

TABLE S1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected natures of injury or illness, state government, 2012²

Industry ³	NAICS code ⁴	Total cases	Nature of injury or illness ⁵								
			Sprains, strains, tears	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises, contusions	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
					Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
State government ^{7,8}		66,930	26,770	3,090	2,800	2,110	680	6,910	280	70	30
Goods producing ⁷		1,270	520	40	80	60	–	130	–	–	–
Construction		1,250	500	40	80	60	–	130	–	–	–
Construction	23	1,250	500	40	80	60	–	130	–	–	–
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1,250	500	40	80	60	–	130	–	–	–
Service providing		65,660	26,250	3,050	2,720	2,050	670	6,780	270	70	30
Education and health services		29,270	12,140	1,220	1,020	770	250	3,990	160	20	–
Educational services	61	8,980	3,740	690	540	440	90	1,160	50	20	–
Educational services	611	8,980	3,740	690	540	440	90	1,160	50	20	–
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	7,390	3,190	600	430	340	90	1,060	40	–	–
Health care and social assistance	62	20,290	8,400	530	490	330	160	2,830	110	–	–
Hospitals	622	10,460	4,030	300	180	130	50	1,480	20	–	–
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8,350	3,820	190	290	180	110	1,090	50	–	–

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected natures of injury or illness, state government, 2012² — Continued

Industry ³	Nature of injury or illness ⁵						All other natures ⁶
	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders			Soreness, pain	
			Total	With fractures and other injuries	With sprains and other injuries		
State government ^{7,8}	340	90	3,250	380	1,610	11,920	11,380
Goods producing ⁷	—	—	50	50	—	260	180
Construction	—	—	50	50	—	250	180
Construction	—	—	50	50	—	250	180
Heavy and civil engineering construction	—	—	50	50	—	250	180
Service providing	340	90	3,200	340	1,600	11,670	11,200
Education and health services	90	50	1,200	90	540	5,110	4,250
Educational services	50	20	320	40	160	980	1,390
Educational services	50	20	320	40	160	980	1,390
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	50	—	250	30	120	650	1,080
Health care and social assistance	40	30	880	60	380	4,130	2,860
Hospitals	30	—	480	20	220	2,160	1,790
Nursing and residential care facilities	—	20	220	—	160	1,740	930

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected natures of injury or illness, state government, 2012² — Continued

Industry ³	NAICS code ⁴	Total cases	Nature of injury or illness ⁵								
			Sprains, strains, tears	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises, contusions	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
					Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
Public administration		31,150	11,630	1,710	1,360	960	400	2,200	70	40	20
Public administration	92	31,150	11,630	1,710	1,360	960	400	2,200	70	40	20
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	20,400	7,900	1,020	900	690	210	1,560	30	20	—
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	20,400	7,900	1,020	900	690	210	1,560	30	20	—
Correctional institutions	92214	15,420	6,580	640	700	530	170	1,380	30	20	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected natures of injury or illness, state government, 2012² — Continued

Industry ³	Nature of injury or illness ⁵						All other natures ⁶
	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders			Soreness, pain	
			Total	With fractures and other injuries	With sprains and other injuries		
Public administration	230	30	1,660	210	810	5,910	6,280
Public administration	230	30	1,660	210	810	5,910	6,280
Justice, public order, and safety activities	140	20	1,140	130	620	3,980	3,690
Justice, public order, and safety activities	140	20	1,140	130	620	3,980	3,690
Correctional institutions	80	—	690	40	430	2,510	2,780

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.
² Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/if_errata_1014.htm.
³ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
⁴ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007.
⁵ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Nature codes: Sprains, strains, tears = 123; Fractures = 111; Cuts, lacerations, punctures, Total = 132-133; Cuts, lacerations = 132; Punctures = 133; Bruises, contusions = 143; Heat burns = 152; Chemical burns = 151; Amputations = 1311; Carpal tunnel syndrome = 2241; Tendonitis (other or unspecified) = 2735; Multiple traumatic injuries and illnesses, Total = 18; With fractures and other injuries = 183; With sprains and other injuries = 182; Soreness, pain = 1972; All other natures = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
⁶ Includes nonclassifiable responses.
⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
⁸ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.