



NEWS RELEASE



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METROPOLITAN AREA EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT – JANUARY 2011

Unemployment rates were lower in January than a year earlier in 282 of the 372 metropolitan areas, higher in 73 areas, and unchanged in 17 areas, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Sixteen areas recorded jobless rates of at least 15.0 percent, while five areas registered rates of less than 5.0 percent. Two hundred sixty-six metropolitan areas reported over-the-year increases in nonfarm payroll employment, 93 reported decreases, and 13 were unchanged. The national unemployment rate in January was 9.8 percent, not seasonally adjusted, down from 10.6 percent a year earlier.

Metropolitan Area Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In January 154 metropolitan areas reported jobless rates of at least 10.0 percent, down from 196 areas a year earlier, while 47 areas posted rates below 7.0 percent, up from 35 areas in January 2010. El Centro, Calif., recorded the highest unemployment rate, 25.1 percent, followed by Yuma, Ariz., 23.2 percent. Among the 16 areas with January 2011 jobless rates of at least 15.0 percent, 12 were located in California. Lincoln, Neb., registered the lowest unemployment rate, 4.1 percent; the remaining four areas with rates under 5.0 percent also were located in the West North Central census division: Fargo, N.D.-Minn. (4.6 percent); Bismarck, N.D. (4.8 percent); and Ames, Iowa, and Iowa City, Iowa (4.9 percent each). Overall 211 areas recorded unemployment rates below the U.S. figure of 9.8 percent, 159 areas reported rates above it, and 2 areas had rates equal to that of the nation. (See table 1 and the map.)

Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment Data Series Changes

In accordance with annual practices, historical data have been revised in tables 1 through 4 of this news release. For detailed information on the revisions, see the box notes at the end of the news release.

Rockford, Ill., registered the largest over-the-year unemployment rate decrease in January (-5.3 percentage points), followed by Elkhart-Goshen, Ind. (-4.3 points). Forty-one additional areas recorded rate decreases of at least 2.0 percentage points from a year earlier. Yuma, Ariz., reported the largest over-the-year unemployment rate increase (+2.2 percentage points). No other area had an increase of 2.0 percentage points or more.

Of the 49 metropolitan areas with a Census 2000 population of 1 million or more, the highest unemployment rates in January were registered in Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, Calif., 14.2 percent, and Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev., 13.7 percent. Eighteen additional large areas posted rates of 10.0 percent or more. The lowest jobless rates among the large areas were recorded in Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va., and Oklahoma City, Okla., 6.1 and 6.3 percent, respectively. Forty of the large areas reported over-the-year unemployment rate decreases, while six areas registered rate increases and three had no change. Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., experienced the largest unemployment rate decrease from January 2010 (-3.9 percentage points), followed by Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. (-2.2 points). Eleven other large areas reported rate decreases of at least 1.0 percentage point. New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, La., posted the largest jobless rate increase over the year (+0.8 percentage point), closely followed by Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, Fla. (+0.7 point).

Metropolitan Division Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Eleven of the most populous metropolitan areas are made up of 34 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers. In January Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, Calif., and Lawrence-Methuen-Salem, Mass.-N.H., registered the highest jobless rates among the divisions, 13.1 and 13.0 percent, respectively. Bethesda-Rockville-Frederick, Md., reported the lowest unemployment rate among the divisions, 5.6 percent. (See table 2.)

In January 30 metropolitan divisions recorded over-the-year jobless rate decreases and 4 reported rate increases. The two divisions that make up the Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., metropolitan area posted the largest rate decreases from January 2010: Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills (-3.9 percentage points) and Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn (-3.7 points). Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, Fla., experienced the largest over-the-year unemployment rate increase among divisions (+0.9 percentage point).

In 3 of the 11 metropolitan areas that contain divisions, the ranges between the highest and lowest division jobless rates were 2.0 percentage points or more in January. Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, Mass.-N.H., recorded the largest rate difference among its divisions, 6.8 percentage points (Lawrence-Methuen-Salem, Mass.-N.H., 13.0 percent, compared with Nashua, N.H.-Mass., 6.2 percent).

Metropolitan Area Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In January 266 metropolitan areas reported over-the-year increases in nonfarm payroll employment, 93 reported decreases, and 13 were unchanged. The largest over-the-year employment increase occurred in Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas (+63,600), followed by Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, Texas (+56,600), Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. (+42,600), Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. (+40,800), and New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa. (+34,600). The largest over-the-year percentage gain in employment occurred in Sandusky, Ohio (+9.0 percent), followed by Kokomo, Ind. (+7.1 percent), and Odessa, Texas (+6.0 percent). (See table 3.)

The largest over-the-year employment decrease was recorded in Sacramento—Arden-Arcade—Roseville, Calif. (-14,500), followed by Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, Ga. (-12,300), Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev. (-9,500), Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y. (-6,400), and Memphis, Tenn.-Miss.-Ark. (-6,300). The largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment occurred in Yuma, Ariz. (-3.2 percent), followed by Lawrence, Kan., and Napa, Calif. (-2.6 percent each), and Sebastian-Vero Beach, Fla. (-2.5 percent).

Over the year, nonfarm employment increased in 29 of the 36 metropolitan areas with annual average employment levels above 750,000 in 2010. The large areas with the largest over-the-year percentage increases in employment were Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas, and Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, Texas (+2.3 percent each), followed by Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Fla. (+2.1 percent), and Pittsburgh, Pa. (+2.0 percent). The large area with the largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment was Sacramento—Arden-Arcade—Roseville, Calif. (-1.8 percent), followed by Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev. (-1.2 percent), Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, Ga. (-0.6 percent), and Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, Calif. (-0.5 percent).

Metropolitan Division Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Nonfarm payroll employment data were available in January for 32 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers within a metropolitan area. Twenty of the 32 metropolitan divisions reported over-the-year employment gains, while 12 reported losses. The largest over-the-year employment increase in the metropolitan divisions was registered in Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas (+52,800), followed by Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, Ill. (+41,400), New York-White Plains-Wayne, N.Y.-N.J. (+40,800), and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. (+30,900). The largest over-the-year employment decrease in the metropolitan divisions occurred in Edison-New Brunswick, N.J. (-6,200), followed by Newark-Union, N.J.-Pa. (-6,100), Oakland-Fremont-Hayward, Calif. (-4,100), and Camden, N.J. (-3,900). (See table 4.)

The largest over-the-year percentage increase in employment among the metropolitan divisions was posted in Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas (+2.7 percent), followed by Bethesda-Rockville-Frederick, Md. (+1.8 percent), Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Mich. (+1.7 percent), and Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. (+1.3 percent each). The largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment among the metropolitan divisions was reported in Peabody, Mass. (-1.4 percent), followed by Camden, N.J. (-0.8 percent), and Edison-New Brunswick, N.J., and Newark-Union, N.J.-Pa. (-0.6 percent each).

The Regional and State Employment and Unemployment news release for February is scheduled to be released on Friday, March 25, 2011, at 10:00 a.m. (EDT). The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment news release for February is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, April 6, 2011, at 10:00 a.m. (EDT).

Changes to Local Area Unemployment Statistics Data

Effective with the release of 2010 annual average estimates on February 25, labor force and unemployment data for all states, the District of Columbia, and the seven modeled substate areas presented in tables 1 and 2 of this news release were revised from 2006 through 2010 to incorporate updated inputs, new population controls, reestimation of models, and adjustment to new division and national control totals. Historical revisions for all model-based area estimates were loaded into the BLS time series database at that time.

Labor force and unemployment data for the non-modeled metropolitan areas and divisions presented in tables 1 and 2 of this news release have been revised for 2010 to incorporate updated inputs and adjustment to new state control totals. However, historical estimates for these areas and divisions in the BLS time series database have not been revised and do not match the data for 2010 in this release. Revisions for all non-modeled metropolitan area and division estimates from 2006 through 2010 will be loaded into the database on Tuesday, April 19. For more information, see www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm.

Changes to Current Employment Statistics Data

Effective for this release, nonfarm payroll estimates for all states, metropolitan areas, and metropolitan divisions have been revised to reflect 2010 benchmark levels (tables 3 and 4), as well as updated seasonal adjustment factors. Not seasonally adjusted data for states, areas, and divisions were revised back to April 2009 and seasonally adjusted data were subject to revision back to January 1990. For more information on benchmark procedures, see www.bls.gov/sae/benchmark2011.pdf.

In addition, all seasonally adjusted series for states and metropolitan areas incorporate an improved seasonal adjustment process. The new seasonal adjustment utilizes calendar effect treatments designed to correct for variations in the number of weeks between reference periods in any given pair of months. For more information on the presence and treatment of calendar effects in CES data, see www.bls.gov/ore/pdf/st960190.pdf.

