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## UNION MEMBERS IN 2007

In 2007, the number of workers belonging to a union rose by 311,000 to 15.7 million, the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Union members accounted for 12.1 percent of employed wage and salary workers, essentially unchanged from 12.0 percent in 2006. In 1983, the first year for which comparable union data are available, the union membership rate was 20.1 percent. Some highlights from the 2007 data are:

- Workers in the public sector had a union membership rate nearly five times that of private sector employees.
- Education, training, and library occupations had the highest unionization rate among all occupations, at 37.2 percent, followed closely by protective service occupations at 35.2 percent.
- Among demographic groups, the union membership rate was highest for black men and lowest for Hispanic women.
- Wage and salary workers ages 45 to 54 (15.7 percent) and ages 55 to 64 (16.1 percent) were more likely to be union members than were workers ages 16 to 24 ( 4.8 percent).


## Membership by Industry and Occupation

The union membership rate for public sector workers ( 35.9 percent) was substantially higher than for private industry workers ( 7.5 percent). Within the public sector, local government workers had the highest union membership rate, 41.8 percent. This group includes many workers in several heavily unionized occupations, such as teachers, police officers, and fire fighters. Private sector industries with high unionization rates include transportation and utilities (22.1 percent), telecommunications (19.7 percent), and construction (13.9 percent). In 2007, unionization rates were relatively low in agriculture and related industries ( 1.5 percent) and in financial activities ( 2.0 percent). (See table 3.)

Among occupational groups, education, training, and library occupations (37.2 percent) and protective service occupations ( 35.2 percent) had the highest unionization rates in 2007. Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations ( 2.7 percent) and sales and related occupations ( 3.3 percent) had the lowest unionization rates. (See table 3.)

## Demographic Characteristics of Union Members

In 2007, the union membership rate was higher for men (13.0 percent) than for women (11.1 percent). (See table 1.) The gap between their rates has narrowed considerably since 1983, when the rate for men was about 10 percentage points higher than the rate for women. The rates for both men and women declined between 1983 and 2007, but the rate for men declined much more rapidly.

Black workers were more likely to be union members (14.3 percent) than were whites (11.8 percent), Asians (10.9 percent), or Hispanics (9.8 percent). Within these major groups, black men had the highest union membership rate (15.8 percent) while Hispanic women had the lowest rate (9.6 percent).

Among age groups, union membership rates were highest among workers 55 to 64 years old (16.1 percent) and 45 to 54 years old ( 15.7 percent). The lowest union membership rates occurred among those ages 16 to 24 ( 4.8 percent). Full-time workers were about twice as likely as part-time workers to be union members, 13.2 compared with 6.5 percent. (See table 1.)

## Union Representation of Nonmembers

About 1.6 million wage and salary workers were represented by a union on their main job in 2007, while not being union members themselves. (See table 1.) Slightly more than half of these workers were employed in government. (See table 3.)

## Earnings

In 2007, among full-time wage and salary workers, union members had median usual weekly earnings of $\$ 863$ while those who were not represented by unions had median weekly earnings of $\$ 663$. (See table 2.) The difference reflects a variety of influences in addition to coverage by a collective bargaining agreement, including variations in the distributions of union members and nonunion employees by occupation, industry, firm size, or geographic region. (For a discussion of the problem of differentiating between the influence of unionization status and the influence of other worker characteristics on employee earnings, see "Measuring union-nonunion earnings differences," Monthly Labor Review, June 1990.)

## Union Membership by State

In 2007, 30 states and the District of Columbia had union membership rates below that of the U.S. average, 12.1 percent, while 20 states had higher rates. All states in the Middle Atlantic and Pacific divisions reported union membership rates above the national average and all states in the East South Central and West South Central divisions had rates below it. Union membership rates were down from those of 2006 in 27 states, up in 20 states, and unchanged in 3 states and the District of Columbia. (See table 5 and chart 1.)

Among the five states reporting union membership rates below 5.0 percent in 2007, North Carolina posted the lowest rate ( 3.0 percent). The next lowest rates were recorded in Virginia ( 3.7 percent), South Carolina ( 4.1 percent), Georgia ( 4.4 percent), and Texas ( 4.7 percent). Four states had union membership rates over 20.0 percent in 2007—New York (25.2 percent), Alaska (23.8 percent), Hawaii (23.4 percent), and Washington (20.2 percent).

The largest numbers of union members lived in California (2.5 million) and New York (2.1 million). Nearly half ( 7.8 million) of the 15.7 million union members in the U.S. lived in 6 states (California, 2.5 million; New York, 2.1 million; Illinois, 0.8 million; Michigan, 0.8 million; Pennsylvania, 0.8 million; and New Jersey, 0.7 million) though these states accounted for only about one-third of wage and salary employment nationally.

State union membership levels depend on both the employment level and union membership rate. Texas had less than one-quarter as many union members as New York despite having over 1.7 million more wage and salary employees. Similarly, Tennessee and Hawaii had comparable numbers of union members even though Tennessee's wage and salary employment level was more than four and one-half times that of Hawaii.

## Technical Note

The estimates in this release are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides basic information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau from a scientifically selected national sample of about 60,000 households. The union membership and earnings data are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wage and salary workers. All selfemployed workers are excluded. The data in this release are annual averages.

Union membership data for 2007 are not strictly comparable with data for 2006 and earlier years because of the introduction of updated population controls with the release of January data. The effect of the revised population controls on the union membership estimates is unknown. However, the effect of the new controls on the monthly CPS estimates was to increase the December 2006 employment level by 153,000 and the unemployment level by 10,000. The updated controls had little or no effect on unemployment rates and other ratios. For additional information, see "Adjustments to Household Survey Population Estimates in January 2007" in the February 2007 issue of Employment and Earnings, available on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps07adj.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200, TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

## Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or sampling error, varies depending upon the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90percent level of confidence. The state section of this release preserves the long-time practice of highlighting the direction of the movements in state union membership rates and levels regardless of their statistical significance.

