## **SECTION 2.2**

## Part of

Body

Affected

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## 2.2.1 Part of Body Affected—Definition, Rules of Selection

## 2.0 **DEFINITION**

The part of body affected identifies the part of the body directly affected by the previously identified nature of injury or illness.

## **RULES OF SELECTION:**

- 2.1 When the previously named injury or illness involves a single part, choose that part. *Example: For fractured jaw, choose Jaw, chin.*
- 2.2 **Traumatic injuries and disorders** including internal burns are generally coded to the external part or location, including specific locations for the mouth and back. *Example: For lumbar sprain, choose Lumbar region of the back.* Exceptions are noted below.
  - 2.2.1 When *Intracranial injury* is identified, choose **Brain**.
  - 2.2.2 When the injury or illness affects an entire body system, rather than a particular part, name **Body systems**. *Example: For hypothermia, choose Body systems.*
- 2.3 Internal body parts should be named when a disease, disorder, or condition originated at, or is limited to, that internal part. *Example: For hepatitis, choose Liver*.
  - 2.3.1 When the illness is cancer, choose the classification code for the original site of cancer. *Example: For lung cancer, choose Lung(s)*.
- 2.4 When the injury is an amputation, choose the classification code that represents the nearest part of body lost. *Example: For amputation at knee, choose Lower leg(s)*.
- 2.5 When the previously named injury or illness involves two or more parts within the same division, select the multiple classification code that includes those parts. *Example: If lower leg, foot, and ankle are burned, choose Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.*
- 2.6 When the previously named injury or illness involves parts from two or more divisions, select a code in **Multiple body parts**. *Example: For injuries to arms and knees, choose* **Upper and lower limb(s).** When the nature of injury is burns and smoke inhalation, select part of body code 899, **Multiple body parts, n.e.c.**

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## 2.2.2 Part of Body Affected—Titles and Descriptions

The Part of Body Affected code structure is arranged in order from the top of the body (Division 1, Head) to the bottom of the body (Division 5, Lower Extremities). Division 6 classifies body systems. Division 8 classifies multiple body parts from two or more divisions. Division 9 classifies Prosthetic and orthopedic devices and any human parts of the body which are not classified or listed under any of the other divisions.

The Part of Body Affected divisions are arranged as follows:

<b>DIVISION</b>	<u>TITLE</u>
1	Head
2	Neck, Including Throat
3	Trunk
4	Upper Extremities
5	Lower Extremities
6	Body Systems
8	Multiple Body Parts
9	Other Body Parts
9999	Nonclassifiable

#### 1\* HEAD

This division classifies the uppermost parts of the body. This region consists of the skull, its contents, and related external structures.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation—decapitation, select Head, n.e.c., code 19.

#### 10 Head, unspecified

This code is typically used for gunshot wounds to the head when a more specific location, such as face, is not available.

#### 11\* Cranial region, including skull

This major group classifies the region that is bordered by the face in front and the neck below.

Select code 111 when concussion or other intracranial injury is named as the nature of the injury. This code is also used for migraines. It should not be used for gunshot wounds; instead, code the external body part where the gunshot entered the body (such as scalp or cheek). Select code 113 when a nonfatal skull fracture is the nature of injury.

*Includes:* brain and brain stem (111), hair and scalp (112), occipital, parietal, and temporal bones (113), skin of the head (112), subcutaneous connective tissue, cartilage, and muscles of the cranial region (119)

- 110 Cranial region, unspecified
- 111 Brain
- 112 Scalp
- 113 Skull
- **118** Multiple cranial region locations
- 119 Cranial region, n.e.c.

#### **12 Ear(s)**

This major group classifies the sense or receptor organs located on either side of the head. The code can be used when either one or both ears are affected.

*Includes:* anvil, auditory nerve, auricle or pinna (or outer ear), cochlea, concha, eardrum, earlobe, eustachian tube, hammer, helix, lobule, middle ear or tympanic cavity, outer ear canal, scapha, semicircular canals, stirrup (stapes), tragus

## 13\* Face

This major group classifies the anterior or frontal portion of the head, which is bounded by the cranial region to the top and back (hairline) and by the neck below.

