Table 44. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by selected characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

		2004				
Characteristic	Worl	Workers paid hourly rates			Total at or below prevailing Federal minimum wage	
	Total	Below prevailing Federal minimum wage	At prevailing Federal minimum wage	Number	Percent of hourly-paid workers	
SEX AND AGE						
Fotal, 16 years and over	73.939	1.483	520	2.003	2.7	
16 to 24 years	-,	750	272	1.021	6.3	
25 years and over	- '	733	249	982	1.7	
20 ,00.0 0.00 0.01		'00		552	'''	
Men, 16 years and over	36,806	470	210	680	1.8	
16 to 24 years	1 '	239	127	366	4.4	
25 years and over		231	83	314	1.1	
20 your and over	20,000	201		"		
Vomen, 16 years and over	37,133	1,013	310	1,323	3.6	
16 to 24 years	1 '	510	145	655	8.3	
25 years and over	1 '	502	166	668	2.3	
RACE, SEX, AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY						
White, 16 years and over	59,877	1,286	395	1,681	2.8	
Men	1 '	393	161	555	1.8	
Women	,	892	234	1.126	3.8	
Wolfield	25,021	032	204	1,120	0.0	
Black or African American, 16 years and over	9,417	128	99	228	2.4	
Men	1 '	49	40	89	2.1	
Women	1 '	79	59	138	2.7	
Asian, 16 years and over	2,672	30	8	38	1.4	
Men		12	3	15	1.2	
Women		18	5	23	1.7	
	,					
Hispanic or Latino, 16 years and over	12,073	168	82	250	2.1	
Men		66	32	99	1.4	
Women	4,890	102	49	151	3.1	
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS AND SEX ¹						
Full-time workers	55.739	583	177	760	1.4	
Men	,	223	77	300	1.0	
Women		360	100	460	1.9	
	40.045	007	0.40	4 040		
Part-time workers		897	343	1,240	6.9	
Men		246	132	378	6.6	
Women	12,276	651	210	861	7.0	

¹ The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

NOTE: The prevailing Federal minimum wage was \$5.15 per hour in 2004. Data are for wage and salary workers, excluding the incorporated self-employed. They refer to a person's earnings on their sole or principal job, and pertain only to workers who are paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and

other nonhourly workers are not included. The presence of workers with hourly earnings below the minimum wage does not necessarily indicate violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as there are exceptions to the minimum wage provisions of the law. In addition, some survey respondents might have rounded hourly earnings to the nearest dollar, and, as a result, reported hourly earnings below the minimum wage even though they earned the minimum wage or higher. Beginning in January 2004, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.