

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2006

U.S. Department of Labor
Hilda L. Solis, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Keith Hall, Commissioner

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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and sub-State areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State workforce agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2006 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions; the 50 States and the District of Columbia; and 54 large metropolitan areas, 22 metropolitan divisions, and 41 principal cities. Data from the CPS differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program. CPS estimates are provided herein because they are a current source of information on the demographic and economic characteristics of the labor force in subnational areas, from the same source as the official labor force data for the United States as a whole.

Tables 1 through 13 present 2006 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 14 through 26. All of these data reflect Census 2000-based population controls.

Tables 27 through 32 display 2006 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented, because independent census-based population controls are not available below the State level.

Geographic definitions for the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions appearing in this publication reflect those first issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003, with titles updated per OMB Bulletin No. 09-01, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated November 20, 2008. (See appendix C.)

The data in this bulletin reflect revisions to the standards for classification of Federal data by race and ethnicity that were issued by OMB on October 30, 1997. Estimates for the White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups are based on persons who reported only one of those race groups. Persons who reported another race group or two or more races are not included in any of these categories, but are included in the totals. Persons whose ethnicity was identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, were classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Tables displaying occupation and industry data reflect the coding systems used for those data in Census 2000.

This bulletin was prepared in the BLS Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. Editorial assistance was provided by the Office of Publications and Special Studies.

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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2006

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is a regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force—by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed—to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I, data for States are shown in section II, and limited data for metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are

not provided in section III, because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, White, Black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions and Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Northeast Region								
Total	42,866	27,959	65.2	26,673	62.2	1,286	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	20,485	14,797	72.2	14,082	68.7	715	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Women	22,381	13,162	58.8	12,591	56.3	571	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,057	1,256	41.1	1,067	34.9	189	15.0	13.9 - 16.1
White	35,217	23,163	65.8	22,202	63.0	961	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Men	16,978	12,374	72.9	11,838	69.7	537	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Women	18,239	10,789	59.2	10,365	56.8	424	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,402	1,074	44.7	929	38.7	145	13.5	12.3 - 14.7
Black or African American	4,914	3,039	61.9	2,786	56.7	253	8.3	7.7 - 8.9
Men	2,179	1,439	66.0	1,302	59.7	137	9.5	8.6 - 10.4
Women	2,735	1,601	58.5	1,484	54.3	116	7.3	6.5 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	460	134	29.2	101	21.9	34	25.1	21.0 - 29.2
Asian	2,241	1,438	64.1	1,396	62.3	42	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Men	1,091	811	74.3	789	72.3	22	2.7	2.0 - 3.4
Women	1,150	627	54.5	607	52.8	20	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,284	2,801	65.4	2,612	61.0	189	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Men	2,088	1,579	75.6	1,482	71.0	97	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Women	2,195	1,221	55.6	1,130	51.5	92	7.5	6.6 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	381	117	30.6	92	24.3	24	20.7	16.4 - 25.0
Married men, spouse present	11,016	8,433	76.6	8,210	74.5	223	2.6	2.4 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	10,779	6,678	62.0	6,490	60.2	188	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	2,679	1,777	66.3	1,661	62.0	116	6.5	5.8 - 7.2
New England Division								
Total	11,253	7,640	67.9	7,288	64.8	352	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Men	5,403	4,013	74.3	3,815	70.6	198	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Women	5,850	3,627	62.0	3,473	59.4	154	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	814	389	47.9	340	41.8	50	12.8	11.2 - 14.4
White	10,085	6,856	68.0	6,562	65.1	294	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Men	4,851	3,603	74.3	3,439	70.9	164	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Women	5,234	3,253	62.2	3,124	59.7	129	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	708	345	48.7	304	43.0	41	11.9	10.2 - 13.6
Black or African American	627	421	67.2	386	61.6	35	8.4	7.0 - 9.8
Men	291	210	72.3	191	65.6	19	9.2	7.2 - 11.2
Women	336	211	62.8	195	58.1	16	7.5	5.6 - 9.4
Asian	400	271	67.6	257	64.3	13	5.0	3.5 - 6.5
Men	193	149	77.2	140	72.7	9	5.9	3.7 - 8.1
Women	208	122	58.7	117	56.5	5	3.8	1.8 - 5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	699	477	68.3	433	61.9	44	9.3	7.9 - 10.7
Men	344	258	74.9	232	67.4	26	10.0	8.0 - 12.0
Women	354	219	61.9	200	56.6	19	8.5	6.5 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	71	33	46.3	26	36.8	7	20.6	13.5 - 27.7
Married men, spouse present	2,927	2,301	78.6	2,240	76.5	61	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	2,912	1,890	64.9	1,841	63.2	49	2.6	2.2 - 3.0
Women who maintain families	640	446	69.8	414	64.7	33	7.3	6.1 - 8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	31,613	20,319	64.3	19,385	61.3	935	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	15,082	10,784	71.5	10,267	68.1	517	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Women	16,531	9,535	57.7	9,118	55.2	417	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,243	867	38.7	728	32.5	139	16.0	14.5 - 17.5
White	25,132	16,307	64.9	15,640	62.2	667	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Men	12,127	8,772	72.3	8,399	69.3	373	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Women	13,005	7,536	57.9	7,241	55.7	295	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,694	729	43.0	625	36.9	104	14.2	12.6 - 15.8
Black or African American	4,287	2,618	61.1	2,400	56.0	218	8.3	7.6 - 9.0
Men	1,888	1,228	65.1	1,111	58.8	117	9.6	8.5 - 10.7
Women	2,399	1,390	57.9	1,289	53.7	100	7.2	6.3 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	394	105	26.8	78	19.8	27	25.9	21.2 - 30.6
Asian	1,841	1,167	63.4	1,139	61.8	29	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Men	899	662	73.7	649	72.2	13	2.0	1.3 - 2.7
Women	943	505	53.6	490	51.9	15	3.1	2.1 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,585	2,324	64.8	2,179	60.8	144	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Men	1,744	1,321	75.8	1,250	71.7	71	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Women	1,841	1,002	54.4	929	50.5	73	7.3	6.2 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	84	27.0	66	21.4	17	20.8	15.5 - 26.1
Married men, spouse present	8,089	6,133	75.8	5,971	73.8	162	2.6	2.3 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	7,867	4,787	60.9	4,649	59.1	139	2.9	2.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	2,039	1,330	65.2	1,248	61.2	83	6.2	5.3 - 7.1
Midwest Region								
Total	50,934	34,834	68.4	33,109	65.0	1,725	5.0	4.9 - 5.1
Men	24,699	18,463	74.8	17,521	70.9	942	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Women	26,236	16,371	62.4	15,588	59.4	783	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,791	1,929	50.9	1,642	43.4	286	14.8	13.9 - 15.7
White	44,113	30,341	68.8	29,054	65.9	1,287	4.2	4.1 - 4.3
Men	21,559	16,266	75.4	15,534	72.1	731	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Women	22,554	14,075	62.4	13,520	60.0	555	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,129	1,678	53.6	1,465	46.9	212	12.7	11.8 - 13.6
Black or African American	4,781	3,088	64.6	2,731	57.1	358	11.6	10.8 - 12.4
Men	2,151	1,444	67.1	1,274	59.2	170	11.8	10.6 - 13.0
Women	2,630	1,644	62.5	1,457	55.4	188	11.4	10.3 - 12.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	459	169	36.8	110	23.9	59	35.1	30.8 - 39.4
Asian	1,192	843	70.8	807	67.7	36	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Men	578	469	81.1	451	78.0	18	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Women	613	374	61.0	356	58.0	19	5.0	3.7 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,409	1,751	72.7	1,650	68.5	101	5.8	5.1 - 6.5
Men	1,300	1,110	85.4	1,049	80.7	62	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Women	1,109	640	57.8	601	54.2	39	6.1	5.0 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	232	102	43.9	83	35.8	19	18.5	16.3 - 20.7
Married men, spouse present	13,863	10,833	78.1	10,540	76.0	292	2.7	2.5 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	13,588	8,811	64.9	8,567	63.1	244	2.8	2.6 - 3.0
Women who maintain families	2,973	2,122	71.4	1,948	65.5	175	8.2	7.5 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East North Central Division								
Total	35,620	23,964	67.3	22,683	63.7	1,281	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Men	17,239	12,749	73.9	12,046	69.9	703	5.5	5.2 - 5.8
Women	18,380	11,215	61.0	10,637	57.9	578	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,646	1,279	48.4	1,078	40.8	201	15.7	14.5 - 16.9
White	30,288	20,518	67.7	19,573	64.6	946	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	14,811	11,082	74.8	10,543	71.2	540	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Women	15,477	9,436	61.0	9,030	58.3	406	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,138	1,102	51.5	954	44.6	147	13.4	12.2 - 14.6
Black or African American	3,956	2,507	63.4	2,219	56.1	288	11.5	10.5 - 12.5
Men	1,765	1,163	65.9	1,025	58.1	138	11.8	10.4 - 13.2
Women	2,191	1,344	61.4	1,194	54.5	150	11.2	9.9 - 12.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	376	130	34.6	83	22.2	46	35.8	30.3 - 41.3
Asian	865	602	69.6	580	67.0	22	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Men	422	338	80.1	327	77.4	12	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Women	442	264	59.6	253	57.2	11	4.0	2.5 - 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,833	1,318	71.9	1,240	67.7	78	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Men	983	834	84.9	787	80.1	47	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Women	851	484	56.9	454	53.3	30	6.3	4.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	170	69	40.6	56	33.0	13	18.6	13.5 - 23.7
Married men, spouse present	9,606	7,479	77.9	7,258	75.6	220	2.9	2.6 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	9,375	5,923	63.2	5,747	61.3	176	3.0	2.7 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	2,175	1,521	69.9	1,390	63.9	132	8.6	7.7 - 9.5
West North Central Division								
Total	15,315	10,870	71.0	10,426	68.1	445	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Men	7,459	5,714	76.6	5,475	73.4	239	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Women	7,855	5,156	65.6	4,951	63.0	205	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,146	650	56.7	564	49.3	86	13.2	12.0 - 14.4
White	13,825	9,822	71.1	9,481	68.6	341	3.5	3.3 - 3.7
Men	6,748	5,183	76.8	4,992	74.0	191	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Women	7,077	4,639	65.6	4,490	63.4	149	3.2	2.9 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	991	576	58.1	511	51.6	65	11.3	10.1 - 12.5
Black or African American	825	581	70.4	511	62.0	70	12.0	10.6 - 13.4
Men	385	281	72.8	249	64.5	32	11.4	9.5 - 13.3
Women	440	300	68.3	263	59.7	38	12.5	10.6 - 14.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	39	46.9	26	31.6	13	32.7	(²) - (²)
Asian	327	242	73.8	228	69.5	14	5.9	4.5 - 7.3
Men	156	131	83.7	125	79.9	6	4.6	2.9 - 6.3
Women	171	111	64.8	103	60.0	8	7.3	5.1 - 9.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	576	433	75.2	409	71.1	24	5.5	4.5 - 6.5
Men	317	277	87.3	262	82.6	15	5.3	4.2 - 6.4
Women	259	157	60.5	148	57.1	9	5.7	4.5 - 6.9
Married men, spouse present	4,258	3,354	78.8	3,282	77.1	72	2.1	1.8 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	4,213	2,888	68.5	2,820	66.9	68	2.3	2.0 - 2.6
Women who maintain families	797	601	75.4	558	70.0	43	7.2	6.2 - 8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Region								
Total	82,866	54,003	65.2	51,605	62.3	2,398	4.4	4.3 - 4.5
Men	39,789	28,913	72.7	27,671	69.5	1,242	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Women	43,077	25,090	58.2	23,934	55.6	1,156	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,947	2,465	41.5	2,080	35.0	385	15.6	14.8 - 16.4
White	64,403	41,924	65.1	40,418	62.7	1,506	3.6	3.5 - 3.7
Men	31,429	23,125	73.6	22,333	71.0	792	3.4	3.2 - 3.6
Women	32,974	18,799	57.0	18,085	54.8	714	3.8	3.6 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,272	1,881	44.0	1,644	38.5	237	12.6	11.7 - 13.5
Black or African American	14,926	9,673	64.8	8,867	59.4	806	8.3	7.9 - 8.7
Men	6,669	4,477	67.1	4,075	61.1	402	9.0	8.5 - 9.5
Women	8,257	5,196	62.9	4,791	58.0	405	7.8	7.4 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,401	485	34.7	352	25.2	133	27.4	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,863	1,326	71.2	1,298	69.7	28	2.1	1.6 - 2.6
Men	898	737	82.1	721	80.2	16	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Women	965	590	61.1	578	59.8	12	2.0	1.3 - 2.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11,192	7,759	69.3	7,438	66.5	321	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Men	5,812	4,762	81.9	4,592	79.0	171	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Women	5,380	2,997	55.7	2,847	52.9	150	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	975	388	39.8	336	34.5	52	13.3	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	22,015	16,776	76.2	16,416	74.6	360	2.1	2.0 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	21,625	12,841	59.4	12,491	57.8	350	2.7	2.5 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	5,670	3,865	68.2	3,584	63.2	281	7.3	6.8 - 7.8
South Atlantic Division								
Total	43,941	28,891	65.7	27,719	63.1	1,171	4.1	4.0 - 4.2
Men	21,015	15,244	72.5	14,650	69.7	595	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Women	22,927	13,647	59.5	13,070	57.0	577	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,979	1,233	41.4	1,042	35.0	191	15.5	14.4 - 16.6
White	33,224	21,692	65.3	21,002	63.2	691	3.2	3.0 - 3.4
Men	16,185	11,825	73.0	11,468	70.8	357	3.0	2.8 - 3.2
Women	17,039	9,867	57.9	9,534	55.9	334	3.4	3.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,037	901	44.2	795	39.0	106	11.8	10.6 - 13.0
Black or African American	8,972	6,003	66.9	5,560	62.0	444	7.4	7.0 - 7.8
Men	4,009	2,771	69.1	2,554	63.7	217	7.8	7.2 - 8.4
Women	4,963	3,233	65.1	3,006	60.6	227	7.0	6.5 - 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	811	286	35.3	209	25.8	76	26.7	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,121	785	70.0	769	68.6	16	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Men	536	440	82.2	431	80.5	9	2.0	1.2 - 2.8
Women	585	345	58.9	338	57.7	7	2.0	1.1 - 2.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,700	3,361	71.5	3,242	69.0	119	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	2,522	2,117	83.9	2,055	81.5	62	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Women	2,178	1,244	57.1	1,187	54.5	57	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	359	152	42.3	136	37.8	16	10.7	8.2 - 13.2
Married men, spouse present	11,429	8,600	75.2	8,431	73.8	169	2.0	1.8 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	11,320	6,827	60.3	6,654	58.8	173	2.5	2.3 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	2,978	2,078	69.8	1,944	65.3	134	6.4	5.8 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	13,623	8,536	62.7	8,092	59.4	443	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Men	6,513	4,554	69.9	4,321	66.4	233	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Women	7,110	3,981	56.0	3,771	53.0	210	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	970	408	42.1	345	35.5	64	15.6	13.7 - 17.5
White	10,760	6,801	63.2	6,514	60.5	287	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Men	5,224	3,740	71.6	3,587	68.7	153	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Women	5,535	3,061	55.3	2,927	52.9	134	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	702	317	45.1	273	38.9	43	13.7	11.6 - 15.8
Black or African American	2,553	1,526	59.8	1,380	54.1	146	9.6	8.7 - 10.5
Men	1,137	701	61.7	628	55.2	74	10.5	9.2 - 11.8
Women	1,416	825	58.2	752	53.1	72	8.8	7.7 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	241	78	32.4	59	24.4	19	24.6	(²) - (²)
Asian	98	68	69.1	67	68.3	1	1.2	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	323	256	79.3	248	76.7	8	3.3	2.0 - 4.6
Men	200	185	92.5	180	89.8	5	2.9	1.5 - 4.3
Women	123	71	57.8	68	55.3	3	4.2	1.6 - 6.8
Married men, spouse present	3,637	2,671	73.4	2,596	71.4	76	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	3,529	2,088	59.2	2,021	57.3	67	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	978	620	63.4	570	58.2	50	8.1	6.8 - 9.4
West South Central Division								
Total	25,301	16,577	65.5	15,794	62.4	783	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	12,262	9,114	74.3	8,700	71.0	414	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Women	13,039	7,462	57.2	7,093	54.4	369	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,997	823	41.2	694	34.8	129	15.7	14.2 - 17.2
White	20,419	13,430	65.8	12,902	63.2	528	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Men	10,019	7,560	75.5	7,278	72.6	282	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Women	10,400	5,870	56.5	5,624	54.1	246	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,533	663	43.3	576	37.6	87	13.2	11.6 - 14.8
Black or African American	3,401	2,144	63.0	1,927	56.7	217	10.1	9.2 - 11.0
Men	1,523	1,005	66.0	893	58.7	111	11.1	9.9 - 12.3
Women	1,878	1,139	60.6	1,033	55.0	105	9.2	8.1 - 10.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	349	121	34.9	84	24.1	37	30.9	(²) - (²)
Asian	645	474	73.5	462	71.7	12	2.4	1.5 - 3.3
Men	318	261	82.1	254	80.0	7	2.6	1.4 - 3.8
Women	327	213	65.2	208	63.7	5	2.3	1.0 - 3.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	6,169	4,142	67.1	3,948	64.0	193	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	3,090	2,460	79.6	2,357	76.3	103	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	3,078	1,682	54.6	1,592	51.7	90	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	590	222	37.6	187	31.8	34	15.5	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	6,949	5,504	79.2	5,390	77.6	115	2.1	1.8 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	6,776	3,927	58.0	3,817	56.3	110	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	1,714	1,167	68.1	1,070	62.5	97	8.3	7.3 - 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Region								
Total	52,405	34,795	66.4	33,195	63.3	1,600	4.6	4.5 - 4.7
Men	25,755	19,173	74.4	18,315	71.1	859	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Women	26,650	15,622	58.6	14,880	55.8	742	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,902	1,635	41.9	1,375	35.2	260	15.9	14.9 - 16.9
White	42,691	28,511	66.8	27,258	63.8	1,253	4.4	4.2 - 4.6
Men	21,136	15,911	75.3	15,239	72.1	672	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Women	21,555	12,600	58.5	12,019	55.8	581	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,063	1,379	45.0	1,178	38.5	201	14.6	13.5 - 15.7
Black or African American	2,459	1,558	63.4	1,422	57.8	136	8.7	7.8 - 9.6
Men	1,164	790	67.8	722	62.0	68	8.6	7.4 - 9.8
Women	1,295	769	59.4	700	54.1	69	8.9	7.7 - 10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	252	84	33.4	56	22.4	28	33.0	27.8 - 38.2
Asian	4,885	3,137	64.2	3,038	62.2	99	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	2,272	1,614	71.0	1,560	68.6	54	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	2,613	1,523	58.3	1,479	56.6	45	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	296	70	23.5	59	20.1	10	14.8	9.6 - 20.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	12,317	8,451	68.6	7,976	64.8	474	5.6	5.3 - 5.9
Men	6,324	5,077	80.3	4,804	76.0	273	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Women	5,994	3,373	56.3	3,172	52.9	201	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,217	468	38.4	391	32.2	76	16.3	14.6 - 18.0
Married men, spouse present	13,915	10,848	78.0	10,580	76.0	268	2.5	2.3 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	13,639	8,012	58.8	7,751	56.8	261	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	2,907	1,995	68.6	1,877	64.6	118	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Mountain Division								
Total	15,669	10,702	68.3	10,278	65.6	424	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Men	7,746	5,885	76.0	5,665	73.1	220	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Women	7,923	4,817	60.8	4,613	58.2	204	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,193	585	49.0	507	42.5	77	13.2	11.9 - 14.5
White	14,068	9,650	68.6	9,290	66.0	361	3.7	3.5 - 3.9
Men	6,964	5,334	76.6	5,145	73.9	189	3.5	3.2 - 3.8
Women	7,104	4,317	60.8	4,145	58.3	171	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,027	532	51.8	466	45.4	66	12.3	11.0 - 13.6
Black or African American	479	334	69.8	313	65.3	21	6.4	5.1 - 7.7
Men	233	174	74.7	165	71.0	9	5.0	3.4 - 6.6
Women	246	160	65.1	147	60.0	13	7.9	6.0 - 9.8
Asian	383	265	69.1	259	67.5	6	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Men	171	130	76.3	128	75.0	2	1.7	.7 - 2.7
Women	212	135	63.4	131	61.5	4	3.0	1.7 - 4.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,181	2,173	68.3	2,058	64.7	115	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Men	1,642	1,308	79.6	1,244	75.7	64	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	1,539	865	56.2	814	52.9	51	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	323	135	41.7	113	34.9	22	16.4	14.8 - 18.0
Married men, spouse present	4,279	3,363	78.6	3,302	77.1	61	1.8	1.6 - 2.0
Married women, spouse present	4,286	2,587	60.4	2,515	58.7	72	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	833	601	72.1	566	67.9	35	5.8	4.8 - 6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pacific Division								
Total	36,736	24,093	65.6	22,916	62.4	1,176	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	18,009	13,288	73.8	12,649	70.2	639	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Women	18,727	10,805	57.7	10,267	54.8	538	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,708	1,050	38.8	867	32.0	183	17.4	16.0 - 18.8
White	28,623	18,861	65.9	17,968	62.8	892	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	14,172	10,577	74.6	10,094	71.2	483	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Women	14,451	8,283	57.3	7,874	54.5	409	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,036	847	41.6	712	35.0	135	16.0	14.4 - 17.6
Black or African American	1,980	1,224	61.8	1,109	56.0	115	9.4	8.3 - 10.5
Men	931	615	66.1	556	59.8	59	9.6	8.1 - 11.1
Women	1,050	609	58.0	553	52.7	56	9.2	7.7 - 10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	202	64	31.7	41	20.1	23	36.5	29.4 - 43.6
Asian	4,502	2,872	63.8	2,780	61.7	93	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	2,101	1,483	70.6	1,431	68.1	52	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	2,401	1,389	57.9	1,348	56.2	41	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	275	63	22.9	54	19.7	9	14.2	8.7 - 19.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	9,137	6,277	68.7	5,918	64.8	359	5.7	5.3 - 6.1
Men	4,682	3,769	80.5	3,560	76.0	209	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Women	4,455	2,508	56.3	2,358	52.9	150	6.0	5.4 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	894	333	37.2	279	31.2	54	16.3	14.0 - 18.6
Married men, spouse present	9,636	7,485	77.7	7,278	75.5	207	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	9,353	5,425	58.0	5,236	56.0	189	3.5	3.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	2,074	1,394	67.2	1,311	63.2	83	6.0	5.2 - 6.8

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base

does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Northeast Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,489	1,849	41.2	1,717	38.2	132	7.2
High school graduates, no college	12,298	7,580	61.6	7,254	59.0	325	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	7,568	5,508	72.8	5,284	69.8	224	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,909	9,277	77.9	9,076	76.2	202	2.2
New England Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,028	439	42.7	408	39.7	31	7.2
High school graduates, no college	2,850	1,825	64.0	1,735	60.9	89	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	2,151	1,570	73.0	1,510	70.2	60	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,514	2,743	78.1	2,681	76.3	62	2.3
Middle Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,461	1,410	40.7	1,309	37.8	101	7.2
High school graduates, no college	9,448	5,755	60.9	5,519	58.4	236	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	5,417	3,938	72.7	3,774	69.7	163	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	8,396	6,534	77.8	6,395	76.2	139	2.1
Midwest Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,751	2,004	42.2	1,835	38.6	169	8.4
High school graduates, no college	14,752	9,440	64.0	8,971	60.8	469	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	11,576	8,658	74.8	8,348	72.1	311	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,527	9,264	80.4	9,073	78.7	190	2.1
East North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,447	1,436	41.6	1,305	37.9	130	9.1
High school graduates, no college	10,638	6,763	63.6	6,406	60.2	358	5.3
Some college or associate's degree	7,838	5,788	73.8	5,561	70.9	227	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,929	6,321	79.7	6,180	77.9	142	2.2
West North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,304	569	43.6	530	40.7	39	6.8
High school graduates, no college	4,115	2,676	65.0	2,565	62.3	111	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	3,738	2,870	76.8	2,787	74.5	84	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,598	2,942	81.8	2,894	80.4	48	1.6
South Region							
Less than a high school diploma	11,636	5,319	45.7	4,994	42.9	325	6.1
High school graduates, no college	22,402	14,259	63.6	13,682	61.1	577	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	17,197	12,287	71.4	11,857	68.9	430	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	18,275	14,166	77.5	13,930	76.2	236	1.7
South Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	5,455	2,539	46.5	2,382	43.7	158	6.2
High school graduates, no college	11,979	7,575	63.2	7,296	60.9	280	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	9,146	6,519	71.3	6,311	69.0	208	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	10,622	8,200	77.2	8,073	76.0	127	1.5
East South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	2,149	789	36.7	730	34.0	59	7.5
High school graduates, no college	4,039	2,546	63.0	2,419	59.9	127	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	2,765	1,952	70.6	1,874	67.8	78	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,503	1,954	78.1	1,920	76.7	34	1.7
West South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,032	1,990	49.3	1,881	46.6	109	5.5
High school graduates, no college	6,384	4,138	64.8	3,967	62.1	171	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	5,285	3,817	72.2	3,673	69.5	144	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	5,149	4,012	77.9	3,937	76.5	75	1.9
West Region							
Less than a high school diploma	6,711	3,614	53.8	3,372	50.2	241	6.7
High school graduates, no college	11,333	7,098	62.6	6,816	60.1	282	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	12,713	8,986	70.7	8,682	68.3	304	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	12,945	9,871	76.3	9,633	74.4	238	2.4

See note at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Mountain Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,699	905	53.3	856	50.3	50	5.5
High school graduates, no college	3,768	2,494	66.2	2,411	64.0	83	3.3
Some college or associate's degree	3,902	2,780	71.2	2,701	69.2	79	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,618	2,771	76.6	2,714	75.0	57	2.1
Pacific Division							
Less than a high school diploma	5,012	2,708	54.0	2,517	50.2	191	7.1
High school graduates, no college	7,565	4,603	60.9	4,405	58.2	199	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	8,811	6,206	70.4	5,981	67.9	225	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,327	7,099	76.1	6,919	74.2	180	2.5

NOTE: Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Northeast	21,780	19,116	1,860	804	4,893	478	4,101	314	1,045	242
New England	5,740	4,928	573	239	1,548	130	1,316	102	284	68
Middle Atlantic	16,040	14,188	1,287	565	3,345	348	2,786	211	761	174
Midwest	26,740	23,441	2,329	969	6,369	714	5,248	408	1,376	349
East North Central	18,362	16,159	1,524	679	4,321	527	3,520	274	1,037	244
West North Central	8,377	7,282	805	290	2,049	186	1,728	134	339	106
South	43,942	38,900	3,616	1,426	7,664	878	6,293	493	1,975	424
South Atlantic	23,700	21,129	1,833	738	4,020	446	3,312	261	956	215
East South Central	6,823	5,968	619	237	1,269	144	1,041	84	371	72
West South Central	13,419	11,803	1,164	452	2,375	288	1,939	148	647	136
West	27,363	23,993	2,428	942	5,832	708	4,728	396	1,288	312
Mountain	8,517	7,447	772	298	1,761	172	1,467	122	341	82
Pacific	18,846	16,546	1,656	644	4,070	536	3,261	274	947	230
Men										
Northeast	12,561	11,255	919	387	1,521	201	1,239	81	615	100
New England	3,336	2,929	285	122	479	58	394	28	171	27
Middle Atlantic	9,225	8,326	634	265	1,042	143	845	54	444	73
Midwest	15,461	13,798	1,188	475	2,060	312	1,632	116	791	151
East North Central	10,652	9,540	781	331	1,393	233	1,083	78	600	103
West North Central	4,809	4,258	407	144	666	79	549	39	191	48
South	25,041	22,557	1,822	662	2,631	395	2,097	138	1,058	184
South Atlantic	13,316	12,070	911	335	1,334	196	1,060	78	502	92
East South Central	3,885	3,455	319	111	436	71	346	19	199	34
West South Central	7,840	7,032	592	216	860	128	691	41	356	58
West	16,325	14,551	1,312	462	1,989	327	1,546	116	733	126
Mountain	5,071	4,526	401	143	595	81	478	35	187	33
Pacific	11,255	10,025	911	319	1,395	245	1,068	81	546	93

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Northeast	9,219	7,861	941	417	3,372	277	2,862	232	430	141
New England	2,404	1,999	288	117	1,069	73	922	75	113	41
Middle Atlantic	6,815	5,862	653	300	2,302	205	1,940	158	317	101
Midwest	11,278	9,643	1,140	495	4,310	402	3,616	292	585	198
East North Central	7,710	6,619	743	348	2,927	294	2,437	196	437	140
West North Central	3,568	3,024	397	147	1,382	107	1,179	96	148	57
South	18,901	16,343	1,793	764	5,033	483	4,195	354	917	239
South Atlantic	10,384	9,060	922	403	2,686	250	2,252	183	454	123
East South Central	2,938	2,512	300	126	833	73	695	65	172	38
West South Central	5,579	4,771	572	236	1,514	160	1,248	106	291	78
West	11,038	9,442	1,116	479	3,842	382	3,181	279	555	186
Mountain	3,446	2,921	371	154	1,167	91	989	87	155	49
Pacific	7,591	6,521	745	325	2,676	291	2,193	192	401	137
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	259	216	34	9	808	37	734	37	93	96
New England	74	59	13	2	265	14	241	10	23	27
Middle Atlantic	185	157	21	7	543	23	492	27	70	69
Midwest	407	334	62	11	1,236	74	1,111	51	129	157
East North Central	260	215	39	6	819	49	739	31	90	110
West North Central	147	120	22	5	417	25	373	20	38	47
South	703	595	92	16	1,378	84	1,243	51	207	178
South Atlantic	359	310	41	8	683	38	619	26	103	89
East South Central	100	80	18	2	245	18	217	10	34	30
West South Central	245	205	33	6	449	28	407	15	70	59
West	477	405	61	11	898	70	790	38	131	130
Mountain	188	160	23	5	319	23	281	15	43	34
Pacific	288	245	37	6	579	47	509	22	88	95

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Northeast	17,932	15,651	1,601	679	4,270	373	3,616	281	756	205
New England	5,155	4,424	517	213	1,408	106	1,208	94	234	60
Middle Atlantic	12,777	11,227	1,084	466	2,863	267	2,408	187	522	145
Midwest	23,395	20,468	2,073	854	5,659	568	4,719	373	1,005	281
East North Central	15,783	13,864	1,329	589	3,790	412	3,129	249	756	190
West North Central	7,612	6,604	743	265	1,869	156	1,589	124	249	92
South	34,261	30,272	2,861	1,128	6,157	593	5,152	412	1,212	294
South Atlantic	17,838	15,878	1,400	559	3,164	283	2,662	219	550	141
East South Central	5,484	4,802	487	195	1,030	98	863	70	237	50
West South Central	10,939	9,592	973	373	1,963	212	1,628	124	425	103
West	22,376	19,561	2,038	778	4,882	573	3,970	339	1,000	253
Mountain	7,663	6,692	700	271	1,627	153	1,361	114	290	71
Pacific	14,714	12,869	1,338	507	3,254	420	2,609	226	710	182
Black or African American										
Northeast	2,397	2,158	164	75	389	77	292	20	226	27
New England	311	264	35	12	75	13	59	3	30	5
Middle Atlantic	2,087	1,895	129	63	314	64	233	16	195	22
Midwest	2,256	2,000	179	77	475	118	339	19	305	52
East North Central	1,840	1,632	146	62	379	97	267	15	243	45
West North Central	415	368	33	15	96	21	71	3	62	8
South	7,704	6,846	610	248	1,163	243	857	62	693	114
South Atlantic	4,867	4,349	362	155	693	145	515	33	377	66
East South Central	1,180	1,026	117	38	200	43	144	13	126	20
West South Central	1,657	1,470	131	55	270	55	198	16	190	27
West	1,209	1,066	100	43	213	38	159	15	116	20
Mountain	272	243	20	9	41	6	31	3	18	3
Pacific	936	823	80	33	173	32	128	12	98	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Northeast	1,224	1,116	68	40	172	18	145	9	38	4
New England	212	188	13	11	45	8	34	3	12	1
Middle Atlantic	1,012	929	55	29	126	10	111	6	26	2
Midwest	691	635	36	20	116	12	96	8	28	8
East North Central	501	457	27	16	79	10	65	4	17	5
West North Central	190	177	9	4	37	3	31	4	11	3
South	1,123	1,035	59	30	175	16	148	11	24	4
South Atlantic	665	613	38	15	104	10	87	7	13	2
East South Central	51	47	4	1	16	(³)	16	(³)	1	(³)
West South Central	407	375	18	14	55	6	46	4	10	1
West	2,564	2,324	160	80	474	59	390	26	82	17
Mountain	226	203	15	8	33	3	28	2	4	2
Pacific	2,339	2,122	145	72	441	56	362	23	78	15
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	2,230	2,006	166	59	382	83	285	14	167	22
New England	347	295	40	12	85	20	62	4	38	6
Middle Atlantic	1,883	1,710	125	47	296	63	223	10	128	16
Midwest	1,433	1,274	118	41	216	50	157	9	88	13
East North Central	1,088	972	84	32	153	35	112	6	68	10
West North Central	346	303	34	9	64	15	46	3	20	3
South	6,499	5,819	514	166	940	185	717	38	269	51
South Atlantic	2,887	2,630	198	59	355	82	259	14	100	18
East South Central	218	196	19	3	30	7	21	1	7	1
West South Central	3,393	2,994	296	103	555	96	437	23	162	32
West	6,836	6,058	600	178	1,140	227	855	58	404	71
Mountain	1,774	1,573	153	48	284	53	219	12	93	22
Pacific	5,063	4,485	447	130	856	174	636	46	310	49

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total, all occupations	27,847	7,614	20,233	34,706	23,865	10,841	53,783	28,785	8,496	16,502	34,638	10,667	23,971
Management, professional, and related occupations	10,330	3,013	7,317	11,577	7,825	3,751	17,645	9,841	2,540	5,264	11,999	3,536	8,463
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	4,005	1,174	2,831	4,985	3,351	1,635	7,422	4,184	1,013	2,225	5,274	1,574	3,700
Management occupations	2,810	828	1,982	3,614	2,389	1,225	5,346	3,004	740	1,602	3,758	1,153	2,605
Business and financial operations occupations	1,185	343	841	1,388	964	424	2,063	1,168	278	618	1,496	417	1,078
Professional and related occupations	6,325	1,839	4,486	6,591	4,475	2,117	10,223	5,657	1,527	3,039	6,725	1,961	4,764
Computer and mathematical occupations	641	202	439	720	472	248	1,090	659	112	319	838	229	609
Architecture and engineering occupations	526	175	351	693	510	183	933	470	139	325	726	211	515
Life, physical, and social science occupations	347	117	229	279	186	93	474	291	52	131	361	116	245
Community and social services occupations	501	137	363	504	327	177	734	420	102	213	468	140	327
Legal occupations	371	102	268	310	223	87	563	323	85	154	415	106	310
Education, training, and library occupations	1,777	487	1,290	1,891	1,242	649	2,957	1,548	489	920	1,698	532	1,166
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	605	165	440	549	374	175	883	502	136	246	814	201	612
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,541	448	1,093	1,666	1,144	522	2,571	1,428	420	723	1,381	422	959
Service occupations	4,817	1,235	3,582	5,661	3,911	1,751	8,958	4,740	1,371	2,847	5,886	1,875	4,012
Healthcare support occupations	771	164	607	798	566	232	1,103	566	164	372	612	170	442
Protective service occupations	605	143	462	588	417	171	1,186	650	185	352	669	230	438
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,471	406	1,065	1,940	1,330	611	2,876	1,481	445	950	1,909	644	1,265
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,054	279	774	1,207	835	372	2,111	1,167	334	611	1,411	447	963
Personal care and service occupations	905	241	665	1,144	766	378	1,671	867	250	554	1,268	380	888
Sales and office occupations	6,910	1,826	5,084	8,643	5,908	2,736	13,492	7,283	2,095	4,115	8,803	2,776	6,027
Sales and related occupations	3,064	824	2,240	3,905	2,671	1,234	6,252	3,402	970	1,880	4,251	1,324	2,928
Office and administrative support occupations	3,846	1,002	2,844	4,738	3,237	1,501	7,240	3,881	1,125	2,235	4,552	1,452	3,099
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,559	718	1,841	3,469	2,368	1,101	6,651	3,536	997	2,119	4,177	1,390	2,787
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	93	33	60	196	114	82	352	159	66	128	422	77	345
Construction and extraction occupations	1,567	445	1,122	1,962	1,345	618	4,151	2,247	597	1,308	2,538	911	1,627
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	898	240	659	1,310	909	401	2,148	1,130	334	684	1,217	403	815
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,223	821	2,402	5,351	3,849	1,502	7,021	3,379	1,488	2,155	3,767	1,088	2,679
Production occupations	1,548	427	1,122	3,027	2,199	827	3,575	1,644	856	1,075	1,776	481	1,294
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,675	394	1,281	2,324	1,650	675	3,446	1,735	632	1,080	1,991	607	1,384

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total, all occupations	26,673	7,288	19,385	33,109	22,683	10,426	51,605	27,719	8,092	15,794	33,195	10,278	22,916
Management, professional, and related occupations	10,098	2,942	7,156	11,340	7,653	3,687	17,320	9,681	2,487	5,152	11,726	3,467	8,259
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,904	1,140	2,764	4,888	3,280	1,608	7,292	4,122	990	2,180	5,175	1,550	3,624
Management occupations	2,750	808	1,943	3,548	2,343	1,205	5,259	2,961	723	1,575	3,692	1,139	2,553
Business and financial operations occupations	1,144	330	814	1,356	938	418	2,021	1,149	272	599	1,463	408	1,055
Professional and related occupations	6,194	1,802	4,392	6,452	4,373	2,078	10,028	5,559	1,497	2,972	6,551	1,917	4,635
Computer and mathematical occupations	623	196	427	702	461	240	1,070	649	109	312	814	223	592
Architecture and engineering occupations	519	174	345	677	497	181	921	465	138	319	712	205	508
Life, physical, and social science occupations	342	116	226	273	181	92	468	286	52	130	351	113	238
Community and social services occupations	488	133	355	494	319	175	716	409	100	206	458	136	321
Legal occupations	365	101	263	306	219	87	558	321	85	152	409	104	304
Education, training, and library occupations	1,736	476	1,260	1,846	1,208	637	2,896	1,520	478	897	1,649	519	1,130
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	582	159	423	529	359	170	850	484	129	237	774	197	578
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,522	443	1,079	1,645	1,131	514	2,534	1,409	415	710	1,360	415	945
Service occupations	4,554	1,166	3,389	5,289	3,639	1,651	8,419	4,481	1,273	2,664	5,574	1,779	3,795
Healthcare support occupations	741	160	581	756	533	223	1,054	542	156	356	581	162	420
Protective service occupations	584	139	445	567	401	165	1,151	634	178	339	642	225	417
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,368	378	990	1,789	1,224	565	2,651	1,367	405	878	1,798	603	1,196
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	984	257	727	1,111	761	350	1,957	1,098	300	559	1,329	424	905
Personal care and service occupations	867	230	637	1,082	722	360	1,597	831	239	526	1,207	363	844
Sales and office occupations	6,605	1,745	4,860	8,238	5,609	2,628	12,905	6,991	2,001	3,913	8,431	2,663	5,768
Sales and related occupations	2,926	789	2,137	3,695	2,514	1,181	5,965	3,254	922	1,790	4,073	1,269	2,805
Office and administrative support occupations	3,678	956	2,723	4,543	3,095	1,448	6,940	3,737	1,080	2,123	4,358	1,395	2,963
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,383	666	1,717	3,212	2,177	1,035	6,338	3,378	940	2,019	3,914	1,330	2,584
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	85	29	56	178	102	76	329	150	62	117	369	72	297
Construction and extraction occupations	1,436	408	1,028	1,776	1,203	573	3,938	2,140	556	1,243	2,368	865	1,503
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	862	229	633	1,257	871	386	2,071	1,088	323	660	1,177	392	785
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,032	769	2,263	5,031	3,606	1,425	6,623	3,188	1,390	2,045	3,549	1,039	2,510
Production occupations	1,461	404	1,057	2,852	2,063	789	3,382	1,552	803	1,027	1,686	463	1,223
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,571	365	1,206	2,178	1,543	635	3,241	1,635	587	1,018	1,863	576	1,287

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total, all occupations	1,174	326	848	1,597	1,182	415	2,178	1,066	403	709	1,444	389	1,055
Management, professional, and related occupations	232	71	161	237	172	65	325	160	52	112	273	68	204
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	101	34	67	97	71	27	130	62	23	45	99	24	75
Management occupations	59	20	39	66	45	20	88	43	17	27	66	15	52
Business and financial operations occupations	41	13	28	32	26	7	42	19	6	18	33	9	23
Professional and related occupations	131	37	94	140	102	38	194	97	30	67	173	44	129
Computer and mathematical occupations	18	6	12	19	11	8	20	10	3	8	23	6	17
Architecture and engineering occupations	7	1	6	16	13	3	12	5	1	6	14	6	8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	5	2	3	6	4	1	6	4	1	1	10	3	7
Community and social services occupations	13	4	9	9	7	2	18	10	1	6	10	4	6
Legal occupations	6	1	5	5	4	1	5	3	(²)	2	7	1	5
Education, training, and library occupations	40	11	29	45	34	11	61	28	11	22	50	13	36
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	23	6	17	20	15	5	33	17	7	9	39	5	35
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	19	5	14	21	14	7	37	19	5	13	21	7	14
Service occupations	263	70	193	372	272	100	539	259	98	182	312	96	216
Healthcare support occupations	31	5	26	42	33	9	48	24	8	17	31	8	23
Protective service occupations	21	5	17	21	15	6	36	16	7	13	27	6	21
Food preparation and serving related occupations	103	28	75	151	106	45	225	113	40	72	111	41	70
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	69	22	47	97	74	22	155	69	34	52	81	23	58
Personal care and service occupations	38	11	27	62	43	18	74	36	10	28	61	17	44
Sales and office occupations	305	82	224	406	299	107	587	292	93	202	372	113	259
Sales and related occupations	138	35	103	211	157	54	287	148	49	90	178	55	123
Office and administrative support occupations	168	47	121	195	142	53	300	144	45	112	194	58	136
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	175	51	124	257	191	66	313	157	56	100	263	60	202
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8	4	4	18	12	6	23	8	4	11	53	4	48
Construction and extraction occupations	131	37	94	186	141	45	213	107	41	65	169	46	124
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	36	11	26	53	38	15	77	42	12	24	41	10	30
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	191	51	140	320	243	77	398	191	98	110	218	49	169
Production occupations	87	23	64	174	136	38	192	92	53	48	90	19	72
Transportation and material moving occupations	104	29	75	146	107	39	206	99	45	62	128	30	98

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total, all occupations	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.6	5.0	3.8	4.0	3.7	4.7	4.3	4.2	3.6	4.4
Management, professional, and related occupations	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.8	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.3	1.9	2.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.5	2.0
Management occupations	2.1	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.3	2.0
Business and financial operations occupations	3.5	3.9	3.3	2.3	2.6	1.5	2.1	1.6	2.1	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.2
Professional and related occupations	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	1.8	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.7
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3	3.2	1.9	1.4	3.0	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.8
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.3	.8	1.6	2.3	2.6	1.6	1.3	1.1	.7	1.9	1.9	2.7	1.5
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.1	2.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	.7	2.8	2.7	2.8
Community and social services occupations	2.6	3.2	2.4	1.9	2.3	1.1	2.5	2.5	1.2	3.0	2.1	2.7	1.8
Legal occupations	1.6	1.0	1.9	1.5	1.9	.6	.9	.8	.4	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.7
Education, training, and library occupations	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.7	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.9	2.5	3.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.9	2.8	3.8	3.5	5.3	3.6	4.8	2.3	5.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.5
Service occupations	5.5	5.6	5.4	6.6	7.0	5.7	6.0	5.5	7.2	6.4	5.3	5.1	5.4
Healthcare support occupations	4.0	2.8	4.3	5.3	5.9	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.7	4.5	5.0	4.8	5.1
Protective service occupations	3.5	3.2	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.4	3.7	3.8	4.0	2.6	4.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.0	6.8	7.1	7.8	8.0	7.4	7.8	7.7	8.9	7.6	5.8	6.4	5.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	6.6	8.0	6.1	8.0	8.9	6.0	7.3	5.9	10.1	8.5	5.8	5.2	6.1
Personal care and service occupations	4.2	4.4	4.1	5.4	5.7	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.2	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.9
Sales and office occupations	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.7	5.1	3.9	4.3	4.0	4.4	4.9	4.2	4.1	4.3
Sales and related occupations	4.5	4.2	4.6	5.4	5.9	4.4	4.6	4.4	5.0	4.8	4.2	4.2	4.2
Office and administrative support occupations	4.4	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.1	3.7	4.0	5.0	4.3	4.0	4.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6.8	7.1	6.7	7.4	8.1	6.0	4.7	4.4	5.6	4.7	6.3	4.3	7.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8.5	11.5	6.8	9.1	10.5	7.3	6.5	5.3	5.8	8.4	12.5	5.6	14.0
Construction and extraction occupations	8.4	8.3	8.4	9.5	10.5	7.3	5.1	4.8	6.8	5.0	6.7	5.0	7.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4.0	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.3	2.6	3.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5.9	6.2	5.8	6.0	6.3	5.1	5.7	5.7	6.6	5.1	5.8	4.5	6.3
Production occupations	5.6	5.3	5.7	5.8	6.2	4.6	5.4	5.6	6.2	4.4	5.1	3.9	5.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.2	7.3	5.9	6.3	6.5	5.8	6.0	5.7	7.1	5.7	6.4	5.0	7.1

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,673	7,288	19,385	33,109	22,683	10,426	51,605	27,719	8,092	15,794	33,195	10,278	22,916
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.9	40.4	36.9	34.3	33.7	35.4	33.6	34.9	30.7	32.6	35.3	33.7	36.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	14.6	15.6	14.3	14.8	14.5	15.4	14.1	14.9	12.2	13.8	15.6	15.1	15.8
Management occupations	10.3	11.1	10.0	10.7	10.3	11.5	10.2	10.7	8.9	10.0	11.2	11.1	11.2
Business and financial operations occupations	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.2	3.3	3.8	4.4	4.0	4.6
Professional and related occupations	23.2	24.7	22.7	19.5	19.3	19.9	19.4	20.0	18.5	18.8	19.7	18.6	20.2
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.3	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.3	1.3	2.0	2.5	2.2	2.6
Architecture and engineering occupations	2.0	2.4	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.3	1.6	1.2	.8	.8	.9	.9	1.0	.6	.8	1.1	1.1	1.0
Community and social services occupations	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4
Legal occupations	1.4	1.4	1.4	.9	1.0	.8	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.3
Education, training, and library occupations	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.6	5.3	6.1	5.6	5.5	5.9	5.7	5.0	5.1	5.0
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	2.3	1.9	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.1	4.5	4.1	4.0	4.1
Service occupations	17.1	16.0	17.5	16.0	16.0	15.8	16.3	16.2	15.7	16.9	16.8	17.3	16.6
Healthcare support occupations	2.8	2.2	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.8
Protective service occupations	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.2	1.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.6	5.4	5.9	5.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.5	4.0	4.1	4.0
Personal care and service occupations	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.7
Sales and office occupations	24.8	23.9	25.1	24.9	24.7	25.2	25.0	25.2	24.7	24.8	25.4	25.9	25.2
Sales and related occupations	11.0	10.8	11.0	11.2	11.1	11.3	11.6	11.7	11.4	11.3	12.3	12.3	12.2
Office and administrative support occupations	13.8	13.1	14.0	13.7	13.6	13.9	13.4	13.5	13.3	13.4	13.1	13.6	12.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.7	9.6	9.9	12.3	12.2	11.6	12.8	11.8	12.9	11.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.3	.4	.3	.5	.5	.7	.6	.5	.8	.7	1.1	.7	1.3
Construction and extraction occupations	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.5	7.6	7.7	6.9	7.9	7.1	8.4	6.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.4	10.6	11.7	15.2	15.9	13.7	12.8	11.5	17.2	13.0	10.7	10.1	11.0
Production occupations	5.5	5.6	5.5	8.6	9.1	7.6	6.6	5.6	9.9	6.5	5.1	4.5	5.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.9	5.0	6.2	6.6	6.8	6.1	6.3	5.9	7.3	6.4	5.6	5.6	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	14,082	3,815	10,267	17,521	12,046	5,475	27,671	14,650	4,321	8,700	18,315	5,665	12,649
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	35.3	38.3	34.2	31.8	31.3	32.8	30.4	31.9	27.1	29.4	32.8	31.0	33.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	16.7	17.7	16.3	16.4	15.9	17.4	15.1	16.1	13.1	14.5	16.1	15.8	16.3
Management occupations	12.5	13.3	12.2	13.0	12.5	14.3	12.0	12.8	10.3	11.6	12.5	12.5	12.5
Business and financial operations occupations	4.2	4.4	4.1	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.4	2.8	2.9	3.6	3.3	3.7
Professional and related occupations	18.6	20.6	17.9	15.5	15.5	15.4	15.2	15.8	14.0	14.9	16.7	15.2	17.3
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.3	3.7	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.2	1.7	2.6	3.3	2.9	3.5
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.2	4.1	2.8	3.4	3.7	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.3
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.4	1.7	1.2	.9	.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	.6	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0
Community and social services occupations	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	.9	1.0
Legal occupations	1.3	1.2	1.3	.9	1.0	.8	1.0	1.1	.9	.8	1.0	.8	1.1
Education, training, and library occupations	3.3	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.6	3.3	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.6
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.3	1.9	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	3.1	3.3	3.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.3
Service occupations	14.1	13.1	14.5	11.8	11.9	11.7	12.8	13.1	12.1	12.7	14.0	14.7	13.7
Healthcare support occupations .....	.6	.4	.7	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.3	.5
Protective service occupations	3.3	2.9	3.4	2.5	2.6	2.3	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.3	3.9	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.3	4.4	4.8	5.1	4.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.7	4.4	4.5	4.4
Personal care and service occupations	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4
Sales and office occupations	17.7	16.8	18.0	16.7	16.5	17.0	16.6	16.8	16.2	16.6	17.9	17.2	18.2
Sales and related occupations	11.0	10.6	11.2	10.8	10.7	11.1	10.5	10.7	10.2	10.2	11.7	11.6	11.7
Office and administrative support occupations	6.7	6.2	6.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.4	6.2	5.6	6.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	16.3	16.8	16.1	17.4	17.1	18.1	21.8	22.0	20.9	22.2	20.2	22.3	19.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.5	.6	.4	.8	.6	1.2	1.0	.8	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.8
Construction and extraction occupations	10.0	10.4	9.8	9.8	9.6	10.2	13.8	14.1	12.5	13.8	12.5	14.7	11.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.8	6.8	6.7	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.1	6.6	5.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	16.6	15.0	17.2	22.2	23.1	20.4	18.3	16.3	23.7	19.1	15.1	14.7	15.3
Production occupations	7.1	7.1	7.1	11.6	12.2	10.3	8.3	7.0	12.2	8.7	6.5	5.9	6.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.5	7.9	10.0	10.7	10.9	10.1	10.0	9.3	11.4	10.4	8.6	8.8	8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,591	3,473	9,118	15,588	10,637	4,951	23,934	13,070	3,771	7,093	14,880	4,613	10,267
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	40.7	42.7	40.0	37.0	36.4	38.1	37.2	38.3	34.9	36.5	38.5	37.0	39.1
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	12.3	13.4	11.9	13.0	12.9	13.2	12.9	13.4	11.2	13.0	14.9	14.2	15.3
Management occupations	7.9	8.7	7.6	8.0	7.9	8.3	8.1	8.4	7.3	8.0	9.5	9.4	9.6
Business and financial operations occupations	4.4	4.7	4.3	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.8	5.1	3.9	5.0	5.4	4.8	5.7
Professional and related occupations	28.4	29.3	28.0	24.0	23.6	24.9	24.3	24.8	23.7	23.6	23.5	22.8	23.8
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	.9	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.5
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.6	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.5	.6	.9	.7	.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.4	1.1	.8	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.6	.7	1.0	.9	1.0
Community and social services occupations	2.6	2.5	2.7	1.9	1.8	2.3	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.9
Legal occupations	1.4	1.6	1.4	.9	.9	.9	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.6
Education, training, and library occupations	10.2	10.0	10.3	8.7	8.5	9.2	9.2	8.9	9.5	9.7	8.0	8.4	7.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.4	2.5	2.4	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.0	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.7	9.2	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.2	7.7	7.9	8.3	7.1	6.4	6.5	6.4
Service occupations	20.4	19.2	20.9	20.6	20.7	20.4	20.3	19.6	19.8	22.0	20.2	20.5	20.1
Healthcare support occupations	5.2	4.2	5.6	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.5	3.3	3.2	3.4
Protective service occupations	1.0	.8	1.0	.8	.8	.8	1.1	1.3	.8	1.1	.9	.9	.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	6.1	6.6	5.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.5	6.0	6.9	7.0	6.2	6.8	5.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2.9	2.6	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.4
Personal care and service occupations	5.2	5.0	5.3	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.2	4.9	5.1	5.9	6.3	5.9	6.5
Sales and office occupations	32.7	31.7	33.0	34.1	34.0	34.3	34.7	34.7	34.5	34.8	34.6	36.6	33.7
Sales and related occupations	10.9	11.1	10.9	11.6	11.5	11.6	12.8	12.9	12.8	12.7	13.0	13.3	12.9
Office and administrative support occupations	21.7	20.7	22.1	22.5	22.4	22.7	21.9	21.9	21.7	22.1	21.7	23.4	20.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations .....	.7	.7	.7	1.0	1.1	.9	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.6	.3	.7
Construction and extraction occupations .....	.2	.3	.2	.4	.4	.3	.5	.6	.4	.6	.5	.7	.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .....	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5.5	5.7	5.5	7.3	7.8	6.3	6.5	6.1	9.7	5.4	5.2	4.4	5.6
Production occupations	3.7	3.9	3.6	5.3	5.6	4.6	4.5	4.0	7.3	3.8	3.3	2.7	3.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	22,202	6,562	15,640	29,054	19,573	9,481	40,418	21,002	6,514	12,902	27,258	9,290	17,968
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	38.4	40.7	37.4	34.5	33.8	35.9	35.0	36.7	33.0	33.4	34.9	34.3	35.2
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	15.4	16.2	15.1	15.2	14.8	16.1	15.2	16.1	13.5	14.7	15.8	15.4	16.0
Management occupations	11.0	11.5	10.8	11.2	10.8	12.1	11.3	12.0	10.0	10.8	11.6	11.4	11.6
Business and financial operations occupations	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.3
Professional and related occupations	23.0	24.6	22.3	19.3	19.0	19.9	19.8	20.5	19.5	18.7	19.1	18.8	19.2
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.1
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.9	2.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.4	1.1	.8	.8	.8	.9	1.0	.7	.8	1.1	1.1	1.0
Community and social services occupations	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2
Legal occupations	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.0	.9	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.4
Education, training, and library occupations	6.8	6.8	6.9	5.7	5.4	6.2	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.8	5.2	5.2	5.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.6	2.4	1.9	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.4	6.0	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	4.3	3.8	4.1	3.6
Service occupations	15.8	15.2	16.1	15.2	15.2	15.1	14.6	14.3	13.6	15.6	16.5	16.7	16.4
Healthcare support occupations	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6
Protective service occupations	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.5	4.2	4.1	4.2
Personal care and service occupations	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.3	3.4
Sales and office occupations	24.9	24.3	25.2	25.0	24.9	25.3	25.1	25.3	25.0	24.9	25.2	25.9	24.9
Sales and related occupations	11.1	11.0	11.2	11.5	11.4	11.5	12.1	12.3	11.9	11.7	12.4	12.4	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	13.8	13.3	14.0	13.5	13.4	13.8	13.1	13.0	13.1	13.1	12.9	13.6	12.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.7	9.5	9.8	10.3	10.3	10.4	13.5	13.5	12.5	13.8	12.7	13.2	12.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.4	.4	.3	.6	.5	.8	.7	.6	.8	.8	1.3	.8	1.5
Construction and extraction occupations	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	8.5	8.7	7.4	8.7	7.7	8.5	7.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.5	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.1	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	3.7	3.9	3.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.2	10.2	11.6	15.0	15.8	13.3	11.8	10.2	15.9	12.3	10.7	9.9	11.2
Production occupations	5.4	5.2	5.5	8.5	9.2	7.3	6.2	5.2	9.1	6.3	5.0	4.3	5.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.7	5.0	6.0	6.5	6.7	6.0	5.6	5.0	6.8	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,786	386	2,400	2,731	2,219	511	8,867	5,560	1,380	1,927	1,422	313	1,109
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	28.8	30.1	28.6	26.8	27.9	22.2	25.4	26.9	19.7	25.1	33.5	28.3	34.9
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	8.9	10.1	8.7	10.7	11.3	8.5	9.2	9.9	6.6	9.2	13.4	13.1	13.5
Management occupations	5.5	7.2	5.3	6.5	6.9	4.7	5.7	6.1	3.8	6.0	8.2	9.3	7.9
Business and financial operations occupations	3.4	2.9	3.4	4.3	4.3	3.8	3.5	3.9	2.7	3.2	5.2	3.8	5.6
Professional and related occupations	19.9	20.1	19.9	16.1	16.6	13.7	16.1	17.0	13.1	15.9	20.1	15.3	21.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.8	.3	1.0	1.9	1.4	2.1
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.4	.5	1.5	1.0	1.1	.5	.9	.8	.8	1.1	1.0	.5	1.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.2	.8	.5	.4	.5
Community and social services occupations	3.7	3.5	3.8	2.6	2.8	1.9	2.0	2.4	1.1	1.7	3.4	1.9	3.8
Legal occupations .....	.8	1.5	.7	.7	.8	.3	.5	.6	.6	.3	1.4	1.0	1.5
Education, training, and library occupations	5.4	4.6	5.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.0	4.1	5.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations .....	.9	1.2	.9	1.2	1.3	.5	1.0	1.2	.7	.8	2.5	2.2	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.6	6.1	5.5	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.7	4.6	4.4	5.0	4.4	3.8	4.6
Service occupations	27.1	26.6	27.1	24.1	23.2	27.9	23.8	23.1	24.8	25.1	20.0	22.9	19.1
Healthcare support occupations	8.0	7.1	8.2	5.2	4.8	6.8	4.2	4.1	3.3	5.3	2.5	3.1	2.4
Protective service occupations	4.6	4.1	4.7	3.2	3.4	2.1	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	4.0	3.5	4.1
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.4	5.6	4.2	5.5	4.9	8.4	6.3	5.9	7.5	6.5	4.4	6.9	3.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.7	6.0	6.6	4.3	3.5	4.7	3.2
Personal care and service occupations	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.9	4.1	3.6	4.4	5.4	5.5	4.8	5.7
Sales and office occupations	25.4	21.6	26.0	25.9	25.5	27.6	25.4	25.4	24.2	26.0	28.0	30.0	27.4
Sales and related occupations	9.4	8.5	9.6	8.7	8.2	10.7	9.6	9.6	9.4	9.5	11.3	12.1	11.0
Office and administrative support occupations	15.9	13.1	16.4	17.2	17.3	17.0	15.8	15.8	14.9	16.5	16.7	17.9	16.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	5.9	7.3	5.7	5.2	5.1	5.4	7.6	8.1	7.3	6.6	6.9	7.1	6.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.5	.4	.8	.5	.1	.1	.1
Construction and extraction occupations	3.7	4.7	3.5	2.7	2.8	2.2	4.4	4.9	3.9	3.6	4.0	4.8	3.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.1	2.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12.8	14.3	12.6	18.0	18.2	16.8	17.8	16.5	24.0	17.2	11.7	11.7	11.7
Production occupations	4.6	7.7	4.0	9.2	9.3	8.7	8.1	7.0	14.1	7.0	3.8	4.5	3.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.3	6.6	8.5	8.8	9.0	8.2	9.7	9.4	10.0	10.2	7.9	7.2	8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,396	257	1,139	807	580	228	1,298	769	67	462	3,038	259	2,780
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	49.1	48.9	49.2	53.5	55.9	47.4	49.1	48.1	56.3	49.8	44.1	36.7	44.8
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	15.0	11.3	15.9	14.4	16.9	8.3	15.5	16.6	14.9	13.9	16.6	13.7	16.9
Management occupations	9.8	7.4	10.4	9.0	10.6	5.0	10.0	10.4	6.8	9.7	10.5	8.4	10.7
Business and financial operations occupations	5.2	3.9	5.5	5.4	6.2	3.3	5.6	6.1	8.1	4.2	6.1	5.3	6.1
Professional and related occupations	34.1	37.5	33.3	39.0	39.0	39.1	33.6	31.5	41.4	36.0	27.5	23.0	27.9
Computer and mathematical occupations	7.9	10.4	7.3	12.3	11.6	14.1	9.9	8.0	10.2	12.9	6.0	6.2	6.0
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.5	3.4	3.5	5.4	6.0	4.0	4.1	3.7	1.3	5.1	4.2	2.2	4.4
Life, physical, and social science occupations	4.3	7.3	3.6	3.4	2.9	4.5	3.5	4.2	6.6	1.7	1.4	2.2	1.3
Community and social services occupations .....	.6	.7	.6	.7	.8	.7	.6	.7	(¹)	.5	1.6	.1	1.7
Legal occupations .....	.5	.4	.6	.4	.4	.3	.7	.8	(¹)	.5	.9	.5	.9
Education, training, and library occupations	4.2	4.7	4.1	5.6	4.4	8.7	5.1	4.3	18.2	4.7	3.7	4.3	3.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.5	1.4	2.8	1.0	.9	1.2	1.1	.7	(¹)	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.9
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	10.6	9.2	10.8	10.1	11.9	5.6	8.7	9.1	5.2	8.5	7.8	6.1	8.0
Service occupations	15.9	17.3	15.6	14.4	14.2	14.8	15.5	16.2	16.2	14.3	16.2	25.9	15.3
Healthcare support occupations	2.4	1.8	2.5	1.2	1.4	.7	1.0	.9	(¹)	1.4	2.4	2.0	2.4
Protective service occupations .....	.9	.1	1.1	.7	.8	.4	.6	1.0	(¹)	.1	.8	.8	.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.6	10.7	6.9	5.7	5.2	7.2	6.6	6.5	11.1	6.2	5.6	8.7	5.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1.5	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.7	2.7	1.5	2.3	(¹)	.3	2.7	3.6	2.6
Personal care and service occupations	3.5	2.8	3.6	4.7	5.1	3.8	5.7	5.5	5.1	6.2	4.7	10.8	4.1
Sales and office occupations	21.5	18.0	22.3	16.7	17.4	15.0	20.4	21.2	16.5	19.5	25.3	22.4	25.5
Sales and related occupations	12.5	9.3	13.3	8.9	9.4	7.7	11.2	12.1	8.0	10.1	12.4	13.6	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	9.0	8.7	9.0	7.8	8.0	7.3	9.2	9.1	8.5	9.4	12.9	8.8	13.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.2	5.2	4.7	2.0	6.6	5.3	4.1	5.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.4	.2	.4
Construction and extraction occupations	1.5	1.7	1.4	.7	.6	.9	2.0	2.1	1.0	1.9	2.0	1.6	2.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1.4	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.2	3.2	2.6	1.0	4.4	2.8	2.3	2.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	10.5	12.8	10.0	13.1	10.1	20.7	9.7	9.8	9.1	9.8	9.2	10.9	9.0
Production occupations	7.2	11.1	6.4	9.8	7.0	16.8	6.8	6.5	8.3	7.0	6.1	8.4	5.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.3	1.7	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.8	3.0	3.2	.8	2.8	3.0	2.5	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,612	433	2,179	1,650	1,240	409	7,438	3,242	248	3,948	7,976	2,058	5,918
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	17.4	19.6	17.0	16.6	16.9	15.4	17.2	17.5	9.5	17.3	16.8	16.5	17.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	6.7	6.3	6.8	7.4	8.0	5.5	7.6	8.4	2.8	7.2	7.8	7.7	7.8
Management occupations	5.0	4.2	5.2	5.4	6.1	3.3	5.5	6.2	2.1	5.1	5.7	5.6	5.8
Business and financial operations occupations	1.6	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.2	.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0
Professional and related occupations	10.7	13.4	10.2	9.2	8.9	9.9	9.6	9.1	6.7	10.2	9.1	8.8	9.2
Computer and mathematical occupations .....	.8	.8	.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	.8	.9	.1	.8	.7	.8	.7
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.6	.9	.5	.8	.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	.4	1.0	.7	.7	.7
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.3	.8	.2	.3	.4	.1	.3	.3	.4	.2	.3	.5	.2
Community and social services occupations	1.8	2.6	1.6	.8	.9	.5	.7	.5	.6	.8	.9	1.1	.9
Legal occupations .....	.4	.8	.3	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	(¹)	.5	.5	.4	.5
Education, training, and library occupations	3.5	3.9	3.5	2.3	2.1	2.9	3.0	2.2	2.6	3.7	3.0	2.8	3.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.0	1.5	.9	1.0	.9	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.0	.8	1.2	1.0	1.2
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.6	2.3	1.7	1.3	1.8
Service occupations	29.1	28.9	29.2	22.4	21.3	25.5	21.6	20.6	22.4	22.5	24.1	25.8	23.6
Healthcare support occupations	4.2	3.8	4.3	1.1	1.2	.8	1.9	1.3	.2	2.5	1.8	1.6	1.8
Protective service occupations	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.4
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.3	8.2	8.3	10.7	10.1	12.6	7.8	6.6	8.6	8.7	8.0	9.5	7.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	10.6	11.4	10.4	7.6	7.0	9.2	7.9	8.8	11.3	6.9	9.2	9.7	9.0
Personal care and service occupations	4.3	3.9	4.4	1.5	1.6	1.3	2.6	2.4	1.3	2.9	3.6	3.0	3.8
Sales and office occupations	21.1	19.9	21.4	17.9	18.6	15.9	20.6	20.4	7.8	21.7	22.4	21.9	22.6
Sales and related occupations	7.9	8.4	7.9	7.5	7.6	7.1	9.4	10.0	4.0	9.3	10.2	9.9	10.3
Office and administrative support occupations	13.2	11.5	13.5	10.5	11.0	8.8	11.2	10.4	3.7	12.4	12.2	12.0	12.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	12.7	11.7	12.9	14.0	13.5	15.7	23.7	26.5	36.1	20.7	19.8	22.2	18.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.3	.2	.3	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.5	2.7	1.1	3.2	1.5	3.8
Construction and extraction occupations	9.1	8.4	9.3	10.1	9.6	11.8	18.4	21.4	31.9	15.0	12.9	16.9	11.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.3	3.1	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.3	4.1	3.6	1.5	4.6	3.7	3.8	3.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	19.7	19.9	19.6	29.1	29.6	27.5	16.8	15.0	24.2	17.8	16.9	13.7	18.0
Production occupations	10.1	11.7	9.8	19.5	19.6	19.3	9.2	7.7	18.0	9.8	8.4	6.6	9.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.5	8.2	9.8	9.6	10.0	8.2	7.7	7.3	6.3	8.0	8.4	7.1	8.9

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Total	27,847	7,614	20,233	34,706	23,865	10,841	53,783	28,785	8,496	16,502	34,638	10,667	23,971
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	64	(²)	35	433	60	70	303	171	132	(²)
Construction	1,909	570	1,339	2,404	1,637	767	5,027	2,832	705	1,489	3,184	1,108	2,076
Manufacturing	2,846	823	2,023	5,413	3,968	1,445	5,614	2,605	1,282	1,726	3,220	786	2,434
Durable goods	1,738	566	1,172	3,672	2,790	881	3,344	1,492	851	1,000	2,166	551	1,615
Nonmetallic mineral products	83	(²)	65	146	98	49	198	86	(²)	75	108	(²)	70
Primary and fabricated metal products	342	104	237	778	620	158	594	241	138	214	276	84	192
Machinery manufacturing	224	59	166	561	411	149	366	142	89	135	140	40	100
Computer and electronic products	271	118	152	261	179	82	415	175	65	176	577	133	444
Electrical equipment and appliances	109	36	73	195	132	63	191	84	61	(²)	62	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	215	89	125	1,023	860	163	723	325	248	149	416	89	327
Wood products	80	(²)	58	137	92	45	217	105	65	(²)	131	(²)	99
Furniture and fixtures	107	(²)	90	239	172	67	291	143	87	62	132	(²)	98
Miscellaneous manufacturing	305	102	203	340	229	111	347	186	66	94	313	83	231
Nondurable goods	1,108	257	851	1,741	1,178	564	2,270	1,113	431	726	1,054	235	819
Food manufacturing	247	44	203	526	289	237	549	228	95	226	304	89	215
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	43	(²)	(²)	93	66	(²)	(²)	79	(²)	61
Textile, apparel, and leather	169	43	126	94	63	(²)	410	257	90	62	220	(²)	202
Paper and printing	218	68	150	403	287	116	407	220	85	102	191	46	145
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	88	(²)	(²)	72	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	333	61	272	347	262	86	453	204	82	167	147	(²)	109
Plastic and rubber products	101	(²)	74	306	230	76	266	123	60	83	79	(²)	59
Wholesale and retail trade	3,972	1,078	2,894	5,178	3,537	1,641	8,064	4,289	1,260	2,515	5,196	1,591	3,605
Wholesale trade	819	194	625	1,135	770	365	1,643	861	243	539	1,119	325	793
Retail trade	3,153	885	2,269	4,043	2,766	1,277	6,422	3,428	1,017	1,977	4,078	1,266	2,812
Transportation and utilities	1,465	312	1,154	1,775	1,244	531	2,855	1,432	489	934	1,632	530	1,102
Transportation and warehousing	1,280	260	1,020	1,510	1,068	442	2,344	1,186	384	774	1,388	441	948
Utilities	186	52	134	265	176	89	512	246	105	161	244	89	155
Information	793	199	594	772	523	249	1,192	674	154	364	961	269	691
Publishing, except Internet	235	66	169	227	153	74	277	159	41	77	211	59	151
Motion picture and sound recording industries	81	(²)	67	62	(²)	(²)	95	55	(²)	(²)	201	(²)	174
Broadcasting, except Internet	124	(²)	99	116	81	(²)	206	113	(²)	63	136	54	82
Telecommunications	237	64	174	260	170	91	475	264	56	155	274	87	187
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	60	(²)	(²)	(²)	65	(²)	(²)
Other information services	77	(²)	57	75	56	(²)	70	(²)	(²)	(²)	63	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian labor force													
Financial activities	2,208	621	1,587	2,411	1,599	811	3,658	2,134	482	1,042	2,510	812	1,698
Finance and insurance	1,627	458	1,170	1,820	1,200	619	2,429	1,366	344	720	1,572	532	1,040
Finance	1,105	275	830	1,117	726	391	1,550	902	204	444	1,106	369	737
Insurance	518	181	337	709	475	233	877	461	142	274	459	161	298
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	581	164	417	591	399	192	1,229	768	138	322	938	280	658
Real estate	496	142	354	489	326	163	1,010	647	113	251	789	234	555
Rental and leasing services	83	(²)	62	104	73	(²)	217	120	(²)	71	145	45	100
Professional and business services ...	2,999	845	2,154	3,165	2,234	931	5,547	3,299	688	1,560	4,012	1,145	2,868
Professional and technical services	1,899	571	1,328	1,725	1,205	519	3,069	1,868	342	859	2,357	638	1,719
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,100	274	826	1,440	1,029	411	2,478	1,431	346	701	1,655	506	1,149
Administrative and support services	970	248	722	1,314	944	370	2,265	1,318	311	636	1,510	467	1,043
Waste management and remediation services	91	(²)	72	89	61	(²)	157	80	(²)	(²)	108	(²)	82
Education and health services	6,635	1,821	4,814	7,305	4,954	2,350	10,526	5,555	1,714	3,257	6,336	1,892	4,444
Educational services	2,671	744	1,927	2,927	1,983	943	4,530	2,318	759	1,452	2,721	856	1,865
Health care and social assistance ..	3,964	1,077	2,887	4,378	2,971	1,407	5,997	3,237	955	1,805	3,615	1,036	2,579
Hospitals	1,301	361	941	1,452	1,027	425	1,986	1,073	347	566	1,066	315	751
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,973	534	1,438	2,149	1,452	697	3,028	1,650	442	936	1,788	541	1,247
Social assistance	690	183	508	777	492	285	983	514	166	303	762	180	581
Leisure and hospitality	2,294	637	1,657	2,782	1,923	859	4,615	2,534	690	1,392	3,390	1,171	2,219
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	542	141	401	537	364	173	913	527	148	238	877	312	565
Accommodation and food services ..	1,752	496	1,256	2,244	1,559	685	3,702	2,007	542	1,154	2,513	859	1,654
Accommodation	265	89	176	247	156	91	572	357	74	141	525	237	288
Food services and drinking places	1,483	406	1,077	2,005	1,404	601	3,125	1,645	471	1,009	1,981	621	1,360
Other services	1,334	356	978	1,574	1,090	483	2,776	1,478	401	897	1,736	494	1,242
Other services, except private households	1,174	311	863	1,450	1,008	442	2,444	1,311	361	773	1,472	437	1,035
Repair and maintenance	344	96	249	492	339	153	885	458	123	304	582	175	407
Personal and laundry services	429	114	315	510	369	142	833	449	120	264	502	148	354
Membership associations and organizations	398	101	297	452	300	152	723	400	119	203	381	112	269
Private households	160	45	115	124	83	41	332	167	41	124	265	57	207
Public administration	1,158	295	863	1,200	812	388	2,710	1,597	396	717	1,566	530	1,037
Agricultural and related industries	186	53	133	660	310	350	749	289	158	302	718	205	513

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total	26,673	7,288	19,385	33,109	22,683	10,426	51,605	27,719	8,092	15,794	33,195	10,278	22,916
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	61	(²)	34	420	57	68	295	166	129	(²)
Construction	1,770	528	1,242	2,205	1,487	719	4,793	2,707	661	1,425	2,994	1,058	1,936
Manufacturing	2,723	787	1,936	5,196	3,799	1,397	5,372	2,494	1,218	1,660	3,094	760	2,334
Durable goods	1,673	546	1,127	3,522	2,669	853	3,217	1,434	817	966	2,091	534	1,557
Nonmetallic mineral products	79	(²)	61	140	93	47	192	85	(²)	73	103	(²)	67
Primary and fabricated metal products	323	101	223	753	598	155	573	233	133	208	269	83	186
Machinery manufacturing	218	57	161	546	401	145	351	135	85	131	137	39	97
Computer and electronic products	264	115	149	252	173	79	406	170	63	172	559	128	431
Electrical equipment and appliances	107	36	71	183	122	62	182	81	58	(²)	59	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	210	88	122	972	813	158	697	316	239	142	406	88	318
Wood products	75	(²)	55	130	87	43	210	99	63	(²)	122	(²)	91
Furniture and fixtures	103	(²)	87	230	165	64	272	133	81	58	125	(²)	93
Miscellaneous manufacturing	291	96	195	325	217	108	333	179	64	90	302	80	222
Nondurable goods	1,050	241	809	1,674	1,130	544	2,155	1,060	401	694	1,003	226	777
Food manufacturing	233	41	191	504	276	228	521	220	84	217	285	86	199
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	42	(²)	(²)	89	64	(²)	(²)	76	(²)	59
Textile, apparel, and leather	157	40	116	88	59	(²)	378	238	83	57	211	(²)	194
Paper and printing	207	64	143	390	278	112	389	212	79	97	181	43	137
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	84	(²)	(²)	69	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	319	58	261	338	253	84	437	196	79	162	142	(²)	104
Plastic and rubber products	95	(²)	70	292	220	72	254	117	57	80	74	(²)	56
Wholesale and retail trade	3,779	1,026	2,753	4,918	3,347	1,570	7,693	4,107	1,194	2,393	4,957	1,523	3,434
Wholesale trade	789	187	602	1,103	747	356	1,592	834	235	523	1,082	319	763
Retail trade	2,990	839	2,151	3,815	2,600	1,214	6,102	3,273	959	1,870	3,875	1,204	2,671
Transportation and utilities	1,418	302	1,117	1,706	1,190	516	2,760	1,384	472	904	1,578	514	1,064
Transportation and warehousing	1,235	250	985	1,447	1,019	428	2,258	1,142	370	747	1,336	426	910
Utilities	183	52	132	259	171	88	502	242	103	158	242	88	154
Information	770	193	576	745	503	243	1,150	648	149	354	914	260	654
Publishing, except Internet	230	64	166	220	147	73	267	155	39	73	202	58	144
Motion picture and sound recording industries	77	(²)	65	59	(²)	(²)	90	52	(²)	(²)	184	(²)	158
Broadcasting, except Internet	120	(²)	96	111	78	(²)	202	110	(²)	62	130	53	77
Telecommunications	230	62	168	252	164	88	456	251	54	151	264	84	180
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	56	(²)	(²)	(²)	63	(²)	(²)
Other information services	75	(²)	55	73	54	(²)	70	(²)	(²)	(²)	61	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Financial activities	2,142	607	1,535	2,342	1,548	794	3,571	2,089	471	1,010	2,448	795	1,653
Finance and insurance	1,580	447	1,133	1,773	1,164	609	2,375	1,338	337	700	1,533	520	1,013
Finance	1,067	269	797	1,085	701	384	1,512	883	200	429	1,079	361	719
Insurance	509	177	332	694	464	230	860	452	138	270	447	158	290
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	562	160	403	569	384	185	1,196	751	135	310	915	275	640
Real estate	483	141	342	474	316	158	984	633	110	241	773	230	543
Rental and leasing services	78	(²)	59	97	68	(²)	211	116	(²)	69	138	44	94
Professional and business services ...	2,831	793	2,039	2,959	2,077	882	5,266	3,163	636	1,467	3,839	1,096	2,743
Professional and technical services	1,837	550	1,287	1,671	1,165	506	2,994	1,832	334	828	2,292	622	1,670
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	995	243	751	1,287	911	376	2,272	1,331	302	639	1,547	474	1,073
Administrative and support													
services	870	218	652	1,164	829	335	2,070	1,223	271	576	1,406	436	971
Waste management and													
remediation services	87	(²)	69	87	59	(²)	148	75	(²)	(²)	104	(²)	79
Education and health services	6,468	1,778	4,690	7,088	4,802	2,287	10,257	5,429	1,672	3,156	6,154	1,845	4,308
Educational services	2,611	728	1,883	2,846	1,923	923	4,430	2,273	741	1,416	2,649	838	1,810
Health care and social assistance ..	3,858	1,050	2,808	4,242	2,879	1,363	5,827	3,155	931	1,741	3,505	1,007	2,498
Hospitals	1,283	355	928	1,430	1,015	415	1,953	1,056	343	553	1,050	309	741
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,913	520	1,393	2,069	1,394	675	2,938	1,607	428	903	1,726	526	1,201
Social assistance	661	174	487	742	469	273	936	492	160	284	729	172	557
Leisure and hospitality	2,134	592	1,542	2,559	1,764	795	4,273	2,361	626	1,286	3,192	1,103	2,089
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	497	130	367	496	335	162	855	499	133	223	826	297	529
Accommodation and food services ..	1,637	462	1,175	2,062	1,429	633	3,418	1,862	493	1,063	2,366	806	1,560
Accommodation	247	84	163	227	143	84	532	337	67	128	499	226	273
Food services and drinking places	1,386	377	1,008	1,842	1,287	555	2,881	1,521	429	932	1,861	579	1,282
Other services	1,281	341	940	1,505	1,041	465	2,656	1,424	382	849	1,655	475	1,180
Other services, except private													
households	1,132	298	833	1,391	965	426	2,353	1,270	345	738	1,418	424	993
Repair and maintenance	330	91	239	467	322	145	839	439	114	287	558	170	388
Personal and laundry services	413	110	303	492	355	137	805	436	116	254	485	144	341
Membership associations and													
organizations	386	97	289	436	288	148	704	392	117	195	369	110	260
Private households	149	43	107	114	76	38	303	154	37	112	238	51	187
Public administration	1,137	290	848	1,182	801	382	2,671	1,577	391	704	1,542	522	1,020
Agricultural and related industries	179	49	130	642	298	343	723	280	153	290	661	198	463

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total	1,174	326	848	1,597	1,182	415	2,178	1,066	403	709	1,444	389	1,055
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	1	13	3	2	8	5	2	(²)
Construction	138	41	97	199	150	48	234	125	44	64	190	50	140
Manufacturing	123	36	88	217	169	47	242	111	65	66	125	26	100
Durable goods	65	20	45	150	122	28	127	59	34	34	74	17	58
Nonmetallic mineral products	4	(²)	4	7	4	2	6	2	(²)	2	5	(²)	3
Primary and fabricated metal products	18	4	15	25	21	4	20	8	5	7	7	1	6
Machinery manufacturing	6	2	4	15	10	5	15	7	4	4	4	1	3
Computer and electronic products	7	3	3	9	6	2	10	5	1	4	18	5	13
Electrical equipment and appliances	2	1	1	12	10	2	8	4	3	(²)	3	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	5	1	4	52	47	5	26	10	9	7	10	1	9
Wood products	5	(²)	3	7	4	2	8	6	2	(²)	9	(²)	8
Furniture and fixtures	4	(²)	3	10	7	3	20	10	6	3	7	(²)	5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	14	6	7	15	12	3	14	7	2	4	11	3	8
Nondurable goods	58	16	43	67	48	19	115	53	30	33	51	9	42
Food manufacturing	14	3	12	22	13	9	28	8	11	9	19	3	16
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	5	3	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	2
Textile, apparel, and leather	12	2	10	6	4	(²)	32	19	7	6	9	(²)	8
Paper and printing	10	4	6	13	10	3	19	8	5	5	10	2	7
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	14	4	10	10	8	1	16	8	3	5	5	(²)	4
Plastic and rubber products	6	(²)	4	14	10	4	12	6	3	3	5	(²)	3
Wholesale and retail trade	193	52	141	260	189	71	371	182	66	123	239	69	171
Wholesale trade	30	7	23	32	24	9	51	27	8	16	37	7	30
Retail trade	163	45	118	228	166	62	320	155	58	107	203	62	141
Transportation and utilities	47	10	37	69	53	15	95	48	17	30	54	16	38
Transportation and warehousing	44	10	34	63	48	15	86	44	14	27	52	15	38
Utilities	3	(³)	3	6	5	1	9	4	2	3	1	1	(³)
Information	24	6	17	27	21	6	42	26	6	11	46	9	37
Publishing, except Internet	5	2	3	7	6	1	10	5	2	4	9	2	7
Motion picture and sound recording industries	3	(²)	3	3	(²)	(²)	4	3	(²)	(²)	17	(²)	16
Broadcasting, except Internet	5	(²)	3	4	3	(²)	4	3	(²)	1	6	1	5
Telecommunications	7	2	6	8	6	2	19	12	2	5	10	3	7
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)
Other information services	2	(²)	2	2	2	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Financial activities	66	15	51	69	52	17	87	45	11	32	62	17	45
Finance and insurance	48	11	37	47	36	10	55	27	7	20	39	12	27
Finance	38	6	32	32	25	7	38	19	4	15	27	8	18
Insurance	9	5	5	15	12	3	17	8	4	5	12	3	8
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	18	4	14	22	15	7	33	17	3	12	23	5	18
Real estate	13	1	12	15	10	5	26	14	2	10	16	4	12
Rental and leasing services	5	(²)	2	7	5	(²)	7	4	(²)	2	7	1	6
Professional and business services ...	167	52	115	206	157	49	281	136	52	92	173	49	124
Professional and technical services	62	21	41	53	40	13	75	36	8	31	65	16	49
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	105	31	74	153	117	36	206	100	44	62	108	33	75
Administrative and support													
services	100	30	70	150	115	35	195	94	40	60	103	31	72
Waste management and													
remediation services	4	(²)	3	3	2	(²)	9	5	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	3
Education and health services	167	43	123	216	153	64	269	127	42	101	182	47	136
Educational services	60	16	44	80	60	20	99	45	18	36	72	17	55
Health care and social assistance ..	107	27	79	136	93	44	170	82	24	64	110	29	81
Hospitals	18	5	13	22	12	9	33	16	4	13	16	5	10
Health services, except hospitals ..	60	14	46	80	58	22	90	44	14	32	61	15	46
Social assistance	29	8	21	35	22	12	47	22	6	19	33	8	24
Leisure and hospitality	160	45	115	223	159	64	342	172	64	106	198	68	130
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	44	11	33	41	29	11	58	28	15	15	51	15	36
Accommodation and food services ..	115	34	81	182	130	52	284	145	49	91	147	53	94
Accommodation	18	5	13	20	13	7	39	20	7	13	26	11	16
Food services and drinking places	97	29	68	163	117	46	244	124	43	78	120	42	78
Other services	53	15	38	68	50	19	120	54	19	48	81	19	62
Other services, except private													
households	42	12	30	59	43	16	91	40	15	36	54	12	42
Repair and maintenance	14	4	10	25	18	8	45	19	9	17	24	5	19
Personal and laundry services	16	4	12	18	13	5	27	12	4	11	17	5	13
Membership associations and													
organizations	12	4	8	16	12	4	19	9	2	8	12	3	9
Private households	11	3	8	9	6	3	29	13	4	12	27	6	20
Public administration	21	5	16	17	12	6	38	20	5	13	24	7	17
Agricultural and related industries	7	3	4	18	11	7	26	9	5	13	57	8	50

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Total	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.6	5.0	3.8	4.0	3.7	4.7	4.3	4.2	3.6	4.4
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.2	(²)	2.9	2.9	5.2	2.4	2.6	3.2	1.8	(²)
Construction	7.2	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.2	6.3	4.7	4.4	6.2	4.3	6.0	4.5	6.7
Manufacturing	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.3	3.3	4.3	4.3	5.1	3.8	3.9	3.3	4.1
Durable goods	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.4	3.2	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.6
Nonmetallic mineral products	4.8	(²)	5.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	3.0	2.2	(²)	3.1	4.3	(²)	4.8
Primary and fabricated metal products	5.4	3.5	6.2	3.2	3.4	2.3	3.4	3.4	4.0	3.0	2.6	1.5	3.1
Machinery manufacturing	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.5	3.1	4.1	5.1	4.3	3.0	2.8	2.3	3.0
Computer and electronic products	2.4	2.8	2.1	3.4	3.6	2.8	2.3	2.6	2.1	2.1	3.1	4.1	2.8
Electrical equipment and appliances	2.1	2.4	2.0	5.9	7.5	2.6	4.3	4.4	5.1	(²)	4.8	(²)	(²)
Transportation equipment	2.2	1.1	3.0	5.0	5.4	3.1	3.6	2.9	3.7	4.8	2.4	1.1	2.8
Wood products	6.4	(²)	5.6	4.9	4.8	5.0	3.6	5.4	2.8	(²)	6.9	(²)	7.8
Furniture and fixtures	3.5	(²)	3.2	4.1	4.0	4.4	6.8	7.3	6.9	5.6	5.3	(²)	4.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	4.6	6.3	3.7	4.4	5.1	3.1	4.0	3.8	3.4	4.7	3.6	3.3	3.7
Nondurable goods	5.3	6.0	5.0	3.8	4.0	3.4	5.1	4.7	7.0	4.5	4.8	3.8	5.1
Food manufacturing	5.7	5.9	5.7	4.1	4.4	3.8	5.1	3.5	11.4	4.1	6.2	3.5	7.3
Beverage and tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.0	(²)	(²)	4.8	3.9	(²)	(²)	3.7	(²)	4.1
Textile, apparel, and leather	7.2	5.2	7.8	6.3	7.0	(²)	7.8	7.5	7.4	9.5	4.2	(²)	4.2
Paper and printing	4.8	6.1	4.2	3.2	3.3	3.0	4.6	3.7	6.4	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.0
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.8	(²)	(²)	3.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	4.2	5.9	3.8	2.8	3.1	1.7	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.1	(²)	3.9
Plastic and rubber products	6.0	(²)	5.3	4.6	4.4	5.2	4.6	4.7	5.0	4.0	6.2	(²)	5.4
Wholesale and retail trade	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.4	4.3	4.6	4.2	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.7
Wholesale trade	3.6	3.6	3.6	2.8	3.1	2.4	3.1	3.1	3.5	2.9	3.3	2.0	3.8
Retail trade	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.6	6.0	4.9	5.0	4.5	5.7	5.4	5.0	4.9	5.0
Transportation and utilities	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.9	4.3	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.5
Transportation and warehousing	3.5	3.8	3.4	4.2	4.5	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.8	3.4	4.0
Utilities	1.5	.4	1.9	2.2	2.8	1.0	1.8	1.6	2.1	2.0	.5	1.0	.3
Information	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.5	3.9	2.5	3.5	3.9	3.6	2.9	4.8	3.3	5.4
Publishing, except Internet	2.0	2.5	1.8	3.0	3.7	1.7	3.7	3.0	4.5	4.7	4.1	2.6	4.7
Motion picture and sound recording industries	4.2	(²)	4.0	4.2	(²)	(²)	4.5	4.8	(²)	(²)	8.7	(²)	9.3
Broadcasting, except Internet	3.8	(²)	3.0	3.7	4.0	(²)	1.9	2.8	(²)	1.0	4.5	2.2	6.0
Telecommunications	3.1	2.6	3.3	3.2	3.6	2.6	4.0	4.7	4.0	3.0	3.7	3.3	3.8
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.4	(²)	(²)
Other information services	2.6	(²)	3.3	2.5	3.1	(²)	.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.3	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment rate													
Financial activities	3.0	2.3	3.2	2.9	3.2	2.1	2.4	2.1	2.2	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.6
Finance and insurance	2.9	2.3	3.2	2.6	3.0	1.7	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.6
Finance	3.5	2.1	3.9	2.9	3.4	1.9	2.4	2.1	1.8	3.4	2.4	2.3	2.5
Insurance	1.8	2.6	1.4	2.1	2.5	1.3	1.9	1.8	2.6	1.7	2.6	2.2	2.8
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	3.1	2.4	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.5	2.7	2.3	2.5	3.7	2.5	1.9	2.8
Real estate	2.7	1.0	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.1	2.2	4.0	2.1	1.8	2.2
Rental and leasing services	5.8	(²)	3.6	6.9	7.1	(²)	3.0	3.0	(²)	2.8	4.8	2.2	6.0
Professional and business services ...	5.6	6.2	5.3	6.5	7.0	5.3	5.1	4.1	7.6	5.9	4.3	4.3	4.3
Professional and technical services	3.3	3.7	3.1	3.1	3.3	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.5	3.6	2.8	2.5	2.8
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	9.6	11.3	9.0	10.6	11.4	8.7	8.3	7.0	12.7	8.8	6.5	6.5	6.6
Administrative and support													
services	10.3	12.1	9.7	11.4	12.2	9.5	8.6	7.2	12.9	9.5	6.8	6.7	6.9
Waste management and													
remediation services	4.7	(²)	4.7	3.1	2.8	(²)	5.7	5.6	(²)	(²)	3.7	(²)	3.4
Education and health services	2.5	2.4	2.6	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.5	3.1
Educational services	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.0	3.0
Health care and social assistance ..	2.7	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.5	3.6	3.0	2.8	3.1
Hospitals	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.2	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.1	2.3	1.5	1.7	1.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	2.7	2.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.8
Social assistance	4.0	4.1	4.0	5.0	5.5	4.1	4.7	4.1	4.1	6.1	4.9	4.3	5.1
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	7.0	6.9	8.0	8.3	7.4	7.4	6.8	9.3	7.6	5.8	5.8	5.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	8.1	7.6	8.3	7.6	8.1	6.6	6.4	5.3	10.1	6.4	5.9	4.9	6.4
Accommodation and food services ..	6.6	6.9	6.5	8.1	8.3	7.6	7.7	7.2	9.0	7.9	5.8	6.2	5.7
Accommodation	6.8	5.8	7.2	8.1	8.4	7.5	6.9	5.7	9.1	8.9	5.0	4.5	5.5
Food services and drinking places	6.6	7.1	6.4	8.1	8.3	7.6	7.8	7.5	9.0	7.7	6.1	6.8	5.7
Other services	3.9	4.2	3.8	4.3	4.5	3.9	4.3	3.6	4.7	5.3	4.6	3.8	5.0
Other services, except private													
households	3.6	4.0	3.4	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.7	3.1	4.2	4.6	3.7	2.8	4.0
Repair and maintenance	4.1	4.6	3.9	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.2	7.2	5.6	4.2	2.9	4.8
Personal and laundry services	3.7	3.4	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.3	2.7	3.6	4.0	3.4	3.1	3.6
Membership associations and													
organizations	2.9	4.0	2.6	3.5	4.1	2.5	2.6	2.2	1.9	3.8	3.1	2.5	3.4
Private households	6.6	6.1	6.8	7.4	7.8	6.6	8.7	7.8	9.1	9.9	10.1	11.2	9.9
Public administration	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.6
Agricultural and related industries	3.8	6.6	2.7	2.8	3.7	2.0	3.5	3.1	3.1	4.2	7.9	3.6	9.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,673	7,288	19,385	33,109	22,683	10,426	51,605	27,719	8,092	15,794	33,195	10,278	22,916
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.3	.8	.2	.8	1.9	.5	1.3	.2
Construction	6.6	7.3	6.4	6.7	6.6	6.9	9.3	9.8	8.2	9.0	9.0	10.3	8.4
Manufacturing	10.2	10.8	10.0	15.7	16.8	13.4	10.4	9.0	15.0	10.5	9.3	7.4	10.2
Durable goods	6.3	7.5	5.8	10.6	11.8	8.2	6.2	5.2	10.1	6.1	6.3	5.2	6.8
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.5	.3	.4	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.2	1.4	1.2	2.3	2.6	1.5	1.1	.8	1.6	1.3	.8	.8	.8
Machinery manufacturing .....	.8	.8	.8	1.6	1.8	1.4	.7	.5	1.0	.8	.4	.4	.4
Computer and electronic products	1.0	1.6	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.6	.8	1.1	1.7	1.2	1.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.5	.6	.4	.3	.7	.3	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.2	.6	2.9	3.6	1.5	1.4	1.1	2.9	.9	1.2	.9	1.4
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.8	.3	.4	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.2	.5	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	1.0	.4	.4	.3	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.6	.6	.8	.6	.9	.8	1.0
Nondurable goods	3.9	3.3	4.2	5.1	5.0	5.2	4.2	3.8	5.0	4.4	3.0	2.2	3.4
Food manufacturing .....	.9	.6	1.0	1.5	1.2	2.2	1.0	.8	1.0	1.4	.9	.8	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.6	.6	.3	.3	.3	.7	.9	1.0	.4	.6	.2	.9
Paper and printing .....	.8	.9	.7	1.2	1.2	1.1	.8	.8	1.0	.6	.5	.4	.6
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.2	.8	1.4	1.0	1.1	.8	.8	.7	1.0	1.0	.4	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.3	.4	.9	1.0	.7	.5	.4	.7	.5	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.9	14.8	15.1	14.9	14.8	14.8	15.2	14.9	14.8	15.0
Wholesale trade	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.3
Retail trade	11.2	11.5	11.1	11.5	11.5	11.6	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.7
Transportation and utilities	5.3	4.1	5.8	5.2	5.2	4.9	5.3	5.0	5.8	5.7	4.8	5.0	4.6
Transportation and warehousing	4.6	3.4	5.1	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	4.1	4.0
Utilities .....	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.9	1.3	1.0	.7	.9	.7
Information	2.9	2.6	3.0	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.5	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	.9	.9	.7	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.5	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.3
Telecommunications .....	.9	.9	.9	.8	.7	.8	.9	.9	.7	1.0	.8	.8	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Financial activities	8.0	8.3	7.9	7.1	6.8	7.6	6.9	7.5	5.8	6.4	7.4	7.7	7.2
Finance and insurance	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.8	4.6	4.8	4.2	4.4	4.6	5.1	4.4
Finance	4.0	3.7	4.1	3.3	3.1	3.7	2.9	3.2	2.5	2.7	3.3	3.5	3.1
Insurance	1.9	2.4	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.3
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.7	1.7	2.0	2.8	2.7	2.8
Real estate	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.9	2.3	1.4	1.5	2.3	2.2	2.4
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.6	10.9	10.5	8.9	9.2	8.5	10.2	11.4	7.9	9.3	11.6	10.6	12.0
Professional and technical services	6.9	7.5	6.6	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.8	6.6	4.1	5.2	6.9	6.0	7.3
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.7	3.3	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.6	4.4	4.8	3.7	4.0	4.7	4.6	4.7
Administrative and support													
services	3.3	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.2	4.0	4.4	3.3	3.7	4.3	4.2	4.3
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.3	.2	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3
Education and health services	24.2	24.4	24.2	21.4	21.2	21.9	19.9	19.6	20.7	20.0	18.5	18.0	18.8
Educational services	9.8	10.0	9.7	8.6	8.5	8.9	8.6	8.2	9.2	9.0	8.0	8.2	7.9
Health care and social assistance ..	14.5	14.4	14.5	12.8	12.7	13.1	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.0	10.6	9.8	10.9
Hospitals	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.3	4.5	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.2
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	3.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	4.2
Social assistance	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.2	5.2	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.6	8.3	8.5	7.7	8.1	9.6	10.7	9.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.5	2.9	2.3
Accommodation and food services	6.1	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.1	6.7	7.1	7.8	6.8
Accommodation .....	.9	1.2	.8	.7	.6	.8	1.0	1.2	.8	.8	1.5	2.2	1.2
Food services and drinking places	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.7	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.6
Other services	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.5	5.1	5.1	4.7	5.4	5.0	4.6	5.1
Other services, except private													
households	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
Personal and laundry services	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Private households .....	.6	.6	.6	.3	.3	.4	.6	.6	.5	.7	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.3	4.0	4.4	3.6	3.5	3.7	5.2	5.7	4.8	4.5	4.6	5.1	4.5
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.7	.7	.7	1.9	1.3	3.3	1.4	1.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	14,082	3,815	10,267	17,521	12,046	5,475	27,671	14,650	4,321	8,700	18,315	5,665	12,649
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.3	.1	.3	.3	.2	.5	1.3	.4	1.5	2.8	.8	2.0	.3
Construction	11.6	12.7	11.1	11.3	11.0	11.9	15.7	16.6	14.2	14.9	14.7	16.5	13.9
Manufacturing	13.5	14.3	13.2	21.3	22.7	18.3	13.5	11.5	19.2	14.0	11.9	9.5	13.0
Durable goods	8.8	10.2	8.3	15.0	16.6	11.6	8.5	7.0	13.4	8.5	8.6	7.1	9.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.3	.5	.6	.6	.7	.6	.4	.7	.8	.5	.6	.4
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.9	2.1	1.8	3.6	4.1	2.4	1.7	1.3	2.4	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
Machinery manufacturing	1.3	1.1	1.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	1.0	.7	1.5	1.2	.6	.6	.6
Computer and electronic products	1.2	2.0	.9	.9	1.0	.9	.9	.7	.9	1.3	2.2	1.5	2.4
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.5	.6	.5	.7	.6	.8	.4	.3	.8	.4	.3	.2	.3
Transportation equipment	1.2	1.8	1.0	4.1	5.0	2.2	1.8	1.6	3.8	1.2	1.7	1.3	1.9
Wood products .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.7	.6	.5	1.1	.5	.5	.4	.6
Furniture and fixtures .....	.6	.3	.7	.9	.9	.9	.7	.6	1.4	.5	.6	.5	.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	.7	.8	.8	.6	1.0	.9	1.1
Nondurable goods	4.7	4.1	4.9	6.3	6.1	6.7	5.0	4.5	5.9	5.4	3.3	2.5	3.7
Food manufacturing	1.1	.7	1.2	1.9	1.5	2.8	1.1	.8	1.1	1.5	.9	1.0	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.3	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.4	.5	.4	.2	.2	.2	.7	.9	.8	.2	.6	.2	.8
Paper and printing	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.3	.9	1.0	1.3	.8	.7	.5	.8
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.3	.1	.1	.7	.1	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	.9	1.3	1.4	.5	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.5	.4	.5	1.1	1.2	.9	.7	.6	.9	.7	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.5	15.4	15.8	15.1	15.2	14.6	15.2	15.3	15.0	15.4
Wholesale trade	4.0	3.6	4.1	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1
Retail trade	11.2	11.4	11.1	10.8	10.7	11.1	11.0	11.2	10.6	10.9	11.2	10.9	11.3
Transportation and utilities	7.7	6.0	8.3	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.1	8.4	8.0	6.6	6.8	6.5
Transportation and warehousing	6.6	4.9	7.2	6.2	6.3	5.9	6.1	5.7	6.5	6.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
Utilities	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.0	1.2	.9
Information	2.9	2.6	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	1.9	2.3	2.9	2.5	3.1
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.4	.5	.4	.4	.6	.5	.7
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.1	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.3	.4	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4	.6	.4
Telecommunications	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	.8	1.1	.9	.8	.9
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.3
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Financial activities	7.6	7.6	7.6	5.6	5.4	6.0	5.5	6.2	4.2	5.2	6.0	6.0	6.0
Finance and insurance	5.4	5.3	5.5	3.9	3.8	4.2	3.4	3.6	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.5
Finance	3.9	3.3	4.1	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.2	2.5	1.6	2.0	2.7	2.8	2.6
Insurance	1.6	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	.9	1.0	.9
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.6	1.5	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.4
Real estate	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.6	2.0	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.9
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.5	.6	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5
Professional and business services ...	11.5	12.2	11.2	9.7	10.2	8.5	10.8	12.0	8.3	9.9	12.3	11.4	12.8
Professional and technical services	7.2	8.3	6.8	5.4	5.7	4.7	5.9	6.8	4.1	5.4	7.0	6.4	7.3
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	4.3	3.9	4.4	4.3	4.5	3.8	4.8	5.2	4.2	4.5	5.4	5.1	5.5
Administrative and support													
services	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.3	4.3	4.7	3.6	4.0	4.8	4.6	4.9
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.6	.4	.6	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.5	.4	.5	.4	.5
Education and health services	12.3	12.9	12.2	9.6	9.2	10.3	8.8	8.7	9.3	8.6	9.2	8.7	9.5
Educational services	6.0	6.4	5.8	5.1	4.8	5.8	4.6	4.5	5.1	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.9
Health care and social assistance ..	6.4	6.4	6.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.6
Hospitals	2.4	2.5	2.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5
Health services, except hospitals ..	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.0
Social assistance	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	.8	.9	.9	.7	1.1	1.0	1.2
Leisure and hospitality	7.7	7.2	7.9	6.7	6.8	6.5	7.4	7.9	6.2	7.1	8.8	9.8	8.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.4	2.4	2.9	2.2
Accommodation and food services	5.7	5.4	5.9	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.7	6.0	4.5	5.7	6.4	6.9	6.1
Accommodation .....	.8	.9	.8	.5	.5	.6	.8	.9	.5	.6	1.3	1.8	1.0
Food services and drinking places	4.9	4.4	5.1	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.9	5.1	4.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Other services	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.6
Other services, except private													
households	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.8	4.3	4.1	4.4
Repair and maintenance	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7
Personal and laundry services ....	.9	.8	.9	.7	.7	.6	.8	.8	.7	.9	.8	.7	.8
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	.9
Private households .....	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2
Public administration	4.7	4.3	4.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	5.3	5.8	5.3	4.5	4.4	4.9	4.2
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.9	.9	.9	2.8	1.8	4.9	2.0	1.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,591	3,473	9,118	15,588	10,637	4,951	23,934	13,070	3,771	7,093	14,880	4,613	10,267
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.7	.1	.3	(¹)
Construction	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.9	2.1	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.7	1.8
Manufacturing	6.5	7.0	6.4	9.4	10.0	8.0	6.8	6.1	10.3	6.3	6.1	4.7	6.8
Durable goods	3.4	4.5	3.0	5.7	6.3	4.4	3.6	3.1	6.4	3.2	3.5	2.9	3.8
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.4	.6	.4	.8	1.0	.5	.4	.3	.7	.4	.3	.4	.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.3	.4	.3	.7	.8	.6	.3	.2	.6	.4	.2	.2	.2
Computer and electronic products .....	.7	1.1	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.5	.6	.8	1.1	.9	1.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.4	.2	.4	.4	.4	.3	.2	.6	.2	.1	.1	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.4	.6	.3	1.6	2.0	.8	.8	.6	1.9	.5	.6	.3	.7
Wood products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.4	.1	.2	.1	.2
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.2	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.6	.2	.1	.1	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.9	1.1	.8	.8	.7	1.0	.6	.5	.8	.6	.8	.7	.9
Nondurable goods	3.1	2.5	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.9	3.1	2.6	1.9	3.0
Food manufacturing .....	.7	.4	.7	1.1	.9	1.4	.9	.8	.9	1.2	.8	.7	.8
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.8	.6	.8	.3	.3	.4	.8	.8	1.3	.5	.7	.2	1.0
Paper and printing .....	.4	.5	.4	.8	.8	.8	.5	.6	.6	.4	.4	.4	.4
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals .....	.9	.5	1.0	.7	.9	.4	.5	.5	.6	.5	.4	.3	.4
Plastic and rubber products .....	.2	.3	.2	.6	.7	.5	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.1	13.0	13.1	14.1	14.1	14.3	14.7	14.4	14.9	15.1	14.5	14.5	14.5
Wholesale trade	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.8	2.4
Retail trade	11.3	11.6	11.1	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.8	12.5	13.3	12.9	12.3	12.7	12.1
Transportation and utilities	2.7	2.1	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.4
Transportation and warehousing	2.4	1.8	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.0
Utilities .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4
Information	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.1	2.6	2.5	2.6
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	1.0	.9	.6	.6	.7	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.2	.3	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.5	.1	.6
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3
Telecommunications .....	.7	.6	.7	.6	.5	.7	.7	.7	.5	.8	.7	.8	.6
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	.1
Other information services .....	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Financial activities	8.5	9.1	8.3	8.8	8.4	9.4	8.5	9.1	7.6	7.9	9.1	9.8	8.8
Finance and insurance	6.5	7.0	6.3	7.0	6.7	7.6	6.0	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.7	5.5
Finance	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.6	3.8	4.0	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.4	3.8
Insurance	2.3	2.9	2.1	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.2	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.8	1.9	2.1	3.2	3.1	3.3
Real estate	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.2	2.6	1.6	1.8	2.9	2.8	2.9
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3
Professional and business services ...	9.7	9.4	9.7	8.1	7.9	8.4	9.5	10.7	7.3	8.6	10.6	9.7	11.0
Professional and technical services	6.5	6.7	6.5	4.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	6.4	4.1	5.1	6.8	5.6	7.3
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.1	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.9	4.3	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.0	3.7
Administrative and support													
services	2.9	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.7	4.1	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.4
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Education and health services	37.6	37.0	37.7	34.7	34.7	34.8	32.7	31.7	33.6	34.0	30.0	29.4	30.3
Educational services	14.1	13.9	14.1	12.5	12.6	12.3	13.2	12.3	13.8	14.3	11.9	12.5	11.7
Health care and social assistance ..	23.5	23.2	23.6	22.2	22.1	22.5	19.5	19.4	19.8	19.6	18.1	16.9	18.7
Hospitals	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.6	6.5	6.3	6.3	7.0	5.9	5.3	5.1	5.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	7.8	7.7	7.8	6.8	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.1	5.8	7.4	6.9	6.4	7.0
Social assistance	8.2	8.0	8.3	8.1	7.5	9.3	6.3	6.0	7.0	6.3	5.9	5.4	6.2
Leisure and hospitality	8.3	9.2	8.0	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.3	9.2	9.5	9.4	10.6	11.9	10.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.6	2.9	2.4
Accommodation and food services	6.6	7.4	6.3	7.4	7.5	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.9	7.9	8.1	9.0	7.6
Accommodation	1.1	1.4	.9	.9	.8	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.8	2.7	1.4
Food services and drinking places	5.5	6.0	5.3	6.5	6.7	6.2	6.4	6.0	6.7	6.9	6.2	6.3	6.2
Other services	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.7	5.7	5.2	6.0	5.6	5.1	5.9
Other services, except private													
households	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.2
Repair and maintenance .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5
Personal and laundry services	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.4
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4
Private households	1.1	1.1	1.1	.7	.7	.7	1.2	1.1	.9	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.6
Public administration	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.7	5.0	5.5	4.3	4.4	4.9	5.3	4.8
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.4	.4	.4	1.0	.8	1.5	.7	.5	1.0	.8	1.2	1.3	1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	22,202	6,562	15,640	29,054	19,573	9,481	40,418	21,002	6,514	12,902	27,258	9,290	17,968
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.3	.9	.3	.9	2.1	.5	1.3	.2
Construction	7.3	7.6	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.3	10.4	11.2	9.0	9.9	9.9	10.6	9.5
Manufacturing	10.6	10.7	10.5	15.9	17.2	13.2	10.3	9.0	14.4	10.2	9.3	7.4	10.3
Durable goods	6.6	7.4	6.3	10.8	12.1	8.1	6.2	5.3	9.8	6.0	6.1	5.2	6.7
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.3	1.4	1.3	2.4	2.8	1.4	1.2	.9	1.6	1.4	.9	.9	.9
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	.8	.9	1.7	1.9	1.4	.7	.5	1.0	.8	.4	.4	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.0	1.6	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.6	.7	.9	1.4	1.2	1.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.5	.6	.3	.3	.6	.2	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.3	.6	2.8	3.4	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.8	.9	1.2	.9	1.4
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.7	.3	.4	.3	.5
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.2	.5	.7	.8	.6	.6	.5	.9	.4	.4	.3	.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	.7	.7	.8	.6	.8	.7	.9
Nondurable goods	4.0	3.3	4.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.0	3.7	4.6	4.2	3.1	2.2	3.6
Food manufacturing .....	.9	.5	1.1	1.5	1.3	2.1	.9	.7	.8	1.2	.9	.9	.9
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.5	.6	.5	.2	.2	.3	.7	.9	.9	.3	.6	.2	.9
Paper and printing .....	.8	.9	.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	.8	.8	1.0	.6	.6	.4	.6
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	(¹)	.1
Chemicals	1.2	.8	1.4	1.0	1.1	.8	.9	.7	1.0	1.1	.4	.4	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.3	.4	.9	1.0	.7	.5	.4	.7	.5	.2	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	14.5	14.3	14.6	15.3	15.3	15.4	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.1	15.0	15.1
Wholesale trade	3.1	2.7	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.4
Retail trade	11.4	11.6	11.3	11.8	11.7	11.9	11.9	12.0	12.2	11.8	11.7	11.8	11.7
Transportation and utilities	4.9	4.1	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.6	5.6	5.5	4.6	5.0	4.4
Transportation and warehousing	4.2	3.4	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.6	4.2	4.4	3.9	4.1	3.7
Utilities .....	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.9	1.0	.9	1.4	1.1	.7	.9	.7
Information	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.1	2.8	2.5	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	.9	.9	.7	.7	.7	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.3
Telecommunications .....	.8	.9	.8	.7	.6	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Financial activities	8.0	8.3	7.8	7.1	6.8	7.6	7.2	7.9	6.1	6.7	7.1	7.6	6.9
Finance and insurance	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.3	5.1	5.9	4.7	4.9	4.4	4.6	4.4	5.0	4.1
Finance	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.2	3.0	3.6	3.0	3.2	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.4	2.9
Insurance	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.3
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.5	3.0	1.8	2.1	2.7	2.6	2.8
Real estate	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	2.1	2.5	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.4
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.7	10.9	10.6	8.7	8.9	8.2	10.4	11.6	8.2	9.5	11.6	10.7	12.1
Professional and technical services	7.0	7.6	6.8	5.0	5.1	4.8	6.2	7.1	4.7	5.6	6.9	6.1	7.2
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	3.7	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.4	4.2	4.6	3.5	3.9	4.8	4.6	4.8
Administrative and support													
services	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.8	4.2	3.1	3.6	4.3	4.3	4.4
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.3	.2	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.4	.2	.3	.2	.4
Education and health services	23.2	24.1	22.9	20.8	20.4	21.6	18.7	18.2	19.7	19.0	18.0	17.9	18.0
Educational services	10.2	10.3	10.2	8.7	8.5	8.9	8.6	8.2	8.9	9.0	8.1	8.2	8.1
Health care and social assistance ..	13.0	13.8	12.7	12.1	11.8	12.6	10.1	10.0	10.8	10.0	9.8	9.7	9.9
Hospitals	4.2	4.6	4.0	4.1	4.2	3.9	3.4	3.4	4.0	3.1	2.8	3.0	2.8
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.7	4.9	4.6	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.2	3.9	3.8	4.0
Social assistance	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.6	4.9	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.6	3.1	2.9	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	7.9	7.8	8.0	7.6	7.7	7.3	8.0	8.2	7.2	7.9	9.5	10.3	9.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.4	2.5	2.8	2.3
Accommodation and food services	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.2	5.8	6.2	6.3	5.6	6.5	7.0	7.5	6.7
Accommodation .....	.9	1.1	.8	.6	.6	.7	.9	1.0	.7	.8	1.4	2.0	1.1
Food services and drinking places	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.1	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.7
Other services	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.5	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.5	4.9	4.6	5.1
Other services, except private													
households	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.1	4.1	4.2
Repair and maintenance	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1
Private households .....	.5	.6	.5	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.4	.7	.8	.5	.9
Public administration	4.2	3.9	4.3	3.4	3.3	3.6	4.8	5.2	4.5	4.3	4.5	5.1	4.2
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.8	.7	.8	2.2	1.5	3.6	1.6	1.2	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,786	386	2,400	2,731	2,219	511	8,867	5,560	1,380	1,927	1,422	313	1,109
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.3	.1	.4	1.0	.3	.3	.2
Construction	3.5	5.0	3.3	2.7	2.8	2.2	4.7	5.2	4.0	3.9	4.1	5.3	3.7
Manufacturing	6.2	8.2	5.8	13.1	13.3	12.5	10.8	9.1	18.3	10.5	5.0	6.3	4.6
Durable goods	3.3	5.0	3.0	8.6	9.1	6.5	5.8	4.6	11.9	5.0	3.3	4.0	3.1
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.1	.3	.2	.2	.3	.4	.3	.5	.7	.3	.8	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.6	1.0	.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	.9	.8	1.9	.8	.1	.1	.1
Machinery manufacturing .....	.3	.5	.3	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	1.0	.7	.2	.3	.1
Computer and electronic products .....	.6	.6	.5	.4	.3	.7	.6	.5	.8	.9	.8	1.0	.7
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.7	.3	.6	.6	.7	.4	.2	1.1	.4	.1	(¹)	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.5	.3	.5	4.0	4.6	1.3	1.5	1.2	3.8	.9	1.1	.7	1.2
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.5	.4	1.0	.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.4	.4	.3	1.3	.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.6	1.7	.4	.6	.5	.9	.5	.5	.5	.2	.7	1.0	.6
Nondurable goods	2.9	3.2	2.8	4.5	4.1	6.0	5.0	4.5	6.3	5.5	1.7	2.2	1.6
Food manufacturing .....	.8	1.2	.8	1.4	1.1	2.7	1.7	1.4	2.0	2.4	.4	1.1	.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	(¹)	.4
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.3	.4	.2	.3	.3	.3	.9	.8	1.9	.4	.1	(¹)	.1
Paper and printing .....	.4	.1	.4	.7	.5	1.5	.8	.9	.7	.5	.5	.8	.4
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	.5	.3	(¹)	.4
Chemicals	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	.8	.7	.8	.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.4	.3	.8	.9	.3	.5	.5	.7	.5	.1	.4	(¹)
Wholesale and retail trade	11.6	12.0	11.6	10.5	10.2	11.6	13.4	13.3	12.6	14.2	14.1	12.2	14.6
Wholesale trade	1.6	1.0	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.9
Retail trade	10.0	11.0	9.8	9.0	8.8	9.8	11.3	11.2	10.9	12.1	12.1	10.1	12.7
Transportation and utilities	9.6	6.9	10.1	8.0	8.4	6.0	7.3	6.9	7.4	8.3	7.3	6.3	7.5
Transportation and warehousing	8.9	5.0	9.6	7.1	7.4	5.5	6.4	6.1	6.4	7.5	6.3	5.8	6.5
Utilities .....	.7	1.9	.5	.9	1.0	.5	.8	.8	1.0	.8	.9	.5	1.0
Information	2.6	1.3	2.9	3.0	3.3	1.7	2.4	2.5	1.6	2.8	3.5	3.3	3.5
Publishing, except Internet .....	.3	.6	.3	.6	.7	.3	.5	.5	.3	.5	.5	.1	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	(¹)	.3	.1	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.3	.6	.1	.8
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.1	.4	.7	.9	(¹)	.4	.5	.4	.3	.6	1.0	.5
Telecommunications	1.2	.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.5
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Other information services .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	(¹)	.2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Financial activities	7.6	7.3	7.7	7.5	7.1	9.1	5.9	6.5	4.5	5.2	9.0	10.7	8.5
Finance and insurance	5.2	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.2	7.3	4.2	4.6	3.3	3.8	6.2	7.2	5.9
Finance	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.4	4.5	2.6	2.9	1.9	2.3	4.7	5.4	4.5
Insurance	1.7	1.1	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.4
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.4	2.6	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.1	1.4	2.8	3.6	2.6
Real estate	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	.7	.9	2.5	2.4	2.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.5	.4	.5	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.3	1.2	.1
Professional and business services ...	8.9	9.6	8.8	9.9	10.1	9.3	8.9	10.0	6.0	7.8	11.3	12.2	11.1
Professional and technical services	4.0	4.6	3.9	3.3	3.4	2.6	3.2	3.9	1.4	2.4	5.3	5.0	5.4
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.9	5.0	4.9	6.7	6.6	6.7	5.7	6.0	4.6	5.4	6.0	7.1	5.7
Administrative and support services	4.5	4.6	4.4	6.2	6.3	5.7	5.1	5.5	4.4	4.6	5.6	6.7	5.3
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.6	.5	.4	.2	.8	.3	.4	.2
Education and health services	33.3	29.6	33.9	27.5	27.0	29.6	25.4	25.1	24.6	26.6	24.3	20.7	25.4
Educational services	8.2	5.7	8.6	7.5	7.7	6.6	9.0	8.6	9.6	9.6	8.8	7.6	9.2
Health care and social assistance ..	25.1	23.9	25.3	20.0	19.3	23.0	16.4	16.5	15.0	17.0	15.5	13.1	16.2
Hospitals	8.6	7.2	8.8	6.0	6.1	5.6	5.3	5.2	5.6	5.3	4.6	3.5	4.9
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.9	5.6	5.9	4.5	4.2	6.0	4.1	4.4	2.5	4.6	4.0	4.6	3.8
Social assistance	10.6	11.1	10.6	9.4	9.0	11.4	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	6.9	4.9	7.4
Leisure and hospitality	6.5	8.5	6.2	7.6	7.4	8.5	8.7	8.7	9.6	8.0	8.8	12.6	7.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.5	3.0	2.8	3.1
Accommodation and food services	5.3	7.3	4.9	6.6	6.3	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.9	6.5	5.8	9.8	4.6
Accommodation	1.1	2.5	.9	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.5	.9	1.6	4.2	.9
Food services and drinking places	4.1	4.8	4.0	5.4	5.2	6.4	5.8	5.7	6.4	5.6	4.2	5.6	3.8
Other services	4.3	4.9	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.6	3.7	4.7	4.6	4.0	4.8
Other services, except private households	3.3	4.2	3.2	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.9	4.1	3.1	3.9	4.3	3.7	4.5
Repair and maintenance .....	.7	.9	.6	.5	.4	1.1	1.0	1.1	.7	1.0	.8	1.6	.6
Personal and laundry services	1.3	1.6	1.2	2.0	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.0	2.2
Membership associations and organizations	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	.8	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.6
Private households	1.0	.7	1.0	.2	.2	.2	.6	.5	.6	.8	.3	.3	.3
Public administration	5.7	6.5	5.6	5.9	6.1	5.0	7.1	7.6	6.3	6.4	7.6	5.9	8.1
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.6	.5	.9	.7	.2	.3	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,396	257	1,139	807	580	228	1,298	769	67	462	3,038	259	2,780
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.5	(¹)
Construction	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.4	2.1	3.2	3.2	1.0	3.4	2.8	2.0	2.8
Manufacturing	11.7	16.2	10.7	19.0	16.0	26.4	11.7	8.0	15.4	17.2	12.6	10.1	12.8
Durable goods	6.5	13.0	5.1	13.5	12.1	17.3	8.5	5.5	8.5	13.5	9.7	8.0	9.9
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.4	.2	.2	(¹)	.8	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.6	1.6	.4	1.1	.8	2.0	.4	.2	1.2	.7	.4	.3	.4
Machinery manufacturing .....	.6	1.2	.5	1.9	1.6	2.4	1.0	.4	.7	2.1	.4	.3	.4
Computer and electronic products	1.6	3.2	1.2	2.8	2.6	3.5	3.8	1.8	2.4	7.5	4.9	3.4	5.0
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.5	.6	.5	.6	.4	1.1	.5	.3	.6	.8	.3	.7	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.8	1.6	.6	4.3	4.9	2.8	1.2	1.2	2.4	1.1	1.3	.9	1.4
Wood products .....	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.2	.1	(¹)	.3	.1	(¹)	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.2	.5	.3	.9	.3	.5	(¹)	.1	.3	(¹)	.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.8	4.2	1.3	1.9	1.3	3.6	.9	.9	1.3	.8	1.8	2.1	1.8
Nondurable goods	5.2	3.1	5.7	5.4	4.0	9.1	3.2	2.5	6.9	3.7	2.9	2.1	3.0
Food manufacturing .....	.4	.2	.5	1.4	.4	3.9	.4	.2	2.0	.6	.6	.1	.6
Beverage and tobacco products	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.3	.4	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	.1
Textile, apparel, and leather	2.0	.5	2.3	.7	.6	.8	.7	.7	(¹)	.9	1.1	.3	1.1
Paper and printing .....	.7	1.0	.6	1.0	.8	1.6	.3	.4	.5	.2	.5	.3	.5
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.4	(¹)	.1	(¹)
Chemicals	1.7	.8	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.0	.8	4.5	.9	.6	1.3	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.5	.3	.9	.8	1.2	.3	.2	(¹)	.5	.1	(¹)	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	13.8	9.1	14.9	12.8	13.8	10.1	13.9	14.1	8.2	14.5	13.8	11.9	13.9
Wholesale trade	3.0	1.2	3.4	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.4	1.8	2.2	3.5	3.3	1.7	3.4
Retail trade	10.8	7.9	11.5	10.8	11.7	8.4	11.5	12.2	5.9	11.1	10.5	10.2	10.5
Transportation and utilities	3.8	.9	4.4	3.5	4.3	1.4	3.2	3.1	2.0	3.7	4.7	4.1	4.8
Transportation and warehousing	3.6	.6	4.2	2.7	3.4	1.2	3.0	2.8	2.0	3.4	4.2	4.0	4.2
Utilities .....	.2	.3	.2	.7	.9	.3	.3	.3	(¹)	.3	.5	.1	.6
Information	3.1	2.2	3.3	2.4	2.6	1.8	2.9	2.0	1.6	4.8	2.8	1.7	2.9
Publishing, except Internet	1.2	1.0	1.2	.4	.3	.6	.4	.3	1.6	.3	.7	.2	.8
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.4	.1	.5
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	(¹)	.5	.2	.2	.3	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.3	.4	.3
Telecommunications .....	.5	.1	.6	1.0	1.2	.6	2.1	1.3	(¹)	3.9	.9	.6	1.0
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.3	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.2
Other information services .....	.4	1.0	.3	.4	.6	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.3	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Financial activities	10.3	10.6	10.2	6.7	7.4	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.8	4.8	9.0	9.9	8.9
Finance and insurance	8.9	9.0	8.9	6.1	7.1	3.7	3.7	3.9	5.8	3.2	6.1	6.9	6.0
Finance	7.3	7.0	7.3	4.6	5.4	2.7	3.1	3.1	4.9	2.8	4.7	5.4	4.6
Insurance	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.0	.7	.8	.8	.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.4	1.7	1.4	.6	.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	(¹)	1.6	2.9	3.0	2.9
Real estate	1.3	1.5	1.3	.6	.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	(¹)	1.3	2.5	2.4	2.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.1	.2	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.3	.3	(¹)	.3	.4	.5	.4
Professional and business services ...	12.7	11.2	13.0	14.9	15.1	14.6	13.8	17.2	3.6	9.6	12.2	10.1	12.4
Professional and technical services	10.5	9.4	10.8	11.6	11.8	11.2	11.3	14.1	3.6	7.7	9.2	8.5	9.2
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	2.2	1.8	2.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	2.5	3.1	(¹)	1.9	3.0	1.6	3.2
Administrative and support													
services	1.7	1.2	1.8	3.1	3.0	3.3	2.2	2.9	(¹)	1.3	2.9	1.6	3.0
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.2	.5	.1	.2	.2	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.3	.1	(¹)	.1
Education and health services	22.7	25.8	22.0	24.2	24.9	22.4	20.7	19.8	36.5	20.1	20.6	16.3	21.0
Educational services	6.8	9.5	6.2	9.7	8.3	13.1	7.7	6.8	27.7	6.3	6.0	5.5	6.1
Health care and social assistance ..	15.9	16.3	15.8	14.5	16.6	9.3	13.0	12.9	8.7	13.9	14.6	10.8	14.9
Hospitals	7.5	8.3	7.3	6.9	8.1	4.0	6.1	5.9	3.0	7.0	5.2	3.8	5.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.9	5.1	6.0	4.4	5.0	2.9	4.6	4.7	2.0	4.8	6.0	4.9	6.1
Social assistance	2.6	2.9	2.5	3.2	3.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	3.7	2.1	3.3	2.2	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	11.5	15.7	10.5	8.6	7.6	11.2	12.8	13.0	12.8	12.4	10.5	21.7	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.2	1.9	1.0	.8	.7	1.1	.7	.9	(¹)	.5	2.1	6.9	1.7
Accommodation and food services	10.3	13.7	9.5	7.8	6.9	10.1	12.1	12.2	12.8	12.0	8.3	14.7	7.7
Accommodation	1.0	1.5	.9	.9	.7	1.4	1.9	2.1	2.7	1.2	2.2	7.9	1.6
Food services and drinking places	9.3	12.3	8.6	6.9	6.2	8.7	10.3	10.0	10.2	10.7	6.1	6.8	6.1
Other services	5.9	4.5	6.3	4.8	5.3	3.4	8.2	8.6	8.7	7.3	6.0	8.6	5.8
Other services, except private													
households	5.6	3.8	6.0	4.6	5.3	3.1	8.0	8.4	8.7	7.2	5.6	8.5	5.3
Repair and maintenance .....	.9	.5	.9	.8	1.0	.4	1.3	1.4	.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	1.7
Personal and laundry services	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.9	2.3	5.8	6.1	6.7	5.2	2.9	6.2	2.6
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.6	.4	1.8	.4	.4	.3	.8	.9	1.3	.5	1.0	.3	1.1
Private households .....	.3	.7	.3	.1	(¹)	.3	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.4	.1	.4
Public administration	2.4	1.7	2.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	4.0	5.4	4.5	1.6	4.3	2.8	4.4
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.1	.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.8	.4	.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,612	433	2,179	1,650	1,240	409	7,438	3,242	248	3,948	7,976	2,058	5,918
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	.9	(¹)	(¹)	1.7	.3	.7	.2
Construction	9.6	9.3	9.7	10.3	10.0	11.1	19.1	22.8	31.7	15.3	13.9	17.9	12.5
Manufacturing	11.9	13.2	11.6	23.5	23.0	24.8	10.9	9.1	20.3	11.8	11.3	8.6	12.2
Durable goods	6.1	7.9	5.8	12.9	14.6	7.6	5.9	4.7	12.8	6.4	6.2	5.1	6.6
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.3	.3	.5	.5	.5	.6	.4	.9	.7	.4	.4	.5
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.2	1.7	1.1	2.6	3.2	.8	1.0	.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	.8	1.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.5	.6	.5	1.7	1.9	1.0	.4	.1	.3	.7	.4	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products .....	.7	1.2	.6	.7	.7	.6	.6	.4	1.2	.8	.7	.7	.7
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.8	.3	.9	1.0	.7	.2	.2	.7	.2	.2	.2	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.6	.9	.5	2.7	3.2	1.3	.9	.8	3.0	.8	1.0	.6	1.1
Wood products .....	.2	(¹)	.2	.8	.8	.7	.6	.5	1.9	.6	.4	.5	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.6	.1	.7	1.2	1.2	1.0	.7	.6	3.1	.7	.7	.5	.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.8	2.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	.8	.9	.9	.7	.9	1.0	.9	1.1
Nondurable goods	5.8	5.3	5.9	10.6	8.4	17.2	5.0	4.4	7.6	5.4	5.1	3.5	5.6
Food manufacturing	1.6	2.0	1.5	6.1	3.7	13.3	2.0	1.4	3.9	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.7
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.3	.1	.3	.2	.6	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.3	.9	1.4	.5	.6	.2	1.0	1.4	1.5	.5	1.6	.3	2.0
Paper and printing	1.0	.5	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	.6	.5	.2	.6	.6	.5	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	(¹)	.1
Chemicals	1.1	.5	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	.6	.5	.3	.7	.4	.3	.5
Plastic and rubber products .....	.6	1.1	.5	1.2	1.4	.6	.5	.2	1.5	.6	.5	.4	.5
Wholesale and retail trade	13.3	11.8	13.6	12.3	12.9	10.4	14.1	14.7	5.6	14.2	14.4	13.7	14.7
Wholesale trade	3.2	2.2	3.4	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.8	1.7	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.2
Retail trade	10.2	9.6	10.3	9.4	10.1	7.2	10.8	10.9	3.9	11.2	11.3	11.0	11.5
Transportation and utilities	6.5	3.7	7.0	4.0	4.4	3.1	4.7	4.3	2.2	5.2	4.6	3.6	4.9
Transportation and warehousing	6.1	3.5	6.7	3.3	3.7	2.1	4.1	3.7	2.2	4.5	4.1	3.1	4.5
Utilities .....	.3	.2	.3	.8	.7	1.0	.6	.5	(¹)	.7	.4	.5	.4
Information	2.1	1.4	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	.5	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.8
Publishing, except Internet .....	.7	.3	.8	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	(¹)	.4	.3	.3	.3
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	.1	.1	.3	.3	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.3	.1	.4
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.3	.5	.4	.5	(¹)	.4	.2	.4	.2
Telecommunications .....	.6	.5	.7	.7	.7	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6
Internet service providers and data processing services	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Financial activities	6.0	6.8	5.9	5.5	5.7	5.0	5.2	6.2	1.1	4.7	5.2	5.2	5.2
Finance and insurance	3.3	4.0	3.1	4.2	4.5	3.0	3.1	3.6	.9	2.9	2.9	3.2	2.7
Finance	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8	1.9	2.2	2.6	.4	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.0
Insurance .....	.8	1.6	.6	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	.5	1.0	.8	1.0	.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.8	2.7	2.8	1.3	1.1	1.9	2.1	2.6	.2	1.8	2.3	1.9	2.5
Real estate	2.5	2.3	2.6	1.3	1.1	1.9	1.6	2.0	.2	1.3	1.9	1.6	2.1
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.5	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.5	.6	(¹)	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.9	11.6	10.8	11.3	11.6	10.4	9.0	10.7	7.9	7.6	10.0	9.8	10.1
Professional and technical services	2.9	3.3	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.8	3.3	.4	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.8
Management, administrative, and													
waste services	8.0	8.3	7.9	8.8	9.0	8.2	6.3	7.5	7.6	5.2	7.3	7.3	7.2
Administrative and support													
services	7.5	7.8	7.5	8.4	8.7	7.5	5.9	7.1	7.6	4.9	6.7	7.0	6.6
Waste management and													
remediation services .....	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	(¹)	.3	.4	.2	.5
Education and health services	19.0	19.9	18.9	10.7	11.1	9.4	13.1	10.0	7.2	16.0	13.5	12.8	13.8
Educational services	5.7	5.0	5.9	4.8	5.1	3.8	5.5	3.3	3.4	7.4	5.4	5.2	5.4
Health care and social assistance ..	13.3	14.9	13.0	5.9	6.0	5.6	7.6	6.8	3.9	8.6	8.1	7.5	8.4
Hospitals	3.1	4.0	2.9	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.5	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.3
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.2	3.7	5.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	3.3	2.8	1.0	3.9	2.6	2.2	2.7
Social assistance	5.1	7.2	4.7	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1	1.4	2.6	3.4	3.4	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	11.2	12.9	10.8	13.8	12.8	16.6	11.4	11.2	14.1	11.5	12.5	15.2	11.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.6	2.5	.9	2.1	3.4	1.6
Accommodation and food services	9.8	11.1	9.5	12.4	11.5	15.1	10.2	9.6	11.6	10.6	10.4	11.9	10.0
Accommodation	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.1	2.2	1.7	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.9	3.0	1.6
Food services and drinking places	8.2	9.3	8.0	11.0	10.4	12.9	8.4	7.4	9.7	9.2	8.5	8.8	8.4
Other services	6.4	6.3	6.4	3.4	3.6	2.7	5.6	5.3	4.0	6.0	5.8	4.9	6.1
Other services, except private													
households	5.0	5.2	5.0	3.0	3.2	2.5	4.3	4.0	2.6	4.7	4.2	4.0	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.6	2.2	1.4	1.2	1.4	.8	2.2	2.0	1.4	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.3
Personal and laundry services	2.2	1.8	2.3	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.4	.6	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.4
Membership associations and													
organizations	1.2	1.2	1.2	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.8	.6
Private households	1.3	1.1	1.4	.3	.4	.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.6	.8	1.8
Public administration	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.9	2.7	2.3	2.4	3.1	3.1	4.0	2.8
Agricultural and related private wage													
and salary workers .....	.4	.3	.5	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	1.4	3.5	2.0	4.1