The CPS data also are affected by nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the

Household Data section of the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" at http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods. pdf.

## Definitions

The principal definitions used in this release are described briefly below.

Union members. Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

Represented by unions. Data refer to union members, as well as workers who have no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders). Prior to 1994, respondents were asked how much they usually earned per week. Since January 1994, respondents have been asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, monthly, annually, other) and how much they usually earn in the reported time period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of "usual", interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half of the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.

Median earnings. The median is the amount which divides a given earnings distribution into two equal groups, one having earnings above the median and the other having earnings below the median. The estimating procedure places each reported or calculated weekly earnings value into $\$ 50$-wide intervals which are centered around multiples of $\$ 50$. The actual value is estimated through the linear interpolation of the interval in which the median lies.

Wage and salary workers. Workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors, but, for the purposes of the union membership and earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

Full-time workers. Workers who usually work 35 hours or more per week at their sole or principal job.

Part-time workers. Workers who usually work fewer than 35 hours per week at their sole or principal job.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. Refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as being Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 1. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by selected characteristics
(Numbers in thousands)

| Characteristic | 2006 |  |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total | Percent of employed | Total | Percent of employed |  | Total | Percent of employed | Total | Percent of employed |
| AGE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over ................................................... | 128,237 | 15,359 | 12.0 | 16,860 | 13.1 | 129,767 | 15,670 | 12.1 | 17,243 | 13.3 |
| 16 to 24 years | 19,538 |  | 4.4 | 978 | 5.0 | 19,395 | 939 | 4.8 | 1,068 | 5.5 |
| 25 years and over | 108,699 | 14,502 | 13.3 | 15,883 | 14.6 | 110,372 | 14,731 | 13.3 | 16,176 | 14.7 |
| 25 to 34 years ............................................................. | 28,805 | 2,899 | 10.1 | 3,195 | 11.1 | 29,409 | 3,050 | 10.4 | 3,358 | 11.4 |
| 35 to 44 years ............................................................. | 30,526 | 3,997 | 13.1 | 4,356 | 14.3 | 30,296 | 3,972 | 13.1 | 4,362 | 14.4 |
| 45 to 54 years | 29,401 | 4,710 | 16.0 | 5,131 | 17.5 | 29,731 | 4,664 | 15.7 | 5,087 | 17.1 |
| 55 to 64 years ............................................................ | 16,095 | 2,568 | 16.0 | 2,832 | 17.6 | 16,752 | 2,691 | 16.1 | 2,967 | 17.7 |
| 65 years and over ......................................................... | 3,872 | 328 | 8.5 | 370 | 9.5 | 4,183 | 355 | 8.5 | 402 | 9.6 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 66,811 | 8,657 | 13.0 | 9,360 | 14.0 | 67,468 | 8,767 | 13.0 | 9,494 | 14.1 |
| 16 to 24 years | 10,130 | 543 | 5.4 | 608 | 6.0 | 9,959 | 551 | 5.5 | 627 | 6.3 |
| 25 years and over | 56,682 | 8,114 | 14.3 | 8,752 | 15.4 | 57,509 | 8,217 | 14.3 | 8,867 | 15.4 |
| 25 to 34 years | 15,677 | 1,650 | 10.5 | 1,793 | 11.4 | 15,994 | 1,736 | 10.9 | 1,884 | 11.8 |
| 35 to 44 years | 16,159 | 2,309 | 14.3 | 2,488 | 15.4 | 16,070 | 2,318 | 14.4 | 2,501 | 15.6 |
| 45 to 54 years | 14,867 | 2,617 | 17.6 | 2,807 | 18.9 | 15,040 | 2,578 | 17.1 | 2,745 | 18.3 |
| 55 to 64 years | 7,990 | 1,370 | 17.1 | 1,474 | 18.4 | 8,286 | 1,403 | 16.9 | 1,532 | 18.5 |
| 65 years and over ........................................................ | 1,989 | 167 | 8.4 | 190 | 9.6 | 2,119 | 181 | 8.5 | 205 | 9.7 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 61,426 | 6,702 | 10.9 | 7,501 | 12.2 | 62,299 | 6,903 | 11.1 | 7,749 | 12.4 |
| 16 to 24 years | 9,408 | 315 | 3.3 | 370 | 3.9 | 9,436 | 388 | 4.1 | 441 | 4.7 |
| 25 years and over | 52,018 | 6,388 | 12.3 | 7,131 | 13.7 | 52,863 | 6,514 | 12.3 | 7,308 | 13.8 |
| 25 to 34 years | 13,127 | 1,249 | 9.5 | 1,401 | 10.7 | 13,416 | 1,313 | 9.8 | 1,474 | 11.0 |
| 35 to 44 years | 14,368 | 1,687 | 11.7 | 1,867 | 13.0 | 14,226 | 1,653 | 11.6 | 1,861 | 13.1 |
| 45 to 54 years | 14,534 | 2,093 | 14.4 | 2,325 | 16.0 | 14,691 | 2,086 | 14.2 | 2,341 | 15.9 |
| 55 to 64 years | 8,106 | 1,198 | 14.8 | 1,358 | 16.8 | 8,466 | 1,288 | 15.2 | 1,435 | 17.0 |
| 65 years and over | 1,883 | 160 | 8.5 | 180 | 9.5 | 2,065 | 174 | 8.4 | 197 | 9.5 |
| RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, 16 years and over | 104,668 | 12,259 | 11.7 | 13,424 | 12.8 | 105,515 | 12,487 | 11.8 | 13,715 | 13.0 |
| Men ... | 55,459 | 7,115 | 12.8 | 7,668 | 13.8 | 55,771 | 7,134 | 12.8 | 7,708 | 13.8 |
| Women | 49,209 | 5,144 | 10.5 | 5,756 | 11.7 | 49,743 | 5,352 | 10.8 | 6,007 | 12.1 |
| Black or African American, 16 years and over | 14,878 | 2,163 | 14.5 | 2,391 | 16.1 | 15,177 | 2,165 | 14.3 | 2,403 | 15.8 |
| Men | 6,788 | 1,056 | 15.6 | 1,158 | 17.1 | 6,945 | 1,097 | 15.8 | 1,205 | 17.3 |
| Women | 8,090 | 1,107 | 13.7 | 1,233 | 15.2 | 8,232 | 1,067 | 13.0 | 1,198 | 14.6 |
| Asian, 16 years and over | 5,703 | 592 | 10.4 | 657 | 11.5 | 6,016 | 654 | 10.9 | 720 | 12.0 |
| Men . | 3,015 | 286 | 9.5 | 316 | 10.5 | 3,168 | 324 | 10.2 | 348 | 11.0 |
| Women .................................. | 2,688 | 306 | 11.4 | 340 | 12.7 | 2,849 | 330 | 11.6 | 372 | 13.1 |
| Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 16 years and over .................... | 18,121 | 1,770 | 9.8 | 1,935 | 10.7 | 18,778 | 1,837 | 9.8 | 2,026 | 10.8 |
| Men ... | 10,842 | 1,064 | 9.8 | 1,144 | 10.6 | 11,163 | 1,108 | 9.9 | 1,208 | 10.8 |
| Women | 7,279 | 706 | 9.7 | 791 | 10.9 | 7,615 | 728 | 9.6 | 818 | 10.7 |
| FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers ............................................................. | 106,106 | 13,938 | 13.1 | 15,244 | 14.4 | 107,339 | 14,201 | 13.2 | 15,570 | 14.5 |
| Part-time workers ............................................................ | 21,863 | 1,382 | 6.3 | 1,573 | 7.2 | 22,172 | 1,437 | 6.5 | 1,635 | 7.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.
2 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.
3 The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time wage and salary workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 2. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by union affiliation and selected characteristics

