

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2001



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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and substate areas are available from two major sources--the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State employment security agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2001 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions, the 50 States and the District of Columbia, 50 large metropolitan areas, and 17 central cities. Data are provided on the employed and unemployed by selected demographic and economic characteristics.

Tables 1 through 11 present 2001 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 12 through 23. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States may differ slightly from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for the States. All of these data incorporate updated 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. The 2000 census-based population controls will be reflected in the 2002 edition of this publication. The LAUS program uses the total CPS estimates for States and the District of Columbia as the official annual average labor force statistics.

Tables 24 through 28 display 2001 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for 50 large metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented because independent 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount, generally are not available for geographic areas below the State level. **The CPS metropolitan area and city estimates may differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program.** CPS estimates are

provided herein because they are the only current source of information on demographic and economic characteristics for these areas. Official 2001 annual average LAUS estimates for metropolitan areas appeared in the May 2002 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Official LAUS estimates for metropolitan areas and cities were published on the BLS Web site. Geographic definitions for metropolitan areas in this publication reflect those issued by the US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993. (See appendix C.)

This bulletin was prepared in the BLS Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. Editorial assistance was provided by the Data Users and Publication Services Group.

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The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I; data for States are shown in section II; and limited data for metropolitan areas and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are not provided in section III because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated, in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals, and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, white, black, or Hispanic). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions And Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
UNITED STATES								
Total	211,864	141,815	66.9	135,073	63.8	6,742	4.8	4.7 - 4.9
Men	101,858	75,743	74.4	72,080	70.8	3,663	4.8	4.7 - 4.9
Women	110,007	66,071	60.1	62,992	57.3	3,079	4.7	4.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16,146	8,077	50.0	6,889	42.7	1,187	14.7	14.2 - 15.2
White	175,888	118,144	67.2	113,220	64.4	4,923	4.2	4.1 - 4.3
Men	85,421	64,141	75.1	61,411	71.9	2,730	4.3	4.2 - 4.4
Women	90,467	54,003	59.7	51,810	57.3	2,193	4.1	4.0 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	12,786	6,835	53.5	5,969	46.7	866	12.7	12.2 - 13.2
Black	25,559	16,719	65.4	15,270	59.7	1,450	8.7	8.4 - 9.0
Men	11,468	7,858	68.5	7,127	62.1	731	9.3	8.9 - 9.7
Women	14,091	8,861	62.9	8,143	57.8	719	8.1	7.7 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,479	934	37.7	663	26.8	271	29.0	27.5 - 30.5
Hispanic origin	23,122	15,751	68.1	14,714	63.6	1,037	6.6	6.4 - 6.8
Men	11,400	9,098	79.8	8,556	75.0	542	6.0	5.7 - 6.3
Women	11,722	6,653	56.8	6,159	52.5	495	7.4	7.0 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,393	1,122	46.9	923	38.6	199	17.7	16.4 - 19.0
Northeast Region								
Total	40,404	26,296	65.1	25,140	62.2	1,156	4.4	4.3 - 4.5
Men	19,243	13,907	72.3	13,271	69.0	636	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Women	21,161	12,389	58.5	11,869	56.1	520	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,889	1,313	45.4	1,143	39.6	170	12.9	12.0 - 13.8
White	34,089	22,296	65.4	21,416	62.8	880	3.9	3.8 - 4.0
Men	16,364	11,921	72.8	11,426	69.8	495	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Women	17,724	10,375	58.5	9,990	56.4	384	3.7	3.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,317	1,133	48.9	1,003	43.3	130	11.5	10.5 - 12.5
Black	4,650	2,895	62.3	2,662	57.3	233	8.0	7.5 - 8.5
Men	2,062	1,362	66.0	1,244	60.3	117	8.6	7.8 - 9.4
Women	2,587	1,533	59.3	1,418	54.8	116	7.5	6.8 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	449	144	32.0	109	24.3	35	24.2	21.0 - 27.4
Hispanic origin	3,222	2,013	62.5	1,875	58.2	138	6.9	6.3 - 7.5
Men	1,492	1,076	72.1	1,007	67.5	69	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Women	1,730	937	54.2	868	50.2	69	7.3	6.4 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	313	114	36.5	95	30.3	19	16.9	13.3 - 20.5
New England Division								
Total	10,571	7,212	68.2	6,948	65.7	264	3.7	3.5 - 3.9
Men	5,085	3,799	74.7	3,650	71.8	149	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Women	5,486	3,413	62.2	3,298	60.1	115	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	735	376	51.1	334	45.5	41	11.0	9.6 - 12.4
White	9,634	6,571	68.2	6,346	65.9	225	3.4	3.2 - 3.6
Men	4,631	3,463	74.8	3,335	72.0	128	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Women	5,003	3,107	62.1	3,011	60.2	97	3.1	2.8 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	636	336	52.9	303	47.7	33	9.9	8.5 - 11.3
Black	671	458	68.2	427	63.6	31	6.8	5.6 - 8.0
Men	327	236	72.1	219	67.0	17	7.1	5.4 - 8.8
Women	344	222	64.6	208	60.4	14	6.4	4.7 - 8.1
Hispanic origin	530	353	66.7	325	61.4	28	7.8	6.4 - 9.2
Men	244	180	73.9	165	67.7	15	8.3	6.2 - 10.4
Women	286	173	60.5	160	56.1	13	7.3	5.3 - 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	29,833	19,084	64.0	18,192	61.0	892	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	14,158	10,108	71.4	9,621	68.0	487	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Women	15,675	8,976	57.3	8,571	54.7	405	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,154	937	43.5	809	37.5	128	13.7	12.5 - 14.9
White	24,454	15,725	64.3	15,070	61.6	655	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Men	11,734	8,458	72.1	8,091	69.0	367	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Women	12,721	7,267	57.1	6,980	54.9	288	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,681	797	47.4	700	41.6	97	12.2	10.9 - 13.5
Black	3,979	2,438	61.3	2,236	56.2	202	8.3	7.7 - 8.9
Men	1,735	1,126	64.9	1,025	59.1	100	8.9	8.0 - 9.8
Women	2,244	1,312	58.5	1,210	53.9	101	7.7	6.9 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	373	114	30.6	86	23.1	28	24.4	20.8 - 28.0
Hispanic origin	2,692	1,660	61.7	1,550	57.6	110	6.6	5.9 - 7.3
Men	1,248	896	71.8	842	67.5	54	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Women	1,444	764	52.9	708	49.0	56	7.3	6.3 - 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	251	83	33.1	69	27.5	14	17.2	12.9 - 21.5
Midwest Region								
Total	48,517	33,904	69.9	32,356	66.7	1,548	4.6	4.5 - 4.7
Men	23,435	17,915	76.4	17,042	72.7	873	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Women	25,082	15,989	63.7	15,314	61.1	675	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,864	2,267	58.7	1,968	50.9	299	13.2	12.4 - 14.0
White	42,617	30,006	70.4	28,804	67.6	1,202	4.0	3.9 - 4.1
Men	20,795	16,069	77.3	15,374	73.9	695	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Women	21,822	13,937	63.9	13,429	61.5	508	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,310	2,024	61.1	1,792	54.1	232	11.5	10.7 - 12.3
Black	4,625	3,001	64.9	2,708	58.6	293	9.8	9.2 - 10.4
Men	2,025	1,356	67.0	1,210	59.7	146	10.8	9.8 - 11.8
Women	2,600	1,645	63.3	1,498	57.6	147	8.9	8.1 - 9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	444	193	43.3	133	29.9	60	31.1	28.3 - 33.9
Hispanic origin	1,780	1,310	73.6	1,210	68.0	101	7.7	6.9 - 8.5
Men	930	787	84.7	732	78.7	55	7.0	6.0 - 8.0
Women	850	523	61.5	477	56.2	46	8.7	7.3 - 10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	190	100	52.6	78	41.0	22	22.0	17.8 - 26.2
East North Central Division								
Total	34,111	23,478	68.8	22,338	65.5	1,140	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	16,414	12,443	75.8	11,807	71.9	636	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Women	17,698	11,035	62.4	10,530	59.5	504	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,688	1,529	56.9	1,314	48.9	215	14.1	13.1 - 15.1
White	29,372	20,363	69.3	19,504	66.4	859	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Men	14,294	10,972	76.8	10,480	73.3	491	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Women	15,079	9,392	62.3	9,024	59.8	368	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,252	1,333	59.2	1,173	52.1	160	12.0	11.0 - 13.0
Black	3,855	2,482	64.4	2,238	58.1	244	9.8	9.1 - 10.5
Men	1,687	1,118	66.3	997	59.1	122	10.9	9.9 - 11.9
Women	2,168	1,363	62.9	1,241	57.3	122	9.0	8.1 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	363	160	44.1	109	30.0	51	32.1	29.1 - 35.1
Hispanic origin	1,412	1,041	73.7	958	67.8	83	8.0	7.0 - 9.0
Men	741	628	84.8	583	78.7	45	7.2	6.0 - 8.4
Women	672	413	61.5	375	55.8	38	9.2	7.6 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	78	50.7	59	38.5	19	24.1	19.1 - 29.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West North Central Division								
Total	14,406	10,426	72.4	10,018	69.5	408	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Men	7,021	5,472	77.9	5,234	74.5	237	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Women	7,384	4,954	67.1	4,784	64.8	170	3.4	3.1 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,175	738	62.8	654	55.7	83	11.3	10.2 - 12.4
White	13,245	9,643	72.8	9,300	70.2	343	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Men	6,502	5,097	78.4	4,894	75.3	203	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Women	6,744	4,545	67.4	4,405	65.3	140	3.1	2.8 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,059	690	65.2	618	58.4	72	10.4	9.3 - 11.5
Black	770	519	67.4	470	61.1	49	9.4	7.8 - 11.0
Men	338	237	70.2	213	63.0	24	10.2	7.8 - 12.6
Women	432	282	65.2	257	59.5	25	8.7	6.7 - 10.7
Hispanic origin	368	269	73.3	252	68.5	17	6.5	4.8 - 8.2
Men	189	159	84.2	150	79.0	10	6.2	4.1 - 8.3
Women	178	110	61.6	102	57.4	8	6.9	4.3 - 9.5
South Region								
Total	75,277	49,426	65.7	47,076	62.5	2,350	4.8	4.7 - 4.9
Men	35,914	26,339	73.3	25,110	69.9	1,228	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Women	39,363	23,088	58.7	21,966	55.8	1,121	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,645	2,666	47.2	2,240	39.7	426	16.0	15.2 - 16.8
White	59,206	38,700	65.4	37,213	62.9	1,488	3.8	3.7 - 3.9
Men	28,644	21,191	74.0	20,400	71.2	791	3.7	3.5 - 3.9
Women	30,561	17,510	57.3	16,813	55.0	697	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,103	2,080	50.7	1,816	44.3	264	12.7	11.9 - 13.5
Black	13,955	9,271	66.4	8,480	60.8	791	8.5	8.2 - 8.8
Men	6,277	4,361	69.5	3,961	63.1	400	9.2	8.7 - 9.7
Women	7,678	4,910	64.0	4,519	58.9	392	8.0	7.5 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,369	520	37.9	367	26.8	153	29.4	28.6 - 30.2
Hispanic origin	8,233	5,617	68.2	5,294	64.3	322	5.7	5.3 - 6.1
Men	4,117	3,295	80.0	3,131	76.1	164	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Women	4,117	2,322	56.4	2,163	52.5	159	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	810	403	49.8	339	41.9	64	15.9	14.1 - 17.7
South Atlantic Division								
Total	39,040	25,792	66.1	24,618	63.1	1,174	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Men	18,686	13,599	72.8	12,985	69.5	615	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Women	20,354	12,193	59.9	11,634	57.2	559	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,763	1,329	48.1	1,126	40.8	203	15.3	14.2 - 16.4
White	29,726	19,483	65.5	18,776	63.2	707	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Men	14,452	10,607	73.4	10,225	70.8	382	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Women	15,274	8,875	58.1	8,550	56.0	325	3.7	3.4 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,900	986	51.9	869	45.7	117	11.9	10.7 - 13.1
Black	8,241	5,553	67.4	5,117	62.1	436	7.8	7.4 - 8.2
Men	3,738	2,599	69.5	2,380	63.7	218	8.4	7.8 - 9.0
Women	4,503	2,954	65.6	2,737	60.8	217	7.4	6.8 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	772	306	39.7	224	29.0	82	26.9	25.4 - 28.4
Hispanic origin	3,079	2,143	69.6	2,013	65.4	130	6.1	5.5 - 6.7
Men	1,571	1,259	80.2	1,191	75.8	68	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	1,508	884	58.6	822	54.5	62	7.0	6.0 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	234	118	50.4	102	43.4	16	13.9	10.3 - 17.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	12,949	8,229	63.6	7,809	60.3	420	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	6,074	4,335	71.4	4,125	67.9	211	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Women	6,875	3,894	56.6	3,684	53.6	209	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	985	439	44.6	367	37.2	73	16.6	14.8 - 18.2
White	10,374	6,590	63.5	6,318	60.9	272	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Men	4,958	3,584	72.3	3,445	69.5	139	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Women	5,417	3,006	55.5	2,873	53.0	133	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	700	347	49.5	301	43.1	45	13.1	11.2 - 15.0
Black	2,447	1,553	63.5	1,408	57.5	145	9.3	8.4 - 10.2
Men	1,064	709	66.6	638	60.0	70	9.9	8.6 - 11.2
Women	1,383	845	61.1	770	55.7	75	8.8	7.7 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	275	89	32.3	62	22.5	27	30.5	(²) - (²)
Hispanic origin	205	159	77.5	149	72.7	10	6.1	3.9 - 8.3
Men	113	100	88.2	95	83.5	5	5.3	2.7 - 7.9
Women	92	59	64.2	54	59.4	4	7.5	3.5 - 11.5
West South Central Division								
Total	23,288	15,405	66.2	14,649	62.9	756	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	11,154	8,404	75.3	8,001	71.7	403	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Women	12,134	7,001	57.7	6,648	54.8	353	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,897	898	47.3	747	39.4	151	16.8	15.5 - 18.1
White	19,105	12,628	66.1	12,119	63.4	509	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Men	9,234	7,000	75.8	6,730	72.9	270	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Women	9,871	5,628	57.0	5,389	54.6	238	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,502	747	49.8	646	43.0	101	13.6	12.2 - 15.0
Black	3,267	2,164	66.2	1,954	59.8	211	9.7	9.0 - 10.4
Men	1,475	1,053	71.4	942	63.9	111	10.5	9.5 - 11.5
Women	1,792	1,111	62.0	1,011	56.4	100	9.0	8.0 - 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	322	124	38.6	81	25.3	43	34.6	(²) - (²)
Hispanic origin	4,950	3,315	67.0	3,132	63.3	182	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	2,432	1,936	79.6	1,846	75.9	90	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	2,518	1,379	54.8	1,286	51.1	92	6.7	5.8 - 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	551	267	48.5	221	40.1	46	17.2	15.1 - 19.3
West Region								
Total	47,666	32,189	67.5	30,501	64.0	1,688	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Men	23,266	17,583	75.6	16,658	71.6	925	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Women	24,400	14,606	59.9	13,843	56.7	763	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,748	1,831	48.8	1,538	41.0	293	16.0	15.0 - 17.0
White	39,976	27,141	67.9	25,788	64.5	1,354	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Men	19,617	14,960	76.3	14,211	72.4	749	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Women	20,359	12,181	59.8	11,577	56.9	604	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,056	1,598	52.3	1,358	44.4	240	15.0	13.9 - 16.1
Black	2,330	1,552	66.6	1,419	60.9	133	8.5	7.6 - 9.4
Men	1,104	780	70.7	712	64.5	68	8.8	7.6 - 10.0
Women	1,226	772	63.0	708	57.7	64	8.3	7.1 - 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	216	78	36.1	55	25.3	23	30.1	24.3 - 35.9
Hispanic origin	9,888	6,811	68.9	6,335	64.1	476	7.0	6.6 - 7.4
Men	4,862	3,939	81.0	3,685	75.8	254	6.5	6.0 - 7.0
Women	5,025	2,872	57.1	2,650	52.7	221	7.7	7.0 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,081	505	46.7	412	38.1	93	18.4	16.3 - 20.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mountain Division								
Total	13,271	9,110	68.6	8,702	65.6	407	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Men	6,527	5,002	76.6	4,789	73.4	213	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Women	6,744	4,108	60.9	3,914	58.0	194	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,082	606	56.0	524	48.4	82	13.5	12.3 - 14.7
White	12,200	8,373	68.6	8,017	65.7	356	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Men	6,006	4,616	76.9	4,430	73.8	186	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Women	6,194	3,757	60.7	3,587	57.9	170	4.5	4.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	973	558	57.4	489	50.3	69	12.4	11.2 - 13.6
Black	378	259	68.6	239	63.3	20	7.8	6.3 - 9.3
Men	185	130	70.5	120	64.7	11	8.2	6.1 - 10.3
Women	193	129	66.8	120	61.9	10	7.4	5.3 - 9.5
Hispanic origin	2,298	1,563	68.0	1,467	63.8	96	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Men	1,119	897	80.1	849	75.9	48	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	1,179	667	56.5	618	52.4	48	7.2	6.0 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	257	137	53.1	115	44.8	21	15.7	12.7 - 18.7
Pacific Division								
Total	34,395	23,079	67.1	21,798	63.4	1,281	5.5	5.3 - 5.7
Men	16,739	12,581	75.2	11,869	70.9	712	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Women	17,656	10,498	59.5	9,929	56.2	569	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,666	1,225	45.9	1,014	38.0	211	17.2	15.8 - 18.6
White	27,776	18,768	67.6	17,771	64.0	997	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Men	13,611	10,344	76.0	9,780	71.9	564	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Women	14,165	8,424	59.5	7,991	56.4	434	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,084	1,040	49.9	869	41.7	171	16.4	14.9 - 17.9
Black	1,952	1,293	66.2	1,180	60.5	112	8.7	7.7 - 9.7
Men	919	650	70.7	592	64.4	58	8.9	7.5 - 10.3
Women	1,033	643	62.3	588	57.0	55	8.5	7.1 - 9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	172	59	34.5	43	24.9	16	27.8	20.8 - 34.8
Hispanic origin	7,589	5,248	69.1	4,868	64.1	380	7.2	6.7 - 7.7
Men	3,743	3,043	81.3	2,836	75.8	207	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Women	3,846	2,205	57.3	2,032	52.8	173	7.9	7.1 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	824	368	44.7	297	36.0	72	19.5	16.8 - 22.2

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for regions.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
		Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons								
TOTAL											
Northeast	20,597	17,873	195	1,720	810	4,543	398	3,843	301	938	219
New England	5,593	4,828	52	496	216	1,355	88	1,183	85	215	49
Middle Atlantic	15,004	13,045	142	1,224	594	3,188	311	2,661	216	722	170
Midwest	26,121	22,633	335	2,179	974	6,234	470	5,337	428	1,232	316
East North Central	18,079	15,687	230	1,453	708	4,259	348	3,622	289	916	224
West North Central	8,042	6,946	105	726	265	1,976	122	1,715	139	316	92
South	40,205	35,317	549	2,970	1,370	6,871	729	5,687	455	1,956	393
South Atlantic	21,100	18,641	272	1,520	668	3,518	339	2,937	242	983	191
East South Central	6,578	5,716	92	526	244	1,231	137	1,021	73	350	70
West South Central	12,527	10,961	185	925	457	2,122	252	1,729	140	624	132
West	24,908	21,693	437	1,928	850	5,593	683	4,540	369	1,367	321
Mountain	7,124	6,231	108	555	231	1,578	145	1,326	107	322	86
Pacific	17,784	15,462	329	1,373	619	4,015	538	3,214	262	1,046	235
Men											
Northeast	11,916	10,593	115	815	392	1,355	157	1,117	81	544	92
New England	3,263	2,895	28	233	108	387	38	326	22	127	22
Middle Atlantic	8,652	7,698	87	582	284	968	118	791	59	417	70
Midwest	15,080	13,361	196	1,055	468	1,961	211	1,648	102	733	140
East North Central	10,473	9,281	133	716	342	1,335	155	1,116	63	540	95
West North Central	4,608	4,080	62	339	127	627	56	532	39	193	44
South	22,785	20,382	334	1,396	673	2,325	321	1,871	133	1,055	174
South Atlantic	11,826	10,641	165	703	318	1,159	147	938	73	526	88
East South Central	3,703	3,280	54	249	120	422	59	342	22	181	30
West South Central	7,257	6,462	116	444	235	744	115	591	38	348	55
West	14,742	13,058	274	978	432	1,916	323	1,486	106	790	135
Mountain	4,255	3,790	68	280	118	534	68	435	31	178	36
Pacific	10,487	9,268	206	699	315	1,382	256	1,051	75	612	99
Women											
Northeast	8,682	7,280	79	905	418	3,188	242	2,726	220	394	126
New England	2,330	1,933	24	263	109	968	49	856	63	88	27
Middle Atlantic	6,352	5,346	55	642	309	2,219	192	1,870	157	305	99
Midwest	11,041	9,273	140	1,124	505	4,273	259	3,689	326	498	176
East North Central	7,606	6,406	97	736	367	2,924	193	2,506	226	376	129
West North Central	3,435	2,866	43	387	138	1,349	66	1,183	100	123	47
South	17,420	14,935	214	1,574	697	4,546	408	3,816	322	902	220
South Atlantic	9,274	8,000	107	817	350	2,359	192	1,999	169	456	103
East South Central	2,875	2,436	39	277	124	809	79	679	51	169	40
West South Central	5,270	4,499	69	480	222	1,378	138	1,138	102	276	77
West	10,166	8,636	163	950	418	3,677	360	3,054	263	577	186
Mountain	2,870	2,441	41	275	113	1,044	78	891	76	144	50
Pacific	7,296	6,195	123	674	305	2,632	283	2,163	187	433	135

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	Economic reasons	1 to 34 hours			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons				Part time for noneconomic reasons
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	330	274	11	35	9	813	40	734	40	84	85
New England	99	80	4	12	3	236	10	214	11	(³)	(³)
Middle Atlantic	232	194	7	24	6	577	30	519	28	60	68
Midwest	560	463	22	60	16	1,408	77	1,271	60	147	152
East North Central	372	312	15	36	10	942	54	845	42	106	109
West North Central	188	151	7	24	6	466	22	426	18	41	42
South	880	751	29	82	18	1,360	93	1,210	57	230	196
South Atlantic	452	390	14	38	9	675	42	602	31	105	97
East South Central	124	106	2	13	3	242	15	220	7	39	34
West South Central	304	255	13	31	5	443	37	387	19	86	65
West	530	444	25	49	12	1,008	85	879	44	145	148
Mountain	202	174	8	16	5	322	23	285	14	39	43
Pacific	328	270	17	33	7	686	62	593	30	106	105
White											
Northeast	17,393	15,060	165	1,471	698	4,023	305	3,445	272	698	182
New England	5,092	4,386	46	459	201	1,254	72	1,103	78	183	42
Middle Atlantic	12,301	10,674	119	1,011	497	2,769	233	2,342	194	515	140
Midwest	23,152	20,056	295	1,943	859	5,652	375	4,885	391	939	263
East North Central	15,698	13,622	197	1,269	611	3,806	270	3,273	263	677	182
West North Central	7,454	6,434	98	674	248	1,845	105	1,612	128	262	81
South	31,608	27,776	421	2,335	1,075	5,604	501	4,722	382	1,211	276
South Atlantic	15,982	14,112	200	1,153	518	2,793	227	2,365	201	578	129
East South Central	5,299	4,619	68	424	188	1,019	88	868	63	224	48
West South Central	10,327	9,045	153	759	370	1,792	186	1,489	117	409	99
West	20,943	18,191	379	1,644	729	4,845	573	3,947	325	1,096	258
Mountain	6,556	5,727	100	516	213	1,461	133	1,228	100	283	73
Pacific	14,387	12,464	279	1,128	517	3,384	440	2,719	224	812	185
Black											
Northeast	2,268	1,979	23	183	82	395	78	296	21	202	31
New England	353	310	5	27	10	73	13	57	4	(³)	(³)
Middle Atlantic	1,914	1,668	18	156	72	321	65	239	17	177	25
Midwest	2,277	1,964	33	189	90	432	81	322	28	247	46
East North Central	1,885	1,624	28	153	79	353	69	262	22	206	38
West North Central	392	339	5	36	11	78	12	60	6	41	8
South	7,410	6,485	111	554	260	1,070	203	808	58	681	110
South Atlantic	4,489	3,967	61	326	135	628	100	494	34	374	61
East South Central	1,211	1,035	24	98	55	198	47	142	9	123	22
West South Central	1,710	1,483	26	130	71	244	56	172	16	183	28
West	1,208	1,054	14	95	45	211	38	157	16	110	22
Mountain	205	184	2	12	7	34	5	28	2	(³)	(³)
Pacific	1,003	870	12	82	39	177	33	129	15	96	16

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	Economic reasons	Non-economic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Hispanic origin											
Northeast	1,626	1,439	24	109	53	250	53	182	14	121	17
New England	270	236	4	21	9	55	11	42	3	(³)	(³)
Middle Atlantic	1,356	1,203	20	89	44	194	42	141	12	96	14
Midwest	1,045	920	24	67	35	165	28	127	9	90	11
East North Central	834	732	19	53	29	124	19	97	7	75	9
West North Central	211	187	4	14	6	41	8	30	2	(³)	(³)
South	4,645	4,084	103	315	143	649	128	493	29	268	54
South Atlantic	1,791	1,601	41	107	42	222	47	164	11	116	15
East South Central	131	113	5	9	3	18	3	14	1	(³)	(³)
West South Central	2,723	2,369	57	198	98	410	78	314	17	145	37
West	5,359	4,709	150	362	138	977	224	708	44	404	72
Mountain	1,252	1,115	27	81	29	215	37	168	10	82	14
Pacific	4,106	3,594	123	280	110	762	187	540	34	322	57

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Managerial and professional specialty	8,604	2,506	6,097	9,756	6,729	3,026	14,391	7,908	2,227	4,256	10,118	2,729	7,389
Executive, administrative, and managerial	4,072	1,162	2,910	4,736	3,293	1,443	7,025	3,883	1,077	2,066	4,996	1,369	3,627
Professional specialty	4,532	1,344	3,188	5,019	3,436	1,583	7,365	4,026	1,150	2,190	5,122	1,360	3,762
Engineers	388	135	253	511	373	138	691	375	107	209	582	140	442
Mathematical and computer scientists	435	139	296	439	301	138	693	436	67	190	606	147	459
Health diagnosing occupations	271	78	193	245	173	72	357	196	63	98	223	65	158
Health assessment and treating occupations	664	180	484	817	551	266	1,028	547	194	288	579	175	405
Teachers, except college and university	1,064	304	760	1,285	888	397	2,051	1,046	336	668	1,184	326	858
Technical, sales, and administrative support	7,610	2,038	5,572	9,579	6,567	3,012	14,393	7,539	2,302	4,552	9,162	2,664	6,498
Technicians and related support	891	239	652	1,060	701	359	1,646	899	235	512	1,034	298	736
Health technologists and technicians	363	93	271	440	300	140	669	357	112	200	367	103	265
Engineering and science technicians	240	78	162	312	197	115	468	251	64	154	336	101	234
Sales occupations	3,026	834	2,192	3,835	2,638	1,197	6,064	3,137	989	1,938	3,913	1,140	2,773
Supervisors and proprietors	904	264	640	1,076	730	345	1,837	942	302	593	1,117	347	770
Sales representatives, finance and business services	594	156	439	704	485	220	995	548	136	311	716	215	501
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	263	69	194	381	257	124	578	297	82	199	338	91	246
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1,247	342	905	1,654	1,154	501	2,615	1,335	463	818	1,719	479	1,240
Administrative support, including clerical	3,693	965	2,728	4,684	3,228	1,456	6,684	3,502	1,079	2,103	4,215	1,225	2,989
Computer equipment operators	71	(²)	53	73	50	(²)	138	75	(²)	(²)	56	(²)	(²)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	729	167	561	783	554	229	1,120	567	182	370	559	172	388
Financial records processing	392	109	284	588	390	198	761	383	142	236	527	150	377
Mail and message distributing	194	49	145	237	162	75	324	173	52	98	211	61	150
Service occupations	3,837	973	2,864	4,533	3,156	1,377	6,608	3,431	1,034	2,143	4,531	1,370	3,161
Private household	150	(²)	118	122	86	(²)	258	125	(²)	95	237	46	192
Protective service	517	116	402	506	368	139	951	509	138	304	578	177	401
Service, except private household and protective	3,169	825	2,345	3,904	2,702	1,202	5,399	2,797	858	1,744	3,716	1,148	2,568
Food service	1,211	320	891	1,649	1,151	498	2,342	1,203	380	759	1,567	519	1,048
Health service	684	185	498	718	480	237	862	420	146	297	540	140	400
Cleaning and building service	651	151	500	776	554	222	1,130	619	156	355	782	239	543
Personal service	623	168	455	762	517	245	1,066	555	176	334	827	249	578
Precision production, craft, and repair	2,631	768	1,863	3,775	2,649	1,126	5,740	2,892	993	1,855	3,398	1,035	2,363
Mechanics and repairers	846	231	615	1,194	818	376	1,858	950	310	599	1,062	320	742
Construction trades	1,111	333	779	1,509	1,037	472	2,551	1,337	406	808	1,473	481	993
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,164	802	2,362	5,246	3,831	1,415	6,923	3,414	1,433	2,076	3,847	1,022	2,824
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	1,169	341	828	2,257	1,699	558	2,533	1,226	606	701	1,348	291	1,057
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	1,037	230	807	1,480	1,045	435	2,241	1,087	434	720	1,178	356	822
Motor vehicle operators	850	190	660	1,112	781	331	1,675	854	297	524	916	269	647
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	957	231	726	1,509	1,087	422	2,149	1,102	393	654	1,322	376	946
Construction laborers	190	45	144	280	196	84	412	233	54	124	298	89	209
Farming, forestry, and fishing	373	109	264	930	484	446	1,192	531	206	454	1,009	264	745
Farm operators and managers	88	(²)	68	475	192	283	358	108	72	178	193	74	119

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
EMPLOYED													
Managerial and professional specialty	8,402	2,451	5,952	9,556	6,590	2,966	14,091	7,740	2,185	4,166	9,845	2,662	7,183
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3,967	1,135	2,832	4,636	3,226	1,410	6,868	3,799	1,053	2,015	4,866	1,335	3,531
Professional specialty	4,435	1,315	3,120	4,920	3,365	1,555	7,223	3,941	1,131	2,151	4,979	1,327	3,652
Engineers	379	132	248	502	366	136	679	368	106	205	563	135	428
Mathematical and computer scientists	419	133	285	428	293	134	676	425	66	185	580	142	439
Health diagnosing occupations	269	77	192	244	172	72	355	195	63	97	222	65	157
Health assessment and treating occupations	655	177	477	807	545	263	1,017	541	192	284	573	173	400
Teachers, except college and university	1,044	299	745	1,259	870	389	2,009	1,021	329	658	1,162	319	843
Technical, sales, and administrative support	7,304	1,974	5,330	9,212	6,302	2,909	13,781	7,223	2,209	4,349	8,747	2,558	6,190
Technicians and related support	868	233	635	1,032	680	352	1,599	872	230	497	998	288	710
Health technologists and technicians	357	91	266	434	295	139	657	349	110	197	359	101	258
Engineering and science technicians	234	76	159	299	188	111	451	242	62	147	321	96	225
Sales occupations	2,890	806	2,084	3,663	2,514	1,148	5,768	2,989	944	1,836	3,724	1,094	2,629
Supervisors and proprietors	883	259	624	1,056	717	339	1,800	920	296	584	1,096	340	756
Sales representatives, finance and business services	573	151	422	679	469	211	953	527	132	293	686	208	478
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	257	67	190	372	250	122	559	288	80	190	323	89	234
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1,158	324	834	1,536	1,067	470	2,419	1,238	430	751	1,597	450	1,147
Administrative support, including clerical	3,547	936	2,611	4,517	3,108	1,409	6,413	3,362	1,035	2,016	4,026	1,175	2,851
Computer equipment operators	67	(²)	51	71	50	(²)	132	72	(²)	(²)	53	(²)	(²)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	703	163	540	760	536	224	1,085	550	175	361	539	166	373
Financial records processing	380	107	273	576	381	195	734	368	138	228	515	147	368
Mail and message distributing	187	48	139	227	155	72	316	170	50	96	206	60	146
Service occupations	3,647	934	2,713	4,255	2,952	1,304	6,190	3,227	965	1,998	4,267	1,298	2,969
Private household	143	(²)	112	114	80	(²)	240	117	(²)	87	218	43	174
Protective service	502	113	390	489	356	133	925	497	135	293	562	174	388
Service, except private household and protective	3,001	790	2,211	3,652	2,516	1,136	5,026	2,613	795	1,618	3,487	1,081	2,407
Food service	1,142	303	839	1,509	1,047	462	2,141	1,100	346	695	1,454	482	972
Health service	656	181	475	687	458	229	817	400	139	277	520	134	386
Cleaning and building service	612	145	467	725	517	208	1,048	579	138	330	729	225	505
Personal service	591	161	430	731	494	237	1,021	533	171	317	783	240	544
Precision production, craft, and repair	2,516	743	1,773	3,605	2,523	1,081	5,490	2,764	941	1,784	3,223	991	2,232
Mechanics and repairers	822	227	595	1,158	792	366	1,802	919	299	584	1,025	312	713
Construction trades	1,049	319	730	1,412	969	443	2,413	1,269	378	766	1,379	454	924
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,925	746	2,179	4,842	3,519	1,324	6,399	3,162	1,319	1,918	3,531	947	2,584
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	1,079	315	763	2,086	1,561	525	2,330	1,132	549	648	1,239	269	970
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	986	221	765	1,399	986	413	2,147	1,042	418	687	1,106	336	770
Motor vehicle operators	813	183	630	1,062	747	315	1,614	824	289	500	867	255	612
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	860	209	651	1,357	971	386	1,923	988	352	583	1,186	342	844
Construction laborers	161	40	121	236	165	71	359	207	45	107	268	80	188
Farming, forestry, and fishing	346	101	245	885	451	434	1,126	502	190	434	887	247	640
Farm operators and managers	88	(²)	68	473	190	283	357	107	72	178	191	73	117

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYED													
Managerial and professional specialty	201	56	145	199	139	61	300	168	42	90	273	67	206
Executive, administrative, and managerial	105	27	78	100	67	33	157	83	24	50	130	34	96
Professional specialty	97	29	67	99	72	28	143	85	18	40	143	33	110
Engineers	9	3	6	10	7	3	12	7	1	4	19	5	15
Mathematical and computer scientists	16	6	11	12	8	4	17	11	1	5	26	5	20
Health diagnosing occupations	2	1	1	1	1	(³)	2	1	(³)	1	1	(³)	(³)
Health assessment and treating occupations	9	2	7	9	6	3	10	5	1	4	6	1	5
Teachers, except college and university	20	6	15	26	19	8	42	25	7	10	22	7	15
Technical, sales, and administrative support	305	63	242	367	264	103	612	316	93	203	414	106	308
Technicians and related support	23	6	17	28	21	7	46	28	4	14	36	10	26
Health technologists and technicians	6	1	4	7	5	1	13	8	2	3	8	1	7
Engineering and science technicians	6	2	3	13	9	4	17	8	2	7	14	5	9
Sales occupations	136	29	108	172	124	49	296	149	45	102	189	46	143
Supervisors and proprietors	20	5	16	19	14	6	37	21	7	9	20	7	14
Sales representatives, finance and business services	21	4	17	25	16	9	42	21	4	18	30	7	23
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	6	2	4	9	7	2	19	8	2	9	15	2	13
Sales workers, retail and personal services	88	18	71	118	87	31	196	97	33	66	122	30	93
Administrative support, including clerical	146	29	117	167	120	47	270	140	44	87	189	50	139
Computer equipment operators	4	(²)	3	2	1	(²)	6	4	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	26	5	21	23	18	5	34	18	7	9	21	6	15
Financial records processing	12	2	10	12	9	3	27	15	4	7	12	3	10
Mail and message distributing	7	1	6	10	7	3	8	4	2	3	5	1	4
Service occupations	190	39	152	278	204	73	418	204	69	145	264	72	192
Private household	7	(²)	6	8	6	(²)	18	8	(²)	8	20	2	18
Protective service	15	3	12	17	12	5	26	12	3	10	16	3	13
Service, except private household and protective	168	34	134	252	186	66	374	184	63	126	229	67	162
Food service	69	18	52	139	104	36	201	104	34	64	113	37	75
Health service	27	4	23	31	23	8	45	19	6	20	20	5	14
Cleaning and building service	39	6	33	52	37	15	82	40	17	25	53	14	38
Personal service	32	7	26	31	23	8	45	22	6	18	44	10	34
Precision production, craft, and repair	115	25	90	170	126	45	250	128	52	71	175	44	131
Mechanics and repairers	24	4	20	36	26	10	56	31	11	15	37	8	29
Construction trades	62	14	49	97	68	28	138	68	28	42	95	26	68
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	239	56	182	403	312	91	523	252	114	157	315	75	240
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	90	25	65	171	138	33	203	94	57	53	108	22	86
Transportation and material moving occupations	51	9	42	81	59	23	94	45	16	33	71	19	52
Motor vehicle operators	36	7	29	50	35	16	62	30	8	23	49	13	36
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	97	22	75	151	115	36	226	113	41	71	136	34	102
Construction laborers	28	6	23	44	31	13	53	26	9	18	30	9	22
Farming, forestry, and fishing	27	8	19	44	32	12	66	29	16	21	121	16	105
Farm operators and managers	(³)	(²)	(³)	2	1	1	2	1	(³)	(³)	2	(³)	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
Managerial and professional specialty	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6
Professional specialty	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.4	2.9
Engineers	2.3	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.0	1.9	3.3	3.3	3.3
Mathematical and computer scientists	3.8	4.1	3.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5	1.9	2.5	4.3	3.7	4.4
Health diagnosing occupations .....	.7	.7	.7	.5	.6	.1	.5	.7	⁽³⁾	.6	.2	.5	.1
Health assessment and treating occupations	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	.6	1.3	1.1	.8	1.2
Teachers, except college and university	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.1	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support	4.0	3.1	4.3	3.8	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.7
Technicians and related support	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.0	2.8	3.1	1.9	2.8	3.5	3.3	3.6
Health technologists and technicians	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.8	.9	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.6	2.3	1.1	2.7
Engineering and science technicians	2.4	2.8	2.1	4.2	4.5	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.0	4.3	4.2	5.2	3.8
Sales occupations	4.5	3.5	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	5.2	4.8	4.0	5.2
Supervisors and proprietors	2.3	1.8	2.4	1.8	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.2	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.8
Sales representatives, finance and business services	3.5	2.7	3.8	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.2	3.8	2.7	5.7	4.2	3.4	4.5
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.7	1.6	3.3	2.8	2.1	4.5	4.5	2.5	5.2
Sales workers, retail and personal services	7.1	5.2	7.8	7.1	7.5	6.2	7.5	7.3	7.1	8.1	7.1	6.2	7.5
Administrative support, including clerical	4.0	3.0	4.3	3.6	3.7	3.3	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.1	4.6
Computer equipment operators	5.3	⁽²⁾	4.9	2.3	1.3	⁽²⁾	4.1	5.0	⁽²⁾	⁽²⁾	5.2	⁽²⁾	⁽²⁾
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	3.6	2.7	3.8	3.0	3.3	2.2	3.1	3.1	3.9	2.5	3.7	3.4	3.8
Financial records processing	3.0	1.4	3.6	2.1	2.4	1.4	3.5	4.0	3.0	3.1	2.3	1.8	2.5
Mail and message distributing	3.4	1.3	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	2.4	2.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	1.8	2.6
Service occupations	5.0	4.0	5.3	6.1	6.5	5.3	6.3	6.0	6.7	6.8	5.8	5.3	6.1
Private household	4.6	⁽²⁾	5.0	6.4	7.4	⁽²⁾	7.0	6.1	⁽²⁾	8.5	8.4	4.8	9.2
Protective service	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.2	3.9	2.8	2.4	2.4	3.4	2.8	1.9	3.1
Service, except private household and protective	5.3	4.2	5.7	6.5	6.9	5.5	6.9	6.6	7.3	7.2	6.1	5.8	6.3
Food service	5.7	5.5	5.8	8.5	9.0	7.2	8.6	8.6	8.9	8.5	7.2	7.2	7.2
Health service	4.0	2.3	4.7	4.3	4.7	3.3	5.3	4.5	4.4	6.7	3.6	3.9	3.5
Cleaning and building service	6.0	3.9	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.6	7.2	6.5	11.0	7.0	6.7	6.0	7.0
Personal service	5.2	3.9	5.6	4.1	4.4	3.3	4.2	3.9	3.3	5.3	5.3	3.9	5.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	4.4	3.3	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.4	5.2	3.8	5.2	4.2	5.5
Mechanics and repairers	2.8	1.7	3.2	3.0	3.2	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.4	2.5	3.5	2.6	3.9
Construction trades	5.6	4.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.0	5.4	5.1	6.9	5.2	6.4	5.5	6.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	7.5	7.0	7.7	7.7	8.1	6.5	7.6	7.4	7.9	7.6	8.2	7.4	8.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	7.7	7.4	7.9	7.6	8.1	5.9	8.0	7.7	9.3	7.5	8.0	7.5	8.2
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	4.9	4.1	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.2	4.2	4.1	3.8	4.6	6.1	5.4	6.3
Motor vehicle operators	4.3	3.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.8	3.7	3.5	2.7	4.5	5.3	5.0	5.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.2	9.4	10.4	10.0	10.6	8.5	10.5	10.3	10.4	10.9	10.3	9.1	10.7
Construction laborers	15.0	12.5	15.8	15.6	15.7	15.3	12.8	11.0	16.8	14.3	10.2	9.9	10.3
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.2	7.2	7.2	4.8	6.7	2.7	5.6	5.5	7.8	4.6	12.0	6.1	14.1
Farm operators and managers .....	.5	⁽²⁾	.3	.4	.7	.2	.5	1.1	.5	.2	1.3	.4	1.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands).....	25,140	6,948	18,192	32,356	22,338	10,018	47,076	24,618	7,809	14,649	30,501	8,702	21,798
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	33.4	35.3	32.7	29.5	29.5	29.6	29.9	31.4	28.0	28.4	32.3	30.6	33.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15.8	16.3	15.6	14.3	14.4	14.1	14.6	15.4	13.5	13.8	16.0	15.3	16.2
Professional specialty	17.6	18.9	17.2	15.2	15.1	15.5	15.3	16.0	14.5	14.7	16.3	15.2	16.8
Engineers	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.6	2.0
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.7	.8	1.3	1.9	1.6	2.0
Health diagnosing occupations	1.1	1.1	1.1	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.5	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8
Teachers, except College and university	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.2	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support	29.1	28.4	29.3	28.5	28.2	29.0	29.3	29.3	28.3	29.7	28.7	29.4	28.4
Technicians and related support	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.5	2.9	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3
Health technologists and technicians	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2
Engineering and science technicians .....	.9	1.1	.9	.9	.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0
Sales occupations	11.5	11.6	11.5	11.3	11.3	11.5	12.3	12.1	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.6	12.1
Supervisors and proprietors	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.5
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.2
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1
Sales workers, retail and personal services	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.0	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3
Administrative support, including clerical	14.1	13.5	14.4	14.0	13.9	14.1	13.6	13.7	13.3	13.8	13.2	13.5	13.1
Computer equipment operators .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2.8	2.3	3.0	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.5	1.8	1.9	1.7
Financial records processing	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
Mail and message distributing .....	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7	.7	.7
Service occupations	14.5	13.4	14.9	13.2	13.2	13.0	13.1	13.1	12.4	13.6	14.0	14.9	13.6
Private household .....	.6	.4	.6	.4	.4	.3	.5	.5	.5	.6	.7	.5	.8
Protective service	2.0	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.8
Service, except private household and protective	11.9	11.4	12.2	11.3	11.3	11.3	10.7	10.6	10.2	11.0	11.4	12.4	11.0
Food service	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.5	4.5
Health service	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.8
Cleaning and building service	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.3
Personal service	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.5
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.0	10.7	9.7	11.1	11.3	10.8	11.7	11.2	12.0	12.2	10.6	11.4	10.2
Mechanics and repairers	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.4	3.6	3.3
Construction trades	4.2	4.6	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.4	5.1	5.2	4.8	5.2	4.5	5.2	4.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	11.6	10.7	12.0	15.0	15.8	13.2	13.6	12.8	16.9	13.1	11.6	10.9	11.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4.3	4.5	4.2	6.4	7.0	5.2	4.9	4.6	7.0	4.4	4.1	3.1	4.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.9	3.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.6	4.2	5.3	4.7	3.6	3.9	3.5
Motor vehicle operators	3.2	2.6	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.7	3.4	2.8	2.9	2.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.4	3.0	3.6	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.5	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9
Construction laborers .....	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8	.6	.7	.9	.9	.9
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.4	1.5	1.3	2.7	2.0	4.3	2.4	2.0	2.4	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.9
Farm operators and managers .....	.3	.3	.4	1.5	.9	2.8	.8	.4	.9	1.2	.6	.8	.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands).....	13,271	3,650	9,621	17,042	11,807	5,234	25,110	12,985	4,125	8,001	16,658	4,789	11,869
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	31.7	33.6	31.0	27.3	27.7	26.5	27.9	29.5	25.7	26.5	30.6	29.7	30.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.2	16.4	16.1	14.6	14.9	13.8	15.1	16.0	13.8	14.2	15.5	15.8	15.3
Professional specialty	15.5	17.2	14.8	12.8	12.9	12.7	12.8	13.5	11.9	12.3	15.1	13.9	15.6
Engineers	2.6	3.3	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	3.1	2.6	3.2
Mathematical and computer scientists	2.2	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.2	1.1	1.7	2.6	2.2	2.7
Health diagnosing occupations	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.1	.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	.9	.9	1.0	.9
Health assessment and treating occupations .....	.6	.7	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.7	.6
Teachers, except College and university	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	20.2	20.2	20.2	18.5	17.8	20.1	19.6	20.0	18.0	19.7	20.4	19.8	20.7
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.4	3.0	3.1	2.8	3.2
Health technologists and technicians .....	.5	.5	.5	.3	.3	.3	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.6
Engineering and science technicians	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Sales occupations	11.3	11.6	11.2	10.6	10.2	11.6	11.5	11.6	11.0	11.5	11.6	11.6	11.6
Supervisors and proprietors	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.8
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.4
Sales workers, retail and personal services	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.2	4.0	3.6	4.1
Administrative support, including clerical	5.9	5.4	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.2	5.7	5.4	5.9
Computer equipment operators .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.1	.2	.1
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(1)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Financial records processing .....	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3
Mail and message distributing .....	.9	.9	.9	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8
Service occupations	11.3	9.9	11.9	9.1	9.5	8.3	9.5	9.7	8.2	10.0	10.9	11.8	10.5
Private household	(1)	.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Protective service	3.1	2.5	3.3	2.4	2.5	2.0	2.8	2.9	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.6
Service, except private household and protective	8.2	7.4	8.5	6.8	7.0	6.2	6.7	6.7	5.6	7.1	8.1	8.8	7.8
Food service	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.5	3.6	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.8	4.1
Health service .....	.6	.7	.5	.4	.4	.4	.3	.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Cleaning and building service	2.9	2.5	3.1	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.6	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.4
Personal service .....	.9	.6	1.0	.7	.7	.6	.8	.8	.7	.8	1.0	1.3	.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.5	18.7	17.1	19.3	19.5	18.9	20.0	19.5	20.6	20.6	17.5	19.0	16.9
Mechanics and repairers	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.9	7.0	5.8	6.2	5.6
Construction trades	7.8	8.6	7.5	8.1	8.0	8.3	9.4	9.5	8.8	9.3	8.0	9.2	7.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17.1	15.3	17.8	21.7	22.6	19.6	19.3	18.2	23.9	18.8	16.5	15.7	16.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	5.2	5.4	5.2	8.1	8.7	6.7	5.6	5.0	8.0	5.3	4.8	3.7	5.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.7	5.4	7.1	7.4	7.5	7.0	7.6	7.1	9.1	7.6	6.0	6.2	5.9
Motor vehicle operators	5.4	4.5	5.8	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.5	6.1	5.4	4.7	4.6	4.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.2	4.5	5.5	6.2	6.4	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.7	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.6
Construction laborers	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.1	2.3	2.0	4.0	2.9	6.6	3.6	3.1	3.7	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.3
Farm operators and managers .....	.5	.4	.5	2.1	1.2	4.2	1.1	.7	1.3	1.7	.8	1.0	.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands).....	11,869	3,298	8,571	15,314	10,530	4,784	21,966	11,634	3,684	6,648	13,843	3,914	9,929
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	35.3	37.1	34.6	32.0	31.5	33.0	32.3	33.6	30.6	30.8	34.3	31.6	35.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15.3	16.3	14.9	14.1	14.0	14.4	14.1	14.8	13.2	13.2	16.5	14.7	17.3
Professional specialty	20.0	20.8	19.7	17.9	17.5	18.7	18.2	18.8	17.4	17.6	17.8	16.9	18.2
Engineers .....	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.2	.3	.4	.2	.3	.4	.3	.4
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.1	1.2	1.1	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.2	.5	.8	1.1	1.0	1.2
Health diagnosing occupations .....	.7	.7	.7	.5	.4	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.6
Health assessment and treating occupations	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.0	4.0	4.7	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.3
Teachers, except College and university	6.5	6.8	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.7	6.0	5.9	6.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	39.0	37.6	39.5	39.5	39.9	38.8	40.3	39.7	39.8	41.6	38.6	41.1	37.6
Technicians and related support	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.9	3.3
Health technologists and technicians	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.9
Engineering and science technicians .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.5	.7	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.8	.6
Sales occupations	11.7	11.5	11.8	12.1	12.4	11.4	13.2	12.8	13.2	13.8	12.9	13.8	12.6
Supervisors and proprietors	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.2	3.6	3.1
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.1
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail .....	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.4	.7
Sales workers, retail and personal services	6.1	5.9	6.1	6.7	6.9	6.1	7.1	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.7	7.1	6.6
Administrative support, including clerical	23.3	22.4	23.7	23.6	23.7	23.5	23.2	22.8	23.0	24.0	22.2	23.4	21.7
Computer equipment operators .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	5.8	4.8	6.1	4.9	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.7	5.3	3.7	4.1	3.6
Financial records processing	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.4	3.8	3.1	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.4
Mail and message distributing .....	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	.7	.6	.6	.6	.7	.5
Service occupations	18.0	17.3	18.3	17.6	17.4	18.2	17.3	17.0	17.1	18.0	17.8	18.7	17.4
Private household	1.2	.9	1.3	.7	.7	.7	1.1	1.0	.9	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.7
Protective service .....	.8	.7	.8	.6	.6	.5	1.0	1.0	.9	.9	.8	.9	.8
Service, except private household and protective	16.1	15.8	16.2	16.3	16.0	16.9	15.3	14.9	15.3	15.8	15.5	16.8	14.9
Food service	5.3	5.1	5.4	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.5	6.1	6.1	5.4	6.5	4.9
Health service	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.0	3.9	4.3	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.7	3.3	2.9	3.4
Cleaning and building service	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.6	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.9	2.2
Personal service	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.8	4.4	4.5	4.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.3
Mechanics and repairers .....	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5
Construction trades .....	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	5.5	5.6	5.4	7.5	8.1	6.2	7.0	6.9	9.1	6.2	5.7	5.0	6.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	3.2	3.6	3.1	4.6	5.0	3.6	4.2	4.1	5.9	3.4	3.2	2.4	3.5
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	.8	.7	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	.7	1.0	.7
Motor vehicle operators .....	.8	.6	.9	.8	.8	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	.7	.9	.6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8
Construction laborers .....	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing .....	.6	.6	.6	1.3	1.0	1.9	1.0	.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3
Farm operators and managers .....	.2	.2	.2	.7	.5	1.4	.4	.2	.6	.7	.4	.6	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands).....	21,416	6,346	15,070	28,804	19,504	9,300	37,213	18,776	6,318	12,119	25,788	8,017	17,771
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	34.5	36.2	33.8	30.0	30.1	29.8	31.6	33.5	30.2	29.3	32.3	31.1	32.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.6	17.0	16.4	14.8	15.0	14.3	15.7	16.8	14.8	14.6	16.1	15.7	16.3
Professional specialty	17.9	19.2	17.4	15.2	15.1	15.5	15.9	16.8	15.4	14.7	16.2	15.3	16.6
Engineers	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.8
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6	.9	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.6
Health diagnosing occupations	1.0	1.1	.9	.7	.7	.7	.8	.9	.9	.6	.7	.7	.7
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.7
Teachers, except College and university	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.0	3.8	4.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	29.2	28.6	29.4	28.3	28.1	29.0	29.6	29.6	28.9	29.9	28.3	29.5	27.8
Technicians and related support	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.0	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.0
Health technologists and technicians	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1
Engineering and science technicians	1.0	1.1	.9	.9	.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0
Sales occupations	11.8	11.9	11.8	11.5	11.4	11.6	12.9	12.8	12.8	12.9	12.4	12.7	12.2
Supervisors and proprietors	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.5	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.2	3.6	4.0	3.4
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.3
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.1
Sales workers, retail and personal services	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.9	5.4	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.3
Administrative support, including clerical	13.9	13.4	14.1	13.7	13.6	13.9	13.3	13.2	13.1	13.6	12.8	13.4	12.5
Computer equipment operators .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2.9	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.7	1.8	1.9	1.7
Financial records processing	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
Mail and message distributing .....	.6	.7	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.6	.5
Service occupations	13.0	12.4	13.2	12.3	12.2	12.5	11.5	11.3	10.5	12.2	13.5	14.4	13.2
Private household .....	.5	.4	.6	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.6	.7	.5	.9
Protective service	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.7
Service, except private household and protective	10.6	10.4	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.9	9.2	9.0	8.6	9.8	11.0	11.9	10.6
Food service	4.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.7	5.4	4.4
Health service	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5
Cleaning and building service	2.2	1.9	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.2
Personal service	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.5	2.6	2.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.6	11.0	10.5	11.7	11.9	11.2	12.5	12.1	12.7	12.9	11.0	11.5	10.8
Mechanics and repairers	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	3.5	3.6	3.4
Construction trades	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.6	4.9	5.3	4.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	11.2	10.3	11.6	14.7	15.5	12.9	12.2	11.2	15.0	12.4	11.6	10.7	12.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	4.1	4.2	4.1	6.2	6.8	5.0	4.4	3.9	6.0	4.2	4.0	3.0	4.4
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	3.7	3.1	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.8	5.1	4.3	3.7	3.8	3.6
Motor vehicle operators	3.0	2.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.3	3.0	3.5	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.0
Construction laborers .....	.6	.6	.7	.8	.8	.7	.8	.9	.6	.7	1.0	.9	1.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.2	4.6	2.6	2.3	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.3
Farm operators and managers .....	.4	.3	.4	1.6	1.0	3.0	.9	.5	1.1	1.4	.7	.9	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black													
Total (in thousands).....	2,662	427	2,236	2,708	2,238	470	8,480	5,117	1,408	1,954	1,419	239	1,180
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	23.3	20.2	23.9	21.9	21.7	22.9	21.6	23.0	16.9	21.5	28.6	22.3	29.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	10.4	8.9	10.7	10.2	10.0	10.8	9.9	10.7	7.7	9.3	14.8	11.3	15.5
Professional specialty	13.0	11.3	13.3	11.8	11.7	12.1	11.7	12.3	9.1	12.1	13.8	11.0	14.3
Engineers .....	.8	.5	.9	.5	.5	.7	.7	.7	.6	.8	1.4	1.0	1.5
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.0	.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	.6	1.3	1.0	1.7	.9
Health diagnosing occupations .....	.6	.5	.6	.3	.2	.4	.3	.4	.1	.3	.5	.3	.5
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.5	1.6	2.7	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.7
Teachers, except College and university	2.8	2.5	2.9	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.0	2.9	4.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support	28.7	27.8	28.9	30.8	30.5	32.0	28.2	28.9	25.6	28.0	33.4	34.5	33.2
Technicians and related support	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.3	2.5	3.4
Health technologists and technicians	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8
Engineering and science technicians .....	.5	.7	.4	.9	.8	1.1	.8	.9	.5	.4	.7	.5	.7
Sales occupations	8.3	8.4	8.3	10.3	10.2	10.6	9.5	9.6	8.8	9.8	11.0	12.5	10.7
Supervisors and proprietors	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.9
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	.7	1.3	2.5	2.3	2.6
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail .....	.3	.1	.3	.4	.4	.6	.3	.4	.3	.1	.4	.8	.4
Sales workers, retail and personal services	4.9	5.1	4.8	6.4	6.5	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.9	5.9	5.0	7.1	4.6
Administrative support, including clerical	17.5	16.1	17.8	17.5	17.4	18.3	15.6	16.1	14.1	15.3	19.1	19.5	19.1
Computer equipment operators .....	.5	.5	.5	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.6	.4	.2	.7	.1
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2.9	1.8	3.1	2.5	2.7	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.1	1.9	2.4	1.8
Financial records processing	1.2	.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	.9	1.3
Mail and message distributing	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.2	.7	1.4	2.1	.9	2.4
Service occupations	26.6	28.2	26.3	21.8	21.8	22.1	20.4	19.4	20.8	22.6	18.0	22.2	17.2
Private household .....	.8	.5	.9	.2	.2	.2	.6	.5	.9	.7	.5	.5	.5
Protective service	4.0	3.1	4.1	3.2	3.4	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.8	2.6	4.1
Service, except private household and protective	21.8	24.7	21.3	18.4	18.2	19.5	16.8	16.2	17.1	18.4	13.7	19.2	12.6
Food service	4.4	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.8	5.7	5.2	6.4	6.4	3.5	5.9	3.0
Health service	8.9	11.7	8.4	6.1	5.9	7.0	3.9	3.7	3.6	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.9
Cleaning and building service	4.6	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.3	3.0	5.3	2.5
Personal service	3.9	3.4	4.0	3.6	3.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.3	4.2	3.2
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.6	7.0	4.6	8.3	8.1	9.3	8.2	6.2	7.2	6.0
Mechanics and repairers	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.0	1.3	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.3
Construction trades	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.0	3.3	3.4	2.7	3.3	2.3	3.0	2.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.2	16.0	13.8	18.3	18.4	17.6	20.1	19.3	26.1	18.0	12.7	13.4	12.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	4.6	6.8	4.2	7.9	7.8	8.3	7.3	6.8	11.9	5.3	2.9	1.8	3.1
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.1	5.2	4.6	6.7	6.3	6.8	7.6	5.1	5.5	5.0
Motor vehicle operators	4.8	4.4	4.9	3.8	3.9	3.2	5.1	5.0	4.3	6.0	4.5	4.8	4.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.1	4.1	4.1	5.3	5.4	4.7	6.1	6.2	7.4	5.1	4.7	6.1	4.4
Construction laborers .....	.6	.7	.6	.6	.5	1.0	.8	.8	.5	.8	.3	.3	.3
Farming, forestry, and fishing .....	.6	.8	.5	.6	.5	.8	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.0	.4	1.2
Farm operators and managers	(1)	(1)	(1)	.1	.1	(1)	.1	(1)	.1	.1	.1	(1)	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic origin													
Total (in thousands).....	1,875	325	1,550	1,210	958	252	5,294	2,013	149	3,132	6,335	1,467	4,868
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	15.8	13.1	16.3	14.9	15.1	14.0	15.1	15.9	16.6	14.5	13.8	13.7	13.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	8.4	6.4	8.8	8.0	8.5	5.9	7.6	7.3	8.2	7.7	7.8	7.5	7.9
Professional specialty	7.4	6.6	7.6	6.9	6.6	8.1	7.5	8.6	8.4	6.8	6.0	6.2	6.0
Engineers .....	.5	.3	.6	.4	.4	.5	.6	.9	.8	.3	.5	.5	.5
Mathematical and computer scientists .....	.6	.5	.7	.6	.5	.8	.6	.9	.2	.4	.4	.5	.4
Health diagnosing occupations .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.6	.8	.2	.2	.2	.2
Health assessment and treating occupations .....	.8	.4	.9	.9	.8	1.0	.9	1.2	.4	.7	.7	.9	.6
Teachers, except College and university	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.2	2.8	1.8	1.5	2.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	24.9	22.1	25.5	20.8	21.3	18.7	25.3	25.0	13.4	26.0	23.7	23.7	23.6
Technicians and related support	2.0	1.2	2.2	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.6	1.3	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.1
Health technologists and technicians .....	.8	.1	.9	.7	.7	.6	1.2	1.1	.7	1.3	1.1	.9	1.1
Engineering and science technicians .....	.7	.5	.7	.4	.4	.7	.8	.7	.5	.9	.6	.8	.6
Sales occupations	8.9	8.2	9.0	7.2	7.4	6.8	10.3	11.4	5.5	9.9	9.5	9.3	9.5
Supervisors and proprietors	2.0	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.5	3.3	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.7	2.1
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.1	1.0	1.1	.9	1.0	.3	1.3	1.6	(¹)	1.3	.9	1.3	.9
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail .....	.4	(¹)	.5	.2	.2	.2	.9	1.3	.5	.7	.5	.5	.4
Sales workers, retail and personal services	5.4	5.5	5.3	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.5	5.2	3.3	5.8	5.8	4.8	6.1
Administrative support, including clerical	14.0	12.6	14.3	11.6	12.0	9.8	12.3	11.0	6.6	13.4	12.0	12.1	12.0
Computer equipment operators .....	.3	(¹)	.4	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.2	.3	.1	.1	.1
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2.6	1.7	2.8	1.9	2.1	1.0	1.7	1.3	.4	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.6
Financial records processing	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.8	1.2	1.4	.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1
Mail and message distributing .....	.8	.4	.8	.6	.6	.3	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5
Service occupations	25.3	23.9	25.6	19.7	19.1	21.9	18.7	20.5	19.0	17.6	20.4	22.9	19.7
Private household	2.2	1.2	2.4	.4	.3	.8	1.3	1.4	.7	1.3	1.9	.9	2.1
Protective service	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.4	1.6	.8	1.6	1.7	.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6
Service, except private household and protective	21.1	21.1	21.1	18.0	17.3	20.4	15.8	17.4	17.9	14.6	16.9	20.0	16.0
Food service	7.8	8.1	7.7	10.2	9.6	12.4	7.6	8.5	12.8	6.8	7.2	9.4	6.6
Health service	3.9	3.6	4.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.5	2.2	2.0	1.7	2.1
Cleaning and building service	6.5	4.9	6.8	4.8	4.6	5.6	4.4	5.5	2.7	3.8	5.2	6.5	4.8
Personal service	2.9	4.5	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.3	2.0	2.5	1.0	1.8	2.5	2.5	2.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.7	12.1	10.4	12.8	12.4	14.3	17.6	16.0	21.6	18.4	14.0	15.3	13.6
Mechanics and repairers	2.8	2.5	2.9	3.7	4.0	2.4	4.2	3.8	2.1	4.6	3.6	3.4	3.6
Construction trades	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.0	4.7	6.0	9.9	9.6	16.1	9.8	6.7	8.1	6.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	21.7	26.7	20.6	28.9	29.4	27.3	19.2	17.9	23.2	19.8	21.5	19.1	22.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ..	9.9	16.6	8.5	16.4	17.1	14.0	7.0	6.4	12.6	7.1	8.9	5.9	9.9
Transportation and material moving occupations ..	4.9	3.6	5.2	4.2	4.6	2.4	4.7	3.5	2.1	5.6	4.8	4.6	4.9
Motor vehicle operators	4.4	2.9	4.7	2.9	3.3	1.4	3.2	2.6	.7	3.7	3.7	3.2	3.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.8	6.5	6.9	8.3	7.7	10.9	7.5	8.0	8.5	7.2	7.7	8.6	7.5
Construction laborers	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.2	3.0	.7	1.7	2.1	2.6	1.9
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.6	2.1	1.5	2.8	2.6	3.7	4.1	4.7	6.2	3.6	6.6	5.3	7.0
Farm operators and managers	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.5	.3	.3	1.0	.3	.3	.1	.3