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Northeast	26,673	179	98	78	26,494	24,805	21,136	149	3,669	478	3,191	1,675
New England	7,288	49	30	18	7,239	6,700	5,807	43	894	111	783	535
Middle Atlantic	19,385	130	67	60	19,255	18,105	15,329	107	2,776	367	2,408	1,140
Midwest	33,109	642	261	377	32,467	30,558	26,297	114	4,261	565	3,695	1,893
East North Central	22,683	298	136	160	22,385	21,111	18,299	76	2,812	390	2,423	1,263
West North Central	10,426	343	125	216	10,083	9,447	7,998	38	1,448	175	1,273	631
South	51,605	723	424	294	50,882	47,636	39,858	303	7,778	1,554	6,224	3,216
South Atlantic	27,719	280	183	97	27,439	25,873	21,658	154	4,215	997	3,219	1,556
East South Central	8,092	153	71	80	7,939	7,392	6,173	37	1,219	208	1,011	543
West South Central	15,794	290	171	117	15,504	14,372	12,028	112	2,344	350	1,994	1,117
West	33,195	661	505	150	32,534	29,594	24,943	238	4,651	736	3,915	2,913
Mountain	10,278	198	124	71	10,080	9,346	7,837	51	1,509	284	1,226	728
Pacific	22,916	463	381	79	22,454	20,248	17,106	187	3,142	452	2,689	2,185
Men												
Northeast	14,082	127	70	56	13,955	12,859	11,238	9	1,621	286	1,335	1,093
New England	3,815	34	20	14	3,781	3,432	3,044	3	388	71	318	348
Middle Atlantic	10,267	93	50	42	10,174	9,427	8,195	6	1,232	215	1,017	745
Midwest	17,521	486	199	284	17,035	15,916	14,145	6	1,771	301	1,470	1,114
East North Central	12,046	217	100	115	11,829	11,078	9,921	4	1,157	208	949	748
West North Central	5,475	269	99	169	5,206	4,838	4,224	2	614	93	521	366
South	27,671	566	346	218	27,105	25,057	21,759	20	3,298	872	2,426	2,039
South Atlantic	14,650	216	143	72	14,434	13,462	11,670	12	1,792	551	1,241	969
East South Central	4,321	115	58	56	4,206	3,849	3,313	3	536	120	416	355
West South Central	8,700	235	145	89	8,465	7,745	6,776	5	969	201	769	714
West	18,315	482	374	103	17,833	16,061	14,045	25	2,016	423	1,592	1,766
Mountain	5,665	140	89	49	5,525	5,105	4,453	5	652	158	494	421
Pacific	12,649	342	285	55	12,307	10,956	9,592	19	1,364	266	1,098	1,345
Women												
Northeast	12,591	52	27	22	12,539	11,946	9,898	140	2,049	192	1,856	582
New England	3,473	15	10	4	3,458	3,269	2,763	39	506	40	465	186
Middle Atlantic	9,118	37	17	18	9,081	8,678	7,135	101	1,543	152	1,391	396
Midwest	15,588	155	62	92	15,433	14,642	12,152	108	2,490	264	2,226	779
East North Central	10,637	82	36	45	10,556	10,034	8,378	72	1,656	182	1,474	514
West North Central	4,951	74	26	47	4,877	4,608	3,774	37	834	82	752	265
South	23,934	157	78	76	23,777	22,579	18,099	282	4,481	683	3,798	1,177
South Atlantic	13,070	64	39	25	13,005	12,411	9,988	142	2,423	445	1,978	587
East South Central	3,771	38	13	24	3,734	3,542	2,859	34	683	88	595	187
West South Central	7,093	54	26	28	7,039	6,626	5,252	106	1,375	149	1,225	403
West	14,880	179	131	46	14,701	13,533	10,898	213	2,635	313	2,323	1,147
Mountain	4,613	58	35	22	4,555	4,241	3,384	45	857	126	731	308
Pacific	10,267	121	96	24	10,146	9,292	7,514	167	1,778	187	1,591	839

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Northeast	22,202	174	94	78	22,028	20,542	17,533	115	3,010	374	2,636	1,475
New England	6,562	47	29	18	6,515	6,006	5,192	37	814	101	713	507
Middle Atlantic	15,640	127	65	59	15,513	14,537	12,341	78	2,196	273	1,923	968
Midwest	29,054	633	256	373	28,421	26,693	23,032	106	3,661	427	3,234	1,713
East North Central	19,573	293	132	159	19,279	18,150	15,799	70	2,351	279	2,072	1,118
West North Central	9,481	340	123	214	9,142	8,543	7,233	36	1,310	148	1,162	595
South	40,418	651	365	282	39,767	37,026	31,334	243	5,692	1,077	4,615	2,719
South Atlantic	21,002	253	159	93	20,749	19,470	16,531	121	2,938	661	2,277	1,271
East South Central	6,514	139	57	80	6,375	5,900	4,992	29	909	154	754	471
West South Central	12,902	259	148	110	12,643	11,656	9,811	93	1,845	261	1,584	977
West	27,258	603	464	133	26,655	24,191	20,480	210	3,710	531	3,180	2,444
Mountain	9,290	190	119	68	9,099	8,424	7,077	47	1,347	238	1,109	671
Pacific	17,968	413	345	65	17,555	15,767	13,404	162	2,363	293	2,070	1,773
Black or African American												
Northeast	2,786	2	2	(1)	2,784	2,697	2,198	27	499	65	434	86
New England	386	(1)	(1)	(1)	386	375	323	3	52	7	45	10
Middle Atlantic	2,400	2	2	(1)	2,398	2,322	1,875	25	447	58	389	76
Midwest	2,731	3	2	1	2,728	2,618	2,168	5	450	116	333	109
East North Central	2,219	2	1	1	2,217	2,128	1,751	5	377	100	277	89
West North Central	511	1	1	(1)	511	490	418	1	72	16	56	20
South	8,867	52	48	4	8,814	8,464	6,677	52	1,787	386	1,401	350
South Atlantic	5,560	26	23	3	5,534	5,314	4,187	29	1,126	273	854	220
East South Central	1,380	13	13	(1)	1,367	1,313	1,039	8	274	51	223	54
West South Central	1,927	13	13	1	1,914	1,838	1,451	15	387	63	324	75
West	1,422	3	2	1	1,419	1,327	1,028	4	298	51	247	92
Mountain	313	1	(1)	1	312	300	252	1	48	13	35	13
Pacific	1,109	2	2	(1)	1,107	1,027	777	3	250	38	212	80
Asian												
Northeast	1,396	1	1	(1)	1,395	1,299	1,175	5	124	33	92	93
New England	257	1	1	(1)	256	243	224	2	19	2	17	11
Middle Atlantic	1,139	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,139	1,056	950	3	105	31	74	82
Midwest	807	(1)	(1)	(1)	807	766	696	1	70	6	64	41
East North Central	580	(1)	(1)	(1)	580	545	503	(1)	41	5	37	35
West North Central	228	(1)	(1)	(1)	228	222	193	1	28	1	27	6
South	1,298	1	(1)	1	1,297	1,213	1,069	3	144	45	98	77
South Atlantic	769	(1)	(1)	(1)	769	724	633	2	90	38	53	44
East South Central	67	(1)	(1)	(1)	67	62	47	(1)	16	(1)	16	3
West South Central	462	1	(1)	1	461	427	389	1	37	8	30	30
West	3,038	24	14	9	3,015	2,740	2,336	12	404	101	303	269
Mountain	259	1	1	(1)	258	234	204	(1)	30	10	20	23
Pacific	2,780	23	13	9	2,757	2,506	2,132	12	374	91	283	246

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Northeast	2,612	11	10	1	2,601	2,490	2,252	35	238	29	209	111
New England	433	1	1	(¹)	431	414	378	5	35	4	32	18
Middle Atlantic	2,179	10	9	1	2,169	2,076	1,874	31	202	25	177	93
Midwest	1,650	18	18	(¹)	1,632	1,579	1,455	6	125	16	109	52
East North Central	1,240	12	12	(¹)	1,228	1,189	1,096	5	93	10	82	39
West North Central	409	6	6	(¹)	403	391	358	1	32	6	27	13
South	7,438	119	111	8	7,320	6,885	6,219	99	666	126	540	430
South Atlantic	3,242	57	54	3	3,185	3,005	2,809	43	197	54	143	179
East South Central	248	7	7	(¹)	241	232	219	4	13	2	10	9
West South Central	3,948	55	51	4	3,894	3,648	3,192	53	457	70	387	243
West	7,976	281	272	9	7,695	7,147	6,340	125	807	100	706	541
Mountain	2,058	40	34	6	2,018	1,908	1,685	17	224	38	185	108
Pacific	5,918	241	237	3	5,677	5,239	4,656	108	583	62	521	433

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Northeast	25,555	1,257	3,177	1,834	19,287	2,224	10,264	2,336	4,462	38.7	42.6
New England	6,947	411	950	603	4,982	530	2,372	760	1,321	38.4	43.0
Middle Atlantic	18,608	845	2,227	1,232	14,304	1,695	7,892	1,577	3,141	38.8	42.5
Midwest	31,732	1,675	3,966	2,422	23,670	2,176	11,851	3,631	6,012	39.0	43.2
East North Central	21,731	1,101	2,690	1,633	16,307	1,484	8,436	2,406	3,980	38.9	43.0
West North Central	10,001	574	1,275	789	7,363	691	3,415	1,225	2,032	39.2	43.6
South	49,686	1,958	5,080	3,450	39,199	3,187	22,248	4,725	9,038	39.7	42.8
South Atlantic	26,720	999	2,678	1,760	21,283	1,678	12,462	2,486	4,657	39.6	42.6
East South Central	7,772	334	857	559	6,022	547	3,329	771	1,375	39.5	42.8
West South Central	15,194	625	1,544	1,131	11,894	962	6,457	1,469	3,007	40.0	43.2
West	31,857	1,456	3,732	2,441	24,227	1,813	13,797	2,940	5,677	39.1	42.8
Mountain	9,859	465	1,127	750	7,516	610	4,004	1,014	1,889	39.4	43.1
Pacific	21,999	991	2,605	1,692	16,711	1,204	9,794	1,926	3,788	38.9	42.6
Men											
Northeast	13,614	450	1,098	753	11,313	819	5,813	1,457	3,225	41.5	44.0
New England	3,666	153	326	242	2,944	195	1,320	474	955	41.5	44.5
Middle Atlantic	9,948	297	772	511	8,369	623	4,493	982	2,271	41.5	43.8
Midwest	16,930	632	1,457	968	13,874	823	6,496	2,201	4,353	41.8	44.6
East North Central	11,637	413	985	650	9,589	545	4,641	1,483	2,921	41.7	44.4
West North Central	5,293	218	472	317	4,285	278	1,855	718	1,433	42.1	45.1
South	26,871	744	1,961	1,493	22,674	1,276	12,009	2,841	6,547	42.1	44.2
South Atlantic	14,237	365	1,003	740	12,128	657	6,688	1,495	3,288	41.9	43.8
East South Central	4,191	133	337	248	3,473	211	1,778	462	1,022	42.0	44.3
West South Central	8,443	245	620	505	7,073	409	3,543	885	2,237	42.6	44.9
West	17,736	550	1,444	1,099	14,643	812	8,012	1,796	4,024	41.4	43.7
Mountain	5,487	172	433	329	4,554	268	2,296	619	1,370	42.0	44.3
Pacific	12,249	379	1,012	770	10,089	543	5,716	1,176	2,653	41.1	43.5
Women											
Northeast	11,941	807	2,079	1,082	7,974	1,406	4,451	880	1,237	35.5	40.7
New England	3,281	258	624	361	2,038	334	1,052	285	366	34.9	41.0
Middle Atlantic	8,660	548	1,455	721	5,936	1,071	3,399	594	871	35.7	40.6
Midwest	14,802	1,043	2,509	1,454	9,796	1,353	5,355	1,430	1,659	35.8	41.3
East North Central	10,094	688	1,706	982	6,717	940	3,795	923	1,060	35.7	41.1
West North Central	4,708	355	803	472	3,078	413	1,559	507	599	35.9	41.5
South	22,815	1,214	3,119	1,958	16,525	1,910	10,239	1,884	2,491	36.9	41.0
South Atlantic	12,483	634	1,675	1,020	9,155	1,021	5,774	991	1,369	37.1	41.0
East South Central	3,581	201	520	311	2,549	336	1,551	309	353	36.6	40.7
West South Central	6,751	379	924	626	4,821	553	2,914	584	769	36.8	40.9
West	14,121	906	2,288	1,343	9,585	1,002	5,785	1,144	1,653	36.2	41.3
Mountain	4,372	293	695	421	2,962	341	1,708	394	519	36.2	41.3
Pacific	9,750	612	1,593	922	6,622	660	4,077	750	1,135	36.2	41.3

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	1,021	292	429	71	229	48	136	21	24	22.1	38.7
New England	327	106	134	24	63	13	34	8	8	21.1	38.2
Middle Atlantic	693	186	295	46	167	35	102	13	16	22.6	38.9
Midwest	1,581	405	680	143	352	81	185	41	46	22.8	39.0
East North Central	1,041	266	451	98	226	49	123	27	27	22.7	38.9
West North Central	540	139	229	45	126	32	62	14	18	23.0	39.2
South	2,014	379	792	219	623	125	376	56	66	25.7	39.3
South Atlantic	1,008	191	397	95	324	65	202	27	29	25.7	39.3
East South Central	333	67	143	38	85	20	45	8	11	24.7	39.0
West South Central	673	121	252	86	214	40	128	21	25	26.2	39.5
West	1,326	255	514	131	427	76	272	40	38	25.7	38.9
Mountain	487	90	179	49	169	32	100	18	19	26.4	39.2
Pacific	839	165	336	82	257	44	172	21	20	25.3	38.7
White											
Northeast	21,242	1,131	2,729	1,581	15,800	1,766	8,089	2,063	3,882	38.6	42.8
New England	6,256	380	857	543	4,475	479	2,066	710	1,220	38.4	43.1
Middle Atlantic	14,986	751	1,872	1,038	11,325	1,287	6,023	1,354	2,662	38.7	42.7
Midwest	27,827	1,524	3,507	2,127	20,668	1,923	9,965	3,318	5,462	39.0	43.4
East North Central	18,734	989	2,350	1,406	13,990	1,289	6,950	2,176	3,575	39.0	43.2
West North Central	9,092	536	1,157	721	6,678	634	3,014	1,143	1,887	39.2	43.7
South	38,878	1,609	4,037	2,718	30,514	2,496	16,606	3,858	7,553	39.8	43.1
South Atlantic	20,223	796	2,086	1,343	15,998	1,258	8,966	1,984	3,790	39.7	42.9
East South Central	6,250	279	692	434	4,845	437	2,536	661	1,211	39.8	43.2
West South Central	12,405	534	1,260	941	9,670	801	5,104	1,213	2,552	40.1	43.3
West	26,141	1,240	3,118	2,025	19,759	1,515	10,905	2,492	4,847	39.1	42.9
Mountain	8,905	434	1,039	676	6,756	540	3,521	937	1,757	39.4	43.2
Pacific	17,236	805	2,079	1,349	13,003	975	7,384	1,555	3,089	38.9	42.7
Black or African American											
Northeast	2,691	75	281	163	2,173	329	1,397	157	289	38.5	41.2
New England	370	16	51	37	267	31	156	28	52	38.2	42.1
Middle Atlantic	2,321	59	230	126	1,906	298	1,241	130	237	38.6	41.0
Midwest	2,636	90	316	212	2,018	169	1,338	190	322	38.4	41.7
East North Central	2,142	72	252	170	1,647	140	1,114	149	244	38.2	41.4
West North Central	493	18	63	41	371	29	223	41	78	39.1	42.8
South	8,556	269	815	581	6,890	556	4,597	658	1,080	39.2	41.7
South Atlantic	5,371	164	488	342	4,377	361	2,961	396	659	39.2	41.6
East South Central	1,330	46	139	111	1,034	96	712	94	132	38.3	40.9
West South Central	1,855	60	188	128	1,479	99	923	168	288	39.8	42.6
West	1,364	47	129	112	1,076	71	726	99	181	38.9	41.7
Mountain	300	10	27	20	244	19	159	25	40	39.3	41.8
Pacific	1,064	37	102	92	832	51	566	74	140	38.8	41.7

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Northeast	1,347	36	122	66	1,122	103	674	98	248	40.5	43.1
New England	243	10	29	15	189	13	122	17	37	39.0	42.9
Middle Atlantic	1,104	26	94	51	934	90	552	81	211	40.8	43.2
Midwest	779	26	74	39	640	43	382	70	145	40.5	43.7
East North Central	559	18	50	30	461	29	272	48	112	40.8	43.9
West North Central	220	8	24	9	179	14	110	22	33	39.6	43.1
South	1,258	34	116	66	1,041	61	633	108	239	40.7	43.5
South Atlantic	747	21	66	44	617	33	372	66	145	40.7	43.3
East South Central	66	3	12	3	48	4	29	5	10	37.5	42.7
West South Central	445	11	38	19	376	24	231	38	83	41.1	43.7
West	2,932	103	307	185	2,337	136	1,524	219	459	39.3	42.6
Mountain	248	8	23	13	204	20	125	21	39	40.0	42.7
Pacific	2,684	94	285	172	2,134	117	1,399	198	420	39.3	42.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Northeast	2,539	68	275	173	2,023	239	1,366	150	268	38.4	41.1
New England	417	17	60	42	299	42	184	29	44	37.2	40.8
Middle Atlantic	2,121	52	215	131	1,724	197	1,182	121	223	38.6	41.2
Midwest	1,600	48	161	109	1,283	119	796	148	220	39.3	41.8
East North Central	1,202	34	115	75	978	81	629	104	164	39.4	41.8
West North Central	398	13	45	34	305	38	167	44	56	38.9	41.9
South	7,235	184	667	520	5,863	498	3,897	531	936	39.3	41.7
South Atlantic	3,169	68	268	189	2,644	183	1,893	207	361	39.4	41.4
East South Central	243	6	19	21	198	23	132	16	26	39.1	41.1
West South Central	3,823	110	381	310	3,021	292	1,872	309	548	39.3	41.9
West	7,741	221	819	598	6,102	432	4,231	543	896	38.6	41.2
Mountain	1,999	57	189	167	1,585	135	1,034	161	255	39.0	41.5
Pacific	5,742	164	630	431	4,517	298	3,197	382	641	38.5	41.1

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,860	160	693	329	57	622	4,408	221	251	190	1,010	1,143	449	1,144
New England	573	47	212	107	14	193	1,391	64	61	55	353	357	135	366
Middle Atlantic	1,287	113	481	222	43	428	3,017	157	190	135	657	786	314	778
Midwest	2,329	288	922	216	91	812	5,733	329	362	137	1,298	1,771	576	1,261
East North Central	1,524	204	592	157	55	515	3,900	243	270	104	896	1,164	369	853
West North Central ...	805	84	329	59	36	297	1,834	86	91	33	401	607	207	407
South	3,616	484	1,184	377	167	1,404	6,872	479	369	223	1,255	1,913	690	1,942
South Atlantic	1,833	229	606	213	81	703	3,605	244	188	128	668	942	396	1,039
East South Central ...	619	79	202	54	38	245	1,131	78	58	35	205	340	113	304
West South Central ..	1,164	176	376	109	48	455	2,136	158	123	60	382	632	182	600
West	2,428	365	883	237	73	870	5,202	415	295	148	1,189	1,403	381	1,371
Mountain	772	89	303	59	19	302	1,570	94	76	36	382	429	133	420
Pacific	1,656	275	580	178	54	568	3,632	321	220	112	807	974	248	951
Men														
Northeast	919	100	357	142	43	277	1,382	96	98	9	69	495	230	384
New England	285	29	108	49	12	87	436	27	27	2	26	166	71	117
Middle Atlantic	634	70	249	92	31	191	946	69	71	7	44	329	160	267
Midwest	1,188	184	457	101	77	371	1,868	149	147	7	77	771	300	416
East North Central	781	133	288	76	49	236	1,266	113	110	6	52	508	200	278
West North Central ...	407	51	169	25	27	135	601	36	37	1	25	263	101	138
South	1,822	293	588	172	151	618	2,375	239	134	11	101	834	365	691
South Atlantic	911	144	298	99	73	298	1,198	121	65	7	45	387	208	364
East South Central ...	319	39	107	26	34	113	399	41	25	1	19	145	61	108
West South Central ..	592	111	184	47	44	207	778	77	43	2	37	303	96	219
West	1,312	248	462	106	67	428	1,782	201	120	14	110	635	197	503
Mountain	401	60	154	25	16	146	532	49	30	2	26	208	68	149
Pacific	911	188	309	82	50	282	1,250	152	90	13	84	427	129	355
Women														
Northeast	941	60	336	187	14	345	3,027	125	153	181	941	648	219	760
New England	288	17	104	57	2	107	955	37	34	53	327	190	64	249
Middle Atlantic	653	43	232	130	11	238	2,072	88	119	128	614	458	155	511
Midwest	1,140	104	465	116	15	441	3,866	180	215	130	1,221	1,000	276	844
East North Central	743	71	304	82	6	279	2,633	130	161	98	844	656	170	575
West North Central ...	397	33	160	34	9	162	1,232	50	54	32	377	344	107	269
South	1,793	191	596	205	15	786	4,497	241	235	212	1,154	1,079	324	1,251
South Atlantic	922	86	309	115	7	405	2,407	123	123	121	623	555	188	675
East South Central ...	300	40	95	29	4	133	731	37	33	33	186	195	51	196
West South Central ..	572	65	192	62	4	248	1,358	80	79	58	346	329	85	381
West	1,116	117	421	130	7	442	3,420	214	175	133	1,079	768	184	868
Mountain	371	29	149	34	2	156	1,038	45	46	34	356	221	65	271
Pacific	745	87	271	96	4	286	2,382	169	129	99	722	547	119	596

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Northeast	1,601	138	611	273	51	527	3,841	179	189	163	926	982	414	989
New England	517	41	197	94	13	172	1,263	52	50	52	331	316	131	333
Middle Atlantic	1,084	97	414	179	39	355	2,577	127	139	111	595	666	283	657
Midwest	2,073	257	834	192	87	704	5,086	265	282	118	1,208	1,562	538	1,113
East North Central	1,329	181	525	138	52	432	3,415	193	207	88	830	1,016	340	741
West North Central	743	76	309	53	34	272	1,670	72	75	30	378	546	198	372
South	2,861	368	973	293	144	1,083	5,503	332	242	185	1,082	1,492	606	1,564
South Atlantic	1,400	166	495	157	70	512	2,825	159	115	105	561	717	345	822
East South Central	487	56	159	42	32	199	917	52	39	28	187	267	100	242
West South Central	973	146	319	94	42	373	1,762	121	88	51	334	507	162	499
West	2,038	314	754	183	68	719	4,345	347	228	122	1,034	1,128	345	1,141
Mountain	700	81	281	52	19	268	1,450	85	66	33	366	392	128	379
Pacific	1,338	233	473	131	50	451	2,895	262	162	88	668	735	217	762
Black or African American														
Northeast	164	11	48	40	2	63	355	29	48	19	45	107	20	88
New England	35	3	9	8	1	13	69	8	5	1	8	26	2	19
Middle Atlantic	129	8	38	31	2	50	286	21	43	17	37	81	18	69
Midwest	179	22	62	16	3	76	438	51	65	11	47	129	29	105
East North Central	146	17	51	14	2	62	349	42	53	9	36	101	24	84
West North Central	33	5	11	2	1	13	89	9	12	2	11	28	5	21
South	610	95	167	66	15	267	1,056	123	111	29	116	312	74	292
South Atlantic	362	55	91	44	7	165	632	74	65	19	70	184	47	174
East South Central	117	20	39	11	5	42	179	24	18	5	12	58	12	51
West South Central	131	20	37	11	3	61	244	25	28	6	34	70	15	67
West	100	12	31	15	(³)	42	188	19	19	5	17	60	8	61
Mountain	20	2	6	2	(³)	11	36	2	4	1	3	11	2	13
Pacific	80	9	25	14	(³)	32	152	16	16	3	14	49	6	48
Asian														
Northeast	68	6	26	13	1	22	156	10	9	5	30	38	13	51
New England	13	2	3	4	(³)	5	41	3	4	2	9	10	2	10
Middle Atlantic	55	4	23	9	1	17	116	6	5	3	21	28	11	41
Midwest	36	2	13	5	(³)	15	104	5	6	5	29	38	3	18
East North Central	27	1	10	4	(³)	11	71	4	4	5	22	21	2	14
West North Central	9	1	3	(³)	(³)	4	32	1	2	(³)	7	17	1	4
South	59	7	22	9	(³)	19	158	8	7	3	33	60	4	43
South Atlantic	38	4	14	8	(³)	12	93	6	5	3	24	24	2	30
East South Central	4	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	14	(³)	(³)	(³)	3	7	(³)	4
West South Central	18	3	7	1	(³)	7	51	3	2	1	6	28	2	9
West	160	16	62	25	2	55	435	28	31	16	100	136	16	109
Mountain	15	2	7	1	(³)	5	30	1	2	1	5	9	(³)	11
Pacific	145	14	55	24	2	50	406	27	29	14	95	127	16	98

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	166	28	35	31	9	62	351	50	32	24	62	77	11	96
New England	40	6	10	9	1	15	78	11	7	5	12	23	2	17
Middle Atlantic	125	22	25	23	8	47	272	39	25	19	49	53	8	79
Midwest	118	28	31	8	9	42	199	26	21	7	35	60	5	44
East North Central	84	21	21	7	6	28	140	19	15	6	24	40	4	34
West North Central ...	34	7	10	1	3	14	58	8	6	2	11	21	1	10
South	514	130	96	43	66	179	859	125	57	47	133	227	36	233
South Atlantic	198	48	32	17	36	67	326	60	23	23	47	76	12	85
East South Central ...	19	3	3	1	5	7	27	6	1	1	4	4	(³)	10
West South Central ..	296	78	61	26	26	106	505	59	33	22	81	147	24	138
West	600	163	146	55	37	199	1,038	157	76	38	196	291	27	252
Mountain	153	30	38	13	8	65	260	34	18	9	49	68	9	74
Pacific	447	133	108	42	29	134	777	123	58	29	147	223	18	179

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek fewer than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,118	644	120	200	154
New England	342	204	34	55	49
Middle Atlantic	776	440	86	145	105
Midwest	1,377	722	143	267	245
East North Central	952	498	98	196	160
West North Central	425	224	45	71	85
South	1,919	1,002	207	396	314
South Atlantic	999	534	106	201	158
East South Central	321	152	37	78	54
West South Central	599	316	64	117	103
West	1,337	737	153	234	213
Mountain	420	240	45	71	64
Pacific	918	498	108	163	149
Men					
Northeast	468	284	14	93	78
New England	150	95	4	25	26
Middle Atlantic	319	189	10	68	52
Midwest	591	316	20	126	128
East North Central	409	216	15	93	85
West North Central	182	99	6	33	44
South	800	425	34	180	161
South Atlantic	413	226	17	90	80
East South Central	130	62	5	34	29
West South Central	257	137	12	56	52
West	579	335	30	106	108
Mountain	178	106	10	33	30
Pacific	400	229	20	73	78
Women					
Northeast	650	360	106	108	76
New England	192	109	30	30	23
Middle Atlantic	458	251	76	78	53
Midwest	786	406	123	141	117
East North Central	544	281	83	103	76
West North Central	243	125	39	38	41
South	1,119	577	173	216	153
South Atlantic	586	308	90	111	78
East South Central	191	90	33	44	25
West South Central	342	179	51	61	51
West	759	402	123	128	106
Mountain	241	133	35	38	35
Pacific	517	269	88	90	71

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	960	558	95	171	136
New England	307	184	29	47	46
Middle Atlantic	654	374	66	123	90
Midwest	1,227	652	123	224	228
East North Central	838	445	83	162	148
West North Central	389	207	40	62	80
South	1,540	832	162	295	250
South Atlantic	778	434	81	141	122
East South Central	264	130	29	61	44
West South Central	497	268	53	92	84
West	1,117	620	121	193	182
Mountain	385	221	41	64	58
Pacific	732	400	80	129	124
Black or African American					
Northeast	95	45	16	22	12
New England	16	8	2	5	1
Middle Atlantic	79	37	15	17	11
Midwest	95	39	12	33	11
East North Central	77	32	10	27	8
West North Central	18	7	2	6	3
South	310	133	37	87	53
South Atlantic	189	82	22	54	30
East South Central	50	19	8	15	8
West South Central	72	31	7	18	15
West	58	29	10	9	9
Mountain	12	6	1	2	3
Pacific	46	23	9	7	7
Asian					
Northeast	49	36	6	3	4
New England	14	10	2	1	1
Middle Atlantic	34	25	4	2	3
Midwest	28	19	3	5	2
East North Central	20	14	2	4	1
West North Central	8	5	1	1	1
South	41	25	5	6	5
South Atlantic	22	13	3	3	4
East South Central	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
West South Central	18	12	2	3	1
West	106	64	16	17	10
Mountain	11	7	1	2	1
Pacific	95	57	14	15	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Northeast	73	36	13	16	9
New England	15	7	2	4	3
Middle Atlantic	58	29	11	12	6
Midwest	50	23	6	12	9
East North Central	38	17	4	10	7
West North Central	12	6	2	2	1
South	203	108	23	42	30
South Atlantic	73	38	8	16	11
East South Central	4	2	(³)	2	1
West South Central	126	68	15	24	18
West	236	113	35	50	37
Mountain	59	30	7	14	8
Pacific	176	83	28	36	29

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Northeast	1,286	671	182	119	384	112
New England	352	188	53	39	99	26
Middle Atlantic	935	483	129	80	285	86
Midwest	1,725	877	284	185	535	129
East North Central	1,281	667	215	133	383	99
West North Central	445	210	69	52	152	30
South	2,398	1,052	237	332	794	220
South Atlantic	1,171	524	111	165	377	106
East South Central	443	204	58	61	138	40
West South Central	783	324	68	106	278	74
West	1,600	725	218	191	527	156
Mountain	424	167	49	66	155	35
Pacific	1,176	558	169	125	372	121
Men						
Northeast	715	412	113	60	183	61
New England	198	119	35	19	46	14
Middle Atlantic	517	293	79	41	137	46
Midwest	942	532	188	88	259	63
East North Central	703	407	143	63	186	47
West North Central	239	125	45	25	73	17
South	1,242	628	141	166	333	115
South Atlantic	595	308	66	83	149	55
East South Central	233	127	37	31	56	19
West South Central	414	193	38	52	128	41
West	859	450	131	93	242	74
Mountain	220	102	29	32	69	17
Pacific	639	348	102	61	173	56
Women						
Northeast	571	259	69	59	201	52
New England	154	69	19	20	53	12
Middle Atlantic	417	190	50	39	149	40
Midwest	783	345	96	97	276	65
East North Central	578	260	71	69	197	52
West North Central	205	85	24	27	80	13
South	1,156	424	96	166	461	105
South Atlantic	577	216	45	82	228	51
East South Central	210	77	22	30	82	21
West South Central	369	131	30	54	150	33
West	742	275	88	98	286	82
Mountain	204	65	21	35	86	18
Pacific	538	210	67	64	199	65

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Northeast	189	30	12	11	72	76
New England	50	6	4	3	23	17
Middle Atlantic	139	24	8	8	49	59
Midwest	286	37	16	17	130	102
East North Central	201	25	10	11	87	78
West North Central	86	12	6	6	43	24
South	385	43	13	30	157	154
South Atlantic	191	24	7	18	73	76
East South Central	64	8	2	3	24	30
West South Central	129	12	4	10	60	48
West	260	35	15	20	102	103
Mountain	77	11	4	7	33	26
Pacific	183	24	11	12	69	78
White						
Northeast	961	520	158	91	274	76
New England	294	163	47	33	79	18
Middle Atlantic	667	356	111	58	195	58
Midwest	1,287	696	249	147	357	86
East North Central	946	530	186	103	247	66
West North Central	341	167	64	44	110	21
South	1,506	679	168	215	486	126
South Atlantic	691	324	78	99	211	56
East South Central	287	134	42	42	87	24
West South Central	528	221	48	74	188	46
West	1,253	586	188	155	398	114
Mountain	361	144	43	59	130	28
Pacific	892	442	146	96	268	86
Black or African American						
Northeast	253	118	18	18	89	28
New England	35	14	2	3	12	6
Middle Atlantic	218	104	15	15	77	22
Midwest	358	152	28	25	146	35
East North Central	288	120	24	21	120	28
West North Central	70	32	3	5	26	7
South	806	336	61	107	278	86
South Atlantic	444	185	29	62	151	45
East South Central	146	63	15	19	49	15
West South Central	217	88	17	25	77	26
West	136	55	8	12	53	16
Mountain	21	8	1	2	9	3
Pacific	115	48	7	10	44	13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Northeast	42	20	3	3	14	5
New England	13	6	3	1	5	2
Middle Atlantic	29	14	1	2	9	4
Midwest	36	12	2	5	16	3
East North Central	22	8	1	4	8	2
West North Central	14	4	1	1	8	1
South	28	12	1	3	10	3
South Atlantic	16	7	1	1	6	2
East South Central	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	12	5	(¹)	2	4	1
West	99	40	7	11	34	14
Mountain	6	2	1	1	2	1
Pacific	93	38	6	9	33	13
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Northeast	189	99	18	11	60	19
New England	44	23	4	3	13	4
Middle Atlantic	144	75	13	8	46	15
Midwest	101	53	21	9	31	8
East North Central	78	43	19	6	22	7
West North Central	24	10	2	3	9	2
South	321	144	36	42	100	35
South Atlantic	119	62	17	16	31	10
East South Central	8	4	(¹)	2	2	1
West South Central	193	78	19	25	67	24
West	474	228	85	44	142	59
Mountain	115	45	14	14	41	15
Pacific	359	184	71	30	101	44

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Northeast	1,286	439	394	453	202	250	99	151	18.5	9.2
New England	352	131	108	113	55	58	25	32	16.3	8.5
Middle Atlantic	935	308	286	340	147	193	74	119	19.3	9.4
Midwest	1,725	602	526	597	260	338	151	186	17.9	9.0
East North Central	1,281	427	389	464	199	265	121	144	18.5	9.5
West North Central	445	174	137	133	61	73	30	42	16.2	7.6
South	2,398	916	722	760	355	405	182	223	16.2	8.1
South Atlantic	1,171	450	349	372	162	210	79	132	17.3	8.0
East South Central	443	153	141	149	72	77	37	40	16.2	8.9
West South Central	783	313	232	238	121	117	66	51	14.6	7.6
West	1,600	660	480	459	215	244	104	141	15.3	7.1
Mountain	424	193	131	100	50	49	24	26	12.5	5.7
Pacific	1,176	468	349	360	165	195	80	115	16.3	7.7
Men										
Northeast	715	233	226	257	111	146	60	86	19.6	9.5
New England	198	72	63	63	31	32	15	17	16.1	8.7
Middle Atlantic	517	161	163	194	79	115	45	70	20.9	9.8
Midwest	942	323	290	328	140	188	86	102	18.0	9.0
East North Central	703	230	216	257	105	152	69	83	18.8	9.5
West North Central	239	94	74	71	36	36	16	19	15.5	7.7
South	1,242	479	354	409	188	221	96	125	16.7	8.2
South Atlantic	595	236	168	190	81	109	40	70	17.5	7.8
East South Central	233	82	72	79	39	40	20	20	15.8	9.0
West South Central	414	161	114	139	68	71	36	35	16.1	8.3
West	859	358	243	257	111	147	58	88	16.4	7.2
Mountain	220	102	66	51	25	27	12	15	13.0	5.6
Pacific	639	256	177	206	86	120	47	73	17.5	7.8
Women										
Northeast	571	207	169	196	92	104	40	65	17.1	8.8
New England	154	59	45	50	24	26	10	16	16.5	8.2
Middle Atlantic	417	148	124	146	68	78	29	49	17.3	9.0
Midwest	783	278	236	269	119	150	66	84	17.9	8.9
East North Central	578	198	173	207	94	113	52	61	18.2	9.5
West North Central	205	80	63	62	25	37	14	23	17.0	7.5
South	1,156	437	368	351	167	184	86	98	15.7	7.9
South Atlantic	577	214	181	182	81	101	39	62	17.0	8.2
East South Central	210	71	69	70	33	37	17	20	16.7	8.8
West South Central	369	152	118	99	53	46	30	17	13.0	7.0
West	742	303	237	202	105	97	45	52	14.0	7.1
Mountain	204	91	65	48	26	23	12	11	12.0	5.9
Pacific	538	212	172	154	79	75	33	41	14.7	7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	189	88	62	39	21	17	8	10	11.0	5.4
New England	50	24	17	9	4	4	2	2	10.7	5.0
Middle Atlantic	139	64	45	30	17	13	6	8	11.2	5.6
Midwest	286	126	96	64	32	31	16	15	11.7	5.8
East North Central	201	81	70	49	26	23	12	11	12.5	6.7
West North Central	86	45	26	15	6	8	5	4	9.9	4.3
South	385	179	127	78	42	36	15	21	11.1	5.4
South Atlantic	191	90	61	40	20	20	7	13	11.6	5.2
East South Central	64	25	24	15	8	7	3	3	11.4	6.4
West South Central	129	64	42	24	14	9	4	5	10.1	4.8
West	260	132	86	42	24	18	10	8	9.3	4.4
Mountain	77	40	24	14	7	7	4	3	9.9	4.3
Pacific	183	92	62	29	18	11	6	5	9.1	4.5
White										
Northeast	961	350	302	309	147	162	62	100	16.9	8.4
New England	294	111	91	91	47	44	20	24	15.6	8.2
Middle Atlantic	667	238	211	218	99	118	42	76	17.5	8.4
Midwest	1,287	484	390	413	178	235	109	125	16.8	8.2
East North Central	946	340	284	322	136	186	88	98	17.6	8.7
West North Central	341	144	106	91	42	49	21	28	14.7	6.7
South	1,506	626	460	420	192	228	111	117	14.7	7.0
South Atlantic	691	292	208	191	83	108	45	63	15.4	6.8
East South Central	287	103	97	88	45	43	24	19	14.6	8.3
West South Central	528	231	156	141	65	77	41	35	14.0	6.4
West	1,253	534	383	336	164	172	75	97	14.4	6.7
Mountain	361	170	110	81	43	38	18	20	11.9	5.3
Pacific	892	364	274	254	121	133	57	77	15.4	7.3
Black or African American										
Northeast	253	69	72	113	45	68	29	39	22.8	12.4
New England	35	11	10	14	6	8	4	4	18.2	10.4
Middle Atlantic	218	58	61	99	39	60	25	35	23.5	12.7
Midwest	358	91	113	154	67	87	35	52	22.0	12.1
East North Central	288	74	91	123	54	70	28	42	21.8	11.9
West North Central	70	17	22	31	13	17	7	11	23.3	12.6
South	806	252	236	318	155	163	67	97	19.2	10.4
South Atlantic	444	141	132	171	76	95	32	63	20.2	10.1
East South Central	146	45	41	60	27	33	12	21	19.9	10.8
West South Central	217	67	63	87	52	36	23	13	16.5	10.8
West	136	45	39	53	23	30	16	14	18.9	9.9
Mountain	21	7	8	6	2	4	2	1	15.1	8.8
Pacific	115	38	30	47	21	26	14	13	19.6	10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Northeast	42	13	12	17	6	11	5	7	22.3	11.1
New England	13	5	4	5	1	3	1	3	23.4	10.0
Middle Atlantic	29	8	8	13	5	8	4	4	21.8	12.0
Midwest	36	10	10	16	7	9	4	5	21.0	11.7
East North Central	22	7	5	10	4	6	3	3	21.5	11.4
West North Central	14	3	4	6	3	4	2	2	20.2	12.0
South	28	10	7	11	3	8	2	6	23.5	9.0
South Atlantic	16	6	4	6	1	5	(¹)	4	25.0	7.6
East South Central	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.8	3.2
West South Central	12	3	3	5	2	3	2	2	22.9	11.8
West	99	36	24	39	14	25	6	19	20.5	9.7
Mountain	6	2	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	20.1	9.1
Pacific	93	34	22	37	14	23	6	18	20.5	9.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	189	62	57	70	30	40	10	30	20.9	9.7
New England	44	15	13	16	7	9	4	6	19.5	10.4
Middle Atlantic	144	47	44	53	23	31	7	24	21.3	9.5
Midwest	101	41	29	30	15	15	6	9	15.9	7.7
East North Central	78	31	22	24	13	11	4	7	16.2	8.2
West North Central	24	11	7	6	2	4	2	2	15.2	6.4
South	321	151	99	71	33	38	17	20	12.5	5.5
South Atlantic	119	55	37	28	12	15	5	10	13.7	5.7
East South Central	8	5	1	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.7	3.8
West South Central	193	91	61	41	19	22	12	10	12.0	5.4
West	474	211	141	122	64	58	28	30	12.9	6.5
Mountain	115	56	34	25	13	12	6	6	11.2	5.0
Pacific	359	155	107	97	51	45	22	24	13.5	6.9

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by State, 2006 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 4.6 percent)

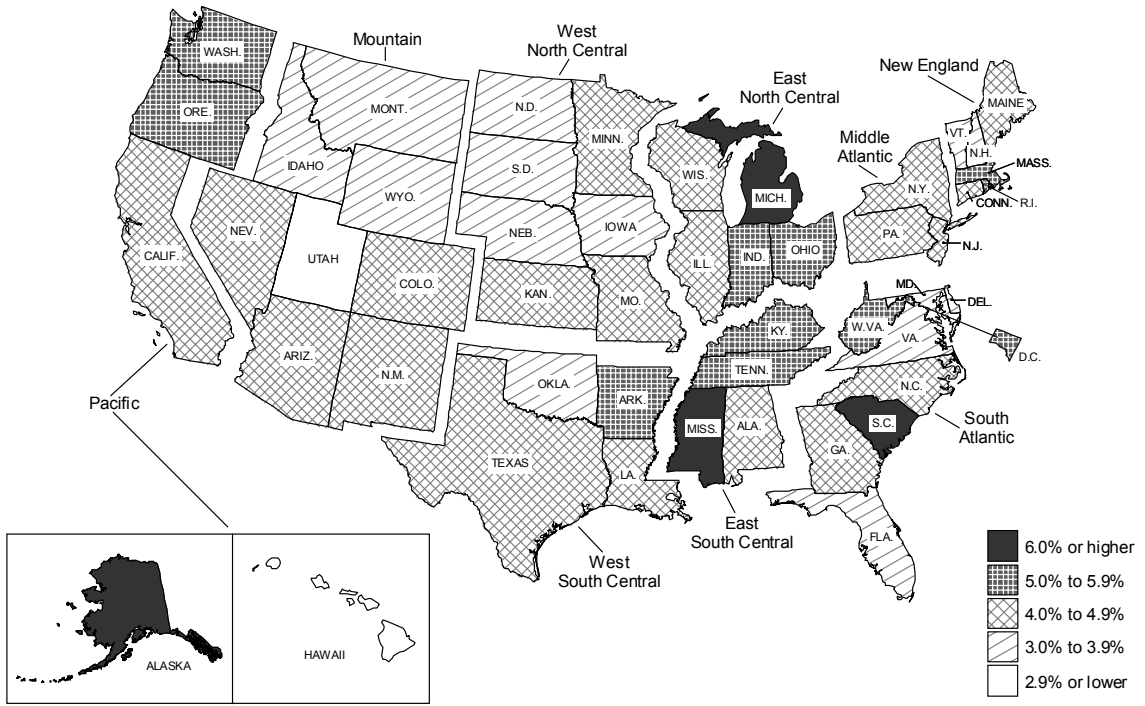


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by State, 2006 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 63.1 percent)

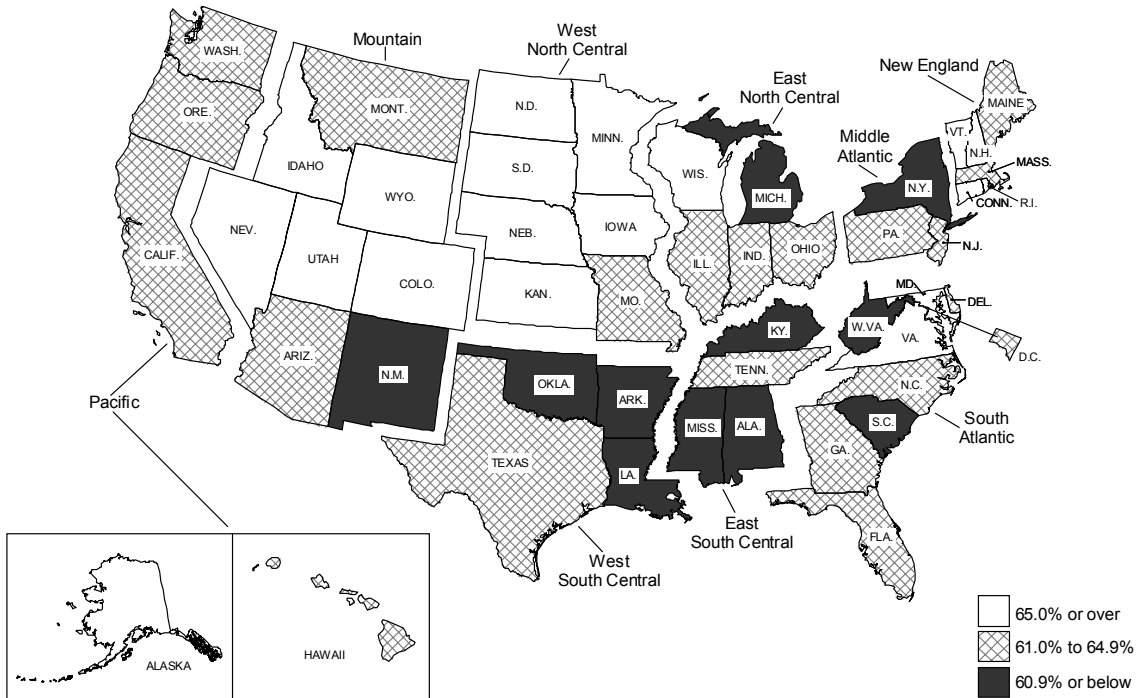


Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,542	2,201	62.1	2,110	59.6	91	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	1,683	1,174	69.8	1,128	67.0	46	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women	1,859	1,027	55.2	982	52.8	45	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	224	83	37.2	71	31.8	12	14.5	9.9 - 19.1
White	2,587	1,633	63.1	1,584	61.2	49	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Men	1,261	917	72.8	895	71.0	23	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Women	1,327	715	53.9	689	52.0	26	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	148	60	40.3	52	34.8	8	13.8	8.5 - 19.1
Black or African American	872	514	59.0	476	54.6	38	7.5	5.9 - 9.1
Men	385	230	59.7	209	54.3	21	9.1	6.9 - 11.3
Women	487	285	58.4	267	54.8	18	6.2	4.3 - 8.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71	53	74.5	52	73.7	1	1.1	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	949	707	74.5	695	73.3	12	1.7	1.0 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	908	538	59.2	522	57.5	16	2.9	1.9 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	267	170	63.5	159	59.6	10	6.1	3.7 - 8.5
Alaska								
Total	485	349	71.9	324	67.0	24	6.9	5.9 - 7.9
Men	242	187	77.1	172	70.9	15	8.0	6.5 - 9.5
Women	242	162	66.8	153	63.0	9	5.7	4.3 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39	20	50.1	17	42.7	3	14.7	8.8 - 20.6
White	369	272	73.7	258	69.8	14	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Men	188	148	78.6	139	74.0	9	5.9	4.4 - 7.4
Women	181	124	68.5	118	65.4	6	4.5	3.1 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25	13	53.4	12	47.9	1	10.4	4.1 - 16.7
Black or African American	14	11	75.5	10	67.6	1	10.5	6.6 - 14.4
Men	6	5	79.4	4	65.7	1	17.2	11.2 - 23.2
Women	8	6	72.5	6	69.0	(³)	4.7	1.0 - 8.4
Asian	25	16	65.9	15	61.5	1	6.8	4.0 - 9.6
Men	11	8	74.4	7	69.2	1	6.9	3.2 - 10.6
Women	14	8	59.4	8	55.5	1	6.6	3.0 - 10.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	17	13	78.0	12	69.9	1	10.4	1.7 - 19.1
Men	8	7	81.3	6	74.8	1	8.0	(²) - (²)
Women	9	7	74.9	6	65.3	1	12.9	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	126	105	83.0	100	78.9	5	5.0	3.4 - 6.6
Married women, spouse present	132	90	68.3	86	65.0	4	4.8	3.1 - 6.5
Women who maintain families	24	17	70.2	15	65.4	1	6.8	2.1 - 11.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	4,625	2,992	64.7	2,866	62.0	126	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	2,278	1,672	73.4	1,609	70.7	62	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	2,347	1,320	56.3	1,257	53.6	64	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	361	172	47.5	149	41.3	23	13.2	10.1 - 16.3
White	4,143	2,691	64.9	2,582	62.3	108	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	2,041	1,513	74.2	1,460	71.5	54	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	2,103	1,177	56.0	1,123	53.4	55	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	310	157	50.6	138	44.4	19	12.3	9.1 - 15.5
Black or African American	161	114	70.6	107	66.3	7	6.1	3.2 - 9.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,303	854	65.6	813	62.4	42	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Men	661	524	79.3	503	76.1	21	4.0	2.9 - 5.1
Women	642	331	51.5	310	48.2	21	6.3	4.6 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	1,185	884	74.6	871	73.5	13	1.5	.9 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	1,202	660	54.9	640	53.3	19	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	280	196	70.0	184	65.7	12	6.1	3.9 - 8.3
Arkansas								
Total	2,149	1,364	63.5	1,292	60.1	72	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Men	1,037	718	69.3	679	65.5	39	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Women	1,112	646	58.0	613	55.1	33	5.1	4.1 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	152	69	45.3	57	37.6	12	17.2	12.5 - 21.9
White	1,775	1,129	63.6	1,079	60.8	50	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Men	863	603	69.9	576	66.8	27	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Women	911	525	57.7	502	55.1	23	4.4	3.4 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	126	58	45.9	49	39.0	9	14.9	10.0 - 19.8
Black or African American	307	192	62.6	172	56.2	20	10.3	8.0 - 12.6
Men	137	90	65.4	79	57.7	11	11.8	9.6 - 14.0
Women	170	102	60.3	93	54.9	9	8.9	6.3 - 11.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	101	75	74.9	72	71.3	4	4.7	2.1 - 7.3
Men	57	50	87.5	48	83.5	2	4.7	1.6 - 7.8
Married men, spouse present	616	444	72.1	432	70.1	12	2.7	1.8 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	598	361	60.4	351	58.7	10	2.8	1.8 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	140	93	66.4	86	61.4	7	7.5	4.5 - 10.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
California								
Total	27,438	17,867	65.1	17,002	62.0	865	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	13,458	9,940	73.9	9,471	70.4	469	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Women	13,980	7,926	56.7	7,530	53.9	396	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,061	745	36.1	615	29.8	130	17.5	15.7 - 19.3
White	21,220	13,923	65.6	13,274	62.6	649	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	10,538	7,920	75.2	7,566	71.8	353	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Women	10,682	6,003	56.2	5,707	53.4	296	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,541	602	39.1	509	33.0	94	15.5	13.6 - 17.4
Black or African American	1,743	1,065	61.1	965	55.3	100	9.4	8.2 - 10.6
Men	804	523	65.0	473	58.9	50	9.5	7.8 - 11.2
Women	939	542	57.7	491	52.3	50	9.3	7.7 - 10.9
Asian	3,541	2,234	63.1	2,159	61.0	75	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	1,657	1,150	69.4	1,109	66.9	41	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	1,884	1,084	57.5	1,050	55.7	34	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,563	5,860	68.4	5,529	64.6	331	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Men	4,388	3,524	80.3	3,331	75.9	193	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Women	4,176	2,336	55.9	2,198	52.6	138	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	834	307	36.8	256	30.7	50	16.4	13.9 - 18.9
Married men, spouse present	7,137	5,587	78.3	5,429	76.1	157	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	6,841	3,874	56.6	3,734	54.6	140	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	1,607	1,063	66.1	997	62.0	66	6.2	5.2 - 7.2
Colorado								
Total	3,630	2,639	72.7	2,527	69.6	112	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	1,802	1,441	80.0	1,383	76.8	57	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Women	1,828	1,199	65.6	1,144	62.6	55	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	241	115	47.8	97	40.2	18	15.9	13.5 - 18.3
White	3,312	2,416	73.0	2,320	70.1	96	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Men	1,640	1,317	80.3	1,267	77.3	50	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	1,672	1,099	65.8	1,053	63.0	46	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	211	105	49.7	89	42.2	16	15.1	12.5 - 17.7
Black or African American	127	86	67.8	80	63.3	6	6.6	4.0 - 9.2
Men	62	45	73.1	43	70.1	2	4.1	1.3 - 6.9
Women	65	41	62.7	37	56.9	4	9.3	5.1 - 13.5
Asian	92	69	75.0	66	72.3	2	3.6	1.4 - 5.8
Men	45	37	81.6	36	78.4	1	3.8	.8 - 6.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	606	432	71.4	402	66.4	30	6.9	5.6 - 8.2
Men	325	266	82.0	249	76.7	17	6.4	5.0 - 7.8
Women	281	166	59.1	153	54.5	13	7.8	6.2 - 9.4
Married men, spouse present	1,024	845	82.5	826	80.7	19	2.2	1.7 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	1,024	666	65.1	644	62.8	23	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	171	124	72.6	115	67.3	9	7.3	5.2 - 9.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Connecticut								
Total	2,728	1,854	67.9	1,774	65.0	80	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	1,305	980	75.1	937	71.8	43	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Women	1,423	874	61.4	837	58.8	37	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	192	93	48.3	79	41.3	13	14.5	11.9 - 17.1
White	2,359	1,588	67.3	1,528	64.8	61	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Men	1,135	847	74.6	814	71.8	32	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	1,224	742	60.6	713	58.3	28	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	164	82	49.9	72	43.9	10	12.0	9.4 - 14.6
Black or African American	251	181	72.2	167	66.4	15	8.1	6.5 - 9.7
Men	112	84	75.2	76	67.7	8	10.0	7.5 - 12.5
Women	139	97	69.8	91	65.3	6	6.5	4.6 - 8.4
Asian	80	59	73.4	57	71.1	2	3.1	1.4 - 4.8
Men	39	34	87.0	33	85.5	1	1.8	(²) - (²)
Women	41	25	60.6	24	57.6	1	5.0	1.7 - 8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	264	185	70.1	170	64.3	15	8.2	6.6 - 9.8
Men	131	101	76.8	92	70.5	8	8.3	6.2 - 10.4
Women	133	84	63.4	78	58.2	7	8.1	5.8 - 10.4
Married men, spouse present	704	556	79.1	545	77.4	12	2.1	1.6 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	714	447	62.6	435	61.0	11	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	169	126	74.4	118	69.8	8	6.1	4.4 - 7.8
Delaware								
Total	659	442	67.1	426	64.7	15	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	314	230	73.3	221	70.5	9	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Women	345	212	61.5	205	59.5	7	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47	23	48.3	20	44.0	2	9.0	6.3 - 11.7
White	504	333	66.0	323	64.1	10	3.0	2.6 - 3.4
Men	244	177	72.5	171	70.2	6	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women	260	156	59.9	151	58.3	4	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	18	52.2	17	48.5	1	7.0	4.3 - 9.7
Black or African American	126	90	71.4	85	67.4	5	5.5	4.4 - 6.6
Men	56	42	75.5	40	70.7	3	6.3	4.6 - 8.0
Women	70	48	68.0	45	64.7	2	4.9	3.5 - 6.3
Asian	20	14	69.7	14	67.5	(³)	3.1	1.0 - 5.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	39	29	74.4	28	71.4	1	4.1	2.4 - 5.8
Men	21	18	85.8	18	82.7	1	3.7	1.7 - 5.7
Women	17	10	60.2	10	57.3	(³)	4.7	1.7 - 7.7
Married men, spouse present	174	133	76.3	130	75.1	2	1.7	1.2 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	172	107	62.3	105	61.2	2	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Women who maintain families	46	33	71.8	31	67.8	2	5.6	3.8 - 7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	468	314	67.1	296	63.2	18	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Men	216	152	70.4	144	66.6	8	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	253	163	64.3	152	60.3	10	6.2	5.4 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23	6	27.4	4	19.2	2	29.8	24.0 - 35.6
White	198	155	78.4	152	76.7	4	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Men	97	80	82.0	78	80.4	2	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women	100	75	75.0	73	73.1	2	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Black or African American	247	142	57.2	127	51.5	14	10.0	9.0 - 11.0
Men	107	63	58.3	56	52.4	6	10.2	8.7 - 11.7
Women	140	79	56.4	71	50.8	8	9.8	8.5 - 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	17	5	27.5	3	18.5	2	33.0	25.6 - 40.4
Asian	14	11	79.6	11	78.0	(³)	2.0	.4 - 3.6
Men	6	6	88.4	6	86.9	(³)	1.6	(²) - (²)
Women	8	6	72.6	6	70.8	(³)	2.4	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	39	32	81.0	31	77.7	1	4.1	2.7 - 5.5
Men	21	20	90.9	19	88.2	1	3.0	1.5 - 4.5
Women	18	12	69.2	12	65.2	1	5.8	3.2 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	68	52	76.3	51	74.1	2	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	66	44	66.8	43	64.1	2	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women who maintain families	43	29	66.4	26	59.4	3	10.5	8.3 - 12.7
Florida								
Total	14,221	9,035	63.5	8,744	61.5	291	3.2	3.0 - 3.4
Men	6,835	4,790	70.1	4,637	67.8	153	3.2	2.9 - 3.5
Women	7,386	4,245	57.5	4,107	55.6	138	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	882	355	40.2	314	35.6	41	11.6	9.6 - 13.6
White	11,753	7,398	62.9	7,192	61.2	206	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Men	5,704	3,993	70.0	3,883	68.1	110	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Women	6,049	3,405	56.3	3,308	54.7	96	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	644	267	41.4	244	37.9	23	8.6	6.5 - 10.7
Black or African American	1,990	1,307	65.7	1,230	61.8	77	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Men	903	620	68.7	583	64.5	38	6.1	4.9 - 7.3
Women	1,087	687	63.2	647	59.5	40	5.8	4.7 - 6.9
Asian	294	210	71.4	208	70.5	3	1.3	.3 - 2.3
Men	145	118	81.3	116	79.8	2	1.9	.3 - 3.5
Women	150	93	61.8	92	61.4	1	.6	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,889	1,950	67.5	1,883	65.2	66	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	1,435	1,136	79.2	1,104	76.9	32	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Women	1,454	813	55.9	779	53.6	34	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	213	81	38.1	73	34.2	8	10.3	6.7 - 13.9
Married men, spouse present	3,664	2,603	71.0	2,551	69.6	52	2.0	1.6 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	3,665	2,077	56.7	2,029	55.4	48	2.3	1.9 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	915	649	70.9	624	68.2	25	3.8	2.8 - 4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Georgia								
Total	6,978	4,739	67.9	4,519	64.8	220	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Men	3,357	2,535	75.5	2,421	72.1	114	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women	3,621	2,204	60.9	2,098	57.9	106	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	519	186	35.9	148	28.5	38	20.5	16.8 - 24.2
White	4,738	3,207	67.7	3,101	65.4	106	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Men	2,338	1,815	77.7	1,760	75.3	55	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women	2,401	1,392	58.0	1,341	55.9	51	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	325	129	39.8	108	33.2	21	16.6	12.4 - 20.8
Black or African American	1,991	1,355	68.1	1,247	62.7	108	7.9	6.9 - 8.9
Men	891	614	69.0	561	63.0	54	8.7	7.3 - 10.1
Women	1,100	741	67.3	687	62.4	54	7.3	6.1 - 8.5
Asian	188	131	69.8	130	69.2	1	.9	(²) - (²)
Men	94	77	81.4	76	80.2	1	1.5	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	498	383	76.9	365	73.2	18	4.8	3.3 - 6.3
Men	298	273	91.5	263	88.2	10	3.7	2.2 - 5.2
Women	199	110	55.1	102	50.9	8	7.5	4.7 - 10.3
Married men, spouse present	1,804	1,450	80.4	1,422	78.8	28	1.9	1.4 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	1,778	1,102	62.0	1,072	60.3	30	2.7	2.0 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	522	365	70.0	336	64.4	29	8.1	6.2 - 10.0
Hawaii								
Total	969	645	66.5	628	64.8	17	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Men	463	336	72.6	327	70.5	9	2.8	2.3 - 3.3
Women	506	309	61.0	301	59.5	8	2.5	2.0 - 3.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54	23	42.1	19	35.8	3	14.9	10.8 - 19.0
White	216	145	67.1	141	65.3	4	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Men	109	80	73.4	78	71.9	2	2.0	1.1 - 2.9
Women	107	65	60.7	63	58.6	2	3.3	2.0 - 4.6
Asian	467	293	62.7	288	61.6	5	1.8	1.3 - 2.3
Men	211	147	69.4	143	67.7	3	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Women	256	147	57.3	145	56.5	2	1.3	.8 - 1.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	55	40	72.4	38	69.2	2	4.4	2.6 - 6.2
Men	26	20	75.7	19	71.9	1	4.9	2.2 - 7.6
Women	29	20	69.4	19	66.7	1	3.9	1.4 - 6.4
Married men, spouse present	238	178	74.7	175	73.6	3	1.4	.9 - 1.9
Married women, spouse present	248	160	64.7	157	63.4	3	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Women who maintain families	59	34	57.8	34	56.9	1	1.5	.3 - 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	1,093	753	68.9	726	66.4	27	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	540	412	76.4	399	74.0	13	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Women	553	340	61.5	327	59.1	14	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	48	52.4	42	46.4	5	11.4	8.4 - 14.4
White	1,039	718	69.1	694	66.8	24	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Men	511	393	76.8	381	74.5	12	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women	528	325	61.6	313	59.3	12	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	84	46	54.6	41	49.0	5	10.4	7.4 - 13.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	88	63	71.4	60	68.1	3	4.5	2.6 - 6.4
Men	49	40	82.4	39	79.5	1	3.6	1.5 - 5.7
Women	39	23	57.7	21	54.1	1	6.3	3.4 - 9.2
Married men, spouse present	332	267	80.4	263	79.1	4	1.6	1.0 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	327	206	63.0	200	61.2	6	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	45	31	69.5	30	67.2	1	3.3	1.0 - 5.6
Illinois								
Total	9,799	6,601	67.4	6,306	64.4	295	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Men	4,743	3,578	75.4	3,417	72.0	161	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Women	5,056	3,023	59.8	2,889	57.2	134	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	735	307	41.8	272	37.0	35	11.4	9.1 - 13.7
White	7,882	5,373	68.2	5,176	65.7	197	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Men	3,869	2,968	76.7	2,856	73.8	112	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	4,013	2,405	59.9	2,320	57.8	85	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	549	256	46.6	235	42.7	21	8.3	6.1 - 10.5
Black or African American	1,361	848	62.3	763	56.1	85	10.0	8.7 - 11.3
Men	598	388	64.9	347	57.9	42	10.8	8.9 - 12.7
Women	763	460	60.3	417	54.6	43	9.3	7.6 - 11.0
Asian	457	314	68.7	303	66.3	11	3.5	2.2 - 4.8
Men	226	186	82.4	180	79.8	6	3.2	1.5 - 4.9
Women	231	128	55.4	123	53.1	5	4.1	1.9 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,018	736	72.3	696	68.3	41	5.5	4.4 - 6.6
Men	545	471	86.5	448	82.2	23	5.0	3.7 - 6.3
Women	473	265	56.1	248	52.4	17	6.5	4.6 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	2,582	2,079	80.5	2,027	78.5	52	2.5	2.0 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	2,525	1,560	61.8	1,517	60.1	43	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	560	392	70.0	360	64.3	32	8.2	6.4 - 10.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	4,830	3,268	67.7	3,104	64.3	164	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	2,348	1,760	74.9	1,680	71.5	79	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Women	2,482	1,509	60.8	1,424	57.4	85	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	356	163	45.7	137	38.6	25	15.5	12.1 - 18.9
White	4,369	2,960	67.8	2,829	64.7	132	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	2,132	1,612	75.6	1,545	72.5	67	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	2,238	1,349	60.3	1,284	57.4	65	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	320	150	46.8	128	39.9	22	14.8	11.3 - 18.3
Black or African American	390	259	66.5	231	59.2	28	10.9	4.8 - 17.0
Men	185	123	66.5	113	60.8	11	8.6	.6 - 16.6
Women	205	136	66.5	118	57.8	18	13.1	3.8 - 22.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	188	138	73.5	131	69.7	7	5.3	2.8 - 7.8
Men	113	100	88.4	96	84.9	4	4.0	1.5 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	1,368	1,091	79.7	1,068	78.0	23	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	1,323	845	63.8	821	62.0	24	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	285	194	68.1	173	60.5	22	11.2	8.4 - 14.0
Iowa								
Total	2,310	1,678	72.7	1,619	70.1	60	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	1,128	884	78.4	853	75.6	31	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Women	1,182	795	67.2	766	64.8	29	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	164	106	64.6	95	58.0	11	10.1	7.8 - 12.4
White	2,190	1,597	72.9	1,545	70.5	52	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	1,069	839	78.5	812	76.0	27	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Women	1,122	758	67.5	733	65.4	25	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	100	65.6	91	59.4	9	9.4	7.1 - 11.7
Black or African American	45	33	73.0	28	60.9	5	16.5	11.4 - 21.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	88	68	76.9	64	73.2	3	4.8	2.8 - 6.8
Men	45	41	90.7	39	86.6	2	4.5	2.3 - 6.7
Married men, spouse present	669	538	80.4	529	79.0	10	1.8	1.3 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	643	455	70.8	446	69.4	9	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Women who maintain families	110	81	73.2	76	68.8	5	5.9	3.7 - 8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	2,090	1,471	70.4	1,406	67.3	65	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	1,022	782	76.5	751	73.5	31	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	1,068	688	64.5	655	61.3	34	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	84	51.9	71	44.0	13	15.3	11.9 - 18.7
White	1,881	1,330	70.7	1,280	68.0	50	3.7	3.2 - 4.2
Men	925	711	76.9	685	74.1	26	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	957	619	64.7	595	62.2	24	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	137	72	52.8	63	45.8	10	13.2	9.7 - 16.7
Black or African American	104	67	63.9	58	55.9	8	12.4	9.1 - 15.7
Men	49	33	66.2	30	60.2	3	9.0	5.0 - 13.0
Women	55	34	61.8	28	52.0	5	15.8	11.5 - 20.1
Asian	47	36	77.0	32	68.3	4	11.3	7.3 - 15.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	119	90	75.9	85	71.6	5	5.6	3.2 - 8.0
Men	63	56	89.2	54	85.5	2	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Women	56	34	60.8	31	56.0	3	7.9	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	589	472	80.1	461	78.4	11	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	589	397	67.4	384	65.3	12	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	99	72	72.5	65	65.5	7	9.6	6.4 - 12.8
Kentucky								
Total	3,242	2,036	62.8	1,922	59.3	114	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	1,560	1,074	68.8	1,014	65.0	60	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women	1,681	962	57.2	908	54.0	55	5.7	4.8 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	225	102	45.4	82	36.4	20	19.8	16.3 - 23.3
White	2,970	1,865	62.8	1,766	59.5	98	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	1,428	985	69.0	932	65.3	53	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Women	1,542	880	57.0	834	54.1	45	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	199	93	46.6	75	37.7	18	19.1	15.4 - 22.8
Black or African American	204	131	64.2	117	57.3	14	10.8	7.3 - 14.3
Men	96	62	64.8	57	59.2	5	8.6	4.2 - 13.0
Women	109	69	63.7	60	55.6	9	12.7	8.0 - 17.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	42	34	79.3	32	75.8	1	4.4	.6 - 8.2
Married men, spouse present	888	636	71.6	617	69.5	19	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	859	517	60.2	503	58.5	15	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	216	134	61.8	121	55.9	13	9.5	6.7 - 12.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Louisiana								
Total	3,229	1,996	61.8	1,905	59.0	91	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	1,528	1,060	69.4	1,013	66.3	47	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Women	1,701	936	55.0	892	52.4	45	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	261	104	39.8	90	34.6	13	13.0	8.8 - 17.2
White	2,211	1,396	63.1	1,358	61.4	38	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Men	1,072	779	72.6	760	70.9	18	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Women	1,138	617	54.2	597	52.5	20	3.2	2.2 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	75	46.5	68	42.5	7	8.8	4.5 - 13.1
Black or African American	939	549	58.5	499	53.2	50	9.1	7.3 - 10.9
Men	418	252	60.4	226	54.0	27	10.6	7.9 - 13.3
Women	521	297	57.0	273	52.5	23	7.9	5.6 - 10.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77	54	69.6	51	65.6	3	5.7	1.5 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	820	614	74.9	606	74.0	8	1.3	.7 - 1.9
Married women, spouse present	776	434	55.9	424	54.7	10	2.2	1.2 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	263	160	60.9	147	56.0	13	8.2	5.3 - 11.1
Maine								
Total	1,061	708	66.7	676	63.7	32	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	512	369	72.1	351	68.6	18	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	550	339	61.6	324	59.0	14	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	79	41	52.3	35	44.5	6	15.0	12.2 - 17.8
White	1,026	688	67.0	657	64.0	31	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	494	359	72.7	342	69.2	17	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Women	532	329	61.8	315	59.2	13	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	76	40	52.6	34	44.7	6	15.0	12.1 - 17.9
Married men, spouse present	291	220	75.6	215	73.7	6	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	287	188	65.5	184	64.0	4	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	50	33	66.9	31	61.6	3	7.9	5.3 - 10.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Maryland								
Total	4,319	3,002	69.5	2,886	66.8	116	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Men	2,037	1,548	76.0	1,490	73.1	58	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	2,282	1,454	63.7	1,396	61.2	58	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	287	131	45.6	115	40.1	16	12.1	9.5 - 14.7
White	2,854	1,991	69.8	1,933	67.7	58	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	1,381	1,066	77.2	1,037	75.1	29	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Women	1,472	925	62.8	896	60.8	29	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	183	92	50.5	83	45.6	9	9.7	6.8 - 12.6
Black or African American	1,212	826	68.1	773	63.8	52	6.3	5.5 - 7.1
Men	538	387	71.8	359	66.8	27	7.0	5.8 - 8.2
Women	674	439	65.1	414	61.4	25	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Asian	194	140	72.4	137	70.7	3	2.4	1.1 - 3.7
Men	88	73	82.8	72	81.2	1	2.0	.4 - 3.6
Women	105	67	63.6	65	61.8	2	2.8	.9 - 4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	301	242	80.4	233	77.6	9	3.5	2.4 - 4.6
Men	178	158	89.0	153	86.3	5	3.1	1.8 - 4.4
Women	123	84	67.9	80	64.9	4	4.4	2.3 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	1,106	886	80.0	870	78.6	16	1.8	1.4 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	1,093	731	66.9	714	65.4	17	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	299	214	71.5	201	67.0	13	6.3	4.7 - 7.9
Massachusetts								
Total	5,078	3,399	67.0	3,228	63.6	172	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	2,431	1,786	73.5	1,686	69.3	101	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	2,646	1,613	61.0	1,542	58.3	71	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	373	164	44.0	146	39.0	19	11.4	8.4 - 14.4
White	4,455	3,003	67.4	2,863	64.3	141	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	2,136	1,575	73.8	1,494	69.9	82	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	2,319	1,428	61.6	1,369	59.0	59	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	138	44.6	123	39.9	15	10.6	7.4 - 13.8
Black or African American	313	194	61.9	176	56.3	17	9.0	6.4 - 11.6
Men	146	101	68.8	91	62.4	9	9.2	5.6 - 12.8
Women	167	93	55.8	85	51.0	8	8.6	5.0 - 12.2
Asian	266	173	65.1	163	61.3	10	5.9	3.6 - 8.2
Men	129	95	73.5	87	67.4	8	8.3	4.7 - 11.9
Women	137	78	57.2	76	55.5	2	3.0	.5 - 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	327	217	66.4	194	59.2	24	10.9	8.2 - 13.6
Men	160	116	72.3	101	63.5	14	12.2	8.3 - 16.1
Women	167	102	60.8	92	55.1	9	9.3	5.6 - 13.0
Married men, spouse present	1,286	1,013	78.8	983	76.4	30	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	1,280	826	64.5	805	62.8	22	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	294	197	66.9	179	60.8	18	9.1	6.5 - 11.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Michigan								
Total	7,796	5,077	65.1	4,723	60.6	353	7.0	6.5 - 7.5
Men	3,774	2,694	71.4	2,497	66.2	196	7.3	6.6 - 8.0
Women	4,022	2,383	59.2	2,226	55.3	157	6.6	5.9 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	585	272	46.5	220	37.6	52	19.1	16.4 - 21.8
White	6,425	4,224	65.7	3,963	61.7	262	6.2	5.7 - 6.7
Men	3,152	2,289	72.6	2,136	67.8	153	6.7	6.0 - 7.4
Women	3,273	1,936	59.1	1,827	55.8	109	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	458	232	50.6	193	42.3	38	16.5	13.6 - 19.4
Black or African American	1,027	609	59.3	531	51.7	78	12.8	11.1 - 14.5
Men	458	280	61.1	242	52.7	38	13.7	11.2 - 16.2
Women	569	329	57.8	289	50.9	39	12.0	9.8 - 14.2
Asian	188	140	74.4	136	72.5	4	2.6	.9 - 4.3
Men	88	73	82.6	73	82.3	(³)	.3	(²) - (²)
Women	99	67	67.1	63	63.7	3	5.1	1.7 - 8.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	254	177	69.8	168	66.0	10	5.5	3.3 - 7.7
Men	126	98	78.0	92	73.0	6	6.4	3.2 - 9.6
Women	128	79	61.8	76	59.1	3	4.4	1.4 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	2,142	1,616	75.5	1,546	72.2	70	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Married women, spouse present	2,064	1,260	61.1	1,215	58.9	45	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	492	325	66.1	289	58.6	37	11.3	9.1 - 13.5
Minnesota								
Total	3,996	2,911	72.9	2,794	69.9	117	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Men	1,964	1,523	77.5	1,451	73.9	71	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	2,032	1,389	68.4	1,343	66.1	46	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	314	186	59.3	159	50.6	27	14.7	12.5 - 16.9
White	3,637	2,648	72.8	2,553	70.2	95	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	1,782	1,378	77.4	1,318	74.0	60	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Women	1,856	1,270	68.4	1,234	66.5	35	2.8	2.3 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	267	164	61.6	144	53.8	21	12.6	10.3 - 14.9
Black or African American	148	106	71.3	95	63.7	11	10.7	7.9 - 13.5
Men	79	60	76.2	55	69.0	6	9.4	6.0 - 12.8
Women	69	46	65.8	40	57.6	6	12.4	8.1 - 16.7
Asian	146	110	74.9	103	70.7	6	5.6	3.6 - 7.6
Men	71	60	83.7	57	79.7	3	4.8	2.2 - 7.4
Women	75	50	66.6	47	62.2	3	6.6	3.4 - 9.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	143	114	79.9	109	76.1	5	4.7	2.8 - 6.6
Men	81	71	88.4	68	84.3	3	4.6	2.3 - 6.9
Married men, spouse present	1,107	871	78.7	848	76.6	23	2.6	2.1 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	1,118	787	70.4	772	69.0	16	2.0	1.5 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	176	138	78.7	131	74.5	7	5.4	3.5 - 7.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mississippi								
Total	2,176	1,297	59.6	1,214	55.8	83	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Men	1,026	681	66.4	636	62.0	45	6.6	5.6 - 7.6
Women	1,149	616	53.6	578	50.3	38	6.2	5.1 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	184	67	36.7	56	30.3	12	17.4	13.0 - 21.8
White	1,375	842	61.2	808	58.8	34	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Men	668	471	70.5	452	67.7	19	3.9	2.9 - 4.9
Women	707	371	52.5	356	50.3	15	4.2	3.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	94	44	46.3	40	42.8	3	7.5	3.3 - 11.7
Black or African American	757	424	56.0	376	49.6	48	11.3	9.6 - 13.0
Men	336	194	57.9	168	50.2	26	13.3	11.1 - 15.5
Women	422	230	54.5	208	49.2	22	9.6	7.6 - 11.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57	43	76.5	42	73.0	2	4.5	1.2 - 7.8
Men	37	34	91.7	32	87.5	2	4.7	1.0 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	553	404	73.1	390	70.5	15	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	546	315	57.7	303	55.5	12	3.8	2.6 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	189	107	56.4	97	51.3	10	9.1	6.2 - 12.0
Missouri								
Total	4,490	3,045	67.8	2,899	64.5	147	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	2,157	1,592	73.8	1,518	70.4	74	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	2,334	1,454	62.3	1,381	59.2	73	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	326	167	51.4	143	43.8	25	14.6	11.9 - 17.3
White	3,880	2,614	67.4	2,513	64.8	101	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	1,875	1,387	74.0	1,333	71.1	54	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	2,005	1,227	61.2	1,180	58.8	47	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	277	142	51.2	124	44.9	17	12.3	9.4 - 15.2
Black or African American	468	336	71.9	295	63.1	41	12.2	10.1 - 14.3
Men	205	149	73.0	131	64.2	18	12.0	9.2 - 14.8
Women	263	187	71.0	164	62.3	23	12.3	9.7 - 14.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	110	79	71.7	73	66.5	6	7.3	3.9 - 10.7
Men	66	57	86.4	52	78.9	5	8.7	4.6 - 12.8
Married men, spouse present	1,224	934	76.4	914	74.7	21	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	1,179	759	64.4	737	62.5	22	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	303	227	74.7	207	68.2	20	8.8	6.7 - 10.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	739	497	67.2	479	64.8	18	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Men	365	261	71.5	251	68.8	10	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Women	374	236	63.1	228	60.9	8	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53	28	53.1	25	47.6	3	10.5	7.3 - 13.7
White	691	467	67.6	452	65.5	15	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Men	341	245	71.7	237	69.5	8	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Women	350	223	63.7	215	61.6	7	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49	28	56.1	25	50.4	3	10.2	7.0 - 13.4
Married men, spouse present	208	156	75.1	152	73.1	4	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	208	130	62.7	127	61.3	3	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Women who maintain families	33	26	80.4	25	76.0	1	5.5	2.9 - 8.1
Nebraska								
Total	1,343	974	72.5	943	70.2	31	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	657	520	79.2	502	76.4	18	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	687	454	66.1	442	64.4	12	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	58	58.3	53	52.8	6	9.5	6.8 - 12.2
White	1,235	899	72.8	874	70.8	24	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Men	607	482	79.4	468	77.1	14	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Women	628	417	66.4	406	64.7	10	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	87	53	60.2	48	55.3	4	8.2	5.5 - 10.9
Black or African American	52	33	63.8	30	58.0	3	9.2	5.8 - 12.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	97	69	70.6	66	67.5	3	4.5	2.8 - 6.2
Men	52	43	82.3	41	79.0	2	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women	45	26	57.0	24	54.0	1	5.2	3.5 - 6.9
Married men, spouse present	365	296	81.1	291	79.8	5	1.6	1.0 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	374	264	70.6	259	69.3	5	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	62	47	76.5	45	73.5	2	3.9	1.8 - 6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Nevada								
Total	1,897	1,295	68.3	1,242	65.5	54	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	955	716	75.0	685	71.8	30	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	942	580	61.5	557	59.1	23	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	136	62	45.6	52	38.3	10	16.2	12.7 - 19.7
White	1,547	1,051	68.0	1,011	65.4	40	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	792	594	75.0	569	71.8	25	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	754	457	60.6	442	58.6	15	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	105	50	47.8	43	41.2	7	13.8	10.0 - 17.6
Black or African American	135	92	68.3	86	63.7	6	6.8	5.1 - 8.5
Men	65	47	72.2	44	68.1	3	5.6	3.9 - 7.3
Women	70	46	64.8	42	59.7	4	7.9	6.7 - 9.1
Asian	131	94	72.2	92	70.4	2	2.5	1.3 - 3.7
Men	56	44	77.5	43	76.6	1	1.2	(²) - (²)
Women	75	51	68.2	49	65.8	2	3.6	1.9 - 5.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	392	300	76.6	285	72.8	15	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Men	211	184	87.3	174	82.5	10	5.5	4.2 - 6.8
Women	181	116	64.1	111	61.4	5	4.2	2.7 - 5.7
Married men, spouse present	492	381	77.4	371	75.4	10	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	480	290	60.6	283	59.0	8	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	112	86	76.6	82	73.1	4	4.6	2.7 - 6.5
New Hampshire								
Total	1,041	738	71.0	714	68.6	25	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Men	508	390	76.9	377	74.2	14	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Women	533	348	65.3	337	63.2	11	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	73	38	52.3	33	46.1	4	11.8	9.3 - 14.3
White	999	708	70.8	684	68.5	23	3.3	3.0 - 3.6
Men	487	373	76.6	360	73.9	13	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Women	513	335	65.3	325	63.3	10	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	70	37	52.6	33	46.6	4	11.4	8.9 - 13.9
Asian	20	14	71.2	14	69.9	(³)	1.9	.1 - 3.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16	13	76.8	12	73.9	(³)	3.8	1.1 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	298	238	79.8	233	78.1	5	2.1	1.6 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	290	199	68.4	194	66.9	4	2.2	1.7 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	46	35	74.8	33	71.9	1	3.9	2.2 - 5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	6,767	4,510	66.6	4,291	63.4	218	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Men	3,240	2,438	75.2	2,322	71.7	116	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Women	3,527	2,072	58.7	1,969	55.8	103	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	491	187	38.1	163	33.1	25	13.3	10.2 - 16.4
White	5,268	3,488	66.2	3,342	63.4	146	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	2,545	1,919	75.4	1,839	72.3	80	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	2,723	1,569	57.6	1,503	55.2	66	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	380	156	41.1	136	35.9	20	12.7	9.3 - 16.1
Black or African American	905	602	66.5	543	60.0	58	9.7	8.1 - 11.3
Men	403	289	71.7	260	64.4	29	10.2	7.9 - 12.5
Women	502	313	62.2	284	56.5	29	9.2	7.1 - 11.3
Asian	534	378	70.8	368	69.0	10	2.6	1.5 - 3.7
Men	266	210	78.9	207	77.6	3	1.7	.5 - 2.9
Women	268	168	62.8	161	60.3	7	3.9	2.0 - 5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,026	725	70.6	679	66.1	46	6.4	5.2 - 7.6
Men	529	430	81.3	409	77.3	21	4.9	3.5 - 6.3
Women	497	295	59.3	270	54.2	25	8.6	6.5 - 10.7
Married men, spouse present	1,837	1,482	80.7	1,439	78.3	43	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	1,767	1,094	61.9	1,055	59.7	39	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	422	278	65.8	258	61.0	20	7.3	5.3 - 9.3
New Mexico								
Total	1,472	929	63.1	889	60.4	40	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Men	710	491	69.2	470	66.2	21	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Women	762	438	57.5	419	54.9	19	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	117	50	43.1	44	37.5	7	13.0	9.1 - 16.9
White	1,256	801	63.8	767	61.0	34	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	606	429	70.8	411	67.9	18	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Women	650	372	57.2	355	54.6	17	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	94	44	47.0	39	40.8	6	13.3	9.1 - 17.5
Black or African American	34	24	70.7	23	66.8	1	5.5	1.5 - 9.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	563	349	61.9	330	58.6	19	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Men	269	187	69.2	176	65.5	10	5.4	3.9 - 6.9
Women	294	162	55.2	154	52.3	8	5.2	3.6 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57	24	41.6	19	34.3	4	17.6	13.4 - 21.8
Married men, spouse present	370	272	73.5	268	72.3	4	1.6	.9 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	372	215	57.8	208	56.0	6	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	95	65	68.6	62	64.8	4	5.5	3.0 - 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	15,070	9,518	63.2	9,094	60.3	423	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Men	7,173	4,995	69.6	4,753	66.3	242	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Women	7,897	4,523	57.3	4,341	55.0	181	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,065	369	34.7	298	28.0	71	19.2	17.0 - 21.4
White	11,265	7,228	64.2	6,945	61.7	284	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Men	5,445	3,852	70.7	3,688	67.7	164	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Women	5,819	3,377	58.0	3,257	56.0	120	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	726	295	40.7	246	33.9	49	16.6	14.2 - 19.0
Black or African American	2,450	1,459	59.6	1,346	54.9	114	7.8	6.9 - 8.7
Men	1,075	676	62.9	613	57.0	63	9.3	7.9 - 10.7
Women	1,375	784	57.0	733	53.3	51	6.5	5.4 - 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	238	56	23.4	38	15.9	18	32.2	26.5 - 37.9
Asian	1,142	692	60.6	677	59.3	15	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Men	550	393	71.5	385	69.9	9	2.2	1.3 - 3.1
Women	592	299	50.5	292	49.4	6	2.1	1.0 - 3.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,229	1,386	62.2	1,307	58.6	79	5.7	4.9 - 6.5
Men	1,063	779	73.3	739	69.5	41	5.2	4.2 - 6.2
Women	1,166	607	52.1	568	48.7	39	6.4	5.1 - 7.7
Married men, spouse present	3,657	2,691	73.6	2,619	71.6	72	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	3,604	2,151	59.7	2,097	58.2	54	2.5	2.1 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	1,068	699	65.5	664	62.2	36	5.1	4.0 - 6.2
North Carolina								
Total	6,731	4,451	66.1	4,242	63.0	209	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Men	3,224	2,367	73.4	2,263	70.2	103	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Women	3,506	2,085	59.5	1,979	56.4	106	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	470	205	43.6	164	34.9	41	20.0	16.6 - 23.4
White	5,071	3,363	66.3	3,246	64.0	117	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	2,492	1,857	74.5	1,793	72.0	64	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	2,580	1,506	58.4	1,453	56.3	53	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	301	145	48.0	123	40.8	22	14.9	11.1 - 18.7
Black or African American	1,375	908	66.0	826	60.0	82	9.0	7.7 - 10.3
Men	609	414	68.0	377	62.0	37	8.9	7.2 - 10.6
Women	767	494	64.4	449	58.5	45	9.1	7.5 - 10.7
Asian	116	74	64.0	69	60.0	5	6.3	2.9 - 9.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	449	364	81.1	353	78.6	11	3.0	1.8 - 4.2
Men	279	259	92.6	252	90.1	7	2.7	1.4 - 4.0
Women	169	105	62.2	101	59.8	4	3.9	1.7 - 6.1
Married men, spouse present	1,803	1,378	76.4	1,345	74.6	33	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	1,764	1,106	62.7	1,075	60.9	31	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	444	307	69.2	288	64.8	19	6.3	4.4 - 8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Dakota								
Total	493	361	73.2	349	70.7	12	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Men	243	188	77.4	181	74.5	7	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	250	173	69.0	168	67.0	5	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37	21	56.2	19	50.3	2	10.6	7.8 - 13.4
White	449	332	73.9	323	72.0	9	2.6	2.2 - 3.0
Men	220	173	78.6	168	76.2	5	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women	228	158	69.4	155	67.9	3	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31	19	62.5	18	57.4	2	8.1	5.4 - 10.8
Married men, spouse present	138	110	80.0	108	78.6	2	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	139	102	73.1	100	72.1	1	1.3	.8 - 1.8
Women who maintain families	22	17	76.4	16	72.5	1	5.1	2.7 - 7.5
Ohio								
Total	8,870	5,961	67.2	5,639	63.6	322	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Men	4,257	3,114	73.1	2,931	68.9	183	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Women	4,613	2,847	61.7	2,708	58.7	140	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	648	343	53.0	283	43.7	60	17.6	15.3 - 19.9
White	7,650	5,151	67.3	4,918	64.3	233	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Men	3,708	2,726	73.5	2,588	69.8	138	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Women	3,942	2,425	61.5	2,330	59.1	95	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	540	291	53.9	248	45.9	44	15.0	12.6 - 17.4
Black or African American	971	648	66.7	568	58.5	80	12.3	10.7 - 13.9
Men	434	309	71.3	272	62.6	37	12.1	9.9 - 14.3
Women	537	338	63.0	296	55.1	42	12.5	10.3 - 14.7
Asian	107	72	67.0	70	65.4	2	2.3	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	219	154	70.6	143	65.5	11	7.2	4.5 - 9.9
Men	117	96	82.2	90	76.3	7	7.2	3.9 - 10.5
Women	101	58	57.2	54	53.1	4	7.2	3.0 - 11.4
Married men, spouse present	2,348	1,790	76.3	1,741	74.2	49	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	2,321	1,482	63.8	1,439	62.0	43	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	603	429	71.1	398	66.0	31	7.2	5.6 - 8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Oklahoma								
Total	2,699	1,710	63.4	1,644	60.9	66	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	1,304	923	70.8	883	67.7	41	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Women	1,395	787	56.4	761	54.6	25	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	220	97	43.8	85	38.5	12	12.2	8.7 - 15.7
White	2,119	1,362	64.3	1,317	62.1	45	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Men	1,041	758	72.8	729	70.1	28	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Women	1,078	605	56.1	587	54.5	17	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	159	75	47.5	66	41.8	9	12.1	8.1 - 16.1
Black or African American	189	111	58.9	102	54.1	9	8.2	5.4 - 11.0
Men	85	52	61.0	46	54.4	6	10.9	6.6 - 15.2
Women	104	59	57.1	56	53.8	3	5.8	2.6 - 9.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	125	90	71.9	84	67.5	6	6.2	3.3 - 9.1
Men	57	50	87.3	47	82.7	3	5.2	1.9 - 8.5
Married men, spouse present	752	567	75.5	556	73.9	12	2.0	1.3 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	744	432	58.1	426	57.3	6	1.4	.7 - 2.1
Women who maintain families	161	103	64.2	97	60.4	6	5.9	3.3 - 8.5
Oregon								
Total	2,906	1,905	65.6	1,802	62.0	103	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	1,427	1,037	72.7	982	68.9	54	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	1,479	868	58.7	820	55.4	48	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	197	93	47.3	77	39.1	16	17.3	13.6 - 21.0
White	2,636	1,726	65.5	1,638	62.1	88	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	1,285	928	72.2	884	68.8	44	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Women	1,351	798	59.1	754	55.8	44	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	173	84	48.7	71	41.2	13	15.5	11.7 - 19.3
Black or African American	45	28	62.5	23	52.5	4	16.1	9.0 - 23.2
Asian	97	59	61.5	57	59.3	2	3.5	1.1 - 5.9
Men	47	36	75.0	34	72.5	1	3.3	.2 - 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	202	148	73.7	139	69.0	9	6.3	4.0 - 8.6
Men	113	95	84.1	90	79.5	5	5.6	3.0 - 8.2
Women	88	53	60.2	49	55.6	4	7.7	4.2 - 11.2
Married men, spouse present	796	602	75.6	585	73.5	17	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	775	466	60.0	451	58.2	14	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	137	91	66.5	85	61.8	6	7.1	4.3 - 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,776	6,292	64.4	5,999	61.4	293	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Men	4,669	3,351	71.8	3,192	68.4	159	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	5,107	2,941	57.6	2,807	55.0	134	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	687	310	45.2	267	38.9	43	13.9	11.4 - 16.4
White	8,599	5,591	65.0	5,353	62.3	238	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	4,137	3,001	72.5	2,873	69.4	129	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Women	4,463	2,590	58.0	2,481	55.6	109	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	588	277	47.1	242	41.2	35	12.5	10.0 - 15.0
Black or African American	931	557	59.8	511	54.9	46	8.2	6.7 - 9.7
Men	410	264	64.3	239	58.2	25	9.5	7.2 - 11.8
Women	522	293	56.2	273	52.3	21	7.0	5.1 - 8.9
Asian	165	97	58.6	93	56.5	3	3.6	1.2 - 6.0
Men	82	58	71.3	57	70.2	1	1.6	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	330	212	64.4	194	58.7	19	8.8	6.3 - 11.3
Men	152	112	73.7	103	67.5	9	8.4	5.1 - 11.7
Women	178	100	56.5	91	51.3	9	9.2	5.5 - 12.9
Married men, spouse present	2,595	1,960	75.5	1,913	73.7	47	2.4	1.9 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	2,495	1,542	61.8	1,497	60.0	45	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	549	353	64.3	326	59.4	27	7.6	5.8 - 9.4
Rhode Island								
Total	842	578	68.6	548	65.1	30	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Men	401	300	74.8	285	71.0	15	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Women	441	278	63.0	263	59.7	15	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60	32	53.0	27	45.1	5	14.9	12.0 - 17.8
White	761	520	68.3	494	64.9	26	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	362	268	74.1	255	70.5	13	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Women	400	252	63.0	239	59.8	13	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54	29	52.7	24	44.6	4	15.2	12.1 - 18.3
Black or African American	45	33	71.9	30	66.8	2	7.2	5.0 - 9.4
Men	22	17	77.3	16	72.2	1	6.6	3.7 - 9.5
Women	24	16	67.1	15	61.9	1	7.8	4.6 - 11.0
Asian	22	15	68.2	14	63.9	1	6.3	3.3 - 9.3
Men	11	9	82.2	9	80.0	(³)	2.6	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	83	56	67.6	51	61.9	5	8.5	6.7 - 10.3
Men	40	31	76.8	28	70.1	3	8.7	6.2 - 11.2
Women	43	25	59.1	23	54.3	2	8.2	5.5 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	213	166	77.6	159	74.7	6	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	210	138	65.7	132	63.1	6	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	57	39	68.2	36	63.4	3	7.0	5.0 - 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Carolina								
Total	3,309	2,126	64.2	1,988	60.1	137	6.5	5.9 - 7.1
Men	1,566	1,116	71.3	1,044	66.7	72	6.5	5.7 - 7.3
Women	1,743	1,010	57.9	944	54.2	65	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	228	101	44.2	78	34.2	23	22.7	18.8 - 26.6
White	2,339	1,493	63.9	1,418	60.6	75	5.0	4.4 - 5.6
Men	1,138	821	72.1	783	68.8	38	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Women	1,201	673	56.0	635	52.9	37	5.6	4.6 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	142	70	49.3	61	42.6	10	13.7	9.4 - 18.0
Black or African American	902	593	65.7	532	59.0	60	10.2	8.8 - 11.6
Men	399	274	68.7	242	60.5	33	11.9	10.0 - 13.8
Women	503	318	63.3	291	57.8	28	8.7	7.0 - 10.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	81	28	35.1	15	18.7	13	46.5	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	114	82	72.2	78	68.2	5	5.5	2.7 - 8.3
Men	66	57	86.7	54	82.1	3	5.4	2.1 - 8.7
Married men, spouse present	866	641	74.0	625	72.1	16	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	843	498	59.0	481	57.1	16	3.3	2.4 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	249	160	64.3	139	56.0	21	12.9	10.1 - 15.7
South Dakota								
Total	593	430	72.5	417	70.3	13	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	289	226	78.2	220	75.9	7	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Women	304	204	67.1	197	64.9	7	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43	27	63.3	25	57.6	2	9.0	6.6 - 11.4
White	552	404	73.2	394	71.5	10	2.4	2.0 - 2.8
Men	270	213	78.7	208	76.8	5	2.4	1.9 - 2.9
Women	281	191	67.9	187	66.3	5	2.4	1.9 - 2.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39	25	65.7	23	60.8	2	7.5	5.1 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	167	133	79.6	131	78.4	2	1.6	1.1 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	171	123	71.9	121	70.8	2	1.6	1.1 - 2.1
Women who maintain families	25	19	77.0	18	72.0	1	6.5	3.9 - 9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,663	3,002	64.4	2,847	61.0	155	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Men	2,243	1,625	72.5	1,543	68.8	83	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	2,420	1,376	56.9	1,304	53.9	72	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	337	155	46.0	136	40.2	20	12.7	9.6 - 15.8
White	3,827	2,462	64.3	2,356	61.6	106	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	1,868	1,367	73.2	1,308	70.0	59	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Women	1,959	1,095	55.9	1,048	53.5	47	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	261	121	46.3	107	40.9	14	11.7	8.3 - 15.1
Black or African American	719	456	63.5	411	57.2	45	10.0	8.2 - 11.8
Men	320	215	67.2	194	60.5	21	10.0	7.6 - 12.4
Women	398	241	60.6	217	54.5	24	10.0	7.7 - 12.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	153	126	82.5	122	79.7	4	3.5	1.4 - 5.6
Men	95	90	95.2	88	92.3	3	3.1	.8 - 5.4
Married men, spouse present	1,247	924	74.1	894	71.6	30	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	1,216	718	59.0	693	57.0	25	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	305	210	68.6	192	62.9	17	8.3	6.0 - 10.6
Texas								
Total	17,224	11,507	66.8	10,953	63.6	554	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Men	8,393	6,413	76.4	6,125	73.0	288	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Women	8,831	5,094	57.7	4,827	54.7	266	5.2	4.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,364	554	40.6	462	33.9	92	16.7	14.9 - 18.5
White	14,315	9,544	66.7	9,149	63.9	395	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Men	7,043	5,420	77.0	5,212	74.0	208	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Women	7,272	4,124	56.7	3,937	54.1	186	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,087	455	41.8	392	36.1	63	13.8	11.8 - 15.8
Black or African American	1,966	1,290	65.6	1,153	58.6	138	10.7	9.6 - 11.8
Men	882	610	69.2	542	61.4	68	11.2	9.7 - 12.7
Women	1,084	680	62.8	611	56.4	69	10.2	8.8 - 11.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	210	77	36.9	50	24.0	27	35.0	(²) - (²)
Asian	544	400	73.6	391	71.8	10	2.4	1.4 - 3.4
Men	270	220	81.7	215	79.8	5	2.4	1.0 - 3.8
Women	275	180	65.6	176	64.0	4	2.4	.9 - 3.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,866	3,923	66.9	3,742	63.8	181	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	2,937	2,326	79.2	2,229	75.9	97	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	2,930	1,597	54.5	1,513	51.6	84	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	563	208	36.9	175	31.1	32	15.6	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	4,761	3,878	81.5	3,796	79.7	83	2.1	1.8 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	4,658	2,700	58.0	2,615	56.1	85	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	1,150	811	70.5	740	64.3	71	8.7	7.4 - 10.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Utah								
Total	1,815	1,313	72.3	1,275	70.3	38	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	899	738	82.0	717	79.7	21	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Women	916	575	62.8	558	61.0	17	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	163	93	56.9	83	51.3	9	9.9	7.3 - 12.5
White	1,699	1,235	72.7	1,200	70.7	34	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Men	843	694	82.3	676	80.1	18	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women	856	540	63.2	525	61.3	16	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	145	86	59.6	78	53.8	8	9.6	6.9 - 12.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	192	148	77.4	143	74.6	5	3.5	2.2 - 4.8
Men	108	92	85.4	89	82.3	3	3.7	2.0 - 5.4
Women	84	56	67.0	55	64.9	2	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Married men, spouse present	556	469	84.3	463	83.3	6	1.2	.7 - 1.7
Married women, spouse present	558	342	61.3	336	60.2	6	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Women who maintain families	79	58	73.8	55	70.0	3	5.1	2.5 - 7.7
Vermont								
Total	503	362	72.1	349	69.4	13	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	246	188	76.3	180	73.3	7	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	257	175	68.0	169	65.7	6	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	21	57.3	19	51.5	2	10.1	7.5 - 12.7
White	485	349	72.0	337	69.4	13	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	238	181	76.0	174	73.0	7	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	247	168	68.2	163	66.0	5	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	20	57.6	18	51.9	2	9.9	7.3 - 12.5
Married men, spouse present	135	108	80.1	105	78.2	3	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	131	93	70.8	91	69.3	2	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	23	17	72.9	16	70.5	1	3.3	1.5 - 5.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,804	3,970	68.4	3,848	66.3	123	3.1	2.8 - 3.4
Men	2,761	2,076	75.2	2,020	73.2	56	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Women	3,043	1,894	62.3	1,827	60.1	67	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	429	194	45.2	171	39.9	23	11.7	9.2 - 14.2
White	4,372	2,973	68.0	2,898	66.3	75	2.5	2.1 - 2.9
Men	2,114	1,602	75.8	1,568	74.1	35	2.2	1.7 - 2.7
Women	2,258	1,371	60.7	1,330	58.9	40	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	146	47.2	131	42.5	15	10.0	7.3 - 12.7
Black or African American	1,088	761	69.9	717	65.9	44	5.7	4.6 - 6.8
Men	489	344	70.5	326	66.7	19	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Women	599	417	69.5	392	65.3	25	6.0	4.7 - 7.3
Asian	267	187	70.2	184	69.1	3	1.5	.3 - 2.7
Men	126	107	85.0	106	83.6	2	1.7	.1 - 3.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	366	275	75.1	267	73.0	7	2.7	1.5 - 3.9
Men	218	192	87.7	188	86.2	3	1.8	.6 - 3.0
Married men, spouse present	1,541	1,203	78.0	1,190	77.2	13	1.0	.6 - 1.4
Married women, spouse present	1,533	947	61.8	927	60.4	20	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	375	271	72.3	254	67.8	17	6.2	4.5 - 7.9
Washington								
Total	4,938	3,327	67.4	3,160	64.0	167	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	2,418	1,788	73.9	1,697	70.2	91	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	2,520	1,539	61.1	1,463	58.1	76	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	357	170	47.6	139	39.0	31	18.0	14.5 - 21.5
White	4,181	2,795	66.8	2,658	63.6	137	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	2,052	1,502	73.2	1,427	69.5	75	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	2,129	1,293	60.7	1,231	57.8	62	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	144	49.6	118	40.4	27	18.6	14.8 - 22.4
Black or African American	164	110	67.1	102	61.9	9	7.8	4.7 - 10.9
Men	86	62	72.1	58	67.9	4	5.8	2.2 - 9.4
Women	79	49	61.7	43	55.3	5	10.4	5.1 - 15.7
Asian	373	270	72.3	261	69.9	9	3.3	2.0 - 4.6
Men	175	144	82.0	138	78.6	6	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Women	198	126	63.7	123	62.2	3	2.4	.7 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	300	216	72.0	200	66.8	15	7.2	4.8 - 9.6
Men	146	123	84.1	114	77.8	9	7.4	4.6 - 10.2
Women	153	93	60.5	86	56.4	6	6.8	3.7 - 9.9
Married men, spouse present	1,339	1,014	75.8	989	73.9	25	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	1,358	835	61.5	809	59.6	27	3.2	2.4 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	248	189	76.5	180	72.9	9	4.7	2.8 - 6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Virginia								
Total	1,453	811	55.9	770	53.0	42	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	704	431	61.2	409	58.1	22	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	749	381	50.8	361	48.2	20	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	95	33	35.1	28	29.1	6	17.1	13.5 - 20.7
White	1,395	779	55.8	739	53.0	40	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	676	414	61.2	393	58.1	21	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Women	719	365	50.7	346	48.1	19	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	92	32	35.1	27	29.0	6	17.4	13.8 - 21.0
Black or African American	40	23	56.9	21	53.2	2	6.6	2.6 - 10.6
Married men, spouse present	403	255	63.3	247	61.3	8	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	404	215	53.2	208	51.4	7	3.3	2.4 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	84	50	59.3	45	53.9	5	9.1	6.3 - 11.9
Wisconsin								
Total	4,325	3,057	70.7	2,910	67.3	146	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Men	2,117	1,603	75.8	1,520	71.8	83	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Women	2,208	1,453	65.8	1,390	63.0	63	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	322	194	60.2	166	51.5	28	14.3	12.0 - 16.6
White	3,961	2,810	70.9	2,688	67.9	122	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	1,950	1,488	76.3	1,418	72.7	70	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Women	2,011	1,322	65.7	1,269	63.1	52	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	271	173	63.8	151	55.6	22	12.8	10.4 - 15.2
Black or African American	207	144	69.4	126	61.1	17	11.9	9.0 - 14.8
Men	89	62	69.8	53	59.1	10	15.4	11.1 - 19.7
Women	117	81	69.0	74	62.7	7	9.2	5.9 - 12.5
Asian	81	52	64.3	48	59.0	4	8.3	4.4 - 12.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	155	112	72.1	103	66.5	9	7.8	5.1 - 10.5
Men	81	68	83.7	62	75.7	6	9.5	5.9 - 13.1
Women	74	44	59.4	42	56.3	2	5.1	1.6 - 8.6
Married men, spouse present	1,166	903	77.4	877	75.2	26	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	1,142	776	68.0	755	66.1	21	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	235	181	77.2	171	72.7	10	5.8	3.9 - 7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wyoming								
Total	399	283	71.0	274	68.6	10	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	198	155	78.3	150	75.5	5	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	201	128	63.8	124	61.8	4	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	16	53.8	14	47.3	2	12.0	9.2 - 14.8
White	382	272	71.2	263	68.9	8	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	189	148	78.3	143	75.7	5	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	192	123	64.1	120	62.2	3	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29	16	54.5	14	48.4	2	11.2	8.4 - 14.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	24	17	69.4	15	63.7	1	8.2	5.5 - 10.9
Men	12	9	78.4	9	71.6	1	8.6	5.2 - 12.0
Women	12	7	60.7	7	56.0	1	7.7	4.1 - 11.3
Married men, spouse present	112	89	80.0	88	78.5	2	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	115	77	67.3	76	66.1	1	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Women who maintain families	17	13	76.7	12	70.8	1	7.6	4.9 - 10.3