| Characteristic | 2006 |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion |
| AgE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | \$671 | \$833 | \$827 | \$642 | \$695 | \$863 | \$857 | \$663 |
| 16 to 24 years ...... | 409 | 526 | 523 | 404 | 424 | 566 | 551 | 418 |
| 25 years and over | 718 | 850 | 845 | 691 | 738 | 880 | 876 | 712 |
| 25 to 34 years | 621 | 773 | 766 | 606 | 643 | 789 | 781 | 622 |
| 35 to 44 years ....................................................... | 748 | 853 | 849 | 728 | 769 | 910 | 907 | 745 |
| 45 to 54 years ..................................................... | 773 | 888 | 884 | 750 | 790 | 900 | 899 | 763 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 765 | 882 | 883 | 741 | 803 | 925 | 921 | 766 |
| 65 years and over .................................................. | 583 | 675 | 667 | 573 | 605 | 634 | 682 | 597 |
| Men, 16 years and over .............................................. | 743 | 887 | 885 | 717 | 766 | 913 | 910 | 738 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................................ | 418 | 526 | 521 | 413 | 443 | 567 | 557 | 432 |
| 25 years and over | 797 | 904 | 902 | 771 | 823 | 930 | 928 | 796 |
| 25 to 34 years ....................................................... | 661 | 831 | 822 | 640 | 687 | 823 | 819 | 664 |
| 35 to 44 years ....................................................... | 836 | 918 | 914 | 816 | 873 | 971 | 969 | 847 |
| 45 to 54 years | 897 | 936 | 939 | 883 | 909 | 958 | 961 | 892 |
| 55 to 64 years | 902 | 928 | 930 | 893 | 933 | 954 | 952 | 926 |
| 65 years and over ................................................... | 658 | 650 | 653 | 659 | 686 | 732 | 776 | 672 |
| Women, 16 years and over ......................................... | 600 | 758 | 753 | 579 | 614 | 790 | 784 | 592 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................................ | 395 | 527 | 529 | 391 | 409 | 564 | 540 | 403 |
| 25 years and over | 627 | 768 | 763 | 607 | 646 | 805 | 800 | 620 |
| 25 to 34 years | 583 | 727 | 716 | 565 | 597 | 753 | 745 | 580 |
| 35 to 44 years ....................................................... | 645 | 759 | 755 | 626 | 668 | 826 | 820 | 640 |
| 45 to 54 years | 659 | 807 | 798 | 628 | 677 | 813 | 810 | 650 |
| 55 to 64 years ....................................................... | 658 | 819 | 822 | 627 | 679 | 886 | 881 | 641 |
| 65 years and over .................................................. | 510 | 690 | 678 | 495 | 534 | 582 | 608 | 520 |
| RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, 16 years and over .......................................... | 690 | 859 | 854 | 659 | 716 | 889 | 884 | 684 |
| Men . | 761 | 909 | 907 | 735 | 788 | 937 | 934 | 757 |
| Women ............................................................... | 609 | 777 | 772 | 588 | 626 | 814 | 807 | 603 |
| Black or African American, 16 years and over .............. | 554 | 707 | 694 | 520 | 569 | 732 | 727 | 533 |
| Men | 591 | 745 | 734 | 557 | 600 | 768 | 763 | 573 |
| Women ............................................................... | 519 | 665 | 656 | 502 | 533 | 697 | 691 | 513 |
| Asian, 16 years and over ........................................... | 784 | 834 | 840 | 774 | 830 | 853 | 881 | 823 |
| Men .. | 882 | 838 | 852 | 888 | 936 | 867 | 898 | 940 |
| Women | 699 | 828 | 824 | 681 | 731 | 842 | 871 | 712 |
| Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 16 years and over .............. | 486 | 686 | 681 | 469 | 503 | 736 | 729 | 487 |
| Men ..................................................................... | 505 | 732 | 724 | 490 | 520 | 793 | 782 | 505 |
| Women .............................................................. | 440 | 607 | 614 | 420 | 473 | 675 | 672 | 446 |