¹ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed percentages

because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Total	20,585	5,663	14,922	26,703	18,869	7,834	37,678	19,916	6,277	11,485	23,747	6,759	16,988
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	66	(²)	(²)	342	(²)	68	224	130	89	(²)
Construction	1,283	352	930	1,848	1,273	575	3,130	1,708	450	972	1,927	663	1,264
Manufacturing	3,510	1,011	2,498	5,977	4,508	1,469	6,338	3,113	1,383	1,842	3,729	828	2,900
Durable goods	2,073	680	1,394	3,924	3,056	868	3,485	1,638	827	1,020	2,464	555	1,909
Lumber and wood products	98	(²)	74	143	101	(²)	258	119	81	59	165	41	124
Furniture and fixtures	80	(²)	60	208	166	(²)	238	129	65	(²)	97	(²)	79
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products	107	(²)	89	159	119	(²)	193	101	40	52	96	32	64
Primary metal industries	168	42	126	304	263	(²)	222	101	61	60	90	(²)	70
Fabricated metal products	254	80	174	475	355	121	396	165	99	132	193	44	149
Machinery and computing equipment	421	133	288	862	649	213	668	274	140	254	443	118	325
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	345	136	209	416	305	110	569	275	107	187	590	125	465
Transportation equipment	213	84	129	988	826	162	613	292	170	151	400	74	327
Motor vehicles	88	(²)	73	807	731	76	305	111	134	61	65	(²)	(²)
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	210	78	133	159	108	51	156	89	(²)	(²)	211	41	170
Nondurable goods	1,436	332	1,105	2,052	1,452	600	2,853	1,475	556	822	1,265	273	992
Food and kindred products	224	37	187	475	288	187	622	231	159	232	375	97	278
Textile mill products	72	(²)	47	(²)	(²)	(²)	406	362	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	154	(²)	139	56	(²)	(²)	233	111	62	60	166	(²)	152
Paper and allied products	116	42	74	202	150	52	217	107	55	55	74	(²)	63
Printing and publishing	374	96	279	532	367	165	492	273	84	135	338	88	249
Chemicals and allied products	324	56	269	374	286	88	439	208	68	163	142	35	107
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	1,463	321	1,142	1,808	1,215	593	2,991	1,526	486	978	1,759	524	1,235
Transportation	888	174	714	1,152	788	364	1,801	901	323	576	1,046	295	751
Communications and other public utilities	575	147	428	655	427	228	1,190	625	163	402	713	229	484
Wholesale and retail trade	4,805	1,340	3,465	6,611	4,602	2,009	9,955	5,172	1,643	3,140	6,248	1,834	4,414
Wholesale trade	886	239	647	1,259	859	400	1,771	910	296	565	1,122	291	831
Retail trade	3,919	1,101	2,818	5,352	3,743	1,608	8,184	4,263	1,347	2,575	5,126	1,543	3,583
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,838	482	1,356	1,925	1,277	648	2,707	1,531	398	777	1,724	513	1,210
Services, excluding private households	7,657	2,154	5,503	8,470	5,955	2,514	12,215	6,815	1,850	3,551	8,231	2,308	5,923
Professional services	5,062	1,445	3,617	5,471	3,810	1,660	7,236	3,923	1,188	2,125	4,341	1,202	3,139
Educational services	845	239	606	755	540	214	872	483	144	245	551	139	412
Health services, including hospitals	2,412	682	1,730	2,787	1,939	848	3,508	1,807	629	1,072	2,000	563	1,437

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
EMPLOYED													
Total	19,644	5,446	14,198	25,400	17,902	7,498	35,789	18,954	5,946	10,889	22,472	6,437	16,036
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	61	(²)	(²)	328	(²)	64	215	123	85	(²)
Construction	1,182	331	851	1,692	1,159	532	2,921	1,601	412	908	1,796	624	1,172
Manufacturing	3,336	965	2,371	5,685	4,270	1,414	6,006	2,951	1,305	1,750	3,503	785	2,718
Durable goods	1,967	648	1,319	3,726	2,889	837	3,303	1,551	783	969	2,318	524	1,794
Lumber and wood products	93	(²)	70	135	96	(²)	244	111	77	55	150	39	111
Furniture and fixtures	77	(²)	58	200	161	(²)	223	121	61	(²)	92	(²)	75
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products	100	(²)	83	147	109	(²)	186	97	39	50	92	30	62
Primary metal industries	161	41	120	285	246	(²)	212	95	60	57	82	(²)	62
Fabricated metal products	244	76	167	453	336	117	376	156	95	125	181	42	139
Machinery and computing equipment	397	128	270	826	622	204	633	258	131	244	418	111	307
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	325	129	196	396	289	107	531	256	98	176	554	119	435
Transportation equipment	205	83	123	938	779	159	588	280	162	146	384	71	314
Motor vehicles	82	(²)	68	763	688	75	291	105	129	57	62	(²)	(²)
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	203	72	131	152	104	48	152	88	(²)	(²)	201	39	162
Nondurable goods	1,369	317	1,051	1,958	1,381	577	2,703	1,400	522	781	1,185	261	924
Food and kindred products	215	35	180	454	274	180	595	223	151	221	345	92	252
Textile mill products	65	(²)	42	(²)	(²)	(²)	372	333	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	142	(²)	127	52	(²)	(²)	204	101	49	54	151	(²)	137
Paper and allied products	110	39	71	193	142	52	211	104	54	54	70	(²)	59
Printing and publishing	360	93	267	509	352	157	477	264	82	131	321	84	237
Chemicals and allied products	313	53	260	358	273	86	421	200	68	153	138	34	104
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	1,400	308	1,091	1,736	1,166	570	2,877	1,468	471	938	1,678	501	1,177
Transportation	844	166	678	1,097	748	350	1,732	864	314	553	993	282	711
Communications and other public utilities	556	143	414	639	418	220	1,145	604	157	385	685	219	466
Wholesale and retail trade	4,562	1,283	3,280	6,243	4,333	1,910	9,364	4,883	1,541	2,940	5,895	1,740	4,155
Wholesale trade	854	232	622	1,219	831	388	1,701	873	288	540	1,068	283	786
Retail trade	3,708	1,051	2,657	5,024	3,502	1,522	7,662	4,010	1,252	2,400	4,827	1,457	3,369
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,787	471	1,316	1,876	1,243	632	2,633	1,488	390	756	1,671	499	1,172
Services, excluding private households	7,348	2,083	5,265	8,108	5,694	2,414	11,661	6,516	1,763	3,381	7,806	2,203	5,603
Professional services	4,931	1,416	3,515	5,327	3,709	1,618	7,019	3,803	1,158	2,058	4,200	1,167	3,033
Educational services	824	234	590	733	523	210	847	468	140	239	531	134	397
Health services, including hospitals	2,356	672	1,684	2,724	1,894	830	3,409	1,756	616	1,036	1,949	550	1,399

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYED													
Total	941	217	724	1,303	967	337	1,888	962	331	596	1,275	322	952
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	(²)	14	(²)	3	9	7	3	(²)
Construction	100	21	80	156	114	42	210	107	38	64	132	40	92
Manufacturing	174	46	128	292	238	54	332	162	78	92	226	43	182
Durable goods	106	32	74	198	167	31	182	87	44	51	146	31	115
Lumber and wood products	5	(²)	4	8	5	(²)	14	7	3	3	15	2	13
Furniture and fixtures	3	(²)	2	8	5	(²)	15	8	4	(²)	5	(²)	4
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products	7	(²)	6	11	10	(²)	7	4	1	2	4	2	2
Primary metal industries	7	2	6	18	17	(²)	10	5	1	3	9	(²)	8
Fabricated metal products	10	4	7	23	19	4	20	8	4	8	12	2	10
Machinery and computing equipment	24	6	18	36	27	9	34	16	9	9	25	7	18
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	20	7	13	19	16	3	38	19	9	10	36	6	30
Transportation equipment	8	1	7	50	47	3	25	12	8	6	16	3	13
Motor vehicles	5	(²)	5	44	43	1	15	6	5	4	3	(²)	(²)
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	8	5	2	7	4	3	4	1	(²)	(²)	10	2	8
Nondurable goods	67	14	53	94	71	23	150	75	34	41	80	12	68
Food and kindred products	9	2	7	21	13	8	27	8	9	11	31	4	26
Textile mill products	7	(²)	5	(²)	(²)	(²)	34	28	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	12	(²)	12	4	(²)	(²)	30	11	13	6	15	(²)	14
Paper and allied products	6	2	3	9	8	1	6	3	1	2	4	(²)	4
Printing and publishing	15	2	12	23	15	8	15	10	2	4	17	5	12
Chemicals and allied products	11	3	8	16	13	2	18	8	(³)	10	4	1	3
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	63	12	51	72	49	23	114	59	15	40	81	23	58
Transportation	44	8	36	55	40	15	69	37	9	23	53	13	40
Communications and other public utilities	19	5	14	17	9	8	45	21	6	18	28	10	18
Wholesale and retail trade	243	57	185	368	269	99	591	289	102	200	353	93	259
Wholesale trade	32	7	25	40	28	12	69	37	7	25	54	8	45
Retail trade	211	50	161	328	241	86	522	252	95	175	299	85	214
Finance, insurance, and real estate	51	11	40	49	34	16	73	44	9	21	52	15	38
Services, excluding private households	309	70	238	361	261	100	555	299	86	169	425	105	320
Professional services	131	30	102	144	101	42	217	120	30	67	141	36	106
Educational services	21	5	16	22	17	5	25	15	4	6	20	5	15
Health services, including hospitals	56	10	45	64	46	18	99	51	13	36	51	12	39

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
Total	4.6	3.8	4.8	4.9	5.1	4.3	5.0	4.8	5.3	5.2	5.4	4.8	5.6
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.2	(²)	(²)	4.0	(²)	4.8	3.8	5.0	3.7	(²)
Construction	7.8	5.9	8.6	8.5	9.0	7.4	6.7	6.3	8.4	6.6	6.8	6.0	7.3
Manufacturing	4.9	4.6	5.1	4.9	5.3	3.7	5.2	5.2	5.6	5.0	6.0	5.2	6.3
Durable goods	5.1	4.7	5.3	5.0	5.5	3.6	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.9	5.6	6.0
Lumber and wood products	5.0	(²)	5.1	5.4	5.2	(²)	5.4	6.1	4.2	5.7	9.2	5.7	10.3
Furniture and fixtures	4.3	(²)	3.7	3.7	3.1	(²)	6.4	6.1	6.9	(²)	5.5	(²)	5.0
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products	6.6	(²)	6.6	7.2	8.1	(²)	3.7	4.0	2.7	3.8	4.5	6.7	3.4
Primary metal industries	4.2	3.6	4.4	6.1	6.5	(²)	4.5	5.5	1.9	5.5	9.8	(²)	10.9
Fabricated metal products	4.0	4.5	3.8	4.8	5.3	3.2	5.0	5.1	3.6	5.9	6.4	5.5	6.7
Machinery and computing equipment	5.6	4.2	6.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.1	5.7	6.8	3.6	5.6	6.0	5.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	5.8	5.2	6.1	4.6	5.2	2.9	6.7	6.9	8.1	5.5	6.2	5.0	6.5
Transportation equipment	3.7	1.6	5.1	5.0	5.7	1.7	4.1	4.0	4.6	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.9
Motor vehicles	6.2	(²)	7.0	5.4	5.8	1.5	4.8	5.1	3.8	6.4	3.9	(²)	(²)
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	3.7	7.0	1.7	4.4	3.9	5.4	2.4	1.1	(²)	(²)	4.7	4.7	4.7
Nondurable goods	4.7	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.9	3.8	5.3	5.1	6.1	5.0	6.3	4.5	6.8
Food and kindred products	3.9	5.1	3.7	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.4	3.5	5.4	4.6	8.2	4.6	9.4
Textile mill products	9.9	(²)	11.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.3	7.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	8.0	(²)	8.6	6.9	(²)	(²)	12.7	9.6	20.7	10.3	9.2	(²)	9.5
Paper and allied products	4.9	5.7	4.5	4.4	5.4	1.5	2.8	2.7	2.2	3.4	5.5	(²)	6.4
Printing and publishing	3.9	2.6	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.9	3.1	3.5	2.3	2.9	4.9	5.4	4.7
Chemicals and allied products	3.5	5.4	3.1	4.2	4.6	2.8	4.2	4.0	.2	6.1	3.0	3.5	2.8
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	4.3	3.8	4.4	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.0	4.1	4.6	4.4	4.7
Transportation	5.0	4.5	5.1	4.8	5.1	4.1	3.8	4.1	2.7	3.9	5.1	4.4	5.4
Communications and other public utilities	3.3	3.1	3.3	2.5	2.0	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.7	4.4	3.9	4.4	3.6
Wholesale and retail trade	5.1	4.3	5.4	5.6	5.8	4.9	5.9	5.6	6.2	6.4	5.6	5.1	5.9
Wholesale trade	3.6	3.0	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.9	4.0	2.5	4.5	4.8	2.8	5.5
Retail trade	5.4	4.6	5.7	6.1	6.4	5.4	6.4	5.9	7.0	6.8	5.8	5.5	6.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.8	2.2	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.1	2.7	3.0	2.8	3.1
Services, excluding private households	4.0	3.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.2	4.6	5.4
Professional services	2.6	2.0	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.5	3.0	3.1	2.6	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4
Educational services	2.5	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.2	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.5	3.7	3.6	3.7
Health services, including hospitals	2.3	1.5	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.8	2.8	2.0	3.3	2.6	2.2	2.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other industries, not shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	19,644	5,446	14,198	25,400	17,902	7,498	35,789	18,954	5,946	10,889	22,472	6,437	16,036
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.9	.3	1.1	2.0	.5	1.3	.2
Construction	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.7	6.5	7.1	8.2	8.4	6.9	8.3	8.0	9.7	7.3
Manufacturing	17.0	17.7	16.7	22.4	23.9	18.9	16.8	15.6	21.9	16.1	15.6	12.2	16.9
Durable goods	10.0	11.9	9.3	14.7	16.1	11.2	9.2	8.2	13.2	8.9	10.3	8.1	11.2
Lumber and wood products .....	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.7	.6	1.3	.5	.7	.6	.7
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.4	.8	.9	.5	.6	.6	1.0	.4	.4	.3	.5
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.5	.3	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.7	.5	.4	.5	.4
Primary metal industries .....	.8	.8	.8	1.1	1.4	.5	.6	.5	1.0	.5	.4	.3	.4
Fabricated metal products	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.1	.8	1.6	1.1	.8	.7	.9
Machinery and computing equipment	2.0	2.4	1.9	3.3	3.5	2.7	1.8	1.4	2.2	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	1.7	2.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.5	1.8	2.7
Transportation equipment	1.0	1.5	.9	3.7	4.4	2.1	1.6	1.5	2.7	1.3	1.7	1.1	2.0
Motor vehicles .....	.4	.3	.5	3.0	3.8	1.0	.8	.6	2.2	.5	.3	.2	.3
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	1.0	1.3	.9	.6	.6	.6	.4	.5	.4	.4	.9	.6	1.0
Nondurable goods	7.0	5.8	7.4	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.4	8.8	7.2	5.3	4.1	5.8
Food and kindred products	1.1	.6	1.3	1.8	1.5	2.4	1.7	1.2	2.5	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.6
Textile mill products .....	.3	.4	.3	.1	.1	.1	1.0	1.8	.5	.1	.1	(¹)	.2
Apparel and other textile products .....	.7	.3	.9	.2	.2	.3	.6	.5	.8	.5	.7	.2	.9
Paper and allied products .....	.6	.7	.5	.8	.8	.7	.6	.5	.9	.5	.3	.2	.4
Printing and publishing	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.5
Chemicals and allied products	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4	.6	.5	.6
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	7.1	5.7	7.7	6.8	6.5	7.6	8.0	7.7	7.9	8.6	7.5	7.8	7.3
Transportation	4.3	3.0	4.8	4.3	4.2	4.7	4.8	4.6	5.3	5.1	4.4	4.4	4.4
Communications and other public utilities	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.9	3.2	3.2	2.6	3.5	3.0	3.4	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	23.2	23.6	23.1	24.6	24.2	25.5	26.2	25.8	25.9	27.0	26.2	27.0	25.9
Wholesale trade	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.8	4.6	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.9
Retail trade	18.9	19.3	18.7	19.8	19.6	20.3	21.4	21.2	21.1	22.0	21.5	22.6	21.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.1	8.6	9.3	7.4	6.9	8.4	7.4	7.9	6.6	6.9	7.4	7.8	7.3
Services, excluding private households	37.4	38.2	37.1	31.9	31.8	32.2	32.6	34.4	29.7	31.0	34.7	34.2	34.9
Professional services	25.1	26.0	24.8	21.0	20.7	21.6	19.6	20.1	19.5	18.9	18.7	18.1	18.9
Educational services	4.2	4.3	4.2	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.5
Health services, including hospitals	12.0	12.3	11.9	10.7	10.6	11.1	9.5	9.3	10.4	9.5	8.7	8.5	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	10,525	2,890	7,635	13,625	9,657	3,968	19,547	10,238	3,198	6,111	12,594	3,630	8,964
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	(²)	.3	.4	.4	.6	1.4	.4	1.8	2.8	.9	2.1	.4
Construction	10.2	10.5	10.0	11.2	10.8	12.1	13.5	14.0	11.7	13.5	12.8	15.1	11.8
Manufacturing	21.2	22.1	20.9	29.1	31.0	24.6	20.7	19.1	27.0	20.2	19.0	15.2	20.6
Durable goods	13.5	15.4	12.7	20.0	22.1	15.1	12.3	10.9	17.5	11.8	13.3	10.7	14.3
Lumber and wood products .....	.7	.6	.8	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.9	2.1	.7	1.1	1.0	1.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.4	.5	.9	1.1	.6	.8	.8	1.2	.6	.5	.4	.6
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.7	.4	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.6	.6	.7	.5
Primary metal industries	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.8	2.2	.9	.9	.7	1.5	.8	.5	.4	.5
Fabricated metal products	1.8	2.0	1.7	2.5	2.7	2.2	1.5	1.3	2.3	1.6	1.1	.9	1.2
Machinery and computing equipment	2.9	3.0	2.8	4.7	5.0	3.9	2.4	1.8	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.3	2.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	2.0	2.9	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.8	2.3	3.0
Transportation equipment	1.6	2.2	1.3	5.2	6.1	3.0	2.3	2.1	3.5	1.9	2.4	1.4	2.8
Motor vehicles .....	.6	.3	.7	4.2	5.4	1.4	1.1	.8	2.7	.7	.4	.3	.4
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	1.2	1.4	1.1	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.4	1.0	.7	1.2
Nondurable goods	7.7	6.6	8.1	9.1	8.9	9.5	8.5	8.2	9.4	8.4	5.7	4.4	6.3
Food and kindred products	1.4	.9	1.6	2.2	1.8	3.0	1.9	1.4	2.8	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.8
Textile mill products .....	.3	.5	.2	.1	(²)	(²)	1.0	1.7	.4	(²)	.2	(²)	.2
Apparel and other textile products .....	.5	.1	.7	.1	.1	.2	.3	.3	.4	.2	.5	.2	.7
Paper and allied products .....	.8	1.1	.7	1.0	1.1	1.0	.8	.7	1.1	.7	.4	.2	.5
Printing and publishing	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.6
Chemicals and allied products	1.8	1.1	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.5	2.1	.7	.7	.6
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	9.5	7.7	10.2	8.9	8.6	9.8	10.5	10.2	10.9	10.8	9.2	9.5	9.1
Transportation	6.1	4.3	6.7	6.0	5.8	6.5	6.6	6.3	7.6	6.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
Communications and other public utilities	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.0	2.8	3.3	3.9	3.9	3.3	4.0	3.4	3.7	3.3
Wholesale and retail trade	23.4	24.5	23.0	23.6	22.8	25.6	25.3	25.4	23.8	25.9	25.3	26.1	25.0
Wholesale trade	5.6	5.4	5.6	6.3	6.0	7.0	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.5	5.8	5.8	5.9
Retail trade	17.8	19.1	17.3	17.4	16.8	18.7	19.1	19.5	17.6	19.3	19.5	20.3	19.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.8	6.5	8.3	5.3	4.9	6.1	5.2	5.6	4.4	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.0
Services, excluding private households	27.6	28.7	27.3	21.5	21.6	21.2	23.5	25.3	20.4	22.0	27.7	26.9	28.1
Professional services	14.5	15.6	14.1	10.5	10.4	10.8	10.4	10.9	10.1	9.6	10.9	10.6	11.0
Educational services	2.9	3.3	2.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.8
Health services, including hospitals	4.7	5.0	4.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	9,119	2,556	6,563	11,775	8,245	3,529	16,243	8,716	2,748	4,778	9,878	2,807	7,072
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	(²)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.4	(¹)	.3	1.0	.1	.4	(¹)
Construction	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.7	1.6
Manufacturing	12.1	12.8	11.8	14.6	15.5	12.4	12.1	11.5	16.1	10.8	11.2	8.4	12.3
Durable goods	6.0	7.9	5.3	8.5	9.2	6.7	5.6	5.0	8.0	5.2	6.5	4.8	7.2
Lumber and wood products .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.4	.2	.2	.1	.2
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.3	.3	.6	.7	.4	.4	.4	.9	.1	.3	.1	.3
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2
Primary metal industries .....	.4	.2	.4	.3	.4	.1	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.1	.2
Fabricated metal products .....	.6	.7	.6	.9	1.0	.9	.5	.3	.8	.5	.4	.3	.5
Machinery and computing equipment	1.0	1.5	.8	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.0	.8	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	1.3	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.3	2.0	1.3	2.3
Transportation equipment .....	.4	.7	.3	2.0	2.3	1.1	.9	.7	1.8	.7	.9	.6	.9
Motor vehicles .....	.2	.2	.2	1.6	2.1	.5	.5	.3	1.6	.3	.1	.2	.1
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc. ....	.8	1.2	.7	.6	.5	.7	.4	.4	.2	.4	.7	.6	.8
Nondurable goods	6.1	4.9	6.5	6.1	6.3	5.7	6.5	6.4	8.0	5.6	4.7	3.6	5.1
Food and kindred products .....	.8	.4	.9	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.3	.9	2.3	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.3
Textile mill products .....	.4	.3	.4	.1	(²)	(²)	1.1	1.8	.6	(²)	.1	(²)	.1
Apparel and other textile products .....	.9	.4	1.1	.3	.3	.3	.9	.8	1.3	.9	.9	.2	1.1
Paper and allied products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.3	.4	.3	.7	.2	.1	.1	.2
Printing and publishing	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4
Chemicals and allied products	1.3	.8	1.6	1.1	1.2	.8	.7	.7	.8	.5	.6	.3	.7
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	4.3	3.4	4.7	4.4	4.1	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.4	5.8	5.2	5.6	5.0
Transportation	2.3	1.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.7
Communications and other public utilities	2.1	1.7	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.6	2.4	2.3	1.9	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.4
Wholesale and retail trade	23.0	22.5	23.2	25.7	25.9	25.3	27.2	26.1	28.4	28.4	27.4	28.3	27.1
Wholesale trade	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.4	2.6	3.7
Retail trade	20.1	19.5	20.3	22.6	22.8	22.1	24.2	23.1	25.1	25.5	24.0	25.7	23.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	10.6	11.1	10.3	9.8	9.3	11.0	10.0	10.5	9.0	9.5	10.5	11.0	10.3
Services, excluding private households	48.7	49.1	48.5	44.0	43.8	44.6	43.6	45.0	40.4	42.7	43.7	43.7	43.7
Professional services	37.3	37.8	37.1	33.0	32.8	33.7	30.7	30.9	30.3	30.8	28.6	27.8	28.9
Educational services	5.7	5.5	5.8	4.3	4.5	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.4
Health services, including hospitals	20.4	20.7	20.3	19.0	18.7	19.8	17.0	16.2	17.9	17.9	15.5	15.6	15.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	16,715	4,946	11,769	22,554	15,615	6,939	28,291	14,493	4,816	8,982	18,965	5,928	13,037
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	(²)	.2	.3	.2	.3	1.1	.3	1.2	2.2	.6	1.3	.3
Construction	6.4	6.4	6.4	7.2	7.0	7.5	9.0	9.3	7.7	9.1	8.8	9.9	8.2
Manufacturing	17.8	17.8	17.7	22.6	24.4	18.7	16.4	15.2	21.0	15.9	15.2	12.2	16.6
Durable goods	10.6	11.8	10.2	14.8	16.4	11.2	9.3	8.2	13.1	9.0	9.8	8.2	10.6
Lumber and wood products .....	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	1.1	.5	.7	.6	.8
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.4	.5	.8	1.0	.6	.6	.7	1.1	.4	.5	.3	.6
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.6	.3	.7	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.7	.5	.4	.5	.4
Primary metal industries .....	.9	.7	.9	1.1	1.4	.5	.6	.5	1.0	.5	.4	.3	.4
Fabricated metal products	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.1	.8	1.7	1.2	.8	.7	.9
Machinery and computing equipment	2.2	2.4	2.1	3.4	3.7	2.8	1.8	1.4	2.4	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.6
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	1.7	2.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.2
Transportation equipment	1.1	1.5	.9	3.5	4.1	2.0	1.6	1.5	2.6	1.3	1.7	1.1	2.0
Motor vehicles .....	.4	.2	.5	2.8	3.6	.9	.8	.5	2.2	.5	.3	.2	.3
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	1.1	1.3	1.0	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5	.4	.4	.8	.6	.9
Nondurable goods	7.1	6.0	7.6	7.8	8.0	7.6	7.1	7.0	7.8	7.0	5.4	4.1	6.0
Food and kindred products	1.2	.7	1.4	1.8	1.5	2.4	1.4	.9	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.7
Textile mill products .....	.4	.4	.3	.1	(²)	(²)	1.0	1.7	.4	(²)	.1	(²)	.2
Apparel and other textile products .....	.6	.3	.8	.2	.2	.3	.5	.5	.7	.4	.6	.2	.8
Paper and allied products .....	.6	.8	.5	.8	.8	.6	.6	.5	.7	.5	.3	.1	.4
Printing and publishing	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.5
Chemicals and allied products	1.5	.9	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	.6	.5	.6
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	6.8	5.7	7.3	6.8	6.4	7.7	7.7	7.3	7.8	8.3	7.4	7.7	7.2
Transportation	4.0	3.0	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.7	4.6	4.3	5.0	4.9	4.3	4.3	4.3
Communications and other public utilities	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.3	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.8	3.5	3.1	3.4	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	23.8	23.8	23.8	24.9	24.5	25.8	26.5	26.2	26.0	27.2	26.6	27.0	26.4
Wholesale trade	4.6	4.3	4.6	5.0	4.9	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.3	4.8	4.4	5.0
Retail trade	19.2	19.4	19.1	19.9	19.6	20.4	21.3	21.1	20.8	22.0	21.8	22.6	21.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.1	8.6	9.3	7.4	6.9	8.4	7.5	7.9	7.1	7.1	7.4	7.8	7.3
Services, excluding private households	36.0	37.7	35.3	30.9	30.5	31.7	31.8	33.8	29.1	30.1	34.1	34.0	34.1
Professional services	24.1	25.5	23.5	20.3	19.8	21.5	19.3	19.7	19.5	18.4	18.4	18.3	18.5
Educational services	4.3	4.3	4.2	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.4
Health services, including hospitals	10.9	11.6	10.6	10.2	9.9	11.0	9.1	8.8	10.1	8.9	8.4	8.5	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black													
Total (in thousands)	2,037	348	1,688	2,135	1,769	367	6,393	3,877	1,063	1,453	996	191	805
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(²)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	.4	1.0	.1	.5	(¹)
Construction	3.8	2.6	4.0	2.9	2.9	2.7	5.1	5.6	3.4	5.0	3.0	3.1	3.0
Manufacturing	11.0	14.1	10.4	18.6	18.7	18.3	18.0	16.7	27.1	14.8	11.6	7.9	12.5
Durable goods	6.1	10.6	5.2	12.6	13.1	9.8	8.8	8.0	13.8	7.4	7.4	4.2	8.1
Lumber and wood products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.9	.6	2.2	.8	.3	.5	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	.3	.1	.3	.3	(¹)	.6	.6	.7	.3	.1	(¹)	(¹)
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.4	.4	.5	.6	.7	.7	.2	.5	.5	.5
Primary metal industries .....	.6	.9	.5	1.2	1.4	.5	.6	.5	1.0	.5	.1	(¹)	.1
Fabricated metal products	1.1	2.9	.8	1.4	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	1.4	.9	.3	(¹)	.4
Machinery and computing equipment .....	.7	1.1	.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.3	1.0	1.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	.9	1.4	.8	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.2	1.3	2.1	1.6	2.2
Transportation equipment .....	.9	2.0	.7	5.6	5.9	4.1	1.8	1.5	3.5	1.4	1.3	(¹)	1.6
Motor vehicles .....	.5	.6	.5	5.0	5.5	2.7	1.0	.8	2.2	.4	.1	(¹)	.1
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc. ....	.4	1.1	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.2	.1	.5	.5	.5
Nondurable goods	4.9	3.4	5.2	6.0	5.6	8.4	9.2	8.8	13.3	7.4	4.2	3.7	4.5
Food and kindred products .....	.6	.3	.7	1.4	1.2	2.5	2.8	2.3	5.7	2.0	1.2	1.0	1.2
Textile mill products .....	.2	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(²)	(²)	1.4	2.1	.8	(²)	(¹)	(²)	(¹)
Apparel and other textile products .....	.5	.3	.6	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.7	.6	1.2	.5	.5	(¹)	.5
Paper and allied products .....	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	1.4	.8	.6	1.8	.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Printing and publishing .....	.8	1.4	.7	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.0	1.2	.8	.8	1.4	1.0	1.6
Chemicals and allied products	1.8	.6	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.7	1.1	.8	1.1	1.9	.5	.5	.5
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	9.4	6.6	10.0	8.6	8.5	8.4	9.7	9.5	9.1	10.7	11.4	13.6	10.9
Transportation	6.5	4.0	6.9	5.5	5.6	5.2	6.3	6.0	7.1	6.8	7.4	8.9	7.1
Communications and other public utilities	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.6	2.1	4.0	4.0	4.7	3.9
Wholesale and retail trade	18.1	20.1	17.7	22.1	22.1	22.1	25.0	24.2	25.6	26.5	22.4	27.2	21.2
Wholesale trade	2.7	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.6	5.2	3.1
Retail trade	15.4	17.5	14.9	19.1	19.2	18.8	21.6	20.9	22.3	22.9	18.9	22.0	18.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.4	9.2	9.5	7.4	7.3	8.2	6.9	7.8	4.1	6.7	8.7	9.4	8.6
Services, excluding private households	48.2	47.1	48.5	40.4	40.4	40.1	34.9	35.9	30.5	35.3	42.6	37.7	43.7
Professional services	34.7	35.1	34.6	26.3	26.8	23.4	20.9	21.3	18.1	21.5	24.1	17.3	25.7
Educational services	4.3	3.7	4.4	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.0	2.0	2.9	1.6	3.4
Health services, including hospitals	20.3	22.7	19.8	15.3	15.6	13.6	11.4	10.8	11.1	13.2	13.3	9.9	14.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South			West			
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic origin													
Total (in thousands)	1,555	274	1,281	1,041	830	212	4,207	1,661	124	2,422	4,809	1,123	3,686
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(²)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.7	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	.3	1.1	(¹)
Construction	6.2	5.8	6.4	8.3	8.0	9.9	15.0	15.4	21.0	14.5	11.3	13.6	10.7
Manufacturing	20.1	29.9	18.0	31.0	31.4	29.2	16.7	12.7	30.6	18.7	20.1	14.7	21.8
Durable goods	10.0	17.9	8.3	17.6	19.0	11.8	8.2	6.7	13.7	9.0	10.9	8.3	11.7
Lumber and wood products .....	.5	.4	.5	.7	.6	.9	.6	.5	4.0	.5	.7	.7	.7
Furniture and fixtures .....	.6	1.1	.6	1.9	1.8	2.4	.7	.5	1.6	.8	1.0	.5	1.1
Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products .....	.3	.7	.2	.4	.4	(¹)	.5	.5	.8	.5	.6	.7	.6
Primary metal industries .....	.7	1.5	.6	1.1	1.2	.5	.5	(¹)	.8	.8	.6	.4	.7
Fabricated metal products	1.2	1.8	1.2	2.5	2.8	1.4	1.1	.7	.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.5
Machinery and computing equipment	1.3	2.6	1.1	2.9	3.3	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.6	2.2	1.4	1.2	1.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies ..	1.7	2.6	1.5	2.5	2.9	.9	1.1	1.3	2.4	1.0	2.1	1.8	2.1
Transportation equipment .....	.6	1.5	.5	3.3	3.5	2.8	1.2	1.1	2.4	1.1	1.6	1.0	1.7
Motor vehicles .....	.2	.4	.2	2.5	3.0	.5	.5	.3	2.4	.6	.5	.2	.6
Professional and photographic equipment, and watches, etc.	1.3	3.6	.7	.9	1.0	.5	.4	.6	(¹)	.3	.6	.4	.7
Nondurable goods	10.0	12.0	9.7	13.4	12.4	17.5	8.4	6.0	16.1	9.7	9.2	6.5	10.0
Food and kindred products	1.9	1.8	1.9	6.1	4.3	12.7	3.5	1.3	14.5	4.4	3.4	3.8	3.3
Textile mill products	1.1	1.8	.9	.1	(²)	(²)	.7	1.4	(¹)	(²)	.3	(²)	.4
Apparel and other textile products	2.4	.7	2.7	.8	.7	.9	1.0	1.0	(¹)	1.1	2.0	.4	2.4
Paper and allied products .....	.8	1.5	.7	1.3	1.4	.9	.3	.2	(¹)	.4	.5	.3	.6
Printing and publishing	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.4	.5	1.0	.7	(¹)	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.4
Chemicals and allied products	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.0	1.2	.5	1.0	.7	(¹)	1.1	.7	.4	.8
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	6.9	4.0	7.5	5.0	4.5	7.1	6.9	7.2	3.2	6.9	6.4	6.6	6.3
Transportation	5.0	2.9	5.5	3.0	2.9	3.3	4.7	5.3	2.4	4.4	4.3	3.7	4.4
Communications and other public utilities	1.9	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.6	3.8	2.2	1.9	.8	2.5	2.1	2.8	2.0
Wholesale and retail trade	26.8	25.2	27.2	27.7	27.6	27.8	28.4	28.4	21.8	28.7	28.9	28.7	28.9
Wholesale trade	4.2	3.6	4.4	5.1	5.4	3.8	4.5	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.8	4.6	4.9
Retail trade	22.6	21.5	22.8	22.6	22.2	24.1	23.8	23.7	17.7	24.3	24.1	24.0	24.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.1	4.4	7.7	4.2	4.5	3.3	5.4	6.3	1.6	4.9	4.4	5.4	4.1
Services, excluding private households	32.9	30.7	33.4	23.7	24.1	22.2	27.0	30.2	22.6	25.1	28.6	29.9	28.2
Professional services	17.7	17.9	17.6	10.8	11.3	8.5	12.5	11.8	12.1	13.0	12.6	12.1	12.8
Educational services	2.1	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.7	.9	1.2	1.4	.8	1.0	1.7	1.6	1.7
Health services, including hospitals	9.8	8.8	9.9	4.7	4.8	4.2	6.6	5.8	4.0	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.8

¹ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other industries not

shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Northeast	24,029	1,186	3,020	1,804	18,019	2,055	9,253	2,438	4,272	38.8	42.7
New England	6,647	349	859	565	4,874	520	2,375	740	1,239	38.7	42.9
Middle Atlantic	17,382	836	2,162	1,240	13,144	1,535	6,878	1,698	3,033	38.8	42.5
Midwest	30,954	1,719	3,937	2,450	22,848	2,023	11,138	3,730	5,957	39.0	43.3
East North Central	21,340	1,134	2,702	1,672	15,832	1,389	7,924	2,556	3,962	38.9	43.1
West North Central	9,614	585	1,235	778	7,016	634	3,214	1,174	1,995	39.1	43.6
South	45,252	1,798	4,748	3,137	35,570	2,921	19,423	4,663	8,563	39.8	42.9
South Atlantic	23,708	930	2,411	1,603	18,764	1,506	10,537	2,355	4,367	39.8	42.8
East South Central	7,492	326	850	557	5,760	505	3,111	774	1,370	39.5	42.8
West South Central	14,052	542	1,486	977	11,046	911	5,775	1,535	2,826	40.2	43.3
West	29,282	1,452	3,600	2,325	21,905	1,704	12,009	2,834	5,359	38.9	42.8
Mountain	8,365	425	1,003	645	6,292	503	3,261	900	1,627	39.3	43.2
Pacific	20,917	1,027	2,597	1,679	15,614	1,201	8,747	1,933	3,732	38.8	42.6
Men											
Northeast	12,798	428	997	731	10,642	740	5,225	1,519	3,159	41.8	44.2
New England	3,521	125	273	214	2,908	183	1,342	463	920	42.0	44.5
Middle Atlantic	9,277	304	724	516	7,733	556	3,882	1,056	2,239	41.7	44.1
Midwest	16,471	603	1,437	1,001	13,430	780	6,052	2,277	4,321	42.0	44.8
East North Central	11,403	397	983	694	9,327	533	4,323	1,578	2,894	41.9	44.6
West North Central	5,068	205	454	307	4,103	246	1,730	699	1,427	42.4	45.3
South	24,304	667	1,849	1,306	20,482	1,127	10,349	2,752	6,254	42.4	44.5
South Atlantic	12,594	340	914	652	10,688	575	5,604	1,360	3,150	42.2	44.2
East South Central	3,983	125	329	233	3,297	181	1,646	467	1,002	42.1	44.5
West South Central	7,728	203	606	422	6,497	372	3,099	925	2,102	42.8	44.9
West	16,119	543	1,417	1,028	13,132	746	6,834	1,726	3,825	41.3	43.9
Mountain	4,640	157	391	278	3,813	213	1,853	550	1,196	42.0	44.5
Pacific	11,479	386	1,026	750	9,318	533	4,981	1,176	2,629	41.1	43.6
Women											
Northeast	11,231	758	2,023	1,074	7,377	1,316	4,028	919	1,114	35.3	40.5
New England	3,126	225	585	350	1,966	337	1,033	277	319	35.0	40.7
Middle Atlantic	8,105	533	1,438	723	5,411	979	2,996	642	794	35.4	40.4
Midwest	14,483	1,117	2,500	1,449	9,418	1,243	5,086	1,453	1,636	35.5	41.2
East North Central	9,938	737	1,718	978	6,504	856	3,602	978	1,068	35.5	41.1
West North Central	4,546	380	782	471	2,913	387	1,484	475	568	35.5	41.3
South	20,948	1,131	2,899	1,830	15,088	1,794	9,074	1,912	2,308	36.9	40.9
South Atlantic	11,115	590	1,498	951	8,076	931	4,933	995	1,216	37.0	40.9
East South Central	3,509	201	521	324	2,463	324	1,465	307	368	36.5	40.7
West South Central	6,324	340	880	555	4,549	539	2,676	610	724	37.0	41.0
West	13,162	909	2,183	1,296	8,774	958	5,174	1,108	1,534	35.9	41.2
Mountain	3,725	268	612	367	2,478	289	1,408	350	431	35.9	41.3
Pacific	9,437	641	1,571	929	6,296	669	3,766	758	1,103	35.9	41.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	1,094	275	440	89	291	60	160	33	37	23.7	39.3
New England	320	86	127	23	84	15	48	11	10	23.3	38.8
Middle Atlantic	774	189	313	66	206	45	112	22	27	23.9	39.5
Midwest	1,892	437	790	175	490	104	268	60	58	23.9	39.1
East North Central	1,262	286	532	114	330	70	189	39	33	23.9	38.9
West North Central	630	152	258	61	160	34	79	21	25	23.9	39.5
South	2,165	343	827	215	781	157	483	68	73	27.0	39.0
South Atlantic	1,086	182	406	97	402	81	256	31	34	26.8	38.8
East South Central	356	60	147	38	112	19	71	10	12	26.1	39.3
West South Central	723	101	274	80	267	57	156	27	28	27.8	39.2
West	1,482	280	574	163	466	90	287	45	43	25.7	38.9
Mountain	506	90	185	50	180	31	108	21	20	27.0	40.0
Pacific	976	190	389	113	285	60	179	24	22	25.1	38.2
White											
Northeast	20,446	1,072	2,632	1,556	15,186	1,700	7,477	2,201	3,807	38.8	42.9
New England	6,066	325	797	516	4,428	476	2,082	702	1,168	38.7	43.1
Middle Atlantic	14,380	747	1,835	1,040	10,758	1,224	5,395	1,499	2,640	38.8	42.8
Midwest	27,554	1,583	3,539	2,186	20,247	1,798	9,490	3,454	5,505	39.0	43.4
East North Central	18,631	1,029	2,387	1,468	13,747	1,208	6,601	2,336	3,602	39.0	43.3
West North Central	8,923	555	1,152	718	6,499	590	2,889	1,117	1,903	39.2	43.7
South	35,756	1,494	3,802	2,473	27,986	2,307	14,589	3,853	7,236	40.0	43.2
South Atlantic	18,057	757	1,864	1,226	14,210	1,130	7,605	1,889	3,586	39.9	43.0
East South Central	6,066	277	693	440	4,656	411	2,388	665	1,192	39.6	43.1
West South Central	11,632	461	1,245	807	9,120	766	4,596	1,299	2,458	40.3	43.5
West	24,734	1,279	3,078	2,001	18,375	1,484	9,755	2,485	4,651	38.9	42.9
Mountain	7,704	398	926	596	5,783	465	2,943	846	1,529	39.3	43.3
Pacific	17,030	881	2,152	1,405	12,592	1,019	6,812	1,639	3,122	38.7	42.7
Black											
Northeast	2,559	81	295	188	1,995	285	1,267	154	289	38.2	40.9
New England	413	16	45	38	314	34	209	24	47	38.1	41.3
Middle Atlantic	2,146	65	250	150	1,681	251	1,058	130	243	38.2	40.9
Midwest	2,590	95	300	211	1,984	181	1,280	200	323	38.4	41.4
East North Central	2,137	77	249	170	1,640	150	1,063	163	264	38.4	41.4
West North Central	453	18	51	41	344	31	216	37	59	38.4	41.4
South	8,161	260	803	579	6,518	538	4,218	684	1,078	39.2	41.7
South Atlantic	4,949	151	477	334	3,986	334	2,601	401	651	39.3	41.7
East South Central	1,345	46	148	110	1,041	91	688	100	162	38.6	41.3
West South Central	1,867	63	178	135	1,491	114	929	183	265	39.4	41.9
West	1,358	44	151	98	1,064	72	698	103	192	39.1	41.9
Mountain	231	7	21	18	185	13	115	21	35	39.8	42.6
Pacific	1,127	37	130	80	880	59	582	82	157	39.0	41.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic origin											
Northeast	1,808	51	191	118	1,448	182	940	123	203	38.6	41.1
New England	314	10	38	28	237	29	149	22	37	38.0	41.2
Middle Atlantic	1,494	41	153	90	1,211	152	791	102	166	38.7	41.1
Midwest	1,165	37	112	91	926	81	573	118	155	39.2	41.8
East North Central	921	29	84	71	737	61	463	93	119	39.2	41.6
West North Central	244	8	28	19	189	19	109	24	36	39.1	42.4
South	5,122	127	515	365	4,115	365	2,631	452	668	39.2	41.5
South Atlantic	1,960	44	177	126	1,613	114	1,115	148	236	39.3	41.3
East South Central	145	3	16	12	114	8	72	15	19	39.7	42.0
West South Central	3,017	80	322	228	2,388	244	1,443	288	413	39.2	41.6
West	6,153	191	697	514	4,751	386	3,215	460	690	38.3	41.1
Mountain	1,428	44	148	114	1,123	92	723	120	187	39.0	41.8
Pacific	4,725	147	549	400	3,628	294	2,491	339	503	38.1	40.9