Upcoming Changes to Current Employment Statistics Data

With the release of preliminary April 2011 estimates in May 2011, state and area nonfarm employment estimates will incorporate net business birth/death adjustment factors estimated on a quarterly basis, replacing the current practice of estimating the factors annually. This will allow the state and area nonfarm employment estimates to incorporate information from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages into the net birth/death adjustment factors as soon as it becomes available and thereby improve the factors.

Technical Note

This release presents labor force and unemployment data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program (tables 1 and 2) for 372 metropolitan statistical areas and metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), plus 8 areas in Puerto Rico. Estimates for 34 metropolitan and NECTA divisions also are presented. Nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program (tables 3 and 4) are provided for most of the same areas. State estimates were previously published in the news release, *Regional and State Employment and Unemployment*, and are republished in this release for ease of reference. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

Labor force and unemployment—from the LAUS program

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. *Employed* persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. *Unemployed* persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The *labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The *unemployment rate* is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Method of estimation. Estimates for states, the District of Columbia, the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale metropolitan division, and New York City are produced using time-series models with real-time benchmarking to national CPS totals. Model-based estimation was extended to the following areas and their respective balances of state in 2005: the Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL Metropolitan Division; Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area; Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Metropolitan Statistical Area; Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division; New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area; and Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Metropolitan Division. (Model-based estimation of the New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner metropolitan area was suspended following

Hurricane Katrina; the indirect estimation methods described below will be used for this area until further notice.) Modeling improves the statistical basis of the estimation for these areas and provides important tools for analysis, such as measures of errors and seasonally adjusted series. For all other substate areas in this release, estimates are prepared through indirect estimation procedures using a building-block approach. Employment estimates, which are based largely on “place of work” estimates from the CES program, are adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Unemployment estimates are aggregates of persons previously employed in industries covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and entrants to the labor force data from the CPS. The substate estimates of employment and unemployment, which geographically exhaust the entire state, are adjusted proportionally to ensure that they add to the independently estimated state or balance-of-state totals. A detailed description of the estimation procedures is available from BLS upon request.

Annual revisions. Labor force and unemployment data shown for the prior year reflect adjustments made at the end of each year, usually implemented with January estimates. The adjusted model-based estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. All substate estimates are reestimated and adjusted to add to the revised model-based estimates.

Employment—from the CES program

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. The employment data are estimated using a “link relative” technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for the approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to

adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the particular estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded data and thus may differ slightly from rates computed using the rounded data displayed in the tables.

Labor force and unemployment estimates. Model-based error measures are available for states on the Internet at www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available, but additional information on the subject is provided in *Employment and Earnings Online* at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level and for metro-

politan area CES data at the total nonfarm level are available online at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on December 1, 2009. Data reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than county-based definitions, in the six New England States. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in *Employment and Earnings Online*.

Estimates of unadjusted and seasonally adjusted labor force and unemployment data for states, census regions and divisions, and seven substate areas are available in the news release, *Regional and State Employment and Unemployment*. Estimates of labor force and unemployment for all states, metropolitan areas, labor market areas, counties, cities with a population of 25,000 or more, and other areas used in the administration of various federal economic assistance programs are available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/lau/. Employment data from the CES program are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

**LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

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NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P
Iowa									
Ames	48.1	49.4	48.4	2.4	2.2	2.4	5.0	4.5	4.9
Cedar Rapids	146.7	148.3	146.8	10.0	9.2	10.0	6.8	6.2	6.8
Des Moines-West Des Moines	315.1	312.3	312.3	20.9	19.3	21.3	6.6	6.2	6.8
Dubuque	52.9	54.6	54.4	3.8	3.4	3.9	7.1	6.3	7.1
Iowa City	90.4	92.7	91.3	4.4	4.1	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.9
Sioux City	78.1	78.7	77.2	5.1	5.6	5.1	6.5	7.1	6.6
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	94.5	95.9	93.7	6.0	5.7	6.2	6.4	5.9	6.6
Kansas									
Lawrence	63.3	62.1	62.2	4.1	3.5	4.2	6.5	5.6	6.7
Manhattan	64.6	64.2	65.1	4.1	3.2	3.8	6.3	4.9	5.9
Topeka	124.6	122.6	124.0	10.0	8.0	9.6	8.0	6.6	7.8
Wichita	316.9	311.3	314.5	30.1	24.0	27.5	9.5	7.7	8.7
Kentucky									
Bowling Green	64.0	65.8	64.9	7.1	5.5	7.1	11.1	8.4	11.0
Elizabethtown	55.2	57.4	57.4	6.3	5.1	5.9	11.4	8.9	10.3
Lexington-Fayette	238.9	244.7	243.2	22.5	19.8	22.8	9.4	8.1	9.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	632.8	633.1	633.2	72.9	61.8	70.3	11.5	9.8	11.1
Owensboro	57.8	58.2	58.3	6.3	5.1	6.0	10.9	8.8	10.3
Louisiana									
Alexandria	67.6	69.1	68.2	5.1	4.7	5.6	7.5	6.8	8.2
Baton Rouge	372.4	376.7	373.2	28.2	27.2	32.5	7.6	7.2	8.7
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux	100.2	103.7	103.8	6.0	5.2	6.6	6.0	5.0	6.3
Lafayette	132.8	135.6	134.5	8.7	7.6	9.2	6.5	5.6	6.8
Lake Charles	94.4	93.9	93.7	6.9	6.3	7.5	7.4	6.7	8.0
Monroe	81.1	80.4	80.1	6.6	6.1	7.2	8.1	7.6	9.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	535.3	541.9	539.8	40.6	38.1	45.5	7.6	7.0	8.4
Shreveport-Bossier City	181.2	183.9	183.1	13.2	12.0	14.3	7.3	6.5	7.8
Maine									
Bangor	688.5	693.6	687.9	65.5	51.9	57.6	9.5	7.5	8.4
Lewiston-Auburn	70.9	71.2	70.9	6.1	5.0	5.6	8.7	7.0	7.9
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford	57.7	57.2	57.8	5.4	4.3	4.6	9.4	7.5	8.0
Maryland									
Baltimore-Towson	2,964.6	2,958.3	2,956.4	243.9	208.3	222.5	8.2	7.0	7.5
Cumberland	1,392.2	1,383.1	1,380.8	119.2	102.9	109.7	8.6	7.4	7.9
Hagerstown-Martinsburg	49.2	49.2	48.5	5.2	4.3	4.8	10.6	8.7	10.0
Salisbury	118.5	117.9	118.2	12.7	11.6	12.3	10.7	9.8	10.4
Massachusetts									
Barnstable Town	3,464.9	3,488.3	3,482.9	334.0	279.2	311.9	9.6	8.0	9.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	128.0	130.9	129.4	15.5	12.3	14.9	12.1	9.4	11.5
Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner	2,535.5	2,547.0	2,547.5	218.4	181.8	199.7	8.6	7.1	7.8
New Bedford	73.9	73.9	74.1	9.0	7.8	8.6	12.1	10.6	11.6
Pittsfield	86.7	87.4	88.0	12.6	10.1	12.1	14.5	11.5	13.7
Springfield	39.1	39.5	39.6	3.7	3.2	3.7	9.5	8.2	9.3
Worcester	346.6	349.9	347.5	37.2	31.6	35.9	10.7	9.0	10.3
Michigan									
Ann Arbor	4,767.1	4,722.6	4,694.1	685.7	501.0	529.1	14.4	10.6	11.3
Battle Creek	181.1	183.1	181.3	15.6	12.1	12.5	8.6	6.6	6.9
Bay City	66.2	66.5	65.9	8.0	6.3	6.5	12.1	9.4	9.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	53.3	52.8	52.9	7.1	5.5	5.9	13.4	10.4	11.2
Flint	2,066.6	2,027.8	2,012.8	322.5	224.7	235.7	15.6	11.1	11.7
Grand Rapids-Wyoming	192.6	187.9	188.0	29.7	22.4	23.6	15.4	11.9	12.5
Holland-Grand Haven	382.8	387.3	385.0	45.4	34.6	36.2	11.9	8.9	9.4
Jackson	126.6	127.7	126.7	16.5	11.8	12.4	13.0	9.2	9.8
Kalamazoo-Portage	73.4	72.3	72.0	10.5	7.9	8.2	14.3	10.9	11.4
Lansing-East Lansing	167.8	168.4	167.2	20.0	15.8	16.7	11.9	9.4	10.0
Monroe	240.8	242.3	242.1	26.6	20.1	21.2	11.1	8.3	8.8
Muskegon-Norton Shores	71.5	70.3	70.4	10.5	7.4	8.4	14.7	10.6	11.9
Niles-Benton Harbor	83.9	82.2	81.6	13.1	9.3	9.7	15.6	11.4	11.9
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North	74.5	76.5	75.8	10.7	8.4	8.9	14.4	10.9	11.7
91.9	91.1	91.0	12.3	9.4	10.0	13.3	10.3	11.0	
Minnesota									
Duluth	2,927.0	2,939.9	2,931.1	255.4	200.3	219.7	8.7	6.8	7.5
Mankato-North Mankato	145.6	146.3	145.6	14.2	10.9	12.2	9.7	7.4	8.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	57.8	58.1	59.1	4.1	3.2	3.4	7.1	5.4	5.8
Rochester	1,824.8	1,824.9	1,824.6	150.9	119.8	127.9	8.3	6.6	7.0
St. Cloud	104.7	104.3	105.5	7.6	5.8	6.5	7.3	5.6	6.2
107.4	109.7	110.1	9.9	7.5	8.6	9.2	6.8	7.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