1 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.
2 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,
and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- time wage and salary workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 3. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by occupation and industry
(Numbers in thousands)

| Occupation and industry | 2006 |  |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { em- } \\ & \text { ployed } \end{aligned}$ | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { em- } \\ \text { ployed } \end{gathered}$ |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { em- } \\ & \text { ployed } \end{aligned}$ | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { em- } \\ & \text { ployed } \end{aligned}$ |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management, professional, and related occupations $\qquad$ Management, business, and financial operations | 43,105 | 5,522 | 12.8 | 6,288 | 14.6 | 44,547 | 5,853 | 13.1 | 6,656 | 14.9 |
| occupations | 16,471 | 802 | 4.9 | 964 | 5.9 | 17,003 | 849 | 5.0 | 1,020 | 6.0 |
| Management occupations | 11,260 | 478 | 4.2 | 595 | 5.3 | 11,656 | 530 | 4.5 | 633 | 5.4 |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 5,210 | 324 | 6.2 | 369 | 7.1 | 5,348 | 319 | 6.0 | 386 | 7.2 |
| Professional and related occupations | 26,635 | 4,721 | 17.7 | 5,324 | 20.0 | 27,543 | 5,004 | 18.2 | 5,636 | 20.5 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | 3,069 | 133 | 4.3 | 172 | 5.6 | 3,252 | 157 | 4.8 | 188 | 5.8 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | 2,669 | 197 | 7.4 | 236 | 8.9 | 2,744 | 215 | 7.8 | 240 | 8.7 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations | 1,315 | 130 | 9.9 | 155 | 11.8 | 1,270 | 113 | 8.9 | 138 | 10.9 |
| Community and social services occupations .. | 2,099 | 327 | 15.6 | 356 | 17.0 | 2,187 | 326 | 14.9 | 375 | 17.1 |
| Legal occupations. | 1,282 | 68 | 5.3 | 73 | 5.7 | 1,288 | 71 | 5.5 | 83 | 6.4 |
| Education, training, and library occupations ................... | 7,888 | 2,942 | 37.3 | 3,287 | 41.7 | 8,288 | 3,087 | 37.2 | 3,439 | 41.5 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations | 1,930 | 124 | 6.4 | 140 | 7.2 | 1,955 | 152 | 7.8 | 182 | 9.3 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations ........... | 6,383 | 800 | 12.5 | 904 | 14.2 | 6,558 | 883 | 13.5 | 992 | 15.1 |
| Service occupations ......................................................... | 21,569 | 2,460 | 11.4 | 2,658 | 12.3 | 21,784 | 2,481 | 11.4 | 2,692 | 12.4 |
| Healthcare support occupations | 2,999 | 312 | 10.4 | 340 | 11.3 | 2,987 | 304 | 10.2 | 332 | 11.1 |
| Protective service occupations | 2,919 | 1,012 | 34.7 | 1,067 | 36.6 | 3,025 | 1,066 | 35.2 | 1,127 | 37.2 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance | 7,478 | 321 | 4.3 | 353 | 4.7 | 7,500 | 325 | 4.3 | 371 | 4.9 |
| occupations .......................................... | 4,703 | 507 | 10.8 | 561 | 11.9 | 4,642 | 497 | 10.7 | 549 | 11.8 |
| Personal care and service occupations ............................ | 3,471 | 307 | 8.9 | 337 | 9.7 | 3,631 | 289 | 8.0 | 314 | 8.6 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 32,986 | 2,319 | 7.0 | 2,573 | 7.8 | 32,978 | 2,386 | 7.2 | 2,659 | 8.1 |
| Sales and related occupations ......................................... | 13,883 | 430 | 3.1 | 489 | 3.5 | 14,079 | 462 | 3.3 | 521 | 3.7 |
| Office and administrative support occupations ................... | 19,103 | 1,889 | 9.9 | 2,084 | 10.9 | 18,900 | 1,925 | 10.2 | 2,138 | 11.3 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 13,366 | 2,138 | 16.0 | 2,248 | 16.8 | 13,325 | 2,252 | 16.9 | 2,363 | 17.7 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations ........................ | 880 | 31 | 3.5 | 33 | 3.7 | 876 | 23 | 2.7 | 28 | 3.2 |
| Construction and extraction occupations | 7,617 | 1,337 | 17.6 | 1,396 | 18.3 | 7,708 | 1,434 | 18.6 | 1,480 | 19.2 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .............. | 4,870 | 771 | 15.8 | 820 | 16.8 | 4,742 | 794 | 16.8 | 855 | 18.0 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations $\qquad$ | 17,211 | 2,920 | 17.0 | 3,094 | 18.0 | 17,133 | 2,699 | 15.8 | 2,874 | 16.8 |
