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PRODUCTIVITY AND COSTS

Second Quarter 2021, Revised

Nonfarm business sector labor productivity increased 2.1 percent in the second quarter of 2021, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today, as output increased 8.1 percent and hours worked increased 6.0 percent. (All quarterly percent changes in this release are seasonally adjusted annual rates.) From the second quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2021, nonfarm business sector labor productivity increased 1.8 percent. (See chart 1 and table A1.)

Chart 1. Labor productivity, nonfarm business, 2017Q1 - 2021Q2

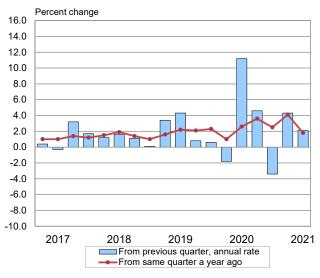
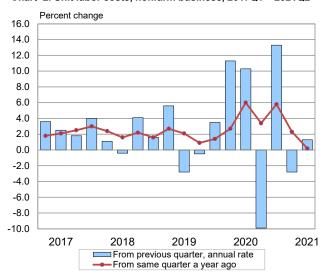


Chart 2. Unit labor costs, nonfarm business, 2017Q1 - 2021Q2



Unit labor costs in the nonfarm business sector increased at an annual rate of 1.3 percent in the second quarter of 2021, reflecting a 3.4-percent increase in hourly compensation and a 2.1-percent increase in productivity. Unit labor costs increased 0.2 percent over the last four quarters, as hourly compensation increased 2.0 percent and productivity increased 1.8 percent. (See chart 2 and table A1.) BLS calculates unit labor costs as the ratio of hourly compensation to labor productivity. Increases in hourly compensation tend to increase unit labor costs and increases in productivity tend to reduce them.

Labor productivity, or output per hour, is calculated by dividing an index of real output by an index of hours worked by all persons, including employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers. The second quarter of 2021 is the fourth consecutive quarter with increases in both output and hours worked, following historic declines in those measures in the second quarter of 2020. Over the past four quarters, nonfarm business sector output increased 15.8 percent and hours worked increased 13.7 percent. The output index is now 1.3 percent above the level seen in the fourth quarter of 2019, the last quarter not affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, while the hours worked index remains 2.7 percent below its fourth

quarter 2019 level. (See chart 3 and tables A1 and 2.)

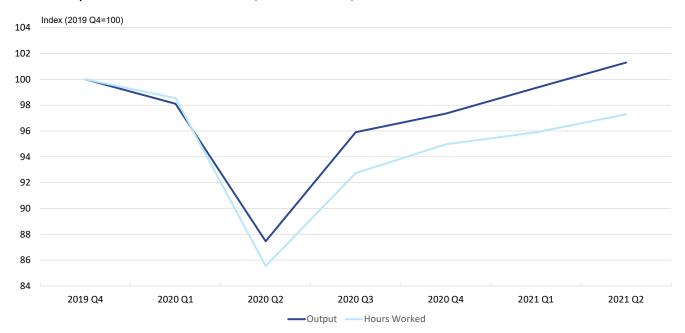


Chart 3. Output and Hours Worked index series, nonfarm business, 2019 Q4 - 2021 Q2

Manufacturing sector labor productivity increased 8.0 percent in the second quarter of 2021, as output increased 5.5 percent and hours worked decreased 2.3 percent. Although productivity also increased in both manufacturing subsectors, these gains reflected different underlying conditions. In the durable manufacturing sector, productivity increased 4.6 percent as a 0.9-percent decrease in output was outpaced by a 5.2-percent decrease in hours worked. In contrast, nondurable manufacturing sector productivity increased 10.0 percent as output (12.9 percent) grew faster than hours worked (2.7 percent); the output gain was driven primarily by the chemical products manufacturing industry. The second-quarter increase in nondurable manufacturing sector productivity was the largest since the first quarter of 2003, when productivity also increased 10.0 percent. Total manufacturing sector productivity increased 7.2 percent from the same quarter a year ago. (See tables A1, 3, 4, and 5.)

Unit labor costs in the total manufacturing sector decreased 3.0 percent in the second quarter of 2021, reflecting a 4.7-percent increase in hourly compensation and an 8.0-percent increase in productivity. Manufacturing unit labor costs decreased 6.1 percent from the same quarter a year ago. (See tables A1 and 3.)

Manufacturing sector output increased 17.1 percent over the last four quarters and is now just 0.3 percent below its level in the fourth quarter of 2019, the last quarter not affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. While hours worked in manufacturing increased 9.3 percent over the last four quarters, they remain 4.8 percent below the fourth-quarter 2019 level. (See chart 4 and tables A1 and 3.)