**LABOR FORCE DATA
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	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P
North Dakota	361.2	365.1	363.9	18.1	14.0	16.5	5.0	3.8	4.5
Bismarck	61.3	60.9	61.0	3.1	2.4	2.9	5.0	4.0	4.8
Fargo	119.2	118.1	117.4	6.0	4.8	5.4	5.0	4.1	4.6
Grand Forks	54.6	54.6	54.2	2.9	2.4	2.7	5.4	4.3	5.0
Ohio	5,836.6	5,874.2	5,826.4	676.3	542.1	590.7	11.6	9.2	10.1
Akron	380.0	384.0	377.9	43.5	34.8	37.4	11.4	9.1	9.9
Canton-Massillon	202.3	201.6	199.1	27.1	20.7	22.3	13.4	10.3	11.2
Cincinnati-Middletown	1,105.8	1,112.9	1,101.4	119.3	100.9	109.6	10.8	9.1	10.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1,055.5	1,068.3	1,066.5	104.7	90.5	98.8	9.9	8.5	9.3
Columbus	954.7	970.8	957.2	91.4	74.9	81.0	9.6	7.7	8.5
Dayton	416.6	415.2	411.1	51.5	40.8	43.5	12.4	9.8	10.6
Lima	50.6	50.5	50.3	6.1	4.9	5.4	12.0	9.7	10.7
Mansfield	60.0	60.6	59.2	8.2	6.7	7.2	13.7	11.1	12.2
Sandusky	40.2	41.6	41.6	5.7	4.1	4.5	14.2	9.9	10.9
Springfield	69.2	71.1	69.2	8.3	6.9	7.2	12.0	9.7	10.4
Steubenville-Weirton	56.3	55.8	55.4	8.3	7.1	7.6	14.8	12.7	13.7
Toledo	324.6	327.8	323.8	43.6	33.8	36.9	13.4	10.3	11.4
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman	273.2	270.5	269.1	36.3	27.7	30.0	13.3	10.2	11.2
Oklahoma	1,744.7	1,742.2	1,724.1	137.9	115.3	119.4	7.9	6.6	6.9
Lawton	48.1	48.0	47.8	3.1	3.2	3.2	6.4	6.6	6.8
Oklahoma City	564.1	567.8	558.0	41.2	34.7	35.2	7.3	6.1	6.3
Tulsa	438.1	434.2	432.8	38.8	32.0	33.5	8.9	7.4	7.7
Oregon	1,961.3	1,981.3	1,978.3	234.6	205.0	218.8	12.0	10.3	11.1
Bend	80.8	80.3	79.6	13.3	11.7	12.1	16.4	14.6	15.2
Corvallis	43.5	44.9	44.6	3.4	3.0	3.1	7.9	6.6	6.9
Eugene-Springfield	182.7	183.7	182.1	22.2	19.1	19.7	12.2	10.4	10.8
Medford	101.2	103.7	102.6	14.0	12.0	13.2	13.9	11.6	12.9
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro	1,186.2	1,193.2	1,184.6	138.7	116.8	118.9	11.7	9.8	10.0
Salem	194.6	196.6	195.5	22.9	21.1	22.0	11.8	10.7	11.2
Pennsylvania	6,314.2	6,304.5	6,327.8	600.8	509.7	542.7	9.5	8.1	8.6
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	418.2	415.1	417.0	43.0	36.2	39.4	10.3	8.7	9.4
Altoona	63.7	64.0	64.1	5.6	4.7	4.9	8.9	7.3	7.6
Erie	137.0	138.0	138.6	14.9	11.9	12.5	10.9	8.7	9.0
Harrisburg-Carlisle	280.0	278.2	278.8	23.6	20.2	21.4	8.4	7.3	7.7
Johnstown	68.5	68.6	68.8	7.2	6.1	6.5	10.5	8.9	9.4
Lancaster	263.1	263.7	264.4	22.8	17.9	19.3	8.7	6.8	7.3
Lebanon	71.6	72.9	72.8	5.7	4.9	5.2	8.0	6.8	7.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2,963.3	2,943.6	2,945.6	281.5	247.2	265.7	9.5	8.4	9.0
Pittsburgh	1,206.8	1,208.5	1,214.5	107.7	91.0	97.0	8.9	7.5	8.0
Reading	202.2	201.6	202.7	20.6	16.9	18.1	10.2	8.4	8.9
Scranton—Wilkes-Barre	279.1	280.3	280.1	29.3	25.8	28.1	10.5	9.2	10.0
State College	73.2	74.4	72.6	5.3	4.2	4.3	7.2	5.7	5.9
Williamsport	59.6	59.3	59.7	6.5	4.9	5.2	10.9	8.3	8.7
York-Hanover	223.1	223.2	223.3	21.6	17.8	18.8	9.7	8.0	8.4
Rhode Island	572.5	576.5	573.3	73.2	62.6	68.1	12.8	10.9	11.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	710.2	713.4	711.3	92.6	77.4	85.7	13.0	10.9	12.0
South Carolina	2,150.9	2,145.9	2,128.9	266.7	233.2	221.6	12.4	10.9	10.4
Anderson	85.4	85.3	85.6	11.3	8.9	8.8	13.3	10.4	10.3
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville	317.8	319.8	317.9	32.4	28.8	26.6	10.2	9.0	8.4
Columbia	371.8	366.9	364.9	36.4	33.3	30.6	9.8	9.1	8.4
Florence	95.4	94.4	94.4	12.2	10.9	10.6	12.8	11.6	11.2
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley	312.8	312.1	309.9	33.7	28.4	26.6	10.8	9.1	8.6
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway	126.0	127.2	128.4	19.8	16.6	17.1	15.7	13.1	13.4
Spartanburg	135.6	135.2	135.2	17.2	14.4	14.1	12.7	10.7	10.4
Sumter	45.5	45.2	44.8	5.8	5.3	5.0	12.6	11.7	11.1
South Dakota	432.5	440.5	437.6	25.8	21.5	23.7	6.0	4.9	5.4
Rapid City	64.6	65.4	64.8	4.0	3.4	3.6	6.2	5.2	5.6
Sioux Falls	127.3	128.5	128.1	7.7	6.3	6.8	6.1	4.9	5.3
Tennessee	3,026.8	3,056.4	3,054.4	338.0	277.0	311.5	11.2	9.1	10.2
Chattanooga	256.2	260.2	259.1	24.9	21.5	23.5	9.7	8.3	9.1
Clarksville	112.5	114.2	114.4	12.5	11.2	12.5	11.1	9.8	11.0
Cleveland	54.2	54.7	54.6	5.6	4.9	5.6	10.3	8.9	10.2
Jackson	55.7	56.2	55.9	6.4	5.2	5.6	11.5	9.2	10.1
Johnson City	100.0	101.5	100.6	10.3	8.4	9.6	10.3	8.3	9.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
				Number			Percent of labor force		
	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2010	Jan. 2011P
Wisconsin	3,059.4	3,031.4	3,020.6	307.2	214.4	246.3	10.0	7.1	8.2
Appleton	123.9	123.0	122.8	11.7	7.8	9.1	9.4	6.4	7.4
Eau Claire	88.8	90.3	89.1	7.9	5.5	6.6	8.9	6.1	7.4
Fond du Lac	55.0	54.9	54.9	5.7	3.7	4.3	10.4	6.8	7.9
Green Bay	173.7	171.1	170.8	16.2	11.3	13.1	9.3	6.6	7.7
Janesville	81.0	78.6	78.2	10.8	7.3	8.2	13.3	9.3	10.5
La Crosse	76.6	75.8	75.2	6.4	4.3	5.0	8.3	5.6	6.7
Madison	343.5	341.6	338.9	24.3	16.9	19.4	7.1	4.9	5.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	794.6	788.7	790.7	79.4	57.5	64.8	10.0	7.3	8.2
Oshkosh-Neenah	94.7	94.1	94.0	8.1	5.6	6.5	8.5	5.9	6.9
Racine	98.8	96.8	97.2	11.6	8.2	9.2	11.8	8.5	9.5
Sheboygan	63.3	62.4	62.8	6.6	4.6	5.2	10.5	7.4	8.3
Wausau	74.4	72.4	72.5	7.8	5.1	5.9	10.5	7.1	8.2
Wyoming	293.4	289.0	288.2	25.6	18.4	21.2	8.7	6.4	7.4
Casper	41.3	40.4	40.2	3.7	2.6	3.0	8.8	6.5	7.5
Cheyenne	43.7	43.1	43.0	4.0	3.1	3.5	9.2	7.1	8.2
Puerto Rico	1,321.2	1,276.6	1,289.6	208.1	187.1	202.7	15.8	14.7	15.7
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian	110.7	108.4	109.6	18.6	16.8	18.5	16.8	15.5	16.9
Fajardo	27.0	25.1	25.7	5.0	4.6	5.0	18.6	18.4	19.6
Guayama	27.1	25.5	26.1	6.1	5.3	5.7	22.4	20.7	22.0
Mayaguez	35.9	34.6	35.3	6.0	5.5	6.1	16.8	15.8	17.2
Ponce	90.2	88.1	88.6	14.3	13.2	14.1	15.9	15.0	16.0
San German-Cabo Rojo	50.5	50.2	51.4	8.0	7.0	7.6	15.8	13.9	14.8
San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo	883.4	852.3	858.0	131.1	117.4	127.2	14.8	13.8	14.8
Yauco	37.8	36.5	36.5	7.2	6.4	6.8	19.2	17.5	18.7