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of

rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,914	158	661	359	26	711	4,096	167	203	194	1,087	1,092	392	961
New England	548	42	187	122	11	187	1,224	42	38	55	346	307	129	307
Middle Atlantic	1,366	116	474	237	15	524	2,872	124	165	139	741	786	263	654
Midwest	2,514	270	970	231	68	975	5,592	208	225	155	1,395	1,784	589	1,236
East North Central	1,683	189	631	167	39	656	3,825	153	170	111	963	1,177	392	859
West North Central	831	81	339	64	29	319	1,767	55	54	43	432	606	197	380
South	3,519	459	1,108	351	134	1,467	6,163	356	326	201	1,248	1,797	589	1,646
South Atlantic	1,791	230	589	185	53	734	3,153	170	146	117	648	848	336	888
East South Central	618	79	189	61	26	264	1,114	73	56	27	211	355	100	292
West South Central	1,109	150	330	106	55	470	1,896	112	125	57	389	595	153	465
West	2,365	369	782	221	66	927	5,012	369	254	149	1,157	1,495	326	1,262
Mountain	663	86	236	50	20	271	1,411	71	61	40	330	422	103	384
Pacific	1,702	283	546	171	46	656	3,601	298	193	109	827	1,073	223	878
Men														
Northeast	930	95	323	168	21	324	1,226	72	71	6	49	497	220	311
New England	261	23	91	55	9	84	351	19	16	1	14	138	71	92
Middle Atlantic	669	72	232	113	12	240	874	53	55	5	35	359	149	218
Midwest	1,251	158	503	106	63	421	1,790	93	96	6	66	793	314	422
East North Central	850	110	334	78	37	291	1,225	68	73	4	38	530	217	295
West North Central	401	49	169	28	25	131	565	25	23	2	28	263	98	126
South	1,730	284	537	156	115	638	2,092	169	127	6	83	810	324	573
South Atlantic	867	140	281	80	42	324	1,038	84	52	4	45	364	183	306
East South Central	303	46	94	26	24	112	384	31	22	1	12	162	56	100
West South Central	560	98	162	50	50	201	670	53	54	1	26	285	85	166
West	1,252	237	419	102	58	436	1,736	190	101	7	90	688	186	474
Mountain	347	55	124	24	17	127	479	35	25	2	21	202	60	134
Pacific	905	182	296	77	41	309	1,256	155	75	4	69	486	126	341
Women														
Northeast	984	63	338	191	5	387	2,870	95	132	188	1,038	596	172	649
New England	288	19	96	67	2	103	873	24	22	54	332	169	58	214
Middle Atlantic	696	44	242	124	3	284	1,997	72	109	134	707	427	115	433
Midwest	1,263	112	467	125	6	554	3,802	115	129	148	1,329	991	275	815
East North Central	833	79	297	89	2	366	2,600	85	97	107	925	647	176	563
West North Central	430	33	170	36	4	188	1,202	30	31	41	404	343	99	254
South	1,789	175	571	195	19	829	4,071	187	199	196	1,165	987	265	1,072
South Atlantic	924	91	308	105	11	410	2,115	86	94	113	603	484	153	582
East South Central	316	33	95	34	2	151	730	42	34	27	199	193	44	191
West South Central	549	52	168	56	5	268	1,226	59	71	56	363	311	68	298
West	1,113	132	363	119	8	491	3,276	179	153	142	1,067	807	140	788
Mountain	316	31	112	25	3	144	931	36	36	38	309	221	42	249
Pacific	797	101	251	94	5	347	2,345	143	117	104	758	586	97	540

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Northeast	1,635	133	581	311	23	588	3,625	129	154	168	1,026	948	366	834
New England	505	37	174	114	10	171	1,133	34	32	51	332	274	124	286
Middle Atlantic	1,130	96	407	197	13	417	2,492	95	122	117	694	674	241	549
Midwest	2,237	235	888	207	65	843	5,070	169	175	144	1,316	1,593	557	1,116
East North Central	1,466	161	568	147	38	552	3,418	121	129	102	903	1,035	365	763
West North Central	772	75	320	59	27	290	1,652	48	46	42	414	558	191	353
South	2,757	349	899	280	113	1,116	5,013	250	216	167	1,109	1,437	499	1,335
South Atlantic	1,353	167	464	147	44	531	2,494	119	92	97	568	642	276	700
East South Central	492	58	157	48	21	208	919	46	36	21	190	297	88	241
West South Central	912	124	278	85	47	377	1,600	85	88	49	351	499	135	393
West	2,023	316	679	175	61	791	4,336	309	212	132	1,038	1,232	294	1,119
Mountain	616	79	222	46	19	250	1,305	65	55	38	317	379	99	352
Pacific	1,407	237	457	129	42	541	3,031	244	157	94	721	853	195	767
Black														
Northeast	207	20	56	35	2	94	357	31	41	19	36	104	24	102
New England	33	5	9	5	1	13	66	7	4	3	8	20	4	20
Middle Atlantic	174	15	47	30	1	81	291	24	37	16	28	84	19	83
Midwest	223	29	62	19	3	109	383	31	44	9	51	126	28	94
East North Central	181	24	51	16	1	89	315	27	38	8	41	99	24	78
West North Central	41	5	12	3	2	20	68	4	6	1	10	27	5	15
South	665	95	178	61	19	312	978	91	101	28	106	293	83	276
South Atlantic	388	53	109	34	8	184	575	45	50	17	64	177	57	165
East South Central	121	21	31	11	5	54	183	26	19	6	20	52	11	49
West South Central	156	21	38	16	6	74	220	20	33	5	23	64	15	60
West	109	12	34	11	(³)	52	184	18	16	7	22	60	11	50
Mountain	14	2	3	1	(³)	8	32	1	3	1	4	12	1	10
Pacific	94	10	31	10	(³)	44	153	16	13	6	19	49	10	40
Hispanic origin														
Northeast	133	22	32	18	3	58	226	21	27	14	36	60	4	64
New England	25	4	6	4	(³)	10	52	6	5	3	7	16	(³)	15
Middle Atlantic	108	18	26	14	3	48	175	15	23	10	29	44	3	51
Midwest	91	21	24	9	4	34	148	15	11	10	26	47	5	34
East North Central	73	17	19	8	3	26	111	10	8	8	18	36	3	28
West North Central	18	4	5	1	(³)	8	37	5	3	2	7	11	2	7
South	418	89	88	36	39	165	589	73	48	28	99	174	21	146
South Atlantic	148	36	37	11	9	55	199	31	13	11	30	57	6	51
East South Central	14	4	3	(³)	2	5	17	2	2	(³)	2	6	(³)	5
West South Central	255	49	49	25	27	105	374	40	33	17	67	111	15	91
West	512	135	109	46	33	189	890	131	74	33	160	264	20	208
Mountain	108	22	25	8	7	46	197	19	15	8	34	50	6	65
Pacific	403	113	84	37	27	143	693	112	59	24	126	214	14	144

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and reason not at work, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,111	644	120	203	145
New England	301	177	29	56	39
Middle Atlantic	810	467	90	147	105
Midwest	1,401	749	154	263	235
East North Central	997	542	106	195	155
West North Central	404	207	48	68	80
South	1,824	941	194	394	295
South Atlantic	910	476	96	195	143
East South Central	317	149	36	76	57
West South Central	597	316	62	123	95
West	1,219	660	124	223	213
Mountain	337	187	33	56	61
Pacific	882	473	91	166	152
Men					
Northeast	473	289	19	90	75
New England	129	83	4	23	19
Middle Atlantic	344	206	15	66	56
Midwest	571	321	22	117	111
East North Central	405	233	16	88	67
West North Central	166	88	6	28	44
South	806	421	34	192	159
South Atlantic	391	208	16	95	73
East South Central	142	68	6	35	32
West South Central	273	145	12	62	54
West	539	311	23	100	104
Mountain	149	88	6	24	31
Pacific	390	223	17	76	74
Women					
Northeast	638	354	101	113	69
New England	172	94	25	32	20
Middle Atlantic	467	261	76	81	49
Midwest	831	428	132	146	124
East North Central	592	309	90	107	88
West North Central	238	120	42	39	36
South	1,019	521	160	202	136
South Atlantic	519	268	80	100	70
East South Central	175	81	30	40	24
West South Central	324	171	50	61	42
West	680	348	101	123	109
Mountain	189	98	28	33	30
Pacific	492	250	73	90	78

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and reason not at work, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	970	570	101	172	127
New England	279	164	27	52	36
Middle Atlantic	691	406	74	120	90
Midwest	1,250	680	135	222	213
East North Central	873	484	90	162	138
West North Central	376	196	45	61	75
South	1,457	781	150	284	243
South Atlantic	719	389	75	140	114
East South Central	251	125	25	54	47
West South Central	487	266	50	90	81
West	1,054	578	106	185	185
Mountain	313	173	31	52	57
Pacific	741	405	76	133	127
Black					
Northeast	103	50	14	25	14
New England	14	7	1	3	2
Middle Atlantic	89	43	13	22	11
Midwest	118	52	13	36	17
East North Central	101	45	12	30	14
West North Central	17	6	2	6	4
South	318	136	40	98	44
South Atlantic	169	74	19	51	24
East South Central	64	23	11	21	8
West South Central	86	40	10	25	11
West	62	25	6	20	11
Mountain	8	4	1	2	1
Pacific	53	20	5	19	10
Hispanic origin					
Northeast	68	38	9	16	4
New England	12	7	1	3	1
Middle Atlantic	56	31	8	13	4
Midwest	44	24	6	8	7
East North Central	36	19	4	8	5
South	172	92	17	35	28
South Atlantic	53	27	4	10	11
West South Central	116	63	11	24	17
West	183	92	23	42	26
Mountain	39	22	4	8	5
Pacific	143	69	19	35	20

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor dispute, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the

sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL							
Northeast	1,156	100.0	54.2	17.0	10.2	29.0	6.7
New England	264	100.0	56.1	16.3	12.1	26.1	6.1
Middle Atlantic	892	100.0	53.6	17.2	9.6	29.8	6.8
Midwest	1,548	100.0	52.4	19.9	11.3	31.0	5.3
East North Central	1,140	100.0	53.3	20.6	10.6	30.7	5.4
West North Central	408	100.0	49.8	17.9	13.2	31.9	5.1
South	2,350	100.0	48.0	12.3	14.5	30.3	7.3
South Atlantic	1,174	100.0	49.2	13.0	14.7	29.7	6.3
East South Central	420	100.0	49.5	15.7	15.5	27.6	7.1
West South Central	756	100.0	45.1	9.1	13.5	32.5	8.9
West	1,688	100.0	51.2	15.2	11.8	29.8	7.3
Mountain	407	100.0	45.7	14.7	16.2	31.9	6.4
Pacific	1,281	100.0	52.9	15.4	10.4	29.1	7.6
Men							
Northeast	636	100.0	59.9	20.0	9.4	24.7	6.0
New England	149	100.0	60.4	18.8	(²)	22.8	(²)
Middle Atlantic	487	100.0	59.8	20.3	9.2	25.3	5.7
Midwest	873	100.0	59.7	23.5	10.1	25.5	4.7
East North Central	636	100.0	60.2	24.2	9.6	25.2	4.9
West North Central	237	100.0	58.2	21.9	11.4	26.6	(²)
South	1,228	100.0	54.6	14.4	14.0	25.0	6.4
South Atlantic	615	100.0	55.3	15.1	13.8	25.0	5.9
East South Central	211	100.0	57.3	18.0	15.6	21.3	(²)
West South Central	403	100.0	52.1	11.2	13.6	26.8	7.7
West	925	100.0	56.8	16.2	10.8	26.1	6.4
Mountain	213	100.0	53.5	17.4	14.1	27.7	(²)
Pacific	712	100.0	57.7	15.7	9.8	25.7	6.7
Women							
Northeast	520	100.0	46.9	13.3	11.3	34.2	7.5
New England	115	100.0	49.6	13.0	(²)	30.4	(²)
Middle Atlantic	405	100.0	46.2	13.1	10.1	35.3	8.1
Midwest	675	100.0	43.0	15.3	13.0	38.1	6.1
East North Central	504	100.0	44.4	16.1	11.9	37.7	6.0
West North Central	170	100.0	38.8	12.4	15.9	39.4	(²)
South	1,121	100.0	40.8	10.0	15.0	36.0	8.3
South Atlantic	559	100.0	42.8	10.6	15.7	34.9	6.6
East South Central	209	100.0	41.6	13.4	15.3	34.0	(²)
West South Central	353	100.0	37.1	6.8	13.3	39.1	10.2
West	763	100.0	44.4	14.0	13.0	34.2	8.4
Mountain	194	100.0	37.1	11.9	18.6	37.1	(²)
Pacific	569	100.0	47.1	14.9	11.1	33.4	8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							
Northeast	170	100.0	14.1	7.1	7.1	51.8	27.1
New England	41	100.0	17.1	7.3	(²)	53.7	(²)
Middle Atlantic	128	100.0	14.1	7.0	6.2	50.8	28.9
Midwest	299	100.0	18.1	6.7	8.7	52.5	20.7
East North Central	215	100.0	17.7	7.0	8.4	53.0	20.9
West North Central	83	100.0	19.3	7.2	8.4	53.0	(²)
South	426	100.0	15.5	5.4	9.6	46.7	28.2
South Atlantic	203	100.0	15.8	5.9	9.9	50.7	23.2
East South Central	73	100.0	16.4	6.8	11.0	39.7	(²)
West South Central	151	100.0	14.6	4.0	8.6	43.7	33.1
West	293	100.0	14.3	4.8	7.8	49.5	28.3
Mountain	82	100.0	15.9	6.1	11.0	51.2	(²)
Pacific	211	100.0	13.7	4.3	6.6	48.8	30.8
White							
Northeast	880	100.0	56.2	19.1	11.0	27.0	5.8
New England	225	100.0	57.8	17.8	(²)	24.9	(²)
Middle Atlantic	655	100.0	55.6	19.5	10.4	27.8	6.1
Midwest	1,202	100.0	54.3	22.3	12.1	28.7	4.9
East North Central	859	100.0	55.5	23.4	11.4	28.2	4.9
West North Central	343	100.0	51.3	19.8	13.7	30.3	(²)
South	1,488	100.0	48.5	13.7	15.4	29.3	6.8
South Atlantic	707	100.0	50.1	14.4	15.3	28.9	5.8
East South Central	272	100.0	52.6	18.8	15.8	25.4	(²)
West South Central	509	100.0	44.0	10.0	15.3	32.0	8.4
West	1,354	100.0	52.2	16.2	12.1	29.0	6.6
Mountain	356	100.0	46.3	14.9	16.6	31.2	(²)
Pacific	997	100.0	54.4	16.8	10.5	28.2	6.9
Black							
Northeast	233	100.0	48.5	10.3	6.9	35.2	9.4
Middle Atlantic	202	100.0	49.5	10.9	6.4	35.1	8.9
Midwest	293	100.0	46.4	11.3	7.5	39.6	6.5
East North Central	244	100.0	47.1	12.3	7.4	38.9	6.6
West North Central	49	100.0	42.9	6.1	8.2	42.9	(²)
South	791	100.0	46.9	9.9	12.8	32.4	8.0
South Atlantic	436	100.0	47.5	11.0	13.8	31.9	6.9
East South Central	145	100.0	44.1	10.3	15.2	31.7	(²)
West South Central	211	100.0	47.4	7.1	9.0	33.6	9.5
West	133	100.0	42.1	8.3	12.0	35.3	10.5
Pacific	112	100.0	43.8	8.9	11.6	34.8	9.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic origin							
Northeast	138	100.0	54.3	13.0	8.0	29.0	8.7
Middle Atlantic	110	100.0	54.5	11.8	6.4	30.0	9.1
Midwest	101	100.0	51.5	22.8	8.9	30.7	8.9
East North Central	83	100.0	50.6	21.7	8.4	32.5	8.4
South	322	100.0	45.3	11.2	14.9	27.6	12.4
South Atlantic	130	100.0	51.5	15.4	13.8	23.8	10.8
West South Central	182	100.0	40.1	7.7	15.9	30.2	13.7
West	476	100.0	54.4	20.6	7.8	28.8	9.0
Mountain	96	100.0	44.8	14.6	11.5	35.4	(²)
Pacific	380	100.0	56.8	21.8	6.8	26.8	9.5

¹ Formerly called "job losers".

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the

sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
TOTAL									
Northeast	1,156	100.0	37.6	31.9	30.5	15.6	14.9	6.3	8.6
New England	264	100.0	40.0	33.1	26.9	14.6	12.3	6.4	5.9
Middle Atlantic	892	100.0	36.9	31.6	31.5	15.9	15.6	6.2	9.4
Midwest	1,548	100.0	43.3	33.0	23.7	13.5	10.1	5.5	4.7
East North Central	1,140	100.0	42.6	33.1	24.4	13.8	10.6	5.6	5.0
West North Central	408	100.0	45.4	32.8	21.8	12.7	9.0	5.2	3.8
South	2,350	100.0	41.9	32.0	26.0	14.3	11.7	5.6	6.1
South Atlantic	1,174	100.0	41.3	32.7	26.0	14.4	11.6	5.9	5.7
East South Central	420	100.0	40.2	31.9	27.9	14.5	13.4	6.2	7.2
West South Central	756	100.0	43.9	31.0	25.0	14.0	11.0	5.0	6.0
West	1,688	100.0	44.0	31.4	24.6	13.2	11.4	5.9	5.5
Mountain	407	100.0	48.3	31.8	20.0	12.2	7.7	4.6	3.2
Pacific	1,281	100.0	42.6	31.3	26.1	13.5	12.6	6.3	6.3
Men									
Northeast	636	100.0	36.2	32.7	31.1	15.9	15.2	6.2	9.0
New England	149	100.0	40.0	32.8	27.2	15.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Middle Atlantic	487	100.0	35.0	32.7	32.3	16.2	16.2	6.4	9.8
Midwest	873	100.0	41.5	33.5	25.0	14.4	10.6	5.8	4.8
East North Central	636	100.0	40.8	33.2	26.0	14.9	11.1	5.9	5.2
West North Central	237	100.0	43.3	34.4	22.3	13.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South	1,228	100.0	42.0	32.7	25.4	14.1	11.3	5.1	6.2
South Atlantic	615	100.0	41.7	33.7	24.6	13.7	10.9	5.3	5.6
East South Central	211	100.0	40.3	31.8	27.9	15.0	12.9	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	403	100.0	43.2	31.6	25.2	14.2	11.1	(¹)	(¹)
West	925	100.0	42.8	30.8	26.4	14.0	12.5	6.3	6.2
Mountain	213	100.0	46.5	31.5	22.0	13.6	8.4	(¹)	(¹)
Pacific	712	100.0	41.7	30.6	27.8	14.1	13.7	6.7	7.0
Women									
Northeast	520	100.0	39.4	30.9	29.7	15.2	14.4	6.4	8.0
New England	115	100.0	40.0	33.4	26.6	14.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Middle Atlantic	405	100.0	39.2	30.2	30.6	15.6	15.0	6.1	8.9
Midwest	675	100.0	45.7	32.3	22.0	12.4	9.6	5.1	4.5
East North Central	505	100.0	44.8	32.9	22.3	12.5	9.9	5.2	4.7
West North Central	170	100.0	48.3	30.7	21.0	12.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South	1,121	100.0	41.9	31.3	26.8	14.6	12.2	6.2	6.0
South Atlantic	559	100.0	40.8	31.7	27.6	15.2	12.4	6.5	5.9
East South Central	209	100.0	40.0	31.9	28.0	14.1	13.9	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	353	100.0	44.8	30.4	24.8	13.9	10.9	(¹)	(¹)
West	763	100.0	45.4	32.2	22.4	12.2	10.2	5.5	4.7
Mountain	194	100.0	50.2	32.0	17.8	10.8	7.0	(¹)	(¹)
Pacific	569	100.0	43.8	32.3	23.9	12.7	11.2	5.9	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Northeast	170	100.0	53.2	31.6	15.2	8.6	6.6	3.3	3.3
New England	41	100.0	53.0	30.2	16.8	8.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Middle Atlantic	128	100.0	53.2	32.1	14.7	8.6	6.1	2.9	3.1
Midwest	299	100.0	54.2	31.0	14.8	8.8	6.0	3.4	2.6
East North Central	215	100.0	52.2	31.4	16.4	9.8	6.6	3.7	2.9
West North Central	83	100.0	59.3	30.2	10.5	6.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South	426	100.0	48.8	31.6	19.6	11.1	8.4	4.1	4.3
South Atlantic	203	100.0	48.5	30.2	21.3	12.6	8.6	4.7	3.9
East South Central	73	100.0	45.3	33.3	21.4	11.9	9.4	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	151	100.0	50.8	32.7	16.4	8.7	7.7	(¹)	(¹)
West	293	100.0	52.3	32.0	15.7	9.6	6.2	2.8	3.4
Mountain	82	100.0	56.5	32.9	10.5	7.2	3.3	(¹)	(¹)
Pacific	211	100.0	50.6	31.6	17.8	10.5	7.3	3.4	3.9
White									
Northeast	880	100.0	39.8	32.7	27.6	15.1	12.4	5.7	6.7
New England	225	100.0	41.8	34.0	24.2	14.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Middle Atlantic	655	100.0	39.0	32.2	28.7	15.4	13.3	5.8	7.5
Midwest	1,202	100.0	44.9	33.3	21.7	13.0	8.8	5.0	3.8
East North Central	859	100.0	44.0	33.6	22.4	13.2	9.2	5.2	4.1
West North Central	343	100.0	47.2	32.8	20.0	12.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South	1,488	100.0	45.9	31.7	22.4	13.2	9.1	4.5	4.6
South Atlantic	707	100.0	44.3	32.9	22.8	13.7	9.1	4.6	4.5
East South Central	272	100.0	45.1	31.4	23.6	13.1	10.5	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	509	100.0	48.7	30.2	21.1	12.7	8.4	(¹)	(¹)
West	1,354	100.0	45.4	31.0	23.6	12.9	10.7	5.7	5.1
Mountain	356	100.0	49.6	31.9	18.6	11.9	6.7	(¹)	(¹)
Pacific	997	100.0	43.8	30.7	25.5	13.3	12.2	6.2	6.0
Black									
Northeast	233	100.0	29.7	28.7	41.6	17.3	24.3	8.5	15.7
Middle Atlantic	202	100.0	29.9	29.0	41.1	17.6	23.5	8.1	15.4
Midwest	293	100.0	38.1	30.8	31.1	15.9	15.3	7.5	7.7
East North Central	244	100.0	38.7	30.3	31.0	15.7	15.3	7.2	8.1
West North Central	49	100.0	35.1	33.4	31.5	16.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South	791	100.0	34.9	32.6	32.6	16.1	16.5	7.6	8.9
South Atlantic	436	100.0	36.3	32.4	31.2	15.6	15.6	7.7	7.9
East South Central	145	100.0	31.3	32.8	36.0	16.8	19.2	(¹)	(¹)
West South Central	211	100.0	34.3	32.7	33.1	16.5	16.5	(¹)	(¹)
West	133	100.0	35.2	32.0	32.9	16.1	16.7	7.6	9.1
Pacific	112	100.0	35.3	32.8	32.0	15.8	16.2	7.2	9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Hispanic origin									
Northeast	138	100.0	34.6	33.3	32.1	15.7	16.3	6.9	9.4
Middle Atlantic	110	100.0	34.7	33.1	32.3	14.9	17.3	6.4	10.9
Midwest	101	100.0	44.0	36.4	19.6	10.9	8.7	4.4	4.3
East North Central	83	100.0	43.0	36.0	21.0	11.4	9.6	4.7	4.9
South	322	100.0	46.1	32.4	21.5	13.0	8.5	4.0	4.5
South Atlantic	130	100.0	42.9	31.9	25.3	13.8	11.5	6.0	5.5
West South Central	182	100.0	48.5	32.5	19.1	12.5	6.6	(¹)	(¹)
West	476	100.0	45.7	31.4	22.9	13.0	9.9	6.1	3.8
Mountain	96	100.0	46.3	34.9	18.8	13.0	5.9	(¹)	(¹)
Pacific	380	100.0	45.5	30.5	23.9	13.0	10.9	6.8	4.1

¹ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the

sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by state, 2001 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 4.8 percent)

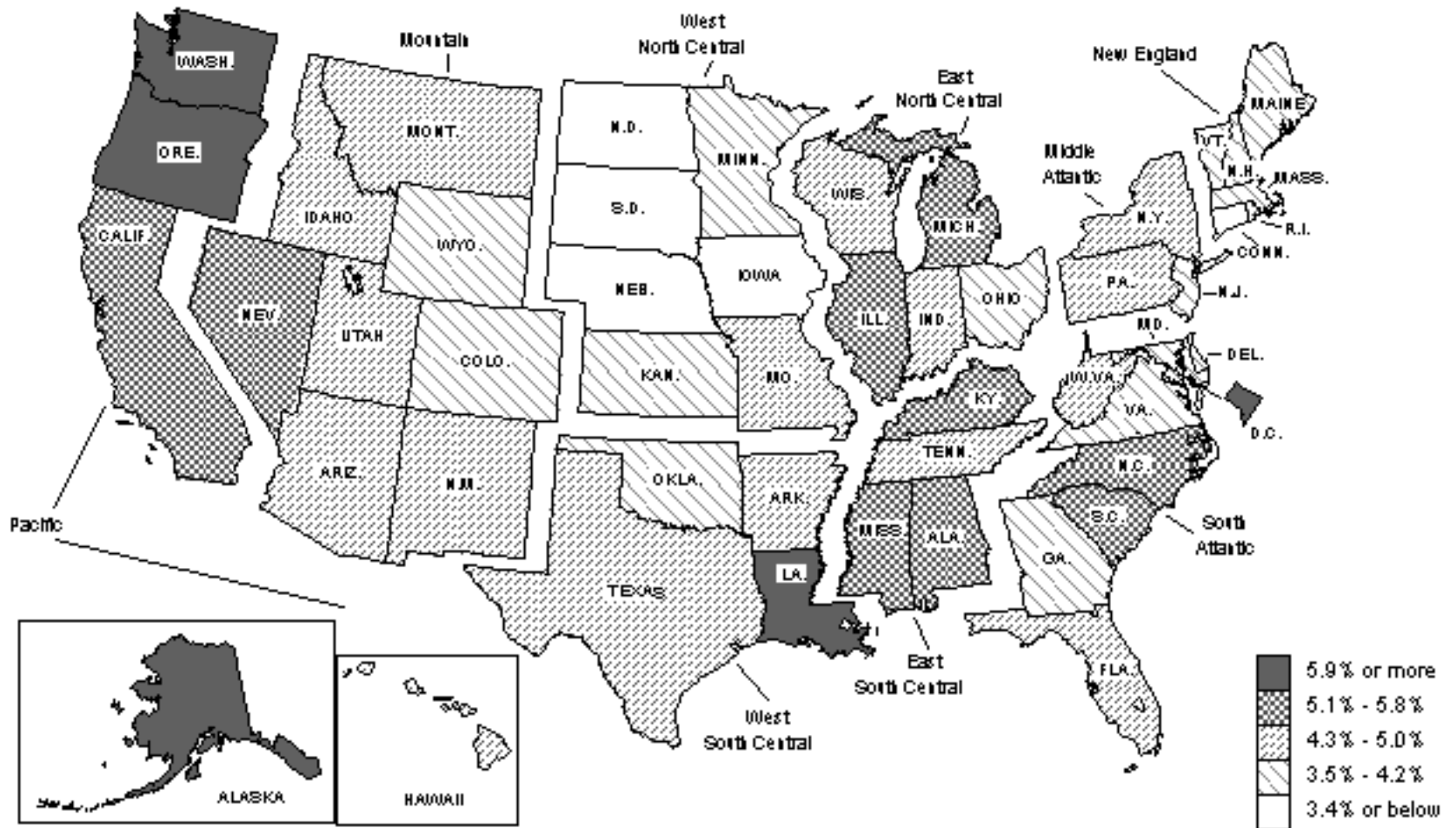


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by state, 2001 annual averages

(U.S. average = 63.8 percent)