*Includes:* bony structures, cartilage, muscle, skin, subcutaneous tissue, underside of the jaw, chin, veins and arteries of the face

130 Face, unspecified

## 131 Forehead

*Includes:* eyebrow(s)

#### 132 Eye(s)

This part of body group classifies the sense organs of sight located in the frontal portion of the head. The code can be used for either one or both eyes and when loss or impairment of sight is involved and no specific body part is named.

*Includes:* conjunctiva, cornea, eyeball, inside and outside of the eyelids, iris, lacrimal glands, lens, optic nerve, orbit, retina, upper and lower eyelashes

*Excludes:* Eyebrow(s) (131)

#### 133\* Nose, nasal cavity

This part of body group classifies the prominent sensory organ in the center of the face that functions as the organ of smell and as a part of the respiratory system. Generally, select code 1330 when the nature of injury or illness named is from Nature of Injury or Illness, Division 1, Traumatic Injuries and Disorders, such as fracture or contusion.

#### 1330 Nose, except internal location of diseases or disorders

#### **Internal Nasal Location of Diseases or Disorders:**

Generally, select codes 1331-1339 when the nature of injury or illness named is found in Division 2 through 6 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

- 1331 Internal nasal location, unspecified
- 1332 Nasopharynx
- 1333 Nasal passage(s)
- 1334 Sinus(es)
- 1338 Multiple internal nasal locations
- 1339 Internal nasal location, n.e.c.
- 134 Cheek(s)
- 135 Jaw, chin

#### 136\* Mouth

This part of body group classifies the opening of the alimentary canal which is bounded by the lips and includes the cavity which houses the tongue and teeth.

Select code 1369 if loss of taste has been named as the nature of injury or illness and no specific body part is named.

- 1360 Mouth, unspecified
- 1361 Lip(s)
- 1362 Tongue
- 1363 Tooth (teeth)
- 1364 Gum
- 1368 Multiple mouth locations
- 1369 Mouth, n.e.c.
- **138** Multiple face locations
- 139 Face, n.e.c.

#### 18 Multiple head locations

### 19 Head, n.e.c.

Select Head, n.e.c. if the nature of injury or illness named is amputation at the head or decapitation.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## **2\*** NECK, INCLUDING THROAT

This division classifies the portion of the body that connects the head to the torso or trunk. This region is bounded by the jaw, chin and cranial region to the top and the shoulder below. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is neck, select Head, n.e.c., code 19.

## 20 Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders

This major group classifies the external portion of the neck including the uppermost portion of the vertebra. Generally, select this code when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 1 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure. This code should be used for whiplash injuries.

*Includes:* bony structures (cervical vertebrae C1 - C7), cartilage, muscle, skin, subcutaneous tissue, and veins and arteries of the neck; cervical spine; cervical discs, atlanto-occipital joint; atlanto-axial joint

## Internal Neck Location of Diseases or Disorders:

These major groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the neck. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 2 through 6 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure.

## 21 Internal neck location, unspecified

Select this code when an irritated or sore throat is the nature of injury or illness.

## 22 Vocal cord(s)

This major group classifies either of the two pairs of folds projecting in the larynx cavity.

#### 23 Larynx

This major group classifies the organ of the voice, the voice box, located between the trachea and the base of the tongue.

## 24 Laryngopharynx

This major group connects the throat and esophagus and classifies the bottom portion of the pharynx which is also known as hypopharynx or laryngeal pharynx.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## 25 Pharynx

This major group classifies the musculomembranous tube in the back of the nose, mouth, and larynx. It extends from the skull to the esophagus and includes the oropharynx.

## 26 Trachea

This major group classifies the trachea, the cartilaginous and membranous tube that extends from the bottom of the larynx to the bronchi. The trachea is also known as the windpipe.