¹ Area boundaries do not reflect official OMB definitions.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data for Puerto Rico are derived from a monthly household survey similar to the Current Population Survey. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 10-02, dated December 1, 2009, available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other

states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state that appears first in their titles. Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, Iowa-Ill., is the exception in that it is listed under Illinois, for operational reasons. Data for 2010 have been revised to incorporate updated inputs and adjustment to new state controls. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
Alabama	1,870.0	1,870.6	1,840.1	1,840.1	0.0	0.0
Anniston-Oxford	49.3	49.0	48.3	48.2	-.1	-.2
Auburn-Opelika	52.6	53.7	51.0	52.6	1.6	3.1
Birmingham-Hoover	494.1	491.5	485.0	482.5	-2.5	-.5
Decatur	53.4	53.8	52.1	53.1	1.0	1.9
Dothan	58.1	56.6	56.7	55.9	-.8	-1.4
Florence-Muscle Shoals	55.0	55.0	53.5	54.1	.6	1.1
Gadsden	35.6	36.0	35.1	35.1	0	0
Huntsville	209.5	208.6	205.2	205.2	0	0
Mobile	174.4	175.9	170.5	173.0	2.5	1.5
Montgomery	169.7	167.7	166.4	164.4	-2.0	-1.2
Tuscaloosa	93.5	94.5	91.8	92.8	1.0	1.1
Alaska	307.3	313.4	302.9	311.3	8.4	2.8
Anchorage	169.7	172.5	164.7	167.1	2.4	1.5
Fairbanks	37.5	38.1	35.9	36.5	.6	1.7
Arizona	2,418.3	2,407.7	2,362.5	2,362.0	-.5	.0
Flagstaff	60.6	61.7	59.2	60.5	1.3	2.2
Lake Havasu City-Kingman	46.0	45.4	45.0	45.0	0	0
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale	1,714.0	1,713.9	1,674.5	1,681.7	7.2	.4
Prescott	55.4	54.2	54.2	53.3	-.9	-1.7
Tucson	362.6	356.3	353.0	348.9	-4.1	-1.2
Yuma	51.4	50.3	50.6	49.0	-1.6	-3.2
Arkansas	1,162.5	1,172.1	1,134.1	1,152.2	18.1	1.6
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	199.8	203.0	195.4	199.8	4.4	2.3
Fort Smith	116.9	116.7	115.2	114.9	-.3	-.3
Hot Springs	37.5	37.4	36.6	37.0	.4	1.1
Jonesboro	48.6	49.3	47.8	48.5	.7	1.5
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway	338.0	340.8	331.0	336.4	5.4	1.6
Pine Bluff	37.8	36.6	36.6	35.8	-.8	-2.2
California	14,026.7	14,055.1	13,694.6	13,802.9	108.3	.8
Bakersfield-Delano	224.7	227.0	221.0	223.3	2.3	1.0
Chico	70.3	70.5	68.8	69.3	.5	.7
El Centro	45.8	44.5	44.7	44.0	-.7	-1.6
Fresno	281.3	281.6	273.1	275.4	2.3	.8
Hanford-Corcoran	36.1	35.6	34.7	34.3	-.4	-1.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	5,172.4	5,175.7	5,063.9	5,077.3	13.4	.3
Madera-Chowchilla	32.5	32.7	32.1	31.9	-.2	-.6
Merced	55.1	56.0	53.9	54.6	.7	1.3
Modesto	144.6	146.6	142.6	143.4	.8	.6
Napa	59.6	58.1	58.5	57.0	-1.5	-2.6
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura	275.7	276.3	269.1	269.8	.7	.3
Redding	58.2	57.5	56.7	56.6	-.1	-.2
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1,127.0	1,119.4	1,105.2	1,099.4	-5.8	-.5
Sacramento—Arden-Arcade—Roseville	822.3	802.9	805.3	790.8	-14.5	-1.8
Salinas	120.5	120.1	117.6	117.8	.2	.2
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	1,228.9	1,234.1	1,200.0	1,216.5	16.5	1.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	1,901.7	1,896.2	1,858.9	1,856.7	-2.2	-.1
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	853.6	864.2	838.2	852.8	14.6	1.7
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles	96.5	95.1	95.2	95.1	-.1	-.1
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta	161.8	162.0	158.6	158.7	.1	.1
Santa Cruz-Watsonville	85.3	86.3	82.5	84.7	2.2	2.7
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	168.9	171.5	164.8	167.9	3.1	1.9
Stockton	191.7	188.5	187.2	184.9	-2.3	-1.2
Vallejo-Fairfield	120.4	118.4	117.9	116.3	-1.6	-1.4
Visalia-Porterville	106.3	105.6	104.0	103.0	-1.0	-1.0
Yuba City	36.7	36.5	35.9	36.0	.1	.3
Colorado	2,234.8	2,243.4	2,174.8	2,190.1	15.3	.7
Boulder	160.3	161.2	155.3	156.5	1.2	.8
Colorado Springs	247.3	246.6	240.9	240.4	-.5	-.2
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield	1,193.8	1,198.8	1,162.0	1,172.4	10.4	.9
Fort Collins-Loveland	132.6	134.5	128.2	131.0	2.8	2.2
Grand Junction	59.1	59.5	56.9	57.4	.5	.9
Greeley	77.5	78.5	75.9	76.1	.2	.3
Pueblo	57.5	57.6	56.5	56.0	-.5	-.9
Connecticut	1,631.1	1,637.6	1,569.1	1,590.5	21.4	1.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	399.7	401.8	385.5	392.6	7.1	1.8
Danbury	65.9	66.4	63.1	65.0	1.9	3.0
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	540.7	539.1	521.5	527.3	5.8	1.1