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base

does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Alabama							
Less than a high school diploma	522	189	36.1	178	34.1	11	5.6
High school graduates, no college	1,085	680	62.7	654	60.3	26	3.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	742	519	69.9	501	67.5	18	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	630	487	77.3	480	76.2	7	1.4
Alaska							
Less than a high school diploma	30	14	48.1	12	39.6	3	17.6
High school graduates, no college	116	83	71.2	76	65.0	7	8.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	140	106	75.5	100	71.7	5	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	112	89	79.1	87	77.4	2	2.2
Arizona							
Less than a high school diploma	654	335	51.3	319	48.8	16	4.9
High school graduates, no college	1,068	681	63.8	658	61.6	23	3.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,173	797	68.0	770	65.6	28	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	953	699	73.4	684	71.8	15	2.2
Arkansas							
Less than a high school diploma	326	127	39.1	120	36.8	8	6.0
High school graduates, no college	699	446	63.7	426	61.0	19	4.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	430	310	72.1	298	69.3	12	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	357	272	76.2	263	73.6	9	3.3
California							
Less than a high school diploma	4,261	2,355	55.3	2,191	51.4	165	7.0
High school graduates, no college	5,372	3,250	60.5	3,113	57.9	137	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	6,312	4,445	70.4	4,291	68.0	154	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	6,909	5,256	76.1	5,118	74.1	139	2.6
Colorado							
Less than a high school diploma	310	182	58.6	168	54.1	14	7.7
High school graduates, no college	755	535	70.8	514	68.0	21	3.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	862	644	74.7	625	72.5	19	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,127	894	79.3	875	77.6	19	2.2
Connecticut							
Less than a high school diploma	263	118	44.8	109	41.4	9	7.6
High school graduates, no college	681	446	65.5	426	62.6	20	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	553	407	73.5	395	71.4	12	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	846	650	76.8	637	75.3	13	2.0
Delaware							
Less than a high school diploma	74	34	46.5	33	44.2	2	4.8
High school graduates, no college	201	131	65.0	127	62.9	4	3.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	134	100	74.5	97	72.2	3	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	150	113	75.7	112	74.7	2	1.4
District of Columbia							
Less than a high school diploma	57	27	47.4	24	41.7	3	12.1
High school graduates, no college	81	46	56.7	42	51.7	4	8.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	63	45	71.0	42	66.5	3	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	196	159	81.2	155	79.2	4	2.4

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Florida							
Less than a high school diploma	1,679	797	47.5	752	44.8	45	5.7
High school graduates, no college	3,985	2,362	59.3	2,295	57.6	67	2.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	3,202	2,195	68.5	2,141	66.9	54	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,357	2,485	74.0	2,445	72.8	40	1.6
Georgia							
Less than a high school diploma	876	457	52.2	425	48.6	32	6.9
High school graduates, no college	1,848	1,212	65.6	1,162	62.8	50	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,398	1,044	74.6	1,009	72.1	35	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,623	1,317	81.1	1,299	80.0	18	1.4
Hawaii							
Less than a high school diploma	86	33	38.2	32	36.8	1	3.6
High school graduates, no college	269	168	62.4	164	60.7	5	2.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	227	165	72.6	162	71.3	3	1.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	259	198	76.7	196	75.8	2	1.2
Idaho							
Less than a high school diploma	94	49	52.3	47	50.0	2	4.4
High school graduates, no college	287	189	65.9	183	63.6	7	3.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	300	215	71.9	211	70.5	4	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	228	177	78.0	174	76.5	3	1.9
Illinois							
Less than a high school diploma	1,007	483	47.9	445	44.2	37	7.7
High school graduates, no college	2,485	1,558	62.7	1,489	59.9	70	4.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	2,046	1,501	73.4	1,445	70.6	57	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,625	2,097	79.9	2,053	78.2	44	2.1
Indiana							
Less than a high school diploma	525	236	44.9	222	42.2	14	6.1
High school graduates, no college	1,604	1,045	65.2	993	61.9	52	5.0
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,046	786	75.2	759	72.6	27	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	875	714	81.6	695	79.4	19	2.7
Iowa							
Less than a high school diploma	185	92	49.8	85	45.8	7	7.9
High school graduates, no college	703	459	65.2	444	63.1	15	3.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	557	439	78.8	429	77.0	10	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	474	395	83.3	389	82.0	6	1.5
Kansas							
Less than a high school diploma	165	84	50.7	77	46.7	7	7.9
High school graduates, no college	509	322	63.2	307	60.4	15	4.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	512	381	74.5	370	72.3	11	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	543	439	80.8	431	79.3	8	1.8
Kentucky							
Less than a high school diploma	526	170	32.2	156	29.6	14	8.1
High school graduates, no college	970	608	62.7	574	59.2	34	5.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	668	476	71.3	459	68.8	17	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	571	464	81.3	457	80.0	8	1.6

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Louisiana							
Less than a high school diploma	481	211	43.8	197	41.0	14	6.6
High school graduates, no college	977	608	62.2	584	59.8	24	3.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	638	438	68.7	424	66.4	14	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	564	434	76.9	429	76.1	4	1.0
Maine							
Less than a high school diploma	94	34	36.1	32	33.8	2	6.3
High school graduates, no college	329	211	64.0	203	61.5	8	3.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	231	168	72.6	162	70.3	5	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	235	183	77.5	179	76.1	4	1.9
Maryland							
Less than a high school diploma	451	219	48.6	206	45.7	13	5.9
High school graduates, no college	1,072	702	65.5	675	63.0	27	3.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	851	649	76.2	629	73.9	19	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,290	1,031	79.9	1,013	78.5	19	1.8
Massachusetts							
Less than a high school diploma	443	193	43.7	180	40.7	13	6.7
High school graduates, no college	1,216	746	61.4	699	57.5	47	6.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	869	618	71.1	588	67.6	30	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,767	1,373	77.7	1,339	75.8	34	2.5
Michigan							
Less than a high school diploma	688	255	37.0	218	31.6	37	14.7
High school graduates, no college	2,289	1,372	60.0	1,265	55.3	107	7.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,870	1,324	70.8	1,255	67.1	69	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,739	1,381	79.5	1,348	77.5	33	2.4
Minnesota							
Less than a high school diploma	258	120	46.5	113	43.9	7	5.6
High school graduates, no college	888	580	65.3	556	62.5	24	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,063	829	77.9	804	75.6	25	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,096	889	81.1	872	79.6	16	1.8
Mississippi							
Less than a high school diploma	368	135	36.8	124	33.7	11	8.3
High school graduates, no college	611	375	61.3	350	57.3	24	6.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	467	333	71.3	317	67.9	16	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	350	264	75.5	260	74.3	4	1.6
Missouri							
Less than a high school diploma	485	176	36.3	164	33.8	12	6.9
High school graduates, no college	1,367	877	64.2	831	60.8	46	5.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,004	755	75.2	729	72.6	26	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	944	771	81.7	759	80.4	13	1.6
Montana							
Less than a high school diploma	55	22	39.9	20	36.2	2	9.2
High school graduates, no college	211	130	61.5	126	59.7	4	2.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	195	140	71.7	135	69.5	4	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	165	128	77.3	126	76.1	2	1.6

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Nebraska							
Less than a high school diploma	114	56	49.5	53	46.8	3	5.5
High school graduates, no college	369	250	67.7	244	66.1	6	2.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	317	245	77.1	237	74.9	7	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	306	250	81.8	248	80.8	3	1.1
Nevada							
Less than a high school diploma	222	135	60.6	128	57.6	7	4.8
High school graduates, no college	583	383	65.6	370	63.4	13	3.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	451	325	72.1	317	70.3	8	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	334	250	75.0	245	73.3	6	2.3
New Hampshire							
Less than a high school diploma	71	29	41.6	28	39.0	2	6.3
High school graduates, no college	276	182	66.0	177	64.3	5	2.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	235	178	75.9	174	73.8	5	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	303	245	81.0	241	79.4	5	2.0
New Jersey							
Less than a high school diploma	716	313	43.7	290	40.5	23	7.5
High school graduates, no college	1,850	1,186	64.1	1,133	61.2	53	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,083	812	75.0	769	71.1	42	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,090	1,638	78.4	1,598	76.5	40	2.4
New Mexico							
Less than a high school diploma	207	93	44.8	88	42.8	4	4.5
High school graduates, no college	336	219	65.2	211	62.9	8	3.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	346	226	65.3	219	63.2	7	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	335	251	74.7	243	72.4	8	3.1
New York							
Less than a high school diploma	1,757	758	43.1	707	40.2	51	6.8
High school graduates, no college	4,113	2,413	58.7	2,314	56.3	99	4.1
Some college or associate's degree ...	2,675	1,924	71.9	1,854	69.3	70	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,187	3,226	77.1	3,168	75.7	58	1.8
North Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	920	426	46.3	402	43.7	24	5.7
High school graduates, no college	1,820	1,187	65.2	1,132	62.2	55	4.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,441	1,033	71.7	992	68.9	40	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,498	1,156	77.2	1,139	76.0	17	1.5
North Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	44	18	39.7	16	36.6	1	7.8
High school graduates, no college	113	76	66.8	74	64.8	2	2.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	132	104	78.9	102	77.3	2	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	115	99	86.1	98	84.9	1	1.4
Ohio							
Less than a high school diploma	885	327	37.0	299	33.8	28	8.7
High school graduates, no college	2,900	1,857	64.0	1,769	61.0	88	4.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,879	1,416	75.4	1,365	72.6	51	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,756	1,399	79.7	1,367	77.8	32	2.3

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Oklahoma							
Less than a high school diploma	285	106	37.1	99	34.9	6	6.0
High school graduates, no college	796	477	60.0	460	57.7	18	3.7
Some college or associate's degree ...	616	433	70.4	423	68.6	11	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	517	399	77.1	394	76.2	4	1.1
Oregon							
Less than a high school diploma	247	127	51.5	118	47.7	9	7.5
High school graduates, no college	714	428	60.0	407	57.1	21	4.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	790	526	66.5	499	63.1	27	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	710	541	76.1	529	74.5	11	2.1
Pennsylvania							
Less than a high school diploma	988	339	34.3	312	31.6	26	7.8
High school graduates, no college	3,484	2,156	61.9	2,072	59.5	85	3.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,659	1,202	72.4	1,151	69.4	51	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,120	1,670	78.8	1,629	76.8	42	2.5
Rhode Island							
Less than a high school diploma	119	50	42.1	46	38.3	4	8.9
High school graduates, no college	207	138	66.8	131	63.6	7	4.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	167	126	75.7	120	72.1	6	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	216	174	80.5	170	78.4	5	2.6
South Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	496	193	39.0	175	35.3	18	9.5
High school graduates, no college	927	604	65.2	571	61.6	34	5.6
Some college or associate's degree ...	717	510	71.1	484	67.5	26	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	658	502	76.2	491	74.6	11	2.1
South Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	53	23	43.7	22	40.8	2	6.7
High school graduates, no college	165	113	68.5	110	66.6	3	2.8
Some college or associate's degree ...	152	117	76.8	115	75.2	2	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	120	99	82.8	98	81.7	1	1.3
Tennessee							
Less than a high school diploma	734	296	40.4	272	37.1	24	8.0
High school graduates, no college	1,374	883	64.3	840	61.1	43	4.9
Some college or associate's degree ...	888	624	70.2	596	67.1	28	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	952	739	77.6	724	76.0	15	2.1
Texas							
Less than a high school diploma	2,940	1,546	52.6	1,465	49.8	81	5.2
High school graduates, no college	3,912	2,608	66.7	2,497	63.8	111	4.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	3,601	2,635	73.2	2,528	70.2	107	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,710	2,907	78.3	2,850	76.8	57	2.0
Utah							
Less than a high school diploma	127	76	59.4	72	56.4	4	5.0
High school graduates, no college	407	277	68.1	271	66.5	6	2.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	460	344	74.7	338	73.5	6	1.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	410	317	77.4	314	76.6	3	1.1

See note at end of table.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Vermont							
Less than a high school diploma	39	15	37.7	14	34.8	1	7.8
High school graduates, no college	142	102	71.9	99	69.6	3	3.2
Some college or associate's degree ...	97	74	76.0	72	73.7	2	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	146	118	81.0	116	79.3	2	2.0
Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	677	326	48.2	311	46.0	15	4.6
High school graduates, no college	1,482	1,010	68.2	986	66.5	25	2.5
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,081	772	71.4	749	69.3	23	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,648	1,286	78.0	1,273	77.2	14	1.1
Washington							
Less than a high school diploma	389	179	45.9	165	42.5	13	7.5
High school graduates, no college	1,094	674	61.6	645	59.0	29	4.3
Some college or associate's degree ...	1,342	965	71.9	929	69.2	35	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,337	1,015	75.9	989	74.0	26	2.5
West Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	225	59	26.4	54	24.1	5	8.6
High school graduates, no college	563	321	57.0	307	54.5	14	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	259	173	66.9	168	64.8	6	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	201	150	74.5	147	73.1	3	1.9
Wisconsin							
Less than a high school diploma	342	134	39.3	122	35.6	13	9.4
High school graduates, no college	1,361	930	68.4	889	65.4	41	4.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	998	761	76.2	738	73.9	23	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	934	730	78.2	716	76.7	14	1.9
Wyoming							
Less than a high school diploma	30	14	48.7	13	45.5	1	6.5
High school graduates, no college	120	81	67.0	79	65.4	2	2.4
Some college or associate's degree ...	115	89	76.9	86	74.9	2	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	67	55	81.8	54	80.9	1	1.0

NOTE: Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Alabama	1,801	1,579	163	59	309	36	255	18	75	16
Alaska	264	217	31	16	61	8	47	6	20	4
Arizona	2,431	2,134	209	88	435	48	353	34	105	21
Arkansas	1,075	936	101	39	217	26	179	12	61	11
California	14,108	12,456	1,186	467	2,893	385	2,319	189	710	154
Colorado	2,110	1,823	208	78	418	52	335	30	90	22
Connecticut	1,407	1,204	143	60	367	35	307	25	62	17
Delaware	367	322	32	13	59	6	50	3	14	2
District of Columbia	261	229	24	8	35	6	26	3	16	2
Florida	7,498	6,796	480	222	1,247	128	1,039	79	235	56
Georgia	3,946	3,550	280	116	572	69	465	38	181	39
Hawaii	524	449	55	20	104	12	86	6	13	5
Idaho	578	500	57	20	148	13	125	10	21	6
Illinois	5,193	4,596	406	191	1,113	133	919	61	248	47
Indiana	2,576	2,292	202	82	528	50	440	38	135	29
Iowa	1,286	1,112	126	48	333	30	281	22	44	16
Kansas	1,147	1,004	111	32	258	21	222	15	50	15
Kentucky	1,597	1,407	129	60	326	41	262	22	92	22
Louisiana	1,627	1,427	142	58	278	28	232	18	82	9
Maine	524	444	59	21	152	14	128	10	26	7
Maryland	2,453	2,127	239	87	433	33	369	31	94	22
Massachusetts	2,527	2,176	246	105	701	54	600	47	144	28
Michigan	3,741	3,277	315	148	983	150	774	59	290	63
Minnesota	2,161	1,860	224	77	633	64	527	43	83	34
Mississippi	1,031	892	101	38	182	19	152	11	70	13
Missouri	2,407	2,110	208	89	492	46	414	32	121	26
Montana	382	324	40	18	96	8	82	6	14	4
Nebraska	764	672	67	24	179	16	153	11	22	9
Nevada	1,088	980	77	31	154	13	131	9	45	9
New Hampshire	574	501	50	22	140	10	121	9	18	7
New Jersey	3,624	3,214	273	137	667	75	548	44	182	37
New Mexico	717	637	59	22	171	17	145	10	32	8
New York	7,547	6,727	573	247	1,547	163	1,292	93	348	75
North Carolina	3,602	3,165	316	121	641	87	513	40	164	45
North Dakota	281	237	33	11	67	4	58	5	9	3
Ohio	4,537	3,967	394	176	1,102	140	887	75	258	64
Oklahoma	1,402	1,230	125	47	243	27	200	16	51	15
Oregon	1,432	1,246	140	46	371	48	296	26	82	21
Pennsylvania	4,869	4,247	441	181	1,130	110	945	75	231	62
Rhode Island	436	372	45	19	112	12	94	6	24	6
South Carolina	1,678	1,489	132	57	310	53	238	19	119	19
South Dakota	331	288	34	10	85	6	73	6	11	3
Tennessee	2,394	2,090	226	79	452	48	371	33	135	20
Texas	9,315	8,210	796	308	1,638	207	1,328	102	453	101
Utah	983	853	99	31	292	18	255	19	28	10
Vermont	273	231	30	12	76	5	66	5	10	3
Virginia	3,246	2,882	276	88	601	47	514	40	98	25
Washington	2,518	2,178	243	97	642	83	513	46	122	45
West Virginia	649	570	53	26	121	17	97	7	35	6
Wisconsin	2,315	2,027	207	81	595	54	500	41	105	41
Wyoming	227	196	21	9	47	3	40	4	7	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Men										
Alabama	1,027	917	80	30	101	15	84	3	41	5
Alaska	151	128	15	8	21	4	15	2	13	2
Arizona	1,443	1,292	111	40	167	24	132	10	56	6
Arkansas	612	543	51	18	67	12	53	2	34	5
California	8,462	7,574	661	227	1,010	181	771	57	405	64
Colorado	1,247	1,105	105	37	137	24	103	10	48	10
Connecticut	818	717	72	29	119	15	96	8	36	7
Delaware	203	182	15	5	19	3	15	1	8	1
District of Columbia	130	117	10	3	13	2	10	1	7	1
Florida	4,194	3,853	233	108	444	61	356	27	130	22
Georgia	2,230	2,042	140	49	191	27	151	12	96	18
Hawaii	287	249	28	10	40	5	33	2	8	2
Idaho	355	311	32	11	45	5	37	2	11	2
Illinois	3,054	2,754	214	86	363	66	279	18	141	21
Indiana	1,521	1,377	104	40	159	22	126	11	70	9
Iowa	736	653	61	22	117	13	97	7	24	7
Kansas	671	597	57	17	80	6	68	6	24	8
Kentucky	901	812	62	27	113	22	86	5	48	11
Louisiana	919	822	66	31	94	10	79	5	44	3
Maine	306	264	31	11	45	6	36	3	15	3
Maryland	1,352	1,194	119	39	138	15	114	9	49	10
Massachusetts	1,470	1,295	121	54	215	26	178	11	89	12
Michigan	2,191	1,954	162	75	306	63	227	16	170	26
Minnesota	1,243	1,087	118	39	208	32	165	11	55	16
Mississippi	580	509	55	16	56	10	43	3	38	7
Missouri	1,364	1,213	107	44	154	16	129	9	63	11
Montana	220	191	21	8	31	3	26	2	8	1
Nebraska	443	399	32	12	59	7	49	3	14	4
Nevada	632	578	39	15	53	6	44	3	26	4
New Hampshire	336	300	25	11	41	4	34	2	11	3
New Jersey	2,107	1,909	135	63	215	30	174	10	101	15
New Mexico	412	373	28	11	58	8	49	2	18	3
New York	4,280	3,888	278	114	473	67	378	28	211	31
North Carolina	2,064	1,855	159	49	200	34	156	10	83	20
North Dakota	161	140	17	5	20	2	17	1	6	2
Ohio	2,565	2,281	196	88	366	62	284	20	155	28
Oklahoma	792	712	59	21	91	14	73	4	34	6
Oregon	869	769	75	24	114	19	87	7	48	7
Pennsylvania	2,838	2,529	221	88	354	45	293	16	132	27
Rhode Island	250	218	22	10	35	5	28	2	13	2
South Carolina	942	847	68	27	102	25	72	5	65	7
South Dakota	192	171	16	5	28	2	24	2	6	1
Tennessee	1,377	1,218	121	37	166	24	133	9	72	10
Texas	5,517	4,954	417	146	608	92	486	31	244	43
Utah	627	557	53	17	90	10	75	5	16	5
Vermont	156	135	15	6	24	2	21	1	6	1
Virginia	1,828	1,644	142	41	192	21	159	12	44	11
Washington	1,486	1,305	130	50	211	36	162	13	73	18
West Virginia	374	336	26	12	35	7	27	2	20	2
Wisconsin	1,321	1,173	106	42	199	19	168	12	64	19
Wyoming	135	119	11	5	15	2	12	1	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Alabama	774	662	83	29	208	21	172	15	34	11
Alaska	113	90	15	8	40	4	32	4	7	3
Arizona	989	842	98	49	268	24	221	24	49	14
Arkansas	463	393	50	20	149	14	126	10	27	6
California	5,647	4,882	525	240	1,883	204	1,548	132	306	91
Colorado	863	718	103	41	281	28	232	21	42	13
Connecticut	589	487	71	31	248	20	210	17	26	11
Delaware	165	140	17	7	40	3	36	2	6	1
District of Columbia	131	112	14	5	22	4	16	2	9	1
Florida	3,304	2,943	247	114	803	67	683	53	105	33
Georgia	1,716	1,508	141	67	382	42	314	26	85	21
Hawaii	237	200	27	10	64	7	53	4	5	3
Idaho	223	189	25	9	104	8	88	8	10	3
Illinois	2,139	1,842	192	105	751	67	641	43	108	26
Indiana	1,055	915	99	42	369	28	314	27	65	20
Iowa	550	459	66	25	216	16	184	15	19	10
Kansas	477	407	54	16	178	15	154	9	26	8
Kentucky	695	595	67	33	212	19	176	17	44	11
Louisiana	708	605	76	27	184	18	153	13	38	6
Maine	218	181	28	9	106	8	92	6	10	4
Maryland	1,101	933	120	48	295	18	254	22	45	13
Massachusetts	1,057	881	125	51	486	28	422	36	55	16
Michigan	1,549	1,323	153	73	677	86	547	43	120	37
Minnesota	917	773	106	38	425	31	362	32	29	17
Mississippi	451	383	46	22	126	8	110	8	31	7
Missouri	1,043	897	101	44	338	30	285	23	58	15
Montana	162	133	19	10	66	5	57	4	6	2
Nebraska	321	273	36	12	121	9	104	8	8	5
Nevada	456	401	38	17	100	7	87	6	18	5
New Hampshire	238	201	25	11	100	6	87	7	7	4
New Jersey	1,517	1,305	138	74	453	45	374	34	81	21
New Mexico	305	264	30	11	114	9	97	8	14	5
New York	3,268	2,840	294	133	1,074	96	913	65	136	45
North Carolina	1,538	1,310	156	72	441	54	357	31	81	25
North Dakota	120	98	17	6	47	2	42	3	3	2
Ohio	1,973	1,686	198	88	735	78	603	54	104	36
Oklahoma	609	517	66	26	152	12	127	12	17	8
Oregon	563	477	65	22	257	29	209	19	34	15
Pennsylvania	2,031	1,718	220	93	776	64	653	59	99	35
Rhode Island	185	153	23	10	78	7	66	5	11	4
South Carolina	736	642	65	30	208	28	166	14	54	11
South Dakota	140	117	17	5	57	4	49	5	5	2
Tennessee	1,017	872	104	41	287	24	238	24	62	10
Texas	3,798	3,256	380	162	1,029	115	842	72	209	58
Utah	356	296	46	14	202	9	180	14	12	5
Vermont	117	96	15	6	52	3	45	4	4	2
Virginia	1,418	1,237	134	47	409	26	354	28	54	13
Washington	1,032	873	113	46	431	47	351	33	49	27
West Virginia	275	235	27	13	86	10	71	5	15	4
Wisconsin	994	853	101	40	396	35	332	29	41	22
Wyoming	92	77	11	4	32	2	28	3	3	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Alabama	20	16	3	(³)	51	5	46	1	5	7
Alaska	6	5	1	(³)	10	1	8	1	1	2
Arizona	51	42	6	2	98	5	87	6	14	9
Arkansas	19	15	3	1	38	2	35	1	7	5
California	209	182	24	3	405	30	360	15	66	65
Colorado	37	30	7	1	60	7	50	3	10	9
Connecticut	17	14	3	1	63	3	56	3	6	7
Delaware	8	6	1	(³)	13	1	11	1	1	1
District of Columbia	2	2	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	123	109	12	2	191	11	174	6	24	17
Georgia	54	46	7	1	94	4	87	3	21	18
Hawaii	6	5	1	(³)	13	1	12	(³)	1	2
Idaho	15	12	2	(³)	28	2	24	1	3	2
Illinois	59	47	10	1	214	11	196	7	16	19
Indiana	47	39	6	2	91	4	82	4	12	13
Iowa	25	20	4	1	71	3	65	3	5	6
Kansas	20	17	3	(³)	51	2	47	3	5	7
Kentucky	22	18	3	1	60	4	54	2	10	10
Louisiana	37	29	8	1	53	3	48	1	12	2
Maine	8	7	1	(³)	27	2	24	1	3	3
Maryland	39	33	4	2	76	4	68	4	9	7
Massachusetts	30	23	6	1	115	6	107	3	9	10
Michigan	43	35	7	1	177	13	157	7	23	29
Minnesota	32	27	4	1	126	8	112	7	9	18
Mississippi	17	13	3	(³)	39	2	35	2	7	4
Missouri	46	37	7	2	97	9	83	5	14	10
Montana	10	8	2	(³)	16	1	14	1	2	1
Nebraska	12	10	2	(³)	41	2	37	2	2	3
Nevada	25	23	2	(³)	27	2	25	1	6	4
New Hampshire	8	6	1	(³)	26	2	23	1	2	2
New Jersey	39	32	6	1	124	3	114	6	11	14
New Mexico	14	12	1	(³)	30	2	27	1	3	4
New York	85	75	6	4	213	9	192	11	38	33
North Carolina	50	42	7	1	114	7	103	4	16	25
North Dakota	5	4	1	(³)	13	(³)	12	(³)	1	1
Ohio	70	59	10	1	213	12	193	8	30	30
Oklahoma	30	25	4	1	55	4	48	2	6	5
Oregon	28	22	6	1	49	6	40	2	8	8
Pennsylvania	61	50	9	2	206	10	186	10	21	23
Rhode Island	6	5	1	(³)	21	1	19	1	2	3
South Carolina	26	22	4	(³)	52	4	45	3	14	8
South Dakota	7	6	1	(³)	18	1	16	1	1	1
Tennessee	41	32	9	(³)	94	7	82	5	12	8
Texas	158	136	18	4	304	19	275	10	45	47
Utah	31	27	3	1	52	3	46	2	4	5
Vermont	5	5	1	(³)	13	1	12	1	1	1
Virginia	49	43	5	1	122	4	113	5	14	9
Washington	38	32	5	1	102	9	89	4	12	19
West Virginia	9	8	1	(³)	19	2	16	1	3	2
Wisconsin	42	35	6	1	124	7	112	5	9	19
Wyoming	6	5	1	(³)	9	1	7	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Alabama	1,361	1,194	120	48	223	16	193	14	39	10
Alaska	210	173	24	13	48	5	38	5	12	3
Arizona	2,180	1,912	187	81	402	43	328	31	91	18
Arkansas	900	782	86	32	179	17	151	10	41	9
California	10,980	9,650	965	365	2,293	304	1,836	154	529	120
Colorado	1,933	1,667	193	73	387	47	313	28	77	19
Connecticut	1,203	1,031	121	50	325	27	275	23	47	14
Delaware	274	240	25	9	49	4	42	3	9	1
District of Columbia	134	117	12	5	18	2	14	2	3	1
Florida	6,129	5,553	393	184	1,062	101	891	71	166	40
Georgia	2,711	2,434	196	81	390	27	337	27	84	23
Hawaii	114	97	13	5	27	3	22	2	3	1
Idaho	552	480	53	20	142	12	120	10	19	5
Illinois	4,237	3,737	346	154	938	92	789	57	169	28
Indiana	2,342	2,082	184	77	486	44	407	36	107	25
Iowa	1,230	1,062	122	46	315	28	266	21	37	15
Kansas	1,043	911	103	29	237	18	205	14	37	13
Kentucky	1,466	1,291	121	55	300	37	242	20	79	19
Louisiana	1,159	1,012	105	41	199	13	174	12	32	6
Maine	509	432	57	20	148	13	125	9	24	6
Maryland	1,605	1,381	165	59	328	21	282	25	43	15
Massachusetts	2,240	1,929	219	92	622	40	540	42	116	25
Michigan	3,112	2,717	268	126	851	119	679	53	211	51
Minnesota	1,966	1,689	207	70	587	53	492	41	66	30
Mississippi	679	589	67	23	129	7	114	7	30	4
Missouri	2,095	1,830	187	78	418	34	357	27	80	21
Montana	360	305	38	17	92	8	79	6	12	3
Nebraska	705	619	63	23	169	14	145	11	17	8
Nevada	886	797	65	24	125	9	108	8	34	6
New Hampshire	548	478	49	21	136	10	118	9	17	7
New Jersey	2,775	2,445	221	109	567	59	471	36	116	29
New Mexico	611	543	49	19	156	15	132	9	27	8
New York	5,691	5,036	460	195	1,254	112	1,059	82	224	60
North Carolina	2,740	2,409	244	86	507	56	417	34	89	28
North Dakota	260	221	30	10	63	4	55	4	6	3
Ohio	3,954	3,457	340	157	964	110	789	65	181	52
Oklahoma	1,126	988	97	41	191	18	160	13	33	12
Oregon	1,297	1,129	127	41	341	43	274	24	69	19
Pennsylvania	4,311	3,747	402	162	1,042	96	877	69	182	56
Rhode Island	390	331	41	18	104	11	87	6	20	6
South Carolina	1,187	1,048	97	42	231	27	186	18	64	11
South Dakota	313	272	32	9	81	5	70	6	7	3
Tennessee	1,977	1,728	179	70	379	37	314	28	88	17
Texas	7,754	6,811	685	259	1,394	164	1,142	88	318	77
Utah	922	799	94	29	278	17	243	18	25	10
Vermont	264	223	29	12	73	5	63	5	10	3
Virginia	2,435	2,149	217	69	463	29	399	34	60	15
Washington	2,112	1,820	209	84	545	65	440	40	97	40
West Virginia	622	547	51	25	117	16	93	7	33	6
Wisconsin	2,137	1,871	192	75	550	46	465	39	89	34
Wyoming	218	188	21	9	45	3	39	4	6	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Black or African American										
Alabama	405	355	40	10	71	19	48	4	33	6
Alaska	8	7	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	94	84	8	3	12	1	10	1	5	2
Arkansas	141	125	12	5	31	7	22	1	18	1
California	816	718	70	29	149	27	111	11	86	14
Colorado	68	60	6	2	12	2	9	1	5	(³)
Connecticut	135	112	16	8	31	6	24	2	12	3
Delaware	77	67	6	3	8	1	6	(³)	4	1
District of Columbia	112	98	11	3	15	4	11	1	12	2
Florida	1,085	980	73	32	145	23	116	6	64	14
Georgia	1,089	983	74	32	159	40	109	10	92	15
Hawaii	8	6	2	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Idaho	3	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	633	564	44	25	130	33	94	3	70	15
Indiana	198	178	16	4	33	6	26	1	26	3
Iowa	21	18	2	1	7	2	5	(³)	5	1
Kansas	51	45	4	2	7	2	5	1	7	1
Kentucky	98	86	7	5	19	3	15	1	11	3
Louisiana	429	378	36	15	71	14	50	6	47	3
Maine	3	3	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	695	612	60	24	78	12	62	4	47	5
Massachusetts	140	120	17	3	37	6	30	1	16	2
Michigan	445	396	33	16	86	24	58	4	66	12
Minnesota	72	61	7	4	22	6	15	1	10	2
Mississippi	327	280	32	15	49	10	36	4	39	9
Missouri	240	217	16	8	55	11	43	1	38	3
Nebraska	27	24	3	(³)	3	1	3	(³)	3	(³)
Nevada	75	68	4	3	11	2	8	1	5	1
New Hampshire	6	5	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New Jersey	480	438	27	14	64	12	46	6	54	5
New Mexico	19	17	1	1	3	(³)	3	(³)	1	(³)
New York	1,167	1,059	74	34	179	39	134	6	100	14
North Carolina	718	627	60	31	108	27	76	5	68	14
North Dakota	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	462	405	43	13	106	27	72	7	69	11
Oklahoma	85	73	9	2	17	2	14	1	8	1
Oregon	18	16	2	1	5	1	4	(³)	3	1
Pennsylvania	440	398	28	15	71	12	54	4	41	4
Rhode Island	25	23	2	1	5	1	4	(³)	2	(³)
South Carolina	459	412	32	14	73	25	47	1	53	7
South Dakota	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	350	305	38	7	61	11	46	4	43	3
Texas	1,002	894	74	34	151	31	111	8	117	21
Utah	11	10	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	614	553	46	15	103	13	86	5	35	9
Washington	86	77	5	4	15	4	11	(³)	8	1
West Virginia	18	17	1	1	3	(³)	3	(³)	1	(³)
Wisconsin	103	90	9	4	23	6	17	1	13	4
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Alabama	3	2	1	(3)	9	(3)	9	(3)	(4)	(4)
Alaska	13	10	1	3	3	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)
Arizona	45	40	3	3	8	(3)	7	1	(4)	(4)
Arkansas	14	12	1	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)
California	1,818	1,661	102	55	340	41	283	17	65	10
Colorado	58	53	3	2	8	1	6	1	1	1
Connecticut	50	46	3	2	7	1	5	(3)	2	(3)
Delaware	12	11	1	1	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	10	9	1	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	187	175	8	5	20	2	17	1	3	(3)
Georgia	110	104	4	2	20	2	17	2	1	(3)
Hawaii	248	216	23	9	40	4	34	2	4	1
Idaho	6	5	1	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(4)
Illinois	270	248	12	9	33	5	27	1	9	2
Indiana	20	18	2	1	2	(3)	2	(3)	(4)	(4)
Iowa	23	22	1	(3)	7	(3)	6	1	(4)	(4)
Kansas	26	24	2	(3)	6	(3)	6	(3)	4	(3)
Kentucky	18	17	1	(3)	2	(3)	2	(3)	(4)	(4)
Louisiana	28	25	(3)	2	6	(3)	5	(3)	(4)	(4)
Maine	3	3	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(4)
Maryland	118	104	11	3	19	(3)	17	1	2	1
Massachusetts	130	113	8	9	33	6	24	2	9	1
Michigan	112	101	7	4	24	3	20	1	4	(3)
Minnesota	89	82	5	2	14	1	13	(3)	5	1
Missouri	32	31	(3)	1	8	1	4	2	(4)	(4)
Montana	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)
Nebraska	14	13	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(4)
Nevada	82	74	5	2	10	1	9	(3)	1	1
New Hampshire	12	11	1	(3)	2	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	334	299	22	12	34	3	29	2	8	2
New Mexico	11	10	1	(3)	2	1	2	(3)	(4)	(4)
New York	592	552	26	13	85	6	76	3	15	(3)
North Carolina	57	54	2	1	13	1	11	1	4	(3)
North Dakota	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)
Ohio	60	55	5	1	10	1	8	1	1	(3)
Oklahoma	20	19	1	(3)	3	(3)	3	(3)	(4)	(4)
Oregon	47	43	2	3	10	1	8	(3)	1	1
Pennsylvania	87	77	7	3	6	1	5	1	3	(3)
Rhode Island	13	11	1	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)	1	(3)
South Carolina	11	10	1	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(4)
South Dakota	3	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)
Tennessee	25	23	2	1	4	(3)	4	(3)	(4)	(4)
Texas	345	319	15	11	46	5	37	4	9	1
Utah	20	18	2	(3)	3	(3)	3	(3)	(4)	(4)
Vermont	4	4	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(4)
Virginia	158	144	10	3	26	4	21	1	2	1
Washington	212	191	16	5	48	10	35	4	7	2
Wisconsin	39	36	2	1	9	1	8	(3)	2	2
Wyoming	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	48	42	5	(³)	5	1	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
Alaska	10	8	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	713	637	60	16	100	19	77	3	34	8
Arkansas	63	55	6	2	9	1	7	1	3	(³)
California	4,735	4,192	422	121	794	163	590	41	287	44
Colorado	338	295	32	12	64	16	45	2	25	5
Connecticut	138	117	16	6	32	7	22	2	11	4
Delaware	26	23	2	1	2	1	1	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	27	24	2	1	4	2	2	(³)	1	(³)
Florida	1,664	1,546	83	35	219	49	161	9	57	10
Georgia	328	295	27	6	36	8	27	1	15	3
Hawaii	30	26	3	1	8	1	6	1	1	1
Idaho	52	47	4	1	8	1	6	(³)	2	1
Illinois	614	551	46	17	81	19	60	2	37	3
Indiana	119	106	10	3	12	2	9	1	7	(³)
Iowa	54	46	6	2	10	2	8	(³)	3	1
Kansas	73	64	6	2	12	2	11	(³)	4	1
Kentucky	29	26	2	1	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)
Louisiana	45	41	4	(³)	6	(³)	6	(³)	2	1
Maine	2	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	208	181	22	5	25	5	19	1	7	1
Massachusetts	151	126	20	5	43	10	32	(³)	22	2
Michigan	142	125	13	4	25	6	17	2	8	1
Minnesota	91	78	11	1	18	6	11	1	5	1
Mississippi	37	32	4	(³)	5	1	3	1	2	(³)
Missouri	63	57	5	1	10	2	7	1	5	1
Montana	7	6	1	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nebraska	55	49	4	1	11	3	8	(³)	2	1
Nevada	261	235	21	6	24	4	20	1	13	2
New Hampshire	10	9	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	596	547	36	13	83	19	62	2	42	4
New Mexico	267	237	21	9	63	9	51	3	14	4
New York	1,115	1,009	76	30	192	40	144	8	72	7
North Carolina	321	284	31	7	31	8	22	1	8	3
North Dakota	4	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	123	110	8	4	21	5	16	(³)	9	3
Oklahoma	73	64	7	2	11	2	7	1	4	2
Oregon	122	106	12	4	17	3	12	2	8	1
Pennsylvania	173	154	13	5	21	4	17	(³)	14	4
Rhode Island	44	40	3	1	7	2	5	(³)	4	1
South Carolina	66	57	8	1	11	4	8	(³)	4	1
South Dakota	7	6	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	105	95	8	2	17	4	13	(³)	4	1
Texas	3,212	2,834	279	99	530	92	417	21	152	29
Utah	122	106	14	3	21	3	16	2	4	1
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	242	215	23	4	25	5	20	1	6	1
Washington	166	153	9	4	34	6	26	2	13	3
West Virginia	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	89	80	7	3	14	3	10	1	6	2
Wyoming	12	11	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS

publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Civilian labor force											
Alabama	2,194	247	405	354	260	290	(²)	152	106	206	159
Alaska	348	49	67	57	33	56	4	32	14	12	22
Arizona	2,978	412	534	545	408	407	(²)	262	125	117	158
Arkansas	1,359	170	223	229	142	181	(²)	93	59	143	100
California	17,771	2,758	3,499	2,935	2,212	2,327	250	1,237	600	946	1,005
Colorado	2,631	448	544	415	341	337	(²)	193	88	122	128
Connecticut	1,845	289	430	318	203	238	(²)	108	51	111	91
Delaware	441	61	88	74	49	68	(²)	35	19	22	23
District of Columbia	313	69	104	53	18	41	(²)	11	(²)	(²)	9
Florida	9,011	1,265	1,688	1,586	1,196	1,250	(²)	759	339	369	523
Georgia	4,714	673	850	769	542	629	(²)	359	212	323	328
Hawaii	644	86	123	152	80	80	(²)	45	(²)	21	33
Idaho	751	111	147	118	81	101	(²)	58	28	40	46
Illinois	6,580	1,004	1,305	1,001	779	930	(²)	379	229	467	463
Indiana	3,255	414	544	529	405	388	(²)	220	157	338	242
Iowa	1,675	248	317	261	198	212	(²)	84	60	149	130
Kansas	1,466	229	303	236	149	202	(²)	88	58	106	86
Kentucky	2,024	233	386	295	233	279	(²)	120	88	200	176
Louisiana	1,989	238	357	385	221	274	(²)	173	83	113	129
Maine	707	94	135	125	82	92	12	51	30	45	40
Maryland	2,994	504	742	477	280	426	(²)	209	104	98	149
Massachusetts	3,389	543	890	525	354	455	(²)	183	102	153	174
Michigan	5,049	685	997	884	548	637	(²)	273	204	504	294
Minnesota	2,902	460	615	472	330	384	(²)	156	90	226	156
Mississippi	1,288	160	198	217	128	168	(²)	98	47	158	93
Missouri	3,035	405	554	503	369	453	(²)	188	133	220	197
Montana	496	77	92	87	57	61	(²)	43	19	20	30
Nebraska	972	156	185	143	107	144	(²)	52	33	78	61
Nevada	1,289	163	172	312	154	179	(²)	129	51	44	81
New Hampshire	737	123	170	110	87	91	(²)	45	25	46	38
New Jersey	4,494	721	1,062	722	505	628	(²)	213	144	194	294
New Mexico	928	136	190	168	98	122	(²)	81	31	33	62
New York	9,473	1,228	2,172	1,804	1,059	1,338	(²)	569	253	499	529
North Carolina	4,431	614	803	635	528	582	(²)	343	190	387	293
North Dakota	360	62	71	62	39	46	(²)	23	11	18	20
Ohio	5,935	827	1,085	995	597	853	(²)	306	219	582	445
Oklahoma	1,704	237	293	291	198	240	(²)	120	84	121	101
Oregon	1,898	311	366	333	206	219	42	109	68	126	118
Pennsylvania	6,266	881	1,252	1,056	676	878	(²)	340	262	428	458
Rhode Island	575	74	123	99	66	81	(²)	32	18	49	32
South Carolina	2,112	259	376	372	243	260	(²)	163	91	208	126
South Dakota	430	75	73	74	44	59	(²)	27	15	31	24
Tennessee	2,990	373	537	505	349	387	(²)	226	93	292	204
Texas	11,451	1,580	2,166	1,942	1,319	1,539	75	921	459	698	750
Utah	1,310	186	237	183	159	212	(²)	110	45	92	80
Vermont	362	50	91	58	33	45	(²)	25	13	23	20
Virginia	3,961	661	845	618	464	518	(²)	295	142	179	223
Washington	3,311	496	709	536	397	417	(²)	204	114	188	206
West Virginia	808	77	161	157	81	109	(²)	71	30	54	60
Wisconsin	3,046	421	544	501	341	428	(²)	166	100	309	207
Wyoming	283	42	45	45	25	33	(²)	34	16	14	23

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Employed											
Alabama	2,110	242	399	331	246	285	(²)	142	104	196	151
Alaska	324	48	65	52	31	53	4	27	14	11	20
Arizona	2,866	407	518	518	389	389	(²)	248	124	114	150
Arkansas	1,292	168	217	210	133	174	(²)	87	57	136	94
California	17,002	2,698	3,408	2,789	2,119	2,226	213	1,147	581	890	932
Colorado	2,527	438	533	386	327	323	(²)	184	85	117	121
Connecticut	1,774	285	422	303	193	228	(²)	100	50	106	84
Delaware	426	60	87	72	48	66	(²)	33	19	20	22
District of Columbia	296	67	102	47	17	38	(²)	10	(²)	(²)	9
Florida	8,744	1,249	1,663	1,524	1,151	1,209	(²)	730	330	353	505
Georgia	4,519	664	835	721	513	606	(²)	339	201	304	309
Hawaii	628	84	121	147	79	78	(²)	43	(²)	21	32
Idaho	726	109	144	112	79	98	(²)	56	27	38	44
Illinois	6,306	981	1,276	951	742	892	(²)	348	221	436	439
Indiana	3,104	407	530	495	380	372	(²)	200	153	325	227
Iowa	1,619	246	313	245	190	207	(²)	79	59	142	123
Kansas	1,406	225	296	224	142	193	(²)	83	56	99	81
Kentucky	1,922	228	379	272	221	265	(²)	111	86	186	162
Louisiana	1,905	233	353	356	210	263	(²)	165	80	108	122
Maine	676	92	132	117	78	88	11	48	29	43	38
Maryland	2,886	493	731	448	270	403	(²)	199	101	94	141
Massachusetts	3,228	521	871	494	340	430	(²)	164	96	144	159
Michigan	4,723	667	968	806	509	606	(²)	236	189	459	265
Minnesota	2,794	453	603	451	317	370	(²)	140	84	217	147
Mississippi	1,214	157	194	196	121	161	(²)	90	43	147	86
Missouri	2,899	395	544	465	349	436	(²)	176	129	208	184
Montana	479	77	90	83	54	59	(²)	40	18	19	28
Nebraska	943	155	182	136	103	140	(²)	48	32	76	59
Nevada	1,242	160	168	303	148	172	(²)	121	49	42	76
New Hampshire	714	121	167	104	84	88	(²)	42	24	45	37
New Jersey	4,291	702	1,041	678	483	594	(²)	193	138	181	274
New Mexico	889	133	184	159	93	117	(²)	76	29	32	59
New York	9,094	1,208	2,127	1,719	1,004	1,287	(²)	518	243	468	501
North Carolina	4,242	604	787	588	500	564	(²)	330	182	362	272
North Dakota	349	61	70	60	37	45	(²)	21	11	18	19
Ohio	5,639	811	1,067	924	559	812	(²)	271	210	547	418
Oklahoma	1,644	236	290	274	192	232	(²)	113	81	116	94
Oregon	1,802	306	356	307	196	205	38	101	64	120	110
Pennsylvania	5,999	853	1,224	992	650	842	(²)	318	251	407	431
Rhode Island	548	72	120	93	63	78	(²)	30	17	45	29
South Carolina	1,988	256	367	339	232	244	(²)	148	85	195	114
South Dakota	417	74	71	70	42	58	(²)	26	15	30	23
Tennessee	2,847	364	524	475	334	368	(²)	212	90	273	188
Texas	10,953	1,543	2,112	1,824	1,255	1,454	69	877	442	667	708
Utah	1,275	184	235	176	153	205	(²)	107	44	88	77
Vermont	349	49	90	55	32	43	(²)	23	13	22	19
Virginia	3,848	655	830	594	448	505	(²)	284	138	171	208
Washington	3,160	489	685	500	379	401	(²)	185	109	181	193
West Virginia	770	76	158	149	77	104	(²)	65	28	50	56
Wisconsin	2,910	413	532	463	325	414	(²)	148	99	295	194
Wyoming	274	42	44	43	24	32	(²)	32	16	13	23

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployed											
Alabama	84	5	6	23	14	5	(²)	10	2	10	7
Alaska	23	1	2	4	2	3	1	6	1	1	3
Arizona	112	5	16	28	19	19	(²)	13	1	3	7
Arkansas	67	2	6	19	9	8	(²)	6	2	7	6
California	770	60	91	146	93	101	36	89	20	57	73
Colorado	104	10	11	29	14	14	(²)	10	3	5	8
Connecticut	70	4	8	16	10	10	(²)	7	1	5	7
Delaware	14	1	1	2	2	2	(²)	2	(³)	2	1
District of Columbia	17	2	2	5	2	3	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	1
Florida	267	17	25	63	46	41	(²)	29	9	16	17
Georgia	195	10	14	48	29	23	(²)	20	11	19	19
Hawaii	16	1	2	4	2	2	(²)	2	(²)	(³)	1
Idaho	25	1	3	6	2	3	(²)	2	1	2	2
Illinois	274	22	29	50	37	39	(²)	30	8	31	24
Indiana	151	8	14	35	25	16	(²)	20	5	12	15
Iowa	57	2	4	16	8	5	(²)	5	2	7	7
Kansas	61	4	7	13	7	9	(²)	5	2	7	6
Kentucky	101	5	7	23	12	14	(²)	9	3	14	14
Louisiana	84	5	4	28	11	11	(²)	8	3	5	7
Maine	31	2	3	8	4	4	1	4	1	2	2
Maryland	109	11	11	28	10	23	(²)	10	3	3	8
Massachusetts	161	22	19	32	13	25	(²)	19	6	8	15
Michigan	325	18	28	78	40	32	(²)	37	15	45	28
Minnesota	108	7	11	21	12	15	(²)	16	6	8	9
Mississippi	75	3	4	21	7	6	(²)	8	4	11	8
Missouri	137	10	11	38	20	17	(²)	12	4	11	12
Montana	17	1	1	4	3	2	(²)	3	1	1	2
Nebraska	29	2	2	7	4	4	(²)	4	1	2	3
Nevada	47	3	4	10	6	7	(²)	8	1	2	5
New Hampshire	23	3	3	5	3	2	(²)	3	1	2	1
New Jersey	203	19	21	44	22	34	(²)	20	5	13	20
New Mexico	39	3	6	9	4	4	(²)	5	2	1	3
New York	379	20	45	85	55	51	(²)	51	10	31	28
North Carolina	188	10	16	47	27	18	(²)	13	8	25	22
North Dakota	11	1	1	2	1	2	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
Ohio	295	16	18	71	38	41	(²)	35	10	35	27
Oklahoma	60	1	4	18	6	8	(²)	7	3	4	8
Oregon	95	5	10	26	9	13	4	9	4	6	8
Pennsylvania	267	28	28	64	26	36	(²)	23	10	21	27
Rhode Island	27	2	3	6	3	3	(²)	2	1	4	3
South Carolina	123	3	10	33	11	17	(²)	15	5	13	12
South Dakota	13	1	2	4	2	1	(²)	1	(³)	1	1
Tennessee	143	9	13	30	16	19	(²)	14	3	19	16
Texas	498	37	53	117	64	85	6	44	17	31	42
Utah	35	2	2	7	6	8	(²)	3	1	4	3
Vermont	12	1	2	3	1	1	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
Virginia	113	6	15	24	15	13	(²)	11	4	9	15
Washington	151	7	24	35	17	17	(²)	18	5	7	13
West Virginia	38	1	3	8	5	5	(²)	6	2	4	3
Wisconsin	136	7	12	38	16	14	(²)	18	1	14	12
Wyoming	9	(³)	(³)	3	1	1	(²)	2	(³)	(³)	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployment rate											
Alabama	3.8	2.1	1.5	6.6	5.5	1.9	(²)	6.5	1.8	4.9	4.6
Alaska	6.7	1.9	3.2	7.7	5.6	5.6	19.9	17.6	4.6	7.5	11.5
Arizona	3.8	1.2	2.9	5.1	4.6	4.5	(²)	5.1	.8	2.6	4.7
Arkansas	4.9	1.1	2.7	8.3	6.1	4.3	(²)	6.6	3.3	4.7	5.7
California	4.3	2.2	2.6	5.0	4.2	4.3	14.5	7.2	3.3	6.0	7.3
Colorado	3.9	2.2	2.0	7.0	4.0	4.1	(²)	5.0	3.0	4.1	5.9
Connecticut	3.8	1.5	1.9	4.9	5.0	4.3	(²)	6.9	2.7	4.6	7.8
Delaware	3.2	1.7	1.4	2.9	3.7	3.0	(²)	5.8	1.1	9.2	6.5
District of Columbia	5.6	3.3	2.2	10.4	8.9	6.9	(²)	13.1	(²)	(²)	9.1
Florida	3.0	1.3	1.5	3.9	3.8	3.2	(²)	3.8	2.6	4.3	3.3
Georgia	4.1	1.4	1.7	6.2	5.4	3.7	(²)	5.5	5.2	5.8	5.9
Hawaii	2.5	1.5	2.0	2.7	1.9	2.7	(²)	4.3	(²)	2.0	3.1
Idaho	3.3	1.2	2.2	5.5	3.1	3.0	(²)	3.4	4.8	5.6	4.2
Illinois	4.2	2.2	2.2	5.0	4.7	4.2	(²)	8.0	3.4	6.6	5.2
Indiana	4.6	1.9	2.5	6.6	6.3	4.2	(²)	9.2	3.0	3.6	6.2
Iowa	3.4	.8	1.3	6.0	3.9	2.6	(²)	5.8	2.9	4.7	5.4
Kansas	4.2	1.8	2.4	5.3	4.8	4.7	(²)	5.8	3.6	6.8	6.9
Kentucky	5.0	2.2	1.8	7.9	5.1	5.0	(²)	7.4	3.3	6.8	7.8
Louisiana	4.2	2.2	1.1	7.3	5.2	4.0	(²)	4.6	3.4	4.7	5.2
Maine	4.4	1.9	2.3	6.6	4.7	4.6	6.0	6.8	4.4	4.6	4.9
Maryland	3.6	2.2	1.5	5.9	3.7	5.4	(²)	4.5	2.6	3.5	5.3
Massachusetts	4.8	4.0	2.1	6.1	3.8	5.5	(²)	10.3	6.3	5.6	8.6
Michigan	6.4	2.6	2.9	8.8	7.2	5.0	(²)	13.6	7.4	8.9	9.7
Minnesota	3.7	1.6	1.9	4.4	3.7	3.8	(²)	10.1	6.4	3.7	6.1
Mississippi	5.8	1.8	2.0	9.7	5.3	3.8	(²)	8.6	8.2	6.7	8.2
Missouri	4.5	2.4	1.9	7.5	5.5	3.8	(²)	6.5	2.6	5.2	6.2
Montana	3.5	.8	1.6	4.3	5.0	3.0	(²)	6.0	2.9	3.6	7.5
Nebraska	3.0	1.0	1.3	5.1	3.4	2.5	(²)	7.1	3.3	2.6	4.1
Nevada	3.6	1.6	2.3	3.1	4.2	4.1	(²)	6.4	2.5	5.0	6.1
New Hampshire	3.2	2.2	1.7	4.7	3.8	2.5	(²)	6.4	2.6	3.7	3.7
New Jersey	4.5	2.7	2.0	6.1	4.4	5.5	(²)	9.6	3.8	6.7	6.9
New Mexico	4.2	1.9	3.3	5.6	4.4	3.5	(²)	6.6	7.3	3.3	4.2
New York	4.0	1.6	2.1	4.7	5.2	3.8	(²)	9.0	3.8	6.2	5.3
North Carolina	4.3	1.7	2.0	7.4	5.2	3.2	(²)	3.8	4.0	6.5	7.4
North Dakota	3.1	1.2	1.2	3.9	3.1	3.6	(²)	9.1	1.1	3.3	4.8
Ohio	5.0	1.9	1.7	7.2	6.4	4.8	(²)	11.6	4.4	5.9	6.1
Oklahoma	3.5	.6	1.2	6.1	2.9	3.3	(²)	5.9	3.0	3.6	7.5
Oregon	5.0	1.7	2.7	7.8	4.6	6.1	9.4	7.8	6.5	4.8	7.0
Pennsylvania	4.3	3.2	2.2	6.0	3.8	4.1	(²)	6.6	4.0	4.8	5.9
Rhode Island	4.7	3.1	2.3	5.6	4.4	4.0	(²)	7.5	4.4	8.5	8.1
South Carolina	5.8	1.3	2.5	9.0	4.7	6.4	(²)	9.3	5.7	6.5	9.6
South Dakota	3.0	.9	2.4	5.0	3.8	1.7	(²)	5.0	1.7	4.2	4.0
Tennessee	4.8	2.5	2.4	6.0	4.5	4.9	(²)	6.0	3.2	6.4	7.8
Texas	4.3	2.3	2.5	6.0	4.9	5.5	8.2	4.8	3.6	4.5	5.6
Utah	2.7	.9	1.0	3.9	3.5	3.7	(²)	2.5	2.4	4.3	3.7
Vermont	3.4	1.7	1.7	5.5	4.2	3.2	(²)	6.8	1.4	4.4	4.5
Virginia	2.9	1.0	1.8	3.9	3.3	2.4	(²)	3.7	3.0	4.8	6.8
Washington	4.6	1.5	3.3	6.6	4.4	4.0	(²)	8.9	4.0	3.9	6.1
West Virginia	4.7	1.5	1.8	5.2	6.0	4.2	(²)	8.6	5.9	7.6	5.7
Wisconsin	4.5	1.8	2.2	7.6	4.8	3.3	(²)	10.8	1.4	4.5	5.9
Wyoming	3.3	1.0	1.0	6.5	3.9	3.2	(²)	5.6	1.6	3.5	2.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,110	100.0	11.5	18.9	15.7	11.7	13.5	0.7	6.8	4.9	9.3	7.2
Alaska	324	100.0	14.8	20.1	16.1	9.6	16.3	1.1	8.3	4.2	3.5	6.1
Arizona	2,866	100.0	14.2	18.1	18.1	13.6	13.6	.3	8.7	4.3	4.0	5.2
Arkansas	1,292	100.0	13.0	16.8	16.2	10.3	13.4	1.2	6.7	4.4	10.6	7.3
California	17,002	100.0	15.9	20.0	16.4	12.5	13.1	1.3	6.7	3.4	5.2	5.5
Colorado	2,527	100.0	17.3	21.1	15.3	12.9	12.8	.5	7.3	3.4	4.6	4.8
Connecticut	1,774	100.0	16.1	23.8	17.1	10.9	12.9	.2	5.7	2.8	6.0	4.7
Delaware	426	100.0	14.0	20.4	16.8	11.2	15.4	.4	7.7	4.3	4.8	5.0
District of Columbia	296	100.0	22.5	34.4	16.0	5.6	12.8	.1	3.3	1.4	.9	2.9
Florida	8,744	100.0	14.3	19.0	17.4	13.2	13.8	.4	8.4	3.8	4.0	5.8
Georgia	4,519	100.0	14.7	18.5	16.0	11.3	13.4	.6	7.5	4.4	6.7	6.8
Hawaii	628	100.0	13.5	19.2	23.5	12.5	12.4	.7	6.9	2.8	3.3	5.1
Idaho	726	100.0	15.0	19.8	15.4	10.8	13.4	2.7	7.8	3.7	5.2	6.0
Illinois	6,306	100.0	15.6	20.2	15.1	11.8	14.1	.3	5.5	3.5	6.9	7.0
Indiana	3,104	100.0	13.1	17.1	15.9	12.2	12.0	.5	6.4	4.9	10.5	7.3
Iowa	1,619	100.0	15.2	19.3	15.1	11.7	12.8	.9	4.9	3.6	8.8	7.6
Kansas	1,406	100.0	16.0	21.0	15.9	10.1	13.7	.7	5.9	4.0	7.0	5.7
Kentucky	1,922	100.0	11.8	19.7	14.1	11.5	13.8	.6	5.8	4.4	9.7	8.4
Louisiana	1,905	100.0	12.2	18.5	18.7	11.0	13.8	.8	8.7	4.2	5.6	6.4
Maine	676	100.0	13.7	19.5	17.3	11.5	13.1	1.7	7.1	4.3	6.3	5.6
Maryland	2,886	100.0	17.1	25.3	15.5	9.3	14.0	.2	6.9	3.5	3.3	4.9
Massachusetts	3,228	100.0	16.1	27.0	15.3	10.5	13.3	.3	5.1	3.0	4.5	4.9
Michigan	4,723	100.0	14.1	20.5	17.1	10.8	12.8	.4	5.0	4.0	9.7	5.6
Minnesota	2,794	100.0	16.2	21.6	16.1	11.4	13.2	.4	5.0	3.0	7.8	5.2
Mississippi	1,214	100.0	13.0	16.0	16.2	10.0	13.3	1.5	7.4	3.5	12.1	7.0
Missouri	2,899	100.0	13.6	18.8	16.0	12.0	15.0	.4	6.1	4.5	7.2	6.4
Montana	479	100.0	16.0	18.8	17.3	11.3	12.4	2.1	8.4	3.8	4.0	5.8
Nebraska	943	100.0	16.4	19.3	14.4	11.0	14.9	1.3	5.1	3.4	8.0	6.2
Nevada	1,242	100.0	12.9	13.5	24.4	11.9	13.8	.2	9.8	4.0	3.4	6.1
New Hampshire	714	100.0	16.9	23.4	14.6	11.7	12.4	.3	5.8	3.4	6.3	5.1
New Jersey	4,291	100.0	16.4	24.3	15.8	11.3	13.8	.2	4.5	3.2	4.2	6.4
New Mexico	889	100.0	15.0	20.7	17.9	10.5	13.2	.7	8.6	3.2	3.6	6.7
New York	9,094	100.0	13.3	23.4	18.9	11.0	14.2	.2	5.7	2.7	5.2	5.5
North Carolina	4,242	100.0	14.2	18.5	13.9	11.8	13.3	1.3	7.8	4.3	8.5	6.4
North Dakota	349	100.0	17.5	20.0	17.1	10.7	12.8	2.3	5.9	3.2	5.0	5.4
Ohio	5,639	100.0	14.4	18.9	16.4	9.9	14.4	.4	4.8	3.7	9.7	7.4
Oklahoma	1,644	100.0	14.4	17.6	16.6	11.7	14.1	1.0	6.9	4.9	7.1	5.7
Oregon	1,802	100.0	17.0	19.7	17.0	10.9	11.4	2.1	5.6	3.5	6.7	6.1
Pennsylvania	5,999	100.0	14.2	20.4	16.5	10.8	14.0	.5	5.3	4.2	6.8	7.2
Rhode Island	548	100.0	13.1	21.9	17.1	11.5	14.2	.2	5.5	3.1	8.2	5.3
South Carolina	1,988	100.0	12.9	18.4	17.0	11.6	12.2	.5	7.4	4.3	9.8	5.7
South Dakota	417	100.0	17.7	17.1	16.8	10.1	13.9	1.8	6.2	3.6	7.1	5.6
Tennessee	2,847	100.0	12.8	18.4	16.7	11.7	12.9	.7	7.5	3.2	9.6	6.6
Texas	10,953	100.0	14.1	19.3	16.7	11.5	13.3	.6	8.0	4.0	6.1	6.5
Utah	1,275	100.0	14.5	18.4	13.8	12.0	16.0	.4	8.4	3.5	6.9	6.0
Vermont	349	100.0	14.1	25.6	15.7	9.1	12.4	1.0	6.7	3.7	6.2	5.4
Virginia	3,848	100.0	17.0	21.6	15.4	11.6	13.1	.4	7.4	3.6	4.4	5.4
Washington	3,160	100.0	15.5	21.7	15.8	12.0	12.7	1.2	5.9	3.5	5.7	6.1
West Virginia	770	100.0	9.9	20.5	19.3	9.9	13.5	.9	8.4	3.7	6.5	7.3
Wisconsin	2,910	100.0	14.2	18.3	15.9	11.2	14.2	.9	5.1	3.4	10.1	6.7
Wyoming	274	100.0	15.3	16.2	15.5	8.9	11.7	1.8	11.8	5.8	4.8	8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men												
Alabama	1,128	100.0	11.9	15.8	11.5	10.2	5.8	0.9	12.4	8.8	11.9	10.9
Alaska	172	100.0	15.0	16.9	13.3	8.6	7.1	1.9	15.0	7.4	5.1	9.7
Arizona	1,609	100.0	14.5	13.4	17.7	12.3	5.3	.5	15.0	7.5	5.7	8.2
Arkansas	679	100.0	14.9	10.6	10.1	9.9	6.8	2.0	12.4	7.8	13.8	11.9
California	9,471	100.0	16.1	17.1	13.8	12.2	6.8	1.7	11.8	5.9	6.3	8.3
Colorado	1,383	100.0	17.7	18.3	12.6	13.1	5.8	.8	12.8	5.7	5.5	7.7
Connecticut	937	100.0	18.1	19.9	14.4	10.8	6.1	.2	10.4	5.3	7.8	6.9
Delaware	221	100.0	15.1	16.2	13.3	10.9	6.5	.4	14.6	8.0	6.6	8.4
District of Columbia	144	100.0	22.3	33.7	16.2	5.2	7.7	(¹)	6.4	2.6	1.2	4.7
Florida	4,637	100.0	15.6	15.0	14.8	11.8	6.1	.4	15.2	6.9	5.0	9.2
Georgia	2,421	100.0	16.1	14.2	12.7	10.8	5.6	.9	13.6	7.5	8.4	10.1
Hawaii	327	100.0	13.5	16.1	22.3	10.3	6.0	.8	13.0	5.0	4.5	8.4
Idaho	399	100.0	16.2	17.4	10.6	10.6	4.4	3.9	13.7	6.5	6.9	9.9
Illinois	3,417	100.0	16.9	16.3	12.3	11.4	6.4	.4	9.7	6.2	9.2	11.1
Indiana	1,680	100.0	14.0	12.9	10.8	11.2	4.6	.8	11.5	8.9	13.6	11.7
Iowa	853	100.0	17.4	14.5	10.8	10.8	5.0	1.4	9.1	6.6	11.8	12.5
Kansas	751	100.0	18.6	16.7	11.6	10.0	5.6	1.1	10.6	7.1	9.7	9.1
Kentucky	1,014	100.0	12.3	14.5	10.1	9.9	7.3	1.1	10.7	8.1	12.6	13.3
Louisiana	1,013	100.0	13.1	15.2	14.6	8.3	4.9	1.4	15.6	7.6	8.5	10.8
Maine	351	100.0	15.2	14.9	11.4	10.8	5.7	2.9	13.1	8.1	8.7	9.3
Maryland	1,490	100.0	17.8	21.4	12.6	9.3	6.6	.3	13.1	6.4	4.3	8.2
Massachusetts	1,686	100.0	18.5	23.2	12.8	10.4	6.5	.3	9.6	5.4	5.3	7.9
Michigan	2,497	100.0	16.1	17.5	12.1	10.3	5.4	.5	9.2	6.9	13.1	8.9
Minnesota	1,451	100.0	17.4	17.9	11.9	11.7	6.1	.7	9.5	5.5	10.5	8.9
Mississippi	636	100.0	13.7	10.5	14.4	8.3	5.3	2.1	13.4	6.4	14.4	11.6
Missouri	1,518	100.0	15.3	14.0	12.5	11.2	6.4	.7	11.4	8.1	10.0	10.5
Montana	251	100.0	18.0	14.8	12.6	10.5	4.0	3.5	15.2	6.8	5.2	9.4
Nebraska	502	100.0	19.1	13.8	10.8	11.4	6.7	2.2	9.3	5.9	10.7	10.1
Nevada	685	100.0	13.5	10.9	21.2	10.7	6.1	.3	16.9	6.8	4.4	9.3
New Hampshire	377	100.0	18.3	19.4	11.7	11.2	5.9	.5	10.5	6.3	7.9	8.3
New Jersey	2,322	100.0	18.9	19.1	14.7	11.9	6.5	.3	8.3	5.6	5.0	9.8
New Mexico	470	100.0	16.7	17.7	14.1	9.3	5.8	1.0	14.8	5.8	4.7	10.1
New York	4,753	100.0	15.3	18.7	15.9	11.0	7.3	.3	10.7	4.9	6.8	9.2
North Carolina	2,263	100.0	16.1	13.2	10.5	10.8	5.9	1.9	14.0	7.8	9.9	10.0
North Dakota	181	100.0	21.8	14.8	11.6	11.3	3.9	3.4	11.0	6.1	7.0	9.1
Ohio	2,931	100.0	15.5	14.8	12.2	9.5	6.3	.6	9.0	6.8	13.1	12.2
Oklahoma	883	100.0	15.1	12.9	12.9	10.9	6.5	1.7	12.4	8.4	9.9	9.3
Oregon	982	100.0	18.8	16.4	12.0	10.7	4.2	3.4	9.9	6.0	9.3	9.3
Pennsylvania	3,192	100.0	16.1	15.7	12.2	10.9	6.5	.7	9.6	7.6	9.1	11.5
Rhode Island	285	100.0	14.6	16.8	15.1	11.1	6.8	.4	10.2	5.7	10.7	8.7
South Carolina	1,044	100.0	13.3	14.2	12.9	10.1	5.2	.8	13.7	8.0	12.7	9.1
South Dakota	220	100.0	21.2	12.1	10.5	10.5	6.3	3.1	11.5	6.5	9.4	9.2
Tennessee	1,543	100.0	14.3	13.8	13.0	11.1	5.5	1.1	13.5	5.7	11.4	10.6
Texas	6,125	100.0	14.6	15.7	12.7	10.5	6.5	.9	13.9	6.9	8.0	10.4
Utah	717	100.0	15.9	15.7	10.4	11.4	6.9	.5	14.7	6.0	9.2	9.3
Vermont	180	100.0	15.7	19.5	12.2	9.1	5.1	1.4	12.8	7.1	8.2	8.9
Virginia	2,020	100.0	18.4	18.0	12.6	10.4	6.5	.5	13.4	6.4	5.4	8.4
Washington	1,697	100.0	16.1	19.4	12.3	10.6	5.8	1.6	10.5	6.1	8.3	9.3
West Virginia	409	100.0	10.7	15.5	13.9	8.0	5.1	1.5	15.4	6.8	10.5	12.6
Wisconsin	1,520	100.0	15.9	14.4	11.3	11.2	6.0	1.3	9.5	6.0	13.8	10.5
Wyoming	150	100.0	15.2	11.5	10.3	7.1	3.9	2.2	20.5	10.1	6.8	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women												
Alabama	982	100.0	11.0	22.5	20.5	13.3	22.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	6.4	2.9
Alaska	153	100.0	14.6	23.7	19.2	10.7	26.7	.2	.6	.7	1.6	2.1
Arizona	1,257	100.0	13.8	24.1	18.5	15.3	24.2	(1)	.6	.2	1.8	1.5
Arkansas	613	100.0	11.0	23.6	23.1	10.8	20.8	.5	.5	.6	6.9	2.2
California	7,530	100.0	15.5	23.8	19.7	12.9	21.0	.7	.4	.3	3.8	2.0
Colorado	1,144	100.0	16.9	24.4	18.5	12.8	21.3	.3	.5	.5	3.5	1.2
Connecticut	837	100.0	13.8	28.1	20.0	10.9	20.4	.1	.3	.1	3.9	2.3
Delaware	205	100.0	12.9	24.9	20.6	11.5	24.9	.3	.3	.3	2.9	1.5
District of Columbia	152	100.0	22.7	35.2	15.8	5.9	17.7	.2	.4	.2	.6	1.2
Florida	4,107	100.0	12.7	23.6	20.3	14.7	22.6	.3	.7	.3	3.0	2.0
Georgia	2,098	100.0	13.1	23.4	19.7	11.9	22.4	.3	.4	.9	4.8	3.0
Hawaii	301	100.0	13.4	22.5	24.8	15.0	19.4	.7	.2	.4	2.1	1.6
Idaho	327	100.0	13.7	22.9	21.3	11.2	24.5	1.3	.6	.4	3.1	1.2
Illinois	2,889	100.0	14.0	24.9	18.4	12.2	23.3	.2	.6	.3	4.2	2.0
Indiana	1,424	100.0	12.0	22.0	21.9	13.4	20.7	.2	.5	.3	6.8	2.2
Iowa	766	100.0	12.7	24.7	20.0	12.8	21.5	.3	.3	.3	5.4	2.1
Kansas	655	100.0	13.0	26.0	20.9	10.1	23.1	.3	.5	.4	3.9	1.9
Kentucky	908	100.0	11.3	25.6	18.7	13.3	21.0	.1	.3	.4	6.4	3.1
Louisiana	892	100.0	11.2	22.3	23.4	14.1	23.9	.2	.7	.3	2.5	1.5
Maine	324	100.0	12.0	24.5	23.6	12.3	21.1	.4	.6	.1	3.8	1.6
Maryland	1,396	100.0	16.3	29.5	18.7	9.4	21.8	.1	.3	.4	2.1	1.4
Massachusetts	1,542	100.0	13.5	31.2	18.0	10.7	20.7	.2	.2	.3	3.5	1.7
Michigan	2,226	100.0	11.9	23.9	22.6	11.3	21.1	.2	.3	.7	6.0	1.9
Minnesota	1,343	100.0	15.0	25.6	20.8	11.0	20.9	.2	.2	.3	4.9	1.3
Mississippi	578	100.0	12.2	22.2	18.0	11.7	22.1	.8	.9	.4	9.7	2.1
Missouri	1,381	100.0	11.8	24.0	20.0	12.9	24.6	.1	.2	.4	4.2	1.8
Montana	228	100.0	13.9	23.3	22.6	12.2	21.7	.5	1.0	.4	2.7	1.7
Nebraska	442	100.0	13.3	25.6	18.5	10.5	24.2	.2	.3	.5	5.0	1.9
Nevada	557	100.0	12.2	16.8	28.3	13.4	23.3	.1	.9	.5	2.2	2.1
New Hampshire	337	100.0	15.3	28.0	17.9	12.3	19.6	(1)	.6	.3	4.4	1.6
New Jersey	1,969	100.0	13.4	30.3	17.1	10.5	22.5	.1	.1	.4	3.3	2.3
New Mexico	419	100.0	13.1	24.0	22.1	11.9	21.5	.3	1.6	.4	2.3	2.7
New York	4,341	100.0	11.1	28.5	22.2	11.1	21.7	.1	.2	.2	3.3	1.5
North Carolina	1,979	100.0	12.1	24.7	17.7	12.9	21.7	.6	.7	.3	7.0	2.3
North Dakota	168	100.0	12.9	25.6	23.0	10.1	22.4	1.1	.5	.2	2.9	1.4
Ohio	2,708	100.0	13.2	23.3	20.9	10.3	23.2	.2	.3	.4	6.0	2.2
Oklahoma	761	100.0	13.4	23.2	21.0	12.6	23.0	.2	.5	.9	3.8	1.5
Oregon	820	100.0	14.7	23.7	23.1	11.1	20.1	.6	.4	.5	3.5	2.3
Pennsylvania	2,807	100.0	12.1	25.7	21.4	10.8	22.6	.3	.4	.4	4.1	2.3
Rhode Island	263	100.0	11.5	27.4	19.2	11.9	22.2	.1	.4	.2	5.5	1.7
South Carolina	944	100.0	12.4	23.1	21.6	13.4	20.1	.2	.5	.2	6.5	2.0
South Dakota	197	100.0	13.9	22.7	23.9	9.7	22.4	.4	.4	.4	4.5	1.6
Tennessee	1,304	100.0	11.0	23.9	21.0	12.5	21.7	.1	.3	.2	7.5	1.8
Texas	4,827	100.0	13.5	23.8	21.7	12.7	21.8	.3	.5	.4	3.7	1.5
Utah	558	100.0	12.6	22.0	18.2	12.9	27.9	.3	.3	.2	3.9	1.7
Vermont	169	100.0	12.4	32.2	19.5	9.1	20.1	.5	.3	.1	4.0	1.7
Virginia	1,827	100.0	15.5	25.5	18.6	13.0	20.5	.2	.7	.4	3.4	2.1
Washington	1,463	100.0	14.7	24.4	19.9	13.6	20.6	.7	.5	.4	2.8	2.4
West Virginia	361	100.0	8.9	26.2	25.5	12.1	23.1	.3	.5	.1	2.1	1.3
Wisconsin	1,390	100.0	12.4	22.5	20.9	11.1	23.3	.4	.3	.5	6.1	2.5
Wyoming	124	100.0	15.3	21.8	21.8	11.1	21.1	1.3	1.2	.6	2.3	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White												
Alabama	1,584	100.0	13.6	20.2	12.6	12.3	13.0	0.7	7.8	5.5	8.0	6.4
Alaska	258	100.0	15.6	21.5	14.2	9.1	16.0	1.0	8.6	4.4	3.3	6.3
Arizona	2,582	100.0	14.2	18.4	17.8	13.5	13.5	.3	8.4	4.5	3.9	5.3
Arkansas	1,079	100.0	14.4	17.2	14.7	10.8	13.4	1.3	7.2	4.5	9.7	6.7
California	13,274	100.0	15.8	18.5	16.6	12.5	12.6	1.5	7.7	3.5	5.3	5.8
Colorado	2,320	100.0	17.7	21.2	14.8	13.1	12.9	.6	7.5	3.4	4.2	4.6
Connecticut	1,528	100.0	17.0	24.1	15.6	11.4	13.0	.2	5.8	3.0	5.8	4.3
Delaware	323	100.0	15.5	19.7	15.4	11.7	15.2	.4	8.5	4.8	4.4	4.4
District of Columbia	152	100.0	27.5	45.2	10.9	5.2	6.2	.1	3.3	.4	.5	.7
Florida	7,192	100.0	15.3	19.1	16.1	13.6	13.6	.4	8.9	4.0	3.8	5.2
Georgia	3,101	100.0	16.8	19.4	13.2	11.6	13.0	.5	9.0	4.9	6.3	5.2
Hawaii	141	100.0	17.7	27.4	16.6	13.5	7.8	.2	9.4	1.6	2.0	3.7
Idaho	694	100.0	15.2	19.8	14.9	11.0	13.5	2.8	7.9	3.8	5.0	6.1
Illinois	5,176	100.0	15.7	19.5	13.9	12.3	14.1	.4	6.3	3.9	7.3	6.7
Indiana	2,829	100.0	13.3	17.0	15.4	12.2	11.8	.6	6.8	5.1	10.7	7.2
Iowa	1,545	100.0	15.5	18.8	14.8	12.1	13.0	1.0	5.1	3.7	8.6	7.6
Kansas	1,280	100.0	17.0	21.0	15.2	10.2	13.7	.7	6.1	4.1	6.6	5.4
Kentucky	1,766	100.0	12.2	20.0	13.5	11.6	13.8	.6	5.9	4.6	9.5	8.2
Louisiana	1,358	100.0	14.7	20.6	14.4	11.4	13.9	.8	10.1	4.8	4.7	4.6
Maine	657	100.0	13.7	19.7	17.0	11.6	13.1	1.7	7.1	4.3	6.3	5.6
Maryland	1,933	100.0	18.0	26.1	13.3	10.1	12.6	.3	8.3	3.7	3.4	4.2
Massachusetts	2,863	100.0	16.9	26.6	14.5	10.7	13.5	.3	5.3	3.1	3.9	5.2
Michigan	3,963	100.0	14.5	20.5	16.0	11.4	12.6	.4	5.7	4.2	9.5	5.4
Minnesota	2,553	100.0	16.9	21.4	15.6	11.5	13.3	.5	5.3	3.1	7.3	5.2
Mississippi	808	100.0	15.0	17.4	13.1	11.0	13.8	1.5	8.7	4.1	8.8	6.5
Missouri	2,513	100.0	14.3	19.0	14.7	12.1	14.7	.5	6.6	4.6	7.1	6.4
Montana	452	100.0	16.3	19.0	16.5	11.5	12.5	2.2	8.6	3.7	4.0	5.8
Nebraska	874	100.0	16.9	19.6	13.8	11.2	14.6	1.4	5.3	3.7	7.4	6.1
Nevada	1,011	100.0	13.7	13.4	23.0	11.7	13.7	.3	10.8	4.2	3.3	6.0
New Hampshire	684	100.0	16.9	23.1	14.6	11.9	12.6	.3	6.0	3.5	6.1	5.2
New Jersey	3,342	100.0	17.4	22.9	15.2	11.4	13.8	.2	5.2	3.5	4.2	6.1
New Mexico	767	100.0	15.6	21.0	17.1	10.8	13.3	.8	8.2	3.4	3.1	6.9
New York	6,945	100.0	14.3	23.5	16.9	11.1	14.2	.2	6.4	3.0	5.1	5.3
North Carolina	3,246	100.0	15.5	19.3	11.8	12.9	12.7	1.4	8.7	4.8	7.8	5.0
North Dakota	323	100.0	18.1	19.8	16.4	10.9	12.9	2.4	6.0	3.0	4.8	5.6
Ohio	4,918	100.0	15.2	18.9	15.9	10.2	13.8	.4	5.0	3.8	9.5	7.3
Oklahoma	1,317	100.0	15.1	18.1	15.2	12.3	13.8	.7	7.3	5.3	6.7	5.6
Oregon	1,638	100.0	17.3	19.6	17.0	11.1	11.4	2.0	5.6	3.6	6.2	6.1
Pennsylvania	5,353	100.0	14.6	20.4	15.6	11.1	13.9	.5	5.5	4.3	6.9	7.0
Rhode Island	494	100.0	13.6	22.3	16.7	11.7	14.3	.3	5.8	3.2	7.2	5.0
South Carolina	1,418	100.0	15.1	19.2	14.0	13.0	12.6	.5	7.6	5.1	8.5	4.5
South Dakota	394	100.0	18.1	17.0	16.7	10.2	14.0	1.8	6.3	3.7	6.7	5.5
Tennessee	2,356	100.0	13.8	19.4	14.6	12.2	12.4	.7	7.9	3.4	9.6	6.1
Texas	9,149	100.0	14.6	18.7	16.0	11.8	12.9	.7	8.8	4.2	6.1	6.1
Utah	1,200	100.0	14.9	18.5	13.9	11.9	15.9	.4	8.5	3.6	6.6	5.8
Vermont	337	100.0	14.4	25.1	15.5	9.2	12.5	1.0	6.8	3.8	6.3	5.4
Virginia	2,898	100.0	18.6	22.4	13.5	11.3	12.1	.5	8.7	4.0	4.1	4.8
Washington	2,658	100.0	16.0	21.7	15.2	12.4	12.5	1.3	6.2	3.7	5.3	5.9
West Virginia	739	100.0	10.0	20.7	18.9	9.9	13.6	1.0	8.6	3.7	6.4	7.3
Wisconsin	2,688	100.0	14.7	18.1	15.0	11.4	14.2	.9	5.3	3.5	10.1	6.6
Wyoming	263	100.0	15.5	16.3	15.3	9.0	11.6	1.9	12.0	5.8	4.6	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American												
Alabama	476	100.0	4.5	13.3	26.4	9.7	15.0	0.7	3.6	3.0	13.5	10.3
Alaska	10	100.0	13.9	16.7	25.5	10.0	15.4	.6	4.9	1.9	.3	10.8
Arizona	107	100.0	16.7	14.2	19.8	13.4	18.1	.3	8.5	2.4	4.4	2.2
Arkansas	172	100.0	4.9	12.7	25.9	6.8	14.4	1.0	3.6	3.8	14.9	12.1
California	965	100.0	13.7	21.2	18.7	11.6	16.7	(¹)	4.0	3.2	3.2	7.7
Colorado	80	100.0	14.4	16.8	22.5	10.0	18.0	(¹)	2.6	4.0	4.9	6.8
Connecticut	167	100.0	9.4	15.9	29.1	8.0	15.3	(¹)	5.7	2.3	6.0	8.5
Delaware	85	100.0	8.8	19.4	22.7	8.6	16.9	.1	5.4	3.3	6.6	8.1
District of Columbia	127	100.0	16.4	21.0	21.9	6.4	21.2	.1	3.3	2.7	1.3	5.7
Florida	1,230	100.0	8.7	17.2	25.4	10.0	15.3	.2	6.4	2.3	5.0	9.6
Georgia	1,247	100.0	8.9	15.6	22.6	10.6	15.1	.9	4.0	3.4	7.8	11.1
Hawaii	10	100.0	16.5	17.0	37.4	6.5	14.0	(¹)	2.8	.8	(¹)	5.0
Idaho	3	100.0	17.4	22.3	24.8	1.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	34.4	(¹)
Illinois	763	100.0	13.4	18.0	22.9	9.3	17.1	(¹)	2.9	1.2	5.2	9.8
Indiana	231	100.0	12.0	13.8	23.6	12.1	15.2	(¹)	2.8	3.1	9.0	8.4
Iowa	28	100.0	7.0	15.3	34.5	8.3	9.8	(¹)	3.8	2.7	6.6	11.9
Kansas	58	100.0	4.1	16.8	27.0	5.4	14.8	1.0	3.0	4.0	10.5	13.4
Kentucky	117	100.0	6.0	11.4	23.9	10.8	13.3	.4	2.9	2.7	15.0	13.7
Louisiana	499	100.0	5.2	12.3	30.8	10.6	13.3	.9	5.2	2.0	7.8	11.9
Maine	4	100.0	9.7	13.8	19.8	7.4	9.8	(¹)	12.5	(¹)	15.2	11.8
Maryland	773	100.0	15.0	21.1	21.1	7.8	18.3	(¹)	4.3	3.0	2.9	6.5
Massachusetts	176	100.0	10.9	25.2	24.7	8.6	11.3	(¹)	4.1	3.2	7.7	4.4
Michigan	531	100.0	11.9	17.1	24.1	6.9	15.4	(¹)	1.5	3.5	12.2	7.4
Minnesota	95	100.0	9.0	15.3	27.9	11.0	12.8	.1	1.5	2.6	11.8	7.9
Mississippi	376	100.0	8.3	13.0	21.8	8.2	12.7	1.4	4.4	2.3	19.7	8.2
Missouri	295	100.0	9.0	12.6	28.7	12.2	18.5	(¹)	2.2	3.1	6.9	6.8
Nebraska	30	100.0	12.3	12.4	19.1	6.2	26.4	.2	2.3	.1	11.3	9.5
Nevada	86	100.0	7.4	15.7	27.2	15.0	17.7	(¹)	2.3	.9	2.7	11.0
New Hampshire	7	100.0	14.5	20.2	23.7	8.0	8.6	1.7	4.3	3.3	14.2	1.3
New Jersey	543	100.0	7.6	22.2	23.7	9.5	16.9	.1	2.9	2.4	4.1	10.6
New Mexico	23	100.0	17.5	13.6	24.6	3.1	16.6	(¹)	6.2	(¹)	4.8	13.5
New York	1,346	100.0	8.4	20.6	28.4	9.8	16.3	.1	3.8	1.7	3.8	7.0
North Carolina	826	100.0	9.4	15.4	21.6	7.6	16.2	.7	3.9	3.3	10.0	11.9
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	13.4	13.9	13.0	11.4	(¹)	3.0	25.5	13.3	6.5
Ohio	568	100.0	8.0	16.0	20.6	7.1	20.4	(¹)	3.9	3.0	11.7	9.3
Oklahoma	102	100.0	7.8	12.8	27.4	9.5	19.1	1.3	6.0	1.9	9.0	5.2
Oregon	23	100.0	10.1	19.9	14.4	7.5	24.1	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	10.1	10.1
Pennsylvania	511	100.0	10.7	15.8	27.3	9.0	15.9	(¹)	3.3	2.8	4.6	10.4
Rhode Island	30	100.0	7.6	13.7	24.9	11.8	13.8	(¹)	3.0	1.0	15.4	8.9
South Carolina	532	100.0	7.0	16.4	24.5	8.3	11.7	.5	7.1	2.5	13.6	8.5
South Dakota	3	100.0	10.4	19.9	2.8	12.6	11.0	3.4	.9	(¹)	34.4	4.5
Tennessee	411	100.0	7.6	13.4	25.8	9.7	17.1	.4	4.1	2.6	9.3	10.1
Texas	1,153	100.0	11.6	18.2	22.4	9.5	18.0	.2	2.8	2.6	5.2	9.6
Utah	12	100.0	2.6	13.2	16.6	14.3	24.9	(¹)	5.2	(¹)	5.6	17.6
Vermont	2	100.0	20.1	35.2	37.9	.9	2.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.6	(¹)
Virginia	717	100.0	10.4	16.1	23.2	13.1	17.1	(¹)	3.6	2.3	6.1	8.1
Washington	102	100.0	12.3	25.1	21.4	7.3	12.1	.8	2.8	.8	6.4	11.0
West Virginia	21	100.0	8.1	12.9	30.8	11.3	10.8	(¹)	7.7	(¹)	9.8	8.6
Wisconsin	126	100.0	8.8	14.7	31.5	5.3	16.2	.1	1.9	.3	11.2	9.7
Wyoming	1	100.0	23.9	11.8	37.6	(¹)	16.9	(¹)	6.0	3.8	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian												
Alabama	12	100.0	5.0	61.4	20.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.7	(¹)
Alaska	15	100.0	9.6	13.4	26.8	18.6	14.9	1.6	.9	3.3	8.3	2.7
Arizona	53	100.0	20.9	18.6	21.0	24.1	6.7	(¹)	2.5	1.0	3.3	1.8
Arkansas	15	100.0	18.3	44.0	14.2	8.5	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	1.0	12.8	(¹)
California	2,159	100.0	17.7	29.4	13.5	12.7	13.4	.3	1.9	2.8	5.6	2.8
Colorado	66	100.0	10.6	29.1	18.9	14.0	6.2	.8	1.7	1.5	14.5	2.7
Connecticut	57	100.0	15.0	40.8	14.7	7.7	6.1	(¹)	2.6	.9	10.7	1.5
Delaware	14	100.0	13.9	44.1	10.8	12.5	9.5	(¹)	3.2	.8	4.1	1.0
District of Columbia	11	100.0	29.6	44.7	10.7	2.5	10.7	(¹)	(¹)	.5	.5	.8
Florida	208	100.0	12.7	31.0	15.3	16.6	10.6	(¹)	3.7	2.8	4.6	2.9
Georgia	130	100.0	20.2	26.8	15.8	12.9	6.1	(¹)	2.3	4.0	8.9	3.0
Hawaii	288	100.0	14.0	18.6	25.9	12.6	12.7	1.2	4.3	3.3	3.8	3.5
Idaho	7	100.0	13.4	30.9	29.3	7.4	9.4	(¹)	1.7	(¹)	8.0	(¹)
Illinois	303	100.0	20.4	38.3	12.6	9.5	7.8	(¹)	.2	1.7	5.3	4.2
Indiana	23	100.0	(¹)	55.0	5.6	23.9	1.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.0	3.0
Iowa	30	100.0	7.2	52.4	14.3	3.2	5.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.9	2.7
Kansas	32	100.0	6.0	35.8	15.9	9.8	5.6	(¹)	5.0	1.0	15.4	5.4
Kentucky	20	100.0	18.6	53.8	2.5	6.2	10.6	(¹)	3.1	3.3	1.8	(¹)
Louisiana	34	100.0	18.1	28.9	21.3	6.8	7.2	(¹)	(¹)	5.0	12.7	(¹)
Maine	3	100.0	17.3	16.5	28.2	5.3	10.5	(¹)	(¹)	7.1	9.2	5.9
Maryland	137	100.0	15.5	39.2	16.2	8.0	9.4	(¹)	1.8	3.7	2.5	3.8
Massachusetts	163	100.0	9.7	36.2	18.8	10.8	9.9	.6	1.6	.8	10.1	1.4
Michigan	136	100.0	15.6	37.2	20.6	8.0	10.2	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	4.9	2.4
Minnesota	103	100.0	9.0	35.6	16.8	6.4	7.2	(¹)	.5	2.2	17.3	5.0
Missouri	40	100.0	10.5	48.4	6.3	12.7	10.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.0	(¹)
Montana	1	100.0	38.0	(¹)	26.2	(¹)	17.7	(¹)	(¹)	18.0	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	16	100.0	6.1	15.4	23.6	10.0	9.6	(¹)	(¹)	1.1	30.3	3.9
Nevada	92	100.0	11.8	17.7	38.2	9.0	10.6	(¹)	.6	3.8	4.5	3.7
New Hampshire	14	100.0	17.2	43.6	13.2	7.3	2.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.6	3.4
New Jersey	368	100.0	20.1	40.8	8.1	12.7	9.3	.1	.7	1.4	4.4	2.4
New Mexico	14	100.0	9.3	41.9	13.5	9.4	10.7	(¹)	4.1	3.6	6.3	1.2
New York	677	100.0	14.0	27.7	20.5	14.3	8.8	(¹)	1.9	1.1	7.0	4.7
North Carolina	69	100.0	17.2	25.9	15.8	12.4	2.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.9	3.6
North Dakota	2	100.0	4.5	69.2	16.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2	7.6	(¹)
Ohio	70	100.0	14.9	43.5	11.7	6.3	8.0	.8	2.0	1.3	11.4	(¹)
Oklahoma	24	100.0	15.0	17.0	20.3	6.1	15.8	(¹)	.9	7.8	15.0	2.2
Oregon	57	100.0	12.9	39.3	11.7	10.8	6.8	.3	1.9	2.8	11.6	1.9
Pennsylvania	93	100.0	12.9	44.4	9.8	7.9	9.2	(¹)	1.1	4.1	9.4	1.2
Rhode Island	14	100.0	10.3	29.5	12.4	4.6	10.2	(¹)	.7	3.4	26.2	2.8
South Carolina	13	100.0	15.4	20.9	47.2	11.4	5.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South Dakota	4	100.0	8.8	36.3	3.3	2.2	6.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	33.6	9.9
Tennessee	29	100.0	10.0	27.5	25.2	13.0	10.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.4	1.9
Texas	391	100.0	13.3	37.4	13.3	10.6	9.6	.4	2.2	4.2	5.8	3.2
Utah	23	100.0	14.4	24.6	14.8	12.7	10.5	(¹)	1.6	1.1	20.3	(¹)
Vermont	6	100.0	6.0	59.4	14.8	1.4	8.2	(¹)	2.4	2.5	3.7	1.6
Virginia	184	100.0	18.6	30.8	15.8	10.3	11.9	(¹)	1.4	2.2	5.1	3.9
Washington	261	100.0	14.2	25.1	17.7	8.9	13.7	.4	1.5	3.0	9.6	5.7
Wisconsin	48	100.0	8.8	34.4	13.8	10.7	5.8	(¹)	3.2	5.5	15.0	2.8
Wyoming	2	100.0	12.2	27.8	14.8	6.6	25.1	(¹)	3.2	(¹)	4.8	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	52	100.0	0.6	6.2	19.1	3.1	6.1	1.2	34.7	(¹)	18.4	10.6
Alaska	12	100.0	11.0	11.7	31.9	6.6	17.8	(¹)	5.5	1.3	4.9	9.1
Arizona	813	100.0	8.8	9.2	25.9	9.5	11.8	.8	16.4	4.5	5.7	7.2
Arkansas	72	100.0	4.6	4.7	17.5	3.8	10.3	2.4	18.3	4.6	25.7	7.9
California	5,529	100.0	7.8	9.2	23.4	10.4	12.5	3.4	11.6	3.7	9.2	8.9
Colorado	402	100.0	7.1	7.4	25.6	10.3	11.3	2.1	17.4	3.2	9.0	6.8
Connecticut	170	100.0	7.4	9.6	32.7	10.0	11.3	.2	7.6	2.8	11.1	7.4
Delaware	28	100.0	5.8	6.1	28.7	5.7	9.9	2.0	17.8	4.2	11.0	8.8
District of Columbia	31	100.0	8.6	15.7	43.4	3.9	6.0	.1	16.3	1.5	1.4	3.1
Florida	1,883	100.0	10.4	10.9	19.9	12.3	13.8	.6	14.8	4.4	5.6	7.2
Georgia	365	100.0	4.1	3.9	22.7	5.5	5.2	1.4	31.8	3.3	13.8	8.3
Hawaii	38	100.0	12.7	13.7	26.2	14.6	10.9	.9	8.8	3.2	2.2	6.8
Idaho	60	100.0	4.7	11.7	18.2	7.5	7.3	17.1	9.1	4.2	13.2	6.8
Illinois	696	100.0	7.6	8.1	21.3	8.7	11.2	.7	9.0	3.0	18.6	11.7
Indiana	131	100.0	4.6	7.2	22.1	2.5	7.8	1.9	20.9	2.6	21.8	8.7
Iowa	64	100.0	4.9	8.5	19.4	5.0	5.6	3.1	15.3	3.2	23.8	11.3
Kansas	85	100.0	3.8	12.6	26.1	7.6	12.6	.7	13.3	4.3	14.1	4.9
Kentucky	32	100.0	(¹)	8.0	20.6	7.7	5.3	3.0	23.5	3.5	22.4	6.1
Louisiana	51	100.0	9.6	6.2	16.1	6.2	10.1	2.4	29.7	9.3	5.2	5.2
Maine	3	100.0	8.2	11.8	23.3	12.3	21.3	(¹)	12.3	4.2	2.6	3.8
Maryland	233	100.0	7.0	11.2	26.0	7.8	6.4	.9	23.6	4.3	7.5	5.2
Massachusetts	194	100.0	6.1	17.3	27.3	6.6	10.8	.1	9.9	4.0	9.3	8.5
Michigan	168	100.0	8.4	14.4	24.0	6.8	10.8	2.6	6.7	2.6	16.7	6.9
Minnesota	109	100.0	4.4	8.9	33.4	6.3	8.7	.9	6.2	.6	24.0	6.5
Mississippi	42	100.0	1.6	5.8	30.3	.9	1.3	4.0	21.4	1.0	32.8	1.0
Missouri	73	100.0	9.3	12.6	24.9	10.3	9.2	(¹)	15.0	1.9	8.1	8.8
Montana	9	100.0	8.7	9.3	34.3	19.8	7.3	(¹)	13.9	1.4	4.7	.5
Nebraska	66	100.0	5.7	6.3	21.2	6.0	6.7	2.9	12.3	1.7	26.2	11.1
Nevada	285	100.0	4.5	4.3	33.4	8.9	11.3	.4	22.9	3.3	4.6	6.3
New Hampshire	12	100.0	4.5	23.5	30.5	4.7	14.2	(¹)	7.2	1.4	11.4	2.6
New Jersey	679	100.0	7.0	9.4	25.8	7.2	12.5	.7	7.4	4.5	11.0	14.6
New Mexico	330	100.0	10.0	11.9	23.2	11.2	15.2	.6	12.9	3.7	3.7	7.6
New York	1,307	100.0	6.3	10.8	31.5	8.2	14.3	(¹)	10.4	2.8	8.5	7.0
North Carolina	353	100.0	4.4	4.4	14.7	5.0	4.1	7.0	36.0	.9	13.8	9.6
North Dakota	4	100.0	5.3	14.0	14.2	12.2	9.6	10.8	11.3	(¹)	12.7	9.9
Ohio	143	100.0	13.6	8.5	20.1	5.8	12.1	.9	7.2	2.6	20.0	9.2
Oklahoma	84	100.0	9.1	2.4	28.1	9.0	8.3	6.3	11.9	4.3	14.8	5.9
Oregon	139	100.0	7.2	8.8	23.3	5.7	7.3	12.9	14.2	2.2	11.4	6.9
Pennsylvania	194	100.0	8.9	9.0	25.5	7.6	11.7	.7	8.2	2.1	14.8	11.5
Rhode Island	51	100.0	2.2	8.2	23.4	10.0	14.0	.4	5.2	1.4	23.7	11.5
South Carolina	78	100.0	6.5	6.3	15.2	9.1	6.2	3.3	24.1	3.3	21.6	4.3
South Dakota	8	100.0	5.4	10.9	10.0	8.1	7.3	7.7	12.6	5.0	25.3	7.8
Tennessee	122	100.0	4.9	6.8	21.7	4.5	3.1	2.9	36.4	1.7	11.7	6.2
Texas	3,742	100.0	7.2	10.5	22.5	9.5	12.5	.9	14.8	4.5	9.4	8.1
Utah	143	100.0	5.9	10.1	19.1	10.0	11.3	1.0	18.6	2.7	13.9	7.5
Vermont	3	100.0	27.3	22.3	12.8	12.5	1.0	5.1	11.6	(¹)	(¹)	7.4
Virginia	267	100.0	7.4	7.9	22.9	8.9	7.1	.3	33.6	1.9	3.6	6.3
Washington	200	100.0	7.8	8.3	26.1	10.1	9.3	10.5	8.7	1.9	5.0	12.4
West Virginia	5	100.0	8.5	15.3	39.8	19.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.8	(¹)	13.7
Wisconsin	103	100.0	6.9	7.9	18.0	10.4	12.4	1.8	7.3	1.4	27.6	6.3
Wyoming	15	100.0	9.2	9.0	25.4	8.3	7.8	1.8	19.0	5.2	6.7	7.7

