TABLE SNR04. Highest incidence rates of nonfatal injury and illness cases with job transfer or restriction, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate
Rope, cordage, twine, tire cord, and tire fabric mills (Private industry)	314994 321991 53221	5.1 4.3 4.2
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering (Private industry)	311611 312111	3.8 3.8
Hog and pig farming (Private industry) Amusement and theme parks (Private industry) Poultry and egg production (Private industry) Wood preservation (Private industry)	1122 71311 1123 321114	3.6 3.5 3.4 3.2
Steel foundries (except investment) (Private industry) Frozen cakes, pies, and other pastries manufacturing (Private industry)	331513	3.2
Aluminum foundries (except die-casting) (Private industry) Other nonferrous metal foundries (except die-casting) (Private industry) Skiing facilities (Private industry)	331524	2.9 2.9 2.9
All industries including state and local government ⁴		.7

 $^{^{1}\,}$ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses

EΗ total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

 $^{^2}$ High rate industries were those having the highest incidence rate of injury and illness cases with days of job transfer or restriction and at least 500 total recordable cases at the most detailed level of publication, based on the *North* American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

3 North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2012.

4 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.