



Bureau of Labor Statistics

Washington, D.C. 20212

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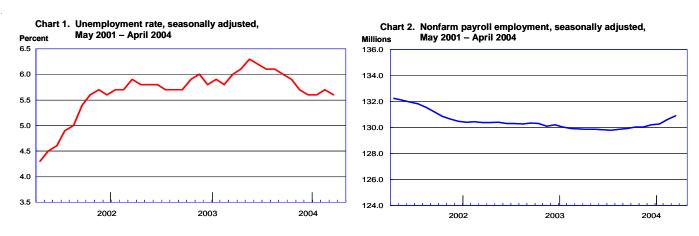
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691-5902

Friday, May 7, 2004.

THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION: APRIL 2004

Nonfarm payroll employment increased by 288,000 in April, and the unemployment rate was about unchanged at 5.6 percent, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. The April increase in payroll employment follows a gain of 337,000 in March, and job growth again was widespread. In April, employment rose substantially in several service-providing industries, construction continued to add jobs, and there was a noteworthy job gain in durable goods manufacturing.



Unemployment (Household Survey Data)

Both the unemployment rate, 5.6 percent, and the number of unemployed persons, 8.2 million, were essentially unchanged in April. The unemployment rate has been either 5.6 or 5.7 percent since last December. The unemployment rates for the major worker groups—adult men (5.0 percent), adult women (5.0 percent), teenagers (16.9 percent), whites (4.9 percent), blacks (9.7 percent), and Hispanics or Latinos (7.2 percent)—were little changed over the month. The unemployment rate for Asians was 4.4 percent in April, not seasonally adjusted. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

The number of persons unemployed for 27 weeks or longer declined by 188,000 to 1.8 million in April. These long-term unemployed persons accounted for 22.1 percent of the total unemployed. (See table A-9.)

Total Employment and the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

Total employment was 138.6 million in April, and the employment-population ratio—the proportion of the population age 16 and over with jobs—was about unchanged at 62.2 percent. The civilian labor force held

Table A. Major indicators of labor market activity, seasonally adjusted

Employment	(1, amous in modernos)	Quarterly	averages	N	Monthly data	a	Mar			
HOUSEHOLD DATA	Category	2003	2004 1		2004		Apr.			
Civilian labor force		IV	I	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	change			
Employment.	HOUSEHOLD DATA			Labor for	rce status					
Note in labor force	Civilian labor force	146,986	146,661	146,471	146,650	146,741	91			
Not in labor force	Employment	138,369	138,388	138,301	138,298	138,576	278			
All workers	Unemployment	8,616	8,273	8,170	8,352	8,164	-188			
All workers	Not in labor force	75,290	75,695	75,886	75,900	76,016	116			
Adult men										
Adult women	All workers	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6	-0.1			
Teenagers	Adult men	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.0	2			
White 5.1 5.0 4.9 5.1 4.9 2 Black or African American 10.7 10.1 9.8 10.2 9.7 5 Hispanic or Latino ethnicity 7.1 7.4 7.4 7.4 7.2 2 ESTABLISHMENT DATA Employment I30,002 p130,362 130,277 p130,614 p130,902 p288 Goods-producing 2 21,676 p21,715 21,684 p21,766 p21,808 p42 Construction 6,766 p6,820 6,791 p6,856 p6,874 p18 Manufacturing 14,340 p14,322 14,321 p14,330 p14,351 p21 Service-providing 2 108,326 p108,646 108,593 p108,848 p109,094 p246 Retail trade 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 3 p23 Professional and business services 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123	Adult women	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.0	1			
Black or African American	Teenagers	16.3	16.6	16.6	16.5	16.9	.4			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. 7.1 7.4 7.4 7.4 7.4 7.2 2	White	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	2			
ESTABLISHMENT DATA	Black or African American	10.7	10.1	9.8	10.2	9.7	5			
Nonfarm employment	Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.2	2			
Goods-producing 2 21,676 p21,715 21,684 p21,766 p21,808 p42 Construction 6,766 p6,820 6,791 p6,856 p6,874 p18 Manufacturing 14,340 p14,322 14,321 p14,330 p14,351 p21 Service-providing 2 108,326 p108,646 108,593 p108,848 p109,094 p246 Retail trade 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 ³ p23 Professional and business services 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123 Education and health services 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work 4 Total private 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p3	ESTABLISHMENT DATA			Emplo	yment					
Construction 6,766 p6,820 6,791 p6,856 p6,874 p18 Manufacturing 14,340 p14,322 14,321 p14,330 p14,351 p21 Service-providing 2 108,326 p108,646 108,593 p108,848 p109,094 p246 Retail trade 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 3 p23 Professional and business services 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123 Education and health services 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work 4 Total private 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p-3	Nonfarm employment	130,002	p130,362	130,277	p130,614	p130,902	p288			
Manufacturing. 14,340 p14,322 14,321 p14,330 p14,351 p21 Service-providing 2. 108,326 p108,646 108,593 p108,848 p109,094 p246 Retail trade. 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 ³ p23 Professional and business services. 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123 Education and health services. 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality. 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government. 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work ⁴ Total private. 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Ea	Goods-producing 2	21,676	p21,715	21,684	p21,766	p21,808	p42			
Service-providing 2 108,326 p108,646 108,593 p108,848 p109,094 p246 Retail trade 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 3 p23 Professional and business services 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123 Education and health services 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work 4 Total private 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) 4 Total private 98.7 p99.2 <t< td=""><td>Construction</td><td>6,766</td><td>p6,820</td><td>6,791</td><td>p6,856</td><td>p6,874</td><td>p18</td></t<>	Construction	6,766	p6,820	6,791	p6,856	p6,874	p18			
Retail trade. 14,915 p14,972 14,963 p15,009 p15,033 ³ p23 Professional and business services. 16,114 p16,206 16,196 p16,250 p16,373 p123 Education and health services. 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality. 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government. 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work ⁴ Total private. 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Earnings ⁴ Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	Manufacturing	14,340	p14,322	14,321	p14,330	p14,351	p21			
Professional and business services	Service-providing 2	108,326	p108,646	108,593	p108,848	p109,094	p246			
Education and health services. 16,705 p16,772 16,764 p16,805 p16,836 p31 Leisure and hospitality. 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government. 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work Total private. 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p30.7 p0.0 Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) Total private. 98.7 p99.2 99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	Retail trade	14,915	p14,972	14,963	p15,009	p15,033	³ p23			
Leisure and hospitality. 12,172 p12,237 12,229 p12,263 p12,299 p36 Government. 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work 4 Total private. 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) 4 Total private. 98.7 p99.2 p99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings 4 Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	Professional and business services	16,114	p16,206	16,196	p16,250	p16,373	p123			
Government 21,549 p21,544 21,539 p21,566 p21,574 p8 Hours of work Total private 33.7 p33.8 33.8 p33.7 p33.7 p0.0 Manufacturing 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) Total private 98.7 p99.2 99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	Education and health services	16,705	p16,772	16,764	p16,805	p16,836	p31			
Hours of work	Leisure and hospitality	12,172	p12,237	12,229	p12,263	p12,299	p36			
Total private	Government	21,549	p21,544	21,539	p21,566	p21,574	p8			
Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Total private. 98.7 p99.2 p99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings ⁴ Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05				Hours o	f work ⁴					
Manufacturing. 40.6 p41.0 41.0 p40.9 p40.6 p3 Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Total private. 98.7 p99.2 p99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings ⁴ Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.52 p\$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	Total private	33.7	n33.8	33.8	p33.7	p33.7	n0.0			
Overtime. 4.4 p4.6 4.6 p4.6 p4.5 p1 Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Total private. 98.7 p99.2 p99.2 p99.5 p0.3 Earnings ⁴ Average hourly earnings, total private. \$15.45 p\$15.52 \$15.54 p\$15.59 p\$0.05	•		_		-	-	•			
Indexes of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ⁴ Total private	-		•		•					
Total private										
Earnings ⁴ Average hourly earnings, total private	Total private			1						
Average hourly earnings, total private		/ 1	<u> </u>		•	<u>r</u>	<u> </u>			
	Average hourly earnings, total private	\$15.45	p\$15.52		1	p\$15.59	p\$0.05			
	Average weekly earnings, total private		_	524.58	_	_	p1.68			

¹ Beginning in January 2004, household data reflect revised population controls used in the Current Population Survey.

² Includes other industries, not shown separately.

³ Change calculated based on unrounded data.

⁴ Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers. p=preliminary.

at 146.7 million in April, and the civilian labor force participation rate was 65.9 percent for the third straight month. (See table A-1.)

Persons Not in the Labor Force (Household Survey Data)

The number of persons who were marginally attached to the labor force was 1.5 million in April, about the same as a year earlier. (Data are not seasonally adjusted.) These individuals wanted and were available to work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed, however, because they did not actively search for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. There were 492,000 discouraged workers in April, also about the same as a year earlier. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, were not currently looking for work specifically because they believed no jobs were available for them. The other 1.0 million marginally attached had not searched for work for reasons such as school or family responsibilities. (See table A-13.)

Industry Payroll Employment (Establishment Survey Data)

Total nonfarm payroll employment increased by 288,000 in April to 130.9 million, seasonally adjusted. This followed a gain of 337,000 jobs (as revised) in March. Since August 2003, payroll employment has risen by 1.1 million. Over the month, job growth was widespread, including large gains in several service-providing industries, and smaller gains in both construction and manufacturing. (See table B-1.)

In April, employment growth in manufacturing was concentrated in durable goods, which added 20,000 jobs. Most of the gain in durable goods employment occurred in fabricated metal products (10,000) and machinery (4,000). Since January, manufacturing employment has edged up by 37,000 (as revised). Employment in this industry had declined each month from August 2000 through January 2004.

Construction employment edged higher in April, after a substantial gain in the prior month. Since March 2003, the industry has added 213,000 jobs, bringing construction employment slightly above its most recent peak in March 2001.

Employment in a number of service-providing industries grew substantially over the month. Professional and business services employment rose by 123,000 in April. Within this sector, increases occurred in employment services (60,000), services to buildings and dwellings (30,000), management and technical consulting services (8,000), and architectural and engineering services (7,000). Within employment services, temporary help services added 35,000 jobs in April and 261,000 over the year.

Retail trade employment edged up in April, with gains in building material and garden supply stores, general merchandise stores, and motor vehicle and parts dealers. Over the year, retail trade has added 103,000 jobs, with much of the gain (72,000) occurring in building material and garden supply stores. Wholesale trade employment was little changed in April, but has risen by 49,000 since October.

Employment increased by 30,000 in health care and social assistance over the month. Since April 2003, this industry has gained 252,000 jobs. In comparison, the industry added 381,000 jobs from April 2002 to April 2003. Over the month, employment rose in hospitals and in ambulatory health care services (such as doctors' offices and outpatient care centers).

In the leisure and hospitality sector, food services added 34,000 jobs in April. Since December, growth in food services employment has averaged 28,000 per month, about twice the average monthly gain of 2003.

Weekly Hours (Establishment Survey Data)

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls was unchanged in April, at 33.7 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek declined by 0.3 hour to 40.6 hours. Manufacturing overtime edged down over the month to 4.5 hours. (See table B-2.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 0.3 percent in April to 99.5 (2002=100). The manufacturing index was down by 0.5 percent over the month to 93.8. (See table B-5.)

Hourly and Weekly Earnings (Establishment Survey Data)

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 5 cents in April to \$15.59, seasonally adjusted. Average weekly earnings increased by 0.3 percent over the month to \$525.38. Over the year, average hourly earnings grew by 2.2 percent, and average weekly earnings increased by 2.5 percent. (See table B-3.)

The Employment Situation for May 2004 is scheduled to be released on Friday, June 4, at 8:30 A.M. (EDT).