## 28 Multiple internal neck locations

29 Internal neck location, n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

#### 3\* TRUNK

This division classifies the main part of the body, where the head and limbs are attached. The area is bounded by the neck, shoulders, and legs.

Select a code from this division when the nature of injury or illness is localized to a specific organ(s) and does not affect the entire system. Otherwise, select a code from Division 6 of this structure.

If the narrative includes the part "side" and a specific part of body is mentioned, code that part. For example, for "injured rib on right side," code Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders (310). For "back and side," code Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified (320). If the narrative states that the "side of the body" was injured without a specific part, code Multiple body parts, unspecified (80). If the narrative states that the worker's "side" was injured with no other part of body information, code Trunk, unspecified (30).

*Includes:* bones, cartilage, internal organs and structures, muscles, nerves, skin, subcutaneous tissue, tendons, veins and arteries, internal organs and structures of the trunk

*Excludes:* shoulder (41)

#### 30 Trunk, unspecified

Includes: trapezius

## 31\* Chest, including ribs, internal organs

This major group classifies the frontal region of the body or thorax. It is bounded by the respiratory diaphragm or abdomen below, the shoulder above, and the back in the rear. Use code 310 for internal injuries of the chest.

#### **310** Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders

*Includes:* breast(s)—external location

#### **Internal Chest Location of Diseases or Disorders:**

These part groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the chest. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 2 through 6 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure. These codes are not to be used for internal injuries. Use code 319 if the aorta is specified as the part of body for nontraumatic conditions; use code 339,

Internal abdominal location, n.e.c., for the abdominal aorta.

- 311 Internal chest location, unspecified
- 312 Esophagus
- 313 Heart
- 314 Bronchus
- 315 Lung(s), pleura
- 316 Breast(s)—internal
- 318 Multiple internal chest locations
- 319 Internal chest location, n.e.c.
  - Includes: ascending aorta, thoracic aorta, aortal arch

*Excludes:* abdominal aorta (339)

#### 32\* Back, including spine, spinal cord

This major group classifies the posterior part of the trunk that is bounded by the neck and the pelvis.

- *Includes:* cartilage, muscles, nerves, and neuroglia of the spine and spinal cord (except cervical); tendons, veins and arteries, of the back; vertebra (backbone) and discs, except cervical
- *Excludes:* neck or cervical vertebrae C1 C7 (20); cervical spine (20), cervical discs

#### 320 Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified

#### 321 Thoracic region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes the 12 vertebrae (T1 - T12) on the spinal column located just below the cervical vertebrae of the neck. This category includes the middle and upper back.

## 322 Lumbar region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes the five vertebrae (L1 - L5) on the spinal column located in the lower portion of the back. Select this code when low back pain or lumbago is named as the nature of injury or illness or when the part of body is the lower back.

## 323 Sacral region

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

This group classifies the region of the back that includes the five fused bones (S1 - S5) located just below the lumbar region.

*Includes:* sacrum

#### 324 Coccygeal region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes the four fused bones (CO1 - CO4) also known as the tailbone.

*Includes:* coccyx, tailbone

#### 328 Multiple back regions

329 Back, including spine, spinal cord, n.e.c.

#### 33\* Abdomen

This major group classifies that portion of the body which lies between the thorax and the pelvis. Use code 330 for part of body for hernias resulting from a single episode of overexertion (that is hernias coded in Nature 124).

#### **330** Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders

#### **Internal Abdominal Location of Diseases or Disorders:**

These groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the abdomen. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 2 through 6 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure. These codes are not to be used for internal injuries. For hernias resulting from a prolonged overexertion (Nature code 253), code the organ that was affected rather than the muscle through which the organ protruded. Use code 331 when the type of hernia and location are unspecified. Use code 3350, Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified for abdominal, femoral, inguinal, scrotal, and ventral hernias when the specific portion of the intestine affected is unknown. Use code 332, Stomach organ, for diaphragmatic, esophageal, hiatal, and paraesophageal hernias.