New Haven	269.0	268.9	259.1	261.5	2.4	.9
Norwich-New London	130.7	130.1	126.2	126.3	.1	.1
Waterbury	63.6	63.3	60.4	61.4	1.0	1.7
Delaware	414.8	416.4	399.9	403.1	3.2	.8
Dover	63.2	64.2	61.2	61.9	.7	1.1
District of Columbia	705.7	713.1	698.3	706.3	8.0	1.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2,969.3	2,994.3	2,899.4	2,940.2	40.8	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
Florida	7,245.7	7,244.3	7,116.9	7,147.6	30.7	0.4
Cape Coral-Fort Myers	199.4	196.0	197.2	194.3	-2.9	-1.5
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin	76.7	76.5	74.9	75.6	.7	.9
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach	157.3	154.5	153.4	151.6	-1.8	-1.2
Gainesville	128.4	127.5	127.1	126.9	-.2	-.2
Jacksonville	585.6	587.1	573.9	576.1	2.2	.4
Lakeland-Winter Haven	196.4	195.5	192.9	193.7	.8	.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2,219.3	2,214.1	2,173.3	2,178.4	5.1	.2
Naples-Marco Island	112.2	111.5	111.7	110.7	-1.0	-.9
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota	243.5	240.9	238.1	238.6	.5	.2
Ocala	92.5	90.3	90.7	89.3	-1.4	-1.5
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford	1,002.1	1,015.8	984.8	1,005.2	20.4	2.1
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville	196.1	193.1	193.0	190.5	-2.5	-1.3
Palm Coast	18.1	18.3	17.8	18.2	.4	2.2
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach	70.1	71.0	68.7	69.9	1.2	1.7
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent	156.3	158.7	154.3	157.4	3.1	2.0
Port St. Lucie	121.6	121.4	119.7	119.8	.1	.1
Punta Gorda	41.1	41.1	40.7	40.2	-.5	-1.2
Sebastian-Vero Beach	44.9	43.4	44.0	42.9	-1.1	-2.5
Tallahassee	170.3	169.3	168.9	169.8	.9	.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,125.3	1,122.3	1,105.7	1,109.3	3.6	.3
Georgia	3,848.6	3,840.9	3,769.9	3,772.1	2.2	.1
Albany	61.0	61.4	60.3	60.4	.1	.2
Athens-Clarke County	81.3	81.9	78.2	79.3	1.1	1.4
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	2,269.0	2,259.4	2,225.2	2,212.9	-12.3	-6
Augusta-Richmond County	211.5	210.6	207.9	207.3	-.6	-.3
Brunswick	41.7	40.3	40.1	40.0	-.1	-.2
Columbus	117.6	117.7	115.4	115.8	.4	.3
Dalton	66.3	65.7	65.2	65.0	-.2	-.3
Gainesville	71.3	73.3	69.9	72.0	2.1	3.0
Hinesville-Fort Stewart	19.3	19.6	19.5	19.4	-.1	-.5
Macon	95.9	96.5	93.3	94.9	1.6	1.7
Rome	39.2	38.2	37.9	37.4	-.5	-1.3
Savannah	149.4	150.3	146.6	147.8	1.2	.8
Valdosta	52.4	52.5	51.5	52.0	.5	1.0
Warner Robins	59.8	59.8	59.1	59.2	.1	.2
Hawaii	593.1	597.4	579.6	585.7	6.1	1.1
Honolulu	440.0	444.3	428.4	434.6	6.2	1.4
Idaho	605.5	605.0	581.6	590.7	9.1	1.6
Boise City-Nampa	255.7	251.2	247.5	246.1	-1.4	-.6
Coeur d'Alene	52.3	53.2	49.9	51.4	1.5	3.0
Idaho Falls	48.7	48.6	47.3	47.3	.0	.0
Lewiston	25.8	25.9	25.5	25.1	-.4	-1.6
Pocatello	36.3	36.1	34.4	34.6	.2	.6
Illinois	5,629.2	5,663.1	5,462.4	5,524.4	62.0	1.1
Bloomington-Normal	91.6	91.0	88.4	88.1	-.3	-.3
Champaign-Urbana	112.0	109.2	103.8	106.9	3.1	3.0
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville	4,266.9	4,289.5	4,141.2	4,183.8	42.6	1.0
Danville	29.5	29.0	28.6	28.5	-.1	-.3
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	178.9	180.1	173.4	176.3	2.9	1.7
Decatur	52.0	53.0	50.6	51.4	.8	1.6
Kankakee-Bradley	43.3	43.4	41.7	42.1	.4	1.0
Peoria	174.9	179.7	171.0	176.4	5.4	3.2
Rockford	144.2	145.1	139.1	141.2	2.1	1.5
Springfield	111.3	112.9	108.0	109.3	1.3	1.2
Indiana	2,797.7	2,805.8	2,715.1	2,741.3	26.2	1.0
Anderson	40.7	40.5	39.7	39.8	.1	.3
Bloomington	84.4	82.0	81.4	81.8	.4	.5
Columbus	42.5	42.5	40.9	42.1	1.2	2.9
Elkhart-Goshen	99.5	105.4	99.0	104.2	5.2	5.3
Evansville	171.4	173.9	167.6	170.4	2.8	1.7
Fort Wayne	200.2	203.2	194.8	198.4	3.6	1.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	874.2	875.8	849.7	849.9	.2	.0
Kokomo	40.0	41.5	38.0	40.7	2.7	7.1
Lafayette	92.4	94.0	90.0	91.1	1.1	1.2
Michigan City-La Porte	42.6	42.6	40.9	41.9	1.0	2.4
Muncie	50.5	50.0	48.5	48.0	-.5	-1.0
South Bend-Mishawaka	132.3	133.4	129.0	130.1	1.1	.9
Terre Haute	72.5	71.4	70.2	69.5	-.7	-1.0
Iowa	1,477.0	1,482.8	1,432.2	1,444.0	11.8	.8
Ames	47.9	47.9	45.5	46.1	.6	1.3
Cedar Rapids	138.4	138.2	134.6	134.9	.3	.2
Des Moines-West Des Moines	316.7	314.7	310.2	309.3	-.9	-.3
Dubuque	55.6	57.0	53.8	55.6	1.8	3.3
Iowa City	90.3	91.4	87.1	88.4	1.3	1.5
Sioux City	74.7	73.8	72.6	71.7	-.9	-1.2
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	88.9	89.5	86.2	85.6	-.6	-.7