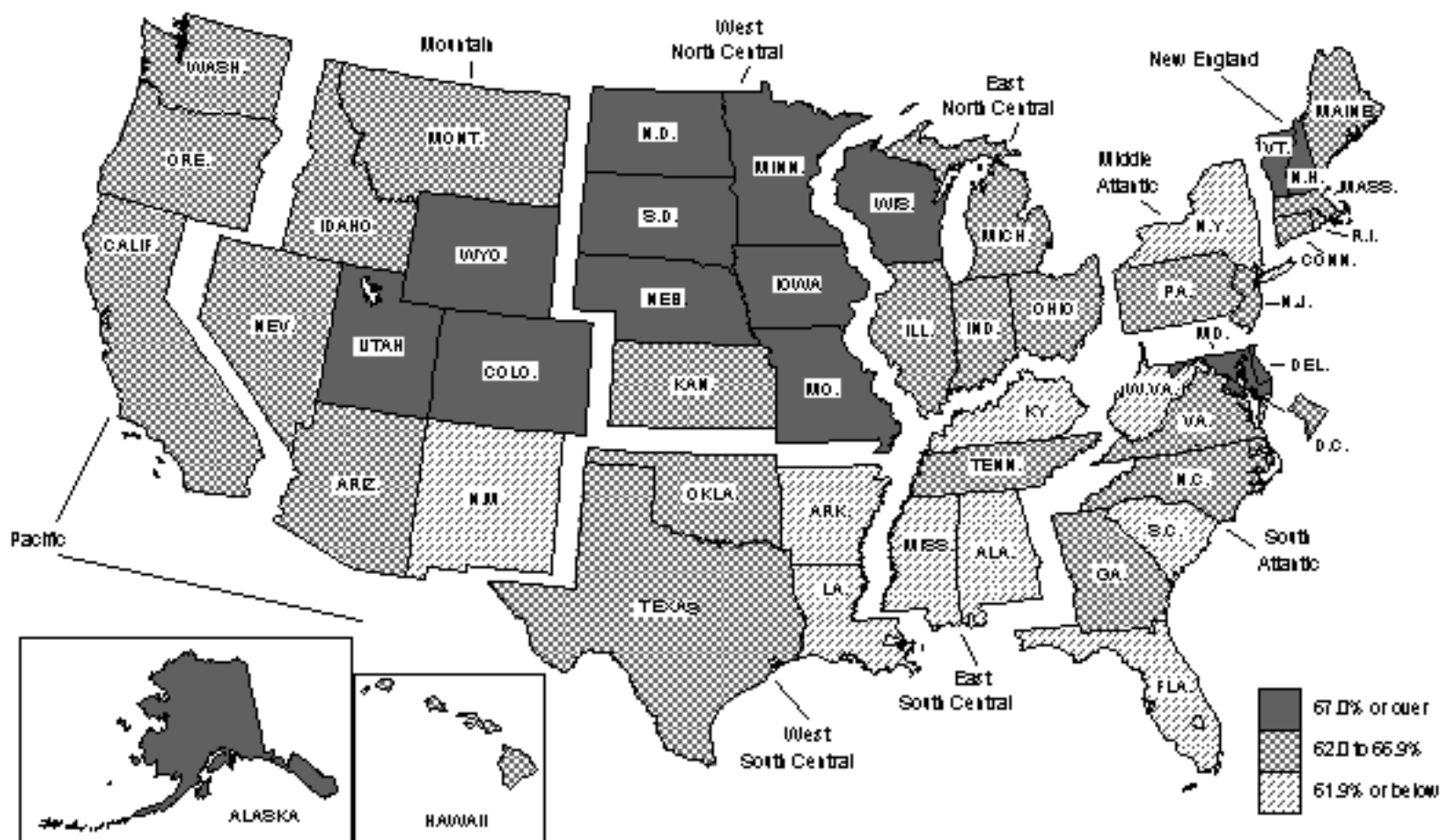


Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment			
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
UNITED STATES									
Total	211,864	141,815	66.9	135,073	63.8	6,742	4.8	4.7	- 4.9
Men	101,858	75,743	74.4	72,080	70.8	3,663	4.8	4.7	- 4.9
Women	110,007	66,071	60.1	62,992	57.3	3,079	4.7	4.6	- 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16,146	8,077	50.0	6,889	42.7	1,187	14.7	14.2	- 15.2
White	175,888	118,144	67.2	113,220	64.4	4,923	4.2	4.1	- 4.3
Men	85,421	64,141	75.1	61,411	71.9	2,730	4.3	4.2	- 4.4
Women	90,467	54,003	59.7	51,810	57.3	2,193	4.1	4.0	- 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	12,786	6,835	53.5	5,969	46.7	866	12.7	12.2	- 13.2
Black	25,559	16,719	65.4	15,270	59.7	1,450	8.7	8.4	- 9.0
Men	11,468	7,858	68.5	7,127	62.1	731	9.3	8.9	- 9.7
Women	14,091	8,861	62.9	8,143	57.8	719	8.1	7.7	- 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,479	934	37.7	663	26.8	271	29.0	27.5	- 30.5
Hispanic origin	23,122	15,751	68.1	14,714	63.6	1,037	6.6	6.4	- 6.8
Men	11,400	9,098	79.8	8,556	75.0	542	6.0	5.7	- 6.3
Women	11,722	6,653	56.8	6,159	52.5	495	7.4	7.0	- 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,393	1,122	46.9	923	38.6	199	17.7	16.4	- 19.0
Alabama									
Total	3,418	2,148	62.8	2,033	59.5	114	5.3	4.7	- 5.9
Men	1,590	1,127	70.9	1,069	67.2	59	5.2	4.4	- 6.0
Women	1,828	1,020	55.8	964	52.8	56	5.5	4.7	- 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	276	126	45.7	106	38.4	20	15.9	12.5	- 19.3
White	2,553	1,623	63.6	1,563	61.2	61	3.7	3.1	- 4.3
Men	1,224	891	72.8	858	70.1	33	3.7	2.9	- 4.5
Women	1,329	732	55.1	704	53.0	28	3.8	3.0	- 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	177	92	52.1	84	47.3	8	9.2	5.8	- 12.6
Black	836	505	60.5	452	54.1	53	10.5	8.9	- 12.1
Men	353	226	63.9	200	56.6	26	11.4	9.0	- 13.8
Women	482	280	58.0	252	52.3	27	9.8	7.7	- 11.9
Alaska									
Total	442	322	72.8	302	68.2	20	6.3	5.7	- 6.9
Men	223	175	78.7	163	73.3	12	6.8	6.0	- 7.6
Women	220	147	66.9	139	63.1	8	5.6	4.8	- 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	21	50.7	17	41.8	4	17.5	16.2	- 18.8
White	343	254	74.1	242	70.5	12	4.8	4.2	- 5.4
Men	177	142	80.0	134	75.7	8	5.4	4.6	- 6.2
Women	166	112	67.7	108	65.0	5	4.0	3.2	- 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29	15	52.3	13	44.5	2	14.9	12.8	- 17.0
Black	15	11	72.0	10	65.5	1	9.0	5.6	- 12.4
Men	7	5	74.8	5	67.6	1	9.7	4.8	- 14.6
Women	8	5	69.3	5	63.6	(²)	8.3	3.6	- 13.0
Hispanic origin	15	12	77.0	11	70.7	1	8.2	4.9	- 11.5
Men	7	6	82.9	5	73.9	1	10.8	5.8	- 15.8
Women	8	6	71.4	5	67.6	(²)	5.3	1.2	- 9.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	3,690	2,420	65.6	2,307	62.5	113	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	1,803	1,344	74.5	1,288	71.4	56	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	1,887	1,075	57.0	1,018	54.0	57	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	155	53.1	135	46.5	19	12.5	9.3 - 15.7
White	3,379	2,199	65.1	2,101	62.2	98	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Men	1,646	1,225	74.4	1,178	71.6	47	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	1,733	974	56.2	923	53.3	51	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	265	143	53.8	126	47.7	16	11.4	8.2 - 14.6
Black	109	74	67.9	69	63.1	5	7.1	3.9 - 10.3
Hispanic origin	880	579	65.8	541	61.4	39	6.7	5.1 - 8.3
Men	415	334	80.5	316	76.0	18	5.5	3.6 - 7.4
Women	465	245	52.8	225	48.4	20	8.2	5.6 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	106	53	50.1	46	43.0	8	14.2	8.5 - 19.9
Arkansas								
Total	1,999	1,227	61.4	1,164	58.2	63	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	929	629	67.7	595	64.1	34	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Women	1,070	598	55.8	569	53.2	29	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	160	75	46.7	63	39.7	11	15.1	11.3 - 18.9
White	1,634	1,011	61.9	974	59.6	37	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Men	779	534	68.5	513	65.9	21	3.8	3.0 - 4.6
Women	855	478	55.8	461	53.9	17	3.5	2.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	121	59	49.1	53	43.7	7	11.1	7.2 - 15.0
Black	330	195	59.3	171	52.0	24	12.3	10.0 - 14.6
Men	138	86	62.7	74	53.8	12	14.2	10.7 - 17.7
Women	192	109	56.8	97	50.7	12	10.7	7.7 - 13.7
Hispanic origin	43	34	77.6	32	74.6	1	3.8	.9 - 6.7
California								
Total	25,939	17,362	66.9	16,435	63.4	927	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Men	12,624	9,520	75.4	9,014	71.4	506	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Women	13,316	7,842	58.9	7,421	55.7	421	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,032	881	43.3	735	36.2	145	16.5	14.8 - 18.2
White	20,668	13,982	67.6	13,270	64.2	712	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	10,134	7,761	76.6	7,366	72.7	395	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Women	10,534	6,221	59.1	5,904	56.0	317	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,568	750	47.8	633	40.3	117	15.6	13.8 - 17.4
Black	1,754	1,147	65.4	1,050	59.9	97	8.5	7.4 - 9.6
Men	818	572	69.9	523	63.9	49	8.5	7.0 - 10.0
Women	936	575	61.5	527	56.3	48	8.4	6.9 - 9.9
Hispanic origin	7,167	4,937	68.9	4,586	64.0	351	7.1	6.6 - 7.6
Men	3,528	2,861	81.1	2,669	75.6	192	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Women	3,639	2,076	57.1	1,917	52.7	159	7.6	6.8 - 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	777	341	43.9	275	35.5	65	19.2	16.4 - 22.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Colorado								
Total	3,203	2,295	71.7	2,210	69.0	85	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	1,596	1,271	79.6	1,226	76.8	45	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Women	1,606	1,024	63.8	983	61.2	41	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	243	138	56.8	117	48.4	20	14.8	12.5 - 17.1
White	2,968	2,128	71.7	2,051	69.1	77	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	1,487	1,183	79.6	1,142	76.8	41	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Women	1,481	945	63.8	908	61.3	36	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	214	126	58.7	110	51.2	16	12.7	10.3 - 15.1
Black	122	86	70.3	80	65.4	6	6.9	4.0 - 9.8
Men	58	44	75.0	40	69.6	3	7.2	3.1 - 11.3
Women	64	43	66.1	40	61.7	3	6.6	2.6 - 10.6
Hispanic origin	462	333	72.2	316	68.4	18	5.3	3.9 - 6.7
Men	236	196	83.0	187	79.3	9	4.5	2.8 - 6.2
Women	226	137	60.9	128	56.9	9	6.5	4.2 - 8.8
Connecticut								
Total	2,545	1,718	67.5	1,661	65.3	56	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Men	1,225	903	73.7	874	71.3	29	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Women	1,319	815	61.8	788	59.7	27	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	181	90	49.9	80	44.1	10	11.6	8.8 - 14.4
White	2,215	1,494	67.4	1,450	65.5	44	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	1,068	794	74.4	770	72.1	24	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women	1,147	700	61.0	680	59.3	20	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	142	76	53.4	69	48.7	7	8.8	6.0 - 11.6
Black	273	183	67.1	171	62.7	12	6.5	4.4 - 8.6
Men	131	86	65.8	81	62.1	5	5.6	2.8 - 8.4
Women	143	97	68.2	90	63.3	7	7.3	4.3 - 10.3
Hispanic origin	153	96	63.0	89	58.5	7	7.2	4.1 - 10.3
Men	68	45	66.0	41	60.6	4	8.3	3.6 - 13.0
Women	85	51	60.6	48	56.8	3	6.2	2.3 - 10.1
Delaware								
Total	595	419	70.4	404	67.9	15	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	287	217	75.8	209	72.9	8	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	308	202	65.3	195	63.2	7	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	21	52.2	19	45.7	3	12.5	9.2 - 15.8
White	463	325	70.2	315	68.0	10	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Men	226	174	76.8	168	74.2	6	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Women	237	152	64.0	147	62.2	4	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	18	58.5	16	52.2	2	10.8	7.4 - 14.2
Black	121	87	71.7	82	68.0	4	5.1	3.8 - 6.4
Men	56	40	71.8	38	68.0	2	5.3	3.4 - 7.2
Women	65	47	71.5	44	68.0	2	4.9	3.2 - 6.6
Hispanic origin	26	21	82.8	21	80.3	1	3.0	1.0 - 5.0
Men	16	14	86.9	14	86.3	(²)	.8	(³) - (³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	412	278	67.5	260	63.1	18	6.5	5.8 - 7.2
Men	194	138	71.1	129	66.4	9	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Women	218	140	64.3	131	60.1	9	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24	8	35.1	6	24.5	3	30.1	24.8 - 35.4
White	140	110	78.3	107	76.0	3	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Men	70	58	82.2	56	79.7	2	3.0	2.0 - 4.0
Women	70	52	74.5	51	72.3	2	3.0	1.9 - 4.1
Black	261	160	61.4	145	55.8	15	9.1	8.0 - 10.2
Men	119	76	64.3	69	58.3	7	9.3	7.8 - 10.8
Women	142	84	58.9	76	53.6	7	9.0	7.5 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19	6	33.1	4	20.5	2	38.0	31.3 - 44.7
Hispanic origin	24	19	79.0	18	75.4	1	4.6	2.3 - 6.9
Men	13	11	85.8	11	81.3	1	5.3	2.1 - 8.5
Women	11	8	70.6	7	68.2	(²)	3.5	.3 - 6.7
Florida								
Total	12,144	7,674	63.2	7,309	60.2	365	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Men	5,891	4,149	70.4	3,960	67.2	189	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Women	6,253	3,525	56.4	3,349	53.6	176	5.0	4.6 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	829	406	49.0	354	42.7	52	12.8	11.0 - 14.6
White	10,297	6,406	62.2	6,133	59.6	272	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Men	5,032	3,530	70.1	3,388	67.3	142	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Women	5,265	2,876	54.6	2,745	52.1	131	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	637	334	52.5	294	46.2	40	12.1	10.2 - 14.0
Black	1,602	1,117	69.7	1,031	64.4	86	7.7	6.8 - 8.6
Men	752	543	72.3	500	66.5	43	8.0	6.7 - 9.3
Women	851	573	67.4	531	62.4	42	7.4	6.2 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	172	64	37.1	54	31.1	10	16.3	11.7 - 20.9
Hispanic origin	2,154	1,424	66.1	1,328	61.6	96	6.7	5.9 - 7.5
Men	1,071	810	75.7	760	71.0	50	6.2	5.2 - 7.2
Women	1,083	614	56.7	568	52.4	46	7.5	6.3 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	162	75	46.6	63	38.7	13	16.9	12.4 - 21.4
Georgia								
Total	6,077	4,132	68.0	3,966	65.3	165	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	2,880	2,183	75.8	2,098	72.8	85	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	3,197	1,948	60.9	1,869	58.4	80	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	420	189	44.9	162	38.7	26	13.9	10.2 - 17.6
White	4,071	2,785	68.4	2,707	66.5	78	2.8	2.3 - 3.3
Men	1,978	1,549	78.3	1,506	76.1	43	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women	2,093	1,236	59.1	1,201	57.4	35	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	258	126	48.7	115	44.4	11	8.9	5.1 - 12.7
Black	1,896	1,257	66.3	1,173	61.9	84	6.6	5.6 - 7.6
Men	849	590	69.5	548	64.5	42	7.1	5.6 - 8.6
Women	1,047	667	63.7	625	59.7	42	6.2	4.9 - 7.5
Hispanic origin	202	152	75.5	145	72.1	7	4.5	2.0 - 7.0
Men	108	98	90.0	93	86.3	4	4.1	1.2 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Hawaii								
Total	893	606	67.8	577	64.7	28	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	432	315	72.9	300	69.3	15	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	461	291	63.1	278	60.3	13	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61	28	45.6	24	38.5	4	15.6	11.6 - 19.6
White	264	186	70.4	178	67.3	8	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Men	133	99	73.9	94	70.3	5	5.0	3.6 - 6.4
Women	131	88	66.9	84	64.3	3	3.9	2.6 - 5.2
Hispanic origin	28	20	72.7	19	68.9	1	5.2	1.8 - 8.6
Men	16	12	77.0	11	73.6	1	4.5	.3 - 8.7
Idaho								
Total	969	682	70.4	648	66.9	34	5.0	4.4 - 5.6
Men	474	366	77.2	347	73.2	19	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	495	316	63.9	301	60.8	15	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	85	49	58.1	44	51.3	6	11.7	8.9 - 14.5
White	942	663	70.4	632	67.0	32	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Men	462	358	77.5	340	73.7	18	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	480	305	63.6	291	60.7	14	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	49	58.9	43	52.0	6	11.8	9.0 - 14.6
Hispanic origin	61	44	72.7	40	66.4	4	8.6	6.0 - 11.2
Men	32	26	83.5	24	77.3	2	7.4	4.2 - 10.6
Women	29	18	60.8	16	54.5	2	10.4	6.0 - 14.8
Illinois								
Total	9,244	6,349	68.7	6,006	65.0	343	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Men	4,394	3,363	76.5	3,179	72.3	184	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Women	4,850	2,985	61.6	2,827	58.3	158	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	718	365	50.9	311	43.3	55	14.9	12.8 - 17.0
White	7,537	5,260	69.8	5,020	66.6	239	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Men	3,652	2,858	78.3	2,725	74.6	133	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	3,885	2,402	61.8	2,296	59.1	106	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	577	314	54.4	276	47.8	38	12.2	10.0 - 14.4
Black	1,359	850	62.5	762	56.1	88	10.4	9.2 - 11.6
Men	573	370	64.7	327	57.2	43	11.6	9.8 - 13.4
Women	787	480	61.0	435	55.2	45	9.4	7.9 - 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	120	45	37.9	30	24.9	16	34.2	28.2 - 40.2
Hispanic origin	850	621	73.0	573	67.4	48	7.8	6.6 - 9.0
Men	443	376	84.8	351	79.1	25	6.7	5.2 - 8.2
Women	407	245	60.2	222	54.5	23	9.5	7.4 - 11.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	103	48	46.7	37	35.6	11	23.7	17.1 - 30.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	4,557	3,106	68.2	2,970	65.2	136	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	2,185	1,663	76.1	1,587	72.6	76	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Women	2,372	1,443	60.8	1,383	58.3	60	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	338	177	52.6	155	45.9	22	12.6	9.8 - 15.4
White	4,177	2,859	68.5	2,746	65.8	112	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Men	2,025	1,556	76.9	1,491	73.7	65	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	2,152	1,303	60.5	1,255	58.3	48	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	305	167	54.7	149	48.8	18	10.8	8.1 - 13.5
Black	327	213	65.2	192	58.9	21	9.7	7.1 - 12.3
Men	136	88	64.5	79	58.0	9	10.1	5.9 - 14.3
Women	191	125	65.6	113	59.5	12	9.4	6.0 - 12.8
Hispanic origin	76	53	70.2	51	67.2	2	4.2	.5 - 7.9
Iowa								
Total	2,199	1,588	72.2	1,535	69.8	53	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Men	1,070	831	77.6	803	75.0	28	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	1,129	757	67.1	732	64.9	25	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	162	102	63.2	90	55.6	12	12.1	9.3 - 14.9
White	2,108	1,523	72.3	1,474	69.9	49	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	1,028	798	77.6	771	75.0	27	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	1,080	725	67.2	703	65.1	22	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	155	99	64.0	88	56.8	11	11.2	8.4 - 14.0
Hispanic origin	66	46	70.2	43	65.9	3	6.1	1.9 - 10.3
Kansas								
Total	2,013	1,381	68.6	1,322	65.7	59	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	957	715	74.7	681	71.1	34	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	1,056	666	63.1	641	60.7	25	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	183	111	60.5	97	53.2	13	12.1	9.7 - 14.5
White	1,847	1,272	68.9	1,219	66.0	53	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	881	660	74.9	630	71.5	30	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	966	612	63.4	589	61.0	23	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	165	103	62.2	90	54.7	12	12.1	9.6 - 14.6
Black	104	68	65.3	65	62.1	3	4.9	2.4 - 7.4
Men	48	33	68.8	31	65.0	2	5.6	1.8 - 9.4
Women	57	35	62.3	34	59.6	2	4.3	1.0 - 7.6
Hispanic origin	107	74	69.2	69	64.4	5	6.9	4.1 - 9.7
Men	56	46	81.2	43	76.6	3	5.7	2.3 - 9.1
Women	51	28	56.0	26	51.0	3	9.0	4.1 - 13.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment				
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Kentucky										
Total	3,110	1,968	63.3	1,860	59.8	108	5.5	4.9	-	6.1
Men	1,465	1,039	70.9	983	67.1	56	5.4	4.6	-	6.2
Women	1,645	928	56.4	876	53.3	52	5.6	4.8	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	235	108	46.0	86	36.6	22	20.4	17.7	-	23.1
White	2,860	1,803	63.0	1,707	59.7	96	5.3	4.7	-	5.9
Men	1,352	956	70.7	906	67.0	50	5.3	4.5	-	6.1
Women	1,508	847	56.2	801	53.1	46	5.4	4.6	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	212	100	47.5	80	37.8	20	20.4	17.6	-	23.2
Black	226	149	66.1	139	61.4	10	7.0	4.6	-	9.4
Men	103	74	72.4	69	67.5	5	6.8	3.5	-	10.1
Women	123	75	60.8	69	56.4	5	7.3	3.9	-	10.7
Hispanic origin	51	39	75.0	36	70.2	2	6.5	2.1	-	10.9
Louisiana										
Total	3,299	2,050	62.1	1,928	58.4	122	6.0	5.3	-	6.7
Men	1,534	1,091	71.1	1,020	66.5	71	6.5	5.6	-	7.4
Women	1,766	959	54.3	908	51.4	51	5.4	4.5	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	284	113	39.9	85	30.0	28	24.9	21.2	-	28.6
White	2,283	1,428	62.6	1,377	60.3	52	3.6	3.0	-	4.2
Men	1,114	799	71.8	766	68.7	34	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Women	1,169	629	53.8	611	52.3	18	2.8	2.0	-	3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	68	42.2	59	36.8	9	12.8	8.3	-	17.3
Black	982	597	60.8	529	53.9	68	11.4	10.0	-	12.8
Men	407	280	68.8	245	60.1	35	12.6	10.5	-	14.7
Women	575	317	55.1	285	49.5	33	10.3	8.4	-	12.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	120	44	36.7	25	21.1	19	42.4	41.7	-	43.1
Hispanic origin	71	48	66.6	44	62.1	3	6.7	2.6	-	10.8
Maine										
Total	1,011	684	67.7	657	65.0	27	4.0	3.5	-	4.5
Men	492	362	73.6	347	70.5	15	4.2	3.6	-	4.8
Women	519	322	62.1	310	59.8	12	3.7	3.1	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69	38	55.5	33	48.2	5	13.2	10.3	-	16.1
White	993	673	67.8	646	65.1	26	3.9	3.5	-	4.3
Men	484	356	73.7	342	70.6	15	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Women	509	316	62.1	304	59.8	12	3.7	3.1	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67	38	55.9	33	48.6	5	13.0	10.1	-	15.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment				
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Maryland										
Total	4,057	2,837	69.9	2,722	67.1	116	4.1	3.6	-	4.6
Men	1,935	1,460	75.4	1,399	72.3	61	4.2	3.6	-	4.8
Women	2,122	1,378	64.9	1,323	62.3	55	4.0	3.4	-	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	308	157	50.8	129	41.9	27	17.5	14.4	-	20.6
White	2,781	1,909	68.6	1,854	66.7	55	2.9	2.4	-	3.4
Men	1,358	1,035	76.2	1,002	73.8	33	3.2	2.5	-	3.9
Women	1,422	874	61.4	852	59.9	22	2.5	1.9	-	3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	199	112	56.5	98	49.1	15	13.1	9.6	-	16.6
Black	1,124	813	72.3	756	67.2	57	7.0	5.8	-	8.2
Men	505	364	72.2	339	67.1	26	7.1	5.3	-	8.9
Women	620	449	72.4	417	67.4	31	7.0	5.4	-	8.6
Hispanic origin	183	148	80.9	141	77.0	7	4.9	2.5	-	7.3
Men	95	85	90.1	82	86.6	3	3.9	1.0	-	6.8
Women	88	62	71.0	58	66.6	4	6.2	2.1	-	10.3
Massachusetts										
Total	4,828	3,284	68.0	3,163	65.5	121	3.7	3.3	-	4.1
Men	2,322	1,740	74.9	1,667	71.8	73	4.2	3.7	-	4.7
Women	2,506	1,544	61.6	1,496	59.7	48	3.1	2.6	-	3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	336	157	46.8	143	42.5	14	9.2	6.8	-	11.6
White	4,330	2,942	67.9	2,842	65.6	100	3.4	3.0	-	3.8
Men	2,081	1,553	74.6	1,492	71.7	61	3.9	3.4	-	4.4
Women	2,249	1,388	61.7	1,350	60.0	39	2.8	2.3	-	3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	287	137	47.9	126	44.0	11	8.2	5.7	-	10.7
Black	341	233	68.4	217	63.8	16	6.7	5.0	-	8.4
Men	165	126	76.4	117	70.6	10	7.5	5.1	-	9.9
Women	175	107	60.8	100	57.3	6	5.8	3.5	-	8.1
Hispanic origin	306	207	67.7	191	62.5	16	7.7	5.8	-	9.6
Men	142	108	76.5	99	70.1	9	8.4	5.6	-	11.2
Women	164	99	60.1	92	56.0	7	6.9	4.2	-	9.6
Michigan										
Total	7,594	5,175	68.1	4,901	64.5	274	5.3	4.9	-	5.7
Men	3,698	2,763	74.7	2,610	70.6	153	5.6	5.1	-	6.1
Women	3,897	2,412	61.9	2,291	58.8	121	5.0	4.5	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	604	361	59.7	304	50.2	57	15.8	13.9	-	17.7
White	6,346	4,358	68.7	4,159	65.5	199	4.6	4.2	-	5.0
Men	3,111	2,361	75.9	2,247	72.2	114	4.8	4.3	-	5.3
Women	3,234	1,996	61.7	1,912	59.1	84	4.2	3.7	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	484	303	62.6	263	54.4	40	13.2	11.1	-	15.3
Black	990	627	63.3	561	56.6	66	10.6	9.3	-	11.9
Men	460	297	64.6	263	57.3	34	11.3	9.3	-	13.3
Women	531	330	62.2	297	56.0	33	9.9	8.1	-	11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	94	45	48.2	30	31.5	16	34.7	29.0	-	40.4
Hispanic origin	197	149	75.7	133	67.1	17	11.3	8.4	-	14.2
Men	99	86	86.6	75	75.5	11	12.8	8.8	-	16.8
Women	98	63	64.7	58	58.7	6	9.3	5.2	-	13.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Minnesota								
Total	3,697	2,814	76.1	2,710	73.3	104	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	1,840	1,498	81.4	1,431	77.8	66	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Women	1,856	1,317	70.9	1,279	68.9	38	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	302	195	64.4	180	59.5	15	7.5	5.4 - 9.6
White	3,467	2,653	76.5	2,561	73.9	92	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	1,724	1,407	81.6	1,349	78.2	58	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Women	1,744	1,246	71.5	1,212	69.5	34	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	279	185	66.4	173	61.8	13	6.9	4.8 - 9.0
Black	103	76	73.9	69	66.9	7	9.4	5.7 - 13.1
Mississippi								
Total	2,100	1,296	61.7	1,225	58.3	72	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Men	954	660	69.2	625	65.5	35	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	1,147	636	55.5	600	52.3	36	5.7	4.8 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	157	56	35.7	45	29.0	11	18.9	14.6 - 23.2
White	1,357	851	62.8	826	60.9	25	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Men	621	454	73.1	444	71.5	10	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Women	736	398	54.0	382	52.0	15	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	80	33	41.1	30	37.3	3	9.3	4.5 - 14.1
Black	725	432	59.6	386	53.3	45	10.5	9.1 - 11.9
Men	325	200	61.4	175	53.8	25	12.4	10.3 - 14.5
Women	399	232	58.1	211	52.9	21	8.9	7.1 - 10.7
Missouri								
Total	4,200	2,970	70.7	2,830	67.4	140	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	2,037	1,552	76.2	1,472	72.2	81	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	2,163	1,418	65.5	1,359	62.8	59	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	329	202	61.3	172	52.3	30	14.7	12.4 - 17.0
White	3,667	2,615	71.3	2,509	68.4	106	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	1,819	1,401	77.0	1,337	73.5	64	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	1,849	1,213	65.6	1,171	63.4	42	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	281	184	65.4	160	56.7	24	13.2	10.8 - 15.6
Black	469	311	66.4	279	59.6	32	10.2	8.0 - 12.4
Men	191	132	68.9	116	60.6	16	12.0	8.4 - 15.6
Women	277	179	64.7	163	58.9	16	8.9	6.1 - 11.7
Hispanic origin	63	47	74.4	43	68.3	4	8.2	2.8 - 13.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	698	465	66.7	444	63.6	21	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	348	246	70.7	233	67.2	12	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Women	350	220	62.7	210	60.1	9	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53	28	53.7	25	47.3	3	11.9	8.7 - 15.1
White	655	439	67.0	421	64.3	18	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	327	234	71.4	224	68.3	10	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Women	327	205	62.6	197	60.2	8	3.8	3.0 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48	26	53.5	23	47.8	3	10.8	7.5 - 14.1
Nebraska								
Total	1,262	928	73.6	899	71.3	29	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Men	613	490	80.0	475	77.5	15	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Women	649	438	67.5	424	65.4	14	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	107	72	67.1	64	60.0	8	10.5	8.1 - 12.9
White	1,186	876	73.8	850	71.7	26	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	578	466	80.6	452	78.2	14	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Women	608	410	67.4	398	65.5	11	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	97	66	68.3	59	61.1	7	10.4	7.9 - 12.9
Black	44	29	66.5	27	61.4	2	7.6	4.0 - 11.2
Hispanic origin	52	40	77.3	38	72.7	2	5.9	2.9 - 8.9
Men	28	25	87.5	24	82.8	1	5.4	1.7 - 9.1
Nevada								
Total	1,453	1,023	70.4	969	66.7	55	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Men	728	564	77.6	534	73.5	30	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	726	459	63.3	434	59.8	25	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	102	53	52.0	46	45.0	7	13.5	10.5 - 16.5
White	1,248	877	70.3	834	66.8	43	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	627	487	77.7	464	73.9	24	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Women	620	389	62.8	371	59.7	19	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	88	47	53.5	42	47.4	5	11.4	8.3 - 14.5
Black	100	69	68.5	61	60.7	8	11.4	8.6 - 14.2
Men	50	36	72.2	33	64.5	4	10.6	6.9 - 14.3
Women	50	32	64.7	28	56.8	4	12.3	8.1 - 16.5
Hispanic origin	233	173	74.4	162	69.6	11	6.5	5.1 - 7.9
Men	121	104	86.4	97	80.7	7	6.6	4.8 - 8.4
Women	112	69	61.5	65	57.6	4	6.4	4.2 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Hampshire								
Total	954	689	72.2	664	69.7	24	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	463	363	78.4	350	75.6	13	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	491	326	66.3	315	64.1	11	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66	42	63.7	37	56.1	5	11.9	9.2 - 14.6
White	929	671	72.2	648	69.7	23	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	449	352	78.4	340	75.7	12	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	480	318	66.3	308	64.1	11	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63	40	64.0	36	56.6	5	11.6	8.9 - 14.3
New Jersey								
Total	6,322	4,179	66.1	4,004	63.3	176	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	3,001	2,231	74.3	2,144	71.5	87	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Women	3,322	1,949	58.7	1,860	56.0	89	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	433	193	44.6	168	38.7	25	13.1	10.6 - 15.6
White	5,099	3,337	65.5	3,213	63.0	125	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	2,431	1,806	74.3	1,743	71.7	63	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Women	2,668	1,531	57.4	1,470	55.1	61	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	334	156	46.7	136	40.9	19	12.3	9.5 - 15.1
Black	865	583	67.4	539	62.3	44	7.5	6.4 - 8.6
Men	385	271	70.3	250	64.8	21	7.8	6.1 - 9.5
Women	480	312	65.0	289	60.3	22	7.2	5.7 - 8.7
Hispanic origin	685	470	68.6	442	64.5	28	6.0	4.8 - 7.2
Men	324	260	80.1	246	75.8	14	5.3	3.8 - 6.8
Women	361	210	58.2	196	54.3	14	6.8	4.9 - 8.7
New Mexico								
Total	1,331	838	63.0	798	60.0	40	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Men	627	440	70.2	418	66.7	22	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Women	704	398	56.5	380	54.0	18	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	118	58	48.9	47	39.9	11	18.3	14.9 - 21.7
White	1,152	732	63.5	700	60.8	32	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	544	387	71.2	370	68.0	17	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	608	344	56.7	330	54.3	14	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	96	50	51.7	41	42.8	9	17.4	13.8 - 21.0
Hispanic origin	514	322	62.7	305	59.4	17	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Men	237	168	71.0	160	67.6	8	4.8	3.5 - 6.1
Women	277	154	55.7	145	52.4	9	5.9	4.5 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54	28	52.2	24	43.7	5	16.2	11.6 - 20.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	14,209	8,832	62.2	8,402	59.1	429	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Men	6,708	4,666	69.6	4,427	66.0	239	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Women	7,502	4,166	55.5	3,976	53.0	190	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,027	390	38.0	336	32.7	54	13.9	12.1 - 15.7
White	10,989	6,899	62.8	6,604	60.1	294	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Men	5,272	3,723	70.6	3,553	67.4	170	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Women	5,717	3,175	55.5	3,052	53.4	124	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	741	323	43.6	285	38.5	38	11.9	10.0 - 13.8
Black	2,354	1,379	58.6	1,268	53.9	111	8.1	7.3 - 8.9
Men	1,018	631	62.0	577	56.6	54	8.6	7.4 - 9.8
Women	1,336	748	56.0	691	51.7	57	7.6	6.6 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	224	54	24.2	40	17.8	14	26.5	21.8 - 31.2
Hispanic origin	1,769	1,045	59.0	976	55.2	69	6.6	5.8 - 7.4
Men	810	553	68.3	521	64.3	32	5.8	4.7 - 6.9
Women	959	492	51.3	455	47.4	37	7.4	6.1 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	169	49	29.2	43	25.7	6	11.8	7.0 - 16.6
North Carolina								
Total	5,863	3,995	68.1	3,773	64.4	221	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	2,830	2,096	74.1	1,980	70.0	117	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	3,034	1,898	62.6	1,794	59.1	105	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	421	222	52.7	185	43.8	37	16.9	14.0 - 19.8
White	4,348	2,971	68.3	2,853	65.6	118	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	2,121	1,603	75.6	1,540	72.6	63	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	2,228	1,368	61.4	1,313	58.9	55	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	265	149	56.2	133	50.3	16	10.6	7.4 - 13.8
Black	1,282	860	67.1	767	59.8	94	10.9	9.8 - 12.0
Men	604	409	67.7	359	59.5	50	12.2	10.5 - 13.9
Women	678	451	66.5	408	60.1	44	9.7	8.2 - 11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	130	61	46.6	40	30.8	21	34.0	30.7 - 37.3
Hispanic origin	224	173	77.4	163	72.8	10	5.9	4.0 - 7.8
Men	135	122	90.1	115	85.1	7	5.6	3.3 - 7.9
Women	88	51	57.9	48	54.1	3	6.6	2.9 - 10.3
North Dakota								
Total	477	339	71.0	329	69.0	10	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Men	234	176	75.1	170	72.7	6	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	243	163	67.0	159	65.5	4	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44	26	58.2	24	53.6	2	7.9	5.8 - 10.0
White	446	322	72.2	315	70.5	7	2.3	1.9 - 2.7
Men	220	168	76.3	163	74.3	4	2.6	2.1 - 3.1
Women	226	154	68.2	151	66.9	3	1.9	1.4 - 2.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38	24	63.3	23	58.9	2	6.9	4.8 - 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment				
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Ohio										
Total	8,646	5,857	67.7	5,606	64.8	251	4.3	4.0	-	4.6
Men	4,103	3,062	74.6	2,923	71.2	139	4.5	4.0	-	5.0
Women	4,543	2,795	61.5	2,683	59.1	112	4.0	3.5	-	4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	690	388	56.2	335	48.6	53	13.6	11.8	-	15.4
White	7,530	5,097	67.7	4,898	65.0	199	3.9	3.6	-	4.2
Men	3,607	2,701	74.9	2,589	71.8	112	4.2	3.7	-	4.7
Women	3,923	2,396	61.1	2,310	58.9	86	3.6	3.1	-	4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	581	332	57.1	291	50.1	41	12.3	10.4	-	14.2
Black	989	665	67.3	616	62.3	49	7.4	6.2	-	8.6
Men	431	306	70.9	281	65.2	24	8.0	6.2	-	9.8
Women	558	360	64.5	335	60.1	25	6.9	5.4	-	8.4
Hispanic origin	147	103	70.1	97	65.7	6	6.2	3.4	-	9.0
Men	79	64	81.8	61	76.8	4	6.0	2.5	-	9.5
Oklahoma										
Total	2,576	1,665	64.7	1,602	62.2	64	3.8	3.3	-	4.3
Men	1,236	905	73.2	869	70.3	36	4.0	3.3	-	4.7
Women	1,339	760	56.8	733	54.7	27	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	207	105	50.6	92	44.4	13	12.3	9.1	-	15.5
White	2,182	1,417	64.9	1,371	62.8	46	3.3	2.8	-	3.8
Men	1,044	768	73.6	742	71.1	26	3.4	2.7	-	4.1
Women	1,139	649	57.0	628	55.2	20	3.1	2.4	-	3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	165	86	52.4	78	47.4	8	9.6	6.4	-	12.8
Black	177	108	61.1	100	56.6	8	7.4	5.0	-	9.8
Men	85	60	70.1	54	64.1	5	8.6	5.1	-	12.1
Women	92	49	52.9	46	49.7	3	6.0	2.7	-	9.3
Hispanic origin	95	72	75.7	69	72.4	3	4.4	1.7	-	7.1
Men	53	44	82.7	43	80.0	1	3.3	.3	-	6.3
Oregon										
Total	2,633	1,794	68.1	1,680	63.8	114	6.3	5.7	-	6.9
Men	1,288	967	75.1	900	69.9	67	6.9	6.1	-	7.7
Women	1,345	827	61.5	780	58.0	47	5.7	4.9	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	106	54.5	86	44.0	20	19.3	15.8	-	22.8
White	2,467	1,671	67.8	1,568	63.6	103	6.2	5.6	-	6.8
Men	1,215	910	74.9	847	69.7	63	6.9	6.0	-	7.8
Women	1,251	761	60.8	721	57.6	40	5.3	4.5	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	182	101	55.9	82	45.1	20	19.2	15.7	-	22.7
Black	44	29	66.2	24	54.9	5	17.2	10.0	-	24.4
Hispanic origin	176	128	72.9	114	64.6	15	11.4	7.0	-	15.8
Men	91	79	87.6	72	79.2	8	9.5	4.3	-	14.7
Women	85	49	57.3	42	48.9	7	14.6	6.9	-	22.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,301	6,073	65.3	5,786	62.2	287	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Men	4,450	3,211	72.2	3,050	68.5	161	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Women	4,852	2,861	59.0	2,736	56.4	126	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	693	354	51.0	305	44.0	49	13.8	11.7 - 15.9
White	8,367	5,489	65.6	5,253	62.8	236	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Men	4,031	2,928	72.7	2,795	69.3	133	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Women	4,337	2,561	59.0	2,458	56.7	103	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	606	318	52.5	278	45.9	40	12.5	10.4 - 14.6
Black	760	476	62.6	429	56.4	47	9.8	8.3 - 11.3
Men	332	224	67.5	199	59.9	25	11.2	8.9 - 13.5
Women	428	252	58.8	230	53.7	22	8.6	6.6 - 10.6
Hispanic origin	238	146	61.3	132	55.7	13	9.2	6.5 - 11.9
Men	114	83	73.4	75	66.3	8	9.6	5.9 - 13.3
Women	124	62	50.3	57	46.0	5	8.5	4.5 - 12.5
Rhode Island								
Total	757	504	66.5	480	63.4	24	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	354	259	73.0	246	69.4	13	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Women	403	245	60.8	234	58.1	11	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50	29	58.2	25	49.4	4	15.1	12.0 - 18.2
White	699	463	66.2	442	63.3	20	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	325	237	73.0	227	69.8	11	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	375	226	60.3	216	57.6	10	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45	27	59.2	23	51.1	4	13.8	10.7 - 16.9
Black	39	29	73.2	27	67.4	2	8.0	4.8 - 11.2
Men	21	16	75.3	14	67.8	2	9.9	5.2 - 14.6
Women	18	13	70.9	12	66.9	1	5.7	1.6 - 9.8
Hispanic origin	49	33	66.8	29	59.1	4	11.6	8.1 - 15.1
Men	23	17	74.1	15	66.9	2	9.7	5.1 - 14.3
Women	27	16	60.6	14	52.4	2	13.5	8.1 - 18.9
South Carolina								
Total	3,072	1,949	63.4	1,843	60.0	106	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	1,418	993	70.0	937	66.1	55	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Women	1,654	957	57.8	906	54.8	51	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	233	102	43.6	83	35.6	19	18.4	14.6 - 22.2
White	2,227	1,405	63.1	1,349	60.6	57	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Men	1,040	732	70.4	701	67.5	31	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Women	1,187	673	56.7	647	54.5	26	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	149	69	46.1	61	40.9	8	11.2	7.2 - 15.2
Black	808	520	64.3	472	58.5	47	9.1	7.6 - 10.6
Men	361	245	67.9	222	61.5	23	9.4	7.3 - 11.5
Women	447	275	61.5	250	56.0	24	8.9	6.9 - 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	81	33	40.6	22	27.0	11	33.5	28.5 - 38.5
South Dakota								
Total	557	405	72.7	392	70.2	13	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Men	269	210	77.8	203	75.2	7	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	288	196	67.9	189	65.6	6	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48	31	64.3	27	57.1	3	11.3	8.9 - 13.7
White	523	382	73.0	372	71.1	10	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Men	252	197	78.4	192	76.3	5	2.7	2.2 - 3.2
Women	272	185	68.1	180	66.2	5	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43	29	67.2	26	60.8	3	9.6	7.3 - 11.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,320	2,818	65.2	2,692	62.3	126	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Men	2,064	1,509	73.1	1,448	70.2	61	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	2,256	1,309	58.0	1,243	55.1	65	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	317	149	47.0	129	40.6	20	13.5	10.1 - 16.9
White	3,605	2,312	64.1	2,222	61.6	90	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Men	1,761	1,283	72.8	1,237	70.2	46	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	1,844	1,029	55.8	985	53.4	44	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	231	121	52.4	107	46.6	13	11.1	7.5 - 14.7
Black	662	467	70.6	431	65.1	36	7.7	6.1 - 9.3
Men	283	209	73.7	194	68.4	15	7.2	4.8 - 9.6
Women	378	258	68.3	237	62.7	21	8.2	5.9 - 10.5
Hispanic origin	88	70	79.6	67	76.0	3	4.5	1.0 - 8.0
Texas								
Total	15,414	10,463	67.9	9,955	64.6	507	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Men	7,456	5,779	77.5	5,517	74.0	262	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Women	7,958	4,684	58.9	4,438	55.8	245	5.2	4.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,246	605	48.5	507	40.7	98	16.2	14.5 - 17.9
White	13,006	8,772	67.4	8,398	64.6	374	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Men	6,298	4,899	77.8	4,709	74.8	190	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Women	6,708	3,873	57.7	3,689	55.0	184	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,056	534	50.6	456	43.2	78	14.6	12.8 - 16.4
Black	1,778	1,264	71.1	1,153	64.8	111	8.8	7.8 - 9.8
Men	845	627	74.2	569	67.3	58	9.2	7.8 - 10.6
Women	933	637	68.2	584	62.6	53	8.3	7.0 - 9.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	148	61	41.1	43	28.7	18	30.0	27.9 - 32.1
Hispanic origin	4,740	3,162	66.7	2,987	63.0	175	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	2,320	1,843	79.4	1,757	75.7	85	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	2,420	1,319	54.5	1,230	50.8	89	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	531	255	48.0	212	39.8	44	17.1	14.9 - 19.3
Utah								
Total	1,552	1,115	71.9	1,067	68.7	49	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	768	627	81.7	603	78.5	24	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	784	488	62.3	464	59.2	24	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	157	104	65.8	91	58.0	12	11.8	9.4 - 14.2
White	1,492	1,071	71.8	1,024	68.7	47	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	736	601	81.7	578	78.5	23	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	756	470	62.1	446	59.0	23	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	147	98	66.6	86	58.8	11	11.7	9.3 - 14.1
Hispanic origin	120	90	74.8	84	69.7	6	6.9	4.7 - 9.1
Men	64	57	88.2	54	83.5	3	5.4	2.9 - 7.9
Women	56	33	59.5	30	53.9	3	9.4	5.4 - 13.4
Vermont								
Total	476	335	70.2	323	67.7	12	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	228	173	75.8	167	73.2	6	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	248	162	65.2	155	62.6	6	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33	19	57.1	17	50.6	2	11.3	8.5 - 14.1
White	468	329	70.4	318	67.9	12	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	224	170	75.9	165	73.5	6	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women	243	159	65.3	153	62.8	6	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31	18	58.0	16	51.6	2	11.1	8.2 - 14.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,374	3,675	68.4	3,548	66.0	127	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Men	2,560	1,910	74.6	1,846	72.1	65	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	2,815	1,765	62.7	1,702	60.5	63	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	385	177	45.9	150	38.9	27	15.2	12.4 - 18.0
White	3,999	2,766	69.2	2,689	67.3	77	2.8	2.4 - 3.2
Men	1,957	1,489	76.1	1,449	74.0	40	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women	2,041	1,277	62.6	1,240	60.7	37	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	258	130	50.6	113	44.0	17	13.2	9.9 - 16.5
Black	1,114	721	64.7	676	60.7	45	6.2	5.0 - 7.4
Men	478	321	67.2	299	62.5	22	7.0	5.1 - 8.9
Women	636	399	62.8	377	59.3	23	5.6	4.1 - 7.1
Hispanic origin	219	170	77.4	163	74.6	6	3.7	1.7 - 5.7
Men	111	99	89.9	97	87.7	2	2.4	.3 - 4.5
Washington								
Total	4,487	2,996	66.8	2,804	62.5	192	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Men	2,172	1,604	73.9	1,493	68.7	112	7.0	6.1 - 7.9
Women	2,315	1,391	60.1	1,311	56.6	80	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	336	189	56.3	152	45.1	37	19.8	16.0 - 23.6
White	4,034	2,675	66.3	2,514	62.3	162	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	1,952	1,433	73.4	1,340	68.7	93	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Women	2,083	1,243	59.7	1,174	56.4	69	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	290	166	57.1	135	46.4	31	18.7	14.7 - 22.7
Black	125	95	75.9	87	69.5	8	8.4	4.6 - 12.2
Men	66	53	79.5	48	72.0	5	9.4	4.0 - 14.8
Hispanic origin	204	151	73.9	138	67.9	12	8.1	3.8 - 12.4
Men	102	84	82.7	78	77.3	5	6.5	1.3 - 11.7
Women	102	67	65.1	60	58.5	7	10.1	3.2 - 17.0
West Virginia								
Total	1,444	833	57.7	792	54.9	41	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	691	453	65.5	427	61.8	26	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Women	753	380	50.5	365	48.5	15	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	102	48	46.7	39	37.9	9	18.9	16.1 - 21.7
White	1,400	806	57.6	769	55.0	36	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	670	438	65.4	415	61.9	23	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	729	368	50.4	354	48.6	13	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	46	46.1	38	37.7	8	18.2	15.3 - 21.1
Black	32	19	59.0	15	46.2	4	21.8	16.1 - 27.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wisconsin								
Total	4,070	2,991	73.5	2,854	70.1	136	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	2,033	1,592	78.3	1,509	74.2	83	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	2,037	1,399	68.7	1,346	66.1	53	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	339	238	70.3	209	61.8	29	12.0	9.5 - 14.5
White	3,783	2,790	73.8	2,680	70.8	110	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	1,899	1,495	78.8	1,428	75.2	67	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Women	1,884	1,295	68.7	1,251	66.4	43	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	305	217	71.3	194	63.8	23	10.6	8.1 - 13.1
Black	189	126	66.6	106	56.1	20	15.8	12.3 - 19.3
Men	88	58	65.9	46	52.2	12	20.7	15.5 - 25.9
Women	102	68	67.2	60	59.4	8	11.6	7.1 - 16.1
Hispanic origin	141	114	80.8	104	74.0	10	8.4	5.3 - 11.5
Men	82	72	87.7	67	82.2	5	6.3	2.8 - 9.8
Wyoming								
Total	375	271	72.3	261	69.5	11	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	183	144	78.6	138	75.6	6	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Women	192	128	66.4	122	63.7	5	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33	21	64.0	18	55.3	3	13.7	11.1 - 16.3
White	365	265	72.5	255	69.7	10	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	177	140	78.8	135	75.8	5	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	188	125	66.5	120	63.9	5	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32	21	64.1	18	55.3	3	13.8	11.1 - 16.5
Hispanic origin	17	12	72.6	11	67.5	1	7.0	4.2 - 9.8
Men	9	7	78.3	7	73.9	(²)	5.6	2.2 - 9.0

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Less than 500 persons or .05 percent.

³ Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
		Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons								
TOTAL											
United States	111,832	97,517	1,516	8,797	4,003	23,241	2,280	19,408	1,552	5,493	1,249
Alabama	1,738	1,513	23	141	61	295	31	247	17	96	19
Alaska	248	203	5	25	15	54	8	40	6	18	3
Arizona	1,936	1,703	26	157	50	371	31	315	25	89	24
Arkansas	973	851	16	66	40	191	20	159	12	56	7
California	13,514	11,819	239	992	464	2,921	398	2,338	185	763	164
Colorado	1,821	1,597	22	136	65	389	26	334	29	66	19
Connecticut	1,339	1,164	8	114	53	322	20	279	22	47	10
Delaware	341	292	3	34	12	63	4	55	4	12	3
District of Columbia	234	202	1	24	7	26	3	20	2	16	2
Florida	6,260	5,586	97	390	187	1,049	115	868	66	313	52
Georgia	3,465	3,127	37	206	95	501	38	433	29	143	22
Hawaii	468	396	9	44	19	110	19	83	8	22	6
Idaho	508	430	10	47	21	141	15	115	10	27	7
Illinois	4,993	4,363	57	392	180	1,013	90	860	63	284	58
Indiana	2,440	2,136	35	189	80	531	46	450	35	110	25
Iowa	1,234	1,065	18	110	41	300	15	266	19	38	15
Kansas	1,057	918	12	95	33	265	15	233	17	46	13
Kentucky	1,547	1,340	16	122	68	313	29	260	24	84	24
Louisiana	1,639	1,428	28	114	68	289	39	231	19	111	12
Maine	530	449	10	51	19	127	10	109	8	21	6
Maryland	2,305	1,964	18	234	89	417	30	351	35	93	23
Massachusetts	2,556	2,221	20	217	97	608	39	534	35	102	19
Michigan	3,916	3,398	50	303	165	984	91	824	68	222	52
Minnesota	2,122	1,824	26	197	75	588	31	509	48	81	23
Mississippi	1,047	911	18	84	34	177	24	146	8	61	10
Missouri	2,343	2,020	32	215	76	487	38	414	35	112	28
Montana	348	296	7	31	14	96	10	79	7	17	4
Nebraska	713	623	10	57	23	186	12	163	11	22	7
Nevada	842	747	17	51	28	126	15	103	9	48	7
New Hampshire	529	459	6	46	18	135	7	119	9	19	6
New Jersey	3,374	2,937	25	285	127	630	54	544	32	143	32
New Mexico	652	575	9	49	19	146	21	118	8	32	8
New York	6,981	6,078	62	550	291	1,421	153	1,162	107	355	75
North Carolina	3,214	2,830	58	223	103	559	63	455	41	181	40
North Dakota	263	225	4	24	9	67	4	58	4	(³)	(³)
Ohio	4,479	3,844	61	374	201	1,126	87	956	84	197	55
Oklahoma	1,334	1,173	17	102	43	268	31	222	15	51	13
Oregon	1,331	1,155	30	104	43	349	43	284	22	94	20
Pennsylvania	4,649	4,029	55	389	176	1,137	104	955	78	224	63
Rhode Island	382	314	4	44	19	98	7	85	7	18	6
South Carolina	1,570	1,394	20	109	47	273	22	233	18	93	12
South Dakota	310	270	4	27	8	82	5	71	6	10	3
Tennessee	2,246	1,952	35	178	81	445	53	368	24	109	17
Texas	8,582	7,509	123	643	307	1,373	163	1,117	94	407	101
Utah	807	701	15	68	23	260	22	223	15	35	14
Vermont	258	221	3	24	9	65	4	57	4	9	3
Virginia	3,047	2,668	27	251	101	501	42	421	37	98	29
Washington	2,223	1,890	47	208	78	581	70	470	42	149	43
West Virginia	663	577	11	48	27	130	21	100	9	34	7
Wisconsin	2,250	1,946	28	194	82	605	34	532	39	102	34
Wyoming	212	182	2	17	11	49	5	40	4	8	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons			
Men											
United States	64,524	57,394	919	4,244	1,966	7,557	1,011	6,123	422	3,122	541
Alabama	971	867	12	63	29	98	10	83	5	52	(³)
Alaska	148	123	3	13	9	16	3	11	1	11	(³)
Arizona	1,140	1,020	18	80	23	148	16	125	6	46	(³)
Arkansas	530	470	10	33	18	64	8	52	4	30	(³)
California	7,975	7,084	150	508	233	1,039	200	786	53	438	68
Colorado	1,103	988	14	65	35	123	14	99	9	37	(³)
Connecticut	778	692	4	54	28	96	8	81	7	(³)	(³)
Delaware	190	166	2	16	5	20	1	17	1	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	119	104	1	10	3	10	2	8	1	8	(³)
Florida	3,594	3,262	61	181	90	366	49	298	19	163	26
Georgia	1,938	1,780	20	97	41	159	18	135	7	(³)	(³)
Hawaii	257	223	5	20	8	43	8	33	3	13	(³)
Idaho	309	268	7	24	10	38	5	30	2	16	(³)
Illinois	2,853	2,547	35	182	90	325	41	273	11	163	22
Indiana	1,415	1,263	18	98	36	172	20	144	8	62	(³)
Iowa	710	632	10	48	20	93	5	82	5	(³)	(³)
Kansas	598	533	6	43	15	83	8	70	5	26	(³)
Kentucky	880	780	10	57	33	104	15	82	6	47	(³)
Louisiana	932	830	17	48	36	88	18	64	6	68	(³)
Maine	306	266	6	25	9	41	5	33	2	12	(³)
Maryland	1,283	1,117	12	108	46	116	13	93	10	51	(³)
Massachusetts	1,503	1,348	10	99	47	164	17	139	7	65	(³)
Michigan	2,297	2,027	30	160	81	313	34	261	18	132	21
Minnesota	1,247	1,094	16	98	39	185	14	157	14	56	(³)
Mississippi	568	507	12	34	15	56	9	45	2	30	(³)
Missouri	1,308	1,156	20	99	34	163	19	135	9	67	(³)
Montana	201	174	4	15	8	33	5	26	2	11	(³)
Nebraska	417	371	6	28	11	58	6	50	3	(³)	(³)
Nevada	486	438	9	25	14	48	8	38	3	27	(³)
New Hampshire	311	275	3	23	10	38	3	33	2	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	1,949	1,739	16	135	59	195	21	165	9	76	(³)
New Mexico	370	331	6	24	9	48	8	37	3	19	(³)
New York	3,989	3,547	38	266	138	437	58	351	28	204	35
North Carolina	1,787	1,595	36	105	51	193	27	150	15	99	(³)
North Dakota	150	133	2	11	4	20	2	17	1	(³)	(³)
Ohio	2,579	2,274	33	178	95	344	43	284	17	117	22
Oklahoma	763	682	10	50	21	106	14	87	5	(³)	(³)
Oregon	793	696	20	53	24	107	20	81	6	57	(³)
Pennsylvania	2,714	2,412	34	181	87	336	39	275	21	137	24
Rhode Island	217	184	2	22	9	29	3	23	2	10	(³)
South Carolina	853	771	12	50	19	85	10	70	6	48	(³)
South Dakota	178	160	2	12	4	25	2	21	1	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	1,284	1,126	19	95	44	164	24	132	8	(³)	(³)
Texas	5,031	4,479	79	314	159	485	74	389	23	219	43
Utah	521	461	9	39	13	82	9	69	4	18	(³)
Vermont	147	130	2	11	5	20	2	17	1	(³)	(³)
Virginia	1,678	1,502	15	112	49	168	20	137	12	(³)	(³)
Washington	1,315	1,141	28	105	41	178	25	141	12	94	(³)
West Virginia	385	342	7	24	13	42	9	30	2	22	(³)
Wisconsin	1,329	1,172	18	99	40	180	16	155	9	67	(³)
Wyoming	124	110	1	8	6	14	2	11	1	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons			
Women											
United States	47,308	40,122	596	4,552	2,037	15,684	1,269	13,285	1,130	2,371	708
Alabama	767	646	10	78	33	197	21	164	12	43	(³)
Alaska	100	80	2	12	6	38	5	29	4	7	(³)
Arizona	796	683	8	77	27	223	15	189	19	43	(³)
Arkansas	442	381	7	33	22	127	11	108	7	25	(³)
California	5,540	4,735	89	485	231	1,882	198	1,552	132	325	96
Colorado	718	609	8	71	30	266	12	235	19	(³)	(³)
Connecticut	561	471	4	60	25	227	13	199	15	(³)	(³)
Delaware	152	126	1	18	6	43	2	38	3	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	115	98	1	13	4	15	2	12	1	8	(³)
Florida	2,666	2,324	36	210	97	683	67	570	46	150	26
Georgia	1,527	1,347	17	109	54	341	21	298	23	(³)	(³)
Hawaii	211	173	4	24	11	67	11	50	5	9	(³)
Idaho	198	162	3	23	10	103	10	85	8	11	(³)
Illinois	2,140	1,817	22	211	90	687	49	587	52	122	36
Indiana	1,025	873	16	91	44	359	26	306	26	49	(³)
Iowa	524	433	8	62	21	208	10	184	13	(³)	(³)
Kansas	459	385	6	52	17	182	7	164	11	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	667	560	6	65	36	210	14	178	18	38	(³)
Louisiana	707	598	11	66	32	201	20	167	14	43	(³)
Maine	224	183	4	27	10	86	5	75	6	(³)	(³)
Maryland	1,022	847	6	126	43	301	18	258	25	41	(³)
Massachusetts	1,053	873	10	119	50	444	22	394	28	(³)	(³)
Michigan	1,619	1,372	20	144	84	672	57	564	51	90	31
Minnesota	876	730	10	99	36	403	18	352	34	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	479	404	6	50	19	121	15	101	6	31	(³)
Missouri	1,035	864	12	116	42	324	19	280	26	45	(³)
Montana	148	122	3	16	7	63	6	53	5	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	296	252	3	30	12	128	7	113	8	(³)	(³)
Nevada	356	308	7	26	15	78	7	65	5	20	(³)
New Hampshire	218	184	3	22	8	97	4	86	7	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	1,425	1,198	9	150	68	435	34	379	22	67	(³)
New Mexico	282	244	3	24	10	98	13	81	5	(³)	(³)
New York	2,992	2,531	25	283	153	984	94	811	78	151	39
North Carolina	1,427	1,235	22	119	52	366	35	305	26	82	(³)
North Dakota	112	92	1	14	5	47	3	41	3	(³)	(³)
Ohio	1,901	1,570	29	196	106	782	43	672	67	80	32
Oklahoma	571	491	7	52	21	162	17	135	10	(³)	(³)
Oregon	538	458	10	51	19	242	24	203	16	37	(³)
Pennsylvania	1,935	1,618	21	208	89	801	64	680	57	87	39
Rhode Island	164	130	2	22	10	70	4	61	5	8	(³)
South Carolina	718	623	8	59	28	188	13	163	12	45	(³)
South Dakota	132	111	2	15	5	57	3	49	5	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	963	826	17	83	37	281	29	236	16	57	(³)
Texas	3,551	3,030	44	329	148	888	89	728	71	188	58
Utah	286	240	6	29	10	178	13	154	11	17	(³)
Vermont	110	91	1	13	4	45	2	41	3	(³)	(³)
Virginia	1,369	1,166	12	139	52	333	23	285	26	(³)	(³)
Washington	908	749	18	103	38	404	45	329	30	55	(³)
West Virginia	277	235	4	24	14	88	12	70	6	12	(³)
Wisconsin	921	774	10	94	42	424	18	376	30	35	(³)
Wyoming	87	72	1	9	5	35	3	29	3	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons				Part time for noneconomic reasons
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
United States	2,301	1,932	87	226	55	4,589	295	4,093	201	606	581
Alabama	39	33	1	4	1	67	4	61	1	(3)	(3)
Alaska	8	6	1	1	(4)	10	1	8	1	(3)	(3)
Arizona	55	48	3	3	1	81	4	73	3	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	24	22	(4)	1	1	40	3	35	2	(3)	(3)
California	229	189	11	24	5	506	44	441	21	71	75
Colorado	49	42	1	4	1	69	4	61	4	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	19	16	1	2	1	61	3	55	4	(3)	(3)
Delaware	7	5	(4)	1	(4)	12	(4)	10	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	3	2	(4)	(4)	3	(4)	3	(4)	3	1	(3)
Florida	146	126	6	13	2	208	11	190	7	30	22
Georgia	63	58	2	3	1	99	4	93	3	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	8	7	(4)	1	16	2	13	1	4	2	(3)
Idaho	15	12	1	1	1	28	2	26	1	(3)	(3)
Illinois	92	78	3	8	3	218	11	197	10	30	24
Indiana	47	40	2	5	1	108	7	95	6	(3)	(3)
Iowa	23	17	1	4	1	67	2	62	2	(3)	(3)
Kansas	30	25	1	4	1	67	3	62	2	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	29	24	(4)	3	1	57	4	51	2	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	34	27	2	5	(4)	51	6	42	3	(3)	(3)
Maine	10	8	1	1	(4)	23	1	21	1	(3)	(3)
Maryland	59	50	1	5	3	70	4	59	7	(3)	(3)
Massachusetts	48	38	2	6	1	95	3	88	4	(3)	(3)
Michigan	78	67	2	7	2	225	15	202	8	26	31
Minnesota	46	38	1	5	1	134	6	123	6	(3)	(3)
Mississippi	13	11	(4)	1	(4)	33	2	30	1	(3)	(3)
Missouri	54	42	3	8	2	118	8	106	5	(3)	(3)
Montana	7	6	(4)	1	(4)	18	2	15	1	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	20	16	1	2	(4)	45	2	41	2	(3)	(3)
Nevada	22	19	1	2	1	24	2	21	(4)	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	10	8	(4)	1	(4)	28	1	25	1	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	47	39	1	5	1	121	8	108	4	(3)	(3)
New Mexico	18	16	(4)	2	(4)	29	3	26	1	(3)	(3)
New York	101	86	4	9	2	235	11	213	11	25	29
North Carolina	66	57	2	6	1	119	9	102	7	(3)	(3)
North Dakota	7	6	(4)	1	(4)	17	1	15	1	(3)	(3)
Ohio	91	74	5	10	2	245	15	218	11	27	26
Oklahoma	35	29	1	3	1	57	4	50	2	(3)	(3)
Oregon	30	24	2	4	1	55	8	44	3	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	84	69	2	9	3	221	11	198	12	23	26
Rhode Island	7	5	(4)	1	(4)	18	1	16	1	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	32	28	1	3	1	51	3	46	2	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	8	6	(4)	1	(4)	19	1	17	1	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	44	37	1	5	1	85	5	78	2	(3)	(3)
Texas	211	177	9	21	3	296	24	260	12	48	50
Utah	30	25	2	2	1	61	5	53	2	(3)	(3)
Vermont	6	5	(4)	1	(4)	11	1	10	(4)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	63	54	2	6	1	87	6	78	3	(3)	(3)
Washington	53	44	4	4	1	99	8	87	4	(3)	(3)
West Virginia	13	11	1	2	(4)	25	3	21	1	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	63	53	2	6	2	146	6	132	7	(3)	(3)
Wyoming	7	5	(4)	1	(4)	12	1	10	1	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons			
White											
United States	93,097	81,084	1,259	7,393	3,361	20,123	1,755	16,999	1,369	3,944	979
Alabama	1,333	1,170	14	108	41	230	16	200	13	53	(³)
Alaska	198	164	3	19	12	43	5	34	4	10	(³)
Arizona	1,772	1,555	24	147	46	329	29	276	24	78	(³)
Arkansas	813	715	13	53	32	162	14	136	11	33	(³)
California	10,826	9,426	200	814	386	2,444	331	1,956	157	586	125
Colorado	1,686	1,479	21	125	60	365	24	314	26	62	(³)
Connecticut	1,157	1,005	6	99	47	293	16	257	20	36	(³)
Delaware	263	226	3	26	8	52	2	46	4	8	(³)
District of Columbia	96	84	1	9	2	11	1	9	1	(³)	(³)
Florida	5,233	4,671	79	325	159	900	87	754	60	231	42
Georgia	2,350	2,121	22	139	68	357	18	316	23	(³)	(³)
Hawaii	137	113	3	14	7	41	5	32	4	(³)	(³)
Idaho	495	419	10	46	20	137	14	112	10	25	(³)
Illinois	4,148	3,627	49	325	147	872	65	753	54	193	46
Indiana	2,250	1,967	32	177	75	496	38	426	33	91	(³)
Iowa	1,189	1,025	17	107	39	286	15	253	18	(³)	(³)
Kansas	974	846	11	88	30	245	13	216	15	41	(³)
Kentucky	1,415	1,224	15	113	63	291	26	242	23	76	(³)
Louisiana	1,168	1,024	19	78	47	209	18	175	15	45	(³)
Maine	522	442	10	51	19	125	10	107	8	21	(³)
Maryland	1,528	1,284	14	166	64	326	18	279	29	38	(³)
Massachusetts	2,293	1,986	17	201	90	548	30	486	31	85	(³)
Michigan	3,298	2,859	40	258	140	861	69	731	62	158	40
Minnesota	2,002	1,717	26	187	73	558	29	485	45	71	(³)
Mississippi	702	618	9	56	19	124	11	108	5	(³)	(³)
Missouri	2,069	1,785	28	189	67	439	29	380	31	83	(³)
Montana	331	282	7	29	13	90	9	75	6	14	(³)
Nebraska	674	589	9	55	22	176	12	154	10	(³)	(³)
Nevada	720	638	14	45	24	114	13	93	8	37	(³)
New Hampshire	515	446	6	45	18	132	7	117	9	18	(³)
New Jersey	2,677	2,327	19	227	104	536	37	469	29	100	(³)
New Mexico	571	505	7	43	17	129	18	104	7	26	(³)
New York	5,431	4,713	50	435	233	1,174	107	976	91	235	59
North Carolina	2,420	2,138	40	165	78	432	41	360	31	96	(³)
North Dakota	251	216	4	23	9	63	4	56	4	(³)	(³)
Ohio	3,893	3,342	52	326	173	1,005	69	858	78	154	44
Oklahoma	1,136	1,001	14	86	36	234	24	197	13	36	(³)
Oregon	1,238	1,071	29	98	40	330	39	270	21	85	(³)
Pennsylvania	4,194	3,634	50	349	160	1,060	89	897	74	179	57
Rhode Island	351	289	4	40	18	92	6	79	6	15	(³)
South Carolina	1,141	1,010	13	83	34	208	14	179	15	49	(³)
South Dakota	294	257	3	26	8	78	4	68	5	8	(³)
Tennessee	1,848	1,607	30	146	65	374	35	317	22	75	(³)
Texas	7,211	6,306	108	542	255	1,187	129	980	78	296	78
Utah	774	672	15	65	22	250	21	215	15	34	(³)
Vermont	254	218	3	24	9	64	4	57	4	9	(³)
Virginia	2,308	2,020	18	193	77	381	26	325	30	(³)	(³)
Washington	1,988	1,691	43	183	72	526	59	428	39	124	(³)
West Virginia	643	560	10	46	27	126	20	98	8	30	(³)
Wisconsin	2,109	1,827	24	182	76	571	29	505	36	80	(³)
Wyoming	207	178	2	16	10	48	5	39	4	7	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons			
Black											
United States	13,162	11,481	182	1,021	478	2,107	400	1,583	124	1,240	209
Alabama	394	333	9	32	20	59	15	41	3	43	(3)
Alaska	9	7	(4)	1	1	1	(4)	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	57	53	(4)	2	2	12	1	11	(4)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	146	124	3	12	7	25	5	19	1	(3)	(3)
California	897	779	10	72	35	153	26	114	13	84	13
Colorado	70	63	(4)	5	2	10	1	8	1	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	149	129	2	13	5	22	4	17	1	(3)	(3)
Delaware	73	61	1	8	3	10	1	8	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	132	112	1	14	4	14	2	10	1	13	(3)
Florida	902	800	16	61	26	129	26	98	5	76	10
Georgia	1,036	930	15	65	26	137	20	111	6	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	7	6	(4)	1	(4)	2	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
Idaho	2	2	(4)	1	1	(4)	(4)	3	1	1	(3)
Illinois	654	565	6	55	27	109	21	80	7	77	11
Indiana	162	144	2	12	4	30	8	21	2	(3)	(3)
Iowa	20	17	1	2	1	4	4	(4)	4	(3)	(3)
Kansas	52	45	1	5	1	13	1	11	1	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	119	104	1	8	6	20	2	16	1	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	452	387	9	35	21	77	20	54	4	64	(3)
Maine	2	2	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)
Maryland	683	597	2	62	22	73	11	57	5	51	(3)
Massachusetts	172	154	3	11	4	45	8	35	2	(3)	(3)
Michigan	474	410	9	36	20	87	21	62	4	56	10
Minnesota	57	49	(4)	6	1	13	1	10	2	(3)	(3)
Mississippi	334	284	9	27	14	53	13	37	3	39	(3)
Missouri	238	205	4	22	7	42	9	30	3	(3)	(3)
Montana	1	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	2	1	1	(3)
Nebraska	21	19	(4)	2	(4)	6	1	5	1	(3)	(3)
Nevada	56	49	1	3	2	5	1	4	(4)	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	6	6	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	1	1	1	2	(3)
New Jersey	471	414	5	38	15	68	15	52	1	(3)	(3)
New Mexico	12	11	(4)	1	(4)	3	1	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
New York	1,077	941	9	83	44	191	36	142	13	99	12
North Carolina	662	581	13	46	22	105	19	79	7	76	(3)
North Dakota	1	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	509	434	9	43	23	108	16	85	6	(3)	(3)
Oklahoma	86	76	1	5	4	15	4	10	1	(3)	(3)
Oregon	18	15	(4)	2	1	6	2	4	(4)	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	367	314	4	35	13	62	14	45	4	(3)	(3)
Rhode Island	22	18	(4)	3	1	4	1	3	(4)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	409	365	6	25	13	64	8	53	3	42	(3)
South Dakota	3	3	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	365	315	5	30	15	66	17	47	1	(3)	(3)
Texas	1,026	896	12	79	39	127	27	90	10	91	20
Utah	6	5	1	(4)	2	1	2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)
Vermont	1	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(3)
Virginia	580	509	8	45	19	95	12	77	6	(3)	(3)
Washington	72	62	1	7	2	15	4	9	1	(3)	(3)
West Virginia	13	11	(4)	1	(4)	2	1	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	86	72	2	8	4	20	3	15	2	(3)	(3)
Wyoming	1	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours	Economic reasons			Noneconomic reasons	Part time for economic reasons				Part time for noneconomic reasons
Hispanic origin											
United States	12,674	11,151	301	853	370	2,040	433	1,511	96	883	154
Alabama	25	22	1	2	(4)	4	4	2	2	(4)	(3)
Alaska	8	6	(4)	1	(4)	2	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	471	427	7	29	7	70	11	56	3	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	28	25	1	1	1	4	1	4	1	4	(3)
California	3,873	3,394	112	263	105	713	177	506	30	298	53
Colorado	268	237	5	19	7	48	6	40	2	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	73	63	1	6	3	16	3	12	1	(3)	(3)
Delaware	18	16	(4)	1	1	2	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	16	14	(4)	1	1	2	1	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Florida	1,174	1,049	29	66	30	154	36	111	7	87	9
Georgia	136	124	3	8	1	10	2	8	(4)	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	16	13	(4)	2	(4)	3	1	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
Idaho	34	30	1	2	1	6	1	4	(4)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	505	448	9	31	18	67	11	53	3	43	5
Indiana	43	36	2	3	2	7	(4)	6	1	(3)	(3)
Iowa	37	32	1	2	2	6	1	5	3	(3)	(3)
Kansas	58	51	1	4	2	11	2	9	(4)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	30	27	1	2	1	6	1	4	(4)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	40	35	1	2	2	5	2	3	(4)	(3)	(3)
Maine	2	2	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)
Maryland	124	109	3	9	3	16	3	12	1	(3)	(3)
Massachusetts	159	142	3	10	4	32	6	24	2	(3)	(3)
Michigan	112	97	3	8	4	20	3	16	1	(3)	(3)
Minnesota	44	39	1	2	2	9	2	6	(4)	(3)	(3)
Mississippi	15	13	(4)	1	(4)	3	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	37	33	1	3	(4)	6	2	4	1	(3)	(3)
Montana	6	5	(4)	1	(4)	2	1	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	31	28	(4)	2	1	7	1	6	(4)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	146	130	5	6	4	17	4	11	1	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	9	8	(4)	1	(4)	3	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	398	353	6	27	11	44	7	36	1	(3)	(3)
New Mexico	247	217	4	19	8	58	10	45	3	(3)	(3)
New York	846	751	11	54	30	130	29	92	9	61	8
North Carolina	148	133	3	9	2	15	3	12	(4)	(3)	(3)
North Dakota	2	2	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	81	69	3	7	3	16	2	13	1	(3)	(3)
Oklahoma	60	55	(4)	3	1	9	2	6	(4)	(3)	(3)
Oregon	97	84	5	6	2	16	4	11	1	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	112	99	2	8	3	21	7	13	1	(3)	(3)
Rhode Island	25	20	1	3	1	4	1	3	(4)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	24	20	(4)	3	1	4	1	3	(4)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	3	3	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	61	52	3	4	2	5	2	4	3	1	(3)
Texas	2,595	2,254	56	191	94	392	73	302	17	139	36
Utah	72	60	5	7	1	12	3	8	1	(3)	(3)
Vermont	1	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1	7	(3)
Virginia	145	132	2	8	3	18	2	16	(4)	(3)	(3)
Washington	112	96	5	8	3	26	6	19	2	(3)	(3)
West Virginia	5	4	(4)	1	(4)	2	(4)	1	(4)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	92	82	2	4	3	13	3	9	1	(3)	(3)
Wyoming	9	8	(4)	1	1	2	(4)	1	(4)	(3)	(3)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample

in that area. See appendix B.