Includes: abdominal cavity

- **331** Internal abdominal location, unspecified
- 332 Stomach organ
- 333 Spleen
- 334\* Urinary organs

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

- 3340 Urinary organs, unspecified
- 3341 Bladder
- 3342 Kidney(s)
- 3348 Multiple urinary organs
- 3349 Urinary organs, n.e.c.
- 335\* Intestines, peritoneum
  - 3350 Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified
  - 3351 Peritoneum
  - 3352 Small intestine
  - 3353 Large intestine, colon, rectum
  - 3358 Multiple intestinal locations
  - 3359 Intestines, peritoneum, n.e.c.
- **336\*** Other digestive structures
  - 3360 Other digestive structures, unspecified
  - **3361** Liver
  - 3362 Gallbladder
  - 3363 Pancreas
  - **3368** Multiple other digestive structures
  - 3369 Other digestive structures, n.e.c.
- **338** Multiple internal abdominal locations
- **339** Internal abdominal location, n.e.c.

*Includes:* abdominal aorta

#### 34\* Pelvic region

This major group classifies the lower portion of the trunk or torso that supports the lower extremities. This region is bounded by the coccyx of the vertebral column, the abdomen, and the legs. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is hip, select Thigh(s), code 511.

*Includes:* sacroiliac (349)

*Excludes:* intestines (335\*), inguinal region when reported for a hernia (330)

#### 340 Pelvic region, unspecified

*Includes:* crotch

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

- 341 Hip(s)
- 342 Pelvis
- 343 Buttock(s)
- 344 Groin
- **345\*** External reproductive tract structures
  - 3450 External reproductive tract structures, unspecified
  - 3451 Scrotum
  - 3452 Penis
  - 3453 External female genital region
  - 3458 Multiple external reproductive tract structures
  - 3459 External reproductive tract structures, n.e.c.
- **346\*** Internal reproductive tract structures
  - 3460 Internal reproductive tract structures, unspecified
  - 3461 Prostate
  - 3462 Testis (testes)
  - 3463 Ovary (ovaries)
  - 3464 Uterus
  - 3465 Female genitals, n.e.c.
  - **3468** Multiple internal reproductive tract structures
  - **3469** Internal reproductive tract structures, n.e.c.
- 348 Multiple pelvic region locations
- 349 Pelvic region, n.e.c.

Includes: Sacroliliac

- 38 Multiple trunk locations
- 39 Trunk, n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

#### 4\* UPPER EXTREMITIES

This division classifies the extremities that are bounded by the trunk at the top with the fingers as the lowermost part included.

*Includes:* bones, cartilage, muscles, skin, subcutaneous tissue, veins and arteries of the upper extremities

#### 40 Upper extremities, unspecified

#### 41 Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)

This major group classifies the region where the arm(s) join the trunk and includes the armpit and rotator cuff. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is shoulder, select Upper arm(s), code 421.

Includes:	clavicle, collar bone, proximal humerus, scapula/shoulder blade, shoulder girdle, armpit, underarm, rotator cuff
Excludes:	mid-shaft humerus (421)

#### 42\* Arm(s)

This major group classifies the upper extremities from the area above the wrist up to the shoulder and includes the mid-shaft (421) and distal (422) parts of the humerus. The proximal humerus and armpit are coded as the Shoulder(s) (41). If the injury or illness involves the same section of the arm or both arms, select the code for that section. For example, code several burns that are restricted to the upper part of one or both arms to the Upper arm(s) (421). If the nature of injury named is amputation, and the point of amputation is elbow, select Forearm(s), code 423. If the nature of injury is tennis elbow or epicondylitis, lateral or medial, select Elbow(s) (422).

*Excludes:* hand(s)  $(44^*)$ , wrist(s) (43), shoulder (41).

- 420 Arm(s), unspecified
- 421 Upper arm(s)
- 422 Elbow(s)
- 423 Forearm(s)

Includes: lower arm, ulna, radius

- 428\* Multiple arm locations
  - 4280 Multiple arm locations, unspecified
  - 4281 Elbow(s) and arms(s)
  - 4289 Multiple arm locations, n.e.c.
- 429 Arm(s), n.e.c.