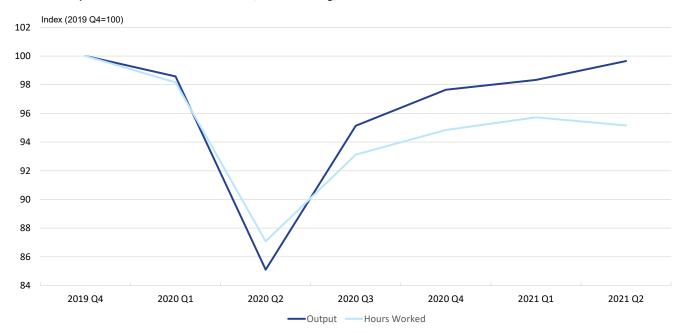


Chart 4. Output and Hours Worked index series, manufacturing, 2019 Q4 - 2021 Q2

The concepts, sources, and methods used for the manufacturing output series differ from those used in the business and nonfarm business output series; these output measures are not directly comparable. See the Technical Notes for a more detailed explanation. (See page 7.)

Preliminary second-quarter 2021 measures were announced today for the **nonfinancial corporate sector**. Productivity decreased 4.0 percent in the second quarter of 2021 as output increased 0.7 percent and hours worked increased 4.9 percent. Productivity increased 3.8 percent over the last four quarters. Unit profits of nonfinancial corporations increased at a 48.7-percent annual rate in the second quarter of 2021 and increased 41.9 percent over the last four quarters, which is the largest four-quarter increase since a 42.7-percent increase in the third quarter of 2010. (See table 6.)

Revised measures

The measures released today are based on more recent source data than were available for the preliminary report. Table B1 presents previous and revised productivity and related measures for the business, nonfarm business, and manufacturing sectors for the second quarter of 2021.

In the second quarter of 2021, nonfarm business sector productivity increased 2.1 percent—a 0.2-percentage point downward revision from the preliminary estimate of 2.3 percent—due to a 0.2-percentage point upward revision to output and a 0.5-percentage point upward revision to hours worked. Unit labor costs increased 1.3 percent rather than increasing 1.0 percent as previously reported, the combined effect of a 0.1-percentage point upward revision to hourly compensation and a 0.2-percentage point downward revision to productivity.

Manufacturing sector productivity for the second quarter of 2021 was revised up to an increase of 8.0 percent from a previously reported increase of 6.9 percent. This revision stems mainly from nondurable manufacturing sector productivity, which increased 10.0 percent instead of the previously reported increase of 7.8 percent; durable manufacturing sector productivity was unchanged from the previously reported increase of 4.6 percent. Total manufacturing unit labor costs decreased 3.0 percent in the second quarter of 2021 rather than decreasing 1.9 percent as previously reported.

Table B2 presents previous and revised productivity and related measures for the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors for the first quarter of 2021.

In the first quarter of 2021, nonfarm business sector productivity and unit labor costs were not revised. Manufacturing sector productivity was revised up 0.4 percentage point to a decrease of 0.9 percent. As a result, unit labor costs were revised down 0.4 percentage point to an increase of 1.5 percent. In the nonfinancial corporate sector, first-quarter 2021 productivity, unit labor costs, and unit profits were not revised. (See table 6.)

Complete annual and quarterly data series can be found on the Productivity and Costs home page: www.bls.gov/lpc/#data.

The preliminary Productivity and Costs news release for third-quarter 2021 is scheduled to be released on Thursday, November 4, 2021 at 8:30 a.m. (ET).

Table	A1. Labor	productivity	growth and	d related	measures	- revised	second-	quarter 2021

(percent change from previous quarter at annual rate and from same quarter a year ago)

Sector	Percent change from:	Labor productivity	Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensation	Real hourly compensation	Unit labor costs
Nonfarm busines	s Previous quarter	2.1	8.1	6.0	3.4	-4.6	1.3
	A year ago	1.8	15.8	13.7	2.0	-2.7	0.2
Business	Previous quarter	2.4	7.9	5.4	3.9	-4.2	1.4
	A year ago	2.0	15.7	13.5	2.2	-2.5	0.2
Manufacturing	Previous quarter	8.0	5.5	-2.3	4.7	-3.4	-3.0
	A year ago	7.2	17.1	9.3	0.6	-4.0	-6.1
Durable	Previous quarter	4.6	-0.9	-5.2	5.3	-2.9	0.7
manufacturing	A year ago	12.5	23.4	9.7	0.2	-4.4	-10.9
Nondurable	Previous quarter	10.0	12.9	2.7	4.5	-3.6	-5.0
manufacturing	A year ago	2.0	10.7	8.6	1.2	-3.5	-0.8

Table A2. Labor productivity growth and related measures - preliminary second-quarter 2021 (percent change from previous quarter at annual rate and from same quarter a year ago)

Conton	Davaget shapes from	Labor	Out to ut	Hours	Hourly	Real hourly	Unit labor
Sector	Percent change from:	productivity	Output	worked	compensation	compensation	costs
Nonfinancial	Previous quarter	-4.0	0.7	4.9	3.7	-4.4	8.0
corporate	A year ago	3.8	16.7	12.4	1.3	-3.3	-2.4

Table B1. Labor productivity growth and related measures - revised and previously published second-quarter 20)21
(percent change from previous guarter at annual rate)	

Sector		Labor productivity	Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensation	Real hourly compensation	Unit labor costs
Nonfarm business	Revised	2.1	8.1	6.0	3.4	-4.6	1.3
	Previously published	2.3	7.9	5.5	3.3	-4.8	1.0
Business	Revised	2.4	7.9	5.4	3.9	-4.2	1.4
	Previously published	2.7	7.8	5.0	3.7	-4.4	0.9
Manufacturing	Revised	8.0	5.5	-2.3	4.7	-3.4	-3.0
	Previously published	6.9	3.8	-2.9	4.9	-3.3	-1.9
Durable	Revised	4.6	-0.9	-5.2	5.3	-2.9	0.7
manufacturing	Previously published	4.6	-1.4	-5.7	5.4	-2.8	0.7
Nondurable	Revised	10.0	12.9	2.7	4.5	-3.6	-5.0
manufacturing	Previously published	7.8	9.9	2.0	4.8	-3.4	-2.8

Table B2. Labor productivity growth and related measures - revised and previously published first-quarter 2021 (percent change from previous quarter at annual rate)

Sector		Labor productivity	Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensation	Real hourly compensation	Unit labor costs
Nonfarm business	Revised	4.3	8.4	4.0	1.4	-2.2	-2.8
	Previously published	4.3	8.4	4.0	1.4	-2.2	-2.8
Business	Revised	4.2	8.2	3.8	1.5	-2.1	-2.6
	Previously published	4.2	8.2	3.8	1.5	-2.1	-2.6
Manufacturing	Revised	-0.9	2.9	3.8	0.6	-3.1	1.5
	Previously published	-1.3	2.4	3.8	0.6	-3.1	1.9
Durable	Revised	1.0	6.6	5.5	1.8	-1.9	0.7
manufacturing	Previously published	0.8	6.3	5.5	1.8	-1.9	1.0
Nondurable	Revised	-2.2	-1.2	1.0	-2.1	-5.6	0.1
manufacturing	Previously published	-2.7	-1.7	1.0	-2.1	-5.6	0.6
Nonfinancial	Revised	5.0	8.9	3.7	0.0	-3.6	-4.8
corporate	Previously published	5.0	8.9	3.7	0.0	-3.6	-4.8

TECHNICAL NOTES

Labor Hours

Hours worked data for the labor productivity and cost measures include hours worked for all persons working in the sector—wage and salary workers, the self-employed and unpaid family workers. The primary source of hours and employment data is the BLS Current Employment Statistics (CES) program, which provides monthly survey data on the number of jobs held by wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments, counting a person who is employed by two or more establishments at each place of employment. The CES also provides average weekly paid hours of production and nonsupervisory workers in these establishments. Weekly paid hours are adjusted to hours worked using data from the National Compensation Survey (NCS) for 1996 forward and data from the BLS Hours at Work survey, conducted for this purpose, prior to 1990. Between 1990 and 1995, weekly paid hours are adjusted to hours at work using a combination of NCS and Hours at Work survey data. The Office of Productivity and Technology estimates average weekly hours at work for nonproduction and supervisory workers using information from the Current Population Survey (CPS), the CES, and the NCS.

Data from the CPS are used to estimate hours worked for farm labor, nonfarm proprietors, and nonfarm unpaid family workers. Using CPS information on employment and hours worked at primary jobs and all other jobs, separately, the BLS productivity measures assign all hours worked to the appropriate industrial sector. Hours for government enterprises are derived from the CPS, the CES, and the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce.

Detailed hours data are presented in the table "Hours Worked in Total U.S. Economy and Subsectors" on the BLS website (www.bls.gov/lpc/special_requests/us_total_hrs_emp.xlsx).

Output

Business sector output is a chain-type, current-weighted index constructed after excluding from gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, and private households (including owner-occupied housing). Corresponding exclusions also are made in labor hours worked. Business output accounted for about 75 percent of the value of GDP in 2020. Nonfarm business, which excludes farming, accounted for about 74 percent of GDP in 2020.

Annual indexes for manufacturing and its durable and nondurable goods components are constructed by deflating current-dollar industry value of production data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census with deflators from the BLS. These deflators are based on data from the BLS Producer Price Index program and other sources. The industry shipments are aggregated using annual weights, and intrasector transactions are removed. Quarterly manufacturing output measures are based on the indexes of industrial production prepared monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, adjusted to be consistent with annual indexes of manufacturing sector output prepared by BLS.

Nonfinancial corporate output is a chain-type, current-weighted index calculated on the basis of the costs incurred and the incomes earned from production. The output measure excludes the following outputs from GDP: general government; nonprofit institutions; private households; unincorporated business; and those corporations classified as offices of bank holding companies, offices of other holding companies, or offices in the finance and insurance sector. Nonfinancial corporations accounted for about 49 percent of the value of GDP in 2020.

