6	1.6	-	-	1.4	-	-	.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	(⁴)	(⁴)	-	-	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1.5	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-
New Jersey	48.3	48.3	-	(⁴)	26.3	-	(⁴)	16.4	-	-	5.6	-	-	-
New Mexico	5.4	5.4	-	-	5.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	117.6	117.3	-	.3	16.5	-	.3	89.2	-	-	11.7	-	-	-
North Carolina	8.3	7.0	-	1.3	7.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	97.2	96.0	1.2	(⁴)	43.7	-	-	29.4	1.1	(⁴)	22.8	(⁴)	-	-
Oklahoma	.8	-	.8	-	-	.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	6.1	6.0	(⁴)	-	3.2	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	2.8	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	652.8	647.5	1.1	4.2	596.7	-	-	5.0	-	3.8	45.8	.1	.4	.9
Rhode Island	40.5	40.5	-	-	18.9	-	-	-	-	-	21.6	-	-	-
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	1.6	-	1.5	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	(⁴)
Texas	4.2	4.2	(⁴)	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	(⁴)
Utah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(⁴)
Virginia	2.0	1.9	(⁴)	-	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(⁴)
Washington	8.7	7.9	-	.8	2.5	-	-	-	-	.8	5.4	-	-	(⁴)
West Virginia	1.1	1.0	.1	-	1.0	(⁴)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(⁴)
Wisconsin	89.3	89.3	-	-	69.1	-	-	-	-	-	20.1	-	-	-
Wyoming	.4	-	.4	-	-	-	-	-	.4	-	-	-	-	-

¹ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy. Recognition indicates that a government agency has accepted a union or association as the representative of its employees.

² Includes 2 or more unions with different affiliations, i.e. AFL-CIO and independent unions.

³ Stoppages extending across State lines have been counted in each State affected: Workers involved and days idle were allocated among the States.

⁴ Fewer than 100.

⁵ Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-21. Work stoppages by standard Federal region and State, 1973¹

Region and State	Work stoppages		Workers involved (thousands)	Days of idleness	
	Number	Mean duration ²		Number (thousands)	As a percent of private nonagricultural working time
United States	5,353	24.0	2,250.7	27,948.4	0.16
REGION I	264	31.3	78.9	1,542.8	0.13
Connecticut	61	42.7	26.8	806.3	3.30
Maine	12	13.5	2.3	18.3	.03
Massachusetts	142	23.5	34.7	480.3	.09
New Hampshire	16	55.0	1.1	34.6	.05
Rhode Island	30	12.6	13.3	198.5	.20
Vermont	3	122.9	.7	4.8	.01
REGION II	588	35.9	226.1	2,707.3	.11
New Jersey	202	23.6	77.0	1,098.9	.18
New York	386	41.4	149.1	1,608.3	.10
REGION III	1,577	14.4	464.7	4,327.6	.19
Delaware	24	13.3	11.8	106.0	.19
District of Columbia	13	9.6	3.0	70.3	.09
Maryland	69	19.0	19.8	250.1	.09
Pennsylvania	623	22.8	201.8	3,031.8	.24
Virginia	234	5.8	55.6	261.9	.08
West Virginia	614	6.9	172.7	607.5	.53
REGION IV	635	18.5	210.0	2,762.5	.09
Alabama	90	24.5	26.4	385.2	.16
Florida	74	28.5	16.3	385.5	.07
Georgia	77	13.9	24.5	228.8	.06
Kentucky	205	12.5	84.3	710.3	.33
Mississippi	25	13.9	11.5	114.9	.08
North Carolina	45	8.9	9.5	62.6	.01
South Carolina	15	88.3	1.7	78.8	.04
Tennessee	104	30.1	35.8	796.4	.24
REGION V	1,512	15.1	850.8	8,120.9	.19
Illinois	372	10.6	287.0	1,735.1	.16
Indiana	190	19.2	85.2	923.7	.21
Michigan	262	13.8	210.7	1,788.8	.17
Minnesota	76	45.4	10.6	335.6	.11
Ohio	502	18.7	216.7	2,647.5	.29
Wisconsin	110	18.3	40.6	670.2	.17
REGION VI	223	39.9	57.9	2,384.3	.13
Arkansas	26	24.4	7.0	121.3	.09
Louisiana	54	41.7	16.7	501.1	.21
New Mexico	18	47.2	3.9	140.9	.22
Oklahoma	28	39.8	6.2	169.8	.10
Texas	97	41.6	24.0	1,451.1	.17
REGION VII	248	22.6	94.5	1,677.0	.17
Iowa	73	15.4	24.8	263.7	.13
Kansas	26	15.7	2.8	30.7	.02
Missouri	130	23.5	62.2	1,016.3	.26
Nebraska	19	73.6	4.8	366.4	.34
REGION VIII	101	22.7	23.8	316.9	.06
Colorado	44	27.0	15.8	263.3	.14
Montana	18	6.6	4.9	26.3	.06
North Dakota	13	17.1	.7	10.0	.03
South Dakota	12	21.0	.6	6.2	.02
Utah	8	35.1	1.1	9.1	.01
Wyoming	6	3.8	.5	2.0	.01
REGION IX	390	22.8	188.0	2,942.5	.13
Arizona	37	8.4	8.3	53.5	.04
California	323	24.2	165.6	2,758.5	.15
Hawaii	11	18.6	9.6	97.1	.03
Nevada	19	10.4	4.5	33.4	.07
REGION X	150	31.3	55.9	1,166.5	.20
Alaska	8	56.3	.7	27.8	.15
Idaho	16	24.6	3.8	54.3	.11
Oregon	64	32.6	37.8	821.7	.44
Washington	62	28.0	13.6	262.8	.11

¹ Stoppages extending across State lines have been counted in each State affected; workers involved and days idle were allocated among the States.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-22. Work stoppages by standard Federal region, State, and occupation, 1973¹

Region and State	Occupation							
	Total	Professional and technical	Clerical	Salesworkers	Blue-collar	Protective	Service	Combinations
	Number of work stoppages							
United States	5,353	211	30	76	4,848	23	135	365
REGION I	264	13	2	11	215	2	5	16
Connecticut	61	5	-	2	51	-	1	2
Maine	12	1	1	-	9	-	-	1
Massachusetts	142	2	1	8	117	2	4	8
New Hampshire	16	2	-	-	12	-	-	1
Rhode Island	30	3	-	-	23	-	-	4
Vermont	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
REGION II	588	33	4	10	478	3	20	40
New Jersey	202	7	1	6	164	3	5	16
New York	386	26	3	4	314	-	15	24
REGION III	1,577	31	6	15	1,435	4	17	69
Delaware	24	-	-	-	21	-	-	3
District of Columbia	13	-	-	-	9	-	-	3
Maryland	69	1	-	4	58	-	11	5
Pennsylvania	623	28	5	9	522	4	12	43
Virginia	234	-	-	1	226	-	-	7
West Virginia	614	2	1	1	599	-	3	8
REGION IV	635	5	3	6	568	1	14	38
Alabama	90	-	-	-	82	-	2	6
Florida	74	2	-	-	59	-	6	7
Georgia	77	3	3	-	62	1	2	6
Kentucky	205	-	-	3	194	-	3	5
Mississippi	25	-	-	-	25	-	-	-
North Carolina	45	-	-	2	39	-	1	3
South Carolina	15	-	-	1	13	-	-	1
Tennessee	104	-	-	-	94	-	-	10
REGION V	1,512	97	6	14	1,238	7	26	124
Illinois	372	19	-	4	323	-	6	20
Indiana	190	6	-	-	170	1	3	10
Michigan	262	37	4	3	177	-	8	33
Minnesota	76	1	-	1	63	-	3	8
Ohio	502	19	2	4	429	4	4	40
Wisconsin	110	15	-	2	76	2	2	13
REGION VI	223	2	1	1	198	-	11	10
Arkansas	26	-	-	-	24	-	2	-
Louisiana	54	-	-	-	46	-	5	3
New Mexico	18	-	-	-	17	-	1	-
Oklahoma	28	-	-	-	25	-	1	2
Texas	97	2	1	1	86	-	2	5
REGION VII	248	4	1	5	210	1	8	19
Iowa	73	1	1	1	65	-	1	4
Kansas	26	1	-	-	24	1	-	-
Missouri	130	2	-	4	105	-	6	12
Nebraska	19	-	-	-	16	-	-	3
REGION VIII	101	3	-	1	84	-	4	9
Colorado	44	2	-	-	35	-	2	5
Montana	18	1	-	1	13	-	2	1
North Dakota	13	-	-	-	11	-	-	2
South Dakota	12	-	-	-	11	-	-	1
Utah	8	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Wyoming	6	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
REGION IX	390	16	3	6	308	2	27	28
Arizona	37	2	-	-	34	-	-	1
California	323	12	2	5	257	-	25	22
Hawaii	11	1	1	1	4	-	1	3
Nevada	19	1	-	-	13	2	1	2
REGION X	150	7	4	7	114	3	3	12
Alaska	8	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Idaho	16	-	-	-	13	-	1	2
Oregon	64	3	1	2	50	3	2	3
Washington	62	4	3	5	43	-	-	7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-22. Work stoppages by standard Federal region, State, and occupation, 1973¹ -Continued