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
Kansas	1,338.2	1,330.1	1,300.7	1,294.6	-6.1	-0.5
Lawrence	52.0	50.0	49.9	48.6	-1.3	-2.6
Manhattan	56.5	56.8	55.6	56.1	.5	.9
Topeka	108.6	108.5	107.0	106.5	-.5	-.5
Wichita	287.2	284.8	280.8	279.7	-1.1	-.4
Kentucky	1,777.6	1,791.3	1,725.9	1,752.4	26.5	1.5
Bowling Green	59.6	60.8	57.0	58.0	1.0	1.8
Elizabethtown	45.5	47.8	44.5	47.0	2.5	5.6
Lexington-Fayette	247.8	250.3	240.0	243.5	3.5	1.5
Louisville-Jefferson County	595.3	593.7	579.0	581.8	2.8	.5
Owensboro	50.1	50.2	48.5	49.3	.8	1.6
Louisiana	1,896.6	1,899.3	1,856.6	1,873.5	16.9	.9
Alexandria	64.2	64.4	62.5	62.9	.4	.6
Baton Rouge	369.7	365.8	359.7	358.9	-.8	-2
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux	92.1	94.5	89.8	93.6	3.8	4.2
Lafayette	151.6	148.9	143.6	146.3	2.7	1.9
Lake Charles	89.3	89.2	88.8	88.3	-.5	-.6
Monroe	76.6	75.7	75.7	74.6	-1.1	-1.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	521.5	525.0	512.5	518.8	6.3	1.2
Shreveport-Bossier City	175.9	177.7	173.1	175.2	2.1	1.2
Maine	595.8	597.3	572.0	579.1	7.1	1.2
Bangor	65.4	64.6	62.6	62.4	-.2	-.3
Lewiston-Auburn	48.2	48.0	47.4	47.4	.0	.0
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford	188.7	190.0	181.8	182.7	.9	.5
Maryland	2,524.9	2,529.3	2,446.6	2,449.1	2.5	.1
Baltimore-Towson	1,279.5	1,278.7	1,244.5	1,242.1	-2.4	-2
Cumberland	40.1	40.4	38.5	38.3	-.2	-.5
Hagerstown-Martinsburg	98.5	97.7	95.6	95.4	-.2	-.2
Salisbury	52.8	52.9	50.3	50.6	.3	.6
Massachusetts	3,194.9	3,212.8	3,115.1	3,127.6	12.5	.4
Barnstable Town	92.1	93.1	87.3	88.6	1.3	1.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2,436.2	2,458.0	2,384.7	2,401.1	16.4	.7
Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner	48.8	48.8	47.5	47.7	.2	.4
New Bedford	65.1	65.8	62.3	63.6	1.3	2.1
Pittsfield	34.9	35.5	34.8	35.0	.2	.6
Springfield	286.6	288.4	278.4	279.4	1.0	.4
Worcester	241.7	242.7	235.6	237.7	2.1	.9
Michigan	3,872.8	3,900.6	3,756.1	3,801.6	45.5	1.2
Ann Arbor	196.8	199.7	191.9	194.2	2.3	1.2
Battle Creek	55.7	56.5	54.2	54.7	.5	.9
Bay City	36.8	36.4	35.4	35.7	.3	.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1,739.8	1,749.7	1,694.7	1,712.1	17.4	1.0
Flint	134.7	133.5	131.0	130.9	-.1	-.1
Grand Rapids-Wyoming	363.3	370.2	351.6	359.6	8.0	2.3
Holland-Grand Haven	102.8	105.2	98.7	101.7	3.0	3.0
Jackson	53.3	53.3	51.9	52.0	.1	.2
Kalamazoo-Portage	138.1	138.2	133.7	134.3	.6	.4
Lansing-East Lansing	217.4	220.2	211.1	215.7	4.6	2.2
Monroe	37.0	37.4	36.2	36.3	.1	.3
Muskegon-Norton Shores	59.1	58.0	56.7	56.5	.2	-.4
Niles-Benton Harbor	59.3	60.9	56.5	58.8	2.3	4.1
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North	84.7	83.9	81.4	81.9	.5	.6
Minnesota	2,647.1	2,642.6	2,570.3	2,586.7	16.4	.6
Duluth	128.0	128.9	124.4	124.9	.5	.4
Mankato-North Mankato	51.7	52.0	50.8	51.9	1.1	2.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1,700.0	1,695.7	1,652.8	1,657.6	4.8	.3
Rochester	102.0	101.9	100.3	100.7	.4	.4
St. Cloud	98.3	99.3	95.1	97.0	1.9	2.0
Mississippi	1,089.0	1,099.2	1,070.9	1,083.9	13.0	1.2
Gulfport-Biloxi	105.0	105.9	103.2	104.8	1.6	1.6
Hattiesburg	59.1	59.5	57.9	58.5	.6	1.0
Jackson	252.2	252.7	247.0	248.7	1.7	.7
Pascagoula	57.2	58.9	56.7	58.4	1.7	3.0
Missouri	2,671.6	2,656.5	2,590.2	2,590.8	.6	.0
Cape Girardeau-Jackson	45.1	43.7	43.3	43.3	.0	.0
Columbia	93.3	94.4	89.2	90.7	1.5	1.7
Jefferson City	77.6	78.1	76.0	76.6	.6	.8
Joplin	79.2	80.3	76.7	78.8	2.1	2.7
Kansas City	972.0	961.1	945.6	943.6	-2.0	-.2
St. Joseph	58.2	57.7	54.9	56.3	1.4	2.6
St. Louis 1	1,290.1	1,299.3	1,261.9	1,270.2	8.3	.7
Springfield	192.0	192.4	187.5	188.6	1.1	.6
Montana	427.9	428.5	414.4	416.2	1.8	.4
Billings	79.0	78.5	76.6	77.1	.5	.7
Great Falls	35.8	36.0	34.7	34.9	.2	.6
Missoula	56.2	55.0	53.0	52.8	-.2	-.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
Nebraska	939.9	949.4	916.8	930.7	13.9	1.5
Lincoln	171.9	173.1	167.6	168.6	1.0	.6
Omaha-Council Bluffs	457.7	459.5	446.6	449.7	3.1	.7
Nevada	1,134.1	1,120.4	1,104.0	1,098.2	-5.8	-.5
Carson City	28.9	29.1	28.0	28.3	.3	1.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	816.9	802.2	798.1	788.6	-9.5	-1.2
Reno-Sparks	193.5	192.2	186.7	186.0	-.7	-.4
New Hampshire	628.8	630.6	607.6	614.0	6.4	1.1
Manchester	97.9	98.2	95.2	96.1	.9	.9
Portsmouth	53.3	54.2	51.6	52.4	.8	1.6
Rochester-Dover	56.5	57.1	52.9	53.8	.9	1.7
New Jersey	3,903.6	3,877.7	3,776.3	3,761.3	-15.0	-.4
Atlantic City-Hammonton	138.2	136.4	133.3	132.8	-.5	-.4
Ocean City	35.6	37.5	32.5	33.5	1.0	3.1
Trenton-Ewing	241.7	238.7	235.0	232.2	-2.8	-1.2
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	59.8	58.6	57.6	56.9	-.7	-1.2
New Mexico	808.5	802.2	789.4	785.9	-3.5	-.4
Albuquerque	376.5	372.8	367.7	365.4	-2.3	-.6
Farmington	48.4	48.6	47.4	47.5	.1	.2
Las Cruces	69.9	69.9	67.1	67.1	.0	.0
Santa Fe	60.6	60.8	58.9	59.3	.4	.7
New York	8,623.8	8,659.0	8,339.8	8,385.3	45.5	.5
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	442.6	437.5	427.2	420.8	-6.4	-1.5
Binghamton	111.0	110.6	107.2	106.9	-.3	-.3
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	542.9	547.0	524.7	526.8	2.1	.4
Elmira	40.0	40.4	39.1	39.5	.4	1.0
Glens Falls	52.6	53.6	51.3	51.7	.4	.8
Ithaca	66.5	66.9	61.9	62.6	.7	1.1
Kingston	61.3	61.3	58.8	59.2	.4	.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	8,392.5	8,393.3	8,118.4	8,153.0	34.6	.4
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown	251.1	251.6	240.8	241.1	.3	.1
Rochester	506.8	511.8	491.0	494.9	3.9	.8
Syracuse	316.6	317.7	305.0	307.3	2.3	.8
Utica-Rome	131.4	131.2	127.1	126.4	-.7	-.6
North Carolina	3,888.2	3,885.9	3,797.2	3,802.4	5.2	.1
Asheville	167.5	168.2	163.2	164.7	1.5	.9
Burlington	56.0	56.2	54.3	55.1	.8	1.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	804.1	808.4	790.0	795.1	5.1	.6
Durham-Chapel Hill	282.1	281.9	275.7	277.5	1.8	.7
Fayetteville	129.9	128.6	126.6	127.1	.5	.4
Goldsboro	43.2	42.4	42.7	41.8	-.9	-2.1
Greensboro-High Point	340.8	339.9	334.5	333.2	-1.3	-.4
Greenville	75.9	75.5	74.9	74.2	-.7	-.9
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton	144.0	143.5	142.0	141.0	-1.0	-.7
Jacksonville	47.7	47.4	47.1	46.6	-.5	-1.1
Raleigh-Cary	497.7	502.9	485.8	493.8	8.0	1.6
Rocky Mount	61.2	61.2	59.5	59.5	.0	.0
Wilmington	135.8	136.2	132.5	132.8	.3	.2
Winston-Salem	207.6	204.4	203.1	200.3	-2.8	-1.4
North Dakota	372.1	385.7	360.1	377.9	17.8	4.9
Bismarck	62.3	63.4	60.2	62.4	2.2	3.7
Fargo	122.2	123.4	119.0	120.5	1.5	1.3
Grand Forks	53.9	54.3	52.0	53.0	1.0	1.9
Ohio	5,050.6	5,077.7	4,905.0	4,957.8	52.8	1.1
Akron	318.1	322.2	308.5	313.6	5.1	1.7
Canton-Massillon	160.1	160.0	155.1	156.2	1.1	.7
Cincinnati-Middletown	989.2	986.6	959.0	965.6	6.6	.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	994.7	998.5	969.1	977.8	8.7	.9
Columbus	905.1	920.4	884.3	898.7	14.4	1.6
Dayton	372.2	372.9	363.0	365.7	2.7	.7
Lima	52.5	52.1	50.7	51.0	.3	.6
Mansfield	51.8	52.6	50.6	50.6	.0	.0
Sandusky	33.4	35.6	32.2	35.1	2.9	9.0
Springfield	48.9	50.7	47.3	48.5	1.2	2.5
Steubenville-Weirton	44.5	44.0	42.9	42.9	.0	.0
Toledo	297.4	301.6	287.5	293.6	6.1	2.1
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman	222.1	222.0	215.3	217.1	1.8	.8

