

TABLE SNR02. Highest incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injury and illness cases with days away from work, restricted work activity, or job transfer, 2015

Industry ²	NAICS Code ³	Incidence Rate
Nursing and residential care facilities (State government)	623	7.4
Fire protection (Local government)	92216	6.7
Ice manufacturing (Private industry)	312113	6.1
Mattress manufacturing (Private industry)	33791	6.1
Manufactured home (mobile home) manufacturing (Private industry)	321991	6.0
Soft drink manufacturing (Private industry)	312111	5.9
Scheduled passenger air transportation (Private industry)	481111	5.6
Couriers and express delivery services (Private industry)	4921	5.6
Police protection (Local government)	92212	5.5
Motor home manufacturing (Private industry)	336213	5.2
Hog and pig farming (Private industry)	1122	5.1
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering (Private industry)	311611	4.9
Urban transit systems (Private industry)	4851	4.9
Support activities for rail transportation (Private industry)	4882	4.9
Amusement and theme parks (Private industry)	71311	4.9
Linen supply (Private industry)	812331	4.8
Other crop farming (Private industry)	1119	4.7
Tortilla manufacturing (Private industry)	31183	4.7
Seafood product preparation and packaging (Private industry)	3117	4.6
All other leather good and allied product manufacturing (Private industry)	316998	4.6
Steel foundries (except investment) (Private industry)	331513	4.6
Household furniture (except wood and metal) manufacturing (Private industry)	337125	4.6
Solid waste collection (Private industry)	562111	4.6
Hospitals (State government)	622	4.6
Nursing and residential care facilities (Local government)	623	4.6
All industries including state and local government⁴		1.7

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² High rate industries were those having the highest incidence rate of injury and illness cases with days away from work, restricted work activity, or job transfer and at least 500 total recordable cases at the most detailed level of publication, based on the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012*.

³ *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012*

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor