

TABLE L23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by part of body and and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Part of body	Part of body code ⁴	Local govern- ment ⁵	Source of injury or illness ⁶				
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Head and neck	81	0.5	(⁸)	—	—	—	(⁸)
Head, neck, and trunk	82	.2	—	(⁸)	—	—	—
Head and trunk	83	.4	—	—	(⁸)	—	—
Neck and back	84	2.8	—	.2	.1	—	.1
Shoulder(s) and back	85	.8	—	.2	.1	—	—
Hip(s) and leg(s)	86	.4	—	(⁸)	(⁸)	—	—
Upper and lower limb(s)	87	2.8	—	—	(⁸)	—	—
Other multiple body parts	89	19.6	.1	.7	.6	0.3	.4
Whole body	891	.1	—	—	—	—	—
Multiple body parts, n.e.c.	899	19.5	.1	.7	.6	.3	.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by part of body and and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Part of body	Source of injury or illness ⁶							All other sources ⁷
	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
Head and neck	(⁸)	—	0.1	(⁸)	—	0.2	—	0.1
Head, neck, and trunk	—	—	.2	—	—	—	—	—
Head and trunk .....	.2	—	(⁸)	—	—	.1	0.1	—
Neck and back .....	.3	—	1.0	.3	0.3	.7	.2	.1
Shoulder(s) and back .....	.1	—	.1	(⁸)	(⁸)	.2	(⁸)	(⁸)
Hip(s) and leg(s) .....	.2	—	.1	.1	.1	(⁸)	—	—
Upper and lower limb(s)	1.8	—	.4	.1	.1	.3	—	.1
Other multiple body parts	6.3	0.1	4.1	1.2	1.2	3.1	.4	2.6
Whole body	—	—	(⁸)	—	—	—	—	(⁸)
Multiple body parts, n.e.c.	6.3	.1	4.1	1.2	1.2	3.1	.4	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by part of body and and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Part of body	Part of body code ⁴	Local govern- ment ⁵	Source of injury or illness ⁶				
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Nonclassifiable	9999	1.8	—	—	0.1	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by part of body and and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Part of body	Source of injury or illness ⁶							All other sources ⁷
	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
Nonclassifiable	0.2	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.9

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where
N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

³ Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata_1014.htm.

⁴ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁷ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.