Region and State	Occupation							
	Total	Professional and technical	Clerical	Salesworkers	Blue collar	Protective	Service	Combinations
	Number of workers (in thousands)							
United States	2,250.7	67.9	2.8	31.6	1,720.2	1.9	71.2	355.0
REGION I	78.9	3.5	(²)	1.7	62.3	.2	.2	10.8
Connecticut	26.8	1.8	-	.7	22.4	-	(²)	1.8
Maine	2.3	(²)	(²)	-	2.2	-	-	(²)
Massachusetts	34.7	.4	(²)	1.0	28.8	.2	.2	4.1
New Hampshire	1.1	.2	-	(²)	.8	-	-	(²)
Rhode Island	13.3	1.0	-	-	7.4	-	-	4.9
Vermont	.7	-	-	-	.7	-	-	-
REGION II	226.1	8.6	.3	6.7	154.5	.1	40.6	15.3
New Jersey	77.0	1.3	(²)	5.7	61.4	.1	1.1	7.4
New York	149.1	7.4	.2	1.0	93.1	-	39.5	7.9
REGION III	464.7	4.9	.2	15.6	385.8	(²)	10.8	47.4
Delaware	11.8	-	-	-	5.0	-	-	6.8
District of Columbia	3.0	-	-	-	1.7	-	-	1.3
Maryland	19.8	(²)	-	1.1	16.0	-	(²)	2.5
Pennsylvania	201.8	4.7	.2	14.4	142.0	(²)	9.8	30.7
Virginia	55.6	-	-	(²)	53.5	-	-	2.1
West Virginia	172.7	.1	(²)	(²)	167.6	-	.9	4.0
REGION IV	210.0	.3	.2	.3	200.7	.1	1.4	7.1
Alabama	26.4	-	-	-	24.3	-	.1	1.9
Florida	16.3	.2	-	-	14.9	-	.2	1.0
Georgia	24.5	(²)	.2	-	22.8	.1	.1	1.2
Kentucky	84.3	-	-	.2	82.5	-	1.0	.7
Mississippi	11.5	-	-	-	11.5	-	-	-
North Carolina	9.5	-	-	(²)	8.9	-	(²)	.5
South Carolina	1.7	-	-	(²)	1.6	-	-	(²)
Tennessee	35.8	-	-	-	34.1	-	-	1.7
REGION V	850.8	32.4	1.3	2.2	617.9	1.1	3.6	192.2
Illinois	287.0	3.4	-	(²)	245.9	-	1.7	36.0
Indiana	85.2	1.1	-	-	71.1	(²)	.2	12.8
Michigan	210.7	23.3	.3	1.5	91.2	-	.4	94.0
Minnesota	10.6	.1	-	(²)	9.1	-	.6	34.7
Ohio	216.7	2.4	1.0	.5	176.5	.8	.8	34.7
Wisconsin	40.6	2.1	-	.1	24.1	.3	(²)	13.9
REGION VI	57.9	1.6	.3	(²)	51.8	-	3.1	1.0
Arkansas	7.0	-	-	-	6.8	-	.2	-
Louisiana	16.7	-	-	-	14.0	-	2.4	.3
New Mexico	3.9	-	-	-	3.8	-	.1	-
Oklahoma	6.2	-	-	-	5.9	-	(²)	.2
Texas	24.0	1.6	.3	(²)	21.2	-	.4	.4
REGION VII	94.5	.2	(²)	.3	67.1	(²)	5.5	21.3
Iowa	24.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	24.3	-	(²)	.4
Kansas	2.8	(²)	-	-	2.7	(²)	-	-
Missouri	62.2	.1	-	.3	36.6	-	5.5	19.7
Nebraska	4.8	-	-	-	3.5	-	-	1.3
REGION VIII	23.8	.9	-	.1	14.2	-	.1	8.4
Colorado	15.8	.7	-	-	6.9	-	(²)	8.2
Montana	4.9	.2	-	.1	4.5	-	(²)	(²)
North Dakota	.7	-	-	-	.5	-	-	.2
South Dakota	.6	-	-	-	.6	-	-	(²)
Utah	1.1	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	-
Wyoming	.5	-	-	-	.5	-	-	-
REGION IX	188.0	14.0	.4	4.3	114.4	.2	5.7	49.0
Arizona	8.3	.7	-	-	7.2	-	-	.4
California	165.6	5.3	.3	4.2	104.5	-	5.6	45.6
Hawaii	9.6	7.9	(²)	.1	.2	-	(²)	1.3
Nevada	4.5	(²)	-	-	2.5	.2	(²)	1.7
REGION X	55.9	1.5	.1	.3	51.5	(²)	(²)	2.4
Alaska	.7	-	-	-	.7	-	-	-
Idaho	3.8	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	(²)
Oregon	37.8	.4	(²)	(²)	36.6	(²)	(²)	.6
Washington	13.6	1.1	.1	.2	10.3	-	-	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-22. Work stoppages by standard Federal region, State, and occupation, 1973¹—Continued

Region and State	Occupation							
	Total	Professional and technical	Clerical	Salesworkers	Blue collar	Protective	Service	Combinations
Number of days idleness (in thousands)								
United States	27,948.4	933.5	31.2	273.0	21,096.4	10.5	1,422.0	4,199.8
REGION I	1,542.8	15.9	.9	16.3	1,286.9	1.0	12.3	209.6
Connecticut	806.3	7.6	-	5.6	665.4	-	.2	127.5
Maine	18.3	.3	.3	-	17.6	-	-	(²)
Massachusetts	480.3	.6	.6	9.5	410.9	1.0	12.0	45.7
New Hampshire	34.6	1.5	-	1.2	31.1	-	-	.8
Rhode Island	198.5	5.9	-	-	157.1	-	-	35.6
Vermont	4.8	-	-	-	4.8	-	-	-
REGION II	2,707.3	116.0	4.5	80.7	1,897.0	.3	461.1	147.7
New Jersey	1,098.9	5.2	1.1	62.9	888.4	.3	47.5	93.6
New York	1,608.3	110.8	3.4	17.8	1,008.7	-	413.6	54.1
REGION III	4,327.6	46.8	8.1	86.0	2,754.9	1.6	499.1	931.2
Delaware	106.0	-	-	2.7	74.7	-	-	30.6
District of Columbia	70.3	-	-	-	54.5	-	3.3	12.5
Maryland	250.1	3.0	-	15.8	217.3	-	1.5	12.4
Pennsylvania	3,031.8	43.3	8.0	68.3	1,597.4	1.6	479.3	834.0
Virginia	261.9	-	-	.1	246.5	-	-	15.3
West Virginia	607.5	.5	(²)	1.0	564.5	-	14.9	26.5
REGION IV	2,762.5	2.6	3.4	2.4	2,611.9	.1	10.6	131.3
Alabama	385.2	-	-	-	351.9	-	.7	32.6
Florida	385.5	2.0	-	-	344.8	-	4.5	34.2
Georgia	228.8	.7	3.4	-	208.1	.1	1.2	15.3
Kentucky	710.3	-	-	2.2	696.3	-	3.8	8.0
Mississippi	114.9	-	-	-	114.9	-	-	-
North Carolina	62.6	-	-	.2	57.5	-	.4	4.5
South Carolina	78.8	-	-	(²)	78.5	-	-	.3
Tennessee	796.4	-	-	-	759.8	-	-	36.6
REGION V	8,120.9	512.1	9.8	22.3	5,891.8	5.1	86.0	1,593.7
Illinois	1,755.1	20.9	-	.8	1,307.3	-	47.1	379.1
Indiana	923.7	9.9	5.8	-	676.7	(²)	3.5	227.8
Michigan	1,788.8	442.6	1.7	10.4	755.1	-	12.9	566.1
Minnesota	335.6	1.3	-	1.5	311.4	-	12.9	8.5
Ohio	2,647.5	16.9	2.3	5.3	2,282.2	2.9	7.4	330.5
Wisconsin	670.2	20.5	-	4.3	559.1	2.2	2.2	81.8
REGION VI	2,384.3	1.6	1.5	.5	2,283.7	-	85.2	11.8
Arkansas	121.3	-	-	-	109.4	-	11.9	-
Louisiana	501.1	-	-	-	454.3	-	44.0	2.8
New Mexico	140.9	-	-	-	136.3	-	4.6	-
Oklahoma	169.8	-	-	-	166.6	-	2.0	1.2
Texas	1,451.1	1.6	1.5	.5	1,417.0	-	22.7	7.8
REGION VII	1,677.0	2.4	(²)	.9	1,241.3	(²)	155.2	277.2
Iowa	263.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	250.9	-	.8	11.8
Kansas	30.7	1.5	-	-	29.2	(²)	-	-
Missouri	1,016.3	.9	-	.8	624.5	-	154.4	235.7
Nebraska	366.4	-	-	-	336.7	-	-	29.7
REGION VIII	316.9	8.4	-	2.9	241.9	-	.7	63.1
Colorado	263.3	7.0	-	-	197.7	-	.2	58.4
Montana	26.3	1.4	-	2.9	21.3	-	.5	.3
North Dakota	10.0	-	-	-	6.5	-	-	3.4
South Dakota	6.2	-	-	-	5.2	-	-	1.0
Utah	9.1	-	-	-	9.1	-	-	-
Wyoming	2.0	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-
REGION IX	2,942.5	220.9	1.9	51.0	1,777.3	2.0	109.5	780.0
Arizona	53.5	2.9	-	-	50.2	-	-	.4
California	2,758.5	137.4	1.5	50.6	1,703.6	-	107.8	757.5
Hawaii	97.1	79.0	.3	.4	7.0	-	(²)	10.3
Nevada	33.4	1.6	-	-	16.5	2.0	1.5	11.8
REGION X	1,166.5	6.8	1.1	10.0	1,091.7	.5	2.4	54.1
Alaska	27.8	-	-	-	27.8	-	-	3(²)
Idaho	54.3	-	-	-	50.9	-	-	2.0
Oregon	821.7	3.0	(²)	3.0	790.2	.5	.9	24.0
Washington	262.8	3.8	1.0	7.0	222.8	-	-	28.1

¹ Stoppages extending across State lines, and the occupations involved in these stoppages, have been counted in each State affected; workers involved and days of idleness were allocated among States.

² Fewer than 100.

³ Idleness in 1973 resulted from a stoppage that began in 1972.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-23. Work stoppages in States having 25 stoppages or more by industry, 1973¹

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Alabama			Arizona			Arkansas		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	90	26.4	385.2	37	8.3	53.5	26	7.0	121.3
Manufacturing	47	18.8	323.9	8	1.1	14.5	15	3.6	98.4
Ordnance and accessories	1	.4	2.1	1	(^d)	1.3	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	7	1.7	15.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tobacco manufactures	2	1.5	31.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	2	1.4	7.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	2	1.1	8.6	-	-	-	4	1.8	65.5
Lumber and wood products, except furniture-	1	.9	3.7	-	-	-	1	(^d)	1.8
Furniture and fixtures	2	.2	4.1	-	-	-	1	(^d)	1.6
Paper and allied products	2	.2	4.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	3	5.0	105.5	1	(^d)	.2	2	.5	5.0
Chemicals and allied products	4	.4	2.9	4	.9	12.6	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	5	3.7	26.7	1	(^d)	.2	2	.2	.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	8	1.4	33.1	1	(^d)	.2	1	(^d)	.3
Leather and leather products	1	(^d)	.4	-	-	-	2	.8	24.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	2	.6	50.4	-	-	-	1	.1	.1
Primary metal industries	2	.5	14.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products ⁴	3	.8	17.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, except electrical	43	7.6	61.3	29	7.2	39.0	11	3.4	22.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	14	3.8	9.2	4	2.0	4.5	1	(^d)	.2
Transportation equipment	7	1.6	13.3	13	4.2	28.6	4	2.8	6.6
Instruments, etc.	9	.7	20.2	7	(^d)	.2	5	.3	15.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	2	(^d)	1.0	2	(^d)	.9	1	.3	.5
Nonmanufacturing	6	.8	8.5	1	.7	2.1	-	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	1	.6	50.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining	2	.5	14.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract construction	3	.8	17.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	43	7.6	61.3	29	7.2	39.0	11	3.4	22.9
Wholesale and retail trade	14	3.8	9.2	4	2.0	4.5	1	(^d)	.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7	1.6	13.3	13	4.2	28.6	4	2.8	6.6
Services	9	.7	20.2	7	(^d)	.2	5	.3	15.5
Government ⁷	2	(^d)	1.0	2	(^d)	.9	1	.3	.5
	6	.8	8.5	1	.7	2.1	-	-	-
	323	165.6	2,758.5	44	15.8	263.3	61	26.8	806.3
All industries	157	54.9	756.7	17	5.2	182.4	33	17.5	714.6
Manufacturing	18	33.1	182.2	5	.4	2.8	1	1.5	136.1
Food and kindred products	4	.5	10.7	-	-	-	3	.4	1.4
Tobacco manufactures	4	.4	6.1	-	-	-	1	(^d)	(^d)
Textile mill products	2	.7	12.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, etc.	3	.3	3.7	-	-	-	1	.2	.9
Lumber and wood products, except furniture-	4	1.1	15.9	2	(^d)	1.5	1	(^d)	6.7
Furniture and fixtures	2	(^d)	1.4	-	-	-	2	.5	7.0
Paper and allied products	12	1.3	67.9	1	.1	12.7	2	.5	7.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	2	1.3	67.9	1	.1	12.7	2	.5	7.0
Chemicals and allied products	16	5.5	219.9	1	3.8	140.6	2	1.8	17.3
Petroleum refining and related industries	14	1.2	43.9	1	(^d)	.3	1	.2	12.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	11	.6	15.5	5	3.5	119.3	5	3.5	159.9
Leather and leather products	23	3.2	85.5	1	.2	5.5	6	2.3	159.9
Stone, clay, and glass products	19	1.8	33.0	3	.5	16.6	3	1.9	31.4
Primary metal industries	14	3.5	30.9	1	(^d)	.1	1	.2	2.0
Fabricated metal products ⁴	2	(^d)	10.2	1	(^d)	.5	3	4.1	189.4
Machinery, except electrical	2	(^d)	1.8	1	.2	16.7	2	1.6	30.3
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	14	3.5	30.9	1	(^d)	.1	1	.2	2.0
Transportation equipment	2	(^d)	10.2	1	(^d)	.5	3	4.1	189.4
Instruments, etc.	2	(^d)	1.8	1	.2	16.7	2	1.6	30.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	2	(^d)	1.8	1	.2	16.7	2	1.6	30.3
Nonmanufacturing	166	110.6	2,001.8	27	10.6	80.9	28	9.3	91.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	5	21.3	410.0	2	.5	1.0	-	-	-
Mining	1	(^d)	1.1	2	.5	2.8	14	3.4	28.2
Contract construction	26	13.8	245.3	5	.1	5.7	3	3.2	33.5
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	31	13.7	247.3	5	.1	60.7	3	.4	5.6
Wholesale and retail trade	58	46.4	874.6	8	8.2	171.1	4	4.4	18.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	31	10.9	187.1	4	.2	1.3	4	1.8	6.5
Services	13	4.4	35.1	3	1.2	9.5	4	1.8	6.5
Government ⁷									