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
Oklahoma	1,532.2	1,543.2	1,496.3	1,515.2	18.9	1.3
Lawton	44.9	44.1	43.4	43.8	.4	.9
Oklahoma City	558.2	564.6	544.1	552.0	7.9	1.5
Tulsa	409.3	410.2	398.9	404.2	5.3	1.3
Oregon	1,603.8	1,616.5	1,562.8	1,585.3	22.5	1.4
Bend	60.7	60.0	58.8	58.4	-.4	-.7
Corvallis	37.4	38.2	36.5	37.7	1.2	3.3
Eugene-Springfield	142.0	141.7	138.4	138.4	.0	.0
Medford	76.1	76.3	72.5	73.5	1.0	1.4
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro	969.3	974.0	949.2	956.2	7.0	.7
Salem	143.9	142.1	140.4	139.7	-.7	-.5
Pennsylvania	5,631.7	5,681.5	5,470.9	5,543.9	73.0	1.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	335.2	336.9	324.7	327.6	2.9	.9
Altoona	60.1	60.9	58.3	59.4	1.1	1.9
Erie	126.4	129.3	122.1	126.0	3.9	3.2
Harrisburg-Carlisle	321.2	319.8	311.2	311.7	.5	.2
Johnstown	60.3	61.1	58.4	59.5	1.1	1.9
Lancaster	228.0	228.8	220.1	222.2	2.1	1.0
Lebanon	49.4	50.7	47.9	49.1	1.2	2.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2,718.9	2,730.6	2,648.8	2,658.8	10.0	.4
Pittsburgh	1,124.8	1,137.3	1,090.6	1,111.9	21.3	2.0
Reading	166.9	169.0	163.0	164.9	1.9	1.2
Scranton—Wilkes-Barre	254.1	257.1	246.2	248.7	2.5	1.0
State College	74.8	74.8	70.8	71.0	.2	.3
Williamsport	51.9	52.9	50.7	51.8	1.1	2.2
York-Hanover	174.4	177.8	169.8	172.9	3.1	1.8
Rhode Island	461.5	461.6	444.5	444.6	.1	.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	543.6	546.3	524.6	530.2	5.6	1.1
South Carolina	1,795.7	1,816.9	1,760.4	1,774.2	13.8	.8
Anderson	58.8	60.4	57.3	59.8	2.5	4.4
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville	280.2	285.6	275.5	280.6	5.1	1.9
Columbia	345.0	343.7	340.1	338.4	-1.7	-.5
Florence	82.8	83.1	81.5	81.9	.4	.5
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley	294.6	298.4	288.8	292.5	3.7	1.3
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway	107.9	110.6	104.1	109.0	4.9	4.7
Spartanburg	119.1	119.5	115.1	117.9	2.8	2.4
Sumter	36.2	37.0	36.4	36.2	-.2	-.5
South Dakota	399.9	402.7	388.2	392.2	4.0	1.0
Rapid City	59.4	59.5	57.5	57.8	.3	.5
Sioux Falls	133.5	133.8	129.8	131.0	1.2	.9
Tennessee	2,622.1	2,644.4	2,557.1	2,581.1	24.0	.9
Chattanooga	228.5	232.2	224.3	227.2	2.9	1.3
Clarksville	82.9	83.8	80.9	81.9	1.0	1.2
Cleveland	39.7	39.5	38.6	38.5	-.1	-.3
Jackson	58.4	58.3	56.4	56.8	.4	.7
Johnson City	78.7	79.0	76.4	76.7	.3	.4
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol	117.3	117.7	114.8	115.3	.5	.4
Knoxville	321.6	326.6	314.8	320.5	5.7	1.8
Memphis	598.1	591.0	582.6	576.3	-6.3	-1.1
Morristown	45.6	45.6	44.1	44.4	.3	.7
Nashville-Davidson—Murfreesboro—Franklin	733.3	748.1	714.7	731.0	16.3	2.3
Texas	10,301.1	10,512.9	10,118.5	10,360.0	241.5	2.4
Abilene	65.1	65.6	64.2	64.8	.6	.9
Amarillo	110.8	111.3	108.8	110.0	1.2	1.1
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos	760.7	770.5	749.9	760.4	10.5	1.4
Beaumont-Port Arthur	157.6	160.8	156.0	158.7	2.7	1.7
Brownsville-Harlingen	126.2	127.9	125.1	126.0	.9	.7
College Station-Bryan	98.3	99.5	93.8	96.3	2.5	2.7
Corpus Christi	177.0	180.2	174.8	177.8	3.0	1.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2,859.0	2,909.8	2,801.7	2,865.3	63.6	2.3
El Paso	277.0	282.6	273.1	278.7	5.6	2.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	2,520.9	2,567.2	2,475.5	2,532.1	56.6	2.3
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	126.6	129.8	124.9	127.9	3.0	2.4
Laredo	87.9	88.9	86.6	87.7	1.1	1.3
Longview	93.2	97.6	92.3	96.3	4.0	4.3
Lubbock	130.2	130.3	127.4	128.4	1.0	.8
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	220.9	224.0	218.6	222.9	4.3	2.0
Midland	66.4	69.7	65.0	68.6	3.6	5.5
Odessa	59.0	62.3	57.9	61.4	3.5	6.0
San Angelo	44.6	45.2	43.8	44.4	.6	1.4
San Antonio-New Braunfels	840.2	847.4	824.7	830.9	6.2	.8
Sherman-Denison	42.3	42.4	41.6	42.1	.5	1.2
Texarkana	56.6	57.2	55.7	56.5	.8	1.4
Tyler	93.1	94.1	90.9	92.4	1.5	1.7
Victoria	48.8	49.4	47.9	48.8	.9	1.9
Waco	105.4	106.5	103.4	104.9	1.5	1.5
Wichita Falls	57.8	58.5	56.8	57.6	.8	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 ^P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011 ^P	Number	Percent
Utah	1,190.0	1,199.1	1,159.3	1,176.7	17.4	1.5
Logan	53.5	55.0	51.9	53.2	1.3	2.5
Ogden-Clearfield	191.7	192.3	186.5	188.3	1.8	1.0
Provo-Orem	179.3	181.6	174.5	179.5	5.0	2.9
St. George	45.4	45.8	44.1	44.7	.6	1.4
Salt Lake City	613.9	617.1	600.6	609.9	9.3	1.5
Vermont	302.4	306.3	293.4	301.3	7.9	2.7
Burlington-South Burlington	113.1	114.5	109.0	111.0	2.0	1.8
Virginia	3,648.6	3,644.5	3,558.5	3,586.4	27.9	.8
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford	68.9	68.9	65.4	64.9	-.5	-.8
Charlottesville	99.5	99.6	95.8	96.4	.6	.6
Danville	39.5	39.7	38.6	39.7	1.1	2.8
Harrisonburg	62.5	63.0	60.9	61.6	.7	1.1
Lynchburg	104.5	104.5	100.6	102.9	2.3	2.3
Richmond	603.3	600.5	592.1	589.6	-2.5	-.4
Roanoke	155.7	154.2	152.3	151.7	-.6	-.4
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	737.3	731.6	718.8	715.2	-3.6	-.5
Winchester	53.8	54.9	52.5	53.5	1.0	1.9
Washington	2,785.6	2,790.3	2,723.0	2,743.2	20.2	.7
Bellingham	79.0	77.8	77.3	76.4	-.9	-1.2
Bremerton-Silverdale	82.9	82.1	82.0	81.5	-.5	-.6
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland	95.5	99.3	94.8	97.9	3.1	3.3
Longview	35.6	35.0	34.5	34.2	-.3	-.9
Mount Vernon-Anacortes	43.7	44.0	42.7	43.2	.5	1.2
Olympia	98.6	97.3	96.0	95.4	-.6	-.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	1,646.1	1,650.9	1,609.4	1,623.6	14.2	.9
Spokane	206.5	205.7	200.1	200.9	.8	.4
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee	38.2	38.9	36.9	37.8	.9	2.4
Yakima	75.4	77.2	73.8	76.2	2.4	3.3
West Virginia	749.6	751.1	724.7	732.8	8.1	1.1
Charleston	148.9	148.0	144.7	145.1	.4	.3
Huntington-Ashland	116.7	114.6	112.2	111.4	-.8	-.7
Morgantown	65.8	66.0	63.0	63.5	.5	.8
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna	70.0	69.3	67.5	67.2	-.3	-.4
Wheeling	67.3	68.6	65.2	66.3	1.1	1.7
Wisconsin	2,743.8	2,747.2	2,658.2	2,678.0	19.8	.7
Appleton	115.5	116.6	112.1	113.8	1.7	1.5
Eau Claire	80.4	81.3	76.7	78.3	1.6	2.1
Fond du Lac	44.3	45.2	43.1	43.9	.8	1.9
Green Bay	166.0	166.7	162.3	162.4	.1	.1
Janesville	61.4	61.3	59.8	59.7	-.1	-.2
La Crosse	74.7	74.0	71.4	71.4	.0	.0
Madison	346.3	346.9	337.0	337.0	.0	.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	808.1	816.1	790.1	803.1	13.0	1.6
Oshkosh-Neenah	92.7	93.1	89.9	91.0	1.1	1.2
Racine	74.3	75.1	72.9	73.8	.9	1.2
Sheboygan	58.5	58.5	56.8	57.7	.9	1.6
Wausau	68.0	67.4	66.0	65.7	-.3	-.5
Wyoming	279.2	282.6	271.1	274.9	3.8	1.4
Casper	37.7	38.7	37.4	37.6	.2	.5
Cheyenne	43.8	43.7	42.0	42.7	.7	1.7
Puerto Rico	963.0	932.4	931.0	915.2	-15.8	-1.7
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian	50.1	49.2	48.4	48.1	-.3	-.6
Fajardo	15.3	14.2	15.1	14.2	-.9	-6.0
Guayama	17.6	16.7	17.2	16.6	-.6	-3.5
Mayaguez	37.4	36.3	36.7	35.8	-.9	-2.5
Ponce	63.6	62.5	62.1	61.1	-1.0	-1.6
San German-Cabo Rojo	22.0	22.1	21.2	22.3	1.1	5.2
San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo	713.7	685.9	690.7	672.7	-18.0	-2.6
Yauco	14.9	13.8	13.7	13.3	-.4	-2.9
Virgin Islands	43.8	43.8	43.8	43.4	-.4	-.9