| Production occupations .................................................. | 8,964 | 1,392 | 15.5 | 1,468 | 16.4 | 8,903 | 1,243 | 14.0 | 1,314 | 14.8 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ............... | 8,247 | 1,528 | 18.5 | 1,626 | 19.7 | 8,231 | 1,456 | 17.7 | 1,560 | 19.0 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by occupation and industry-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Occupation and industry | 2006 |  |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total | Percent of employed | Total | Percent of employed |  | Total | Percent of employed | Total | Percent of employed |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private sector | 107,846 | 7,981 | 7.4 | 8,688 | 8.1 | 108,714 | 8,114 | 7.5 | 8,870 | 8.2 |
| Agriculture and related industries | 1,059 | 25 | 2.3 | 27 | 2.6 | 1,046 | 16 | 1.5 | 19 | 1.8 |
| Nonagriculture and related industries | 106,786 | 7,957 | 7.5 | 8,660 | 8.1 | 107,668 | 8,098 | 7.5 | 8,851 | 8.2 |
| Mining ......... | 632 | 48 | 7.5 | 56 | 8.8 | 705 | 66 | 9.3 | 72 | 10.2 |
| Construction | 8,444 | 1,097 | 13.0 | 1,146 | 13.6 | 8,561 | 1,193 | 13.9 | 1,232 | 14.4 |
| Manufacturing | 15,643 | 1,827 | 11.7 | 1,949 | 12.5 | 15,341 | 1,734 | 11.3 | 1,845 | 12.0 |
| Durable goods | 10,072 | 1,190 | 11.8 | 1,263 | 12.5 | 9,770 | 1,107 | 11.3 | 1,172 | 12.0 |
| Nondurable goods | 5,571 | 637 | 11.4 | 686 | 12.3 | 5,571 | 628 | 11.3 | 673 | 12.1 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 19,245 | 957 | 5.0 | 1,023 | 5.3 | 18,896 | 990 | 5.2 | 1,075 | 5.7 |
| Wholesale trade | 4,100 | 201 | 4.9 | 215 | 5.2 | 3,951 | 205 | 5.2 | 224 | 5.7 |
| Retail trade | 15,145 | 756 | 5.0 | 808 | 5.3 | 14,945 | 785 | 5.3 | 851 | 5.7 |
| Transportation and utilities | 5,299 | 1,227 | 23.2 | 1,287 | 24.3 | 5,488 | 1,211 | 22.1 | 1,282 | 23.4 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 4,459 | 991 | 22.2 | 1,042 | 23.4 | 4,654 | 974 | 20.9 | 1,037 | 22.3 |
| Utilities .................................... | 840 | 237 | 28.2 | 245 | 29.1 | 834 | 237 | 28.4 | 245 | 29.4 |
| Information 3 | 3,105 | 372 | 12.0 | 404 | 13.0 | 3,211 | 389 | 12.1 | 420 | 13.1 |
| Publishing, except internet | 833 | 58 | 7.0 | 63 | 7.5 | 850 | 62 | 7.3 | 65 | 7.7 |
| Motion pictures and sound recording | 296 | 30 | 10.3 | 32 | 10.6 | 309 | 35 | 11.5 | 39 | 12.5 |
| Broadcasting, except internet | 522 | 31 | 5.9 | 40 | 7.6 | 588 | 51 | 8.7 | 62 | 10.6 |
| Telecommunications | 1,183 | 245 | 20.7 | 261 | 22.1 | 1,186 | 233 | 19.7 | 246 | 20.8 |
| Financial activities | 8,841 | 168 | 1.9 | 206 | 2.3 | 8,858 | 174 | 2.0 | 215 | 2.4 |
| Finance and insurance | 6,503 | 92 | 1.4 | 123 | 1.9 | 6,531 | 99 | 1.5 | 129 | 2.0 |
| Finance | 4,308 | 52 | 1.2 | 73 | 1.7 | 4,313 | 55 | 1.3 | 76 | 1.8 |
| Insurance | 2,195 | 40 | 1.8 | 50 | 2.3 | 2,218 | 45 | 2.0 | 53 | 2.4 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 2,338 | 77 | 3.3 | 82 | 3.5 | 2,327 | 74 | 3.2 | 86 | 3.7 |
| Professional and business services | 11,398 | 274 | 2.4 | 329 | 2.9 | 12,022 | 290 | 2.4 | 360 | 3.0 |
| Professional and technical services | 6,601 | 90 | 1.4 | 116 | 1.8 | 6,962 | 98 | 1.4 | 147 | 2.1 |
| Management, administrative, and waste services | 4,798 | 184 | 3.8 | 213 | 4.4 | 5,060 | 191 | 3.8 | 213 | 4.2 |
| Education and health services | 17,853 | 1,483 | 8.3 | 1,694 | 9.5 | 18,120 | 1,591 | 8.8 | 1,815 | 10.0 |
| Educational services | 3,540 | 478 | 13.5 | 562 | 15.9 | 3,513 | 444 | 12.6 | 529 | 15.1 |
| Health care and social assistance | 14,313 | 1,005 | 7.0 | 1,132 | 7.9 | 14,607 | 1,147 | 7.9 | 1,286 | 8.8 |
| Leisure and hospitality | 10,638 | 326 | 3.1 | 370 | 3.5 | 10,956 | 302 | 2.8 | 354 | 3.2 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 1,781 | 112 | 6.3 | 126 | 7.1 | 1,966 | 122 | 6.2 | 138 | 7.0 |
| Accommodation and food services. | 8,857 | 214 | 2.4 | 244 | 2.8 | 8,990 | 180 | 2.0 | 217 | 2.4 |
| Accommodation | 1,422 | 131 | 9.2 | 141 | 9.9 | 1,414 | 109 | 7.7 | 123 | 8.7 |
| Food services and drinking places ............................ | 7,436 | 83 | 1.1 | 103 | 1.4 | 7,575 | 70 | . 9 | 94 | 1.2 |
| Other services ${ }^{3}$............................................................ | 5,689 | 177 | 3.1 | 198 | 3.5 | 5,510 | 159 | 2.9 | 181 | 3.3 |
| Other services, except private households | 4,873 | 172 | 3.5 | 191 | 3.9 | 4,727 | 150 | 3.2 | 172 | 3.6 |
| Public sector | 20,392 | 7,378 | 36.2 | 8,172 | 40.1 | 21,053 | 7,557 | 35.9 | 8,373 | 39.8 |
| Federal government | 3,381 | 960 | 28.4 | 1,139 | 33.7 | 3,423 | 916 | 26.8 | 1,079 | 31.5 |
| State government ......................................................... | 6,102 | 1,843 | 30.2 | 2,049 | 33.6 | 6,384 | 1,943 | 30.4 | 2,168 | 34.0 |
| Local government .......................................................... | 10,908 | 4,575 | 41.9 | 4,984 | 45.7 | 11,246 | 4,698 | 41.8 | 5,126 | 45.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