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-23. Work stoppages in States having 25 stoppages or more by industry, 1973¹—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Mississippi			Missouri			New Jersey		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	25	11.5	114.9	131	62.2	1,016.3	202	77.0	1,098.9
Manufacturing	18	8.1	64.0	61	39.9	558.9	105	18.2	355.2
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	-	-	-	6	5.3	62.1	5	1.4	19.6
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	-	-	-	2	(²)	2.5	1	.2	1.1
Apparel, etc. ³	1	.2	.2	1	(²)	1.2	3	(²)	.9
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	4	.6	6.0	-	-	422.1	1	.2	.5
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	-	7	.9	19.5	3	.2	4.2
Paper and allied products	1	.4	5.4	-	-	-	7	1.1	42.2
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	-	-	-	4	3.9	76.7	2	(²)	5.5
Chemicals and allied products	1	.1	.5	-	-	-	12	2.5	36.4
Petroleum refining and related industries	1	.2	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	1	1.0	22.0	2	.1	8.5	6	.8	5.3
Leather and leather products	-	-	-	2	.6	3.6	1	(²)	.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	1	.1	.4	6	.8	49.6	17	3.2	88.0
Primary metal industries	2	.3	8.2	2	(²)	.3	5	.8	16.0
Fabricated metal products ⁴	2	.2	2.1	6	1.0	19.9	15	2.0	22.7
Machinery, except electrical	2	.5	5.0	8	1.9	61.7	8	1.2	24.3
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	-	-	-	6	6.4	92.7	9	.9	6.9
Transportation equipment	2	4.6	10.3	6	18.8	136.4	4	.4	3.9
Instruments, etc. ⁵	-	-	-	1	(²)	.7	3	1.7	33.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	-	-	2	(²)	1.4	3	1.3	44.2
Nonmanufacturing	7	3.4	50.9	70	22.2	457.4	97	58.8	743.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining	1	.1	15.5	8	1.6	19.3	1	-	2.6
Contract construction	5	3.2	35.2	13	1.6	23.8	14	22.7	400.4
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	-	-	-	16	8.6	235.3	20	19.5	82.3
Wholesale and retail trade	1	(²)	.1	17	4.7	77.6	34	10.8	175.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	-	-	-	1	(²)	.3	1	(²)	.5
Services	-	-	-	10	1.0	17.4	9	1.7	34.5
Government ⁷	-	-	-	5	4.7	83.7	18	4.0	48.3
	New York			North Carolina			Ohio		
All industries	386	149.1	1,608.3	45	9.5	62.6	504	216.7	2,647.5
Manufacturing	188	51.7	412.7	25	5.6	30.9	252	122.5	1,592.3
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	14	1.8	14.6	2	.1	.5	8	1.5	39.5
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	10	1.2	13.3	-	-	-	1	.9	20.3
Apparel, etc. ³	8	3.0	11.4	1	.3	.7	1	1.4	1.5
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	1	(²)	.3	1	(²)	.4	3	.1	.8
Furniture and fixtures	5	.2	7.8	3	.9	8.9	10	.9	8.6
Paper and allied products	13	2.8	32.0	3	.2	1.9	10	1.7	28.5
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	11	6.6	32.3	-	-	-	10	2.6	15.1
Chemicals and allied products	4	2.4	38.6	2	(²)	1.9	9	1.4	22.1
Petroleum refining and related industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	5	.3	5.3	3	.5	1.9	34	21.8	277.7
Leather and leather products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	15	3.3	34.3	-	-	-	18	3.2	92.3
Primary metal industries	9	5.0	8.2	-	-	-	24	7.5	123.7
Fabricated metal products ⁴	15	1.4	16.2	1	(²)	1.3	38	17.3	335.2
Machinery, except electrical	48	14.4	100.0	1	(²)	1.7	40	15.8	173.8
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	11	1.7	20.8	7	3.2	10.3	12	8.1	230.2
Transportation equipment	9	1.8	12.3	1	.1	1.3	27	38.3	187.8
Instruments, etc. ⁵	6	5.5	64.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	4	.2	.9	-	-	-	7	1.1	35.1
Nonmanufacturing	198	97.4	1,195.8	20	4.0	31.7	252	94.2	1,055.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	.3	9.0
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	21.5	61.5
Contract construction	57	17.7	323.8	3	.2	2.8	44	18.5	157.0
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	28	23.7	269.5	9	2.7	12.9	35	23.5	628.2
Wholesale and retail trade	48	7.7	90.4	5	.5	7.6	36	6.2	76.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8	2.3	44.1	-	-	-	3	(²)	2.2
Services	41	43.0	350.4	-	-	-	12	1.9	23.2
Government ⁷	16	3.0	117.6	3	.6	8.3	44	22.1	97.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-23. Work stoppages in States having 25 stoppages or more by industry, 1973¹ —Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Texas			Virginia			Washington		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	98	24.0	1,451.1	234	55.6	261.9	62	3.6	262.8
Manufacturing	51	11.8	1,191.4	25	11.6	116.7	26	4.5	91.1
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	6	1.0	27.2	2	.1	15.6	1	(²)	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	-	-	-	1	(²)	.2	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	1	(²)	864.3	1	.2	4.2	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	2	1.0	7.2	1	.1	5.4	7	1.3	12.1
Furniture and fixtures	5	.6	17.5	1	.2	5.2	-	-	-
Paper and allied products	2	.3	3.3	1	.2	.3	6	1.9	45.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	3	(²)	3.0	1	(²)	(²)	1	(²)	2.2
Chemicals and allied products	3	.1	1.6	5	2.8	27.0	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	3	3.7	165.8	1	(²)	.6	2	.4	19.9
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	7	1.6	16.5	1	1.3	5.2	2	(²)	1.4
Leather and leather products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	3	.3	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary metal industries	-	-	-	3	4.2	33.2	-	-	-
Fabricated metal products ⁴	2	.3	11.5	3	.2	6.3	-	-	-
Machinery, except electrical	7	1.5	28.7	2	.2	2.4	2	.2	3.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	2	.5	35.0	-	-	-	1	.5	4.6
Transportation equipment	4	.5	5.8	-	-	-	2	.1	2.2
Instruments, etc. ⁵	1	(²)	.2	2	1.9	11.0	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	(²)	.2
Nonmanufacturing	47	12.2	259.8	209	44.0	145.2	37	19.1	171.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	.3	2.1
Mining	1	.1	8.1	183	36.8	52.9	-	-	-
Contract construction	15	5.5	168.8	13	4.2	57.3	7	6.1	124.3
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	11	1.0	29.0	7	1.1	25.2	5	.5	20.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14	3.3	48.6	3	1.2	6.3	13	.5	12.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	(²)	2.8
Services	2	(²)	1.1	1	.1	1.5	2	(²)	1.0
Government ⁷	4	2.3	4.2	2	.7	2.0	7	1.6	8.7

Industry group	West Virginia			Wisconsin		
	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved		Number	Workers involved	
All industries	614	172.7	607.5	110	40.6	670.2
Manufacturing	42	16.3	151.5	58	21.8	546.2
Ordnance and accessories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	1	.2	1.1	10	1.2	22.8
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	-	-	-	2	.4	10.6
Furniture and fixtures	4	1.7	10.9	3	.7	33.6
Paper and allied products	1	(²)	4.3	4	.7	8.4
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	1	(²)	2.1	-	-	4.8
Chemicals and allied products	8	4.3	34.5	-	-	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	1	.1	.1	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	-	-	-	1	2.3	24.7
Leather and leather products	1	.4	4.3	1	.2	.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	7	.7	5.5	2	.1	9.2
Primary metal industries	3	4.3	50.9	3	.4	5.2
Fabricated metal products ⁴	2	.4	7.8	6	1.2	37.0
Machinery, except electrical	7	.5	13.9	19	8.2	326.5
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	1	1.5	3.0	3	1.4	24.8
Transportation equipment	3	.7	8.8	3	4.6	10.2
Instruments, etc. ⁵	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	2	1.5	1.6	1	.2	32.0
Nonmanufacturing	572	156.4	456.0	52	18.8	123.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining	513	147.8	284.2	1	.3	.6
Contract construction	24	5.5	56.4	11	1.7	13.4
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	12	1.2	68.3	5	.2	7.2
Wholesale and retail trade	10	.3	11.1	9	.4	13.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1	(²)	2.4	-	-	-
Services	9	1.3	32.4	2	(²)	.3
Government ⁷	3	.2	1.1	24	16.1	89.3

¹ No work stoppages were recorded during 1973 for the industry groups for which no data are presented.

² Fewer than 100.

³ Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.

⁴ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

⁵ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments;

photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks.

⁶ Idleness in 1973 resulted from a stoppage that began in 1972.