Explanatory Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides the information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the A tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides the information on the employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls that appears in the B tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. This information is collected from payroll records by BLS in cooperation with State agencies. The sample includes about 160,000 businesses and government agencies covering approximately 400,000 individual worksites. The active sample includes about one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. The sample is drawn from a sampling frame of unemployment insurance tax accounts.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference week is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: They had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The civilian labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are not in the labor force. The unemployment rate is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the employment-population ratio is the employed as a percent of the population.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as Federal, State, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are for private businesses and relate only to production workers in the goods-producing sector and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing sector. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll would be counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large; seasonal fluctuations may account for as much as 95 percent of the month-to-month changes in unemployment.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in economic activity or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. However, because the effect of students finishing school in previous years is known, the statistics for the current year can be adjusted to allow for a comparable change. Insofar as the seasonal adjustment is made correctly, the adjusted figure provides a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in economic activity.

Most seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most supersectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month, using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. In both surveys, revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total employment from the household survey is on the order of plus or minus 290,000. Suppose the estimate of total employment increases by 100,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -190,000 to 390,000 $(100,000 \pm 290,000)$. These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that employment had, in fact, increased. If, however, the reported employment rise was half a million, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that an employment rise had, in fact, occurred. At an unemployment rate of around 4 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment is about +/- 270,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- .19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates is also improved when the data are cumulated over time such as for quarterly and annual averages. The seasonal adjustment process can also improve the stability of the monthly estimates.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling errors can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on substantially incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component uses business deaths to impute employment for business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based link relative estimate procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same trend as the other firms in the sample. The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past five years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, the benchmark revision for total nonfarm employment has averaged 0.3 percent, ranging from zero to 0.7 percent.

Additional statistics and other information

More comprehensive statistics are contained in *Employment and Earnings*, published each month by BLS. It is available for \$27.00 per issue or \$53.00 per year from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. All orders must be prepaid by sending a check or money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by charging to Mastercard or Visa.

Employment and Earnings also provides measures of sampling error for the household and establishment survey data published in this release. For unemployment and other labor force categories, these measures appear in tables 1-B through 1-D of its "Explanatory Notes." For the establishment survey data, the sampling error measures and the actual size of revisions due to benchmark adjustments appear in tables 2-B through 2-F of Employment and Earnings.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age

Employment status, sex, and age	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted	Seasonally adjusted ¹					
Employment status, sex, and age	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	220,540	222,550	222,757	220,540	222,509	222,161	222,357	222,550	222,757
Civilian labor force		146,525	146,260	146,377	146,878	146,863	146,471	146,650	146,741
Participation rate		65.8	65.7	66.4	66.0	66.1	65.9	65.9	65.9
Employed		137,691	138,423	137,578	138,479	138,566	138,301	138,298	138,576
Employment-population ratio		61.9	62.1	62.4	62.2	62.4	62.2	62.1	62.2
Unemployed		8,834	7,837	8,799	8,398	8,297	8,170	8,352	8,164
Unemployment rate		6.0	5.4	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6
Not in labor force Persons who currently want a job		76,025 4,667	76,497 4,598	74,163 4,462	75,631 4,714	75,298 4,747	75,886 4,746	75,900 4,843	76,016 4,744
reisons who currently want a job	4,373	4,007	4,596	4,462	4,714	4,747	4,740	4,043	4,744
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population		107,281	107,392	106,123	107,123	107,072	107,177	107,281	107,392
Civilian labor force		78,283	78,147	78,095	78,661	78,823	78,337	78,542	78,501
Participation rate Employed		73.0 73,244	72.8 73,774	73.6 73.150	73.4 74,085	73.6 74,343	73.1 73,901	73.2 74,006	73.1 74,053
Employment-population ratio		68.3	68.7	68.9	69.2	69.4	69.0	69.0	69.0
Unemployed		5,039	4,373	4,945	4,576	4,480	4,436	4,536	4,448
Unemployment rate		6.4	5.6	6.3	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7
Not in labor force		28,998	29,244	28,028	28,462	28,249	28,840	28,739	28,891
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	97,979	99,065	99,170	97,979	98,927	98,866	98,966	99,065	99,170
Civilian labor force		74,991	74,806	74,510	75,044	75,171	74,797	75,018	74,871
Participation rate		75.7	75.4	76.0	75.9	76.0	75.6	75.7	75.5
Employed	70,259	70,586	71,060	70,290	71,099	71,329	70,969	71,128	71,118
Employment-population ratio	71.7	71.3	71.7	71.7	71.9	72.1	71.7	71.8	71.7
Unemployed	4,245	4,405	3,746	4,220	3,945	3,842	3,828	3,890	3,753
Unemployment rate		5.9 24,074	5.0 24,364	5.7 23,469	5.3 23,882	5.1 23,694	5.1 24,168	5.2 24,047	5.0 24,299
Women, 16 years and over	25, 112		_ ,,,,,,,				_ ,,	_ ,,,	,
roman, ra yaara ana avar									
Civilian noninstitutional population		115,269	115,365	114,417	115,386	115,089	115,180	115,269	115,365
Civilian labor force		68,241	68,112	68,282	68,217	68,040	68,134	68,108	68,240
Participation rate		59.2	59.0	59.7	59.1	59.1	59.2	59.1	59.2
Employed		64,447	64,649	64,427	64,394	64,223	64,400	64,292	64,523
Employment-population ratio		55.9 3,794	56.0	56.3	55.8	55.8	55.9	55.8	55.9 3,717
Unemployed		5.6	3,464 5.1	3,854 5.6	3,823 5.6	3,817 5.6	3,734 5.5	3,816 5.6	5.4
Unemployment rate		47,028	47,253	46,135	47,169	47,050	47,046	47,161	47,126
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	106,510	107,299	107,389	106,510	107,404	107,131	107.216	107,299	107.389
Civilian labor force		65,036	64,853	64,632	64,846	64,515	64,629	64,687	64,785
Participation rate		60.6	60.4	60.7	60.4	60.2	60.3	60.3	60.3
Employed		61,703	61,841	61,343	61,521	61,260	61,456	61,373	61,571
Employment-population ratio		57.5	57.6	57.6	57.3	57.2	57.3	57.2	57.3
Unemployed		3,333	3,012	3,289	3,326	3,255	3,172	3,314	3,215
Unemployment rate		5.1	4.6	5.1 41,878	5.1	5.0	4.9 42,587	5.1 42,613	5.0
Not in labor force	41,814	42,264	42,536	41,070	42,558	42,617	42,567	42,013	42,604
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian noninstitutional population		16,186	16,198	16,051	16,178	16,164	16,175	16,186	16,198
Civilian labor force		6,498	6,600	7,235	6,987	7,177	7,045	6,945	7,085
Participation rate		40.1	40.7	45.1	43.2	44.4	43.6	42.9	43.7
Employed	5,570	5,402	5,522	5,945	5,859	5,977	5,875	5,797	5,888
Employment-population ratio		33.4	34.1	37.0	36.2	37.0	36.3	35.8	36.3
	1,155	33.4 1,096 16.9	34.1 1,078 16.3	37.0 1,290 17.8	36.2 1,128 16.1	37.0 1,200 16.7	36.3 1,170 16.6	35.8 1,148 16.5	36.3 1,197 16.9

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age

	Not se	asonally a	djusted			Seasonally	adjusted 1		
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population	. 180.873	182,121	182,252	180.873	182.185	181,879	182,001	182,121	182,252
Civilian labor force		120,455	120,317	120,514	120,751	120,723	120,540	120,542	120,675
Participation rate		66.1	66.0	66.6	66.3	66.4	66.2	66.2	66.2
Employed	. 114,057	113,921	114,557	114,220	114,678	114,765	114,602	114,433	114,712
Employment-population ratio		62.6	62.9	63.1	62.9	63.1	63.0	62.8	62.9
Unemployed		6,533	5,760	6,294	6,073	5,958	5,938	6,109	5,963
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		5.4 61,666	4.8 61,935	5.2 60,359	5.0 61,434	4.9 61,156	4.9 61,460	5.1 61,579	4.9 61,577
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force		62,622	62,620	62,438	62,752	62,799	62,603	62,672	62,660
Participation rate		76.1	76.0	76.5	76.2	76.4	76.1	76.1	76.0
Employed		59,245	59,787	59,296	59,794	59,969	59,763	59,736	59,831
Employment-population ratio		72.0 3,377	72.6 2,833	72.6 3,141	72.6 2,957	73.0 2,830	72.6 2,840	72.6 2,936	72.6 2,829
Unemployed		5.4	4.5	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.5
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force		52,388	52,097	52,080	52,199	51,954	51,993	52,016	52,035
Participation rate		60.1	59.7	60.1	59.8	59.6	59.7	59.6	59.6
Employed		50,053	50,020	49,845	49,941	49,668	49,797	49,710	49,839
Employment-population ratio		57.4 2,335	57.3 2,077	57.5 2,235	57.2 2,258	57.0 2,286	57.1 2,197	57.0 2,306	57.1 2,196
Unemployed Unemployment rate		4.5	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian labor force	5,612	5,445	5,600	5,997	5,800	5,970	5,944	5,854	5,981
Participation rate		43.3	44.5	48.0	46.1	47.5	47.3	46.5	47.5
Employed		4,623	4,749	5,079	4,942	5,128	5,042	4,987	5,042
Employment-population ratio		36.7	37.7	40.6	39.3	40.8	40.1	39.6	40.0
Unemployed Unemployment rate		822 15.1	851 15.2	918 15.3	857 14.8	842 14.1	902 15.2	867 14.8	939 15.7
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	. 25,587	25,932	25,967	25,587	25,894	25,867	25,900	25,932	25,967
Civilian labor force		16,531	16,374	16,521	16,365	16,602	16,404	16,595	16,485
Participation rate		63.7	63.1	64.6	63.2	64.2	63.3	64.0	63.5
Employed		14,793	14,856	14,739	14,679	14,866	14,804	14,909	14,878
Employment-population ratio		57.0	57.2	57.6	56.7	57.5	57.2	57.5	57.3
Unemployed Unemployment rate		1,738 10.5	1,518 9.3	1,782 10.8	1,686 10.3	1,736 10.5	1,600 9.8	1,686 10.2	1,607 9.7
Not in labor force		9,402	9,593	9,066	9,529	9,265	9,495	9,337	9,482
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force		7,357	7,256	7,304	7,382	7,450	7,305	7,367	7,302
Participation rate		70.7	69.7	71.4	71.2	71.8	70.3	70.8	70.1
Employed Employment-population ratio		6,620 63.7	6,602 63.4	6,546 63.9	6,695 64.6	6,737 65.0	6,620 63.7	6,689 64.3	6,626 63.6
Unemployed		737	654	759	687	713	684	678	676
Unemployment rate		10.0	9.0	10.4	9.3	9.6	9.4	9.2	9.3
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force		8,491	8,512	8,430	8,276	8,358	8,418	8,492	8,502
Participation rate		64.7	64.8	65.0	63.1	63.8	64.2	64.7	64.7
Employed Employment-population ratio	. 7,700 . 59.3	7,702 58.7	7,809 59.4	7,666 59.1	7,471 56.9	7,595 58.0	7,674 58.5	7,700 58.7	7,763 59.1
Unemployed		789	703	765	805	762	745	792	739
Unemployment rate		9.3	8.3	9.1	9.7	9.1	8.8	9.3	8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force		683	606	786	707	794	682	737	681
Participation rate		28.3	25.1	33.1 527	29.4 514	33.1 533	28.3 510	30.6 521	28.2 489
Employed Employment-population ratio		471 19.6	445 18.4	22.2	21.4	22.2	21.2	21.6	20.3
Unemployed		212	161	259	193	261	171	21.0	193
Unemployment rate		31.0	26.6	32.9	27.3	32.9	25.1	29.4	28.3
ASIAN				, 2.	,2.	,2.	, 2.	,2.	,2.
Civilian noninstutional population		9,395	9,444	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Civilian labor force		6,235 66.4	6,230 66.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed		5,971	5,956	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed Emp		63.6	63.1	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2)
Unemployed		264	274		(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	. 5.8	4.2	4.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Not in labor force	. 3,057	3,160	3,214	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(²)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. $^{\rm 2}$ Data not available.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