⁴ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
United States	141,362	20,830	22,038	4,630	16,838	19,275	19,509	15,544	7,307	5,936	5,936	3,503
Alabama	2,137	268	301	57	275	289	268	272	158	110	86	51
Alaska	322	49	53	11	29	48	47	42	6	14	14	8
Arizona	2,415	366	369	75	313	342	341	281	77	76	111	64
Arkansas	1,222	153	155	35	143	151	163	140	104	71	62	46
California	17,286	2,777	2,854	536	2,084	2,257	2,336	1,764	834	592	716	537
Colorado	2,288	399	408	79	292	308	297	239	70	74	84	(²)
Connecticut	1,714	299	320	63	219	225	219	178	74	54	43	(²)
Delaware	418	66	66	14	42	71	53	45	18	17	14	12
District of Columbia	277	56	70	13	16	37	45	16	4	9	9	(²)
Florida	7,646	1,121	1,047	268	1,090	1,045	1,201	833	237	284	319	201
Georgia	4,124	632	612	123	494	629	430	501	214	212	195	(²)
Hawaii	603	87	83	17	79	84	123	60	(²)	20	20	20
Idaho	681	79	89	22	80	93	98	82	31	34	28	44
Illinois	6,328	941	941	195	741	933	837	670	383	311	273	103
Indiana	3,100	406	400	80	352	419	377	375	286	162	167	74
Iowa	1,586	198	244	54	182	226	194	167	102	71	70	78
Kansas	1,378	201	213	50	147	192	202	142	64	59	58	49
Kentucky	1,960	271	291	62	232	256	242	213	124	108	90	70
Louisiana	2,035	224	304	82	257	260	325	250	88	106	90	46
Maine	682	89	106	19	78	93	93	90	36	31	26	22
Maryland	2,829	532	581	114	296	416	353	262	70	85	87	(²)
Massachusetts	3,275	544	656	105	360	441	462	320	146	92	110	(²)
Michigan	5,161	676	839	147	594	668	694	608	412	197	224	102
Minnesota	2,812	445	448	109	319	396	340	308	148	101	84	114
Mississippi	1,291	149	177	33	142	158	178	174	108	73	63	36
Missouri	2,960	396	448	96	348	402	402	338	180	135	139	76
Montana	464	62	63	14	56	54	78	49	14	25	18	32
Nebraska	927	111	131	29	117	135	124	98	37	37	42	65
Nevada	1,019	147	111	26	133	136	234	108	21	46	44	(²)
New Hampshire	688	107	112	24	86	90	86	89	35	24	24	(²)
New Jersey	4,169	717	701	163	521	618	570	377	167	168	135	(²)
New Mexico	834	113	120	29	106	99	148	104	22	36	32	25
New York	8,797	1,302	1,521	274	969	1,260	1,485	859	334	351	325	118
North Carolina	3,987	492	580	130	462	468	538	499	341	193	186	97
Ohio	5,842	875	861	194	634	810	852	617	374	248	276	99
Oklahoma	1,662	206	228	57	203	239	227	224	77	75	68	57
Oregon	1,786	279	280	53	207	225	249	191	82	69	72	80
Pennsylvania	6,057	891	965	215	702	850	810	627	328	287	267	114
Rhode Island	502	77	90	17	55	72	71	50	30	16	18	(²)
South Carolina	1,941	257	283	70	246	251	251	244	142	79	88	(²)
South Dakota	404	51	56	10	45	59	62	39	16	15	14	37
Tennessee	2,811	389	380	83	339	375	346	335	215	144	154	(²)
Texas	10,419	1,482	1,503	337	1,335	1,452	1,428	1,241	432	468	434	305
Utah	1,112	167	165	45	131	159	136	133	50	47	49	31
Vermont	334	47	61	10	36	43	42	41	19	13	10	12
Virginia	3,667	631	672	129	397	481	431	389	159	154	161	(²)
Washington	2,986	435	492	120	374	377	405	306	123	128	124	101
West Virginia	828	95	114	38	94	103	129	105	40	54	42	(²)
Wisconsin	2,985	394	396	84	317	398	395	380	244	127	147	105
Wyoming	271	36	36	7	29	34	38	38	6	19	11	16

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
EMPLOYED												
United States	135,073	20,338	21,556	4,497	16,044	18,503	18,359	14,833	6,734	5,638	5,326	3,245
Alabama	2,033	263	297	57	261	279	250	256	143	106	76	47
Alaska	302	48	53	10	27	45	43	38	5	13	12	7
Arizona	2,307	355	358	71	302	327	321	272	70	72	101	58
Arkansas	1,164	151	152	33	137	146	151	135	96	67	56	41
California	16,435	2,703	2,770	517	1,981	2,158	2,212	1,678	766	556	645	451
Colorado	2,210	390	398	77	282	297	285	230	67	72	76	(²)
Connecticut	1,661	291	314	61	210	219	211	174	71	53	39	(²)
Delaware	404	65	65	14	41	69	50	44	16	16	13	11
District of Columbia	260	55	68	13	14	35	40	14	4	8	7	(²)
Florida	7,309	1,094	1,018	256	1,042	997	1,140	796	220	270	290	186
Georgia	3,966	620	600	122	474	608	403	484	200	205	174	(²)
Hawaii	577	85	81	16	76	81	116	57	(²)	19	18	18
Idaho	648	77	86	21	77	91	93	78	28	30	25	42
Illinois	6,006	916	916	190	699	891	779	638	347	293	241	96
Indiana	2,970	399	395	78	338	403	356	356	269	155	149	72
Iowa	1,535	195	239	52	175	220	185	162	97	67	67	76
Kansas	1,322	197	209	49	140	184	191	134	61	57	52	48
Kentucky	1,860	267	287	60	220	243	225	198	110	105	80	65
Louisiana	1,928	220	298	80	244	250	298	238	81	101	77	42
Maine	657	87	104	18	76	91	88	87	33	29	23	20
Maryland	2,722	521	571	110	278	401	328	253	66	82	78	(²)
Massachusetts	3,163	532	640	103	350	428	445	308	134	87	101	(²)
Michigan	4,901	662	821	143	567	643	641	576	374	182	200	91
Minnesota	2,710	437	437	107	307	383	327	295	138	94	75	111
Mississippi	1,225	143	171	32	136	155	166	163	100	71	56	31
Missouri	2,830	382	442	94	331	387	374	324	168	128	127	73
Montana	444	61	61	14	54	52	73	46	13	23	16	30
Nebraska	899	109	130	29	113	131	117	96	35	36	40	64
Nevada	969	141	108	26	125	129	222	102	19	43	40	(²)
New Hampshire	664	105	109	24	82	87	82	86	32	24	22	(²)
New Jersey	4,004	696	687	157	500	591	546	362	154	161	119	(²)
New Mexico	798	111	117	28	101	94	140	99	20	34	28	24
New York	8,402	1,268	1,487	267	921	1,201	1,404	817	303	336	289	108
North Carolina	3,773	480	571	125	436	444	498	469	309	181	170	92
Ohio	5,606	861	845	188	605	784	805	591	345	237	251	93
Oklahoma	1,602	202	227	56	194	233	213	216	71	73	62	56
Oregon	1,680	271	270	51	194	213	229	176	75	63	62	75
Pennsylvania	5,786	868	946	210	663	818	763	593	307	267	243	106
Rhode Island	480	75	87	16	53	69	68	47	27	16	16	(²)
South Carolina	1,843	252	274	68	236	242	235	227	131	76	74	(²)
South Dakota	392	50	55	10	44	58	58	38	15	15	13	36
Tennessee	2,692	381	376	81	327	359	324	323	197	136	141	(²)
Texas	9,955	1,443	1,474	328	1,262	1,387	1,336	1,196	401	446	388	294
Utah	1,067	164	161	43	126	151	129	128	46	45	45	29
Vermont	323	46	60	10	34	42	40	40	18	12	9	12
Virginia	3,548	619	660	127	377	467	410	379	150	152	146	(²)
Washington	2,804	424	479	116	352	354	369	283	113	119	107	88
West Virginia	792	93	113	38	90	100	123	100	36	51	35	(²)
Wisconsin	2,854	388	387	82	305	388	371	362	225	118	129	99
Wyoming	261	35	36	7	28	33	36	37	6	18	10	16

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
UNEMPLOYED												
United States	6,289	491	482	133	794	772	1,150	711	573	298	610	259
Alabama	104	5	5	1	15	11	17	16	16	4	10	4
Alaska	20	1	1	(³)	2	3	4	4	1	1	2	1
Arizona	108	11	11	4	12	15	20	9	7	4	10	6
Arkansas	59	2	3	2	6	6	12	5	8	4	6	4
California	851	73	84	19	103	99	125	86	68	36	70	85
Colorado	78	9	9	2	10	11	12	9	3	2	8	(²)
Connecticut	53	8	5	2	8	6	9	4	4	1	4	(²)
Delaware	14	1	1	(³)	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	1
District of Columbia	17	2	2	1	2	3	5	1	(³)	(³)	1	(²)
Florida	338	27	28	12	48	48	61	37	17	14	30	15
Georgia	158	11	12	2	20	22	27	17	14	7	21	(²)
Hawaii	26	2	2	(³)	3	3	7	3	(²)	1	2	2
Idaho	32	2	3	(³)	3	2	6	5	3	4	2	2
Illinois	322	26	25	5	42	42	58	31	36	18	32	7
Indiana	130	7	5	3	15	16	22	19	17	6	17	2
Iowa	51	3	5	1	7	6	9	5	5	4	4	2
Kansas	56	4	4	1	7	7	11	8	3	2	6	1
Kentucky	100	4	4	2	12	13	17	15	14	3	11	5
Louisiana	107	5	6	2	14	10	27	12	8	5	13	4
Maine	25	2	2	1	2	2	4	3	3	2	3	2
Maryland	107	11	10	3	17	15	25	9	4	4	9	(²)
Massachusetts	112	13	16	2	10	13	17	12	12	4	9	(²)
Michigan	261	14	18	4	26	25	53	32	38	15	24	12
Minnesota	101	9	11	2	12	13	13	13	10	6	10	3
Mississippi	66	6	6	1	6	3	12	10	8	2	7	5
Missouri	130	14	6	2	17	15	29	14	11	8	12	3
Montana	20	1	1	(³)	2	2	5	3	1	2	2	1
Nebraska	27	2	1	(³)	5	4	6	2	2	1	2	1
Nevada	50	5	3	1	7	7	12	6	2	3	4	(²)
New Hampshire	24	2	3	(³)	4	3	3	2	3	1	2	(²)
New Jersey	165	21	14	5	20	28	24	15	13	7	16	(²)
New Mexico	36	2	3	1	5	4	8	5	2	2	3	1
New York	394	34	34	7	48	58	81	41	31	15	36	9
North Carolina	214	12	9	5	26	25	40	30	32	11	16	6
Ohio	236	14	15	6	29	26	48	26	29	11	24	6
Oklahoma	60	4	2	1	9	6	14	9	6	2	6	1
Oregon	106	8	10	2	13	11	19	15	7	5	10	4
Pennsylvania	271	22	19	5	39	31	47	34	21	20	24	8
Rhode Island	22	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	(²)
South Carolina	98	5	9	2	10	9	16	17	11	3	14	(²)
South Dakota	13	1	1	(³)	1	1	4	1	1	(³)	1	1
Tennessee	120	8	4	1	12	16	22	12	19	8	13	(²)
Texas	463	39	29	9	73	65	92	45	31	22	46	11
Utah	45	3	3	2	5	8	7	6	4	2	3	2
Vermont	12	1	1	(³)	2	1	3	1	1	(³)	1	1
Virginia	119	12	12	3	20	13	21	10	9	2	15	(²)
Washington	182	11	13	5	22	23	36	23	10	9	17	13
West Virginia	36	2	1	(³)	4	3	6	5	4	3	7	(²)
Wisconsin	131	6	9	2	12	10	24	18	19	8	18	6
Wyoming	10	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	1	3	1	(³)	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE												
United States	4.4	2.4	2.2	2.9	4.7	4.0	5.9	4.6	7.8	5.0	10.3	7.4
Alabama	4.8	2.0	1.5	1.1	5.3	3.7	6.5	5.7	10.0	3.9	11.9	7.6
Alaska	6.2	2.6	1.2	3.5	6.8	5.8	9.5	8.6	10.9	7.6	13.7	10.9
Arizona	4.5	3.0	2.9	4.8	3.8	4.5	5.7	3.3	9.3	4.7	9.3	9.4
Arkansas	4.8	1.4	1.6	5.4	4.4	3.8	7.2	3.6	8.1	6.0	10.1	9.5
California	4.9	2.6	3.0	3.6	5.0	4.4	5.3	4.9	8.2	6.1	9.8	15.9
Colorado	3.4	2.3	2.3	1.9	3.5	3.5	4.1	3.9	4.2	2.7	9.4	(²)
Connecticut	3.1	2.5	1.7	3.7	3.9	2.8	3.9	2.3	4.8	2.6	9.9	(²)
Delaware	3.4	1.9	1.8	2.1	3.9	3.2	5.2	1.9	8.6	3.6	8.6	4.9
District of Columbia	6.2	3.2	2.3	4.6	11.5	7.2	10.7	7.1	6.2	4.0	16.8	(²)
Florida	4.4	2.4	2.7	4.5	4.4	4.6	5.1	4.5	7.0	5.1	9.3	7.3
Georgia	3.8	1.8	1.9	1.2	4.0	3.5	6.3	3.4	6.7	3.3	10.6	(²)
Hawaii	4.3	2.2	2.4	1.5	3.8	3.3	5.8	4.9	(²)	5.0	10.7	9.1
Idaho	4.8	2.1	3.2	1.5	4.2	2.6	5.8	5.5	8.7	12.1	8.4	4.9
Illinois	5.1	2.7	2.7	2.8	5.7	4.5	7.0	4.7	9.3	5.6	11.6	6.7
Indiana	4.2	1.7	1.2	3.4	4.2	3.9	5.7	5.1	6.0	4.0	10.3	2.9
Iowa	3.2	1.7	1.9	2.7	3.8	2.6	4.4	3.0	4.6	5.7	5.1	2.8
Kansas	4.0	2.2	1.8	2.0	4.9	3.9	5.3	5.8	5.1	3.4	10.3	2.7
Kentucky	5.1	1.6	1.2	3.2	5.4	5.2	7.1	6.8	11.2	2.6	11.7	6.9
Louisiana	5.2	2.0	2.0	2.6	5.3	3.7	8.4	4.9	8.5	4.9	14.8	9.2
Maine	3.7	1.8	1.7	2.8	2.9	2.6	4.5	3.2	8.4	6.9	10.8	7.8
Maryland	3.8	2.0	1.7	2.7	5.8	3.6	7.1	3.4	5.9	4.1	10.1	(²)
Massachusetts	3.4	2.3	2.4	1.9	2.8	3.0	3.6	3.9	8.2	4.6	8.4	(²)
Michigan	5.1	2.1	2.2	2.8	4.5	3.7	7.7	5.2	9.1	7.7	10.6	11.2
Minnesota	3.6	1.9	2.4	1.9	3.7	3.3	3.8	4.3	6.6	6.4	11.3	2.6
Mississippi	5.1	3.9	3.4	1.7	4.3	2.2	6.6	5.9	7.4	2.1	11.6	13.0
Missouri	4.4	3.5	1.4	2.1	4.8	3.6	7.2	4.0	6.3	5.6	8.7	3.5
Montana	4.4	1.7	2.1	3.5	3.4	3.3	6.1	6.2	4.6	9.1	9.9	4.2
Nebraska	3.0	1.7	.8	1.3	3.9	2.9	5.1	2.4	6.0	3.1	5.5	1.7
Nevada	5.0	3.7	2.3	2.7	5.6	5.1	5.2	5.6	9.7	5.7	9.0	(²)
New Hampshire	3.4	2.2	2.5	1.8	4.2	3.0	3.8	2.6	7.3	2.9	9.6	(²)
New Jersey	4.0	2.9	2.0	3.2	3.9	4.5	4.2	3.9	8.0	3.9	12.0	(²)
New Mexico	4.3	1.8	2.3	3.2	4.7	4.3	5.6	4.4	9.5	4.4	10.7	4.1
New York	4.5	2.6	2.2	2.4	4.9	4.6	5.5	4.8	9.2	4.3	10.9	7.7
North Carolina	5.4	2.5	1.6	4.0	5.6	5.2	7.5	6.0	9.5	6.0	8.7	5.8
Ohio	4.0	1.6	1.8	3.3	4.5	3.2	5.6	4.2	7.7	4.5	8.9	6.2
Oklahoma	3.6	2.1	.8	2.0	4.3	2.7	6.2	3.8	7.5	3.0	8.6	2.3
Oregon	5.9	2.9	3.5	3.8	6.2	5.0	7.8	7.9	8.7	7.8	14.0	5.6
Pennsylvania	4.5	2.5	2.0	2.3	5.6	3.7	5.8	5.4	6.4	7.0	8.9	7.0
Rhode Island	4.5	2.3	2.4	3.4	4.6	4.0	4.8	5.3	10.0	3.3	12.1	(²)
South Carolina	5.0	1.9	3.2	2.7	4.0	3.6	6.5	7.1	8.0	3.3	15.8	(²)
South Dakota	3.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	2.4	2.3	5.9	3.2	7.0	2.6	10.4	2.7
Tennessee	4.3	2.1	1.2	1.5	3.6	4.4	6.4	3.4	8.8	5.4	8.2	(²)
Texas	4.4	2.6	1.9	2.7	5.5	4.5	6.4	3.7	7.2	4.6	10.6	3.5
Utah	4.1	1.8	2.1	4.3	4.0	5.0	5.1	4.4	7.8	4.6	7.0	5.5
Vermont	3.5	1.9	1.6	1.4	4.8	2.1	6.4	3.0	5.4	3.1	8.6	6.2
Virginia	3.3	1.9	1.8	2.0	5.1	2.8	5.0	2.6	5.9	1.3	9.2	(²)
Washington	6.1	2.6	2.7	3.9	6.0	6.0	8.9	7.5	8.0	7.0	13.8	12.5
West Virginia	4.3	1.8	1.2	1.1	4.4	3.2	4.5	4.7	10.1	4.9	16.0	(²)
Wisconsin	4.4	1.6	2.2	2.9	3.7	2.4	6.0	4.6	7.6	6.6	12.5	5.4
Wyoming	3.7	1.1	1.3	3.3	3.0	2.7	7.4	3.3	6.5	5.4	10.0	3.4

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data for a state are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular state, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or .05 percent.

NOTE: Data for a state are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular state, based on the sample in that state. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for regions and States.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
TOTAL													
United States	135,073	100.0	15.1	16.0	3.3	11.9	13.7	13.6	11.0	5.0	4.2	3.9	2.4
Alabama	2,033	100.0	12.9	14.6	2.8	12.8	13.7	12.3	12.6	7.0	5.2	3.7	2.3
Alaska	302	100.0	15.9	17.5	3.4	9.1	14.8	14.1	12.7	1.8	4.2	4.1	2.3
Arizona	2,307	100.0	15.4	15.5	3.1	13.1	14.2	13.9	11.8	3.0	3.1	4.4	2.5
Arkansas	1,164	100.0	13.0	13.1	2.8	11.8	12.5	13.0	11.6	8.2	5.7	4.8	3.6
California	16,435	100.0	16.4	16.9	3.1	12.1	13.1	13.5	10.2	4.7	3.4	3.9	2.7
Colorado	2,210	100.0	17.6	18.0	3.5	12.7	13.5	12.9	10.4	3.0	3.3	3.5	1.6
Connecticut	1,661	100.0	17.5	18.9	3.7	12.7	13.2	12.7	10.5	4.3	3.2	2.3	1.1
Delaware	404	100.0	16.1	16.1	3.5	10.0	17.0	12.5	10.8	4.0	4.0	3.2	2.8
District of Columbia	260	100.0	21.0	26.3	4.9	5.3	13.4	15.4	5.6	1.5	3.2	2.8	.7
Florida	7,309	100.0	15.0	13.9	3.5	14.3	13.6	15.6	10.9	3.0	3.7	4.0	2.6
Georgia	3,966	100.0	15.6	15.1	3.1	11.9	15.3	10.2	12.2	5.0	5.2	4.4	1.9
Hawaii	577	100.0	14.7	13.9	2.8	13.1	14.0	20.1	9.8	1.9	3.3	3.1	3.1
Idaho	648	100.0	11.9	13.3	3.3	11.9	14.0	14.3	12.0	4.4	4.6	3.9	6.4
Illinois	6,006	100.0	15.2	15.3	3.2	11.6	14.8	13.0	10.6	5.8	4.9	4.0	1.6
Indiana	2,970	100.0	13.4	13.3	2.6	11.4	13.6	12.0	12.0	9.1	5.2	5.0	2.4
Iowa	1,535	100.0	12.7	15.6	3.4	11.4	14.3	12.1	10.6	6.3	4.4	4.3	4.9
Kansas	1,322	100.0	14.9	15.8	3.7	10.6	14.0	14.4	10.1	4.6	4.3	3.9	3.6
Kentucky	1,860	100.0	14.3	15.5	3.2	11.8	13.1	12.1	10.7	5.9	5.6	4.3	3.5
Louisiana	1,928	100.0	11.4	15.4	4.2	12.6	13.0	15.4	12.4	4.2	5.2	4.0	2.2
Maine	657	100.0	13.3	15.9	2.8	11.5	13.9	13.5	13.3	5.0	4.4	3.5	3.1
Maryland	2,722	100.0	19.1	21.0	4.1	10.2	14.7	12.1	9.3	2.4	3.0	2.9	1.2
Massachusetts	3,163	100.0	16.8	20.2	3.3	11.1	13.5	14.1	9.7	4.2	2.8	3.2	1.1
Michigan	4,901	100.0	13.5	16.7	2.9	11.6	13.1	13.1	11.8	7.6	3.7	4.1	1.9
Minnesota	2,710	100.0	16.1	16.1	3.9	11.3	14.1	12.1	10.9	5.1	3.5	2.8	4.1
Mississippi	1,225	100.0	11.7	14.0	2.6	11.1	12.6	13.6	13.3	8.2	5.8	4.5	2.5
Missouri	2,830	100.0	13.5	15.6	3.3	11.7	13.7	13.2	11.5	5.9	4.5	4.5	2.6
Montana	444	100.0	13.8	13.8	3.1	12.1	11.8	16.4	10.4	2.9	5.1	3.7	6.9
Nebraska	899	100.0	12.2	14.5	3.2	12.5	14.6	13.0	10.7	3.8	4.0	4.4	7.1
Nevada	969	100.0	14.6	11.2	2.6	13.0	13.3	22.9	10.5	2.0	4.5	4.1	1.3
New Hampshire	664	100.0	15.7	16.5	3.6	12.4	13.1	12.4	13.0	4.9	3.5	3.3	1.5
New Jersey	4,004	100.0	17.4	17.2	3.9	12.5	14.8	13.6	9.1	3.8	4.0	3.0	.8
New Mexico	798	100.0	13.9	14.7	3.6	12.6	11.8	17.5	12.4	2.5	4.3	3.6	3.0
New York	8,402	100.0	15.1	17.7	3.2	11.0	14.3	16.7	9.7	3.6	4.0	3.4	1.3
North Carolina	3,773	100.0	12.7	15.1	3.3	11.6	11.8	13.2	12.4	8.2	4.8	4.5	2.4
North Dakota	329	100.0	12.3	13.2	3.3	11.7	13.9	15.4	9.8	3.3	5.0	3.9	8.3
Ohio	5,606	100.0	15.4	15.1	3.4	10.8	14.0	14.4	10.5	6.2	4.2	4.5	1.7
Oklahoma	1,602	100.0	12.6	14.1	3.5	12.1	14.5	13.3	13.5	4.5	4.6	3.9	3.5
Oregon	1,680	100.0	16.1	16.1	3.0	11.5	12.7	13.7	10.5	4.5	3.8	3.7	4.5
Pennsylvania	5,786	100.0	15.0	16.4	3.6	11.5	14.1	13.2	10.3	5.3	4.6	4.2	1.8
Rhode Island	480	100.0	15.6	18.2	3.4	11.0	14.4	14.1	9.8	5.7	3.3	3.3	1.2
South Carolina	1,843	100.0	13.7	14.9	3.7	12.8	13.1	12.7	12.3	7.1	4.1	4.0	1.5
South Dakota	392	100.0	12.8	14.1	2.6	11.2	14.8	14.9	9.6	3.8	3.7	3.2	9.1
Tennessee	2,692	100.0	14.2	14.0	3.0	12.2	13.3	12.0	12.0	7.3	5.1	5.3	1.7
Texas	9,955	100.0	14.5	14.8	3.3	12.7	13.9	13.4	12.0	4.0	4.5	3.9	3.0
Utah	1,067	100.0	15.4	15.1	4.1	11.8	14.1	12.1	12.0	4.3	4.2	4.2	2.7
Vermont	323	100.0	14.3	18.5	3.0	10.6	12.9	12.3	12.3	5.6	3.8	2.8	3.6
Virginia	3,548	100.0	17.4	18.6	3.6	10.6	13.2	11.5	10.7	4.2	4.3	4.1	1.7
Washington	2,804	100.0	15.1	17.1	4.1	12.5	12.6	13.2	10.1	4.0	4.2	3.8	3.2
West Virginia	792	100.0	11.8	14.2	4.7	11.4	12.6	15.6	12.6	4.6	6.5	4.5	1.5
Wisconsin	2,854	100.0	13.6	13.6	2.9	10.7	13.6	13.0	12.7	7.9	4.1	4.5	3.5
Wyoming	261	100.0	13.5	13.8	2.7	10.7	12.8	13.7	14.2	2.2	6.9	3.7	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Men													
United States	72,080	100.0	15.2	13.8	2.9	11.3	5.5	10.1	18.8	5.9	7.0	5.9	3.6
Alabama	1,069	100.0	12.7	13.2	2.3	11.2	5.1	7.6	21.8	8.6	8.5	5.5	3.6
Alaska	163	100.0	15.1	15.2	3.4	8.0	5.6	11.8	21.9	2.4	7.0	6.2	3.4
Arizona	1,288	100.0	15.8	13.6	2.2	12.6	5.8	12.4	19.1	3.3	5.0	6.8	3.5
Arkansas	595	100.0	12.7	10.2	2.1	11.1	3.8	8.0	19.8	9.6	10.2	7.6	5.0
California	9,014	100.0	15.5	15.7	3.1	11.8	6.1	10.5	16.6	5.3	5.7	5.8	4.0
Colorado	1,226	100.0	18.3	16.8	3.3	12.1	6.1	10.0	17.1	3.9	5.1	5.0	2.3
Connecticut	874	100.0	17.9	16.9	3.1	13.6	5.5	9.3	18.2	5.0	5.3	3.3	1.8
Delaware	209	100.0	16.3	14.1	3.0	9.5	6.8	9.1	19.5	5.5	6.8	5.0	4.6
District of Columbia	129	100.0	19.1	26.1	4.4	4.9	7.1	14.9	9.7	1.8	5.8	5.0	1.1
Florida	3,960	100.0	15.9	11.8	3.1	13.4	5.6	12.3	18.5	3.2	6.1	6.1	3.9
Georgia	2,098	100.0	16.4	11.8	2.7	11.6	6.1	7.1	20.6	5.9	8.6	6.4	2.9
Hawaii	300	100.0	15.2	12.0	2.8	10.2	5.5	19.8	17.4	2.1	6.0	4.4	4.8
Idaho	347	100.0	13.7	12.0	2.8	10.8	3.8	8.2	20.8	5.3	7.6	5.9	9.1
Illinois	3,179	100.0	15.1	13.3	2.5	10.8	5.6	10.2	18.1	7.4	8.3	6.2	2.4
Indiana	1,587	100.0	13.7	10.8	2.0	9.9	5.2	8.0	20.6	11.0	8.8	6.8	3.1
Iowa	803	100.0	13.3	12.6	2.9	11.0	5.2	7.2	18.2	8.5	7.2	6.3	7.6
Kansas	681	100.0	15.2	13.3	3.3	10.0	5.4	9.1	18.2	6.4	7.3	6.0	5.8
Kentucky	983	100.0	14.8	12.9	2.5	11.0	4.4	7.8	18.0	7.2	9.6	6.5	5.2
Louisiana	1,020	100.0	12.7	10.9	3.5	10.7	4.7	12.2	22.1	5.7	8.7	5.2	3.6
Maine	347	100.0	12.9	12.4	2.3	11.3	5.9	9.0	23.5	5.6	7.4	4.9	4.8
Maryland	1,399	100.0	20.2	18.8	3.2	10.0	6.3	9.5	17.2	3.1	5.0	4.7	2.0
Massachusetts	1,667	100.0	16.7	19.2	3.2	10.8	5.3	10.8	17.3	5.2	4.8	4.9	1.8
Michigan	2,610	100.0	14.1	14.9	2.2	10.8	4.5	9.1	20.3	9.2	6.3	5.9	2.7
Minnesota	1,431	100.0	16.1	14.4	3.8	11.5	5.7	7.4	18.8	6.5	5.9	3.9	6.0
Mississippi	625	100.0	11.8	10.4	2.0	9.7	3.7	9.3	22.5	8.8	10.5	7.2	4.0
Missouri	1,472	100.0	12.1	11.5	3.0	12.4	5.2	9.5	20.4	7.2	7.7	7.1	3.9
Montana	233	100.0	13.6	12.1	2.1	11.6	3.5	10.6	18.4	4.3	8.8	5.8	9.4
Nebraska	475	100.0	12.2	12.3	2.7	12.4	6.1	6.8	18.6	5.0	6.8	6.7	10.6
Nevada	534	100.0	14.5	10.3	2.3	11.2	5.3	21.1	17.7	2.2	7.4	6.1	2.0
New Hampshire	350	100.0	15.7	14.7	4.0	11.9	4.9	8.7	21.5	6.0	5.7	4.8	2.1
New Jersey	2,144	100.0	18.2	15.3	3.6	12.8	6.3	10.7	15.7	4.7	6.7	4.8	1.2
New Mexico	418	100.0	13.6	13.6	4.1	10.5	4.5	11.9	21.3	2.9	7.4	5.5	4.6
New York	4,427	100.0	15.5	15.4	2.9	10.5	6.4	13.8	17.0	4.5	6.8	5.3	1.9
North Carolina	1,980	100.0	12.9	12.4	2.5	10.9	4.4	8.9	21.2	8.0	8.4	6.6	3.8
North Dakota	170	100.0	12.0	9.3	2.4	11.7	4.7	9.1	17.5	4.5	9.1	6.1	13.7
Ohio	2,923	100.0	16.4	12.5	2.8	9.3	5.5	10.5	18.4	8.1	7.2	6.8	2.5
Oklahoma	869	100.0	13.6	11.0	3.1	11.3	5.2	9.6	22.0	5.9	7.3	5.8	5.2
Oregon	900	100.0	16.1	15.4	2.8	10.5	4.6	9.2	17.9	5.9	6.4	5.0	6.2
Pennsylvania	3,050	100.0	15.7	13.7	2.8	10.9	5.2	9.9	18.1	6.5	7.9	6.3	2.8
Rhode Island	246	100.0	16.7	16.8	2.5	11.0	6.2	10.5	17.2	6.4	5.8	4.9	1.9
South Carolina	937	100.0	14.5	12.0	2.6	12.1	4.9	8.9	22.0	7.7	6.9	6.0	2.5
South Dakota	203	100.0	13.7	10.3	2.4	11.3	5.8	9.9	16.3	5.0	6.8	5.0	13.4
Tennessee	1,448	100.0	14.7	10.9	2.7	11.5	4.7	8.3	20.7	7.8	8.7	7.5	2.5
Texas	5,517	100.0	14.8	13.0	3.0	11.7	5.5	9.9	20.2	4.7	7.2	5.8	4.3
Utah	603	100.0	16.2	14.6	3.3	10.5	5.9	9.0	19.6	4.8	6.5	5.7	3.8
Vermont	167	100.0	13.7	14.6	3.2	11.1	4.6	8.6	21.4	6.7	7.1	4.0	5.0
Virginia	1,846	100.0	17.3	16.8	3.3	10.2	5.4	7.8	18.8	4.6	6.9	6.2	2.6
Washington	1,493	100.0	14.1	15.7	4.3	11.9	5.3	9.1	17.1	5.4	7.1	5.4	4.5
West Virginia	427	100.0	11.7	10.5	3.5	9.9	4.9	9.8	22.3	6.9	11.2	6.8	2.4
Wisconsin	1,509	100.0	13.9	11.2	1.9	10.0	4.9	8.4	21.6	9.6	7.2	6.3	5.0
Wyoming	138	100.0	13.3	11.0	2.4	8.5	3.4	8.4	24.9	3.1	11.6	5.2	8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Women													
United States	62,992	100.0	14.8	18.4	3.8	12.6	23.1	17.6	2.0	3.9	.9	1.7	1.1
Alabama	964	100.0	13.2	16.2	3.4	14.6	23.3	17.6	2.4	5.3	1.5	1.7	1.0
Alaska	139	100.0	16.9	20.1	3.4	10.4	25.7	16.9	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.1
Arizona	1,018	100.0	14.8	18.0	4.2	13.6	24.7	15.8	2.5	2.7	.8	1.3	1.3
Arkansas	569	100.0	13.2	16.1	3.6	12.5	21.6	18.2	3.0	6.8	1.0	1.9	2.1
California	7,421	100.0	17.7	18.3	3.2	12.3	21.7	17.0	2.4	3.9	.6	1.7	1.2
Colorado	983	100.0	16.9	19.5	3.7	13.5	22.6	16.5	2.0	1.9	1.0	1.6	.8
Connecticut	788	100.0	17.1	21.1	4.3	11.6	21.8	16.4	1.9	3.4	.8	1.2	.4
Delaware	195	100.0	16.0	18.2	4.0	10.7	27.9	16.1	1.5	2.4	.9	1.3	1.0
District of Columbia	131	100.0	22.9	26.4	5.3	5.8	19.6	15.8	1.5	1.3	.6	.7	.2
Florida	3,349	100.0	13.8	16.5	4.0	15.3	23.2	19.5	1.9	2.7	.8	1.4	1.0
Georgia	1,869	100.0	14.8	18.9	3.5	12.3	25.7	13.5	2.7	4.1	1.4	2.1	.9
Hawaii	278	100.0	14.3	16.0	2.9	16.3	23.2	20.5	1.7	1.7	.4	1.6	1.4
Idaho	301	100.0	9.9	14.7	3.9	13.1	25.8	21.3	1.8	3.3	1.2	1.6	3.3
Illinois	2,827	100.0	15.4	17.5	3.9	12.5	25.2	16.1	2.2	4.0	1.1	1.5	.7
Indiana	1,383	100.0	13.1	16.2	3.3	13.0	23.1	16.5	2.1	6.8	1.1	3.0	1.6
Iowa	732	100.0	12.0	18.8	3.9	11.8	24.3	17.4	2.2	4.0	1.3	2.2	2.0
Kansas	641	100.0	14.5	18.5	4.2	11.2	23.0	20.1	1.6	2.7	1.1	1.7	1.3
Kentucky	876	100.0	13.9	18.3	4.0	12.8	22.8	16.9	2.4	4.4	1.2	1.7	1.6
Louisiana	908	100.0	9.9	20.5	4.9	14.8	22.2	19.0	1.4	2.4	1.3	2.7	.6
Maine	310	100.0	13.7	19.8	3.4	11.7	22.7	18.4	1.8	4.3	1.0	1.9	1.2
Maryland	1,323	100.0	18.0	23.3	4.9	10.5	23.6	14.8	.9	1.7	.9	.9	.4
Massachusetts	1,496	100.0	16.9	21.4	3.4	11.4	22.6	17.8	1.4	3.2	.5	1.2	.3
Michigan	2,291	100.0	12.8	18.8	3.8	12.4	23.0	17.6	2.0	5.8	.8	2.0	.9
Minnesota	1,279	100.0	16.2	18.0	4.1	11.1	23.6	17.3	2.0	3.5	.7	1.5	2.0
Mississippi	600	100.0	11.5	17.7	3.3	12.5	22.0	18.0	3.8	7.5	1.0	1.7	1.0
Missouri	1,359	100.0	15.1	20.0	3.7	11.0	22.9	17.2	1.8	4.6	1.0	1.7	1.1
Montana	210	100.0	14.0	15.7	4.3	12.8	21.0	23.0	1.5	1.5	.9	1.3	4.1
Nebraska	424	100.0	12.2	16.9	3.8	12.7	24.1	20.0	1.8	2.5	.8	1.9	3.2
Nevada	434	100.0	14.6	12.3	3.1	15.1	23.3	25.2	1.7	1.7	.8	1.7	.5
New Hampshire	315	100.0	15.8	18.4	3.1	12.9	22.3	16.5	3.6	3.6	1.2	1.7	.9
New Jersey	1,860	100.0	16.5	19.3	4.3	12.1	24.4	17.0	1.4	2.9	.9	.9	.3
New Mexico	380	100.0	14.3	15.9	3.0	15.0	19.9	23.7	2.6	2.0	.8	1.4	1.3
New York	3,976	100.0	14.7	20.2	3.5	11.5	23.1	19.9	1.6	2.7	.9	1.4	.6
North Carolina	1,794	100.0	12.5	18.1	4.2	12.3	19.9	18.0	2.7	8.4	.9	2.2	.9
North Dakota	159	100.0	12.6	17.5	4.3	11.7	23.8	22.2	1.5	1.9	.5	1.5	2.5
Ohio	2,683	100.0	14.2	17.9	3.9	12.5	23.2	18.5	1.9	4.0	1.0	2.0	.8
Oklahoma	733	100.0	11.4	17.9	4.0	13.1	25.6	17.7	3.3	2.7	1.3	1.5	1.5
Oregon	780	100.0	16.2	16.8	3.3	12.8	22.1	18.8	1.9	2.8	.7	2.2	2.4
Pennsylvania	2,736	100.0	14.2	19.3	4.6	12.0	24.1	16.9	1.5	3.9	.9	1.8	.7
Rhode Island	234	100.0	14.4	19.7	4.4	11.0	23.0	17.9	2.0	5.0	.6	1.6	.4
South Carolina	906	100.0	12.9	17.8	4.8	13.6	21.7	16.7	2.2	6.5	1.3	2.0	.4
South Dakota	189	100.0	11.9	18.2	2.8	11.2	24.5	20.3	2.5	2.5	.4	1.4	4.5
Tennessee	1,243	100.0	13.5	17.5	3.5	12.9	23.3	16.3	1.9	6.7	.8	2.7	.8
Texas	4,438	100.0	14.2	17.1	3.6	13.8	24.5	17.8	1.9	3.2	1.1	1.5	1.3
Utah	464	100.0	14.3	15.7	5.1	13.6	24.9	16.0	2.0	3.7	1.2	2.3	1.2
Vermont	155	100.0	15.0	22.7	2.9	10.2	21.9	16.3	2.6	4.5	.3	1.5	2.1
Virginia	1,702	100.0	17.6	20.6	3.8	11.1	21.6	15.6	1.8	3.8	1.5	1.8	.8
Washington	1,311	100.0	16.2	18.6	3.9	13.3	20.9	17.8	2.1	2.5	.9	2.0	1.6
West Virginia	365	100.0	11.9	18.6	6.2	13.1	21.6	22.3	1.2	1.9	.9	1.7	.6
Wisconsin	1,346	100.0	13.2	16.2	3.9	11.4	23.3	18.2	2.7	6.0	.7	2.5	1.8
Wyoming	122	100.0	13.7	16.9	3.2	13.1	23.5	19.6	2.0	1.2	1.5	1.9	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
White													
United States	113,220	100.0	15.7	16.2	3.3	12.2	13.4	12.4	11.6	4.7	4.0	3.8	2.6
Alabama	1,563	100.0	14.8	15.9	2.6	13.8	13.9	10.1	13.7	5.6	4.4	2.7	2.5
Alaska	242	100.0	16.9	19.3	3.6	9.6	14.0	11.8	13.4	1.6	4.1	3.2	2.4
Arizona	2,101	100.0	15.7	15.2	3.2	13.4	14.3	13.7	11.9	2.8	3.1	4.3	2.5
Arkansas	974	100.0	14.2	13.5	3.0	12.2	12.6	11.1	12.1	7.4	5.4	4.6	3.8
California	13,270	100.0	16.5	16.4	2.8	12.2	12.5	13.2	10.9	4.7	3.5	4.1	3.1
Colorado	2,051	100.0	18.2	18.3	3.6	12.7	12.9	12.7	10.5	3.0	3.3	3.3	1.7
Connecticut	1,450	100.0	18.6	19.9	3.7	13.1	12.4	11.1	11.0	3.9	2.9	2.3	1.2
Delaware	315	100.0	17.3	16.3	3.6	11.1	15.7	11.1	12.0	3.2	3.5	2.9	3.4
District of Columbia	107	100.0	27.0	42.0	4.7	5.9	6.9	8.2	2.8	.5	.5	1.1	.5
Florida	6,133	100.0	16.0	14.2	3.6	15.1	13.4	13.9	11.7	2.7	3.3	3.6	2.6
Georgia	2,707	100.0	18.0	16.1	3.1	12.8	14.3	8.1	12.4	3.9	5.2	3.5	2.6
Hawaii	178	100.0	16.1	19.5	3.0	13.7	11.3	16.1	10.2	1.3	2.9	2.8	3.0
Idaho	632	100.0	12.0	13.1	3.3	12.1	13.9	14.0	12.1	4.4	4.7	3.9	6.5
Illinois	5,020	100.0	15.9	15.0	3.2	11.8	14.4	11.7	11.5	5.8	4.8	4.1	1.9
Indiana	2,746	100.0	13.7	13.5	2.7	11.6	13.4	11.5	12.3	9.0	5.1	4.6	2.6
Iowa	1,474	100.0	13.0	14.8	3.3	11.7	14.3	11.9	10.8	6.4	4.5	4.3	5.1
Kansas	1,219	100.0	15.3	15.9	3.7	10.7	13.7	14.2	10.3	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.8
Kentucky	1,707	100.0	14.6	15.7	3.1	12.2	13.0	11.1	10.9	5.7	5.6	4.3	3.8
Louisiana	1,377	100.0	13.5	17.2	4.5	13.0	13.9	11.2	13.1	3.6	4.5	3.1	2.3
Maine	646	100.0	13.3	15.9	2.8	11.6	14.0	13.4	13.3	4.9	4.4	3.4	3.1
Maryland	1,854	100.0	20.1	22.2	3.7	10.5	13.3	11.0	10.7	2.3	2.4	2.6	1.3
Massachusetts	2,842	100.0	17.6	20.4	3.1	11.4	13.8	12.7	10.0	3.9	2.7	3.2	1.2
Michigan	4,159	100.0	14.2	16.5	2.9	11.6	12.9	12.2	12.6	7.2	3.8	4.0	2.1
Minnesota	2,561	100.0	16.0	16.1	3.8	11.4	14.2	11.6	11.2	4.9	3.5	2.8	4.3
Mississippi	826	100.0	14.3	16.6	3.0	12.6	13.9	9.5	14.1	4.1	5.6	3.4	2.9
Missouri	2,509	100.0	14.0	15.9	3.3	11.8	13.1	12.4	12.3	5.3	4.6	4.5	2.8
Montana	421	100.0	14.1	13.9	3.1	12.4	11.6	15.9	10.4	2.9	5.1	3.5	7.1
Nebraska	850	100.0	12.2	14.7	3.2	12.5	14.5	12.5	11.0	3.6	3.9	4.4	7.5
Nevada	834	100.0	15.2	11.5	2.8	13.0	13.4	21.3	11.1	1.9	4.2	4.1	1.4
New Hampshire	648	100.0	15.8	16.5	3.6	12.5	13.2	12.3	13.0	4.7	3.6	3.2	1.6
New Jersey	3,213	100.0	18.7	16.7	3.6	13.3	14.7	12.2	9.9	3.5	3.7	2.8	.9
New Mexico	700	100.0	14.6	15.2	3.8	12.7	11.7	16.6	12.2	2.3	4.4	3.2	3.3
New York	6,604	100.0	16.0	18.6	3.2	11.3	13.9	14.6	10.5	3.4	3.7	3.3	1.5
North Carolina	2,853	100.0	14.2	16.7	3.3	12.0	11.7	10.5	13.8	7.3	4.1	3.8	2.6
North Dakota	315	100.0	12.2	13.3	3.3	11.9	13.7	15.2	9.7	3.3	5.0	3.8	8.6
Ohio	4,898	100.0	16.0	15.3	3.2	11.0	13.7	13.1	11.0	6.0	4.3	4.3	1.8
Oklahoma	1,371	100.0	13.4	14.6	3.5	12.2	14.3	12.3	13.8	4.2	4.4	3.6	3.7
Oregon	1,568	100.0	16.2	16.2	2.9	11.8	12.7	13.1	10.6	4.2	3.9	3.8	4.7
Pennsylvania	5,253	100.0	15.4	16.4	3.7	11.6	14.0	12.2	10.7	5.4	4.5	4.3	1.9
Rhode Island	442	100.0	16.0	18.9	3.5	11.4	14.5	13.4	10.0	4.8	3.3	3.1	1.1
South Carolina	1,349	100.0	15.8	16.5	4.1	13.9	13.9	9.8	13.1	5.1	3.2	3.2	1.3
South Dakota	372	100.0	12.7	14.3	2.6	11.5	15.0	14.1	9.7	3.7	3.7	3.2	9.5
Tennessee	2,222	100.0	15.2	14.4	3.2	12.7	12.4	10.6	12.8	7.2	5.0	4.7	2.0
Texas	8,398	100.0	15.0	14.5	3.3	13.1	13.5	12.5	12.9	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.2
Utah	1,024	100.0	15.5	15.3	4.0	11.9	14.1	11.9	12.0	4.2	4.1	4.2	2.8
Vermont	318	100.0	14.4	18.5	3.1	10.7	13.0	12.1	12.4	5.6	3.9	2.8	3.6
Virginia	2,689	100.0	19.0	19.7	3.7	10.8	12.5	9.8	11.6	3.7	3.9	3.4	2.0
Washington	2,514	100.0	15.5	17.7	4.1	12.5	12.5	12.8	10.1	3.8	4.3	3.5	3.3
West Virginia	769	100.0	11.8	14.4	4.7	11.4	12.6	15.4	12.7	4.6	6.5	4.4	1.5
Wisconsin	2,680	100.0	13.8	13.8	2.9	10.8	13.6	12.2	13.1	7.6	4.2	4.4	3.7
Wyoming	255	100.0	13.6	13.8	2.7	10.8	12.7	13.6	14.0	2.2	6.9	3.7	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Black													
United States	15,270	100.0	10.5	12.1	3.0	9.6	16.6	21.5	7.5	6.5	6.0	5.5	1.1
Alabama	452	100.0	7.0	9.5	3.5	9.3	12.9	19.9	8.8	12.0	8.2	7.2	1.8
Alaska	10	100.0	15.1	13.2	.3	6.8	20.5	25.5	4.7	.3	2.6	11.0	(1)
Arizona	69	100.0	14.8	11.3	1.6	11.4	18.5	22.6	7.8	(1)	5.7	6.4	(1)
Arkansas	171	100.0	6.2	11.5	1.3	9.0	12.1	23.4	8.3	12.3	7.4	5.9	2.5
California	1,050	100.0	15.8	15.0	3.1	10.5	19.5	16.9	5.7	3.1	5.2	4.0	1.2
Colorado	80	100.0	9.0	12.3	3.6	14.9	23.1	17.0	6.9	2.2	2.1	8.9	.1
Connecticut	171	100.0	9.9	9.2	3.2	9.2	21.0	25.9	6.0	6.7	5.2	3.0	.7
Delaware	82	100.0	12.4	13.3	2.7	6.6	22.3	17.6	6.7	7.0	6.1	4.3	1.0
District of Columbia	145	100.0	16.3	14.4	5.1	5.0	18.3	20.6	7.8	2.3	5.2	4.2	.8
Florida	1,031	100.0	8.8	12.0	2.5	9.2	15.4	26.1	6.3	4.3	6.5	6.3	2.4
Georgia	1,173	100.0	10.2	11.6	3.1	10.0	18.3	14.8	11.6	7.8	5.5	6.8	.5
Hawaii	9	100.0	9.6	15.8	9.7	10.9	8.8	26.9	8.1	2.2	4.4	2.7	.9
Illinois	762	100.0	10.4	13.9	2.2	10.6	18.5	21.8	6.4	5.2	6.3	4.3	.4
Indiana	192	100.0	8.4	10.5	2.3	9.5	16.4	17.7	8.6	8.6	6.9	10.2	.9
Iowa	23	100.0	6.8	15.8	2.8	4.5	18.7	28.1	8.2	4.4	3.5	7.2	(1)
Kansas	65	100.0	9.4	11.2	2.4	8.9	19.7	20.2	8.2	5.5	5.5	6.4	2.4
Kentucky	139	100.0	10.6	9.3	4.4	7.3	15.1	25.4	8.1	8.1	6.1	4.8	.9
Louisiana	529	100.0	6.2	10.6	3.2	11.3	10.5	26.4	10.4	5.6	7.2	6.4	2.1
Maine	3	100.0	11.8	9.1	8.1	6.9	11.9	14.6	20.8	10.0	4.1	2.7	(1)
Maryland	756	100.0	17.5	16.2	5.0	9.6	19.0	14.3	6.0	2.8	4.7	3.6	1.2
Massachusetts	217	100.0	7.5	13.1	3.5	8.2	12.7	31.2	6.9	6.1	5.5	4.6	.7
Michigan	561	100.0	9.5	12.2	3.0	12.0	16.5	19.0	7.4	11.2	4.2	4.4	.7
Minnesota	69	100.0	19.5	9.9	1.3	7.3	14.4	30.8	3.1	5.9	5.1	2.1	.6
Mississippi	386	100.0	6.3	8.3	1.9	7.5	10.2	21.5	12.0	17.2	6.5	7.1	1.6
Missouri	279	100.0	9.6	12.8	3.6	11.9	18.8	19.7	3.7	10.1	4.5	4.8	.6
Nebraska	27	100.0	9.7	9.9	3.5	15.1	20.4	24.3	3.5	5.1	4.2	4.2	(1)
Nevada	61	100.0	10.9	8.2	1.5	12.0	17.0	27.9	5.9	2.6	10.7	3.0	.3
New Hampshire	7	100.0	16.3	14.8	1.2	12.3	8.9	22.2	12.4	5.1	1.5	4.9	.4
New Jersey	539	100.0	11.0	12.4	3.0	8.3	18.2	23.0	6.5	6.0	6.6	4.7	.3
New Mexico	16	100.0	14.8	15.7	2.3	13.1	17.1	20.7	8.2	(1)	3.0	3.4	1.7
New York	1,268	100.0	10.8	13.3	2.6	8.1	17.9	27.8	6.9	3.5	4.7	4.1	.4
North Carolina	767	100.0	7.4	10.3	3.6	10.2	12.7	22.8	6.8	10.3	8.1	6.8	1.0
North Dakota	2	100.0	5.0	9.8	12.2	22.9	14.6	15.3	13.3	3.8	.7	1.2	1.2
Ohio	616	100.0	10.8	9.6	4.0	8.9	17.2	24.1	7.4	7.0	4.1	6.3	.6
Oklahoma	100	100.0	8.1	9.3	2.7	12.5	18.1	22.4	8.8	3.1	6.7	6.1	2.4
Oregon	24	100.0	20.2	10.1	6.4	14.3	8.5	27.3	1.8	3.3	1.9	4.4	1.8
Pennsylvania	429	100.0	9.9	14.3	3.1	8.9	17.2	25.7	5.6	3.9	6.8	3.4	1.2
Rhode Island	27	100.0	12.2	8.1	1.5	4.7	15.0	22.2	9.0	13.8	3.7	6.7	3.2
South Carolina	472	100.0	7.3	10.2	2.6	10.1	11.2	20.6	9.8	12.6	7.0	6.4	2.1
South Dakota	4	100.0	4.6	9.7	2.0	3.1	10.6	22.4	17.1	23.1	6.5	.9	(1)
Tennessee	431	100.0	8.9	9.4	2.3	9.8	18.5	19.7	7.9	8.3	5.9	8.6	.7
Texas	1,153	100.0	11.4	13.1	3.1	9.0	17.7	20.8	7.2	4.3	8.0	4.3	1.2
Utah	9	100.0	3.5	9.8	6.1	6.1	22.0	25.2	11.4	8.6	6.3	.9	(1)
Vermont	2	100.0	5.4	29.1	(1)	2.3	12.8	25.9	23.0	1.5	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	676	100.0	11.8	12.8	2.1	10.1	16.1	17.7	7.8	6.4	6.8	7.6	.8
Washington	87	100.0	11.2	7.1	6.1	12.3	17.7	16.3	11.6	4.6	3.2	8.6	1.3
West Virginia	15	100.0	10.4	7.3	2.5	11.4	14.8	26.8	6.0	6.4	7.3	6.3	.8
Wisconsin	106	100.0	8.0	8.3	2.2	7.7	16.3	30.1	5.0	11.9	4.8	5.3	.3
Wyoming	1	100.0	8.5	16.5	(1)	3.4	14.0	24.3	15.7	(1)	10.3	7.2	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Hispanic origin													
United States	14,714	100.0	7.8	6.8	2.3	9.5	12.3	20.4	14.8	9.0	4.7	7.6	4.7
Alabama	29	100.0	14.1	2.8	(¹)	12.5	8.6	17.4	15.3	17.3	5.4	3.5	3.0
Alaska	11	100.0	8.5	9.5	1.5	7.3	13.1	35.1	8.4	1.1	5.8	8.1	1.6
Arizona	541	100.0	7.1	5.7	2.6	10.9	13.0	19.4	15.3	5.7	5.0	8.9	6.4
Arkansas	32	100.0	5.7	2.9	2.8	4.9	10.6	9.3	13.8	29.5	2.0	10.5	8.0
California	4,586	100.0	7.9	5.8	2.2	9.7	12.2	19.5	13.9	10.0	4.9	7.5	6.5
Colorado	316	100.0	7.5	7.2	1.9	6.7	13.3	23.1	17.4	7.4	3.9	8.5	3.1
Connecticut	89	100.0	7.0	9.5	1.5	10.3	13.6	17.2	12.5	16.4	4.0	5.2	2.8
Delaware	21	100.0	9.3	5.3	.5	4.8	12.7	16.7	10.4	8.0	1.3	6.3	24.5
District of Columbia	18	100.0	12.8	14.2	2.5	3.7	8.1	33.2	14.7	2.6	.6	6.3	1.3
Florida	1,328	100.0	7.4	9.3	2.7	13.7	12.7	20.4	14.3	4.5	3.6	7.0	4.3
Georgia	145	100.0	8.3	6.7	1.5	8.9	9.3	15.0	17.8	11.6	5.8	9.4	5.6
Hawaii	19	100.0	9.7	10.4	.3	14.4	10.5	21.4	20.1	2.5	4.2	.8	5.7
Idaho	40	100.0	5.6	1.6	1.9	3.0	8.9	20.2	8.6	12.2	3.2	11.1	23.6
Illinois	573	100.0	9.4	5.4	2.0	8.1	12.2	17.6	13.4	17.1	5.1	7.0	2.7
Indiana	51	100.0	4.6	21.0	1.1	3.1	15.2	7.6	13.8	15.6	4.0	10.7	3.1
Iowa	43	100.0	1.8	4.2	1.5	3.5	10.2	13.4	18.8	22.4	3.6	17.9	2.7
Kansas	69	100.0	7.4	7.6	2.3	7.9	9.8	23.1	12.1	10.8	2.6	12.9	3.7
Kentucky	36	100.0	4.1	6.1	.8	7.4	10.4	11.0	10.5	17.2	2.3	9.2	21.0
Louisiana	44	100.0	15.9	18.7	.4	6.2	11.8	19.5	18.1	2.9	(¹)	6.0	.4
Maine	3	100.0	13.4	2.6	(¹)	10.6	27.3	25.7	4.2	3.0	7.6	5.6	(¹)
Maryland	141	100.0	8.5	12.0	2.9	5.3	10.5	28.5	17.4	5.2	2.4	5.0	2.3
Massachusetts	191	100.0	6.4	4.9	1.0	7.1	12.6	27.9	12.2	15.7	3.6	7.1	1.5
Michigan	133	100.0	8.5	5.6	1.0	9.0	13.1	18.2	12.7	15.7	3.4	9.7	2.9
Minnesota	53	100.0	4.7	8.2	2.5	10.9	7.7	33.4	7.7	14.6	.3	4.5	5.4
Mississippi	17	100.0	6.4	7.8	(¹)	11.2	7.4	23.9	14.4	20.4	2.2	4.9	1.4
Missouri	43	100.0	8.3	10.2	2.7	4.2	15.0	22.6	13.8	14.6	2.2	6.2	.4
Montana	8	100.0	9.1	5.1	.4	21.9	17.9	15.3	8.9	6.1	2.1	11.1	2.1
Nebraska	38	100.0	7.3	11.3	1.8	5.0	7.1	14.2	22.4	9.3	3.7	13.2	4.8
Nevada	162	100.0	6.3	4.6	1.2	9.2	7.3	39.6	12.0	4.5	3.4	7.8	4.3
New Hampshire	12	100.0	3.8	14.5	3.5	12.6	7.9	25.0	9.8	12.4	3.3	6.9	.2
New Jersey	442	100.0	9.3	6.3	2.9	8.6	15.9	21.8	10.4	11.6	5.7	6.1	1.4
New Mexico	305	100.0	9.7	7.7	2.7	11.1	12.5	22.8	14.8	3.7	5.4	5.5	4.2
New York	976	100.0	8.6	8.2	1.9	9.0	14.1	27.9	10.7	6.5	5.1	7.0	1.1
North Carolina	163	100.0	3.2	2.8	3.1	6.2	4.3	14.1	23.5	17.1	3.1	13.0	9.6
North Dakota	2	100.0	(¹)	4.1	(¹)	13.9	10.9	16.4	12.5	18.1	10.3	11.5	2.3
Ohio	97	100.0	9.8	7.3	3.7	6.3	9.9	29.0	8.9	13.5	5.0	4.4	2.2
Oklahoma	69	100.0	8.6	9.3	3.6	6.7	8.4	16.7	24.5	8.3	5.9	6.9	1.0
Oregon	114	100.0	6.6	7.7	1.4	5.4	9.5	19.9	8.8	9.6	3.4	8.4	19.6
Pennsylvania	132	100.0	8.3	7.1	2.2	10.0	10.9	21.4	8.5	13.1	4.4	9.4	4.7
Rhode Island	29	100.0	4.8	5.9	.9	7.0	11.3	17.1	12.6	26.9	2.5	6.6	4.5
South Carolina	27	100.0	8.1	6.5	2.1	8.5	3.8	15.8	30.8	14.6	.7	9.2	(¹)
South Dakota	4	100.0	4.3	9.5	(¹)	7.9	5.2	13.3	21.7	5.9	.7	14.4	17.1
Tennessee	67	100.0	8.3	12.2	2.4	(¹)	3.5	22.7	32.2	6.1	.6	11.2	.8
Texas	2,987	100.0	7.6	6.6	2.8	10.1	13.6	17.7	18.3	6.8	5.7	7.2	3.6
Utah	84	100.0	5.2	5.2	2.8	5.1	10.7	14.2	19.0	10.5	4.7	17.8	4.9
Vermont	2	100.0	11.0	16.3	1.3	13.2	1.9	32.0	1.9	(¹)	7.7	(¹)	14.7
Virginia	163	100.0	7.7	6.5	2.1	7.4	6.8	26.1	18.5	6.2	3.1	12.9	2.8
Washington	138	100.0	7.3	10.1	2.0	7.9	8.9	24.0	9.0	6.7	4.8	7.1	12.3
West Virginia	6	100.0	6.0	25.3	12.5	13.0	13.3	11.9	5.6	4.3	3.7	4.6	(¹)
Wisconsin	104	100.0	4.2	6.8	1.1	4.4	10.0	25.3	9.7	22.8	3.6	10.2	2.0
Wyoming	11	100.0	6.8	8.3	2.1	7.2	8.9	23.9	22.2	3.9	4.5	7.4	4.9