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race

groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	2,194	(²)	189	351	227	124	341	105
Alaska	348	8	38	9	3	5	47	31
Arizona	2,978	(²)	329	230	177	(²)	478	158
Arkansas	1,359	(²)	120	217	116	101	214	77
California	17,771	(²)	1,561	1,823	1,183	640	2,636	792
Colorado	2,631	(²)	246	218	138	80	384	121
Connecticut	1,845	(²)	138	221	166	55	246	73
Delaware	441	(²)	45	44	17	26	64	18
District of Columbia	313	(²)	14	(²)	(²)	(²)	17	11
Florida	9,011	(²)	971	537	362	175	1,503	446
Georgia	4,714	(²)	428	533	280	253	703	292
Hawaii	644	(²)	52	20	(²)	(²)	95	35
Idaho	751	(²)	75	75	44	31	115	34
Illinois	6,580	(²)	447	798	493	305	997	431
Indiana	3,255	(²)	266	617	440	177	512	161
Iowa	1,675	(²)	107	247	140	107	261	80
Kansas	1,466	(²)	94	191	121	70	199	65
Kentucky	2,024	30	130	282	195	88	311	130
Louisiana	1,989	59	198	180	82	98	296	102
Maine	707	(²)	61	73	44	29	122	26
Maryland	2,994	(²)	277	151	92	59	340	143
Massachusetts	3,389	(²)	233	309	200	109	459	145
Michigan	5,049	(²)	326	990	803	186	714	198
Minnesota	2,902	(²)	215	414	262	152	446	129
Mississippi	1,288	(²)	113	221	152	69	170	79
Missouri	3,035	(²)	229	401	258	144	473	170
Montana	496	(²)	53	25	18	(²)	77	20
Nebraska	972	(²)	62	118	53	65	147	53
Nevada	1,289	(²)	163	47	30	(²)	183	58
New Hampshire	737	(²)	63	103	78	25	117	30
New Jersey	4,494	(²)	277	441	197	244	656	284
New Mexico	928	(²)	90	45	36	(²)	129	44
New York	9,473	(²)	638	746	442	304	1,274	545
North Carolina	4,431	(²)	433	634	333	302	668	206
North Dakota	360	(²)	26	25	17	(²)	55	16
Ohio	5,935	(²)	392	1,021	697	324	841	315
Oklahoma	1,704	(²)	135	169	108	61	269	85
Oregon	1,898	(²)	165	225	161	64	288	72
Pennsylvania	6,266	(²)	424	836	533	303	963	326
Rhode Island	575	(²)	42	76	49	28	83	24
South Carolina	2,112	(²)	209	332	189	144	310	89
South Dakota	430	(²)	33	48	30	18	60	19
Tennessee	2,990	(²)	273	428	278	150	437	174
Texas	11,451	198	1,037	1,161	694	467	1,736	671
Utah	1,310	(²)	124	135	101	(²)	189	72
Vermont	362	(²)	33	40	29	11	51	14
Virginia	3,961	(²)	382	293	165	128	570	186
Washington	3,311	(²)	260	357	258	99	539	172
West Virginia	808	34	71	76	52	24	114	41
Wisconsin	3,046	(²)	207	542	357	185	472	139
Wyoming	283	29	28	10	(²)	(²)	35	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Civilian labor force								
Alabama	(²)	130	200	407	162	108	109	(²)
Alaska	7	17	29	73	34	15	32	8
Arizona	59	251	305	520	295	151	163	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	72	84	289	91	62	51	53
California	538	1,317	2,226	3,255	1,610	932	717	334
Colorado	99	207	347	462	245	135	111	(²)
Connecticut	49	174	210	401	171	84	72	(²)
Delaware	(²)	45	40	90	38	21	24	(²)
District of Columbia	13	20	70	56	31	27	50	(²)
Florida	210	801	1,008	1,712	897	472	391	(²)
Georgia	146	300	504	863	413	233	231	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	47	65	128	103	29	51	(²)
Idaho	(²)	45	71	145	60	30	37	44
Illinois	169	511	778	1,310	532	304	229	65
Indiana	61	178	239	670	241	153	105	49
Iowa	34	120	129	372	123	72	51	74
Kansas	41	97	125	332	122	73	63	54
Kentucky	40	122	163	446	149	97	81	40
Louisiana	(²)	106	184	406	192	103	101	(²)
Maine	13	44	59	166	62	31	29	19
Maryland	79	226	457	636	203	161	299	(²)
Massachusetts	99	284	415	872	264	167	128	(²)
Michigan	110	302	460	1,057	409	247	160	67
Minnesota	54	226	278	625	242	116	92	56
Mississippi	(²)	56	81	268	101	59	62	48
Missouri	80	231	264	636	234	152	108	51
Montana	(²)	29	36	101	53	21	30	33
Nebraska	24	84	85	202	72	38	41	46
Nevada	23	107	120	168	298	48	51	(²)
New Hampshire	19	52	78	157	56	31	26	(²)
New Jersey	136	400	587	951	329	219	193	(²)
New Mexico	(²)	58	100	198	100	43	54	28
New York	340	781	985	2,429	805	460	411	(²)
North Carolina	77	292	405	877	372	212	167	80
North Dakota	(²)	22	23	90	29	15	17	31
Ohio	120	407	507	1,284	499	246	227	65
Oklahoma	(²)	109	130	340	148	88	99	(²)
Oregon	38	121	195	365	171	95	88	75
Pennsylvania	117	405	582	1,434	523	298	259	72
Rhode Island	11	49	55	128	55	25	24	(²)
South Carolina	36	119	197	392	191	111	98	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	31	27	94	38	17	15	37
Tennessee	54	174	244	593	277	138	144	(²)
Texas	265	755	1,162	2,222	961	644	466	173
Utah	(²)	100	147	246	96	52	69	(²)
Vermont	8	18	29	97	29	18	16	8
Virginia	(²)	294	558	732	317	205	291	(²)
Washington	99	196	353	623	301	172	149	85
West Virginia	(²)	37	61	197	72	37	45	(²)
Wisconsin	64	201	250	633	241	141	92	64
Wyoming	(²)	14	17	53	23	14	15	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Employed								
Alabama	2,110	(²)	179	339	221	117	324	104
Alaska	324	7	32	8	3	5	44	29
Arizona	2,866	(²)	313	223	173	(²)	458	154
Arkansas	1,292	(²)	113	208	112	96	204	74
California	17,002	(²)	1,458	1,743	1,139	603	2,509	764
Colorado	2,527	(²)	235	213	135	78	367	117
Connecticut	1,774	(²)	129	215	162	53	234	70
Delaware	426	(²)	43	41	16	26	62	17
District of Columbia	296	(²)	13	(²)	(²)	(²)	15	10
Florida	8,744	(²)	936	518	352	166	1,458	431
Georgia	4,519	(²)	404	512	268	245	668	283
Hawaii	628	(²)	50	19	(²)	(²)	93	35
Idaho	726	(²)	73	72	42	30	111	33
Illinois	6,306	(²)	414	767	475	292	953	411
Indiana	3,104	(²)	247	596	424	172	479	156
Iowa	1,619	(²)	101	238	136	103	251	78
Kansas	1,406	(²)	90	183	117	66	188	63
Kentucky	1,922	29	122	266	184	82	296	126
Louisiana	1,905	58	192	172	78	93	282	99
Maine	676	(²)	57	70	42	29	116	25
Maryland	2,886	(²)	266	145	89	56	324	139
Massachusetts	3,228	(²)	213	291	192	99	436	140
Michigan	4,723	(²)	284	933	755	177	667	186
Minnesota	2,794	(²)	197	401	253	147	429	126
Mississippi	1,214	(²)	104	207	146	61	158	76
Missouri	2,899	(²)	216	389	250	139	447	164
Montana	479	(²)	51	24	17	(²)	74	20
Nebraska	943	(²)	58	115	52	63	143	52
Nevada	1,242	(²)	154	44	28	(²)	174	56
New Hampshire	714	(²)	60	101	77	24	114	29
New Jersey	4,291	(²)	256	418	188	230	624	273
New Mexico	889	(²)	84	44	35	(²)	124	42
New York	9,094	(²)	589	712	426	286	1,205	534
North Carolina	4,242	(²)	418	606	318	288	631	200
North Dakota	349	(²)	24	24	16	(²)	54	15
Ohio	5,639	(²)	354	983	672	311	797	303
Oklahoma	1,644	(²)	128	164	106	58	260	82
Oregon	1,802	(²)	155	215	154	61	273	69
Pennsylvania	5,999	(²)	397	806	513	293	924	310
Rhode Island	548	(²)	39	71	45	26	78	22
South Carolina	1,988	(²)	193	312	178	134	294	85
South Dakota	417	(²)	32	46	29	17	59	19
Tennessee	2,847	(²)	256	406	266	140	415	166
Texas	10,953	192	992	1,116	670	446	1,646	650
Utah	1,275	(²)	122	132	98	(²)	182	70
Vermont	349	(²)	31	39	29	10	48	14
Virginia	3,848	(²)	370	284	161	122	547	180
Washington	3,160	(²)	241	350	251	99	516	167
West Virginia	770	33	66	72	50	22	108	39
Wisconsin	2,910	(²)	188	521	343	178	452	136
Wyoming	274	29	27	10	(²)	(²)	34	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Employed								
Alabama	(²)	128	189	398	148	104	108	(²)
Alaska	6	17	27	70	32	14	31	7
Arizona	58	247	289	504	278	145	161	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	71	79	279	79	59	50	49
California	506	1,282	2,132	3,167	1,525	885	707	298
Colorado	96	200	334	450	225	130	110	(²)
Connecticut	47	170	201	391	161	80	70	(²)
Delaware	(²)	44	38	89	36	20	24	(²)
District of Columbia	13	20	67	53	28	25	48	(²)
Florida	201	785	970	1,687	859	455	384	(²)
Georgia	138	294	479	844	379	222	229	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	46	63	125	100	28	50	(²)
Idaho	(²)	45	69	141	56	29	37	43
Illinois	161	496	740	1,275	499	294	227	63
Indiana	57	171	227	649	220	148	105	48
Iowa	33	118	123	364	113	70	51	73
Kansas	40	95	117	323	112	69	62	54
Kentucky	37	118	148	435	133	92	81	39
Louisiana	(²)	102	171	396	176	97	99	(²)
Maine	12	44	55	162	56	30	28	18
Maryland	77	220	440	616	188	155	296	(²)
Massachusetts	96	277	382	851	244	159	126	(²)
Michigan	106	291	419	1,013	369	231	157	64
Minnesota	52	222	264	611	229	111	90	55
Mississippi	(²)	54	74	259	91	55	61	46
Missouri	79	225	248	610	212	146	107	49
Montana	(²)	29	34	99	50	20	29	32
Nebraska	23	82	81	198	67	37	40	45
Nevada	22	105	114	165	290	47	50	(²)
New Hampshire	19	51	74	154	52	30	26	(²)
New Jersey	134	389	547	927	306	210	190	(²)
New Mexico	(²)	57	97	191	92	41	52	27
New York	331	758	943	2,370	752	439	406	(²)
North Carolina	76	289	383	855	333	204	166	80
North Dakota	(²)	21	22	88	28	15	17	30
Ohio	117	394	458	1,250	454	234	223	63
Oklahoma	(²)	107	123	333	138	83	98	(²)
Oregon	37	117	183	349	157	90	86	71
Pennsylvania	111	388	548	1,394	484	291	252	69
Rhode Island	11	48	52	125	52	24	24	(²)
South Carolina	34	114	182	378	170	106	97	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	30	25	92	35	16	14	37
Tennessee	53	172	225	579	254	131	141	(²)
Texas	256	730	1,094	2,149	893	610	457	167
Utah	(²)	99	141	243	91	50	68	(²)
Vermont	8	18	28	95	27	17	16	8
Virginia	(²)	288	545	714	301	201	288	(²)
Washington	96	191	339	597	275	163	145	78
West Virginia	(²)	36	58	192	66	35	44	(²)
Wisconsin	63	196	234	615	222	133	89	61
Wyoming	(²)	14	16	51	21	14	15	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployed								
Alabama	84	(²)	9	12	5	7	17	2
Alaska	23	(³)	6	1	(³)	1	3	2
Arizona	112	(²)	16	7	4	(²)	20	4
Arkansas	67	(²)	6	9	4	5	10	3
California	770	(²)	103	80	44	37	128	28
Colorado	104	(²)	10	6	3	3	18	4
Connecticut	70	(²)	9	6	4	2	13	2
Delaware	14	(²)	2	2	1	1	3	1
District of Columbia	17	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	1
Florida	267	(²)	35	19	10	9	44	15
Georgia	195	(²)	24	21	12	9	35	8
Hawaii	16	(²)	2	1	(²)	(²)	2	1
Idaho	25	(²)	3	3	2	1	4	1
Illinois	274	(²)	33	31	18	13	44	20
Indiana	151	(²)	20	21	16	5	33	5
Iowa	57	(²)	6	9	5	4	10	2
Kansas	61	(²)	5	8	4	4	11	2
Kentucky	101	1	9	16	11	5	15	4
Louisiana	84	1	7	8	4	4	14	3
Maine	31	(²)	4	3	2	1	6	1
Maryland	109	(²)	12	5	3	3	16	5
Massachusetts	161	(²)	20	17	8	9	23	5
Michigan	325	(²)	42	57	48	9	48	12
Minnesota	108	(²)	18	14	9	5	18	4
Mississippi	75	(²)	9	14	6	8	11	3
Missouri	137	(²)	13	12	8	4	26	6
Montana	17	(²)	3	2	1	(²)	3	1
Nebraska	29	(²)	3	3	2	1	4	1
Nevada	47	(²)	9	3	2	(²)	9	2
New Hampshire	23	(²)	4	2	2	1	4	1
New Jersey	203	(²)	21	23	9	15	32	11
New Mexico	39	(²)	6	1	1	(²)	6	2
New York	379	(²)	50	35	16	18	70	11
North Carolina	188	(²)	15	28	15	14	37	7
North Dakota	11	(²)	2	1	(³)	(²)	1	1
Ohio	295	(²)	37	38	25	13	44	13
Oklahoma	60	(²)	7	5	2	3	10	3
Oregon	95	(²)	10	10	6	4	15	3
Pennsylvania	267	(²)	27	30	20	10	39	15
Rhode Island	27	(²)	3	5	4	2	5	1
South Carolina	123	(²)	16	20	10	10	17	4
South Dakota	13	(²)	1	1	1	(³)	1	(³)
Tennessee	143	(²)	17	22	12	10	23	7
Texas	498	6	44	44	23	21	89	21
Utah	35	(²)	3	4	3	(²)	7	2
Vermont	12	(²)	2	1	1	1	2	(³)
Virginia	113	(²)	13	10	4	6	22	6
Washington	151	(²)	20	8	7	1	23	5
West Virginia	38	2	6	4	2	2	6	2
Wisconsin	136	(²)	19	22	14	7	20	3
Wyoming	9	1	1	(³)	(²)	(²)	2	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployed								
Alabama	(²)	2	11	9	14	4	(³)	(²)
Alaska	(³)	(³) 4	2	3	3	1	2	1
Arizona	1	4	16	16	17	6	2	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	2	5	10	12	3	2	3
California	32	35	94	89	85	47	10	36
Colorado	3	7	13	12	21	5	1	(²)
Connecticut	2	4	8	10	10	3	1	(²)
Delaware	(²)	1	2	1	2	(³)	(³)	(²)
District of Columbia	(³)	1	3	3	3	2	1	(²)
Florida	9	17	38	24	38	17	7	(²)
Georgia	8	5	24	20	34	10	2	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	1	2	2	3	1	1	(²)
Idaho	(²)	(³)	2	4	5	1	(³)	1
Illinois	8	16	38	35	33	11	3	2
Indiana	4	7	13	21	22	4	(³)	1
Iowa	(³)	2	6	8	9	2	(³)	1
Kansas	1	2	8	9	9	3	1	(³)
Kentucky	2	4	15	11	16	5	1	1
Louisiana	(²)	4	13	10	16	6	2	(²)
Maine	(³)	1	3	4	6	2	1	1
Maryland	3	6	17	19	14	6	3	(²)
Massachusetts	3	7	33	21	20	8	2	(²)
Michigan	4	12	41	44	40	15	4	4
Minnesota	2	4	13	13	13	5	2	1
Mississippi	(²)	1	7	8	11	4	1	2
Missouri	1	6	16	26	22	7	1	2
Montana	(²)	1	2	2	3	1	1	1
Nebraska	1	2	4	3	5	1	1	1
Nevada	1	2	6	3	9	1	1	(²)
New Hampshire	1	2	3	2	4	1	(³)	(²)
New Jersey	3	11	40	24	24	9	3	(²)
New Mexico	(²)	1	3	6	7	2	2	1
New York	8	24	42	59	53	21	5	(²)
North Carolina	1	3	22	22	39	9	1	1
North Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	2	(³)	(³)	1
Ohio	3	13	49	34	45	12	3	2
Oklahoma	(²)	2	8	8	10	4	1	(²)
Oregon	2	3	12	16	14	4	2	4
Pennsylvania	6	16	33	40	38	7	7	3
Rhode Island	(³)	1	3	4	3	1	(³)	(²)
South Carolina	1	5	15	14	21	5	2	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	1	1	2	3	1	(³)	1
Tennessee	1	3	19	14	22	6	3	(²)
Texas	9	24	67	72	68	34	9	7
Utah	(²)	1	6	3	5	2	1	(²)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	1	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	(²)	6	13	18	16	4	2	(²)
Washington	3	5	14	26	25	9	3	7
West Virginia	(²)	1	3	5	5	1	1	(²)
Wisconsin	1	4	17	18	20	7	2	3
Wyoming	(²)	(³)	1	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	3.8	(²)	5.0	3.5	2.4	5.5	5.1	1.8
Alaska	6.7	4.1	14.9	9.1	8.0	9.9	6.0	7.0
Arizona	3.8	(²)	4.8	3.0	2.5	(²)	4.2	2.7
Arkansas	4.9	(²)	5.3	4.2	3.7	4.8	4.6	3.9
California	4.3	(²)	6.6	4.4	3.7	5.7	4.8	3.5
Colorado	3.9	(²)	4.3	2.6	2.4	3.1	4.6	3.1
Connecticut	3.8	(²)	6.6	2.8	2.5	3.9	5.1	3.4
Delaware	3.2	(²)	4.7	5.4	8.5	3.5	3.9	3.1
District of Columbia	5.6	(²)	11.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	12.9	5.2
Florida	3.0	(²)	3.6	3.5	2.7	5.2	2.9	3.3
Georgia	4.1	(²)	5.7	4.0	4.5	3.4	5.0	2.9
Hawaii	2.5	(²)	4.5	3.8	(²)	(²)	2.0	1.9
Idaho	3.3	(²)	3.5	4.2	5.3	2.7	3.7	2.2
Illinois	4.2	(²)	7.4	3.9	3.6	4.3	4.4	4.7
Indiana	4.6	(²)	7.4	3.5	3.7	2.9	6.4	3.0
Iowa	3.4	(²)	5.8	3.6	3.2	4.1	3.9	2.8
Kansas	4.2	(²)	4.9	4.2	3.5	5.4	5.6	3.6
Kentucky	5.0	2.7	6.6	5.8	5.6	6.1	4.8	3.4
Louisiana	4.2	1.6	3.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.6	2.6
Maine	4.4	(²)	6.5	3.9	4.4	3.2	4.8	2.3
Maryland	3.6	(²)	4.3	3.6	3.1	4.5	4.6	3.3
Massachusetts	4.8	(²)	8.6	5.6	4.1	8.4	5.1	3.2
Michigan	6.4	(²)	12.9	5.8	6.0	4.8	6.7	6.2
Minnesota	3.7	(²)	8.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.9	3.0
Mississippi	5.8	(²)	8.0	6.3	3.8	11.7	6.7	3.6
Missouri	4.5	(²)	5.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.4	3.3
Montana	3.5	(²)	4.7	6.0	5.4	(²)	4.1	3.1
Nebraska	3.0	(²)	5.5	2.4	2.8	2.1	2.7	1.2
Nevada	3.6	(²)	5.3	6.3	6.0	(²)	5.1	3.0
New Hampshire	3.2	(²)	5.5	2.2	2.0	3.1	3.2	2.5
New Jersey	4.5	(²)	7.4	5.3	4.4	6.0	4.9	3.7
New Mexico	4.2	(²)	6.8	2.4	2.0	(²)	4.3	4.3
New York	4.0	(²)	7.8	4.6	3.7	6.0	5.5	2.0
North Carolina	4.3	(²)	3.6	4.5	4.4	4.5	5.6	3.2
North Dakota	3.1	(²)	7.3	2.8	3.0	(²)	2.4	3.4
Ohio	5.0	(²)	9.5	3.8	3.6	4.0	5.3	4.1
Oklahoma	3.5	(²)	5.0	3.0	2.2	4.4	3.6	3.4
Oregon	5.0	(²)	5.9	4.4	3.9	5.7	5.3	3.9
Pennsylvania	4.3	(²)	6.3	3.6	3.7	3.3	4.1	4.7
Rhode Island	4.7	(²)	6.7	7.1	7.7	6.1	5.6	5.5
South Carolina	5.8	(²)	7.9	6.1	5.5	6.9	5.4	4.8
South Dakota	3.0	(²)	4.0	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.4	1.6
Tennessee	4.8	(²)	6.2	5.2	4.4	6.7	5.2	4.3
Texas	4.3	3.0	4.3	3.8	3.4	4.4	5.1	3.2
Utah	2.7	(²)	2.1	2.8	3.0	(²)	3.6	3.1
Vermont	3.4	(²)	5.9	3.5	1.9	7.8	4.2	1.9
Virginia	2.9	(²)	3.3	3.4	2.6	4.3	3.9	3.3
Washington	4.6	(²)	7.5	2.1	2.7	.7	4.3	2.7
West Virginia	4.7	5.7	8.0	5.7	4.6	8.3	5.1	5.1
Wisconsin	4.5	(²)	9.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.3	2.2
Wyoming	3.3	2.0	5.1	4.7	(²)	(²)	4.6	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force, by industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployment rate								
Alabama	(²)	1.8	5.4	2.2	8.8	3.5	0.3	(²)
Alaska	5.2	2.6	5.6	3.5	8.1	6.8	4.8	12.8
Arizona	1.9	1.7	5.2	3.0	5.8	3.8	1.1	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	2.1	6.0	3.6	12.9	4.6	3.2	6.6
California	5.9	2.6	4.2	2.7	5.3	5.0	1.4	10.9
Colorado	2.9	3.5	3.9	2.6	8.4	4.0	1.1	(²)
Connecticut	3.2	2.5	4.0	2.5	5.9	4.1	1.9	(²)
Delaware	(²)	2.5	4.1	1.4	4.5	1.7	.7	(²)
District of Columbia	2.7	3.9	4.5	4.7	9.0	5.9	2.8	(²)
Florida	4.3	2.1	3.8	1.4	4.2	3.6	1.8	(²)
Georgia	5.7	1.8	4.8	2.3	8.2	4.4	.8	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	2.5	3.3	1.9	2.6	2.1	1.0	(²)
Idaho	(²)	1.0	3.5	2.5	7.7	3.9	.6	3.2
Illinois	4.8	3.1	4.8	2.7	6.2	3.6	1.1	2.8
Indiana	6.3	3.9	5.4	3.2	8.9	2.8	(³)	1.9
Iowa	1.3	1.5	4.5	2.3	7.7	2.5	.2	1.2
Kansas	3.1	2.2	6.5	2.8	7.6	4.6	2.1	.4
Kentucky	6.1	3.5	9.0	2.5	11.0	5.4	1.0	2.2
Louisiana	(²)	3.4	6.8	2.5	8.4	5.8	1.6	(²)
Maine	2.4	1.6	5.6	2.4	9.7	5.0	2.6	4.9
Maryland	3.7	2.5	3.7	3.1	7.1	3.5	1.1	(²)
Massachusetts	3.1	2.3	7.9	2.4	7.5	4.7	1.9	(²)
Michigan	4.0	3.8	8.9	4.2	9.8	6.2	2.2	5.4
Minnesota	3.1	1.8	4.8	2.1	5.4	4.5	2.3	2.4
Mississippi	(²)	2.7	9.2	3.1	10.7	6.2	1.4	4.5
Missouri	1.5	2.6	5.9	4.1	9.3	4.6	.7	4.2
Montana	(²)	2.2	4.3	1.8	5.6	3.4	2.2	2.5
Nebraska	6.0	2.1	4.4	1.7	7.5	1.6	1.9	2.0
Nevada	6.0	2.3	5.1	2.0	2.9	2.7	1.1	(²)
New Hampshire	2.6	3.2	4.2	1.5	6.4	3.3	.9	(²)
New Jersey	2.1	2.8	6.7	2.6	7.3	4.2	1.5	(²)
New Mexico	(²)	1.3	2.5	3.2	7.5	5.2	3.5	3.3
New York	2.5	3.0	4.3	2.4	6.5	4.6	1.2	(²)
North Carolina	1.8	1.2	5.4	2.5	10.6	4.1	.9	.9
North Dakota	(²)	2.1	6.2	2.0	5.9	1.3	1.9	2.4
Ohio	2.5	3.2	9.7	2.6	9.0	4.8	1.5	3.5
Oklahoma	(²)	2.0	5.8	2.2	6.7	5.1	1.4	(²)
Oregon	4.8	2.8	6.2	4.3	8.2	4.4	1.9	6.0
Pennsylvania	5.2	4.1	5.7	2.8	7.3	2.5	2.9	4.3
Rhode Island	3.6	2.3	5.9	2.8	5.5	4.0	1.5	(²)
South Carolina	4.0	4.4	7.4	3.5	11.1	4.4	1.6	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	2.8	4.3	1.6	8.2	3.8	3.0	1.5
Tennessee	1.9	1.6	8.0	2.3	8.1	4.7	2.3	(²)
Texas	3.5	3.2	5.8	3.3	7.1	5.3	1.9	4.0
Utah	(²)	1.2	4.2	1.2	5.2	3.7	1.3	(²)
Vermont	4.0	.9	4.6	2.2	7.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Virginia	(²)	1.9	2.3	2.5	5.1	1.9	.8	(²)
Washington	3.2	2.5	4.1	4.2	8.4	5.4	2.2	8.5
West Virginia	(²)	3.3	4.5	2.8	7.5	3.8	1.8	(²)
Wisconsin	1.9	2.2	6.7	2.9	8.1	5.2	2.4	4.2
Wyoming	(²)	2.0	3.7	2.3	7.2	1.7	1.0	1.3

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL									
Alabama	2,110	100.0	0.9	8.5	16.0	10.5	5.6	15.4	4.9
Alaska	324	100.0	2.2	10.0	2.4	1.0	1.4	13.5	8.9
Arizona	2,866	100.0	.3	10.9	7.8	6.0	1.7	16.0	5.4
Arkansas	1,292	100.0	.4	8.8	16.1	8.7	7.4	15.8	5.7
California	17,002	100.0	.2	8.6	10.3	6.7	3.5	14.8	4.5
Colorado	2,527	100.0	1.0	9.3	8.4	5.3	3.1	14.5	4.6
Connecticut	1,774	100.0	(¹)	7.3	12.1	9.1	3.0	13.2	3.9
Delaware	426	100.0	(¹)	10.1	9.7	3.7	6.0	14.5	4.0
District of Columbia	296	100.0	(¹)	4.3	1.1	.7	.5	5.0	3.4
Florida	8,744	100.0	(¹)	10.7	5.9	4.0	1.9	16.7	4.9
Georgia	4,519	100.0	.2	8.9	11.3	5.9	5.4	14.8	6.3
Hawaii	628	100.0	(¹)	7.9	3.0	1.6	1.5	14.8	5.5
Idaho	726	100.0	.3	10.0	9.9	5.8	4.1	15.2	4.6
Illinois	6,306	100.0	.1	6.6	12.2	7.5	4.6	15.1	6.5
Indiana	3,104	100.0	.1	7.9	19.2	13.6	5.5	15.4	5.0
Iowa	1,619	100.0	.2	6.3	14.7	8.4	6.3	15.5	4.8
Kansas	1,406	100.0	.7	6.4	13.0	8.3	4.7	13.3	4.5
Kentucky	1,922	100.0	1.5	6.3	13.8	9.6	4.3	15.4	6.6
Louisiana	1,905	100.0	3.0	10.1	9.0	4.1	4.9	14.8	5.2
Maine	676	100.0	.1	8.4	10.4	6.2	4.2	17.2	3.8
Maryland	2,886	100.0	(¹)	9.2	5.0	3.1	2.0	11.2	4.8
Massachusetts	3,228	100.0	(¹)	6.6	9.0	5.9	3.1	13.5	4.4
Michigan	4,723	100.0	.1	6.0	19.7	16.0	3.8	14.1	3.9
Minnesota	2,794	100.0	.3	7.1	14.3	9.1	5.3	15.3	4.5
Mississippi	1,214	100.0	1.2	8.6	17.1	12.0	5.0	13.1	6.3
Missouri	2,899	100.0	.2	7.5	13.4	8.6	4.8	15.4	5.7
Montana	479	100.0	1.5	10.6	4.9	3.6	1.3	15.4	4.1
Nebraska	943	100.0	.1	6.2	12.2	5.5	6.7	15.2	5.5
Nevada	1,242	100.0	1.3	12.4	3.5	2.3	1.3	14.0	4.5
New Hampshire	714	100.0	(¹)	8.4	14.1	10.8	3.3	15.9	4.1
New Jersey	4,291	100.0	.1	6.0	9.7	4.4	5.4	14.5	6.4
New Mexico	889	100.0	1.9	9.4	4.9	3.9	1.0	13.9	4.7
New York	9,094	100.0	.1	6.5	7.8	4.7	3.1	13.2	5.9
North Carolina	4,242	100.0	.1	9.8	14.3	7.5	6.8	14.9	4.7
North Dakota	349	100.0	1.1	6.8	7.0	4.7	2.3	15.4	4.4
Ohio	5,639	100.0	.2	6.3	17.4	11.9	5.5	14.1	5.4
Oklahoma	1,644	100.0	2.5	7.8	10.0	6.4	3.5	15.8	5.0
Oregon	1,802	100.0	(¹)	8.6	11.9	8.6	3.4	15.1	3.8
Pennsylvania	5,999	100.0	.4	6.6	13.4	8.5	4.9	15.4	5.2
Rhode Island	548	100.0	(¹)	7.1	13.0	8.2	4.8	14.2	4.1
South Carolina	1,988	100.0	(¹)	9.7	15.7	9.0	6.7	14.8	4.3
South Dakota	417	100.0	.6	7.7	11.1	7.0	4.1	14.0	4.5
Tennessee	2,847	100.0	.2	9.0	14.3	9.3	4.9	14.6	5.8
Texas	10,953	100.0	1.7	9.1	10.2	6.1	4.1	15.0	5.9
Utah	1,275	100.0	1.9	9.5	10.3	7.7	2.6	14.3	5.5
Vermont	349	100.0	.2	8.9	11.1	8.2	2.9	13.9	3.9
Virginia	3,848	100.0	.2	9.6	7.4	4.2	3.2	14.2	4.7
Washington	3,160	100.0	.1	7.6	11.1	7.9	3.1	16.3	5.3
West Virginia	770	100.0	4.2	8.5	9.4	6.5	2.9	14.0	5.0
Wisconsin	2,910	100.0	(¹)	6.5	17.9	11.8	6.1	15.5	4.7
Wyoming	274	100.0	10.4	9.8	3.5	2.0	1.6	12.3	7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
TOTAL								
Alabama	2.2	6.1	9.0	18.8	7.0	4.9	5.1	1.2
Alaska	2.0	5.1	8.4	21.7	9.8	4.3	9.5	2.3
Arizona	2.0	8.6	10.1	17.6	9.7	5.1	5.6	.9
Arkansas	1.7	5.5	6.1	21.6	6.1	4.6	3.8	3.8
California	3.0	7.5	12.5	18.6	9.0	5.2	4.2	1.7
Colorado	3.8	7.9	13.2	17.8	8.9	5.1	4.3	1.0
Connecticut	2.6	9.6	11.4	22.0	9.0	4.5	4.0	.3
Delaware	1.9	10.3	9.0	20.9	8.5	4.7	5.6	.9
District of Columbia	4.3	6.6	22.7	17.9	9.5	8.6	16.3	.1
Florida	2.3	9.0	11.1	19.3	9.8	5.2	4.4	.6
Georgia	3.0	6.5	10.6	18.7	8.4	4.9	5.1	1.2
Hawaii	1.4	7.3	10.0	20.0	16.0	4.5	8.0	1.5
Idaho	2.3	6.1	9.5	19.4	7.7	3.9	5.1	5.9
Illinois	2.5	7.9	11.7	20.2	7.9	4.7	3.6	1.0
Indiana	1.8	5.5	7.3	20.9	7.1	4.8	3.4	1.5
Iowa	2.0	7.3	7.6	22.5	7.0	4.4	3.2	4.5
Kansas	2.9	6.7	8.3	23.0	8.0	4.9	4.4	3.8
Kentucky	1.9	6.1	7.7	22.6	6.9	4.8	4.2	2.0
Louisiana	1.7	5.4	9.0	20.8	9.2	5.1	5.2	1.4
Maine	1.8	6.4	8.2	24.0	8.3	4.4	4.2	2.6
Maryland	2.7	7.6	15.2	21.4	6.5	5.4	10.3	.6
Massachusetts	3.0	8.6	11.8	26.3	7.5	4.9	3.9	.4
Michigan	2.2	6.2	8.9	21.5	7.8	4.9	3.3	1.3
Minnesota	1.9	8.0	9.5	21.9	8.2	4.0	3.2	2.0
Mississippi	1.0	4.5	6.1	21.4	7.5	4.5	5.0	3.8
Missouri	2.7	7.8	8.6	21.0	7.3	5.0	3.7	1.7
Montana	2.2	6.0	7.2	20.6	10.4	4.1	6.1	6.8
Nebraska	2.4	8.7	8.6	21.0	7.1	3.9	4.3	4.8
Nevada	1.7	8.4	9.2	13.3	23.3	3.8	4.0	.4
New Hampshire	2.6	7.1	10.4	21.6	7.3	4.2	3.6	.6
New Jersey	3.1	9.1	12.8	21.6	7.1	4.9	4.4	.3
New Mexico	2.3	6.4	11.0	21.5	10.4	4.6	5.9	3.0
New York	3.6	8.3	10.4	26.1	8.3	4.8	4.5	.5
North Carolina	1.8	6.8	9.0	20.2	7.8	4.8	3.9	1.9
North Dakota	2.2	6.1	6.3	25.3	7.9	4.2	4.8	8.6
Ohio	2.1	7.0	8.1	22.2	8.1	4.2	4.0	1.1
Oklahoma	2.6	6.5	7.5	20.2	8.4	5.1	6.0	2.8
Oregon	2.0	6.5	10.2	19.4	8.7	5.0	4.8	3.9
Pennsylvania	1.9	6.5	9.1	23.2	8.1	4.8	4.2	1.1
Rhode Island	2.0	8.7	9.5	22.7	9.5	4.5	4.4	.4
South Carolina	1.7	5.7	9.2	19.0	8.6	5.3	4.9	1.2
South Dakota	1.9	7.3	6.1	22.2	8.3	3.9	3.5	8.8
Tennessee	1.9	6.0	7.9	20.4	8.9	4.6	5.0	1.5
Texas	2.3	6.7	10.0	19.6	8.2	5.6	4.2	1.5
Utah	2.6	7.7	11.1	19.1	7.2	3.9	5.3	1.7
Vermont	2.2	5.0	7.9	27.1	7.8	5.0	4.5	2.4
Virginia	2.3	7.5	14.2	18.5	7.8	5.2	7.5	.8
Washington	3.0	6.0	10.7	18.9	8.7	5.2	4.6	2.5
West Virginia	1.5	4.6	7.5	24.9	8.6	4.6	5.7	1.4
Wisconsin	2.2	6.7	8.0	21.1	7.6	4.6	3.1	2.1
Wyoming	1.7	5.1	5.8	18.8	7.7	5.0	5.5	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men									
Alabama	1,128	100.0	1.4	15.0	20.4	13.6	6.8	15.2	7.0
Alaska	172	100.0	3.8	16.2	3.5	1.6	2.0	13.2	12.3
Arizona	1,609	100.0	.5	17.0	10.0	8.3	1.7	16.7	7.5
Arkansas	679	100.0	.7	14.7	21.2	12.6	8.6	16.6	8.2
California	9,471	100.0	.2	14.1	12.6	8.9	3.7	15.2	6.3
Colorado	1,383	100.0	1.6	14.9	10.2	6.7	3.5	15.2	6.2
Connecticut	937	100.0	.1	12.8	15.3	11.9	3.4	14.2	5.1
Delaware	221	100.0	(¹)	17.7	12.7	5.5	7.2	16.5	5.4
District of Columbia	144	100.0	(¹)	7.8	1.3	.9	.4	5.6	4.8
Florida	4,637	100.0	.1	17.7	7.6	5.5	2.1	17.2	7.0
Georgia	2,421	100.0	.4	15.2	14.2	7.9	6.3	14.7	8.4
Hawaii	327	100.0	.1	13.7	4.0	2.4	1.7	14.3	7.1
Idaho	399	100.0	.5	15.6	13.1	8.4	4.7	16.1	6.6
Illinois	3,417	100.0	.2	10.7	16.1	10.4	5.7	16.0	8.9
Indiana	1,680	100.0	.2	13.1	25.3	18.1	7.2	15.7	7.5
Iowa	853	100.0	.4	10.7	20.2	12.0	8.2	15.8	7.2
Kansas	751	100.0	1.1	10.7	17.8	12.3	5.5	14.3	6.6
Kentucky	1,014	100.0	2.9	10.8	18.8	13.7	5.1	15.6	9.9
Louisiana	1,013	100.0	5.4	16.9	13.0	6.3	6.7	13.1	7.3
Maine	351	100.0	.2	14.9	15.4	9.9	5.5	17.3	5.8
Maryland	1,490	100.0	(¹)	15.9	7.1	4.5	2.6	12.6	6.6
Massachusetts	1,686	100.0	.1	11.6	11.9	8.0	3.8	14.5	6.7
Michigan	2,497	100.0	.2	10.2	27.3	23.1	4.2	14.6	5.1
Minnesota	1,451	100.0	.4	12.4	19.1	12.3	6.8	16.2	6.3
Mississippi	636	100.0	2.0	15.0	21.6	16.3	5.3	11.8	9.3
Missouri	1,518	100.0	.3	12.9	18.6	12.4	6.1	16.2	8.3
Montana	251	100.0	2.5	17.6	7.0	5.2	1.8	16.2	5.6
Nebraska	502	100.0	.2	10.7	16.5	7.9	8.6	15.5	7.8
Nevada	685	100.0	2.1	20.1	4.5	3.1	1.4	14.1	6.1
New Hampshire	377	100.0	(¹)	14.2	18.5	14.4	4.1	17.1	5.9
New Jersey	2,322	100.0	.1	10.2	12.2	6.0	6.2	15.6	9.1
New Mexico	470	100.0	3.4	15.6	7.0	5.7	1.2	13.3	6.6
New York	4,753	100.0	.2	11.5	10.4	6.7	3.6	14.3	8.4
North Carolina	2,263	100.0	.1	16.6	17.1	9.5	7.6	15.5	7.0
North Dakota	181	100.0	2.0	11.9	10.0	6.8	3.2	16.9	6.0
Ohio	2,931	100.0	.3	10.9	24.0	17.3	6.7	14.4	8.1
Oklahoma	883	100.0	3.9	13.3	13.6	9.4	4.2	16.1	7.1
Oregon	982	100.0	(¹)	14.1	16.6	12.1	4.5	16.2	5.5
Pennsylvania	3,192	100.0	.7	11.3	18.1	12.3	5.9	16.1	7.5
Rhode Island	285	100.0	(¹)	12.3	17.5	11.2	6.3	15.4	5.5
South Carolina	1,044	100.0	(¹)	16.8	21.2	12.6	8.7	14.8	6.1
South Dakota	220	100.0	1.0	13.1	15.4	9.9	5.5	14.7	6.4
Tennessee	1,543	100.0	.4	15.5	17.6	11.7	5.9	14.6	8.0
Texas	6,125	100.0	2.5	14.8	13.4	8.3	5.1	15.2	8.2
Utah	717	100.0	2.9	15.7	13.5	10.4	3.0	13.2	6.9
Vermont	180	100.0	.4	15.9	14.9	11.2	3.6	15.5	6.1
Virginia	2,020	100.0	.3	16.7	9.6	5.9	3.7	13.8	6.4
Washington	1,697	100.0	.2	12.4	15.5	11.5	4.0	16.0	7.5
West Virginia	409	100.0	7.6	15.0	13.9	10.1	3.8	12.5	8.4
Wisconsin	1,520	100.0	.1	11.1	24.4	16.9	7.5	16.7	6.2
Wyoming	150	100.0	16.5	15.5	5.0	2.9	2.1	10.8	11.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Men								
Alabama	2.1	3.6	9.7	8.5	5.2	4.4	5.9	1.7
Alaska	2.0	3.8	8.8	10.7	8.1	4.2	10.0	3.4
Arizona	2.1	6.4	10.8	7.4	9.9	5.1	5.5	1.0
Arkansas	1.7	4.8	6.3	7.4	4.7	4.1	3.5	6.1
California	3.2	6.4	13.2	9.5	8.5	4.7	3.8	2.3
Colorado	3.9	6.5	14.3	9.1	8.7	4.1	3.9	1.3
Connecticut	2.5	8.9	12.8	12.0	8.2	3.4	4.4	.3
Delaware	2.4	7.7	9.4	9.7	7.7	4.0	5.6	1.4
District of Columbia	4.5	6.6	24.5	11.8	10.5	7.4	15.1	.1
Florida	2.6	7.5	11.2	9.1	9.8	4.7	4.6	.7
Georgia	2.9	5.1	11.9	8.4	7.5	4.5	4.8	2.1
Hawaii	1.8	7.0	10.8	11.7	15.5	4.1	8.2	1.6
Idaho	2.2	4.5	10.4	8.6	5.7	3.7	4.9	8.2
Illinois	2.8	6.7	12.6	9.2	7.7	4.2	3.8	1.4
Indiana	2.2	4.5	7.5	8.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	2.1
Iowa	1.7	5.5	7.3	11.1	5.8	4.1	3.3	6.9
Kansas	3.3	6.0	8.4	11.2	7.3	4.0	3.8	5.5
Kentucky	2.3	4.6	7.6	10.3	5.7	4.4	4.1	3.0
Louisiana	1.9	4.2	10.2	8.1	7.3	5.0	5.7	2.0
Maine	1.9	5.0	9.0	11.1	6.2	4.3	4.7	4.2
Maryland	2.9	6.4	16.6	9.8	6.3	4.3	10.6	.8
Massachusetts	3.0	8.3	13.4	14.7	6.5	4.7	4.3	.4
Michigan	2.1	4.5	11.0	9.7	6.4	4.2	3.0	1.8
Minnesota	2.0	7.0	9.9	10.3	7.4	3.2	2.9	2.9
Mississippi	1.2	3.4	7.1	9.0	5.7	4.2	4.8	4.7
Missouri	3.0	5.1	8.7	9.5	5.7	5.0	4.3	2.5
Montana	1.9	4.5	6.6	9.4	8.6	4.0	6.1	9.8
Nebraska	2.4	7.3	8.9	9.5	6.3	3.9	3.8	7.3
Nevada	1.7	7.0	9.8	6.5	20.8	3.0	3.9	.5
New Hampshire	2.5	5.9	10.9	10.2	6.6	3.6	3.7	.9
New Jersey	3.0	9.1	13.6	10.6	7.2	4.5	4.3	.5
New Mexico	2.0	4.2	13.3	11.3	8.8	4.2	6.5	3.8
New York	3.5	8.5	11.0	13.5	8.9	4.2	5.1	.7
North Carolina	1.8	5.4	9.5	8.6	6.8	4.6	3.8	3.0
North Dakota	1.7	4.8	6.6	12.7	6.3	3.9	4.5	12.7
Ohio	2.0	5.2	9.3	9.6	6.7	3.9	4.0	1.4
Oklahoma	2.5	5.0	7.9	8.4	7.0	5.1	5.9	4.3
Oregon	1.8	4.5	10.6	9.3	7.0	4.1	4.6	5.6
Pennsylvania	2.2	5.3	9.8	11.3	7.1	4.2	4.8	1.5
Rhode Island	2.4	7.1	10.6	10.7	9.2	4.2	4.6	.5
South Carolina	1.6	4.2	9.7	6.6	6.5	5.1	5.6	1.7
South Dakota	2.0	5.2	5.4	9.5	6.5	3.8	3.8	13.1
Tennessee	1.6	4.8	8.3	9.5	7.4	4.3	5.7	2.3
Texas	2.5	5.4	10.5	8.8	7.4	4.9	4.3	2.2
Utah	2.8	6.7	11.2	10.5	5.7	3.7	5.0	2.0
Vermont	2.1	3.8	9.4	12.9	7.2	4.3	4.4	3.2
Virginia	2.4	6.5	15.1	7.7	7.5	4.8	8.0	1.2
Washington	3.4	4.4	12.3	8.9	7.2	4.4	4.7	3.2
West Virginia	1.7	3.4	7.5	11.9	6.5	3.8	5.9	2.1
Wisconsin	1.9	5.3	8.5	8.7	6.9	3.9	3.3	3.0
Wyoming	1.3	2.9	5.4	8.1	5.8	4.6	4.7	8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women									
Alabama	982	100.0	0.2	1.1	11.0	6.9	4.2	15.5	2.5
Alaska	153	100.0	.5	2.9	1.1	.3	.8	13.9	5.2
Arizona	1,257	100.0	.1	3.1	4.9	3.1	1.8	15.1	2.6
Arkansas	613	100.0	.1	2.2	10.5	4.2	6.2	14.9	3.0
California	7,530	100.0	(¹)	1.7	7.3	3.9	3.3	14.1	2.3
Colorado	1,144	100.0	.3	2.5	6.2	3.7	2.5	13.7	2.7
Connecticut	837	100.0	(¹)	1.1	8.5	6.0	2.6	12.0	2.7
Delaware	205	100.0	(¹)	1.9	6.4	1.7	4.7	12.3	2.6
District of Columbia	152	100.0	(¹)	1.0	1.0	.5	.5	4.5	2.2
Florida	4,107	100.0	(¹)	2.8	4.1	2.4	1.7	16.1	2.5
Georgia	2,098	100.0	(¹)	1.7	8.1	3.7	4.4	14.9	3.8
Hawaii	301	100.0	(¹)	1.7	2.0	.7	1.3	15.3	3.8
Idaho	327	100.0	(¹)	3.2	5.9	2.5	3.4	14.2	2.1
Illinois	2,889	100.0	.1	1.7	7.5	4.2	3.3	14.1	3.7
Indiana	1,424	100.0	(¹)	1.9	12.0	8.4	3.6	15.1	2.1
Iowa	766	100.0	.1	1.3	8.6	4.3	4.3	15.2	2.1
Kansas	655	100.0	.2	1.4	7.5	3.8	3.8	12.3	2.0
Kentucky	908	100.0	(¹)	1.3	8.3	5.0	3.3	15.3	2.8
Louisiana	892	100.0	.3	2.2	4.5	1.7	2.8	16.8	2.8
Maine	324	100.0	(¹)	1.4	5.1	2.3	2.8	17.2	1.6
Maryland	1,396	100.0	(¹)	2.0	2.8	1.5	1.3	9.7	2.9
Massachusetts	1,542	100.0	(¹)	1.1	5.9	3.6	2.3	12.4	1.8
Michigan	2,226	100.0	.1	1.3	11.3	8.0	3.3	13.5	2.6
Minnesota	1,343	100.0	.1	1.3	9.2	5.5	3.6	14.4	2.5
Mississippi	578	100.0	.3	1.5	12.1	7.3	4.7	14.5	3.0
Missouri	1,381	100.0	.1	1.5	7.8	4.5	3.3	14.6	2.8
Montana	228	100.0	.3	2.9	2.6	1.9	.7	14.4	2.5
Nebraska	442	100.0	(¹)	1.1	7.3	2.7	4.6	14.8	3.0
Nevada	557	100.0	.3	3.0	2.4	1.2	1.1	13.9	2.6
New Hampshire	337	100.0	(¹)	1.9	9.1	6.6	2.5	14.6	2.1
New Jersey	1,969	100.0	(¹)	1.0	6.8	2.5	4.3	13.3	3.2
New Mexico	419	100.0	.2	2.5	2.6	1.9	.7	14.7	2.6
New York	4,341	100.0	(¹)	1.0	5.0	2.4	2.6	12.1	3.1
North Carolina	1,979	100.0	.1	2.1	11.0	5.2	5.8	14.1	2.1
North Dakota	168	100.0	.1	1.3	3.6	2.4	1.3	13.7	2.7
Ohio	2,708	100.0	.1	1.3	10.3	6.1	4.2	13.8	2.4
Oklahoma	761	100.0	.8	1.3	5.8	3.0	2.8	15.4	2.5
Oregon	820	100.0	(¹)	2.0	6.3	4.3	2.0	13.9	1.9
Pennsylvania	2,807	100.0	(¹)	1.3	8.1	4.3	3.8	14.6	2.5
Rhode Island	263	100.0	(¹)	1.5	8.0	4.9	3.1	12.9	2.6
South Carolina	944	100.0	(¹)	1.8	9.6	5.0	4.6	14.7	2.2
South Dakota	197	100.0	.2	1.7	6.3	3.7	2.6	13.3	2.4
Tennessee	1,304	100.0	(¹)	1.3	10.3	6.5	3.8	14.5	3.3
Texas	4,827	100.0	.8	1.7	6.2	3.4	2.8	14.8	3.1
Utah	558	100.0	.5	1.7	6.3	4.2	2.1	15.7	3.6
Vermont	169	100.0	.1	1.5	7.0	4.9	2.1	12.1	1.7
Virginia	1,827	100.0	(¹)	1.7	4.9	2.3	2.6	14.7	2.8
Washington	1,463	100.0	(¹)	2.1	5.9	3.8	2.1	16.7	2.7
West Virginia	361	100.0	.4	1.3	4.2	2.4	1.8	15.7	1.2
Wisconsin	1,390	100.0	(¹)	1.4	10.8	6.2	4.6	14.2	3.0
Wyoming	124	100.0	3.2	2.8	1.7	.8	1.0	14.0	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Women								
Alabama	2.2	8.9	8.1	30.8	9.1	5.5	4.3	0.7
Alaska	2.0	6.6	7.9	34.1	11.6	4.4	8.9	1.0
Arizona	2.0	11.4	9.2	30.6	9.5	5.0	5.8	.7
Arkansas	1.8	6.2	5.9	37.3	7.7	5.0	4.2	1.3
California	2.7	9.0	11.7	30.1	9.6	5.9	4.6	1.0
Colorado	3.7	9.6	11.9	28.3	9.1	6.4	4.9	.7
Connecticut	2.8	10.4	9.7	33.3	9.9	5.8	3.5	.3
Delaware	1.3	13.0	8.5	33.0	9.4	5.5	5.6	.5
District of Columbia	4.2	6.6	21.0	23.7	8.6	9.8	17.4	(¹)
Florida	1.9	10.7	10.9	30.8	9.8	5.7	4.2	.5
Georgia	3.3	8.2	9.1	30.5	9.4	5.4	5.3	.3
Hawaii	1.0	7.7	9.1	29.0	16.6	4.8	7.8	1.4
Idaho	2.4	8.2	8.4	32.6	10.2	4.3	5.3	3.1
Illinois	2.2	9.3	10.8	33.3	8.2	5.2	3.4	.5
Indiana	1.4	6.7	7.0	35.5	9.0	4.9	3.5	.9
Iowa	2.4	9.3	7.9	35.1	8.4	4.6	3.1	1.9
Kansas	2.4	7.6	8.3	36.4	8.7	6.0	5.1	2.0
Kentucky	1.6	7.8	7.9	36.5	8.2	5.1	4.3	1.0
Louisiana	1.5	6.7	7.7	35.2	11.5	5.3	4.7	.8
Maine	1.8	8.0	7.3	38.0	10.5	4.5	3.6	.9
Maryland	2.4	8.9	13.8	33.7	6.8	6.5	9.9	.5
Massachusetts	3.0	8.9	10.1	39.1	8.7	5.2	3.4	.4
Michigan	2.4	8.0	6.5	34.7	9.4	5.7	3.7	.8
Minnesota	1.7	9.0	9.0	34.4	9.0	4.8	3.5	.9
Mississippi .....	.9	5.6	4.9	35.0	9.4	5.0	5.2	2.8
Missouri	2.5	10.7	8.5	33.7	9.1	5.0	3.0	.8
Montana	2.6	7.6	7.9	33.0	12.4	4.3	6.0	3.4
Nebraska	2.5	10.3	8.4	34.1	7.9	4.0	4.7	1.9
Nevada	1.8	10.1	8.4	21.6	26.5	4.8	4.3	.3
New Hampshire	2.7	8.5	9.9	34.4	8.1	4.9	3.4	.3
New Jersey	3.3	9.1	11.8	34.6	7.0	5.3	4.6	.2
New Mexico	2.5	8.9	8.3	33.0	12.2	4.9	5.3	2.1
New York	3.7	8.2	9.7	39.8	7.6	5.5	3.8	.3
North Carolina	1.8	8.4	8.5	33.4	9.1	5.0	4.0	.6
North Dakota	2.7	7.4	6.0	39.0	9.7	4.5	5.1	4.2
Ohio	2.2	8.9	6.8	35.7	9.5	4.5	3.9	.8
Oklahoma	2.7	8.2	7.0	34.0	10.1	5.0	6.0	1.2
Oregon	2.3	8.9	9.6	31.4	10.7	6.1	5.1	1.9
Pennsylvania	1.5	7.8	8.4	36.8	9.2	5.6	3.5	.7
Rhode Island	1.6	10.4	8.3	35.7	9.9	4.7	4.1	.2
South Carolina	1.8	7.5	8.6	32.7	10.8	5.6	4.1	.6
South Dakota	1.8	9.5	6.9	36.4	10.3	4.1	3.1	4.1
Tennessee	2.1	7.5	7.5	33.2	10.8	5.0	4.0	.5
Texas	2.2	8.3	9.3	33.3	9.1	6.4	4.1	.6
Utah	2.2	9.1	10.8	30.0	9.0	4.2	5.7	1.2
Vermont	2.2	6.4	6.4	42.2	8.5	5.7	4.6	1.6
Virginia	2.2	8.6	13.1	30.6	8.2	5.7	7.0	.5
Washington	2.7	7.9	8.9	30.5	10.5	6.0	4.4	1.7
West Virginia	1.3	6.0	7.6	39.7	11.0	5.5	5.6	.6
Wisconsin	2.4	8.3	7.5	34.7	8.4	5.4	2.8	1.1
Wyoming	2.2	7.7	6.3	31.7	10.0	5.4	6.4	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White									
Alabama	1,584	100.0	0.9	9.7	15.2	10.2	5.0	15.4	5.1
Alaska	258	100.0	2.6	10.7	2.2	1.0	1.2	12.5	9.3
Arizona	2,582	100.0	.2	11.1	8.0	6.2	1.7	16.5	5.5
Arkansas	1,079	100.0	.3	9.7	15.3	8.5	6.8	15.8	6.0
California	13,274	100.0	.2	9.9	10.4	6.4	3.9	14.9	4.2
Colorado	2,320	100.0	1.1	9.7	8.1	5.1	3.0	14.6	4.6
Connecticut	1,528	100.0	.1	7.5	12.2	9.2	3.0	13.4	3.4
Delaware	323	100.0	(¹)	11.4	9.4	3.5	5.9	15.2	3.7
District of Columbia	152	100.0	(¹)	4.6	1.5	.9	.6	3.1	1.3
Florida	7,192	100.0	(¹)	11.6	6.1	4.3	1.8	16.9	4.7
Georgia	3,101	100.0	.3	10.8	11.6	6.0	5.7	15.1	5.6
Hawaii	141	100.0	(¹)	12.0	2.0	1.2	.8	12.7	4.5
Idaho	694	100.0	.3	10.2	9.7	5.6	4.1	15.3	4.8
Illinois	5,176	100.0	.1	7.4	12.6	8.0	4.6	15.6	5.9
Indiana	2,829	100.0	.1	8.5	19.6	13.9	5.7	15.6	5.2
Iowa	1,545	100.0	.3	6.5	14.6	8.5	6.1	16.0	4.9
Kansas	1,280	100.0	.7	6.6	12.5	8.1	4.4	13.7	4.4
Kentucky	1,766	100.0	1.6	6.6	13.7	9.3	4.4	15.5	6.3
Louisiana	1,358	100.0	3.6	11.5	8.1	4.4	3.7	14.9	4.8
Maine	657	100.0	.1	8.5	10.4	6.2	4.1	17.2	3.8
Maryland	1,933	100.0	(¹)	11.3	5.7	3.5	2.2	12.0	4.2
Massachusetts	2,863	100.0	(¹)	7.1	8.9	5.9	3.1	13.8	4.5
Michigan	3,963	100.0	.1	6.7	20.1	16.2	3.9	15.0	3.3
Minnesota	2,553	100.0	.3	7.5	13.9	8.6	5.4	15.7	4.5
Mississippi	808	100.0	1.4	10.3	14.0	10.4	3.6	15.1	6.4
Missouri	2,513	100.0	.2	8.1	13.6	8.8	4.8	15.9	5.7
Montana	452	100.0	1.6	10.8	4.9	3.5	1.4	15.4	4.2
Nebraska	874	100.0	.1	6.5	11.5	5.6	5.9	15.4	5.5
Nevada	1,011	100.0	1.5	13.8	3.5	2.3	1.2	14.1	4.1
New Hampshire	684	100.0	(¹)	8.5	14.1	10.7	3.3	15.9	4.2
New Jersey	3,342	100.0	.1	7.0	10.1	4.7	5.4	14.4	5.9
New Mexico	767	100.0	2.0	9.6	4.6	3.7	.9	14.1	4.7
New York	6,945	100.0	.1	7.4	8.2	5.0	3.2	13.8	5.0
North Carolina	3,246	100.0	.1	11.4	13.9	7.7	6.2	15.6	4.1
North Dakota	323	100.0	1.1	6.9	6.8	4.6	2.2	15.9	4.6
Ohio	4,918	100.0	.2	6.7	17.8	12.1	5.7	14.6	5.3
Oklahoma	1,317	100.0	2.8	8.2	9.7	6.3	3.4	16.4	5.1
Oregon	1,638	100.0	(¹)	8.7	11.1	8.2	2.9	15.3	3.9
Pennsylvania	5,353	100.0	.4	7.0	13.9	8.9	4.9	15.9	5.0
Rhode Island	494	100.0	(¹)	7.5	12.3	7.8	4.5	14.4	4.2
South Carolina	1,418	100.0	(¹)	10.7	15.2	8.7	6.4	16.3	3.8
South Dakota	394	100.0	.6	7.9	10.7	7.0	3.7	14.3	4.6
Tennessee	2,356	100.0	.3	10.0	14.5	9.6	4.9	15.2	5.2
Texas	9,149	100.0	2.0	10.0	10.0	5.9	4.1	15.2	5.6
Utah	1,200	100.0	1.8	9.7	10.2	7.4	2.7	14.2	5.4
Vermont	337	100.0	.2	9.1	11.0	8.1	2.9	13.9	3.9
Virginia	2,898	100.0	.2	11.4	7.5	4.2	3.3	13.7	4.3
Washington	2,658	100.0	.1	8.1	10.6	7.7	2.9	16.5	5.1
West Virginia	739	100.0	4.4	8.7	9.3	6.5	2.8	14.0	5.1
Wisconsin	2,688	100.0	(¹)	6.7	18.3	12.2	6.1	15.9	4.5
Wyoming	263	100.0	10.4	9.9	3.5	1.9	1.6	12.4	7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
White								
Alabama	2.1	6.3	9.9	17.3	6.3	5.0	5.2	1.5
Alaska	2.2	5.5	8.8	21.5	9.0	4.1	9.4	2.3
Arizona	2.1	8.0	10.0	17.5	9.7	5.0	5.6	.9
Arkansas	1.7	6.2	6.3	20.3	5.7	4.5	3.7	4.3
California	3.0	7.2	12.6	17.4	9.3	5.1	3.9	2.1
Colorado	3.8	7.8	13.2	17.9	8.8	5.0	4.3	1.1
Connecticut	2.8	10.1	11.7	21.7	8.7	4.5	3.7	.3
Delaware	1.8	10.0	9.0	19.6	8.6	4.8	5.3	1.2
District of Columbia	5.3	6.9	26.7	14.3	10.3	9.6	16.4	.1
Florida	2.3	9.3	11.3	17.9	9.8	5.0	4.2	.7
Georgia	2.9	7.0	11.0	18.0	7.1	5.0	4.2	1.5
Hawaii	1.7	8.6	12.6	21.0	13.5	3.2	7.2	1.0
Idaho	2.3	6.2	9.3	19.6	7.6	3.9	5.0	5.9
Illinois	2.4	7.8	11.6	19.0	8.0	4.9	3.4	1.2
Indiana	1.6	5.5	7.2	20.2	7.0	4.7	3.0	1.7
Iowa	2.0	7.3	7.4	22.1	6.8	4.2	3.2	4.7
Kansas	2.9	7.0	8.2	23.0	7.6	4.8	4.3	4.2
Kentucky	1.9	6.3	8.0	22.2	6.8	4.9	4.1	2.2
Louisiana	1.9	5.9	10.0	19.4	8.3	5.1	4.9	1.5
Maine	1.8	6.5	8.1	24.3	8.2	4.4	4.1	2.7
Maryland	2.7	7.9	14.2	19.1	6.8	5.8	9.3	.9
Massachusetts	3.0	8.4	12.0	25.9	7.0	5.0	3.9	.4
Michigan	2.1	6.2	8.4	21.0	7.8	4.9	2.8	1.6
Minnesota	1.9	7.9	9.1	21.9	7.9	4.1	3.2	2.1
Mississippi	1.1	5.2	6.9	18.5	6.6	5.3	4.4	4.7
Missouri	2.8	7.6	8.4	19.8	7.1	5.1	3.6	1.9
Montana	2.3	6.1	7.5	20.2	10.3	4.0	5.8	6.9
Nebraska	2.4	8.8	8.7	21.2	6.7	4.0	3.9	5.2
Nevada	1.6	8.6	9.4	12.6	22.1	3.9	4.3	.5
New Hampshire	2.6	7.1	10.3	21.6	7.2	4.2	3.6	.6
New Jersey	3.1	8.9	12.7	20.6	7.6	5.0	4.3	.4
New Mexico	2.1	6.7	11.7	21.0	10.0	4.5	5.8	3.2
New York	3.8	8.5	10.7	24.5	8.2	4.6	4.5	.6
North Carolina	1.8	7.2	9.8	18.4	7.1	5.1	3.3	2.3
North Dakota	2.2	6.4	6.4	24.7	7.3	4.3	4.3	9.2
Ohio	2.0	6.8	7.7	21.4	8.2	4.2	3.9	1.3
Oklahoma	2.6	6.7	8.0	19.2	7.6	5.3	6.0	2.4
Oregon	2.1	6.6	10.3	19.7	8.6	5.1	4.7	3.8
Pennsylvania	1.9	6.3	9.2	22.1	8.0	5.0	4.1	1.3
Rhode Island	2.2	8.8	9.3	22.8	9.3	4.3	4.5	.4
South Carolina	1.5	6.5	10.2	17.1	8.1	5.3	4.0	1.2
South Dakota	2.0	7.5	6.1	22.0	7.9	4.0	3.3	9.0
Tennessee	2.0	6.2	7.8	19.9	8.3	4.8	4.3	1.6
Texas	2.1	6.9	10.1	18.7	8.2	5.6	4.0	1.7
Utah	2.6	7.7	11.0	19.3	7.2	3.9	5.4	1.8
Vermont	2.1	5.2	8.0	26.8	7.6	5.1	4.6	2.5
Virginia	2.5	7.3	14.6	17.0	7.7	5.1	7.7	1.0
Washington	2.9	5.9	10.9	19.6	8.1	4.9	4.6	2.6
West Virginia	1.4	4.7	7.5	25.0	8.3	4.6	5.7	1.5
Wisconsin	2.1	6.9	8.2	20.3	7.2	4.4	3.0	2.2
Wyoming	1.8	5.0	5.9	18.5	7.4	4.9	5.6	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American									
Alabama	476	100.0	0.6	4.9	18.6	11.0	7.5	15.0	4.8
Alaska	10	100.0	.4	6.0	2.1	(¹)	2.1	20.0	5.4
Arizona	107	100.0	(¹)	9.3	7.1	5.1	2.0	9.5	2.6
Arkansas	172	100.0	(¹)	3.7	20.7	9.7	11.0	15.1	4.6
California	965	100.0	.3	4.0	4.2	2.9	1.4	14.3	7.3
Colorado	80	100.0	(¹)	2.2	7.3	2.7	4.6	11.2	8.2
Connecticut	167	100.0	(¹)	6.4	9.0	6.0	3.0	13.9	8.8
Delaware	85	100.0	(¹)	5.6	10.2	4.5	5.7	12.1	5.7
District of Columbia	127	100.0	(¹)	4.1	.7	.5	.2	7.7	6.3
Florida	1,230	100.0	.1	6.8	4.6	2.5	2.1	14.6	6.3
Georgia	1,247	100.0	.1	4.5	10.6	5.4	5.1	14.2	8.4
Hawaii	10	100.0	(¹)	4.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.2	10.4
Idaho	3	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	34.4	34.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	763	100.0	(¹)	2.8	8.6	3.9	4.7	11.5	11.2
Indiana	231	100.0	(¹)	2.4	13.2	9.9	3.3	13.3	2.7
Iowa	28	100.0	(¹)	4.0	13.0	7.4	5.6	8.2	2.6
Kansas	58	100.0	(¹)	3.2	19.2	8.4	10.7	9.7	5.2
Kentucky	117	100.0	(¹)	2.4	17.2	13.8	3.4	16.5	11.8
Louisiana	499	100.0	1.9	6.3	11.2	3.1	8.1	14.3	6.6
Maine	4	100.0	(¹)	12.5	22.4	9.5	12.9	14.2	7.3
Maryland	773	100.0	(¹)	5.2	3.7	2.1	1.6	10.2	6.4
Massachusetts	176	100.0	(¹)	3.6	6.0	3.5	2.6	10.6	5.8
Michigan	531	100.0	(¹)	2.2	17.6	15.3	2.3	8.0	8.7
Minnesota	95	100.0	(¹)	2.3	13.3	10.0	3.2	9.8	6.8
Mississippi	376	100.0	.8	4.3	24.6	16.5	8.2	9.2	6.3
Missouri	295	100.0	(¹)	1.9	10.4	5.3	5.1	13.0	5.9
Nebraska	30	100.0	(¹)	1.5	13.9	2.2	11.7	11.0	9.0
Nevada	86	100.0	(¹)	3.4	3.0	1.8	1.2	14.7	8.8
New Hampshire	7	100.0	(¹)	8.3	15.9	7.5	8.3	7.1	.6
New Jersey	543	100.0	(¹)	2.8	6.3	2.2	4.1	13.4	10.9
New Mexico	23	100.0	3.7	4.8	3.2	3.2	(¹)	15.4	10.9
New York	1,346	100.0	(¹)	3.5	4.8	3.0	1.9	10.9	10.8
North Carolina	826	100.0	.1	3.7	15.5	6.3	9.3	12.1	7.8
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	3.0	24.9	16.4	8.5	13.0	5.5
Ohio	568	100.0	.2	3.2	15.9	11.2	4.7	9.7	6.8
Oklahoma	102	100.0	(¹)	6.6	10.8	5.9	4.9	10.2	5.4
Oregon	23	100.0	(¹)	.7	9.2	4.3	4.9	25.4	8.3
Pennsylvania	511	100.0	.1	3.2	7.9	3.8	4.1	11.6	7.3
Rhode Island	30	100.0	(¹)	3.8	12.5	6.8	5.7	10.8	4.4
South Carolina	532	100.0	(¹)	7.1	17.1	9.3	7.8	10.7	5.3
South Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	.9	34.6	4.4	30.3	13.0	4.5
Tennessee	411	100.0	(¹)	3.3	12.5	8.4	4.1	11.9	10.1
Texas	1,153	100.0	.8	2.7	8.6	5.0	3.6	14.3	9.9
Utah	12	100.0	(¹)	6.9	13.3	13.3	(¹)	23.6	3.7
Vermont	2	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	23.3	19.7	3.6	10.4	1.5
Virginia	717	100.0	(¹)	4.0	7.9	4.6	3.2	17.3	6.1
Washington	102	100.0	(¹)	1.6	8.0	5.1	2.9	16.1	9.4
West Virginia	21	100.0	(¹)	7.7	12.3	8.8	3.5	10.9	4.3
Wisconsin	126	100.0	(¹)	4.2	11.3	4.1	7.2	8.6	8.9
Wyoming	1	100.0	5.9	3.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Black or African American								
Alabama	2.0	5.1	5.8	23.6	9.0	4.9	5.2	0.4
Alaska	1.3	5.5	3.2	29.9	10.1	2.9	12.3	.6
Arizona	2.3	14.9	13.4	20.3	9.1	3.2	8.4	(¹)
Arkansas	2.2	.8	4.5	29.4	8.1	4.9	5.0	1.0
California	3.5	9.2	11.2	25.6	7.6	4.8	7.8	.1
Colorado	5.5	10.9	12.7	22.2	7.7	6.1	5.9	(¹)
Connecticut	1.7	5.0	6.7	27.6	9.2	4.7	7.2	(¹)
Delaware	2.4	11.0	8.1	25.5	7.8	4.3	7.2	(¹)
District of Columbia	3.2	6.6	17.3	22.9	7.7	7.4	16.2	(¹)
Florida	2.7	7.0	9.8	27.0	9.9	5.7	5.3	.2
Georgia	3.3	5.8	8.8	21.3	10.8	3.9	7.4	.8
Hawaii	(¹)	3.6	25.5	19.7	16.3	9.1	5.5	1.6
Idaho	(¹)	9.8	7.1	46.0	2.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	3.3	7.2	9.9	28.3	7.6	3.2	6.3	.1
Indiana	4.7	6.5	8.7	26.6	8.0	6.1	7.9	(¹)
Iowa	4.1	8.9	8.5	27.3	14.5	7.3	1.6	(¹)
Kansas	1.5	3.8	9.0	28.0	8.1	4.3	7.0	1.0
Kentucky	3.3	2.7	5.3	24.4	8.6	2.0	5.4	.4
Louisiana	1.4	3.9	6.9	25.2	10.6	4.3	6.2	1.3
Maine	(¹)	2.9	5.4	11.7	14.0	3.2	6.3	(¹)
Maryland	2.7	7.3	16.6	26.2	4.8	4.1	12.6	.1
Massachusetts	1.0	9.7	12.5	32.5	7.2	4.6	6.4	(¹)
Michigan	3.4	5.7	11.4	24.4	7.2	4.0	7.3	(¹)
Minnesota	1.2	7.4	11.4	29.5	9.6	3.7	5.0	(¹)
Mississippi	1.0	2.8	3.7	27.6	8.7	3.1	5.7	2.1
Missouri	1.6	10.7	8.5	31.4	8.0	4.5	4.2	(¹)
Nebraska	2.2	10.7	13.3	19.5	5.2	1.1	12.6	(¹)
Nevada	2.9	8.4	11.6	20.6	20.3	2.5	4.0	(¹)
New Hampshire	5.1	2.3	9.6	33.9	3.1	3.6	8.8	1.7
New Jersey	3.4	8.6	10.5	28.4	5.7	3.6	6.3	(¹)
New Mexico	2.3	3.2	4.9	16.7	17.0	9.3	5.2	3.5
New York	2.9	7.1	8.2	36.5	5.4	4.4	5.3	.1
North Carolina	1.6	5.9	6.7	27.9	8.5	4.0	5.6	.5
North Dakota	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	32.2	12.4	3.2	5.8	(¹)
Ohio	3.2	8.8	10.1	26.4	7.2	3.7	4.8	(¹)
Oklahoma	4.3	9.1	6.1	26.0	7.9	4.6	8.2	1.0
Oregon	4.0	2.3	8.7	25.7	6.2	2.9	3.9	2.9
Pennsylvania	2.1	8.2	8.5	32.9	8.6	4.2	5.5	(¹)
Rhode Island .....	.7	8.4	9.8	25.6	11.9	8.0	3.8	.3
South Carolina	2.1	3.9	6.3	24.8	9.4	5.2	7.1	1.1
South Dakota	5.0	4.2	7.0	15.4	11.1	.9	(¹)	3.4
Tennessee	1.1	5.7	8.5	23.2	11.4	3.4	8.2	.6
Texas	3.3	6.1	8.9	26.9	6.8	4.8	6.5	.4
Utah	2.6	6.4	18.5	11.9	13.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	4.5	5.7	32.1	13.1	9.4	(¹)	(¹)
Virginia	1.8	8.4	10.5	24.7	7.0	4.6	7.5	.3
Washington	3.9	4.0	9.6	22.8	7.3	4.7	11.9	.8
West Virginia	1.8	2.3	11.3	24.8	16.3	.4	7.9	(¹)
Wisconsin	1.8	5.7	7.8	33.7	7.6	6.3	3.1	1.0
Wyoming	(¹)	5.5	8.2	38.4	24.1	(¹)	8.0	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian									
Alabama	12	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	11.1	(¹)	8.8	(¹)
Alaska	15	100.0	(¹)	1.3	3.1	.7	2.4	25.9	7.7
Arizona	53	100.0	1.0	1.5	4.8	3.5	1.4	12.7	7.7
Arkansas	15	100.0	(¹)	1.2	23.1	9.0	14.1	21.3	(¹)
California	2,159	100.0	.1	2.5	13.2	10.4	2.8	14.0	4.8
Colorado	66	100.0	(¹)	2.0	18.1	15.2	2.9	12.7	4.4
Connecticut	57	100.0	(¹)	3.1	19.4	15.7	3.7	5.0	3.1
Delaware	14	100.0	(¹)	4.6	14.7	3.0	11.7	9.0	3.1
District of Columbia	11	100.0	(¹)	.8	1.5	(¹)	1.5	1.4	1.8
Florida	208	100.0	(¹)	3.6	6.3	4.2	2.1	23.0	2.1
Georgia	130	100.0	(¹)	4.3	11.7	9.8	2.0	13.9	2.4
Hawaii	288	100.0	(¹)	5.2	3.5	1.6	1.9	15.3	4.0
Idaho	7	100.0	(¹)	1.7	9.7	6.7	3.0	12.1	1.0
Illinois	303	100.0	.4	1.8	12.7	8.6	4.1	14.9	6.0
Indiana	23	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	28.5	23.8	4.7	23.9	3.0
Iowa	30	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	21.0	9.9	11.0	2.4	(¹)
Kansas	32	100.0	(¹)	5.1	23.8	17.3	6.4	7.9	3.9
Kentucky	20	100.0	(¹)	3.1	13.0	11.4	1.6	6.2	(¹)
Louisiana	34	100.0	(¹)	2.2	15.0	10.7	4.4	25.9	(¹)
Maine	3	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	14.3	8.3	6.0	12.0	(¹)
Maryland	137	100.0	(¹)	2.5	3.1	2.0	1.1	7.9	3.3
Massachusetts	163	100.0	(¹)	1.3	13.3	10.6	2.7	10.3	(¹)
Michigan	136	100.0	(¹)	.3	20.7	17.3	3.4	13.0	3.4
Minnesota	103	100.0	(¹)	1.4	28.6	22.0	6.5	13.2	1.5
Missouri	40	100.0	(¹)	4.1	21.0	14.7	6.3	9.3	.7
Montana	1	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	32.0	(¹)
Nebraska	16	100.0	(¹)	1.3	39.5	7.8	31.6	14.2	1.8
Nevada	92	100.0	.3	1.7	4.6	2.9	1.7	10.2	3.3
New Hampshire	14	100.0	(¹)	.7	19.0	18.3	.7	15.3	2.3
New Jersey	368	100.0	(¹)	1.5	11.6	5.2	6.5	17.9	4.2
New Mexico	14	100.0	(¹)	3.5	13.3	7.2	6.2	9.4	(¹)
New York	677	100.0	(¹)	2.7	9.1	4.0	5.1	13.8	5.1
North Carolina	69	100.0	(¹)	.9	23.7	16.2	7.6	14.8	1.5
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	5.5	(¹)	5.5	3.3	(¹)
Ohio	70	100.0	(¹)	1.6	13.9	11.9	2.0	10.3	2.0
Oklahoma	24	100.0	(¹)	4.5	16.8	9.2	7.6	8.7	3.2
Oregon	57	100.0	(¹)	3.1	29.6	24.2	5.4	7.9	.9
Pennsylvania	93	100.0	(¹)	.3	19.0	12.4	6.6	10.9	.6
Rhode Island	14	100.0	(¹)	.7	34.0	25.3	8.6	8.3	.8
South Carolina	13	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	18.6	14.7	3.9	11.4	6.5
South Dakota	4	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	46.7	23.8	22.9	2.2	(¹)
Tennessee	29	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	21.5	7.0	14.5	10.1	4.4
Texas	391	100.0	.2	3.5	17.2	14.2	3.0	13.7	4.1
Utah	23	100.0	1.6	3.5	20.8	19.8	1.0	15.3	2.0
Vermont	6	100.0	(¹)	2.4	15.0	12.8	2.2	2.8	3.4
Virginia	184	100.0	(¹)	3.7	4.5	2.6	1.9	10.1	5.0
Washington	261	100.0	(¹)	2.8	17.3	12.0	5.3	12.5	5.7
Wisconsin	48	100.0	(¹)	2.5	21.2	13.4	7.8	10.1	(¹)
Wyoming	2	100.0	(¹)	3.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Asian								
Alabama	(¹)	2.7	6.3	56.1	10.1	4.9	(¹)	(¹)
Alaska	(¹)	4.1	7.1	20.4	15.7	7.8	6.3	.7
Arizona	(¹)	19.4	7.7	14.0	8.7	17.5	4.4	.6
Arkansas	(¹)	4.0	5.3	19.5	15.3	6.6	3.6	(¹)
California	2.9	9.2	13.1	22.0	7.8	5.7	4.1	.6
Colorado	2.3	4.9	15.9	16.7	11.0	7.8	3.4	.8
Connecticut .....	.1	11.4	16.9	20.5	15.6	3.1	1.8	(¹)
Delaware .....	.2	11.2	10.9	25.9	10.9	6.6	2.8	(¹)
District of Columbia	3.0	3.1	34.4	13.1	13.3	7.1	20.4	(¹)
Florida	1.1	6.5	13.5	24.0	8.0	6.0	5.9	(¹)
Georgia	4.1	4.2	18.1	10.8	15.3	12.4	2.8	(¹)
Hawaii	1.4	7.1	9.9	20.6	17.3	4.8	8.8	2.0
Idaho	4.6	7.3	26.9	14.0	8.0	10.7	4.0	(¹)
Illinois	2.9	9.9	18.2	22.0	6.1	3.9	1.2	(¹)
Indiana	(¹)	(¹)	6.0	33.0	5.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Iowa .....	.7	6.4	12.6	40.1	7.9	5.7	3.1	(¹)
Kansas .....	.4	2.5	15.2	16.1	18.4	4.4	2.3	(¹)
Kentucky	2.7	4.7	2.7	56.6	4.4	6.5	(¹)	(¹)
Louisiana	(¹)	(¹)	3.0	11.2	29.3	13.4	(¹)	(¹)
Maine	5.5	7.2	5.3	23.1	13.6	19.2	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	1.5	5.0	22.7	26.9	11.9	6.5	8.8	(¹)
Massachusetts	3.2	11.0	9.1	28.6	16.1	4.8	1.6	.6
Michigan	1.6	4.6	11.3	23.8	9.8	9.5	1.9	(¹)
Minnesota	1.8	6.8	17.4	15.9	9.9	2.3	1.3	(¹)
Missouri	3.8	.8	12.2	34.9	10.1	2.4	.7	(¹)
Montana	(¹)	17.7	(¹)	9.6	28.1	(¹)	(¹)	12.7
Nebraska	2.4	8.8	2.9	6.2	14.3	7.6	1.0	(¹)
Nevada	1.7	8.2	5.9	15.4	41.8	4.8	1.9	(¹)
New Hampshire	1.3	11.0	12.4	18.7	11.3	6.7	1.2	(¹)
New Jersey	3.3	12.1	15.8	19.8	4.7	6.1	2.9	(¹)
New Mexico	5.7	.7	20.5	21.7	16.3	8.2	.7	(¹)
New York	3.5	9.5	11.6	21.2	14.1	6.9	2.6	(¹)
North Carolina	2.7	2.4	8.1	13.3	25.5	7.0	(¹)	(¹)
North Dakota	2.6	(¹)	12.6	66.0	10.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Ohio	1.1	7.6	18.8	34.5	5.4	3.8	1.1	(¹)
Oklahoma	6.2	5.0	4.6	20.1	21.3	9.5	(¹)	(¹)
Oregon	1.5	9.2	6.6	22.1	6.3	6.0	6.0	.6
Pennsylvania	1.2	7.9	12.2	36.7	7.6	2.3	1.3	(¹)
Rhode Island	(¹)	7.9	14.3	13.7	15.3	3.1	2.0	(¹)
South Carolina	(¹)	(¹)	11.5	6.3	17.6	20.2	7.9	(¹)
South Dakota	1.1	(¹)	19.4	20.8	8.0	1.7	(¹)	(¹)
Tennessee	1.9	3.9	.9	16.5	20.7	13.2	6.8	(¹)
Texas	5.3	5.2	10.6	20.9	10.4	6.7	1.8	.3
Utah .....	.5	14.7	5.8	19.3	8.2	6.5	1.9	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	1.0	6.1	49.0	17.0	(¹)	3.4	(¹)
Virginia	1.7	7.1	20.1	18.9	12.8	10.4	5.5	(¹)
Washington	5.0	8.7	10.9	13.0	13.8	7.1	1.9	1.3
Wisconsin	7.2	2.8	5.3	27.6	14.7	7.0	1.6	(¹)
Wyoming	(¹)	6.1	2.6	48.3	24.4	8.2	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity									
Alabama	52	100.0	(¹)	32.1	25.4	16.3	9.1	6.7	0.4
Alaska	12	100.0	3.3	8.0	3.0	1.1	1.9	10.2	6.1
Arizona	813	100.0	.2	17.9	8.7	6.0	2.7	13.3	3.7
Arkansas	72	100.0	(¹)	20.1	39.0	18.9	20.1	11.3	.9
California	5,529	100.0	.2	12.6	12.3	6.8	5.6	14.7	5.1
Colorado	402	100.0	.1	17.5	10.6	4.8	5.8	15.4	3.2
Connecticut	170	100.0	.1	8.3	12.2	8.1	4.1	14.3	2.6
Delaware	28	100.0	.1	18.8	17.1	1.7	15.4	9.1	1.5
District of Columbia	31	100.0	(¹)	17.0	.9	.1	.8	5.0	1.6
Florida	1,883	100.0	(¹)	16.3	7.2	4.6	2.6	17.8	5.8
Georgia	365	100.0	(¹)	31.1	15.8	5.3	10.5	10.2	2.9
Hawaii	38	100.0	(¹)	9.5	1.6	.7	1.0	16.8	8.5
Idaho	60	100.0	(¹)	9.9	20.6	5.4	15.2	12.8	1.4
Illinois	696	100.0	(¹)	9.4	20.5	13.2	7.3	14.1	5.5
Indiana	131	100.0	(¹)	18.0	26.1	15.0	11.1	8.3	2.9
Iowa	64	100.0	(¹)	13.7	33.8	6.3	27.5	8.0	1.5
Kansas	85	100.0	.7	12.3	18.2	9.3	8.8	12.0	3.2
Kentucky	32	100.0	(¹)	24.1	25.0	18.0	7.0	10.4	3.5
Louisiana	51	100.0	1.0	29.8	8.6	6.5	2.1	11.3	4.0
Maine	3	100.0	(¹)	13.3	1.1	(¹)	1.1	29.7	5.3
Maryland	233	100.0	(¹)	25.8	6.3	2.9	3.4	9.7	2.7
Massachusetts	194	100.0	(¹)	11.0	10.5	5.7	4.8	9.1	4.9
Michigan	168	100.0	(¹)	7.0	23.6	15.2	8.4	12.6	1.5
Minnesota	109	100.0	(¹)	6.0	23.0	8.3	14.7	9.2	2.4
Mississippi	42	100.0	(¹)	20.8	32.1	28.4	3.7	1.1	2.4
Missouri	73	100.0	(¹)	15.2	13.7	7.9	5.8	12.5	4.6
Montana	9	100.0	(¹)	17.8	7.4	4.7	2.7	16.5	(¹)
Nebraska	66	100.0	(¹)	11.0	40.3	5.0	35.3	9.6	4.4
Nevada	285	100.0	.8	24.2	4.2	2.4	1.8	12.4	2.7
New Hampshire	12	100.0	(¹)	8.6	21.1	9.1	12.0	9.0	1.8
New Jersey	679	100.0	(¹)	8.0	16.0	8.3	7.6	13.6	9.4
New Mexico	330	100.0	2.3	13.9	4.3	3.0	1.3	14.8	5.3
New York	1,307	100.0	(¹)	10.7	8.1	3.8	4.3	13.3	6.2
North Carolina	353	100.0	(¹)	36.9	16.4	7.9	8.5	7.9	1.2
North Dakota	4	100.0	9.4	4.2	12.2	9.7	2.5	21.4	(¹)
Ohio	143	100.0	(¹)	9.6	28.8	20.9	7.9	12.2	3.7
Oklahoma	84	100.0	3.6	12.5	9.8	7.2	2.6	10.7	1.3
Oregon	139	100.0	(¹)	15.4	13.2	6.5	6.7	12.8	1.2
Pennsylvania	194	100.0	(¹)	8.4	20.2	10.3	10.0	16.3	3.9
Rhode Island	51	100.0	(¹)	6.0	25.0	15.4	9.5	13.6	3.5
South Carolina	78	100.0	(¹)	27.2	20.5	11.2	9.3	13.7	(¹)
South Dakota	8	100.0	(¹)	17.5	29.5	8.9	20.6	9.0	2.1
Tennessee	122	100.0	(¹)	37.2	13.0	4.6	8.3	5.4	2.5
Texas	3,742	100.0	1.7	15.1	11.4	6.2	5.2	14.4	5.4
Utah	143	100.0	1.2	19.5	17.1	11.3	5.7	11.1	2.2
Vermont	3	100.0	(¹)	13.2	19.7	18.4	1.3	9.8	(¹)
Virginia	267	100.0	.2	37.2	3.3	1.4	1.9	12.8	2.5
Washington	200	100.0	(¹)	8.8	11.2	3.4	7.7	16.4	2.7
West Virginia	5	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	36.4	(¹)
Wisconsin	103	100.0	(¹)	9.3	27.1	14.2	12.9	11.9	4.2
Wyoming	15	100.0	9.3	18.3	3.6	2.5	1.1	11.6	7.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	(¹)	2.9	11.2	4.3	6.6	7.4	1.9	1.2
Alaska	3.1	1.2	3.5	28.3	18.5	5.1	9.7	(¹)
Arizona	1.1	5.7	10.3	13.2	13.9	5.4	5.0	1.6
Arkansas	(¹)	3.5	4.4	12.3	5.8	.4	.9	1.4
California	1.8	5.4	10.1	13.9	11.4	6.2	2.8	3.6
Colorado	2.7	4.3	11.4	11.0	12.7	5.3	3.8	1.9
Connecticut	2.3	6.7	11.4	13.5	17.9	7.3	2.9	.4
Delaware .....	.7	6.7	11.1	8.4	17.0	4.7	2.5	2.2
District of Columbia	1.8	2.4	20.0	8.1	29.7	8.9	4.6	(¹)
Florida	2.1	8.7	10.4	12.5	10.5	5.6	2.3	.8
Georgia	1.2	2.6	10.6	5.3	12.3	4.6	1.5	1.9
Hawaii	2.6	9.1	11.3	12.0	15.0	5.6	7.3	.7
Idaho	3.2	2.9	5.7	12.0	7.1	5.0	2.3	17.1
Illinois	1.5	6.5	12.8	9.9	13.7	3.9	1.6	.6
Indiana	(¹)	.8	11.1	8.4	17.1	2.6	3.0	1.7
Iowa	1.5	2.5	7.3	10.7	14.6	2.6	1.1	2.7
Kansas	2.5	5.0	9.3	9.2	19.1	3.3	5.4	(¹)
Kentucky	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	6.2	18.2	6.8	.9	3.0
Louisiana	(¹)	4.5	6.0	10.3	14.9	6.6	.5	2.4
Maine	(¹)	(¹)	15.2	14.8	6.7	10.6	3.2	(¹)
Maryland	1.9	5.2	15.5	8.5	11.2	8.7	2.9	1.6
Massachusetts .....	.6	7.5	11.8	26.4	9.2	5.9	2.9	.1
Michigan	4.0	7.0	9.5	14.3	10.4	3.1	5.1	1.7
Minnesota .....	.5	7.6	15.0	9.6	21.7	2.0	1.3	1.7
Mississippi	(¹)	.4	11.0	5.2	18.3	1.6	(¹)	7.0
Missouri	4.8	4.8	9.8	8.7	16.5	3.9	4.7	.9
Montana	4.9	1.7	3.6	23.4	18.6	5.3	(¹)	.8
Nebraska .....	.5	3.7	8.6	7.8	8.9	2.0	2.4	.8
Nevada .....	.5	5.1	7.2	7.0	30.2	4.0	1.3	.4
New Hampshire	2.2	3.8	5.0	27.7	15.5	2.7	2.5	(¹)
New Jersey	1.9	4.2	12.6	13.7	10.8	6.3	2.7	.7
New Mexico	2.7	5.4	8.3	19.5	12.2	4.7	4.7	1.9
New York	2.6	7.1	9.1	21.9	11.2	6.8	2.7	.3
North Carolina .....	.3	1.3	7.3	4.9	11.4	3.2	1.4	7.8
North Dakota	(¹)	1.4	10.1	21.5	4.4	2.3	5.2	7.9
Ohio .....	.5	5.5	8.2	15.1	9.9	4.2	1.5	.9
Oklahoma	2.7	2.9	9.0	10.2	18.9	7.8	2.9	7.6
Oregon	1.3	2.7	8.8	12.5	13.5	2.7	2.8	13.2
Pennsylvania .....	.8	3.5	15.5	16.4	8.5	4.0	1.7	.7
Rhode Island .....	.9	5.6	13.3	14.9	9.7	5.1	2.1	.5
South Carolina	(¹)	2.1	11.2	7.9	8.5	2.3	2.4	4.1
South Dakota	1.5	2.9	5.4	12.2	8.6	1.6	(¹)	9.7
Tennessee	1.0	.9	7.1	9.4	14.8	2.7	3.9	2.0
Texas	1.6	4.7	7.7	16.2	11.4	6.0	3.2	1.2
Utah	1.6	5.6	14.0	10.1	10.3	2.4	3.9	1.1
Vermont .....	.9	4.7	6.6	18.8	12.8	4.4	4.1	5.1
Virginia .....	.7	2.6	12.5	8.6	11.4	4.1	3.9	.2
Washington	1.7	2.9	10.0	10.8	13.8	5.7	3.9	12.1
West Virginia	(¹)	3.8	5.6	5.4	45.4	(¹)	3.3	(¹)
Wisconsin	3.3	3.9	12.3	11.9	9.8	2.7	1.8	1.8
Wyoming	1.8	4.0	6.2	14.3	16.1	3.9	1.4	2.4

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for

other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,110	26	10	15	2,084	1,960	1,629	12	331	73	258	123
Alaska	324	7	5	3	317	288	215	1	74	20	54	28
Arizona	2,866	25	18	7	2,841	2,652	2,234	16	418	65	353	186
Arkansas	1,292	49	27	22	1,243	1,154	952	5	202	26	176	88
California	17,002	298	259	37	16,704	14,988	12,736	149	2,252	292	1,960	1,700
Colorado	2,527	26	16	10	2,501	2,305	1,977	16	328	64	264	195
Connecticut	1,774	5	4	1	1,769	1,637	1,397	15	240	28	212	131
Delaware	426	4	3	1	423	401	342	2	59	7	53	21
District of Columbia	296	(1)	(1)	(1)	296	277	207	2	70	50	20	18
Florida	8,744	55	40	15	8,690	8,202	7,117	54	1,085	163	922	485
Georgia	4,519	56	38	19	4,462	4,215	3,548	15	667	116	551	245
Hawaii	628	9	6	3	618	570	448	2	122	32	90	48
Idaho	726	43	28	14	683	619	508	3	111	16	95	64
Illinois	6,306	63	25	37	6,243	5,927	5,144	25	782	123	659	315
Indiana	3,104	48	19	28	3,056	2,867	2,489	10	378	57	320	185
Iowa	1,619	73	27	45	1,545	1,442	1,201	5	241	21	221	101
Kansas	1,406	54	20	34	1,351	1,260	1,033	5	226	24	202	91
Kentucky	1,922	39	16	22	1,883	1,777	1,487	10	290	40	251	104
Louisiana	1,905	27	22	6	1,878	1,756	1,473	11	282	30	253	118
Maine	676	18	9	9	658	594	503	3	91	12	79	63
Maryland	2,886	19	12	6	2,867	2,715	2,113	21	603	271	332	151
Massachusetts	3,228	11	9	2	3,216	3,004	2,643	17	362	42	320	210
Michigan	4,723	64	37	27	4,660	4,387	3,823	18	564	72	492	271
Minnesota	2,794	55	22	33	2,740	2,568	2,212	12	356	41	315	171
Mississippi	1,214	46	27	19	1,167	1,079	871	4	208	32	175	88
Missouri	2,899	49	17	32	2,850	2,683	2,325	11	358	48	310	165
Montana	479	32	21	12	446	395	310	2	85	16	69	51
Nebraska	943	45	17	27	898	843	701	3	142	19	124	55
Nevada	1,242	5	4	1	1,237	1,176	1,043	6	132	22	110	61
New Hampshire	714	4	2	2	709	643	556	3	86	11	75	66
New Jersey	4,291	15	9	5	4,276	4,065	3,412	21	653	89	564	210
New Mexico	889	27	17	10	862	798	614	3	184	54	131	64
New York	9,094	46	24	22	9,048	8,469	7,040	59	1,430	142	1,288	575
North Carolina	4,242	80	58	22	4,162	3,933	3,319	20	614	92	522	228
North Dakota	349	30	10	20	318	300	233	1	67	11	56	18
Ohio	5,639	63	26	36	5,577	5,259	4,516	11	743	100	643	314
Oklahoma	1,644	47	22	23	1,598	1,473	1,202	7	272	66	206	123
Oregon	1,802	71	50	19	1,732	1,564	1,329	14	234	28	207	167
Pennsylvania	5,999	69	34	33	5,931	5,570	4,877	27	693	136	557	356
Rhode Island	548	2	1	1	546	513	448	2	65	10	55	33
South Carolina	1,988	23	12	11	1,965	1,827	1,508	9	319	46	273	137
South Dakota	417	37	11	25	380	351	294	1	57	11	46	29
Tennessee	2,847	42	18	23	2,805	2,575	2,185	12	390	63	327	227
Texas	10,953	167	100	66	10,786	9,988	8,401	89	1,588	229	1,359	788
Utah	1,275	21	10	10	1,254	1,166	966	3	200	42	158	87
Vermont	349	8	5	4	341	310	260	2	50	8	42	31
Virginia	3,848	33	15	18	3,815	3,583	2,924	26	659	230	429	231
Washington	3,160	78	61	17	3,082	2,838	2,379	22	459	81	378	241
West Virginia	770	11	6	4	759	719	581	5	139	22	117	39
Wisconsin	2,910	61	29	31	2,849	2,672	2,326	11	346	38	308	177
Wyoming	274	19	11	8	255	236	185	2	50	6	45	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Men												
Alabama	1,128	19	8	11	1,109	1,026	876	1	150	44	107	82
Alaska	172	6	4	2	166	149	114	(¹)	35	11	24	17
Arizona	1,609	16	11	5	1,593	1,477	1,308	3	169	38	131	116
Arkansas	679	41	25	16	638	580	511	1	69	12	57	57
California	9,471	222	193	28	9,249	8,173	7,220	16	953	179	775	1,071
Colorado	1,383	19	12	7	1,365	1,256	1,116	1	140	30	110	109
Connecticut	937	3	2	1	934	847	743	1	104	16	88	87
Delaware	221	3	2	1	218	205	180	(¹)	26	4	22	13
District of Columbia	144	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	143	133	103	(¹)	30	22	9	10
Florida	4,637	34	24	9	4,604	4,307	3,841	8	467	97	369	297
Georgia	2,421	50	33	17	2,371	2,222	1,953	(¹)	269	60	208	148
Hawaii	327	5	3	2	321	292	232	(¹)	60	20	39	29
Idaho	399	33	22	10	367	329	282	(¹)	47	10	37	38
Illinois	3,417	48	20	28	3,369	3,191	2,852	2	339	71	268	178
Indiana	1,680	35	15	20	1,645	1,528	1,376	1	152	36	116	116
Iowa	853	59	22	36	794	735	629	(¹)	106	14	93	58
Kansas	751	41	15	26	710	659	563	(¹)	96	11	84	51
Kentucky	1,014	31	14	16	984	922	801	1	121	23	98	61
Louisiana	1,013	20	15	5	993	919	804	(¹)	114	15	99	74
Maine	351	15	7	8	336	295	254	(¹)	41	8	33	41
Maryland	1,490	12	9	3	1,478	1,388	1,112	1	276	142	134	90
Massachusetts	1,686	6	5	1	1,680	1,541	1,383	1	158	28	129	138
Michigan	2,497	46	28	18	2,451	2,287	2,077	2	209	34	176	164
Minnesota	1,451	42	17	25	1,409	1,309	1,162	(¹)	147	21	126	100
Mississippi	636	30	19	11	606	544	467	1	76	17	60	62
Missouri	1,518	39	14	25	1,479	1,383	1,227	1	156	28	128	96
Montana	251	25	16	9	226	195	159	(¹)	36	8	28	31
Nebraska	502	37	14	23	465	431	374	(¹)	56	10	47	34
Nevada	685	3	3	1	682	649	592	1	56	12	44	33
New Hampshire	377	3	2	1	373	331	295	(¹)	36	8	29	42
New Jersey	2,322	11	7	4	2,311	2,174	1,898	1	276	52	224	137
New Mexico	470	18	11	6	452	416	329	(¹)	88	34	54	36
New York	4,753	33	18	15	4,720	4,364	3,724	4	640	77	562	355
North Carolina	2,263	67	51	17	2,196	2,045	1,808	1	237	45	191	151
North Dakota	181	23	8	15	158	146	118	(¹)	28	4	24	11
Ohio	2,931	42	17	25	2,889	2,701	2,384	(¹)	317	49	268	187
Oklahoma	883	38	18	18	845	767	655	1	112	31	80	77
Oregon	982	55	41	13	927	832	726	1	105	16	90	95
Pennsylvania	3,192	49	26	23	3,144	2,889	2,572	1	317	86	230	252
Rhode Island	285	2	1	(¹)	283	262	233	(¹)	29	6	23	21
South Carolina	1,044	17	8	9	1,026	937	807	1	129	30	99	90
South Dakota	220	29	9	19	191	176	152	(¹)	24	6	18	15
Tennessee	1,543	35	17	18	1,508	1,358	1,170	(¹)	188	37	152	150
Texas	6,125	136	86	50	5,989	5,480	4,806	4	674	142	532	506
Utah	717	14	7	6	703	655	560	(¹)	95	22	73	48
Vermont	180	6	3	3	175	155	136	(¹)	19	4	15	19
Virginia	2,020	24	10	13	1,997	1,849	1,559	2	290	137	154	146
Washington	1,697	54	43	10	1,643	1,510	1,300	1	210	40	170	133
West Virginia	409	9	5	3	400	376	307	(¹)	69	14	55	24
Wisconsin	1,520	46	21	24	1,474	1,372	1,232	(¹)	140	19	121	102
Wyoming	150	12	8	4	138	127	106	(¹)	21	3	18	10

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Women												
Alabama	982	7	2	4	975	934	753	11	181	29	151	41
Alaska	153	2	1	1	151	140	101	(¹)	39	8	30	11
Arizona	1,257	9	6	2	1,248	1,175	926	13	249	27	222	70
Arkansas	613	8	2	6	605	574	441	4	133	14	119	31
California	7,530	75	66	9	7,455	6,815	5,515	133	1,299	114	1,186	629
Colorado	1,144	8	4	3	1,137	1,049	861	15	188	33	154	87
Connecticut	837	2	2	1	835	790	654	13	136	12	124	44
Delaware	205	1	1	(¹)	204	196	162	2	34	3	31	8
District of Columbia	152	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	152	144	104	2	40	28	12	8
Florida	4,107	21	15	6	4,086	3,895	3,276	46	618	66	553	188
Georgia	2,098	7	5	2	2,091	1,993	1,595	15	398	56	342	97
Hawaii	301	4	3	1	297	278	215	1	62	12	51	19
Idaho	327	10	6	4	316	290	226	3	64	6	58	27
Illinois	2,889	16	6	10	2,874	2,736	2,292	24	444	52	391	137
Indiana	1,424	13	4	9	1,411	1,339	1,113	10	226	22	204	69
Iowa	766	15	6	9	751	707	572	5	135	7	128	43
Kansas	655	13	5	8	642	601	470	5	131	13	118	40
Kentucky	908	9	2	6	899	856	686	8	169	17	152	43
Louisiana	892	7	6	1	884	837	669	11	168	14	154	44
Maine	324	3	2	1	322	299	249	3	50	4	45	22
Maryland	1,396	6	3	4	1,389	1,328	1,001	20	327	129	197	61
Massachusetts	1,542	5	4	1	1,537	1,464	1,260	17	204	13	191	72
Michigan	2,226	17	9	9	2,208	2,101	1,746	16	355	38	317	107
Minnesota	1,343	12	4	8	1,331	1,259	1,050	11	209	21	189	71
Mississippi	578	16	8	8	561	535	404	4	131	16	115	25
Missouri	1,381	10	3	7	1,370	1,300	1,098	10	202	21	181	69
Montana	228	8	5	3	220	200	151	1	49	8	41	20
Nebraska	442	8	3	5	433	412	326	3	86	9	77	21
Nevada	557	2	1	(¹)	555	527	451	5	76	10	66	28
New Hampshire	337	1	1	(¹)	336	311	261	3	50	4	46	24
New Jersey	1,969	4	3	1	1,966	1,891	1,514	20	377	38	339	73
New Mexico	419	9	5	4	410	381	285	3	97	20	77	28
New York	4,341	13	6	7	4,328	4,106	3,315	55	790	65	725	219
North Carolina	1,979	12	8	5	1,966	1,888	1,511	20	378	47	331	77
North Dakota	168	7	2	5	161	153	115	1	39	7	32	7
Ohio	2,708	21	9	11	2,687	2,558	2,132	11	426	50	375	126
Oklahoma	761	9	4	5	752	707	547	6	160	34	126	46
Oregon	820	15	9	7	804	732	603	12	129	12	117	72
Pennsylvania	2,807	20	8	10	2,787	2,681	2,305	26	376	50	326	103
Rhode Island	263	1	(¹)	(¹)	263	251	215	1	35	3	32	12
South Carolina	944	6	3	3	939	891	701	8	190	16	173	47
South Dakota	197	8	2	6	189	175	142	1	33	5	27	14
Tennessee	1,304	6	(¹)	6	1,298	1,217	1,016	11	202	26	176	77
Texas	4,827	31	14	16	4,797	4,508	3,594	85	914	87	827	282
Utah	558	7	3	3	551	511	406	3	105	20	86	39
Vermont	169	3	2	1	166	154	124	2	31	4	27	12
Virginia	1,827	9	5	4	1,818	1,733	1,365	24	368	93	275	85
Washington	1,463	24	18	7	1,439	1,328	1,080	21	249	41	208	109
West Virginia	361	2	1	1	359	343	273	5	70	8	62	15
Wisconsin	1,390	15	8	7	1,375	1,300	1,094	11	206	19	187	75
Wyoming	124	6	3	3	118	108	79	2	29	2	27	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Alabama	1,584	24	8	15	1,560	1,460	1,226	9	234	57	177	99
Alaska	258	6	4	2	252	227	168	(¹)	59	15	43	24
Arizona	2,582	24	17	7	2,558	2,385	2,012	15	373	55	318	171
Arkansas	1,079	47	24	22	1,032	951	788	5	163	23	140	81
California	13,274	273	243	29	13,001	11,624	9,951	131	1,673	182	1,491	1,365
Colorado	2,320	26	15	10	2,295	2,113	1,811	16	302	53	249	181
Connecticut	1,528	5	4	1	1,523	1,402	1,197	11	204	22	183	121
Delaware	323	4	3	1	319	302	259	2	43	5	38	17
District of Columbia	152	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	151	139	106	1	33	28	5	12
Florida	7,192	52	38	14	7,140	6,714	5,878	45	836	137	700	423
Georgia	3,101	46	28	18	3,055	2,867	2,445	10	422	60	362	186
Hawaii	141	1	1	(¹)	140	120	95	1	25	8	17	19
Idaho	694	41	26	14	653	592	487	2	106	15	91	61
Illinois	5,176	62	24	37	5,114	4,843	4,236	24	608	79	529	269
Indiana	2,829	48	19	28	2,781	2,605	2,268	9	338	47	291	171
Iowa	1,545	72	27	44	1,472	1,373	1,146	5	227	21	206	98
Kansas	1,280	53	19	34	1,226	1,142	935	5	207	20	187	84
Kentucky	1,766	39	16	22	1,728	1,629	1,368	9	260	36	224	98
Louisiana	1,358	21	15	6	1,337	1,241	1,060	4	181	15	166	93
Maine	657	17	9	9	640	578	489	3	89	12	77	61
Maryland	1,933	18	11	6	1,915	1,805	1,450	18	355	152	202	110
Massachusetts	2,863	10	8	2	2,852	2,652	2,324	16	328	40	288	200
Michigan	3,963	62	35	27	3,901	3,661	3,211	16	450	43	407	239
Minnesota	2,553	55	22	33	2,498	2,333	2,000	11	333	36	297	165
Mississippi	808	38	19	19	770	698	581	1	117	19	97	71
Missouri	2,513	49	17	31	2,464	2,314	2,008	10	307	40	267	149
Montana	452	31	20	11	421	372	295	1	77	14	63	49
Nebraska	874	45	17	27	829	775	645	2	129	14	115	54
Nevada	1,011	5	4	1	1,006	956	851	5	104	17	88	51
New Hampshire	684	4	2	2	680	615	531	3	84	11	73	64
New Jersey	3,342	14	9	5	3,328	3,151	2,655	17	496	60	436	175
New Mexico	767	25	16	8	742	687	536	3	150	39	111	55
New York	6,945	44	22	22	6,901	6,440	5,352	39	1,088	95	993	458
North Carolina	3,246	75	53	21	3,172	2,978	2,554	15	424	55	369	193
North Dakota	323	30	10	19	293	276	219	1	56	8	48	17
Ohio	4,918	63	26	36	4,856	4,578	3,939	11	638	75	563	274
Oklahoma	1,317	32	13	18	1,285	1,187	967	5	219	48	171	98
Oregon	1,638	63	43	19	1,575	1,418	1,207	12	211	25	187	157
Pennsylvania	5,353	68	33	33	5,285	4,945	4,334	22	611	118	493	335
Rhode Island	494	2	1	1	492	461	401	1	61	8	52	31
South Carolina	1,418	17	7	10	1,401	1,289	1,094	4	194	29	165	112
South Dakota	394	35	11	24	359	330	279	1	51	9	42	28
Tennessee	2,356	38	14	23	2,318	2,113	1,816	9	298	42	255	203
Texas	9,149	159	95	63	8,990	8,277	6,995	80	1,282	175	1,107	706
Utah	1,200	21	10	10	1,179	1,095	908	3	187	40	147	84
Vermont	337	8	5	4	328	298	250	2	48	7	41	30
Virginia	2,898	30	12	18	2,868	2,687	2,191	21	497	176	321	180
Washington	2,658	70	54	15	2,588	2,378	1,983	19	395	62	332	208
West Virginia	739	11	6	4	728	689	555	5	133	19	114	39
Wisconsin	2,688	60	28	31	2,628	2,462	2,145	10	317	35	283	165
Wyoming	263	18	11	8	245	226	177	1	48	6	43	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Black or African American												
Alabama	476	2	2	(1)	474	454	367	2	87	15	73	19
Alaska	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	9	7	(1)	3	1	2	(1)
Arizona	107	(1)	(1)	(1)	107	102	88	(1)	14	2	12	4
Arkansas	172	2	2	(1)	171	168	132	(1)	36	2	34	3
California	965	1	1	(1)	964	893	674	3	220	30	190	71
Colorado	80	(1)	(1)	(1)	80	77	64	(1)	13	6	7	4
Connecticut	167	(1)	(1)	(1)	167	162	133	2	28	5	23	5
Delaware	85	(1)	(1)	(1)	85	82	68	(1)	14	2	13	3
District of Columbia	127	(1)	(1)	(1)	127	122	88	1	34	19	15	6
Florida	1,230	3	2	1	1,227	1,182	967	7	215	20	195	45
Georgia	1,247	10	9	1	1,237	1,183	956	4	228	51	177	54
Hawaii	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	9	7	(1)	2	1	(1)	1
Idaho	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Illinois	763	1	1	(1)	763	739	590	2	149	39	110	24
Indiana	231	(1)	(1)	(1)	231	220	183	1	37	10	27	11
Iowa	28	(1)	(1)	(1)	28	26	23	(1)	3	(1)	3	1
Kansas	58	1	1	(1)	58	55	43	(1)	12	3	9	3
Kentucky	117	(1)	(1)	(1)	117	112	92	(1)	20	4	16	4
Louisiana	499	6	6	(1)	493	473	376	7	97	14	83	20
Maine	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	773	1	1	(1)	773	740	529	3	211	93	118	33
Massachusetts	176	(1)	(1)	(1)	176	173	154	(1)	20	1	19	3
Michigan	531	(1)	(1)	(1)	531	510	420	1	91	26	65	21
Minnesota	95	(1)	(1)	(1)	95	90	77	(1)	13	2	11	4
Mississippi	376	8	8	(1)	368	355	270	3	84	13	72	13
Missouri	295	(1)	(1)	(1)	295	284	247	(1)	37	8	29	11
Nebraska	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	30	24	(1)	5	2	3	1
Nevada	86	(1)	(1)	(1)	86	83	67	(1)	16	3	13	3
New Hampshire	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	6	6	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
New Jersey	543	(1)	(1)	(1)	543	528	412	5	116	18	98	15
New Mexico	23	1	(1)	1	22	21	18	(1)	3	2	1	1
New York	1,346	2	2	(1)	1,344	1,295	1,034	15	261	27	233	48
North Carolina	826	4	4	(1)	822	798	633	5	165	26	139	23
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	568	(1)	(1)	(1)	568	541	454	(1)	87	23	65	27
Oklahoma	102	1	1	(1)	101	90	74	(1)	16	4	12	11
Oregon	23	1	1	(1)	23	22	17	(1)	5	2	4	1
Pennsylvania	511	(1)	(1)	(1)	511	499	428	5	70	13	57	12
Rhode Island	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	29	26	(1)	3	1	2	1
South Carolina	532	6	4	1	527	504	383	4	121	16	105	22
South Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	411	2	2	(1)	409	391	309	3	82	20	63	17
Texas	1,153	4	4	1	1,149	1,108	870	7	238	42	196	41
Utah	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	12	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	717	2	2	(1)	715	681	547	5	135	45	90	33
Washington	102	1	1	(1)	101	94	73	(1)	21	4	17	7
West Virginia	21	(1)	(1)	(1)	21	21	17	(1)	4	2	3	(1)
Wisconsin	126	1	1	1	125	118	104	1	14	3	11	7
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Asian												
Alabama	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	12	8	(1)	3	(1)	3	(1)
Alaska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	11	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	53	(1)	(1)	(1)	53	46	39	(1)	7	2	5	6
Arkansas	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	12	(1)	1	1	1	1
California	2,159	13	6	7	2,145	1,934	1,656	10	278	65	212	207
Colorado	66	1	1	(1)	66	59	53	(1)	7	3	4	7
Connecticut	57	(1)	(1)	(1)	57	55	50	(1)	5	1	4	2
Delaware	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	12	11	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
District of Columbia	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	11	8	(1)	3	3	(1)	(1)
Florida	208	(1)	(1)	(1)	208	197	173	(1)	24	3	21	10
Georgia	130	(1)	(1)	(1)	130	127	118	1	9	2	7	3
Hawaii	288	6	4	2	282	264	205	1	59	14	46	18
Idaho	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	5	5	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	2
Illinois	303	(1)	(1)	(1)	303	283	263	(1)	21	4	17	19
Indiana	23	(1)	(1)	(1)	23	22	22	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
Iowa	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	29	19	(1)	10	(1)	10	1
Kansas	32	(1)	(1)	(1)	32	30	27	(1)	2	(1)	2	2
Kentucky	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	20	12	(1)	8	(1)	8	1
Louisiana	34	(1)	(1)	(1)	34	28	26	(1)	2	(1)	2	5
Maine	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	137	(1)	(1)	(1)	137	130	103	(1)	27	20	7	7
Massachusetts	163	1	1	(1)	162	154	142	1	12	1	11	7
Michigan	136	(1)	(1)	(1)	136	130	121	(1)	10	1	8	6
Minnesota	103	(1)	(1)	(1)	103	103	98	(1)	4	(1)	4	1
Missouri	40	(1)	(1)	(1)	40	39	29	1	9	(1)	9	1
Montana	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nebraska	16	(1)	(1)	(1)	16	16	14	(1)	1	1	1	(1)
Nevada	92	(1)	(1)	(1)	92	86	79	(1)	7	1	6	6
New Hampshire	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	13	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	1
New Jersey	368	(1)	(1)	(1)	368	351	313	(1)	38	12	26	18
New Mexico	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	9	(1)	4	3	1	1
New York	677	(1)	(1)	(1)	677	616	554	3	62	17	45	60
North Carolina	69	(1)	(1)	(1)	69	63	62	(1)	1	1	(1)	6
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Ohio	70	(1)	(1)	(1)	70	65	57	(1)	8	(1)	8	5
Oklahoma	24	(1)	(1)	(1)	24	21	21	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2
Oregon	57	(1)	(1)	(1)	57	52	44	(1)	8	(1)	7	5
Pennsylvania	93	(1)	(1)	(1)	93	89	84	(1)	6	2	3	4
Rhode Island	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	13	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
South Carolina	13	(1)	(1)	(1)	13	11	9	(1)	1	(1)	1	2
South Dakota	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	29	(1)	(1)	(1)	29	27	24	(1)	3	(1)	3	1
Texas	391	1	(1)	1	389	364	329	1	34	7	27	23
Utah	23	(1)	(1)	(1)	23	22	18	(1)	3	(1)	3	2
Vermont	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	5	4	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Virginia	184	(1)	(1)	(1)	184	170	147	1	23	7	15	14
Washington	261	3	3	(1)	257	242	216	1	26	11	16	15
Wisconsin	48	(1)	(1)	(1)	48	44	41	(1)	3	(1)	3	3
Wyoming	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	52	1	1	(1)	52	51	50	1	1	1	(1)	1
Alaska	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	11	8	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	813	13	10	4	800	745	641	6	105	14	90	53
Arkansas	72	1	1	(1)	71	66	61	(1)	6	(1)	6	4
California	5,529	198	195	3	5,331	4,916	4,374	103	542	56	486	409
Colorado	402	8	7	(1)	395	379	344	5	34	8	26	16
Connecticut	170	1	1	(1)	169	164	148	3	16	2	14	6
Delaware	28	1	1	(1)	27	27	25	(1)	2	(1)	2	(1)
District of Columbia	31	(1)	(1)	(1)	31	29	27	(1)	2	2	1	1
Florida	1,883	15	13	1	1,868	1,752	1,621	24	132	29	103	115
Georgia	365	7	6	1	358	340	329	2	11	3	8	18
Hawaii	38	(1)	(1)	(1)	38	34	30	(1)	4	1	3	3
Idaho	60	10	10	(1)	50	46	43	(1)	4	1	2	3
Illinois	696	4	4	(1)	692	678	634	3	44	6	38	13
Indiana	131	2	2	(1)	129	123	116	1	7	1	6	6
Iowa	64	2	2	(1)	63	60	55	(1)	5	(1)	5	3
Kansas	85	(1)	(1)	(1)	85	83	74	(1)	9	2	7	2
Kentucky	32	1	1	(1)	31	31	30	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Louisiana	51	1	1	(1)	50	46	43	(1)	3	(1)	2	4
Maine	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	233	4	4	(1)	230	215	201	9	14	8	6	14
Massachusetts	194	(1)	(1)	(1)	193	185	170	1	15	1	14	9
Michigan	168	3	3	(1)	165	157	140	1	17	(1)	17	8
Minnesota	109	2	2	(1)	107	102	95	(1)	7	2	6	5
Mississippi	42	3	3	(1)	39	37	36	(1)	1	(1)	1	2
Missouri	73	1	1	(1)	72	72	66	(1)	7	1	5	(1)
Montana	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	8	7	(1)	1	1	1	1
Nebraska	66	1	1	(1)	65	63	59	(1)	3	1	3	2
Nevada	285	1	1	(1)	284	278	271	4	7	1	6	6
New Hampshire	12	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	12	10	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
New Jersey	679	5	4	1	674	658	598	6	60	10	50	16
New Mexico	330	6	4	2	324	303	245	2	58	10	48	20
New York	1,307	4	3	(1)	1,303	1,234	1,098	23	136	14	122	70
North Carolina	353	27	27	(1)	325	316	302	2	13	4	9	10
North Dakota	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	3	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Ohio	143	1	1	(1)	142	136	123	(1)	12	2	11	6
Oklahoma	84	6	6	(1)	78	73	68	2	5	1	4	4
Oregon	139	18	18	(1)	121	114	102	1	12	1	11	6
Pennsylvania	194	1	1	(1)	192	185	178	2	7	1	6	7
Rhode Island	51	(1)	(1)	(1)	51	48	46	(1)	2	(1)	2	3
South Carolina	78	3	3	1	75	72	68	(1)	4	2	2	2
South Dakota	8	1	1	(1)	7	7	6	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Tennessee	122	2	2	(1)	119	113	103	2	10	1	9	6
Texas	3,742	46	43	4	3,696	3,463	3,020	50	443	68	375	230
Utah	143	2	2	(1)	142	134	121	(1)	13	3	11	8
Vermont	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	267	(1)	(1)	(1)	267	250	232	5	18	6	12	17
Washington	200	24	24	(1)	176	163	142	4	21	3	18	13
West Virginia	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
Wisconsin	103	2	2	(1)	101	95	83	(1)	12	1	11	6
Wyoming	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	12	(1)	2	(1)	1	1