⁷ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This decision does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

Table A-24. Work stoppages by State and metropolitan area, 1973¹

Workers and days in thousands		Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)		State and metropolitan area		Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	
		Number	Workers involved	Number	Workers involved			Number	Workers involved	Number	Workers involved
Alabama:		38	6.3	137.7		Kentucky:		5	.4	5.7	
Birmingham		5	3.9	81.9		Lexington		54	51.3	216.7	
Cadalen		5	.2	3.4		Louisville, Ky.-Ind		48	46.7	201.8	
Mobile		7	5.2	81.4		(Kentucky portion)		6	4.6	15.0	
Tuscaloosa		23	2.8	25.8		(Indiana portion)		5	1.0	9.7	
Arizona:		5	1.2	16.6		Owensboro		10	6.4	263.0	
Phoenix		8	1.4	10.5		Paducah		6	.3	8.8	
Tucson		13	4.5	75.3		Louisiana:		18	4.5	61.4	
Arkansas:		5	.7	14.0		Baton Rouge		7	1.9	60.4	
Little Rock-North Little		6	2.4	27.7		Monroe		6	.6	6.2	
Rock		124	42.7	1,054.4		New Orleans		6	.4	14.1	
California:		5	1.0	28.1		Shreveport		7	1.6	33.8	
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Carden		7	22.7	304.1		Maine:		13	1.5	11.2	
Bakersfield		14	2.6	58.6		Portland		20	4.8	138.1	
Fresno		9	4.2	87.1		Baltimore		20	4.8	138.1	
Los Angeles-Long Beach		109	31.3	480.1		Baltimore		14	3.1	26.9	
Modesto		67	17.4	277.2		Massachusetts:		8	2.2	12.1	
Oxnard-Ventura		20	9.6	134.8		Brockton		12	1.1	21.1	
Sacramento		18	3.2	46.6		Fall River, Mass.-R.I		117	138.5	1,086.5	
Salinas-Monterey		26	13.6	145.0		(Massachusetts portion)		18	4.7	61.0	
San Bernardino-Riverside		6	.9	18.3		Lawrence-Haverhill, Mass.-N.H		14	2.5	30.4	
Ontario		10	1.7	21.9		(Massachusetts portion)		11	2.6	10.2	
San Diego		6	.8	16.6		Lowell		9	2.5	18.0	
San Francisco-Oakland		30	13.5	243.8		New Bedford		8	3.3	31.2	
Oakland-East Bay		14	3.7	101.5		Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke,		9	.6	4.6	
San Francisco		13	2.7	177.9		Mass.-Conn		9	.9	10.8	
San Mateo		17	6.6	121.4		(Massachusetts portion)		5	.3	4.0	
San Jose		7	3.1	130.2		Lowell		15	2.2	56.2	
Santa Barbara		26	11.8	89.4		New Bedford		13	1.9	49.6	
Santa Rosa		21	11.2	86.3		Pittsfield		12	3.9	28.4	
Stockton		37	8.2	105.6		Massachusetts:		6	.3	6.9	
Vallejo-Napa		12	3.0	70.3		Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis		1.3	13.4		
Colorado:		14	2.5	11.5		(Minnesota portion)		26	6.8	78.9	
Denver		8	1.5	45.6		Missouri:		13	2.7	67.1	
Connecticut:		15	1.3	18.7		Kansas City, Mo.-Kans		50	8.5	254.9	
Bridgeport		15	4.6	95.4		(Missouri portion)		35	11.2	173.6	
Hartford		14	2.7	23.9		(Kansas portion)		25	9.7	162.7	
New Haven		11	2.5	11.5		St. Joseph		10	1.4	10.8	
New London-Groton		8	1.5	45.6		St. Louis, Mo.-Ill		5	.7	13.5	
Norwich		12	2.8	34.6		(Illinois portion)		90	46.9	539.8	
Delaware:		45	16.1	128.9		Springfield		64	40.4	529.5	
Wilmington, Del.-Md.-N.J		9	7.8	78.6		Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa		26	6.6	70.3	
(Delaware portion)		8	.7	5.0		Nebraska:		6	4.0	59.9	
District of Columbia:		149.2	149.2	922.9		Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa		15	2.2	56.2	
Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va		126	147.4	894.5		(Nebraska portion)		13	1.9	49.6	
(District of Columbia portion)		13	10.8	77.6		Nevada:		12	3.9	28.4	
(Maryland portion)		19	25.1	164.5		Las Vegas		6	.3	6.9	
(Virginia portion)		9	16.1	58.7		New Hampshire:		6	1.3	13.4	
Florida:		17	3.3	48.6		Manchester		26	6.8	78.9	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood		15	2.9	32.2		New Jersey:		13	2.7	67.1	
Jacksonville		20	12.5	119.4		Atlantic City		50	10.0	44.4	
Miami		15	1.8	28.4		Jersey City		5	.6	8.2	
Orlando		21	19.1	251.8		Long Branch-Asbury Park		47	12.3	147.4	
Tampa-St. Petersburg		9	3.6	48.8		Newark		22	8.2	308.3	
Georgia:		8	2.7	37.4		Paterson-Clifton-Passaic		42	12.7	150.5	
Atlanta		5	1.3	3.5		New Brunswick-Perth		25	7.3	125.2	
Hawaii:		17	3.3	48.6		Amboy-Sayreville		16	3.0	49.8	
Honolulu		15	2.9	32.2		Trenton		6	.5	4.4	
Illinois:		20	12.5	119.4		Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton		9	2.0	17.8	
Bloomington-Normal		15	1.8	28.4		New Mexico:		50	10.0	44.4	
Chicago-Northwestern Indians Standard		15	1.8	28.4		Albuquerque		5	.6	8.2	
Chicago		21	19.1	251.8		Albany-Schenectady-Troy		47	12.3	147.4	
Consolidated area		8	2.7	37.4		Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa		8	2.0	22.2	
Decatur		5	1.3	3.5		Buffalo		358	136.7	1,717.1	
Peoria		17	8.2	80.9		Kingston-Newburgh		215	87.1	1,054.2	
Rockford		10	6.3	65.4		New York-Northeastern New Jersey		48	5.3	104.8	
Springfield		22	15.2	123.5		Standard Consolidated area		128	74.9	862.1	
Indiana:		6	1.1	37.9		Nassau and Suffolk Counties		6	.6	14.9	
Evansville, Ind.-Ky		6	2.3	23.4		New York City		33	6.3	72.4	
(Indiana portion)		5	.9	6.6		Rockland County		20	8.4	97.1	
Fort Wayne		17	8.2	80.9		Westchester County		20	12.8	89.0	
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago		10	1.9	15.5		Rochester		9	2.3	10.5	
Indianapolis		10	6.3	65.4		Utica-Rome					
Muncie		22	15.2	123.5							
South Bend		6	1.1	37.9							
Terre Haute		5	.9	6.6							
Iowa:		8	2.7	37.4							
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline,		17	8.2	80.9							
Ill.-Iowa		10	1.9	15.5							
(Iowa portion)		10	6.3	65.4							
(Illinois portion)		22	15.2	123.5							
Des Moines		6	1.1	37.9							
Dubuque		5	.9	6.6							
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr		5	.3	6.2							
(Iowa portion)		8	2.7	37.4							
Waterloo											

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-24. Work stoppages by State and metropolitan area, 1973¹—Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

State and metropolitan area	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)	State and metropolitan area	Stoppages beginning in year		Days of idleness during year (all stoppages)
	Number	Workers involved			Number	Workers involved	
North Carolina:				Rhode Island:			
Charlotte	14	1.4	19.0	Providence-Pawtucket,			
Greensboro-High Point-Winston-Salem	12	2.0	7.2	R. I.-Mass	30	11.3	172.1
Ohio:				(Rhode Island portion)	26	11.1	168.8
Akron	44	29.0	414.3	South Dakota:			
Canton	13	3.2	172.3	Sioux Falls	7	.4	4.5
Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind	55	15.8	187.3	Tennessee:			
(Ohio portion)	43	14.0	142.7	Chattanooga, Tenn.—			
(Kentucky portion)	9	1.5	42.2	Ga	21	5.0	140.6
Cleveland	83	33.6	468.1	(Tennessee portion)	20	5.0	140.1
Columbus	44	11.8	149.2	Knoxville	12	1.6	93.8
Dayton	30	14.5	166.3	Memphis, Tenn.—			
Hamilton-Middletown	9	2.6	21.7	Ark	27	14.4	144.0
Lima	9	2.6	53.2	(Tennessee portion)	27	14.4	144.0
Lorain-Elyria	11	9.9	56.3	Nashville	7	.8	41.6
Mansfield	5	2.0	7.2	Texas:			
Springfield	5	7.1	80.0	Beaumont-Port			
Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-W. Va	14	2.0	55.6	Arthur	12	8.1	214.4
(Ohio portion)	5	1.1	42.8	Dallas	17	3.2	37.9
(West Virginia portion)	9	.9	12.8	El Paso	6	.3	729.8
Toledo, Ohio-Mich	26	12.4	80.8	Fort Worth	9	.8	17.8
(Ohio portion)	23	11.6	79.7	Houston	23	6.6	222.2
Youngstown-Warren	27	18.1	85.1	San Antonio	7	2.0	141.0
Oklahoma:				Virginia:			
Tulsa	15	1.6	67.7	Norfolk-Portsmouth	10	1.4	30.7
Oregon:				Richmond	10	.8	11.4
Eugene	7	2.7	65.9	Washington:			
Portland, Oreg.-Wash	36	21.2	503.0	Richland-Kennewich	6	.8	3.1
(Oregon portion)	29	19.8	466.7	Seattle-Everett	16	1.9	32.4
(Washington portion)	7	1.4	36.3	Spokane	8	1.8	24.9
Salem	8	3.1	58.4	Tacoma	9	.8	12.1
Pennsylvania:				West Virginia:			
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N. J	30	5.1	71.3	Charleston	16	2.2	18.4
(Pennsylvania portion)	25	4.6	68.8	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.—			
(New Jersey portion)	5	.5	2.6	Ky.-Ohio	23	4.4	85.5
Altoona	6	4.6	38.0	(West Virginia portion)	16	3.1	74.6
Erie	23	3.4	38.0	Parkersburg-Marietta, W. Va.—			
Harrisburg	13	4.7	74.4	Ohio	12	4.0	22.2
Johnstown	14	1.3	15.6	(West Virginia portion)	9	3.5	19.7
Lancaster	8	2.2	10.0	Wheeling, W. Va.—			
Philadelphia, Pa.-N. J	200	91.0	1,712.8	Ohio	13	2.6	45.4
(Pennsylvania portion)	163	81.3	1,582.4	(West Virginia portion)	9	2.1	40.6
(New Jersey portion)	37	9.6	130.4	Wisconsin:			
Pittsburgh	154	34.3	603.7	Appleton-Oshkosh	9	.7	26.9
Reading	21	1.8	33.9	Green Bay	7	.9	13.0
Scranton	8	2.2	25.0	Kenosha	8	5.3	20.7
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	32	4.9	83.5	Madison	5	.2	5.1
Williamsport	10	.9	12.1	Milwaukee	30	21.0	287.3
York	13	4.7	24.7	Racine	5	.6	4.1

¹ Includes data for each metropolitan area in which 5 stoppages or more began in 1973. In some metropolitan areas, includes the countries in more than one State, and hence, an area or exceed the total for the State in which the major city is located. Excludes stoppages in the mining and logging industries. Counts intermetropolitan area stoppages separately in each area affected; allocates workers involved

and days idle to the respective areas.

² Included in the Chicago, Ill.—Northern Indiana Standard Consolidated area.

³ Included in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated area.

⁴ Included in the New York SMSA.