## 43 Wrist(s)

This major group classifies the region between the forearm and the hand. When the nature of injury or illness named is carpal tunnel syndrome, select this code. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves the left or right wrist or both. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is the wrist, select Hand(s), except finger(s) (441).

## 44\* Hand(s)

## 440 Hand(s), unspecified

If the only information on the source document is "hand," with no mention of fingers being included or excluded, select this code.

## 441 Hand(s), except finger(s)

This major group classifies the part of the upper extremity at the end of the wrist. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves the left or right hand or both. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is the wrist or hand, select this code.

- *Includes:* knuckles and the areas of the hand between the fingers; palm of hand; tip of hand
- *Excludes:* finger(s) (442\*) and wrist(s) (43)

## 442\* Finger(s), fingernail(s)

This major group classifies the digits of the hand. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves finger(s) from the right, left, or both hand(s). Use code 4420 if the source document only states that the finger was injured. Use code 4421 for fingernail avulsions, torn fingernails, blood accumulating underneath the fingernail, and injuries to the nailbed.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

Includes:	distal phalanx (phalanges) (4422), medial phalanx		
	(phalanges) (4429), proximal phalanx (phalanges) (4429),		
	thumb terminal joint (4422), distal interphalangeal joint		
	(4422)		

#### 4420 Finger(s), fingernail(s), unspecified

- 4421 Fingernail(s), nailbed(s)
- 4422 Fingertip(s)
- 4429 Finger(s), fingernail(s), n.e.c.
- 448 Hand(s) and finger(s)
- 449 Hand(s), n.e.c.

#### 48\* Multiple upper extremities locations

This major group classifies combinations of parts located in two or more major groups within the division.

#### 480 Multiple upper extremities locations, unspecified

#### 481\* Hand(s) and arms(s)

- 4810 Hand(s) and arm(s), unspecified
- 4811 Hand(s) and elbow(s)
- 4819 Hand(s) and arm(s), n.e.c.

#### 482 Hand(s) and wrist(s)

*Includes:* combinations of at least one hand and one wrist

#### 483\* Wrist(s) and arm(s)

- 4830 Wrist(s) and arm(s), unspecified
- 4831 Wrist(s) and elbow(s)
- 4839 Wrist(s) and arm(s), n.e.c.
- 484 Shoulder(s) and arm(s)
- 489 Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.
- 49 Upper extremities, n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

#### **5\* LOWER EXTREMITIES**

This division classifies the appendages that are bounded by the hip to the top with the toes as the lowermost part included.

*Includes:* bones, cartilage, muscles, skin, subcutaneous tissue, veins and arteries of the lower extremities

#### 50 Lower extremities, unspecified

#### 51\* Leg(s)

This major group classifies the lower extremities between the hip and the ankle. If the injury or illness involves the same section of the same log or both legs, select the code for that section. For example, if there were multiple bites on one or both lower legs, code Lower leg(s) (513). If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is knee, select Lower leg(s) (513). If the source document states meniscus, anterior cruciate ligament (ACL), medial collateral ligament (MCL), or patella, use code Knee(s) (512).

#### 510 Leg(s), unspecified

#### 511 Thigh(s)

*Includes*: hamstring(s), upper leg(s)

If amputed at hip, code to 511

#### 512 Knee(s)

Includes: MCL, ACL, patella

## 513 Lower leg(s)

Includes: calf, fibula, tibia

#### 518\* Multiple leg locations

- 5180 Multiple leg locations, unspecified
- 5181 Knee(s) and leg(s)
- 5189 Multiple leg locations, n.e.c.

519 Leg(s), n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## 52 Ankle(s)

This major group classifies the hinge joint area between the foot and the lower leg. Select this code if the injury or illness involves the left, right, or both ankles. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is ankle, select Foot (feet), n.e.c., (539).