¹ Area boundaries do not reflect official OMB definitions.

^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Data have been revised to reflect 2010 benchmark levels. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are provisional and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 10-02, dated

December 1, 2009, and available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state that appears first in their titles. Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, Iowa-Ill. is the exception since it is listed under Illinois for operational reasons.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

Table 4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State, selected metropolitan area, and metropolitan division

(Numbers in thousands)

State, area, and division	December		January		Change from January 2010 to January 2011 P	
	2009	2010	2010	2011P	Number	Percent
California	14,026.7	14,055.1	13,694.6	13,802.9	108.3	0.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	5,172.4	5,175.7	5,063.9	5,077.3	13.4	.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	3,811.6	3,808.8	3,730.9	3,731.7	-.8	.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1,360.8	1,366.9	1,333.0	1,345.6	12.6	.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	1,901.7	1,896.2	1,858.9	1,856.7	-2.2	-.1
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	962.5	952.8	940.3	936.2	-4.1	-.4
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	939.2	943.4	918.6	920.5	1.9	.2
District of Columbia	705.7	713.1	698.3	706.3	8.0	1.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria 1	2,969.3	2,994.3	2,899.4	2,940.2	40.8	1.4
Bethesda-Rockville-Frederick 2	562.4	569.7	547.1	557.0	9.9	1.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria 1	2,406.9	2,424.6	2,352.3	2,383.2	30.9	1.3
Florida	7,245.7	7,244.3	7,116.9	7,147.6	30.7	.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2,219.3	2,214.1	2,173.3	2,178.4	5.1	.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	715.1	709.5	699.8	700.7	-.9	.1
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	993.4	996.5	972.5	978.5	6.0	.6
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	510.8	508.1	501.0	499.2	-1.8	-.4
Illinois	5,629.2	5,663.1	5,462.4	5,524.4	62.0	1.1
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville 1	4,266.9	4,289.5	4,141.2	4,183.8	42.6	1.0
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville	3,625.1	3,651.4	3,524.0	3,565.4	41.4	1.2
Gary 2	265.3	264.1	254.5	256.5	2.0	.8
Lake County-Kenosha County 1	376.5	374.0	362.7	361.9	-.8	-.2
Massachusetts	3,194.9	3,212.8	3,115.1	3,127.6	12.5	.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy 1	2,436.2	2,458.0	2,384.7	2,401.1	16.4	.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1,675.4	1,690.6	1,641.1	1,655.8	14.7	.9
Brockton-Bridgewater-Easton	87.5	88.5	85.2	86.2	1.0	1.2
Framingham	155.5	153.8	151.8	151.3	-.5	-.3
Haverhill-North Andover-Amesbury 1	76.2	77.3	74.8	75.3	.5	.7
Lowell-Billerica-Chelmsford 1	115.1	115.8	112.7	112.6	-.1	-.1
Nashua 1	127.0	126.5	123.3	123.2	-.1	-.1
Peabody	99.7	99.3	98.2	96.8	-1.4	-1.4
Michigan	3,872.8	3,900.6	3,756.1	3,801.6	45.5	1.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1,739.8	1,749.7	1,694.7	1,712.1	17.4	1.0
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	700.1	698.2	683.6	683.5	-.1	.0
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	1,039.7	1,051.5	1,011.1	1,028.6	17.5	1.7
New York	8,623.8	8,659.0	8,339.8	8,385.3	45.5	.5
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island 1	8,392.5	8,393.3	8,118.4	8,153.0	34.6	.4
Edison-New Brunswick 2	993.1	981.4	958.4	952.2	-6.2	-.6
Nassau-Suffolk	1,240.0	1,246.4	1,189.3	1,195.4	6.1	.5
New York-White Plains-Wayne 1	5,170.1	5,196.1	5,019.2	5,060.0	40.8	.8
Newark-Union 2	989.3	969.4	951.5	945.4	-6.1	-.6
Pennsylvania	5,631.7	5,681.5	5,470.9	5,543.9	73.0	1.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington 1	2,718.9	2,730.6	2,648.8	2,658.8	10.0	.4
Camden 2	516.5	512.7	501.1	497.2	-3.9	-.8
Philadelphia	1,869.8	1,886.3	1,826.2	1,840.3	14.1	.8
Wilmington 2	332.6	331.6	321.5	321.3	-.2	-.1
Texas	10,301.1	10,512.9	10,118.5	10,360.0	241.5	2.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2,859.0	2,909.8	2,801.7	2,865.3	63.6	2.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	2,012.8	2,054.4	1,971.9	2,024.7	52.8	2.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	846.2	855.4	829.8	840.6	10.8	1.3
Washington	2,785.6	2,790.3	2,723.0	2,743.2	20.2	.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	1,646.1	1,650.9	1,609.4	1,623.6	14.2	.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,379.1	1,385.1	1,348.7	1,362.3	13.6	1.0
Tacoma	267.0	265.8	260.7	261.3	.6	.2

¹ Part of the area is in one or more adjacent states.

² All of the area is in one or more adjacent states.

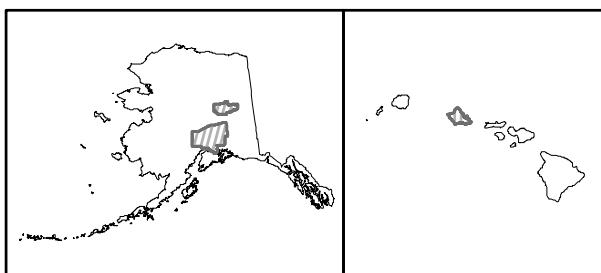
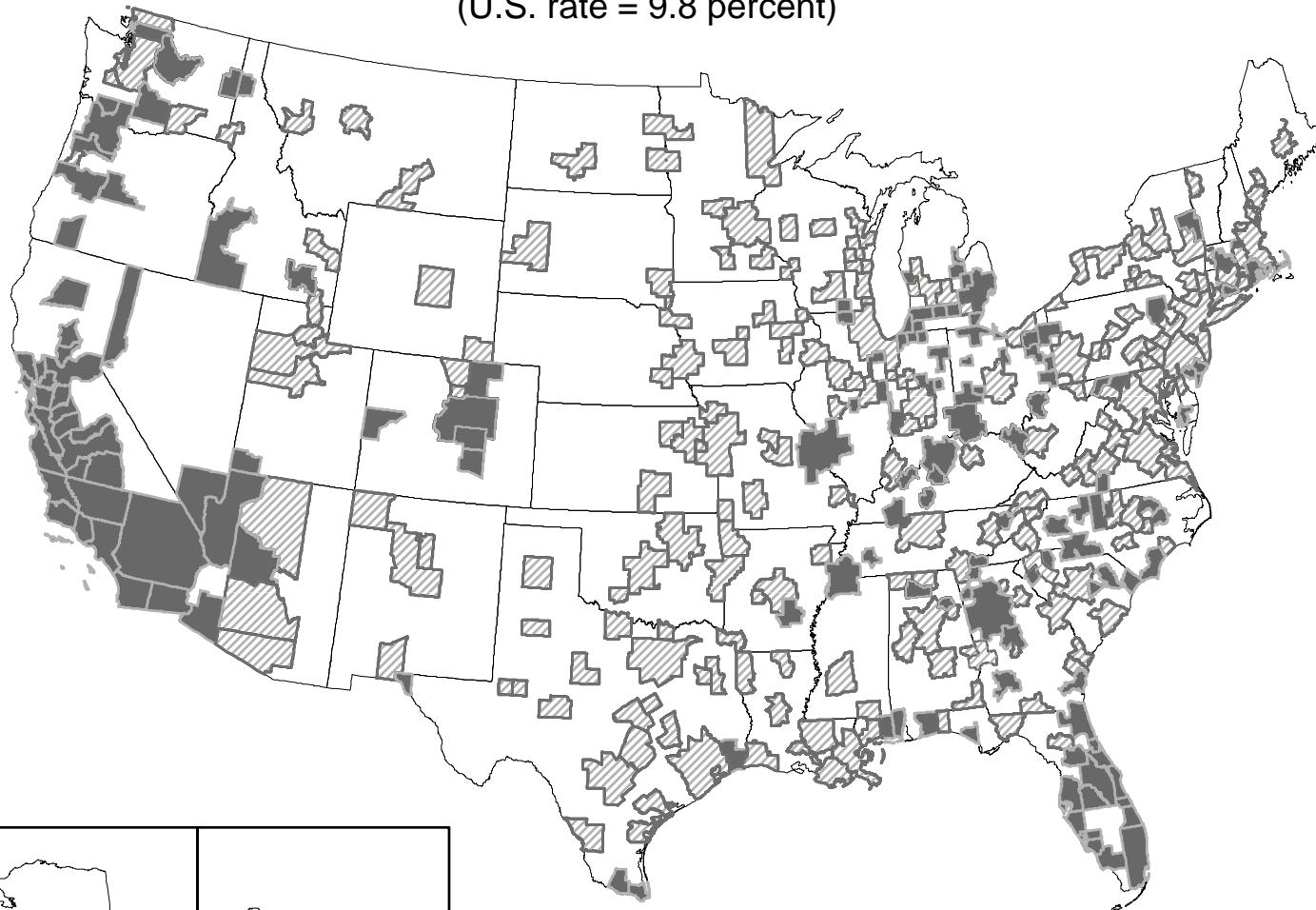
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Unemployment rates for metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted, January 2011

(U.S. rate = 9.8 percent)



NOTE: Map includes data for 372 metropolitan areas based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 10-02. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based.

Above U.S. average
 U.S. average or below