¹ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race

and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										
			Total ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government	
					Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
United States	141,362	137,998	108,713	8,188	19,553	11,947	7,606	8,020	27,618	8,193	36,572	19,548	3,363
Alabama	2,137	2,094	1,663	120	387	221	165	115	435	119	477	307	43
Alaska	322	319	208	21	10	(⁵)	7	28	55	9	75	83	(⁵)
Arizona	2,415	2,351	1,782	188	234	178	56	131	495	178	548	388	64
Arkansas	1,222	1,180	894	56	209	109	100	67	251	57	252	195	42
California	17,286	16,759	12,787	939	2,271	1,469	802	897	3,230	922	4,505	2,353	528
Colorado	2,288	2,243	1,782	161	233	149	84	160	452	143	621	287	45
Connecticut	1,714	1,693	1,352	70	252	177	75	75	305	144	505	219	(⁵)
Delaware	418	410	338	26	56	20	36	20	74	47	115	53	(⁵)
District of Columbia	277	275	188	11	7	(⁵)	6	16	28	15	110	71	(⁵)
Florida	7,646	7,456	6,085	546	622	409	213	436	1,748	533	2,193	912	190
Georgia	4,124	4,051	3,307	255	626	267	359	360	805	219	1,040	514	(⁵)
Hawaii	603	583	432	32	19	(⁵)	14	47	132	35	167	105	20
Idaho	681	637	469	49	81	52	29	31	143	29	133	107	44
Illinois	6,328	6,226	5,161	357	1,049	625	425	445	1,184	405	1,714	742	102
Indiana	3,100	3,026	2,508	173	701	495	206	158	597	164	707	353	74
Iowa	1,586	1,505	1,170	73	280	160	120	77	301	103	332	225	81
Kansas	1,378	1,329	1,021	69	179	107	72	91	263	81	332	229	49
Kentucky	1,960	1,896	1,470	93	290	176	114	116	388	84	467	302	63
Louisiana	2,035	1,997	1,530	142	181	88	93	122	423	98	504	332	37
Maine	682	669	509	40	85	46	39	29	139	38	178	90	13
Maryland	2,829	2,790	2,022	187	190	92	98	155	514	161	815	607	(⁵)
Massachusetts	3,275	3,240	2,599	163	419	280	139	151	587	220	1,059	410	(⁵)
Michigan	5,161	5,061	4,136	280	1,116	878	237	190	1,028	247	1,272	628	101
Minnesota	2,812	2,693	2,148	146	431	260	171	141	525	176	718	339	119
Mississippi	1,291	1,262	961	66	241	138	102	66	246	59	264	206	29
Missouri	2,960	2,883	2,324	209	409	245	164	200	586	180	738	380	77
Montana	464	434	302	24	29	19	(⁵)	22	100	19	105	83	30
Nebraska	927	862	671	42	102	54	48	48	187	66	223	130	64
Nevada	1,019	1,005	837	88	44	29	15	63	190	51	389	114	14
New Hampshire	688	677	548	39	124	89	35	29	145	35	174	78	(⁵)
New Jersey	4,169	4,134	3,353	204	544	251	293	309	768	355	1,171	546	(⁵)
New Mexico	834	813	569	50	55	36	(⁵)	41	180	30	193	175	21
New York	8,797	8,696	6,692	433	973	550	423	497	1,532	651	2,597	1,407	101
North Carolina	3,987	3,889	3,093	270	759	379	380	184	779	200	895	526	98
Ohio	5,842	5,750	4,683	283	1,014	684	330	288	1,210	304	1,567	719	92
Oklahoma	1,662	1,607	1,205	90	220	137	83	93	308	71	395	265	55
Oregon	1,786	1,709	1,318	99	257	179	77	94	350	83	434	240	76
Pennsylvania	6,057	5,949	4,876	293	981	592	389	335	1,165	350	1,734	677	108
Rhode Island	502	497	407	22	79	52	27	24	102	31	149	63	(⁵)
South Carolina	1,941	1,916	1,473	123	339	190	149	105	392	85	428	319	(⁵)
South Dakota	404	368	274	18	43	27	16	17	78	25	91	63	37
Tennessee	2,811	2,767	2,183	171	466	291	175	188	574	136	642	375	(⁵)
Texas	10,419	10,119	7,856	684	1,232	686	546	696	2,158	551	2,400	1,459	300
Utah	1,112	1,085	843	86	140	86	53	60	220	56	271	166	27
Vermont	334	323	249	18	52	36	16	13	62	14	90	42	11
Virginia	3,667	3,602	2,768	240	414	222	193	198	666	242	1,002	667	(⁵)
Washington	2,986	2,900	2,243	174	344	253	91	170	647	162	742	428	86
West Virginia	828	818	643	48	99	58	41	52	166	31	217	129	(⁵)
Wisconsin	2,985	2,886	2,381	180	629	374	255	133	584	157	696	324	99
Wyoming	271	255	176	17	13	(⁵)	7	17	52	10	48	55	15

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										
			Total ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government	
					Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
EMPLOYED													
United States	135,073	131,929	103,305	7,590	18,530	11,315	7,215	7,690	26,064	7,967	34,922	19,127	3,144
Alabama	2,033	1,993	1,572	105	362	207	155	112	409	118	458	301	40
Alaska	302	299	193	18	9	(⁵)	6	27	51	9	70	79	(⁵)
Arizona	2,307	2,247	1,691	180	220	167	53	124	465	173	522	378	60
Arkansas	1,164	1,125	847	51	196	103	93	65	236	56	240	190	39
California	16,435	15,985	12,110	885	2,131	1,381	749	855	3,059	893	4,267	2,299	450
Colorado	2,210	2,166	1,714	154	225	142	83	154	434	139	595	281	43
Connecticut	1,661	1,640	1,304	67	245	171	74	74	291	139	488	216	(⁵)
Delaware	404	396	326	25	54	19	35	20	70	46	111	52	(⁵)
District of Columbia	260	258	175	10	7	(⁵)	6	15	25	14	104	68	(⁵)
Florida	7,309	7,134	5,800	517	591	388	203	410	1,663	515	2,097	889	175
Georgia	3,966	3,898	3,167	242	599	256	343	352	760	213	998	505	(⁵)
Hawaii	577	559	412	29	18	(⁵)	13	45	124	34	161	102	18
Idaho	648	606	443	44	76	49	28	29	136	28	127	104	42
Illinois	6,006	5,910	4,874	323	989	589	399	428	1,105	389	1,634	720	96
Indiana	2,970	2,899	2,390	160	667	470	197	151	566	159	679	347	72
Iowa	1,535	1,455	1,126	67	271	155	115	74	289	102	319	221	80
Kansas	1,322	1,274	973	63	173	104	69	87	247	80	317	224	48
Kentucky	1,860	1,800	1,386	85	274	166	107	112	362	82	441	294	60
Louisiana	1,928	1,893	1,439	130	167	81	86	118	390	95	481	326	35
Maine	657	645	488	36	81	44	37	28	133	37	172	88	12
Maryland	2,722	2,684	1,933	176	184	88	96	151	480	157	784	595	(⁵)
Massachusetts	3,163	3,131	2,500	155	396	265	132	142	564	217	1,025	402	(⁵)
Michigan	4,901	4,809	3,906	252	1,056	834	222	180	960	244	1,212	614	91
Minnesota	2,710	2,595	2,061	135	416	251	165	135	503	173	691	331	116
Mississippi	1,225	1,200	909	62	226	131	95	65	229	58	251	201	25
Missouri	2,830	2,756	2,206	195	390	235	156	193	551	171	706	374	75
Montana	444	414	286	22	27	17	(⁵)	21	96	18	100	80	29
Nebraska	899	836	647	40	100	53	47	47	178	65	216	129	64
Nevada	969	955	791	81	41	27	13	60	179	48	371	111	14
New Hampshire	664	654	526	37	118	85	34	28	139	35	168	77	(⁵)
New Jersey	4,004	3,971	3,207	193	519	240	279	296	727	345	1,126	535	(⁵)
New Mexico	798	778	541	46	51	34	(⁵)	39	170	29	185	169	20
New York	8,402	8,307	6,356	396	916	517	399	473	1,454	629	2,480	1,376	95
North Carolina	3,773	3,680	2,900	250	704	354	349	176	727	193	844	516	94
Ohio	5,606	5,517	4,466	261	960	644	316	279	1,150	295	1,503	710	88
Oklahoma	1,602	1,548	1,151	83	211	131	81	91	291	70	378	262	54
Oregon	1,680	1,609	1,230	88	241	171	71	90	320	80	410	232	71
Pennsylvania	5,786	5,685	4,635	262	936	562	374	322	1,099	342	1,659	660	101
Rhode Island	480	475	388	20	74	49	25	24	97	30	143	62	(⁵)
South Carolina	1,843	1,820	1,384	109	317	177	140	101	370	82	404	315	(⁵)
South Dakota	392	356	264	17	41	25	16	17	75	25	88	62	36
Tennessee	2,692	2,649	2,078	160	443	279	165	183	540	132	614	364	(⁵)
Texas	9,955	9,667	7,452	643	1,176	655	521	664	2,022	535	2,283	1,430	289
Utah	1,067	1,041	803	81	133	83	50	57	211	53	257	164	26
Vermont	323	312	239	17	50	35	16	13	58	13	87	41	11
Virginia	3,548	3,484	2,658	230	401	213	188	193	630	237	964	660	(⁵)
Washington	2,804	2,724	2,091	153	320	235	85	161	600	157	695	415	80
West Virginia	792	782	612	42	94	54	40	49	158	29	210	126	(⁵)
Wisconsin	2,854	2,759	2,266	163	599	352	247	128	552	156	667	317	95
Wyoming	261	245	167	16	12	(⁵)	6	16	50	10	46	54	15

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										
			Total ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government	
					Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
UNEMPLOYED													
United States	6,289	6,069	5,407	598	1,024	632	391	329	1,554	226	1,650	421	220
Alabama	104	101	91	15	25	15	10	4	26	1	20	6	3
Alaska	20	20	15	3	1	(⁵)	1	1	4	(⁶)	4	4	(⁵)
Arizona	108	104	91	8	15	11	3	6	30	5	26	11	4
Arkansas	59	55	48	4	13	6	7	2	15	1	12	5	4
California	851	773	677	54	140	87	53	42	171	29	238	54	78
Colorado	78	76	68	7	8	7	2	5	18	3	26	7	2
Connecticut	53	52	48	3	7	5	1	1	14	5	17	4	(⁵)
Delaware	14	14	12	1	2	1	1	(⁶)	4	1	4	1	(⁵)
District of Columbia	17	17	13	1	(⁶)	(⁵)	(⁶)	1	3	1	6	3	(⁵)
Florida	338	323	285	29	31	21	10	26	85	17	96	23	15
Georgia	158	153	140	13	27	11	16	8	45	6	41	9	(⁵)
Hawaii	26	24	20	3	1	(⁵)	1	2	8	(⁶)	7	3	2
Idaho	32	31	26	5	4	3	1	2	8	1	6	3	2
Illinois	322	316	287	34	61	36	25	17	79	15	80	22	6
Indiana	130	127	118	12	34	25	9	7	31	5	28	7	2
Iowa	51	49	44	6	9	5	4	3	12	1	13	4	1
Kansas	56	55	48	6	6	3	3	4	16	1	14	5	1
Kentucky	100	97	84	8	16	10	6	5	25	2	26	8	3
Louisiana	107	104	90	12	14	7	8	5	33	3	23	7	3
Maine	25	24	21	4	4	2	2	1	6	1	5	2	1
Maryland	107	106	89	10	6	4	2	3	34	4	31	12	(⁵)
Massachusetts	112	109	99	9	22	15	7	8	23	3	33	8	(⁵)
Michigan	261	251	230	28	60	45	15	10	68	4	60	13	10
Minnesota	101	98	86	12	16	10	6	6	22	3	27	8	3
Mississippi	66	62	52	5	14	7	7	1	17	1	13	6	5
Missouri	130	127	118	14	19	10	8	7	35	9	33	6	3
Montana	20	20	16	3	2	2	(⁵)	1	5	(⁶)	5	2	1
Nebraska	27	27	24	2	2	1	1	1	9	1	8	2	1
Nevada	50	50	45	7	3	2	1	3	11	3	18	3	(⁶)
New Hampshire	24	23	21	2	6	5	1	(⁶)	6	1	6	1	(⁵)
New Jersey	165	163	146	11	25	11	14	14	41	10	45	12	(⁵)
New Mexico	36	35	28	3	4	3	(⁵)	2	10	1	8	6	1
New York	394	388	336	38	57	33	24	24	78	22	117	32	6
North Carolina	214	209	193	21	55	24	30	8	52	6	51	10	5
Ohio	236	233	217	22	53	39	14	10	59	8	64	9	3
Oklahoma	60	59	54	7	9	6	2	2	17	1	17	3	1
Oregon	106	101	87	11	15	9	7	4	30	3	24	7	5
Pennsylvania	271	264	241	31	45	30	15	13	66	8	76	16	7
Rhode Island	22	22	19	2	5	3	2	1	5	1	6	2	(⁵)
South Carolina	98	96	89	15	22	13	9	4	23	2	24	3	(⁵)
South Dakota	13	12	10	1	2	1	(⁶)	(⁶)	3	(⁶)	3	1	1
Tennessee	120	117	104	11	23	12	10	5	34	4	28	11	(⁵)
Texas	463	452	403	41	57	32	25	31	136	16	117	29	11
Utah	45	44	40	5	6	3	3	3	9	2	14	2	1
Vermont	12	11	10	1	2	1	(⁶)	(⁶)	3	(⁶)	3	1	(⁶)
Virginia	119	118	109	11	13	8	5	5	36	6	38	7	(⁵)
Washington	182	175	152	21	24	18	6	9	47	5	47	13	6
West Virginia	36	35	32	6	6	4	2	3	8	1	7	3	(⁵)
Wisconsin	131	127	115	17	30	22	8	5	32	1	29	7	4
Wyoming	10	10	8	1	1	(⁵)	1	1	3	(⁶)	2	1	(⁶)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										
			Total ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government	
					Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
United States	4.4	4.4	5.0	7.3	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.1	5.6	2.8	4.5	2.2	6.5
Alabama	4.8	4.8	5.5	12.3	6.5	6.6	6.3	3.2	6.0	1.2	4.1	2.0	6.0
Alaska	6.2	6.2	7.3	15.3	13.9	(⁵)	15.9	5.2	7.3	3.5	5.6	4.4	(⁵)
Arizona	4.5	4.4	5.1	4.4	6.2	6.3	5.7	4.7	6.1	2.8	4.8	2.7	6.4
Arkansas	4.8	4.6	5.4	7.8	6.0	5.5	6.5	3.5	6.0	1.5	4.8	2.5	9.2
California	4.9	4.6	5.3	5.8	6.2	5.9	6.6	4.7	5.3	3.2	5.3	2.3	14.7
Colorado	3.4	3.4	3.8	4.5	3.5	4.4	1.8	3.4	3.9	2.3	4.1	2.3	4.8
Connecticut	3.1	3.1	3.5	4.4	2.7	3.1	1.6	1.6	4.7	3.6	3.4	1.6	(⁵)
Delaware	3.4	3.4	3.7	4.0	3.6	6.3	2.1	2.1	5.5	1.7	3.6	1.4	(⁵)
District of Columbia	6.2	6.1	6.7	8.2	6.0	(⁵)	5.2	5.7	10.2	6.8	5.8	4.6	(⁵)
Florida	4.4	4.3	4.7	5.3	5.0	5.2	4.6	6.0	4.9	3.3	4.4	2.5	7.8
Georgia	3.8	3.8	4.2	5.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	2.1	5.6	2.5	4.0	1.8	(⁵)
Hawaii	4.3	4.2	4.7	8.2	5.0	(⁵)	5.9	4.0	5.9	.7	4.1	2.6	7.6
Idaho	4.8	4.8	5.6	10.8	5.3	6.0	3.9	5.6	5.3	2.0	4.9	2.8	3.5
Illinois	5.1	5.1	5.6	9.6	5.8	5.7	5.9	3.8	6.7	3.8	4.7	2.9	6.3
Indiana	4.2	4.2	4.7	7.2	4.9	5.1	4.2	4.6	5.1	3.1	3.9	1.9	3.2
Iowa	3.2	3.3	3.7	7.8	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.9	4.0	1.0	3.9	1.7	1.6
Kansas	4.0	4.1	4.7	8.6	3.5	3.1	4.0	4.5	5.9	1.7	4.4	2.0	2.4
Kentucky	5.1	5.1	5.7	8.4	5.6	5.6	5.6	4.1	6.5	2.4	5.6	2.6	5.0
Louisiana	5.2	5.2	5.9	8.5	7.9	7.5	8.2	3.7	7.7	3.0	4.6	2.0	7.8
Maine	3.7	3.6	4.1	8.8	5.2	4.5	6.0	4.3	4.2	1.9	2.9	1.9	9.4
Maryland	3.8	3.8	4.4	5.6	3.2	4.2	2.2	2.2	6.6	2.4	3.9	2.0	(⁵)
Massachusetts	3.4	3.4	3.8	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.6	3.9	1.3	3.1	1.9	(⁵)
Michigan	5.1	5.0	5.6	9.9	5.4	5.1	6.5	5.1	6.6	1.4	4.8	2.1	9.4
Minnesota	3.6	3.6	4.0	8.1	3.6	3.7	3.4	4.3	4.2	1.5	3.8	2.3	2.7
Mississippi	5.1	4.9	5.4	7.1	5.9	5.2	6.9	2.2	6.9	1.5	4.9	2.7	15.6
Missouri	4.4	4.4	5.1	6.8	4.5	4.2	5.1	3.7	6.1	4.9	4.4	1.5	3.5
Montana	4.4	4.5	5.4	10.9	7.4	10.0	(⁵)	5.8	4.7	1.1	4.9	2.9	2.9
Nebraska	3.0	3.1	3.6	4.6	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.8	4.9	1.6	3.4	1.2	1.4
Nevada	5.0	5.0	5.4	8.1	7.5	6.8	8.9	5.2	5.8	5.4	4.6	2.7	3.0
New Hampshire	3.4	3.4	3.9	5.5	4.6	5.1	3.6	1.6	3.9	2.6	3.6	1.7	(⁵)
New Jersey	4.0	4.0	4.4	5.5	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.4	5.4	2.9	3.8	2.1	(⁵)
New Mexico	4.3	4.3	4.9	6.4	7.1	7.6	(⁵)	3.7	5.7	1.8	4.1	3.3	3.2
New York	4.5	4.5	5.0	8.7	5.9	6.0	5.7	4.8	5.1	3.3	4.5	2.2	5.7
North Carolina	5.4	5.4	6.2	7.7	7.2	6.4	8.0	4.6	6.6	3.2	5.7	1.9	4.7
Ohio	4.0	4.1	4.6	7.8	5.3	5.7	4.3	3.3	4.9	2.8	4.1	1.2	3.5
Oklahoma	3.6	3.7	4.5	7.5	4.0	4.7	3.0	2.5	5.5	.9	4.3	1.2	1.9
Oregon	5.9	5.9	6.6	11.2	6.0	4.9	8.6	4.1	8.7	3.7	5.4	3.1	6.6
Pennsylvania	4.5	4.4	4.9	10.5	4.6	5.1	3.9	4.0	5.7	2.4	4.4	2.4	6.4
Rhode Island	4.5	4.4	4.8	9.8	6.3	6.2	6.4	3.1	5.2	2.1	3.8	2.5	(⁵)
South Carolina	5.0	5.0	6.0	11.9	6.4	6.6	6.0	3.5	5.8	2.6	5.7	1.0	(⁵)
South Dakota	3.1	3.2	3.7	6.7	4.2	5.1	2.8	2.7	4.0	1.9	3.2	2.2	2.2
Tennessee	4.3	4.2	4.8	6.3	4.9	4.3	5.8	2.5	5.9	3.0	4.4	2.8	(⁵)
Texas	4.4	4.5	5.1	6.0	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	6.3	3.0	4.9	2.0	3.8
Utah	4.1	4.1	4.7	5.4	4.4	3.4	6.1	4.9	4.2	4.2	5.1	1.3	5.2
Vermont	3.5	3.5	3.9	7.2	3.2	3.6	2.4	1.6	5.6	1.4	3.2	1.7	2.7
Virginia	3.3	3.3	4.0	4.5	3.2	3.8	2.6	2.7	5.4	2.3	3.8	1.0	(⁵)
Washington	6.1	6.0	6.8	12.0	7.0	7.3	6.3	5.1	7.2	2.9	6.4	3.1	7.3
West Virginia	4.3	4.3	4.9	12.7	5.7	7.0	3.8	5.5	4.7	3.8	3.2	2.1	(⁵)
Wisconsin	4.4	4.4	4.8	9.7	4.7	5.8	3.1	4.0	5.5	.8	4.2	2.2	4.1
Wyoming	3.7	3.9	4.7	7.8	6.4	(⁵)	7.5	3.8	5.4	.8	4.8	2.3	1.5

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Includes private household workers, self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining.

³ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining, excludes agricultural workers.

⁴ Includes mining, excludes private household workers.

⁵ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See

appendix B.