Includes: Achilles tendon

## 53\* Foot (feet)

This major group classifies the lowest extremity of the leg. Select this code if the injury or illness involves the left, right, or both feet. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation and the point of amputation is foot, select Foot (feet), n.e.c., (539). If the source document states foot, with no mention of toes being included or excluded and the nature of injury or illness is not amputation, select Foot (feet), unspecified (530). Code 5313, Heel(s), includes the back of the heel. The Achilles tendon is coded as Ankle(s) (52).

## 530 Foot (feet), unspecified

## 531\* Sole(s)

- 5310 Sole(s), unspecified
- 5311 Ball(s) of the foot
- 5312 Arch(es), instep(s)
- 5313 Heel(s)
- 5318 Multiple sole locations
- 5319 Sole(s), n.e.c.

## 532 Toes(s), toenail(s)

This part group classifies the digits of the foot. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves toe(s) from the left, right, or both feet.

## 538 Multiple foot (feet) locations

*Includes*: toe and feet

#### 539 Foot (feet), n.e.c.

## 58\* Multiple lower extremities locations

This major group classifies combinations of differing parts of the body within the lower extremity division.

#### **PART OF BODY**

580	Multiple lower	extremities	locations,	unspecified

- 581\* Foot (feet) and leg(s)
  - 5810 Foot (feet) and leg(s), unspecified
  - 5811 Foot (feet) and knee(s)
  - 5819 Foot (feet) and leg(s), n.e.c.

Includes: combinations of at least one foot and one leg

582 Foot (feet) and ankle(s)

*Includes:* combinations of at least one foot and one ankle

- 583\* Ankle(s) and leg(s)
  - 5830 Ankle(s) and leg(s), unspecified
  - 5831 Ankle(s) and knee(s)
  - 5839 Ankle(s) and leg(s), n.e.c.
- 589 Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.
- 59 Lower extremities, n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

#### **6 BODY SYSTEMS**

This division classifies the various systems of the body and applies when the functioning of an entire body system has been affected without specific injury to any other part of the body. It is used as the part of body for hypothermia and asthma. It does not apply when the systemic damage results from an external injury affecting an external part such as a back injury that includes damage to the nerves of the spinal cord. Nor does it apply when the injury or illness is localized and affects a particular internal organ. If the nature of injury or illness selected is a subset of the Division 2, Systemic Diseases and Disorders, the part of body affected is not necessarily body systems. Generally tumors will be coded to the individual body part (or organ) rather than Body systems.

*Includes*: circulatory system, gastrointestinal system, nervous system, respiratory system

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## **8\* MULTIPLE BODY PARTS**

This division classifies multiple body parts from two or more divisions.

- 80 Multiple body parts, unspecified
- 81 Head and neck
- 82 Head, neck, and trunk
- 83 Head and trunk
- 84 Neck and back
- 85 Shoulder(s) and back
- 86 Hip(s) and leg(s)
- 87 Upper and lower limb(s)

## 89\* Other multiple body parts

- 891 Whole body
- 899 Multiple body parts, n.e.c.

*Includes:* injuries when nature is burns and smoke inhalation

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

## 9\* OTHER BODY PARTS

This division includes prosthetic and orthopedic devices.

#### 91\* Prosthetic and orthopedic devices

This major group classifies synthetic, mechanical, and otherwise artificial device(s) that replace or enhance missing or malfunctioning human body part(s). Select this code when only a prosthetic or orthopedic device(s) is involved; otherwise select the human part of body affected.

*Includes:* corrective lens(es), denture(s), artificial eye(s), hearing aid(s), artificial limb(s), pins, rods, replaced joints, artificial medical implants, other internal repair devices or interbody fusion devices

*Excludes:* damage to the worker's actual body

- 910 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices, unspecified
- 911 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices of the head
- 912 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices of the trunk
- 913 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices of the upper extremities
- 914 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices of the lower extremities
- 918 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices involving multiple body parts
- 919 Prosthetic and orthopedic devices, n.e.c.

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

9999 Nonclassifiable

<sup>\*-</sup>Asterisks denote a summary level code not assigned to individual cases.

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