	Not se	asonally ad	ljusted			Seasonally	adjusted 1		
Employment status, sex, and age	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population	27,291	27.791	27,879	27.291	28.116	27,619	27,705	27.791	27.879
Civilian labor force	18,794	19,053	19,080	18,779	19,035	18,811	18,693	19,010	19.064
Participation rate	68.9	68.6	68.4	68.8	67.7	68.1	67.5	68.4	68.4
Employed	17.443	17.534	17.798	17.350	17.784	17,441	17.303	17.596	17.693
Employment-population ratio	63.9	63.1	63.8	63.6	63.3	63.2	62.5	63.3	63.5
Unemployed	1,351	1,519	1,283	1,428	1,250	1.370	1,389	1,414	1.371
Unemployment rate	7.2	8.0	6.7	7.6	6.6	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.2
Not in labor force	8,497	8,738	8,798	8,512	9,082	8,807	9,012	8,781	8,815
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	10,786	10,857	10,963	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)
Participation rate	85.1	84.0	84.5	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)
Employed	10,085	10,125	10,304	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	79.6	78.4	79.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	701	732	658	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.7	6.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,092	7,261	7,242	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)
Participation rate	58.6	59.1	58.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	6,591	6,689	6,780	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	54.5	54.5	55.0	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)
Unemployed	500	572	462	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.9	6.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	917	935	876	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(2)
Participation rate	36.3	36.2	33.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employed	767	720	714	(2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Employment-population ratio	30.4	27.8	27.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	150	215	162	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(²)	(2)	(2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2)
Unemployment rate	16.4	23.0	18.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. $^{2}\,$ Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

(Numbers in thousands)

Less than a high school diploma 13,005 12,397 12,258 12,665 12,712 12,356 12,526 12,390 12,455 12,712 12,356 12,526 12,390 12,455 12,712 11,455 11,271 11,555 11,271 11,594 11,678 11,271 11,455 11,		Not se	asonally ac	ljusted	Seasonally adjusted					
Civilian labor force 13,005 12,397 12,258 12,712 12,356 12,526 12,390 12,072 Participation rate 45.5 45.1 45.1 44.5 44.3 44.9 44.3 45.4 45.1 44.9 44.3 44.9 44.3 45.4 45.1 44.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.0 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.0 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.8 40.6 41.5 40.1 41.9 40.6 41.5 41.1 40.4 40.4 41.6 40.6	Educational attainment									Apr. 2004
Civilian labor force 13,005 12,397 12,258 12,712 12,356 12,526 12,390 12,072 Participation rate 45.5 45.1 45.1 44.5 44.3 44.9 44.3 45.4 45.1 44.9 44.3 44.9 44.3 45.4 45.1 44.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.0 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.0 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.9 40.6 41.5 40.5 41.2 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.5 41.1 40.4 41.8 40.6 41.5 40.1 41.9 40.6 41.5 41.1 40.4 40.4 41.6 40.6	Less than a high school diploma									
Employed		13,005	12,397	12,258	12,665	12,712	12,356	12,526	12,390	12,019
Employment-population ratio	Participation rate	45.5	45.1	45.1	44.3	44.9	44.3	45.4	45.1	44.2
Unemployed	Employed	11,974	11,155	11,271	11,594	11,678	11,271	11,455	11,302	10,977
High school graduates, no college Total labor force	Employment-population ratio	41.9	40.6	41.5	40.5	41.2	40.4	41.5	41.1	40.4
High school graduates, no college 1 37,913 37,778 37,627 37,960 37,958 37,662 37,898 37,749 37,7	Unemployed	1,031	1,242	987	1,072	1,034	1,085	1,071	1,088	1,042
Civilian labor force 37,913 37,778 37,660 37,958 37,662 37,898 37,749 35,00 35,861 35,800 35,868 35,800 35,868 35,800 35,868 35,800 35,868 35,800	Unemployment rate	7.9	10.0	8.1	8.5	8.1	8.8	8.5	8.8	8.7
Civilian labor force 37,913 37,778 37,660 37,958 37,662 37,898 37,749 37,749 37,779 37,760 37,958 37,662 37,898 37,749 35,661 35,800 35,868 35,800 35,861 35,800 35,861 35,800	High school graduates, no college 1									
Participation rate 64.1 63.3 62.6 64.1 63.5 63.0 63.3 63.2 63.5 63.0 63.3 63.2 63.5 63.0 63.5 60.5 60.0 60.1		37.913	37.778	37.627	37.960	37.958	37.662	37.898	37.749	37,724
Employment-population ratio 60.4 59.6 59.3 60.5 60.0 59.9 60.1 59.9 5 Unemployed 2,150 2,202 1,976 2,160 2,090 1,832 1,900 1,984 1,5 Unemployment rate 5.7 5.8 5.3 5.7 5.5 4.9 5.0 5.3 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force 33,910 34,475 34,446 34,200 33,932 33,810 34,026 34,354 94,72 Participation rate 73.1 73.0 72.8 73.7 72.2 72.5 72.1 72.8 7 Employed 32,304 32,794 33,051 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,1 Unemployed 1,606 1,681 1,394 1,617 1,532 1,535 1,489 1,628 1,4 Unemployment rate 4.7 4.9 4.0 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4			63.3	62.6	64.1	63.5	63.0	63.3	63.2	62.8
Employment-population ratio 60.4 59.6 59.3 60.5 60.0 59.9 60.1 59.9 50.0	Employed	35.763	35.576	35.651	35.800	35.868	35.829	35.998	35.765	35.745
Some college or associate degree Some college or associate		60.4	59.6	59.3	60.5	60.0	59.9	60.1	59.9	59.5
Some college or associate degree 33,910 34,475 34,446 34,200 33,932 33,810 34,026 34,354 34,57 34,446 34,200 33,932 33,810 34,026 34,354 34,57 34,457 34,57 34,446 34,200 34,206 34,354 34,57 34,457 34,57 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 33,17 32,726 32,726 33,17 32,726	Unemployed	2,150	2,202	1,976	2,160	2,090	1,832	1,900	1,984	1,979
Civilian labor force 33,910 34,475 34,446 34,200 33,932 33,810 34,026 34,354 34,55 Participation rate 73.1 73.0 72.8 73.7 72.2 72.5 72.1 72.8 7 Employed 32,304 32,794 33,051 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 32,536 32,726 32,536 32,726 32,5726 32,5726 32,5726 32,5726 32,5726 32,5726 32,5726 32,726 42,72 42,72 4.5 4.5	Unemployment rate	5.7	5.8	5.3	5.7	5.5	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.2
Civilian labor force 33,910 34,475 34,446 34,200 33,932 33,810 34,026 34,354 34,55 Participation rate 73.1 73.0 72.8 73.7 72.2 72.5 72.1 72.8 7 Employed 32,304 32,794 33,051 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,72 69.0 69.2 68.9 69.3 77 69.0 69.2 68.9 69.3 7 72.8 73.7 72.2 72.5 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.8 72.1 69.0 69.2 68.9 69.3 72.1 40.4 4.7 4.9 4.0 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.7 4.4 4.7 4.9	Some college or associate degree									
Employed 32,304 32,794 33,051 32,583 32,400 32,276 32,536 32,726 33,17		33,910	34,475	34,446	34,200	33,932	33,810	34,026	34,354	34,580
Employment-population ratio 69.6 69.5 69.8 70.2 69.0 69.2 68.9 69.3 77.2 Unemployed 1,606 1,681 1,394 1,617 1,532 1,535 1,489 1,628 1,4 Unemployment rate 4.7 4.9 4.0 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.7 Bachelor's degree and higher 2 Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,00 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7	Participation rate	73.1	73.0	72.8	73.7	72.2	72.5	72.1	72.8	73.0
Employment-population ratio 69.6 69.5 69.8 70.2 69.0 69.2 68.9 69.3 7 Unemployed 1,606 1,681 1,394 1,617 1,532 1,535 1,489 1,628 1,4 Unemployment rate 4.7 4.9 4.0 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.7 Bachelor's degree and higher 2 Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,0 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7	Employed	32,304	32,794	33,051	32,583	32,400	32,276	32,536	32,726	33,152
Unemployment rate 4.7 4.9 4.0 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.7 Bachelor's degree and higher 2 Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,0 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7		69.6	69.5	69.8	70.2	69.0	69.2	68.9	69.3	70.0
Bachelor's degree and higher 2 Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,000 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7	Unemployed	1,606	1,681	1,394	1,617	1,532	1,535	1,489	1,628	1,428
Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38.511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,784 39,197 39,0 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7	Unemployment rate	4.7	4.9	4.0	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.1
Civilian labor force 39,652 40,535 40,359 39,422 40,515 40,450 39,917 40,371 40,1 Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38.511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6	Bachelor's degree and higher 2									
Participation rate 78.5 78.2 78.0 78.0 79.0 78.4 77.7 77.9 7 Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,0 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6 7		39,652	40,535	40,359	39,422	40,515	40,450	39,917	40,371	40,185
Employed 38,511 39,414 39,265 38,198 39,291 39,277 38,748 39,197 39,077 Employment-population ratio 76.2 76.1 75.8 75.6 76.6 76.1 75.5 75.6										77.6
Employment-population ratio								38,748	39,197	39,006
										75.3
		1.142		1.094			1.173		1.174	1.179
										2.9

NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent. $^{2}\,$ Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

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Table A-5. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

(In thousands)

Category	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted		Seasonally adjusted					
Callegory	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	
CLASS OF WORKER										
Agriculture and related industries Wage and salary workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers Nonagricultural industries Wage and salary workers Government Private industries Private households Other industries Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	2,129 1,182 933 15 135,295 126,031 19,760 106,271 715 105,556 9,161 103	2,025 1,125 880 20 135,666 126,595 20,137 106,458 767 105,691 8,955 116	2,220 1,252 944 24 136,203 126,989 20,117 106,872 727 106,145 9,139 75	2,162 1,203 925 (1) 135,486 126,180 19,589 (1) 105,853 9,184 (1)	2,245 1,294 919 (1) 136,180 126,661 19,694 107,110 (1) 106,382 9,477 (1)	2,163 1,220 929 (1) 136,306 126,664 19,681 107,019 (1) 106,204 9,501 (1)	2,190 1,246 912 (1) 136,166 126,572 19,497 107,008 (1) 106,173 9,498 (1)	2,161 1,234 896 (1) 136,122 126,811 19,936 106,833 (1) 106,035 9,210 (1)	2,245 1,268 934 (1) 136,384 127,094 19,917 107,142 (1) 106,377 9,228 (1)	
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME 2										
All industries: Part time for economic reasons Slack work or business conditions Could only find part-time work Part time for noneconomic reasons	4,609 3,119 1,233 19,785	4,868 3,163 1,430 19,616	4,411 2,745 1,429 19,568	4,758 3,172 1,255 18,933	4,788 3,205 1,295 18,561	4,714 2,996 1,380 18,905	4,437 2,865 1,347 18,900	4,733 3,011 1,427 19,006	4,574 2,819 1,439 19,000	
Nonagricultural industries: Part time for economic reasons Slack work or business conditions Could only find part-time work Part time for noneconomic reasons	4,518 3,055 1,224 19,431	4,750 3,081 1,423 19,276	4,325 2,687 1,419 19,263	4,643 3,098 1,249 18,571	4,727 3,144 1,279 18,367	4,613 2,911 1,399 18,636	4,328 2,778 1,340 18,691	4,622 2,927 1,414 18,693	4,471 2,756 1,431 18,664	

bad weather.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

 $^{^1}$ Data not available. 2 Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and