⁶ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for a state are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular state, based on the sample in that state. See appendix B. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
TOTAL														
United States	135,073	100.0	97.7	76.5	5.6	13.7	8.4	5.3	5.7	19.3	5.9	25.9	14.2	2.3
Alabama	2,033	100.0	98.0	77.3	5.2	17.8	10.2	7.6	5.5	20.1	5.8	22.5	14.8	2.0
Alaska	302	100.0	99.2	64.0	5.8	2.9	.8	2.1	8.8	17.0	2.9	23.4	26.2	.8
Arizona	2,307	100.0	97.4	73.3	7.8	9.5	7.2	2.3	5.4	20.2	7.5	22.6	16.4	2.6
Arkansas	1,164	100.0	96.7	72.7	4.4	16.9	8.8	8.0	5.6	20.2	4.8	20.6	16.3	3.3
California	16,435	100.0	97.3	73.7	5.4	13.0	8.4	4.6	5.2	18.6	5.4	26.0	14.0	2.7
Colorado	2,210	100.0	98.0	77.6	7.0	10.2	6.4	3.8	7.0	19.6	6.3	26.9	12.7	2.0
Connecticut	1,661	100.0	98.7	78.5	4.0	14.8	10.3	4.5	4.4	17.5	8.4	29.4	13.0	1.3
Delaware	404	100.0	98.1	80.6	6.3	13.3	4.6	8.7	4.9	17.4	11.4	27.3	12.9	1.9
District of Columbia	260	100.0	99.4	67.4	3.9	2.7	.4	2.2	5.9	9.6	5.5	39.9	26.1	.6
Florida	7,309	100.0	97.6	79.4	7.1	8.1	5.3	2.8	5.6	22.7	7.1	28.7	12.2	2.4
Georgia	3,966	100.0	98.3	79.8	6.1	15.1	6.5	8.7	8.9	19.2	5.4	25.2	12.7	1.7
Hawaii	577	100.0	96.8	71.3	5.1	3.1	.8	2.2	7.8	21.6	5.9	27.8	17.7	3.2
Idaho	648	100.0	93.5	68.3	6.8	11.8	7.5	4.3	4.5	20.9	4.3	19.5	16.1	6.5
Illinois	6,006	100.0	98.4	81.2	5.4	16.5	9.8	6.7	7.1	18.4	6.5	27.2	12.0	1.6
Indiana	2,970	100.0	97.6	80.5	5.4	22.5	15.8	6.6	5.1	19.1	5.4	22.9	11.7	2.4
Iowa	1,535	100.0	94.8	73.4	4.4	17.6	10.1	7.5	4.8	18.9	6.7	20.8	14.4	5.2
Kansas	1,322	100.0	96.4	73.6	4.8	13.1	7.9	5.2	6.6	18.7	6.1	24.0	17.0	3.6
Kentucky	1,860	100.0	96.8	74.5	4.6	14.7	8.9	5.8	6.0	19.5	4.4	23.7	15.8	3.2
Louisiana	1,928	100.0	98.2	74.7	6.8	8.6	4.2	4.4	6.1	20.2	4.9	24.9	16.9	1.8
Maine	657	100.0	98.2	74.3	5.6	12.3	6.7	5.6	4.2	20.3	5.6	26.2	13.5	1.8
Maryland	2,722	100.0	98.6	71.0	6.5	6.8	3.2	3.5	5.6	17.6	5.8	28.8	21.9	1.4
Massachusetts	3,163	100.0	99.0	79.0	4.9	12.5	8.4	4.2	4.5	17.8	6.9	32.4	12.7	1.0
Michigan	4,901	100.0	98.1	79.7	5.1	21.5	17.0	4.5	3.7	19.6	5.0	24.7	12.5	1.9
Minnesota	2,710	100.0	95.7	76.1	5.0	15.3	9.2	6.1	5.0	18.5	6.4	25.5	12.2	4.3
Mississippi	1,225	100.0	98.0	74.2	5.0	18.5	10.7	7.8	5.3	18.7	4.7	20.5	16.4	2.0
Missouri	2,830	100.0	97.4	78.0	6.9	13.8	8.3	5.5	6.8	19.5	6.1	24.9	13.2	2.6
Montana	444	100.0	93.4	64.4	4.9	6.1	3.9	2.2	4.6	21.6	4.2	22.6	18.1	6.6
Nebraska	899	100.0	92.9	71.9	4.4	11.1	5.9	5.3	5.2	19.8	7.2	24.0	14.3	7.1
Nevada	969	100.0	98.6	81.7	8.3	4.2	2.8	1.4	6.2	18.5	4.9	38.3	11.4	1.4
New Hampshire	664	100.0	98.5	79.2	5.6	17.8	12.7	5.1	4.3	21.0	5.2	25.2	11.6	1.5
New Jersey	4,004	100.0	99.2	80.1	4.8	13.0	6.0	7.0	7.4	18.2	8.6	28.1	13.4	.8
New Mexico	798	100.0	97.4	67.8	5.8	6.4	4.2	2.2	4.9	21.3	3.7	23.2	21.2	2.6
New York	8,402	100.0	98.9	75.6	4.7	10.9	6.2	4.7	5.6	17.3	7.5	29.5	16.4	1.1
North Carolina	3,773	100.0	97.5	76.8	6.6	18.6	9.4	9.3	4.7	19.3	5.1	22.4	13.7	2.5
North Dakota	329	100.0	91.5	66.8	4.7	7.3	4.5	2.8	5.2	20.3	4.7	23.6	17.9	8.5
Ohio	5,606	100.0	98.4	79.7	4.7	17.1	11.5	5.6	5.0	20.5	5.3	26.8	12.7	1.6
Oklahoma	1,602	100.0	96.6	71.8	5.2	13.2	8.2	5.0	5.7	18.2	4.4	23.6	16.4	3.4
Oregon	1,680	100.0	95.8	73.2	5.2	14.4	10.2	4.2	5.3	19.0	4.7	24.4	13.8	4.2
Pennsylvania	5,786	100.0	98.3	80.1	4.5	16.2	9.7	6.5	5.6	19.0	5.9	28.7	11.4	1.7
Rhode Island	480	100.0	99.0	80.8	4.1	15.5	10.2	5.3	4.9	20.1	6.3	29.8	12.8	1.0
South Carolina	1,843	100.0	98.7	75.1	5.9	17.2	9.6	7.6	5.5	20.0	4.5	21.9	17.1	1.3
South Dakota	392	100.0	90.9	67.4	4.4	10.4	6.4	4.0	4.3	19.1	6.3	22.5	15.8	9.1
Tennessee	2,692	100.0	98.4	77.2	5.9	16.5	10.4	6.1	6.8	20.1	4.9	22.8	13.5	1.6
Texas	9,955	100.0	97.1	74.9	6.5	11.8	6.6	5.2	6.7	20.3	5.4	22.9	14.4	2.9
Utah	1,067	100.0	97.6	75.3	7.6	12.5	7.8	4.7	5.3	19.8	5.0	24.1	15.4	2.4
Vermont	323	100.0	96.7	74.1	5.1	15.6	10.7	4.8	4.0	18.0	4.1	27.0	12.8	3.3
Virginia	3,548	100.0	98.2	74.9	6.5	11.3	6.0	5.3	5.4	17.8	6.7	27.2	18.6	1.8
Washington	2,804	100.0	97.2	74.6	5.4	11.4	8.4	3.0	5.8	21.4	5.6	24.8	14.8	2.8
West Virginia	792	100.0	98.7	77.2	5.3	11.8	6.8	5.0	6.2	19.9	3.7	26.6	15.9	1.3
Wisconsin	2,854	100.0	96.7	79.4	5.7	21.0	12.3	8.6	4.5	19.3	5.5	23.3	11.1	3.3
Wyoming	261	100.0	94.2	64.3	6.0	4.5	2.2	2.3	6.3	19.0	3.7	17.5	20.7	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
Men														
United States	72,080	100.0	96.8	78.1	9.5	17.5	11.4	6.1	7.5	19.2	4.4	19.3	11.4	3.2
Alabama	1,069	100.0	97.2	79.3	9.2	23.4	15.2	8.2	7.6	18.4	3.5	16.5	11.5	2.8
Alaska	163	100.0	99.2	66.3	9.3	3.6	(⁵)	2.4	11.1	17.4	1.8	17.7	23.8	(⁵)
Arizona	1,288	100.0	96.9	74.4	12.0	11.8	9.3	2.5	6.5	20.7	5.4	17.5	14.3	3.1
Arkansas	595	100.0	95.5	74.1	7.4	21.1	12.2	8.9	8.1	21.5	2.8	13.0	12.8	4.5
California	9,014	100.0	96.2	75.7	9.0	15.7	10.7	5.0	6.6	18.6	3.8	21.7	11.1	3.8
Colorado	1,226	100.0	97.6	79.7	10.9	12.9	8.7	4.2	8.2	20.0	4.8	22.1	10.3	2.4
Connecticut	874	100.0	98.3	79.3	7.0	19.3	14.4	4.9	6.1	18.9	6.9	21.0	10.4	1.7
Delaware	209	100.0	97.1	81.4	10.5	17.5	7.1	10.4	7.4	17.8	8.4	19.8	10.7	2.9
District of Columbia	129	100.0	99.1	69.9	6.8	3.7	.5	3.2	7.4	10.5	5.8	35.6	23.4	.9
Florida	3,960	100.0	96.6	80.2	11.6	9.8	6.8	3.0	7.2	23.7	5.2	22.5	9.8	3.4
Georgia	2,098	100.0	97.6	82.5	10.5	19.0	9.1	9.9	11.6	19.0	3.9	18.4	8.6	2.4
Hawaii	300	100.0	95.9	71.4	8.8	3.2	1.1	2.2	9.0	19.7	4.8	25.8	16.4	4.1
Idaho	347	100.0	91.1	70.1	11.4	16.1	11.1	5.0	5.8	20.1	2.5	13.5	13.1	8.9
Illinois	3,179	100.0	97.9	83.1	9.1	21.0	12.8	8.2	9.3	18.4	5.1	20.0	9.6	2.1
Indiana	1,587	100.0	97.0	81.7	8.9	29.2	21.8	7.4	7.1	17.8	3.5	14.8	9.5	3.0
Iowa	803	100.0	92.5	73.8	7.6	22.8	13.8	9.1	6.2	18.6	4.8	13.4	11.4	7.5
Kansas	681	100.0	94.7	76.1	8.5	18.1	11.5	6.6	9.2	18.6	4.7	16.3	13.0	5.3
Kentucky	983	100.0	95.6	76.0	7.9	18.9	12.2	6.7	8.6	18.1	3.6	16.0	12.6	4.4
Louisiana	1,020	100.0	97.5	76.5	11.5	12.7	6.6	6.2	8.8	18.7	3.5	16.2	13.5	2.5
Maine	347	100.0	97.9	74.4	9.4	16.2	9.4	6.7	5.7	21.2	3.8	18.2	11.3	2.1
Maryland	1,399	100.0	98.1	74.3	11.2	9.4	4.9	4.5	7.8	18.4	4.6	22.8	18.8	1.9
Massachusetts	1,667	100.0	98.6	80.0	8.7	15.3	10.6	4.7	6.3	18.6	5.1	26.0	10.8	1.4
Michigan	2,610	100.0	97.7	82.6	8.8	29.1	24.1	5.0	4.9	19.6	3.4	16.8	9.0	2.3
Minnesota	1,431	100.0	94.1	77.2	8.5	20.3	12.3	8.1	5.9	18.5	5.0	18.4	9.4	5.9
Mississippi	625	100.0	97.2	74.9	8.8	21.9	13.8	8.1	8.1	16.9	3.6	12.9	13.8	2.8
Missouri	1,472	100.0	96.2	79.6	11.9	17.8	11.5	6.3	8.9	20.8	4.2	16.0	10.4	3.8
Montana	233	100.0	91.5	64.2	8.2	9.0	6.1	2.9	6.5	20.5	2.4	16.8	15.7	8.5
Nebraska	475	100.0	89.9	71.4	7.7	15.2	8.2	6.9	7.2	20.0	5.4	15.6	11.8	10.1
Nevada	534	100.0	98.1	83.7	13.0	5.2	3.6	1.6	8.0	18.5	3.1	33.7	8.9	1.9
New Hampshire	350	100.0	98.4	80.6	9.5	22.3	16.0	6.3	5.3	21.4	3.5	18.4	9.2	1.6
New Jersey	2,144	100.0	99.0	80.7	7.9	15.6	8.1	7.5	9.8	18.4	8.2	20.9	11.7	1.0
New Mexico	418	100.0	96.2	68.6	10.3	7.9	5.4	2.5	5.9	20.0	1.9	18.3	19.2	3.8
New York	4,427	100.0	98.5	77.7	8.2	13.6	8.4	5.2	7.6	17.9	7.2	23.0	13.9	1.5
North Carolina	1,980	100.0	96.6	77.7	11.1	21.8	12.0	9.8	6.2	19.1	3.9	15.4	11.0	3.4
North Dakota	170	100.0	86.4	64.1	8.1	9.9	6.6	3.3	7.5	21.2	3.0	12.7	14.9	13.6
Ohio	2,923	100.0	97.9	80.6	8.0	23.9	16.9	7.0	7.0	18.6	3.9	18.7	11.0	2.1
Oklahoma	869	100.0	95.2	72.8	8.9	17.9	11.8	6.1	7.3	17.4	2.9	16.4	13.4	4.8
Oregon	900	100.0	94.5	75.9	8.3	19.7	14.5	5.2	7.2	18.4	3.1	19.1	10.4	5.5
Pennsylvania	3,050	100.0	97.7	80.9	7.7	21.6	14.0	7.5	7.7	18.6	4.7	20.3	9.3	2.3
Rhode Island	246	100.0	98.3	80.9	7.0	19.3	13.0	6.4	7.0	21.4	4.7	21.4	11.4	1.7
South Carolina	937	100.0	97.9	79.6	10.6	22.6	13.6	9.0	7.8	19.8	3.1	15.7	11.4	2.1
South Dakota	203	100.0	87.0	65.8	7.7	13.6	7.9	5.6	6.4	19.1	4.3	14.3	13.7	13.0
Tennessee	1,448	100.0	97.8	78.4	9.8	20.0	13.3	6.8	9.2	19.5	3.2	16.4	10.5	2.2
Texas	5,517	100.0	96.1	77.2	10.6	14.9	8.7	6.2	8.4	20.1	4.0	17.3	10.7	3.9
Utah	603	100.0	96.7	78.7	12.2	15.6	10.7	4.9	7.2	18.4	3.4	20.2	12.1	3.3
Vermont	167	100.0	95.8	75.0	8.9	19.7	14.4	5.3	5.8	18.8	2.8	18.6	9.4	4.2
Virginia	1,846	100.0	97.8	76.4	11.4	14.8	8.6	6.1	7.7	17.2	4.1	21.0	17.2	2.2
Washington	1,493	100.0	96.5	76.3	9.1	16.0	12.3	3.7	7.6	20.8	3.7	18.7	12.6	3.5
West Virginia	427	100.0	98.2	78.9	9.0	17.8	10.8	7.0	9.2	17.7	2.1	16.7	13.3	1.8
Wisconsin	1,509	100.0	95.6	79.8	9.8	26.8	16.7	10.1	6.1	18.4	3.6	15.1	9.1	4.4
Wyoming	138	100.0	92.5	68.2	10.0	6.1	3.2	2.9	9.4	16.6	2.2	11.7	15.8	7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries										Agriculture	
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										Government
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
Women														
United States	62,992	100.0	98.6	74.6	1.2	9.3	4.9	4.4	3.6	19.5	7.6	33.3	17.3	1.4
Alabama	964	100.0	98.9	75.2	.7	11.5	4.6	7.0	3.1	22.1	8.4	29.1	18.4	1.1
Alaska	139	100.0	99.3	61.3	1.7	2.0	(⁵)	1.7	6.1	16.6	4.1	30.0	29.1	(⁵)
Arizona	1,018	100.0	98.0	72.0	2.5	6.7	4.6	2.1	4.0	19.5	10.2	29.1	19.1	2.0
Arkansas	569	100.0	97.9	71.3	1.3	12.5	5.3	7.2	2.9	19.0	7.0	28.7	20.0	2.1
California	7,421	100.0	98.5	71.3	1.0	9.6	5.6	4.0	3.5	18.6	7.4	31.1	17.4	1.5
Colorado	983	100.0	98.6	75.0	2.1	6.8	3.6	3.2	5.5	19.2	8.2	33.0	15.7	1.4
Connecticut	788	100.0	99.2	77.7	.7	9.7	5.8	4.0	2.6	16.0	10.0	38.7	15.8	.8
Delaware	195	100.0	99.2	79.7	1.7	8.7	1.9	6.8	2.2	17.1	14.6	35.4	15.1	.8
District of Columbia	131	100.0	99.7	65.0	1.1	1.6	.3	1.3	4.3	8.8	5.2	44.1	28.8	.3
Florida	3,349	100.0	98.8	78.3	1.8	6.1	3.6	2.5	3.7	21.6	9.2	36.0	15.0	1.2
Georgia	1,869	100.0	99.0	76.8	1.1	10.7	3.5	7.2	5.8	19.4	7.0	32.8	17.3	1.0
Hawaii	278	100.0	97.9	71.1	1.1	2.9	.6	2.3	6.5	23.5	7.2	29.9	19.1	2.1
Idaho	301	100.0	96.3	66.2	1.4	6.8	3.3	3.5	3.1	21.9	6.4	26.5	19.6	3.7
Illinois	2,827	100.0	99.0	79.0	1.1	11.4	6.4	5.0	4.8	18.4	8.0	35.3	14.7	1.0
Indiana	1,383	100.0	98.2	79.0	1.4	14.7	8.9	5.8	2.8	20.5	7.5	32.1	14.1	1.8
Iowa	732	100.0	97.3	73.0	.9	11.9	6.1	5.8	3.4	19.1	8.7	29.0	17.7	2.7
Kansas	641	100.0	98.1	70.9	.8	7.8	4.0	3.8	3.8	18.8	7.5	32.2	21.1	1.9
Kentucky	876	100.0	98.1	73.0	.8	10.1	5.3	4.8	3.0	21.1	5.4	32.4	19.4	1.9
Louisiana	908	100.0	99.0	72.6	1.4	4.0	1.5	2.5	3.1	22.0	6.6	34.8	20.7	1.0
Maine	310	100.0	98.4	74.1	1.2	8.0	3.6	4.4	2.5	19.3	7.7	35.3	15.9	1.6
Maryland	1,323	100.0	99.2	67.6	1.4	4.0	1.5	2.5	3.1	16.8	7.0	35.2	25.1	.8
Massachusetts	1,496	100.0	99.4	78.0	.7	9.5	5.9	3.5	2.5	17.0	8.8	39.6	14.9	.6
Michigan	2,291	100.0	98.7	76.4	1.0	12.9	8.9	4.0	2.3	19.6	6.8	33.8	16.6	1.3
Minnesota	1,279	100.0	97.5	74.7	1.1	9.8	5.9	3.9	3.9	18.6	8.0	33.4	15.4	2.5
Mississippi	600	100.0	98.8	73.5	1.1	14.9	7.4	7.5	2.4	20.6	5.9	28.4	19.1	1.2
Missouri	1,359	100.0	98.6	76.2	1.5	9.5	4.8	4.7	4.6	18.0	8.1	34.6	16.2	1.4
Montana	210	100.0	95.4	64.5	1.1	2.9	1.4	1.5	2.5	22.7	6.1	29.0	20.7	4.6
Nebraska	424	100.0	96.3	72.5	.8	6.6	3.2	3.4	3.0	19.5	9.3	33.4	17.1	3.7
Nevada	434	100.0	99.2	79.2	2.5	2.9	1.8	1.2	3.8	18.4	7.1	44.0	14.6	.8
New Hampshire	315	100.0	98.5	77.7	1.3	12.8	9.1	3.8	3.2	20.5	7.1	32.8	14.2	1.5
New Jersey	1,860	100.0	99.4	79.4	1.3	9.9	3.6	6.3	4.7	17.9	9.1	36.5	15.3	.6
New Mexico	380	100.0	98.8	66.9	.9	4.8	2.9	1.9	3.8	22.8	5.6	28.6	23.4	1.2
New York	3,976	100.0	99.3	73.4	.9	7.9	3.7	4.2	3.4	16.6	7.8	36.8	19.1	.7
North Carolina	1,794	100.0	98.5	75.9	1.7	15.2	6.5	8.7	3.0	19.5	6.5	30.1	16.6	1.5
North Dakota	159	100.0	97.0	69.8	1.0	4.5	2.2	2.3	2.9	19.4	6.5	35.2	21.2	3.0
Ohio	2,683	100.0	99.0	78.6	1.0	9.8	5.6	4.2	2.7	22.6	6.8	35.6	14.5	1.0
Oklahoma	733	100.0	98.3	70.6	.8	7.6	3.9	3.7	3.8	19.1	6.1	32.1	19.8	1.7
Oregon	780	100.0	97.2	70.1	1.6	8.2	5.2	3.0	3.2	19.8	6.6	30.6	17.8	2.8
Pennsylvania	2,736	100.0	98.9	79.3	1.0	10.2	4.9	5.3	3.2	19.5	7.3	38.0	13.7	1.1
Rhode Island	234	100.0	99.7	80.7	1.1	11.5	7.4	4.2	2.7	18.8	8.1	38.6	14.3	.3
South Carolina	906	100.0	99.5	70.4	1.0	11.7	5.5	6.2	3.1	20.3	5.9	28.4	23.0	.5
South Dakota	189	100.0	95.0	69.1	.9	7.1	4.9	2.2	2.0	19.2	8.5	31.3	18.1	5.0
Tennessee	1,243	100.0	99.1	75.8	1.5	12.3	7.0	5.4	4.0	20.8	6.9	30.2	17.1	.9
Texas	4,438	100.0	98.4	72.0	1.3	8.0	4.0	4.0	4.6	20.5	7.0	29.9	19.0	1.6
Utah	464	100.0	98.7	70.9	1.7	8.4	4.0	4.4	2.9	21.5	7.1	29.2	19.7	1.3
Vermont	155	100.0	97.6	73.1	1.1	11.1	6.8	4.3	2.1	17.3	5.6	36.0	16.4	2.4
Virginia	1,702	100.0	98.6	73.4	1.1	7.5	3.2	4.4	3.0	18.3	9.4	33.9	20.1	1.4
Washington	1,311	100.0	97.9	72.6	1.3	6.1	3.9	2.2	3.7	22.1	7.7	31.7	17.4	2.1
West Virginia	365	100.0	99.4	75.2	1.0	4.9	2.2	2.7	2.7	22.5	5.5	38.1	18.9	.6
Wisconsin	1,346	100.0	97.8	78.9	1.1	14.5	7.5	7.0	2.6	20.4	7.5	32.6	13.3	2.2
Wyoming	122	100.0	96.1	59.8	1.4	2.7	1.0	1.7	2.8	21.7	5.3	24.0	26.2	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries										Agriculture	
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers										Government
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
White														
United States	113,220	100.0	97.4	76.4	6.1	13.8	8.5	5.3	5.5	19.5	5.9	25.1	13.6	2.6
Alabama	1,563	100.0	97.9	77.6	5.8	16.5	9.7	6.8	5.6	20.3	6.4	22.5	13.8	2.1
Alaska	242	100.0	99.1	64.7	6.1	3.0	(⁵)	2.1	9.0	17.4	2.8	23.0	24.6	(⁵)
Arizona	2,101	100.0	97.3	73.6	8.1	9.2	7.0	2.2	5.3	20.1	7.5	22.9	16.0	2.7
Arkansas	974	100.0	96.5	73.9	4.8	16.1	8.4	7.7	5.9	20.9	5.0	21.0	14.3	3.5
California	13,270	100.0	96.8	73.5	6.2	12.4	7.7	4.8	5.1	19.0	5.3	25.2	13.3	3.2
Colorado	2,051	100.0	97.9	77.4	7.1	10.3	6.5	3.8	6.8	19.5	6.2	27.0	12.5	2.1
Connecticut	1,450	100.0	98.6	78.1	4.3	14.9	10.5	4.4	4.3	17.5	8.2	28.8	12.7	1.4
Delaware	315	100.0	97.8	81.0	7.2	13.0	4.6	8.4	4.3	19.2	10.8	26.5	11.7	2.2
District of Columbia	107	100.0	99.2	70.2	3.4	3.4	.3	3.2	3.8	8.4	6.1	45.1	21.0	.8
Florida	6,133	100.0	97.5	79.6	7.6	8.1	5.3	2.8	5.5	23.2	7.1	28.1	11.4	2.5
Georgia	2,707	100.0	97.7	79.2	6.7	14.7	6.3	8.5	8.5	18.7	5.8	24.6	12.2	2.3
Hawaii	178	100.0	96.6	68.0	4.9	2.8	1.0	1.9	8.4	18.4	5.9	27.5	14.9	3.4
Idaho	632	100.0	93.3	68.5	6.8	11.8	7.5	4.2	4.6	21.2	4.4	19.3	15.7	6.7
Illinois	5,020	100.0	98.1	81.4	6.0	17.4	10.4	7.0	6.9	18.9	6.4	25.7	11.2	1.9
Indiana	2,746	100.0	97.4	80.3	5.6	22.6	15.9	6.7	4.9	19.5	5.3	22.3	11.4	2.6
Iowa	1,474	100.0	94.6	73.7	4.5	17.7	10.3	7.4	4.9	19.2	6.7	20.5	13.8	5.4
Kansas	1,219	100.0	96.1	73.6	5.0	12.9	7.6	5.3	6.5	18.9	6.1	23.9	16.5	3.9
Kentucky	1,707	100.0	96.5	74.8	4.9	14.9	9.0	5.9	6.1	19.7	4.5	23.1	15.0	3.5
Louisiana	1,377	100.0	98.1	74.1	7.0	8.7	4.2	4.4	5.8	19.1	5.6	24.1	16.5	1.9
Maine	646	100.0	98.1	74.2	5.6	12.3	6.7	5.6	4.2	20.3	5.7	26.1	13.5	1.9
Maryland	1,854	100.0	98.5	72.3	7.6	7.5	3.7	3.7	5.3	18.6	6.0	27.3	19.4	1.5
Massachusetts	2,842	100.0	98.9	78.5	5.2	12.5	8.1	4.4	4.5	17.9	6.9	31.5	12.8	1.1
Michigan	4,159	100.0	97.9	79.2	5.7	21.6	17.0	4.6	3.8	19.7	5.0	23.3	12.5	2.1
Minnesota	2,561	100.0	95.5	75.6	5.1	15.2	9.2	6.1	5.0	18.7	6.2	24.9	12.3	4.5
Mississippi	826	100.0	97.6	73.2	5.9	14.2	9.2	5.0	5.7	18.6	6.3	20.7	15.7	2.4
Missouri	2,509	100.0	97.1	77.7	7.5	13.4	8.3	5.1	6.9	19.5	5.9	24.3	12.8	2.9
Montana	421	100.0	93.0	64.7	4.9	6.2	3.9	2.3	4.8	21.5	4.2	22.6	17.2	7.0
Nebraska	850	100.0	92.5	71.3	4.5	10.9	5.7	5.2	5.3	19.5	7.2	23.7	14.4	7.5
Nevada	834	100.0	98.5	81.2	8.9	4.4	2.9	1.5	6.0	18.6	5.1	36.8	11.5	1.5
New Hampshire	648	100.0	98.4	78.9	5.6	17.6	12.5	5.0	4.3	20.8	5.2	25.2	11.7	1.6
New Jersey	3,213	100.0	99.0	79.9	5.5	13.2	6.1	7.1	6.9	18.9	8.7	26.6	13.0	1.0
New Mexico	700	100.0	97.2	68.5	5.7	6.6	4.3	2.3	5.0	21.2	4.0	23.7	20.0	2.8
New York	6,604	100.0	98.6	75.5	5.0	11.7	7.0	4.7	5.3	18.0	7.6	27.8	16.2	1.4
North Carolina	2,853	100.0	97.3	76.7	7.3	18.5	9.5	9.0	4.3	19.2	5.0	22.3	12.7	2.7
North Dakota	315	100.0	91.1	67.3	4.6	7.2	4.4	2.8	5.5	20.7	4.8	23.4	17.0	8.9
Ohio	4,898	100.0	98.3	79.7	4.9	17.4	11.6	5.8	4.9	20.6	5.3	26.2	12.1	1.7
Oklahoma	1,371	100.0	96.4	71.5	5.3	12.7	8.3	4.5	5.4	18.4	4.6	23.3	15.9	3.6
Oregon	1,568	100.0	95.5	72.9	5.3	13.9	9.7	4.2	5.4	19.0	4.9	24.2	13.7	4.5
Pennsylvania	5,253	100.0	98.1	80.2	4.8	17.0	10.3	6.7	5.4	19.1	5.9	27.9	11.0	1.9
Rhode Island	442	100.0	99.1	80.5	4.3	15.0	9.8	5.2	4.9	20.4	6.3	29.6	13.0	.9
South Carolina	1,349	100.0	98.7	75.4	6.5	15.9	8.8	7.1	4.9	20.5	5.2	22.2	15.9	1.3
South Dakota	372	100.0	90.4	68.1	4.5	10.3	6.5	3.7	4.4	19.6	6.5	22.5	14.6	9.6
Tennessee	2,222	100.0	98.2	77.4	6.7	17.1	11.3	5.8	6.1	20.0	5.2	21.9	12.3	1.8
Texas	8,398	100.0	96.7	74.6	7.2	11.7	6.6	5.1	6.4	20.6	5.4	22.0	14.0	3.3
Utah	1,024	100.0	97.6	75.1	7.7	12.4	7.8	4.6	5.3	19.8	5.0	24.0	15.6	2.4
Vermont	318	100.0	96.7	73.9	5.2	15.4	10.6	4.8	4.1	18.1	4.2	26.8	12.9	3.3
Virginia	2,689	100.0	97.7	74.3	7.3	11.0	6.1	4.9	5.2	17.6	6.0	27.0	18.4	2.3
Washington	2,514	100.0	97.0	74.4	5.7	11.2	8.2	3.0	5.9	21.3	5.7	24.4	14.5	3.0
West Virginia	769	100.0	98.8	77.0	5.4	11.6	6.6	5.0	6.2	19.8	3.8	26.5	16.0	1.2
Wisconsin	2,680	100.0	96.5	79.4	6.0	21.1	12.4	8.7	4.6	19.4	5.6	22.7	10.8	3.5
Wyoming	255	100.0	94.1	64.3	5.8	4.5	2.2	2.3	6.4	19.0	3.7	17.5	20.6	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
Black														
United States	15,270	100.0	99.3	75.7	3.2	12.4	6.8	5.6	7.3	17.4	5.8	29.5	19.3	.7
Alabama	452	100.0	98.5	75.9	2.9	22.4	11.8	10.6	5.3	19.6	3.8	21.8	18.5	1.5
Alaska	10	100.0	100.0	70.6	3.2	.8	(⁵)	.8	15.0	17.0	4.5	30.0	27.5	(⁵)
Arizona	69	100.0	98.6	74.6	1.1	4.9	2.9	2.0	11.6	25.5	11.2	20.4	15.2	1.4
Arkansas	171	100.0	97.7	64.7	2.6	20.7	11.2	9.5	3.5	16.3	4.2	17.4	28.7	2.3
California	1,050	100.0	99.4	67.0	1.9	8.5	5.4	3.1	7.6	13.9	6.0	29.2	26.1	.6
Colorado	80	100.0	99.9	80.7	3.5	9.8	5.7	4.1	11.6	22.7	8.2	24.9	13.8	.1
Connecticut	171	100.0	99.9	81.6	2.3	10.9	7.3	3.6	6.2	17.1	9.9	35.2	15.2	.1
Delaware	82	100.0	99.3	79.2	3.1	14.3	4.7	9.6	7.4	11.2	13.8	29.4	17.4	.7
District of Columbia	145	100.0	99.5	65.5	4.5	2.1	.4	1.6	7.7	10.4	4.8	36.0	29.7	.5
Florida	1,031	100.0	98.0	76.9	4.4	7.6	4.5	3.1	6.4	19.6	7.2	31.5	17.1	2.0
Georgia	1,173	100.0	99.5	80.7	4.9	16.1	6.7	9.4	9.8	19.8	4.4	25.8	14.5	.5
Hawaii	9	100.0	100.0	66.3	1.6	5.2	1.3	3.8	10.4	13.9	2.2	33.2	28.9	(⁶)
Illinois	762	100.0	99.8	77.0	2.1	9.8	4.7	5.0	10.0	15.2	6.4	33.6	19.1	.2
Indiana	192	100.0	99.3	81.7	3.6	17.3	12.5	4.8	8.2	14.9	6.2	31.5	15.9	.7
Iowa	23	100.0	100.0	70.3	2.8	11.8	2.6	9.1	5.2	12.1	2.8	35.7	17.7	(⁶)
Kansas	65	100.0	98.4	71.6	2.3	13.9	10.0	3.9	8.5	16.0	4.9	25.8	24.5	1.6
Kentucky	139	100.0	99.6	69.9	1.5	12.6	8.3	4.3	5.5	17.3	4.3	28.6	26.3	.4
Louisiana	529	100.0	98.4	76.2	6.2	8.6	4.2	4.4	6.8	23.2	3.5	27.0	17.9	1.6
Maine	3	100.0	100.0	81.6	(⁶)	30.7	24.1	6.5	6.1	13.6	(⁶)	31.3	18.4	(⁶)
Maryland	756	100.0	99.0	67.1	3.8	4.9	1.9	3.0	6.2	15.1	5.7	31.4	28.6	1.0
Massachusetts	217	100.0	99.4	81.3	2.3	10.7	9.0	1.7	4.9	15.9	5.7	41.8	13.9	.6
Michigan	561	100.0	99.5	81.4	2.2	20.5	16.9	3.5	3.8	19.3	5.9	29.8	14.3	.5
Minnesota	69	100.0	99.1	80.7	2.1	10.0	6.3	3.7	5.1	14.7	6.2	42.7	14.9	.9
Mississippi	386	100.0	98.8	75.9	3.2	28.2	14.3	14.0	4.5	18.4	1.4	19.4	18.2	1.2
Missouri	279	100.0	99.5	78.5	2.0	15.4	8.0	7.4	6.9	18.1	7.0	29.1	17.9	.5
Nebraska	27	100.0	100.0	85.8	2.3	10.8	5.2	5.6	6.8	22.0	7.7	36.1	11.4	(⁶)
Nevada	61	100.0	99.8	84.3	2.9	.5	.2	.3	11.9	17.9	4.7	46.3	13.3	.2
New Hampshire	7	100.0	100.0	88.0	(⁶)	19.7	16.0	3.7	1.7	24.2	3.3	39.0	8.8	(⁶)
New Jersey	539	100.0	99.9	77.3	2.3	11.4	6.1	5.3	9.7	13.7	8.4	31.6	18.3	.1
New Mexico	16	100.0	98.3	83.3	(⁶)	12.7	7.9	4.8	5.8	19.8	(⁶)	40.7	12.7	1.7
New York	1,268	100.0	99.9	73.8	3.5	6.5	3.1	3.5	6.4	12.1	6.6	38.6	20.3	.1
North Carolina	767	100.0	98.9	77.8	3.6	17.9	8.4	9.6	6.2	19.9	5.9	24.2	17.0	1.1
North Dakota	2	100.0	98.8	70.1	4.1	6.7	6.7	(⁶)	.7	25.3	6.5	26.8	26.6	1.2
Ohio	616	100.0	99.6	77.9	2.5	14.4	10.4	4.0	5.5	19.5	5.1	30.8	18.4	.4
Oklahoma	100	100.0	97.9	70.8	2.3	13.4	7.4	6.0	9.5	16.0	5.0	24.6	22.0	2.1
Oregon	24	100.0	99.1	69.5	.7	8.8	8.3	.5	8.3	13.6	4.3	33.8	21.5	.9
Pennsylvania	429	100.0	99.3	78.3	2.5	7.1	3.7	3.3	8.4	16.3	7.1	36.9	17.0	.7
Rhode Island	27	100.0	96.4	82.7	2.4	17.1	11.4	5.7	6.2	15.4	8.0	33.7	11.0	3.6
South Carolina	472	100.0	98.9	74.1	4.3	20.8	11.8	8.9	7.2	19.2	2.5	20.1	20.6	1.1
South Dakota	4	100.0	100.0	88.3	(⁶)	47.2	16.6	30.5	(⁶)	12.9	1.7	26.6	6.3	(⁶)
Tennessee	431	100.0	99.3	76.5	2.0	14.0	6.3	7.7	11.0	20.3	3.6	25.6	19.6	.7
Texas	1,153	100.0	99.3	75.2	2.9	10.4	5.1	5.4	9.1	18.9	5.8	27.3	19.0	.7
Utah	9	100.0	100.0	74.0	5.3	13.3	3.5	9.8	6.7	13.7	12.7	22.4	11.6	(⁶)
Vermont	2	100.0	100.0	94.3	1.5	35.6	32.8	2.8	1.6	8.5	(⁶)	47.1	4.2	(⁶)
Virginia	676	100.0	99.9	75.4	4.0	13.5	6.4	7.1	6.2	18.0	9.0	24.8	21.3	.1
Washington	87	100.0	98.7	81.9	4.6	10.3	7.3	2.9	4.8	21.9	5.1	35.2	13.1	1.3
West Virginia	15	100.0	99.2	83.1	.9	24.0	15.4	8.6	7.7	19.8	(⁶)	28.9	13.0	.8
Wisconsin	106	100.0	100.0	82.8	.8	18.1	12.1	6.0	4.1	17.3	4.1	38.4	13.7	(⁶)
Wyoming	1	100.0	100.0	67.7	4.5	11.6	(⁶)	11.6	(⁶)	23.9	5.3	14.4	30.3	(⁶)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
Hispanic origin														
United States	14,714	100.0	95.7	78.9	9.2	15.7	8.2	7.4	5.1	22.3	4.0	22.2	10.4	4.3
Alabama	29	100.0	97.2	82.8	5.8	35.0	7.2	27.7	1.3	27.2	4.7	8.7	6.8	2.8
Alaska	11	100.0	99.0	76.1	3.9	7.8	(⁵)	7.0	7.5	24.4	4.5	26.1	19.8	(⁵)
Arizona	541	100.0	94.2	72.8	9.8	10.5	7.3	3.2	5.8	23.0	5.7	17.9	15.2	5.8
Arkansas	32	100.0	93.8	87.0	7.2	46.9	12.8	34.0	1.5	14.4	2.6	14.4	3.3	6.2
California	4,586	100.0	93.8	76.1	8.2	16.7	9.0	7.7	4.9	21.8	3.1	21.4	10.4	6.2
Colorado	316	100.0	97.5	80.5	13.2	14.9	7.3	7.6	5.9	21.4	3.5	21.0	12.8	2.5
Connecticut	89	100.0	97.2	80.6	3.5	24.7	17.3	7.4	4.1	19.3	6.8	22.2	12.1	2.8
Delaware	21	100.0	93.7	89.9	7.2	13.0	3.6	9.4	.9	20.8	12.4	35.7	3.5	6.3
District of Columbia	18	100.0	98.7	85.7	16.8	1.6	.2	1.4	1.0	20.4	5.0	40.9	9.2	1.3
Florida	1,328	100.0	96.0	81.8	10.0	8.8	5.2	3.6	6.2	24.2	6.2	26.2	8.4	4.0
Georgia	145	100.0	93.3	85.3	14.0	22.6	7.1	15.5	10.0	20.0	3.2	15.5	6.6	6.7
Hawaii	19	100.0	97.7	74.6	9.4	3.9	1.1	2.8	11.5	18.6	5.0	26.3	14.9	2.3
Idaho	40	100.0	76.7	68.3	5.9	23.7	9.9	13.8	1.2	22.5	1.3	13.2	2.9	23.3
Illinois	573	100.0	98.0	88.4	6.2	28.1	16.6	11.6	5.1	23.7	4.0	20.9	6.4	2.0
Indiana	51	100.0	95.3	81.7	4.0	33.1	25.7	7.4	1.2	15.2	3.4	24.8	9.5	4.7
Iowa	43	100.0	97.1	89.6	4.3	50.8	8.5	42.3	4.4	14.2	1.4	14.5	2.4	2.9
Kansas	69	100.0	97.4	81.1	11.0	13.5	6.8	6.7	7.4	27.9	1.3	19.8	12.6	2.6
Kentucky	36	100.0	79.0	68.1	14.2	21.0	17.6	3.4	2.1	8.5	1.9	20.3	7.1	21.0
Louisiana	44	100.0	99.6	73.0	10.5	14.5	11.1	3.4	6.1	12.6	4.0	21.3	21.4	.4
Maine	3	100.0	100.0	74.2	(⁶)	4.2	4.2	(⁶)	1.9	30.9	12.9	24.3	14.3	(⁶)
Maryland	141	100.0	97.7	82.5	15.0	5.4	2.5	2.9	2.8	29.4	3.2	26.6	9.5	2.3
Massachusetts	191	100.0	99.1	85.4	6.1	24.1	12.5	11.6	2.7	22.5	1.9	28.1	8.3	.9
Michigan	133	100.0	96.7	82.6	13.4	22.2	14.9	7.3	1.9	25.7	2.6	16.8	11.4	3.3
Minnesota	53	100.0	95.7	88.5	3.9	22.4	18.8	3.6	2.4	36.1	9.4	14.2	5.7	4.3
Mississippi	17	100.0	98.6	87.0	7.6	34.2	17.2	17.0	1.0	21.3	.9	22.0	9.6	1.4
Missouri	43	100.0	99.6	82.7	10.2	14.6	8.6	6.1	12.1	20.9	(⁶)	24.9	8.8	.4
Montana	8	100.0	97.9	71.0	.6	6.3	1.9	4.4	3.2	38.1	4.9	16.8	19.2	2.1
Nebraska	38	100.0	97.1	79.9	11.2	28.0	7.6	20.4	4.0	12.1	2.2	22.5	12.2	2.9
Nevada	162	100.0	96.2	89.5	13.9	3.8	2.3	1.4	3.5	17.9	3.5	46.3	3.6	3.8
New Hampshire	12	100.0	99.8	82.0	2.3	25.9	19.2	6.7	6.1	19.2	6.1	22.4	13.1	.2
New Jersey	442	100.0	98.2	85.2	5.2	21.3	7.6	13.7	7.9	19.4	6.2	25.2	8.5	1.8
New Mexico	305	100.0	96.7	70.9	7.1	7.0	3.8	3.2	3.8	23.6	3.1	24.3	19.4	3.3
New York	976	100.0	99.2	81.2	5.4	11.3	5.6	5.7	5.9	23.4	6.6	28.7	9.9	.8
North Carolina	163	100.0	91.4	83.2	23.6	21.7	11.9	9.9	3.1	18.0	1.2	15.4	5.0	8.6
North Dakota	2	100.0	93.7	82.5	11.8	28.4	15.3	13.0	1.5	25.1	(⁶)	15.8	1.5	6.3
Ohio	97	100.0	98.6	81.4	7.8	16.8	12.1	4.7	2.0	27.8	6.0	20.9	12.4	1.4
Oklahoma	69	100.0	97.8	85.4	12.5	22.2	17.9	4.3	3.1	20.8	1.2	24.4	8.8	2.2
Oregon	114	100.0	79.5	66.2	3.9	20.6	10.9	9.7	3.6	19.3	1.9	16.8	9.7	20.5
Pennsylvania	132	100.0	97.0	84.9	4.5	19.2	13.6	5.6	3.1	25.2	5.1	27.7	8.2	3.0
Rhode Island	29	100.0	97.5	88.0	2.1	35.9	26.3	9.6	3.8	19.1	3.6	23.5	6.3	2.5
South Carolina	27	100.0	100.0	84.5	23.7	23.0	11.8	11.3	1.4	14.2	(⁶)	22.1	7.6	(⁶)
South Dakota	4	100.0	86.3	66.5	2.6	38.4	6.9	31.5	1.1	11.3	3.7	9.5	3.4	13.7
Tennessee	67	100.0	100.0	90.5	26.1	20.9	9.0	11.9	3.3	18.8	(⁶)	21.5	2.7	(⁶)
Texas	2,987	100.0	96.8	77.1	11.2	14.0	6.6	7.4	5.4	22.5	3.9	19.3	12.4	3.2
Utah	84	100.0	95.7	86.2	12.4	28.4	12.7	15.8	5.8	17.5	3.8	17.9	6.6	4.3
Vermont	2	100.0	85.4	82.5	5.3	10.9	3.2	7.7	(⁶)	10.3	8.3	47.6	1.7	14.7
Virginia	163	100.0	97.7	84.5	19.0	4.5	2.5	2.1	7.0	22.1	4.2	27.6	9.0	2.3
Washington	138	100.0	89.0	71.0	7.7	9.6	6.5	3.0	3.0	26.6	3.7	20.5	10.6	11.0
West Virginia	6	100.0	94.1	78.9	3.5	18.2	13.6	4.6	6.2	21.1	5.1	24.7	15.2	5.9
Wisconsin	104	100.0	98.4	89.3	2.6	35.3	17.5	17.8	2.2	23.0	2.8	23.4	6.3	1.6
Wyoming	11	100.0	96.0	70.4	10.9	3.0	1.4	1.6	5.2	20.4	1.4	21.0	18.8	4.0

¹ Includes private household workers, self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining.

² Includes private household workers, self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining. Excludes agriculture.

³ Includes mining.

⁴ Excludes private household workers.

⁵ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

⁶ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Totals for the summary groups published include other industries, not shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 18. States: Employed persons by class of worker, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total ¹	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total ¹	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed	
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal		State and local
United States	135,073	3,144	1,884	1,233	131,929	123,235	104,108	803	19,127	3,254	15,872	8,594
Alabama	2,033	40	24	15	1,993	1,888	1,587	14	301	51	250	105
Alaska	302	2	(²)	(²)	299	273	194	1	79	19	60	26
Arizona	2,307	60	51	9	2,247	2,082	1,704	13	378	69	309	162
Arkansas	1,164	39	19	19	1,125	1,041	851	4	190	26	164	84
California	16,435	450	348	102	15,985	14,575	12,276	166	2,299	322	1,977	1,390
Colorado	2,210	43	35	8	2,166	2,007	1,727	12	281	59	222	159
Connecticut	1,661	21	13	8	1,640	1,527	1,311	7	216	15	200	113
Delaware	404	8	5	2	396	379	327	1	52	7	45	17
District of Columbia	260	2	1	(²)	258	245	177	2	68	44	24	13
Florida	7,309	175	125	50	7,134	6,738	5,849	49	889	136	753	392
Georgia	3,966	69	43	26	3,898	3,690	3,186	19	505	103	401	206
Hawaii	577	18	14	4	559	516	414	3	102	32	70	42
Idaho	648	42	25	17	606	553	448	6	104	21	83	52
Illinois	6,006	96	52	43	5,910	5,615	4,895	21	720	102	618	292
Indiana	2,970	72	34	37	2,899	2,744	2,398	8	347	57	290	152
Iowa	1,535	80	37	41	1,455	1,353	1,132	6	221	25	196	102
Kansas	1,322	48	20	28	1,274	1,203	979	6	224	35	189	70
Kentucky	1,860	60	30	30	1,800	1,690	1,396	10	294	54	240	109
Louisiana	1,928	35	21	13	1,893	1,775	1,449	9	326	55	271	116
Maine	657	12	6	5	645	580	492	4	88	15	74	64
Maryland	2,722	37	27	10	2,684	2,542	1,947	13	595	286	309	142
Massachusetts	3,163	32	25	7	3,131	2,917	2,514	14	402	61	341	212
Michigan	4,901	91	51	40	4,809	4,545	3,931	25	614	61	553	260
Minnesota	2,710	116	44	66	2,595	2,404	2,073	12	331	43	288	189
Mississippi	1,225	25	12	12	1,200	1,116	915	6	201	23	178	82
Missouri	2,830	75	27	46	2,756	2,589	2,215	9	374	75	299	166
Montana	444	29	13	15	414	370	289	3	80	17	63	44
Nebraska	899	64	19	44	836	779	651	4	129	16	112	56
Nevada	969	14	11	3	955	905	794	3	111	14	97	49
New Hampshire	664	10	7	3	654	607	530	3	77	12	65	47
New Jersey	4,004	33	30	3	3,971	3,763	3,228	21	535	82	453	207
New Mexico	798	20	14	6	778	718	549	8	169	42	127	59
New York	8,402	95	68	27	8,307	7,814	6,438	82	1,376	157	1,219	486
North Carolina	3,773	94	70	22	3,680	3,431	2,915	15	516	58	458	245
North Dakota	329	28	8	19	301	280	221	1	59	11	48	21
Ohio	5,606	88	50	38	5,517	5,199	4,489	23	710	100	611	315
Oklahoma	1,602	54	16	38	1,548	1,419	1,157	6	262	59	203	127
Oregon	1,680	71	51	20	1,609	1,470	1,238	7	232	40	192	139
Pennsylvania	5,786	101	54	44	5,685	5,320	4,660	25	660	118	543	361
Rhode Island	480	5	4	1	475	451	389	1	62	11	51	24
South Carolina	1,843	24	17	7	1,820	1,711	1,395	11	315	36	280	108
South Dakota	392	36	10	25	356	327	265	1	62	11	51	29
Tennessee	2,692	42	19	24	2,649	2,455	2,091	13	364	72	292	193
Texas	9,955	289	152	133	9,667	8,962	7,531	79	1,430	189	1,242	692
Utah	1,067	26	20	6	1,041	971	807	4	164	38	127	69
Vermont	323	11	6	5	312	283	242	3	41	6	35	29
Virginia	3,548	64	44	19	3,484	3,339	2,679	21	660	247	412	144
Washington	2,804	80	51	28	2,724	2,522	2,107	17	415	56	359	199
West Virginia	792	10	6	4	782	742	616	5	126	22	104	39
Wisconsin	2,854	95	43	50	2,759	2,589	2,272	7	317	35	282	169
Wyoming	261	15	8	7	245	222	169	1	54	9	45	23

¹ Includes unpaid family workers.

² Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
United States	129,517	6,154	15,305	9,715	98,342	8,703	51,822	13,665	24,151	39.2	42.9
Alabama	1,955	73	214	146	1,522	109	892	180	340	39.6	42.7
Alaska	281	17	35	23	206	26	84	31	64	40.3	44.3
Arizona	2,231	91	244	178	1,718	123	935	229	431	39.7	43.1
Arkansas	1,112	47	127	80	858	83	468	111	196	39.3	42.8
California	15,786	720	1,911	1,230	11,926	848	6,914	1,373	2,790	38.8	42.6
Colorado	2,116	101	252	153	1,610	121	785	255	449	39.6	43.5
Connecticut	1,586	82	209	123	1,173	139	539	181	314	39.0	43.3
Delaware	388	19	45	30	295	34	153	40	68	39.0	42.2
District of Columbia	251	8	20	20	203	13	123	21	45	40.3	42.3
Florida	7,056	235	740	459	5,622	419	3,255	626	1,323	40.0	42.9
Georgia	3,843	140	344	216	3,142	216	1,832	379	716	40.2	42.9
Hawaii	550	28	75	48	399	31	235	42	91	38.4	42.4
Idaho	617	45	83	53	436	46	193	77	120	38.4	43.4
Illinois	5,763	282	668	419	4,394	381	2,373	627	1,013	39.0	42.7
Indiana	2,856	136	343	223	2,153	178	1,060	351	565	39.4	43.3
Iowa	1,475	92	191	117	1,076	96	465	200	315	39.2	43.7
Kansas	1,273	84	171	93	924	84	410	153	277	39.1	43.9
Kentucky	1,767	77	206	131	1,353	141	665	215	331	39.4	43.0
Louisiana	1,840	69	208	124	1,440	136	798	184	322	39.9	43.0
Maine	629	36	83	56	454	48	197	84	125	38.8	43.0
Maryland	2,597	135	276	208	1,978	162	1,044	276	496	39.5	42.8
Massachusetts	3,032	153	379	257	2,243	218	1,204	294	526	38.5	42.6
Michigan	4,667	265	610	366	3,427	293	1,718	560	856	38.7	43.1
Minnesota	2,588	174	341	227	1,846	181	808	329	528	38.7	43.6
Mississippi	1,183	51	132	84	916	73	524	111	208	39.6	42.7
Missouri	2,719	136	323	221	2,039	167	1,067	299	506	39.0	42.6
Montana	423	30	56	37	301	30	133	49	90	39.2	44.1
Nebraska	866	55	116	64	630	61	244	114	211	40.0	45.1
Nevada	932	29	86	64	753	49	477	76	150	39.8	42.3
New Hampshire	637	34	84	56	464	51	193	89	130	39.1	43.6
New Jersey	3,845	163	455	270	2,958	317	1,621	355	664	38.9	42.3
New Mexico	771	36	95	59	581	58	316	77	131	39.0	42.8
New York	8,005	371	961	552	6,120	816	3,233	703	1,368	38.8	42.4
North Carolina	3,629	141	371	262	2,855	247	1,580	382	646	39.6	42.6
North Dakota	316	20	42	27	227	21	103	34	69	39.6	44.3
Ohio	5,321	282	723	429	3,887	352	1,915	634	985	38.7	43.1
Oklahoma	1,545	77	178	105	1,185	86	625	155	319	39.8	43.5
Oregon	1,615	99	213	134	1,170	123	566	181	300	38.5	42.9
Pennsylvania	5,532	302	746	417	4,067	403	2,024	639	1,001	38.7	43.0
Rhode Island	454	26	63	47	317	40	143	54	80	38.1	42.5
South Carolina	1,778	75	186	114	1,403	136	792	185	289	39.2	42.3
South Dakota	377	24	51	29	273	24	116	44	88	39.8	44.8
Tennessee	2,587	124	299	195	1,969	182	1,030	267	491	39.3	42.9
Texas	9,555	350	972	668	7,564	606	3,884	1,085	1,989	40.4	43.4
Utah	1,029	79	157	84	709	61	347	110	191	37.5	43.1
Vermont	310	18	41	27	224	25	99	38	63	39.0	43.5
Virginia	3,409	145	346	236	2,683	222	1,448	368	645	39.6	42.7
Washington	2,684	163	364	245	1,913	173	947	305	487	38.2	42.7
West Virginia	756	32	84	57	584	58	310	78	138	39.6	43.0
Wisconsin	2,733	170	358	235	1,971	184	858	384	544	39.0	43.8
Wyoming	246	14	30	18	184	15	76	28	65	41.2	45.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Men											
United States	69,692	2,240	5,700	4,067	57,685	3,393	28,460	8,273	17,559	41.9	44.4
Alabama	1,035	28	79	57	871	43	472	109	247	42.2	44.3
Alaska	153	6	13	10	124	13	46	18	47	43.9	46.2
Arizona	1,259	40	110	82	1,027	48	540	128	312	41.6	44.2
Arkansas	573	16	50	33	473	32	238	65	138	41.8	44.2
California	8,728	275	772	558	7,122	377	3,940	841	1,964	41.0	43.5
Colorado	1,181	37	92	60	992	55	449	162	327	42.4	44.7
Connecticut	839	33	68	44	694	46	303	112	234	42.2	44.9
Delaware	203	7	16	13	167	11	82	25	49	41.6	43.7
District of Columbia	125	3	8	8	105	5	61	10	28	41.8	43.5
Florida	3,851	83	302	191	3,276	162	1,771	366	977	42.3	44.3
Georgia	2,050	51	130	84	1,786	81	951	218	537	42.7	44.4
Hawaii	288	12	30	22	224	14	125	25	60	40.4	43.6
Idaho	334	14	28	22	270	19	111	49	91	42.3	44.8
Illinois	3,077	102	244	176	2,556	146	1,284	391	735	41.7	44.1
Indiana	1,543	47	140	87	1,268	69	576	212	412	42.2	44.7
Iowa	778	30	70	43	635	41	240	121	234	42.7	45.7
Kansas	660	29	59	37	535	31	219	91	193	42.5	45.6
Kentucky	944	29	76	55	785	47	359	133	245	42.3	44.7
Louisiana	978	26	75	42	835	46	417	121	251	43.3	45.3
Maine	335	15	30	23	268	17	105	53	93	41.8	44.7
Maryland	1,342	45	92	85	1,120	70	539	161	349	42.4	44.3
Massachusetts	1,613	49	113	97	1,354	76	697	188	394	41.9	44.2
Michigan	2,511	96	219	160	2,036	111	940	356	628	41.5	44.4
Minnesota	1,379	62	124	92	1,102	70	465	195	372	41.9	45.0
Mississippi	607	19	46	33	510	27	259	68	155	42.6	44.7
Missouri	1,428	50	128	89	1,162	65	566	178	353	41.6	44.0
Montana	224	10	23	15	176	12	71	29	64	42.5	45.9
Nebraska	461	19	42	26	374	23	127	67	157	44.1	47.3
Nevada	517	12	35	29	441	20	265	46	109	41.6	43.5
New Hampshire	338	11	29	21	277	19	107	54	97	42.4	45.1
New Jersey	2,076	63	147	119	1,747	114	912	214	506	41.7	43.8
New Mexico	406	13	34	25	333	24	168	46	96	41.7	44.2
New York	4,260	142	325	231	3,562	295	1,833	445	989	41.6	43.8
North Carolina	1,914	55	142	109	1,607	101	830	216	460	41.8	43.9
North Dakota	165	7	14	10	134	7	53	20	53	43.8	46.8
Ohio	2,811	88	255	178	2,289	133	1,048	383	725	42.0	44.7
Oklahoma	843	29	77	46	689	37	327	95	231	42.3	45.2
Oregon	870	34	79	56	701	52	323	111	215	41.4	44.0
Pennsylvania	2,941	98	251	167	2,425	147	1,137	397	743	42.0	44.6
Rhode Island	234	10	20	19	185	14	77	34	59	41.4	44.1
South Carolina	913	25	69	44	775	41	417	109	207	41.7	43.7
South Dakota	198	8	18	11	160	9	60	26	66	44.0	47.4
Tennessee	1,396	49	128	88	1,131	64	555	156	356	41.7	44.4
Texas	5,335	131	404	300	4,500	257	2,118	644	1,482	42.9	44.9
Utah	586	25	59	38	464	30	209	74	150	41.2	44.4
Vermont	161	7	14	10	131	10	54	23	44	42.0	44.9
Virginia	1,785	57	125	93	1,509	84	775	209	441	41.9	44.0
Washington	1,440	59	131	104	1,147	77	546	180	344	41.0	43.7
West Virginia	412	13	30	25	344	19	178	46	101	42.2	44.4
Wisconsin	1,460	64	126	92	1,179	74	475	236	394	42.2	45.3
Wyoming	132	5	10	7	110	5	40	17	48	45.5	48.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Women											
United States	59,825	3,914	9,605	5,649	40,657	5,310	23,362	5,392	6,592	36.1	41.0
Alabama	920	45	135	89	651	66	419	71	94	36.8	40.7
Alaska	128	11	21	13	82	14	38	13	18	36.1	41.6
Arizona	972	51	134	96	691	75	395	102	119	37.2	41.4
Arkansas	540	31	77	47	385	51	230	47	57	36.6	41.0
California	7,059	445	1,139	672	4,804	471	2,975	532	826	36.2	41.2
Colorado	935	63	160	94	618	66	336	93	123	36.2	41.6
Connecticut	747	49	141	78	478	92	236	70	80	35.4	40.9
Delaware	186	11	29	17	128	23	71	15	19	36.0	40.2
District of Columbia	126	5	12	12	98	8	62	11	17	38.8	41.1
Florida	3,206	152	438	268	2,347	256	1,484	260	346	37.1	41.0
Georgia	1,792	90	214	132	1,356	135	881	161	178	37.3	40.9
Hawaii	262	17	44	26	175	17	110	17	32	36.2	41.0
Idaho	283	31	56	31	166	27	82	28	29	33.9	41.0
Illinois	2,685	180	424	243	1,839	235	1,089	237	278	35.9	40.7
Indiana	1,313	89	204	136	885	109	484	139	153	36.2	41.3
Iowa	697	61	121	74	441	55	225	80	81	35.3	41.0
Kansas	613	55	112	56	389	52	191	62	84	35.5	41.6
Kentucky	823	48	130	77	568	94	306	82	87	36.1	40.6
Louisiana	862	43	133	81	605	90	381	62	71	35.9	39.9
Maine	294	21	53	33	186	31	92	31	33	35.3	40.6
Maryland	1,255	90	184	123	857	91	505	114	147	36.3	40.8
Massachusetts	1,418	104	266	160	888	142	508	106	133	34.7	40.4
Michigan	2,156	169	390	206	1,391	182	778	204	228	35.3	41.3
Minnesota	1,209	112	217	135	744	111	343	134	156	35.1	41.6
Mississippi	575	32	85	52	406	46	265	43	53	36.4	40.3
Missouri	1,291	86	195	132	877	102	501	121	153	36.2	40.8
Montana	199	20	34	21	125	18	61	20	26	35.4	41.7
Nebraska	405	36	75	38	256	38	117	47	54	35.4	42.0
Nevada	414	17	50	35	312	29	212	30	41	37.4	40.7
New Hampshire	299	23	55	34	187	31	86	35	34	35.3	41.4
New Jersey	1,770	100	307	151	1,210	202	709	142	158	35.6	40.1
New Mexico	365	22	61	34	248	35	148	31	35	35.9	41.0
New York	3,745	229	636	321	2,558	521	1,400	258	379	35.7	40.3
North Carolina	1,716	86	229	153	1,248	146	750	166	186	37.2	41.1
North Dakota	151	12	28	17	94	13	50	13	16	35.0	40.9
Ohio	2,510	194	468	251	1,598	219	867	251	260	35.1	41.0
Oklahoma	702	47	101	58	495	48	299	60	88	36.7	41.3
Oregon	745	65	134	78	469	71	243	70	85	35.1	41.4
Pennsylvania	2,591	203	495	250	1,642	255	887	242	258	34.9	40.8
Rhode Island	219	17	43	27	132	25	66	20	21	34.6	40.4
South Carolina	866	50	117	70	628	95	375	76	82	36.6	40.7
South Dakota	180	16	33	18	113	16	56	18	22	35.1	41.3
Tennessee	1,191	75	171	107	838	117	475	111	135	36.5	41.0
Texas	4,220	219	569	368	3,064	349	1,767	441	507	37.3	41.2
Utah	443	54	98	46	245	30	138	36	41	32.6	40.8
Vermont	149	11	27	17	93	15	44	15	19	35.8	41.5
Virginia	1,624	88	221	143	1,173	138	673	159	204	37.2	41.1
Washington	1,243	104	233	141	766	96	401	125	144	35.1	41.2
West Virginia	345	19	53	33	240	39	132	32	37	36.5	41.1
Wisconsin	1,273	106	232	143	792	110	384	148	150	35.3	41.7
Wyoming	114	10	20	11	74	10	36	11	17	36.2	42.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
United States	6,633	1,335	2,630	642	2,026	411	1,198	206	211	25.3	39.0
Alabama	103	14	44	10	35	6	23	4	3	26.9	38.7
Alaska	16	3	6	1	6	1	3	1	1	28.5	40.6
Arizona	131	15	50	14	51	7	33	6	5	28.7	40.6
Arkansas	61	9	25	5	23	6	14	1	2	26.9	39.1
California	709	136	289	84	200	41	132	13	15	24.8	37.9
Colorado	112	18	42	9	43	6	26	5	5	27.5	40.1
Connecticut	75	22	33	4	16	3	9	2	2	21.9	40.1
Delaware	17	4	7	2	5	2	3	1	1	25.5	37.4
District of Columbia	6	1	2	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	(¹)	(¹)	28.8	40.5
Florida	346	41	144	32	129	27	82	9	11	27.5	38.4
Georgia	159	33	59	9	58	11	39	4	4	25.8	39.4
Hawaii	22	5	8	2	7	1	4	(¹)	1	25.7	39.2
Idaho	42	12	13	4	13	3	6	2	2	24.4	39.4
Illinois	297	64	127	25	81	12	52	8	10	24.5	39.4
Indiana	149	26	65	15	42	9	24	5	4	25.2	38.9
Iowa	86	25	36	8	18	3	9	2	4	22.4	39.4
Kansas	94	21	39	8	26	5	13	3	5	24.8	40.2
Kentucky	83	15	34	9	25	5	15	2	3	25.8	39.8
Louisiana	82	10	35	8	29	8	15	2	3	26.9	36.1
Maine	32	8	13	3	8	1	4	1	2	23.6	39.2
Maryland	120	25	32	10	52	8	34	5	5	27.7	39.1
Massachusetts	137	35	52	10	41	7	26	5	3	23.9	37.9
Michigan	294	74	124	25	71	19	39	8	5	23.0	38.6
Minnesota	173	51	67	14	40	8	19	7	6	22.6	40.5
Mississippi	44	9	21	4	11	2	7	1	2	24.2	39.7
Missouri	166	29	71	21	45	11	25	5	5	25.3	38.1
Montana	24	6	9	3	6	1	3	1	1	23.7	38.7
Nebraska	62	14	25	6	17	5	7	3	3	24.5	39.6
Nevada	45	5	16	4	20	3	13	2	2	29.4	40.0
New Hampshire	36	10	15	3	8	2	4	1	2	23.1	39.7
New Jersey	162	38	67	14	42	7	27	4	4	23.5	38.6
New Mexico	46	7	17	5	17	3	10	2	1	27.6	40.0
New York	322	80	127	25	91	20	50	8	14	24.4	39.6
North Carolina	176	26	71	18	61	12	40	4	5	26.6	39.0
North Dakota	23	5	10	2	6	1	3	(¹)	1	24.5	39.8
Ohio	322	71	137	34	80	20	44	10	7	23.9	38.4
Oklahoma	88	17	33	7	31	6	16	5	4	26.6	39.4
Oregon	82	18	29	10	25	5	15	3	2	25.4	38.6
Pennsylvania	290	71	119	26	73	18	35	11	10	23.6	39.7
Rhode Island	24	6	10	2	6	1	3	1	(¹)	23.1	38.2
South Carolina	80	17	29	6	28	7	16	3	2	25.8	38.4
South Dakota	26	7	10	3	7	2	3	1	1	24.1	39.4
Tennessee	126	22	48	15	40	6	27	3	4	26.4	39.4
Texas	492	65	181	60	185	37	110	18	19	28.3	39.7
Utah	88	23	31	9	26	6	15	3	2	24.3	38.9
Vermont	16	4	5	2	5	1	3	1	1	25.2	39.8
Virginia	145	28	48	15	54	9	36	5	5	26.8	39.3
Washington	147	29	56	15	47	10	25	7	4	25.7	39.0
West Virginia	37	7	14	4	11	3	6	1	1	25.5	38.1
Wisconsin	200	50	79	15	55	10	31	8	7	23.6	39.3
Wyoming	17	3	6	2	6	1	3	1	1	26.7	41.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
White											
United States	108,489	5,428	13,051	8,217	81,794	7,290	41,312	11,993	21,199	39.3	43.1
Alabama	1,508	58	166	108	1,177	79	655	148	295	40.0	43.2
Alaska	225	14	27	18	166	19	67	26	55	40.7	44.8
Arizona	2,031	81	216	165	1,569	111	842	216	400	39.8	43.1
Arkansas	932	39	104	68	721	71	376	96	178	39.6	43.1
California	12,727	611	1,571	1,031	9,514	718	5,343	1,148	2,306	38.8	42.6
Colorado	1,964	97	237	140	1,490	113	716	238	424	39.6	43.5
Connecticut	1,383	73	188	108	1,013	116	451	164	282	38.9	43.5
Delaware	303	16	36	24	228	25	112	33	57	38.9	42.4
District of Columbia	103	4	8	7	84	7	36	13	29	41.9	44.3
Florida	5,915	203	624	386	4,702	338	2,654	542	1,167	40.1	43.1
Georgia	2,616	104	235	147	2,130	137	1,168	272	553	40.4	43.4
Hawaii	167	10	28	15	114	11	55	13	34	38.2	43.2
Idaho	601	44	81	52	425	45	187	75	118	38.5	43.4
Illinois	4,819	251	571	346	3,652	320	1,884	552	896	39.1	42.9
Indiana	2,639	131	318	208	1,983	163	956	329	535	39.4	43.4
Iowa	1,417	88	180	113	1,036	92	441	195	308	39.3	43.8
Kansas	1,173	81	156	84	851	76	365	145	266	39.2	44.1
Kentucky	1,621	72	191	121	1,236	130	595	201	310	39.4	43.0
Louisiana	1,314	54	150	79	1,032	91	544	136	260	40.3	43.7
Maine	619	36	81	55	447	47	193	83	124	38.8	43.0
Maryland	1,761	114	205	148	1,294	121	602	204	368	39.1	43.1
Massachusetts	2,721	139	346	230	2,005	202	1,027	279	497	38.6	42.8
Michigan	3,957	233	530	311	2,884	250	1,381	500	753	38.6	43.3
Minnesota	2,443	165	325	216	1,737	172	744	316	505	38.8	43.7
Mississippi	802	38	89	53	622	49	329	85	159	40.0	43.4
Missouri	2,411	126	293	191	1,802	150	910	275	467	39.1	42.8
Montana	402	28	52	35	286	28	123	47	88	39.4	44.3
Nebraska	818	53	109	61	595	58	224	110	202	40.1	45.2
Nevada	802	26	76	56	644	43	399	68	134	39.8	42.5
New Hampshire	621	33	82	55	451	50	186	88	128	39.1	43.6
New Jersey	3,080	142	375	219	2,344	260	1,222	302	560	38.9	42.5
New Mexico	677	31	84	52	510	50	270	69	121	39.1	43.0
New York	6,281	316	775	445	4,745	600	2,386	607	1,151	38.9	42.7
North Carolina	2,744	108	276	202	2,157	183	1,145	305	525	39.8	42.9
North Dakota	302	19	40	25	218	20	98	33	68	39.7	44.4
Ohio	4,648	254	631	383	3,380	304	1,599	586	891	38.8	43.3
Oklahoma	1,321	69	154	87	1,012	71	522	137	281	39.8	43.7
Oregon	1,507	95	200	126	1,086	115	519	171	282	38.4	43.0
Pennsylvania	5,019	288	686	376	3,669	364	1,787	589	929	38.6	43.1
Rhode Island	418	25	59	42	292	37	129	51	75	38.1	42.6
South Carolina	1,299	60	139	83	1,017	96	546	145	229	39.3	42.6
South Dakota	359	23	49	27	260	23	108	43	86	39.9	45.0
Tennessee	2,135	109	247	158	1,622	153	810	231	428	39.4	43.1
Texas	8,065	299	837	573	6,356	532	3,154	931	1,739	40.5	43.5
Utah	987	77	150	80	680	59	333	106	182	37.4	43.1
Vermont	305	18	40	27	221	25	97	37	62	39.0	43.4
Virginia	2,582	116	260	174	2,032	167	1,042	297	525	39.8	42.9
Washington	2,403	151	325	214	1,712	157	828	282	445	38.2	42.7
West Virginia	734	31	82	56	566	56	300	77	133	39.6	43.0
Wisconsin	2,568	160	337	221	1,849	170	782	370	526	39.1	44.0
Wyoming	240	14	29	17	180	15	73	27	64	41.2	45.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Black											
United States	14,668	481	1,549	1,077	11,562	1,076	7,462	1,141	1,882	38.9	41.5
Alabama	429	15	43	36	335	29	230	32	44	38.6	41.1
Alaska	9	(¹)	1	1	7	(¹)	4	1	2	40.3	43.0
Arizona	67	3	6	5	53	4	29	6	13	40.4	44.3
Arkansas	163	7	21	10	125	10	84	13	17	38.1	41.0
California	1,002	32	112	69	788	51	528	70	138	39.0	41.7
Colorado	77	1	7	7	63	4	39	9	11	40.3	42.3
Connecticut	165	6	17	13	130	20	74	13	24	39.1	41.6
Delaware	78	3	8	6	61	8	38	6	10	38.8	41.0
District of Columbia	140	3	12	12	113	7	84	8	14	39.1	40.8
Florida	1,001	28	102	67	804	70	532	72	130	39.4	41.8
Georgia	1,141	35	104	66	936	74	621	97	143	39.4	41.7
Hawaii	9	1	1	1	6	(¹)	4	1	2	39.2	45.3
Illinois	728	23	75	60	569	51	382	54	82	38.5	41.1
Indiana	186	5	22	14	145	12	92	18	23	39.4	42.4
Iowa	22	1	3	2	17	2	9	2	3	38.2	41.3
Kansas	63	2	9	6	46	6	29	5	6	36.8	40.4
Kentucky	132	5	13	10	105	11	64	12	18	39.1	41.8
Louisiana	505	15	55	44	391	44	241	47	59	38.6	41.2
Maine	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	36.6	40.7
Maryland	729	16	60	54	599	36	395	61	108	40.2	42.1
Massachusetts	211	9	24	21	156	12	119	8	18	37.2	41.0
Michigan	536	19	59	45	413	32	266	44	72	38.6	41.5
Minnesota	66	3	8	5	50	5	29	6	10	38.6	42.3
Mississippi	369	14	42	30	284	23	190	25	46	38.5	41.1
Missouri	269	9	26	26	207	16	135	21	35	38.7	41.2
Nebraska	26	2	4	2	19	2	11	3	4	38.0	42.7
Nevada	58	1	5	3	49	3	36	4	6	39.3	40.7
New Hampshire	7	(¹)	1	1	6	(¹)	4	1	1	39.9	43.3
New Jersey	523	14	58	35	416	40	278	34	64	38.7	41.2
New Mexico	15	1	2	1	11	1	6	2	2	37.9	42.6
New York	1,211	40	142	80	950	178	586	56	130	37.9	40.5
North Carolina	738	26	79	48	584	55	371	62	96	39.0	41.7
North Dakota	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	35.7	43.2
Ohio	586	25	80	42	439	45	277	40	77	38.0	41.6
Oklahoma	96	4	9	7	77	5	49	7	15	39.7	42.7
Oregon	23	1	5	2	16	2	9	2	3	36.2	41.5
Pennsylvania	412	11	50	35	316	33	194	41	49	38.7	41.5
Rhode Island	26	1	3	3	18	2	11	2	4	38.6	41.8
South Carolina	457	15	45	31	366	39	238	37	52	38.8	41.4
South Dakota	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	40.0	43.4
Tennessee	415	13	50	35	317	27	204	32	54	38.5	41.7
Texas	1,104	38	93	74	899	54	555	116	174	40.0	42.3
Utah	8	1	1	1	5	(¹)	3	(¹)	2	37.6	45.5
Virginia	650	24	66	49	510	44	315	57	94	38.9	41.9
Washington	84	3	11	7	63	5	38	8	12	38.8	41.8
West Virginia	14	1	1	1	11	1	7	1	2	37.8	41.0
Wisconsin	100	6	13	9	73	10	47	7	10	36.9	40.5
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	42.1	43.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic origin											
United States	14,248	406	1,514	1,088	11,240	1,014	7,358	1,152	1,716	38.7	41.3
Alabama	29	1	4	2	22	1	15	3	4	39.0	42.4
Alaska	10	1	2	1	7	1	2	1	2	38.4	43.0
Arizona	531	13	48	40	429	28	290	37	75	39.7	42.2
Arkansas	32	1	3	2	26	3	15	4	4	39.1	41.8
California	4,451	135	513	377	3,426	270	2,372	314	470	38.1	40.9
Colorado	306	8	35	24	239	21	144	32	42	38.9	41.7
Connecticut	85	3	13	7	63	9	36	7	10	37.6	41.1
Delaware	20	(¹)	1	2	16	2	8	2	4	40.7	42.3
District of Columbia	18	(¹)	1	1	14	1	9	2	3	40.0	41.8
Florida	1,291	28	121	84	1,058	78	731	96	153	39.3	41.3
Georgia	144	4	8	7	124	6	88	12	19	40.0	41.4
Hawaii	18	1	2	2	13	1	8	1	3	38.3	41.9
Idaho	39	2	4	3	30	4	16	4	7	40.3	43.5
Illinois	552	15	49	38	450	33	293	51	74	39.4	41.7
Indiana	48	2	5	4	36	2	27	4	3	37.0	39.5
Iowa	42	1	5	3	32	3	18	6	5	38.7	41.7
Kansas	67	3	8	4	51	5	29	6	12	38.7	42.4
Kentucky	35	1	3	3	27	2	16	4	4	38.8	41.5
Louisiana	42	1	4	1	35	1	20	4	9	42.6	45.3
Maine	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	40.3	44.7
Maryland	136	3	13	10	110	9	72	12	16	39.7	41.6
Massachusetts	185	6	20	16	143	17	95	10	21	38.1	41.1
Michigan	127	5	13	10	98	10	59	15	14	38.3	41.2
Minnesota	51	1	6	5	39	6	21	5	7	39.2	42.5
Mississippi	17	(¹)	2	1	13	1	7	3	2	38.5	40.9
Missouri	42	1	4	4	33	2	23	3	5	38.9	41.4
Montana	7	1	1	1	5	1	2	(¹)	1	37.2	42.7
Nebraska	37	1	4	3	29	3	16	4	6	40.0	43.7
Nevada	157	3	12	11	131	7	101	8	15	39.1	40.9
New Hampshire	11	1	2	1	8	1	4	1	2	37.8	43.0
New Jersey	430	10	39	25	356	34	250	29	44	38.9	40.7
New Mexico	295	12	38	25	220	26	129	30	35	38.0	41.7
New York	936	28	96	56	756	110	479	62	105	38.6	41.2
North Carolina	160	2	14	10	134	9	99	9	17	39.1	40.7
North Dakota	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	36.2	42.1
Ohio	93	3	10	11	70	7	37	12	14	39.2	41.8
Oklahoma	67	2	7	4	55	5	33	8	10	39.5	42.0
Oregon	111	4	14	8	84	12	47	12	14	38.2	41.1
Pennsylvania	128	2	17	9	99	9	62	10	18	39.1	42.1
Rhode Island	28	1	3	4	20	2	13	3	3	37.8	40.3
South Carolina	26	1	2	3	20	2	13	2	3	37.9	39.9
South Dakota	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	1	1	(¹)	1	44.4	47.2
Tennessee	65	1	6	5	52	3	34	6	9	40.7	42.3
Texas	2,876	75	308	220	2,272	235	1,376	272	389	39.1	41.6
Utah	82	4	8	9	60	6	37	7	10	37.8	40.5
Virginia	160	4	15	8	132	7	93	13	20	39.1	41.5
Washington	134	7	17	12	98	10	62	12	14	37.5	41.3
West Virginia	6	(¹)	1	1	4	(¹)	2	1	1	38.3	42.5
Wisconsin	101	4	6	8	83	9	47	12	14	40.1	42.6
Wyoming	11	1	1	1	8	1	4	1	2	41.1	45.4