Labor Productivity

The measure describes the relationship between real output and the labor time involved in its production. Measures of labor productivity growth show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per hour worked. They reflect the joint effects of many influences, including changes in technology; capital investment; level of output; utilization of capacity, energy, and materials; the organization of production; managerial skill; and the characteristics and effort of the work force.

Labor Compensation

The measure includes accrued wages and salaries, supplements, employer contributions to employee benefit plans, and taxes. Estimates of labor compensation by major sector, required for measures of hourly compensation and unit labor costs, are based primarily on employee compensation data from the NIPA, prepared by the BEA. The compensation of employees in general government, nonprofit institutions and private households are subtracted from compensation of employees in domestic industries to derive employee compensation for the business sector. The labor compensation of proprietors cannot be explicitly identified and must be estimated. This is done by assuming that proprietors have the same hourly compensation as employees in the same sector. The quarterly labor productivity and cost measures do not contain estimates of compensation for unpaid family workers.

Unit Labor Costs

These measures describe the relationship between compensation per hour and labor productivity, or real output per hour, and can be used as an indicator of inflationary pressure on producers. Increases in hourly compensation increase unit labor costs; labor productivity increases offset compensation increases and lower unit labor costs.

Presentation of the data

The quarterly data in this release are presented in three ways: as percent changes from the previous quarter presented at a compound annual rate, as percent changes from the corresponding quarter of the previous year, and as index number series where 2012=100. Annual data are presented both as index number series and percent changes from the previous year.

The index numbers and rates of change reported in the productivity and costs news release are rounded to one decimal place. All percent changes in this release and on the BLS web site are calculated using index numbers to three decimal places. A complete historical series of these index numbers are available at the BLS web site, www.bls.gov/data/home.htm, or by contacting the BLS Division of Major Sector Productivity (Telephone 202-691-5606 or email productivity@bls.gov).

For a more detailed explanation of methodology see "Technical Information About the Major Sector Productivity and Costs Methods" at www.bls.gov/lpc/lpcmethods.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory-impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Federal Relay Service number: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Business sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted.

beabon	rarry a	ajustea.				Real			
Year and quarte	er		Output		Hourly compen- sation (1)	_	Unit labor costs	payments (3)	Implicit price deflator (4)
		P	ercent chan			er at annua			
2021 I I		2.4 r 4.2	7.9 r 8.2	5.4 r 3.8	3.9 r 1.5	-4.2 r -2.1	1.4 r -2.6	16.0 r 17.3	7.3 r 5.1
2020 A	ANNUAL	2.4	-4.2	-6.5	6.8	5.5	4.3	-4.8	0.4
I	III II	-4.2 5.9 10.2 -1.1	6.1 44.7 -36.8 -6.8	10.8 36.7 -42.7 -5.8	8.6 -4.7 21.9 9.2	6.0 -9.0 25.8 8.1	13.4 -10.0 10.6 10.5	-13.3 31.7 -23.2 -12.6	1.6 5.1 -4.6 0.0
2019 A	ANNUAL	1.9	2.6	0.7	3.8	2.0	1.8	1.1	1.5
	III II	0.5 0.6 4.3 3.2	1.8 3.1 3.5 3.1	1.3 2.5 -0.7 -0.2	3.9 0.1 1.4 9.4	1.3 -1.2 -2.0 8.6	-0.4 -2.7 5.9	-1.2 2.5 10.3 -5.9	1.4 0.8 2.7 0.7
		Per	cent change			arter of pro			
2021 I I		2.0 r 3.9	15.7 1.2	13.5 r -2.6	2.2 6.4	-2.5 4.4	0.2 r 2.4	11.7 r 0.7	4.7 1.7
2020 A	ANNUAL	2.4	-4.2	-6.5	6.8	5.5	4.3	-4.8	0.4
	III II	2.5 3.8 2.5 1.1	-2.5 -3.5 -11.3 0.3	-4.9 -7.0 -13.5 -0.7	8.3 7.2 8.5 3.6	7.0 5.8 8.0 1.5	5.7 3.3 5.9 2.5	-6.4 -3.3 -9.2 -0.6	0.5 0.4 -0.6 1.2
2019 A	ANNUAL	1.9	2.6	0.7	3.8	2.0	1.8	1.1	1.5
	III II	2.1 2.0 2.0 1.5	2.9 2.7 2.4 2.5	0.7 0.6 0.4 1.0	3.7 3.1 4.2 4.2	1.6 1.3 2.4 2.6	1.5 1.0 2.2 2.7	1.3 2.0 0.5 0.4	1.4 1.5 1.5
				Inde	xes 2012=10	0			
2021 I I		112.9 r 112.3	124.0 r 121.6	109.8 r 108.3	133.4 r 132.2	113.8 r 115.0	118.1 r 117.7	110.2 r 106.2	114.6 r 112.6
2020 A	ANNUAL	110.5	116.0	105.0	128.8	114.0	116.5	103.0	110.6
I	III II	111.1 112.3 110.7 108.1	119.3 117.5 107.2 120.2	107.3 104.6 96.8 111.2	131.7 129.0 130.6 124.2	115.6 113.9 116.7 110.1	118.5 114.8 117.9 115.0	102.0 105.7 98.7 105.4	111.3 110.8 109.5 110.8
2019 A	ANNUAL	107.9	121.2	112.3	120.5	108.0	111.7	108.3	110.2
I	III II	108.4 108.2 108.1 106.9	121.8	111 0	121.5 120.4 120.3 119.9	108.0 107.7 108.0 108.5	112.1 111.2 111.3 112.1	109.0 109.3 108.6 106.0	110.8 110.4 110.2 109.4

Table 2. Nonfarm business sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted.