Table A-6. Selected employment indicators

(In thousands)

Characteristic	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004
Fotal, 16 years and over	137,424	137.691	138,423	137,578	138.479	138,566	138,301	138,298	138.576
16 to 19 years	5,570	5,402	5,522	5,945	5,859	5,977	5,875	5,797	5.888
16 to 17 years	2.087	1.944	2.032	2.310	2.292	2.367	2.330	2.191	2.256
18 to 19 years	3,484	3,459	3,490	3,633	3,562	3,605	3,573	3,590	3.634
20 years and over	131,854	132,289	132,901	131,633	132,620	132,589	132,426	132,501	132,689
20 to 24 years	13,302	13,350	13,662	13,431	13,413	13,609	13,582	13,602	13.767
25 years and over	118,552	118,939	119,239	118,212	119,168	118,930	118,869	118,832	118,886
25 to 54 years	97,483	96,855	97,387	97,230	97,436	97,161	96,982	96,871	97,124
25 to 34 years	30,530	30,163	30,376	30,494	30,340	30,326	30,178	30,260	30,316
35 to 44 years	35,143	34,460	34.606	34.955	34.819	34,506	34.486	34,425	34.42
	31,810	32,232	32,406	31,781	32,277	32,328	32.319	32,186	32,388
45 to 54 years55 years and over	21,068	22,084	21,851	20,982	21,732	21,769	21,886	21,961	21,762
Men, 16 years and over	72,905	73,244	73,774	73,150	74,085	74,343	73,901	74,006	74,053
16 to 19 years	2,646	2,658	2,714	2,860	2,986	3,014	2,931	2,878	2,935
16 to 17 years	952	871	925	1,064	1,153	1,157	1,105	999	1,04
18 to 19 years	1,694	1,787	1,789	1,790	1,817	1,862	1,850	1,858	1,886
20 years and over	70,259	70,586	71,060	70,290	71,099	71,329	70,969	71,128	71,118
20 to 24 years	7,022	7,027	7,171	7,101	7,048	7,198	7,155	7,202	7,23
25 years and over	63,237	63,559	63,889	63,205	64,061	64,167	63,903	63,879	63,839
25 to 54 years	51,994	51,795	52,288	51,997	52,441	52,416	52,179	52,107	52,283
25 to 34 years	16,722	16,522	16,693	16,714	16,740	16,773	16,608	16,693	16,685
35 to 44 years	18,763	18.529	18,680	18,737	18,857	18,712	18,683	18.632	18,656
45 to 54 years	16,510	16,743	16,915	16,546	16,843	16,931	16,889	16,781	16,942
55 years and over	11,242	11,764	11,601	11,208	11,620	11,751	11,724	11,772	11,556
Nomen, 16 years and over	64,519	64,447	64,649	64,427	64,394	64,223	64,400	64,292	64,523
16 to 19 years	2,924	2,744	2,808	3,084	2,873	2,963	2,944	2,919	2,952
16 to 17 years	1,135	1,073	1,106	1,246	1,139	1,210	1,225	1,192	1,212
18 to 19 years	1,789	1,671	1,701	1,843	1,745	1,743	1,723	1,732	1,747
20 years and over	61,595	61,703	61,841	61,343	61,521	61,260	61,456	61,373	61,57
20 to 24 years	6,280	6,322	6,491	6,329	6,365	6,411	6,427	6,400	6,532
25 years and over	55,315	55,380	55,350	55,007	55,107	54,763	54,966	54,953	55,047
25 to 54 years	45,489	45,061	45,100	45,233	44,996	44,745	44,803	44,764	44,841
25 to 34 years	13,808	13,641	13,682	13,780	13,599	13,554	13,570	13,566	13,63
35 to 44 years	16,381	15,931	15,926	16,218	15,962	15,794	15,803	15,793	15,765
45 to 54 years	15,300	15,488	15,492	15,234	15,434	15,397	15,430	15,405	15,446
55 years and over	9,826	10,320	10,250	9,774	10,112	10,018	10,162	10,189	10,20
Married men, spouse present	44,486	44,793	44,637	44,525	45,431	45,490	45,128	45,043	44,735
Married women, spouse present	34,817	34,533	34,488	34,634	35,034	34,585	34,502	34,256	34,339
Nomen who maintain families	8,590	8,768	8,765	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	(1)
Full-time workers ²	112,470	112,756	113.386	113,155	114.597	113.976	114.037	113.951	114.094
Part-time workers ³	24,955	24,935	25,037	24,345	24,023	24,306	24.081	24,273	24,39

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

 $^{^{1}}$ Data not available. 2 Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per $^{\circ}$

week.

3 Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per

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Table A-7. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic	unen	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)			Unemployment rates ¹					
	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	
Total, 16 years and over	8,799	8,352	8,164	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6	
16 to 19 years	1,290	1,148	1,197	17.8	16.1	16.7	16.6	16.5	16.9	
16 to 17 years	539	529	573	18.9	18.3	18.2	17.6	19.4	20.2	
18 to 19 years	760	608	624	17.3	14.7	15.7	15.7	14.5	14.7	
20 years and over	7,509	7,204	6,967	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.0	
20 to 24 years	1,496	1,437	1,392	10.0	9.6	9.8	9.5	9.6	9.2	
25 years and over	6,043	5,758	5,578	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.5	
25 to 54 years	5,066	4,953	4,679	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.6	
25 to 34 years	1,903	1,895	1,760	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.5	
35 to 44 years	1,771	1,712	1,597	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.4	
45 to 54 years	1,391	1,346	1,321	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	
55 years and over	908	859	851	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	
Men, 16 years and over	4,945	4,536	4,448	6.3	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	
16 to 19 years	725	646	695	20.2	17.4	17.5	17.2	18.3	19.1	
16 to 17 years	287	287	319	21.3	18.4	19.3	19.4	22.3	23.4	
18 to 19 years	436	349	373	19.6	16.9	16.2	15.7	15.8	16.5	
20 years and over	4,220	3,890	3,753	5.7	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.0	
20 to 24 years	850	809	800	10.7	10.4	10.5	10.0	10.1	10.0	
25 years and over	3,372	3,100	2,947	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.4	
25 to 54 years	2,837	2,632	2,477	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.5	
25 to 34 years	1,050	1,048	980	5.9	5.9	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.5	
35 to 44 years	1,004	904	817	5.1	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.2	
45 to 54 years	783	680	680	4.5	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.9	
55 years and over	535	468	470	4.6	4.0	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	
Women, 16 years and over	3,854	3,816	3,717	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.4	
16 to 19 years	565	502	502	15.5	14.7	15.9	16.0	14.7	14.5	
16 to 17 years	252	242	254	16.8	18.2	17.1	15.9	16.9	17.3	
18 to 19 years	324	259	251	14.9	12.2	15.2	15.6	13.0	12.6	
20 years and over	3,289	3,314	3,215	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.0	
20 to 24 years	646	628	592	9.3	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.3	
25 years and over	2,672	2,658	2,631	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	
25 to 54 years	2,229	2,321	2,202	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.9	4.7	
25 to 34 years	853	847	781	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.2	5.9	5.4	
35 to 44 years	767	808	780	4.5	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.7	
45 to 54 years	609	666	641	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	
55 years and over ²	344	372	349	3.4	3.5	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.3	
Married men, spouse present	1,746	1,509	1,445	3.8	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.1	
Married women, spouse present	1,312	1,311	1,322	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	
Women who maintain families ²	795	800	710	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.1	8.4	7.5	
Full-time workers ³	7,401	6,961	6,775	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.6	
Part-time workers ⁴	1,391	1,376	1,368	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.3	

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

NOTE: Detail shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

¹ Unemployment as a percent or the divinion table. Section 2
Not seasonally adjusted.
3 Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.
4 Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work

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Table A-8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	2003	2004	2004	2003	2003	2004	2004	2004	2004
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff	4,716 1,076 3,640 2,786 854 786 2,421 578	4,920 1,266 3,654 2,784 870 866 2,491 556	4,253 943 3,311 2,560 750 796 2,199 589	4,851 1,112 3,739 (1) (1) 818 2,517 633	4,618 1,060 3,558 (1) (1) 783 2,366 694	4,382 1,028 3,353 (1) (1) (1) 804 2,509 681	4,323 1,064 3,258 (1) (1) (1) 827 2,424 676	4,607 1,040 3,567 (1) (1) 836 2,424 627	4,399 994 3,405 (1) (1) 822 2,314 645
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION Total unemployed Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff Not on temporary layoff Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	55.5	55.7	54.3	55.0	54.6	52.3	52.4	54.2	53.8
	12.7	14.3	12.0	12.6	12.5	12.3	12.9	12.2	12.1
	42.8	41.4	42.2	42.4	42.0	40.0	39.5	42.0	41.6
	9.2	9.8	10.2	9.3	9.3	9.6	10.0	9.8	10.1
	28.5	28.2	28.1	28.5	28.0	30.0	29.4	28.5	28.3
	6.8	6.3	7.5	7.2	8.2	8.1	8.2	7.4	7.9
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0
	.5	.6	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6
	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6
	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4

¹ Data not available. NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-9. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	2003	2004	2004	2003	2003	2004	2004	2004	2004
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks 5 to 14 weeks 15 weeks and over 15 to 26 weeks 27 weeks and over Average (mean) duration, in weeks Median duration, in weeks	2,443	2,413	2,439	2,815	2,627	2,612	2,468	2,589	2,792
	2,408	2,666	2,159	2,625	2,450	2,394	2,412	2,414	2,369
	3,650	3,754	3,239	3,318	3,403	3,365	3,274	3,320	2,969
	1,644	1,683	1,363	1,399	1,513	1,467	1,403	1,332	1,170
	2,005	2,071	1,876	1,919	1,890	1,898	1,871	1,988	1,800
	20.6	20.8	21.0	19.4	19.6	19.8	20.3	20.1	19.7
	12.0	11.8	11.0	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.3	10.3	9.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed Less than 5 weeks 5 to 14 weeks 15 weeks and over 15 to 26 weeks 27 weeks and over	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	28.7	27.3	31.1	32.1	31.0	31.2	30.3	31.1	34.3
	28.3	30.2	27.5	30.0	28.9	28.6	29.6	29.0	29.1
	42.9	42.5	41.3	37.9	40.1	40.2	40.2	39.9	36.5
	19.3	19.1	17.4	16.0	17.8	17.5	17.2	16.0	14.4
	23.6	23.4	23.9	21.9	22.3	22.7	22.9	23.9	22.1

NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

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Table A-10. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Occupation	Empl	oyed	Unem	oloyed	Unemployment rates		
	Apr. 2003	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Apr. 2004	
Total, 16 years and over 1 Management, professional, and related occupations Management, business, and financial operations occupations Professional and related occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations	137,424 48,050 20,022 28,027 22,073 35,696 15,965 19,731 13,552 922 7,761 4,870 18,054 9,771 8,283	138,423 48,667 20,100 28,567 22,482 35,141 15,809 19,332 14,145 977 8,170 4,998 17,988 9,487	8,501 1,438 558 879 1,687 1,988 886 1,103 1,230 133 829 268 1,562 817 745	7,837 1,300 557 743 1,518 1,848 800 1,048 1,172 114 844 214 1,397 709 689	5.8 2.9 2.7 3.0 7.1 5.3 5.3 8.3 12.6 9.6 5.2 8.0 7.7 8.3	5.4 2.6 2.7 2.5 6.3 5.0 4.8 5.1 7.6 10.5 9.4 4.1 7.2 6.9 7.5	