Table A-25. Work stoppages by industry group and duration, 1973¹

Industry group	Number of stoppages								
	Total	1 day	2-3 days	4-6 days	7-14 days	15-29 days	30-59 days	60-89 days	90 days and over
All industries	25,320	833	793	657	950	851	666	261	390
Manufacturing	22,271	119	228	282	446	451	421	151	173
Ordnance and accessories	7	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	2
Food and kindred products	177	9	23	31	29	32	25	16	12
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	44	2	4	6	9	8	9	2	4
Apparel, etc. ²	47	2	7	9	9	7	9	1	3
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	67	3	5	6	10	18	15	6	4
Furniture and fixtures	82	3	9	8	16	16	20	6	4
Paper and allied products	9	7	10	8	20	22	18	8	6
Printing, publishing, allied industries	82	6	7	5	17	12	14	6	15
Chemicals and allied products	128	7	9	12	30	27	23	15	5
Petroleum refining and related industries	17	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	4
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	142	4	13	20	17	26	37	12	13
Leather and leather products	10	-	1	-	5	2	1	-	1
Stone, clay, and glass products	171	7	16	14	29	46	35	13	11
Primary metal industries	164	10	19	28	30	32	24	9	11
Fabricated metal products ⁴	300	6	26	40	60	72	56	14	26
Machinery, except electrical	326	21	27	36	74	59	70	18	21
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	175	17	23	34	30	21	23	13	14
Transportation equipment	159	12	22	17	43	33	17	5	10
Instruments, etc. ³	36	-	3	2	7	7	7	5	5
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	43	1	3	4	10	8	14	1	2
Nonmanufacturing	23,050	714	565	375	505	400	245	110	136
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	12	-	1	1	-	3	8	-	3
Mining	1,078	555	321	115	55	13	4	5	6
Contract construction	542	50	85	75	140	116	45	19	12
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	310	27	35	33	63	52	41	25	34
Wholesale and retail trade	488	16	36	54	111	94	92	36	49
Finance, insurance, and real estate	24	-	-	4	5	3	6	3	3
Services	208	17	19	23	35	52	21	16	25
Government ⁶	388	49	68	70	96	67	28	6	4
	Workers involved (in thousands)								
All industries	2,247.6	275.5	287.9	395.2	491.1	416.8	199.9	91.5	89.8
Manufacturing	957.1	43.3	134.0	162.2	232.8	201.5	100.2	49.4	33.9
Ordnance and accessories	5.1	.7	-	-	2.0	.2	-	-	2.2
Food and kindred products	76.4	2.0	4.0	35.3	8.7	4.6	5.9	14.7	1.2
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	8.5	.1	1.3	.6	1.1	1.4	2.9	.1	.9
Apparel, etc. ²	10.8	.2	2.4	3.3	2.2	1.8	.8	(?)	(?)
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	16.4	(?)	1.5	.9	2.2	7.5	2.3	1.6	.3
Furniture and fixtures	15.3	.6	1.6	1.7	2.7	3.4	3.8	.4	1.0
Paper and allied products	24.3	.8	2.2	2.2	4.4	8.6	3.1	2.3	.7
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	23.0	1.7	8.7	2.6	3.9	1.7	3.5	.4	.6
Chemicals and allied products	30.8	2.1	4.5	3.5	7.6	2.8	2.8	6.2	1.3
Petroleum refining and related industries	9.3	.1	.1	.1	2.6	.1	.5	(?)	5.7
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	99.6	2.7	25.7	16.3	7.1	21.3	20.3	4.0	2.1
Leather and leather products	2.1	-	.2	-	1.1	.4	.2	-	.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	28.0	1.8	3.4	1.8	5.6	6.0	4.2	4.4	.8
Primary metal industries	53.8	4.2	13.5	7.6	11.8	4.4	8.4	2.6	1.2
Fabricated metal products ⁴	74.3	1.4	6.1	10.3	26.8	9.5	12.6	2.1	5.5
Machinery, except electrical	164.8	8.7	7.3	15.3	19.5	96.5	12.7	2.8	1.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	85.0	8.6	13.4	32.9	9.0	9.2	5.0	4.0	2.9
Transportation equipment	206.5	6.2	37.5	27.5	110.5	13.4	5.1	2.2	4.1
Instruments, etc. ³	14.3	-	.3	.1	2.7	6.2	3.4	.9	.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	8.9	1.5	.3	.2	1.2	2.4	2.5	.5	.4
Nonmanufacturing	1,290.4	232.2	153.8	233.0	258.3	215.3	99.7	42.1	55.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	24.1	-	.8	(?)	-	18.8	1.0	-	3.4
Mining	300.6	109.7	93.4	48.3	37.5	8.8	.7	.3	1.8
Contract construction	387.9	13.3	19.6	126.1	93.3	66.9	16.2	24.3	28.2
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	184.8	95.2	7.9	6.1	9.5	15.4	26.9	12.1	11.7
Wholesale and retail trade	118.6	2.0	6.4	16.4	31.6	40.6	13.3	1.9	6.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3.7	-	-	.8	.2	(?)	.5	1.8	.3
Services	67.4	2.9	4.9	6.0	40.3	5.9	2.6	1.0	3.9
Government ⁶	203.3	9.2	20.8	29.3	45.9	58.7	38.4	.9	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-25. Work stoppages by industry group and duration, 1973¹ -Continued

Industry group	Days of idleness during year (in thousands)								
	Total	1 day	2-3 days	4-6 days	7-14 days	15-29 days	30-59 days	60-89 days	90 days and over
All industries -----	27,187.3	275.5	589.4	1,070.4	2,971.6	5,281.5	5,829.3	3,888.1	7,281.6
Manufacturing -----	12,775.4	43.3	284.4	456.9	1,414.3	2,409.8	2,743.9	2,025.7	3,397.2
Ordnance and accessories -----	244.6	.7	-	-	10.0	1.9	-	-	231.9
Food and kindred products -----	956.4	2.0	9.1	79.1	63.7	63.5	155.6	450.8	132.6
Tobacco manufactures -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products -----	206.4	.1	1.7	1.7	8.2	19.0	73.3	5.5	96.8
Apparel, etc. ² -----	84.5	.2	5.6	10.6	14.4	27.1	20.3	.4	5.9
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	271.1	(³)	3.2	3.6	14.5	63.9	36.1	95.4	54.3
Furniture and fixtures -----	290.3	.6	3.4	5.6	19.7	40.3	102.1	23.9	94.8
Paper and allied products -----	445.0	.8	4.7	7.7	33.4	115.8	92.0	106.3	84.4
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	264.5	1.7	20.1	5.9	21.5	22.1	105.6	20.2	67.4
Chemicals and allied products -----	453.6	2.1	8.2	16.7	61.1	39.8	89.8	116.2	119.8
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	577.5	.1	.3	.5	13.9	2.0	16.9	2.9	541.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	1,480.8	2.7	69.5	56.2	52.8	339.9	582.8	199.7	177.2
Leather and leather products -----	39.4	-	.5	-	7.1	4.7	5.5	-	21.5
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	586.4	1.8	6.6	6.2	36.6	98.6	128.4	229.0	79.1
Primary metal industries -----	754.5	4.2	22.7	24.3	80.4	67.4	223.4	138.0	194.2
Fabricated metal products ⁴ -----	1,247.9	1.4	11.3	33.1	150.1	144.6	290.0	98.1	519.4
Machinery, except electrical -----	1,839.5	8.7	15.8	43.6	127.8	959.2	357.1	128.9	198.3
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	1,027.4	8.6	26.6	81.5	61.2	128.5	130.2	226.0	364.7
Transportation equipment -----	1,517.3	6.2	74.1	79.4	610.4	161.7	149.4	119.4	316.8
Instruments, etc. ⁵ -----	288.3	-	.5	.3	19.1	71.2	103.0	39.1	55.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	200.0	1.5	.6	.7	8.5	38.6	82.3	25.9	41.9
Nonmanufacturing -----	14,411.9	232.2	304.9	613.5	1,557.3	2,871.7	3,085.5	1,862.4	3,884.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	510.5	-	.8	(⁶)	-	282.0	35.7	-	191.8
Mining -----	838.5	109.7	175.4	119.7	132.2	33.1	24.3	12.2	231.9
Contract construction -----	4,836.7	13.3	41.2	299.0	597.6	923.1	456.9	1,016.3	1,484.7
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	2,919.8	95.2	18.0	20.9	68.0	224.1	802.6	614.2	1,076.8
Wholesale and retail trade -----	1,801.7	2.0	13.3	57.2	214.8	544.6	347.5	87.9	534.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	86.6	-	-	2.7	1.2	.6	18.5	42.6	20.9
Services -----	830.8	2.9	12.7	20.5	241.8	93.8	77.7	46.9	334.7
Government ⁴ -----	2,591.9	9.2	43.5	93.4	301.7	770.4	1,322.2	42.4	9.1

¹ The totals in this table differ from those in preceding tables as these relate to stoppages ending during the year, and thus may include idleness occurring in prior years.

² Stoppages extending into 2 or more industries or industry groups have been counted in each industry or industry group; workers involved and days idle were allocated to the respective industries.

³ Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.

⁴ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

⁵ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments;

photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks.

⁶ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

⁷ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-26. Work stoppages by duration and major issue, 1973¹

Major issue	Number of stoppages								
	Total	1 day	2-3 days	4-6 days	7-14 days	15-29 days	30-59 days	60-89 days	90 days and over
All stoppages	5,320	833	793	657	950	851	666	261	309
General wage changes	2,532	73	157	273	606	622	481	165	155
Supplementary benefits	81	8	8	12	19	5	12	7	10
Wage adjustments	184	39	47	39	31	9	8	4	7
Hours of work	7	1	2	2	-	1	-	1	-
Other contractual matters	91	9	17	10	18	13	13	3	8
Union organization and security	453	17	31	34	67	77	81	56	90
Job security	263	53	52	29	42	32	29	11	15
Plant administration	1,214	481	353	177	105	48	24	12	14
Other working conditions	146	59	31	27	14	4	6	-	5
Interunion or intraunion matters	287	85	82	44	38	26	8	2	2
Not reported	62	8	13	10	10	14	4	-	3
	Workers involved (in thousands)								
All stoppages	2,247.6	275.5	287.9	395.2	491.1	416.8	199.9	91.5	89.8
General wage changes	1,141.9	15.6	62.7	204.4	354.4	244.0	151.6	51.4	57.7
Supplementary benefits	42.6	4.0	1.6	3.6	10.7	5.0	8.1	2.4	7.1
Wage adjustments	84.2	13.2	22.0	32.3	11.8	1.1	2.5	.5	.9
Hours of work	1.0	(²)	.3	.3	-	.1	-	.2	-
Other contractual matters	51.9	4.2	10.7	10.3	8.6	6.2	9.1	1.8	1.1
Union organization and security	115.7	2.9	10.5	14.5	21.4	31.8	11.1	13.6	9.8
Job security	158.9	23.9	21.6	14.6	18.9	58.0	7.5	5.7	8.7
Plant administration	532.5	176.8	118.4	93.7	56.1	60.9	9.1	15.8	1.8
Other working conditions	39.2	13.0	9.1	8.0	4.4	4.3	.3	-	.1
Interunion or intraunion matters	73.8	20.6	29.2	12.0	4.3	4.8	.4	(²)	2.5
Not reported	5.7	1.4	1.7	1.5	.4	.5	.2	-	(²)
	Days of idleness during year (in thousands)								
All stoppages	27,187.3	275.5	589.4	1,070.4	2,971.6	5,281.5	5,829.3	3,888.1	7,281.6
General wage changes	17,180.9	15.6	153.6	524.3	2,210.2	3,139.6	4,578.6	2,086.5	4,472.4
Supplementary benefits	1,062.8	4.0	2.8	15.3	65.6	78.7	172.4	116.6	607.4
Wage adjustments	415.1	13.2	41.0	72.8	76.3	16.9	70.6	25.6	98.6
Hours of work	13.5	(²)	.6	1.6	-	2.4	-	8.8	-
Other contractual matters	620.4	4.2	20.2	38.3	49.5	69.0	215.0	88.5	135.7
Union organization and security	2,384.6	2.9	28.2	47.8	144.5	407.2	270.6	664.5	818.8
Job security	2,253.8	23.9	38.1	45.6	112.5	839.7	222.4	191.1	780.3
Plant administration	2,735.5	176.8	224.3	270.3	263.3	607.1	275.4	700.7	217.6
Other working conditions	169.3	13.0	17.6	21.2	26.8	63.5	8.0	-	19.3
Interunion or intraunion matters	318.3	20.6	56.8	28.9	20.0	49.7	10.6	5.7	125.7
Not reported	33.5	1.4	6.0	4.2	2.9	7.7	5.7	-	5.7