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition,

persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Alabama	2,033	71	226	145	1,590	119	947	202	322	39.4	42.3
Alaska	303	21	38	24	221	26	93	34	68	40.0	44.3
Arizona	2,744	104	287	203	2,150	169	1,228	264	490	39.6	42.7
Arkansas	1,241	62	134	102	943	81	519	116	227	39.3	42.8
California	16,346	679	1,888	1,216	12,563	834	7,630	1,344	2,756	39.0	42.5
Colorado	2,419	117	272	189	1,841	149	901	283	508	39.7	43.1
Connecticut	1,689	106	216	150	1,217	138	574	185	320	38.4	43.0
Delaware	411	16	44	26	325	33	198	33	60	38.9	41.7
District of Columbia	285	9	25	21	230	17	129	26	58	40.5	42.9
Florida	8,443	261	833	508	6,840	501	4,177	704	1,459	39.9	42.8
Georgia	4,365	143	380	266	3,576	240	2,185	408	743	40.0	42.5
Hawaii	602	29	74	46	453	26	284	42	101	38.9	42.5
Idaho	695	44	88	58	506	48	242	77	139	38.9	43.5
Illinois	6,054	304	699	422	4,629	404	2,505	583	1,138	39.1	43.0
Indiana	2,985	124	334	216	2,310	222	1,220	330	539	39.3	42.9
Iowa	1,548	102	201	120	1,125	115	486	191	332	39.1	43.9
Kansas	1,358	74	170	99	1,015	100	451	166	298	39.7	43.9
Kentucky	1,840	80	213	125	1,422	151	707	206	358	39.8	43.4
Louisiana	1,829	72	190	129	1,439	113	789	166	372	40.5	43.5
Maine	645	45	91	58	451	54	192	85	120	38.1	43.0
Maryland	2,768	118	289	219	2,142	165	1,230	269	478	39.3	42.4
Massachusetts	3,076	171	445	258	2,201	214	1,096	303	588	38.3	43.0
Michigan	4,516	248	605	349	3,313	302	1,728	489	793	38.4	42.9
Minnesota	2,675	176	383	231	1,885	185	862	336	503	38.1	43.1
Mississippi	1,164	49	126	90	899	60	556	95	188	39.3	42.5
Missouri	2,778	119	321	209	2,129	180	1,098	324	528	39.6	43.3
Montana	455	31	61	35	328	32	154	47	96	38.9	43.6
Nebraska	908	55	106	69	679	60	295	121	203	40.0	44.5
Nevada	1,201	38	101	78	985	66	623	107	188	39.9	42.3
New Hampshire	682	39	81	57	505	51	222	89	142	39.2	43.6
New Jersey	4,110	182	447	244	3,237	343	1,848	343	703	39.0	42.4
New Mexico	857	39	105	68	645	62	336	87	159	39.2	43.1
New York	8,755	354	1,042	572	6,786	925	3,755	666	1,440	38.8	42.4
North Carolina	4,081	171	422	295	3,194	294	1,749	429	721	39.5	42.6
North Dakota	333	22	43	29	240	23	105	38	74	39.4	43.9
Ohio	5,388	262	693	427	4,006	360	2,014	661	970	38.8	43.0
Oklahoma	1,581	64	162	117	1,239	89	668	156	326	40.3	43.4
Oregon	1,730	104	222	137	1,268	122	645	170	331	38.8	43.2
Pennsylvania	5,744	309	738	415	4,282	427	2,289	567	998	38.6	42.7
Rhode Island	522	27	71	50	374	44	186	59	85	38.2	42.5
South Carolina	1,912	76	208	127	1,501	151	812	197	341	39.6	42.9
South Dakota	401	27	52	32	290	28	118	51	93	39.8	44.6
Tennessee	2,735	133	292	199	2,111	216	1,119	268	507	39.4	42.8
Texas	10,542	427	1,059	783	8,273	680	4,481	1,031	2,082	40.0	43.2
Utah	1,226	76	184	103	863	69	439	116	239	38.3	43.6
Vermont	332	24	45	30	234	27	102	40	65	38.3	43.2
Virginia	3,719	173	398	248	2,901	226	1,650	349	675	39.2	42.5
Washington	3,018	158	384	269	2,207	196	1,142	336	532	38.5	42.7
West Virginia	737	31	81	51	575	51	331	70	122	39.4	42.7
Wisconsin	2,788	163	359	218	2,049	196	969	343	541	39.0	43.5
Wyoming	261	16	30	17	198	15	80	33	70	41.3	45.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Men											
Alabama	1,095	28	84	61	922	45	506	119	251	42.0	44.1
Alaska	162	9	14	10	129	12	51	19	47	43.1	46.1
Arizona	1,560	42	122	95	1,301	75	723	161	342	41.3	43.5
Arkansas	659	23	47	43	546	29	275	71	172	42.4	44.7
California	9,187	263	746	565	7,614	392	4,468	824	1,930	41.0	43.3
Colorado	1,337	43	100	82	1,112	69	508	167	368	42.4	44.5
Connecticut	900	42	75	61	721	53	321	113	233	41.4	44.5
Delaware	215	6	15	11	183	11	110	20	43	41.3	43.1
District of Columbia	139	4	10	8	118	7	63	13	34	42.0	44.0
Florida	4,503	99	326	205	3,872	188	2,259	425	1,000	41.8	43.8
Georgia	2,360	57	141	111	2,050	92	1,147	258	554	42.1	43.8
Hawaii	315	12	31	21	251	12	151	25	64	40.6	43.3
Idaho	386	15	32	26	313	22	138	50	103	42.2	44.8
Illinois	3,312	112	263	172	2,766	153	1,406	371	837	41.9	44.3
Indiana	1,629	43	122	82	1,382	78	691	205	408	42.1	44.2
Iowa	823	40	81	46	657	44	257	114	242	42.3	45.9
Kansas	728	24	62	41	601	41	249	99	212	42.8	45.3
Kentucky	982	34	84	49	815	51	385	124	255	42.3	45.1
Louisiana	978	27	74	50	826	39	400	94	294	43.8	46.0
Maine	336	16	32	23	266	21	106	54	85	41.3	44.3
Maryland	1,442	37	110	95	1,199	64	648	154	332	41.7	43.7
Massachusetts	1,620	62	153	103	1,302	73	609	193	426	41.4	44.5
Michigan	2,406	90	209	140	1,967	114	958	307	588	41.3	44.2
Minnesota	1,402	73	142	93	1,094	80	479	199	336	40.7	44.2
Mississippi	617	19	46	41	511	26	279	59	147	42.1	44.1
Missouri	1,464	46	116	84	1,219	68	592	185	374	42.3	44.6
Montana	241	11	23	14	192	12	83	28	70	42.3	45.3
Nebraska	486	18	36	30	401	26	161	70	144	43.4	46.4
Nevada	667	14	41	32	580	29	357	65	129	41.6	43.2
New Hampshire	363	14	26	22	301	20	121	54	105	42.4	45.2
New Jersey	2,249	63	163	103	1,919	115	1,070	216	519	41.6	43.7
New Mexico	457	15	39	27	376	25	181	51	119	41.9	44.7
New York	4,611	113	350	237	3,910	356	2,127	405	1,023	41.6	43.7
North Carolina	2,205	61	150	127	1,867	122	956	265	524	42.0	43.9
North Dakota	175	8	16	11	141	9	55	22	56	43.3	46.0
Ohio	2,823	99	258	174	2,292	123	1,069	393	707	41.5	44.5
Oklahoma	858	24	64	53	717	35	353	93	236	42.9	45.2
Oregon	951	32	81	59	779	54	379	106	239	41.8	44.2
Pennsylvania	3,088	121	258	170	2,539	153	1,296	361	729	41.4	44.0
Rhode Island	274	10	24	21	219	18	106	35	60	40.9	43.8
South Carolina	1,012	28	78	55	851	63	427	117	245	42.1	44.3
South Dakota	214	10	19	13	172	10	62	30	69	43.6	47.0
Tennessee	1,497	52	122	97	1,225	89	608	159	369	41.6	44.0
Texas	5,949	170	436	359	4,984	307	2,515	627	1,536	42.4	44.6
Utah	695	26	64	45	560	30	265	79	187	42.1	45.0
Vermont	173	9	16	12	136	10	57	24	45	41.1	44.4
Virginia	1,967	62	148	106	1,651	91	895	200	465	41.5	43.7
Washington	1,634	62	140	115	1,316	73	668	202	373	41.0	43.8
West Virginia	395	11	27	20	337	19	185	43	90	42.2	44.2
Wisconsin	1,467	70	132	83	1,181	77	518	206	380	41.6	44.9
Wyoming	144	6	11	7	120	6	42	19	52	45.0	47.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Women											
Alabama	938	43	142	84	669	74	441	83	70	36.3	40.0
Alaska	141	12	24	14	92	14	42	15	21	36.4	41.8
Arizona	1,184	63	164	108	849	94	505	103	148	37.3	41.5
Arkansas	583	39	88	60	397	52	244	46	55	35.7	40.3
California	7,158	416	1,142	651	4,949	441	3,162	520	826	36.4	41.3
Colorado	1,082	74	172	107	729	80	393	115	141	36.3	41.1
Connecticut	789	64	141	89	495	85	252	71	87	35.0	40.9
Delaware	195	11	29	15	142	22	88	13	18	36.2	40.0
District of Columbia	146	5	15	12	113	10	67	13	24	39.1	41.9
Florida	3,940	162	507	303	2,968	313	1,918	278	459	37.7	41.4
Georgia	2,005	86	239	154	1,526	148	1,039	150	189	37.4	40.7
Hawaii	287	17	43	25	202	14	133	18	37	37.1	41.6
Idaho	309	29	56	32	193	26	104	27	36	34.7	41.4
Illinois	2,742	192	436	250	1,863	251	1,100	212	301	35.8	41.1
Indiana	1,356	81	212	135	927	144	529	124	130	36.0	40.9
Iowa	725	62	120	74	468	71	230	77	91	35.4	41.1
Kansas	630	50	109	58	413	59	202	67	86	36.0	41.8
Kentucky	857	46	129	76	606	100	322	82	103	36.8	41.2
Louisiana	852	45	116	78	613	74	389	72	78	36.6	40.3
Maine	309	30	60	35	185	33	86	30	35	34.5	41.1
Maryland	1,326	81	179	124	942	101	582	115	145	36.7	40.9
Massachusetts	1,456	109	292	155	900	141	487	109	162	34.7	40.8
Michigan	2,109	158	396	209	1,346	188	770	182	205	35.1	41.1
Minnesota	1,273	103	240	138	791	105	383	137	167	35.3	41.7
Mississippi	547	30	80	50	388	34	277	36	41	36.1	40.3
Missouri	1,313	73	205	125	910	112	506	139	154	36.6	41.5
Montana	214	20	38	20	136	20	71	19	26	35.1	41.2
Nebraska	422	36	69	39	277	34	134	51	58	36.0	42.0
Nevada	534	24	60	45	405	37	266	43	59	37.7	41.1
New Hampshire	319	25	55	35	205	31	101	35	37	35.6	41.5
New Jersey	1,861	120	283	141	1,317	228	778	127	184	35.9	40.5
New Mexico	400	24	66	41	269	38	156	36	40	36.0	41.0
New York	4,143	241	692	335	2,876	569	1,628	261	418	35.8	40.6
North Carolina	1,877	110	272	168	1,327	172	794	164	197	36.5	40.7
North Dakota	158	14	27	18	99	15	50	16	18	35.2	40.9
Ohio	2,565	164	435	253	1,713	238	945	268	262	35.8	41.1
Oklahoma	724	39	98	64	522	55	315	62	91	37.2	41.1
Oregon	779	72	141	77	489	67	266	64	92	35.1	41.5
Pennsylvania	2,655	188	480	245	1,743	274	993	206	269	35.4	40.8
Rhode Island	249	17	47	29	155	27	80	24	25	35.1	40.8
South Carolina	901	49	130	72	649	88	386	80	96	36.8	41.1
South Dakota	187	16	32	20	118	17	56	21	24	35.4	41.3
Tennessee	1,238	81	169	102	886	128	511	108	139	36.8	41.1
Texas	4,593	256	624	424	3,290	373	1,966	405	546	37.0	41.1
Utah	531	51	119	57	303	39	175	37	52	33.5	41.0
Vermont	159	15	29	18	98	17	45	16	21	35.2	41.6
Virginia	1,752	111	250	142	1,250	135	755	149	210	36.6	41.1
Washington	1,384	96	244	154	891	123	474	135	159	35.6	41.2
West Virginia	342	20	54	30	238	32	146	28	32	36.2	40.7
Wisconsin	1,322	93	226	135	868	119	451	137	161	36.0	41.6
Wyoming	117	10	19	10	78	9	38	14	18	36.8	42.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	70	14	32	6	17	3	12	1	1	24.0	36.6
Alaska	16	3	6	1	5	1	3	1	1	26.0	39.2
Arizona	141	21	60	13	46	8	30	4	3	26.3	38.7
Arkansas	56	10	21	8	17	4	10	1	2	26.2	39.6
California	596	104	247	56	189	29	134	13	13	25.7	38.9
Colorado	93	20	32	9	32	6	18	5	3	25.7	37.6
Connecticut	76	24	31	6	14	3	8	2	2	21.2	38.6
Delaware	20	3	8	2	7	2	4	(¹)	1	26.0	37.7
District of Columbia	4	1	1	1	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	28.1	38.1
Florida	305	38	127	29	111	22	70	9	10	27.6	39.7
Georgia	144	25	55	16	48	10	30	3	5	26.6	39.4
Hawaii	19	5	7	2	5	1	3	1	(¹)	23.5	36.5
Idaho	40	11	12	4	13	2	7	2	2	25.2	40.4
Illinois	264	73	120	21	50	12	27	5	5	21.5	37.8
Indiana	132	26	52	14	40	8	21	5	6	25.3	39.6
Iowa	91	28	35	7	21	6	9	3	3	22.4	38.7
Kansas	68	16	28	6	18	4	9	1	4	24.3	40.5
Kentucky	79	16	35	9	19	5	8	3	2	24.2	40.0
Louisiana	88	12	37	10	29	3	16	4	6	27.4	39.0
Maine	34	10	14	2	7	2	3	1	1	21.6	39.2
Maryland	109	24	40	11	34	7	21	3	4	25.3	39.7
Massachusetts	142	47	60	10	24	5	14	3	3	20.4	37.4
Michigan	212	58	94	21	38	8	19	6	5	21.6	39.0
Minnesota	151	46	66	11	29	8	15	3	3	21.1	38.6
Mississippi	53	11	23	4	15	4	9	(¹)	2	24.5	39.2
Missouri	136	22	62	14	38	9	20	4	5	25.3	38.9
Montana	24	6	8	2	8	2	4	1	1	25.6	38.4
Nebraska	51	16	21	4	10	2	4	2	2	22.1	40.3
Nevada	51	5	17	5	24	4	16	2	2	29.8	39.5
New Hampshire	32	11	12	3	7	2	3	1	(¹)	21.2	38.2
New Jersey	155	48	62	12	34	6	23	2	3	21.7	38.8
New Mexico	43	8	18	5	13	3	7	1	2	25.7	39.7
New York	283	66	120	19	79	19	49	6	6	23.7	39.4
North Carolina	159	41	58	15	45	10	27	4	4	23.8	38.1
North Dakota	18	5	8	1	4	1	2	1	1	23.1	38.2
Ohio	274	65	120	28	61	12	35	7	6	23.1	39.1
Oklahoma	82	14	31	11	26	5	16	2	4	26.7	39.8
Oregon	74	16	24	11	23	4	14	3	2	25.6	37.5
Pennsylvania	255	73	113	15	53	11	30	5	7	21.9	38.4
Rhode Island	26	8	11	2	5	1	3	(¹)	1	21.8	39.2
South Carolina	75	14	33	5	23	4	15	2	2	24.9	39.3
South Dakota	24	6	10	2	6	1	3	1	1	23.6	40.9
Tennessee	130	26	53	18	33	8	16	3	6	25.4	39.6
Texas	448	85	164	57	142	28	86	15	13	25.9	39.5
Utah	80	17	27	8	29	5	16	3	5	26.4	40.8
Vermont	18	6	6	1	5	1	3	1	(¹)	23.1	39.4
Virginia	165	40	66	13	46	9	29	5	2	23.7	38.9
Washington	135	37	51	12	35	10	17	4	4	23.2	39.4
West Virginia	27	6	9	4	8	2	5	(¹)	2	26.4	40.9
Wisconsin	159	43	64	15	37	8	20	3	5	23.0	39.5
Wyoming	14	3	4	1	5	1	3	1	1	28.1	41.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
White											
Alabama	1,523	54	163	104	1,202	87	675	162	278	40.0	42.9
Alaska	240	17	29	18	176	20	71	27	57	40.3	44.6
Arizona	2,470	97	263	182	1,928	148	1,087	242	451	39.6	42.8
Arkansas	1,036	52	111	85	787	64	416	102	205	39.6	43.2
California	12,755	549	1,509	959	9,737	669	5,755	1,080	2,233	39.0	42.6
Colorado	2,220	110	255	172	1,684	135	806	264	480	39.7	43.2
Connecticut	1,455	95	189	129	1,042	118	474	165	284	38.4	43.1
Delaware	311	14	35	20	242	26	142	26	49	38.7	41.8
District of Columbia	145	5	12	10	118	8	54	17	39	41.7	44.3
Florida	6,937	224	699	426	5,589	406	3,335	592	1,256	39.9	43.0
Georgia	2,993	101	266	177	2,449	157	1,422	301	569	40.2	42.8
Hawaii	134	8	17	11	98	8	50	12	28	39.2	43.3
Idaho	665	42	83	54	485	45	232	74	134	38.9	43.6
Illinois	4,964	268	585	346	3,765	340	1,936	505	985	39.1	43.2
Indiana	2,716	116	307	195	2,099	200	1,082	312	505	39.4	43.0
Iowa	1,478	97	192	115	1,074	110	457	184	322	39.2	43.9
Kansas	1,237	70	155	91	921	90	397	156	278	39.7	43.9
Kentucky	1,691	75	197	116	1,304	141	639	194	331	39.7	43.4
Louisiana	1,305	56	135	94	1,020	80	531	119	290	40.6	43.9
Maine	628	44	89	56	438	53	185	83	117	38.0	43.0
Maryland	1,849	93	213	150	1,392	115	724	195	359	39.2	42.9
Massachusetts	2,728	155	392	228	1,953	193	937	282	541	38.3	43.1
Michigan	3,784	224	520	295	2,746	257	1,360	435	694	38.4	43.1
Minnesota	2,442	165	351	212	1,713	174	762	313	464	38.1	43.1
Mississippi	778	38	88	58	594	37	336	72	148	39.6	43.1
Missouri	2,408	105	273	183	1,847	155	933	292	467	39.6	43.3
Montana	430	30	58	33	308	30	143	45	91	38.9	43.6
Nebraska	841	52	99	64	625	57	261	112	195	40.0	44.7
Nevada	979	31	82	65	801	52	497	92	160	39.9	42.4
New Hampshire	654	38	79	55	482	49	210	86	137	39.1	43.6
New Jersey	3,197	162	368	204	2,463	270	1,339	276	578	38.9	42.6
New Mexico	739	35	96	57	550	52	275	76	146	39.2	43.5
New York	6,667	301	830	453	5,083	636	2,736	547	1,164	38.8	42.6
North Carolina	3,127	135	324	234	2,434	224	1,269	348	593	39.6	42.8
North Dakota	309	21	39	26	223	22	95	36	71	39.6	44.1
Ohio	4,696	229	606	372	3,488	314	1,701	596	877	38.9	43.2
Oklahoma	1,262	49	129	89	995	69	523	129	274	40.6	43.7
Oregon	1,573	94	201	129	1,150	112	580	152	306	38.8	43.3
Pennsylvania	5,122	288	674	381	3,779	381	1,947	531	919	38.5	42.8
Rhode Island	470	25	66	46	334	40	161	55	78	38.0	42.6
South Carolina	1,358	60	154	86	1,058	101	532	155	270	39.8	43.3
South Dakota	379	25	49	30	275	27	109	49	90	39.9	44.8
Tennessee	2,257	113	243	157	1,745	172	887	233	454	39.7	43.2
Texas	8,802	377	886	673	6,867	587	3,634	864	1,783	40.0	43.2
Utah	1,153	74	173	97	808	65	405	112	227	38.3	43.6
Vermont	320	23	43	29	226	26	98	38	63	38.3	43.1
Virginia	2,795	134	305	191	2,165	173	1,171	283	537	39.3	42.7
Washington	2,534	137	323	231	1,843	167	928	284	465	38.6	42.8
West Virginia	707	30	77	49	551	49	317	67	118	39.4	42.8
Wisconsin	2,574	152	331	199	1,892	178	872	328	514	39.1	43.6
Wyoming	251	15	29	16	190	14	76	32	68	41.3	45.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Black or African American											
Alabama	462	15	51	39	357	28	258	36	35	37.8	40.3
Alaska	9	(¹)	1	1	7	1	4	1	1	40.2	42.6
Arizona	102	3	9	7	84	7	55	8	14	39.8	42.1
Arkansas	167	7	19	14	126	14	84	11	17	37.6	41.0
California	925	31	86	82	726	44	501	62	118	38.8	41.6
Colorado	77	2	8	7	61	5	39	6	10	38.8	41.6
Connecticut	157	8	20	15	113	14	63	14	23	38.5	42.4
Delaware	81	2	7	5	67	6	48	5	8	39.2	41.1
District of Columbia	123	3	11	10	99	7	69	8	15	39.1	41.4
Florida	1,191	30	111	63	987	77	685	84	140	39.2	41.5
Georgia	1,206	39	99	76	992	76	691	88	137	39.2	41.5
Hawaii	10	1	2	1	6	(¹)	4	(¹)	1	34.5	37.8
Idaho	3	(¹)	1	1	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	33.1	34.1
Illinois	736	25	87	56	567	46	393	46	83	38.1	41.4
Indiana	226	5	23	20	178	18	121	14	25	38.9	41.4
Iowa	26	2	4	3	18	2	10	2	4	37.1	41.9
Kansas	56	1	5	4	46	5	28	4	9	40.5	42.7
Kentucky	111	5	12	7	87	8	51	9	19	39.8	43.3
Louisiana	479	16	49	33	382	28	241	40	73	39.9	42.5
Maine	4	(¹)	(¹)	1	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	37.4	41.3
Maryland	745	18	56	56	615	42	428	57	88	39.6	41.5
Massachusetts	172	7	27	18	121	13	73	11	23	37.5	41.6
Michigan	511	14	61	37	400	29	285	32	54	38.4	41.4
Minnesota	89	4	15	10	61	3	33	8	17	38.6	43.7
Mississippi	357	10	35	30	282	21	204	21	35	38.6	41.0
Missouri	286	10	37	21	219	18	135	22	44	39.1	42.8
Nebraska	30	1	3	3	24	1	16	4	4	40.0	42.2
Nevada	82	3	7	4	68	4	48	6	11	39.5	41.9
New Hampshire	6	(¹)	1	(¹)	5	1	3	(¹)	2	43.5	46.5
New Jersey	523	10	49	24	441	42	306	36	57	39.1	41.2
New Mexico	22	1	1	2	17	2	9	4	2	38.2	41.0
New York	1,306	34	129	77	1,066	217	655	68	126	38.3	40.8
North Carolina	789	27	82	50	630	61	393	64	112	39.2	41.8
North Dakota	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	33.9	38.1
Ohio	548	24	66	47	410	35	257	49	68	38.0	41.5
Oklahoma	99	7	11	7	74	5	52	5	12	37.3	40.8
Oregon	22	2	3	1	16	1	8	3	4	37.2	42.5
Pennsylvania	492	15	52	26	399	39	280	26	54	38.7	41.5
Rhode Island	29	1	3	2	23	2	15	2	3	39.1	42.3
South Carolina	517	16	50	37	414	48	266	37	62	38.8	41.5
South Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	1	1	40.1	43.2
Tennessee	400	15	41	36	308	38	199	28	43	38.3	40.8
Texas	1,111	30	109	73	898	53	546	112	187	40.4	43.1
Utah	12	(¹)	1	(¹)	10	1	7	(¹)	2	40.2	43.1
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	40.6	44.7
Virginia	698	30	67	45	556	40	372	49	95	38.8	41.8
Washington	97	3	10	7	78	5	48	7	17	40.1	43.1
West Virginia	20	(¹)	2	1	17	2	11	2	2	38.6	41.0
Wisconsin	121	4	16	10	91	11	58	8	14	37.6	41.2
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	37.5	44.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Alabama	12	1	8	(¹)	3	1	1	(¹)	1	25.0	39.9
Alaska	14	1	2	1	11	1	5	1	3	38.8	42.2
Arizona	49	1	5	3	40	5	20	3	12	40.4	43.3
Arkansas	14	1	(¹)	1	12	1	7	1	3	40.8	41.8
California	2,087	70	215	134	1,669	87	1,108	147	328	39.3	42.6
Colorado	63	3	5	2	53	5	31	8	9	40.0	42.8
Connecticut	55	1	5	3	46	3	29	4	10	40.3	42.8
Delaware	13	1	1	1	11	(¹)	7	1	2	40.0	42.4
District of Columbia	11	(¹)	1	1	9	1	4	2	3	41.7	43.6
Florida	202	2	13	10	176	12	106	17	42	41.9	43.8
Georgia	127	2	12	8	105	4	58	13	30	41.6	44.4
Hawaii	277	11	30	18	218	11	143	17	46	39.7	42.8
Idaho	7	(¹)	1	1	5	1	2	1	1	39.8	42.2
Illinois	293	7	22	13	250	12	155	23	60	41.4	43.8
Indiana	21	2	1	(¹)	18	3	8	2	5	41.5	44.9
Iowa	29	2	5	1	22	2	14	2	4	38.0	43.6
Kansas	31	(¹)	6	1	24	2	14	3	5	38.3	42.0
Kentucky	20	(¹)	2	1	17	1	10	1	5	41.9	44.4
Louisiana	31	(¹)	5	(¹)	26	2	11	4	8	42.4	47.1
Maine	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	40.7	45.0
Maryland	133	4	14	10	104	6	61	14	24	39.6	42.2
Massachusetts	152	8	20	10	114	7	77	8	22	38.3	42.9
Michigan	131	4	14	10	103	9	54	11	29	40.2	44.1
Minnesota	102	4	10	5	83	4	54	11	14	39.5	42.5
Missouri	36	2	3	1	31	5	14	4	8	42.1	45.8
Montana	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	45.8	46.4
Nebraska	15	1	(¹)	1	13	(¹)	10	2	1	39.5	41.7
Nevada	89	3	7	5	75	7	52	6	10	39.8	41.9
New Hampshire	13	(¹)	1	1	11	1	6	2	2	41.1	43.8
New Jersey	354	10	28	15	301	26	184	30	61	40.2	42.2
New Mexico	13	1	1	1	10	(¹)	7	1	2	40.7	44.9
New York	661	15	60	30	556	60	320	44	132	40.8	43.6
North Carolina	67	5	5	4	54	1	40	6	7	38.5	42.4
North Dakota	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	43.9	48.1
Ohio	68	2	8	3	55	4	32	8	11	40.6	43.6
Oklahoma	23	1	2	2	19	2	11	2	5	40.9	44.0
Oregon	54	4	6	2	43	3	24	4	12	39.2	43.7
Pennsylvania	89	1	5	6	77	4	48	7	17	42.6	43.8
Rhode Island	14	(¹)	1	1	11	1	7	1	2	40.0	41.8
South Carolina	12	(¹)	(¹)	2	10	1	5	1	3	45.1	47.7
South Dakota	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	40.3	42.6
Tennessee	29	1	2	2	23	2	14	3	4	38.6	42.0
Texas	376	9	31	17	319	19	202	30	68	41.1	43.5
Utah	23	(¹)	3	1	18	1	12	1	4	39.4	42.5
Vermont	6	(¹)	1	(¹)	4	(¹)	2	1	1	36.3	42.6
Virginia	180	7	19	10	145	8	90	13	34	39.8	42.9
Washington	252	9	31	17	194	14	119	28	32	38.6	42.1
Wisconsin	47	3	4	3	36	2	23	4	7	39.3	43.9
Wyoming	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.4	41.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	52	1	4	4	43	8	26	4	5	38.7	40.3
Alaska	11	1	1	1	8	1	3	1	3	41.2	46.0
Arizona	793	23	63	66	641	49	434	57	101	39.3	41.5
Arkansas	69	2	7	6	55	3	38	5	8	39.2	41.5
California	5,367	151	590	404	4,222	276	3,010	348	588	38.4	41.0
Colorado	389	12	43	36	298	30	189	32	46	38.3	41.2
Connecticut	162	7	20	17	118	18	69	13	19	37.9	41.3
Delaware	27	(¹)	1	2	23	3	17	2	2	39.2	40.1
District of Columbia	30	1	3	2	24	2	16	2	4	39.5	42.0
Florida	1,839	35	155	94	1,555	92	1,140	106	217	39.6	41.8
Georgia	358	4	33	23	297	18	214	31	34	39.2	40.9
Hawaii	36	2	5	3	26	2	16	3	5	37.9	42.1
Idaho	58	2	5	4	47	5	25	7	11	40.6	43.4
Illinois	676	20	59	44	554	37	387	48	81	39.2	41.5
Indiana	127	4	10	7	106	10	62	12	21	40.3	41.9
Iowa	62	2	8	5	47	6	24	8	9	39.2	42.1
Kansas	82	2	10	6	64	9	36	8	11	38.5	41.3
Kentucky	31	(¹)	2	2	26	3	17	3	4	40.9	42.7
Louisiana	51	1	7	2	41	2	28	4	7	38.7	41.0
Maine	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	37.5	41.8
Maryland	227	6	22	17	182	9	135	14	24	38.8	40.8
Massachusetts	188	8	33	19	128	18	83	11	16	36.0	39.9
Michigan	161	5	18	11	127	14	76	17	20	38.5	41.4
Minnesota	106	3	13	12	78	11	45	10	12	38.4	41.3
Mississippi	40	(¹)	4	4	32	4	25	1	3	38.6	40.3
Missouri	71	3	7	4	57	5	29	10	14	40.4	43.4
Montana	8	(¹)	1	1	6	1	3	1	1	37.8	41.1
Nebraska	64	3	6	5	50	7	29	6	7	38.0	41.4
Nevada	279	5	18	21	235	16	170	21	29	39.6	41.1
New Hampshire	12	1	2	1	9	1	5	1	3	38.8	43.5
New Jersey	664	18	57	38	551	47	393	37	74	39.1	41.4
New Mexico	318	11	40	27	240	25	140	29	47	38.5	42.2
New York	1,270	29	143	81	1,016	129	696	72	120	38.2	40.9
North Carolina	345	8	23	28	285	33	188	29	36	39.1	40.6
North Dakota	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	41.0	43.7
Ohio	139	2	18	8	111	11	58	15	27	40.3	43.4
Oklahoma	81	2	9	5	65	4	35	8	17	41.2	43.4
Oregon	133	4	14	9	106	9	68	12	17	39.0	41.4
Pennsylvania	188	5	15	12	156	21	94	12	29	39.9	41.9
Rhode Island	50	1	5	4	40	5	26	4	5	38.7	41.1
South Carolina	76	3	7	8	58	5	36	6	10	39.0	41.9
South Dakota	8	(¹)	1	1	6	(¹)	3	1	2	40.2	42.9
Tennessee	120	4	9	11	96	9	64	8	15	39.0	41.3
Texas	3,622	106	359	297	2,861	283	1,770	292	516	39.3	41.9
Utah	139	4	17	11	107	8	68	13	18	38.8	41.4
Vermont	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	40.6	44.8
Virginia	263	10	22	14	216	21	145	17	33	39.2	41.1
Washington	194	6	18	14	155	10	99	17	29	39.4	42.7
West Virginia	5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	41.5	43.9
Wisconsin	100	3	11	6	81	8	46	11	16	39.6	42.2
Wyoming	15	1	2	1	11	1	5	2	3	38.6	42.8

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In

addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	163	18	56	14	7	67	280	19	16	8	46	83	26	82
Alaska	31	3	12	2	(³)	13	52	4	3	1	14	12	3	13
Arizona	209	23	75	19	6	87	384	28	19	11	72	117	37	100
Arkansas	101	15	29	7	5	45	198	14	11	4	29	53	22	65
California	1,186	209	404	133	42	398	2,597	237	158	83	562	719	157	680
Colorado	208	25	87	10	5	81	370	30	23	9	87	80	29	113
Connecticut	143	11	54	27	4	47	329	19	15	13	79	85	37	80
Delaware	32	3	12	6	1	11	53	2	3	2	11	17	6	12
District of Columbia	24	2	8	6	(³)	8	30	3	3	1	4	7	3	10
Florida	480	62	160	42	13	202	1,123	84	40	42	200	281	136	341
Georgia	280	45	85	21	11	118	508	34	32	21	73	139	48	162
Hawaii	55	6	14	16	2	18	93	6	6	4	15	28	10	25
Idaho	57	8	22	3	1	24	132	6	6	3	38	36	12	31
Illinois	406	49	154	54	15	133	1,019	68	63	33	212	327	78	237
Indiana	202	28	71	20	10	73	472	23	26	16	107	123	40	137
Iowa	126	13	54	7	5	48	297	11	15	4	58	120	34	55
Kansas	111	10	43	10	3	45	232	10	10	4	52	72	32	52
Kentucky	129	15	39	8	8	59	289	20	19	9	52	82	34	73
Louisiana	142	17	42	18	6	60	248	12	15	5	45	73	25	74
Maine	59	6	21	8	3	22	135	8	5	3	31	33	14	41
Maryland	239	17	88	39	10	85	387	17	16	16	83	98	49	109
Massachusetts	246	19	89	52	4	82	628	23	28	26	169	160	56	166
Michigan	315	51	123	31	11	99	888	63	83	16	208	261	81	176
Minnesota	224	21	103	13	8	80	565	32	30	9	133	190	56	116
Mississippi	101	12	31	10	9	39	164	12	6	4	27	53	14	49
Missouri	208	28	73	18	16	74	441	22	22	13	94	123	51	117
Montana	40	5	16	3	2	15	86	4	3	1	23	23	12	19
Nebraska	67	6	27	5	2	26	162	7	8	1	34	58	16	37
Nevada	77	11	27	7	1	31	139	6	6	3	27	32	12	52
New Hampshire	50	5	21	7	1	17	127	5	5	3	38	33	11	32
New Jersey	273	21	100	45	6	101	601	40	33	23	118	171	53	163
New Mexico	59	5	21	10	(³)	22	154	10	6	2	29	43	13	51
New York	573	50	205	113	28	177	1,396	74	90	73	291	346	140	384
North Carolina	316	41	98	39	24	113	571	46	36	18	106	150	55	161
North Dakota	33	3	14	4	1	12	60	1	3	(³)	14	20	7	14
Ohio	394	52	148	42	9	142	989	64	71	26	231	289	110	198
Oklahoma	125	17	42	11	5	49	217	11	15	5	39	64	16	66
Oregon	140	26	47	10	4	54	323	24	20	7	85	67	37	82
Pennsylvania	441	42	175	64	9	151	1,021	43	67	39	249	270	121	231
Rhode Island	45	4	15	11	1	14	103	6	6	7	22	29	10	23
South Carolina	132	19	47	12	5	49	279	26	26	8	49	69	31	71
South Dakota	34	3	15	3	2	11	77	3	3	1	17	26	11	16
Tennessee	226	33	76	22	14	80	398	27	18	14	80	122	38	100
Texas	796	127	262	73	32	302	1,472	120	82	46	269	442	119	395
Utah	99	10	46	6	2	35	263	8	10	6	96	87	14	42
Vermont	30	2	13	2	(³)	12	68	3	2	2	13	17	8	22
Virginia	276	35	91	38	14	99	542	26	22	15	116	161	57	145
Washington	243	32	103	17	6	85	568	50	31	16	131	148	41	150
West Virginia	53	7	16	10	2	18	110	7	9	6	27	21	11	29
Wisconsin	207	23	96	10	10	68	532	24	28	13	139	165	59	105
Wyoming	21	2	9	1	1	9	41	1	2	1	10	11	5	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
Alabama	80	7	28	6	7	32	94	8	6	(³)	4	37	12	25
Alaska	15	2	6	1	(³)	6	17	2	1	(³)	1	5	1	6
Arizona	111	17	38	6	5	45	148	14	9	1	7	63	17	37
Arkansas	51	8	15	3	5	20	62	6	4	(³)	3	19	10	18
California	661	146	213	61	40	201	912	116	67	9	60	312	85	262
Colorado	105	17	40	4	5	39	120	16	8	1	6	37	14	39
Connecticut	72	8	27	12	4	22	107	8	6	(³)	4	41	21	27
Delaware	15	2	5	2	1	4	17	1	2	(³)	1	7	3	4
District of Columbia	10	1	4	2	(³)	3	12	2	1	(³)	1	3	2	4
Florida	233	40	79	19	12	83	398	44	15	4	16	111	73	135
Georgia	140	29	42	10	10	48	170	15	10	2	2	58	26	56
Hawaii	28	4	7	8	2	8	36	3	2	(³)	2	13	4	11
Idaho	32	4	14	1	1	12	40	3	2	(³)	2	17	7	10
Illinois	214	33	80	26	13	61	332	33	32	1	16	136	39	77
Indiana	104	19	33	9	10	32	143	9	12	(³)	4	53	24	40
Iowa	61	7	26	3	3	22	106	5	7	(³)	4	54	17	19
Kansas	57	5	25	3	2	21	70	3	3	(³)	3	32	14	15
Kentucky	62	7	20	3	7	25	105	12	10	(³)	6	36	18	24
Louisiana	66	8	19	8	6	26	85	5	5	1	3	33	13	25
Maine	31	4	10	3	2	11	40	4	1	(³)	3	12	7	12
Maryland	119	10	44	18	9	37	124	8	7	1	6	40	27	35
Massachusetts	121	12	46	26	3	35	197	10	15	1	14	77	26	54
Michigan	162	32	58	17	9	46	277	29	29	1	9	111	42	56
Minnesota	118	14	54	6	6	38	190	16	15	(³)	8	84	29	38
Mississippi	55	8	15	5	8	19	50	8	2	(³)	3	15	7	16
Missouri	107	17	37	8	13	33	139	8	7	(³)	7	52	23	42
Montana	21	3	8	1	2	7	28	2	1	(³)	1	10	6	8
Nebraska	32	4	13	2	2	10	53	3	3	(³)	2	22	9	14
Nevada	39	8	13	4	1	12	48	3	2	(³)	1	16	7	18
New Hampshire	25	3	11	3	1	8	38	2	2	(³)	3	15	6	9
New Jersey	135	14	56	18	5	42	195	15	14	2	7	75	28	53
New Mexico	28	4	11	5	(³)	9	53	5	2	(³)	2	19	7	18
New York	278	30	103	45	19	81	423	32	34	2	20	134	64	136
North Carolina	159	22	47	18	22	50	178	22	9	(³)	7	60	26	53
North Dakota	17	2	7	1	1	6	18	1	1	(³)	(³)	8	3	5
Ohio	196	34	71	19	8	63	335	34	26	3	12	131	61	67
Oklahoma	59	11	19	4	3	21	82	6	7	(³)	3	31	9	26
Oregon	75	18	24	4	3	26	97	11	6	1	6	30	16	28
Pennsylvania	221	26	90	29	8	68	329	22	23	3	16	119	68	78
Rhode Island	22	2	8	5	1	6	32	3	2	(³)	1	14	6	7
South Carolina	68	14	22	7	4	21	93	13	10	(³)	2	27	16	23
South Dakota	16	1	7	1	1	5	26	1	1	(³)	1	12	5	5
Tennessee	121	16	44	11	12	38	151	13	8	1	5	57	24	42
Texas	417	84	130	33	30	139	549	59	28	1	27	219	65	149
Utah	53	6	25	3	2	18	81	5	5	(³)	5	42	9	15
Vermont	15	1	7	1	(³)	5	22	1	1	(³)	1	7	4	8
Virginia	142	22	47	19	13	42	174	12	8	(³)	8	72	27	46
Washington	130	18	59	8	5	40	188	20	15	2	15	66	22	48
West Virginia	26	4	7	4	2	8	32	4	3	(³)	2	8	7	8
Wisconsin	106	15	45	4	8	33	179	8	11	1	11	77	34	38
Wyoming	11	1	5	(³)	1	4	13	1	1	(³)	1	6	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
Alabama	83	10	28	8	1	36	186	11	11	8	41	46	14	57
Alaska	15	1	6	1	(3)	7	34	2	2	1	13	7	2	7
Arizona	98	7	37	13	1	41	237	14	10	10	64	55	20	63
Arkansas	50	7	14	4	(3)	24	136	8	7	4	26	34	12	47
California	525	63	191	72	2	197	1,684	121	91	74	502	407	72	418
Colorado	103	8	47	6	1	41	250	14	15	8	81	44	15	73
Connecticut	71	3	27	15	(3)	25	222	11	9	13	75	44	16	53
Delaware	17	1	6	3	(3)	6	37	1	1	2	10	10	4	8
District of Columbia	14	1	5	4	(3)	5	19	1	2	1	4	4	1	6
Florida	247	22	81	23	2	119	725	39	26	37	184	170	63	206
Georgia	141	16	43	11	1	70	338	19	21	20	71	80	21	106
Hawaii	27	2	7	9	(3)	9	58	3	4	3	13	15	6	14
Idaho	25	3	8	2	(3)	11	92	3	4	2	36	19	5	21
Illinois	192	16	74	28	1	72	687	36	31	33	196	191	40	160
Indiana	99	9	37	11	(3)	41	330	14	15	16	103	70	16	97
Iowa	66	5	28	4	2	26	191	7	8	4	54	66	17	36
Kansas	54	5	19	6	1	24	162	7	7	4	49	40	18	37
Kentucky	67	8	20	5	(3)	34	184	8	9	8	46	47	17	49
Louisiana	76	9	23	10	(3)	34	163	7	10	4	42	40	12	49
Maine	28	2	10	4	(3)	11	96	5	3	3	28	21	6	29
Maryland	120	6	44	21	1	48	263	9	10	15	77	58	21	73
Massachusetts	125	7	43	26	1	47	431	14	13	26	155	82	30	112
Michigan	153	19	65	14	2	52	611	35	53	15	199	149	39	120
Minnesota	106	7	49	7	2	42	375	16	15	9	125	106	27	78
Mississippi	46	4	16	5	(3)	20	114	4	4	4	24	38	8	32
Missouri	101	11	37	9	3	42	302	14	15	12	87	70	27	75
Montana	19	2	8	2	(3)	8	58	2	2	1	22	13	6	11
Nebraska	36	2	14	3	(3)	16	109	4	4	1	33	36	8	23
Nevada	38	3	14	3	(3)	19	91	3	4	3	26	16	5	34
New Hampshire	25	2	10	4	(3)	9	89	3	3	3	35	17	5	23
New Jersey	138	7	44	27	2	58	406	25	19	22	110	95	25	110
New Mexico	30	2	10	4	(3)	14	101	5	4	2	27	24	6	34
New York	294	20	102	68	9	96	973	42	55	71	270	211	76	248
North Carolina	156	19	51	22	2	63	393	24	26	17	99	90	29	107
North Dakota	17	1	7	2	(3)	6	42	1	2	(3)	13	12	4	10
Ohio	198	18	77	23	1	79	654	30	45	23	218	157	49	131
Oklahoma	66	6	23	7	2	28	135	5	8	5	36	33	8	40
Oregon	65	7	23	6	1	28	226	13	15	6	79	37	21	54
Pennsylvania	220	16	86	35	1	83	693	21	45	35	233	151	54	153
Rhode Island	23	2	7	6	(3)	8	71	3	4	7	21	16	4	16
South Carolina	65	5	26	5	(3)	28	187	13	16	8	46	41	14	48
South Dakota	17	2	7	2	(3)	6	51	1	3	1	16	14	5	10
Tennessee	104	17	32	11	3	42	248	14	9	13	75	65	14	58
Texas	380	43	133	40	2	163	924	60	54	45	242	223	54	246
Utah	46	4	21	3	(3)	17	182	3	5	6	91	45	5	27
Vermont	15	1	7	1	(3)	6	46	1	1	2	12	10	4	15
Virginia	134	13	45	19	1	57	368	14	14	15	107	89	30	99
Washington	113	13	44	8	2	45	380	29	17	14	116	82	19	102
West Virginia	27	3	9	6	(3)	10	78	3	6	6	25	12	4	21
Wisconsin	101	8	50	6	2	35	353	16	17	12	128	88	25	67
Wyoming	11	1	4	1	(3)	5	28	1	1	1	9	6	3	8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time								
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²	
White															
Alabama	120	11	43	11	5	50	200	8	7	5	40	57	22	61	
Alaska	24	3	10	2	(³)	9	40	3	2	1	12	9	3	11	
Arizona	187	20	69	17	6	75	355	25	17	10	70	103	36	94	
Arkansas	86	11	26	6	4	39	163	8	8	4	24	45	20	54	
California	965	183	323	102	40	317	2,053	195	118	66	457	541	137	539	
Colorado	193	24	83	9	5	72	343	27	20	8	82	75	28	103	
Connecticut	121	9	47	23	3	40	292	15	11	12	72	77	35	69	
Delaware	25	2	9	5	1	8	44	2	2	2	9	14	6	10	
District of Columbia	12	1	6	2	(³)	4	15	1	1	1	3	3	2	5	
Florida	393	48	139	33	12	161	956	67	31	37	170	227	128	296	
Georgia	196	31	66	14	8	76	348	14	12	14	60	98	40	109	
Hawaii	13	1	4	4	(³)	4	23	1	1	1	5	4	3	8	
Idaho	53	7	21	3	1	22	126	6	6	3	37	34	11	30	
Illinois	346	44	133	47	13	109	853	50	40	26	190	277	70	200	
Indiana	184	25	66	18	10	64	434	21	23	15	103	114	36	123	
Iowa	122	12	53	7	5	46	281	10	14	4	56	111	33	52	
Kansas	103	9	41	9	3	41	213	9	9	4	49	64	30	48	
Kentucky	121	14	37	7	8	55	267	18	17	9	51	73	33	67	
Louisiana	105	11	35	14	4	40	180	8	6	5	35	57	20	49	
Maine	57	6	20	8	2	21	132	8	5	3	30	32	14	41	
Maryland	165	11	65	25	8	55	291	10	10	13	67	68	38	85	
Massachusetts	219	16	83	45	4	71	556	17	21	24	157	134	54	149	
Michigan	268	45	107	25	11	81	770	49	65	13	190	224	77	151	
Minnesota	207	19	96	12	7	73	522	27	25	9	125	171	55	110	
Mississippi	67	7	21	6	6	27	117	4	3	2	23	38	12	34	
Missouri	187	24	66	15	15	66	374	16	15	11	85	102	45	99	
Montana	38	5	15	3	2	14	83	4	3	1	22	22	12	18	
Nebraska	63	6	26	5	2	24	153	7	7	1	34	54	16	35	
Nevada	65	9	22	6	1	26	113	5	4	3	24	25	11	42	
New Hampshire	49	4	20	7	1	17	123	5	5	3	37	32	11	31	
New Jersey	221	19	81	35	6	81	512	35	22	21	107	139	44	144	
New Mexico	49	5	19	7	(³)	19	139	9	5	2	27	40	12	44	
New York	460	40	172	85	25	138	1,124	54	58	57	251	281	123	300	
North Carolina	244	29	84	28	22	81	449	29	24	15	93	117	46	124	
North Dakota	30	3	13	3	(³)	10	56	1	2	(³)	13	19	7	13	
Ohio	340	46	130	39	9	116	868	52	54	22	215	250	102	172	
Oklahoma	97	13	33	9	5	38	170	8	10	4	32	48	15	54	
Oregon	127	21	43	9	3	51	297	22	18	7	79	59	36	76	
Pennsylvania	402	38	162	58	8	136	941	37	58	34	237	245	116	213	
Rhode Island	41	3	14	10	1	13	95	5	5	7	21	26	10	21	
South Carolina	97	11	35	9	4	39	203	13	13	6	40	55	24	53	
South Dakota	32	3	14	3	1	10	73	2	3	1	16	25	10	15	
Tennessee	179	24	57	17	13	67	333	22	12	12	73	100	33	80	
Texas	685	111	225	65	29	256	1,249	96	64	39	243	358	107	343	
Utah	94	10	43	6	2	33	250	8	9	6	94	82	14	38	
Vermont	29	2	13	2	(³)	11	65	3	2	2	13	16	8	22	
Virginia	217	27	76	31	13	71	413	17	13	12	94	116	50	112	
Washington	209	25	93	14	6	70	482	41	22	14	116	122	38	129	
West Virginia	51	6	16	9	2	17	106	6	9	6	26	20	10	28	
Wisconsin	192	21	89	10	10	62	491	20	25	12	132	151	56	95	
Wyoming	21	2	9	1	1	8	40	1	2	1	9	11	5	11	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black or African American														
Alabama	40	7	12	2	3	16	66	10	9	2	4	19	4	17
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	8	1	3	(3)	(3)	3	11	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	2
Arkansas	12	4	2	1	1	5	29	5	2	(3)	5	7	1	8
California	70	8	22	13	(3)	27	130	14	13	3	12	45	6	37
Colorado	6	1	1	1	(3)	4	11	1	1	1	1	2	(3)	5
Connecticut	16	2	5	4	(3)	6	28	3	2	1	5	7	1	9
Delaware	6	1	2	1	(3)	2	7	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	1	1
District of Columbia	11	1	2	3	(3)	4	14	1	2	(3)	1	3	1	4
Florida	73	11	17	7	1	36	132	14	7	4	19	46	7	33
Georgia	74	13	17	6	1	37	140	19	19	7	9	36	8	43
Hawaii	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Idaho	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	44	4	17	4	1	18	124	15	19	3	10	39	8	30
Indiana	16	3	4	2	(3)	7	31	2	3	1	3	7	4	12
Iowa	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Kansas	4	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2	6	1	1	(3)	1	1	1	2
Kentucky	7	1	2	(3)	(3)	4	17	2	1	(3)	1	6	2	4
Louisiana	36	5	7	3	1	20	61	4	9	(3)	10	11	4	23
Maine	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	60	5	16	11	2	26	71	6	6	1	9	23	9	17
Massachusetts	17	1	4	4	(3)	7	34	4	1	(3)	3	16	(3)	9
Michigan	33	4	12	4	1	13	78	11	15	1	8	22	3	17
Minnesota	7	1	3	(3)	(3)	3	21	3	4	1	3	8	1	3
Mississippi	32	5	10	4	1	11	43	7	2	1	4	14	2	13
Missouri	16	3	5	1	1	6	51	5	6	2	7	15	3	13
Nebraska	3	(3)	1	1	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Nevada	4	(3)	1	1	(3)	2	10	(3)	2	(3)	1	2	1	4
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
New Jersey	27	1	9	5	(3)	12	55	3	9	3	4	21	6	10
New Mexico	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2
New York	74	5	20	21	2	26	166	13	27	11	23	41	9	43
North Carolina	60	10	12	9	1	28	100	16	10	2	8	26	8	30
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	43	5	14	3	(3)	21	94	10	15	3	12	27	6	20
Oklahoma	9	2	3	(3)	(3)	4	16	1	1	(3)	2	7	1	5
Oregon	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	2
Pennsylvania	28	2	9	5	(3)	12	65	5	8	4	9	20	4	15
Rhode Island	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	32	8	12	3	1	10	70	12	13	2	9	12	7	16
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	38	7	15	4	1	10	54	5	5	1	3	18	4	17
Texas	74	9	25	7	1	31	138	15	16	5	18	45	9	31
Utah	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	46	6	12	4	1	23	96	5	7	2	12	35	7	28
Washington	5	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	14	2	2	(3)	1	1	(3)	8
West Virginia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
Wisconsin	9	1	4	(3)	(3)	4	21	3	2	1	3	6	3	5
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Asian														
Alabama	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	8	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	3
Alaska	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Arizona	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	3	(3)	3
Arkansas	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	102	9	42	15	1	35	316	21	21	11	77	97	10	80
Colorado	3	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	2
Connecticut	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	(3)	1	(3)	2	1	(3)	2
Delaware	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	8	2	2	2	(3)	2	18	(3)	1	(3)	6	4	(3)	6
Georgia	4	(3)	2	1	(3)	2	17	1	1	(3)	3	2	(3)	10
Hawaii	23	2	5	8	1	7	36	2	2	2	5	12	5	9
Idaho	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	12	1	4	2	(3)	5	31	2	2	4	12	6	1	4
Indiana	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Iowa	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	5	(3)	1
Kansas	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	1	1
Kentucky	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	11	(3)	5	3	(3)	3	17	(3)	(3)	1	5	4	1	5
Massachusetts	8	1	1	3	(3)	3	30	2	4	2	7	7	1	7
Michigan	7	(3)	3	2	(3)	3	21	1	1	1	8	7	1	3
Minnesota	5	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	3	13	(3)	1	(3)	4	7	(3)	1
Missouri	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	2
Montana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Nevada	5	1	3	(3)	(3)	2	10	(3)	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	4
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	22	1	10	4	(3)	7	31	2	2	(3)	7	9	3	8
New Mexico	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
New York	26	3	10	5	1	8	79	4	2	3	14	17	7	32
North Carolina	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	11	(3)	1	1	2	4	(3)	3
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	5	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	2	9	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	1	3
Oklahoma	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)
Oregon	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	9	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	4	1	1
Pennsylvania	7	1	3	1	(3)	2	5	(3)	(3)	1	1	2	(3)	1
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	2	(3)	(3)
Texas	15	2	6	1	(3)	7	42	3	2	1	5	22	2	7
Utah	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Virginia	10	1	3	2	(3)	4	25	3	2	(3)	6	9	(3)	5
Washington	16	2	6	1	(3)	6	42	4	5	1	9	14	(3)	8
Wisconsin	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	9	(3)	1	(3)	1	4	(3)	3
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could find only part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	5	1	1	1	2	2	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Arizona	60	10	12	6	3	29	92	12	7	4	16	24	3	26
Arkansas	6	1	1	1	1	3	8	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	3
California	422	126	102	41	27	126	723	116	54	27	135	209	16	166
Colorado	32	6	9	2	2	13	59	11	5	2	11	12	2	17
Connecticut	16	2	4	3	1	5	29	5	2	2	5	7	1	7
Delaware	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Florida	83	16	15	6	8	38	201	36	12	12	26	50	8	56
Georgia	27	11	3	1	7	6	34	5	3	3	6	5	1	11
Hawaii	3	(3)	1	1	(3)	1	7	1	(3)	1	2	2	(3)	2
Idaho	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	2
Illinois	46	12	11	5	2	15	77	11	7	3	11	25	(3)	19
Indiana	10	2	2	1	3	3	10	2	(3)	1	3	1	(3)	3
Iowa	6	1	1	(3)	(3)	3	9	1	1	(3)	2	4	(3)	1
Kansas	6	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	12	(3)	1	1	2	5	(3)	3
Kentucky	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	1	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Louisiana	4	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	6	(3)	(3)	1	1	2	(3)	1
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	22	3	4	2	6	7	23	2	2	1	4	5	1	7
Massachusetts	20	3	5	5	(3)	8	40	5	4	3	6	13	1	7
Michigan	13	4	5	(3)	(3)	5	21	2	4	(3)	2	6	1	5
Minnesota	11	3	4	(3)	(3)	4	17	4	1	1	4	5	(3)	2
Mississippi	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	2
Missouri	5	1	2	(3)	1	2	9	1	1	(3)	1	3	(3)	2
Montana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	4	1	1	(3)	1	2	10	1	1	(3)	2	3	(3)	2
Nevada	21	6	5	1	1	8	22	2	1	1	4	7	(3)	7
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
New Jersey	36	7	8	5	(3)	15	76	13	6	6	9	19	2	21
New Mexico	21	3	5	3	(3)	9	57	6	2	1	10	16	4	19
New York	76	12	14	16	7	27	177	24	17	12	36	30	4	54
North Carolina	31	7	4	4	8	8	28	6	3	4	6	3	1	6
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	8	2	2	1	(3)	3	20	2	2	1	4	4	2	5
Oklahoma	7	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	9	1	1	1	1	2	(3)	3
Oregon	12	5	2	(3)	2	2	15	2	2	1	3	4	1	3
Pennsylvania	13	3	2	2	(3)	6	19	2	2	1	4	4	2	4
Rhode Island	3	(3)	1	1	(3)	1	7	1	1	1	1	2	(3)	2
South Carolina	8	1	1	1	2	2	11	3	1	1	2	2	1	1
South Dakota	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	8	1	2	1	1	4	16	3	(3)	1	4	1	(3)	7
Texas	279	75	58	25	24	98	483	57	32	20	78	141	23	131
Utah	14	3	4	1	1	4	18	1	2	1	6	5	(3)	2
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	23	9	3	3	4	4	24	5	1	3	3	9	(3)	3
Washington	9	1	2	(3)	1	4	30	4	2	1	7	8	1	7
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	7	2	1	(3)	1	3	12	2	1	1	4	3	(3)	3
Wyoming	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, childcare problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek fewer than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Alabama	77	35	9	20	12
Alaska	21	12	2	3	5
Arizona	122	71	11	24	17
Arkansas	50	22	8	11	9
California	656	360	79	117	101
Colorado	108	65	10	15	18
Connecticut	86	49	9	16	11
Delaware	16	9	2	4	2
District of Columbia	11	6	2	2	1
Florida	302	163	33	61	45
Georgia	154	83	16	32	23
Hawaii	26	14	3	5	4
Idaho	31	17	4	5	5
Illinois	252	133	27	51	42
Indiana	120	58	13	25	24
Iowa	70	36	8	14	13
Kansas	48	24	5	10	10
Kentucky	82	40	11	18	13
Louisiana	76	36	6	16	17
Maine	30	16	3	6	6
Maryland	118	66	12	23	17
Massachusetts	152	97	15	19	21
Michigan	208	114	18	42	34
Minnesota	119	62	14	16	27
Mississippi	50	20	7	10	12
Missouri	121	67	11	22	21
Montana	24	15	2	4	4
Nebraska	35	19	4	5	7
Nevada	41	23	5	8	5
New Hampshire	31	18	3	5	5
New Jersey	181	103	22	29	26
New Mexico	31	14	5	6	6
New York	340	198	37	60	44
North Carolina	161	87	19	30	26
North Dakota	15	9	2	2	3
Ohio	251	129	27	57	38
Oklahoma	63	32	9	12	10
Oregon	72	34	11	13	14
Pennsylvania	256	138	26	56	35
Rhode Island	26	14	2	7	3
South Carolina	76	39	7	20	10
South Dakota	16	7	3	3	4
Tennessee	112	56	10	29	17
Texas	411	226	41	78	66
Utah	49	28	7	7	8
Vermont	17	9	2	2	4
Virginia	128	63	14	23	29
Washington	143	78	14	25	25
West Virginia	33	18	2	7	6
Wisconsin	122	64	14	22	22
Wyoming	13	7	1	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Men					
Alabama	33	15	2	10	7
Alaska	10	5	(³)	1	3
Arizona	50	29	3	11	7
Arkansas	21	8	2	5	6
California	284	163	14	51	55
Colorado	46	29	2	6	9
Connecticut	37	23	1	7	6
Delaware	6	4	(³)	2	1
District of Columbia	4	3	(³)	1	1
Florida	135	73	6	30	26
Georgia	61	35	4	10	11
Hawaii	12	7	(³)	3	2
Idaho	14	8	1	2	3
Illinois	104	56	3	25	20
Indiana	51	26	2	11	13
Iowa	29	16	1	7	6
Kansas	23	11	1	5	5
Kentucky	32	16	1	8	7
Louisiana	36	18	1	8	9
Maine	15	8	(³)	3	3
Maryland	48	27	2	11	8
Massachusetts	66	45	1	9	10
Michigan	91	49	4	20	18
Minnesota	50	27	1	7	14
Mississippi	19	9	1	3	6
Missouri	53	30	1	11	11
Montana	10	6	(³)	2	2
Nebraska	15	9	1	2	4
Nevada	18	11	1	4	2
New Hampshire	13	8	(³)	2	2
New Jersey	73	44	2	15	13
New Mexico	13	6	1	2	3
New York	142	85	4	28	25
North Carolina	59	33	1	12	13
North Dakota	6	4	(³)	1	1
Ohio	109	54	4	28	22
Oklahoma	25	12	2	6	5
Oregon	31	16	3	5	7
Pennsylvania	104	61	4	25	14
Rhode Island	11	6	(³)	3	2
South Carolina	32	15	1	11	5
South Dakota	6	3	(³)	1	2
Tennessee	46	23	1	13	9
Texas	176	99	8	37	32
Utah	22	14	2	4	2
Vermont	7	4	(³)	1	2
Virginia	53	28	2	10	13
Washington	63	38	2	13	11
West Virginia	14	8	(³)	3	3
Wisconsin	54	30	2	10	12
Wyoming	6	4	(³)	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Women					
Alabama	44	21	8	10	6
Alaska	11	6	1	2	2
Arizona	73	42	8	13	10
Arkansas	30	14	6	6	4
California	372	196	65	65	46
Colorado	62	36	8	9	9
Connecticut	48	26	8	9	5
Delaware	10	5	2	2	1
District of Columbia	7	4	1	1	1
Florida	167	91	26	31	19
Georgia	93	48	12	22	11
Hawaii	14	8	2	3	1
Idaho	17	9	3	2	2
Illinois	148	77	24	26	21
Indiana	68	32	11	14	12
Iowa	41	20	7	7	7
Kansas	25	13	3	5	4
Kentucky	50	24	10	10	6
Louisiana	40	18	6	8	8
Maine	16	8	2	3	2
Maryland	70	38	10	12	9
Massachusetts	86	53	14	10	10
Michigan	117	64	13	23	16
Minnesota	70	34	13	9	13
Mississippi	31	12	6	7	6
Missouri	68	36	10	11	10
Montana	14	9	2	2	2
Nebraska	20	11	3	3	3
Nevada	23	12	4	4	2
New Hampshire	18	9	3	3	2
New Jersey	108	60	20	15	13
New Mexico	19	8	4	4	3
New York	198	113	33	32	20
North Carolina	102	53	18	18	13
North Dakota	9	5	1	1	1
Ohio	143	75	23	28	16
Oklahoma	38	21	7	6	5
Oregon	41	18	8	8	7
Pennsylvania	152	78	22	31	20
Rhode Island	15	7	2	4	2
South Carolina	44	24	6	9	4
South Dakota	10	4	2	1	2
Tennessee	66	33	9	16	7
Texas	234	126	33	41	34
Utah	27	14	5	3	5
Vermont	10	5	2	1	2
Virginia	75	35	12	12	16
Washington	79	40	12	12	15
West Virginia	19	10	2	4	3
Wisconsin	68	34	12	12	10
Wyoming	7	4	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Alabama	61	31	7	14	10
Alaska	17	9	1	2	4
Arizona	112	65	11	22	14
Arkansas	43	19	5	9	9
California	519	284	59	93	83
Colorado	100	61	10	13	17
Connecticut	73	44	7	12	10
Delaware	11	7	1	3	1
District of Columbia	6	4	1	1	1
Florida	254	141	26	48	39
Georgia	108	61	11	21	14
Hawaii	7	4	1	1	1
Idaho	29	16	3	4	5
Illinois	211	112	23	39	38
Indiana	112	55	12	22	23
Iowa	67	35	7	13	12
Kansas	43	22	4	8	9
Kentucky	75	38	9	16	12
Louisiana	53	26	4	11	12
Maine	29	16	3	5	5
Maryland	84	50	8	13	13
Massachusetts	134	86	13	16	20
Michigan	179	100	14	32	32
Minnesota	111	58	12	14	27
Mississippi	30	12	4	6	8
Missouri	105	59	9	18	19
Montana	23	14	2	4	3
Nebraska	34	19	4	5	7
Nevada	32	18	4	6	4
New Hampshire	30	17	3	5	5
New Jersey	145	86	15	24	20
New Mexico	28	13	4	6	5
New York	277	161	28	50	38
North Carolina	120	69	13	18	19
North Dakota	14	8	1	2	3
Ohio	223	119	21	48	34
Oklahoma	54	29	7	9	9
Oregon	65	31	10	11	13
Pennsylvania	231	127	23	49	32
Rhode Island	24	13	2	6	3
South Carolina	60	31	5	15	8
South Dakota	15	7	2	2	3
Tennessee	98	50	9	25	15
Texas	347	194	36	62	55
Utah	48	27	7	6	8
Vermont	17	9	2	2	3
Virginia	103	54	12	16	21
Washington	124	71	9	21	22
West Virginia	32	17	2	7	6
Wisconsin	114	59	13	20	21
Wyoming	12	7	1	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black or African American					
Alabama	14	4	3	5	2
Alaska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	4	2	(³)	1	1
Arkansas	6	2	1	2	1
California	40	21	6	6	7
Colorado	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Connecticut	10	4	1	3	1
Delaware	4	1	1	1	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	39	17	5	12	5
Georgia	42	20	5	9	8
Hawaii	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	28	14	3	9	3
Indiana	5	2	(³)	2	1
Iowa	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	2	1	(³)	1	1
Kentucky	6	2	1	3	1
Louisiana	20	8	2	5	5
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	28	12	4	9	4
Massachusetts	4	3	(³)	1	(³)
Michigan	20	9	2	7	1
Minnesota	5	2	1	2	(³)
Mississippi	19	8	3	4	4
Missouri	9	4	1	3	1
Nebraska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	4	2	1	1	(³)
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	20	8	5	4	4
New Mexico	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	40	22	7	7	5
North Carolina	37	16	5	11	5
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	20	6	4	8	2
Oklahoma	3	1	1	(³)	1
Oregon	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	19	7	3	6	2
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	15	8	1	5	2
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	11	5	1	3	2
Texas	42	20	3	11	8
Utah	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	19	6	1	6	6
Washington	4	1	3	1	(³)
West Virginia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	5	2	1	1	1
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Asian					
Alabama	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	4	2	1	1	(3)
Arkansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	71	43	11	11	7
Colorado	3	2	(3)	1	(3)
Connecticut	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Delaware	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	6	4	1	(3)	1
Georgia	4	1	1	1	(3)
Hawaii	11	6	1	2	1
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	10	6	1	2	1
Indiana	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Iowa	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	4	3	(3)	1	(3)
Massachusetts	11	8	2	1	1
Michigan	5	3	1	1	(3)
Minnesota	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	3	2	(3)	(3)	1
Montana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	3	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	14	9	3	1	2
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York	16	13	1	2	1
North Carolina	2	1	(3)	(3)	1
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oklahoma	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oregon	3	2	1	1	(3)
Pennsylvania	4	3	(3)	(3)	(3)
Rhode Island	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Texas	15	9	1	3	1
Utah	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	4	3	(3)	(3)	1
Washington	9	5	2	2	1
Wisconsin	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Childcare problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Alabama	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Alaska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	19	11	2	4	2
Arkansas	3	1	1	(³)	(³)
California	162	77	25	34	26
Colorado	14	7	1	4	2
Connecticut	8	3	1	2	1
Delaware	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	44	21	5	12	5
Georgia	7	5	(³)	1	1
Hawaii	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	20	9	3	4	3
Indiana	4	2	(³)	1	1
Iowa	3	1	1	(³)	(³)
Kansas	3	1	(³)	1	(³)
Kentucky	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
Louisiana	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	6	3	1	(³)	1
Massachusetts	6	3	(³)	1	2
Michigan	6	2	(³)	3	1
Minnesota	3	1	1	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Missouri	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Montana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	7	3	1	2	1
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	15	8	2	3	2
New Mexico	12	5	2	3	2
New York	37	19	9	7	3
North Carolina	8	5	(³)	1	1
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	5	2	(³)	1	1
Oklahoma	3	1	1	(³)	1
Oregon	6	2	1	1	2
Pennsylvania	5	2	(³)	2	1
Rhode Island	1	1	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	119	65	14	23	17
Utah	5	2	1	1	1
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	5	2	(³)	1	1
Washington	7	3	1	1	1
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	3	2	(³)	1	1
Wyoming	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or African

American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Alabama	91	45	11	14	25	7
Alaska	24	11	6	3	9	1
Arizona	126	41	11	22	49	14
Arkansas	72	32	11	12	23	5
California	865	410	112	85	274	95
Colorado	112	47	11	16	41	8
Connecticut	80	40	10	7	24	9
Delaware	15	9	3	2	4	1
District of Columbia	18	9	1	1	7	1
Florida	291	130	23	45	92	24
Georgia	220	99	26	26	70	25
Hawaii	17	6	2	3	6	1
Idaho	27	13	6	4	8	2
Illinois	295	161	41	32	81	21
Indiana	164	85	30	21	45	13
Iowa	60	27	10	9	20	3
Kansas	65	29	7	10	22	4
Kentucky	114	45	16	14	42	13
Louisiana	91	40	11	12	32	7
Maine	32	16	6	5	10	1
Maryland	116	50	10	16	42	7
Massachusetts	172	98	25	20	44	10
Michigan	353	193	64	30	102	28
Minnesota	117	59	26	10	38	9
Mississippi	83	40	12	10	24	8
Missouri	147	71	15	15	51	10
Montana	18	9	5	3	6	1
Nebraska	31	14	6	4	11	2
Nevada	54	24	6	8	15	6
New Hampshire	25	11	4	4	8	1
New Jersey	218	122	24	15	65	16
New Mexico	40	17	5	6	16	1
New York	423	207	53	34	137	45
North Carolina	209	91	16	31	66	21
North Dakota	12	5	3	2	5	1
Ohio	322	149	48	34	112	27
Oklahoma	66	25	6	10	25	7
Oregon	103	48	18	15	33	7
Pennsylvania	293	153	52	31	83	26
Rhode Island	30	16	5	2	9	3
South Carolina	137	60	13	20	44	14
South Dakota	13	5	2	3	5	1
Tennessee	155	73	20	23	47	12
Texas	554	228	40	72	198	56
Utah	38	14	4	5	16	2
Vermont	13	7	3	1	4	1
Virginia	123	55	13	19	40	9
Washington	167	82	31	18	50	16
West Virginia	42	21	7	5	11	4
Wisconsin	146	78	32	15	43	10
Wyoming	10	4	1	2	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Men						
Alabama	46	26	6	4	12	4
Alaska	15	8	4	1	5	1
Arizona	62	27	5	11	19	4
Arkansas	39	19	7	6	11	3
California	469	259	69	42	124	45
Colorado	57	26	6	7	17	7
Connecticut	43	24	6	2	12	5
Delaware	9	5	1	1	2	1
District of Columbia	8	4	(¹)	1	3	(¹)
Florida	153	77	14	27	36	14
Georgia	114	59	16	12	31	13
Hawaii	9	4	2	2	3	1
Idaho	13	7	3	2	4	1
Illinois	161	94	27	16	39	12
Indiana	79	51	19	7	16	6
Iowa	31	17	6	4	9	2
Kansas	31	15	4	5	9	2
Kentucky	60	30	11	7	18	5
Louisiana	47	23	8	5	14	4
Maine	18	10	4	2	5	1
Maryland	58	28	6	8	19	4
Massachusetts	101	64	17	10	20	6
Michigan	196	122	45	14	50	10
Minnesota	71	41	19	6	20	5
Mississippi	45	27	8	5	10	4
Missouri	74	37	9	6	25	6
Montana	10	5	3	1	3	(¹)
Nebraska	18	9	4	2	5	1
Nevada	30	16	5	4	8	3
New Hampshire	14	8	3	2	3	1
New Jersey	116	70	15	7	30	9
New Mexico	21	10	3	2	9	1
New York	242	133	33	18	66	25
North Carolina	103	55	9	12	26	10
North Dakota	7	3	3	1	2	1
Ohio	183	94	33	19	57	13
Oklahoma	41	18	4	5	12	5
Oregon	54	28	10	7	16	4
Pennsylvania	159	90	31	16	41	13
Rhode Island	15	9	3	1	4	1
South Carolina	72	36	9	12	16	8
South Dakota	7	3	1	1	2	(¹)
Tennessee	83	45	12	16	16	6
Texas	288	132	20	35	90	30
Utah	21	9	2	2	8	2
Vermont	7	4	2	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	56	31	6	7	14	4
Washington	91	49	17	9	26	7
West Virginia	22	15	5	2	3	2
Wisconsin	83	47	20	8	23	5
Wyoming	5	2	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Women						
Alabama	45	19	5	10	13	3
Alaska	9	4	2	1	4	(¹)
Arizona	64	14	6	10	30	9
Arkansas	33	12	4	6	12	2
California	396	152	43	44	150	51
Colorado	55	20	5	9	24	2
Connecticut	37	16	4	5	12	4
Delaware	7	4	1	1	2	1
District of Columbia	10	4	(¹)	1	4	1
Florida	138	53	10	18	57	10
Georgia	106	41	9	14	40	12
Hawaii	8	2	1	2	4	1
Idaho	14	6	3	2	4	1
Illinois	134	67	14	16	41	9
Indiana	85	34	11	15	29	7
Iowa	29	11	4	5	11	2
Kansas	34	14	4	5	13	2
Kentucky	55	16	5	8	24	7
Louisiana	45	17	4	7	18	3
Maine	14	6	2	2	5	1
Maryland	58	23	4	8	23	4
Massachusetts	71	34	8	9	24	4
Michigan	157	72	18	16	52	18
Minnesota	46	18	7	4	19	5
Mississippi	38	13	5	5	15	5
Missouri	73	33	6	9	27	4
Montana	8	3	1	2	3	(¹)
Nebraska	12	4	2	2	5	(¹)
Nevada	23	8	2	4	7	4
New Hampshire	11	3	1	2	5	(¹)
New Jersey	103	52	9	8	36	7
New Mexico	19	7	2	4	8	1
New York	181	74	20	16	71	20
North Carolina	106	36	7	19	40	11
North Dakota	5	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	140	55	15	16	55	14
Oklahoma	25	7	3	5	12	2
Oregon	48	20	8	8	17	4
Pennsylvania	134	63	21	15	42	13
Rhode Island	15	7	2	1	5	2
South Carolina	65	24	5	8	28	6
South Dakota	7	2	1	1	3	(¹)
Tennessee	72	28	7	7	31	6
Texas	266	95	20	37	108	26
Utah	17	5	2	3	8	1
Vermont	6	3	1	1	2	1
Virginia	67	24	7	11	26	6
Washington	76	33	14	9	25	9
West Virginia	20	7	2	3	8	2
Wisconsin	63	31	12	7	20	5
Wyoming	4	2	(¹)	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
White						
Alabama	49	25	6	9	12	3
Alaska	14	8	4	2	5	(¹)
Arizona	108	36	9	20	41	12
Arkansas	50	23	9	8	17	3
California	649	319	99	66	196	68
Colorado	96	40	10	14	35	7
Connecticut	61	32	8	6	18	6
Delaware	10	5	2	1	3	1
District of Columbia	4	1	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Florida	206	100	20	30	62	14
Georgia	106	51	15	12	28	15
Hawaii	4	2	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Idaho	24	12	6	4	7	1
Illinois	197	117	33	26	43	10
Indiana	132	72	26	16	32	12
Iowa	52	24	9	8	18	2
Kansas	50	22	6	8	16	4
Kentucky	98	39	13	13	36	10
Louisiana	38	18	4	5	14	2
Maine	31	16	6	4	10	1
Maryland	58	26	7	10	18	4
Massachusetts	141	85	22	16	33	7
Michigan	262	150	53	24	68	20
Minnesota	95	51	25	9	29	6
Mississippi	34	20	7	4	8	2
Missouri	101	50	14	12	33	7
Montana	15	7	3	3	5	(¹)
Nebraska	24	12	5	4	8	1
Nevada	40	19	6	6	11	4
New Hampshire	23	11	4	4	8	1
New Jersey	146	84	18	9	40	13
New Mexico	34	14	4	6	14	1
New York	284	147	45	25	87	25
North Carolina	117	51	9	18	37	11
North Dakota	9	4	3	1	3	(¹)
Ohio	233	120	43	25	70	17
Oklahoma	45	17	4	7	16	5
Oregon	88	41	15	13	28	5
Pennsylvania	238	126	48	25	67	20
Rhode Island	26	14	5	2	7	2
South Carolina	75	34	7	13	25	3
South Dakota	10	4	2	2	3	(¹)
Tennessee	106	50	16	16	31	8
Texas	395	164	31	54	141	36
Utah	34	13	4	5	15	2
Vermont	13	7	3	1	4	1
Virginia	75	34	9	11	25	5
Washington	137	72	27	15	38	13
West Virginia	40	20	7	5	11	4
Wisconsin	122	70	30	12	34	7
Wyoming	8	3	1	2	3	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Black or African American						
Alabama	38	18	4	5	12	3
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Arizona	7	1	1	(¹)	4	1
Arkansas	20	8	2	4	5	2
California	100	43	6	8	37	11
Colorado	6	2	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)
Connecticut	15	6	2	1	5	3
Delaware	5	4	1	(¹)	1	(¹)
District of Columbia	14	7	1	1	5	1
Florida	77	27	2	14	28	9
Georgia	108	45	8	13	40	9
Illinois	85	39	7	3	34	10
Indiana	28	10	3	4	12	1
Iowa	5	3	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Kansas	8	4	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)
Kentucky	14	6	2	1	6	2
Louisiana	50	21	6	6	18	5
Maryland	52	22	2	6	21	3
Massachusetts	17	7	(¹)	2	6	2
Michigan	78	38	9	4	29	7
Minnesota	11	4	1	1	4	2
Mississippi	48	19	6	6	16	7
Missouri	41	19	1	3	16	3
Nebraska	3	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Nevada	6	3	(¹)	1	2	1
New Jersey	58	31	5	5	21	2
New Mexico	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New York	114	49	6	7	43	15
North Carolina	82	36	6	13	24	9
Ohio	80	26	5	8	38	8
Oklahoma	9	3	1	(¹)	5	1
Oregon	4	1	(¹)	1	2	1
Pennsylvania	46	24	4	3	13	5
Rhode Island	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
South Carolina	60	25	6	6	19	11
Tennessee	45	20	3	6	16	3
Texas	138	55	8	15	49	18
Virginia	44	19	3	8	13	4
Washington	9	3	1	1	3	1
West Virginia	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	17	7	1	1	6	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
California	75	32	3	6	26	11
Colorado	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1
Connecticut	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	3	1	(1)	(1)	1	1
Georgia	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Hawaii	5	1	1	2	2	(1)
Illinois	11	5	(1)	3	3	1
Kansas	4	2	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Maryland	3	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Massachusetts	10	4	2	1	4	1
Michigan	4	1	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Minnesota	6	1	(1)	(1)	4	(1)
Nevada	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	10	6	(1)	(1)	2	1
New York	15	7	1	1	5	2
North Carolina	5	2	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Ohio	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1
Oregon	2	1	1	(1)	1	(1)
Pennsylvania	3	(1)	(1)	1	2	1
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Texas	10	3	(1)	2	4	1
Virginia	3	1	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
Washington	9	3	1	1	4	1
Wisconsin	4	(1)	(1)	1	3	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Alabama	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Alaska	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Arizona	42	12	3	5	18	7
Arkansas	4	2	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
California	331	169	65	29	91	42
Colorado	30	14	4	4	8	4
Connecticut	15	7	2	1	5	2
Delaware	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
District of Columbia	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Florida	66	35	8	10	17	5
Georgia	18	10	5	1	5	3
Hawaii	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Idaho	3	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)
Illinois	41	24	8	3	11	3
Indiana	7	4	3	2	1	(¹)
Iowa	3	1	1	(¹)	1	1
Kansas	5	3	(¹)	1	1	(¹)
Kentucky	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Louisiana	3	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	9	4	1	1	2	1
Massachusetts	24	14	1	2	6	2
Michigan	10	5	3	(¹)	3	2
Minnesota	5	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Mississippi	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Missouri	6	3	(¹)	1	2	(¹)
Nebraska	3	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)
Nevada	15	8	2	2	4	1
New Hampshire	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	46	27	4	2	15	2
New Mexico	19	8	3	2	8	1
New York	79	40	9	4	25	10
North Carolina	11	5	1	3	3	(¹)
Ohio	11	5	2	(¹)	5	1
Oklahoma	6	3	2	1	1	1
Oregon	9	5	2	(¹)	3	1
Pennsylvania	19	8	1	3	6	2
Rhode Island	5	2	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
South Carolina	5	3	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Tennessee	4	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1
Texas	181	71	16	23	64	23
Utah	5	1	(¹)	1	2	1
Virginia	7	4	2	(¹)	3	(¹)
Washington	15	8	4	(¹)	6	1
Wisconsin	9	5	2	(¹)	3	1
Wyoming	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table (White, Black or

African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Alabama	91	35	28	29	15	14	9	5	13.8	7.9
Alaska	24	10	8	6	3	3	2	1	12.7	6.8
Arizona	126	58	40	29	14	14	6	9	11.9	5.5
Arkansas	72	31	24	18	10	8	4	4	12.2	6.7
California	865	335	249	281	129	152	60	92	16.9	8.1
Colorado	112	45	36	31	16	15	8	7	14.2	7.1
Connecticut	80	28	25	26	10	16	5	11	19.0	8.4
Delaware	15	5	5	6	2	3	2	1	17.3	9.2
District of Columbia	18	6	5	7	3	4	2	2	18.8	10.2
Florida	291	121	92	78	39	39	14	25	14.7	7.0
Georgia	220	90	60	70	27	43	16	27	17.7	7.6
Hawaii	17	8	5	4	2	2	1	2	14.9	5.5
Idaho	27	14	8	5	3	2	1	1	10.8	4.4
Illinois	295	98	80	117	45	72	25	47	21.7	10.1
Indiana	164	52	54	58	24	35	19	16	17.3	9.8
Iowa	60	27	18	15	7	8	4	5	14.2	6.2
Kansas	65	27	20	18	8	10	4	5	14.2	6.7
Kentucky	114	38	40	36	17	19	9	10	15.9	8.6
Louisiana	91	39	22	30	15	15	8	7	15.2	6.9
Maine	32	13	10	9	5	5	2	3	14.9	7.0
Maryland	116	48	32	36	17	19	7	13	16.3	7.3
Massachusetts	172	65	50	56	29	28	14	14	15.9	8.9
Michigan	353	109	107	137	62	75	37	37	19.0	10.3
Minnesota	117	46	37	33	19	15	7	7	13.6	7.5
Mississippi	83	29	24	30	12	19	7	11	19.6	9.2
Missouri	147	49	46	52	20	32	12	20	20.4	9.2
Montana	18	9	4	5	2	3	2	1	13.5	4.7
Nebraska	31	14	8	9	4	5	2	3	16.7	6.1
Nevada	54	25	17	12	5	7	3	3	12.6	5.4
New Hampshire	25	10	8	7	4	3	1	2	13.9	7.4
New Jersey	218	71	72	76	36	40	17	22	17.5	9.4
New Mexico	40	17	13	10	5	5	2	2	12.7	7.0
New York	423	140	123	161	67	94	34	60	20.7	9.6
North Carolina	209	73	60	76	36	40	14	27	19.9	9.5
North Dakota	12	5	4	3	1	1	1	1	11.9	5.9
Ohio	322	113	103	106	47	59	31	27	16.2	8.5
Oklahoma	66	27	20	19	10	9	5	4	13.5	6.9
Oregon	103	41	34	28	12	16	9	6	14.7	7.2
Pennsylvania	293	98	92	103	44	59	22	37	18.6	9.2
Rhode Island	30	9	10	11	7	4	2	2	15.7	9.7
South Carolina	137	44	44	50	15	34	15	19	19.7	9.4
South Dakota	13	6	4	4	2	2	1	1	15.7	6.2
Tennessee	155	51	49	55	29	26	12	14	16.1	9.3
Texas	554	216	166	172	87	86	49	37	15.0	8.0
Utah	38	20	10	7	4	3	2	2	10.7	4.1
Vermont	13	5	4	4	2	2	1	1	14.2	7.3
Virginia	123	50	38	35	17	18	7	11	15.7	7.3
Washington	167	74	53	41	19	22	8	14	14.6	6.1
West Virginia	42	15	13	14	5	9	4	6	18.9	8.8
Wisconsin	146	54	45	46	21	25	9	17	17.3	8.5
Wyoming	10	5	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	10.1	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Men										
Alabama	46	18	13	14	7	7	4	3	13.9	7.6
Alaska	15	6	5	4	2	2	1	1	14.2	7.5
Arizona	62	27	19	16	7	9	4	5	13.6	6.0
Arkansas	39	17	11	11	5	6	2	4	14.6	6.8
California	469	182	127	159	67	92	35	57	18.1	8.3
Colorado	57	25	18	15	8	7	3	4	13.9	6.8
Connecticut	43	16	13	14	5	9	4	6	19.2	8.7
Delaware	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	17.3	8.8
District of Columbia	8	3	2	3	1	2	1	1	20.4	10.0
Florida	153	66	47	40	19	21	8	13	15.0	6.6
Georgia	114	52	25	37	13	24	9	15	17.2	6.3
Hawaii	9	4	3	2	1	2	(¹)	1	17.0	5.8
Idaho	13	7	4	2	1	1	(¹)	1	10.6	4.2
Illinois	161	58	41	63	22	41	15	26	21.5	9.5
Indiana	79	25	25	29	10	19	11	8	18.3	9.7
Iowa	31	13	9	9	4	5	2	3	15.9	7.1
Kansas	31	14	9	8	5	3	1	2	12.2	5.8
Kentucky	60	19	21	19	10	9	5	4	15.5	9.4
Louisiana	47	22	10	14	8	7	3	4	14.9	5.9
Maine	18	7	6	5	2	3	1	2	16.1	7.2
Maryland	58	25	16	17	11	7	3	3	13.2	7.1
Massachusetts	101	37	32	32	18	14	8	6	15.3	9.2
Michigan	196	58	62	76	36	40	20	20	19.1	10.7
Minnesota	71	26	23	22	13	9	4	5	14.1	8.1
Mississippi	45	16	11	18	6	12	5	7	20.7	10.1
Missouri	74	26	23	24	10	14	7	7	17.8	8.6
Montana	10	5	2	3	1	2	1	1	16.1	4.5
Nebraska	18	8	5	5	2	3	1	2	18.0	6.5
Nevada	30	16	9	5	2	3	2	2	11.0	4.3
New Hampshire	14	6	4	4	2	2	1	1	14.1	7.3
New Jersey	116	39	39	38	19	19	9	10	16.9	9.1
New Mexico	21	9	7	6	3	3	1	1	14.6	7.7
New York	242	70	73	99	38	62	23	39	23.6	10.5
North Carolina	103	36	29	38	18	20	7	13	20.6	9.3
North Dakota	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	14.3	7.2
Ohio	183	59	63	61	25	36	18	18	16.6	8.8
Oklahoma	41	15	12	14	7	6	4	3	14.8	8.5
Oregon	54	24	18	13	5	8	4	4	14.6	6.3
Pennsylvania	159	52	51	57	23	34	13	21	19.7	9.2
Rhode Island	15	4	5	6	3	2	1	1	16.2	10.1
South Carolina	72	22	21	28	7	21	6	15	23.5	10.1
South Dakota	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	14.6	5.8
Tennessee	83	29	26	27	15	12	6	6	14.5	8.8
Texas	288	107	80	100	48	52	28	24	16.7	8.8
Utah	21	11	6	3	2	1	1	1	10.7	4.1
Vermont	7	3	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	13.9	7.5
Virginia	56	22	18	16	8	8	3	5	14.9	7.9
Washington	91	40	25	27	11	16	5	10	17.2	6.5
West Virginia	22	8	7	8	2	5	2	3	19.1	8.7
Wisconsin	83	31	25	27	11	16	5	10	18.2	8.7
Wyoming	5	3	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	11.3	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Women										
Alabama	45	16	14	14	8	7	5	2	13.7	8.2
Alaska	9	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	10.2	5.8
Arizona	64	31	20	12	8	5	1	3	10.3	4.9
Arkansas	33	14	13	6	4	2	2	(¹)	9.3	6.5
California	396	152	123	121	62	60	25	35	15.5	7.9
Colorado	55	20	19	16	8	8	5	3	14.5	7.5
Connecticut	37	13	13	12	5	7	2	5	18.7	8.2
Delaware	7	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	17.4	9.7
District of Columbia	10	3	3	4	2	2	1	1	17.5	10.3
Florida	138	55	45	38	20	18	6	12	14.4	7.3
Georgia	106	38	35	33	14	19	7	12	18.1	8.4
Hawaii	8	4	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	12.3	5.2
Idaho	14	7	4	3	2	1	1	1	10.9	4.8
Illinois	134	41	39	54	23	31	10	21	21.9	10.7
Indiana	85	27	29	29	13	16	8	7	16.5	9.8
Iowa	29	14	9	6	3	4	2	2	12.3	5.3
Kansas	34	13	11	10	4	6	3	4	16.1	7.5
Kentucky	55	19	19	17	7	10	4	6	16.3	7.8
Louisiana	45	17	12	15	7	8	6	2	15.4	7.7
Maine	14	6	4	4	2	2	1	1	13.5	6.8
Maryland	58	23	16	19	6	13	3	9	19.4	7.6
Massachusetts	71	28	18	24	11	13	6	7	16.8	8.5
Michigan	157	52	45	60	26	35	17	18	18.9	9.9
Minnesota	46	20	14	12	6	6	3	2	12.8	6.4
Mississippi	38	13	13	12	5	7	2	4	18.2	8.5
Missouri	73	23	22	28	9	18	5	13	23.0	9.8
Montana	8	4	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	10.4	5.0
Nebraska	12	6	3	3	2	2	1	1	14.6	5.4
Nevada	23	9	8	7	3	3	2	2	14.6	7.4
New Hampshire	11	4	4	3	2	1	(¹)	1	13.7	7.4
New Jersey	103	31	33	38	18	21	9	12	18.1	9.6
New Mexico	19	9	7	4	2	2	1	1	10.7	6.1
New York	181	70	50	61	29	33	12	21	16.8	8.4
North Carolina	106	37	32	38	18	20	6	14	19.3	9.7
North Dakota	5	3	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.4	4.2
Ohio	140	55	40	44	22	22	13	9	15.8	7.9
Oklahoma	25	12	8	5	2	3	1	1	11.4	4.7
Oregon	48	18	16	15	7	8	5	3	14.7	8.3
Pennsylvania	134	47	41	46	21	25	9	16	17.3	9.2
Rhode Island	15	5	5	5	3	2	1	1	15.2	9.2
South Carolina	65	22	22	21	8	13	9	4	15.6	8.7
South Dakota	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	16.8	6.7
Tennessee	72	22	23	27	14	14	6	8	18.0	10.0
Texas	266	109	85	72	39	34	21	12	13.2	7.2
Utah	17	9	4	4	2	2	1	1	10.8	4.1
Vermont	6	2	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	14.5	7.2
Virginia	67	28	20	19	9	11	4	6	16.3	6.8
Washington	76	34	28	14	8	6	3	3	11.5	5.7
West Virginia	20	7	6	6	3	4	1	2	18.6	8.9
Wisconsin	63	23	20	20	10	10	3	6	16.2	8.2
Wyoming	4	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.5	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
White										
Alabama	49	21	15	14	8	6	4	1	11.4	7.0
Alaska	14	6	5	4	2	2	1	1	12.7	6.7
Arizona	108	51	33	24	13	12	4	7	11.8	5.2
Arkansas	50	21	16	13	7	6	2	3	12.9	6.7
California	649	260	196	194	93	101	41	60	15.8	7.6
Colorado	96	40	30	26	14	12	6	6	13.9	6.6
Connecticut	61	22	18	20	8	12	4	8	19.0	8.4
Delaware	10	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	17.4	8.3
District of Columbia	4	1	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	15.4	8.0
Florida	206	93	64	49	24	25	9	16	13.5	6.0
Georgia	106	51	34	21	9	13	6	7	11.9	5.0
Hawaii	4	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	14.4	6.8
Idaho	24	12	7	4	3	2	1	1	9.9	4.4
Illinois	197	77	53	68	28	39	18	21	17.7	8.3
Indiana	132	45	43	45	18	27	16	12	16.8	9.0
Iowa	52	25	15	13	5	8	3	4	14.3	5.4
Kansas	50	22	16	12	6	7	3	3	13.5	6.1
Kentucky	98	33	36	29	14	15	8	8	15.1	8.3
Louisiana	38	18	9	11	5	6	4	2	14.2	5.4
Maine	31	12	9	9	5	4	2	2	15.0	7.0
Maryland	58	28	14	16	8	8	4	4	13.6	5.4
Massachusetts	141	53	43	44	24	20	11	9	14.8	8.5
Michigan	262	84	80	98	43	55	26	29	19.3	10.1
Minnesota	95	38	33	25	14	11	5	5	13.1	7.3
Mississippi	34	13	10	11	5	7	3	3	16.4	8.6
Missouri	101	40	31	30	11	19	7	12	17.4	7.4
Montana	15	8	4	3	2	2	1	1	11.1	4.3
Nebraska	24	12	6	7	3	4	1	2	16.3	5.2
Nevada	40	20	12	8	4	4	2	2	10.9	4.4
New Hampshire	23	10	8	6	3	3	1	2	13.5	7.1
New Jersey	146	55	47	43	22	21	7	14	15.5	7.8
New Mexico	34	15	12	7	4	3	1	2	11.0	6.4
New York	284	101	89	94	42	52	19	33	17.9	8.5
North Carolina	117	42	34	41	17	24	8	16	20.9	8.9
North Dakota	9	4	3	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.9	5.0
Ohio	233	87	69	77	30	47	24	24	16.9	8.0
Oklahoma	45	20	13	12	5	7	4	3	13.4	6.0
Oregon	88	35	29	24	10	14	8	6	14.8	7.5
Pennsylvania	238	82	75	81	35	45	16	29	18.3	8.7
Rhode Island	26	9	8	9	5	3	1	2	15.2	9.1
South Carolina	75	25	23	27	9	18	10	8	18.2	8.9
South Dakota	10	4	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	12.7	5.5
Tennessee	106	36	37	33	18	15	9	7	14.9	8.7
Texas	395	172	117	106	48	58	31	27	14.1	6.5
Utah	34	18	9	7	4	3	2	2	11.1	4.2
Vermont	13	5	4	4	2	2	1	1	14.2	7.4
Virginia	75	34	23	18	9	9	4	5	13.0	5.8
Washington	137	62	43	32	15	16	7	10	14.3	5.6
West Virginia	40	14	12	14	5	9	3	6	19.3	8.8
Wisconsin	122	47	40	35	17	18	5	12	15.8	7.8
Wyoming	8	5	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	9.5	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Black or African American										
Alabama	38	12	12	14	6	8	4	4	17.3	9.1
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	13.6	7.6
Arizona	7	2	3	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	10.1	7.8
Arkansas	20	9	7	4	3	2	1	1	10.6	6.5
California	100	31	26	43	19	24	12	12	20.6	10.9
Colorado	6	2	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	14.5	11.5
Connecticut	15	4	6	5	1	3	1	2	17.3	8.5
Delaware	5	1	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	16.3	10.3
District of Columbia	14	4	4	6	3	3	1	2	19.8	10.9
Florida	77	23	27	28	14	13	4	9	18.2	9.5
Georgia	108	35	25	47	18	29	9	20	23.7	11.3
Illinois	85	18	24	43	14	29	6	23	30.5	15.3
Indiana	28	6	10	12	6	7	3	4	20.3	12.8
Iowa	5	1	3	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	13.4	9.3
Kansas	8	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	16.3	10.4
Kentucky	14	4	4	6	3	3	1	2	22.0	12.7
Louisiana	50	20	12	18	10	9	4	5	16.2	8.5
Maryland	52	17	17	18	8	10	2	8	19.3	9.7
Massachusetts	17	6	4	8	3	5	3	2	19.1	12.9
Michigan	78	21	24	32	15	17	10	7	18.7	11.2
Minnesota	11	4	2	5	3	2	1	(¹)	14.8	10.1
Mississippi	48	16	13	19	7	12	4	8	22.3	10.2
Missouri	41	8	13	20	7	13	4	9	28.6	14.2
Nebraska	3	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	21.3	11.7
Nevada	6	2	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	18.3	9.2
New Jersey	58	13	20	26	11	15	8	7	21.7	13.0
New Mexico	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	24.5	26.8
New York	114	32	28	53	21	32	12	21	25.5	12.8
North Carolina	82	27	23	32	18	14	6	9	18.7	10.9
Ohio	80	24	29	26	16	10	7	3	14.5	9.4
Oklahoma	9	3	3	4	3	1	1	(¹)	15.6	12.1
Oregon	4	1	1	2	1	1	1	(¹)	15.3	8.8
Pennsylvania	46	13	13	20	7	12	6	7	20.8	12.0
Rhode Island	2	(¹)	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	17.9	14.5
South Carolina	60	18	20	22	6	16	5	11	21.3	9.7
Tennessee	45	13	12	21	11	10	3	7	19.1	12.6
Texas	138	35	41	61	37	24	16	8	17.5	12.4
Virginia	44	14	14	16	8	8	3	5	18.6	9.3
Washington	9	4	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	12.5	4.5
West Virginia	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.0	10.2
Wisconsin	17	5	3	9	2	7	2	4	28.9	17.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Alaska	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.1	4.7
California	75	27	17	32	12	19	5	14	21.1	10.7
Colorado	2	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	21.8	10.3
Connecticut	2	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	25.0	8.5
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	23.3	19.0
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	26.4	27.9
Florida	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	15.7	2.9
Georgia	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	19.3	14.0
Hawaii	5	2	2	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	15.7	6.6
Illinois	11	4	3	5	2	3	1	2	23.9	10.1
Kansas	4	1	1	2	1	1	(1)	1	23.0	17.0
Maryland	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	18.8	4.1
Massachusetts	10	4	3	3	1	2	1	2	23.8	10.3
Michigan	4	1	1	2	1	1	(1)	1	23.6	19.4
Minnesota	6	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	23.1	11.7
Nevada	2	1	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	18.2	10.0
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.4	8.1
New Jersey	10	2	3	5	3	2	1	1	16.9	14.8
New York	15	5	4	7	2	5	2	3	26.1	12.4
North Carolina	5	1	1	2	1	2	(1)	2	24.8	12.1
Ohio	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	8.8	4.4
Oregon	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.8	3.3
Pennsylvania	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	17.2	10.7
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	22.9	13.3
Texas	10	2	3	4	1	3	1	2	24.2	11.3
Virginia	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	42.1	9.0
Washington	9	3	2	3	(1)	3	(1)	3	21.8	9.7
Wisconsin	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	(1)	18.2	10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Mean duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2	1.8
Alaska	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.2	7.8
Arizona	42	21	12	8	3	5	2	2	10.5	4.4
Arkansas	4	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.9	7.3
California	331	142	99	90	49	41	19	22	13.5	7.0
Colorado	30	12	10	8	5	2	1	1	11.8	6.9
Connecticut	15	5	5	5	2	3	1	3	20.7	9.1
Delaware	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.1	6.7
District of Columbia	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.2	5.8
Florida	66	28	21	18	7	10	4	7	14.9	7.1
Georgia	18	11	4	3	1	2	(¹)	2	11.4	3.7
Hawaii	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.6	5.2
Idaho	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.9	3.6
Illinois	41	18	10	12	7	5	2	3	14.3	6.8
Indiana	7	2	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	17.2	9.9
Iowa	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	6.1
Kansas	5	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.0	6.3
Kentucky	1	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.6	9.9
Louisiana	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	14.3	6.1
Maryland	9	5	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.9	3.6
Massachusetts	24	8	6	10	4	5	3	3	20.0	12.0
Michigan	10	3	3	4	2	2	1	1	19.9	11.3
Minnesota	5	3	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.4	4.6
Mississippi	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.1	2.3
Missouri	6	2	2	2	(¹)	2	1	1	22.0	9.0
Nebraska	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	26.5	4.5
Nevada	15	8	4	3	1	2	1	1	10.5	4.1
New Hampshire	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5.8	4.3
New Jersey	46	17	14	15	7	8	2	6	17.9	8.4
New Mexico	19	9	5	5	3	2	1	1	12.2	5.9
New York	79	24	24	31	13	19	3	16	23.7	10.1
North Carolina	11	4	4	2	1	2	1	1	14.5	6.1
Ohio	11	3	4	4	2	2	(¹)	2	19.6	10.0
Oklahoma	6	4	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	8.8	2.9
Oregon	9	5	2	2	1	2	1	(¹)	13.3	4.3
Pennsylvania	19	6	5	7	3	4	1	2	19.9	9.0
Rhode Island	5	2	1	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	15.4	9.8
South Carolina	5	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	1	23.4	9.2
Tennessee	4	2	1	2	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.4	5.6
Texas	181	84	58	39	19	20	11	10	12.1	5.6
Utah	5	3	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	10.0	4.0
Virginia	7	4	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.5	4.5
Washington	15	7	4	4	1	3	1	2	15.3	5.3
Wisconsin	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	15.3	6.8
Wyoming	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.5	3.8

¹ Fewer than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.) Items may not sum to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the race groups shown in the table

(White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas, Metropolitan Divisions, and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels for the selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities are not provided in tables 27 through 32, because independent population controls are not available. Only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published. Unemployment rates shown in table 27 differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta				
Total	70.8	67.7	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	78.3	75.0	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	63.7	60.7	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.7	26.5	18.9	13.9 - 23.9
White	70.8	68.8	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Men	80.8	78.5	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women	60.9	59.0	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.2	31.1	16.4	10.6 - 22.2
Black or African American	70.8	65.2	7.9	6.7 - 9.1
Men	72.2	66.4	8.0	6.3 - 9.7
Women	69.6	64.2	7.8	6.2 - 9.4
Asian	69.1	68.5	.8	(²) - (²)
Men	79.3	78.1	1.4	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.8	75.9	5.0	3.3 - 6.7
Men	92.0	88.4	4.0	2.1 - 5.9
Women	61.5	57.1	7.2	3.6 - 10.8
Married men, spouse present	84.0	82.1	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	63.2	61.4	2.8	1.9 - 3.7
Women who maintain families.....	74.0	67.1	9.4	6.8 - 12.0
Austin-Round Rock				
Total	71.0	68.4	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Men	78.3	75.5	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Women	62.7	60.4	3.7	2.5 - 4.9
White	70.7	68.4	3.2	2.4 - 4.0
Men	78.5	76.3	2.9	1.9 - 3.9
Women	61.9	59.6	3.7	2.4 - 5.0
Black or African American	69.7	62.3	10.6	6.1 - 15.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.0	73.0	2.6	1.3 - 3.9
Men	82.2	80.3	2.4	.8 - 4.0
Women	66.2	64.2	2.9	.7 - 5.1
Married men, spouse present	83.0	81.2	2.2	1.1 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	61.4	59.6	3.0	1.5 - 4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Baltimore-Towson				
Total	66.9	64.1	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	73.4	70.3	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	61.3	58.7	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.3	39.1	11.7	7.6 - 15.8
White	68.2	66.3	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Men	76.2	74.2	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women	61.2	59.4	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.1	46.1	9.8	5.4 - 14.2
Black or African American	63.2	58.2	7.9	6.6 - 9.2
Men	65.6	59.8	8.8	6.8 - 10.8
Women	61.2	56.9	7.0	5.3 - 8.7
Asian	71.4	68.3	4.3	1.3 - 7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.9	76.9	2.5	.3 - 4.7
Men	90.6	89.3	1.4	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	78.4	76.9	1.9	1.2 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	64.0	62.4	2.5	1.6 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	70.0	64.7	7.6	5.2 - 10.0
Birmingham-Hoover				
Total	66.2	63.4	4.2	3.1 - 5.3
Men	73.6	70.7	4.0	2.6 - 5.4
Women	58.9	56.4	4.4	2.8 - 6.0
White	66.4	64.3	3.1	2.0 - 4.2
Men	75.5	73.5	2.7	1.4 - 4.0
Women	57.0	54.9	3.6	1.9 - 5.3
Black or African American	66.8	62.1	7.0	4.4 - 9.6
Men	68.6	63.2	8.0	4.1 - 11.9
Women	65.1	61.2	6.0	2.7 - 9.3
Married men, spouse present	80.9	79.4	1.8	.6 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	62.7	60.7	3.1	1.3 - 4.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Metropolitan areas:					
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy					
Total	67.8	64.3	5.3	4.7	- 5.9
Men	73.8	69.5	5.9	5.1	- 6.7
Women	62.3	59.4	4.7	3.9	- 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.8	36.1	13.7	9.9	- 17.5
White	68.4	65.0	4.9	4.3	- 5.5
Men	74.4	70.4	5.4	4.5	- 6.3
Women	62.8	60.0	4.4	3.6	- 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.5	37.3	12.3	8.4	- 16.2
Black or African American	62.7	56.6	9.7	6.8	- 12.6
Men	66.4	59.6	10.2	6.1	- 14.3
Women	59.3	53.9	9.1	5.1	- 13.1
Asian	66.2	62.6	5.5	3.3	- 7.7
Men	73.5	67.9	7.6	4.2	- 11.0
Women	59.3	57.5	3.0	.5	- 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.4	61.4	10.2	7.3	- 13.1
Men	71.7	63.6	11.2	7.1	- 15.3
Women	65.2	59.3	9.0	5.2	- 12.8
Married men, spouse present	80.0	77.6	3.0	2.2	- 3.8
Married women, spouse present	65.4	63.4	3.1	2.2	- 4.0
Women who maintain families.....	67.3	60.9	9.5	6.5	- 12.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk					
Total	66.4	63.8	3.9	3.2	- 4.6
Men	75.0	72.1	3.9	2.9	- 4.9
Women	58.7	56.4	4.0	3.0	- 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.5	42.3	10.9	6.5	- 15.3
White	65.2	62.8	3.7	2.9	- 4.5
Men	74.0	71.5	3.4	2.4	- 4.4
Women	57.2	54.9	4.0	2.8	- 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.4	45.8	9.1	4.8	- 13.4
Black or African American	73.5	68.9	6.3	3.9	- 8.7
Men	79.3	73.1	7.8	4.0	- 11.6
Women	69.3	65.8	5.0	2.1	- 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.4	61.6	8.6	5.6	- 11.6
Men	74.8	69.5	7.1	3.4	- 10.8
Women	60.5	54.3	10.2	5.6	- 14.8
Married men, spouse present	79.5	77.6	2.5	1.5	- 3.5
Married women, spouse present	59.2	57.8	2.3	1.2	- 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	74.1	70.1	5.4	2.3	- 8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Buffalo-Niagara Falls				
Total	64.2	60.6	5.5	4.2 - 6.8
Men	67.1	63.0	6.1	4.2 - 8.0
Women	61.6	58.6	5.0	3.3 - 6.7
White	66.0	63.0	4.5	3.3 - 5.7
Men	69.6	66.0	5.1	3.3 - 6.9
Women	62.8	60.3	3.9	2.3 - 5.5
Black or African American	51.2	43.6	14.9	8.7 - 21.1
Married men, spouse present	63.0	60.7	3.7	1.6 - 5.8
Married women, spouse present	60.6	58.9	2.8	.9 - 4.7
Women who maintain families.....	76.4	71.0	7.1	2.2 - 12.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord				
Total	74.2	69.9	5.9	4.9 - 6.9
Men	82.3	78.3	4.9	3.7 - 6.1
Women	66.5	61.9	7.0	5.4 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.8	37.6	23.0	16.0 - 30.0
White	73.7	70.3	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Men	83.5	80.2	3.9	2.6 - 5.2
Women	64.1	60.6	5.4	3.7 - 7.1
Black or African American	76.6	69.0	9.9	7.5 - 12.3
Men	79.5	72.2	9.2	5.8 - 12.6
Women	74.2	66.4	10.6	7.2 - 14.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	82.5	79.8	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Men	92.1	89.5	2.9	.7 - 5.1
Married men, spouse present	85.0	82.2	3.2	1.8 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	67.4	63.2	6.2	4.1 - 8.3
Women who maintain families.....	75.3	68.6	9.0	4.6 - 13.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet				
Total	67.2	64.2	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Men	76.1	72.6	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Women	58.9	56.3	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.3	32.4	13.2	10.4 - 16.0
White	68.5	66.1	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	77.8	74.9	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Women	59.4	57.4	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.0	38.1	9.2	6.4 - 12.0
Black or African American	60.8	54.6	10.2	8.8 - 11.6
Men	64.5	58.0	10.0	7.9 - 12.1
Women	58.0	51.9	10.4	8.5 - 12.3
Asian	68.1	65.4	3.9	2.5 - 5.3
Men	81.1	78.2	3.6	1.7 - 5.5
Women	56.2	53.8	4.3	2.0 - 6.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.5	68.7	5.3	4.2 - 6.4
Men	87.2	82.9	4.9	3.6 - 6.2
Women	55.2	51.8	6.2	4.3 - 8.1
Married men, spouse present	82.9	80.9	2.5	2.0 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	61.3	59.7	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Women who maintain families.....	65.4	60.3	7.8	5.8 - 9.8
Cincinnati-Middletown				
Total	70.3	67.0	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Men	77.0	72.6	5.6	4.4 - 6.8
Women	64.0	61.7	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.6	44.6	15.3	10.5 - 20.1
White	71.3	68.5	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Men	78.2	74.8	4.3	3.2 - 5.4
Women	64.9	62.7	3.4	2.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.9	46.5	13.7	8.6 - 18.8
Black or African American	67.3	59.2	11.9	8.6 - 15.2
Men	74.1	61.8	16.6	11.6 - 21.6
Women	60.3	56.7	6.1	2.2 - 10.0
Married men, spouse present	81.8	80.0	2.2	1.2 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	67.8	66.6	1.7	.7 - 2.7
Women who maintain families.....	65.0	61.9	4.7	1.4 - 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor				
Total	66.2	62.9	5.0	4.1 - 5.9
Men	71.8	68.0	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Women	60.9	58.1	4.6	3.4 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.5	48.1	16.3	11.5 - 21.1
White	66.9	64.4	3.8	3.0 - 4.6
Men	72.2	68.9	4.6	3.4 - 5.8
Women	61.7	59.9	2.9	1.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.2	54.3	11.2	6.4 - 16.0
Black or African American	60.7	54.0	11.2	8.2 - 14.2
Men	67.7	61.8	8.8	4.9 - 12.7
Women	55.3	47.9	13.4	9.0 - 17.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.9	63.0	5.8	1.6 - 10.0
Married men, spouse present	76.4	74.5	2.5	1.4 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	59.8	57.8	3.3	1.8 - 4.8
Women who maintain families.....	73.0	68.8	5.8	2.7 - 8.9
Columbus				
Total	73.7	69.7	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Men	79.5	75.1	5.5	4.2 - 6.8
Women	68.3	64.7	5.3	4.0 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.4	40.4	24.4	18.4 - 30.4
White	72.5	69.3	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Men	79.6	76.0	4.5	3.2 - 5.8
Women	65.7	62.9	4.3	2.9 - 5.7
Black or African American	80.0	71.0	11.3	8.2 - 14.4
Men	79.4	69.7	12.2	7.3 - 17.1
Women	80.4	71.9	10.6	6.7 - 14.5
Married men, spouse present	82.6	80.0	3.1	1.8 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	69.7	66.9	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women who maintain families.....	78.6	74.1	5.7	2.5 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington				
Total	71.5	68.2	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	80.9	77.4	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Women	62.7	59.6	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.2	39.9	17.2	14.2 - 20.2
White	71.5	68.6	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	80.9	77.8	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	62.3	59.7	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.1	43.6	13.0	9.7 - 16.3
Black or African American	70.0	63.3	9.6	7.9 - 11.3
Men	76.6	68.6	10.5	8.0 - 13.0
Women	64.9	59.2	8.9	6.6 - 11.2
Asian	75.8	74.1	2.2	.9 - 3.5
Men	88.0	86.8	1.4	(²) - (²)
Women	63.9	61.8	3.3	.8 - 5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.9	71.5	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Men	88.3	85.2	3.5	2.5 - 4.5
Women	59.6	55.8	6.4	4.6 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.5	40.8	19.1	12.7 - 25.5
Married men, spouse present	85.1	83.5	1.9	1.4 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	62.5	60.9	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	74.1	67.6	8.8	6.5 - 11.1
Dayton				
Total	63.4	59.1	6.8	5.2 - 8.4
Men	70.3	65.7	6.6	4.4 - 8.8
Women	57.4	53.4	7.1	4.8 - 9.4
White	63.3	59.8	5.6	4.0 - 7.2
Men	71.5	67.9	4.9	2.8 - 7.0
Women	56.3	52.7	6.4	3.9 - 8.9
Black or African American	65.1	56.8	12.7	7.4 - 18.0
Married men, spouse present	72.5	70.3	3.1	1.1 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	59.2	56.6	4.3	1.6 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Denver-Aurora				
Total	74.7	71.5	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	82.0	78.8	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	67.6	64.4	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.7	41.9	17.4	13.3 - 21.5
White	75.2	72.3	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Men	82.6	79.4	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	67.9	65.3	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.6	43.6	17.1	12.8 - 21.4
Black or African American	68.7	63.8	7.1	4.0 - 10.2
Men	75.3	72.7	3.5	.4 - 6.6
Asian	74.3	71.2	4.1	1.1 - 7.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.6	68.3	5.9	4.3 - 7.5
Men	83.9	79.3	5.5	3.5 - 7.5
Women	59.5	55.7	6.4	3.7 - 9.1
Married men, spouse present	84.5	82.8	2.0	1.3 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	65.5	63.6	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families.....	75.9	69.9	8.0	4.9 - 11.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia				
Total	63.0	58.5	7.2	6.5 - 7.9
Men	69.5	64.3	7.5	6.5 - 8.5
Women	56.9	53.0	6.8	5.8 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.8	32.9	19.3	15.0 - 23.6
White	63.6	59.8	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Men	71.5	66.9	6.3	5.3 - 7.3
Women	55.8	52.9	5.3	4.2 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.2	39.7	14.1	9.6 - 18.6
Black or African American	59.0	51.4	12.9	10.9 - 14.9
Men	59.4	50.9	14.2	11.1 - 17.3
Women	58.7	51.8	11.7	9.1 - 14.3
Asian	73.5	71.5	2.7	.6 - 4.8
Men	83.9	83.5	.4	(²) - (²)
Women	63.4	59.8	5.7	1.3 - 10.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.4	59.3	6.5	2.5 - 10.5
Men	70.8	64.7	8.7	2.7 - 14.7
Married men, spouse present	75.7	72.5	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Married women, spouse present	59.2	57.0	3.7	2.6 - 4.8
Women who maintain families.....	65.1	59.0	9.3	6.4 - 12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford				
Total	68.9	65.7	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Men	75.6	72.1	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Women	62.5	59.7	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.6	41.8	14.1	9.7 - 18.5
White	68.7	66.1	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Men	75.0	72.1	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Women	62.6	60.4	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.4	44.2	10.3	5.9 - 14.7
Black or African American	69.8	60.9	12.7	9.2 - 16.2
Men	78.1	67.8	13.2	8.4 - 18.0
Women	62.6	55.0	12.2	7.3 - 17.1
Asian	75.1	72.1	3.9	.5 - 7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.5	61.5	10.2	7.1 - 13.3
Men	74.9	67.3	10.1	5.7 - 14.5
Women	63.3	56.8	10.3	5.9 - 14.7
Married men, spouse present	81.4	79.7	2.1	1.2 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	66.2	64.1	3.2	2.0 - 4.4
Women who maintain families.....	69.6	64.4	7.5	4.1 - 10.9
Honolulu				
Total	65.3	63.7	2.4	2.0 - 2.8
Men	72.2	70.4	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Women	59.1	57.7	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
White	64.1	62.6	2.4	1.4 - 3.4
Men	72.9	71.9	1.4	.4 - 2.4
Women	56.0	54.0	3.5	1.7 - 5.3
Asian	61.8	61.0	1.4	1.0 - 1.8
Men	68.8	67.7	1.6	.9 - 2.3
Women	56.2	55.5	1.2	.6 - 1.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.1	67.5	5.1	2.5 - 7.7
Married men, spouse present	74.2	73.5	.9	.4 - 1.4
Married women, spouse present	62.8	61.7	1.8	1.1 - 2.5
Women who maintain families.....	53.8	53.1	1.4	(²) - (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown				
Total	67.0	62.9	6.1	5.5 - 6.7
Men	76.7	72.3	5.7	4.9 - 6.5
Women	57.8	53.9	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.0	26.8	23.4	19.8 - 27.0
White	67.8	64.5	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	79.7	76.1	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	56.0	53.0	5.4	4.4 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.0	30.1	18.8	14.5 - 23.1
Black or African American	62.2	54.6	12.2	10.4 - 14.0
Men	63.1	55.6	12.0	9.4 - 14.6
Women	61.4	53.8	12.3	9.9 - 14.7
Asian	73.4	70.7	3.7	1.5 - 5.9
Men	76.4	71.6	6.3	2.4 - 10.2
Women	70.5	69.8	1.0	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	64.2	5.8	4.7 - 6.9
Men	82.9	78.5	5.2	3.9 - 6.5
Women	52.9	49.4	6.6	4.8 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	27.5	16.5	9.7 - 23.3
Married men, spouse present	83.8	81.8	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	57.6	55.5	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Women who maintain families.....	71.0	62.7	11.7	9.1 - 14.3
Indianapolis-Carmel				
Total	67.8	64.7	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Men	74.8	72.0	3.8	2.7 - 4.9
Women	61.3	57.9	5.6	4.1 - 7.1
White	68.3	65.7	3.8	2.9 - 4.7
Men	77.4	74.8	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Women	59.7	57.1	4.3	2.9 - 5.7
Black or African American	66.1	60.2	8.9	5.9 - 11.9
Men	61.4	58.0	5.4	1.8 - 9.0
Women	70.4	62.2	11.7	7.2 - 16.2
Married men, spouse present	81.6	80.5	1.3	.4 - 2.2
Married women, spouse present	63.7	62.0	2.5	1.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families.....	74.4	65.8	11.5	6.1 - 16.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Jacksonville				
Total	67.3	65.2	3.1	2.2 - 4.0
Men	74.8	72.1	3.6	2.3 - 4.9
Women	60.7	59.2	2.6	1.4 - 3.8
White	66.9	64.7	3.3	2.3 - 4.3
Men	75.4	72.3	4.2	2.6 - 5.8
Women	59.3	58.0	2.2	1.0 - 3.4
Black or African American	65.2	63.3	3.0	1.1 - 4.9
Married men, spouse present	72.7	71.1	2.2	.8 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	58.0	57.4	1.0	(²) - (²)
Kansas City				
Total	71.5	67.8	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Men	78.1	74.2	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Women	65.2	61.7	5.4	4.3 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.2	42.5	15.3	10.8 - 19.8
White	71.9	69.3	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Men	79.2	76.2	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Women	64.8	62.5	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.6	44.7	11.8	7.1 - 16.5
Black or African American	69.3	58.9	15.0	11.9 - 18.1
Men	72.2	61.3	15.1	10.6 - 19.6
Women	66.9	57.0	14.9	10.6 - 19.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.6	75.1	5.6	2.8 - 8.4
Men	94.3	87.9	6.8	3.1 - 10.5
Married men, spouse present	81.9	79.5	2.9	1.9 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	66.5	64.6	2.9	1.8 - 4.0
Women who maintain families.....	73.5	65.3	11.2	7.4 - 15.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Las Vegas-Paradise				
Total	68.3	65.5	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	74.6	71.3	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	61.8	59.5	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.2	34.8	17.7	13.5 - 21.9
White	67.7	65.1	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Men	74.4	71.1	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	60.6	58.7	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.5	37.9	14.8	10.2 - 19.4
Black or African American	68.3	63.8	6.5	4.5 - 8.5
Men	72.0	68.0	5.6	2.9 - 8.3
Women	64.8	60.0	7.5	4.4 - 10.6
Asian	72.3	70.6	2.3	1.0 - 3.6
Men	78.7	78.2	.7	(²) - (²)
Women	67.6	65.1	3.7	1.5 - 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.1	72.5	4.7	3.6 - 5.8
Men	86.1	81.1	5.8	4.3 - 7.3
Women	64.3	62.4	3.0	1.6 - 4.4
Married men, spouse present	77.2	74.9	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	60.3	58.9	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families.....	77.0	73.4	4.7	2.6 - 6.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana				
Total	65.5	62.7	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Men	74.9	71.7	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Women	56.3	53.8	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.8	26.9	15.4	12.4 - 18.4
White	66.9	64.1	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	77.0	74.0	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Women	56.5	54.0	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.2	30.5	13.4	10.3 - 16.5
Black or African American	59.1	53.9	8.8	7.1 - 10.5
Men	63.8	57.5	9.8	7.2 - 12.4
Women	55.2	50.9	7.8	5.5 - 10.1
Asian	61.2	59.3	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Men	68.8	66.1	3.9	2.7 - 5.1
Women	54.5	53.3	2.2	1.2 - 3.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.3	66.3	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	81.7	78.3	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	56.4	53.8	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.0	27.7	16.0	11.6 - 20.4
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.4	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	55.7	54.0	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Women who maintain families.....	64.9	62.0	4.5	3.1 - 5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
 Louisville-Jefferson County				
Total	66.7	63.0	5.6	4.5 - 6.7
Men	71.6	68.8	3.8	2.6 - 5.0
Women	62.3	57.8	7.4	5.7 - 9.1
White	67.1	64.3	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Men	72.5	70.5	2.7	1.6 - 3.8
Women	62.2	58.6	5.8	4.2 - 7.4
Black or African American	65.3	55.8	14.5	10.4 - 18.6
Men	62.8	54.7	12.9	6.7 - 19.1
Women	67.1	56.6	15.7	10.2 - 21.2
Married men, spouse present	75.1	73.2	2.4	1.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	64.6	61.7	4.6	2.7 - 6.5
Women who maintain families.....	67.6	59.3	12.3	7.4 - 17.2
 Memphis				
Total	67.0	63.3	5.5	4.4 - 6.6
Men	75.7	71.5	5.5	4.1 - 6.9
Women	58.9	55.7	5.5	4.0 - 7.0
White	69.6	68.1	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Men	79.5	77.7	2.3	1.2 - 3.4
Women	59.5	58.2	2.2	.9 - 3.5
Black or African American	62.1	54.9	11.7	9.3 - 14.1
Men	67.2	58.4	13.1	9.5 - 16.7
Women	58.1	52.0	10.4	7.3 - 13.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	84.5	80.8	4.4	.8 - 8.0
Men	96.5	91.9	4.7	.5 - 8.9
Married men, spouse present	77.5	76.1	1.8	.6 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	61.5	59.9	2.6	1.0 - 4.2
Women who maintain families.....	69.4	63.6	8.2	4.1 - 12.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
 Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach				
Total	64.3	62.1	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	73.0	70.6	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women	56.5	54.3	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.3	30.5	11.2	7.5 - 14.9
White	63.6	61.7	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Men	73.1	71.2	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women	54.6	52.8	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.1	33.1	8.4	4.4 - 12.4
Black or African American	67.3	62.9	6.5	5.1 - 7.9
Men	71.3	66.6	6.5	4.5 - 8.5
Women	64.3	60.1	6.5	4.6 - 8.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.5	63.4	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Men	77.4	75.3	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Women	54.4	52.3	3.9	2.8 - 5.0
Married men, spouse present	75.9	74.4	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Married women, spouse present	57.4	55.9	2.7	1.8 - 3.6
Women who maintain families.....	67.5	64.2	4.8	3.0 - 6.6
 Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis				
Total	69.1	65.4	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Men	74.2	69.6	6.2	5.0 - 7.4
Women	64.5	61.5	4.6	3.5 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.5	43.7	16.9	12.4 - 21.4
White	69.0	66.0	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Men	75.1	71.3	5.0	3.8 - 6.2
Women	63.3	61.1	3.6	2.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.9	52.7	10.4	5.9 - 14.9
Black or African American	70.0	61.6	12.0	9.1 - 14.9
Men	70.3	59.3	15.6	10.8 - 20.4
Women	69.8	63.2	9.4	5.9 - 12.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.7	66.3	7.5	4.0 - 11.0
Men	81.2	72.6	10.7	5.5 - 15.9
Married men, spouse present	77.9	75.2	3.4	2.1 - 4.7
Married women, spouse present	67.1	65.1	3.0	1.7 - 4.3
Women who maintain families.....	73.4	69.9	4.7	1.9 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
 Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington				
Total	74.5	71.5	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Men	80.1	76.4	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	69.3	66.8	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.6	47.5	17.5	14.7 - 20.3
White	74.4	71.9	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	80.0	76.7	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Women	69.2	67.3	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.3	51.6	14.4	11.4 - 17.4
Black or African American	72.9	65.4	10.2	7.5 - 12.9
Men	76.7	70.0	8.6	5.2 - 12.0
Women	68.8	60.5	12.1	7.8 - 16.4
Asian	76.5	71.5	6.5	4.2 - 8.8
Men	86.0	81.2	5.6	2.7 - 8.5
Women	67.5	62.3	7.7	4.0 - 11.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.3	77.2	3.9	2.0 - 5.8
Men	90.2	87.1	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Women	67.8	64.6	4.7	1.3 - 8.1
Married men, spouse present	80.8	78.9	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	70.5	69.2	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women who maintain families.....	80.7	76.2	5.5	3.4 - 7.6
 Nashville-Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin				
Total	72.9	69.9	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Men	82.5	79.8	3.3	2.3 - 4.3
Women	63.5	60.3	5.1	3.7 - 6.5
White	72.5	70.2	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Men	82.8	80.4	2.9	1.8 - 4.0
Women	62.2	59.9	3.6	2.2 - 5.0
Black or African American	73.3	66.3	9.5	6.4 - 12.6
Men	78.9	73.9	6.4	2.5 - 10.3
Women	69.1	60.6	12.2	7.5 - 16.9
Married men, spouse present	84.4	82.4	2.4	1.2 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	62.3	60.4	3.1	1.5 - 4.7
Women who maintain families.....	75.3	67.7	10.1	5.3 - 14.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
 New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner				
Total	63.0	60.1	4.5	3.2 - 5.8
Men	68.9	66.0	4.1	2.4 - 5.8
Women	57.6	54.7	5.0	3.1 - 6.9
White	64.7	62.2	3.9	2.5 - 5.3
Men	70.5	67.7	3.9	2.0 - 5.8
Women	59.1	56.9	3.8	1.8 - 5.8
Black or African American	57.9	54.1	6.5	3.3 - 9.7
Married men, spouse present	72.1	70.7	1.9	.3 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	59.0	57.3	2.8	.6 - 5.0
 New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island				
Total	63.5	60.7	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Men	71.5	68.3	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Women	56.2	53.8	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.3	25.3	16.3	13.9 - 18.7
White	64.4	61.9	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Men	72.8	70.0	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Women	56.5	54.4	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.7	30.7	13.9	11.3 - 16.5
Black or African American	60.0	55.4	7.5	6.7 - 8.3
Men	64.0	58.8	8.1	6.9 - 9.3
Women	56.9	52.8	7.1	6.0 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.0	16.2	26.7	20.4 - 33.0
Asian	63.4	61.9	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Men	73.9	72.4	2.0	1.2 - 2.8
Women	53.2	51.9	2.6	1.6 - 3.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.5	60.7	5.8	5.1 - 6.5
Men	75.7	71.8	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Women	53.9	50.3	6.7	5.6 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.4	22.2	18.8	13.0 - 24.6
Married men, spouse present	77.2	75.2	2.6	2.2 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	58.9	57.1	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	63.2	59.3	6.2	5.0 - 7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Oklahoma City				
Total	67.5	64.8	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Men	74.6	71.3	4.5	3.3 - 5.7
Women	60.5	58.4	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
White	68.6	66.2	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Men	76.7	73.7	4.0	2.7 - 5.3
Women	60.2	58.4	2.9	1.6 - 4.2
Black or African American	58.8	55.3	5.9	2.4 - 9.4
Married men, spouse present	80.1	78.8	1.6	.6 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	62.8	62.0	1.3	.3 - 2.3
Orlando-Kissimmee				
Total	69.2	66.9	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Men	75.6	72.9	3.5	2.5 - 4.5
Women	63.2	61.2	3.2	2.2 - 4.2
White	69.4	67.7	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Men	77.2	75.2	2.5	1.6 - 3.4
Women	62.0	60.5	2.4	1.4 - 3.4
Black or African American	67.6	62.1	8.1	5.7 - 10.5
Men	68.1	61.5	9.7	5.9 - 13.5
Women	67.2	62.7	6.7	3.7 - 9.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.5	67.1	3.5	2.0 - 5.0
Men	81.7	80.0	2.1	.5 - 3.7
Women	57.9	54.8	5.3	2.5 - 8.1
Married men, spouse present	80.2	78.5	2.1	1.1 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	61.8	60.7	1.8	.7 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	71.0	66.8	5.9	2.7 - 9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington				
Total	64.1	61.2	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	71.7	68.4	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	57.3	54.8	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.0	32.6	14.3	10.5 - 18.1
White	64.8	62.3	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	73.1	70.2	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	57.1	55.0	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.5	35.0	13.4	9.2 - 17.6
Black or African American	63.1	58.4	7.3	6.0 - 8.6
Men	67.7	62.3	8.0	6.0 - 10.0
Women	59.5	55.5	6.8	5.0 - 8.6
Asian	56.9	54.4	4.4	1.9 - 6.9
Men	62.6	61.1	2.4	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.7	59.7	9.2	6.5 - 11.9
Men	79.9	73.3	8.3	4.9 - 11.7
Women	52.0	46.6	10.5	5.9 - 15.1
Married men, spouse present	75.5	73.5	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	60.5	58.9	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	64.1	60.3	5.9	3.8 - 8.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale				
Total	69.1	66.7	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	78.1	76.0	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women	60.3	57.7	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.4	43.4	12.2	8.6 - 15.8
White	69.0	66.7	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Men	78.3	76.2	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Women	59.9	57.4	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.8	45.9	11.5	7.8 - 15.2
Black or African American	68.6	64.2	6.5	3.3 - 9.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.0	67.1	4.1	3.1 - 5.1
Men	84.4	82.0	2.9	1.8 - 4.0
Women	54.5	51.2	6.0	4.0 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	80.6	79.7	1.1	.5 - 1.7
Married women, spouse present	59.4	57.9	2.4	1.5 - 3.3
Women who maintain families.....	68.2	65.3	4.3	1.9 - 6.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Pittsburgh				
Total	63.3	60.4	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Men	70.5	67.4	4.4	3.3 - 5.5
Women	57.0	54.3	4.7	3.5 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.4	44.8	11.1	6.1 - 16.1
White	63.8	61.0	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Men	71.2	68.2	4.3	3.2 - 5.4
Women	57.3	54.7	4.5	3.3 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.9	44.3	11.3	5.9 - 16.7
Black or African American	51.9	47.7	8.1	3.9 - 12.3
Married men, spouse present	77.4	76.1	1.6	.7 - 2.5
Married women, spouse present	62.6	61.1	2.3	1.2 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	66.5	59.0	11.3	6.4 - 16.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton				
Total	69.3	66.1	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Men	76.0	72.6	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Women	62.8	59.8	4.7	3.7 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.1	37.8	18.0	12.5 - 23.5
White	69.5	66.4	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Men	75.7	72.6	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Women	63.3	60.3	4.8	3.8 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.5	40.0	15.7	10.2 - 21.2
Asian	62.3	60.7	2.7	.4 - 5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.4	70.6	3.8	1.4 - 6.2
Men	83.3	79.4	4.7	1.3 - 8.1
Married men, spouse present	78.9	77.2	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	62.9	61.2	2.6	1.6 - 3.6
Women who maintain families.....	71.8	67.6	5.9	2.8 - 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Providence-Fall River-Warwick				
Total	68.9	65.1	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Men	75.2	70.9	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Women	63.4	59.9	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.5	47.8	12.4	8.7 - 16.1
White	68.8	65.0	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Men	74.7	70.5	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Women	63.5	60.2	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.4	47.6	12.4	8.5 - 16.3
Black or African American	70.8	65.7	7.2	4.0 - 10.4
Men	77.3	72.2	6.6	2.3 - 10.9
Women	65.2	60.1	7.8	3.0 - 12.6
Asian	68.2	63.8	6.3	1.8 - 10.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.2	62.5	8.3	5.7 - 10.9
Men	76.9	70.1	8.8	5.1 - 12.5
Women	60.4	55.7	7.8	4.1 - 11.5
Married men, spouse present	78.0	75.0	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	67.8	65.5	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Women who maintain families.....	69.4	63.8	8.0	5.1 - 10.9
Richmond				
Total	67.5	64.6	4.3	3.3 - 5.3
Men	72.5	69.9	3.6	2.3 - 4.9
Women	63.1	60.0	4.9	3.5 - 6.3
White	67.9	66.3	2.5	1.6 - 3.4
Men	76.0	74.4	2.1	.9 - 3.3
Women	60.5	58.7	2.9	1.4 - 4.4
Black or African American	66.6	61.0	8.4	6.1 - 10.7
Men	62.1	57.0	8.2	4.7 - 11.7
Women	70.1	64.1	8.5	5.5 - 11.5
Married men, spouse present	73.4	72.2	1.6	.5 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	59.7	58.5	2.0	.6 - 3.4
Women who maintain families.....	79.5	70.6	11.2	6.3 - 16.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario				
Total	61.3	58.1	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Men	72.0	68.5	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Women	50.8	47.8	5.9	4.7 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.5	29.8	18.5	13.2 - 23.8
White	61.1	58.3	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Men	73.0	70.0	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Women	49.4	46.7	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.7	30.5	19.1	13.0 - 25.2
Black or African American	60.3	53.3	11.6	8.4 - 14.8
Men	62.6	55.4	11.4	6.9 - 15.9
Women	58.0	51.2	11.8	7.1 - 16.5
Asian	65.7	64.8	1.2	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.2	61.9	5.1	4.0 - 6.2
Men	79.2	75.4	4.8	3.5 - 6.1
Women	50.4	47.6	5.6	3.8 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	75.2	73.0	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	50.3	48.2	4.1	2.7 - 5.5
Women who maintain families.....	64.7	59.7	7.8	4.5 - 11.1
Rochester				
Total	70.9	66.4	6.3	4.9 - 7.7
Men	76.0	69.2	8.9	6.8 - 11.0
Women	66.1	63.7	3.6	2.1 - 5.1
White	70.4	66.9	4.9	3.6 - 6.2
Men	75.5	70.5	6.6	4.6 - 8.6
Women	65.6	63.5	3.1	1.6 - 4.6
Black or African American	72.5	61.3	15.5	10.3 - 20.7
Women	69.3	64.5	6.9	1.7 - 12.1
Married men, spouse present	76.0	73.5	3.3	1.4 - 5.2
Married women, spouse present	65.0	64.5	.8	(²) - (²)
Women who maintain families.....	76.5	73.4	4.1	.2 - 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Sacramento–Arden–Arcade–Roseville				
Total	65.0	62.0	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Men	74.6	70.8	5.2	3.9 - 6.5
Women	56.0	53.7	4.1	2.8 - 5.4
White	65.7	62.5	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Men	75.2	71.1	5.5	4.0 - 7.0
Women	56.3	54.0	4.1	2.6 - 5.6
Asian	60.5	59.8	1.1	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.9	65.4	9.0	6.3 - 11.7
Men	83.9	75.7	9.8	6.3 - 13.3
Women	57.4	53.0	7.6	3.5 - 11.7
Married men, spouse present	78.8	76.4	3.1	1.7 - 4.5
Married women, spouse present	56.9	55.4	2.7	1.2 - 4.2
Women who maintain families.....	70.3	65.4	7.0	2.5 - 11.5
Salt Lake City				
Total	76.2	73.8	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Men	85.2	83.0	2.7	1.9 - 3.5
Women	67.3	64.8	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.8	49.5	12.8	8.3 - 17.3
White	76.4	74.1	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Men	85.5	83.3	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women	67.7	65.2	3.6	2.5 - 4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.0	76.8	4.0	2.1 - 5.9
Men	90.6	87.6	3.3	1.2 - 5.4
Married men, spouse present	87.7	86.6	1.3	.6 - 2.0
Married women, spouse present	65.5	64.3	1.8	.8 - 2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
San Antonio				
Total	65.9	62.6	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Men	75.4	71.7	4.8	3.6 - 6.0
Women	56.9	53.8	5.3	3.8 - 6.8
White	65.1	62.0	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Men	74.8	71.5	4.5	3.2 - 5.8
Women	55.9	53.0	5.3	3.8 - 6.8
Black or African American	72.3	65.6	9.3	4.3 - 14.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.2	64.2	4.5	3.3 - 5.7
Men	76.4	73.3	4.1	2.6 - 5.6
Women	58.0	55.1	4.9	3.0 - 6.8
Married men, spouse present	78.4	75.7	3.5	2.1 - 4.9
Married women, spouse present	57.2	54.4	4.9	2.9 - 6.9
Women who maintain families.....	68.7	65.2	5.1	1.6 - 8.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos				
Total	66.0	63.4	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Men	74.2	71.3	3.9	2.9 - 4.9
Women	58.6	56.3	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
White	65.0	62.4	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Men	74.5	71.7	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Women	56.2	53.9	4.1	2.9 - 5.3
Black or African American	70.6	66.8	5.4	2.3 - 8.5
Asian	66.1	64.5	2.4	.8 - 4.0
Men	68.1	66.2	2.8	.2 - 5.4
Women	64.5	63.1	2.1	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.9	64.9	4.5	3.1 - 5.9
Men	79.6	76.2	4.3	2.5 - 6.1
Women	57.7	55.0	4.7	2.6 - 6.8
Married men, spouse present	76.2	74.7	1.9	1.0 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	56.2	54.6	2.9	1.6 - 4.2
Women who maintain families.....	73.4	70.7	3.7	1.0 - 6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Metropolitan areas:					
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont					
Total	66.6	63.5	4.7	4.1	- 5.3
Men	73.4	70.3	4.2	3.4	- 5.0
Women	60.0	56.9	5.2	4.3	- 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.2	30.2	18.7	12.9	- 24.5
White	68.0	65.1	4.2	3.5	- 4.9
Men	76.1	73.3	3.7	2.8	- 4.6
Women	59.7	56.8	4.8	3.6	- 6.0
Black or African American	62.6	55.8	10.9	7.7	- 14.1
Men	65.3	59.7	8.6	4.5	- 12.7
Women	60.3	52.4	13.1	8.3	- 17.9
Asian	63.5	60.8	4.2	3.1	- 5.3
Men	67.4	64.6	4.1	2.6	- 5.6
Women	60.1	57.5	4.3	2.7	- 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.2	67.5	5.3	3.9	- 6.7
Men	82.2	78.7	4.3	2.7	- 5.9
Women	58.4	54.5	6.8	4.3	- 9.3
Married men, spouse present	77.9	76.2	2.2	1.4	- 3.0
Married women, spouse present	60.2	57.4	4.7	3.4	- 6.0
Women who maintain families.....	69.4	64.9	6.5	3.5	- 9.5
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara					
Total	69.2	66.0	4.6	3.7	- 5.5
Men	76.7	74.0	3.6	2.5	- 4.7
Women	61.7	58.1	5.8	4.3	- 7.3
White	69.2	65.9	4.8	3.6	- 6.0
Men	76.9	73.7	4.2	2.7	- 5.7
Women	61.4	57.9	5.7	3.8	- 7.6
Asian	68.1	65.4	4.0	2.4	- 5.6
Men	75.7	74.1	2.1	.6	- 3.6
Women	60.5	56.7	6.3	3.4	- 9.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.1	68.4	5.1	3.0	- 7.2
Men	82.0	78.8	3.9	1.5	- 6.3
Women	62.1	58.0	6.7	3.1	- 10.3
Married men, spouse present	79.6	77.4	2.7	1.5	- 3.9
Married women, spouse present	60.1	57.6	4.1	2.3	- 5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue				
Total	69.9	67.0	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Men	77.1	74.0	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Women	62.9	60.2	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.6	38.5	15.6	10.8 - 20.4
White	69.8	67.0	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Men	76.7	73.6	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	63.1	60.6	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.4	40.6	17.8	12.2 - 23.4
Black or African American	67.0	62.0	7.5	4.2 - 10.8
Men	73.2	69.8	4.6	1.2 - 8.0
Asian	72.0	69.4	3.5	2.0 - 5.0
Men	80.6	77.2	4.2	2.0 - 6.4
Women	64.0	62.2	2.7	.8 - 4.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.3	72.3	5.2	2.6 - 7.8
Men	90.2	85.4	5.3	1.9 - 8.7
Married men, spouse present	79.5	77.6	2.5	1.7 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	62.6	61.0	2.7	1.7 - 3.7
Women who maintain families.....	78.2	76.1	2.6	.6 - 4.6
St. Louis³				
Total	70.9	67.1	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Men	76.1	72.3	5.0	4.1 - 5.9
Women	65.9	62.1	5.8	4.8 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.3	47.9	13.4	9.5 - 17.3
White	70.5	67.7	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Men	76.2	73.2	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	64.9	62.4	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.7	50.8	10.4	6.4 - 14.4
Black or African American	73.1	64.3	12.0	9.8 - 14.2
Men	74.1	65.9	11.1	8.0 - 14.2
Women	72.2	63.1	12.7	9.7 - 15.7
Married men, spouse present	76.7	74.5	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	64.6	62.0	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women who maintain families.....	80.9	73.0	9.8	6.9 - 12.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater				
Total	63.4	61.1	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Men	68.4	65.8	3.8	2.9 - 4.7
Women	58.8	56.8	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
White	62.9	60.8	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Men	68.1	65.8	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women	58.0	56.1	3.3	2.3 - 4.3
Black or African American	65.1	61.4	5.7	3.5 - 7.9
Men	69.2	64.8	6.4	3.1 - 9.7
Women	61.6	58.6	5.0	2.1 - 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.4	66.9	4.9	3.0 - 6.8
Men	78.2	74.5	4.8	2.3 - 7.3
Women	62.2	59.0	5.0	2.1 - 7.9
Married men, spouse present	71.0	69.0	2.8	1.8 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	60.8	59.2	2.6	1.5 - 3.7
Women who maintain families.....	73.8	70.4	4.6	2.0 - 7.2
Tulsa				
Total	66.1	63.9	3.3	2.4 - 4.2
Men	74.8	72.0	3.6	2.3 - 4.9
Women	58.2	56.5	2.9	1.6 - 4.2
White	67.2	65.5	2.5	1.6 - 3.4
Men	77.3	75.6	2.2	1.1 - 3.3
Women	57.6	55.9	2.9	1.4 - 4.4
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.4	2.5	1.1 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	56.4	55.8	1.1	(²) - (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan areas:				
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News				
Total	65.4	63.5	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Men	73.1	71.3	2.5	1.5 - 3.5
Women	58.9	57.1	3.2	2.1 - 4.3
White	64.4	63.0	2.2	1.4 - 3.0
Men	74.0	72.8	1.6	.7 - 2.5
Women	55.9	54.3	2.9	1.6 - 4.2
Black or African American	67.8	65.0	4.2	2.6 - 5.8
Men	70.8	67.4	4.8	2.3 - 7.3
Women	65.6	63.1	3.7	1.7 - 5.7
Married men, spouse present	75.4	73.8	2.2	.9 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	57.3	56.3	1.7	.5 - 2.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria				
Total	74.0	71.8	3.0	2.7 - 3.3
Men	80.8	78.3	3.0	2.6 - 3.4
Women	67.6	65.5	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.7	38.9	11.1	8.5 - 13.7
White	74.7	72.9	2.4	2.1 - 2.7
Men	81.8	80.0	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Women	67.5	65.8	2.6	2.1 - 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.2	41.8	9.4	6.5 - 12.3
Black or African American	72.4	68.5	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Men	75.6	70.9	6.2	4.9 - 7.5
Women	69.6	66.4	4.7	3.6 - 5.8
Asian	73.2	72.1	1.5	.7 - 2.3
Men	86.0	84.8	1.4	.4 - 2.4
Women	61.4	60.4	1.6	.4 - 2.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.1	76.5	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Men	89.3	86.8	2.8	1.8 - 3.8
Women	64.9	62.0	4.5	2.7 - 6.3
Married men, spouse present	85.6	84.6	1.2	.8 - 1.6
Married women, spouse present	68.3	66.8	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families.....	77.5	74.6	3.8	2.4 - 5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Metropolitan divisions:					
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville					
Total	73.8	71.6	3.1	2.5	- 3.7
Men	81.9	79.3	3.2	2.3	- 4.1
Women	66.6	64.7	2.9	2.0	- 3.8
White	73.2	71.2	2.8	2.1	- 3.5
Men	80.8	78.6	2.7	1.7	- 3.7
Women	66.4	64.5	2.9	1.9	- 3.9
Black or African American	78.5	73.9	5.8	3.6	- 8.0
Men	88.2	81.7	7.4	3.9	- 10.9
Women	70.6	67.6	4.3	1.5	- 7.1
Asian	71.2	70.3	1.2	(²)	- (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.6	75.3	4.2	2.1	- 6.3
Men	87.7	84.4	3.8	1.2	- 6.4
Married men, spouse present	85.7	84.5	1.5	.7	- 2.3
Married women, spouse present	69.9	68.4	2.1	1.1	- 3.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy					
Total	66.7	63.1	5.3	4.5	- 6.1
Men	72.5	68.3	5.8	4.7	- 6.9
Women	61.2	58.3	4.7	3.7	- 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.2	35.3	12.3	7.4	- 17.2
White	67.3	64.1	4.8	4.0	- 5.6
Men	73.3	69.6	5.0	3.9	- 6.1
Women	61.7	59.0	4.5	3.4	- 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.3	36.1	10.4	5.2	- 15.6
Black or African American	59.8	53.2	11.0	7.3	- 14.7
Men	63.2	55.4	12.3	6.8	- 17.8
Women	56.9	51.4	9.7	4.7	- 14.7
Asian	66.7	62.7	6.0	3.3	- 8.7
Men	73.2	66.9	8.6	4.3	- 12.9
Women	60.5	58.6	3.1	.2	- 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.7	66.9	6.7	3.2	- 10.2
Men	78.6	72.7	7.5	2.4	- 12.6
Married men, spouse present	77.5	75.2	3.0	1.9	- 4.1
Married women, spouse present	63.1	60.8	3.6	2.2	- 5.0
Women who maintain families.....	64.9	58.9	9.3	5.3	- 13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Camden				
Total	66.2	63.2	4.5	3.4 - 5.6
Men	74.5	71.1	4.6	3.0 - 6.2
Women	59.2	56.5	4.5	2.9 - 6.1
White	64.7	62.2	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Men	74.2	71.0	4.3	2.6 - 6.0
Women	56.5	54.4	3.7	2.0 - 5.4
Black or African American	77.5	71.3	7.9	4.5 - 11.3
Married men, spouse present	77.7	75.1	3.4	1.7 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	66.0	64.4	2.4	.8 - 4.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet				
Total	67.2	64.3	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	76.1	72.8	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Women	59.0	56.4	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.2	31.7	12.4	9.3 - 15.5
White	68.8	66.6	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	78.2	75.5	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	59.7	57.9	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.4	38.4	7.4	4.5 - 10.3
Black or African American	60.4	54.4	9.9	8.4 - 11.4
Men	64.4	58.2	9.6	7.5 - 11.7
Women	57.4	51.6	10.1	8.1 - 12.1
Asian	67.7	65.0	4.1	2.5 - 5.7
Men	80.8	77.7	3.8	1.8 - 5.8
Women	55.4	52.9	4.5	2.0 - 7.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.7	68.0	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Men	86.5	82.2	5.0	3.6 - 6.4
Women	54.2	51.1	5.7	3.7 - 7.7
Married men, spouse present	83.4	81.4	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	61.9	60.6	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families.....	65.2	60.4	7.4	5.2 - 9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Metropolitan divisions:					
Dallas-Plano-Irving					
Total	72.1	68.6	4.8	4.2	- 5.4
Men	81.7	77.9	4.7	3.9	- 5.5
Women	63.3	60.1	5.0	4.1	- 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.4	40.8	20.7	17.0	- 24.4
White	72.4	69.4	4.0	3.4	- 4.6
Men	81.7	78.5	3.9	3.1	- 4.7
Women	63.5	60.8	4.2	3.2	- 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.9	45.1	14.8	10.5	- 19.1
Black or African American	68.9	61.8	10.3	8.3	- 12.3
Men	75.2	66.1	12.1	9.0	- 15.2
Women	64.4	58.8	8.8	6.3	- 11.3
Asian	77.5	75.6	2.4	.8	- 4.0
Men	92.0	90.4	1.7	(²)	- (²)
Women	63.5	61.3	3.4	.6	- 6.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.1	71.4	4.9	3.8	- 6.0
Men	88.0	84.3	4.2	2.8	- 5.6
Women	60.8	57.1	6.0	4.0	- 8.0
Married men, spouse present	85.5	84.2	1.5	.9	- 2.1
Married women, spouse present	61.6	60.0	2.6	1.6	- 3.6
Women who maintain families.....	74.0	68.7	7.1	4.6	- 9.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn					
Total	58.1	52.9	8.9	7.6	- 10.2
Men	63.5	57.3	9.7	7.9	- 11.5
Women	53.0	48.8	8.0	6.3	- 9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.5	24.1	23.6	15.8	- 31.4
White	58.8	55.6	5.5	4.2	- 6.8
Men	66.6	62.1	6.8	4.8	- 8.8
Women	51.1	49.2	3.9	2.1	- 5.7
Black or African American	56.4	48.1	14.7	12.3	- 17.1
Men	57.5	48.3	15.9	12.4	- 19.4
Women	55.4	47.9	13.6	10.4	- 16.8
Asian	66.6	65.9	1.0	(²)	- (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	54.4	51.5	5.3	.3	- 10.3
Married men, spouse present	72.6	69.5	4.3	2.6	- 6.0
Married women, spouse present	58.7	57.2	2.6	1.1	- 4.1
Women who maintain families.....	58.2	50.6	13.1	8.5	- 17.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Edison-New Brunswick				
Total	66.6	64.1	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Men	75.4	72.6	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Women	58.1	55.8	3.9	2.8 - 5.0
White	65.3	62.6	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Men	73.8	70.8	4.1	3.0 - 5.2
Women	56.8	54.5	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Asian	73.6	72.2	2.0	.6 - 3.4
Men	84.6	84.1	.6	(²) - (²)
Women	62.4	60.1	3.8	.9 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.8	74.7	3.9	1.9 - 5.9
Men	87.4	85.4	2.3	.4 - 4.2
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.0	3.2	2.1 - 4.3
Married women, spouse present	59.7	57.5	3.6	2.2 - 5.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach				
Total	68.2	65.8	3.6	2.8 - 4.4
Men	74.5	72.0	3.3	2.3 - 4.3
Women	62.5	60.1	3.9	2.7 - 5.1
White	67.2	65.2	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Men	75.3	73.0	3.0	1.9 - 4.1
Women	59.4	57.6	3.1	1.8 - 4.4
Black or African American	71.7	67.8	5.4	3.6 - 7.2
Men	72.1	68.9	4.4	2.0 - 6.8
Women	71.4	66.9	6.2	3.6 - 8.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.4	72.7	3.5	2.0 - 5.0
Men	82.9	80.2	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Women	67.3	64.5	4.1	1.6 - 6.6
Married men, spouse present	77.1	75.5	2.1	.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	62.7	61.2	2.4	1.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	70.9	66.9	5.6	2.2 - 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Fort Worth-Arlington				
Total	70.4	67.5	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Men	79.5	76.5	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Women	61.4	58.5	4.7	3.4 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.2	38.5	10.8	6.1 - 15.5
White	70.0	67.3	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Men	79.6	76.7	3.7	2.6 - 4.8
Women	60.4	57.9	4.1	2.8 - 5.4
Black or African American	73.9	68.4	7.4	4.2 - 10.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.4	71.5	3.9	2.3 - 5.5
Men	88.9	87.2	2.0	.5 - 3.5
Women	56.9	52.7	7.5	3.8 - 11.2
Married men, spouse present	84.5	82.3	2.6	1.5 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	64.1	62.5	2.5	1.3 - 3.7
Women who maintain families.....	74.4	64.9	12.8	8.0 - 17.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale				
Total	64.9	61.9	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Men	74.4	70.9	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	55.9	53.2	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.2	23.7	16.0	12.2 - 19.8
White	66.2	63.3	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	76.9	73.7	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	55.6	53.0	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	27.0	13.6	9.7 - 17.5
Black or African American	57.6	52.4	9.0	7.2 - 10.8
Men	61.3	55.2	9.9	7.1 - 12.7
Women	54.7	50.2	8.1	5.7 - 10.5
Asian	62.6	60.5	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Men	70.0	66.9	4.4	2.9 - 5.9
Women	56.1	54.8	2.3	1.2 - 3.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.5	65.2	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	81.2	77.5	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	55.5	52.7	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	27.0	14.9	10.0 - 19.8
Married men, spouse present	80.0	77.5	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	55.5	53.6	3.4	2.6 - 4.2
Women who maintain families.....	63.7	60.6	5.0	3.4 - 6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall				
Total	63.3	61.2	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Men	74.7	72.6	2.8	1.9 - 3.7
Women	53.2	51.2	3.9	2.8 - 5.0
White	63.3	61.5	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Men	75.0	73.3	2.3	1.4 - 3.2
Women	52.6	50.8	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Black or African American	62.7	58.6	6.5	4.2 - 8.8
Men	71.0	66.1	6.9	3.5 - 10.3
Women	56.5	53.0	6.1	3.0 - 9.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.4	60.5	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Men	74.3	72.6	2.3	1.4 - 3.2
Women	51.9	50.0	3.8	2.5 - 5.1
Married men, spouse present	79.7	78.3	1.8	.9 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	57.3	55.5	3.2	1.7 - 4.7
Women who maintain families.....	65.4	63.1	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Nassau-Suffolk				
Total	65.8	64.0	2.6	2.1 - 3.1
Men	72.8	70.7	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Women	59.4	58.0	2.3	1.6 - 3.0
White	66.0	64.3	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Men	73.4	71.4	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Women	59.3	57.8	2.5	1.7 - 3.3
Black or African American	63.7	61.6	3.3	1.2 - 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.0	68.2	5.2	3.2 - 7.2
Men	81.9	76.9	6.1	3.2 - 9.0
Married men, spouse present	76.1	74.6	2.0	1.2 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	60.9	59.8	1.8	.9 - 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
 New York-White Plains-Wayne				
Total	61.4	58.4	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	69.1	65.6	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Women	54.5	51.9	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.1	17.6	23.8	20.3 - 27.3
White	62.4	59.7	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	70.6	67.4	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women	54.8	52.6	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.5	22.1	19.6	15.2 - 24.0
Black or African American	59.0	54.4	7.7	6.7 - 8.7
Men	63.1	57.8	8.5	7.0 - 10.0
Women	55.8	51.9	7.0	5.8 - 8.2
Asian	60.4	59.0	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Men	71.3	69.7	2.2	1.2 - 3.2
Women	50.1	48.8	2.7	1.4 - 4.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.2	57.3	6.4	5.5 - 7.3
Men	72.2	68.2	5.7	4.6 - 6.8
Women	51.3	47.6	7.3	5.9 - 8.7
Married men, spouse present	75.1	73.1	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	57.4	55.6	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Women who maintain families.....	61.8	58.0	6.3	4.9 - 7.7
 Newark-Union				
Total	67.9	64.6	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Men	77.7	74.4	4.3	3.2 - 5.4
Women	58.9	55.7	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
White	70.0	67.5	3.6	2.7 - 4.5
Men	81.0	78.3	3.3	2.2 - 4.4
Women	59.2	56.9	3.9	2.5 - 5.3
Black or African American	61.1	55.4	9.3	6.9 - 11.7
Men	65.0	59.7	8.2	4.8 - 11.6
Women	58.1	52.1	10.3	6.9 - 13.7
Asian	68.4	66.0	3.4	.2 - 6.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.4	70.4	4.0	2.2 - 5.8
Men	85.8	82.8	3.5	1.3 - 5.7
Women	59.4	56.5	4.8	1.6 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	84.0	82.1	2.2	1.2 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	61.5	59.5	3.1	1.7 - 4.5
Women who maintain families.....	62.4	56.5	9.5	5.1 - 13.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward				
Total	67.5	64.0	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Men	74.7	71.5	4.3	3.3 - 5.3
Women	60.7	56.8	6.4	5.1 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.4	31.5	20.1	12.9 - 27.3
White	70.1	66.7	4.8	3.8 - 5.8
Men	79.3	75.8	4.4	3.1 - 5.7
Women	60.6	57.3	5.4	3.8 - 7.0
Black or African American	60.7	55.0	9.4	6.1 - 12.7
Men	60.8	58.5	3.7	.5 - 6.9
Women	60.7	52.3	13.9	8.7 - 19.1
Asian	63.4	60.1	5.2	3.6 - 6.8
Men	66.8	63.5	4.9	2.6 - 7.2
Women	60.4	57.1	5.5	3.1 - 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.6	66.2	6.4	4.5 - 8.3
Men	82.3	78.3	4.8	2.7 - 6.9
Women	56.8	51.6	9.1	5.4 - 12.8
Married men, spouse present	79.0	77.2	2.3	1.3 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	60.4	57.1	5.6	3.8 - 7.4
Women who maintain families.....	67.7	63.6	6.1	2.6 - 9.6
Philadelphia				
Total	62.8	59.8	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	70.5	67.0	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Women	55.9	53.3	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.4	30.8	15.3	10.3 - 20.3
White	64.5	62.0	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Men	72.8	69.9	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	56.6	54.5	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.6	34.0	14.0	8.5 - 19.5
Black or African American	58.7	54.3	7.6	5.9 - 9.3
Men	61.8	56.5	8.6	5.9 - 11.3
Women	56.4	52.6	6.7	4.5 - 8.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.4	59.7	8.7	5.1 - 12.3
Men	80.4	72.5	9.7	4.8 - 14.6
Married men, spouse present	74.7	72.7	2.6	1.7 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	57.7	56.0	2.9	1.8 - 4.0
Women who maintain families.....	63.3	59.6	6.0	3.2 - 8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City				
Total	65.4	62.9	3.8	2.9 - 4.7
Men	71.6	68.8	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women	59.2	57.0	3.6	2.4 - 4.8
White	65.3	63.1	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Men	72.0	70.0	2.8	1.6 - 4.0
Women	58.6	56.2	4.1	2.5 - 5.7
Asian	63.7	61.7	3.0	1.6 - 4.4
Men	68.1	65.9	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Women	59.7	58.0	2.8	.9 - 4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.2	69.9	3.2	1.4 - 5.0
Men	82.2	79.4	3.4	.9 - 5.9
Married men, spouse present	76.3	74.7	2.2	1.0 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	60.0	57.9	3.4	1.7 - 5.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine				
Total	67.3	65.0	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Men	76.3	73.8	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Women	57.8	55.8	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.5	35.6	14.2	9.3 - 19.1
White	68.6	66.3	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Men	77.4	74.9	3.2	2.4 - 4.0
Women	59.0	56.8	3.6	2.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.6	38.8	13.1	8.1 - 18.1
Asian	57.5	56.2	2.3	1.0 - 3.6
Men	65.6	63.9	2.6	.7 - 4.5
Women	50.2	49.3	1.9	.1 - 3.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.3	71.1	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Men	84.2	81.8	2.8	1.6 - 4.0
Women	61.0	59.0	3.3	1.6 - 5.0
Married men, spouse present	81.8	80.4	1.7	1.0 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	56.3	54.9	2.5	1.4 - 3.6
Women who maintain families.....	70.2	68.5	2.5	.2 - 4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Metropolitan divisions:				
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett				
Total	71.3	68.4	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Men	78.2	75.0	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Women	64.3	61.8	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.7	35.6	18.6	12.5 - 24.7
White	71.6	68.9	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Men	78.6	75.4	4.1	3.1 - 5.1
Women	64.7	62.5	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Black or African American	64.6	59.3	8.2	4.2 - 12.2
Asian	71.2	68.3	4.1	2.3 - 5.9
Men	79.3	75.3	5.1	2.4 - 7.8
Women	63.8	61.9	2.9	.7 - 5.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.0	74.9	5.3	2.4 - 8.2
Married men, spouse present	81.1	79.0	2.7	1.7 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	63.9	62.9	1.6	.8 - 2.4
Women who maintain families.....	80.3	78.1	2.7	.4 - 5.0
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills				
Total	66.5	62.4	6.1	5.3 - 6.9
Men	73.7	69.2	6.2	5.1 - 7.3
Women	59.6	56.0	6.0	4.8 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.4	39.2	17.3	12.2 - 22.4
White	65.7	61.7	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Men	73.6	69.1	6.2	5.0 - 7.4
Women	57.9	54.5	5.8	4.5 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.2	42.4	13.8	8.6 - 19.0
Black or African American	69.0	64.2	7.1	3.9 - 10.3
Men	68.9	63.9	7.3	2.0 - 12.6
Women	69.1	64.3	7.0	3.0 - 11.0
Asian	77.2	74.5	3.5	.7 - 6.3
Men	85.4	84.9	.6	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	77.4	74.2	4.2	3.0 - 5.4
Married women, spouse present	59.5	57.0	4.3	2.9 - 5.7
Women who maintain families.....	74.0	70.0	5.5	2.2 - 8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Metropolitan divisions:					
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria					
Total	74.1	71.8	3.0	2.6	- 3.4
Men	80.5	78.1	3.0	2.5	- 3.5
Women	67.9	65.8	3.1	2.6	- 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.9	38.3	10.7	7.8	- 13.6
White	75.2	73.5	2.3	1.9	- 2.7
Men	82.1	80.4	2.1	1.6	- 2.6
Women	67.9	66.3	2.4	1.8	- 3.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.0	41.6	9.5	6.1	- 12.9
Black or African American	71.5	67.7	5.3	4.4	- 6.2
Men	73.9	69.5	6.0	4.6	- 7.4
Women	69.5	66.2	4.7	3.5	- 5.9
Asian	74.2	73.0	1.6	.6	- 2.6
Men	88.2	86.9	1.4	.2	- 2.6
Women	61.0	59.8	1.9	.3	- 3.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.3	76.7	3.2	2.2	- 4.2
Men	89.6	87.3	2.6	1.5	- 3.7
Women	63.6	60.8	4.4	2.4	- 6.4
Married men, spouse present	85.6	84.6	1.1	.7	- 1.5
Married women, spouse present	67.8	66.3	2.2	1.5	- 2.9
Women who maintain families.....	77.4	74.2	4.2	2.5	- 5.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach					
Total	60.7	58.3	4.0	3.0	- 5.0
Men	67.9	65.2	3.9	2.5	- 5.3
Women	53.9	51.7	4.0	2.5	- 5.5
White	59.9	58.0	3.1	2.1	- 4.1
Men	67.5	65.5	2.9	1.6	- 4.2
Women	52.4	50.7	3.3	1.8	- 4.8
Black or African American	65.9	59.2	10.1	5.9	- 14.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.1	65.9	4.6	2.4	- 6.8
Men	85.3	81.4	4.5	1.8	- 7.2
Married men, spouse present	67.5	66.2	2.0	.6	- 3.4
Married women, spouse present	51.0	49.8	2.4	.7	- 4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Atlanta city				
Total	69.1	64.6	6.6	4.5 - 8.7
Men	76.5	72.5	5.2	2.6 - 7.8
Women	62.6	57.6	8.0	4.8 - 11.2
White	78.5	75.6	3.7	1.5 - 5.9
Men	89.6	86.8	3.1	.4 - 5.8
Women	66.9	63.9	4.5	.8 - 8.2
Black or African American	60.6	54.7	9.7	6.2 - 13.2
Men	62.3	56.9	8.7	3.7 - 13.7
Women	59.3	53.1	10.4	5.6 - 15.2
Married men, spouse present	77.5	74.7	3.6	.2 - 7.0
Married women, spouse present	56.9	52.2	8.3	2.4 - 14.2
Austin city				
Total	74.0	71.0	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Men	80.3	76.8	4.4	2.8 - 6.0
Women	66.5	64.2	3.5	1.8 - 5.2
White	74.4	72.1	3.1	1.9 - 4.3
Men	81.4	79.1	2.8	1.4 - 4.2
Women	65.7	63.3	3.6	1.7 - 5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.7	72.5	2.9	1.1 - 4.7
Men	82.9	80.7	2.7	.5 - 4.9
Married men, spouse present	86.6	84.3	2.7	.8 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	65.9	64.6	2.0	.1 - 3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Baltimore city				
Total	56.7	53.3	6.0	4.6 - 7.4
Men	60.4	56.6	6.3	4.2 - 8.4
Women	53.8	50.7	5.8	3.9 - 7.7
White	63.4	60.7	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Men	72.4	69.4	4.1	1.4 - 6.8
Women	56.4	54.0	4.3	1.5 - 7.1
Black or African American	53.1	49.3	7.2	5.3 - 9.1
Men	54.2	50.0	7.9	4.9 - 10.9
Women	52.3	48.8	6.7	4.2 - 9.2
Married men, spouse present	63.0	60.6	3.8	.9 - 6.7
Married women, spouse present	56.3	55.0	2.4	(²) - (²)
Women who maintain families.....	55.9	52.1	6.8	2.5 - 11.1
Boston city				
Total	67.3	63.0	6.4	4.6 - 8.2
Men	68.7	61.9	9.9	6.8 - 13.0
Women	66.2	63.9	3.5	1.6 - 5.4
White	68.0	64.4	5.3	3.2 - 7.4
Men	70.7	65.3	7.8	4.2 - 11.4
Women	65.7	63.7	3.0	.8 - 5.2
Black or African American	65.0	60.5	6.9	3.0 - 10.8
Women	65.7	62.6	4.7	.3 - 9.1
Asian	67.4	60.6	10.2	5.1 - 15.3
Married men, spouse present	68.4	63.4	7.4	2.7 - 12.1
Married women, spouse present	67.5	64.4	4.7	.8 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Charlotte city				
Total	77.4	73.1	5.5	4.0 - 7.0
Men	83.2	78.8	5.3	3.4 - 7.2
Women	71.7	67.5	5.9	3.7 - 8.1
White	77.7	75.6	2.7	1.4 - 4.0
Men	85.4	82.9	3.0	1.1 - 4.9
Women	69.5	67.8	2.5	.5 - 4.5
Black or African American	78.2	69.6	11.0	7.7 - 14.3
Men	79.2	69.9	11.8	6.7 - 16.9
Women	77.3	69.3	10.4	6.0 - 14.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	83.4	80.3	3.7	.9 - 6.5
Men	90.1	85.6	5.0	1.0 - 9.0
Married men, spouse present	83.5	80.2	3.9	1.5 - 6.3
Married women, spouse present	69.2	66.8	3.4	.8 - 6.0
Chicago city				
Total	62.0	57.6	7.1	6.1 - 8.1
Men	69.7	65.0	6.7	5.4 - 8.0
Women	55.6	51.5	7.4	6.0 - 8.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.0	19.2	26.0	18.3 - 33.7
White	65.8	63.1	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Men	76.3	73.7	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Women	56.0	53.3	4.9	3.3 - 6.5
Black or African American	56.3	49.0	12.9	10.8 - 15.0
Men	57.8	49.3	14.7	11.4 - 18.0
Women	55.2	48.8	11.6	8.9 - 14.3
Asian	64.2	61.9	3.7	.7 - 6.7
Men	77.1	74.4	3.4	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.2	62.4	5.8	3.9 - 7.7
Men	83.9	80.6	4.0	2.0 - 6.0
Women	47.8	43.4	9.1	5.2 - 13.0
Married men, spouse present	80.2	77.8	3.0	1.7 - 4.3
Married women, spouse present	57.9	55.7	3.7	1.9 - 5.5
Women who maintain families.....	59.3	52.1	12.1	8.1 - 16.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Cleveland city				
Total	52.3	47.3	9.6	6.6 - 12.6
Men	59.5	54.7	8.0	4.3 - 11.7
Women	45.6	40.4	11.5	6.8 - 16.2
White	52.7	49.8	5.6	2.2 - 9.0
Men	63.0	59.7	5.2	1.1 - 9.3
Women	41.5	38.8	6.4	.6 - 12.2
Black or African American	51.5	44.7	13.3	8.6 - 18.0
Men	55.6	49.2	11.5	5.2 - 17.8
Women	48.2	41.0	14.9	8.2 - 21.6
Married men, spouse present	61.8	59.7	3.5	(²) - (²)
Women who maintain families.....	60.9	52.9	13.1	5.3 - 20.9
Columbus city				
Total	73.5	68.5	6.9	5.2 - 8.6
Men	80.8	75.0	7.2	4.8 - 9.6
Women	67.5	63.1	6.5	4.2 - 8.8
White	70.4	67.3	4.3	2.6 - 6.0
Men	80.3	76.3	5.0	2.5 - 7.5
Women	61.3	59.2	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Black or African American	80.5	70.8	12.1	8.6 - 15.6
Men	82.5	71.5	13.3	7.6 - 19.0
Women	79.3	70.3	11.3	6.9 - 15.7
Married men, spouse present	85.0	81.7	3.9	1.1 - 6.7
Married women, spouse present	63.6	60.1	5.6	1.7 - 9.5
Women who maintain families.....	74.8	69.2	7.5	2.5 - 12.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Dallas city				
Total	68.5	64.7	5.6	4.3 - 6.9
Men	79.5	75.1	5.5	3.9 - 7.1
Women	58.3	55.0	5.7	3.8 - 7.6
White	68.7	66.3	3.4	2.2 - 4.6
Men	81.3	79.2	2.7	1.3 - 4.1
Women	56.0	53.4	4.6	2.5 - 6.7
Black or African American	67.2	58.3	13.3	9.7 - 16.9
Men	70.9	57.1	19.5	13.6 - 25.4
Women	64.6	59.2	8.3	4.2 - 12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.9	70.0	5.2	3.4 - 7.0
Men	86.5	82.5	4.6	2.5 - 6.7
Women	58.0	54.4	6.3	3.0 - 9.6
Married men, spouse present	81.6	79.6	2.4	.8 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	50.8	48.4	4.7	1.9 - 7.5
Women who maintain families.....	68.5	64.2	6.2	1.9 - 10.5
Denver County/city				
Total	77.1	72.3	6.2	4.8 - 7.6
Men	85.7	80.6	5.9	4.1 - 7.7
Women	68.3	63.8	6.6	4.5 - 8.7
White	78.1	73.5	5.9	4.4 - 7.4
Men	86.3	80.9	6.2	4.3 - 8.1
Women	69.5	65.7	5.5	3.4 - 7.6
Black or African American	67.6	62.4	7.7	3.0 - 12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.4	65.0	10.2	6.5 - 13.9
Men	81.8	72.8	10.9	6.0 - 15.8
Women	61.9	56.3	9.1	3.5 - 14.7
Married men, spouse present	88.6	85.0	4.1	1.7 - 6.5
Married women, spouse present	62.8	59.7	4.9	1.7 - 8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Detroit city				
Total	53.6	45.2	15.7	13.1 - 18.3
Men	55.4	46.3	16.4	12.8 - 20.0
Women	52.0	44.2	15.1	11.6 - 18.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.9	13.3	42.1	33.1 - 51.1
White	38.5	34.9	9.4	3.3 - 15.5
Men	43.4	38.8	10.5	1.8 - 19.2
Women	33.9	31.2	8.0	(²) - (²)
Black or African American	57.1	47.8	16.3	13.5 - 19.1
Men	58.7	48.7	16.9	12.9 - 20.9
Women	55.7	47.0	15.7	12.0 - 19.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.9	15.8	41.2	28.0 - 54.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	41.8	39.8	4.7	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	68.7	64.9	5.6	1.8 - 9.4
Married women, spouse present	67.7	65.8	2.8	(²) - (²)
Women who maintain families.....	54.1	43.1	20.2	13.5 - 26.9
Fort Worth city				
Total	67.8	64.7	4.5	3.0 - 6.0
Men	77.7	74.2	4.6	2.7 - 6.5
Women	58.1	55.5	4.4	2.2 - 6.6
White	66.9	63.9	4.5	2.9 - 6.1
Men	78.2	74.6	4.6	2.5 - 6.7
Women	55.7	53.3	4.2	1.8 - 6.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.0	67.9	3.0	.7 - 5.3
Men	84.2	82.1	2.6	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	84.7	82.9	2.0	.3 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	58.7	56.2	4.2	1.4 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Houston city				
Total	64.1	58.6	8.5	7.3 - 9.7
Men	72.1	66.4	8.0	6.5 - 9.5
Women	56.2	51.0	9.2	7.4 - 11.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.4	20.0	29.5	24.3 - 34.7
White	66.4	62.4	6.1	4.9 - 7.3
Men	78.7	74.3	5.5	4.0 - 7.0
Women	53.4	49.7	7.0	4.9 - 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.9	26.6	19.1	11.1 - 27.1
Black or African American	56.6	47.6	15.9	13.2 - 18.6
Men	56.0	46.8	16.5	12.5 - 20.5
Women	57.1	48.3	15.4	11.8 - 19.0
Asian	71.4	67.3	5.7	2.1 - 9.3
Men	69.4	62.2	10.3	4.0 - 16.6
Women	73.5	72.7	1.1	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.4	62.9	6.6	4.9 - 8.3
Men	84.3	79.6	5.6	3.7 - 7.5
Women	48.7	44.6	8.5	5.3 - 11.7
Married men, spouse present	82.5	78.6	4.7	3.1 - 6.3
Married women, spouse present	54.0	51.2	5.2	3.0 - 7.4
Women who maintain families.....	64.2	54.2	15.6	11.3 - 19.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city				
Total	67.1	62.4	7.1	5.5 - 8.7
Men	73.5	69.6	5.4	3.5 - 7.3
Women	61.0	55.4	9.1	6.5 - 11.7
White	69.4	65.4	5.8	4.1 - 7.5
Men	79.5	75.5	5.1	3.0 - 7.2
Women	59.1	55.1	6.7	3.9 - 9.5
Black or African American	61.3	54.1	11.8	7.9 - 15.7
Men	55.8	51.8	7.2	2.3 - 12.1
Women	66.3	56.1	15.3	9.6 - 21.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	86.4	83.7	3.1	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	78.8	77.5	1.7	.2 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	62.3	60.3	3.2	.8 - 5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Jacksonville city				
Total	68.7	66.7	3.0	1.9 - 4.1
Men	75.0	72.8	2.9	1.4 - 4.4
Women	63.3	61.3	3.1	1.5 - 4.7
White	69.2	67.0	3.2	1.8 - 4.6
Men	77.2	74.6	3.4	1.4 - 5.4
Women	62.3	60.4	3.0	1.1 - 4.9
Black or African American	65.0	63.1	2.9	1.0 - 4.8
Married men, spouse present	73.9	72.9	1.3	(²) - (²)
Married women, spouse present	61.6	60.8	1.3	(²) - (²)
Kansas City city				
Total	71.5	66.8	6.6	4.8 - 8.4
Men	78.9	74.6	5.5	3.2 - 7.8
Women	64.8	59.7	7.8	5.0 - 10.6
White	72.4	69.4	4.1	2.3 - 5.9
Men	82.3	79.7	3.1	1.0 - 5.2
Women	63.0	59.6	5.4	2.4 - 8.4
Black or African American	70.0	61.0	12.9	8.7 - 17.1
Men	72.2	62.7	13.2	6.9 - 19.5
Women	68.4	59.7	12.8	7.3 - 18.3
Married men, spouse present	80.3	79.0	1.7	(²) - (²)
Married women, spouse present	64.1	61.1	4.7	1.3 - 8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Las Vegas city				
Total	66.0	63.7	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Men	73.6	71.4	3.1	2.0 - 4.2
Women	58.1	55.8	4.0	2.5 - 5.5
White	65.0	62.8	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Men	73.5	71.0	3.4	2.1 - 4.7
Women	55.7	53.8	3.4	1.8 - 5.0
Black or African American	70.3	67.0	4.7	1.9 - 7.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.5	74.0	3.3	1.6 - 5.0
Men	88.7	85.7	3.4	1.3 - 5.5
Married men, spouse present	78.6	77.5	1.5	.4 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	57.3	56.4	1.7	.3 - 3.1
Los Angeles city				
Total	66.5	62.6	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Men	76.7	72.1	6.0	5.0 - 7.0
Women	56.5	53.1	5.9	4.8 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.8	23.6	18.2	11.2 - 25.2
White	68.9	65.3	5.2	4.4 - 6.0
Men	79.4	75.3	5.1	4.1 - 6.1
Women	57.7	54.7	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Black or African American	53.3	45.9	13.9	10.4 - 17.4
Men	60.0	51.0	15.0	9.8 - 20.2
Women	48.1	42.0	12.8	8.0 - 17.6
Asian	62.2	59.2	5.0	2.9 - 7.1
Men	71.8	67.4	6.2	2.9 - 9.5
Women	54.7	52.6	3.7	1.1 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.6	67.9	5.1	4.1 - 6.1
Men	85.1	81.1	4.7	3.5 - 5.9
Women	56.7	53.4	5.8	4.1 - 7.5
Married men, spouse present	80.8	77.5	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Married women, spouse present	53.7	51.2	4.7	3.1 - 6.3
Women who maintain families.....	64.3	60.3	6.2	3.3 - 9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
 Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city				
Total	65.9	61.6	6.5	4.8 - 8.2
Men	70.4	66.8	5.1	3.1 - 7.1
Women	61.8	56.9	7.9	5.4 - 10.4
White	66.4	63.4	4.5	2.9 - 6.1
Men	71.5	68.9	3.7	1.7 - 5.7
Women	61.6	58.3	5.4	3.0 - 7.8
Black or African American	64.6	54.3	16.0	10.5 - 21.5
Women	66.4	54.8	17.3	10.0 - 24.6
Married men, spouse present	73.0	70.8	3.1	.9 - 5.3
Married women, spouse present	60.7	58.1	4.2	1.3 - 7.1
 Memphis city				
Total	66.2	60.8	8.2	6.4 - 10.0
Men	74.3	68.3	8.1	5.7 - 10.5
Women	58.8	53.9	8.3	5.7 - 10.9
White	69.9	67.8	3.0	1.4 - 4.6
Men	80.8	78.1	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Women	58.0	56.4	2.7	.3 - 5.1
Black or African American	62.3	53.5	14.1	11.0 - 17.2
Men	66.3	56.0	15.6	10.8 - 20.4
Women	59.3	51.7	12.9	8.8 - 17.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	85.4	81.7	4.3	.3 - 8.3
Men	97.3	91.8	5.6	.5 - 10.7
Married men, spouse present	74.1	71.8	3.2	.7 - 5.7
Married women, spouse present	57.8	54.6	5.4	1.9 - 8.9
Women who maintain families	67.0	58.7	12.4	6.2 - 18.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Miami city				
Total	53.7	52.0	3.2	1.4 - 5.0
Men	70.1	68.1	2.9	.7 - 5.1
White	56.7	55.1	2.8	1.0 - 4.6
Men	75.2	73.1	2.8	.6 - 5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	56.1	54.4	2.9	1.0 - 4.8
Men	72.8	70.5	3.2	.7 - 5.7
Milwaukee city				
Total	65.9	60.0	8.9	7.1 - 10.7
Men	69.5	62.1	10.6	8.0 - 13.2
Women	62.7	58.2	7.2	5.0 - 9.4
White	64.6	60.6	6.2	4.3 - 8.1
Men	70.2	64.8	7.7	4.9 - 10.5
Women	58.9	56.4	4.4	2.0 - 6.8
Black or African American	68.6	59.3	13.5	10.2 - 16.8
Men	69.3	57.0	17.7	12.4 - 23.0
Women	68.1	60.9	10.5	6.6 - 14.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.7	64.8	8.4	4.2 - 12.6
Men	81.7	72.7	11.0	5.3 - 16.7
Women	55.8	54.0	3.3	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	74.3	67.0	9.9	5.8 - 14.0
Married women, spouse present	63.7	59.8	6.0	2.3 - 9.7
Women who maintain families.....	71.7	68.6	4.2	.8 - 7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Minneapolis city				
Total	79.1	73.5	7.0	5.4 - 8.6
Men	82.5	75.4	8.6	6.2 - 11.0
Women	75.9	71.8	5.4	3.5 - 7.3
White	80.5	76.3	5.2	3.6 - 6.8
Men	83.7	77.9	6.9	4.4 - 9.4
Women	77.6	74.8	3.6	1.7 - 5.5
Black or African American	71.8	61.6	14.2	9.3 - 19.1
Men	77.6	66.0	14.9	7.9 - 21.9
Women	66.8	57.8	13.5	6.7 - 20.3
Married men, spouse present	84.4	80.5	4.6	1.5 - 7.7
Married women, spouse present	76.1	72.8	4.3	1.1 - 7.5
Women who maintain families.....	86.6	82.1	5.2	.9 - 9.5
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city				
Total	74.7	71.0	5.0	3.5 - 6.5
Men	83.1	79.7	4.1	2.2 - 6.0
Women	67.3	63.3	6.0	3.7 - 8.3
White	76.2	73.3	3.7	2.1 - 5.3
Men	85.8	82.0	4.5	2.2 - 6.8
Women	66.4	64.6	2.7	.7 - 4.7
Black or African American	69.7	63.1	9.5	5.8 - 13.2
Women	67.5	58.8	12.8	7.5 - 18.1
Married men, spouse present	82.4	79.9	3.0	.4 - 5.6
Married women, spouse present	64.6	62.3	3.5	.2 - 6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
New Orleans city				
Total	48.8	44.4	9.2	4.4 - 14.0
Men	51.0	45.9	10.0	2.9 - 17.1
Women	47.0	43.0	8.4	2.1 - 14.7
White	52.0	48.2	7.5	1.5 - 13.5
Black or African American	46.4	41.2	11.2	3.8 - 18.6
New York city				
Total	59.3	56.4	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	67.5	64.1	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Women	52.1	49.7	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.7	14.1	28.4	24.4 - 32.4
White	60.2	57.7	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	69.0	65.8	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Women	52.2	50.1	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Black or African American	57.6	53.4	7.3	6.3 - 8.3
Men	62.2	57.0	8.2	6.7 - 9.7
Women	54.2	50.7	6.6	5.3 - 7.9
Asian	58.4	57.0	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Men	70.5	69.0	2.2	1.1 - 3.3
Women	47.0	45.7	2.8	1.4 - 4.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	58.2	54.7	6.0	5.0 - 7.0
Men	69.2	65.5	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Women	49.0	45.7	6.8	5.3 - 8.3
Married men, spouse present	72.2	70.1	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	53.9	52.4	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	59.9	56.3	5.9	4.3 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Oakland city				
Total	67.7	61.9	8.7	6.3 - 11.1
Men	72.6	69.1	4.9	2.4 - 7.4
Women	62.8	54.6	13.1	8.9 - 17.3
White	76.1	70.6	7.3	4.3 - 10.3
Men	82.6	79.0	4.4	1.3 - 7.5
Women	68.5	60.6	11.5	5.9 - 17.1
Black or African American	63.8	54.7	14.2	7.8 - 20.6
Asian	53.1	48.9	8.0	2.9 - 13.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.1	65.4	8.0	4.0 - 12.0
Men	80.8	75.8	6.2	1.8 - 10.6
Married men, spouse present	76.7	73.5	4.1	.6 - 7.6
Married women, spouse present	64.3	56.6	12.0	5.5 - 18.5
Oklahoma City city				
Total	66.2	62.7	5.4	3.9 - 6.9
Men	75.0	70.6	5.9	3.8 - 8.0
Women	58.1	55.3	4.8	2.7 - 6.9
White	69.0	65.7	4.8	3.2 - 6.4
Men	77.7	73.5	5.3	3.1 - 7.5
Women	60.6	58.0	4.2	2.0 - 6.4
Married men, spouse present	74.2	71.8	3.3	1.0 - 5.6
Married women, spouse present	62.3	61.4	1.6	(²) - (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Philadelphia County/city				
Total	56.0	52.6	6.0	4.7 - 7.3
Men	62.5	58.2	6.9	4.9 - 8.9
Women	50.8	48.1	5.2	3.5 - 6.9
White	56.3	53.3	5.3	3.5 - 7.1
Men	65.8	62.5	5.0	2.6 - 7.4
Women	48.4	45.7	5.5	2.9 - 8.1
Black or African American	56.8	52.7	7.1	5.1 - 9.1
Men	59.0	53.5	9.4	6.0 - 12.8
Women	55.0	52.1	5.2	2.8 - 7.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.3	56.7	9.0	3.9 - 14.1
Married men, spouse present	62.2	60.4	2.9	.7 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	51.8	49.0	5.4	2.2 - 8.6
Women who maintain families.....	58.7	56.3	4.2	.7 - 7.7
Phoenix city				
Total	69.8	67.2	3.8	2.9 - 4.7
Men	78.0	75.1	3.8	2.7 - 4.9
Women	61.1	58.8	3.8	2.5 - 5.1
White	70.0	67.6	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Men	78.5	75.8	3.4	2.3 - 4.5
Women	60.8	58.6	3.6	2.2 - 5.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.5	67.0	3.6	2.2 - 5.0
Men	83.2	80.3	3.4	1.8 - 5.0
Women	53.5	51.3	4.0	1.6 - 6.4
Married men, spouse present	82.4	81.2	1.4	.4 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	61.7	60.1	2.6	1.0 - 4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Portland city				
Total	74.5	70.9	4.7	3.5 - 5.9
Men	79.1	75.7	4.3	2.7 - 5.9
Women	70.3	66.6	5.1	3.3 - 6.9
White	75.5	72.0	4.6	3.3 - 5.9
Men	79.4	76.2	3.9	2.3 - 5.5
Women	71.9	68.1	5.3	3.4 - 7.2
Married men, spouse present	86.1	83.9	2.5	.7 - 4.3
Married women, spouse present	71.5	68.3	4.5	1.9 - 7.1
Sacramento city				
Total	64.2	59.5	7.3	4.8 - 9.8
Men	70.9	65.6	7.5	4.0 - 11.0
Women	58.3	54.1	7.2	3.6 - 10.8
White	69.4	63.8	8.0	4.9 - 11.1
Men	76.0	69.3	8.7	4.3 - 13.1
Women	62.9	58.4	7.1	2.8 - 11.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.1	69.5	9.9	5.0 - 14.8
Men	87.7	78.3	10.7	4.3 - 17.1
Married men, spouse present	73.9	71.0	3.9	.2 - 7.6
Married women, spouse present	58.5	55.9	4.4	(²) - (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
San Antonio city				
Total	67.8	64.2	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Men	78.6	74.7	5.0	3.5 - 6.5
Women	57.6	54.4	5.6	3.8 - 7.4
White	67.2	63.7	5.2	4.0 - 6.4
Men	78.6	74.8	4.8	3.3 - 6.3
Women	56.8	53.5	5.7	3.8 - 7.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.7	64.5	4.7	3.3 - 6.1
Men	78.0	74.7	4.2	2.5 - 5.9
Women	57.5	54.5	5.3	3.1 - 7.5
Married men, spouse present	83.8	80.1	4.4	2.5 - 6.3
Married women, spouse present	58.8	55.6	5.5	2.9 - 8.1
Women who maintain families.....	68.2	65.6	3.9	.4 - 7.4
San Diego city				
Total	67.9	65.4	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Men	75.9	73.2	3.6	2.2 - 5.0
Women	60.1	57.9	3.7	2.2 - 5.2
White	68.6	66.2	3.5	2.3 - 4.7
Men	78.7	76.4	2.8	1.5 - 4.1
Women	58.5	56.0	4.4	2.4 - 6.4
Asian	62.1	61.0	1.8	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.4	62.6	4.2	2.3 - 6.1
Men	79.1	76.5	3.3	1.1 - 5.5
Women	53.6	50.8	5.2	2.1 - 8.3
Married men, spouse present	78.9	78.5	.6	(²) - (²)
Married women, spouse present	53.2	51.8	2.5	.5 - 4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
San Francisco County/city				
Total	64.6	62.2	3.7	2.5 - 4.9
Men	69.2	66.5	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women	59.5	57.6	3.3	1.5 - 5.1
White	67.2	64.5	3.9	2.3 - 5.5
Men	70.4	67.6	4.0	1.9 - 6.1
Women	63.4	61.0	3.9	1.5 - 6.3
Asian	59.0	57.0	3.4	1.4 - 5.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.6	65.1	3.6	.7 - 6.5
Married men, spouse present	70.5	67.1	4.9	1.7 - 8.1
San Jose city				
Total	70.1	66.0	5.9	4.4 - 7.4
Men	78.6	75.5	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Women	61.5	56.4	8.2	5.6 - 10.8
White	72.5	68.0	6.2	4.2 - 8.2
Men	81.1	77.3	4.7	2.4 - 7.0
Women	63.5	58.2	8.3	4.9 - 11.7
Asian	66.4	63.4	4.5	2.3 - 6.7
Men	75.6	74.2	1.8	(²) - (²)
Women	57.8	53.4	7.7	3.5 - 11.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.0	67.7	7.3	4.0 - 10.6
Men	86.2	82.8	3.9	.7 - 7.1
Married men, spouse present	79.5	77.5	2.5	.7 - 4.3
Married women, spouse present	56.8	53.3	6.2	2.9 - 9.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Seattle city				
Total	71.3	66.7	6.3	4.7 - 7.9
Men	74.4	69.7	6.3	4.2 - 8.4
Women	67.9	63.6	6.4	4.1 - 8.7
White	73.4	69.8	4.9	3.3 - 6.5
Men	76.6	73.0	4.8	2.6 - 7.0
Women	69.8	66.1	5.2	2.7 - 7.7
Asian	66.6	61.0	8.5	4.2 - 12.8
Married men, spouse present	74.6	69.8	6.4	3.0 - 9.8
Married women, spouse present	68.9	66.4	3.6	.9 - 6.3
St. Louis city				
Total	64.6	58.1	10.1	7.2 - 13.0
Men	67.7	60.9	10.1	6.3 - 13.9
Women	61.3	55.1	10.1	6.0 - 14.2
White	63.4	60.1	5.3	2.1 - 8.5
Men	68.2	63.8	6.6	1.9 - 11.3
Women	58.3	56.1	3.7	(²) - (²)
Black or African American	63.0	53.4	15.2	10.6 - 19.8
Men	62.4	52.2	16.3	9.5 - 23.1
Women	63.6	54.5	14.2	8.1 - 20.3
Married men, spouse present	76.8	71.1	7.4	2.0 - 12.8
Married women, spouse present	67.6	65.9	2.5	(²) - (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Tulsa city				
Total	68.5	66.3	3.3	1.9 - 4.7
Men	75.4	71.9	4.6	2.4 - 6.8
Women	62.4	61.1	2.0	.4 - 3.6
White	70.0	68.6	2.0	.7 - 3.3
Men	77.6	75.7	2.5	.6 - 4.4
Women	62.1	61.2	1.4	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	80.9	78.2	3.4	.8 - 6.0
Virginia Beach city				
Total	71.7	69.9	2.5	1.3 - 3.7
Men	79.1	77.9	1.5	.2 - 2.8
Women	65.9	63.6	3.5	1.5 - 5.5
White	70.6	69.0	2.2	.9 - 3.5
Men	79.6	78.7	1.2	(²) - (²)
Women	63.8	61.8	3.2	1.0 - 5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates, by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment	
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Cities:				
Washington city				
Total	67.1	63.2	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Men	70.4	66.6	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	64.3	60.3	6.2	5.4 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.4	19.2	29.8	24.0 - 35.6
White	78.4	76.7	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Men	82.0	80.4	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women	75.0	73.1	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Black or African American	57.2	51.5	10.0	9.0 - 11.0
Men	58.3	52.4	10.2	8.7 - 11.7
Women	56.4	50.8	9.8	8.5 - 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.5	18.5	33.0	25.6 - 40.4
Asian	79.6	78.0	2.0	.4 - 3.6
Men	88.4	86.9	1.6	(²) - (²)
Women	72.6	70.8	2.4	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	81.0	77.7	4.1	2.7 - 5.5
Men	90.9	88.2	3.0	1.5 - 4.5
Women	69.2	65.2	5.8	3.2 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	76.3	74.1	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	66.8	64.1	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women who maintain families.....	66.4	59.4	10.5	8.3 - 12.7

¹ Error measures are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error measures.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of

sample cases is very small or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Data do not match the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta			
Less than a high school diploma	58.6	54.0	7.9
High school graduates, no college	64.4	61.3	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	77.6	74.7	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.4	81.3	1.4
Austin-Round Rock			
Less than a high school diploma	59.0	56.0	5.0
High school graduates, no college	70.7	69.5	1.7
Some college or associate's degree	74.7	71.9	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	75.0	2.7
Baltimore-Towson			
Less than a high school diploma	42.1	38.8	7.9
High school graduates, no college	63.1	60.3	4.4
Some college or associate's degree	73.0	70.7	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.1	77.9	1.5
Birmingham-Hoover			
High school graduates, no college	66.2	64.2	3.0
Some college or associate's degree	70.2	67.4	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	77.8	1.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy			
Less than a high school diploma	46.8	44.6	4.7
High school graduates, no college	60.1	55.5	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	70.9	67.2	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.1	77.0	2.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk			
Less than a high school diploma	48.9	45.2	7.6
High school graduates, no college	63.1	60.8	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.6	69.5	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.4	71.8	2.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls			
High school graduates, no college	56.0	53.7	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	68.0	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.9	74.0	2.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord			
Less than a high school diploma	66.0	62.7	4.9
High school graduates, no college	70.0	66.3	5.2
Some college or associate's degree	78.9	73.8	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.1	80.4	2.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet			
Less than a high school diploma	51.8	48.1	7.1
High school graduates, no college	61.9	59.0	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.8	70.1	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.8	78.9	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Cincinnati-Middletown			
Less than a high school diploma	38.0	35.3	7.2
High school graduates, no college	67.4	64.6	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	82.4	79.8	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	80.0	1.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor			
High school graduates, no college	59.4	57.3	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	72.3	69.8	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	78.5	3.4
Columbus			
Less than a high school diploma	51.9	46.7	10.0
High school graduates, no college	73.6	69.8	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	77.7	75.2	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	77.2	2.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	61.7	58.8	4.6
High school graduates, no college	68.9	65.9	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	74.4	71.5	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	79.9	1.7
Dayton			
High school graduates, no college	60.5	56.2	7.1
Some college or associate's degree	72.6	68.0	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	76.4	1.1
Denver-Aurora			
Less than a high school diploma	60.7	56.6	6.7
High school graduates, no college	73.8	70.9	3.9
Some college or associate's degree	75.6	73.3	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.8	78.7	2.6
Detroit-Warren-Livonia			
Less than a high school diploma	35.5	29.4	17.1
High school graduates, no college	57.1	52.6	7.9
Some college or associate's degree	68.7	65.3	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	77.1	3.0
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford			
Less than a high school diploma	39.7	36.2	8.9
High school graduates, no college	67.3	63.7	5.3
Some college or associate's degree	73.3	71.6	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.0	79.1	2.3
Honolulu			
High school graduates, no college	59.7	58.1	2.8
Some college or associate's degree	71.7	70.3	1.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	76.1	.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown			
Less than a high school diploma	54.0	50.5	6.5
High school graduates, no college	69.8	65.7	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	74.4	70.5	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.5	75.5	2.5
Indianapolis-Carmel			
Less than a high school diploma	41.9	39.2	6.3
High school graduates, no college	64.4	61.0	5.4
Some college or associate's degree	76.0	73.5	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	78.6	1.5
Jacksonville			
High school graduates, no college	66.7	65.4	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	67.6	65.9	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.4	75.5	2.4
Kansas City			
Less than a high school diploma	51.7	48.9	5.3
High school graduates, no college	64.1	60.5	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	77.9	75.5	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.9	79.8	2.5
Las Vegas-Paradise			
Less than a high school diploma	61.3	58.2	5.0
High school graduates, no college	65.6	63.5	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	74.1	72.3	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.9	73.1	2.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana			
Less than a high school diploma	59.4	56.6	4.8
High school graduates, no college	59.6	57.1	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	72.5	70.2	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	74.9	3.0
Louisville-Jefferson County			
Less than a high school diploma	43.9	38.9	11.4
High school graduates, no college	66.3	62.8	5.2
Some college or associate's degree	69.1	66.6	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	74.9	3.1
Memphis			
Less than a high school diploma	45.2	40.1	11.4
High school graduates, no college	68.3	63.9	6.4
Some college or associate's degree	72.0	68.9	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	81.1	.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	45.7	43.4	5.0
High school graduates, no college	62.9	60.4	3.9
Some college or associate's degree	74.1	72.0	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	72.8	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis			
Less than a high school diploma	45.4	39.0	14.1
High school graduates, no college	68.4	65.5	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	68.4	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	77.2	1.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington			
Less than a high school diploma	54.0	51.4	4.7
High school graduates, no college	66.1	63.3	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	78.0	75.8	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.2	80.6	1.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin			
Less than a high school diploma	54.1	51.3	5.0
High school graduates, no college	69.2	66.6	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	79.8	77.4	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	78.5	2.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner			
High school graduates, no college	55.8	53.0	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	73.6	70.2	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.8	77.2	2.1
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island			
Less than a high school diploma	45.6	42.7	6.4
High school graduates, no college	60.4	58.0	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	70.8	68.0	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	75.4	2.1
Oklahoma City			
High school graduates, no college	60.4	58.4	3.4
Some college or associate's degree	74.6	73.2	1.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	78.3	.9
Orlando-Kissimmee			
Less than a high school diploma	57.7	53.2	7.7
High school graduates, no college	64.4	63.0	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	75.1	73.8	1.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	80.1	1.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington			
Less than a high school diploma	35.0	32.5	7.0
High school graduates, no college	60.8	58.3	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	72.8	69.2	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.9	76.3	2.1
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale			
Less than a high school diploma	57.4	55.2	3.8
High school graduates, no college	67.1	65.5	2.3
Some college or associate's degree	73.2	71.1	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.9	76.6	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
Pittsburgh			
High school graduates, no college	55.0	52.6	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	70.5	67.3	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.3	79.6	2.1
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton			
Less than a high school diploma	53.8	50.1	7.0
High school graduates, no college	61.2	59.2	3.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	67.8	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	78.2	2.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick			
Less than a high school diploma	41.8	38.3	8.5
High school graduates, no college	67.2	63.9	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	76.6	71.8	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	79.1	2.8
Richmond			
Less than a high school diploma	51.1	48.9	4.2
High school graduates, no college	67.0	64.2	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	73.9	71.3	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.4	72.4	1.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario			
Less than a high school diploma	53.2	49.2	7.5
High school graduates, no college	59.2	57.0	3.8
Some college or associate's degree	66.8	64.3	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.1	72.0	1.6
Rochester			
High school graduates, no college	56.5	52.8	6.5
Some college or associate's degree	78.1	74.6	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	86.4	85.4	1.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville			
Less than a high school diploma	54.8	48.9	10.8
High school graduates, no college	59.3	57.2	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	67.6	64.7	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	75.6	1.5
Salt Lake City			
Less than a high school diploma	66.2	63.4	4.3
High school graduates, no college	72.5	70.5	2.8
Some college or associate's degree	79.1	77.8	1.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	78.8	1.4
San Antonio			
Less than a high school diploma	49.9	48.5	2.8
High school graduates, no college	64.8	62.1	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	77.3	74.0	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.6	73.3	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan areas:			
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos			
Less than a high school diploma	57.7	55.5	3.8
High school graduates, no college	62.2	60.3	3.1
Some college or associate's degree	67.4	65.2	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.0	73.5	2.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont			
Less than a high school diploma	45.6	41.9	8.1
High school graduates, no college	59.8	57.2	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	68.2	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	75.0	2.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara			
Less than a high school diploma	48.1	45.1	6.3
High school graduates, no college	63.3	61.2	3.3
Some college or associate's degree	76.7	73.5	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	74.4	3.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue			
Less than a high school diploma	46.4	43.9	5.4
High school graduates, no college	66.4	64.2	3.4
Some college or associate's degree	72.0	69.4	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.7	75.8	2.4
St. Louis¹			
Less than a high school diploma	36.7	32.2	12.2
High school graduates, no college	66.1	61.6	6.8
Some college or associate's degree	77.4	74.0	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.0	80.8	1.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater			
Less than a high school diploma	46.7	43.8	6.0
High school graduates, no college	58.4	56.3	3.6
Some college or associate's degree	67.0	64.5	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.1	74.9	1.7
Tulsa			
High school graduates, no college	66.3	64.3	3.0
Some college or associate's degree	70.4	67.6	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	76.3	1.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News			
High school graduates, no college	65.1	63.6	2.3
Some college or associate's degree	67.7	65.9	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.8	74.0	.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	62.4	59.1	5.3
High school graduates, no college	70.0	68.2	2.5
Some college or associate's degree	77.7	75.4	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.6	81.3	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville			
High school graduates, no college	66.4	64.7	2.6
Some college or associate's degree	79.5	77.5	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	79.8	1.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy			
Less than a high school diploma	45.8	43.7	4.7
High school graduates, no college	55.9	50.9	8.9
Some college or associate's degree	68.7	64.7	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	75.0	2.7
Camden			
High school graduates, no college	62.1	59.3	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	79.4	76.1	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.9	78.7	1.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet			
Less than a high school diploma	50.2	46.7	7.1
High school graduates, no college	62.1	59.5	4.3
Some college or associate's degree	72.9	70.2	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.1	79.4	2.1
Dallas-Plano-Irving			
Less than a high school diploma	61.1	58.3	4.6
High school graduates, no college	67.3	64.6	4.1
Some college or associate's degree	75.3	72.2	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.9	80.5	1.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn			
Less than a high school diploma	34.3	28.0	18.5
High school graduates, no college	55.6	50.6	9.0
Some college or associate's degree	67.5	63.6	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.1	73.0	2.8
Edison-New Brunswick			
Less than a high school diploma	46.5	45.7	1.8
High school graduates, no college	60.8	59.1	2.8
Some college or associate's degree	70.4	66.5	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	75.4	2.9
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	57.1	53.9	5.5
High school graduates, no college	62.7	59.8	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	76.4	74.5	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.4	74.1	1.7
Fort Worth-Arlington			
Less than a high school diploma	62.7	59.7	4.8
High school graduates, no college	71.9	68.5	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	72.8	70.3	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.9	78.6	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale			
Less than a high school diploma	58.2	55.3	5.0
High school graduates, no college	58.2	55.8	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	73.9	71.3	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	75.8	3.4
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall			
Less than a high school diploma	37.2	35.8	3.8
High school graduates, no college	67.4	65.1	3.4
Some college or associate's degree	77.9	75.4	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.7	76.2	1.9
Nassau-Suffolk			
High school graduates, no college	60.6	58.9	2.7
Some college or associate's degree	75.3	73.8	1.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.8	71.9	1.2
New York-White Plains-Wayne			
Less than a high school diploma	45.1	42.0	6.8
High school graduates, no college	59.1	56.5	4.4
Some college or associate's degree	68.3	65.3	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	76.0	2.2
Newark-Union			
Less than a high school diploma	47.0	43.4	7.7
High school graduates, no college	67.5	64.1	5.0
Some college or associate's degree	75.6	72.3	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	77.8	2.4
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward			
Less than a high school diploma	48.0	43.4	9.7
High school graduates, no college	62.5	59.0	5.5
Some college or associate's degree	74.4	70.9	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.6	76.7	2.5
Philadelphia			
Less than a high school diploma	32.5	30.6	6.0
High school graduates, no college	59.9	57.5	4.0
Some college or associate's degree	69.2	65.3	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.5	75.7	2.3
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City			
High school graduates, no college	55.5	54.3	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	66.5	64.0	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.3	73.3	2.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine			
Less than a high school diploma	65.4	63.0	3.6
High school graduates, no college	64.3	61.5	4.2
Some college or associate's degree	69.3	67.6	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.1	72.6	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Metropolitan divisions:			
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett			
High school graduates, no college	68.7	66.5	3.2
Some college or associate's degree	72.5	69.9	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	76.9	2.2
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills			
Less than a high school diploma	37.2	31.5	15.3
High school graduates, no college	58.4	54.3	7.0
Some college or associate's degree	69.5	66.4	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	78.9	3.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria			
Less than a high school diploma	63.6	60.1	5.5
High school graduates, no college	70.8	69.0	2.5
Some college or associate's degree	77.2	74.8	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.1	81.9	1.5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach			
Less than a high school diploma	56.2	52.4	6.7
High school graduates, no college	54.5	52.6	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	64.7	63.0	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	66.9	66.2	1.0
Cities:			
Atlanta city			
High school graduates, no college	67.1	61.3	8.6
Some college or associate's degree	82.4	79.2	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	81.9	1.6
Austin city			
High school graduates, no college	79.9	79.3	.8
Some college or associate's degree	81.2	76.3	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.2	78.2	2.5
Baltimore city			
Less than a high school diploma	34.7	31.3	9.6
High school graduates, no college	58.6	55.1	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	65.8	62.9	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.6	74.3	1.8
Boston city			
High school graduates, no college	55.2	49.3	10.8
Some college or associate's degree	71.1	66.8	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.8	78.0	3.4
Charlotte city			
Less than a high school diploma	73.4	69.9	4.8
High school graduates, no college	71.4	68.0	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	79.4	74.9	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	86.1	84.4	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Chicago city			
Less than a high school diploma	45.8	41.2	10.2
High school graduates, no college	57.5	53.4	7.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.4	67.4	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.9	79.7	2.7
Cleveland city			
High school graduates, no college	55.0	52.2	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	60.5	55.1	8.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	69.2	11.9
Columbus city			
High school graduates, no college	69.9	64.5	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	79.3	76.1	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.3	75.0	4.2
Dallas city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.6	61.0	4.1
High school graduates, no college	65.1	60.2	7.6
Some college or associate's degree	64.7	60.7	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.7	76.2	.7
Denver County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.5	55.0	9.2
High school graduates, no college	74.8	68.8	8.1
Some college or associate's degree	76.8	73.5	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.8	81.4	4.1
Detroit city			
Less than a high school diploma	30.5	21.2	30.6
High school graduates, no college	57.9	48.7	15.9
Some college or associate's degree	63.0	58.3	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	73.4	5.0
Fort Worth city			
High school graduates, no college	66.1	62.4	5.7
Some college or associate's degree	71.2	68.9	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	75.6	2.2
Houston city			
Less than a high school diploma	56.7	52.7	7.0
High school graduates, no college	64.0	58.3	8.9
Some college or associate's degree	74.7	68.2	8.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.4	73.7	3.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city			
Less than a high school diploma	43.2	40.0	7.5
High school graduates, no college	65.4	59.9	8.5
Some college or associate's degree	77.4	72.6	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	77.3	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
Jacksonville city			
High school graduates, no college	66.2	64.6	2.5
Some college or associate's degree	69.5	67.5	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.6	79.9	2.0
Kansas City city			
High school graduates, no college	64.4	58.8	8.7
Some college or associate's degree	77.2	73.7	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.8	82.1	2.1
Las Vegas city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.4	59.0	2.3
High school graduates, no college	64.1	62.6	2.3
Some college or associate's degree	71.0	68.6	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	75.8	1.5
Los Angeles city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.6	60.1	5.5
High school graduates, no college	59.6	56.7	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	67.3	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	74.0	5.2
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city			
High school graduates, no college	62.5	58.6	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	68.6	65.2	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.8	73.7	2.8
Memphis city			
Less than a high school diploma	48.0	41.3	14.0
High school graduates, no college	69.3	62.7	9.6
Some college or associate's degree	67.8	61.5	9.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	77.0	(²)
Milwaukee city			
Less than a high school diploma	45.9	38.1	17.0
High school graduates, no college	70.9	66.5	6.2
Some college or associate's degree	75.3	71.3	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.7	70.3	4.5
Minneapolis city			
High school graduates, no college	63.8	56.6	11.3
Some college or associate's degree	81.9	75.8	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	91.4	89.9	1.6
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city			
High school graduates, no college	68.4	64.4	5.8
Some college or associate's degree	78.0	74.9	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.4	81.5	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
New Orleans city			
Bachelor's degree and higher	64.0	60.6	5.3
New York city			
Less than a high school diploma	43.4	40.6	6.5
High school graduates, no college	57.3	54.6	4.6
Some college or associate's degree	65.9	63.4	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	75.6	2.1
Oakland city			
Less than a high school diploma	46.9	41.1	12.3
High school graduates, no college	61.9	56.0	9.5
Some college or associate's degree	76.1	69.0	9.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	90.0	86.3	4.1
Oklahoma City city			
High school graduates, no college	60.5	57.6	4.8
Some college or associate's degree	75.3	73.5	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.6	73.3	.3
Philadelphia County/city			
Less than a high school diploma	30.7	28.3	7.8
High school graduates, no college	58.0	55.3	4.7
Some college or associate's degree	62.4	58.2	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.8	72.4	3.2
Phoenix city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.0	61.5	2.4
High school graduates, no college	68.8	66.4	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	75.3	72.8	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	78.8	1.9
Portland city			
High school graduates, no college	65.3	62.2	4.9
Some college or associate's degree	71.3	66.8	6.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	85.7	83.5	2.6
Sacramento city			
High school graduates, no college	58.0	54.5	6.0
Some college or associate's degree	63.4	56.6	10.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	77.4	2.5
San Antonio city			
Less than a high school diploma	49.7	48.5	2.4
High school graduates, no college	67.5	64.0	5.1
Some college or associate's degree	81.0	77.6	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	76.3	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over, by educational attainment, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type, title, and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Cities:			
San Diego city			
Less than a high school diploma	56.8	54.5	4.1
High school graduates, no college	65.0	63.1	3.0
Some college or associate's degree	67.5	65.9	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	78.3	1.3
San Francisco County/city			
Some college or associate's degree	68.7	65.7	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.7	72.5	3.0
San Jose city			
High school graduates, no college	68.8	66.3	3.7
Some college or associate's degree	78.7	73.5	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	77.2	4.3
Seattle city			
High school graduates, no college	61.5	56.5	8.2
Some college or associate's degree	67.5	63.3	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	79.3	4.6
St. Louis city			
High school graduates, no college	67.1	59.4	11.4
Some college or associate's degree	75.6	68.0	10.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	77.8	.8
Tulsa city			
Some college or associate's degree	73.0	71.2	2.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	80.0	1.7
Washington city			
Less than a high school diploma	47.4	41.7	12.1
High school graduates, no college	56.7	51.7	8.8
Some college or associate's degree	71.0	66.5	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	79.2	2.4

¹ Data do not match the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data are not shown when the labor force

base does not meet the BLS standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2006 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.0	1.4	1.9	6.2	5.6	4.0	4.8	6.1	5.8	5.0
Austin-Round Rock	3.5	2.3	2.0	5.9	3.3	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore-Towson	3.9	1.6	1.4	6.4	3.9	5.9	6.8	2.9	5.7	6.2
Birmingham-Hoover	3.8	.5	2.3	6.6	7.5	1.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	5.0	4.1	2.1	6.7	3.7	6.5	12.7	6.3	5.7	9.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.4	2.1	1.4	3.9	4.8	3.5	6.0	(²)	2.7	(²)
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	5.0	2.0	2.3	7.3	8.0	2.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	5.3	1.6	3.3	8.8	7.2	5.4	5.8	(²)	6.1	7.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4.1	2.1	2.5	5.0	5.0	4.8	7.0	3.3	5.6	5.3
Cincinnati-Middletown	4.5	1.0	1.6	8.8	4.6	3.7	9.2	(²)	6.6	6.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	4.4	2.5	1.5	6.1	6.6	4.1	11.3	(²)	6.4	3.8
Columbus	4.9	1.6	2.2	5.7	5.7	7.3	9.4	(²)	6.6	8.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.2	2.3	2.5	5.8	4.1	5.7	4.0	2.9	5.7	7.1
Dayton	6.6	2.5	2.3	10.3	7.2	8.2	(²)	(²)	7.1	4.8
Denver-Aurora	4.0	2.1	2.4	7.4	4.1	4.3	4.4	3.7	5.3	5.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	6.6	2.4	3.2	9.6	9.1	5.2	10.7	7.1	10.1	10.4
Hartford-West Hartford- East Hartford	4.1	1.2	2.4	5.3	5.6	4.7	9.0	1.3	6.2	7.1
Honolulu	2.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.1	1.9	5.2	(²)	(²)	2.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	5.4	2.8	3.2	7.6	6.0	8.1	6.5	3.8	3.8	6.5
Indianapolis-Carmel	4.5	1.3	1.7	7.1	6.9	6.1	7.8	(²)	2.9	6.0
Jacksonville	2.9	1.2	1.7	3.9	5.4	2.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City	4.9	2.3	3.0	7.8	7.6	3.7	5.1	3.2	6.3	7.4
Las Vegas-Paradise	3.6	1.2	2.7	3.2	3.1	4.5	6.1	1.9	5.1	6.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach- Santa Ana	3.9	2.2	3.1	4.4	3.0	4.0	6.9	2.7	5.4	6.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	5.0	1.4	3.8	7.6	7.7	5.3	(²)	3.4	6.0	3.6
Memphis	5.1	1.2	1.7	6.6	5.5	6.1	4.4	(²)	(²)	14.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale- Pompano Beach	3.3	1.2	1.9	3.9	4.4	3.6	3.7	1.8	5.7	5.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis ..	4.8	1.5	1.6	9.6	5.9	4.3	10.2	(²)	2.5	8.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington Nashville-Davidson-	3.7	1.5	1.9	3.8	4.2	4.6	10.5	7.8	3.3	6.6
Murfreesboro-Franklin	3.8	1.7	1.7	4.1	5.8	5.1	3.6	(²)	6.5	(²)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	4.3	3.4	1.0	9.5	(²)	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York-Northern New Jersey- Long Island	3.9	2.2	2.2	4.5	4.8	4.6	7.8	3.4	6.8	4.7
Oklahoma City	3.4	.6	1.4	6.9	1.5	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Orlando-Kissimmee	2.9	1.3	.8	5.4	3.1	2.2	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	4.1	2.6	2.3	6.4	2.7	4.5	6.9	2.2	7.2	7.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.0	1.2	1.9	3.4	4.3	4.1	3.6	.6	3.0	4.2
Pittsburgh	4.4	2.1	1.8	7.5	5.7	4.0	(²)	(²)	6.4	5.1
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4.1	1.6	3.0	6.3	3.9	5.1	6.2	6.0	4.0	5.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	5.3	3.6	3.5	5.6	5.8	5.0	8.7	4.8	7.6	6.6
Richmond	4.0	1.0	2.0	4.9	3.6	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	4.6	1.4	2.1	5.6	6.2	5.2	6.1	4.0	6.3	5.1
Rochester	5.3	.5	2.4	7.8	6.3	4.0	(²)	(²)	7.1	(²)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade- Roseville	4.4	1.8	1.4	4.4	3.6	6.0	11.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Salt Lake City	2.9	.9	1.3	3.6	4.9	3.9	2.3	(²)	3.7	(²)
San Antonio	4.8	2.7	2.5	4.9	6.8	6.8	3.0	(²)	5.3	3.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.5	2.6	2.5	3.8	5.9	2.8	7.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont ..	4.3	2.4	2.2	4.6	5.8	5.5	7.4	5.7	4.9	9.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.5	3.4	2.7	6.6	4.0	5.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.8	1.0	3.4	5.9	4.1	3.5	7.3	(²)	5.0	3.8
St. Louis ³	5.1	2.9	2.0	9.1	5.8	4.0	9.2	1.9	10.0	3.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	3.3	2.0	1.7	4.4	3.6	3.5	5.2	(²)	(²)	2.0
Tulsa	3.1	1.2	1.1	3.4	2.0	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.7	1.5	1.8	3.7	3.5	1.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	1.8	1.6	4.4	3.0	3.9	4.3	2.2	2.7	5.5
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.9	2.7	1.3	5.5	4.3	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	5.0	4.1	2.2	7.4	3.9	5.8	12.8	(²)	(²)	10.1
Camden	4.2	1.4	2.0	6.9	2.3	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4.0	2.2	2.3	4.8	4.7	4.9	6.1	3.7	5.7	4.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.4	2.3	2.6	6.5	4.4	5.3	4.2	4.1	4.7	8.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	8.4	2.7	4.8	13.0	12.1	4.5	10.8	10.8	10.4	12.4
Edison-New Brunswick	3.4	3.1	2.5	4.1	3.9	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.4	1.8	1.9	4.1	5.9	4.2	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Fort Worth-Arlington	3.9	2.2	2.1	4.7	3.5	6.5	3.6	(²)	7.2	4.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.3	2.1	3.8	5.0	3.0	3.9	7.5	3.0	5.8	7.2
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.9	1.3	1.1	4.1	3.4	3.4	2.9	(²)	(²)	3.5
Nassau-Suffolk	2.4	1.7	1.1	2.6	2.5	2.4	8.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.4	1.9	2.4	4.9	5.4	5.3	8.4	4.4	7.6	5.5
Newark-Union	4.6	2.5	2.1	5.5	6.3	5.0	7.2	(²)	(²)	8.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	4.8	2.7	2.6	5.5	6.8	5.5	5.7	(²)	5.8	12.3
Philadelphia	4.3	2.9	2.6	6.7	2.6	4.7	5.4	1.5	6.9	8.3
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	3.6	2.0	1.8	3.6	4.2	5.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.7	2.4	1.3	2.7	2.8	4.1	4.9	(²)	(²)	3.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	3.7	1.1	3.1	5.5	4.1	3.5	7.5	(²)	5.5	4.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	5.5	2.3	2.5	6.5	7.6	5.7	10.7	4.3	9.9	8.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	1.5	1.7	4.1	2.6	4.1	4.6	2.5	3.0	5.5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	3.7	(⁴)	2.9	3.4	4.0	2.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Cities:										
Atlanta city	6.2	4.3	2.2	9.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	3.8	1.4	2.5	4.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	5.5	1.4	1.5	8.1	(²)	5.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston city	6.2	5.9	1.6	5.7	(²)	6.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	5.0	2.0	2.9	6.1	6.0	4.2	4.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago city	6.4	2.6	4.4	7.7	7.7	8.0	6.8	(²)	9.1	5.3
Cleveland city	8.6	(²)	1.4	15.9	(²)	5.4	(²)	(²)	4.8	(²)
Columbus city	6.0	4.0	3.3	5.2	4.7	7.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Dallas city	4.9	3.3	1.2	6.3	3.5	6.9	2.8	(²)	(²)	11.0
Denver County/city	5.9	2.6	4.3	8.7	4.9	10.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Detroit city	14.9	6.3	12.3	21.3	36.1	5.2	(²)	6.3	15.8	14.0
Fort Worth city	4.1	(²)	2.6	4.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Houston city	7.2	3.6	4.4	11.4	6.1	9.8	8.2	7.0	6.1	6.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	7.0	2.0	1.6	9.0	11.9	10.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.6
Jacksonville city	2.8	(²)	2.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City city	5.8	4.2	2.4	8.6	14.1	2.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	2.9	1.0	1.7	3.0	1.9	3.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles city	5.7	3.5	5.7	5.7	4.3	5.2	8.3	5.4	8.1	7.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	5.8	2.0	3.7	8.2	8.4	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.7
Memphis city	7.6	1.5	2.5	7.3	11.1	12.6	6.5	(²)	(²)	18.5
Miami city	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	7.6	1.6	2.1	12.7	7.9	6.4	(²)	(²)	3.5	11.2
Minneapolis city	6.2	2.0	1.5	5.0	10.5	9.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Cities:										
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	4.8	0.5	2.4	4.5	(²)	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	8.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York city	4.3	1.7	2.4	4.4	5.9	4.9	8.8	2.5	9.0	4.7
Oakland city	8.1	6.1	2.9	8.5	(²)	(²)	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	4.5	(²)	1.0	7.3	2.8	4.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	5.7	3.0	4.1	8.7	2.7	8.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.5
Phoenix city	3.4	2.0	2.4	2.8	6.1	4.1	5.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Portland city	4.3	3.1	3.4	6.0	5.0	4.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Sacramento city	7.1	(²)	1.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio city	5.0	3.8	2.6	4.7	8.0	6.7	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego city	3.3	3.3	1.4	2.0	7.6	2.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	3.4	2.5	2.1	1.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	5.6	4.7	2.4	8.3	4.7	7.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	5.9	1.9	6.2	7.3	4.9	4.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	9.7	(²)	2.1	14.5	(²)	8.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	2.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	5.6	3.3	2.2	10.4	8.9	6.9	13.1	3.6	(²)	9.1