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-11. Unemployed persons by industry, not seasonally adjusted

Industry	Numl unem _j pers (in thou	oloyed sons	Unemployment rates			
	Apr. 2003	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Apr. 2004		
Total, 16 years and over 1 Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Wholesale and retail trade Transportation and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers Government workers	8,501 7,082 41 772 1,199 799 400 1,201 274 268 323 1,076 611 986 331 154	7,837 6,466 34 849 1,004 598 406 1,248 239 168 312 752 589 925 347 107	5.8 6.2 7.7 9.3 6.7 7.3 5.8 6.0 5.0 7.3 3.6 8.3 3.4 8.5 5.5 5.5	5.4 5.7 6.4 9.5 5.8 5.6 6.2 6.1 4.5 5.0 3.4 6.0 3.3 7.9 5.6 8.3 2.1		

¹ Persons with no previous work experience are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

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Table A-12. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

(Percent)

Measure	Not sea	sonally a	djusted	Seasonally adjusted								
	Apr. 2003	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004	Apr. 2004			
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.0			
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0			
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	5.8	6.0	5.4	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.6			
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	6.1	6.4	5.7	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9			
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	6.7	7.1	6.3	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5			
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers	9.8	10.4	9.3	10.1	9.9	9.9	9.6	9.9	9.6			

NOTE: Marginally attached workers are persons who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the recent past. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for a job. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. For further information, see "BLS introduces new range of alternative unemployment measures," in the October 1995 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

Table A-13. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Category	To	otal	M	en	Women		
	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	Apr.	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE							
Total not in the labor force	74,615	76,497	28,327	29,244	46,288	47,253	
	4,373	4,598	1,953	2,131	2,421	2,466	
	1,399	1,526	695	782	704	743	
	437	492	254	313	183	179	
	962	1,034	440	469	521	565	
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS							
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	7,181	7,239	3,756	3,675	3,425	3,564	
	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.3	5.5	
Primary job full time, secondary job part time Primary and secondary jobs both part time Primary and secondary jobs both full time Hours vary on primary or secondary job	3,758	3,869	2,190	2,142	1,569	1,727	
	1,652	1,633	572	551	1,080	1,082	
	279	275	185	188	94	87	
	1,443	1,417	783	760	660	657	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Data refer to persons who have searched for work during the prior 12 months and

vere available to take a job during the reference week.

Includes thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well

as a small number for which reason for nonparticipation was not determined. $^4\,$ Includes persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the

household survey.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(In thousands)

	N	ot season	ally adjust	ed	Seasonally adjusted								
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004		
Total nonfarm	129,781	128,786	129,820	130,929	129,901	130,035	130,194	130,277	130,614	130,902	288		
Total private	107,783	106,962	107,845	108,972	108,304	108,491	108,667	108,738	109,048	109,328	280		
Goods-producing	21,651	21,132	21,343	21,620	21,880	21,668	21,696	21,684	21,766	21,808	42		
Natural resources and mining	555	557	565	573	568	570	570	572	580	583	3		
Logging	61.8	62.2	61.5	60.4	68.4	65.9	65.1	64.2	66.2	66.4	.2		
Mining	493.4	495.1	503.9	512.5	499.9	504.3	505.1	508.1	513.7	516.9	3.2		
Oil and gas extraction	121.0	128.5	129.0	130.8	122.3	124.6	126.9	128.9	129.9	131.1	1.2		
Mining, except oil and gas ¹	199.8	191.9	196.8	203.4	201.9	202.0	200.0	200.6	202.7	204.5	1.8		
Coal mining	70.2	69.6	70.1	71.1	70.8	69.8	69.6	70.2	70.5	71.4	.9		
Support activities for mining	172.6	174.7	178.1	178.3	175.7	177.7	178.2	178.6	181.1	181.3	.2		
Construction	6,530	6,356	6,510	6,737	6,689	6,774	6,812	6,791	6,856	6,874	18		
Construction of buildings		1,523.6	1,546.5	1,572.4	1,578.1	1,585.1	1,593.3	1,590.9	1,606.2	1,603.5	-2.7		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	868.9	806.3	841.7	904.3	900.0	920.7	928.0	924.0	926.8	928.2	1.4		
Specialty trade contractors	4,120.6	4,025.9	4,122.0	4,260.2	4,211.3	4,268.4	4,290.2	4,276.5	4,322.8	4,342.6	19.8		
Manufacturing Production workers	14,566 10,224	14,219 9,958	14,268 10,001	14,310 10,046	14,623 10,263	14,324 10,044	14,314 10,035	14,321 10,038	14,330 10,044	14,351 10,066	21 22		
Durable goods	9,010	8,836	8,866	8,907	9,025	8,868	8,869	8,882	8,889	8,909	20		
Production workers	,	6,054	6,080	6,117	6,188	6,079	6,081	6,088	6,091	6,109	18		
Wood products	,	528.8	529.9	534.3	537.8	536.6	536.3	538.4	538.2	538.1	1		
Nonmetallic mineral products	489.9	472.0	480.8	492.5	494.1	487.5	492.7	490.5	492.3	494.2	1.9		
Primary metals		461.5	461.3	462.6	485.8	464.6	462.2	462.4	461.6	462.1	.5		
Fabricated metal products	1,485.3	1,472.1	1,472.2	1,484.1	1,487.6	1,471.2	1,471.8	1,476.6	1,475.5	1,485.1	9.6		
Machinery		1,141.7	1,146.5	1,149.3	1,161.2	1,140.4	1,138.7	1,141.2	1,144.9	1,148.9	4.0		
Computer and electronic products 1	1,374.8	1,332.5	1,333.8	1,332.6	1,377.5	1,332.2	1,333.2	1,333.9	1,334.6	1,334.8	.2		
Computer and peripheral equipment	230.4	218.2	218.7	217.8	231.1	217.8	219.4	219.0	218.6	218.1	5		
Communications equipment	159.0	155.0	154.7	155.0	158.7	153.0	154.8	154.8	154.9	154.7	2		
Semiconductors and electronic components .	468.2	450.9	451.1	452.6	468.6	451.3	450.2	451.4	451.4	452.9	1.5		
Electronic instruments	430.0	423.5	424.4	422.0	430.9	425.3	423.7	423.3	424.4	423.1	-1.3		
Electrical equipment and appliances	465.4	448.0	447.8	447.9	465.7	451.2	449.8	448.6	446.9	445.7	-1.2		
Transportation equipment		1,762.1	1,768.8	1,770.0	1,772.3	1,762.7	1,760.6	1,766.5	1,768.3	1,769.5	1.2		
Furniture and related products	572.7	567.8	574.0	577.8	574.6	569.3	571.3	571.2	574.7	577.1	2.4		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	668.1	649.7	651.2	655.9	668.7	651.9	652.0	653.0	652.3	653.0	.7		
Nondurable goods	5,556	5,383	5,402	5,403	5,598	5,456	5,445	5,439	5,441	5,442	1		
Production workers	4,043	3,904	3,921	3,929	4,075	3,965	3,954	3,950	3,953	3,957	4		
Food manufacturing	1,486.6	1,475.2	1,474.8	1,469.7	1,517.3	1,506.3	1,500.7	1,502.4	1,502.0	1,501.7	3		
Beverages and tobacco products	196.4	190.3	191.6	192.5	200.6	198.3	197.7	195.9	196.4	196.1	3		
Textile mills	271.6	235.2	237.9	238.1	270.4	241.0	239.2	237.3	237.2	236.1	-1.1		
Textile product mills	185.3	173.8	179.2	182.4	184.8	174.3	176.9	176.6	179.4	180.8	1.4		
Apparel	320.1	292.8	297.2	295.9	321.7	297.7	296.1	297.1	296.8	296.6	2		
Leather and allied products	46.6	44.3	45.0	46.4	46.3	44.3	44.6	44.8	45.0	45.3	.3		
Paper and paper products		504.7	505.5	506.3	523.0	510.3	509.8	508.0	508.7	508.7	.0		
Printing and related support activities	681.0	661.4	661.0	659.3	683.7	670.1	667.6	665.0	662.5	660.6	-1.9		
Petroleum and coal products	114.8	109.6	110.8	111.0	115.5	112.4	114.3	112.9	112.8	111.9	9		
Chemicals	913.1	893.8	895.0	893.9	913.9	895.9	893.7	894.7	894.7	895.6	.9		
Plastics and rubber products	819.9	801.6	804.0	807.7	820.7	805.8	804.8	803.9	805.9	808.1	2.2		
Service-providing	108,130	107,654	108,477	109,309	108,021	108,367	108,498	108,593	108,848	109,094	246		
Private service-providing	86,132	85,830	86,502	87,352	86,424	86,823	86,971	87,054	87,282	87,520	238		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,076	24,955	25,090	25,224	25,326	25,211	25,312	25,331	25,408	25,436	28		
Wholesale trade	5,611.6	5,569.6	5,598.9	5,621.3	5,625.8	5,598.4	5,611.4	5,612.2	5,624.3	5,630.4	6.1		
Durable goods		2,938.1	2,951.9	2,962.2	2,958.1	2,945.8	2,954.9	2,953.8	2,962.5	2,966.5	4.0		
	2,951.3 2,007.7 652.6	2,938.1 1,971.4 660.1	2,951.9 1,982.5 664.5	2,962.2 1,991.2 667.9	2,958.1 2,013.1 654.6	2,945.8 1,991.8 660.8	2,954.9 1,993.7 662.8	2,953.8 1,994.5 663.9	2,962.5 1,995.4 666.4	2,966.5 1,995.0 668.9	4.0 4 2.5		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

	No	ot season	ally adjust	ted			Se	asonally a	djusted		
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ¹
Retail trade	14,720.3	14,672.8	14,749.0	14,848.9	14,929.4	14,876.0	14,944.8	14,963.0	15,009.2	15,032.6	23.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers ¹		1,876.2	1,893.7	1,909.3	1,875.9	1,893.7	1,895.4	1,900.9	1,908.4	1,914.3	5.9
Automobile dealers		1,255.5	1,262.0	1,264.0	1,249.8	1,259.5	1,261.3	1,262.9	1,265.5	1,267.6	2.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores		540.5 508.7	540.6 509.4	540.2 510.7	543.8 513.3	547.2 511.9	546.4 509.3	544.5 508.2	544.5 511.8	545.4 514.4	.9 2.6
Building material and garden supply stores		1,166.0	1,209.1	1,272.6	1,180.5	1,209.5	1,221.4	1,231.4	1,242.1	1,252.5	10.4
Food and beverage stores		2,808.2	2,803.4	2,795.3	2,853.2	2,813.9	2,826.3	2,831.3	2,835.2	2,829.6	-5.6
Health and personal care stores		950.9	952.7	950.1	940.3	952.6	954.1	954.9	958.2	957.9	3
Gasoline stations	877.0	860.0	862.7	862.7	884.7	871.1	875.1	871.8	872.3	870.1	-2.2
Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	1,269.4 629.5	1,273.2 623.7	1,285.4	1,292.5 617.2	1,303.4 649.0	1,301.0	1,304.3 635.9	1,311.3 636.8	1,320.6 636.0	1,324.6 634.7	4.0 -1.3
General merchandise stores 1	2,734.5	2,729.1	2,744.0	2,767.2	2,816.8	2,793.4	2,822.7	2,822.5	2,828.5	2,838.9	10.4
Department stores		1,545.5	1,550.5	1,563.2	1,618.8	1,601.3	1,603.4	1,602.7	1,606.8	1,613.2	6.4
Miscellaneous store retailers		913.8	905.9	913.4	938.7	924.4	929.6	924.6	926.2	924.8	-1.4
Nonstore retailers	419.8	422.5	420.8	417.7	429.8	424.1	424.3	424.8	425.4	425.4	.0
Transportation and warehousing		4,135.3	4,162.1	4,175.6	4,187.7	4,157.0	4,175.9	4,175.8	4,193.3	4,191.9	-1.4
Air transportation		506.8	510.1	515.1	537.1	512.9	510.2	511.6	513.3	515.2	1.9
Rail transportation		213.8	214.5	216.4	215.4	215.5	215.4	215.7	216.0	216.1	.1
Water transportation Truck transportation	52.1 1,303.3	46.3 1,312.8	47.4 1,319.2	49.6 1,334.1	52.7 1,322.0	50.0 1,338.7	50.6 1,343.6	48.8 1,344.1	49.0 1,345.7	50.1 1,349.6	1.1 3.9
Transit and ground passenger transportation		390.0	394.5	389.6	383.2	385.0	382.3	380.1	379.7	375.8	-3.9
Pipeline transportation		37.9	37.7	37.9	40.9	38.8	38.3	38.2	38.0	38.0	.0
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	24.6	24.3	25.9	27.8	27.6	29.4	28.7	29.7	30.1	30.0	1
Support activities for transportation		512.8	514.2	514.9	514.8	511.6	514.1	515.5	518.5	518.4	1
Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	564.3 518.5	565.7 524.9	569.7 528.9	563.7 526.5	570.5 523.5	559.0 516.1	566.9 525.8	567.7 524.4	571.5 531.5	567.2 531.5	-4.3 .0
Utilities	580.7	577.0	579.7	578.3	582.8	579.3	580.2	580.0	581.3	581.5	.2
nformation	3,203	3,156	3,160	3,160	3,214	3,175	3,163	3,169	3,169	3,171	2
Publishing industries, except Internet	929.2	913.3	914.7	913.4	932.4	917.4	914.0	915.1	916.0	916.3	.3
Motion picture and sound recording industries.	364.7	377.1	375.0	375.2	371.6	385.2	379.7	382.7	380.5	383.0	2.5
Broadcasting, except Internet	326.3	330.5	333.2	333.7	327.1	329.5	329.7	331.8	333.5	334.3	.8
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications	29.8 1,093.7	31.7 1,056.0	31.8 1,054.7	32.5 1,053.2	29.9 1,095.4	30.4 1,061.2	30.8	31.9 1,058.2	32.0 1.056.9	32.5 1,055.2	.5 -1.7
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	410.3	399.6	401.8	402.6	408.6	402.6	400.1	401.1	401.4	400.8	-1.7
Other information services		47.5	48.4	49.1	48.6	48.2	47.8	48.0	48.5	49.2	.7
Financial activities	7,945	7,939	7,955	7,985	7,968	7,981	7,981	7,989	7,994	8,002	8
Finance and insurance	5,908.9					5,916.5	5,917.1	5,924.7	5,930.5		6.3
Monetary authorities - central bank Credit intermediation and related activities ¹	22.7 2,771.5	22.3 2,778.2	22.3 2,786.5	22.3 2,790.7	22.8 2,777.0	22.5 2,783.3	22.4 2,785.3	22.4 2,787.2	22.4 2,794.5	22.4 2,798.4	.0 3.9
Depository credit intermediation 1		1,757.8	1,759.9	1,761.1	1,748.0	1,757.1	1,758.7	1,762.6	1,763.8	1,764.6	.8
Commercial banking	1,277.1	1,279.3	1,280.5	1,283.4	1,280.0	1,278.9	1,280.4	1,283.5	1,284.5	1,286.2	1.7
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	759.8	777.1	778.9	777.9	762.6	771.9	773.8	778.2	781.0	780.1	9
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,272.4	2,254.1	2,254.0	2,258.9	2,274.2	2,258.1	2,255.8	2,257.4	2,253.4	2,256.9	3.5
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	82.5	79.6	79.1	79.0	82.8	80.7	79.8	79.5	79.2	79.0	2
Real estate and rental and leasing		2,027.2	2,034.5	2,056.0	2,048.8	2,064.0	2,063.6	2,064.5	2,063.0	2,064.9	1.9
Real estate Rental and leasing services	1,374.8 634.0	1,377.0 620.2	1,385.0 620.3	1,401.4 626.0	1,382.2 638.9	1,395.7 638.3	1,397.7 636.0	1,400.2 634.2	1,401.9 631.5	1,405.6 630.2	3.7 -1.3
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	27.4	30.0	29.2	28.6	27.7	30.0	29.9	30.1	29.6	29.1	-1.5 5
Professional and business services	15,850	15,881	16,044	16,353	15,897	16,159	16,172	16,196	16,250	16,373	123
Professional and technical services ¹	6,692.1	6,727.0	6,754.4	6,760.8	6,631.3	6,669.3	6,657.9	6,658.1	6,688.3	6,701.5	13.2
Legal services	1,130.5	1,132.3	1,132.3	1,135.4	1,138.3	1,140.5	1,138.7	1,139.2	1,138.8	1,141.4	2.6
Accounting and bookkeeping services	911.2	944.0	927.3	907.3	818.1	826.6	815.2	813.3	820.0	820.6	.6
Architectural and engineering services Computer systems design and related	1,217.5	1,215.9	1,228.6	1,244.5	1,227.5	1,235.2	1,236.0	1,240.0	1,247.2	1,254.4	7.2
services Management and technical consulting	1,120.2	1,099.4	1,105.3	1,100.3	1,117.9	1,105.7	1,104.6	1,099.8	1,102.8	1,098.9	-3.9
services	737.3	760.1	768.9	777.7	741.5	764.0	765.4	767.9	774.2	781.9	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail—Continued

(In thousands)

	No	ot season	ally adjust	ed			Se	asonally a	djusted		
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ^r
Professional and business servicesContinued											
Management of companies and enterprises	1,670.7	1,658.6	1,663.4	1,675.0	1,679.1	1,670.2	1,675.1	1,675.6	1,675.6	1,681.0	5.4
Administrative and waste services	7,487.4	7,495.1	7,625.9	7,917.6	7,586.6	7,819.2	7,838.5	7,862.4	7,886.1	7,990.3	104.2
Administrative and support services 1	7,165.7	7,180.1	7,308.9	7,595.2	7,262.8	7,496.3	7,517.5	7,539.6	7,562.9	7,665.4	102.5
Employment services 1	3,138.6	3,296.8	3,353.1	3,479.7	3,229.3	3,461.3	3,473.8	3,493.8	3,494.4	3,554.5	60.1
Temporary help services	2,090.1	2,216.2	2,272.2	2,361.6	2,159.1	2,355.3	2,344.3	2,370.4	2,384.3	2,419.6	35.3
Business support services	747.2	738.7	747.7	750.7	746.8	745.1	739.0	739.8	744.7	747.5	2.8
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,622.6	1,492.4	1,544.9	1,684.8	1,621.5	1,635.9	1,637.1	1,639.5	1,649.0	1,678.8	29.8
Waste management and remediation services	321.7	315.0	317.0	322.4	323.8	322.9	321.0	322.8	323.2	324.9	1.7
Education and health services	16,695	16,863	16,949	17,009	16,538	16,731	16,746	16,764	16,805	16,836	31
Educational services	2,835.0	2,860.0	2,880.9	2,886.7	2,687.1	2,728.0	2,729.3	2,727.4	2,731.4	2,733.1	1.7
Health care and social assistance		14,002.6		14,122.0	13,851.0	14,003.2	14,017.1	14,036.8	14,073.2	14,103.2	30.0
Ambulatory health care services ¹	4,747.0	4,835.4	4,857.9	4,883.9	4,751.8	4,831.0	4,840.3	4,855.3	4,868.0	4,884.8	16.8
Offices of physicians	1,987.4	2,029.6	2,040.3	2,043.0	1,992.1	2,030.0	2,032.3	2,034.4	2,043.5	2,046.9	3.4
Outpatient care centers	423.3	431.0	430.7	434.4	422.4	425.0	427.8	431.1	429.9	432.7	2.8
Home health care services	723.6	732.5	739.3	748.7	722.9	739.9	740.2	741.5	743.9	747.9	4.0
Hospitals	4,237.3	4,276.4	4,292.3	4,294.6	4,244.1	4,283.9	4,287.8	4,284.1	4,296.0	4,299.7	3.7
Nursing and residential care facilities 1	2,777.8	2,779.3	2,792.6	2,798.7	2,781.4	2,793.0	2,792.1	2,791.1	2,797.8	2,802.6	4.8
Nursing care facilities	1,580.1	1,572.6	1,579.2	1,580.7	1,582.3	1,581.7	1,580.3	1,578.7	1,582.0	1,583.9	1.9
Social assistance ¹	2,098.3	2,111.5	2,125.2	2,144.8	2,073.7	2,095.3	2,096.9	2,106.3	2,111.4	2,116.1	4.7
Child day care services	777.7	783.5	788.6	795.0	757.9	770.0	766.3	772.2	773.4	773.0	4
Leisure and hospitality		11,699	11,927	12,225	12,084	12,192	12,218	12,229	12,263	12,299	36
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		1,609.0	1,656.0	1,747.9	1,792.9	1,795.2	1,801.4	1,796.7	1,795.0	1,790.3	-4.7
Performing arts and spectator sports	381.8	343.9	347.0	362.0	377.3	368.8	369.4	366.5	362.6	359.4	-3.2
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	111.1	104.6	108.0	114.2	113.3	113.1	113.4	113.7	114.1	115.1	1.0
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,255.4	1,160.5	1,201.0	1,271.7	1,302.3	1,313.3	1,318.6	1,316.5	1,318.3	1,315.8	-2.5
Accommodations and food services	-,	10,090.2	10,271.2	10,477.0	10,290.7	10,396.3	10,416.5	10,432.3	10,467.8	10,508.8	41.0
Accommodations	1,716.0	1,672.7	1,694.9	1,722.3	1,759.4	1,763.0	1,752.1	1,754.4	1,756.7	1,763.8	7.1
Food services and drinking places	8,507.0	8,417.5	8,576.3	8,754.7	8,531.3	8,633.3	8,664.4	8,677.9	8,711.1	8,745.0	33.9
Other services	5,392	5,337	5,377	5,396	5,397	5,374	5,379	5,376	5,393	5,403	10
Repair and maintenance	1,238.1	1,224.4	1,239.5	1,239.3	1,235.9	1,228.5	1,233.5	1,230.5	1,238.9	1,238.5	4
Personal and laundry services		1,231.2	1,246.8	1,256.7	1,260.1	1,250.2	1,251.2	1,247.6	1,255.8	1,256.3	.5
Membership associations and organizations	2,892.8	2,881.4	2,890.9	2,900.1	2,901.0	2,895.7	2,894.5	2,898.3	2,898.3	2,908.0	9.7
Government	21,998	21,824	21,975	21,957	21,597	21,544	21,527	21,539	21,566	21,574	8
Federal	2,758	2,699	2,703	2,707	2,768	2,720	2,715	2,716	2,717	2,717	0
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	,	1,909.3	1,916.1	1,922.4	1,952.5	1,928.9	1,921.5	1,923.8	1,927.2	1,929.7	2.5
U.S. Postal Service	813.1	789.2	787.0	785.0	815.2	791.4	793.1	791.7	789.9	787.7	-2.2
State government	5,164	5,119	5,164	5,169	5,020	5,027	5,007	5,018	5,026	5,030	4
State government education		2,394.5	2,430.2	2,432.5	2,259.7	2,285.7	2,268.0	2,279.6	2,286.4	2,290.9	4.5
State government, excluding education		2,724.8	2,733.9	2,736.9	2,760.4	2,740.9	2,738.9	2,738.4	2,739.1	2,738.6	5
Local government	14,076	14,006	14,108	14,081	13,809	13,797	13,805	13,805	13,823	13,827	4
Local government education	8,035.6	7,992.0	8,076.0	8,039.0	7,700.6	7,687.1	7,692.2	7,694.3	7,708.6	7,711.2	2.6
Local government, excluding education	6,040.3	6,014.2	6,031.6	6,042.0	6,107.9	6,109.7	6,112.7	6,110.8	6,114.1	6,115.8	1.7

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

p₌ preliminary.

Table B-2. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

	No	ot season	ally adjust	ted			Se	asonally a	adjusted		
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ^p
Total private	33.4	33.8	33.5	33.4	33.6	33.6	33.8	33.8	33.7	33.7	0.0
Goods-producing	39.3	39.8	40.1	39.7	39.4	39.9	40.2	40.3	40.2	40.0	2
Natural resources and mining	43.0	43.6	44.0	43.9	43.3	43.6	44.5	44.1	44.3	44.2	1
Construction	37.5	37.3	38.4	37.7	37.8	38.1	38.5	38.5	38.7	38.3	4
Manufacturing Overtime hours	39.9 3.9	40.8 4.3	40.8 4.5	40.5 4.4	40.1 4.0	40.6 4.5	41.0 4.5	41.0 4.6	40.9 4.6	40.6 4.5	3 1
Durable goods Overtime hours Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products Primary metals Fabricated metal products Machinery Computer and electronic products Electrical equipment and appliances Transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Overtime hours Food manufacturing Beverages and tobacco products Textile mills Textile product mills Apparel Leather and allied products Paper and paper products Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products	3.9 39.9	41.3 4.5 40.4 41.5 42.9 41.1 41.9 41.1 40.6 42.9 39.1 38.8 40.0 4.0 38.8 39.3 40.1 39.5 36.1 39.5 41.7 38.4 44.2	41.4 4.7 40.6 42.5 43.1 41.0 41.8 40.8 40.6 43.0 39.4 38.7 40.0 4.1 38.7 39.1 40.7 38.8 36.5 40.0 41.7 38.6 43.5	41.1 4.6 40.8 42.4 43.2 40.8 41.5 40.4 40.0 42.3 39.4 38.2 39.7 4.1 38.2 39.4 39.6 38.6 36.4 39.7 41.7 38.3 43.1	40.3 4.0 40.0 41.9 42.1 40.3 40.5 40.1 41.1 38.0 38.0 39.7 4.1 39.3 39.5 39.0 38.5 39.0 38.5 35.6 39.3 41.5 37.9 44.0	41.2 4.7 41.0 42.3 42.7 40.8 41.1 40.4 40.7 42.7 39.7 38.5 39.9 4.2 39.1 39.1 39.7 39.8 35.8 40.3 41.8 38.2 44.2	41.5 4.7 40.9 42.5 43.1 41.2 41.8 40.8 41.1 42.8 39.7 39.0 40.2 4.3 39.5 39.6 40.0 39.4 35.7 39.8 41.9 38.6 43.8	41.5 4.8 41.1 42.5 43.0 41.2 41.8 41.2 40.7 42.9 39.4 38.7 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.0 39.9 36.2 39.5 42.0 38.6 44.1	41.3 4.8 40.9 42.9 43.0 41.0 41.6 40.7 42.8 39.5 38.5 40.1 4.2 39.2 39.6 40.2 38.8 36.2 39.6 41.9 38.4 43.6	41.1 4.7 40.9 42.5 43.1 41.0 41.4 40.6 40.4 42.3 39.4 38.2 39.9 4.3 38.9 39.6 39.3 38.4 36.1 39.5 41.8 38.4 43.5	21 .04 .1 .02135132 .13 .0941111
Chemicals Plastics and rubber products	42.2 39.9	43.3 40.7	43.1 40.8	42.6 40.7	42.3 39.9	42.5 40.4	42.9 40.8	43.2 40.9	43.0 40.9	43.0 40.7	.0 2
Private service-providing	32.1	32.6	32.1	32.1	32.3	32.2	32.4	32.4	32.3	32.4	.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	33.2	33.5	33.2	33.2	33.5	33.5	33.6	33.7	33.5	33.5	.0
Wholesale trade	37.5	38.1	37.6	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.9	38.0	37.9	37.9	.0
Retail trade	30.6	30.6	30.4	30.4	30.9	30.8	31.0	30.9	30.8	30.8	.0
Transportation and warehousing	36.1	37.0	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.7	36.9	37.2	36.9	36.9	.0
Utilities	41.1	41.1	40.9	40.9	41.0	40.8	40.8	41.0	41.1	41.1	.0
Information	35.9	36.5	35.9	35.9	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.3	36.2	36.2	.0
Financial activities	35.2	36.1	35.2	35.3	35.5	35.3	35.7	35.5	35.5	35.6	.1
Professional and business services	34.0	34.5	34.0	34.0	34.0	33.8	34.1	34.2	34.0	34.1	.1
Education and health services	32.1	32.6	32.2	32.2	32.3	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.4	.0
Leisure and hospitality	25.3	25.8	25.4	25.4	25.6	25.6	25.7	25.8	25.7	25.7	.0
Other services	31.1	31.2	30.9	30.8	31.4	31.0	31.1	31.1	31.1	31.1	.0

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries. These groups account for

approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls. $^{\rm p}\!=\!{\rm preliminary}.$

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

		Average ho	urly earnings	_		Average wee	Average weekly earnings						
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p					
Total private	\$15.27	\$15.60	\$15.55	\$15 EQ	\$510.02	\$527.28	\$520.93	\$520.71					
Total privateSeasonally adjusted	15.25	15.52	15.54	\$15.59 15.59	512.40	524.58	523.70	525.38					
Goods-producing	16.66	16.95	17.00	17.09	654.74	674.61	681.70	678.47					
Natural resources and mining	17.68	18.05	18.15	18.13	760.24	786.98	798.60	795.91					
Construction	18.84	19.07	19.06	19.14	706.50	711.31	731.90	721.58					
Manufacturing	15.63	15.99	16.01	16.07	623.64	652.39	653.21	650.84					
Durable goods	16.32	16.68	16.69	16.72	656.06	688.88	690.97	687.19					
Wood products	12.49	12.91	12.93	12.99	498.35	521.56	524.96	529.99					
Nonmetallic mineral products	15.69	16.00	16.03	16.33	655.84	664.00	681.28	692.39					
Primary metals	18.05		18.34	18.54	761.71	1		800.93					
Fillidly Illelais		18.36	1		1	787.64	790.45	1					
Fabricated metal products	14.95	15.18	15.25	15.22	599.50	623.90	625.25	620.98					
Machinery	16.17	16.50	16.50	16.51	653.27	691.35	689.70	685.17					
Computer and electronic products	16.62	16.92	16.92	17.11	661.48	695.41	690.34	691.24					
Electrical equipment and appliances	14.26	14.58	14.69	14.80	570.40	591.95	596.41	592.00					
Transportation equipment	20.95	21.37	21.34	21.33	865.24	916.77	917.62	902.26					
Furniture and related products	12.89	12.92	12.95	13.06	488.53	505.17	510.23	514.56					
Miscellaneous manufacturing	13.20	13.75	13.77	13.59	500.28	533.50	532.90	519.14					
Nondurable goods	14.55	14.88	14.90	15.02	574.73	595.20	596.00	596.29					
Food manufacturing	12.75	12.87	12.90	13.00	494.70	499.36	499.23	496.60					
Beverages and tobacco products	17.86	18.76	19.24	19.90	701.90	737.27	752.28	784.06					
Textile mills	11.95	12.13	12.09	12.21	472.03	486.41	492.06	483.52					
Textile product mills	11.12	11.40	11.37	11.15	429.23	450.30	441.16	430.39					
Apparel		9.58	9.60	9.71	336.78	345.84	350.40	353.44					
Leather and allied products	11.72	11.76	11.68	11.73	466.46	464.52	467.20	465.68					
	17.25	_	17.59	17.86	712.43	731.84	733.50	744.76					
Paper and paper products		17.55	1		1			-					
Printing and related support activities	15.33	15.57	15.63	15.53	579.47	597.89	603.32	594.80					
Petroleum and coal products	23.86	24.32	24.83	24.69	1,049.84	1,074.94	1,080.11	1,064.14					
Chemicals	18.34	18.85	18.83	19.04	773.95	816.21	811.57	811.10					
Plastics and rubber products	14.09	14.45	14.46	14.60	562.19	588.12	589.97	594.22					
Private service-providing	14.91	15.24	15.16	15.20	478.61	496.82	486.64	487.92					
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.32	14.58	14.54	14.62	475.42	488.43	482.73	485.38					
Wholesale trade	17.29	17.60	17.48	17.61	648.38	670.56	657.25	663.90					
Retail trade	11.89	12.04	12.04	12.08	363.83	368.42	366.02	367.23					
Transportation and warehousing	16.17	16.58	16.52	16.74	583.74	613.46	604.63	611.01					
Utilities	24.54	25.29	25.36	25.31	1,008.59	1,039.42	1,037.22	1,035.18					
Information	20.89	21.28	21.19	21.35	749.95	776.72	760.72	766.47					
Financial activities	16.96	17.47	17.38	17.48	596.99	630.67	611.78	617.04					
Professional and business services	17.19	17.47	17.29	17.27	584.46	602.72	587.86	587.18					
Education and health services	15.48	15.95	15.93	15.96	496.91	519.97	512.95	513.91					
Leisure and hospitality	8.71	8.92	8.89	8.86	220.36	230.14	225.81	225.04					
Other services	13.82	13.90	13.85	13.87	429.80	433.68	427.97	427.20					

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

p₌ preliminary.

Table B-4. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Percent change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ^p
Total private: Current dollars Constant (1982) dollars ²		\$15.45 8.30	\$15.49 8.27	\$15.52 8.27	\$15.54 8.24	\$15.59 N.A.	0.3 (³)
Goods-producing	16.71	16.97	17.00	17.06	17.09	17.14	.3
Natural resources and mining	17.60	17.91	17.95	18.01	18.07	18.06	1
Construction	18.90	19.04	19.11	19.18	19.17	19.22	.3
Manufacturing Excluding overtime ⁴	15.64 14.90	15.93 15.09	15.94 15.11	15.99 15.14	16.02 15.17	16.08 15.24	.4 .5
Durable goods	16.35	16.64	16.63	16.68	16.70	16.76	.4
Nondurable goods	14.54	14.81	14.85	14.89	14.93	15.01	.5
Private service-providing	14.86	15.05	15.08	15.10	15.13	15.17	.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.24	14.41	14.45	14.49	14.50	14.57	.5
Wholesale trade	17.29	17.46	17.53	17.54	17.55	17.61	.3
Retail trade	11.81	11.95	11.95	11.98	11.99	12.02	.3
Transportation and warehousing	16.15	16.33	16.46	16.52	16.53	16.71	1.1
Utilities	24.44	25.13	25.32	25.35	25.38	25.42	.2
Information	20.89	20.99	21.15	21.24	21.27	21.38	.5
Financial activities	16.95	17.30	17.35	17.32	17.42	17.48	.3
Professional and business services	17.20	17.25	17.24	17.25	17.27	17.30	.2
Education and health services	15.45	15.81	15.87	15.90	15.94	15.95	.1
Leisure and hospitality	8.73	8.84	8.85	8.86	8.87	8.88	.1
Other services	13.78	13.80	13.84	13.84	13.86	13.83	2

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2. ² The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.

³ Change was -0.4 percent from Feb. 2004 to Mar. 2004, the latest month available.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}\,{\rm Derived}$ by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

N.A. = not available.

p = preliminary.

Table B-5. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

	N	ot season	ally adjus	ted			Se	asonally a	adjusted		
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Percent change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ^p
Total private	. 97.1	97.3	97.3	98.2	98.3	98.4	99.1	99.2	99.2	99.5	0.3
Goods-producing	. 93.5	91.8	93.7	94.4	95.0	95.2	96.0	96.2	96.3	96.1	2
Natural resources and mining		94.1	97.3	98.4	96.0	97.1	99.1	98.2	100.8	101.5	.7
Construction	92.8	88.4	93.8	96.1	96.5	98.2	99.7	99.6	100.9	100.0	9
Manufacturing	93.6	93.2	93.6	93.4	94.5	93.6	94.4	94.5	94.3	93.8	5
Durable goods	93.4 95.9	93.9 96.3	94.6 96.8	94.5 98.2	93.7 96.8	94.1 99.2	94.8 98.7	94.9 99.7	94.5 99.0	94.3 99.0	2 .0
Nonmetallic mineral products		88.6	92.6	95.2	93.8	93.6	95.5	95.0	96.1	95.9	2
Primary metals		91.5	92.0	92.5	94.6	91.7	92.1	92.0	91.8	92.2	.4
Fabricated metal products		96.0	95.8	96.4	95.0	95.0	96.1	96.5	96.0	96.9	.9
Machinery		95.7	95.9	95.3	93.8	93.5	94.9	95.1	95.0	94.8	2
Computer and electronic products	92.0	90.8	90.5	88.8	92.9	89.4	90.2	90.8	89.9	88.9	-1.1
Electrical equipment and appliances	92.4	88.6	88.8	87.4	92.4	90.0	90.6	89.0	88.6	87.6	-1.1
Transportation equipment	93.6	97.5	98.1	96.9	93.1	96.8	97.3	97.7	97.4	96.6	8
Furniture and related products	90.3	92.3	94.0	95.0	90.8	94.1	94.4	93.8	94.7	95.0	.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	. 93.7	91.4	91.6	91.3	93.9	91.6	92.4	91.9	91.3	90.8	5
Nondurable goods	. 94.1	92.0	92.4	91.9	95.3	93.2	93.6	93.8	93.4	93.0	4
Food manufacturing	94.9	94.2	94.0	92.5	98.4	97.1	97.7	97.6	97.2	96.5	7
Beverages and tobacco products	86.7	83.4	83.4	85.8	89.1	87.4	88.8	88.5	87.4	87.6	.2
Textile mills	90.7	78.8	81.0	78.7	89.1	80.4	80.3	79.5	79.8	77.4	-3.0
Textile product millsApparel	93.2 84.5	90.8	92.2 79.4	94.1 79.2	92.6 84.8	91.9 77.6	92.4 77.2	93.1 78.8	92.4 78.6	92.8 78.4	.4 3
Leather and allied products		90.7	93.4	95.3	94.7	92.2	91.4	91.7	92.2	92.7	.5
Paper and paper products	92.5	89.9	90.0	90.4	93.7	91.5	91.3	91.2	91.3	91.3	.0
Printing and related support activities	94.4	92.8	93.4	92.4	94.9	93.6	94.2	93.9	93.1	92.9	2
Petroleum and coal products	96.2	95.7	96.4	95.1	96.8	97.8	99.0	98.6	98.2	96.9	-1.3
Chemicals	. 99.5	100.2	99.7	98.7	99.5	98.6	99.0	99.9	99.3	99.4	.1
Plastics and rubber products	. 95.0	94.1	94.5	94.8	94.9	94.0	94.6	94.9	94.8	94.6	2
Private service-providing	. 98.1	99.0	98.4	99.4	99.1	99.1	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.6	.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	96.6	96.8	96.5	97.1	98.6	98.0	98.7	99.1	98.8	98.9	.1
Wholesale trade	97.3	97.4	96.7	97.4	98.1	97.4	97.7	98.0	98.0	98.1	.1
Retail trade	96.5	96.1	96.0	96.7	99.0	98.3	99.4	99.2	99.2	99.3	.1
Transportation and warehousing	96.2	98.1	97.8	97.9	98.0	97.6	98.8	99.8	99.5	99.5	.0
Utilities	. 97.7	97.4	97.2	97.1	97.9	97.2	97.4	97.7	98.1	98.1	.0
Information	. 96.2	98.0	96.9	97.3	97.1	97.5	97.1	97.8	97.7	98.2	.5
Financial activities	100.1	102.0	99.6	100.0	101.3	100.7	101.7	101.0	100.9	101.1	.2
Professional and business services	97.5	98.9	98.6	100.7	97.9	98.7	99.7	100.1	100.0	101.2	1.2
Education and health services	101.3	103.4	102.7	103.0	101.0	102.1	102.1	102.2	102.4	102.6	.2
Leisure and hospitality	97.1	96.6	97.1	99.6	99.4	100.2	100.8	101.4	101.2	101.6	.4
Other services	. 96.4	95.2	95.1	95.3	97.4	95.4	95.8	95.7	96.1	96.3	.2

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and production or nonsupervisory worker employment.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the

Table B-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

(2002=100)

	No	ot season	ally adjust	ed			Se	asonally a	djusted		
Industry	Apr. 2003	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2003	Dec. 2003	Jan. 2004	Feb. 2004	Mar. 2004 ^p	Apr. 2004 ^p	Percent change from: Mar. 2004- Apr. 2004 ^p
Total private	99.3	101.5	101.3	102.4	100.3	101.7	102.7	103.0	103.1	103.7	0.6
Goods-producing	95.4	95.3	97.6	98.8	97.2	98.9	99.9	100.5	100.8	100.8	.0
Natural resources and mining	95.6	98.8	102.7	103.8	98.2	101.1	103.4	102.9	105.9	106.6	.7
Construction	94.4	91.0	96.6	99.3	98.5	100.9	102.9	103.2	104.4	103.8	6
Manufacturing	95.7	97.5	98.1	98.1	96.6	97.5	98.4	98.8	98.8	98.6	2
Durable goods	95.1	97.8	98.5	98.6	95.6	97.8	98.4	98.9	98.5	98.7	.2
Nondurable goods	96.7	96.7	97.3	97.5	97.9	97.5	98.2	98.6	98.5	98.6	.1
Private service-providing	100.5	103.7	102.4	103.8	101.2	102.5	103.5	103.7	103.9	104.8	.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	98.7	100.7	100.1	101.3	100.2	100.7	101.7	102.4	102.2	102.8	.6
Wholesale trade	99.1	101.0	99.5	101.1	99.9	100.2	100.9	101.3	101.3	101.8	.5
Retail trade	98.4	99.2	99.0	100.1	100.3	100.7	101.8	101.9	102.0	102.3	.3
Transportation and warehousing	98.7	103.2	102.5	104.0	100.4	101.1	103.2	104.6	104.3	105.5	1.2
Utilities	100.1	102.8	102.9	102.6	99.8	101.9	102.9	103.4	103.9	104.0	.1
Information	99.5	103.3	101.6	102.9	100.4	101.3	101.6	102.8	102.8	104.0	1.2
Financial activities	105.0	110.2	107.0	108.1	106.2	107.7	109.1	108.2	108.7	109.3	.6
Professional and business services	99.8	102.8	101.5	103.5	100.2	101.3	102.3	102.8	102.8	104.2	1.4
Education and health services	103.1	108.4	107.5	108.0	102.6	106.1	106.5	106.8	107.3	107.6	.3
Leisure and hospitality	98.6	100.5	100.6	102.9	101.1	103.3	104.0	104.7	104.7	105.2	.5
Other services	97.1	96.4	96.0	96.3	97.8	96.0	96.6	96.5	97.1	97.0	1

¹ See footnote 1, table B-2.

the corresponding 2002 annual average levels. Aggregate payroll estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and production or nonsupervisory worker employment.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate payrolls by

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time Span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private no	onfarm pa	yrolls, 27	3 industrie	es 1			
Over 1-month span: 2000		62.9 47.8 35.1 35.1 56.1	63.3 50.4 41.0 38.1 P 64.0	59.5 34.4 41.5 41.4 P 61.7	46.9 41.4 41.7 42.8	61.7 39.2 47.8 40.1	63.1 37.1 44.1 40.5	52.5 38.8 44.1 39.7	51.1 38.3 42.8 49.3	53.4 32.4 39.0 46.0	56.8 36.7 38.7 51.1	53.8 34.9 34.5 49.1
Over 3-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	52.7	66.2 50.4 37.4 32.6 55.2	67.8 50.4 35.1 36.3 P 59.9	68.3 43.5 36.2 35.1 P 64.0	60.1 38.8 36.7 40.5	58.1 34.9 39.4 42.6	56.3 36.2 39.9 37.4	61.5 37.9 40.8 35.4	56.5 34.7 38.7 40.1	53.2 35.3 37.1 45.5	52.9 30.8 34.4 50.5	56.8 32.0 34.7 51.1
Over 6-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	51.8 29.5	69.1 50.0 30.0 31.1 54.1	72.5 51.8 31.1 31.7 P 58.5	72.5 47.3 31.1 31.7 P 61.5	67.4 43.5 31.7 33.5	67.8 41.5 37.1 37.8	66.7 38.1 37.2 36.2	60.8 35.4 39.0 36.5	59.0 32.2 34.7 40.5	55.0 33.1 36.5 39.4	59.7 31.5 35.3 42.6	54.0 31.1 33.3 41.7
Over 12-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	33.6	69.2 59.5 31.7 31.5 43.2	73.2 53.4 30.2 32.9 P 47.1	71.0 49.3 30.4 33.5 P 51.3	69.8 48.6 30.2 36.2	71.0 45.0 29.1 34.4	70.0 43.3 32.0 34.7	70.3 43.9 31.3 33.1	70.3 39.9 30.0 37.6	65.6 37.8 29.5 37.4	63.8 37.1 32.9 33.1	62.1 34.9 34.7 35.4
					Manufact	uring payr	olls, 84 in	dustries 1				
Over 1-month span: 2000	22.6	58.3 22.0 18.5 15.5 55.4	50.0 21.4 23.8 22.6 P 51.8	50.0 16.1 35.1 13.7 P 55.4	41.1 15.5 29.8 26.2	57.1 23.2 32.7 25.0	60.7 13.7 40.5 28.0	28.6 14.3 28.0 26.2	25.0 19.0 31.0 27.4	35.1 17.9 11.9 28.6	39.9 14.9 15.5 51.2	41.1 10.1 17.9 45.8
Over 3-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	35.7	53.6 21.4 10.1 13.1 51.8	56.0 16.1 11.3 16.7 P 53.6	54.8 14.3 17.9 10.1 P 54.2	44.0 13.1 17.3 13.1	44.0 13.7 19.0 14.9	51.2 11.9 28.0 16.1	47.6 8.9 22.0 16.1	32.7 8.3 23.8 16.1	25.0 13.1 15.5 24.4	23.2 8.9 6.5 27.4	38.7 10.1 4.8 41.7
Over 6-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	44.0 22.0 6.5 11.3 28.6	52.4 23.8 8.9 9.5 36.9	55.4 22.0 7.7 6.0 P 44.0	57.7 20.8 8.3 7.1 P 52.4	47.6 14.3 7.7 8.9	51.8 13.7 14.3 13.1	56.0 14.3 14.9 8.9	45.2 10.1 10.7 13.1	39.3 10.7 12.5 13.1	34.5 5.4 10.1 16.7	32.1 7.1 8.9 19.0	27.4 4.8 8.9 19.6
Over 12-month span: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	41.7 29.8 7.1 10.7 9.5	39.3 32.1 6.0 6.0 19.0	47.0 20.8 6.0 6.5 P 17.3	50.0 19.0 6.5 5.4 P 26.2	46.4 13.1 7.1 8.3	52.4 12.5 3.6 9.5	51.8 10.7 4.8 9.5	49.4 11.9 6.0 9.5	46.4 11.9 4.8 10.7	40.5 10.1 7.1 11.9	35.1 8.3 4.8 9.5	33.3 6.0 8.3 11.3

¹Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

p= preliminary.