TABLE S83. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work 1 by industry and day of week event occurred, state government, 2012^2

Industry ³	NAICS code ⁴	Total cases	Day of week						
			Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
State government ^{5,6}		66,930	5,670	10,890	12,750	11,460	11,270	9,670	5,220
Goods producing ⁵		1,270	-	280	340	320	210	90	20
Construction		1,250	-	280	330	320	200	90	20
Construction	23	1,250	-	280	330	320	200	90	20
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1,250	-	280	330	320	200	90	20
Service providing		65,660	5,670	10,610	12,410	11,130	11,070	9,580	5,200
Education and health services		29,270	2,680	5,170	5,000	4,800	4,480	4,230	2,910
Educational services	61	8,980	390	1,900	1,890	1,570	1,500	1,370	350
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611	8,980	390	1,900	1,890	1,570	1,500	1,370	350
	6113	7,390	350	1,550	1,570	1,250	1,220	1,140	310
Health care and social assistance	62	20,290	2,290	3,270	3,110	3,230	2,980	2,850	2,550
Hospitals	622	10,460	1,170	1,560	1,640	1,730	1,530	1,670	1,170
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8,350	1,050	1,330	1,190	1,200	1,190	1,040	1,340

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S83. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work1 by industry and day of week event occurred, state government, 2012² — Continued

Industry ³	NAICS code ⁴	Total cases	Day of week						
			Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Public administration		31,150	2,660	4,690	6,100	5,500	5,630	4,530	2,040
Public administration	92	31,150	2,660	4,690	6,100	5,500	5,630	4,530	2,040
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Correctional institutions	922 9221 92214	20,400 20,400 15,420	2,000 2,000 1,370	3,060 3,060 2,330	4,000 4,000 2,920		3,230 3,230 2,450	2,720 2,720 2,180	1,740

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif_errata_1014.htm.

Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
 Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.