

TABLE S89. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and day of the week event occurred, state government, 2011²

Characteristic	State government ³	Day of week						
		Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Total	73,790	4,760	14,390	12,050	12,970	13,910	10,490	5,220
Gender:								
Male	40,570	2,450	8,590	6,400	6,280	8,530	5,560	2,760
Female	33,080	2,300	5,780	5,620	6,680	5,350	4,900	2,450
Age:⁴								
16 - 19	190	20	30	30	20	20	60	—
20 - 24	4,040	320	1,230	1,210	420	310	330	230
25 - 34	12,330	1,000	2,180	1,910	1,630	3,020	1,420	1,170
35 - 44	19,180	1,380	3,260	2,870	2,880	4,400	3,110	1,280
45 - 54	23,340	1,440	4,790	3,800	4,710	3,480	3,440	1,670
55 - 64	11,840	410	2,350	1,720	2,790	2,180	1,600	780
65 and over	1,380	130	260	240	290	220	190	40
Occupation:⁵								
Management occupations	1,480	20	200	420	240	280	230	90
Business and financial operations occupations	1,120	—	200	240	250	190	200	40
Computer and mathematical occupations	230	—	40	70	40	40	50	—
Architecture and engineering occupations	330	—	40	40	20	120	80	—
Life, physical, and social science occupations	960	—	70	60	420	310	60	30
Community and social services occupations	3,580	190	730	860	700	550	400	170
Legal occupations	150	—	30	—	40	20	40	—
Education, training, and library occupations	1,620	—	220	190	230	830	110	30
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	110	—	—	—	30	—	40	20
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	6,130	520	1,050	840	920	1,070	1,090	650
Healthcare support occupations	7,470	860	900	1,180	1,280	1,210	1,080	960
Protective service occupations	23,050	1,690	5,610	3,310	2,970	4,580	3,120	1,760
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,470	310	260	380	890	170	260	200
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5,130	160	1,180	890	1,200	870	680	140
Personal care and service occupations	3,070	330	620	250	340	570	540	400
Sales and related occupations	680	90	150	80	170	60	90	40
Office and administrative support occupations	4,410	50	1,040	880	840	1,020	500	100
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	410	20	160	30	150	20	20	—
Construction and extraction occupations	3,670	50	810	840	600	590	600	170
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3,420	140	570	770	580	810	440	110
Production occupations	430	—	130	60	90	90	40	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,470	270	390	430	940	470	680	280

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S89. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and day of the week event occurred, state government, 2011² — Continued

Characteristic	State government ³	Day of week						
		Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Length of service with employer:								
Less than 3 months	1,490	120	250	420	130	200	270	100
3 - 11 months	5,240	600	890	840	910	1,140	480	370
1 - 5 years	21,850	1,510	4,460	3,780	3,720	4,200	2,510	1,680
More than 5 years	43,230	2,430	8,450	6,720	7,840	8,050	6,790	2,960
Race or ethnic origin:⁶								
White only	25,600	1,370	5,520	4,070	4,080	5,560	3,380	1,630
Hispanic or Latino only	2,620	170	570	390	410	470	360	250
Black only	10,040	690	2,100	1,450	2,060	1,250	1,500	970
Asian only	460	30	50	170	80	80	40	20
American Indian or Alaskan Native only ..	190	20	40	20	40	30	20	—
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander only ..	230	—	50	40	80	30	—	—
Not reported	34,640	2,470	6,060	5,900	6,220	6,500	5,180	2,310

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2011. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata_1014.htm.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Information is not shown separately for injured workers under age 14; they accounted for less than or equal to 50 cases.

⁵ *Standard Occupational Classification Manual, 2010*, Office of Management and Budget.

⁶ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and Hispanic and other race.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.