

TABLE L6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected parts of body affected by injury or illness, local government, 2012³

Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵	Local government	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ⁶									
			Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities				
			Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist
Local government [181,060 cases] ⁸		177.5	11.1	2.7	2.6	38.4	29.2	44.3	14.3	7.9	12.7	6.4
Goods producing⁸		346.2	16.7	5.8	6.4	91.5	57.0	85.6	24.1	31.2	22.1	7.7
Construction		347.1	16.8	5.8	6.4	91.9	57.2	85.9	24.1	31.4	22.2	7.7
Construction	23	347.1	16.8	5.8	6.4	91.9	57.2	85.9	24.1	31.4	22.2	7.7
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	349.8	17.0	6.0	6.6	93.1	57.4	87.1	24.4	32.3	22.2	7.9
Service providing		176.0	11.1	2.6	2.6	37.9	29.0	43.9	14.2	7.7	12.6	6.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		287.0	11.7	2.3	9.2	64.0	49.9	74.3	31.1	8.2	22.3	6.5
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	391.8	14.7	2.8	15.7	79.9	64.1	101.1	47.3	8.6	29.2	6.6
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	437.3	15.5	1.8	19.1	86.2	71.6	112.0	51.4	8.9	33.6	7.4
Utilities	22	180.0	8.5	1.9	2.5	48.1	35.6	46.1	14.5	7.9	15.5	5.5
Utilities	221	180.0	8.5	1.9	2.5	48.1	35.6	46.1	14.5	7.9	15.5	5.5
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	170.8	7.4	1.9	2.0	48.4	33.5	42.7	10.8	9.2	15.4	6.0
Education and health services		116.3	8.4	1.6	1.4	25.8	20.8	28.6	8.5	5.6	8.1	3.9
Educational services	61	107.9	8.0	1.5	1.3	22.6	17.8	25.9	7.9	5.5	6.7	3.6
Educational services	611	107.9	8.0	1.5	1.3	22.6	17.8	25.9	7.9	5.5	6.7	3.6
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	110.2	8.2	1.5	1.3	23.0	18.2	26.6	8.1	5.8	7.0	3.6
Health care and social assistance	62	175.5	11.4	1.9	2.6	48.2	41.8	47.7	13.1	5.9	17.8	6.6
Hospitals	622	162.6	11.7	2.4	2.2	46.7	40.5	45.0	13.2	6.1	14.6	6.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	—	—	17.9	—	10.2	134.6	114.5	146.6	32.2	8.3	78.8	18.7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected parts of body affected by injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ⁶						
	Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple body parts	All other body parts ⁷
	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot			
Local government [181,060 cases] ⁸	43.1	20.0	9.9	5.9	5.7	30.5	1.8
Goods producing ⁸	77.0	27.1	26.3	14.6	16.9	47.1	5.0
Construction	76.7	27.1	26.3	14.3	17.0	47.3	5.0
Construction	76.7	27.1	26.3	14.3	17.0	47.3	5.0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	76.2	27.5	26.7	12.8	17.4	47.3	5.1
Service providing	42.8	19.9	9.8	5.9	5.6	30.4	1.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹	55.3	23.6	16.4	8.7	18.5	51.4	2.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	62.0	24.3	19.4	9.5	30.7	82.4	5.1
Transit and ground passenger transportation	64.4	25.6	23.0	8.9	37.0	97.8	5.3
Utilities	48.8	23.1	13.5	8.1	5.9	19.6	—
Utilities	48.8	23.1	13.5	8.1	5.9	19.6	—
Water, sewage and other systems	42.0	18.2	11.3	8.2	6.8	21.3	—
Education and health services	28.2	11.7	5.9	5.5	2.3	21.1	.6
Educational services	28.0	11.3	6.0	5.5	1.7	20.2	.4
Educational services	28.0	11.3	6.0	5.5	1.7	20.2	.4
Elementary and secondary schools	28.5	11.7	6.1	5.6	1.7	20.5	.4
Health care and social assistance	29.8	14.7	5.7	5.4	6.5	27.4	1.9
Hospitals	25.9	11.6	4.7	5.9	6.9	22.3	1.9
Nursing and residential care facilities	87.0	61.0	15.1	5.0	3.4	78.2	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected parts of body affected by injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵	Local government	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ⁶									
			Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities				
			Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist
Public administration		257.3	14.6	3.9	3.5	53.4	39.7	65.0	21.5	10.6	18.2	10.8
Public administration	92	257.3	14.6	3.9	3.5	53.4	39.7	65.0	21.5	10.6	18.2	10.8
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	423.0	19.6	3.1	5.8	83.3	66.7	99.4	30.8	16.4	31.0	16.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	423.0	19.6	3.1	5.8	83.3	66.7	99.4	30.8	16.4	31.0	16.4
Police protection	92212	451.3	26.8	4.1	6.5	66.9	56.6	109.6	28.7	18.3	36.6	22.4
Fire protection	92216	594.1	9.8	—	4.4	168.3	142.3	126.3	62.2	15.5	27.9	12.5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected parts of body affected by injury or illness, local government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ⁶						
	Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple body parts	All other body parts ⁷
	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot			
Public administration	64.2	33.2	15.4	5.8	9.4	43.5	3.7
Public administration	64.2	33.2	15.4	5.8	9.4	43.5	3.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities	108.0	59.5	28.1	8.9	16.8	86.1	4.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities	108.0	59.5	28.1	8.9	16.8	86.1	4.0
Police protection	133.4	78.6	33.8	8.4	16.1	91.0	1.1
Fire protection	121.6	51.7	44.7	15.7	27.5	128.9	7.4

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where
N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

³ Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata_1014.htm.

⁴ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

⁵ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007.

⁶ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Part of body codes: Head, Total = 1; Eyes = 132; Neck = 2; Trunk, Total = 3; Back = 32; Upper extremities, Total = 4; Shoulder = 41; Arm = 42; Hand = 44; Wrist = 43; Lower extremities, Total = 5; Knee = 512; Ankle = 52; Foot = 53; Body systems = 6; Multiple body parts = 8; All other body parts = remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁷ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁸ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.