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by

the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	17.3	19.8	15.1	12.9	12.9	7.2	3.4	4.4	6.8
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	19.3	28.1	14.3	11.8	11.5	6.3	2.2	3.4	2.8
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	17.2	26.2	15.1	9.1	14.4	5.8	3.8	3.4	5.0
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	15.8	18.1	18.4	10.6	13.0	5.6	4.8	5.7	7.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	17.6	29.5	14.3	10.7	12.0	4.5	3.1	3.9	4.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	19.1	23.9	14.9	12.6	11.7	6.0	2.4	5.3	3.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	13.2	21.5	17.4	11.9	14.9	4.0	3.7	7.0	6.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	16.7	16.5	14.8	12.4	13.5	9.7	3.2	7.0	6.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.1	19.4	14.7	12.3	14.2	5.7	3.3	6.6	6.6
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	16.3	18.7	15.4	10.9	16.1	4.7	3.9	7.4	6.5
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	15.4	20.9	15.5	9.6	14.4	4.8	4.1	9.3	5.8
Columbus	100.0	16.0	21.8	16.2	10.1	16.5	4.4	2.9	6.4	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.2	19.6	14.7	12.3	14.6	7.1	3.7	5.3	6.4
Dayton	100.0	12.2	20.4	16.4	9.9	15.8	3.7	4.4	8.4	8.6
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.3	20.9	13.9	13.6	13.9	6.8	3.5	4.0	4.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	16.1	21.1	16.9	10.5	14.0	4.2	3.5	8.4	5.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	16.4	24.4	15.4	11.0	14.2	4.7	3.6	5.0	5.3
Honolulu	100.0	14.0	21.0	21.7	12.0	13.4	5.6	3.1	3.5	5.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	14.5	20.2	16.3	11.0	11.8	8.2	4.3	6.6	7.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	17.2	20.0	14.6	11.9	13.5	5.6	5.3	5.8	5.8
Jacksonville	100.0	16.6	19.6	12.8	11.4	16.4	8.6	3.7	4.9	6.0
Kansas City	100.0	16.7	19.6	13.6	12.8	15.0	6.9	4.1	5.7	5.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	12.5	13.4	26.5	12.4	13.7	9.3	3.5	2.8	6.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.8	20.2	16.0	13.3	13.1	5.8	3.1	6.5	6.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	12.4	19.9	14.3	13.9	13.2	4.4	5.3	7.5	9.0
Memphis	100.0	15.0	18.6	18.7	10.7	13.1	9.8	2.3	4.9	6.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	13.4	17.6	18.8	14.2	13.9	7.8	3.8	3.9	6.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	14.3	20.1	17.2	10.7	15.5	4.0	3.1	9.3	5.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	16.8	23.0	16.1	11.9	13.2	4.5	2.6	7.0	4.7
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	14.9	20.7	15.3	12.3	13.9	6.6	3.0	6.9	6.3
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	17.5	18.0	15.2	11.0	16.4	10.2	3.1	4.1	4.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	15.0	24.3	18.0	11.0	13.7	5.5	2.5	4.1	5.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	15.5	20.0	17.3	11.1	14.1	6.7	4.3	5.2	5.7
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	14.0	17.0	17.7	13.8	14.4	8.9	3.3	4.9	5.7
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	16.7	22.6	15.8	12.1	14.4	4.8	3.9	3.9	5.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	14.9	18.0	17.4	13.3	14.3	8.4	3.9	4.0	5.6
Pittsburgh	100.0	15.7	23.7	15.0	11.5	14.4	4.0	3.9	5.5	5.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	17.4	22.4	14.8	11.2	12.6	5.0	4.0	6.2	5.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	13.2	20.5	17.4	11.5	15.3	5.6	3.2	7.6	5.5
Richmond	100.0	17.4	21.7	15.0	13.4	12.9	6.5	3.1	4.2	5.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	11.6	14.2	16.0	11.6	14.3	11.2	5.1	7.4	8.0
Rochester	100.0	9.7	25.4	15.3	11.8	15.6	3.7	3.4	9.6	5.4
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	16.5	19.4	17.7	11.6	12.7	9.5	3.9	3.6	4.8
Salt Lake City	100.0	13.9	19.4	12.5	13.0	18.2	7.8	2.5	6.7	6.0
San Antonio	100.0	11.1	18.1	18.6	12.1	14.6	9.2	4.2	5.5	6.2
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	17.9	22.4	17.6	12.4	14.0	4.7	3.1	3.9	3.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	19.8	24.5	17.7	11.3	11.1	6.4	2.5	3.0	3.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	20.7	26.9	13.8	11.7	12.2	4.2	3.4	5.0	1.9
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	16.6	24.1	15.4	12.7	11.9	5.7	2.9	5.2	5.3
St. Louis ²	100.0	14.2	19.3	16.6	12.4	16.0	5.4	4.8	5.7	5.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	16.4	20.6	14.6	14.2	15.1	6.6	3.7	3.6	4.6
Tulsa	100.0	15.9	18.7	14.6	12.5	14.1	6.1	5.1	7.8	5.2
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	14.6	20.5	17.0	12.5	13.7	6.8	4.1	4.6	6.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.2	25.9	15.0	9.5	13.0	7.5	2.7	2.4	3.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	20.9	31.3	13.1	9.5	12.0	5.2	2.6	2.1	2.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	18.2	33.1	13.9	10.7	11.3	3.6	2.7	2.7	3.7
Camden	100.0	15.4	24.9	14.6	12.1	15.5	3.4	3.7	4.0	6.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.4	20.4	14.6	12.1	14.0	5.5	2.8	6.6	6.5
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	16.2	20.2	13.9	12.6	15.1	7.7	3.0	4.9	6.3
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	14.3	16.4	21.0	9.1	17.0	3.5	4.0	7.9	6.9
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	20.1	25.1	13.3	11.8	12.5	4.6	3.3	4.1	5.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	13.0	18.5	19.3	13.9	14.4	7.9	4.4	3.7	4.9
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.1	18.3	16.2	11.8	13.8	5.9	5.0	5.9	6.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.3	20.4	16.0	12.8	13.4	6.0	3.0	7.4	6.5
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	14.8	16.0	17.8	14.3	14.6	7.1	3.3	4.3	7.8
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	14.0	24.3	16.1	12.1	15.9	6.0	2.8	4.0	4.6
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	13.7	24.2	20.1	10.6	13.4	5.6	2.2	4.2	6.1
Newark-Union	100.0	16.8	23.9	16.1	10.3	13.8	5.0	3.2	4.0	6.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	18.9	23.5	15.7	11.7	11.3	7.9	3.0	3.8	4.1
Philadelphia	100.0	17.5	22.3	16.4	12.4	13.6	4.7	3.9	3.8	5.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.0	25.8	20.5	10.6	10.8	4.4	1.8	1.9	3.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	19.9	19.8	16.1	14.7	11.9	5.2	3.5	3.9	4.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	17.5	25.6	14.2	12.5	11.9	5.8	2.8	4.9	4.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	17.2	23.9	14.5	11.3	12.2	4.6	3.3	8.8	4.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.9	24.3	15.5	9.5	13.4	8.2	2.7	2.5	3.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	11.5	19.3	19.9	14.6	11.8	8.8	4.0	3.7	6.3
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	18.8	19.3	23.0	12.7	8.3	4.6	2.1	1.6	9.6
Austin city	100.0	16.5	29.4	17.8	10.9	10.4	8.0	1.7	3.1	1.9
Baltimore city	100.0	8.6	23.0	25.6	6.7	16.3	7.1	4.3	1.9	6.5
Boston city	100.0	14.0	30.4	19.3	9.8	14.1	3.7	1.9	4.0	3.0
Charlotte city	100.0	16.3	18.2	14.7	11.6	15.2	10.4	1.6	5.8	6.0
Chicago city	100.0	15.3	19.0	18.0	10.8	14.1	5.3	1.5	7.3	8.6
Cleveland city	100.0	7.1	17.8	19.7	8.8	14.5	6.0	3.4	14.5	8.2
Columbus city	100.0	14.9	21.4	13.8	9.0	19.6	5.0	2.7	7.9	5.7
Dallas city	100.0	13.7	15.1	14.9	12.4	14.5	12.3	2.5	6.5	7.6
Denver County/city	100.0	15.9	20.1	19.4	15.4	11.3	5.8	3.5	3.5	5.1
Detroit city	100.0	10.4	12.2	25.8	4.9	20.8	2.2	4.7	10.3	8.6
Fort Worth city	100.0	11.1	19.7	17.8	13.4	12.5	6.2	5.3	7.4	6.6
Houston city	100.0	12.7	20.1	16.9	10.9	10.1	10.8	4.0	6.4	7.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	16.1	15.6	16.8	10.7	14.9	6.7	4.3	7.2	7.5
Jacksonville city	100.0	15.3	21.7	11.6	10.4	18.4	7.5	4.4	3.8	6.6
Kansas City city	100.0	13.5	17.3	14.5	12.1	16.7	6.1	4.9	8.7	6.2
Las Vegas city	100.0	11.5	14.1	25.5	12.1	14.5	9.2	3.3	3.4	6.4
Los Angeles city	100.0	13.7	21.8	18.3	13.2	10.7	6.6	2.6	7.4	5.6
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	12.0	21.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	3.0	4.0	8.0	10.0
Memphis city	100.0	12.8	18.8	23.4	8.7	10.6	12.1	1.8	4.9	7.0
Miami city	100.0	11.0	7.0	21.7	11.3	13.2	23.0	2.0	3.2	7.8
Milwaukee city	100.0	8.5	16.3	25.5	8.7	15.0	4.4	2.4	11.2	7.9
Minneapolis city	100.0	17.2	29.8	19.9	8.1	10.5	3.0	1.7	5.2	4.7
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	14.6	20.9	17.1	11.7	16.1	7.4	3.3	4.3	4.6
New Orleans city	100.0	16.5	20.5	20.1	9.5	22.6	5.0	.5	1.4	4.0
New York city	100.0	12.9	23.4	22.2	10.4	13.2	5.7	2.0	4.2	6.0
Oakland city	100.0	17.7	22.4	24.1	6.6	6.1	11.8	1.5	2.9	6.6
Oklahoma City city	100.0	11.5	15.5	21.2	12.3	15.1	7.2	4.5	5.9	6.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Cities:										
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	12.3	16.2	22.7	12.3	14.6	5.1	2.9	5.0	8.8
Phoenix city	100.0	12.4	16.2	19.3	10.7	15.2	10.7	5.2	3.9	6.3
Portland city	100.0	18.1	28.9	15.1	10.5	10.8	3.5	2.9	5.0	4.8
Sacramento city	100.0	16.8	21.9	15.4	4.7	16.2	12.4	2.1	2.1	8.0
San Antonio city	100.0	10.0	19.4	19.2	11.5	15.8	8.6	3.7	5.5	5.9
San Diego city	100.0	17.6	21.7	19.4	12.1	14.1	5.2	3.3	3.6	2.9
San Francisco County/city	100.0	20.5	23.2	23.3	10.6	13.4	2.9	1.8	1.6	2.6
San Jose city	100.0	15.9	24.5	15.6	11.4	14.6	4.7	4.0	6.6	2.5
Seattle city	100.0	17.3	36.5	13.0	11.2	10.7	2.8	.6	4.0	4.1
St. Louis city	100.0	9.6	25.3	26.2	6.9	15.9	3.6	1.7	7.4	3.2
Tulsa city	100.0	14.2	20.5	15.0	12.1	14.1	6.8	2.7	9.9	4.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	14.7	20.8	15.7	15.0	16.0	3.6	4.4	4.0	5.9
Washington city	100.0	22.5	34.4	16.0	5.6	12.8	3.3	1.4	.9	2.9
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	18.8	17.2	11.5	12.8	6.0	12.9	5.5	5.6	9.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	19.8	28.0	10.2	13.3	7.2	10.6	3.5	3.5	3.9
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	18.0	21.4	12.0	10.1	6.6	11.2	7.1	4.9	8.5
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	17.3	15.3	14.5	8.9	6.5	10.2	8.8	5.8	12.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	20.6	25.7	12.0	10.3	5.7	8.5	5.7	4.2	7.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	24.4	19.7	10.5	12.5	7.0	10.6	4.3	4.9	6.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	15.0	17.8	14.6	11.5	6.1	8.0	7.4	10.0	9.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	17.0	12.1	12.0	11.1	7.5	17.0	5.8	8.0	9.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	18.2	16.2	12.5	11.9	6.7	9.9	5.8	8.1	10.5
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	18.5	13.6	11.7	12.0	8.4	8.7	7.4	9.2	10.5
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	15.0	18.1	11.9	9.8	5.8	8.8	7.4	12.7	10.0
Columbus	100.0	18.0	18.4	14.9	11.0	6.9	8.2	4.8	8.0	9.8
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.3	17.0	12.0	11.3	7.5	12.5	6.3	6.6	10.3
Dayton	100.0	11.8	17.1	11.5	9.3	8.6	6.8	8.6	11.4	14.8
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.7	18.2	12.3	14.6	6.1	12.2	5.6	4.7	6.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	18.5	20.0	12.0	9.6	6.2	7.7	5.7	11.8	8.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	17.1	22.1	13.6	10.9	6.5	8.6	6.6	6.7	7.8
Honolulu	100.0	14.4	18.4	19.6	10.8	7.1	10.6	5.4	4.5	8.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	15.2	17.1	11.4	9.1	4.8	14.2	7.4	9.4	11.1
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	18.1	16.1	11.8	10.3	5.8	10.0	9.7	8.7	9.3
Jacksonville	100.0	16.3	16.0	11.1	9.5	7.2	15.6	7.1	7.3	9.8
Kansas City	100.0	18.4	14.9	10.9	12.6	6.9	12.7	7.3	7.3	8.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	12.9	10.9	24.1	11.0	6.4	15.9	5.8	3.5	9.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	16.4	17.5	13.8	13.2	7.6	10.0	5.2	7.2	9.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	13.2	14.6	9.4	13.4	6.7	8.2	9.3	11.0	14.0
Memphis	100.0	15.0	13.0	16.7	11.3	5.7	17.8	4.2	5.8	10.2
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	14.9	14.6	15.0	13.6	6.3	14.3	6.9	4.3	10.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	17.2	16.0	13.6	11.4	6.3	7.9	5.7	12.7	9.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	17.3	20.2	12.6	12.9	6.6	8.4	4.7	9.1	7.8
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	17.7	17.6	12.0	12.2	5.7	11.5	4.7	8.6	9.6
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	19.2	13.2	14.3	8.2	6.1	18.4	5.8	6.5	8.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	17.5	19.5	15.5	11.3	7.3	10.1	4.5	4.9	9.3
Oklahoma City	100.0	17.4	14.9	13.9	11.1	7.1	11.9	7.3	7.4	9.0
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	14.6	13.6	15.2	12.4	7.2	15.7	6.1	5.9	9.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	18.1	18.6	14.0	12.3	6.4	8.6	7.0	5.4	9.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	15.4	14.0	16.7	12.2	5.7	14.4	6.7	5.6	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Pittsburgh	100.0	18.9	18.0	10.1	12.2	8.1	7.6	7.3	8.0	9.1
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	18.4	18.9	11.4	11.4	5.5	8.7	6.9	8.6	9.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	14.5	16.2	15.1	10.5	7.4	10.6	6.1	9.9	9.5
Richmond	100.0	19.9	17.2	10.5	13.0	8.3	12.0	6.0	4.6	8.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	11.1	9.2	12.3	11.1	7.7	18.7	8.6	9.1	11.1
Rochester	100.0	10.3	18.5	12.8	14.1	7.2	7.3	5.9	14.8	8.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	15.2	15.7	15.4	11.6	6.2	16.9	6.6	5.0	7.3
Salt Lake City	100.0	14.7	17.3	9.7	12.7	9.7	13.7	4.5	8.5	9.1
San Antonio	100.0	10.5	14.6	14.7	11.3	8.5	16.0	7.2	7.0	9.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	18.0	21.6	14.6	12.3	7.6	8.7	5.5	5.5	5.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	19.6	22.2	16.0	10.9	5.8	11.3	4.5	3.9	5.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	20.8	25.1	11.7	13.8	5.8	7.2	5.7	6.4	3.0
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	16.7	22.7	12.2	11.7	5.5	10.1	5.0	7.4	8.3
St. Louis ²	100.0	16.5	14.9	14.0	11.2	6.8	9.8	8.5	9.0	8.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	18.9	16.4	12.7	13.8	6.7	11.9	6.9	4.4	7.7
Tulsa	100.0	14.8	16.1	12.0	12.9	5.8	10.8	7.9	10.8	8.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	15.4	15.7	15.6	10.5	7.1	12.9	7.5	5.4	9.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.7	23.3	12.8	9.0	6.5	13.5	4.7	3.4	5.8
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	23.0	29.7	9.5	9.8	5.7	9.8	5.0	3.2	4.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	21.7	29.4	12.7	10.4	5.1	6.9	4.7	2.5	6.5
Camden	100.0	16.7	18.5	15.6	12.8	8.3	6.5	6.7	5.3	9.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	18.7	17.1	12.4	11.9	6.6	9.6	5.0	8.3	10.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	15.9	18.9	11.3	11.3	7.5	13.8	5.4	5.6	10.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	16.4	16.7	15.2	7.6	8.9	6.4	6.0	11.4	11.2
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	22.6	20.1	12.6	13.3	5.2	8.1	5.7	4.5	7.6
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	15.8	14.0	15.9	12.3	6.8	14.9	7.8	3.8	8.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	17.0	13.4	13.3	11.3	7.7	10.2	7.9	8.3	10.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.5	17.6	14.0	12.4	7.9	10.4	5.1	8.1	9.9
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	15.2	13.4	14.0	14.7	7.3	12.8	5.9	4.8	11.8
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	19.0	19.1	15.9	10.9	6.3	11.2	5.2	5.1	7.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	15.4	19.3	16.4	11.0	8.4	10.5	3.8	4.9	10.2
Newark-Union	100.0	19.3	20.0	14.3	10.8	6.1	9.0	5.4	5.0	9.8
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	18.5	21.9	13.2	11.1	4.9	13.7	5.3	4.8	6.4
Philadelphia	100.0	19.0	19.0	14.1	12.6	5.7	8.4	6.7	5.4	8.9
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.0	22.6	20.1	10.6	7.0	7.8	3.3	2.7	5.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	21.5	17.3	13.3	15.7	6.7	8.7	5.6	4.4	6.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	17.5	25.0	10.6	11.7	5.4	10.2	4.9	6.8	7.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	19.6	22.0	10.1	10.7	4.6	8.5	5.5	12.0	7.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.0	21.5	13.8	8.8	6.7	14.6	4.7	3.5	6.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	12.8	18.0	15.6	13.3	3.6	16.2	7.4	4.0	8.8
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	17.5	21.8	17.4	13.5	5.6	8.7	3.1	1.0	11.3
Austin city	100.0	16.8	29.7	11.4	11.7	8.1	13.5	2.7	3.0	2.9
Baltimore city	100.0	7.6	16.4	22.0	7.4	10.7	14.3	8.4	1.7	11.4
Boston city	100.0	16.6	27.7	20.3	10.0	5.1	8.4	4.2	2.3	5.4
Charlotte city	100.0	16.7	15.0	10.3	9.7	9.4	18.7	3.0	7.4	9.3
Chicago city	100.0	13.5	16.0	17.3	8.3	8.6	9.9	2.5	9.6	14.3
Cleveland city	100.0	4.3	17.4	15.4	10.7	5.7	10.8	6.1	16.0	13.6
Columbus city	100.0	19.6	16.0	12.8	9.2	8.8	10.2	3.6	9.6	10.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Cities:										
Dallas city	100.0	12.6	13.8	14.3	8.1	7.5	21.7	4.5	4.9	12.2
Denver County/city	100.0	15.1	17.1	18.8	16.7	6.7	9.9	5.1	2.3	8.3
Detroit city	100.0	10.4	9.1	25.5	2.4	9.7	4.6	6.0	15.3	16.9
Fort Worth city	100.0	11.4	15.8	12.7	11.8	7.0	10.9	8.6	10.6	11.0
Houston city	100.0	12.0	15.9	11.7	9.2	3.8	19.1	7.0	8.2	12.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	16.6	13.8	13.3	8.5	6.2	11.7	7.7	10.0	12.3
Jacksonville city	100.0	13.9	18.0	11.7	9.2	9.0	13.7	8.7	4.6	11.2
Kansas City city	100.0	13.7	12.8	13.4	11.4	8.0	11.6	8.8	9.7	10.5
Las Vegas city	100.0	11.7	12.3	24.0	9.9	7.6	15.5	5.0	4.6	9.3
Los Angeles city	100.0	13.4	20.1	15.3	12.9	6.7	11.3	4.3	8.4	7.7
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	13.0	16.0	10.0	13.0	8.0	5.0	8.0	11.0	16.0
Memphis city	100.0	11.4	13.3	21.7	7.2	4.8	22.3	3.4	5.6	10.4
Miami city	100.0	12.0	6.5	15.5	8.3	5.9	35.8	3.0	3.6	9.3
Milwaukee city	100.0	7.5	13.3	22.1	11.5	7.0	9.1	4.2	13.8	11.5
Minneapolis city	100.0	19.9	25.4	14.1	8.9	6.8	6.1	2.4	8.0	8.4
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	18.3	19.2	15.1	11.5	6.2	14.1	5.2	3.1	7.3
New Orleans city	100.0	22.1	11.9	16.0	10.3	16.8	10.5	1.1	2.9	8.4
New York city	100.0	14.0	19.7	17.7	10.9	8.8	10.5	3.5	4.8	10.0
Oakland city	100.0	15.1	19.5	17.2	7.5	4.2	19.6	2.7	2.8	11.0
Oklahoma City city	100.0	12.7	11.0	17.6	11.6	7.2	13.3	7.3	7.9	11.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	12.0	13.1	18.3	11.3	8.5	8.8	5.3	6.8	15.7
Phoenix city	100.0	12.3	12.0	18.1	10.4	5.7	18.0	8.9	4.6	10.1
Portland city	100.0	19.8	21.9	14.5	10.7	6.2	6.4	5.5	6.5	7.8
Sacramento city	100.0	13.3	15.7	12.3	6.6	9.3	23.5	4.0	1.4	13.2
San Antonio city	100.0	9.9	15.3	15.6	11.1	10.2	15.2	6.5	6.7	9.1
San Diego city	100.0	18.1	20.1	15.0	12.5	9.0	9.3	5.5	5.3	4.7
San Francisco County/city	100.0	20.0	19.3	26.3	10.7	9.5	5.2	3.2	1.4	4.5
San Jose city	100.0	16.3	21.9	14.8	13.1	7.7	7.8	6.3	7.7	4.0
Seattle city	100.0	18.6	36.2	11.4	10.4	6.8	5.1	1.1	3.1	7.4
St. Louis city	100.0	5.6	25.5	27.6	4.5	12.7	6.8	2.9	10.1	4.3
Tulsa city	100.0	11.0	20.5	12.4	11.5	5.7	12.0	4.0	15.0	7.8
Virginia Beach city	100.0	16.5	15.1	13.1	13.0	11.2	7.3	8.9	5.9	9.2
Washington city	100.0	22.3	33.7	16.2	5.2	7.7	6.4	2.6	1.2	4.7
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	15.5	22.9	19.3	13.1	20.9	.5	.9	3.0	3.7
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	18.8	28.2	20.1	9.7	17.5	.4	.4	3.3	1.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	16.3	31.1	18.2	8.0	22.4	.3	.4	1.9	1.3
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	14.0	21.5	23.3	12.6	20.9	(³)	(³)	5.6	2.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	14.4	33.6	16.8	11.2	18.8	.2	.3	3.5	1.2
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	12.9	28.8	20.0	12.8	17.0	.7	.2	5.7	1.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	11.6	25.0	20.1	12.3	23.1	.3	.3	4.2	2.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	16.3	21.6	18.1	14.0	20.7	.8	(³)	5.7	2.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	15.8	23.3	17.3	12.7	23.2	.5	.2	4.8	2.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	13.9	24.4	19.5	9.6	24.7	.4	.1	5.4	2.1
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	15.9	24.0	19.6	9.2	23.9	.2	.4	5.4	1.2
Columbus	100.0	13.8	25.4	17.6	9.2	26.7	.4	1.0	4.7	1.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.0	22.7	17.9	13.6	23.2	.5	.5	3.7	1.7
Dayton	100.0	12.6	23.8	21.7	10.5	23.5	.5	(³)	5.3	2.1
Denver-Aurora	100.0	18.8	24.1	15.9	12.4	23.2	.4	.9	3.1	1.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	13.4	22.3	22.6	11.6	22.9	.1	1.0	4.6	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	15.5	26.9	17.6	11.1	22.9	0.3	0.1	3.0	2.5
Honolulu	100.0	13.7	23.8	23.9	13.4	20.2	.1	.5	2.3	1.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	13.5	24.1	22.4	13.3	20.7	.5	.3	3.1	1.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	16.1	24.5	17.9	13.9	22.5	.5	.3	2.6	1.6
Jacksonville	100.0	16.9	23.4	14.6	13.3	26.3	1.0	(³)	2.3	1.9
Kansas City	100.0	14.7	25.2	16.8	13.0	24.3	.2	.5	3.8	1.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	12.0	16.5	29.4	14.1	22.7	1.0	.6	1.8	1.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.0	23.8	19.0	13.4	20.2	.4	.3	5.7	2.3
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	11.5	25.6	19.5	14.5	20.2	.3	.9	3.8	3.7
Memphis	100.0	14.9	25.3	21.1	9.9	22.0	.3	(³)	3.9	2.6
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	11.7	21.2	23.3	15.0	22.8	(³)	.2	3.5	2.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	11.4	24.4	20.8	9.9	24.9	(³)	.5	5.9	2.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	16.3	26.1	19.9	10.8	20.4	.2	.3	4.7	1.2
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	11.2	24.7	19.5	12.4	24.4	.2	.8	4.8	2.1
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	15.6	23.2	16.2	14.0	27.7	1.1	.1	1.3	.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	12.1	29.9	20.9	10.7	21.1	.2	.3	3.2	1.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	13.3	26.1	21.3	11.1	22.6	.4	.8	2.5	1.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	13.3	20.8	20.5	15.5	22.5	1.3	.2	3.9	1.9
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	15.1	27.0	17.9	11.9	23.4	.4	.5	2.1	1.5
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	14.3	23.2	18.3	14.7	25.2	.6	.3	1.9	1.4
Pittsburgh	100.0	12.3	29.8	20.3	10.8	21.2	.1	.3	2.7	2.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	16.2	26.5	18.9	10.9	20.9	.7	.5	3.5	1.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	11.9	25.0	19.8	12.5	23.7	.3	.2	5.3	1.3
Richmond	100.0	14.8	26.2	19.6	13.7	17.5	.9	.3	3.9	2.9
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	12.3	21.4	21.2	12.3	23.5	.5	.1	4.9	3.5
Rochester	100.0	9.1	32.5	17.8	9.4	24.1	(³)	.8	4.2	1.9
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	18.2	24.1	20.5	11.6	20.9	.4	.5	1.8	1.8
Salt Lake City	100.0	12.8	21.9	16.1	13.3	29.0	.3	(³)	4.5	2.0
San Antonio	100.0	11.8	22.7	23.6	13.2	22.4	.5	.3	3.6	1.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	17.8	23.4	21.1	12.6	21.3	.1	.5	2.0	.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	20.1	27.2	19.6	11.7	17.6	.6	.2	2.0	1.1
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	20.6	29.2	16.3	9.1	20.3	.4	.4	3.1	.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	16.5	25.7	19.2	14.0	19.6	.3	.3	2.6	1.7
St. Louis ²	100.0	11.7	24.2	19.5	13.8	26.0	.5	.7	2.0	1.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	13.7	25.1	16.7	14.7	23.9	.8	.2	2.8	1.4
Tulsa	100.0	17.3	21.7	17.7	12.0	23.8	.6	1.7	4.2	1.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	13.7	25.5	18.4	14.6	20.7	.3	.7	3.9	2.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.6	28.8	17.4	10.1	20.5	.6	.3	1.3	1.3
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	18.7	33.0	17.1	9.2	18.9	.2	(³)	1.0	1.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	14.4	37.0	15.2	11.0	18.0	(³)	.4	3.0	.7
Camden	100.0	14.0	31.8	13.7	11.3	23.4	(³)	.4	2.5	3.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	15.8	24.4	17.2	12.4	22.7	.6	.2	4.7	2.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	16.5	21.8	17.0	14.1	24.0	.5	.1	4.1	1.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	11.8	16.1	27.4	10.8	26.0	.2	1.7	3.9	2.1
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	17.0	31.4	14.2	10.0	21.7	.1	.1	3.6	1.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	9.9	23.5	23.1	15.7	22.8	.1	.6	3.6	.8
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	14.9	24.5	19.9	12.6	21.6	.4	1.2	2.8	1.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	14.1	23.9	18.6	13.4	20.6	.3	.3	6.5	2.2
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	14.3	19.2	22.6	13.9	23.7	(³)	.1	3.5	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	8.5	30.1	16.4	13.5	26.6	0.2	0.2	2.8	1.7
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	11.7	29.7	24.2	10.1	18.9	.2	.3	3.4	1.5
Newark-Union	100.0	13.8	28.7	18.4	9.7	23.3	.1	.6	2.8	2.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	19.4	25.4	18.7	12.5	19.0	.8	.3	2.7	1.2
Philadelphia	100.0	15.9	25.9	19.1	12.1	22.7	.6	.6	2.1	1.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.0	29.7	20.9	10.7	15.5	.3	(³)	1.0	.8
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	17.7	23.3	19.9	13.3	19.1	.5	.5	3.3	2.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	17.5	26.2	18.6	13.4	19.7	.4	.4	2.7	1.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	14.4	26.1	19.6	12.1	21.1	(³)	.6	5.0	1.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	19.9	27.5	17.5	10.3	21.0	.7	.4	1.4	1.1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynnton Beach	100.0	9.9	20.8	25.1	16.0	21.5	.1	(³)	3.3	3.2
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	20.3	16.4	29.2	11.8	11.3	(³)	1.0	2.3	7.7
Austin city	100.0	16.2	29.0	27.1	9.9	13.7	.1	.3	3.2	.5
Baltimore city	100.0	9.5	28.8	28.9	6.1	21.2	.7	.7	2.1	2.1
Boston city	100.0	11.8	32.5	18.4	9.6	21.2	(³)	(³)	5.4	1.1
Charlotte city	100.0	15.9	21.9	19.7	13.7	21.8	.9	(³)	3.9	2.2
Chicago city	100.0	17.1	22.2	18.9	13.5	20.0	.4	.4	4.9	2.5
Cleveland city	100.0	10.7	18.2	25.0	6.5	25.5	(³)	(³)	12.6	1.4
Columbus city	100.0	10.3	26.7	14.7	8.8	30.0	(³)	1.8	6.2	1.4
Dallas city	100.0	15.2	16.7	15.7	17.9	23.5	.4	(³)	8.5	1.7
Denver County/city	100.0	17.1	24.1	20.1	13.6	17.2	.5	1.4	5.1	.9
Detroit city	100.0	10.4	15.1	26.0	7.3	31.0	(³)	3.6	5.6	.9
Fort Worth city	100.0	10.8	24.7	24.3	15.5	19.8	(³)	1.0	3.1	.9
Houston city	100.0	13.5	25.3	23.5	13.1	18.2	.2	.2	4.1	1.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	15.5	17.8	21.2	13.3	25.6	.7	.2	3.8	1.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	16.8	25.6	11.5	11.6	28.1	1.1	(³)	2.9	1.9
Kansas City city	100.0	13.2	22.3	15.8	12.9	26.4	(³)	.6	7.5	1.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	11.2	16.5	27.5	14.9	23.5	.8	1.0	1.8	2.6
Los Angeles city	100.0	14.2	24.2	22.3	13.7	16.1	.4	.3	6.1	2.8
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	11.0	27.0	18.0	16.0	19.0	(³)	1.0	4.0	4.0
Memphis city	100.0	14.5	25.1	25.3	10.5	17.3	.2	(³)	4.0	3.1
Miami city	100.0	9.1	7.9	32.6	16.7	26.1	(³)	(³)	2.5	5.1
Milwaukee city	100.0	9.5	19.1	28.7	6.1	22.5	(³)	.7	8.8	4.5
Minneapolis city	100.0	14.7	34.1	25.6	7.2	14.0	(³)	1.0	2.5	1.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	10.4	22.8	19.4	11.9	27.1	(³)	1.1	5.6	1.7
New Orleans city	100.0	11.5	28.1	23.7	8.8	27.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York city	100.0	11.8	27.6	27.3	9.8	18.1	.2	.3	3.5	1.4
Oakland city	100.0	21.0	26.3	32.9	5.5	8.6	1.8	(³)	3.0	.9
Oklahoma City city	100.0	10.1	20.7	25.4	13.1	24.5	(³)	1.3	3.5	1.4
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	12.6	19.2	26.9	13.3	20.7	1.4	.7	3.3	2.0
Phoenix city	100.0	12.7	21.8	20.9	11.2	28.2	.9	.3	2.9	1.0
Portland city	100.0	16.3	36.1	15.8	10.3	15.5	.6	.1	3.6	1.8
Sacramento city	100.0	20.6	28.7	18.7	2.7	23.6	.3	(³)	3.0	2.4
San Antonio city	100.0	10.1	24.7	24.0	12.0	23.0	.1	(³)	3.8	1.9
San Diego city	100.0	16.9	23.6	24.7	11.5	20.4	.2	.5	1.5	.7
San Francisco County/city	100.0	21.1	28.3	19.6	10.5	18.3	(³)	(³)	2.0	.3
San Jose city	100.0	15.4	28.1	16.6	9.2	23.8	.7	.8	5.0	.4
Seattle city	100.0	15.7	36.8	14.9	12.1	15.2	(³)	(³)	5.0	.3
St. Louis city	100.0	14.2	25.2	24.7	9.7	19.6	(³)	.3	4.4	2.0
Tulsa city	100.0	17.5	20.6	17.7	12.8	23.1	1.3	1.3	4.5	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Cities:										
Virginia Beach city	100.0	13.1	26.3	18.3	16.9	20.7	(³)	(³)	2.2	2.7
Washington city	100.0	22.7	35.2	15.8	5.9	17.7	.4	.2	.6	1.2
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	20.1	20.7	13.2	13.0	11.2	9.2	3.5	4.2	4.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	20.0	27.0	13.3	12.2	11.8	7.0	2.2	3.4	2.9
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	18.7	27.3	11.9	10.3	13.4	7.0	3.8	3.6	3.9
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	18.9	18.8	15.6	12.4	10.4	6.7	4.4	5.4	7.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	18.4	29.2	13.3	10.7	12.3	4.9	3.3	3.0	4.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	20.9	24.6	13.3	13.6	11.2	6.3	2.5	4.3	3.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	14.2	21.9	15.9	11.9	15.4	4.0	4.0	6.5	5.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	18.0	16.1	13.7	13.7	11.9	11.7	3.6	6.6	4.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.2	18.7	13.3	12.8	14.1	6.6	3.7	7.1	6.2
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	17.7	19.7	14.5	11.3	15.2	4.7	4.1	6.9	5.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	16.8	19.6	14.4	10.1	14.3	4.9	4.3	9.8	5.5
Columbus	100.0	16.8	23.0	16.2	10.5	14.7	4.7	2.8	5.8	5.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	17.6	18.1	14.3	13.1	13.5	8.1	3.8	5.3	6.0
Dayton	100.0	13.4	19.9	15.3	9.7	15.4	3.7	4.8	8.7	8.9
Denver-Aurora	100.0	19.9	21.1	13.4	13.8	13.8	7.1	3.6	3.5	3.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	16.7	21.7	15.2	11.4	13.2	5.0	3.6	8.3	5.0
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	17.4	24.5	14.7	11.2	14.3	4.8	3.6	4.6	4.8
Honolulu	100.0	17.4	34.0	15.3	10.0	8.9	6.2	1.8	1.4	4.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	15.2	20.0	14.9	11.4	11.2	9.6	4.6	6.8	6.2
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	17.8	20.0	14.4	12.2	12.2	6.4	6.0	5.4	5.5
Jacksonville	100.0	18.9	20.0	8.8	13.5	15.7	10.3	4.1	4.3	4.2
Kansas City	100.0	18.2	20.0	12.3	12.7	14.6	7.8	4.3	5.2	4.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	13.6	13.1	25.2	12.1	13.5	10.5	3.7	2.5	5.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	15.3	18.5	17.0	13.0	12.5	6.6	3.2	7.2	6.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	13.2	20.6	12.7	13.8	14.0	4.4	5.5	7.0	8.7
Memphis	100.0	18.7	19.3	14.0	11.9	12.9	11.7	2.9	3.4	5.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	14.3	17.8	17.1	14.9	13.9	8.3	4.0	3.9	5.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	15.6	20.1	14.8	11.7	15.6	4.4	3.5	8.8	5.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	17.8	22.7	15.2	12.3	13.4	4.8	2.7	6.4	4.5
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	16.2	22.8	14.2	11.9	13.1	6.4	2.8	6.5	5.7
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	20.8	16.0	13.7	11.5	16.0	12.1	3.2	3.8	2.9
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	16.2	24.2	16.1	10.9	13.8	6.5	2.9	4.0	5.3
Oklahoma City	100.0	17.2	20.9	14.8	11.7	13.1	6.8	4.5	5.1	5.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	14.8	16.9	17.0	14.5	13.6	9.1	3.9	4.4	5.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	18.7	22.8	13.2	12.8	14.3	5.2	4.3	3.8	4.8
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	14.8	18.2	17.1	13.5	14.1	8.3	4.2	4.0	5.6
Pittsburgh	100.0	16.1	23.0	14.3	11.8	14.4	4.2	3.9	5.7	6.0
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	18.2	21.6	14.6	11.6	12.7	5.1	4.1	5.8	5.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	13.7	20.7	17.2	11.5	15.4	5.9	3.4	6.8	5.3
Richmond	100.0	21.7	21.7	12.9	13.6	10.5	7.4	4.1	3.2	4.6
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	12.0	13.1	15.7	11.2	14.0	11.8	5.3	7.6	8.4
Rochester	100.0	10.4	25.6	14.6	13.1	15.0	3.4	3.8	8.1	5.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	16.6	18.1	17.9	12.5	11.3	11.2	4.1	3.9	4.2
Salt Lake City	100.0	14.3	19.5	12.6	13.2	18.2	8.0	2.6	5.9	5.6
San Antonio	100.0	11.0	17.8	18.1	12.0	14.5	9.8	4.3	5.8	6.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	19.4	21.0	16.7	13.4	13.3	5.7	3.1	3.6	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	20.6	24.3	17.3	11.4	10.5	7.9	2.5	2.5	3.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	22.3	21.6	16.0	13.7	11.0	6.2	3.0	3.1	2.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	17.7	23.9	14.4	13.2	11.6	6.3	3.0	4.7	5.1
St. Louis ²	100.0	15.5	19.4	14.5	12.7	15.9	6.0	5.2	5.1	5.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	17.4	20.7	14.4	14.1	14.7	6.9	3.7	3.5	4.0
Tulsa	100.0	16.7	18.3	13.8	13.0	13.6	6.5	5.6	7.5	5.1
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	15.9	22.2	14.0	12.6	12.1	8.4	5.3	3.6	5.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	21.5	27.0	13.1	9.4	11.1	9.4	2.6	2.5	3.1
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	22.0	31.7	12.0	9.4	11.3	5.8	2.5	2.2	2.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	19.4	33.2	12.7	10.4	11.4	4.1	2.9	1.8	3.9
Camden	100.0	17.9	22.9	13.1	12.2	15.6	3.9	4.2	3.4	6.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	17.5	19.8	13.1	12.8	13.8	6.5	3.3	7.2	5.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	18.1	18.2	13.2	13.4	13.8	9.3	3.2	5.0	5.8
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	16.1	17.7	18.1	10.5	14.7	4.5	4.2	7.9	6.3
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	19.2	22.0	14.3	11.9	13.1	5.5	3.7	4.3	5.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	13.9	18.2	18.1	15.0	13.8	8.6	5.0	3.5	4.1
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	16.6	18.0	16.2	12.7	12.9	6.1	4.8	5.8	6.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	13.9	18.8	16.7	12.0	12.9	6.9	3.2	8.4	7.1
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	15.4	15.7	16.4	15.0	15.4	7.7	3.0	4.3	7.2
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	14.3	23.6	15.8	11.8	16.7	6.5	2.9	3.5	4.7
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	15.3	25.4	16.9	10.4	13.1	6.9	2.5	4.1	5.4
Newark-Union	100.0	19.5	22.7	15.1	10.5	13.3	5.6	3.3	4.2	5.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	19.8	22.7	15.8	11.4	10.4	9.5	3.2	3.2	3.9
Philadelphia	100.0	19.6	23.4	13.2	13.2	13.4	5.2	4.1	3.9	3.9
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.8	26.4	19.2	11.4	10.6	5.7	1.5	1.6	1.8
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	19.0	17.7	17.9	15.8	11.5	5.6	3.4	3.9	5.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	18.5	25.1	13.6	13.0	11.5	6.3	3.0	4.5	4.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	16.9	23.4	14.0	11.7	12.6	5.2	3.4	8.4	4.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	21.4	25.5	13.5	9.4	11.1	10.6	2.6	2.5	3.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	12.9	21.0	17.0	14.6	11.3	9.2	4.6	3.6	5.6
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	31.2	27.6	11.8	15.6	3.8	5.0	1.8	(³)	3.2
Austin city	100.0	17.3	27.8	16.0	11.6	11.1	9.5	1.6	3.1	1.9
Baltimore city	100.0	11.2	30.0	14.2	9.3	12.8	9.4	6.0	3.2	3.9
Boston city	100.0	15.4	30.7	16.8	9.3	14.6	4.6	2.8	1.9	3.9
Charlotte city	100.0	18.0	19.1	13.7	13.1	13.4	14.2	1.4	5.0	1.7
Chicago city	100.0	15.8	19.1	15.4	10.7	12.7	7.4	2.0	9.4	7.3
Cleveland city	100.0	7.6	11.2	13.8	8.7	15.3	7.8	4.4	24.3	6.8
Columbus city	100.0	16.4	27.2	13.8	9.1	13.9	5.7	2.2	6.5	5.2
Dallas city	100.0	14.7	14.9	14.3	12.2	11.6	15.4	3.0	6.4	7.2
Denver County/city	100.0	17.9	19.7	18.4	16.3	10.5	6.1	3.5	2.8	4.8
Detroit city	100.0	6.4	14.5	22.9	4.2	13.4	4.8	6.7	16.2	11.0
Fort Worth city	100.0	12.8	20.6	16.0	14.8	11.1	5.9	4.5	7.6	6.6
Houston city	100.0	12.8	19.3	16.0	11.6	8.5	13.7	4.2	6.8	6.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	16.7	16.6	15.6	10.3	12.6	8.2	5.4	7.0	7.5
Jacksonville city	100.0	17.7	24.3	5.0	13.5	17.3	9.7	5.5	2.2	4.4
Kansas City city	100.0	16.0	20.4	11.0	10.0	15.3	8.6	5.5	7.7	5.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	12.1	12.0	24.8	11.9	14.6	10.8	3.8	3.3	6.7
Los Angeles city	100.0	14.1	20.1	18.9	12.6	10.2	7.2	2.7	8.2	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Cities:										
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	13.0	22.0	12.0	15.0	14.0	3.0	4.0	7.0	9.0
Memphis city	100.0	16.9	20.4	17.9	8.6	8.8	16.4	2.5	3.3	5.2
Miami city	100.0	12.3	6.5	21.7	9.6	13.9	23.4	1.3	2.5	8.8
Milwaukee city	100.0	10.6	18.2	20.3	10.7	14.0	5.7	3.2	10.5	6.8
Minneapolis city	100.0	19.9	33.6	16.3	8.6	9.4	2.9	2.0	4.0	3.2
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	17.4	25.4	15.8	10.7	13.8	7.5	2.7	2.9	3.8
New Orleans city	100.0	28.8	20.0	13.8	6.5	20.0	3.5	.9	2.6	3.8
New York city	100.0	14.9	25.2	18.4	9.8	12.3	7.3	2.4	4.3	5.4
Oakland city	100.0	16.8	26.4	20.3	5.0	7.0	13.2	1.4	3.5	6.0
Oklahoma City city	100.0	13.5	17.4	17.6	13.0	14.6	7.6	4.5	5.3	6.7
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	14.8	22.3	12.4	13.7	14.9	6.7	3.2	6.3	5.6
Phoenix city	100.0	11.6	15.9	19.4	10.8	15.7	10.8	5.7	3.8	6.4
Portland city	100.0	19.0	28.6	14.9	11.4	11.1	3.5	2.9	4.3	4.0
Sacramento city	100.0	19.6	20.6	14.8	5.1	12.0	17.7	3.0	1.4	5.2
San Antonio city	100.0	10.1	19.0	18.8	11.7	15.5	9.1	3.7	5.5	6.2
San Diego city	100.0	18.7	21.5	18.7	12.3	12.9	6.6	2.5	3.4	3.0
San Francisco County/city	100.0	20.0	24.0	25.5	11.7	12.7	3.0	1.3	.3	1.5
San Jose city	100.0	16.9	18.2	20.2	12.8	12.8	7.7	3.6	3.6	3.8
Seattle city	100.0	19.1	42.0	10.9	11.7	8.4	2.0	.3	2.0	3.7
St. Louis city	100.0	15.4	32.8	18.6	6.6	15.1	3.5	1.5	5.0	1.5
Tulsa city	100.0	15.9	21.4	14.3	11.4	12.5	6.8	3.1	10.8	3.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	15.7	22.0	13.4	15.7	13.2	4.7	5.7	3.6	6.0
Washington city	100.0	27.5	45.2	10.9	5.2	6.2	3.3	.4	.5	.7
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	10.2	17.0	20.0	12.5	17.2	3.1	3.1	4.3	12.4
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	17.2	17.7	35.3	9.4	8.0	1.2	1.4	5.8	3.9
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	13.3	21.3	23.9	6.7	18.4	3.1	3.5	2.8	6.9
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	6.5	14.6	27.1	5.2	21.5	2.4	6.0	6.8	9.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	11.4	26.2	25.7	10.4	9.6	1.3	3.0	8.5	3.9
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	7.8	14.7	28.2	9.9	16.9	5.5	1.5	5.6	9.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	3.5	16.1	38.4	13.5	7.6	3.5	(³)	11.5	5.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	11.8	17.8	16.5	8.4	20.4	3.5	2.3	7.6	11.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	14.6	16.7	22.5	9.7	17.3	2.9	1.2	5.1	9.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	4.3	11.4	21.8	7.6	24.1	5.1	2.4	11.2	12.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	7.9	23.4	23.1	6.6	14.4	4.9	4.0	7.3	8.3
Columbus	100.0	14.0	14.1	15.4	8.2	29.0	1.6	3.6	6.1	8.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	13.2	18.8	16.7	8.8	23.5	2.0	1.8	4.7	10.0
Dayton	100.0	4.4	14.7	22.9	13.0	20.3	3.0	3.8	9.4	8.4
Denver-Aurora	100.0	13.1	16.9	24.2	10.8	22.0	1.4	4.5	2.4	4.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	13.5	14.2	23.6	7.1	17.9	1.8	3.9	10.7	7.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	8.3	15.7	22.7	8.3	16.9	4.8	4.7	8.3	10.3
Honolulu	100.0	18.7	19.3	29.0	7.4	15.9	3.2	.9	(³)	5.7
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	11.5	20.1	21.0	9.5	15.9	3.4	2.8	3.9	11.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	15.1	15.1	17.3	10.1	21.7	1.9	2.7	8.5	7.7
Jacksonville	100.0	9.4	17.4	25.9	3.9	20.5	4.4	2.1	4.1	12.2
Kansas City	100.0	8.3	11.8	22.4	14.0	19.4	.9	3.0	10.2	9.4
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	7.3	15.7	26.1	15.7	18.1	2.5	.8	2.9	10.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	13.5	24.0	16.3	13.1	16.8	3.9	2.5	2.6	7.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	7.3	11.9	25.1	14.0	8.2	5.3	3.2	13.2	11.8
Memphis	100.0	7.5	17.2	25.8	8.6	14.0	6.3	1.3	8.4	10.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	9.2	15.6	27.2	10.9	13.8	6.4	2.9	4.3	9.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	8.0	15.4	31.4	5.1	16.5	2.3	.4	12.1	8.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	9.8	16.3	29.3	10.6	13.6	1.6	2.8	8.4	7.4
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	6.9	10.2	22.0	14.3	19.8	2.5	4.5	9.8	10.0
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	4.9	21.3	21.7	10.2	19.8	6.0	2.5	1.7	11.9
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	8.5	20.8	27.0	9.7	16.2	3.7	2.0	3.1	8.8
Oklahoma City	100.0	5.5	11.0	31.8	7.6	22.5	8.4	1.6	5.5	5.3
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	9.3	13.9	23.8	10.9	18.1	9.0	.2	7.6	7.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	10.4	18.4	26.8	9.9	15.8	3.0	2.7	3.4	9.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	18.6	16.0	17.8	9.8	19.3	8.8	2.5	4.6	2.6
Pittsburgh	100.0	8.7	18.7	30.8	8.4	20.1	2.0	5.5	2.9	2.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	13.4	35.2	9.8	4.9	17.8	(³)	3.9	8.2	6.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	7.6	13.7	25.0	11.8	13.4	3.0	1.0	15.5	9.0
Richmond	100.0	9.0	16.3	20.0	12.7	19.8	4.9	1.4	7.4	8.4
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	9.8	18.0	20.3	14.2	14.6	6.6	5.2	4.1	7.2
Rochester	100.0	6.7	20.3	20.6	2.9	22.1	6.9	.9	16.6	2.9
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	19.8	12.4	22.0	5.2	16.8	(³)	4.6	(³)	19.1
Salt Lake City	100.0	3.1	15.8	17.9	2.8	26.6	6.2	(³)	6.7	21.0
San Antonio	100.0	15.0	18.1	22.3	12.8	22.2	.5	1.5	4.8	2.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	11.9	22.9	20.0	14.1	17.5	1.9	2.0	.7	9.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	15.7	17.0	21.4	10.9	15.3	6.3	2.3	1.5	9.5
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	25.9	25.0	12.4	1.0	20.4	(³)	3.4	12.0	(³)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	10.2	23.6	24.2	8.6	12.6	3.0	.9	6.7	9.3
St. Louis ²	100.0	8.7	16.4	27.4	11.1	18.2	3.0	2.4	6.7	6.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	11.7	19.7	18.3	11.8	16.5	4.7	2.8	4.7	9.8
Tulsa	100.0	7.2	19.0	18.5	9.7	25.7	5.7	2.7	4.9	6.5
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	11.8	16.5	24.1	12.4	16.0	3.2	1.9	6.9	7.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	16.5	20.5	20.0	9.6	19.2	4.3	2.9	2.0	5.1
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	17.8	25.9	17.7	9.8	16.3	4.5	1.6	2.4	4.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	12.1	27.4	24.0	11.9	10.8	.4	1.8	6.0	5.6
Camden	100.0	7.8	28.7	24.1	10.9	16.6	1.6	1.1	3.6	5.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	14.5	17.1	22.2	9.3	17.6	3.0	1.0	4.9	10.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	13.3	18.2	17.1	9.8	24.5	1.0	1.6	4.0	10.1
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	10.6	12.6	26.1	6.2	21.0	2.3	4.2	8.7	8.3
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	16.1	27.7	18.3	10.6	17.3	2.7	5.1	(³)	2.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	11.0	16.4	24.8	10.6	15.4	6.4	3.1	4.4	7.9
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	13.1	20.9	15.4	5.8	20.3	5.3	2.3	7.0	10.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	13.5	22.9	17.0	13.4	16.1	4.3	2.1	2.7	7.9
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	9.4	17.7	25.4	11.0	10.3	5.8	3.8	4.9	11.6
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	10.1	25.3	21.6	10.6	14.6	4.0	2.6	7.4	3.9
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	8.0	19.7	28.9	9.6	16.5	3.9	1.5	2.9	9.0
Newark-Union	100.0	8.4	22.7	22.0	9.8	15.7	3.1	3.4	2.8	12.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	14.7	18.2	20.4	12.0	17.1	7.6	.8	1.8	7.5
Philadelphia	100.0	11.0	15.6	28.8	9.9	15.0	2.6	3.0	3.1	11.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	21.2	11.3	26.5	5.2	6.3	(³)	9.9	(³)	19.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	13.5	35.2	9.1	9.7	24.4	(³)	7.2	.8	(³)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	11.0	24.8	22.8	8.0	12.4	4.3	.4	7.4	7.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	21.6	18.9	16.5	9.7	8.8	.4	3.1	16.7	4.3
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	16.3	19.6	20.4	9.5	19.6	4.2	3.0	1.9	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan divisions:										
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	2.3	7.2	40.1	11.7	16.9	7.6	(³)	2.7	11.2
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	3.0	9.2	37.1	8.8	14.0	4.3	2.6	3.6	17.4
Austin city	100.0	9.6	22.3	43.6	7.7	7.5	.7	2.1	3.5	3.0
Baltimore city	100.0	7.1	17.9	33.2	5.1	18.7	5.8	3.2	.9	8.0
Boston city	100.0	13.6	29.4	23.5	13.3	10.9	.5	.7	5.8	2.5
Charlotte city	100.0	12.2	17.0	13.8	8.1	22.1	3.2	2.4	6.1	15.0
Chicago city	100.0	13.0	16.2	23.2	11.3	17.7	2.1	.8	4.7	10.9
Cleveland city	100.0	6.8	23.3	25.8	9.2	13.9	4.2	2.5	4.4	10.0
Columbus city	100.0	14.3	10.0	13.7	9.1	32.5	2.0	4.3	6.2	8.0
Dallas city	100.0	11.1	10.3	17.2	14.2	27.0	1.8	1.1	5.8	10.6
Denver County/city	100.0	6.4	20.7	25.2	12.6	22.6	.6	3.7	1.8	6.4
Detroit city	100.0	11.1	11.8	26.0	5.1	22.0	1.6	4.5	9.5	8.4
Fort Worth city	100.0	2.0	23.5	24.0	7.5	17.6	7.5	5.1	5.9	7.0
Houston city	100.0	12.2	20.2	18.9	9.5	15.8	5.4	2.9	3.1	11.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	15.2	9.0	21.6	11.7	23.2	2.0	1.2	8.2	7.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	10.0	15.4	25.0	4.1	21.8	4.5	2.3	4.1	12.8
Kansas City city	100.0	8.8	8.8	22.7	17.6	18.7	.7	3.1	10.7	8.9
Las Vegas city	100.0	9.5	22.9	21.7	15.1	17.2	2.8	.3	3.1	7.4
Los Angeles city	100.0	12.4	25.9	16.2	13.8	10.7	6.4	2.8	3.0	8.7
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	7.0	12.0	26.0	10.0	9.0	3.0	4.0	15.0	13.0
Memphis city	100.0	8.0	17.1	29.3	8.6	12.9	6.8	1.0	6.9	9.4
Miami city	100.0	(³)	11.2	21.0	25.4	6.9	19.4	7.2	8.9	(³)
Milwaukee city	100.0	5.7	14.3	33.8	5.2	16.7	2.6	.5	11.2	10.0
Minneapolis city	100.0	9.2	16.1	29.0	6.1	18.7	2.6	(³)	7.1	10.8
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	7.2	10.0	21.7	14.5	24.0	1.8	5.5	7.8	7.3
New Orleans city	100.0	1.1	21.1	27.7	13.2	25.9	6.8	(³)	(³)	4.1
New York city	100.0	8.5	19.2	29.5	10.0	16.9	4.1	1.6	2.1	8.1
Oakland city	100.0	18.1	18.9	25.3	4.6	10.2	12.8	(³)	.9	9.2
Oklahoma City city	100.0	5.2	7.3	35.3	10.2	20.7	7.7	1.2	4.1	7.0
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	10.4	8.5	34.3	11.0	14.1	3.1	2.6	2.7	13.4
Phoenix city	100.0	23.6	21.0	13.9	9.3	16.1	6.2	2.0	4.0	3.9
Portland city	100.0	(³)	32.1	19.1	5.8	13.6	(³)	(³)	16.0	13.4
Sacramento city	100.0	20.7	14.1	14.5	8.8	16.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	25.0
San Antonio city	100.0	11.0	15.0	25.0	6.3	29.9	.9	2.5	8.1	1.3
San Diego city	100.0	11.7	8.8	28.0	18.2	19.3	2.0	3.6	.9	7.6
San Francisco County/city	100.0	42.8	10.4	13.4	(³)	10.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	22.7
San Jose city	100.0	18.3	19.5	18.1	1.8	35.4	(³)	(³)	6.9	(³)
Seattle city	100.0	10.1	11.6	22.3	16.7	13.6	9.9	(³)	7.8	7.9
St. Louis city	100.0	5.0	12.8	37.7	8.3	17.3	4.3	.3	8.7	5.5
Tulsa city	100.0	4.2	18.8	18.5	11.9	26.3	5.4	3.6	4.1	7.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	10.9	15.9	24.6	13.9	21.1	1.2	1.6	5.7	5.0
Washington city	100.0	16.4	21.0	21.9	6.4	21.2	3.3	2.7	1.3	5.7
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	23.8	28.9	8.9	14.7	6.1	1.9	4.8	8.1	2.7
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	16.4	60.1	(³)	12.9	6.7	(³)	3.8	(³)	(³)
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	16.1	45.5	12.9	3.4	6.6	1.0	5.9	5.4	3.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	10.9	37.9	16.9	11.1	9.6	1.7	.7	10.5	.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	15.8	35.6	7.3	3.8	6.8	2.6	1.7	24.4	2.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	20.6	13.7	28.3	17.1	1.8	(³)	(³)	13.0	5.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	22.3	35.5	12.0	11.3	7.9	.2	1.6	4.5	4.7
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	22.4	19.3	10.5	7.2	20.9	4.5	(³)	15.1	(³)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	11.4	70.4	7.5	7.3	1.7	(³)	(³)	1.8	(³)
Columbus	100.0	8.9	36.7	7.6	4.3	12.4	6.0	(³)	24.0	(³)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	8.3	43.7	10.9	10.9	11.1	1.4	5.2	4.8	3.6
Denver-Aurora	100.0	12.3	24.2	16.7	13.7	9.6	1.4	.9	17.5	3.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	19.3	38.6	18.8	7.0	9.5	(³)	1.4	4.2	1.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	11.5	44.4	16.7	11.0	6.4	(³)	1.0	7.5	1.5
Honolulu	100.0	15.2	20.0	23.5	13.2	12.9	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.2
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	17.5	22.3	22.0	10.2	7.2	2.4	3.7	11.1	2.5
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	(³)	71.5	(³)	19.5	3.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	5.9
Jacksonville	100.0	5.7	32.1	28.4	9.2	8.8	(³)	(³)	13.1	2.7
Kansas City	100.0	5.1	40.7	11.8	12.2	12.3	4.2	.6	6.5	6.7
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	10.9	18.5	39.3	9.6	10.1	.7	3.5	4.2	3.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	19.7	28.6	10.3	15.4	13.6	2.1	2.6	4.8	3.0
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	13.5	50.8	7.8	14.4	(³)	(³)	10.2	3.3	(³)
Memphis	100.0	10.0	25.2	46.8	5.2	9.9	(³)	(³)	2.9	(³)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	16.8	31.3	10.7	18.4	12.3	(³)	3.6	3.3	3.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	5.9	44.1	13.3	10.3	4.8	(³)	4.0	13.1	4.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	10.1	38.3	15.8	6.0	5.3	.4	1.6	17.4	5.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	17.4	19.9	5.1	32.4	19.2	(³)	(³)	(³)	5.9
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	15.3	35.7	12.1	5.9	8.6	(³)	4.6	17.7	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	17.1	31.2	16.4	14.1	8.9	1.6	1.2	5.7	3.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	9.4	19.5	21.2	6.3	16.0	(³)	13.9	13.8	(³)
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	18.9	30.6	10.5	11.3	10.7	8.8	1.1	2.8	5.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	7.8	42.0	12.7	11.4	12.4	1.5	2.8	8.8	.5
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	19.9	20.0	20.6	20.4	8.5	3.1	1.3	4.2	2.2
Pittsburgh	100.0	18.2	69.4	4.1	5.4	2.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	12.9	36.6	10.3	10.1	7.4	2.6	3.1	14.6	2.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	10.4	29.6	11.9	4.7	10.2	.7	3.4	26.3	2.8
Richmond	100.0	9.3	58.5	13.7	12.7	2.2	3.6	(³)	(³)	(³)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	14.6	25.5	15.6	13.1	17.9	1.5	3.4	5.0	2.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	14.9	32.5	14.1	7.0	21.0	1.9	2.1	3.4	3.2
Salt Lake City	100.0	16.3	20.1	10.3	14.8	12.8	(³)	1.3	24.3	(³)
San Antonio	100.0	6.7	30.8	30.4	8.0	6.9	9.8	(³)	(³)	7.4
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	13.6	34.3	16.4	7.1	14.7	(³)	3.8	7.5	2.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	18.5	27.5	17.4	11.7	11.0	2.2	2.6	4.8	4.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	16.4	41.3	8.8	6.7	13.6	.3	4.3	8.2	.4
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	14.4	27.8	16.7	10.0	13.4	1.8	3.2	9.0	3.6
St. Louis ²	100.0	9.2	29.2	9.4	23.4	6.8	(³)	(³)	22.0	(³)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	6.5	26.4	9.5	32.8	11.4	3.3	2.0	5.8	2.3
Tulsa	100.0	29.5	20.2	24.0	5.2	(³)	3.0	(³)	18.1	(³)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	18.6	14.0	(³)	7.6	28.7	14.8	(³)	16.3	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	18.9	31.4	16.4	9.8	11.8	1.1	2.7	3.5	4.4
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	15.9	36.3	15.8	10.0	11.6	2.2	3.5	1.2	3.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	10.3	37.0	18.4	12.1	10.3	1.9	.9	8.9	.3
Camden	100.0	5.0	41.3	10.0	13.7	15.2	(³)	3.6	10.5	.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	22.7	34.9	12.5	10.5	8.0	.2	1.7	4.5	5.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan divisions:										
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	7.6	50.5	8.3	11.6	10.7	0.4	2.8	5.1	3.1
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	20.3	35.2	18.3	4.4	13.5	(³)	1.0	3.5	3.9
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	25.7	43.3	5.1	12.6	7.7	.2	(³)	3.4	1.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	2.7	56.8	1.3	14.5	16.9	(³)	(³)	4.8	3.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	11.0	19.8	19.9	8.7	12.6	4.7	13.4	3.7	5.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	17.2	27.6	11.4	17.3	14.6	1.9	2.4	4.7	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	30.1	18.1	14.3	13.8	12.5	(³)	6.9	(³)	4.2
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	15.3	38.9	11.3	21.9	5.4	.3	(³)	3.0	4.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	15.4	25.8	20.7	14.0	9.5	2.0	1.6	6.7	4.3
Newark-Union	100.0	11.3	46.8	8.3	8.6	11.0	3.9	2.2	6.2	1.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	18.0	28.7	13.0	13.2	11.6	2.1	3.3	6.5	3.5
Philadelphia	100.0	8.1	40.8	16.1	10.2	11.1	2.2	2.7	8.8	(³)
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	19.1	26.0	22.7	9.9	10.3	2.3	1.7	2.9	5.2
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	26.6	31.7	7.2	10.2	10.9	2.6	3.0	5.1	2.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	15.2	30.6	15.0	9.5	14.7	1.8	2.8	7.7	2.4
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	18.8	40.2	19.0	8.3	7.6	(³)	1.6	4.6	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	20.2	29.2	16.7	9.7	11.9	.6	2.4	4.5	4.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	9.4	17.9	18.6	36.5	3.7	(³)	1.8	8.7	3.5
Cities:										
Austin city	100.0	10.2	71.4	(³)	7.7	7.3	(³)	3.4	(³)	(³)
Boston city	100.0	8.8	29.6	22.9	8.1	15.2	4.7	(³)	10.1	.6
Charlotte city	100.0	21.5	14.2	27.2	16.1	1.9	(³)	(³)	13.5	5.7
Chicago city	100.0	21.4	31.1	18.1	10.8	8.9	(³)	(³)	1.6	8.0
Columbus city	100.0	5.9	22.5	10.4	4.7	15.3	8.3	(³)	33.0	(³)
Dallas city	100.0	5.5	51.6	9.4	13.5	7.7	(³)	(³)	11.1	1.2
Denver County/city	100.0	3.0	25.9	27.3	13.4	(³)	4.1	4.0	11.5	10.8
Fort Worth city	100.0	5.8	7.6	34.9	7.5	10.7	10.6	14.5	1.2	6.0
Houston city	100.0	15.7	23.3	20.1	10.2	7.4	1.5	3.6	11.7	4.4
Jacksonville city	100.0	7.3	37.0	21.6	11.8	11.2	(³)	(³)	11.1	(³)
Las Vegas city	100.0	9.3	25.4	38.8	8.1	6.3	(³)	3.9	4.7	3.4
Los Angeles city	100.0	11.6	31.7	14.3	17.9	14.0	2.9	.9	4.3	2.3
Milwaukee city	100.0	(³)	(³)	30.4	13.7	(³)	(³)	13.1	33.7	9.1
Minneapolis city	100.0	8.1	24.6	21.0	(³)	1.8	1.8	(³)	27.1	15.7
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	18.4	21.0	5.4	28.6	20.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	6.2
New York city	100.0	13.5	24.0	23.1	13.9	10.0	2.4	1.4	7.3	4.3
Oakland city	100.0	17.9	13.2	35.0	12.8	1.1	5.5	3.7	3.5	7.3
Oklahoma City city	100.0	(³)	9.4	26.3	8.1	20.6	(³)	17.9	17.8	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	6.0	25.0	20.2	11.4	13.9	4.2	5.0	14.3	(³)
Phoenix city	100.0	16.1	19.0	28.0	19.0	(³)	4.9	3.4	3.8	5.8
Portland city	100.0	19.0	45.4	5.4	5.4	9.7	(³)	8.1	5.6	(³)
Sacramento city	100.0	6.4	30.2	13.5	(³)	35.7	(³)	(³)	7.3	6.9
San Antonio city	100.0	9.3	42.9	33.4	2.0	9.6	2.8	(³)	(³)	(³)
San Diego city	100.0	14.7	29.8	16.3	9.1	17.8	(³)	6.0	5.6	.7
San Francisco County/city	100.0	17.7	23.3	20.8	9.7	14.3	3.2	3.0	4.7	3.3
San Jose city	100.0	13.7	38.1	7.0	7.4	15.1	(³)	5.5	12.5	.7
Seattle city	100.0	14.4	19.8	18.5	5.4	20.1	3.9	1.8	12.0	4.1
Washington city	100.0	29.6	44.7	10.7	2.5	10.7	(³)	.5	.5	.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	4.3	4.9	22.9	6.1	7.0	33.4	3.1	9.0	9.0
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	9.6	14.7	24.3	6.8	14.6	16.5	3.9	4.2	5.4
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	7.2	14.3	25.3	7.1	8.4	23.4	3.8	5.9	4.8
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	(³)	4.5	21.1	3.6	(³)	45.8	(³)	20.3	4.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	4.9	16.9	28.3	7.7	12.4	9.5	4.3	8.6	7.2
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	6.6	10.8	32.2	12.7	10.3	10.4	4.2	7.9	4.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	12.1	13.5	19.9	16.6	20.5	(³)	(³)	8.7	8.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	6.3	5.3	18.4	7.7	2.9	42.4	.7	8.8	6.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	7.4	8.2	21.7	8.6	11.4	9.5	3.1	18.5	11.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	15.1	10.5	5.8	6.0	11.6	2.3	(³)	23.9	24.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	9.3	11.6	15.2	3.5	11.4	4.1	4.4	34.0	3.9
Columbus	100.0	12.7	5.8	37.0	11.3	7.0	10.7	(³)	13.0	2.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	6.9	7.0	21.9	9.2	10.9	19.4	4.4	10.7	9.1
Dayton	100.0	15.3	20.2	21.9	4.8	6.6	13.5	7.9	2.6	7.2
Denver-Aurora	100.0	9.2	7.3	23.2	10.8	12.8	20.2	4.0	5.5	6.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	7.6	8.0	29.0	7.8	10.4	6.2	3.0	17.6	10.5
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	10.4	8.8	29.0	9.8	16.1	4.3	2.8	8.5	10.2
Honolulu	100.0	15.9	15.1	28.8	11.9	13.2	4.4	1.1	2.5	6.6
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	6.3	10.0	22.7	9.0	10.8	18.1	5.3	9.7	7.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	.7	3.3	31.6	2.3	8.2	38.0	(³)	9.8	6.1
Jacksonville	100.0	8.1	12.0	9.5	13.2	9.3	28.2	6.6	8.6	4.4
Kansas City	100.0	2.0	14.1	31.3	5.2	10.8	16.0	2.9	9.9	7.6
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	4.6	4.9	35.3	9.4	11.1	21.6	3.5	3.8	5.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	7.5	9.2	23.7	10.9	13.5	9.4	3.7	11.9	10.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	(³)	8.2	23.5	11.3	5.2	20.9	5.6	19.0	6.3
Memphis	100.0	1.2	1.9	14.4	4.7	6.6	52.6	2.3	10.6	5.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach ..	100.0	12.4	12.3	18.5	13.8	14.2	11.3	4.6	5.3	7.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	7.6	7.1	18.0	9.5	14.8	6.6	2.5	26.6	7.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	3.2	8.2	38.9	7.7	10.5	7.3	(³)	18.6	5.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	100.0	10.6	6.9	25.4	2.2	2.4	39.0	2.0	4.8	4.3
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	9.2	10.6	6.8	7.2	3.6	41.3	11.1	2.7	7.4
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	6.4	10.0	29.6	8.1	13.8	10.0	3.5	8.9	9.6
Oklahoma City	100.0	7.7	2.2	20.4	12.7	7.7	20.9	4.9	12.3	10.7
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	5.4	8.6	19.5	11.1	17.3	18.5	2.9	6.4	9.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	8.5	8.6	30.6	9.5	11.6	8.9	2.6	7.7	10.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	8.5	8.0	26.3	7.8	12.1	17.7	4.1	6.4	8.4
Pittsburgh	100.0	49.3	25.6	18.0	7.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	8.1	10.7	34.3	7.5	10.8	13.1	2.8	6.1	5.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	2.1	8.9	24.4	9.7	13.7	5.1	1.4	23.1	11.2
Richmond	100.0	1.5	6.0	34.2	8.6	7.9	38.5	1.2	(³)	2.0
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	7.8	8.8	18.3	9.5	11.9	16.2	3.9	11.6	10.0
Rochester	100.0	(³)	28.5	12.2	11.2	20.7	1.7	(³)	22.3	3.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	6.7	8.2	29.8	8.7	10.2	24.9	2.2	5.1	3.3
Salt Lake City	100.0	6.6	9.5	23.8	9.5	10.5	18.9	1.8	11.2	8.1
San Antonio	100.0	6.5	12.5	21.5	11.6	15.5	11.7	4.2	7.7	8.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	9.9	10.4	28.3	13.0	15.0	7.9	1.8	7.5	5.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	7.7	9.4	33.2	10.1	10.5	17.3	3.2	3.4	5.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	16.7	7.1	26.8	10.7	12.1	9.9	3.7	7.0	4.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	10.0	11.9	27.0	8.5	9.2	11.6	1.9	5.4	12.9
St. Louis ²	100.0	22.6	9.0	11.6	17.7	10.5	12.1	(³)	7.2	3.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	14.2	11.7	17.0	9.0	17.2	14.8	5.2	5.3	5.2
Tulsa	100.0	(³)	4.7	37.5	3.3	11.1	11.8	6.0	21.8	3.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	13.3	15.4	22.2	8.5	5.0	17.0	5.8	3.2	8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	7.5	9.2	26.4	8.2	6.5	29.6	3.0	4.5	4.9
Metropolitan divisions:										
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	8.9	13.8	32.7	9.3	5.5	12.5	5.1	5.3	5.3
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	5.0	18.1	29.6	9.8	11.7	12.5	2.9	5.3	4.8
Camden	100.0	8.8	10.8	38.1	5.6	8.7	.8	.7	9.8	16.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	7.8	8.4	21.3	8.9	11.4	9.3	2.7	18.7	11.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	7.0	6.7	20.7	9.6	10.1	22.0	3.8	10.5	9.3
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	8.5	4.5	19.8	8.6	8.7	6.1	5.6	22.6	15.6
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	7.1	7.5	23.5	7.2	8.7	9.2	7.0	14.3	14.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	12.0	14.1	20.4	12.1	12.2	11.7	6.5	6.6	4.4
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	6.6	7.7	24.6	8.2	13.0	13.4	5.8	11.2	8.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	7.0	9.5	22.3	10.9	13.9	9.4	3.5	13.1	10.4
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	13.5	12.7	17.0	15.4	15.8	8.9	3.6	4.7	8.4
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	3.5	8.1	31.1	8.1	14.5	14.6	2.9	11.8	5.4
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	6.9	11.0	30.2	8.3	14.5	9.2	3.0	7.8	9.0
Newark-Union	100.0	5.1	7.2	29.1	8.1	12.2	10.9	4.1	8.5	13.9
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	5.8	9.5	28.5	9.8	8.9	22.0	3.8	5.3	6.1
Philadelphia	100.0	8.7	8.6	28.5	11.2	12.4	10.0	3.2	7.8	8.4
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	11.1	9.2	41.5	10.8	13.2	8.9	2.2	(³)	3.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	9.5	8.2	29.1	10.8	12.0	9.6	4.7	7.0	9.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	9.8	13.1	26.2	8.5	7.8	11.7	2.4	4.2	14.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	6.5	11.9	39.5	6.8	12.4	6.4	(³)	11.8	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	7.1	8.1	24.8	7.9	6.8	33.8	2.4	4.3	4.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	7.0	7.0	23.4	8.1	9.2	23.5	6.6	6.0	8.5
Cities:										
Atlanta city	100.0	18.0	40.4	24.4	17.2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Austin city	100.0	9.7	13.9	22.6	7.0	14.1	21.2	3.3	4.3	3.9
Baltimore city	100.0	(³)	7.1	29.1	2.9	7.1	31.4	5.4	8.7	8.2
Boston city	100.0	6.2	33.8	35.2	11.0	5.8	1.3	1.3	5.5	(³)
Charlotte city	100.0	5.1	4.7	20.4	8.0	4.2	42.1	(³)	8.7	4.9
Chicago city	100.0	7.8	8.5	19.6	8.5	13.3	8.9	2.4	18.2	12.5
Cleveland city	100.0	7.4	7.1	6.3	(³)	5.5	3.2	6.9	63.7	(³)
Columbus city	100.0	12.1	10.7	24.0	8.7	6.9	14.9	(³)	17.9	4.7
Dallas city	100.0	4.6	6.5	18.6	10.1	8.1	26.0	4.1	10.7	10.8
Denver County/city	100.0	4.7	7.0	26.8	11.0	11.1	17.6	3.9	7.5	10.3
Detroit city	100.0	5.9	(³)	13.4	4.8	(³)	12.9	11.9	36.0	15.1
Fort Worth city	100.0	4.1	13.0	23.3	10.8	13.4	9.5	5.5	11.1	9.3
Houston city	100.0	4.4	9.3	21.4	8.3	9.0	22.3	5.8	9.4	9.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	.8	1.0	32.3	2.6	9.0	37.1	(³)	10.7	6.6
Jacksonville city	100.0	4.7	12.6	9.4	13.0	10.0	38.6	11.7	(³)	(³)
Kansas City city	100.0	(³)	13.5	22.3	(³)	9.5	11.8	9.0	19.1	14.8
Las Vegas city	100.0	5.5	3.4	37.9	5.5	10.0	20.3	4.4	4.9	7.9
Los Angeles city	100.0	5.8	7.3	27.3	12.1	10.9	11.2	3.1	13.6	8.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	(³)	9.0	26.0	12.0	6.0	15.0	6.0	21.0	4.0
Memphis city	100.0	(³)	1.8	14.6	5.6	6.9	52.9	1.2	10.1	6.8
Miami city	100.0	11.0	6.4	22.5	7.6	15.1	24.4	1.4	2.8	8.9
Milwaukee city	100.0	4.1	6.4	17.0	8.7	12.0	8.7	3.3	30.0	9.4
Minneapolis city	100.0	1.5	2.2	51.6	10.2	3.6	5.0	(³)	20.0	5.9
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	10.5	.9	31.3	1.2	.8	49.3	(³)	3.2	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Cities:										
New York city	100.0	6.7	10.1	32.9	9.1	14.6	8.6	2.8	7.1	8.0
Oakland city	100.0	4.2	8.9	32.2	7.0	7.5	25.1	2.5	4.5	7.1
Oklahoma City city	100.0	2.7	2.8	20.8	15.7	9.2	19.6	6.0	10.0	13.3
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	7.9	10.0	15.2	13.1	13.6	14.8	3.4	10.4	11.6
Phoenix city	100.0	7.2	7.1	26.7	7.1	11.7	20.6	5.2	5.8	8.7
Portland city	100.0	14.5	23.6	12.8	9.6	2.7	16.5	(³)	12.0	8.4
Sacramento city	100.0	6.8	13.9	18.2	3.4	10.6	35.7	.5	2.6	7.3
San Antonio city	100.0	6.4	13.5	20.4	11.2	17.3	11.3	4.6	7.3	7.3
San Diego city	100.0	10.3	11.0	26.5	13.5	14.9	9.9	2.2	6.9	4.1
San Francisco County/city	100.0	3.3	8.7	49.5	10.6	17.0	4.6	3.6	(³)	2.8
San Jose city	100.0	14.6	6.2	31.9	7.7	9.7	12.5	4.5	5.5	6.3
Seattle city	100.0	7.2	22.2	17.5	17.4	19.5	(³)	(³)	12.4	3.7
Tulsa city	100.0	(³)	4.2	39.9	3.9	10.6	14.4	2.7	22.0	2.3
Virginia Beach city	100.0	9.7	16.3	10.9	19.9	6.5	13.0	15.3	8.4	(³)
Washington city	100.0	8.6	15.7	43.4	3.9	6.0	16.3	1.5	1.4	3.1

¹ Includes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations, which are not shown separately.

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by, industry, 2006 annual averages

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.0	5.2	3.2	3.5	2.9	5.0	2.2
Austin-Round Rock	3.4	3.6	1.2	1.4	(²)	4.7	(²)
Baltimore-Towson	3.9	6.4	5.1	2.9	(²)	5.1	2.5
Birmingham-Hoover	3.9	(²)	4.2	(²)	(²)	5.4	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	5.0	10.2	5.0	3.0	9.2	5.3	3.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.3	7.3	1.2	1.5	(²)	4.8	(²)
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	5.0	(²)	5.0	5.9	(²)	6.1	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	5.3	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	1.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4.2	6.6	3.6	3.2	4.2	4.8	5.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	4.5	5.8	3.4	4.0	2.4	3.7	2.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	4.4	8.4	3.6	3.3	(²)	4.7	5.3
Columbus	4.9	7.0	4.4	1.8	(²)	7.5	3.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.3	3.7	3.3	2.8	4.4	4.3	3.6
Dayton	6.6	(²)	2.5	2.4	(²)	7.3	5.1
Denver-Aurora	4.0	4.4	3.0	3.5	2.3	5.5	3.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	6.6	11.8	5.5	5.2	7.2	7.9	6.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	4.1	7.0	3.3	2.0	(²)	6.1	3.8
Honolulu	2.2	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.8	1.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	5.4	5.3	5.2	4.3	6.4	6.8	4.1
Indianapolis-Carmel	4.5	5.6	2.6	3.3	1.5	7.2	(²)
Jacksonville	3.0	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.0	(²)
Kansas City	4.9	5.0	3.3	3.0	3.7	7.1	4.8
Las Vegas-Paradise	3.6	4.8	8.2	(²)	(²)	5.0	2.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.9	5.9	3.9	3.0	5.3	4.0	4.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	5.0	2.0	3.8	4.3	(²)	4.4	3.0
Memphis	5.1	3.9	3.1	(²)	(²)	9.7	6.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	3.3	3.4	4.5	3.5	(²)	3.2	3.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	4.8	6.6	4.5	4.1	5.5	5.4	1.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	3.7	9.3	2.3	2.6	1.7	4.5	3.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	3.8	6.1	5.2	5.3	(²)	3.9	(²)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	4.3	1.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.9	(²)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.9	6.9	5.3	3.6	6.8	5.2	2.3
Oklahoma City	3.4	4.4	2.2	(²)	(²)	4.1	(²)
Orlando-Kissimmee	2.9	3.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.0	(²)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	4.1	5.6	3.4	4.2	2.3	3.4	2.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	3.0	3.3	2.8	2.2	(²)	3.8	3.1
Pittsburgh	4.4	6.5	5.2	5.9	(²)	4.0	4.0
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4.1	6.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.6	1.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	5.3	8.2	7.2	8.0	5.9	5.5	4.2
Richmond	4.0	(²)	2.8	(²)	(²)	5.5	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	4.7	6.1	5.5	6.4	3.9	5.8	2.9
Rochester	5.4	(²)	4.3	4.1	(²)	6.9	(²)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	4.4	10.0	1.8	(²)	(²)	4.4	(²)
Salt Lake City	2.9	2.1	2.8	3.2	(²)	4.4	2.6
San Antonio	4.7	2.7	6.4	(²)	(²)	5.8	(²)
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.5	5.6	4.6	5.4	(²)	4.7	(²)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	4.3	7.6	3.7	2.2	(²)	6.1	.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.5	5.1	4.5	3.9	(²)	5.8	(²)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.8	6.0	1.7	2.2	(²)	4.2	3.0
St. Louis ³	5.2	7.4	4.5	3.8	5.6	4.6	4.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	3.3	5.7	2.4	(²)	(²)	3.0	(²)
Tulsa	3.0	(²)	2.8	(²)	(²)	3.1	(²)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.5	(²)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	3.7	3.1	2.3	(²)	3.9	3.4
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.9	2.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.5	(²)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	5.0	12.1	6.3	5.0	(²)	6.6	3.1
Camden	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.8	(²)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4.0	5.9	3.5	3.5	3.4	4.2	5.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.4	3.9	3.1	2.6	4.4	4.6	3.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	8.4	9.0	6.8	6.7	(²)	9.3	9.1
Edison-New Brunswick	3.4	5.0	4.7	(²)	5.8	2.7	.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	3.4	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.8	(²)
Fort Worth-Arlington	3.9	3.3	3.6	3.2	(²)	3.6	3.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.3	6.4	4.4	3.2	6.0	4.1	4.4
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.9	3.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.9	2.8
Nassau-Suffolk	2.4	6.7	3.1	(²)	(²)	1.5	(²)
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.4	7.5	5.5	4.9	6.0	7.1	2.4
Newark-Union	4.7	6.4	7.4	(²)	10.2	5.9	5.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	4.8	6.7	4.0	2.2	(²)	6.5	1.6
Philadelphia	4.3	5.8	3.4	4.2	2.3	3.7	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by, industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	6.1	1.7	4.4	3.2	5.5	5.4	0.3
Austin-Round Rock	(2)	1.4	3.7	3.3	5.9	(2)	(2)
Baltimore-Towson	1.3	2.5	4.4	2.8	8.8	2.7	.7
Birmingham-Hoover	(2)	.4	6.1	1.1	(2)	(2)	(2)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1.6	3.3	7.8	2.5	8.0	4.7	2.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	(2)	1.5	3.0	1.7	5.4	4.7	(2)
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	(2)	(2)	2.1	4.6	7.6	(2)	(2)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(2)	1.7	10.5	5.8	9.7	5.9	(2)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.7	3.2	4.5	2.8	6.4	2.4	1.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	(2)	6.5	5.9	3.9	8.5	(2)	(2)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(2)	3.3	7.5	2.3	8.2	(2)	(2)
Columbus	(2)	2.3	8.2	2.9	7.8	(2)	(4)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	3.8	3.5	6.0	3.1	6.3	4.4	3.9
Dayton	(2)	(2)	15.1	4.4	(2)	(2)	(2)
Denver-Aurora	1.7	3.2	4.2	3.0	8.1	3.9	.2
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	5.2	3.4	8.2	5.5	10.4	4.7	2.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	(2)	2.5	4.3	2.9	6.7	3.7	3.0
Honolulu	(2)	2.5	3.3	1.5	1.8	1.7	.9
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown .....	.7	3.4	6.7	4.2	9.0	6.8	1.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	(2)	3.9	4.6	1.9	10.9	(2)	(2)
Jacksonville	(2)	(2)	(2)	.9	(2)	(2)	(2)
Kansas City	3.0	3.3	6.2	3.8	9.6	2.0	(4)
Las Vegas-Paradise	(2)	1.9	5.5	2.3	2.5	2.8	.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	8.1	2.5	3.0	2.8	4.7	4.8	.9
Louisville-Jefferson County	(2)	3.8	7.9	4.4	13.5	1.9	(2)
Memphis	(2)	.8	9.4	2.6	6.9	1.6	(2)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	(2)	1.8	3.5	1.7	6.2	4.7	1.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	(2)	.8	7.1	3.2	10.0	6.7	(2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.8	1.6	4.5	2.3	5.2	4.0	2.2
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	(2)	2.9	5.7	1.5	6.8	(2)	(2)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.5	(2)	(2)	(2)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	2.5	3.1	4.9	2.3	5.6	3.7	1.7
Oklahoma City	(2)	1.6	4.4	2.4	7.0	(2)	(4)
Orlando-Kissimmee	(2)	.8	4.1	2.1	3.0	(2)	(2)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.9	4.3	5.3	3.0	8.7	4.6	1.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	(2)	1.7	3.5	2.1	4.7	3.6	1.1
Pittsburgh	(2)	2.8	5.2	2.0	8.8	(2)	(2)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	(2)	1.5	5.3	4.2	6.4	6.0	1.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	17.2	2.0	5.1	3.7	6.6	3.5	2.4
Richmond	(2)	.6	5.3	3.1	(2)	(2)	(2)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	(2)	2.6	8.0	2.8	4.0	5.9	(4)
Rochester	(2)	(2)	9.3	1.6	13.3	(2)	(2)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	(2)	2.2	7.2	2.6	2.9	(2)	.7
Salt Lake City	(2)	1.0	3.9	2.1	4.6	(2)	(2)
San Antonio	(2)	3.6	5.9	3.0	6.0	5.5	(2)
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	(2)	1.9	1.4	2.9	6.1	4.0	(2)
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	2.1	2.6	5.1	2.3	4.7	5.2	4.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	(2)	3.8	5.2	2.5	5.4	5.5	(2)
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.5	2.4	2.8	3.6	8.1	4.7	.7
St. Louis ³	1.9	2.8	5.6	4.2	9.1	8.7	2.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	(2)	2.1	6.0	2.0	4.4	(2)	(2)
Tulsa	(2)	(2)	(2)	1.8	(2)	(2)	(2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	(2)	(2)	4.1	2.1	(2)	(2)	(2)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.6	2.6	2.1	2.8	4.5	2.9	1.4
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	(2)	2.0	2.6	2.6	5.7	3.0	1.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.6	2.3	6.6	2.3	8.2	5.1	1.8
Camden	(2)	(2)	7.4	2.4	(2)	(2)	(2)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4.0	2.9	4.7	2.7	6.3	2.5	.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	3.4	3.7	5.8	3.4	6.9	5.1	(2)
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	5.8	1.9	9.1	10.7	12.4	7.2	2.3
Edison-New Brunswick	(2)	1.9	5.7	2.2	5.8	(2)	(2)
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	(2)	3.5	2.9	1.6	7.7	(2)	(2)
Fort Worth-Arlington	(2)	3.2	6.4	2.4	5.3	3.2	(2)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	8.7	2.6	3.5	3.2	5.1	5.4	.8
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	(2)	.4	4.1	1.7	4.6	(2)	(2)
Nassau-Suffolk	(2)	4.6	2.2	.7	(2)	(2)	(2)
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.9	3.1	5.2	2.8	5.1	4.7	1.8
Newark-Union	(2)	2.9	5.4	2.2	8.2	(2)	(2)
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	2.5	3.6	5.4	2.4	6.9	5.1	(2)
Philadelphia	(2)	5.1	4.7	3.5	8.7	2.1	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by, industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan divisions:							
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	3.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.4	(2)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.7	4.6	2.6	2.6	(2)	3.7	(2)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	3.7	5.8	1.8	2.3	(2)	4.3	3.7
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	5.5	13.0	4.8	4.5	7.0	7.1	3.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	3.9	3.4	(2)	(2)	4.0	3.0
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach ...	3.7	3.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.0	(2)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	6.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	7.6	(2)
Austin city	3.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Baltimore city	5.5	10.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.1	(2)
Boston city	6.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Charlotte city	5.0	3.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.5	(2)
Chicago city	6.4	8.9	5.4	5.6	5.2	8.7	6.9
Cleveland city	8.6	(2)	3.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Columbus city	6.0	(2)	5.6	(2)	(2)	12.2	(2)
Dallas city	4.9	2.0	3.9	3.7	(2)	6.5	(2)
Denver County/city	5.9	7.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	9.2	(2)
Detroit city	14.9	11.9	13.0	13.6	(2)	28.9	6.3
Fort Worth city	4.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Houston city	7.1	7.4	7.9	5.7	12.3	9.9	4.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	7.0	10.0	3.9	4.4	(2)	11.3	(2)
Jacksonville city	2.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Kansas City city	5.8	(2)	2.2	(2)	(2)	9.5	(2)
Las Vegas city	2.8	4.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.8	(2)
Los Angeles city	5.7	7.6	6.0	6.1	5.9	4.9	5.5
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city ...	5.8	(2)	5.6	(2)	(2)	4.5	(2)
Memphis city	7.6	6.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	17.7	11.2
Miami city	3.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Milwaukee city	7.6	(2)	4.8	5.8	4.0	6.9	(2)
Minneapolis city	6.2	(2)	5.3	(2)	(2)	7.9	(2)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	4.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
New Orleans city	8.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
New York city	4.3	8.0	6.1	5.7	6.4	7.3	2.2
Oakland city	8.2	10.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Oklahoma City city	4.5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.5	(2)
Philadelphia County/city	5.8	(2)	2.2	(2)	(2)	3.8	1.0
Phoenix city	3.5	5.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.2	(2)
Portland city	4.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.9	(2)
Sacramento city	7.1	13.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Antonio city	5.0	2.9	5.7	(2)	(2)	6.1	(2)
San Diego city	3.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.2	(2)
San Francisco County/city	3.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Jose city	5.6	(2)	5.0	5.0	(2)	5.5	(2)
Seattle city	5.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.3	(2)
St. Louis city	9.7	(2)	(4)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Tulsa city	3.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Virginia Beach city	2.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Washington city	5.6	11.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	12.9	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by, industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Area type and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan divisions:							
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	(²)	1.2	4.8	2.1	2.8	(²)	(²)
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	(²)	2.3	1.8	1.5	3.3	2.9	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	2.9	1.4	2.6	3.2	8.2	5.4	(²)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	(²)	4.4	7.6	2.3	8.7	3.5	2.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.6	2.7	2.0	2.9	4.1	2.9	1.4
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach ...	(²)	(²)	3.7	1.8	6.6	(²)	(²)
Cities:							
Atlanta city	(²)	(²)	4.8	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Austin city	(²)	(²)	5.3	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Baltimore city	(²)	(²)	10.1	2.1	(²)	(²)	2.0
Boston city	(²)	(²)	7.5	1.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Charlotte city	(²)	1.0	11.2	5.5	7.0	(²)	(²)
Chicago city	3.4	4.5	8.2	4.4	10.3	5.6	.5
Cleveland city	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Columbus city	(²)	.8	6.6	5.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Dallas city	(²)	2.6	5.4	5.5	6.0	(²)	(²)
Denver County/city	(²)	3.4	6.5	4.6	9.7	(²)	(²)
Detroit city	(²)	5.4	13.6	21.3	24.2	(²)	3.0
Fort Worth city	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Houston city	(²)	2.4	7.3	6.7	11.3	6.7	(²)
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(²)	7.1	5.5	2.9	13.2	(²)	(²)
Jacksonville city	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City city	(²)	(²)	3.3	8.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Las Vegas city	(²)	1.2	4.4	2.3	1.6	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles city	12.8	4.4	3.9	4.7	5.8	6.1	(²)
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city ...	(²)	(²)	9.0	4.3	15.9	(²)	(²)
Memphis city	(²)	(⁴)	12.7	4.2	6.9	(²)	(²)
Miami city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee city	(²)	(⁴)	13.5	5.6	18.9	11.2	(²)
Minneapolis city	(²)	2.5	7.7	3.0	4.9	(²)	(²)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
New Orleans city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York city	3.7	2.9	4.8	2.9	4.3	4.8	1.0
Oakland city	(²)	(²)	3.7	3.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oklahoma City city	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia County/city	(²)	10.3	10.3	5.0	12.8	(²)	(²)
Phoenix city	(²)	.9	3.0	2.5	4.1	(²)	(²)
Portland city	(²)	(²)	4.5	4.5	5.9	(²)	(²)
Sacramento city	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio city	(²)	4.0	7.6	3.2	4.4	(²)	(²)
San Diego city	(²)	(²)	2.0	1.8	3.4	(²)	(²)
San Francisco County/city	(²)	(²)	3.0	2.4	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Jose city	(²)	(²)	7.6	3.9	(²)	(²)	(²)
Seattle city	(²)	(²)	4.3	6.1	6.8	(²)	(²)
St. Louis city	(²)	(²)	5.9	11.9	(²)	(²)	(²)
Tulsa city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Virginia Beach city	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Washington city	2.7	3.9	4.5	4.7	9.0	5.9	2.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining, which are not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, as determined by

the sample size. (See appendix B.)

