

TABLE S116. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness², state government, 2012³

Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵	Total cases	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ²							
			Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips			
			Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall
State government ^{7,8}		66,930	12.4	6.8	3.6	1.2	24.2	3.6	14.9	5.3
Goods producing ⁷		1,270	17.3	10.2	4.7	–	22.0	6.3	12.6	3.1
Construction		1,250	16.8	10.4	4.8	–	22.4	6.4	12.8	3.2
Construction	23	1,250	16.8	10.4	4.8	–	22.4	6.4	12.8	3.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1,250	16.8	10.4	4.8	–	22.4	6.4	12.8	3.2
Service providing		65,660	12.3	6.7	3.6	1.2	24.3	3.5	15.0	5.3
Education and health services		29,270	11.5	6.5	3.4	1.0	23.9	3.3	15.4	5.0
Educational services	61	8,980	18.5	11.4	4.5	1.4	33.9	6.1	21.5	5.7
Educational services	611	8,980	18.5	11.4	4.5	1.4	33.9	6.1	21.5	5.7
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	7,390	19.1	11.4	4.9	1.8	32.5	5.8	20.6	5.7
Health care and social assistance	62	20,290	8.4	4.3	2.9	.8	19.6	2.1	12.7	4.6
Hospitals	622	10,460	9.8	4.2	4.0	1.1	15.2	1.6	9.6	3.9
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8,350	7.2	4.3	1.9	.6	20.6	2.5	12.7	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S116. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness², state government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ²											
	Overexertion and bodily reaction			Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation incidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals				All other events ⁶
	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion		Total	Roadway incidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person-unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related	
State government ^{7,8}	29.4	7.3	2.5	3.6	5.5	4.6	0.1	21.3	11.0	9.1	1.2	3.5
Goods producing ⁷	42.5	6.3	—	2.4	7.1	3.9	—	1.6	—	—	—	7.1
Construction	42.4	6.4	—	2.4	7.2	4.0	—	—	—	—	—	7.2
Construction	42.4	6.4	—	2.4	7.2	4.0	—	—	—	—	—	7.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	42.4	6.4	—	2.4	7.2	4.0	—	—	—	—	—	7.2
Service providing	29.2	7.3	2.6	3.6	5.4	4.7	.1	21.7	11.2	9.2	1.2	3.4
Education and health services	28.0	8.3	1.5	2.5	2.4	2.0	.1	29.4	16.8	11.2	1.2	2.1
Educational services	34.4	11.6	2.6	3.8	3.2	2.2	.2	5.2	1.8	1.9	1.6	.8
Educational services	34.4	11.6	2.6	3.8	3.2	2.2	.2	5.2	1.8	1.9	1.6	.8
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	34.9	11.6	2.6	3.7	3.5	2.3	—	5.3	1.6	1.6	1.9	.9
Health care and social assistance	25.2	6.8	1.1	1.9	2.1	2.0	—	40.1	23.5	15.3	1.1	2.7
Hospitals	23.3	7.4	1.5	2.6	.8	.7	—	43.2	27.0	15.2	.8	5.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	28.6	6.2	.5	1.3	1.1	1.1	—	41.2	22.4	17.0	1.6	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S116. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness², state government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵	Total cases	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ²							
			Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips			
			Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall
Public administration		31,150	12.1	6.3	3.5	1.5	25.8	3.7	15.7	5.8
Public administration	92	31,150	12.1	6.3	3.5	1.5	25.8	3.7	15.7	5.8
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	20,400	11.5	5.7	3.7	1.1	24.4	3.6	14.5	5.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	20,400	11.5	5.7	3.7	1.1	24.4	3.6	14.5	5.7
Correctional institutions	92214	15,420	12.8	6.5	4.5	.8	23.7	4.0	13.1	6.5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S116. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness², state government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ²											
	Overexertion and bodily reaction			Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation incidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals				All other events ⁶
	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion		Total	Roadway incidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person-unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related	
Public administration	29.8	6.2	3.7	4.0	6.1	5.1	0.2	16.8	6.7	8.9	1.2	5.1
Public administration	29.8	6.2	3.7	4.0	6.1	5.1	.2	16.8	6.7	8.9	1.2	5.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	28.7	5.6	3.2	4.1	5.5	4.7	.1	23.9	9.3	13.1	1.5	1.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities	28.7	5.6	3.2	4.1	5.5	4.7	.1	23.9	9.3	13.1	1.5	1.7
Correctional institutions	29.2	5.6	2.1	4.2	.8	.5	.2	27.1	10.8	15.0	1.2	1.9

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Data shown in columns correspond to the following Event codes: Contact with objects, Total = 6; Struck by object = 62; Struck against object = 63; Caught in or compressed or crushed = 64; Falls, slips, trips, Total = 4; Fall to lower level = 43; Fall on same level = 42; Slips or trips without fall = 41; Overexertion and bodily reaction, Total = 7; In lifting = 711; Repetitive motion = 72; Exposure to harmful substance or environment = 5; Transportation accidents, Total = 2; Roadway accident = 26; Fires and explosions = 3; Violence and other injuries by persons or animals, Total = 1; Intentional injury by other person = 111; Injury by person-unintentional or intent unknown = 12; Animal and other insect related = 13; All other events = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

³ Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata_1014.htm.

⁴ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

⁵ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007.

⁶ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.