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-27. Work stoppages by duration and contract status, 1973¹

Duration and contract status	Stoppages		Workers involved		Days of idleness	
	Number	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
All stoppages	5,320	100.0	2,247.6	100.0	27,187.3	100.0
1 day	833	15.7	275.5	12.3	275.5	1.0
2 to 3 days	793	14.9	287.9	12.8	589.4	2.2
4 to 6 days	657	12.3	395.2	17.6	1,070.4	3.9
7 to 14 days	950	17.9	491.1	21.8	2,971.6	10.9
15 to 29 days	851	16.0	416.8	18.5	5,281.5	19.4
30 to 59 days	666	12.5	199.9	8.9	5,829.3	21.4
60 to 89 days	261	4.9	91.5	4.1	3,888.1	14.3
90 days and over	309	5.8	89.8	4.0	7,281.6	26.8
Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition	653	12.3	69.6	3.1	1,808.4	6.7
1 day	23	.4	3.2	.1	3.2	(²)
2 to 3 days	43	.8	6.9	.3	16.7	.1
4 to 6 days	54	1.0	6.5	.3	21.0	.1
7 to 14 days	106	2.0	10.2	.5	70.5	.3
15 to 29 days	119	2.2	17.2	.8	267.9	1.0
30 to 59 days	128	2.4	12.3	.5	334.9	1.2
60 to 89 days	61	1.1	3.4	.2	174.7	.6
90 days and over	119	2.2	9.8	.4	919.4	3.4
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)	2,684	50.5	1,483.8	66.0	23,353.1	85.9
1 day	79	1.5	30.9	1.4	30.9	.1
2 to 3 days	179	3.4	81.7	3.6	194.3	.7
4 to 6 days	287	5.4	246.2	11.0	662.2	2.4
7 to 14 days	641	12.0	406.0	18.1	2,528.8	9.3
15 to 29 days	639	12.0	373.6	16.6	4,774.7	17.6
30 to 59 days	498	9.4	179.0	8.0	5,231.5	19.2
60 to 89 days	187	3.5	86.9	3.9	3,649.0	13.4
90 days and over	174	3.3	79.4	3.5	6,281.8	23.1
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)	1,817	34.2	674.5	30.0	1,852.4	6.8
1 day	708	13.3	237.9	10.6	237.9	.9
2 to 3 days	541	10.2	196.6	8.7	372.3	1.4
4 to 6 days	281	5.3	137.9	6.1	373.0	1.4
7 to 14 days	177	3.3	72.8	3.2	359.9	1.3
15 to 29 days	66	1.2	20.3	.9	153.8	.6
30 to 59 days	25	.5	7.6	.3	236.9	.9
60 to 89 days	9	.2	.9	(³)	48.7	.2
90 days and over	10	.2	.5	(³)	70.0	.3
No contract or other contract status	68	1.3	6.1	.3	28.9	.1
1 day	16	.3	2.1	.1	2.1	(³)
2 to 3 days	14	.3	.7	(³)	1.4	(³)
4 to 6 days	16	.3	2.3	.1	6.1	(³)
7 to 14 days	9	.2	.6	(³)	4.2	(³)
15 to 29 days	6	.1	.2	(³)	2.3	(³)
30 to 59 days	3	.1	(³)	(³)	.7	(³)
60 to 89 days	1	(³)	.1	(³)	7.3	(³)
90 days and over	3	.1	(³)	(³)	4.8	(³)
No information on contract status	98	1.8	13.6	.6	144.6	.5
1 day	7	.1	1.4	.1	1.4	(³)
2 to 3 days	16	.3	2.0	.1	4.6	(³)
4 to 6 days	19	.4	2.3	.1	8.1	(³)
7 to 14 days	17	.3	1.2	.1	8.2	(³)
15 to 29 days	21	.4	5.5	.2	82.8	.3
30 to 59 days	12	.2	.9	(³)	25.4	.1
60 to 89 days	3	.1	.2	(³)	8.4	(³)
90 days and over	3	.1	(³)	(³)	5.7	(³)

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

³ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

Table A-28. Mediation of work stoppages by contract status, 1973¹

Mediation agency and contract status	Stoppages		Workers involved		Days of idleness ²	
	Number	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
All stoppages -----	5,320	100.0	2,247.6	100.0	27,187.3	100.0
Government mediation ² -----	2,165	40.7	955.5	42.5	18,640.2	68.6
Federal mediation -----	1,700	32.0	768.4	34.2	15,416.9	56.7
State mediation -----	271	5.1	99.6	4.4	1,409.2	5.2
Federal and State mediation combined -----	112	2.1	66.4	3.0	1,598.5	5.9
Other mediation -----	82	1.5	21.1	.9	215.6	.8
Private mediation -----	122	2.3	24.7	1.1	222.7	.8
No mediation reported -----	3,009	56.6	1,263.4	56.2	8,254.6	30.4
No information -----	24	.5	4.0	.2	69.8	.3
Negotiation of first agreement -----	653	12.3	69.6	3.1	1,808.4	6.7
Government mediation -----	246	4.6	30.5	1.4	899.5	3.3
Federal mediation -----	188	3.5	20.3	.9	693.0	2.5
State mediation -----	34	.6	3.9	.2	86.2	.3
Federal and State mediation combined -----	2	(³)	.3	(³)	8.7	(³)
Other mediation -----	22	.4	5.9	.3	111.6	.4
Private mediation -----	27	.5	2.7	.1	21.6	.1
No mediation reported -----	376	7.1	36.3	1.6	875.9	3.2
No information -----	4	.1	.1	(³)	11.3	(³)
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening) -----	2,684	50.5	1,483.8	66.0	23,353.1	85.9
Government mediation -----	1,803	33.9	892.1	39.7	17,461.9	64.2
Federal mediation -----	1,443	27.1	727.2	32.4	14,505.2	53.4
State mediation -----	222	4.2	91.7	4.1	1,314.5	4.8
Federal and State mediation combined -----	105	2.0	63.5	2.8	1,563.1	5.7
Other mediation -----	33	.6	9.7	.4	79.1	.3
Private mediation -----	53	1.0	9.9	.4	118.4	.4
No mediation reported -----	818	15.4	579.4	25.8	5,742.2	21.1
No information -----	10	.2	2.3	.1	30.7	.1
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved) -----	1,817	34.2	674.5	30.0	1,852.4	6.8
Government mediation -----	71	1.3	23.8	1.1	160.3	.6
Federal mediation -----	33	.6	12.3	.5	104.2	.4
State mediation -----	14	.3	4.0	.2	8.1	(³)
Federal and State mediation combined -----	4	.1	2.5	.1	26.0	.1
Other mediation -----	20	.4	5.0	.2	22.0	.1
Private mediation -----	35	.7	11.8	.5	80.9	.3
No mediation reported -----	1,707	32.1	637.8	28.4	1,587.0	5.8
No information -----	4	.1	1.0	(³)	24.2	.1
No contract or other contract status -----	68	1.3	6.1	.3	28.9	.1
Government mediation -----	6	.1	.6	(³)	2.2	(³)
Federal mediation -----	1	(³)	.5	(³)	1.9	(³)
State mediation -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal and State mediation combined -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other mediation -----	5	.1	.1	(³)	.3	(³)
Private mediation -----	5	.1	.2	(³)	1.2	(³)
No mediation reported -----	57	1.1	5.3	.2	25.4	.1
No information -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
No information on contract status -----	98	1.8	13.6	.6	144.6	.5
Government mediation -----	39	.7	8.5	.4	116.3	.4
Federal mediation -----	35	.7	8.1	.4	112.6	.4
State mediation -----	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	.3	(³)
Federal and State mediation combined -----	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	.8	(³)
Other mediation -----	2	(³)	.3	(³)	2.5	(³)
Private mediation -----	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	.6	(³)
No mediation reported -----	51	1.0	4.5	.2	24.1	.1
No information -----	6	.1	.5	(³)	3.6	(³)

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Includes stoppages involving workers in which private mediation also was employed.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Less than 100.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-29. Settlement of work stoppages by contract status, 1973¹

Contract status and settlement	Stoppages		Workers involved		Days of idleness	
	Number	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
All stoppages	5,320	100.0	2,247.6	100.0	27,187.3	100.0
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	4,230	79.5	1,863.0	82.9	25,264.5	92.9
Employer out of business or operation closed	45	.8	2.3	.1	128.8	.5
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	591	11.1	180.2	8.0	315.8	1.2
Strike broken	257	4.8	25.2	1.1	951.6	3.5
Work resumed under court injunction	195	3.7	175.8	7.8	512.7	1.9
No information	2	(³)	1.0	(³)	14.0	.1
Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition	653	12.3	69.6	3.1	1,808.4	6.7
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	480	9.0	57.2	2.5	1,324.5	4.9
Employer out of business or operation closed	9	.2	.3	(³)	9.0	(³)
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	5	.1	.5	(³)	.6	(³)
Strike broken	141	2.6	7.1	.3	442.2	1.6
Work resumed under court injunction	17	.3	3.6	.2	29.8	.1
No information	1	(³)	.9	(³)	2.3	(³)
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening)	2,684	50.5	1,483.8	66.0	23,353.1	85.9
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	2,532	47.6	1,438.1	64.0	22,639.3	83.3
Employer out of business or operation closed	24	.5	1.4	.1	86.7	.3
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	10	.2	7.3	.3	15.0	.1
Strike broken	75	1.4	9.3	.4	437.6	1.6
Work resumed under court injunction	42	.8	27.5	1.2	162.9	.6
No information	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	11.7	(³)
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved)	1,817	34.2	674.5	30.0	1,852.4	6.8
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	1,082	20.3	351.8	15.7	1,143.8	4.2
Employer out of business or operation closed	8	.1	.4	(³)	29.1	.1
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	566	10.6	170.4	7.6	297.9	1.1
Strike broken	26	.5	8.4	.4	62.7	.2
Work resumed under court injunction	135	2.5	143.5	6.4	318.8	1.2
No information	-	-	-	-	-	-
No contract or other contract status	68	1.3	6.1	.3	28.9	.1
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	47	.9	3.3	.1	18.3	.1
Employer out of business or operation closed	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	.6	(³)
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	6	.1	1.2	.1	1.4	(³)
Strike broken	12	.2	.4	(³)	7.4	(³)
Work resumed under court injunction	1	(³)	1.2	.1	1.2	(³)
No information	-	-	-	-	-	-
No information on contract status	98	1.8	13.6	.6	144.6	.5
Formal settlement reached, ² all issues resolved	89	1.7	12.7	.6	138.6	.5
Employer out of business or operation closed	2	(³)	.1	(³)	3.4	(³)
No formal settlement, short protest or sympathy strike	4	.1	.8	(³)	.8	(³)
Strike broken	3	.1	(³)	(³)	1.8	(³)
Work resumed under court injunction	-	-	-	-	-	-
No information	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

³ Fewer than 100.

⁴ The parties either reached a formal settlement or agreed on a procedure for resolving their differences.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-30. Settlement of work stoppages by major issue, 1973 ¹

Major issue	Total	Settlement				Work resumed under court injunction	Employer out of business	No information
		Formal settlement reached		No formal settlement reached				
		All issues resolved	Procedure for handling unresolved issues	Short protest or sympathy strikes	Strike broken			
Number of work stoppages								
All stoppages	5,320	3,635	595	591	25.7	195	45	2
General wage changes	5,532	2,261	113	11	88	36	22	1
Supplemental benefits no general wage increase	81	69	6	-	2	2	2	-
Wage adjustments	184	109	26	19	9	18	3	-
Hours of work	7	6	-	1	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	91	67	11	6	3	3	1	-
Union organization and security	453	254	62	4	117	9	6	1
Job security	263	162	28	44	12	15	2	-
Plant administration	1,214	547	194	354	19	94	6	-
Other working conditions	146	69	10	56	5	6	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	287	40	142	92	1	11	1	-
Not reported	62	51	3	4	1	1	2	-
Number of workers involved								
All stoppages	2,247.6	1,594.7	268.3	180.2	25.2	175.8	2.3	1.0
General wage changes	1,141.9	995.1	120.6	2.2	5.0	17.8	1.1	(²)
Supplemental benefits no general wage increase	42.6	37.3	4.2	-	(²)	.9	(²)	-
Wage adjustments	84.2	47.0	14.5	4.7	1.8	15.8	.4	-
Hours of work	1.0	1.0	-	(²)	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	51.9	36.5	2.6	6.4	2.0	4.3	(²)	-
Union organization and security	115.7	95.6	11.2	.5	5.7	1.7	.2	.9
Job security	158.9	112.1	14.6	27.1	.6	4.4	(²)	-
Plant administration	532.5	230.1	83.0	90.1	7.3	121.7	.2	-
Other working conditions	39.2	22.6	2.1	13.3	.2	1.1	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	73.8	13.0	15.1	35.4	2.5	7.9	(²)	-
Not reported	5.7	4.6	.5	.4	(²)	.1	.1	-
Number of days of idleness								
All stoppages	27,187.3	22,541.3	2,723.2	315.8	951.6	512.7	128.8	14.0
General wage changes	17,180.9	15,047.7	1,556.0	2.5	367.8	131.5	63.6	11.7
Supplemental benefits no general wage increase	1,062.8	748.4	299.1	-	8.9	.9	5.5	-
Wage adjustments	415.1	244.7	56.9	8.1	29.1	45.4	30.9	-
Hours of work	13.5	13.4	-	(²)	-	-	-	-
Other contractual matters	620.4	546.4	23.0	13.1	5.8	28.3	3.9	-
Union organization and security	2,384.6	1,911.4	117.5	.5	317.6	19.0	16.3	2.3
Job security	2,253.8	1,963.9	195.5	38.1	31.2	24.1	.9	-
Plant administration	2,735.5	1,869.1	416.2	147.8	60.8	237.5	4.1	-
Other working conditions	169.3	133.7	4.1	19.5	5.0	6.9	-	-
Interunion or intraunion matters	318.1	34.7	53.8	85.6	124.9	19.0	(²)	-
Not reported	33.5	27.9	1.1	.4	.5	.1	3.4	-

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.
² Less than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-31. Settlement of work stoppages by industry group, 1973¹

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Number of work stoppages							
	Total	Formal settlement reached		No formal settlement reached		Work resumed under court injunction	Employer out of business	No information
		All issues resolved	Procedure for handling unresolved issues	Short protest or sympathy strike	Strike broken			
All industries	^a 5,320	3,635	595	591	257	195	45	2
Manufacturing	^a 2,271	1,879	141	58	125	44	23	1
Ordnance and accessories	7	6	1	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	177	152	11	-	8	3	3	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	44	39	2	-	3	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ²	47	35	8	1	2	-	1	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	67	55	4	-	6	2	1	1
Furniture and fixtures	82	66	9	-	4	2	1	-
Paper and allied products	99	87	5	1	4	2	1	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	82	52	3	2	22	1	2	-
Chemicals and allied products	128	112	8	2	3	2	1	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	17	13	1	-	1	1	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	142	123	7	2	7	1	-	-
Leather and leather products	10	5	2	-	3	-	2	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	171	146	10	2	7	6	-	-
Primary metal industries	164	137	10	1	6	8	2	-
Fabricated metal products ⁴	300	265	10	3	12	6	4	-
Machinery, except electrical	326	266	16	19	17	6	2	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	175	131	15	15	9	3	2	-
Transportation equipment	159	126	14	8	6	3	2	-
Instruments, etc. ³	36	29	3	1	3	1	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	43	39	-	1	2	-	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	^a 3,050	1,757	454	533	132	151	22	1
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	12	9	-	-	3	-	-	-
Mining	1,078	365	157	479	3	74	-	-
Contract construction	542	334	169	16	16	3	3	1
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	310	251	20	8	14	8	9	-
Wholesale and retail trade	488	400	24	5	44	8	7	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	24	18	2	-	3	-	1	-
Services	208	144	21	6	32	4	1	-
Government ⁶	388	236	61	19	17	54	1	-
Number of workers involved								
All industries	2,247.6	1,594.7	268.3	180.2	25.2	175.8	2.3	1.0
Manufacturing	957.1	771.6	97.9	38.6	15.5	30.9	1.7	.9
Ordnance and accessories	5.1	4.8	.2	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	76.4	72.6	2.8	-	.6	.2	.2	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	8.5	8.1	.3	-	.1	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ²	10.8	7.6	2.1	.8	.3	-	(⁷)	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	16.4	10.9	4.1	-	.5	-	(⁷)	-
Furniture and fixtures	15.3	11.7	2.8	-	.2	.5	(⁷)	.9
Paper and allied products	24.3	22.1	1.1	.3	.1	.7	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	23.0	19.3	.6	1.1	.7	.9	.3	-
Chemicals and allied products	30.8	21.7	7.0	1.0	(⁷)	.9	.1	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	9.3	5.2	3.9	-	.2	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	99.6	87.0	4.2	4.2	3.6	.4	(⁷)	-
Leather and leather products	2.1	1.3	.6	-	.3	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	28.0	25.4	.8	.3	.4	1.1	-	-
Primary metal industries	53.8	46.1	3.3	.1	.5	3.6	.2	-
Fabricated metal products ⁴	74.3	67.5	2.6	.2	1.0	2.5	.4	-
Machinery, except electrical	164.8	112.1	38.9	6.3	1.4	5.9	.1	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	85.0	62.8	8.5	6.0	.8	6.9	(⁷)	-
Transportation equipment	206.5	164.1	14.0	16.7	4.6	6.9	.2	-
Instruments, etc. ³	14.3	14.0	.2	(⁷)	(⁷)	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	8.9	7.2	-	1.5	(⁷)	.2	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	1,290.4	823.1	170.4	141.6	9.7	145.0	.6	(⁷)
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	24.1	21.5	-	-	2.6	-	-	-
Mining	300.6	87.8	58.2	116.8	1.1	36.8	-	-
Contract construction	387.9	338.9	34.9	5.0	1.3	7.7	(⁷)	(⁷)
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	184.8	86.9	6.3	14.6	.5	76.2	.3	-
Wholesale and retail trade	118.6	111.7	1.3	1.0	1.3	3.3	(⁷)	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3.7	3.4	.1	-	.1	-	(⁷)	-
Services	67.4	55.4	7.7	.7	1.4	2.2	(⁷)	-
Government ⁶	203.3	117.6	61.9	3.5	1.5	18.7	(⁷)	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-31. Settlement of work stoppages by industry group, 1973¹ - Continued

(Workers and days in thousands)

Industry group	Number of days of idleness							No information
	Total	Formal settlement reached		No formal settlement reached		Work resumed under court injunction	Employer out of business	
		All issues resolved	Procedure for handling unresolved issues	Short protest or sympathy strike	Strike broken			
All industries	27,187.3	22,541.3	2,723.2	315.8	951.6	512.7	128.8	14.0
Manufacturing	12,775.4	10,959.8	980.0	64.8	553.4	121.9	93.3	2.3
Ordnance and accessories	244.6	242.7	1.9	-	-	-	-	-
Food and kindred products	956.4	876.7	29.3	-	21.5	.8	28.0	-
Tobacco manufactures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products	206.4	186.1	5.1	-	15.1	-	-	-
Apparel, etc. ³	84.5	67.3	12.6	1.6	2.3	-	.6	-
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	271.1	196.5	15.0	-	54.4	-	2.9	2.3
Furniture and fixture	290.3	245.9	14.4	-	12.7	16.8	.6	-
Paper and allied products	445.0	430.0	5.1	1.0	7.6	1.3	-	-
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	264.5	195.4	3.0	1.1	56.9	.9	7.2	-
Chemicals and allied products	453.6	386.3	55.6	1.0	2.3	7.8	.7	-
Petroleum refining and related industries	577.5	184.3	343.1	-	50.1	-	-	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	1,480.8	1,415.1	13.2	6.8	39.5	1.3	4.9	-
Leather and leather products	39.4	13.6	3.4	-	22.4	-	-	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	586.4	555.6	6.0	.3	20.5	4.0	-	-
Primary metal industries	754.5	696.3	22.1	.1	21.9	7.3	6.7	-
Fabricated metal products ⁴	1,247.9	1,131.8	13.0	.3	66.5	11.3	25.0	-
Machinery, except electrical	1,839.5	1,405.7	294.8	11.2	83.0	36.5	8.2	-
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	1,027.4	883.0	54.5	11.8	56.7	18.8	2.6	-
Transportation equipment	1,517.3	1,368.7	85.8	27.9	14.5	14.7	5.8	-
Instruments, etc. ⁵	288.3	282.0	2.0	.2	4.1	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	200.0	196.8	-	1.5	1.3	.4	-	-
Nonmanufacturing	14,411.9	11,581.5	1,743.2	250.9	398.2	390.7	35.5	11.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	510.5	381.7	-	-	128.8	-	-	-
Mining	838.5	336.9	224.6	183.3	4.7	89.0	-	-
Contract construction	4,832.1	4,421.9	330.7	34.2	20.6	11.8	1.2	11.7
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services	2,919.8	2,613.0	124.8	19.0	47.0	95.5	20.5	-
Wholesale and retail trade	1,801.7	1,688.9	16.9	1.4	70.7	14.2	9.6	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	86.6	79.0	1.1	-	3.8	-	2.6	-
Services	830.8	645.2	68.9	1.8	106.2	7.4	1.4	-
Government ⁶	2,591.9	1,414.9	976.2	11.2	16.4	172.9	.2	-

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Stoppages extending into 2 or more industries or industry groups have been counted in each industry or industry group; workers involved and days of idleness allocated to the respective industries.