Year and quarte	er	Labor produc- tivity		Hours worked	Hourly compen- sation (1)	Real hourly compen- sation (2)	costs	Unit nonlabor payments (3)	Implicit price deflator (4)
		E	Percent char			er at annua			
2021 I		2.1 r 4.3	8.1 r 8.4	6.0 r 4.0	3.4 r 1.4	-4.6 r -2.2	1.3 r -2.8	13.6 r 16.6	6.2 r 4.6
2020 A	ANNUAL	2.4	-4.4	-6.6	7.0	5.6	4.5	-4.9	0.4
I	IV III II	-3.4 4.6 11.2 -1.8	6.2 44.6 -36.9 -7.4	9.9 38.2 -43.2 -5.7	9.4 -5.7 22.7 9.3	6.8 -10.0 26.6 8.2	13.3 -9.9 10.3 11.3	-14.8 30.5 -21.7 -13.2	0.9 4.7 -3.9 0.2
2019 A	ANNUAL	2.0	2.7	0.7	3.8	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.5
I	IV III II	0.6 0.8 4.3 3.4	1.8 3.2 3.6 3.4	1.2 2.4 -0.7 0.0	4.1 0.2 1.4 9.2	1.5 -1.1 -2.0 8.4	3.5 -0.5 -2.8 5.6	-1.5 2.4 10.6 -5.5	1.3 0.7 2.7 0.7
		Per	cent change	from corre	esponding qu	arter of pr	evious year		
2021 I		1.8 r 4.1	15.8 1.3	13.7 r -2.7	2.0 6.4	-2.7 4.5	0.2 r 2.3	10.1 r 0.4	4.1 1.5
2020 A	ANNUAL	2.4	-4.4	-6.6	7.0	5.6	4.5	-4.9	0.4
	III II	2.5 3.6 2.6 1.0	-2.7 -3.7 -11.5 0.2	-5.0 -7.0 -13.7 -0.8	8.5 7.1 8.8 3.7	7.2 5.8 8.3 1.6	5.8 3.4 6.0 2.7	-6.8 -3.3 -9.0 -0.8	0.4 0.5 -0.4 1.2
2019 A	ANNUAL	2.0	2.7	0.7	3.8	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.5
	III II	2.3 2.1 2.2 1.6	3.0 2.8 2.6 2.6	0.7 0.6 0.3 1.1	3.7 3.1 4.3 4.3	1.6 1.3 2.4 2.6	1.4 0.9 2.1 2.7	1.4 2.1 0.8 0.6	1.4 1.4 1.5 1.8
				Inde	exes 2012=10	10			
2021 I		112.7 r 112.1	123.8 r 121.4	109.9 r 108.3	133.7 r 132.5	114.0 r 115.3	118.6 r 118.2	109.9 r 106.5	114.8 r 113.1
2020 A	ANNUAL	110.2	115.7	105.0	129.1	114.3	117.1	103.8	111.3
I	ΙΙ	110.9 111.9 110.6 107.7	118.9 117.2 106.9 119.9	107.2 104.7 96.6 111.3		116.0 114.1 117.1 110.4	119.1 115.4 118.4 115.6	102.5 106.6 99.8 106.1	111.8 111.6 110.3 111.4
2019 A	ANNUAL	107.7	121.0	112.4	120.7	108.2	112.1	109.2	110.8
I	III	108.1 107.8	119.6	112.6 111.9	120.5 120.5 120.1	107.8 108.1	111.7	110.3 109.7	111.4 111.0 110.8 110.1

Table 3. Manufacturing sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted.

Year and quar	ter	Labor produc- tivity	Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensa- tion (1)	Real hourly compensa- tion (2)	Unit labor costs
		Percen			at annual rate		
2021	II	8.0 r	5.5 r	-2.3 r	4.7 r	-3.4 r	-3.0 r
	I	-0.9 r	2.9 r	3.8	0.6	-3.1	1.5 r
2020	ANNUAL	0.3	-6.4	-6.6	6.8	5.4	6.5
2020	IV	3.1	11.0	7.6	10.5	7.9	7.2
	III	19.4	56.2	30.8	-12.0	-16.0	-26.3
	II	-10.3	-44.5	-38.1	27.2	31.3	41.9
	I	1.8	-5.5	-7.2	7.8	6.7	6.0
2019	ANNUAL	-1.4	-1.7	-0.2	2.8	1.0	4.3
2019	TV	-1.6	-1.5	0.1	6.7	4.0	8.5
	III	-1.3	-0.2	1.1	-1.1	-2.4	0.2
	II	-2.0	-3.3	-1.4	1.7	-1.7	3.8
	I	-1.1	-4.2	-3.1	6.2	5.4	7.4
		Percent		responding quar	ter of previous	year	
2021	TT	7.2 r	17.1 r	9.3 r	0.6	-4.0	-6.1 r
2021	I	2.3 r	-0.3 r	-2.5	5.6	3.7	3.3 r
2020	ANNUAL	0.3	-6.4	-6.6	6.8	5.4	6.5
2020	TV	3.0	-2.4	-5.2	7.5	6.2	4.4
2020	III	1.7	-5.2	-6.8	6.5	5.2	4.7
	II	-3.0	-15.3	-12.7	9.7	9.2	13.1
	I	-0.8	-2.7	-1.9	3.7	1.6	4.6
2019	ANNUAL	-1.4	-1.7	-0.2	2.8	1.0	4.3
2019	TV	-1.5	-2.3	-0.8	3.3	1.3	4.9
2015	III	-1.8	-2.5	-0.7	2.3	0.5	4.2
	II	-1.7	-1.8	-0.1	3.5	1.6	5.4
	I	-0.7	-0.1	0.6	2.1	0.5	2.9
			Ir	ndexes 2012=100			
2021	TT	99.9 r	101.0 r	101.1 r	127.2 r	108.4 r	127.3 r
2021	I	98.0 r	99.7 r	101.7	125.7	109.4	128.3 r
2020	ANNUAL	96.2	95.4	99.2	123.2	109.1	128.1
2020	TV	98.2	99.0	100.8	125.5	110.2	127.8
2020	III	97.4	96.4	99.0	122.4	10.2	125.6
	II	93.2	86.2	92.5	126.4	113.0	135.6
	I	95.8	99.9	104.3	119.0	105.5	124.3
2019	ANNUAL	95.9	101.9	106.2	115.4	103.5	120.3
2019	TV	95.4	101.3	106.3	116.8	103.8	122.5
	III	95.8	101.7	106.2	114.9	102.8	120.0
	II	96.1	101.8	105.9	115.2	103.4	119.9
	I	96.6	102.7	106.3	114.7	103.9	118.8

Table 4. Durable manufacturing sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted.

Year and quar	ter	Labor produc- tivity	Output		Hourly compensa- tion (1)		Unit labor costs
		Percen	t change from p		at annual rate		
2021	II	4.6	-0.9 r	-5.2 r	5.3 r	-2.9 r	0.7
	I	1.0 r	6.6 r	5.5	1.8	-1.9	0.7 r
2020	ANNUAL	-0.2	-8.1	-8.0	6.8	5.5	7.0
2020	IV	4.8	11.0	6.0	12.3	9.6	7.2
	III	44.6	97.9	36.9	-16.1	-19.9	-42.0
	ΙΙ	-20.3	-54.4	-42.8	29.7	33.9	62.7
	I	-2.6	-10.0	-7.6	6.9	5.8	9.7
2019	ANNUAL	-1.7	-1.8	0.0	2.3	0.4	4.1
2019	TV	-1.0	-2.0	-1.1	10.2	7.4	11.3
2013	III	-1.0	-0.2	0.8	-2.4	-3.6	-1.4
	II	-1.0	-3.3	-2.4	0.9	-2.4	1.9
	I	-2.9	-5.7	-2.9	5.8	5.0	8.9
		Percent		responding quan	ter of previous	year	
2021	TT	12.5 r	23.4 r	9.7 r	0.2	-4.4 r	-10.9 r
	I	5.1 r	1.6	-3.3	5.6	3.6	0.5
2020	ANNUAL	-0.2	-8.1	-8.0	6.8	5.5	7.0
2020	TV	4.1	-2.6	-6.4	6.9	5.6	2.6
2020	III	2.7	-5.6	-8.0	6.4	5.1	3.6
	II	-6.6	-20.4	-14.8	10.5	10.1	18.3
	I	-1.4	-4.0	-2.6	3.8	1.7	5.3
2019	ANNUAL	-1.7	-1.8	0.0	2.3	0.4	4.1
2019	TV	-1.5	-2.9	-1.4	3.5	1.5	5.1
	III	-2.0	-2.4	-0.4	1.3	-0.5	3.4
	II	-2.0	-1.7	0.3	2.6	0.8	4.7
	I	-1.5	-0.1	1.4	1.6	0.0	3.1
			Ir	ndexes 2012=100			
2021	II	101.6 r	100.8 r	99.3 r	128.1 r	109.3 r	126.1 r
	I	100.5 r	101.1 r	100.6	126.5	110.1	125.9 r
2020	ANNUAL	96.4	94.4	97.9	123.8	109.6	128.5
2020	IV	100.2	99.5	99.3	126.0	110.6	125.7
2020	III	99.0	96.9	97.8	122.4	108.1	123.5
	II	90.3	81.7	90.5	127.9	114.3	141.6
	I	95.6	99.4	104.0	119.8	106.2	125.3
2019	ANNUAL	96.6	102.7	106.4	116.0	104.0	120.1
2019	TV	96.2	102.1	106.1	117.8	104.7	122.5
	III	96.4	102.6	106.4	115.0	102.9	119.2
	II	96.7	102.7	106.2	115.7	103.8	119.6
	I	96.9	103.5	106.8	115.4	104.5	119.1

See footnotes following Table 6.
r=revised Source

September 2, 2021 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 5. Nondurable manufacturing sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs, seasonally adjusted.