2 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

3 Includes other industries, not shown separately.
NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time wage and salary workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 4. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by union affiliation, occupation, and industry

| Occupation and industry | 2006 |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management, professional, and related occupations $\qquad$ Management, business, and financial operations | \$967 | \$966 | \$962 | \$968 | \$996 | \$996 | \$992 | \$996 |
| occupations ........................................................... | 1,045 | 1,042 | 1,060 | 1,044 | 1,080 | 1,066 | 1,072 | 1,081 |
| Management occupations | 1,127 | 1,144 | 1,154 | 1,125 | 1,161 | 1,172 | 1,165 | 1,160 |
| Business and financial operations occupations ........... | 930 | 950 | 947 | 928 | 941 | 934 | 950 | 940 |
| Professional and related occupations ........................... | 928 | 956 | 948 | 921 | 951 | 987 | 980 | 942 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations .................. | 1,166 | 1,057 | 1,103 | 1,170 | 1,229 | 1,188 | 1,204 | 1,231 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations ................. | 1,155 | 1,148 | 1,157 | 1,155 | 1,213 | 1,179 | 1,178 | 1,221 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations ............ | 984 | 1,114 | 1,086 | 977 | 1,053 | 1,147 | 1,144 | 1,036 |
| Community and social services occupations ............... | 740 | 886 | 872 | 707 | 755 | 920 | 909 | 732 |
| Legal occupations .................................................... | 1,144 | 1,422 | 1,415 | 1,136 | 1,148 | 1,180 | 1,151 | 1,148 |
| Education, training, and library occupations ................ | 819 | 929 | 917 | 725 | 841 | 959 | 947 | 742 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations | 841 | 968 | 964 | 823 | 829 | 1,000 | 1,009 | 807 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations ....... | 905 | 995 | 979 | 889 | 920 | 1,005 | 1,019 | 906 |
| Service occupations ..................................................... | 422 | 638 | 629 | 404 | 454 | 666 | 654 | 421 |
| Healthcare support occupations .................................. | 423 | 484 | 481 | 417 | 454 | 502 | 502 | 446 |
| Protective service occupations .................................... | 693 | 918 | 913 | 585 | 719 | 954 | 946 | 610 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations | 371 | 484 | 482 | 366 | 385 | 502 | 495 | 379 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 406 | 524 | 520 | 393 | 422 | 551 | 543 | 407 |
| Personal care and service occupations ......................... | 407 | 530 | 529 | 397 | 434 | 585 | 585 | 420 |
| Sales and office occupations .......................................... | 589 | 706 | 697 | 578 | 598 | 717 | 715 | 587 |
| Sales and related occupations .................................... | 628 | 671 | 656 | 627 | 643 | 648 | 648 | 643 |
| Office and administrative support occupations ............... | 572 | 713 | 705 | 549 | 581 | 726 | 724 | 560 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| occupations .............................................................. | 653 | 934 | 925 | 608 | 670 | 973 | 961 | 617 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations ..................... | 387 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 383 | 372 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 369 |
| Construction and extraction occupations ....................... | 619 | 941 | 933 | 582 | 646 | 976 | 968 | 597 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .......... | 742 | 931 | 922 | 709 | 749 | 975 | 962 | 709 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations | 557 | 741 | 733 | 519 | 577 | 759 | 753 | 540 |
| Production occupations ............................................. | 559 | 730 | 723 | 525 | 581 | 761 | 755 | 552 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ............. | 556 | 752 | 743 | 512 | 570 | 757 | 750 | 523 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by union affiliation, occupation, and industry-Continued