³ Includes other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials.

⁴ Excludes ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

⁵ Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods, watches and clocks.

⁶ The situations reported here have, for statistical purposes, been deemed to fall within the Bureau's definition of a work stoppage. This does not constitute a legal determination that a work stoppage has taken place in violation of any law or public policy.

⁷ Fewer than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Table A-32. Procedure for resolving unsettled issues in work stoppages by contract status, 1973¹

Procedure for handling unsettled issues and contract status	Stoppages		Workers involved		Days of idleness	
	Number	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
All stoppages ² -----	539	100.0	266.6	100.0	2,696.0	100.0
Arbitration -----	71	13.2	53.8	20.2	789.4	29.3
Direct negotiations -----	268	49.7	153.9	57.7	1,166.8	43.3
Referral to a government agency -----	95	17.6	15.2	5.7	82.8	3.1
Other means -----	105	19.5	43.8	16.4	657.0	24.4
Negotiation of first agreement or union recognition -----	59	10.9	6.5	2.5	82.2	3.0
Arbitration -----	6	1.1	.3	.1	14.1	.5
Direct negotiations -----	23	4.3	2.2	.8	31.6	1.2
Referral to a government agency -----	30	5.6	4.0	1.5	36.6	1.4
Other means -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renegotiation of agreement (expiration or reopening) -----	112	20.8	143.0	53.6	2,141.2	79.4
Arbitration -----	25	4.6	34.8	13.1	695.6	25.8
Direct negotiations -----	65	12.1	81.6	30.6	949.3	35.2
Referral to a government agency -----	10	1.9	1.1	.4	16.3	.6
Other means -----	12	2.2	25.4	9.5	480.0	17.8
During term of agreement (negotiation of new agreement not involved) -----	364	67.5	116.7	43.8	472.1	17.5
Arbitration -----	40	7.4	18.6	7.0	79.8	3.0
Direct negotiations -----	178	33.0	69.7	26.2	185.6	6.9
Referral to a government agency -----	54	10.0	10.0	3.8	29.8	1.1
Other means -----	92	17.1	18.3	6.9	176.9	6.6
No contract or other contract status -----	4	.7	.4	.1	.6	(³)
Arbitration -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
Direct negotiations -----	2	.4	.3	.1	.3	(³)
Referral to a government agency -----	1	.2	(⁴)	(³)	(⁴)	(³)
Other means -----	1	.2	(⁴)	(³)	.2	(³)

¹ See footnote 1, table A-25.

² Excludes stoppages on which there was no information on unsettled issues or no agreement on a procedure for handling these issues.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Less than 100.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes denote zeros.

Appendix B.

Work stoppage statistics

It is the purpose of this statistical series to report all work stoppages in the United States that involve six workers or more and last the equivalent of a full day or shift or longer.

Definitions

Strike or lockout. A strike is defined as a temporary stoppage of work by a group of employees (not necessarily members of a union) to express a grievance or enforce a demand. A lockout is a temporary withholding or denial of employment during a labor dispute to enforce terms of employment upon a group of employees. Because of the complexity of most labor-management disputes, the Bureau makes no attempt to distinguish between strikes and lockouts in its statistics; both types are included in the term "work stoppage" and are used interchangeably.

Workers and idleness. The figures on the number of "workers involved" and "man-days idle" include all workers made idle for one shift or longer in establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not account for secondary idleness—that is, the effects of a stoppage on other establishments or industries whose employees may be made idle as a result of material or service shortages.

The total number of workers involved in strikes in a given year may include double counting of individual workers if they were involved in more than one stoppage during that year. (Thus, in 1949, 365,000 to 400,000 coal miners struck on three different occasions; they accounted for 1.15 million of the year's total of 3.03 million workers.)

In some prolonged stoppages, the total man-days of idleness are estimated if the number of workers idle each day is not known. Significant changes in the number of workers idle are secured from the parties for use in computing man-days of idleness.

The relative measures. In computing the number of workers involved in strikes as a percent of total em-

ployment and idleness as a percent of total working time, the following employment figures have been used:

Old series—from 1927 to 1950, all employed workers were included in the base, except those in occupations and professions in which little, if any, union organization existed or in which stoppages rarely, if ever, occurred. In most industries, all wage and salary workers were included in total employment except those in executive, managerial, or high supervisory positions, or those performing professional work the nature of which made union organization or group action unlikely. This measure of employment also excluded all self-employed persons; domestic workers; workers on farms employing fewer than six persons; all Federal and State Government employees; and officials, both elected and appointed, in local government.

From 1951 to 1966, the Bureau's estimates of total employment in nonagricultural establishments, exclusive of government, were used as a base. Man-days of idleness computed on the basis of nonagricultural employment (exclusive of government) usually differed by less than one-tenth of a percentage point from that obtained by the former method, while the percentage of workers idle (compared with total employment) differs by about 0.5 of a point. For example, the percentage of workers idle during 1950 computed on the base used for the earlier years was 6.9, and the percent of man-days of idleness was 0.44, compared with 6.3 and 0.40, respectively, computed on the new base.

*New series*²—beginning with 1967, two estimates of employment have been used, one based on the wage and salary workers in the civilian work force, and the other on those in the private nonfarm sector. The new private nonfarm series closely approximates the former BLS series which, as noted, excluded government and agricultural workers from

¹ More detailed information is available in *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 1711 (1972), ch. 19.

² For further information, see "Total Economy Measure of Strike Idleness," *Monthly Labor Review*, October 1968, pp. 54-56.

employment totals, but accounted for time lost by such workers while on strike. In recent years, the old method has resulted in an increasingly distorted measure of the severity of strikes; with the likely growth of strike activity among the two groups, it may distort the measure even more in the future. The new "total economy" measure of strike idleness now includes government and agricultural workers in its employment count as well as in the computation of idleness ratios. On the other hand, data for the private nonfarm sector excludes agricultural and government workers from employment totals, and these groups will also be removed from strike figures in arriving at a percentage of working time lost (see table A-21). To facilitate comparisons over time, the figure for the total economy has been carried back to 1939 (see table A-1). The differences resulting from the use of the new method are illustrated below: The various components of each series and the methods of computation are set forth in the tabulation.

"Estimated working time" is computed by multiplying the average employment for the year by the number of days typically worked by most employed workers during that year. In these computations, Saturday (when customarily not worked), Sundays, and established holidays as provided in most union contracts are excluded.³

Duration. Although only workdays are used in computing total man-days of idleness, duration is expressed in calendar days, including nonworkdays.

State data. Stoppages occurring in more than one State are listed separately in each State affected. The workers and man-days of idleness are allocated among each of the affected States.⁴ The procedures

outlined on the preceding page also have been used in preparing estimates of idleness by State.

Metropolitan area data. Information is tabulated separately for the areas that currently comprise the list of standard metropolitan statistical areas issued by the Office of Management and Budget, formerly Bureau of the Budget, in addition to a few communities historically included in the strike series before the current list of standard metropolitan areas was compiled. The counties or other political districts include in each SMSA to which the strike statistics apply are those established by the Office of Management and Budget. Information is published only for those areas in which at least five stoppages were recorded during the year.

Some metropolitan areas include counties in more than one State, and, hence, statistics for an area may occasionally equal or exceed the total for the State in which the major city is located. Stoppages in the mining and logging industries are excluded from metropolitan area data, but are reported by industry and State.

Unions involved. For this purpose, the union is the organization whose contract was involved or which has taken active leadership in the stoppage. Disputes involving more than one union are classified as

³For example, the total economy figures for 1968 was computed by multiplying the average employment for the year by the number of working days (69,430,000 x 256 = 17,774,080,000) and dividing this figure into the total number of man-days of idleness.

⁴The same procedure is followed in allocating data on stoppages occurring in more than one industry, industry group, or metropolitan area.

<i>Components and method</i>	<i>Total economy</i>	<i>Private sector</i>	<i>Old series</i>
Employment	Establishment series plus wage and salaried farm workers.	Establishment series less government.	Establishment series less government.
Working time	Above employment times working days.	Above employment times working days.	Above employment times working days.
Man-days of idleness as a percent of estimated total working time	$\frac{\text{Total idleness}}{\text{Above working time}} \times 100$	$\frac{\text{Total idleness less farm and government}}{\text{Above working time}} \times 100$	$\frac{\text{Total idleness}}{\text{Above working time}} \times 100$

jurisdictional or rival union disputes or as involving cooperating unions. If unorganized workers strike, a separate classification is used. However, the tabulations of "workers involved" include all who are made idle for one shift or longer in establishments directly involved in the dispute, including members of other unions and nonunion workers. For publication purposes, union information is presented by major affiliation of the union, i.e., AFL-CIO, or nonaffiliation such as "independent," "single firm," or "no union."

Sources of information

Occurrence of strikes. Information on the actual or probable existence of work stoppages is collected from a number of sources. Clippings on labor disputes are obtained from a comprehensive coverage of daily and weekly newspapers throughout the country. Information also is received regularly from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service. Other sources of information include State Boards of mediation and arbitration; research divisions of State labor departments; local offices of State employment security agencies, channeled through the Manpower Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor; and trade and union journals. Some employer associations, companies, and unions also furnish the Bureau with work stoppage information on a voluntary cooperative basis, either as stoppages occur or periodically.

Respondents to questionnaire. A questionnaire is mailed to each of the parties reported as involved in work stoppages to obtain information on the number of workers involved, duration, major issues, loca-

tion, method of settlement, and other pertinent information.

Limitations of data. Although the Bureau seeks to obtain complete coverage, i.e., a "census" of all strikes involving six workers or more and lasting a full shift or more, information is undoubtedly missing on some strikes involving small numbers of workers. Presumably, these missing strikes do not substantially affect the number of workers and man-days of idleness reported.

To improve the completeness of the count of stoppages, the Bureau has constantly sought to develop new sources of information on the probable existence of stoppages. Over the years, these sources have probably increased the number of strikes recorded, but have had little effect on the number of workers or total idleness.

Beginning in mid-1950, local offices of State employment security agencies would report⁵ monthly on work stoppages coming to their attention. It is estimated that this additional source increased the number of strikes reported in 1950 about 5 percent, and in 1951 and 1952, approximately 10 percent. Because most of these stoppages were small, they increased the number of workers involved and man-days of idleness less than 2 percent in 1950 and less than 3 percent in 1951 and 1952. In 1966, State employment security agencies were the sole source of information for 17 percent of the strikes recorded.

As new local agencies having knowledge of the existence of work stoppages are established or changes are made in local collection methods, every effort is made by the Bureau to establish cooperative arrangements.

⁵ Until 1969, the compilation of these reports was directed by the Bureau of Employment Security.