Year and quart	ter		Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensa- tion (1)	Real hourly compensa- tion (2)	Unit labor costs
					at annual rate		
2021	II	10.0 r	12.9 r	2.7 r	4.5 r	-3.6 r	-5.0 r
	I		-1.2 r		-2.1	-5.6	0.1 r
2020	ANNUAL	-0.1	-4.4	-4.3	7.1	5.8	7.2
2020	TV	0.5	10.9	10.3	7.6	5.1	7.1
2020	III	-0.1	21.4	21.5	-4.8	-9.1	-4.8
	II	-3.3	-31.7	-29.4	25.2	29.3	29.5
	I	6.6	-0.3	-6.4	9.8	8.7	3.1
	-	0.0	0.5	0.1	3.0	0.7	3.1
2019	ANNUAL	-1.0	-1.6	-0.6	3.9	2.0	4.9
2019	IV	-3.1	-0.9	2.3	0.5	-2.0	3.7
	III	-1.7	-0.2	1.5	1.4	0.1	3.2
	II	-3.8	-3.3	0.5	3.6	0.1	7.6
	I	1.0	-2.5	-3.5	6.9	6.1	5.8
					ter of previous		
2021	II	2.0 r	10.7 r	8.6 r	1.2	-3.5 r	-0.8 r
	I	-1.3 r	-2.4 r	-1.1	5.9	3.9	7.2 r
2020	ANNUAL	-0.1	-4.4	-4.3	7.1	5.8	7.2
2020	IV	0.9	-2.2	-3.0	9.0	7.6	8.0
	III	-0.1	-4.9	-4.8	7.1	5.8	7.2
	II	-0.5	-9.4	-9.0	8.8	8.3	9.3
	I	-0.6	-1.2	-0.6	3.8	1.6	4.4
2019	ANNUAL	-1.0	-1.6	-0.6	3.9	2.0	4.9
2019	T 7.7	-1.9	-1.8	0.2	3.1	1.0	5.1
2015	III	-1.4	-2.5	-1.1	4.3	2.5	5.8
	II	-1.3	-1.9	-0.7	5.2	3.3	6.6
	I	0.6	-0.1	-0.7	3.0	1.3	2.4
	<u>-</u> 						
			Ir	ndexes 2012=100			
2021	II	98.2 r	102.4 r	104.3 r	125.9 r	107.3 r	128.2 r
	I	95.9 r	99.3 r	103.6	124.5	108.3	129.9 r
2020	ANNUAL	96.5	97.7	101.3	122.4	108.4	126.9
2020	IV	96.4	99.6	103.3	125.1	109.9	129.8
3	III	96.2	97.0	100.8	122.9	108.5	127.7
	II	96.3	92.5	96.0	124.4	111.2	129.2
	I	97.1	101.7	104.8	117.6	104.2	121.1
2019	ANNUAL	96.5	102.2	105.9	114.3	102.5	118.4
2019	TV	95.5	101.8	106.5	114.9	102.1	120.2
	III	96.3	102.0	105.9	114.7	102.6	119.1
	II	96.7	102.1	105.5	114.3	102.6	118.2
	I	97.7	102.9	105.4	113.3	102.6	116.0

Table 6. Nonfinancial corporate sector: Labor productivity, hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit profits, and prices, seasonally adjusted.