| Occupation and industry | 2006 |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion | Total | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ | Nonunion |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private sector | \$645 | \$792 | \$785 | \$631 | \$666 | \$818 | \$813 | \$651 |
| Agriculture and related industries | 422 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 420 | 412 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 411 |
| Nonagriculture and related industries | 648 | 793 | 786 | 634 | 670 | 819 | 814 | 654 |
| Mining ....................................... | 912 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 1,044 | 899 | 969 | 960 | 950 | 975 |
| Construction ............................................................. | 642 | 969 | 956 | 610 | 673 | 1,000 | 993 | 624 |
| Manufacturing | 702 | 755 | 753 | 692 | 719 | 783 | 779 | 708 |
| Durable goods | 729 | 785 | 780 | 719 | 744 | 818 | 815 | 732 |
| Nondurable goods | 650 | 694 | 697 | 640 | 669 | 714 | 712 | 659 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 578 | 637 | 632 | 575 | 587 | 639 | 632 | 584 |
| Wholesale trade | 725 | 780 | 778 | 720 | 720 | 756 | 753 | 717 |
| Retail trade | 520 | 583 | 582 | 518 | 538 | 608 | 601 | 532 |
| Transportation and utilities | 739 | 876 | 876 | 697 | 738 | 902 | 894 | 695 |
| Transportation and warehousing ............................... | 700 | 831 | 828 | 661 | 696 | 846 | 835 | 657 |
| Utilities ................................................................. | 978 | 1,041 | 1,051 | 939 | 994 | 1,056 | 1,052 | 954 |
| Information 4 | 871 | 998 | 990 | 841 | 891 | 1,000 | 994 | 867 |
| Publishing, except internet ...................................... | 848 | $\left(\begin{array}{l}3 \\ )\end{array}\right.$ | 950 | 830 | 881 | 931 | 933 | 877 |
| Motion pictures and sound recording ......................... | 813 | $\binom{3}{3}$ | $\binom{3}{3}$ | 748 | 889 | $\binom{3}{3}$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 797 |
| Broadcasting, except internet ................................... | 737 | (3) | (3) | 722 | 786 | $(3)$ | 1,010 | 770 |
| Telecommunications | 947 | 986 | 982 | 928 | 951 | 1,003 | 1,000 | 927 |
| Financial activities | 757 | 674 | 691 | 759 | 782 | 728 | 738 | 784 |
| Finance and insurance | 794 | 657 | 674 | 799 | 820 | 722 | 746 | 822 |
| Finance | 811 | $\left(\begin{array}{l}3 \\ \text { ) }\end{array}\right.$ | 673 | 817 | 835 | 717 | 773 | 836 |
| Insurance . | 767 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 769 | 795 | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | 735 | 799 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 663 | 701 | 700 | 660 | 691 | 739 | 718 | 690 |
| Professional and business services | 749 | 744 | 752 | 749 | 783 | 800 | 822 | 782 |
| Professional and technical services | 996 | 940 | 966 | 996 | 1,031 | 991 | 1,041 | 1,031 |
| Management, administrative, and waste services ......... | 504 | 653 | 643 | 499 | 524 | 733 | 686 | 519 |
| Education and health services | 648 | 751 | 745 | 635 | 671 | 779 | 781 | 657 |
| Educational services .. | 750 | 816 | 806 | 737 | 766 | 824 | 812 | 754 |
| Health care and social assistance | 620 | 703 | 700 | 614 | 644 | 752 | 762 | 632 |
| Leisure and hospitality ................................................ | 417 | 538 | 533 | 412 | 440 | 580 | 572 | 431 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation ........................... | 545 | 617 | 604 | 537 | 587 | 633 | 634 | 581 |
| Accommodation and food services ............................. | 399 | 515 | 515 | 395 | 413 | 534 | 528 | 410 |
| Accommodation .................................................. | 490 | 567 | 570 | 481 | 492 | 554 | 546 | 481 |
| Food services and drinking places ......................... | 382 | 480 | 481 | 381 | 399 | 476 | 490 | 398 |
| Other services ${ }^{4}$.................................................................. | 568 | 816 | 794 | 550 | 581 | 803 | 789 | 574 |
| Other services, except private households .................. | 597 | 824 | 800 | 588 | 600 | 822 | 806 | 593 |
| Public sector | 773 | 871 | 865 | 717 | 816 | 901 | 896 | 749 |
| Federal government .................................................... | 919 | 896 | 900 | 938 | 965 | 927 | 933 | 996 |
| State government ....................................................... | 746 | 835 | 824 | 699 | 772 | 865 | 856 | 731 |
| Local government ....................................................... | 754 | 876 | 868 | 656 | 787 | 907 | 899 | 688 |

1 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

2 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.
3 Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

4 Includes other industries, not shown separately.
NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full-time wage and salary workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table 5. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by state
(Numbers in thousands)

| State | 2006 |  |  |  |  | 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  | Total employed | Members of unions ${ }^{1}$ |  | Represented by unions ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total | Percent of employed | Total | Percent of employed |  | Total | Percent <br> of <br> em- <br> ployed | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { em- } \\ & \text { ployed } \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama | 1,930 | 170 | 8.8 | 194 | 10.0 | 1,895 | 180 | 9.5 | 201 | 10.6 |
| Alaska | 280 | 62 | 22.2 | 67 | 23.8 | 284 | 68 | 23.8 | 70 | 24.7 |
| Arizona | 2,584 | 197 | 7.6 | 250 | 9.7 | 2,619 | 230 | 8.8 | 255 | 9.7 |
| Arkansas | 1,130 | 58 | 5.1 | 67 | 6.0 | 1,154 | 62 | 5.4 | 75 | 6.5 |
| California | 14,501 | 2,273 | 15.7 | 2,444 | 16.9 | 14,856 | 2,474 | 16.7 | 2,650 | 17.8 |
| Colorado | 2,154 | 165 | 7.7 | 186 | 8.6 | 2,204 | 191 | 8.7 | 202 | 9.2 |
| Connecticut | 1,591 | 247 | 15.6 | 263 | 16.5 | 1,617 | 253 | 15.6 | 269 | 16.6 |
| Delaware | 396 | 43 | 10.8 | 45 | 11.4 | 396 | 47 | 12.0 | 50 | 12.8 |
| District of Columbia | 246 | 25 | 10.3 | 30 | 12.2 | 278 | 29 | 10.3 | 38 | 13.6 |
| Florida | 7,676 | 397 | 5.2 | 497 | 6.5 | 7,741 | 455 | 5.9 | 562 | 7.3 |
| Georgia | 3,974 | 176 | 4.4 | 230 | 5.8 | 4,181 | 186 | 4.4 | 226 | 5.4 |
| Hawaii. | 562 | 139 | 24.7 | 146 | 25.9 | 556 | 130 | 23.4 | 135 | 24.2 |
| Idaho | 620 | 37 | 6.0 | 45 | 7.2 | 635 | 33 | 5.3 | 41 | 6.4 |
| Illinois . | 5,684 | 931 | 16.4 | 979 | 17.2 | 5,802 | 842 | 14.5 | 884 | 15.2 |
| Indiana | 2,787 | 334 | 12.0 | 362 | 13.0 | 2,779 | 333 | 12.0 | 359 | 12.9 |
| lowa | 1,424 | 161 | 11.3 | 199 | 14.0 | 1,417 | 149 | 10.5 | 185 | 13.1 |
| Kansas | 1,236 | 99 | 8.0 | 115 | 9.3 | 1,274 | 89 | 7.0 | 110 | 8.7 |
| Kentucky | 1,752 | 172 | 9.8 | 196 | 11.2 | 1,734 | 157 | 9.1 | 192 | 11.1 |
| Louisiana | 1,676 | 107 | 6.4 | 121 | 7.2 | 1,670 | 94 | 5.6 | 108 | 6.5 |
| Maine | 584 | 69 | 11.9 | 79 | 13.5 | 574 | 67 | 11.7 | 79 | 13.8 |
| Maryland | 2,614 | 342 | 13.1 | 386 | 14.8 | 2,598 | 335 | 12.9 | 376 | 14.5 |
| Massachusetts | 2,859 | 414 | 14.5 | 438 | 15.3 | 2,882 | 379 | 13.2 | 402 | 14.0 |
| Michigan | 4,299 | 842 | 19.6 | 879 | 20.4 | 4,193 | 819 | 19.5 | 865 | 20.6 |
| Minnesota | 2,479 | 395 | 16.0 | 416 | 16.8 | 2,460 | 400 | 16.3 | 419 | 17.0 |
| Mississippi | 1,065 | 60 | 5.6 | 78 | 7.3 | 1,068 | 72 | 6.7 | 95 | 8.9 |
| Missouri .... | 2,610 | 284 | 10.9 | 310 | 11.9 | 2,585 | 275 | 10.7 | 308 | 11.9 |
| Montana | 397 | 48 | 12.2 | 52 | 13.1 | 399 | 54 | 13.5 | 62 | 15.6 |
| Nebraska | 831 | 66 | 7.9 | 79 | 9.5 | 836 | 65 | 7.8 | 81 | 9.7 |
| Nevada | 1,124 | 167 | 14.8 | 191 | 17.0 | 1,177 | 182 | 15.4 | 208 | 17.7 |
| New Hampshire ........................................................... | 620 | 63 | 10.1 | 70 | 11.3 | 631 | 61 | 9.7 | 70 | 11.2 |
| New Jersey | 3,827 | 770 | 20.1 | 825 | 21.6 | 3,897 | 748 | 19.2 | 802 | 20.6 |
| New Mexico | 796 | 62 | 7.8 | 92 | 11.5 | 800 | 62 | 7.7 | 91 | 11.4 |
| New York | 8,115 | 1,981 | 24.4 | 2,060 | 25.4 | 8,150 | 2,055 | 25.2 | 2,146 | 26.3 |
| North Carolina | 3,810 | 126 | 3.3 | 155 | 4.1 | 3,771 | 114 | 3.0 | 147 | 3.9 |
| North Dakota | 300 | 20 | 6.8 | 24 | 8.0 | 303 | 19 | 6.4 | 23 | 7.6 |
| Ohio | 5,170 | 734 | 14.2 | 801 | 15.5 | 5,187 | 730 | 14.1 | 797 | 15.4 |
| Oklahoma | 1,453 | 93 | 6.4 | 112 | 7.7 | 1,456 | 103 | 7.1 | 124 | 8.5 |
| Oregon ..... | 1,527 | 211 | 13.8 | 225 | 14.7 | 1,582 | 227 | 14.3 | 243 | 15.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,457 | 745 | 13.6 | 802 | 14.7 | 5,496 | 830 | 15.1 | 910 | 16.6 |
| Rhode Island .............................................................. | 498 | 76 | 15.3 | 79 | 16.0 | 497 | 75 | 15.0 | 78 | 15.8 |
| South Carolina | 1,775 | 59 | 3.3 | 74 | 4.2 | 1,873 | 78 | 4.1 | 111 | 5.9 |
| South Dakota | 351 | 21 | 5.9 | 25 | 7.2 | 354 | 23 | 6.5 | 27 | 7.7 |
| Tennessee | 2,550 | 153 | 6.0 | 174 | 6.8 | 2,596 | 138 | 5.3 | 166 | 6.4 |
| Texas | 9,751 | 476 | 4.9 | 576 | 5.9 | 9,899 | 463 | 4.7 | 566 | 5.7 |
| Utah ........................................................................... | 1,121 | 61 | 5.4 | 69 | 6.1 | 1,153 | 67 | 5.8 | 78 | 6.8 |
| Vermont | 305 | 34 | 11.0 | 39 | 12.9 | 288 | 30 | 10.4 | 35 | 12.2 |
| Virginia | 3,446 | 139 | 4.0 | 179 | 5.2 | 3,502 | 129 | 3.7 | 167 | 4.8 |
| Washington .................................................................. | 2,772 | 549 | 19.8 | 583 | 21.0 | 2,874 | 579 | 20.2 | 616 | 21.4 |
| West Virginia | 710 | 101 | 14.2 | 110 | 15.5 | 724 | 97 | 13.3 | 107 | 14.7 |
| Wisconsin .................................................................. | 2,587 | 386 | 14.9 | 415 | 16.1 | 2,631 | 376 | 14.3 | 405 | 15.4 |
| Wyoming ................................................................... | 235 | 19 | 8.3 | 24 | 10.0 | 239 | 19 | 7.9 | 22 | 9.4 |

[^0]NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time wage and salary workers. Excluded are all self-employed workers regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.
Chart 1. Union Membership rates by state, 2007 annual averages
(u.s. rate $=12.1$ percent)



[^0]:    1 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.
    2 Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