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

⁴ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.8	9.0	8.4	4.9	3.5	15.5	6.8
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.0	8.2	12.0	10.0	2.0	13.2	2.7
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.5	8.1	5.5	3.4	2.1	11.8	5.3
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.6	8.7	10.7	7.8	2.8	15.5	4.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	6.2	8.6	6.0	2.6	13.0	3.9
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	99.7	7.2	11.7	8.1	3.6	14.6	3.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.9	5.6	13.4	8.3	5.0	16.6	3.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.6	11.8	11.4	6.2	5.2	16.2	6.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	7.1	11.8	7.2	4.5	14.7	6.8
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.5	6.4	15.9	9.4	6.5	14.9	6.2
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.7	6.6	16.8	12.7	4.1	14.4	4.4
Columbus	100.0	99.7	6.0	11.4	7.5	3.9	14.6	4.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.5	8.9	10.8	7.6	3.2	16.4	6.2
Dayton	100.0	99.7	5.1	16.2	11.3	4.9	11.7	8.2
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.6	8.8	6.7	4.3	2.4	13.9	4.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.8	4.9	21.3	18.4	2.9	12.9	4.7
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.8	6.8	10.9	9.4	1.5	13.2	4.6
Honolulu	100.0	99.2	6.3	3.2	1.8	1.4	14.5	6.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.8	9.4	11.9	6.7	5.2	14.1	7.3
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	8.1	13.9	8.0	5.9	14.0	4.9
Jacksonville	100.0	99.6	11.8	6.5	3.7	2.8	14.8	7.4
Kansas City	100.0	99.2	8.5	10.3	5.8	4.5	15.5	4.8
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	12.2	2.9	1.6	1.3	13.3	4.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.9	7.2	12.1	7.2	4.9	14.8	4.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.8	6.1	11.1	6.6	4.6	17.2	6.9
Memphis	100.0	99.2	11.2	7.3	4.4	2.9	12.6	10.6
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	9.6	5.4	3.3	2.1	18.2	5.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.5	5.6	15.0	10.6	4.3	14.2	5.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.4	6.3	14.5	9.8	4.7	15.2	5.0
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.4	8.6	11.7	7.4	4.3	14.2	4.4
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.9	14.1	7.6	3.9	3.6	16.1	5.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	6.4	7.3	3.4	3.9	12.8	6.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.5	7.5	9.0	5.5	3.5	14.6	3.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.6	10.4	6.0	4.2	1.8	16.8	4.6
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.7	6.3	9.8	5.3	4.4	15.6	5.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.4	10.8	8.1	5.8	2.3	15.5	5.8
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.3	5.8	10.7	7.8	2.9	16.1	5.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.5	6.9	13.5	9.9	3.6	15.6	4.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.7	6.6	13.4	8.6	4.8	15.6	4.5
Richmond	100.0	99.8	6.9	7.8	3.6	4.2	15.9	5.2
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	98.8	13.1	10.1	6.5	3.5	15.8	6.8
Rochester	100.0	98.8	3.2	15.9	11.3	4.6	14.1	4.4
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.7	12.6	6.3	4.3	1.9	13.5	4.4
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.6	9.0	10.4	7.8	2.6	14.7	6.7
San Antonio	100.0	99.4	10.2	7.9	4.9	3.0	14.5	5.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.5	6.9	8.6	6.5	2.1	14.8	3.3
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	8.3	7.8	5.5	2.3	13.0	4.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.2	6.3	16.0	15.0	1.1	12.6	2.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.3	7.7	12.6	9.7	2.9	15.6	4.8
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.2	7.0	12.1	7.6	4.6	16.2	5.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.8	8.8	6.9	4.2	2.6	16.9	4.3
Tulsa	100.0	99.8	6.9	12.0	9.9	2.1	17.2	6.2
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.9	9.3	7.8	6.3	1.4	15.6	5.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.6	10.0	3.1	2.1	1.0	9.8	4.1
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.4	7.8	4.5	3.1	1.4	10.0	2.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	5.2	6.8	4.1	2.7	10.7	3.7
Camden	100.0	99.8	5.8	7.4	4.3	3.2	16.9	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.8	7.3	14.1	17.0	9.1	4.5	4.0
Austin-Round Rock	1.9	7.1	13.3	22.0	7.1	4.5	6.6
Baltimore-Towson	2.5	8.6	13.6	23.9	6.3	4.3	9.5
Birmingham-Hoover	3.4	9.9	10.3	19.9	6.9	4.8	3.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.4	8.9	13.9	25.9	7.2	5.3	3.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.2	11.5	13.7	18.9	7.7	4.8	2.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	1.4	7.0	8.9	23.6	9.3	5.0	6.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.3	11.2	9.8	14.7	9.2	4.4	2.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.7	8.3	13.3	18.9	8.1	4.7	3.3
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.7	8.8	9.2	19.2	8.9	4.0	3.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.6	8.7	8.8	24.2	7.3	3.8	3.0
Columbus	2.8	11.4	10.2	21.6	7.2	3.1	6.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	3.4	9.0	12.0	15.9	8.9	5.4	2.0
Dayton	1.0	5.2	10.7	21.1	7.2	7.1	6.1
Denver-Aurora	4.6	10.1	14.4	16.9	8.5	5.2	4.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.5	7.0	11.4	18.5	7.8	5.2	3.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.7	11.7	10.8	22.0	8.1	4.7	4.4
Honolulu	1.7	7.1	10.2	22.1	14.1	4.8	9.0
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.8	5.8	11.3	19.5	7.7	5.7	3.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	2.8	9.1	9.8	20.3	7.5	4.3	5.1
Jacksonville	1.7	11.2	11.3	17.7	7.2	6.5	3.6
Kansas City	4.0	9.5	12.0	18.3	7.4	5.5	3.3
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.6	9.2	9.8	13.0	27.3	3.6	2.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.7	7.8	12.9	18.5	9.8	5.4	2.9
Louisville-Jefferson County	1.7	7.4	9.6	22.4	8.2	5.9	3.2
Memphis	1.1	6.6	8.0	20.1	11.6	5.5	4.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.2	10.0	11.4	18.1	8.6	6.3	4.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.4	9.0	8.8	22.9	8.7	5.8	2.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.0	9.7	12.1	18.8	8.8	4.0	2.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.6	7.9	9.2	20.2	8.7	5.1	5.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	1.0	6.0	11.3	18.9	10.9	3.7	4.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	4.0	9.6	12.3	24.1	7.8	5.1	3.9
Oklahoma City	2.4	8.3	9.2	20.2	9.0	5.3	8.3
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.5	8.5	11.6	15.4	15.4	4.1	3.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.1	9.1	12.5	23.2	6.6	5.1	4.2
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	1.9	10.3	10.7	16.4	9.3	5.0	5.2
Pittsburgh	2.0	7.2	8.9	26.4	9.0	4.5	2.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.6	7.0	11.9	19.4	8.5	4.7	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.7	8.3	9.2	22.9	8.8	4.3	4.4
Richmond	1.7	11.5	11.6	21.9	6.1	3.7	7.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.2	6.4	7.9	18.0	9.1	4.7	4.6
Rochester	4.0	5.7	10.4	27.6	6.5	4.2	2.8
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.1	8.9	10.9	16.8	9.3	3.9	10.0
Salt Lake City	3.3	10.6	12.0	17.5	8.2	3.6	3.5
San Antonio	2.2	10.0	10.6	19.9	9.6	5.2	4.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.6	8.3	15.7	19.9	9.9	5.5	4.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.7	8.9	17.1	18.7	9.0	5.3	3.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.5	6.3	18.9	16.3	7.9	5.8	2.9
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.0	7.0	12.3	17.9	8.8	5.0	3.7
St. Louis ²	2.6	8.6	10.4	20.6	8.7	4.8	2.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.9	11.2	11.8	20.9	7.6	3.7	3.8
Tulsa	4.1	6.9	9.3	18.6	7.7	6.0	2.3
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.7	7.1	10.5	20.2	9.8	5.7	5.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	7.1	20.6	17.0	7.3	6.3	11.5
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.7	8.3	19.6	19.5	7.6	7.9	8.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.3	9.8	15.4	28.0	7.9	5.8	3.4
Camden	2.1	8.0	13.0	23.1	6.0	5.9	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	6.9	11.5	6.9	4.5	14.0	7.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.7	9.2	10.5	7.7	2.8	17.1	5.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	4.3	18.0	15.6	2.4	11.7	6.2
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.6	6.5	9.5	4.3	5.2	14.1	5.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	9.5	5.3	3.4	1.9	19.0	4.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.2	8.3	11.4	7.5	3.8	15.1	7.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.9	7.2	11.9	6.7	5.2	14.6	5.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	9.0	5.7	3.5	2.2	18.0	8.3
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	99.9	7.7	6.7	4.2	2.5	15.9	6.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	6.1	6.2	2.7	3.5	11.4	7.1
Newark-Union	100.0	99.9	6.0	11.1	4.5	6.6	13.6	7.2
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.8	10.1	9.2	6.6	2.6	14.5	4.3
Philadelphia	100.0	99.8	6.0	10.4	5.9	4.5	15.3	4.7
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.7	5.7	5.8	3.9	1.9	10.9	4.6
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	7.2	12.8	8.8	4.0	15.4	3.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.4	8.1	13.4	10.7	2.7	14.9	4.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.6	5.3	23.3	20.1	3.2	13.6	3.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.6	10.6	2.7	1.7	.9	9.7	4.5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.6	10.6	5.0	3.0	2.0	17.4	3.4
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	99.6	3.5	3.9	1.0	2.9	16.0	7.1
Austin city	100.0	99.5	10.1	10.2	8.4	1.8	11.6	2.5
Baltimore city	100.0	99.9	8.5	4.5	3.1	1.4	10.0	7.6
Boston city	100.0	100.0	3.6	4.5	2.9	1.6	10.0	4.5
Charlotte city	100.0	99.8	12.0	7.6	4.5	3.2	14.5	6.7
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	4.9	9.3	5.6	3.7	10.5	9.0
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	7.4	17.2	13.1	4.1	10.6	3.0
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	5.9	10.5	6.1	4.5	13.8	5.0
Dallas city	100.0	99.3	13.4	10.5	7.2	3.3	16.8	4.0
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	7.3	5.6	3.5	2.1	13.0	3.9
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	4.2	13.6	10.9	2.7	6.1	10.4
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.5	7.5	10.6	8.1	2.4	14.8	7.8
Houston city	100.0	99.7	11.1	10.8	7.3	3.5	13.0	6.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	99.7	7.4	14.5	8.2	6.3	12.9	4.9
Jacksonville city	100.0	99.5	9.9	6.1	3.8	2.3	15.0	8.0
Kansas City city	100.0	99.6	6.4	11.9	7.1	4.9	17.2	5.1
Las Vegas city	100.0	99.9	11.7	3.8	2.2	1.6	13.4	4.2
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	7.4	10.8	5.1	5.7	13.0	3.8
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	4.0	11.0	7.0	4.0	17.0	8.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	12.3	6.2	3.2	2.9	10.9	10.8
Miami city	100.0	99.5	26.1	1.3	1.3	(³)	14.9	6.0
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	4.8	13.5	6.3	7.1	12.4	5.3
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.7	4.1	9.1	5.4	3.7	12.5	3.7
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	99.7	9.5	6.8	3.8	3.0	10.9	4.1
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	5.0	4.1	(³)	4.1	15.7	10.7
New York city	100.0	99.9	5.9	4.9	1.9	3.0	10.9	7.5
Oakland city	100.0	99.6	12.7	4.4	2.3	2.1	10.8	5.3
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.8	8.1	8.1	5.7	2.4	16.6	3.5
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	4.8	9.0	5.9	3.2	16.8	7.8
Phoenix city	100.0	99.8	12.6	6.7	4.9	1.8	14.0	5.6
Portland city	100.0	99.9	5.0	7.8	4.5	3.3	12.6	3.5
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	16.2	4.2	2.7	1.5	9.8	8.2
San Antonio city	100.0	99.8	9.3	8.5	4.9	3.6	13.5	4.9
San Diego city	100.0	99.6	6.9	7.0	5.8	1.2	15.2	2.8
San Francisco County/city	100.0	99.9	4.3	4.1	2.5	1.6	11.2	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.9	8.6	13.8	19.3	7.9	4.6	3.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	3.9	9.5	11.9	15.7	8.8	5.4	2.1
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	3.0	7.8	13.0	18.3	9.5	4.5	3.7
Edison-New Brunswick	3.6	10.7	15.3	19.2	6.7	5.1	3.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.7	10.7	12.7	18.0	8.3	5.7	4.4
Fort Worth-Arlington	2.6	8.1	12.3	16.4	9.3	5.6	2.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.3	7.0	12.3	19.1	9.8	5.6	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.8	10.4	9.9	17.9	8.3	6.3	3.4
Nassau-Suffolk	4.7	8.3	11.3	25.0	5.8	3.8	4.7
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.9	9.8	11.4	25.8	8.8	5.7	3.7
Newark-Union	3.8	9.1	14.5	20.6	6.4	3.6	3.8
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.7	8.9	16.0	17.6	6.9	5.3	3.4
Philadelphia	2.1	9.2	12.9	23.7	6.7	5.1	3.5
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	3.7	8.9	18.7	20.2	11.9	5.4	4.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.2	10.0	14.5	17.0	9.7	5.0	2.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.5	6.9	13.6	17.5	8.0	5.0	3.2
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.2	6.5	10.4	18.6	6.7	5.7	3.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.0	6.8	20.8	16.2	7.2	5.8	12.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	2.0	7.9	12.0	18.9	9.7	7.1	5.7
Cities:							
Atlanta city	4.1	8.5	21.3	15.1	12.3	5.2	2.6
Austin city	1.0	5.8	13.6	23.8	8.3	5.4	7.1
Baltimore city	1.4	6.0	11.8	30.2	7.1	4.1	8.7
Boston city	1.6	8.5	14.7	30.1	10.4	6.7	5.6
Charlotte city	2.0	15.2	11.3	13.5	11.3	5.0	.7
Chicago city	3.1	8.3	14.9	22.0	8.7	3.8	5.1
Cleveland city .....	.5	6.2	10.3	27.9	6.5	4.8	5.6
Columbus city	4.8	11.4	11.8	21.8	7.6	3.4	4.0
Dallas city	2.3	10.5	13.1	10.8	10.2	6.4	1.1
Denver County/city	4.6	8.7	16.0	17.3	12.8	5.5	4.8
Detroit city	3.7	8.0	13.6	20.4	8.3	3.4	8.4
Fort Worth city	2.6	9.1	11.4	17.7	6.8	8.8	2.2
Houston city	1.1	6.2	12.5	18.3	8.3	6.8	2.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	3.0	9.6	11.4	19.0	8.7	2.8	5.4
Jacksonville city	1.7	12.5	11.3	20.0	4.8	7.1	3.1
Kansas City city	3.5	7.5	14.0	17.0	6.7	5.8	4.4
Las Vegas city	2.0	10.3	10.1	12.4	25.0	4.1	2.7
Los Angeles city	5.4	6.9	13.4	18.4	12.5	6.5	1.8
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	2.0	7.0	11.0	23.0	8.0	6.0	3.0
Memphis city .....	.6	7.4	7.6	20.6	16.1	4.3	3.3
Miami city	2.0	11.0	4.7	14.7	12.7	5.1	.8
Milwaukee city	3.0	9.8	8.3	24.9	8.2	6.5	3.4
Minneapolis city	2.6	8.3	14.2	23.3	15.0	4.3	2.5
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	4.1	8.3	12.1	21.0	9.5	5.7	7.7
New Orleans city	(³)	5.9	12.9	27.4	10.0	5.4	3.0
New York city	3.9	9.9	11.5	25.7	9.8	5.9	3.9
Oakland city	3.5	4.5	18.4	20.6	9.9	7.7	1.9
Oklahoma City city	3.4	8.1	9.3	17.1	8.9	6.7	8.8
Philadelphia County/city	1.8	8.2	9.0	24.1	7.5	6.0	4.9
Phoenix city	1.5	10.7	12.0	15.9	9.0	5.5	6.3
Portland city	3.4	8.4	16.5	22.1	12.4	4.4	3.7
Sacramento city	2.5	9.2	10.9	18.4	7.0	2.8	10.9
San Antonio city	2.2	11.5	9.7	20.0	10.3	5.4	4.6
San Diego city	3.0	8.5	15.7	18.3	12.9	5.8	3.7
San Francisco County/city	3.5	11.0	18.8	18.0	15.5	5.6	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Cities:								
San Jose city	100.0	99.7	6.6	15.3	14.0	1.3	14.1	2.8
Seattle city	100.0	99.2	4.4	6.6	4.8	1.8	11.4	5.4
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	3.9	12.0	6.6	5.4	7.3	5.1
Tulsa city	100.0	99.7	7.0	10.3	8.9	1.5	16.0	5.2
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	6.9	4.0	3.3	.7	17.1	5.6
Washington city	100.0	99.9	4.3	1.1	.7	.5	5.0	3.4
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.7	14.9	10.4	6.3	4.1	16.7	8.8
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.1	13.3	15.1	12.4	2.6	14.8	3.4
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.6	13.7	8.2	5.3	2.9	13.8	7.4
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.5	15.8	14.4	10.6	3.8	15.8	6.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	11.0	11.4	8.5	2.9	14.0	6.0
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	99.9	12.4	12.5	8.8	3.7	13.9	5.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.8	8.7	20.8	13.4	7.5	18.0	5.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.3	19.4	13.8	8.2	5.6	16.4	8.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	11.4	15.1	9.7	5.4	15.4	8.7
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.6	10.7	21.3	13.6	7.8	17.8	8.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.6	11.3	23.0	17.2	5.8	14.9	6.8
Columbus	100.0	99.3	10.2	15.2	10.2	5.0	14.4	7.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.3	14.5	13.9	10.4	3.5	15.8	8.3
Dayton	100.0	99.8	9.4	24.1	17.4	6.7	12.3	13.0
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.6	14.3	8.1	5.5	2.6	14.9	5.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.6	8.0	29.5	26.6	3.0	12.9	5.7
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.7	11.7	14.3	12.8	1.4	15.4	5.9
Honolulu	100.0	99.2	10.9	4.3	2.7	1.6	15.1	7.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.7	15.8	16.0	8.9	7.1	14.4	10.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	13.1	18.7	11.8	6.9	14.2	7.5
Jacksonville	100.0	99.9	19.9	9.0	4.5	4.5	14.7	10.9
Kansas City	100.0	98.9	14.6	13.1	8.4	4.7	16.8	7.7
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	19.5	3.8	2.3	1.5	13.8	6.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.9	11.7	14.0	9.2	4.8	15.5	6.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.7	10.5	16.3	9.6	6.7	19.5	9.6
Memphis	100.0	99.2	18.8	9.4	5.2	4.3	12.5	13.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	16.0	6.1	4.5	1.6	19.3	8.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.5	10.2	20.9	16.0	4.9	15.5	5.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.1	11.2	19.0	12.9	6.1	16.5	6.7
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	98.9	14.4	14.8	9.6	5.2	15.6	5.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	24.1	10.0	4.9	5.1	17.2	7.4
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.8	11.2	8.6	4.4	4.2	13.8	9.4
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.2	12.5	11.6	8.0	3.6	15.8	5.0
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.6	17.0	7.3	5.0	2.3	17.4	6.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.6	10.9	12.8	7.0	5.8	17.1	7.2
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.3	16.9	10.3	8.1	2.2	16.6	7.8
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.3	9.6	15.4	11.7	3.7	18.0	8.5
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.3	10.9	18.9	13.8	5.1	17.0	6.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.5	11.4	17.7	11.6	6.0	16.0	6.6
Richmond	100.0	99.5	13.1	11.5	5.6	5.9	16.6	7.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	98.5	20.7	12.5	8.7	3.8	16.4	9.1
Rochester	100.0	98.5	6.1	26.3	18.7	7.6	16.2	6.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.6	21.2	8.8	6.6	2.1	14.4	6.7
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.6	15.0	13.6	10.5	3.2	14.5	7.4
San Antonio	100.0	99.1	16.9	9.9	7.1	2.9	14.7	6.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.3	11.8	11.9	9.5	2.4	15.4	4.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	13.6	10.0	7.4	2.6	13.0	5.7
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.1	9.5	19.5	18.1	1.4	15.2	3.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.3	12.5	17.4	13.8	3.6	15.7	6.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Cities:							
San Jose city	3.6	6.5	17.0	14.7	8.3	7.1	3.7
Seattle city	3.8	6.6	18.8	22.6	9.9	5.9	3.8
St. Louis city	4.7	9.0	12.1	30.4	7.0	3.7	4.9
Tulsa city	4.2	7.0	12.9	20.3	9.8	3.9	1.6
Virginia Beach city	4.0	8.5	10.8	22.5	10.2	5.5	4.9
Washington city	4.3	6.6	22.7	17.9	9.5	8.6	16.3
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.9	5.4	16.0	7.7	8.0	4.2	3.4
Austin-Round Rock	2.4	6.5	14.6	12.6	7.4	2.7	5.7
Baltimore-Towson	2.6	7.7	14.6	11.4	6.4	4.0	9.6
Birmingham-Hoover	3.3	6.2	10.7	9.1	7.4	3.5	4.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.5	8.6	15.4	14.5	7.1	4.8	3.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	2.8	13.2	17.1	9.4	6.3	4.0	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls .....	.9	5.3	8.1	13.2	7.7	5.4	6.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.1	9.7	10.3	5.2	7.8	3.6	2.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.9	7.5	14.4	8.8	7.9	4.0	3.6
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.3	7.0	10.8	6.8	7.1	4.0	3.0
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.9	7.1	9.3	12.3	6.3	3.6	2.8
Columbus	2.6	8.8	12.7	11.2	6.3	3.3	7.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	3.9	7.0	13.3	7.1	9.5	4.1	1.5
Dayton .....	.6	3.2	12.2	6.9	5.1	6.5	6.5
Denver-Aurora	4.9	8.9	15.6	8.7	8.7	4.4	4.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.5	5.5	13.7	7.8	6.8	4.1	3.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	3.2	9.8	11.0	12.6	7.8	2.8	5.1
Honolulu	2.3	6.9	11.1	13.5	13.6	4.3	9.6
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.8	4.6	11.3	8.5	6.2	5.0	3.5
Indianapolis-Carmel	3.0	8.8	10.0	8.9	6.4	4.7	4.5
Jacksonville	2.8	7.8	10.8	7.7	6.7	5.4	4.3
Kansas City	4.5	8.1	12.0	6.7	7.0	5.0	3.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.7	7.6	10.0	5.7	25.4	2.9	3.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.8	6.8	13.3	9.9	10.1	5.2	2.8
Louisville-Jefferson County	2.7	5.3	9.2	10.7	6.6	6.1	2.9
Memphis	1.1	5.1	6.4	10.6	11.1	5.4	5.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.4	9.1	11.8	8.4	8.8	5.6	4.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	3.0	8.6	9.9	9.3	8.8	5.0	2.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.2	8.7	12.4	9.2	7.9	2.7	2.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	2.7	6.8	10.5	10.5	7.7	4.2	6.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	1.6	4.8	9.4	7.1	8.7	4.2	4.9
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.9	10.3	13.2	12.1	8.7	4.5	4.1
Oklahoma City	3.4	7.6	9.1	8.6	8.2	5.9	8.2
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.8	8.0	12.1	6.2	13.9	4.4	3.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.6	8.4	13.0	12.3	6.5	4.4	4.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	1.9	7.5	11.3	7.1	9.9	5.1	4.6
Pittsburgh	2.0	5.6	10.1	13.9	8.6	3.5	3.2
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.4	4.6	12.8	9.8	7.1	3.8	4.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	2.1	6.8	10.4	11.5	8.3	4.2	4.6
Richmond	2.0	13.0	11.0	9.5	5.9	2.8	7.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	2.8	5.6	8.2	7.4	7.2	4.5	4.1
Rochester	3.7	4.6	12.1	11.4	6.5	2.8	2.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	2.9	6.6	10.8	9.5	7.0	3.6	8.1
Salt Lake City	3.4	8.1	12.6	11.1	7.0	3.4	3.5
San Antonio	1.5	9.3	12.1	10.0	8.5	4.3	4.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	3.3	6.6	18.3	9.3	8.9	4.8	4.3
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	4.3	7.7	18.3	10.6	9.3	4.3	3.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	4.2	6.8	19.4	7.1	7.3	4.6	2.2
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	4.2	5.1	14.4	8.8	7.2	3.7	3.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
St. Louis ²	100.0	98.8	11.4	17.1	10.8	6.4	16.8	7.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.6	14.8	8.8	5.8	3.0	18.3	6.1
Tulsa	100.0	99.6	11.4	17.6	14.7	2.9	17.5	8.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.8	17.4	11.2	9.6	1.6	14.7	7.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.5	16.9	4.2	3.1	1.2	10.2	5.4
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.1	13.2	6.7	4.8	1.9	10.7	3.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	9.5	8.8	6.0	2.8	11.3	5.8
Camden	100.0	99.6	9.8	10.7	5.8	4.9	18.4	8.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.6	10.9	14.7	9.2	5.5	14.7	9.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.5	15.4	13.2	10.1	3.1	16.5	7.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	6.9	25.7	22.7	3.0	11.6	7.4
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.5	10.6	10.7	5.6	5.1	15.3	8.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	16.6	5.8	4.3	1.5	20.3	6.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.0	12.7	15.3	11.1	4.2	14.5	10.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.9	11.8	13.5	8.4	5.0	15.3	7.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	14.1	6.0	4.4	1.6	19.2	11.5
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	99.9	13.1	7.4	5.1	2.3	17.5	8.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	10.9	7.2	3.6	3.5	12.2	10.1
Newark-Union	100.0	99.8	10.2	14.9	6.1	8.8	14.4	9.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.8	16.6	12.3	9.2	3.1	14.6	5.2
Philadelphia	100.0	99.8	10.2	13.3	7.6	5.7	16.5	6.8
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.8	9.3	6.7	4.8	1.8	10.8	6.4
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	11.5	15.7	11.5	4.2	16.3	5.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.4	13.1	18.2	15.0	3.2	14.9	5.9
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.4	8.7	31.8	28.8	3.0	13.7	4.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.6	17.9	3.5	2.5	1.0	10.0	6.0
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.7	18.9	6.7	4.7	2.0	17.9	4.8
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	6.3	2.4	(³)	2.4	17.6	7.3
Austin city	100.0	99.5	16.6	12.7	10.1	2.6	13.4	3.3
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	15.5	7.1	5.3	1.7	14.1	11.9
Boston city	100.0	100.0	8.1	5.5	3.6	2.0	11.7	8.2
Charlotte city	100.0	99.7	20.1	10.0	7.0	3.0	12.9	9.3
Chicago city	100.0	99.9	9.1	10.4	6.9	3.4	9.8	13.5
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	13.3	21.3	16.2	5.1	9.8	5.0
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	11.3	14.5	8.9	5.6	11.7	7.1
Dallas city	100.0	99.2	23.2	12.3	8.5	3.8	14.1	5.1
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	11.7	5.2	3.6	1.6	12.8	4.4
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	6.7	19.3	15.3	4.0	6.0	13.8
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.2	12.5	14.4	11.8	2.6	13.2	10.7
Houston city	100.0	99.5	19.1	15.0	10.5	4.5	14.5	9.3
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	99.8	12.6	20.5	12.8	7.7	13.6	7.4
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	16.5	8.1	4.3	3.8	16.1	11.8
Kansas City city	100.0	99.3	12.0	15.5	10.9	4.7	17.1	7.6
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	18.6	4.9	3.2	1.7	14.0	5.7
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	12.2	11.7	6.1	5.6	13.5	5.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	7.0	15.0	10.0	5.0	19.0	12.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	22.1	8.4	3.2	5.2	9.5	13.3
Miami city	100.0	99.2	38.8	2.1	2.1	(³)	13.7	5.5
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	9.4	16.3	7.6	8.7	16.2	4.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.3	8.2	13.1	7.9	5.2	13.2	5.3
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	99.5	16.7	7.5	4.2	3.2	10.1	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
St. Louis ²	2.5	6.0	10.9	10.3	7.0	5.5	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	3.6	8.4	11.9	11.1	8.6	2.7	4.4
Tulsa	2.8	4.6	11.2	8.9	5.8	5.8	1.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	3.1	4.3	11.6	7.5	10.3	5.3	6.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.0	6.0	22.4	7.7	7.0	5.2	11.4
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	3.3	7.7	21.2	10.3	7.5	5.8	9.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.4	9.4	17.9	17.5	8.3	5.1	3.0
Camden	2.1	7.8	13.0	11.6	5.6	6.2	5.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.3	7.9	14.9	8.9	7.8	3.9	3.5
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.5	7.2	13.4	6.8	9.0	4.0	1.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	3.1	5.0	17.7	8.1	8.2	3.9	2.3
Edison-New Brunswick	3.1	11.8	16.9	8.3	6.3	4.9	3.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.8	10.5	11.9	8.5	8.5	5.3	4.2
Fort Worth-Arlington	2.7	6.6	13.1	7.6	10.5	4.1	1.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.3	6.0	12.7	10.2	10.5	5.5	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	3.1	9.4	11.6	7.7	8.7	5.1	3.5
Nassau-Suffolk	5.1	8.3	11.9	13.5	6.0	3.1	6.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.9	10.8	12.4	13.2	10.3	5.1	3.8
Newark-Union	3.3	9.0	14.6	9.5	7.6	3.1	3.3
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.8	6.7	16.8	10.3	6.9	4.2	2.4
Philadelphia	2.7	8.5	13.5	13.1	6.9	4.1	3.9
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.9	9.0	20.5	11.1	12.6	4.5	4.0
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.4	9.1	14.9	9.2	8.9	4.6	2.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.7	5.3	15.6	8.5	6.6	3.8	2.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.2	5.7	11.3	7.6	6.0	4.1	3.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.9	5.6	22.7	7.0	6.9	5.0	11.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	2.0	6.3	12.1	9.4	9.3	6.8	5.4
Cities:							
Atlanta city	5.9	8.8	26.1	8.8	11.0	3.8	2.1
Austin city	1.3	5.3	15.0	14.5	7.8	3.7	5.9
Baltimore city	1.4	5.8	9.6	14.5	9.0	4.4	6.8
Boston city	1.7	9.4	15.9	18.7	10.6	5.9	4.5
Charlotte city	2.8	13.6	13.6	3.7	9.9	3.7	.1
Chicago city	3.7	7.7	15.6	12.2	10.2	2.5	5.3
Cleveland city	(³) 6.0	6.0	12.2	13.3	8.5	6.0	4.5
Columbus city	4.0	7.9	15.6	11.6	8.7	4.0	3.7
Dallas city	1.9	8.8	14.2	3.5	10.5	4.5	.9
Denver County/city	5.6	8.9	17.6	11.6	13.1	5.5	3.1
Detroit city	2.1	4.1	19.7	9.1	9.7	4.0	5.6
Fort Worth city	3.5	7.2	12.2	8.6	8.3	6.0	1.9
Houston city .....	.7	4.4	12.6	7.9	6.6	5.2	2.3
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	3.2	7.5	10.9	9.0	7.2	3.0	4.9
Jacksonville city	2.6	8.5	10.7	9.4	5.3	6.7	4.3
Kansas City city	4.9	6.3	14.0	5.2	5.2	5.6	5.8
Las Vegas city	2.8	7.1	10.8	5.8	24.2	3.4	2.9
Los Angeles city	5.5	6.2	13.4	11.5	13.4	5.4	1.8
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	3.0	5.0	10.0	12.0	7.0	6.0	3.0
Memphis city .....	.7	4.1	7.4	10.6	16.8	4.5	2.7
Miami city .....	.3	11.3	4.1	5.9	12.3	4.0	1.3
Milwaukee city	3.5	10.2	10.8	10.7	8.9	3.9	5.7
Minneapolis city	2.4	9.7	15.1	15.6	13.5	1.8	1.4
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	3.1	7.0	15.2	11.2	10.2	3.5	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Cities:								
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	10.5	8.7	(³)	8.7	22.7	16.1
New York city	100.0	99.9	10.7	5.6	2.7	2.9	11.7	10.5
Oakland city	100.0	99.5	22.0	6.6	3.1	3.5	12.9	7.2
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.9	14.4	10.9	9.1	1.8	17.3	5.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	99.9	7.9	13.7	8.2	5.5	16.8	12.7
Phoenix city	100.0	99.9	19.8	8.2	7.0	1.2	16.0	8.2
Portland city	100.0	99.8	8.4	10.8	5.0	5.8	16.1	4.7
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	28.2	5.4	4.8	.6	11.6	12.8
San Antonio city	100.0	99.6	16.1	10.3	7.1	3.1	13.5	7.0
San Diego city	100.0	99.4	11.5	10.0	8.1	2.0	15.5	4.0
San Francisco County/city	100.0	99.8	7.2	3.5	2.0	1.4	9.3	7.5
San Jose city	100.0	99.5	9.9	18.1	15.9	2.3	16.9	3.2
Seattle city	100.0	99.5	7.8	7.7	6.6	1.2	12.9	6.6
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	6.4	17.2	9.5	7.6	5.0	6.9
Tulsa city	100.0	99.5	11.4	16.6	14.5	2.1	14.8	8.1
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	13.2	5.5	4.0	1.5	17.0	9.0
Washington city	100.0	99.9	7.8	1.3	.9	.4	5.6	4.8
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.8	2.1	6.1	3.3	2.8	14.0	4.4
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	98.9	1.2	7.8	6.7	1.1	10.9	1.7
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.4	2.3	2.7	1.5	1.1	9.8	3.2
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.7	(³)	6.1	4.4	1.7	15.2	2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	1.0	5.6	3.4	2.2	12.0	1.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	99.5	1.1	10.8	7.4	3.4	15.3	1.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	100.0	2.7	6.4	3.7	2.8	15.2	1.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	100.0	2.6	8.6	3.8	4.8	15.9	3.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.8	1.9	7.7	4.3	3.4	14.0	4.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.3	1.7	10.0	4.8	5.1	11.7	3.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.8	1.4	9.8	7.6	2.2	13.8	1.6
Columbus	100.0	100.0	1.6	7.3	4.6	2.7	14.8	2.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.7	2.1	7.0	4.2	2.8	17.3	3.7
Dayton	100.0	99.6	.6	7.8	4.8	3.0	11.0	3.0
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.7	2.3	5.0	2.8	2.2	12.7	3.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.9	1.3	11.8	9.0	2.7	12.8	3.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.9	1.1	7.1	5.5	1.5	10.6	3.1
Honolulu	100.0	99.2	1.3	2.0	.8	1.2	13.9	4.6
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.9	1.3	6.8	3.9	2.9	13.8	3.7
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	2.3	8.3	3.6	4.7	13.7	1.8
Jacksonville	100.0	99.3	3.0	3.9	2.9	1.0	15.0	3.6
Kansas City	100.0	99.6	1.4	7.0	2.7	4.3	14.0	1.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	3.1	1.6	.7	.9	12.7	1.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.9	1.2	9.6	4.6	5.1	13.9	2.2
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	1.3	5.6	3.3	2.3	14.7	3.9
Memphis	100.0	99.2	2.1	4.7	3.4	1.2	12.7	7.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	1.9	4.5	2.0	2.5	17.0	3.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.6	.8	8.9	5.1	3.7	12.8	4.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.7	1.0	9.5	6.3	3.2	13.8	3.2
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.9	1.1	7.8	4.6	3.2	12.6	3.1
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.7	2.9	4.9	2.9	2.0	14.8	3.9
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	1.0	5.8	2.1	3.6	11.6	3.6
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.7	1.4	5.8	2.4	3.4	13.2	1.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.7	2.8	4.6	3.3	1.3	16.0	3.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.7	1.3	6.3	3.5	2.8	14.0	2.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.5	3.0	5.3	2.9	2.4	14.2	3.1
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.3	1.6	5.8	3.7	2.0	14.2	2.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.8	2.2	7.2	5.2	1.9	13.9	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Cities:							
New Orleans city	(³)	9.6	10.9	8.2	2.9	5.8	4.6
New York city	3.7	11.0	12.0	13.4	11.6	5.5	4.1
Oakland city	3.4	3.8	16.9	11.2	9.9	4.2	1.3
Oklahoma City city	5.8	6.7	8.3	7.8	7.5	6.1	7.5
Philadelphia County/city	2.7	8.2	8.9	10.0	8.8	4.0	6.1
Phoenix city	1.4	7.1	12.4	6.6	9.0	5.4	5.6
Portland city	3.2	6.1	17.3	13.7	11.8	4.3	3.5
Sacramento city	2.2	7.0	10.3	9.5	5.7	1.4	5.8
San Antonio city	1.6	10.9	10.5	10.8	9.2	4.4	5.5
San Diego city	3.7	8.3	19.5	7.6	11.0	4.8	3.5
San Francisco County/city	3.9	10.8	20.9	10.0	19.1	5.1	2.5
San Jose city	3.8	7.8	18.5	4.1	7.4	6.8	2.9
Seattle city	4.4	5.7	21.8	17.5	8.1	4.1	2.9
St. Louis city	6.3	7.8	12.0	20.0	7.8	3.3	7.5
Tulsa city	3.8	4.3	16.2	10.3	8.8	3.1	(³)
Virginia Beach city	4.8	5.6	14.4	9.4	8.4	6.3	6.5
Washington city	4.5	6.6	24.5	11.8	10.5	7.4	15.1
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.8	9.6	11.9	28.0	10.3	4.9	4.8
Austin-Round Rock	1.2	7.9	11.6	34.9	6.7	6.9	7.8
Baltimore-Towson	2.4	9.5	12.7	36.7	6.2	4.6	9.4
Birmingham-Hoover	3.5	14.5	9.7	33.1	6.3	6.5	2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.3	9.2	12.1	38.1	7.2	5.9	3.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.7	9.5	9.7	29.8	9.4	5.7	2.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	1.8	8.6	9.5	33.3	10.9	4.6	5.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.5	12.9	9.1	26.1	10.9	5.3	2.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.5	9.2	12.0	31.2	8.3	5.4	3.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	3.0	10.8	7.4	32.9	10.9	4.0	3.6
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.3	10.4	8.1	37.5	8.5	4.1	3.1
Columbus	3.1	14.1	7.6	32.6	8.0	2.9	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2.9	11.5	10.4	26.7	8.3	7.1	2.7
Dayton	1.4	7.2	9.2	36.2	9.5	7.8	5.7
Denver-Aurora	4.2	11.6	13.0	26.8	8.2	6.2	5.8
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.4	8.7	8.8	30.7	8.9	6.6	4.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.1	13.9	10.5	32.7	8.4	6.9	3.5
Honolulu	1.1	7.3	9.2	31.5	14.6	5.4	8.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.7	7.4	11.2	33.4	9.6	6.6	2.4
Indianapolis-Carmel	2.6	9.5	9.5	33.7	8.8	3.9	5.8
Jacksonville .....	.4	15.0	11.8	28.5	7.7	7.6	2.9
Kansas City	3.5	11.2	11.9	31.8	7.9	6.1	3.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.3	11.1	9.6	22.0	29.6	4.5	2.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.6	9.1	12.3	29.8	9.4	5.7	3.0
Louisville-Jefferson County .....	.7	9.6	10.0	35.0	10.0	5.7	3.5
Memphis	1.2	8.3	10.0	31.4	12.1	5.6	3.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.0	11.0	10.8	29.7	8.4	7.1	4.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	1.9	9.3	7.6	36.9	8.6	6.5	1.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1.8	10.9	11.7	29.4	9.8	5.4	3.2
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	4.7	9.4	7.6	32.6	9.9	6.3	4.6
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner .....	.3	7.2	13.4	31.9	13.5	3.2	3.5
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	4.1	8.8	11.2	37.9	6.7	5.7	3.6
Oklahoma City	1.2	9.2	9.2	34.2	10.0	4.5	8.4
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.2	9.0	11.1	25.7	17.1	3.7	3.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.6	10.0	12.1	35.3	6.7	5.9	4.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.0	13.9	9.9	28.3	8.6	5.0	6.0
Pittsburgh	2.0	8.9	7.5	40.0	9.4	5.6	1.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.8	9.9	10.8	30.6	10.3	5.7	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.8	1.5	8.9	5.5	3.4	15.2	2.4
Richmond	100.0	100.0	.7	4.0	1.5	2.5	15.2	3.3
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	99.3	2.4	6.6	3.5	3.2	15.0	3.7
Rochester	100.0	99.1	.3	5.3	3.7	1.6	12.1	2.1
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.7	2.0	3.2	1.5	1.7	12.3	1.6
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.6	1.4	6.4	4.5	1.9	15.1	5.7
San Antonio	100.0	99.7	1.7	5.3	2.1	3.2	14.3	2.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.6	1.3	4.9	3.2	1.7	14.1	1.5
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.7	1.9	5.1	3.2	2.0	13.0	2.8
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	99.4	2.3	11.7	11.0	.6	9.2	1.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.2	1.8	6.8	4.8	2.1	15.4	2.5
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.8	2.1	6.7	4.1	2.6	15.4	2.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	99.1	2.6	4.9	2.6	2.3	15.3	2.4
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	1.7	5.5	4.3	1.2	16.9	3.4
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.9	.9	4.2	2.9	1.3	16.7	2.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.7	2.1	1.8	.9	.8	9.3	2.5
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.8	2.0	2.1	1.3	.9	9.1	1.9
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	.5	4.6	2.0	2.6	9.9	1.5
Camden	100.0	100.0	1.5	3.9	2.6	1.3	15.2	2.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.8	2.0	7.5	4.2	3.3	13.2	4.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.8	1.9	7.3	4.8	2.5	17.9	3.2
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	1.4	9.3	7.7	1.7	11.7	4.8
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.7	1.3	7.9	2.6	5.4	12.6	2.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	1.7	4.7	2.3	2.3	17.5	2.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.5	2.6	6.4	3.0	3.4	16.0	4.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.9	1.2	9.9	4.4	5.5	13.8	2.5
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	2.6	5.3	2.3	3.0	16.6	4.2
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	1.8	6.0	3.3	2.7	14.2	4.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	100.0	.7	5.1	1.6	3.5	10.5	3.7
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	.9	6.4	2.5	3.9	12.6	4.3
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.9	2.2	5.5	3.5	2.0	14.3	3.2
Philadelphia	100.0	99.7	1.2	7.0	4.0	3.0	14.0	2.4
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.6	1.5	4.7	2.7	1.9	11.1	2.3
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	1.2	8.8	5.1	3.7	14.1	1.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.4	2.1	7.6	5.4	2.1	14.8	2.3
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.8	1.3	13.3	9.9	3.4	13.5	2.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.7	2.2	1.6	.8	.8	9.4	2.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.5	.9	3.0	1.0	2.0	16.8	1.7
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	99.1	.4	5.6	2.1	3.5	14.2	6.8
Austin city	100.0	99.5	.9	6.7	6.1	.6	9.1	1.3
Baltimore city	100.0	99.9	2.4	2.3	1.2	1.1	6.5	3.7
Boston city	100.0	100.0	(³)	3.6	2.3	1.3	8.7	1.5
Charlotte city	100.0	100.0	2.6	4.9	1.6	3.4	16.3	3.8
Chicago city	100.0	100.0	.5	8.2	4.2	4.0	11.3	4.3
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	(³)	12.0	9.1	2.9	11.5	.4
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	.7	6.7	3.3	3.3	15.9	3.0
Dallas city	100.0	99.5	1.0	8.1	5.5	2.6	20.2	2.6
Denver County/city	100.0	99.9	1.6	6.2	3.4	2.8	13.2	3.2
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	1.9	8.4	6.8	1.6	6.2	7.2
Fort Worth city	100.0	100.0	.9	5.5	3.4	2.2	17.0	3.9
Houston city	100.0	100.0	1.0	5.3	3.2	2.1	11.1	3.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	99.7	1.1	7.1	2.6	4.6	12.0	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.3	9.9	8.0	34.9	9.3	4.5	4.2
Richmond	1.4	10.0	12.2	34.3	6.3	4.6	7.9
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1.4	7.5	7.6	32.9	11.9	5.0	5.3
Rochester	4.4	6.7	8.7	44.0	6.5	5.5	3.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.3	11.7	11.1	25.9	12.0	4.3	12.4
Salt Lake City	3.2	13.8	11.3	25.4	9.7	3.8	3.6
San Antonio	3.0	10.7	8.6	32.6	10.9	6.3	3.6
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	1.9	10.2	12.9	31.9	10.9	6.4	3.7
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.1	10.3	15.7	28.3	8.6	6.6	4.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	2.6	5.7	18.2	28.1	8.7	7.3	3.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.9	9.3	9.8	28.8	10.7	6.4	3.8
St. Louis ²	2.6	11.4	9.8	31.9	10.7	4.1	2.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.2	14.2	11.7	31.3	6.6	4.8	3.2
Tulsa	5.6	9.5	7.1	30.0	10.0	6.1	3.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.2	10.0	9.4	33.4	9.3	6.2	4.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.8	8.4	18.4	27.5	7.6	7.6	11.6
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.1	8.9	17.9	29.6	7.7	10.3	8.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.1	10.2	12.8	39.3	7.5	6.5	3.9
Camden	2.1	8.1	12.9	35.5	6.3	5.6	6.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.4	9.4	12.5	31.8	8.0	5.5	3.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	3.1	12.1	10.0	26.1	8.5	6.9	2.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	2.9	10.9	7.8	29.7	11.0	5.2	5.3
Edison-New Brunswick	4.2	9.3	13.3	32.9	7.2	5.4	3.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.5	11.0	13.6	28.5	8.1	6.1	4.7
Fort Worth-Arlington	2.6	10.1	11.2	27.8	7.6	7.4	2.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.2	8.4	11.8	30.4	8.9	5.7	3.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	2.4	11.7	7.7	30.6	7.8	7.9	3.3
Nassau-Suffolk	4.3	8.3	10.6	37.6	5.5	4.4	3.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.9	8.7	10.4	39.8	7.2	6.4	3.6
Newark-Union	4.4	9.2	14.3	34.2	5.0	4.3	4.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.7	11.5	15.1	26.4	6.8	6.7	4.6
Philadelphia	1.4	9.8	12.2	35.8	6.5	6.3	3.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.3	8.7	16.4	31.0	11.0	6.4	4.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1.9	11.4	13.9	27.8	10.8	5.6	2.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.2	8.9	11.2	28.4	9.8	6.4	3.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.1	7.4	9.3	31.4	7.6	7.4	3.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.1	8.2	18.6	26.9	7.6	6.8	12.6
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.9	9.7	11.8	30.0	10.2	7.5	6.1
Cities:							
Atlanta city	2.1	8.2	16.0	22.1	13.9	6.6	3.1
Austin city .....	.7	6.4	11.7	37.0	8.9	8.0	8.8
Baltimore city	1.3	6.2	13.7	44.0	5.5	3.9	10.4
Boston city	1.5	7.8	13.8	39.1	10.2	7.4	6.4
Charlotte city	1.0	16.9	8.6	24.7	12.8	6.5	1.4
Chicago city	2.5	9.0	14.2	32.5	7.2	5.1	4.9
Cleveland city	1.2	6.4	7.9	46.4	3.9	3.2	7.1
Columbus city	5.5	14.9	8.1	31.6	6.5	2.8	4.2
Dallas city	2.7	12.6	11.7	20.1	9.8	8.8	1.3
Denver County/city	3.4	8.4	14.0	24.8	12.5	5.5	7.1
Detroit city	5.1	11.5	8.0	30.8	7.1	2.8	11.0
Fort Worth city	1.4	11.6	10.3	29.7	4.7	12.3	2.7
Houston city	1.7	8.6	12.3	31.6	10.4	8.9	2.7
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	2.7	12.3	12.1	31.2	10.6	2.5	6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Cities:								
Jacksonville city	100.0	98.9	3.0	4.0	3.2	0.8	13.8	4.0
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	.2	7.9	2.8	5.0	17.3	2.3
Las Vegas city	100.0	99.8	2.7	2.5	.9	1.5	12.6	2.3
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	1.0	9.7	3.7	6.0	12.3	1.7
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	1.0	6.0	4.0	2.0	16.0	4.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	.9	3.5	3.2	.3	12.7	7.8
Miami city	100.0	100.0	3.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	17.1	7.1
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	.5	10.8	5.1	5.7	8.7	5.9
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	.1	5.3	3.0	2.3	11.9	2.2
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	1.5	6.1	3.3	2.7	11.8	2.7
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	9.5	5.8
New York city	100.0	100.0	.6	4.1	1.1	3.0	10.0	4.1
Oakland city	100.0	99.7	.7	1.6	1.3	.3	8.0	2.9
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.7	.8	4.7	1.6	3.1	15.6	1.6
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	1.7	4.4	3.6	.8	16.8	3.0
Phoenix city	100.0	99.8	2.6	4.7	2.0	2.7	11.1	2.1
Portland city	100.0	100.0	1.5	4.8	4.0	.8	9.1	2.3
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	3.3	3.0	.5	2.5	7.8	3.2
San Antonio city	100.0	100.0	.6	6.1	2.0	4.1	13.4	2.2
San Diego city	100.0	99.9	1.2	3.3	3.0	.3	14.7	1.3
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	.6	4.8	3.1	1.7	13.6	2.3
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	2.2	11.4	11.4	(³)	10.2	2.1
Seattle city	100.0	98.9	.3	5.3	2.7	2.6	9.7	3.9
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	1.1	6.2	3.4	2.9	9.8	3.0
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	2.2	3.7	2.9	.8	17.3	2.1
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	.8	2.6	2.6	(³)	17.3	2.3
Washington city	100.0	100.0	1.0	1.0	.5	.5	4.5	2.2
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.6	11.4	9.1	5.0	4.1	15.1	5.3
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	98.9	9.1	11.4	9.4	2.0	13.6	2.4
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	99.3	9.7	5.9	3.7	2.2	12.7	4.6
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	99.4	10.3	9.7	7.2	2.5	16.6	4.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.8	6.9	8.4	5.8	2.6	13.5	4.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	99.7	7.8	10.3	7.1	3.2	15.1	2.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	99.9	6.1	13.4	8.4	5.1	16.5	3.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	99.5	14.1	11.8	6.7	5.1	15.9	4.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.7	8.3	12.3	7.9	4.5	15.2	6.0
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	99.4	6.7	15.8	9.0	6.8	15.2	6.2
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	99.6	7.2	17.9	13.8	4.1	15.6	4.3
Columbus	100.0	99.6	6.6	11.6	7.6	4.0	14.9	5.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.5	10.0	10.5	7.5	3.1	16.6	5.7
Dayton	100.0	99.6	5.4	17.3	11.5	5.8	12.7	8.4
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.6	9.3	6.4	4.0	2.4	14.2	4.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.7	5.8	22.0	19.0	3.1	14.4	3.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.7	6.8	11.4	9.9	1.5	13.0	4.1
Honolulu	100.0	99.5	8.2	1.3	1.0	.3	11.2	4.7
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.8	11.2	12.2	6.7	5.5	14.4	6.7
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.9	9.6	13.8	7.6	6.3	14.6	5.2
Jacksonville	100.0	99.5	14.5	6.4	3.7	2.7	15.6	6.4
Kansas City	100.0	99.2	9.6	9.8	5.8	4.0	16.0	4.6
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	13.9	2.9	1.8	1.1	13.1	3.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.9	8.3	12.8	7.2	5.5	14.7	4.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	99.8	6.5	10.9	6.2	4.7	17.4	6.2
Memphis	100.0	98.9	14.7	6.8	3.5	3.3	12.9	9.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	10.4	6.1	3.8	2.3	18.2	5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Cities:							
Jacksonville city	0.7	16.7	12.0	31.0	4.2	7.5	1.9
Kansas City city	1.8	8.9	14.0	30.3	8.4	6.1	2.9
Las Vegas city	1.1	14.6	9.3	21.1	26.1	5.1	2.5
Los Angeles city	5.2	7.9	13.3	27.7	11.3	8.0	1.9
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	9.0	12.0	34.0	10.0	6.0	2.0
Memphis city .....	.5	11.2	7.8	32.2	15.3	4.1	4.1
Miami city	5.2	10.5	5.9	30.4	13.3	7.0	(³)
Milwaukee city	2.5	9.5	5.9	38.4	7.5	9.0	1.2
Minneapolis city	2.9	7.0	13.4	30.7	16.4	6.7	3.5
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	5.3	9.8	8.5	31.8	8.7	8.2	5.7
New Orleans city	(³)	2.6	14.6	44.6	16.4	5.0	1.5
New York city	4.1	8.6	10.8	39.6	7.8	6.4	3.7
Oakland city	3.7	5.3	20.2	32.6	9.8	12.1	2.7
Oklahoma City city .....	.5	9.8	10.5	28.1	10.4	7.4	10.2
Philadelphia County/city	1.0	8.2	9.1	38.0	6.2	8.0	3.6
Phoenix city	1.5	15.6	11.5	28.5	9.0	5.7	7.2
Portland city	3.7	10.8	15.7	30.7	13.0	4.6	3.9
Sacramento city	2.8	11.6	11.4	28.0	8.3	4.2	16.4
San Antonio city	3.0	12.3	8.6	31.8	11.7	6.7	3.5
San Diego city	2.0	8.7	11.1	31.4	15.3	7.0	3.8
San Francisco County/city	2.9	11.3	16.2	28.1	10.9	6.3	3.0
San Jose city	3.4	4.8	15.1	29.0	9.5	7.5	4.8
Seattle city	3.0	7.7	15.3	28.6	12.0	8.2	4.9
St. Louis city	2.8	10.4	12.2	42.4	6.1	4.1	2.0
Tulsa city	4.7	9.8	9.3	30.9	10.8	4.7	3.2
Virginia Beach city	3.2	11.3	7.3	35.2	12.0	4.8	3.3
Washington city	4.2	6.6	21.0	23.7	8.6	9.8	17.4
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	3.7	8.0	14.7	17.2	7.7	4.5	2.8
Austin-Round Rock	2.1	7.6	13.4	20.2	7.8	4.7	6.1
Baltimore-Towson	2.8	9.2	13.4	20.9	6.6	4.4	9.3
Birmingham-Hoover	2.7	9.8	11.6	18.0	6.5	5.5	3.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.6	8.8	14.0	25.1	6.4	5.4	3.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	3.7	12.5	14.8	17.8	7.8	4.9	2.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	1.5	6.8	8.9	23.4	9.2	4.5	6.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.2	11.9	11.0	13.0	8.2	4.0	2.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.6	8.2	13.6	17.3	8.3	5.0	2.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	2.5	8.7	8.9	18.7	9.0	4.2	3.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.7	8.6	7.9	22.2	7.5	3.6	2.9
Columbus	2.2	10.6	9.6	21.1	7.6	3.0	7.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2.9	9.2	12.3	15.4	9.1	5.5	1.8
Dayton .....	.9	4.3	11.2	19.5	7.3	6.8	5.9
Denver-Aurora	4.6	10.1	14.4	16.8	8.5	5.0	5.0
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2.3	7.2	10.6	17.7	7.7	5.5	2.9
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.7	12.3	10.5	22.7	7.5	4.4	4.2
Honolulu	2.0	7.7	12.1	26.7	11.9	3.7	10.0
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.6	6.3	11.8	16.9	7.3	6.0	2.7
Indianapolis-Carmel	2.2	9.1	9.8	18.6	8.2	4.4	4.4
Jacksonville	1.9	12.4	10.6	16.3	7.6	4.5	3.1
Kansas City	4.4	9.6	12.0	17.1	7.0	5.8	3.2
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.3	9.4	10.2	12.3	26.3	3.8	3.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	3.8	7.3	12.9	17.2	10.1	5.9	2.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	1.6	7.8	10.1	21.6	8.1	6.2	3.3
Memphis	1.5	7.6	9.6	18.5	9.7	5.7	2.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.3	10.6	11.5	15.8	8.8	6.5	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	99.4	5.9	15.5	11.6	3.9	15.3	4.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	99.3	6.8	14.1	9.1	4.9	15.6	5.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	99.2	8.7	11.7	7.6	4.1	15.0	4.6
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	99.8	16.1	6.4	3.2	3.1	15.6	5.0
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	7.7	7.5	3.6	3.9	12.9	5.7
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.4	7.6	8.7	5.3	3.4	15.0	3.8
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.6	11.2	5.5	4.1	1.4	16.6	5.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	99.6	7.3	10.3	5.7	4.6	16.5	4.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.4	11.0	8.1	5.8	2.3	16.0	6.0
Pittsburgh	100.0	99.2	6.0	11.3	8.2	3.0	16.8	5.8
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	98.4	6.9	12.4	9.1	3.3	15.8	5.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.7	6.9	12.8	8.4	4.4	15.8	4.7
Richmond	100.0	99.6	9.4	6.5	3.0	3.5	16.5	3.9
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	98.8	14.1	11.3	7.5	3.8	15.8	6.7
Rochester	100.0	98.6	3.4	15.5	10.8	4.7	15.3	4.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.6	14.6	6.1	4.0	2.1	13.8	3.2
Salt Lake City	100.0	99.5	9.1	10.0	7.2	2.8	14.6	6.5
San Antonio	100.0	99.3	10.9	7.9	5.1	2.8	14.9	4.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.4	8.2	8.7	6.5	2.2	15.7	3.2
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.7	10.2	7.0	4.6	2.5	13.0	3.3
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	98.8	9.1	12.6	11.8	.9	13.6	3.0
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.3	8.7	12.3	9.4	2.8	15.3	4.4
St. Louis ²	100.0	99.1	8.0	12.3	7.7	4.6	16.9	5.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.7	9.6	7.0	4.4	2.5	17.5	4.2
Tulsa	100.0	99.8	7.6	11.9	9.7	2.2	17.1	5.7
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.8	11.8	7.9	6.4	1.6	14.5	5.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.4	12.5	3.5	2.3	1.2	9.6	3.2
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	99.2	9.4	5.0	3.4	1.6	9.7	2.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.9	5.9	6.4	3.6	2.8	10.9	3.7
Camden	100.0	99.7	6.7	8.4	4.9	3.5	17.6	5.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.6	8.1	12.2	7.7	4.5	14.4	6.1
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.6	10.8	9.8	7.3	2.6	17.1	5.0
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	5.5	21.8	19.0	2.8	14.7	3.7
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	99.5	7.8	8.7	4.1	4.6	13.0	5.9
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	10.7	6.3	3.9	2.4	19.0	4.5
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.2	8.5	11.8	7.9	3.9	15.8	7.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.8	8.4	13.0	7.1	6.0	14.2	4.7
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	9.8	6.3	3.8	2.5	18.6	8.0
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	99.9	8.7	6.3	3.8	2.4	16.4	6.3
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	7.5	6.6	3.0	3.6	11.3	5.3
Newark-Union	100.0	99.9	6.9	12.2	5.1	7.0	13.6	6.0
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.8	12.6	8.3	5.2	3.2	14.5	3.2
Philadelphia	100.0	99.7	7.0	10.9	6.3	4.6	16.1	4.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.5	7.0	5.3	3.8	1.5	10.9	3.3
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	8.0	12.1	7.7	4.3	15.9	3.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.5	9.1	13.3	10.6	2.7	14.5	3.9
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.6	5.9	22.1	19.0	3.2	14.3	3.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.5	13.6	3.0	1.9	1.1	9.6	3.6
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.6	11.2	5.4	3.4	2.0	16.6	3.4
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	99.2	3.8	4.4	(³)	4.4	13.2	6.7
Austin city	100.0	99.4	12.1	9.4	7.9	1.5	12.1	1.8
Baltimore city	100.0	99.9	12.1	5.8	3.0	2.8	13.9	4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.3	9.6	9.3	20.4	9.1	5.6	1.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.1	9.9	11.8	18.5	8.4	4.1	2.9
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	3.8	8.4	8.1	20.0	9.0	5.4	4.4
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	1.0	6.2	12.2	17.3	11.3	4.0	4.2
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	4.3	9.8	13.0	22.3	7.9	5.0	3.8
Oklahoma City	2.5	8.6	9.8	18.9	8.4	5.5	8.2
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.5	8.9	11.6	14.2	15.3	4.1	3.8
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.2	9.2	13.2	21.1	6.3	5.0	3.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.0	9.9	10.6	16.3	9.3	5.0	5.0
Pittsburgh	2.0	7.2	9.3	25.2	8.5	4.4	2.4
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.7	7.2	12.3	19.5	8.1	4.8	3.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	1.8	8.4	9.1	23.0	8.6	4.2	4.5
Richmond	1.6	13.1	13.1	18.2	6.7	3.9	6.7
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1.9	6.2	8.3	16.7	9.4	4.4	3.9
Rochester	3.1	5.8	10.6	25.7	7.2	4.5	3.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.3	7.9	10.9	15.6	9.6	4.1	10.6
Salt Lake City	3.5	10.5	12.1	17.9	8.1	3.6	3.7
San Antonio	2.3	10.1	10.5	18.9	9.8	4.9	4.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.8	8.1	16.5	17.7	9.8	5.5	3.1
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	4.1	8.2	18.5	17.5	10.0	4.3	3.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	3.0	7.3	17.7	15.9	8.5	5.3	2.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.9	6.8	12.8	18.7	7.9	4.9	3.6
St. Louis ²	2.5	8.7	10.5	18.8	8.8	4.9	2.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	2.2	10.8	11.9	21.1	7.1	3.7	3.7
Tulsa	3.9	7.4	10.3	17.3	7.1	5.9	2.5
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.9	6.5	11.1	16.3	11.0	5.9	6.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.0	7.0	20.7	15.4	7.1	6.3	11.0
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.9	8.0	18.8	18.5	7.3	8.6	8.8
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	3.7	9.5	16.1	27.8	6.6	6.0	3.1
Camden	2.0	8.1	12.9	21.7	6.1	4.3	5.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	2.8	8.5	14.2	17.6	8.1	4.9	2.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	3.5	9.7	11.9	15.0	8.8	5.6	1.9
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	2.3	8.2	11.3	16.3	9.3	5.5	1.4
Edison-New Brunswick	3.5	10.0	13.6	20.4	7.2	5.7	3.7
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.6	11.1	13.0	14.7	9.0	6.2	3.8
Fort Worth-Arlington	1.7	8.3	13.0	16.1	9.6	5.3	1.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.5	6.4	12.4	17.6	10.2	6.0	2.3
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	3.1	11.5	10.1	15.4	7.9	6.2	3.0
Nassau-Suffolk	4.8	8.3	11.4	23.5	5.8	3.8	4.7
New York-White Plains-Wayne	4.6	10.6	12.7	23.4	9.1	5.5	3.3
Newark-Union	3.3	8.9	16.1	17.7	6.8	4.0	4.2
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	4.0	8.1	16.3	17.0	7.7	4.5	3.5
Philadelphia	2.2	9.2	13.9	21.4	6.2	5.4	3.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	4.2	8.2	21.4	18.3	13.1	4.2	3.6
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	2.1	9.9	14.5	15.9	10.1	5.5	2.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	4.3	6.7	14.3	18.1	7.3	5.0	3.2
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.3	6.7	10.4	18.3	7.1	5.4	3.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.0	6.7	21.4	14.4	7.0	5.6	11.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	2.0	8.4	12.1	18.0	10.0	7.3	5.3
Cities:							
Atlanta city	5.8	12.4	25.5	16.3	7.9	2.6	.4
Austin city	1.2	6.2	14.4	19.8	9.7	6.3	6.5
Baltimore city	2.8	7.0	10.7	24.7	8.2	5.1	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Cities:								
Boston city	100.0	100.0	5.0	4.0	2.4	1.6	10.0	4.4
Charlotte city	100.0	99.7	16.3	8.3	5.3	3.0	12.4	4.5
Chicago city	100.0	100.0	7.1	11.1	7.2	3.9	10.1	6.7
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	10.6	25.2	21.3	3.9	12.5	4.2
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	7.5	10.1	5.5	4.6	14.2	4.6
Dallas city	100.0	99.1	16.4	10.2	7.1	3.0	16.1	3.6
Denver County/city	100.0	99.9	7.6	5.6	3.8	1.8	13.5	2.8
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	11.7	22.8	15.3	7.5	4.5	6.8
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.9	6.6	11.1	9.0	2.1	15.2	7.0
Houston city	100.0	99.8	14.7	10.8	7.4	3.4	13.2	5.9
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	99.7	9.6	14.6	7.3	7.2	14.1	5.0
Jacksonville city	100.0	99.2	13.3	5.2	3.5	1.7	16.9	6.8
Kansas City city	100.0	99.4	9.1	11.9	7.7	4.2	17.8	4.5
Las Vegas city	100.0	99.9	14.1	3.7	2.3	1.4	13.4	3.9
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	8.4	12.1	5.4	6.7	12.7	3.5
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	5.0	10.0	6.0	4.0	18.0	7.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	18.5	7.1	3.1	4.0	9.3	7.7
Miami city	100.0	99.4	26.8	1.5	1.5	(³)	13.6	6.2
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	5.7	13.9	6.7	7.2	14.9	2.7
Minneapolis city	100.0	99.6	4.3	7.7	4.3	3.4	13.9	3.5
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	99.6	9.6	6.2	3.8	2.4	11.3	4.2
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	3.5	7.5	(³)	7.5	17.1	8.3
New York city	100.0	100.0	7.6	4.9	2.1	2.9	10.5	5.6
Oakland city	100.0	99.3	14.9	5.3	2.1	3.2	10.1	2.6
Oklahoma City city	100.0	99.8	8.7	6.6	5.0	1.5	17.4	4.1
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	99.9	6.5	10.8	7.6	3.3	20.0	6.6
Phoenix city	100.0	99.9	12.9	6.6	4.8	1.9	14.6	6.0
Portland city	100.0	99.9	4.7	7.3	4.7	2.6	12.4	3.4
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	22.6	4.3	2.9	1.4	9.0	3.5
San Antonio city	100.0	99.8	9.9	8.2	4.9	3.3	13.8	4.8
San Diego city	100.0	99.5	8.6	7.2	5.6	1.6	16.0	2.4
San Francisco County/city	100.0	99.8	5.2	3.9	2.9	1.0	9.4	3.5
San Jose city	100.0	99.6	10.6	9.3	8.8	.5	14.9	3.0
Seattle city	100.0	99.5	3.5	6.0	4.7	1.3	10.3	4.9
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	5.4	12.7	6.3	6.4	7.3	7.3
Tulsa city	100.0	99.6	8.3	12.3	10.3	2.0	14.8	3.4
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	9.1	4.8	3.8	1.0	16.7	4.6
Washington city	100.0	99.9	4.6	1.5	.9	.6	3.1	1.3
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	100.0	4.2	6.3	4.0	2.3	16.5	10.5
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	99.1	1.1	6.8	6.0	.9	11.5	8.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	100.0	4.7	4.5	3.1	1.4	10.4	6.9
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	100.0	4.0	13.5	9.5	3.9	12.5	5.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	1.5	6.9	4.0	2.8	9.3	5.6
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	4.5	11.9	6.5	5.3	15.8	12.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	100.0	1.3	11.4	6.5	4.9	16.3	3.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	100.0	4.6	12.0	5.5	6.5	15.8	9.8
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	2.7	8.4	4.0	4.4	11.5	11.4
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	100.0	3.8	15.9	10.9	5.0	11.6	7.6
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	100.0	4.5	11.1	7.3	3.7	7.9	5.0
Columbus	100.0	100.0	2.2	8.6	5.1	3.5	13.8	5.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.8	2.8	9.4	5.4	3.9	17.2	11.1
Dayton	100.0	100.0	3.0	11.8	11.8	(³)	5.8	8.0
Denver-Aurora	100.0	100.0	1.9	4.7	2.8	1.9	8.5	9.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	99.9	2.1	17.7	16.0	1.6	7.5	10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Cities:							
Boston city	1.2	7.9	14.3	30.7	9.1	7.6	5.7
Charlotte city	1.4	19.2	13.6	11.0	8.5	3.7	.8
Chicago city	3.4	8.3	16.9	18.2	9.5	4.6	4.2
Cleveland city	1.1	5.7	3.1	20.2	5.9	3.9	7.5
Columbus city	3.4	9.8	11.5	22.5	8.5	3.0	4.9
Dallas city	2.0	9.9	13.3	8.8	10.8	6.8	.9
Denver County/city	4.6	8.6	16.8	16.8	12.9	5.1	5.1
Detroit city	(³)	10.6	5.9	16.4	9.4	.9	11.1
Fort Worth city	2.3	9.5	12.4	17.1	7.7	8.2	2.1
Houston city .....	.9	7.5	13.7	13.5	7.6	7.6	1.5
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	2.3	9.3	11.5	15.8	10.0	2.4	5.2
Jacksonville city	2.1	14.8	10.3	18.7	4.3	4.5	2.3
Kansas City city	4.7	5.4	16.3	11.9	5.7	7.5	4.6
Las Vegas city	2.0	10.8	10.2	10.8	24.5	4.0	2.5
Los Angeles city	5.6	6.6	13.8	16.2	12.5	7.2	1.2
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	2.0	7.0	12.0	21.0	8.0	6.0	3.0
Memphis city	1.0	8.1	9.8	18.6	14.6	4.5	.9
Miami city	2.3	11.5	4.3	13.9	13.8	4.6	.9
Milwaukee city	3.3	12.3	9.1	18.5	9.5	6.1	3.9
Minneapolis city	3.1	8.9	15.0	23.3	13.1	4.6	2.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	4.6	10.0	10.1	19.5	11.3	6.0	6.8
New Orleans city	(³)	7.1	17.5	19.2	9.2	9.9	.6
New York city	4.9	11.2	13.0	22.9	10.3	5.6	3.5
Oakland city	2.9	4.0	20.3	19.3	12.1	5.5	2.3
Oklahoma City city	3.3	8.1	10.1	15.5	8.2	6.8	9.3
Philadelphia County/city	3.0	6.1	10.1	18.8	6.2	6.4	5.4
Phoenix city	1.3	9.9	12.2	15.2	9.2	5.6	6.1
Portland city	3.6	8.9	17.0	21.4	12.3	4.9	3.9
Sacramento city	3.0	7.5	12.0	17.7	5.6	2.5	12.1
San Antonio city	2.2	11.9	9.7	19.4	10.5	4.9	4.4
San Diego city	3.3	8.0	16.4	16.1	13.2	5.7	2.6
San Francisco County/city	4.3	10.7	20.7	16.4	19.7	3.8	2.3
San Jose city	3.2	6.8	17.7	15.5	8.6	6.6	3.4
Seattle city	4.1	6.4	21.6	24.4	9.1	5.7	3.6
St. Louis city	2.9	10.9	11.8	25.6	5.9	3.8	6.3
Tulsa city	3.1	7.1	14.8	18.7	8.9	4.4	1.5
Virginia Beach city	4.2	7.5	12.5	19.4	11.4	5.6	4.1
Washington city	5.3	6.9	26.7	14.3	10.3	9.6	16.4
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	4.1	6.4	11.8	17.7	11.5	4.0	7.0
Austin-Round Rock	1.2	1.6	13.4	37.4	(³)	4.5	12.4
Baltimore-Towson	1.7	7.9	14.1	30.1	5.4	3.8	10.6
Birmingham-Hoover	5.2	10.4	6.7	24.7	7.9	3.0	6.1
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1.3	5.1	14.9	35.4	7.6	4.9	7.5
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk .....	.8	4.1	6.7	27.1	7.3	5.1	4.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	(³)	11.0	8.4	26.1	9.1	10.3	2.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	2.8	10.0	7.4	20.8	8.4	4.1	4.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.4	7.6	10.6	26.9	7.5	3.0	6.8
Cincinnati-Middletown	3.5	9.7	11.3	23.9	7.9	2.2	2.7
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1.4	7.5	11.5	34.6	7.0	5.6	3.9
Columbus	6.6	15.4	11.9	23.2	5.8	3.3	3.8
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	4.9	8.9	10.2	19.0	7.2	6.1	3.1
Dayton	2.1	12.0	6.6	25.0	6.6	9.2	9.9
Denver-Aurora	6.1	11.5	14.4	22.0	8.8	6.9	5.4
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	3.7	6.4	13.3	20.8	7.7	3.4	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	100.0	8.4	5.1	3.4	1.7	16.1	8.2
Honolulu	100.0	98.2	4.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	4.8	11.8
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	100.0	2.5	7.9	4.7	3.2	12.8	11.0
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	.9	12.4	9.0	3.4	10.5	3.4
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	4.7	5.8	2.4	3.4	10.1	11.4
Kansas City	100.0	99.4	1.2	15.0	5.6	9.3	13.9	6.2
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	3.6	3.0	1.9	1.1	15.5	8.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	100.0	3.5	3.8	2.7	1.1	13.0	5.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	4.4	14.2	9.6	4.6	15.5	11.2
Memphis	100.0	99.9	4.5	8.5	6.3	2.3	12.4	14.3
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.9	7.1	3.0	1.8	1.2	17.7	6.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	100.0	5.0	10.2	3.9	6.3	9.1	8.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	100.0	2.3	11.6	10.2	1.4	9.7	6.3
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	4.2	13.1	7.6	5.4	11.4	4.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	8.3	8.9	3.5	5.5	14.5	9.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.9	3.5	4.4	2.0	2.5	11.5	12.3
Oklahoma City	100.0	100.0	10.5	9.6	4.6	5.0	8.2	2.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	99.9	8.4	7.3	4.1	3.1	14.2	3.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	100.0	3.0	7.4	3.2	4.2	12.4	7.2
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	100.0	8.6	8.3	5.8	2.5	10.1	1.8
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	2.6	4.5	4.5	(³)	8.5	6.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	100.0	.7	6.3	4.4	1.9	20.2	10.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.7	3.8	12.5	6.8	5.7	10.8	4.0
Richmond	100.0	100.0	1.8	11.2	5.4	5.7	15.4	7.6
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	100.0	5.7	3.1	1.4	1.7	13.7	9.0
Rochester	100.0	100.0	1.8	18.8	15.2	3.6	2.8	5.1
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	100.0	2.4	2.4	(³)	2.4	15.4	13.5
Salt Lake City	100.0	100.0	8.2	15.9	15.9	(³)	26.3	4.4
San Antonio	100.0	100.0	.9	14.0	5.0	9.0	10.5	4.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	100.0	1.5	5.2	4.5	.7	21.3	6.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	100.0	6.7	2.0	2.0	(³)	18.0	9.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	100.0	(³)	11.2	11.2	(³)	13.6	5.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.0	1.6	8.6	5.6	2.9	18.4	6.8
St. Louis ²	100.0	100.0	2.6	9.4	5.3	4.0	13.4	6.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	99.4	4.4	5.7	2.6	3.0	10.2	5.4
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	3.1	8.7	8.3	.4	10.3	11.5
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	100.0	4.1	7.9	6.7	1.2	17.7	4.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.9	5.1	1.8	1.2	.6	10.4	6.5
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	100.0	4.1	4.5	3.0	1.5	12.0	4.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	.4	3.6	1.7	1.9	8.7	8.1
Camden	100.0	100.0	2.5	4.5	2.2	2.4	11.9	6.2
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	99.9	2.6	7.9	3.6	4.3	11.2	12.0
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.8	1.6	9.5	5.9	3.6	17.7	9.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	2.6	11.8	10.0	1.7	6.9	11.0
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	100.0	.6	4.8	1.9	2.9	15.6	3.6
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	7.2	2.5	1.7	.7	18.6	6.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	100.0	6.7	8.9	4.0	4.9	15.3	16.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	100.0	3.7	3.3	2.6	.7	12.8	6.2
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	6.9	3.6	2.4	1.3	15.3	9.3
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	2.8	9.3	7.3	2.1	12.8	7.2
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.8	3.8	3.5	1.4	2.1	10.8	13.1
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	3.1	6.6	2.1	4.5	13.8	12.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	100.0	7.6	2.4	2.4	(³)	19.8	9.0
Philadelphia	100.0	100.0	2.4	7.5	3.0	4.4	12.6	7.7
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	100.0	2.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	8.8	14.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	1.4	9.0	4.0	5.0	15.7	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	2.9	6.4	10.9	16.4	10.1	8.1	7.5
Honolulu	(³)	4.1	22.0	22.4	13.9	8.4	6.2
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	2.5	5.1	9.3	31.2	7.9	3.6	5.1
Indianapolis-Carmel	6.9	10.3	10.2	27.3	4.0	4.4	9.6
Jacksonville .....	.2	6.8	14.6	21.6	7.1	12.3	5.5
Kansas City	1.0	11.6	6.4	30.3	7.0	1.8	5.0
Las Vegas-Paradise	3.0	8.3	10.2	20.1	21.4	2.2	3.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	4.3	8.9	12.8	27.9	9.7	4.1	6.0
Louisville-Jefferson County	2.9	4.1	6.5	26.8	9.3	2.8	2.4
Memphis .....	.4	4.9	5.3	23.0	14.1	4.2	8.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.0	7.0	10.1	27.9	7.7	4.9	6.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	2.1	6.3	7.2	35.0	6.1	7.4	2.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1.0	7.8	11.0	31.0	9.8	4.0	5.4
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	2.5	6.0	16.2	22.1	5.9	3.9	10.6
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	1.2	6.4	9.7	26.9	8.1	.7	5.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.1	7.7	9.0	34.1	5.2	3.9	5.2
Oklahoma City	4.0	12.0	3.6	28.0	5.5	2.6	13.4
Orlando-Kissimmee	4.0	7.3	12.7	19.2	17.5	3.4	2.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2.0	9.6	9.6	31.1	7.2	4.9	5.8
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	2.8	13.7	13.2	20.5	7.2	3.5	10.3
Pittsburgh	2.4	10.8	1.6	35.7	14.4	7.2	5.6
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	3.0	6.2	9.7	27.4	12.1	(³)	4.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick .....	.7	8.4	9.8	25.8	12.0	8.1	3.8
Richmond	2.4	9.1	8.6	26.9	4.0	3.5	9.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	4.9	9.8	5.2	22.3	6.2	7.0	12.5
Rochester	11.5	6.5	9.1	41.0	1.7	1.6	(³)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	3.1	8.3	16.1	14.3	13.0	1.5	9.8
Salt Lake City	(³)	7.7	8.5	14.2	14.8	(³)	(³)
San Antonio	2.2	13.3	3.7	36.5	7.2	1.5	5.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	1.6	6.4	13.3	25.6	7.9	5.5	4.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	4.7	13.0	11.2	19.3	5.9	6.4	2.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara .....	.8	4.7	20.6	31.3	(³)	2.5	9.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	3.7	3.7	10.5	22.9	6.6	5.4	10.9
St. Louis ²	1.7	9.5	9.5	30.3	7.6	5.2	4.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	8.4	13.8	10.5	22.8	11.3	2.7	4.2
Tulsa	7.3	7.9	10.3	26.4	6.5	6.1	1.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	2.4	7.6	8.3	29.0	7.3	5.5	5.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.1	7.8	18.9	21.7	5.6	5.0	14.0
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	2.5	10.4	19.0	26.9	4.8	5.5	6.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy .....	.4	5.9	16.7	31.5	9.9	6.2	8.7
Camden	1.7	10.5	10.8	31.2	5.8	8.4	6.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.6	7.7	10.7	27.1	7.4	3.0	6.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	4.4	9.7	11.0	18.7	7.7	6.5	3.5
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	4.4	7.0	15.1	21.4	9.3	3.1	7.4
Edison-New Brunswick	5.5	12.9	21.0	23.0	7.6	1.1	4.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	2.1	9.1	11.1	26.6	6.7	4.4	5.9
Fort Worth-Arlington	6.4	6.5	7.5	19.8	5.8	4.9	1.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4.4	8.6	13.2	27.8	9.3	3.9	6.6
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	1.8	5.0	8.4	29.8	8.3	7.1	4.5
Nassau-Suffolk	2.2	6.3	9.9	36.2	6.6	.9	6.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	2.5	7.2	8.4	35.2	5.2	4.6	5.4
Newark-Union	6.1	9.6	8.7	29.7	4.1	2.2	3.6
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	4.2	12.7	10.4	20.1	4.2	6.3	3.2
Philadelphia	2.0	9.0	9.5	32.1	7.9	4.3	5.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	7.3	14.5	15.3	15.2	14.3	6.4	1.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	3.3	11.5	8.9	29.1	14.2	7.0	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	98.6	2.3	8.7	6.7	2.0	16.9	5.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	99.8	.7	34.7	33.3	1.3	9.4	8.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.9	5.2	1.4	.9	.4	10.2	6.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.6	7.6	3.1	.6	2.6	20.3	2.7
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	3.3	3.5	2.2	1.3	19.0	7.8
Austin city	100.0	100.0	.6	4.2	2.9	1.3	10.8	8.0
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	6.5	3.5	3.2	.3	7.5	9.9
Boston city	100.0	100.0	.5	3.6	2.6	1.0	10.2	7.2
Charlotte city	100.0	100.0	3.6	7.7	3.4	4.3	17.5	12.3
Chicago city	100.0	99.8	1.1	7.3	3.5	3.8	11.5	13.1
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	4.2	9.1	4.6	4.5	8.8	1.8
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	2.6	8.9	4.6	4.3	13.8	6.2
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	3.5	10.8	5.8	5.0	20.4	5.8
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	.6	3.5	2.2	1.3	4.7	15.0
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	3.0	12.3	10.3	2.1	6.4	11.0
Fort Worth city	100.0	100.0	11.2	5.2	(³)	5.2	17.7	12.8
Houston city	100.0	100.0	3.4	7.9	4.6	3.3	12.3	10.1
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	.5	11.1	9.0	2.1	9.0	4.5
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	4.7	6.2	2.6	3.6	9.8	12.1
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	.8	12.3	5.2	7.1	16.4	7.3
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	2.7	4.7	3.6	1.1	13.0	8.1
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	4.4	2.9	2.3	.7	12.7	5.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	2.0	16.0	11.0	5.0	14.0	11.0
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	4.8	5.1	3.5	1.7	12.8	14.8
Miami city	100.0	100.0	20.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	25.4	4.8
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	3.7	10.5	4.5	6.0	8.0	9.1
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	2.6	10.8	9.8	1.0	8.5	6.1
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	4.1	8.9	4.7	4.2	11.0	4.8
New Orleans city	100.0	100.0	6.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	14.2	13.7
New York city	100.0	99.9	4.1	2.9	.9	2.0	10.8	12.9
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	10.2	.7	.7	(³)	12.9	11.1
Oklahoma City city	100.0	100.0	8.5	9.9	3.1	6.8	11.9	.5
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	3.1	5.4	2.3	3.1	13.6	9.5
Phoenix city	100.0	100.0	5.5	7.3	5.7	1.6	7.4	2.8
Portland city	100.0	100.0	(³)	4.9	1.3	3.6	24.0	11.7
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	4.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	23.1	14.2
San Antonio city	100.0	100.0	1.5	19.3	8.3	10.9	8.8	1.3
San Diego city	100.0	100.0	2.0	2.3	2.3	(³)	29.5	5.2
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	7.7	22.7
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	(³)	5.5	5.5	(³)	23.7	9.7
Seattle city	100.0	100.0	4.6	6.9	6.9	(³)	10.9	1.0
St. Louis city	100.0	100.0	2.9	10.8	5.7	5.2	8.4	3.5
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	2.1	3.3	3.3	(³)	7.1	11.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	1.9	2.4	2.4	(³)	16.9	7.9
Washington city	100.0	100.0	4.1	.7	.5	.2	7.7	6.3
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	100.0	4.4	11.1	9.8	1.3	15.2	2.9
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	100.0	(³)	30.3	30.3	(³)	14.8	2.1
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	100.0	2.2	4.6	1.5	3.0	7.2	3.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	1.4	13.4	11.6	1.8	9.2	(³)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	3.2	40.2	32.1	8.1	1.0	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	5.3	4.0	10.7	23.2	4.9	7.8	9.0
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	1.6	4.6	8.1	19.1	3.0	4.4	5.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3.1	7.4	18.9	20.9	5.7	4.9	15.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.9	4.5	11.0	27.5	9.8	1.2	10.0
Cities:							
Atlanta city	2.2	4.4	15.1	13.2	17.9	8.4	5.2
Austin city	(³)	(³)	10.8	52.1	(³)	1.5	11.1
Baltimore city .....	.5	5.2	12.8	33.0	6.5	3.5	11.2
Boston city .....	.6	4.8	21.5	28.0	9.0	7.6	6.8
Charlotte city	3.3	9.4	9.2	19.5	11.0	5.1	.8
Chicago city	3.1	8.1	9.8	28.4	7.2	2.4	7.9
Cleveland city	(³)	6.8	18.1	34.4	7.3	5.8	3.8
Columbus city	8.0	15.4	12.7	19.0	6.4	4.0	3.0
Dallas city	3.0	9.5	13.6	18.4	8.6	5.1	1.3
Denver County/city	8.1	8.7	12.3	25.9	9.8	9.2	2.1
Detroit city	4.2	7.7	14.8	20.8	8.3	3.7	7.8
Fort Worth city	2.0	2.4	8.3	24.3	5.2	8.6	2.3
Houston city	2.2	4.4	9.6	30.9	8.4	3.3	5.8
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	5.7	11.7	12.1	28.5	5.5	4.4	6.9
Jacksonville city .....	.3	7.2	14.2	21.3	6.2	12.1	5.8
Kansas City city .....	.8	13.3	4.9	31.3	6.8	1.4	4.6
Las Vegas city	4.0	8.0	12.8	20.5	16.9	3.7	5.6
Los Angeles city	2.8	6.1	13.2	27.9	13.3	3.8	7.4
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	3.0	5.0	7.0	27.0	9.0	3.0	3.0
Memphis city	(³)	6.6	4.9	23.4	17.0	4.2	6.4
Miami city	(³)	7.2	8.3	21.2	3.4	8.9	(³)
Milwaukee city	2.4	6.4	7.3	36.5	5.9	7.8	2.3
Minneapolis city	1.7	5.5	14.5	30.2	10.7	4.7	4.6
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	3.3	4.7	18.5	25.5	4.3	5.1	9.8
New Orleans city	(³)	3.7	7.3	37.4	11.0	(³)	5.8
New York city	2.3	7.3	8.6	35.4	5.3	5.0	5.4
Oakland city	8.9	7.9	9.5	29.9	2.1	5.3	1.5
Oklahoma City city	6.8	11.7	2.2	26.7	7.6	4.0	10.0
Philadelphia County/city .....	.8	11.0	7.9	29.4	9.2	5.4	4.6
Phoenix city	4.6	19.2	10.1	22.9	4.4	3.9	11.8
Portland city	(³)	(³)	13.2	37.3	8.9	(³)	(³)
Sacramento city	3.6	10.3	11.3	16.8	6.4	2.9	6.7
San Antonio city	3.6	11.9	3.8	34.2	5.7	1.1	8.9
San Diego city	(³)	8.8	8.6	23.0	9.4	6.2	5.2
San Francisco County/city	(³)	31.2	3.0	22.0	13.4	(³)	(³)
San Jose city	1.4	(³)	11.4	37.6	(³)	4.3	6.4
Seattle city	(³)	4.3	15.5	22.8	7.6	17.4	9.0
St. Louis city	3.0	8.4	7.8	38.7	9.2	3.5	3.7
Tulsa city	8.1	10.3	10.3	31.8	8.5	4.7	2.3
Virginia Beach city	4.0	11.2	5.2	31.4	6.9	5.0	7.1
Washington city	3.2	6.6	17.3	22.9	7.7	7.4	16.2
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	5.0	4.3	22.2	9.8	12.3	9.3	3.5
Austin-Round Rock	(³)	7.8	12.6	22.9	2.9	(³)	6.1
Baltimore-Towson	1.4	4.2	19.2	40.1	8.3	5.3	4.4
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2.4	12.6	9.9	27.8	16.7	4.8	1.9
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk .....	.4	16.0	10.1	15.9	9.4	(³)	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	100.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	(³)	22.8	5.3
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	2.1	11.0	7.2	3.8	16.6	6.3
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	100.0	4.5	34.0	30.7	3.3	7.2	(³)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	100.0	(³)	5.6	(³)	5.6	(³)	3.4
Columbus	100.0	100.0	4.6	14.1	14.1	(³)	16.0	3.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	100.0	2.7	17.6	15.0	2.6	14.0	4.7
Denver-Aurora	100.0	100.0	1.9	18.4	15.2	3.3	13.1	3.6
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	100.0	.4	27.5	22.8	4.7	9.9	2.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	100.0	(³)	12.8	12.8	(³)	7.7	4.2
Honolulu	100.0	99.0	4.8	3.6	1.8	1.8	15.2	4.3
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	98.9	4.5	17.7	12.7	4.9	13.4	3.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	100.0	(³)	34.8	25.5	9.3	19.5	5.9
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	(³)	8.7	8.7	(³)	20.7	(³)
Kansas City	100.0	100.0	4.3	11.3	5.6	5.7	9.7	6.5
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	1.9	2.2	.3	1.8	11.3	2.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	100.0	2.7	12.7	8.9	3.8	17.2	4.9
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	(³)	12.6	12.6	(³)	14.4	(³)
Memphis	100.0	100.0	(³)	2.9	2.9	(³)	6.4	10.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	100.0	(³)	1.6	1.6	(³)	24.8	3.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	100.0	(³)	27.4	19.5	7.8	10.3	(³)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	100.0	1.4	27.8	21.8	6.0	13.4	1.7
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	20.5	(³)
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	3.3	21.0	16.4	4.6	30.6	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	100.0	2.5	9.8	3.8	6.0	14.9	5.1
Oklahoma City	100.0	100.0	(³)	21.8	13.9	7.9	9.3	(³)
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	100.0	6.1	10.4	8.4	1.9	20.0	2.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	100.0	.7	12.9	10.1	2.8	15.9	2.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	99.3	1.9	6.1	4.4	1.7	11.4	9.7
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	1.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	5.4	1.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	99.7	3.4	38.8	29.4	9.4	6.9	1.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	100.0	.7	34.2	25.5	8.7	8.3	.8
Richmond	100.0	100.0	3.6	6.1	(³)	6.1	7.6	5.3
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	98.9	3.2	5.6	2.5	3.0	16.3	6.5
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	100.0	3.4	11.4	10.1	1.3	8.6	10.0
Salt Lake City	100.0	100.0	4.2	22.6	22.6	(³)	17.6	2.5
San Antonio	100.0	100.0	9.8	1.4	1.4	(³)	5.0	12.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	100.0	2.1	12.6	9.9	2.7	7.3	2.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	100.0	3.1	10.8	8.5	2.2	12.2	6.2
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	100.0	.6	25.7	23.9	1.8	7.9	1.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.2	2.9	16.1	13.1	3.0	14.1	5.8
St. Louis ²	100.0	100.0	3.9	30.1	18.4	11.6	17.1	1.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	100.0	1.1	10.0	4.8	5.2	32.2	(³)
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	15.0	2.2	2.2	(³)	8.3	10.6
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	100.0	14.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	27.7	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	3.1	3.3	2.3	.9	9.1	4.4
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	100.0	2.5	2.3	2.2	.2	9.4	3.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	100.0	1.6	12.6	11.1	1.5	9.3	(³)
Camden	100.0	100.0	(³)	2.9	2.9	(³)	19.6	4.4
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	2.2	10.2	6.6	3.6	16.2	6.7
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	100.0	1.3	19.9	16.6	3.3	16.2	3.6
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	1.2	22.2	22.2	(³)	7.4	2.6
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	100.0	1.2	14.7	6.1	8.6	19.8	4.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	(³)	4.8	4.8	(³)	26.1	(³)
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	100.0	7.2	9.4	9.4	(³)	6.1	8.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	100.0	2.2	11.0	6.7	4.4	18.7	5.8
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	18.1	7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(3)	6.3	1.4	7.6	34.8	17.0	(3)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.1	10.6	16.5	22.9	5.4	4.2	.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	5.3	11.0	11.1	16.3	10.5	(3)	(3)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(3)	21.3	19.9	48.1	1.6	(3)	(3)
Columbus	2.4	5.1	22.2	27.8	(3)	4.3	(3)
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	8.8	6.9	12.6	19.3	7.4	4.5	1.7
Denver-Aurora .....	.5	5.7	16.2	20.9	9.7	7.4	2.6
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	(3)	4.8	14.9	22.0	7.9	9.0	1.3
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	(3)	12.8	19.9	19.9	19.0	1.9	1.9
Honolulu	1.8	7.2	10.6	22.2	15.0	4.9	9.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.5	2.4	8.6	19.7	14.7	11.4	1.1
Indianapolis-Carmel	(3)	(3)	3.1	36.7	(3)	(3)	(3)
Jacksonville	(3)	5.7	13.8	30.1	(3)	15.6	5.5
Kansas City .....	.7	4.2	35.3	10.3	12.9	4.0	.7
Las Vegas-Paradise	1.9	9.0	6.4	15.3	43.2	4.5	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	2.7	10.0	12.1	21.6	7.5	4.2	4.4
Louisville-Jefferson County	(3)	(3)	(3)	45.2	7.8	19.9	(3)
Memphis	(3)	(3)	(3)	25.2	33.8	21.7	(3)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach .....	.3	6.7	15.3	23.9	10.0	7.4	6.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	8.3	(3)	3.9	41.8	7.7	(3)	.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	2.1	6.8	19.0	13.8	9.8	2.7	1.5
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	5.9	12.2	2.7	13.4	12.5	11.4	21.3
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	(3)	(3)	4.6	10.8	17.6	12.1	(3)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	3.5	11.2	13.2	20.6	10.6	6.6	2.2
Oklahoma City	(3)	(3)	6.6	27.9	27.1	7.3	(3)
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.0	6.4	8.4	25.2	11.3	6.6	(3)
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.8	6.2	14.3	26.1	6.2	11.0	2.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	(3)	19.2	9.7	12.0	7.4	15.1	5.6
Pittsburgh	(3)	(3)	6.9	65.9	15.6	(3)	3.3
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1.6	7.9	6.7	18.3	6.2	5.3	3.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	(3)	8.0	14.4	13.8	14.8	3.1	2.0
Richmond	(3)	5.5	9.3	45.8	10.5	1.3	5.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	3.2	7.9	6.6	32.5	7.8	5.2	4.2
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	1.2	16.4	6.7	23.2	7.5	4.6	7.1
Salt Lake City .....	.6	17.9	7.0	15.9	8.9	2.9	(3)
San Antonio	(3)	(3)	14.1	23.9	9.3	24.0	(3)
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.7	10.7	11.4	27.1	9.8	4.6	9.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	3.1	9.8	15.6	21.3	7.5	7.3	3.2
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	5.4	4.6	21.9	15.3	7.3	7.4	2.0
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	6.1	9.4	11.1	12.8	14.2	5.4	1.3
St. Louis ²	6.9	1.5	3.2	24.2	6.3	4.4	1.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1.7	10.9	17.8	13.7	6.9	2.5	3.1
Tulsa	20.5	7.0	3.0	9.5	5.8	18.1	(3)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	(3)	27.2	4.9	14.0	(3)	(3)	11.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.0	6.0	23.8	16.7	13.7	9.7	8.1
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	1.9	6.7	25.6	19.1	12.5	5.1	11.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1.8	14.4	7.7	28.0	18.4	3.8	2.2
Camden	4.5	1.4	16.4	20.6	3.4	20.6	6.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3.2	10.5	16.9	23.0	5.8	4.2	.7
Dallas-Plano-Irving	7.4	6.8	15.1	19.8	6.2	2.2	1.4
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	(3)	2.5	19.5	21.9	13.5	4.9	4.1
Edison-New Brunswick	3.7	14.1	22.8	11.2	2.7	3.3	2.1
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	(3)	2.7	21.0	36.0	(3)	1.3	8.0
Fort Worth-Arlington	13.7	7.1	4.3	17.5	11.5	12.3	2.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	2.5	9.7	10.8	21.5	8.3	4.7	4.9
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	(3)	8.4	13.3	20.6	20.4	3.7	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	(³)	6.9	5.5	1.4	14.6	2.1
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	100.0	2.9	8.7	2.9	5.8	13.9	5.8
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	6.5	11.0	4.2	6.8	11.5	3.5
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.9	3.0	14.2	11.8	2.4	13.2	5.5
Philadelphia	100.0	100.0	(³)	20.2	17.7	2.4	14.9	.6
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	100.0	3.1	6.6	4.6	2.0	10.9	6.9
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	100.0	3.8	17.5	15.2	2.3	13.0	2.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.1	3.4	15.5	12.6	2.9	14.7	5.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	100.0	(³)	30.0	23.1	6.9	11.1	2.1
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	100.0	3.4	3.7	2.4	1.3	9.0	4.7
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	38.9	(³)
Cities:								
Austin city	100.0	100.0	(³)	24.3	24.3	(³)	7.4	3.7
Boston city	100.0	100.0	2.1	7.8	5.3	2.5	10.6	(³)
Charlotte city	100.0	100.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	(³)	23.7	3.3
Chicago city	100.0	100.0	1.9	2.1	.5	1.6	10.3	11.9
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	(³)	19.4	19.4	(³)	13.1	4.7
Dallas city	100.0	100.0	2.0	15.8	15.8	(³)	20.1	2.7
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	4.1	11.5	4.2	7.4	17.4	4.2
Fort Worth city	100.0	100.0	16.4	11.5	11.5	(³)	5.9	9.9
Houston city	100.0	97.9	3.5	18.9	14.6	4.3	12.2	4.7
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	(³)	11.1	11.1	(³)	20.8	(³)
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	2.1	3.5	(³)	3.5	12.0	2.1
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	2.4	6.6	4.0	2.5	16.2	5.2
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	(³)	51.4	25.6	25.9	13.7	(³)
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	(³)	42.6	17.8	24.9	8.5	(³)
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	16.0	(³)
New York city	100.0	100.0	3.2	8.0	2.7	5.3	13.3	5.9
Oakland city	100.0	100.0	5.5	3.7	2.4	1.3	11.2	9.3
Oklahoma City city	100.0	100.0	(³)	28.0	17.8	10.1	11.9	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	(³)	26.6	23.4	3.2	15.2	(³)
Phoenix city	100.0	100.0	4.9	1.9	1.9	(³)	20.0	5.8
Portland city	100.0	98.7	(³)	19.6	3.0	16.6	5.1	(³)
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	(³)	7.9	4.4	3.5	3.8	23.9
San Antonio city	100.0	100.0	2.8	2.0	2.0	(³)	2.0	17.2
San Diego city	100.0	100.0	(³)	9.6	9.6	(³)	7.4	4.8
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	3.3	5.0	1.9	3.0	14.0	7.5
San Jose city	100.0	100.0	.2	28.6	25.6	3.0	8.9	1.8
Seattle city	100.0	97.7	8.3	10.1	4.9	5.2	13.6	10.4
Washington city	100.0	100.0	.8	1.5	(³)	1.5	1.4	1.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	100.0	99.9	34.6	10.4	4.6	5.9	12.0	3.4
Austin-Round Rock	100.0	100.0	18.8	9.5	7.1	2.4	11.6	2.3
Baltimore-Towson	100.0	100.0	24.6	5.3	2.7	2.6	3.8	3.8
Birmingham-Hoover	100.0	100.0	40.1	4.6	2.3	2.3	13.6	(³)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.8	10.1	11.2	5.9	5.4	9.8	4.4
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	100.0	100.0	10.7	8.7	5.9	2.8	18.0	1.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	100.0	97.9	(³)	15.1	8.7	6.4	13.5	(³)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	100.0	98.5	41.9	12.0	6.4	5.6	11.2	.7
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	9.9	20.1	13.2	6.9	14.0	5.3
Cincinnati-Middletown	100.0	100.0	2.3	46.4	37.8	8.5	2.5	8.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	100.0	97.3	5.6	38.0	29.0	9.0	14.7	1.4
Columbus	100.0	100.0	13.9	15.7	9.7	6.1	22.8	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Nassau-Suffolk	7.5	13.0	13.2	32.6	5.2	2.1	2.7
New York-White Plains-Wayne	3.0	10.3	10.5	21.0	13.5	8.2	2.4
Newark-Union	2.5	10.2	13.7	28.2	9.0	3.9	(³)
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	3.7	9.7	17.8	18.7	5.9	6.3	1.8
Philadelphia	(³)	8.3	13.3	30.0	8.3	4.6	(³)
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.4	9.9	12.9	24.4	9.4	8.5	4.9
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	3.2	10.6	16.0	21.9	5.4	2.6	3.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	6.6	8.8	12.3	12.6	13.6	4.7	1.1
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	(³)	5.9	12.7	22.0	5.2	11.0	(³)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	2.0	5.7	23.1	15.7	14.3	11.8	6.8
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.8	9.4	9.7	10.5	2.5	27.3	(³)
Cities:							
Austin city	(³)	10.7	8.6	35.5	2.9	(³)	6.9
Boston city	4.4	14.7	6.8	30.1	17.5	2.0	3.8
Charlotte city	(³)	6.6	1.5	7.9	34.4	17.7	(³)
Chicago city .....	.9	10.8	22.4	25.4	10.6	1.6	(³)
Columbus city	3.3	7.0	13.7	32.9	(³)	5.9	(³)
Dallas city	5.5	20.4	11.2	10.6	6.0	5.8	(³)
Denver County/city	(³)	6.7	13.7	21.0	21.5	(³)	(³)
Fort Worth city	6.9	10.4	(³)	17.8	(³)	21.2	(³)
Houston city	(³)	1.6	8.4	20.5	14.6	12.3	1.1
Jacksonville city	(³)	7.3	14.2	34.4	(³)	12.2	(³)
Las Vegas city	(³)	7.9	3.6	19.5	43.4	5.9	(³)
Los Angeles city	5.7	9.4	9.9	27.0	11.8	3.4	2.6
Milwaukee city	4.5	(³)	(³)	21.5	8.9	(³)	(³)
Minneapolis city	(³)	4.9	9.4	6.4	22.4	(³)	5.8
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	6.2	12.9	2.9	14.2	13.2	12.1	22.5
New York city	3.3	9.7	11.1	19.1	15.8	8.1	2.6
Oakland city	1.3	3.7	24.9	13.1	9.7	15.7	1.9
Oklahoma City city	(³)	(³)	8.5	18.8	23.5	9.3	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	(³)	4.3	9.0	30.8	5.6	8.6	(³)
Phoenix city	(³)	9.6	18.0	18.4	1.9	12.9	6.5
Portland city	6.3	16.3	9.8	33.6	(³)	(³)	8.0
Sacramento city	(³)	13.7	3.9	23.2	12.5	4.3	6.9
San Antonio city	(³)	(³)	9.3	24.3	8.9	33.4	(³)
San Diego city	3.1	11.8	14.4	23.4	12.1	5.9	7.3
San Francisco County/city	1.8	10.8	15.6	20.2	8.0	10.3	3.6
San Jose city	5.0	6.7	17.3	11.4	8.2	8.2	3.6
Seattle city	5.0	7.1	8.8	13.8	15.3	3.5	1.8
Washington city	3.0	3.1	34.4	13.1	13.3	7.1	20.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	1.8	3.3	10.9	5.6	11.5	5.4	1.1
Austin-Round Rock	1.8	5.5	8.6	18.2	11.4	6.3	5.6
Baltimore-Towson	2.5	7.6	9.4	10.5	19.4	7.4	5.8
Birmingham-Hoover	(³)	(³)	18.1	(³)	6.9	16.7	(³)
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy .....	.8	5.9	12.7	27.3	8.8	6.4	2.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	4.8	8.6	15.7	8.5	12.5	7.5	3.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	9.0	21.9	(³)	20.7	15.7	2.1	(³)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	(³)	1.9	4.8	4.9	15.9	5.2	(³)
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	1.2	5.8	13.5	9.9	14.2	4.1	1.8
Cincinnati-Middletown	(³)	8.9	6.1	13.8	5.8	5.8	(³)
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	(³)	6.4	.9	20.1	5.1	.5	4.6
Columbus	2.5	(³)	15.4	8.2	12.1	7.4	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.5	21.5	14.4	9.9	4.5	13.2	5.2
Dayton	100.0	100.0	20.9	9.8	2.5	7.3	7.2	6.6
Denver-Aurora	100.0	99.6	21.4	5.9	3.1	2.8	13.5	4.9
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	100.0	100.0	6.3	27.2	22.9	4.2	7.2	3.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	100.0	99.8	5.2	9.3	7.1	2.2	12.9	5.7
Honolulu	100.0	99.7	6.1	.3	(³)	.3	16.5	9.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	100.0	99.9	18.6	11.7	7.1	4.6	15.3	5.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	100.0	99.3	31.6	8.9	4.2	4.7	7.9	2.6
Jacksonville	100.0	100.0	30.8	3.1	3.1	(³)	18.4	9.5
Kansas City	100.0	100.0	15.7	12.9	8.3	4.6	10.9	4.1
Las Vegas-Paradise	100.0	100.0	23.1	3.7	1.9	1.8	11.6	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	100.0	99.9	10.2	15.9	7.9	8.0	14.8	5.8
Louisville-Jefferson County	100.0	100.0	19.4	24.1	24.1	(³)	6.5	(³)
Memphis	100.0	100.0	52.6	10.5	4.6	6.0	2.4	5.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	100.0	99.8	13.6	7.7	4.4	3.3	18.7	6.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	100.0	100.0	9.1	24.3	10.2	14.1	13.4	6.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	100.0	100.0	7.5	17.7	7.1	10.6	9.2	2.3
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	100.0	100.0	40.7	7.9	(³)	7.9	3.9	2.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	100.0	100.0	45.5	2.7	(³)	2.7	14.1	3.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	100.0	99.7	10.2	10.2	5.1	5.1	13.6	7.5
Oklahoma City	100.0	99.5	15.8	12.0	10.5	1.5	17.6	(³)
Orlando-Kissimmee	100.0	98.3	19.4	5.2	4.1	1.1	15.8	5.4
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	100.0	98.9	9.2	11.8	7.1	4.7	16.2	4.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	100.0	98.8	19.2	9.7	5.9	3.8	12.6	3.4
Pittsburgh	100.0	100.0	9.4	(³)	(³)	(³)	7.0	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	100.0	99.0	16.5	8.8	5.7	3.1	14.1	.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	100.0	99.5	5.8	24.4	15.1	9.3	13.3	3.4
Richmond	100.0	100.0	40.0	1.2	1.2	(³)	7.1	(³)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	100.0	98.5	16.9	13.1	7.6	5.5	15.5	7.3
Rochester	100.0	100.0	1.7	12.3	11.0	1.3	21.0	1.3
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	100.0	99.5	26.0	6.3	4.2	2.1	7.3	1.9
Salt Lake City	100.0	100.0	19.2	15.3	11.1	4.2	10.7	.7
San Antonio	100.0	99.4	12.1	9.3	6.2	3.0	16.4	5.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	100.0	99.0	9.2	9.1	6.8	2.3	19.0	3.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	100.0	99.8	18.6	8.0	4.7	3.3	10.9	3.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	100.0	98.8	12.6	8.0	7.9	.1	16.2	1.9
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	100.0	99.2	11.7	18.2	5.5	12.8	11.4	2.0
St. Louis ²	100.0	94.4	12.1	14.1	6.5	7.6	15.4	.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	100.0	98.9	14.8	8.5	4.7	3.8	17.6	4.7
Tulsa	100.0	100.0	11.8	12.4	12.4	(³)	5.2	3.8
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	100.0	99.0	21.4	5.6	5.6	(³)	14.8	4.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.2	32.6	3.5	1.6	2.0	11.2	2.3
Metropolitan divisions:								
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	100.0	98.4	14.0	4.2	2.0	2.2	13.4	4.0
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	100.0	99.7	13.6	5.2	(³)	5.2	8.1	3.5
Camden	100.0	100.0	4.1	11.5	5.1	6.4	7.9	15.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	100.0	100.0	9.5	20.6	13.4	7.2	13.7	5.6
Dallas-Plano-Irving	100.0	99.3	24.3	13.8	10.0	3.8	13.2	4.7
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	100.0	100.0	6.1	33.3	26.2	7.1	4.6	2.6
Edison-New Brunswick	100.0	97.8	10.4	17.0	10.3	6.8	12.0	8.5
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	100.0	100.0	14.6	9.2	5.4	3.8	18.0	3.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	100.0	99.9	15.0	15.6	9.6	6.1	13.3	6.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	100.0	99.9	9.8	16.7	7.9	8.9	14.7	6.1
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	100.0	99.9	10.8	7.4	4.4	3.0	20.1	8.4
Nassau-Suffolk	100.0	100.0	13.8	11.2	7.1	4.2	14.7	5.2
New York-White Plains-Wayne	100.0	99.9	9.5	8.7	3.8	4.8	13.6	7.3
Newark-Union	100.0	100.0	11.9	13.4	6.9	6.5	14.3	9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	1.9	4.0	9.1	7.3	16.2	5.6	1.0
Dayton	(³)	19.7	4.1	16.9	8.4	6.5	(³)
Denver-Aurora	4.3	5.9	13.6	8.9	11.2	6.4	3.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	5.5	7.5	12.4	9.4	12.4	3.5	5.5
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	1.1	9.3	13.7	15.6	16.7	8.0	2.3
Honolulu	4.1	7.0	12.2	14.6	12.2	6.5	10.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	1.5	5.2	8.9	11.7	11.7	6.1	1.9
Indianapolis-Carmel	(³)	1.4	15.5	4.8	22.7	.9	3.1
Jacksonville	(³)	5.7	12.7	5.5	7.1	4.7	2.5
Kansas City	2.2	2.6	8.0	10.5	23.1	5.3	4.7
Las Vegas-Paradise .....	.4	5.2	7.5	6.7	34.7	3.8	.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	1.9	5.5	9.9	14.3	12.2	7.2	2.1
Louisville-Jefferson County	(³)	(³)	(³)	6.1	38.0	3.6	2.4
Memphis	2.7	3.2	6.2	3.8	8.4	4.4	(³)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2.5	9.6	9.6	13.2	9.0	6.8	2.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	4.8	6.2	12.6	11.6	6.4	3.6	1.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington .....	.7	9.8	15.5	6.9	27.1	1.7	1.6
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin ..	(³)	(³)	5.3	10.4	27.3	1.8	.5
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	(³)	(³)	1.4	17.9	7.8	7.0	(³)
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	2.4	6.3	10.3	19.0	10.6	7.0	2.6
Oklahoma City	4.1	3.0	13.9	5.8	7.2	8.7	4.4
Orlando-Kissimmee	3.5	6.3	14.8	8.6	14.5	2.2	2.7
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	1.2	3.8	17.8	15.7	11.6	4.9	1.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	1.3	6.3	10.2	11.7	15.0	5.0	4.4
Pittsburgh	(³)	9.7	4.9	31.5	18.0	19.4	(³)
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	2.6	3.9	16.1	10.7	21.0	1.2	3.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick .....	.8	5.4	12.9	17.5	8.9	4.9	2.0
Richmond	(³)	4.4	15.1	7.2	18.0	2.5	4.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1.6	4.5	8.8	13.6	9.7	4.8	2.7
Rochester	5.1	4.0	7.9	34.2	6.3	6.3	(³)
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	4.4	5.8	13.1	8.8	14.7	5.9	5.4
Salt Lake City	2.9	7.5	12.8	12.0	15.1	1.9	1.9
San Antonio	1.5	9.0	8.9	19.1	10.1	4.5	3.5
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	2.0	5.6	12.9	14.4	13.8	6.8	2.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	1.5	6.4	13.2	12.3	16.6	6.0	2.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	2.0	7.1	16.3	14.8	11.3	5.8	2.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	2.2	2.1	13.0	13.0	14.0	5.7	5.8
St. Louis ²	10.6	9.3	17.3	4.4	4.5	3.0	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1.0	12.1	7.4	15.8	8.5	5.8	2.6
Tulsa	5.0	2.7	10.7	15.3	28.3	4.7	(³)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	4.6	1.0	13.7	12.8	13.7	4.2	2.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	1.1	3.6	14.9	8.0	11.8	6.7	3.3
Metropolitan divisions:							
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	1.8	4.5	18.4	10.5	11.0	14.1	2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy .....	.8	6.5	18.7	27.2	7.7	8.4	(³)
Camden	(³)	.9	16.1	14.1	22.6	2.3	4.5
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	1.4	6.0	13.4	10.1	13.6	4.4	1.8
Dallas-Plano-Irving	2.0	3.6	8.4	7.7	15.2	5.5	.9
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	8.2	8.3	11.2	1.6	16.4	3.1	4.7
Edison-New Brunswick	1.5	4.4	16.2	9.2	7.3	9.1	2.2
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	1.1	8.8	10.4	12.1	11.2	7.7	3.4
Fort Worth-Arlington	1.5	4.9	10.8	6.4	18.5	6.0	1.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	2.3	5.4	9.2	14.8	11.5	7.3	2.1
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	3.2	11.0	8.8	14.0	8.0	6.2	2.0
Nassau-Suffolk .....	.9	4.7	14.0	18.7	8.4	6.5	2.0
New York-White Plains-Wayne	2.9	7.2	8.2	21.1	11.2	7.3	3.0
Newark-Union	1.6	3.6	16.0	13.0	11.7	3.1	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan divisions:								
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	100.0	99.8	22.8	9.7	6.2	3.5	12.7	2.7
Philadelphia	100.0	98.8	9.0	12.2	9.2	3.0	19.2	1.0
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	100.0	99.8	11.2	5.0	2.1	2.9	7.8	4.6
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	100.0	99.9	11.6	12.5	8.3	4.2	15.4	4.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	100.0	99.0	13.3	19.8	5.5	14.3	9.8	.8
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	100.0	100.0	6.4	20.2	19.2	.9	10.2	3.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	100.0	99.4	37.2	3.4	1.4	1.9	10.6	1.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	100.0	99.4	26.6	6.8	2.5	4.3	13.0	4.8
Cities:								
Atlanta city	100.0	100.0	(³)	20.2	(³)	20.2	22.7	(³)
Austin city	100.0	100.0	23.5	7.8	5.0	2.8	11.2	2.2
Baltimore city	100.0	100.0	36.3	9.1	5.4	3.7	(³)	(³)
Boston city	100.0	100.0	4.6	1.4	(³)	1.4	9.2	(³)
Charlotte city	100.0	99.0	41.2	11.6	6.9	4.7	10.8	1.3
Chicago city	100.0	100.0	9.1	19.6	12.8	6.8	13.0	7.0
Cleveland city	100.0	100.0	3.2	59.7	52.1	7.6	5.2	(³)
Columbus city	100.0	100.0	21.0	22.9	11.7	11.2	7.5	3.6
Dallas city	100.0	98.4	27.2	12.2	8.5	3.7	16.4	3.9
Denver County/city	100.0	100.0	18.5	8.8	6.3	2.4	15.3	.8
Detroit city	100.0	100.0	10.0	49.2	34.1	15.1	3.8	(³)
Fort Worth city	100.0	99.6	9.9	10.4	9.4	1.0	12.5	7.0
Houston city	100.0	99.7	22.6	10.5	7.2	3.4	13.7	4.6
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	100.0	99.2	30.1	9.8	4.6	5.2	8.6	2.8
Jacksonville city	100.0	100.0	38.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	14.0	4.8
Kansas City city	100.0	100.0	11.8	27.1	15.0	12.0	4.4	7.4
Las Vegas city	100.0	100.0	22.4	5.0	2.4	2.6	10.5	.6
Los Angeles city	100.0	100.0	11.5	17.4	6.6	10.9	13.5	5.0
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	14.0	27.0	27.0	(³)	7.0	(³)
Memphis city	100.0	100.0	52.9	12.0	4.9	7.1	2.4	4.4
Miami city	100.0	99.4	27.9	1.7	1.7	(³)	13.0	5.8
Milwaukee city	100.0	100.0	10.4	26.9	11.9	15.1	14.2	2.6
Minneapolis city	100.0	100.0	5.0	13.5	11.9	1.6	2.1	3.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	100.0	100.0	49.3	3.2	(³)	3.2	2.0	2.8
New York city	100.0	100.0	8.8	6.4	2.4	4.0	14.1	7.2
Oakland city	100.0	99.1	26.3	4.7	.4	4.3	11.7	4.7
Oklahoma City city	100.0	100.0	17.7	12.6	10.8	1.9	21.7	(³)
Philadelphia County/city	100.0	100.0	12.8	16.1	14.1	2.1	18.1	2.1
Phoenix city	100.0	99.8	21.3	7.3	3.9	3.4	13.2	4.2
Portland city	100.0	100.0	20.8	15.1	8.6	6.5	11.5	(³)
Sacramento city	100.0	100.0	37.9	4.8	3.5	1.3	6.2	1.6
San Antonio city	100.0	99.7	11.4	9.3	5.7	3.5	15.8	5.1
San Diego city	100.0	99.1	10.6	7.6	6.1	1.5	21.4	1.5
San Francisco County/city	100.0	100.0	5.2	4.9	1.9	3.0	7.0	4.3
San Jose city	100.0	98.8	14.7	5.0	5.0	(³)	16.0	2.1
Seattle city	100.0	100.0	(³)	8.3	(³)	8.3	29.2	(³)
Tulsa city	100.0	100.0	14.4	15.0	15.0	(³)	3.9	4.6
Virginia Beach city	100.0	100.0	22.1	4.1	4.1	(³)	36.4	(³)
Washington city	100.0	100.0	17.0	.9	.1	.8	5.0	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2006 annual averages—Continued

Population group, area type, and title	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan divisions:							
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	1.0	4.8	14.6	11.8	11.3	5.9	2.5
Philadelphia	1.7	4.1	20.3	18.6	6.5	5.8	.2
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	2.4	9.2	10.8	13.2	25.9	6.2	3.7
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine .....	.5	6.0	12.9	12.1	14.9	6.7	2.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	2.6	2.3	13.3	12.5	13.2	6.3	5.0
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	2.5	6.7	13.8	18.3	7.9	3.9	6.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria .....	.9	3.4	14.1	7.4	12.0	4.9	3.6
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	1.3	4.1	12.9	10.8	10.4	8.5	.2
Cities:							
Atlanta city	20.3	18.8	(³)	(³)	(³)	18.0	(³)
Austin city	1.4	6.5	7.0	15.1	10.2	8.2	7.0
Baltimore city	(³)	2.9	16.8	7.1	21.0	6.8	(³)
Boston city	1.3	1.1	11.6	48.3	10.6	11.9	(³)
Charlotte city	(³)	1.7	4.8	6.1	17.7	3.8	(³)
Chicago city	1.8	6.7	13.0	12.4	11.5	4.5	1.4
Cleveland city	(³)	(³)	(³)	12.8	4.9	1.7	12.6
Columbus city	4.5	(³)	7.1	15.2	4.6	13.6	(³)
Dallas city	1.2	3.1	7.7	5.2	15.0	6.2	.5
Denver County/city	4.3	3.4	12.7	12.5	11.7	7.4	4.7
Detroit city	10.0	(³)	5.3	(³)	11.7	(³)	9.9
Fort Worth city	1.3	9.3	12.2	9.9	11.6	11.8	3.8
Houston city .....	.5	5.6	10.2	9.6	11.5	7.7	1.6
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	(³)	1.5	14.2	5.2	24.9	.9	1.1
Jacksonville city	(³)	9.2	12.5	9.7	3.9	7.4	(³)
Kansas City city	(³)	(³)	7.1	5.3	12.8	12.6	11.5
Las Vegas city .....	.9	3.3	7.9	5.5	37.3	5.5	1.1
Los Angeles city	2.2	4.8	9.7	12.5	13.8	8.4	1.3
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	(³)	7.0	42.0	4.0	(³)
Memphis city	3.2	1.3	7.3	3.3	8.4	4.7	(³)
Miami city	2.5	10.2	3.8	15.2	14.1	4.2	1.0
Milwaukee city	6.4	4.3	13.2	9.5	6.4	4.1	2.1
Minneapolis city	(³)	7.4	11.9	2.2	50.9	(³)	4.0
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	(³)	(³)	2.1	9.0	28.4	2.4	.7
New York city	2.7	7.7	8.6	22.9	11.5	7.3	2.8
Oakland city	(³)	3.1	21.2	13.1	5.8	8.2	.4
Oklahoma City city	2.1	3.5	14.0	7.2	6.4	10.2	.9
Philadelphia County/city	3.4	5.7	7.6	18.6	5.3	10.2	(³)
Phoenix city .....	.9	6.9	12.2	9.8	14.6	5.8	3.4
Portland city	(³)	5.5	6.5	11.8	20.9	.9	7.0
Sacramento city	2.5	5.5	14.6	12.9	5.9	5.2	2.8
San Antonio city	1.4	10.4	7.6	19.2	10.6	5.5	3.4
San Diego city	2.5	5.1	11.2	13.4	15.9	8.6	1.5
San Francisco County/city	3.1	9.2	8.0	11.5	38.7	5.4	2.8
San Jose city	3.3	7.3	16.0	14.3	11.4	7.0	1.7
Seattle city	4.1	(³)	28.2	7.6	10.7	(³)	11.9
Tulsa city	1.5	3.3	12.4	15.2	28.4	1.2	(³)
Virginia Beach city	(³)	2.7	(³)	16.3	7.5	10.9	(³)
Washington city	1.8	2.4	20.0	8.1	29.7	8.9	4.6

¹ Includes mining and agriculture and related industries, which are not shown separately

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. (See appendix C.)

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet the BLS publication standard of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. (See appendix B.)

Appendix A.

Concepts and Definitions for Data Derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing the labor force status include estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older, as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, employment, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and the revised estimates are incorporated into the Current Population Survey (CPS) labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment levels, but it generally does not affect percentages, such as unemployment rates, labor force participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to or after 2006 in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

The concepts and definitions underlying the labor force data in this bulletin are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. This category comprises all persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. These are all persons who, during the reference week, (a) worked for least 1 hour as paid employees in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of a labor-management dispute, job training, vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. Those in this category are all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work—except for temporary illness—and made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they

had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This categorization represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons who were laid off, the duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. People are divided into five major groups on the basis of their reason for unemployment: (1) *job losers*, comprising (a) persons on *temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *job leavers*, who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *persons who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after their temporary jobs ended; (4) *reentrants*, who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *new entrants*, who have never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described in the first column.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the labor force.

Participation rate. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This measure represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Married, spouse present; and family. “Married, spouse present,” applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even if one is temporarily absent on business, on vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is defined as one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married with the spouse absent.

Occupation and industry. This information regarding the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified as being in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupation and industry classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in Census 2000.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 or more hours a week on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week, with all of the hours credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes called “involuntary part time,” this category refers to individuals who give an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must indicate that they want and are

available to work full time in order to be classified as at work part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Some examples of noneconomic reasons are illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who give an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but say they do not want to work full time or are unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons “at work” exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and are therefore classified into the zero-hours-worked category, “with a job but not at work.” These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire reference week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually work 35 or more hours (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This group may include some individuals who actually worked at least 35 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, Black or African American, Asian, and “other.” These terms describe the race of persons. Included in the “other” group are persons classified as American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN), as Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander (NHPI), as some other race (SOR), and within two or more race categories. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for “other” races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This term refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity or descent. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race; thus, they are included in the White, Black or African American, and Asian population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey, conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, provides comprehensive data on the labor force, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 eligible households. This sample, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population, includes about 10,000 households beyond the 50,000 in the regular CPS sample in order to meet the requirements of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) legislation. The SCHIP legislation required the Census Bureau to improve State estimates of the number of children who live in low-income families and lack health insurance. These estimates are obtained from the Annual Demographic Supplement to the CPS. In September 2000, the Census Bureau began expanding the monthly CPS sample in 31 States and the District of Columbia because of the SCHIP legislation.

Selected respondents in the 60,000 eligible households are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and older. The information that is collected pertains to a "reference week," usually the calendar week (Sunday to Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month, with actual interviewing occurring during the week following the reference week—known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2006 sample encompasses 824 sample areas, with coverage of every State and the District of Columbia. It is based, to a large extent, on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the Census 2000 enumeration. (A redesigned Census 2000-based sample was phased in from April 2004 through July 2005.) The 824 areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,025 primary sampling units (PSUs). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,025 PSUs are grouped into strata within each State. Those PSUs which are in a stratum by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of Blacks and Hispanics, and distributions by occupation and industry and by age and sex. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. One PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportional to the relative population size of the PSU.

In States with a SCHIP sample, the self-representing PSUs are the same for both the regular CPS and SCHIP. In most States, the same non-self-representing sample PSUs are in the sample for both the regular CPS and SCHIP; however, to improve the reliability of the SCHIP estimates in Maine, Maryland, and Nevada, the SCHIP non-self-representing PSUs are selected independently of the regular CPS sample PSUs, with replacement. The method for stratification of PSUs for SCHIP in these States is similar to that of the other stratifications, except that the stratification variable used is the number of people under age 18 with household income below twice the poverty level.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of the unit's census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected through the use of the population size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample for the next 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Methods of estimation

Under the methods of estimation used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each respondent by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined next), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed averages about 7 percent to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of the population characteristics. This is accomplished through four stages of adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio adjustment.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to the variance of the sample State-level estimates arising from the sampling of PSUs. (There would still be variance associated with the State-level estimates even if the survey included all households in every sample PSU.) This kind of variance is called between-PSU variance. For some States, the between-PSU variance makes up a relatively large proportion of the total variance, whereas the relative contribution of the between-PSU variance at the national level is generally quite small. There are several factors to be considered in determining what information to use in applying the first-stage adjustment: the information must be available for each PSU, be correlated with as many of the relevant statistics from the CPS as possible, and be reasonably stable over time so that the gain achieved from

the ratio adjustment procedure does not deteriorate. The basic labor force categories (unemployed, nonagricultural employed, etc.) could be used; however, this information probably would fail the stability criterion. The distribution of the population by race (Black alone and non-Black alone) and by age groups 0–15 years old and 16 years and older satisfies all three criteria, including stability.

Use of the categories of Black alone and non-Black alone compensates for the fact that the racial composition of a non-self-representing (NSR) sample PSU could differ substantially from the racial composition of the stratum it is representing. This adjustment is not necessary for self-representing (SR) PSUs, because they represent only themselves. Adjustment factors are computed for the two race categories for each State containing NSR PSUs. The Black-alone and non-Black-alone cells are collapsed within a State when a cell meets any one of four sampling criteria.¹ As a result of these criteria, the first-stage ratio adjustment actually is used (that is, does not collapse to 1.0) in less than half of the States.

b. *National coverage adjustment.* A national coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the national coverage adjustment is to correct for interactions between race and ethnicity that are not addressed in the second-stage weighting. (See item “d” on the next page.) Research has shown that the undercoverage of certain race-ethnicity combinations (for example, non-Black Hispanic) cannot be corrected with second-stage adjustment alone. The national coverage adjustment also helps to speed the convergence of the second-stage adjustment, resulting in fewer iterations required to reach the final national controls. The national coverage adjustment factors are based on independently derived estimates of the population. Person records are grouped into four pairs on the basis of their month-in-sample (MIS). MISs 1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8 form the four pairs. Each MIS pair is then adjusted to age-sex-race-ethnicity population controls. Between 2 and 28 age cells are used, depending on which of the six major coverage groups (Black alone non-Hispanic, White alone non-Hispanic, White alone Hispanic, non-White alone Hispanic, Asian alone non-Hispanic, or residual race non-Hispanic) is being adjusted.

c. *State coverage adjustment.* In addition to a national coverage adjustment, a State coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the State coverage adjustment is to adjust for State differences in sex-age-race coverage. Research

¹ The four sampling criteria are (1) that the adjustment factor be greater than 1.3; (2) that the adjustment factor be less than 1/1.3 (or 0.769230 in decimal form); (3) that there be fewer than four NSR sample PSUs in the State; and (4) that there be fewer than 10 expected interviews in an age-race cell in the State.

has shown that estimates of characteristics of certain race groups (for example, Blacks) can differ greatly from the controls if a State coverage adjustment is not used. However, unlike the national coverage adjustment, the State coverage adjustment slows the convergence of the second-stage ratio adjustment process. The State coverage adjustment is based on independently derived estimates of the population. Except for the District of Columbia, person records for non-Black alone are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS)—with the same MIS pairings (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8) used as in the national coverage adjustment. Person records for Black alone for all States and non-Black alone for the District of Columbia are formed at the State level, with all months in the sample combined. For the Black-alone component of the adjustment, States are adjusted with the use of a varying number of age-sex-race cells based on the expected number of sample records in each age-sex cell. For example, for non-Black alone, all States except the District of Columbia are adjusted for three age groupings (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older) by sex. Each cell is adjusted to independent age-sex-race population controls in each State.

d. *Second-stage ratio adjustment.* The second-stage ratio adjustment is performed to decrease the variance of the vast majority of the CPS sample estimates. Because the labor force status of individuals in the general population is correlated with their specific geographic and demographic identification (for example, teenagers and unemployment, or rural married women and labor force participation), the variance of the labor force estimates can be reduced by controlling the CPS sample estimates to independent estimates of selected geographic and demographic population categories. The procedure also is believed to reduce the bias due to coverage errors. The procedure adjusts the weights for the sample to estimates within each month-in-sample pair to control the sample estimates for a number of geographic and demographic subgroups of the population in order to ensure that these sample-based estimates of the population match independent population controls for each of the categories. These independent population controls are updated each month. Three sets of controls are used: (1) the civilian noninstitutional population for the 50 States and the District of Columbia by sex and age (0–15, 16–44, and 45 and older); (2) the national civilian noninstitutional population for 36 Hispanic and 36 non-Hispanic age-sex categories; and (3) the total national civilian noninstitutional population for 56 White, 36 Black, and 26 residual race-age-sex categories.

The adjustment is done separately for each month-in-sample pair (1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8). Because adjusting the weights to match one set of controls can cause differences in other controls, an iterative process is used to simultaneously control all variables. Successive iterations begin with the weights as adjusted by all previous iterations. Ten iterations are performed, which

results in (virtual) consistency between the sample estimates and the population controls.

The independent population controls used for the CPS are produced by the Census Bureau's Population Division. The CPS population controls are based on a demographic framework of population accounting. Under this framework, time series of population estimates and projections are anchored by the latest decennial census enumerations, with populations for dates since the latest decennial census derived from the estimation, or projection, of population change. In the simplest terms, estimates of population change are derived by adjusting the resident population as enumerated in the latest decennial census for births, deaths, and net migration, using information from a variety of data sources. Estimates of the resident population are adjusted to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older (the eligible CPS population) by subtracting estimates of the number of residents under 16 years of age, the number of residents in the Armed Forces, and the number of residents who are institutionalized.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a further reduction in sampling error—that is, a reduction beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Effective with the release of January 1998 data, a new composite estimation method was implemented for the CPS. The new technique provides increased operational simplicity for microdata users and allows optimization of compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. Under the new procedure, weights are derived for each record. These weights, when aggregated, produce estimates consistent with those produced by the composite estimator. Under the previous procedure, composite estimation was performed at the macrolevel. The composite estimator for each tabulated cell was a function of the aggregated weights for respondents contributing to the cell in question in current and previous months. The different months of data were combined by the use of compositing coefficients. Thus, microdata users needed several months of data to compute composite estimates. To ensure consistency, the same coefficients had to be used for all estimates. The values of the coefficients selected were much closer to optimal for

unemployment values than for employment or labor force values.

The new composite weighting method involves two steps: (1) the computation of composite estimates for the main labor force categories, classified by important demographic characteristics, and (2) the adjustment of the microdata weights, through a series of ratio adjustments, to agree with these composite estimates, thus incorporating the effect of composite estimation into the microdata weights. Under this procedure, the sum of the composite weights of all sample persons in a particular labor force category equals the composite estimate of the level for that category. Thus, to produce a composite estimate for a particular month, a data user needs simply to access the microdata file for that (single) month and compute a weighted sum. The new composite weighting approach also improves the accuracy of labor force estimates by using different compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. The weighting adjustment method ensures additivity while allowing variation in the compositing coefficients.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures that are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and nonsampling error. Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability—that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals—ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions by use of the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate

would include the average result of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: an expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8.0 percent annually. This is calculated under the assumption of a 6.0-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's sample design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher is the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum levels for the labor force and for employment and unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined “critical cell” must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the census regions and divisions; in the States and the District of Columbia; and in the metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population—that is, the number of employed and unemployed—publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data—labor force,

employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate—are suppressed. In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the size of the base of the distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the table showing percent distribution of unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the minimum base for unemployment. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as a given sex or race), data for the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for the reason in question does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Appendix tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.645 standard errors) for the major employment status characteristics. The sampling errors provided are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided next. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in Virginia will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, for a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in Virginia has an absolute sampling error of 15,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 15 percent (15,000/100,000). Thus, a statement that unemployment for a particular group is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 85,000 and 115,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

The latter statement can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples, make an estimate based on each sample (using the same methods and techniques), and construct an interval around each estimate (with the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of the intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

To convert a sampling error from the 90-percent confidence level, as displayed in the tables, to the 68-percent confidence level (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90-percent to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors), multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence is 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 × 0.63). At 95-

percent confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 × 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by a redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as the one that occurred in 1994.)

As noted before, differences can take two general forms: (1) differences between population groups and/or geographic areas, and (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated with the following formula, noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed later:

$$SE_d = [(SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C \times (SE_1 \times SE_2)]^{1/2},$$

where

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference,

SE_1 = the sampling error of one group or year,

SE_2 = the sampling error of another group or year,

and

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The values of SE_1 and SE_2 can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or C term, for employment and unemployment for differences between *consecutive* years, are as follows: for labor force or employment levels, $C = 0.58$; for unemployment levels or rates, $C = 0.37$. It is important to note that these C terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the *same geographic area and population group*.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. In calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a C term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is that (1) if the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, then the C term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, and (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error

computed without a C term will be overstated. An overstatement could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a characteristic such as employment (people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a C term to calculate the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The next example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error of a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between an unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 23,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 18,000. Using the formula described previously without the C term produces the following results:

$$\begin{aligned} SE_1 &= 23; SE_2 = 18 \\ SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 &= 853 \\ SE_d &= (SE_1^2 + SE_2^2)^{1/2} \approx 29 \end{aligned}$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the unemployment estimates for California and New York, and a C term of zero can be assumed. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 14, and 27. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range (or subtracting the lower bound of the range from the estimated unemployment rate), the sampling error for the rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the formula given previously for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for any other purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for the 2006 total unemployment level for women in Ohio, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment-level estimate of 175,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \{[(A - G) / (F - G)] \times (X - Y)\} + Y$$

where

- SE = the sampling error for the estimated value,
- A = the estimated value (175,000),
- F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value,
- G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value,
- X = the sampling error of F (18,000), and
- Y = the sampling error of G (13,000).

Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} SE &= \{[(175 - 100) / (200 - 100)] \times (18 - 13)\} + 13 \\ &= (0.75 \times 5) + 13 \\ &= 3.75 + 13 \\ &\approx 17 \end{aligned}$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the F term becomes the highest value in the table and the G term becomes the next-highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed with a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of the error rather than a precise error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6392.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race or ethnic group whose data are published. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for Whites (and the total of all race and ethnic groups) than it is for Blacks or Hispanics.

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Census regions and divisions:		
Northeast	9	47
New England	6	32
Middle Atlantic	10	52
Midwest	10	42
East North Central	11	43
West North Central	7	35
South	11	50
South Atlantic	10	53
East South Central	12	40
West South Central	13	52
West	7	46
Mountain	8	39
Pacific	7	48
States:		
Alabama	10	52
Alaska	2	3
Arizona	11	57
Arkansas	5	28
California	9	65
Colorado	8	33
Connecticut	5	23
Delaware	1	10
District of Columbia	1	4
Florida	12	73
Georgia	10	70
Hawaii	2	19
Idaho	3	21
Illinois	9	51
Indiana	10	44
Iowa	4	31
Kansas	5	25
Kentucky	11	29
Louisiana	10	53
Maine	2	10
Maryland	6	46
Massachusetts	9	40
Michigan	10	31
Minnesota	8	45
Mississippi	8	23
Missouri	12	42
Montana	2	14
Nebraska	2	24
Nevada	3	20
New Hampshire	1	12

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
States:		
New Jersey	7	42
New Mexico	4	23
New York	11	49
North Carolina	11	57
North Dakota	2	9
Ohio	13	42
Oklahoma	8	48
Oregon	5	26
Pennsylvania	7	50
Rhode Island	1	6
South Carolina	7	27
South Dakota	1	10
Tennessee	12	49
Texas	15	56
Utah	5	38
Vermont	1	6
Virginia	16	99
Washington	7	47
West Virginia	5	14
Wisconsin	9	41
Wyoming	1	7
Metropolitan areas:		
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	7	52
Austin-Round Rock	12	64
Baltimore-Towson	5	32
Birmingham-Hoover	9	54
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	10	41
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	4	23
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	12	42
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	7	37
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	8	49
Cincinnati-Middletown	10	45
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	11	46
Columbus	10	40
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	12	49
Dayton	12	31
Denver-Aurora	6	30
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	10	31
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	4	19
Honolulu	2	20
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	13	35
Indianapolis-Carmel	10	48
Jacksonville	10	77
Kansas City	6	28
Las Vegas-Paradise	3	21
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	7	59
Louisville-Jefferson County	7	27

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan areas:		
Memphis	9	38
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	11	67
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	9	28
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	6	30
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	8	53
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	8	53
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	11	55
Oklahoma City	6	41
Orlando-Kissimmee	10	71
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	7	49
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	10	69
Pittsburgh	8	54
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	4	34
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	3	13
Richmond	9	46
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	8	47
Rochester	11	35
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	7	54
Salt Lake City	4	34
San Antonio	13	45
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	7	65
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	7	55
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	7	54
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	5	51
St. Louis	8	36
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	11	66
Tulsa	6	50
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	9	73
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	6	50
Metropolitan divisions:		
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	4	44
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	11	44
Camden	8	54
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	8	53
Dallas-Plano-Irving	11	46
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	11	24
Edison-New Brunswick	8	65
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	10	66
Fort Worth-Arlington	12	56
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	7	54
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	11	72
Nassau-Suffolk	12	94
New York-White Plains-Wayne	12	48
Newark-Union	8	50
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	7	48
Philadelphia	8	51
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	7	68
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	7	77

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city data, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division; State; and metropolitan area, metropolitan division, and city	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan divisions:		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	5	53
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	9	38
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	6	52
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	12	59
Cities:		
Atlanta city	8	36
Austin city	11	58
Baltimore city	6	21
Boston city	11	36
Charlotte city	7	41
Chicago city	10	31
Cleveland city	15	21
Columbus city	10	31
Dallas city	12	40
Denver County/city	6	20
Detroit city	13	11
Fort Worth city	12	52
Houston city	14	24
Indianapolis (consolidated) city	10	30
Jacksonville city	10	80
Kansas City city	8	27
Las Vegas city	3	26
Los Angeles city	7	42
Louisville-Jefferson County (consolidated) city	12	33
Memphis city	10	26
Miami city	13	76
Milwaukee city	9	15
Minneapolis city	5	16
Nashville-Davidson (consolidated) city	8	46
New Orleans city	11	24
New York city	13	48
Oakland city	7	28
Oklahoma City city	7	31
Philadelphia County/city	9	39
Phoenix city	10	64
Portland city	4	31
Sacramento city	7	33
San Antonio city	12	43
San Diego city	7	71
San Francisco County/city	7	70
San Jose city	7	43
Seattle city	5	32
St. Louis city	9	16
Tulsa city	6	52
Virginia Beach city	8	83
Washington city	1	4

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by census region and division, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	6	8	9	13	19	27	30	38	53	59	72	83
New England	5	7	8	11	16	22	25	32	44	48	58	65
Middle Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	40	56	62	75	86
Midwest	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	56	63	77	88
East North Central	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	60	66	81	93
West North Central	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	34	47	52	63	71
South	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	60	67	81	94
South Atlantic	6	9	10	14	20	29	32	40	57	63	77	88
East South Central	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	59	65	78	88
West South Central	7	10	11	16	23	32	36	45	63	70	85	97
West	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	48	54	66	76
Mountain	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	36	50	55	66	75
Pacific	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	34	47	53	64	73
	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	92	126	149	166	178	187	196	194	—	—	—	—
New England	71	85	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	95	129	151	165	173	177	—	—	—	—	—	—
Midwest	98	135	161	180	195	207	222	227	224	—	—	—
East North Central	103	140	164	181	192	199	200	—	—	—	—	—
West North Central	78	99	106	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	104	145	175	198	218	235	261	280	293	301	304	—
South Atlantic	98	134	159	178	191	201	211	210	—	—	—	—
East South Central	97	120	124	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	108	143	164	176	180	176	—	—	—	—	—	—
West	84	116	138	155	168	178	191	197	195	—	—	—
Mountain	82	105	113	108	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	81	111	130	144	153	159	161	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by census region and division, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
New England	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
Midwest	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
East North Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
West North Central	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
South	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
East South Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
West	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	15
Pacific	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	20	25	30	35	39	—	—	—
New England	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	21	26	32	37	—	—	—	—
Midwest	20	25	30	35	39	47	—	—
East North Central	21	26	32	37	41	—	—	—
West North Central	16	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	20	25	31	36	40	49	56	—
South Atlantic	20	25	30	35	39	—	—	—
East South Central	19	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	21	27	32	—	—	—	—	—
West	19	24	30	34	38	47	—	—
Mountain	16	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	20	25	31	36	40	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	43	48
Alaska	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	10	11	-	-	-
Arizona	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	48	54
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	24	28	30
California	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	38	47	53
Colorado	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	43	48
Connecticut	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	22	27	31	34
Delaware	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	9	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	51	59
Georgia	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	49	55
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	12	12	-
Idaho	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	15	16	18	19	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	44	51
Indiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	31	38	45	51
Iowa	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	17	19	23	27	29
Kansas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	29	32
Kentucky	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	30	38	44	49
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	13	19	26	29	36	42	47
Maine	1	2	3	4	4	6	9	11	12	14	14	-
Maryland	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	25	32	38	42
Massachusetts	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	50
Michigan	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	54
Minnesota	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	36	43	48
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	34	37
Missouri	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	34	42	50	56
Montana	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	12	13	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	13	14	16	18	18
Nevada	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16	18	21	24	26
New Hampshire	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	13	13	-
New Jersey	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	26	32	39	44
New Mexico	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	18	22	24	25
New York	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	33	41	50	58
North Carolina	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	41	49	56
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	9	9	-	-	-
Ohio	3	5	7	10	11	16	23	32	36	45	54	62
Oklahoma	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	23	26	32	37	41
Oregon	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	31	34
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	1	2	3	3	5	6	8	9	10	-	-
South Carolina	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	25	31	36	40
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	5	7	9	10	9	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	41	49	55
Texas	3	6	8	11	12	17	25	35	39	49	59	68
Utah	2	3	5	7	7	10	14	20	22	26	30	31
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	7	-	-	-
Virginia	4	6	8	12	13	18	26	36	40	50	61	69
Washington	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	33	40	45
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	17	19	22	24	-
Wisconsin	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	38	45	51
Wyoming	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	6	-	-	-

See note at end of table.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2006 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	52	57	57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	58	66	70	71	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	60	72	83	92	123	142	153	158	158
Colorado	52	58	58	54	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	36	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	65	79	89	97	122	128	—	—	—
Georgia	61	71	78	83	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	56	67	75	81	93	—	—	—	—
Indiana	56	64	68	69	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	31	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	53	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	50	54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	46	52	54	54	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	55	63	67	69	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	59	70	78	83	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	52	58	60	58	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	61	69	73	73	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	48	57	62	66	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	64	77	87	96	121	128	—	—	—
North Carolina	61	71	78	83	—	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	68	81	90	97	107	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	43	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	36	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	51	61	68	73	84	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	43	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	60	68	72	73	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	76	91	104	114	147	160	160	—	—
Utah	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	75	87	95	99	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	49	56	59	60	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	55	63	66	65	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State, 2006 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	5	6	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21	23	29	36	41	-
Colorado	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Georgia	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	4	4	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	2	3	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	25	-	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	3	4	5	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	28	-	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: Dash indicates that data are not available.

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Tables C-2 and C-3 provide the geographic boundary definitions of the metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions, respectively, for which data are published in section III. The information for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions reflects the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 6, 2003.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, Missouri. That change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 2003 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions

The general concept of a metropolitan area is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that core.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on December 27, 2000. The definitions and a complete listing of the areas were first published on June 6, 2003, in OMB Bulletin No. 03-04. Area titles appearing in this publication reflect updates per OMB Bulletin No. 09-01, *Update of Statistical Area Definitions and Guidance on Their Uses*, dated November 20, 2008.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area* consists of at least one urbanized area that has a population of at least 50,000. The Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the central county or counties containing the urbanized core area, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties, as measured through commuting ties.

A *Metropolitan Division* is essentially a separately identifiable employment center within a very large Metropolitan Statistical Area (one with a core population of 2.5 million or more). The Metropolitan Division consists of one or more main or secondary counties that represent an employment center, plus adjacent counties associated with the main or secondary county or counties through the strongest commuting ties.

The data published in section III reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than the county-based Metropolitan Statistical Area and Metropolitan Division definitions, in the six New England States. In previous decades, the statistical areas that OMB defined for the New England States were city and town based, with county-based areas specified as an alternative for users seeking a comparable geographic basis. For the current definitions, all Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Metropolitan Divisions are county based, with NECTAs serving as an equivalent alternative for the New England States.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central ...	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas

State and area	Definition
Alabama	
Birmingham-Hoover	Bibb, Blount, Chilton, Jefferson, St. Clair, Shelby, and Walker Counties
Arizona	
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	Los Angeles and Orange Counties
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	San Diego County
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	San Benito and Santa Clara Counties
Colorado	
Denver-Aurora	Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Clear Creek, Denver, Douglas, Elbert, Gilpin, Jefferson, and Park Counties
Connecticut	
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	Bridgeport, Norwalk, Shelton, and Stamford cities, and Darien, Easton, Fairfield, Greenwich, Monroe, New Canaan, Newtown, Redding, Ridgefield, Stratford, Trumbull, Weston, Westport, and Wilton towns in Fairfield County; Ansonia, Derby, and Milford cities, and Oxford, Seymour, Southbury, and Woodbridge towns in New Haven County
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities, and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Hartland, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, West Hartford, Wethersfield, and Windsor towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Thomaston towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city, and Cromwell, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Stafford, Tolland, Union, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; Ashford town in Windham County
District of Columbia	
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida	
Jacksonville	Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. Johns Counties
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties
Orlando-Kissimmee	Lake, Orange, Osceola, and Seminole Counties
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia	
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	Barrow, Bartow, Butts, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, Dawson, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Haralson, Heard, Henry, Jasper, Lamar, Meriwether, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Pike, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Hawaii	
Honolulu	Honolulu County
Illinois	
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, IL; Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter Counties, IN; Kenosha County, WI

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Indiana	
Indianapolis-Carmel	Boone, Brown, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Marion, Morgan, Putnam, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky	
Louisville-Jefferson County	Bullitt, Henry, Jefferson, Meade, Nelson, Oldham, Shelby, Spencer, and Trimble Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Washington Counties, IN
Louisiana	
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes
Maryland	
Baltimore-Towson	Baltimore city, and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	Taunton city, and Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham towns in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lynn, Methuen, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities, and Amesbury, Andover, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, North Andover, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, and West Newbury towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Lowell, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Avon, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Brockton city, and Abington, Bridgewater, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marshfield, Middleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, West Bridgewater, and Whitman towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; Nashua city, and Amherst, Brookline, Greenfield, Greenville, Hollis, Hudson, Litchfield, Merrimack, Milford, Mont Vernon, Pelham, and Wilton towns in Hillsborough County; Atkinson, Brentwood, Chester, Danville, Derry, East Kingston, Epping, Exeter, Fremont, Hampstead, Hampton Falls, Kensington, Kingston, Londonderry, Newfields, Newton, Plaistow, Raymond, Salem, Sandown, Seabrook, South Hampton, and Windham towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan	
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota	
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Missouri	
Kansas City	Bates, Caldwell, Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO; Franklin, Johnson, Leavenworth, Linn, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS
St. Louis ¹	St. Louis city, and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, Warren, and Washington Counties, MO; Bond, Calhoun, Clinton, Jersey, Macoupin, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL
Nevada	
Las Vegas-Paradise	Clark County
New York	
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	Erie and Niagara Counties
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	Bronx, Kings, Nassau, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Rochester	Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	Anson, Cabarrus, Gaston, Mecklenburg, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC
Ohio	
Cincinnati-Middletown	Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio Counties, IN
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Medina Counties
Columbus	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Morrow, Pickaway, and Union Counties
Dayton	Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble Counties
Oklahoma	
Oklahoma City	Canadian, Cleveland, Grady, Lincoln, Logan, McClain, and Oklahoma Counties
Tulsa	Creek, Okmulgee, Osage, Pawnee, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner Counties
Oregon	
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark and Skamania Counties, WA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; New Castle County, DE; Cecil County, MD
Pittsburgh	Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island	
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County; Warwick city, and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County; Newport city, and Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown, Portsmouth, and Tiverton towns in Newport County; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Gloucester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield town in Providence County; Charlestown, Exeter, Hopkinton, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown in Washington County, RI; Attleboro and Fall River cities, and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County; Bellingham and Plainville towns in Norfolk County; Blackstone and Millville towns in Worcester County, MA

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan areas—Continued

State and area	Definition
Tennessee	
Memphis	Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN; DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, and Tunica Counties, MS; Crittenden County, AR
Nashville-Davidson–Murfreesboro–Franklin	Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, and Wilson Counties
Texas	
Austin-Round Rock	Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, San Jacinto, and Waller Counties
San Antonio	Atascosa, Bandera, Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Kendall, Medina, and Wilson Counties
Utah	
Salt Lake City	Salt Lake, Summit, and Tooele Counties
Virginia	
Richmond	Colonial Heights, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond cities, and Amelia, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Cumberland, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, King William, Louisa, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George, and Sussex Counties
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities, and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, Surry, and York Counties, VA; Currituck County, NC
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	King, Pierce, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin	
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties

¹ This is not the official definition of the St. Louis area. Excluded is the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
California	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	Los Angeles County
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	Orange County
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
District of Columbia	
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville	Frederick and Montgomery Counties, MD
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	District of Columbia; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Calvert, Charles, and Prince George's Counties, MD; Jefferson County, WV
Florida	
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach	
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	Broward County
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	Miami-Dade County
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	Palm Beach County
Illinois	
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, McHenry, and Will Counties
Massachusetts	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	Mansfield town in Bristol County; Beverly, Gloucester, and Newburyport cities, and Andover, Boxford, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Middleton, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Saugus, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Groton, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County; Franklin and Quincy cities, and Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, and Scituate towns in Plymouth County; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities, and Winthrop town in Suffolk County; Bolton and Harvard towns in Worcester County
Michigan	
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	Wayne County
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Oakland, and St. Clair Counties

Table C-3. Geographic boundaries of selected metropolitan divisions—Continued

State, metropolitan area, and metropolitan division	Definition
New York	
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	
Edison-New Brunswick	Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean, and Somerset Counties, NJ
Nassau-Suffolk	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York-White Plains-Wayne	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties, NY; Bergen, Hudson, and Passaic Counties, NJ
Newark-Union	Essex, Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex, and Union Counties, NJ; Pike County, PA
Pennsylvania	
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	
Camden	Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties, NJ
Philadelphia	Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties
Texas	
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	
Dallas-Plano-Irving	Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Kaufman, and Rockwall Counties
Fort Worth-Arlington	Johnson, Parker, Tarrant, and Wise Counties
Washington	
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	King and Snohomish Counties