Year and quarter	Labor produc- tivity	Output	Hours worked	Hourly compensation (1)	sation (2)	labor costs	Unit nonlabor costs (6)	costs (7)	Unit	Implicit price deflator (4)
				rom previo						
2021 II I	-4.0 5.0	0.7 8.9	4.9 3.7	3.7 0.0	-4.4 -3.6	8.0 -4.8	-11.8 18.7	1.8 1.6	48.7 30.0	7.8 5.1
2020 ANNUAL	2.2	-4.2	-6.3	6.9	5.6	4.6	-10.6	-0.2	2.4	0.1
2020 IV III II I	16.3 -0.8 3.8 1.1	28.4 31.7 -39.0 -3.3	10.3 32.8 -41.2 -4.3	7.7 -5.7 25.0 7.8	5.2 -9.9 29.1 6.7	-7.4 -4.9 20.5 6.6	53.3 -21.4 -49.3 4.2	6.3 -9.6 -6.5 5.8	-31.4 206.1 -9.1 -35.4	-0.2 6.2 -6.8 -0.4
2019 ANNUAL	1.4	2.3	0.9	3.9	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.3	-1.2	1.9
2019 IV III II I	1.1 0.5 1.3 2.7	2.2 1.1 1.6 3.4	1.1 0.6 0.3 0.7	3.6 1.0 2.3 8.0	1.0 -0.4 -1.2 7.2	2.6 0.5 1.0 5.2	-2.7 5.3 1.7 3.2	0.8 2.0 1.2 4.6	8.8 2.6 13.3 -31.2	1.8 2.1 2.6 -1.0
		Percent	change fro	om correspo	nding quar	ter of p				
2021 II I	3.8 5.9	16.7 3.0	12.4 -2.8	1.3 6.2	-3.3 4.2	-2.4 0.2	6.0 -7.7	-0.2 -2.3	41.9 25.5	4.7 1.0
2020 ANNUAL	2.2	-4.2	-6.3	6.9	5.6	4.6	-10.6	-0.2	2.4	0.1
2020 IV III II I	4.9 1.3 1.6 1.0	-0.1 -5.6 -11.6 0.4	-4.7 -6.8 -13.0 -0.6	8.2 7.1 9.0 3.6	6.9 5.8 8.5 1.5	3.1 5.8 7.3 2.6	-10.7 -20.3 -14.2 2.1	-1.2 -2.5 0.4 2.4	5.4 18.3 -10.0 -4.9	-0.4 0.1 -0.9 1.5
2019 ANNUAL	1.4	2.3	0.9	3.9	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.3	-1.2	1.9
2019 IV III II I	1.4 1.1 2.2 0.9	2.1 1.7 3.0 2.3	0.7 0.7 0.8 1.4	3.7 3.5 4.5 4.1	1.6 1.7 2.6 2.5	2.3 2.4 2.2 3.2	1.8 3.2 1.1 1.4	2.1 2.6 1.9 2.6	-3.4 -2.4 0.8 0.6	1.4 2.0 1.7 2.3
				Indexes	2012=100					
2021 II I	110.1 111.3	122.2 122.0	111.0 109.6	132.8 131.6	113.2 114.5	120.6 118.3	97.6 100.7	112.9 112.4	125.7 113.8	114.8 112.6
2020 ANNUAL	106.7	113.7	106.5	128.9	114.1	120.8	96.3	112.6	100.9	111.0
II	105.8 106.1	112.2 104.7	106.0 98.7	131.6 129.2 131.1 124.0	114.1 117.2	122.1 123.6	86.7 92.1	113.1	117.2	111.2 111.3 109.6 111.6
2019 ANNUAL	104.4	118.7	113.7	120.6	108.1	115.5	107.7	112.9	98.5	110.8
	104.5 104.4 104.0	118.8 118.5 118.0	113.7 113.5 113.4	121.7 120.6 120.3 119.6	107.9 108.0 108.3	115.4 115.3 115.0	108.7 107.3 106.9	113.2 112.6 112.3	98.4 95.4	111.2 110.6 109.9

See footnotes following Table 6.

r=revised

September 2, 2021 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics **SOURCES:** Output data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Census Bureau of the U.S. Department of Commerce; the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Reserve Board. Hours and compensation data are from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

SIZE OF REVISIONS: Productivity and cost measures are revised on a regular schedule as more complete data become available. The first estimate is published within 40 days of the close of the reference quarter, the second estimate approximately 30 days later, and the third estimate approximately 60 days after the second estimate. Based on past revisions, the third estimate of nonfarm business sector quarterly labor productivity growth has differed from the first estimate by -1.0 to +1.4 percentage point about 80 percent of the time. This interval is based on estimates for reference quarters from the first quarter of 2001 to the first quarter of 2021. For more about revisions to labor productivity growth see "How large are revisions to estimates of quarterly labor productivity growth?" at www.bls.gov/osmr/research-papers/2021/ec210040.htm.

Table Footnotes

- (1) Wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. Except for nonfinancial corporations, where there are no self-employed, data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplemental payments for the self-employed.
- (2) The change for recent quarters is based on the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U). The trend from 1978-2020 is based on the Consumer Price Index Retroactive series (CPI-U-RS).
- (3) Unit nonlabor payments include profits, consumption of fixed capital, taxes on production and imports less subsidies, net interest and miscellaneous payments, business current transfer payments, rental income of persons, and the current surplus of government enterprises.
- (4) Current dollar output divided by the output index.
- (5) Quarterly changes: Percent change compounded at annual rate is calculated using index numbers to three decimal places. Indexes published in the news release are rounded to one decimal place for convenience. Annual changes: Percent change is calculated using annual indexes to three decimal places.
- (6) Unit nonlabor costs include consumption of fixed capital, taxes on production and imports less subsidies, net interest and miscellaneous payments, and business current transfer payments.
- (7) Total unit costs are the sum of unit labor and nonlabor costs.
- (8) Unit profits include corporate profits before tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustment.