TABLE L115. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness², local government, 2012³

Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ²							
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces		
Local government ^{7,8}		181,060	0.9	6.1	4.9	2.6	3.9	18.7		
Goods producing ⁷		3,140	2.2	4.1	1.3	5.1	10.2	15.9		
Construction		3,130	2.2	4.2	1.3	5.1	10.2	16.0		
Construction	23	3,130	2.2	4.2	1.3	5.1	10.2	16.0		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	3,070	2.3	3.9	1.0	5.2	10.4	16.3		
Service providing		177,920	.9	6.1	4.9	2.6	3.8	18.8		
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		13,260	1.5	3.6	2.7	3.3	10.0	9.9		
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	9,190	1.0	2.9	3.7	1.7	8.1	9.4		
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	8,280	1.1	2.2	3.9	1.1	8.6	8.7		
Utilities	22	4,050	2.5	4.9	.5	6.9	14.1	11.1		
Utilities Water, sewage and other systems	221 2213	4,050 2,590	2.5 3.9	4.9 6.6	.5 -	6.9 7.3	14.1 13.5	11.1 9.3		
Education and health services		69,060	.9	7.1	8.3	2.3	2.0	27.1		
Educational services	61	56,070	.8	7.5	9.0	2.3	2.2	29.3		
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111	56,070 53,560	.8 .7	7.5 7.5	9.0 8.8	2.3 2.3	2.2 2.1	29.3 29.2		
Health care and social assistance	62	12,990	1.3	5.5	5.4	2.2	1.1	17.6		
Hospitals	622	8,700	1.8	6.6	4.6	2.8	1.4	16.8		
Nursing and residential care facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L115. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness², local government, 2012³ — Continued

Industry ⁴	Source of injury or illness ²									
	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjur	ed or ill worker	Personother than injured or ill worker					
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁶			
Local government ^{7,8}	2.5	10.9	17.8	16.5	16.1	3.9	14.6			
Goods producing ⁷	8.0	8.0	27.1	23.9	-	-	16.2			
Construction	8.0	7.7	27.2	24.0	-	-	16.3			
Construction	8.0	7.7	27.2	24.0	-	-	16.3			
Heavy and civil engineering construction	8.1	7.5	27.4	24.4	-	-	16.3			
Service providing	2.4	11.0	17.6	16.4	16.3	4.0	14.6			
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹	5.2	24.1	25.4	22.0	5.1	.4	9.2			
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	2.2	31.6	24.5	20.0	7.2	.5	7.6			
Transit and ground passenger transportation	1.9	33.3	24.4	19.6	7.7	.6	7.1			
Utilities	11.6	7.2	27.9	26.7	-	-	12.8			
Utilities Water, sewage and other systems	11.6 12.7	7.2 8.5	27.9 27.8	26.7 26.3			12.8 9.3			
Education and health services	2.2	5.5	14.7	13.9	18.5	6.0	10.3			
Educational services	2.4	5.6	15.5	14.7	15.0	.1	9.3			
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	2.4 2.4	5.6 5.6	15.5 15.4	14.7 14.6	15.0 15.3	.1 .1	9.3 9.4			
Health care and social assistance	1.3	5.2	11.4	10.9	33.6	31.4	14.7			
Hospitals	1.1	4.4	11.6	10.9	34.3	32.5	14.5			
Nursing and residential care facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L115. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness², local government, 2012³ — Continued

		Total cases	Source of injury or illness ²						
Industry ⁴	NAICS code ⁵		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	
Public administration		86,240	0.8	5.3	2.6	2.2	3.8	13.6	
Public administration	92	86,240	.8	5.3	2.6	2.2	3.8	13.6	
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Fire protection	922 9221 92212 92216	38,230 38,230 19,050 11,300	.3 .3 _6 _	3.9 3.9 3.2 5.9	2.9 2.9 3.0 2.8	.3 .3 –	1.6 1.6 .4 4.0	13.4 13.4 14.2 10.4	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L115. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness². local government, 2012³ — Continued

	Source of injury or illness ²								
Industry ⁴	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjured or ill worker		Personother than injured or ill worker				
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁶		
Public administration	2.0	12.9	18.6	17.4	18.0	3.3	19.2		
Public administration	2.0	12.9	18.6	17.4	18.0	3.3	19.2		
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Fire protection	.8	12.2 12.2 18.3 3.9	19.6 19.6 16.9 21.3	18.6 18.6 16.3 20.7	23.1 23.1 29.3 10.3	2.8 2.8 .3 8.5	20.6 20.6 13.3 37.1		

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

³ Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata 1014.htm.

⁴ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
⁵ North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007.

⁶ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

7 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.