¹ Less than 500 persons or .05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
United States	10,312	1,256	3,520	1,162	294	4,081	20,863	1,099	1,007	699	4,887	6,169	1,896	5,106
Alabama	163	18	43	22	7	72	270	15	16	6	42	96	23	72
Alaska	30	3	10	3	(³)	14	45	2	5	1	13	10	3	11
Arizona	183	21	64	20	5	73	330	18	11	10	58	104	28	101
Arkansas	82	13	23	8	3	35	173	8	10	4	40	56	12	43
California	1,231	209	390	131	38	463	2,629	226	138	79	597	823	154	612
Colorado	158	18	63	8	6	64	348	13	9	15	90	91	27	103
Connecticut	122	7	48	24	2	41	291	10	9	15	81	72	36	68
Delaware	38	2	14	4	1	16	56	1	2	3	14	14	7	15
District of Columbia	25	1	7	6	(³)	12	23	1	2	1	3	7	2	7
Florida	487	85	143	43	22	193	947	64	44	37	175	271	98	258
Georgia	244	31	81	22	7	102	456	18	17	15	83	129	38	156
Hawaii	53	8	14	12	1	18	98	10	7	2	18	27	10	24
Idaho	57	9	19	4	2	24	125	7	7	2	34	32	8	35
Illinois	449	45	161	58	8	177	919	39	45	40	203	267	96	229
Indiana	224	29	76	22	8	89	478	20	21	12	104	135	57	129
Iowa	128	15	52	7	6	49	271	6	8	8	70	95	30	54
Kansas	106	8	39	8	4	47	242	7	8	4	54	93	30	46
Kentucky	138	13	49	8	6	63	276	16	11	7	59	82	24	77
Louisiana	142	22	33	17	5	65	258	13	24	3	52	84	19	63
Maine	61	7	18	10	2	24	114	5	4	5	25	28	12	35
Maryland	252	13	91	32	4	110	368	16	13	17	85	81	53	103
Massachusetts	238	17	81	62	3	74	551	20	17	23	172	139	54	126
Michigan	353	42	146	34	9	123	887	41	47	26	223	291	85	174
Minnesota	223	20	110	12	3	78	519	13	15	11	146	159	59	116
Mississippi	103	17	27	9	5	45	164	13	9	5	29	43	17	48
Missouri	247	25	87	25	12	98	433	21	12	15	90	150	44	101
Montana	38	5	14	2	1	15	85	4	5	2	20	26	9	19
Nebraska	67	8	28	4	2	26	169	4	6	2	41	62	20	34
Nevada	68	15	21	4	1	27	111	8	6	3	19	28	9	38
New Hampshire	52	5	16	7	1	23	121	3	3	5	33	31	11	35
New Jersey	310	20	98	58	3	131	578	18	32	28	140	164	54	142
New Mexico	57	8	17	6	1	25	133	10	8	3	23	37	7	45
New York	612	53	196	116	6	241	1,273	60	82	75	304	342	105	305
North Carolina	281	49	82	31	6	113	494	31	26	18	100	128	54	137
North Dakota	28	3	11	4	1	9	60	2	2	1	16	22	5	12
Ohio	435	51	155	40	8	181	999	37	43	18	284	307	100	210
Oklahoma	118	14	43	8	5	48	241	14	15	7	45	82	29	49
Oregon	134	25	41	9	2	58	312	23	16	9	77	71	24	92
Pennsylvania	444	43	180	63	6	152	1,021	46	51	35	297	280	105	207
Rhode Island	48	3	13	16	1	15	88	3	4	6	20	24	9	22
South Carolina	129	18	48	10	3	49	247	10	12	8	41	68	25	83
South Dakota	31	3	12	3	1	12	73	2	3	1	15	25	9	18
Tennessee	214	30	70	22	8	84	404	30	20	9	80	133	35	97
Texas	766	100	230	72	42	322	1,224	77	76	42	251	374	93	311
Utah	83	10	31	4	2	36	237	9	12	5	75	92	10	34
Vermont	27	2	11	2	1	11	58	2	1	2	15	13	7	18
Virginia	278	23	103	31	7	114	449	21	19	15	121	119	51	103
Washington	255	38	92	16	5	104	516	36	27	18	122	142	32	139
West Virginia	59	7	19	6	2	24	114	9	10	4	26	30	8	27
Wisconsin	221	22	94	13	6	86	541	16	14	16	149	177	55	114
Wyoming	19	1	7	2	1	8	43	2	3	1	12	12	4	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
United States	5,164	774	1,782	532	257	1,819	6,843	524	395	25	288	2,788	1,044	1,779
Alabama	75	10	20	11	(4)	27	89	4	5	(4)	1	44	14	22
Alaska	16	2	5	2	(4)	7	13	(4)	2	(4)	1	5	1	6
Arizona	97	15	33	10	(4)	36	135	9	5	(4)	5	62	19	36
Arkansas	42	8	11	4	(4)	17	57	4	4	(3)	2	26	6	15
California	657	134	210	59	36	219	948	123	58	3	51	376	89	248
Colorado	80	12	31	(4)	(4)	29	110	8	(4)	(3)	7	39	16	41
Connecticut	58	3	23	11	(4)	18	87	4	3	1	3	36	20	20
Delaware	18	1	8	2	1	7	18	(3)	1	(3)	1	6	4	6
District of Columbia	11	1	3	3	(4)	5	9	1	1	(3)	(3)	3	1	3
Florida	241	54	70	21	14	81	333	29	15	1	15	116	54	103
Georgia	117	17	39	9	(4)	46	147	10	6	1	6	51	24	49
Hawaii	25	5	6	6	(4)	8	39	5	3	(3)	3	12	5	11
Idaho	31	6	10	2	(4)	11	33	2	2	(4)	2	12	4	12
Illinois	216	27	80	24	(4)	78	305	18	19	2	11	121	49	85
Indiana	117	17	42	11	(4)	41	158	9	10	(3)	4	66	31	38
Iowa	58	9	24	3	4	18	84	2	2	(3)	3	43	16	18
Kansas	49	4	20	3	(4)	18	76	4	4	(4)	3	35	16	15
Kentucky	67	9	23	(4)	(4)	28	93	9	(4)	(4)	4	35	15	32
Louisiana	65	15	18	7	(4)	23	78	6	11	(4)	2	31	9	20
Maine	31	5	9	4	2	11	37	2	2	(3)	2	13	6	12
Maryland	119	8	47	11	(4)	49	103	6	6	1	3	31	23	33
Massachusetts	109	9	38	27	(4)	32	150	9	7	(3)	7	60	29	38
Michigan	190	26	84	19	(4)	52	286	17	15	1	8	135	51	59
Minnesota	114	12	59	5	(4)	35	164	5	6	(3)	13	71	28	41
Mississippi	46	11	12	3	(4)	15	51	5	3	(4)	2	18	9	15
Missouri	118	15	42	11	(4)	38	148	9	(4)	1	6	69	22	42
Montana	19	3	7	1	(4)	7	29	2	2	(3)	1	11	5	8
Nebraska	34	5	14	2	1	12	53	2	3	(3)	1	25	10	12
Nevada	34	8	11	2	(4)	12	43	4	3	(3)	1	13	5	17
New Hampshire	27	3	8	4	(4)	11	34	1	1	(3)	2	13	6	11
New Jersey	150	13	48	27	(4)	60	178	6	12	1	6	74	31	48
New Mexico	30	5	9	3	(4)	11	43	4	3	(4)	2	14	4	17
New York	304	31	96	55	(4)	116	395	27	27	3	18	156	59	105
North Carolina	140	30	39	14	(4)	51	167	18	7	(3)	9	56	29	48
North Dakota	13	2	5	2	(4)	4	18	1	1	(4)	1	10	2	4
Ohio	210	26	76	19	(4)	81	311	18	22	1	10	129	55	76
Oklahoma	60	8	21	4	(4)	22	94	6	7	(3)	4	42	19	16
Oregon	73	17	22	4	(4)	29	96	11	6	(3)	6	28	12	33
Pennsylvania	215	28	87	31	(4)	64	301	20	17	1	10	130	59	64
Rhode Island	24	2	7	8	1	7	25	2	2	(3)	(3)	9	5	7
South Carolina	62	11	22	4	(4)	22	75	6	4	(3)	1	28	14	22
South Dakota	14	1	6	1	(4)	5	23	1	1	(4)	(3)	10	4	8
Tennessee	114	16	39	9	(4)	42	151	13	8	(4)	5	65	19	42
Texas	393	67	112	36	38	139	441	37	32	1	18	185	51	117
Utah	47	6	19	(4)	(4)	18	75	4	5	(3)	3	45	6	12
Vermont	13	1	6	1	(3)	4	18	1	1	(3)	1	6	3	6
Virginia	127	12	44	13	(4)	52	149	10	9	(4)	7	59	29	36
Washington	134	25	53	7	(4)	46	160	15	7	1	8	65	19	45
West Virginia	31	4	10	3	(4)	12	37	4	4	(4)	2	14	4	10
Wisconsin	117	14	52	6	(4)	39	165	7	7	(3)	5	78	30	38
Wyoming	9	1	4	1	1	3	12	1	1	(3)	(3)	5	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
United States	5,149	482	1,738	630	37	2,262	14,020	576	612	674	4,600	3,381	852	3,325
Alabama	88	8	23	12	(4)	46	181	10	10	(4)	41	52	9	60
Alaska	14	1	4	1	(4)	7	32	(4)	3	(4)	12	5	2	12
Arizona	86	6	32	10	(4)	38	195	8	6	(4)	52	43	10	77
Arkansas	40	5	12	4	(4)	18	116	4	6	4	38	30	6	28
California	574	76	180	72	2	243	1,681	102	81	76	546	447	66	363
Colorado	79	6	32	(4)	(4)	35	238	5	(4)	15	84	53	11	71
Connecticut	64	4	24	13	(4)	23	204	6	6	14	78	36	16	48
Delaware	19	1	6	2	(3)	10	38	1	1	3	13	8	2	10
District of Columbia	14	(3)	4	3	(4)	7	14	1	1	1	3	4	1	3
Florida	246	31	73	22	8	112	614	34	29	36	159	155	44	157
Georgia	127	14	42	13	(4)	57	309	9	11	14	77	77	13	108
Hawaii	28	4	8	7	(4)	10	59	6	5	2	15	14	5	12
Idaho	26	3	8	2	(4)	13	91	4	5	(4)	32	20	4	27
Illinois	233	18	81	35	(4)	100	614	21	25	38	192	146	47	145
Indiana	108	13	34	12	(4)	48	321	11	11	12	100	69	25	93
Iowa	70	6	28	4	2	30	186	4	7	8	67	52	14	34
Kansas	57	4	19	5	(4)	29	166	3	4	(4)	51	58	14	37
Kentucky	71	4	26	(4)	(4)	35	183	7	(4)	(4)	56	48	9	65
Louisiana	77	8	16	11	(4)	42	180	7	13	(4)	50	53	9	49
Maine	30	2	9	6	1	12	77	2	2	5	23	15	5	25
Maryland	132	5	44	21	(4)	61	265	10	8	16	82	51	30	68
Massachusetts	129	8	43	35	(4)	42	401	12	9	23	165	78	25	89
Michigan	163	15	61	15	(4)	71	602	24	32	25	215	156	34	116
Minnesota	109	8	51	7	(4)	43	355	8	9	11	133	88	32	74
Mississippi	56	5	15	6	(4)	30	113	8	6	(4)	27	25	8	40
Missouri	129	10	44	14	(4)	60	285	12	(4)	15	84	81	22	72
Montana	19	2	7	1	(4)	8	56	2	3	1	19	14	4	13
Nebraska	33	3	14	2	(3)	14	116	2	3	2	40	37	10	22
Nevada	34	6	10	2	(4)	15	69	3	4	2	17	15	4	24
New Hampshire	25	2	8	4	(4)	11	87	2	2	4	31	18	5	25
New Jersey	159	7	49	32	(4)	72	400	12	19	28	134	90	23	94
New Mexico	27	3	8	3	(4)	14	90	6	5	(4)	21	23	3	33
New York	308	22	100	61	(4)	125	878	33	55	72	286	186	46	200
North Carolina	140	19	43	17	(4)	62	327	13	19	17	90	72	25	91
North Dakota	15	1	6	2	(4)	5	43	1	2	(4)	15	13	3	10
Ohio	225	25	79	21	(4)	100	688	19	21	17	274	177	45	135
Oklahoma	59	6	22	5	(4)	26	148	8	8	7	42	40	10	33
Oregon	61	8	19	5	(4)	28	216	12	9	8	71	43	12	61
Pennsylvania	229	15	93	31	(4)	88	719	26	35	34	287	151	46	140
Rhode Island	24	2	6	8	(3)	8	63	1	2	6	19	14	3	18
South Carolina	66	7	26	6	(4)	28	171	4	8	8	39	41	12	59
South Dakota	17	1	6	2	(4)	7	50	1	2	(4)	15	15	4	14
Tennessee	100	15	31	12	(4)	41	253	16	12	(4)	76	68	17	65
Texas	373	33	118	36	4	182	783	39	43	41	233	188	42	197
Utah	35	4	12	(4)	(4)	18	162	5	7	5	72	46	4	23
Vermont	15	1	6	1	(3)	6	41	1	1	1	14	7	4	13
Virginia	151	11	59	18	(4)	62	300	11	11	(4)	114	61	22	82
Washington	121	12	39	9	(4)	59	356	21	20	17	114	78	13	93
West Virginia	28	3	9	3	(4)	12	77	4	6	(4)	25	16	4	23
Wisconsin	104	8	42	7	(4)	47	377	9	7	16	143	99	25	78
Wyoming	10	1	3	1	(3)	4	30	1	2	1	12	7	2	5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
United States	8,652	1,034	3,047	973	262	3,337	18,044	857	757	611	4,490	5,210	1,715	4,404
Alabama	122	11	34	18	(⁴)	54	210	7	8	(⁴)	38	76	21	61
Alaska	23	2	8	2	(⁴)	10	37	(⁴)	3	(⁴)	12	7	3	14
Arizona	172	20	60	19	(⁴)	68	291	16	10	(⁴)	55	82	27	102
Arkansas	66	10	19	6	(⁴)	28	145	6	8	4	36	45	11	35
California	1,014	174	324	101	36	379	2,199	189	114	68	513	648	134	533
Colorado	146	17	59	(⁴)	(⁴)	59	327	12	(⁴)	15	86	84	26	105
Connecticut	105	5	42	21	(⁴)	34	265	7	7	13	78	64	34	62
Delaware	29	2	12	3	1	12	46	1	1	2	13	11	5	13
District of Columbia	10	1	3	1	(⁴)	4	10	(³)	1	(³)	2	3	(³)	4
Florida	403	69	125	37	19	154	809	49	32	32	159	222	89	226
Georgia	161	18	60	19	(⁴)	59	325	9	8	10	70	85	27	116
Hawaii	17	3	5	3	(⁴)	6	36	3	2	1	8	6	4	12
Idaho	56	9	18	4	(⁴)	23	121	7	6	(⁴)	33	31	8	37
Illinois	374	38	138	51	(⁴)	140	793	30	31	37	187	231	82	195
Indiana	209	27	73	20	(⁴)	82	447	17	16	11	99	125	56	123
Iowa	124	14	51	7	5	46	257	6	8	8	67	88	29	51
Kansas	98	8	37	8	(⁴)	42	224	6	7	(⁴)	51	84	29	48
Kentucky	128	12	45	(⁴)	(⁴)	58	257	14	(⁴)	(⁴)	56	75	23	91
Louisiana	97	14	25	11	(⁴)	43	186	7	11	(⁴)	45	63	15	46
Maine	60	7	18	10	2	23	112	5	4	5	25	27	12	34
Maryland	180	10	72	22	(⁴)	72	287	10	7	16	74	60	43	77
Massachusetts	218	14	74	59	(⁴)	67	498	15	14	22	163	120	52	112
Michigan	299	34	128	28	(⁴)	101	775	28	37	23	204	252	79	152
Minnesota	213	20	106	11	(⁴)	73	493	12	14	11	141	149	58	108
Mississippi	65	8	19	6	(⁴)	29	115	7	4	(⁴)	22	30	13	40
Missouri	217	21	78	23	(⁴)	85	392	18	(⁴)	15	86	134	41	99
Montana	36	5	13	2	(⁴)	14	80	4	5	2	19	24	8	18
Nebraska	64	7	27	4	2	24	160	4	6	2	40	57	20	31
Nevada	58	12	19	4	(⁴)	23	100	6	5	2	18	25	9	35
New Hampshire	51	5	16	7	(⁴)	22	119	3	3	5	33	30	11	34
New Jersey	247	15	79	47	(⁴)	103	489	14	20	25	128	135	46	121
New Mexico	50	6	16	5	(⁴)	22	117	9	7	(⁴)	20	34	7	41
New York	485	41	164	94	(⁴)	181	1,051	45	54	58	278	282	94	240
North Carolina	205	33	61	26	(⁴)	79	381	21	16	14	85	94	42	109
North Dakota	26	2	11	4	(⁴)	8	57	2	2	(⁴)	15	22	5	12
Ohio	378	43	139	36	(⁴)	152	890	32	32	15	266	264	95	186
Oklahoma	100	11	38	7	(⁴)	40	210	10	12	6	41	70	26	45
Oregon	127	24	39	9	(⁴)	54	295	20	14	8	74	68	23	88
Pennsylvania	399	40	164	56	(⁴)	133	951	35	48	34	288	256	102	188
Rhode Island	44	3	12	15	(³)	14	82	2	3	5	19	21	8	24
South Carolina	97	12	36	8	(⁴)	38	185	6	7	6	35	51	21	59
South Dakota	29	2	11	3	(⁴)	12	70	2	2	(⁴)	15	24	9	19
Tennessee	176	26	58	18	(⁴)	67	337	18	15	(⁴)	74	116	31	84
Texas	649	89	195	61	38	266	1,060	63	58	38	229	321	83	268
Utah	80	10	30	(⁴)	(⁴)	34	228	9	11	5	73	88	10	32
Vermont	27	2	11	2	1	11	57	2	1	2	15	13	7	17
Virginia	211	16	77	23	(⁴)	90	339	14	10	(⁴)	104	85	40	87
Washington	226	34	82	14	(⁴)	91	465	29	23	17	115	123	31	127
West Virginia	57	7	19	6	(⁴)	23	111	9	10	(⁴)	26	30	8	29
Wisconsin	206	19	91	12	(⁴)	78	512	14	12	15	145	163	53	110
Wyoming	18	1	7	2	1	7	42	2	2	1	12	12	4	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black														
United States	1,203	156	330	127	23	567	1,903	171	203	63	216	584	146	520
Alabama	40	7	8	5	(4)	18	54	7	8	(4)	4	15	2	19
Arizona	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	2	12	(3)	1	(4)	1	5	(3)	6
Arkansas	15	3	3	1	(4)	7	23	2	2	(3)	4	9	1	5
California	82	9	27	9	(3)	37	131	13	11	5	16	42	9	35
Colorado	6	(3)	1	(4)	(4)	3	(4)	1	(4)	(3)	1	3	(3)	5
Connecticut	15	2	5	2	(4)	6	20	2	2	1	2	6	2	5
Delaware	8	1	3	1	(3)	4	9	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	2	3
District of Columbia	15	1	3	4	(4)	7	12	1	1	(3)	1	3	2	4
Florida	77	15	17	5	3	37	120	13	11	4	12	42	9	29
Georgia	80	13	20	3	(4)	42	126	9	9	4	12	42	11	39
Hawaii	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Illinois	62	5	19	5	(4)	32	97	7	13	2	13	25	11	26
Indiana	14	2	3	2	(4)	6	27	2	5	1	4	6	1	8
Iowa	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2
Kansas	5	(3)	2	(3)	(4)	3	12	1	(3)	(4)	2	6	(3)	4
Kentucky	10	1	3	(4)	(4)	5	17	1	(4)	(4)	3	7	1	7
Louisiana	44	8	8	6	(4)	20	70	6	13	(4)	7	20	4	21
Maryland	64	2	18	10	(4)	34	66	5	6	1	9	16	9	20
Massachusetts	14	3	4	2	(4)	6	40	5	2	2	5	12	2	12
Michigan	44	7	13	5	(4)	19	79	11	9	2	7	25	6	19
Minnesota	6	(3)	2	(3)	(4)	4	10	(3)	1	(3)	2	3	1	3
Mississippi	36	8	7	3	(4)	16	49	7	5	(4)	6	13	4	15
Missouri	25	4	7	2	(4)	11	36	3	(4)	(3)	3	15	3	13
Nebraska	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	5	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1
Nevada	5	1	1	(3)	(4)	2	5	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	3
New Jersey	42	4	10	8	(4)	20	64	3	10	3	7	18	6	17
New Mexico	1	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	(3)	(4)	(3)	1	(4)	(3)	1	(3)	2
New York	92	8	23	16	(4)	45	170	11	23	12	16	48	10	50
North Carolina	59	11	16	4	(4)	28	95	8	10	3	13	26	12	23
Ohio	51	7	14	4	(4)	26	96	5	10	2	15	35	5	24
Oklahoma	6	1	2	(3)	(4)	2	13	2	2	(3)	2	4	2	1
Oregon	2	(3)	1	(3)	(4)	1	(4)	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	2
Pennsylvania	40	3	13	6	(4)	17	57	10	3	1	5	18	4	16
Rhode Island	3	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	4	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
South Carolina	31	5	12	1	(4)	12	60	3	4	1	5	18	4	25
Tennessee	35	5	12	3	(4)	15	63	12	5	(4)	7	16	5	19
Texas	91	9	25	9	3	45	114	10	16	3	11	31	8	35
Virginia	53	6	20	6	(4)	20	87	5	7	(4)	10	28	10	28
Washington	8	1	2	(3)	(4)	5	13	3	1	1	2	4	(3)	2
Wisconsin	10	2	2	(3)	(4)	6	17	2	1	(3)	2	7	1	4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic origin, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 2001 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic origin														
United States	1,153	268	253	108	78	446	1,854	240	160	84	321	545	50	454
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	1	(4)	(4)	(3)	(4)	1	(3)	(3)	3
Arizona	36	6	9	3	(4)	16	65	7	4	(4)	7	20	1	27
Arkansas	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	1	4	(3)	(3)	1	1	1	(3)	1
California	375	103	78	35	26	133	650	104	57	22	117	205	12	133
Colorado	23	4	7	(4)	(4)	9	44	3	(4)	4	11	7	2	18
Connecticut	7	1	2	1	(4)	3	15	1	2	2	2	4	(3)	4
Delaware	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2
District of Columbia	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2
Florida	95	27	22	7	4	35	138	24	9	8	19	39	5	34
Georgia	10	2	3	1	(4)	4	(4)	1	1	1	2	4	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	2	(3)	1	1	(4)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2
Idaho	3	1	1	(3)	(4)	1	6	1	(3)	(4)	2	2	(3)	2
Illinois	40	8	10	6	(4)	15	62	7	3	6	9	20	1	16
Indiana	5	2	1	1	(4)	2	(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	2
Iowa	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	2
Kansas	5	1	1	1	(4)	3	11	1	1	(4)	3	3	1	3
Maryland	12	3	3	1	(4)	5	14	2	1	1	3	1	(3)	6
Massachusetts	13	3	4	1	(4)	5	30	4	2	1	4	10	(3)	9
Michigan	12	3	3	1	(4)	3	17	1	2	(3)	3	6	1	4
Minnesota	3	1	1	(3)	(4)	1	(4)	1	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	2
Montana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2
Nebraska	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	3
Nevada	11	5	1	(3)	(4)	4	15	2	2	1	3	3	(3)	4
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
New Jersey	33	5	8	4	(4)	15	41	1	4	2	7	13	(3)	14
New Mexico	22	4	6	2	(4)	10	53	5	4	(4)	8	15	3	19
New York	65	11	15	9	(4)	29	115	10	15	7	18	27	3	35
North Carolina	13	3	2	1	(4)	5	14	2	1	(3)	1	4	(3)	6
Ohio	10	2	4	(3)	(4)	3	14	1	1	(3)	3	6	1	2
Oklahoma	4	(3)	2	(3)	(4)	2	9	1	1	(3)	2	2	1	2
Oregon	12	5	2	(3)	(4)	4	15	3	1	(3)	2	3	1	5
Pennsylvania	10	2	3	1	(4)	4	19	4	3	1	4	4	(3)	3
Rhode Island	4	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	2	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Tennessee	8	3	1	(3)	(4)	3	(4)	1	1	(4)	(3)	2	(3)	2
Texas	247	48	46	25	26	101	357	38	31	16	63	108	13	88
Utah	11	2	2	(4)	(4)	6	11	1	2	(3)	3	3	(3)	2
Virginia	10	1	4	1	(4)	3	18	1	1	(4)	3	7	1	6
Washington	13	4	3	1	(4)	5	23	4	1	2	5	5	1	5
Wisconsin	7	2	2	(3)	(4)	2	11	2	1	2	2	2	(3)	2
Wyoming	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. The estimates shown in this table for whites, blacks, and persons of Hispanic-origin who usually work part time may include a small number of persons at work 35 hours or more in the reference week. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 21. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by reason, 2001 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
United States	5,556	2,994	592	1,083	887
Alabama	78	35	12	17	13
Alaska	21	11	2	2	5
Arizona	75	40	7	16	12
Arkansas	51	25	6	11	9
California	649	354	66	127	102
Colorado	94	54	10	12	17
Connecticut	76	44	8	13	10
Delaware	16	8	1	4	3
District of Columbia	9	4	1	2	2
Florida	253	139	30	49	35
Georgia	124	64	15	27	18
Hawaii	27	13	4	5	6
Idaho	31	16	4	4	8
Illinois	243	139	25	42	37
Indiana	115	51	14	24	25
Iowa	60	32	8	9	11
Kansas	49	24	7	7	11
Kentucky	93	50	9	19	15
Louisiana	88	45	8	18	17
Maine	28	14	3	5	5
Maryland	124	66	13	24	22
Massachusetts	132	83	12	23	14
Michigan	233	129	26	46	32
Minnesota	122	69	9	18	26
Mississippi	42	16	5	13	8
Missouri	111	50	18	23	19
Montana	21	12	2	3	4
Nebraska	33	18	4	6	6
Nevada	37	21	4	7	5
New Hampshire	27	15	3	5	5
New Jersey	159	92	20	26	21
New Mexico	27	16	2	5	4
New York	397	240	41	65	52
North Carolina	144	67	12	35	31
North Dakota	14	7	2	2	3
Ohio	285	161	28	62	33
Oklahoma	57	27	7	11	12
Oregon	65	35	6	11	13
Pennsylvania	254	136	30	56	33
Rhode Island	26	13	2	7	3
South Carolina	65	35	6	16	8
South Dakota	14	7	2	2	4
Tennessee	105	49	10	26	20
Texas	401	220	42	82	57
Utah	38	19	4	7	8
Vermont	13	7	1	2	2
Virginia	139	74	16	30	19
Washington	120	60	12	21	27
West Virginia	36	19	3	9	5
Wisconsin	121	61	13	20	27
Wyoming	15	9	1	2	3

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor dispute, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL							
United States	6,742	100.0	50.8	15.6	12.3	30.1	6.7
Alabama	114	100.0	46.9	13.1	17.8	25.9	9.4
Alaska	20	100.0	45.5	21.2	13.4	39.1	(²)
Arizona	113	100.0	45.6	12.5	17.7	32.5	4.2
Arkansas	63	100.0	47.0	16.3	12.0	34.2	6.7
California	927	100.0	54.3	14.6	10.0	27.6	8.2
Colorado	85	100.0	40.5	9.6	17.9	33.6	8.0
Connecticut	56	100.0	50.7	11.0	13.9	29.5	5.8
Delaware	15	100.0	58.2	21.3	11.1	27.6	(²)
District of Columbia	18	100.0	41.4	7.3	8.1	44.6	5.9
Florida	365	100.0	46.8	11.0	15.8	30.0	7.4
Georgia	165	100.0	55.2	12.2	13.7	26.5	4.6
Hawaii	28	100.0	46.6	17.6	14.3	31.1	8.1
Idaho	34	100.0	58.0	28.8	13.7	24.0	4.4
Illinois	343	100.0	51.7	15.9	10.3	32.1	6.0
Indiana	136	100.0	51.9	18.2	13.0	30.4	4.7
Iowa	53	100.0	46.5	20.7	13.2	36.2	4.1
Kansas	59	100.0	44.1	11.9	14.0	36.1	5.8
Kentucky	108	100.0	48.5	18.2	14.1	30.0	7.4
Louisiana	122	100.0	43.3	9.0	11.8	32.0	12.9
Maine	27	100.0	50.2	26.4	10.2	33.3	6.2
Maryland	116	100.0	39.3	10.9	17.1	36.1	7.5
Massachusetts	121	100.0	62.8	15.7	11.3	18.9	6.9
Michigan	274	100.0	55.8	25.0	8.4	30.8	5.0
Minnesota	104	100.0	57.3	24.9	13.2	26.9	2.5
Mississippi	72	100.0	48.9	16.7	12.7	31.3	7.1
Missouri	140	100.0	49.1	14.6	12.7	31.2	6.9
Montana	21	100.0	54.4	26.1	16.8	24.8	4.0
Nebraska	29	100.0	47.1	15.1	13.8	34.1	5.0
Nevada	55	100.0	53.2	14.9	12.2	26.9	7.8
New Hampshire	24	100.0	51.2	13.6	11.0	34.3	3.5
New Jersey	176	100.0	57.5	13.4	8.4	28.3	5.8
New Mexico	40	100.0	38.2	13.4	15.1	36.9	9.8
New York	429	100.0	53.1	15.6	9.8	28.9	8.2
North Carolina	221	100.0	53.0	15.6	14.4	29.1	3.5
Ohio	251	100.0	51.9	19.2	12.2	29.9	6.1
Oklahoma	64	100.0	39.3	15.3	17.6	37.6	5.4
Oregon	114	100.0	51.0	14.7	11.3	30.6	7.1
Pennsylvania	287	100.0	51.9	21.7	10.2	32.3	5.6
Rhode Island	24	100.0	47.9	20.2	15.2	31.4	5.5
South Carolina	106	100.0	50.9	14.0	11.2	30.4	7.5
South Dakota	13	100.0	43.7	12.2	13.6	36.5	6.1
Tennessee	126	100.0	53.4	15.7	16.0	25.4	5.1
Texas	507	100.0	46.0	7.5	13.6	31.7	8.7
Utah	49	100.0	39.9	13.6	15.1	38.2	6.8
Vermont	12	100.0	48.0	23.3	13.9	34.7	(²)
Virginia	127	100.0	49.3	13.8	17.7	26.9	6.2
Washington	192	100.0	49.7	18.5	10.8	34.3	5.2
West Virginia	41	100.0	51.0	20.4	9.3	27.4	12.4
Wisconsin	136	100.0	56.1	28.5	10.9	29.0	3.9
Wyoming	11	100.0	42.3	20.3	21.2	31.7	4.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Men							
United States	3,663	100.0	57.3	18.0	11.4	25.4	5.9
Alabama	59	100.0	57.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	12	100.0	54.8	24.7	(3)	31.8	(3)
Arizona	56	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	34	100.0	56.1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	506	100.0	58.5	14.0	10.3	23.6	7.6
Colorado	45	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	9	100.0	49.3	(3)	(3)	38.6	(3)
Florida	189	100.0	51.2	(3)	14.9	26.5	(3)
Hawaii	15	100.0	51.3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Idaho	19	100.0	68.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	184	100.0	57.2	16.8	(3)	27.0	(3)
Indiana	76	100.0	60.2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kansas	34	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	56	100.0	57.6	(3)	(3)	23.0	(3)
Louisiana	71	100.0	47.7	(3)	(3)	26.8	(3)
Maine	15	100.0	54.4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	61	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Massachusetts	73	100.0	67.7	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Michigan	153	100.0	63.4	29.2	(3)	23.6	(3)
Minnesota	66	100.0	66.2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Mississippi	35	100.0	54.5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	81	100.0	55.5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Montana	12	100.0	61.8	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	30	100.0	64.5	(3)	(3)	20.5	(3)
New Jersey	87	100.0	64.2	(3)	(3)	23.0	(3)
New Mexico	22	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York	239	100.0	58.2	18.7	9.3	26.1	(3)
North Carolina	117	100.0	58.1	(3)	(3)	26.4	(3)
Ohio	139	100.0	59.7	(3)	(3)	23.7	(3)
Oregon	67	100.0	55.1	(3)	(3)	28.1	(3)
Pennsylvania	161	100.0	59.7	26.3	(3)	25.3	(3)
Rhode Island	13	100.0	48.6	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	55	100.0	64.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Texas	262	100.0	53.5	(3)	14.2	25.1	(3)
Utah	24	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Washington	112	100.0	57.0	(3)	(3)	32.7	(3)
West Virginia	26	100.0	60.8	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	83	100.0	62.6	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Women							
United States	3,079	100.0	43.2	12.7	13.4	35.7	7.7
Alabama	56	100.0	36.4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	8	100.0	31.9	16.1	(3)	49.6	(3)
Arizona	57	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	29	100.0	36.3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	421	100.0	49.2	15.3	9.6	32.3	9.0
District of Columbia	9	100.0	33.5	(3)	(3)	50.6	(3)
Florida	176	100.0	42.1	(3)	16.7	33.7	(3)
Hawaii	13	100.0	40.9	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Idaho	15	100.0	45.7	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	158	100.0	45.2	14.7	(3)	37.9	(3)
Indiana	60	100.0	41.4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	52	100.0	38.6	(3)	(3)	37.7	(3)
Louisiana	51	100.0	37.2	(3)	(3)	39.1	(3)
Maryland	55	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Michigan	121	100.0	46.2	19.7	(3)	39.9	(3)
Mississippi	36	100.0	43.5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	59	100.0	40.3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	25	100.0	39.5	(3)	(3)	34.7	(3)
New Jersey	89	100.0	51.0	(3)	(3)	33.4	(3)
New York	190	100.0	46.7	11.7	10.4	32.4	(3)
North Carolina	105	100.0	47.3	(3)	(3)	32.2	(3)
Ohio	112	100.0	42.3	(3)	(3)	37.6	(3)
Oregon	47	100.0	45.1	(3)	(3)	34.1	(3)
Pennsylvania	126	100.0	42.0	15.8	(3)	41.2	(3)
Rhode Island	11	100.0	47.1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	51	100.0	36.7	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	65	100.0	47.2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Texas	245	100.0	38.0	(3)	12.9	38.9	(3)
Utah	24	100.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Washington	80	100.0	39.4	(3)	(3)	36.6	(3)
West Virginia	15	100.0	34.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	53	100.0	46.2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							
United States	1,187	100.0	15.7	5.9	8.5	49.6	26.2
California	145	100.0	12.5	3.4	6.0	48.3	33.2
Florida	52	100.0	9.9	(³)	7.5	55.3	(³)
Illinois	55	100.0	18.5	4.6	(³)	52.5	(³)
Michigan	57	100.0	17.3	7.6	(³)	59.4	(³)
New York	54	100.0	16.3	7.1	4.7	46.0	(³)
Ohio	53	100.0	16.1	(³)	(³)	45.7	(³)
Pennsylvania	49	100.0	12.2	6.7	(³)	54.0	(³)
Texas	98	100.0	12.9	(³)	10.5	43.3	(³)
White							
United States	4,923	100.0	52.3	17.5	12.9	28.7	6.1
Alabama	61	100.0	52.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Alaska	12	100.0	50.3	22.1	(³)	33.9	(³)
Arizona	98	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arkansas	37	100.0	47.2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
California	712	100.0	55.4	16.0	10.3	27.0	7.3
Colorado	77	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Connecticut	44	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Delaware	10	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	272	100.0	48.0	(³)	16.6	28.2	(³)
Idaho	32	100.0	57.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	239	100.0	54.7	18.7	(³)	27.1	(³)
Indiana	112	100.0	52.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Iowa	49	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	53	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	96	100.0	50.3	(³)	(³)	28.0	(³)
Louisiana	52	100.0	42.9	(³)	(³)	30.1	(³)
Maine	26	100.0	50.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	55	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Massachusetts	100	100.0	65.6	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Michigan	199	100.0	59.0	27.4	(³)	29.1	(³)
Minnesota	92	100.0	60.5	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Missouri	106	100.0	49.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Montana	18	100.0	53.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	26	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	43	100.0	54.3	(³)	(³)	27.5	(³)
New Hampshire	23	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	125	100.0	57.8	(³)	(³)	27.1	(³)
New Mexico	32	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	294	100.0	55.4	18.6	10.7	26.8	(³)
North Carolina	118	100.0	53.2	(³)	(³)	29.8	(³)
Ohio	199	100.0	52.4	(³)	(³)	29.1	(³)
Oklahoma	46	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Oregon	103	100.0	51.9	(³)	(³)	30.2	(³)
Pennsylvania	236	100.0	54.8	23.7	(³)	29.4	(³)
Rhode Island	20	100.0	50.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	57	100.0	55.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Dakota	10	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	90	100.0	57.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	374	100.0	43.9	(³)	15.1	31.9	(³)
Utah	47	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Vermont	12	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Washington	162	100.0	52.1	(³)	(³)	31.8	(³)
West Virginia	36	100.0	51.3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	110	100.0	60.1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wyoming	10	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Black							
United States	1,450	100.0	46.6	10.1	10.7	34.5	8.1
Alabama	53	100.0	40.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
California	97	100.0	46.9	9.7	10.8	31.3	11.0
District of Columbia	15	100.0	36.7	(³)	(³)	48.2	(³)
Florida	86	100.0	45.4	(³)	12.7	34.2	(³)
Illinois	88	100.0	45.6	9.0	(³)	44.1	(³)
Louisiana	68	100.0	42.1	(³)	(³)	34.1	(³)
Maryland	57	100.0	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Michigan	66	100.0	48.9	20.6	(³)	34.8	(³)
Mississippi	45	100.0	51.7	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	111	100.0	49.8	8.8	6.9	32.4	(³)
North Carolina	94	100.0	50.4	(³)	(³)	30.8	(³)
South Carolina	47	100.0	43.9	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	111	100.0	52.4	(³)	8.3	32.6	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (In thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic origin							
United States	1,037	100.0	51.3	16.8	10.1	28.6	10.0
California	351	100.0	58.0	22.1	6.7	26.2	9.1
Florida	96	100.0	52.5	(³)	12.7	21.8	(³)
Illinois	48	100.0	53.7	19.1	(³)	28.8	(³)
New York	69	100.0	52.0	8.7	7.4	32.3	(³)
Texas	175	100.0	40.2	(³)	16.0	30.7	(³)

¹ Formerly called "job losers".

² Less than 500 persons or 0.05 percent.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area

based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Table 23. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
TOTAL									
United States	6,742	100.0	42.0	32.1	25.9	14.1	11.8	5.8	6.0
Alabama	114	100.0	39.6	28.9	31.5	15.3	16.2	6.7	9.5
Alaska	20	100.0	39.4	33.8	26.8	17.2	9.6	5.1	4.5
Arizona	113	100.0	46.2	33.7	20.1	13.2	6.9	4.8	2.1
Arkansas	63	100.0	44.4	31.7	23.9	14.1	9.8	5.5	4.3
California	927	100.0	42.4	31.2	26.4	13.6	12.7	6.3	6.4
Colorado	85	100.0	51.5	31.7	16.8	10.3	6.4	3.8	2.6
Connecticut	56	100.0	36.1	35.4	28.6	16.8	11.8	6.6	5.2
Delaware	15	100.0	41.3	31.3	27.4	14.4	13.0	6.4	6.6
District of Columbia	18	100.0	36.1	31.3	32.6	16.0	16.6	5.9	10.7
Florida	365	100.0	42.6	33.3	24.1	13.3	10.8	4.9	6.0
Georgia	165	100.0	40.2	32.3	27.6	15.1	12.4	8.4	4.0
Hawaii	28	100.0	36.4	33.2	30.4	12.6	17.9	5.7	12.2
Idaho	34	100.0	47.1	33.2	19.7	13.4	6.3	4.4	1.9
Illinois	343	100.0	38.2	33.7	28.0	13.9	14.2	6.8	7.3
Indiana	136	100.0	43.4	33.4	23.2	15.1	8.1	4.7	3.4
Iowa	53	100.0	50.1	32.3	17.6	9.9	7.7	5.4	2.3
Kansas	59	100.0	45.5	32.6	21.9	14.0	7.9	4.4	3.5
Kentucky	108	100.0	44.5	32.3	23.2	12.2	11.0	4.7	6.3
Louisiana	122	100.0	36.3	30.8	32.9	13.5	19.4	7.2	12.2
Maine	27	100.0	45.1	36.0	18.9	12.4	6.6	3.3	3.3
Maryland	116	100.0	38.0	33.6	28.3	17.3	11.1	4.4	6.7
Massachusetts	121	100.0	38.4	31.4	30.2	15.0	15.3	7.8	7.5
Michigan	274	100.0	44.6	32.9	22.5	13.7	8.8	4.1	4.7
Minnesota	104	100.0	42.8	34.2	22.9	12.6	10.3	5.6	4.7
Mississippi	72	100.0	35.9	31.6	32.5	18.5	14.1	8.3	5.8
Missouri	140	100.0	44.8	32.5	22.7	13.5	9.2	5.4	3.9
Montana	21	100.0	44.6	33.0	22.4	12.5	9.9	5.4	4.5
Nebraska	29	100.0	47.5	32.2	20.4	12.6	7.7	5.7	2.1
Nevada	55	100.0	41.9	32.4	25.7	14.6	11.0	4.5	6.6
New Hampshire	24	100.0	45.1	35.0	19.9	12.4	7.5	3.9	3.6
New Jersey	176	100.0	36.8	31.4	31.8	16.4	15.4	6.5	8.9
New Mexico	40	100.0	49.0	27.2	23.9	12.6	11.3	4.9	6.4
New York	429	100.0	33.6	32.2	34.2	15.6	18.6	6.5	12.1
North Carolina	221	100.0	41.1	34.0	24.9	13.5	11.4	6.6	4.8
Ohio	251	100.0	45.6	32.9	21.5	12.7	8.8	5.6	3.2
Oklahoma	64	100.0	47.3	31.7	21.1	9.5	11.6	5.6	6.0
Oregon	114	100.0	43.5	30.1	26.4	13.5	12.9	5.3	7.5
Pennsylvania	287	100.0	41.9	30.7	27.4	16.1	11.3	5.7	5.5
Rhode Island	24	100.0	42.3	33.2	24.6	13.4	11.2	5.2	6.0
South Carolina	106	100.0	37.3	32.6	30.1	15.8	14.4	8.5	5.9
South Dakota	13	100.0	48.6	28.8	22.6	13.7	8.9	2.5	6.4
Tennessee	126	100.0	39.3	34.4	26.2	13.6	12.6	5.9	6.7
Texas	507	100.0	45.3	30.9	23.8	14.7	9.1	4.4	4.7
Utah	49	100.0	55.5	28.8	15.8	10.8	5.0	4.7	.4
Vermont	12	100.0	48.9	28.4	22.7	12.5	10.2	5.2	5.0
Virginia	127	100.0	46.5	29.8	23.7	14.5	9.1	3.8	5.3
Washington	192	100.0	44.3	31.9	23.8	12.5	11.2	7.3	4.0
West Virginia	41	100.0	39.7	31.5	28.9	13.8	15.0	3.9	11.1
Wisconsin	136	100.0	42.8	31.7	25.5	14.7	10.7	6.3	4.5
Wyoming	11	100.0	52.4	31.7	15.9	6.2	9.7	5.6	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Men									
United States	3,663	100.0	41.1	32.4	26.5	14.4	12.1	5.7	6.3
Alabama	58	100.0	36.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Alaska	12	100.0	36.2	32.4	31.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	56	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arkansas	34	100.0	38.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
California	506	100.0	41.2	30.7	28.1	14.1	14.0	(1)	(1)
Colorado	45	100.0	48.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	9	100.0	38.0	30.0	31.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	188	100.0	44.4	33.9	21.7	12.5	(1)	(1)	(1)
Hawaii	15	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Idaho	19	100.0	45.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Illinois	184	100.0	35.8	32.9	31.2	14.9	16.3	(1)	(1)
Indiana	76	100.0	43.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kansas	34	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kentucky	56	100.0	46.2	30.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Louisiana	71	100.0	35.3	33.6	31.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maine	15	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	61	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Massachusetts	73	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Michigan	153	100.0	43.6	33.0	23.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Minnesota	66	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Mississippi	35	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Missouri	81	100.0	44.0	33.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Montana	12	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nevada	30	100.0	42.1	31.7	26.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	87	100.0	36.6	32.7	30.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Mexico	22	100.0	44.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New York	239	100.0	32.5	33.1	34.4	15.8	18.5	(1)	11.7
North Carolina	117	100.0	37.8	35.8	26.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	139	100.0	44.1	32.4	23.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Oregon	67	100.0	43.5	28.5	28.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Pennsylvania	161	100.0	37.7	32.1	30.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rhode Island	13	100.0	42.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
South Carolina	55	100.0	37.2	31.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	262	100.0	45.4	31.2	23.4	14.5	(1)	(1)	(1)
Utah	24	100.0	58.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Washington	112	100.0	44.3	31.1	24.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
West Virginia	26	100.0	36.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	83	100.0	39.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Women									
United States	3,079	100.0	43.2	31.7	25.1	13.6	11.5	5.8	5.7
Alabama	56	100.0	42.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Alaska	8	100.0	44.0	35.9	20.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	57	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arkansas	29	100.0	51.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
California	421	100.0	43.9	31.9	24.3	13.0	11.3	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	9	100.0	34.2	32.5	33.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	176	100.0	40.7	32.6	26.7	14.1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Hawaii	13	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Idaho	15	100.0	49.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Illinois	158	100.0	41.1	34.7	24.3	12.6	11.6	(1)	(1)
Indiana	60	100.0	43.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kentucky	52	100.0	42.7	34.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Louisiana	51	100.0	37.7	26.9	35.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	55	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Michigan	121	100.0	45.9	32.8	21.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Mississippi	36	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Missouri	59	100.0	45.9	30.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nevada	25	100.0	41.7	33.4	24.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	89	100.0	37.0	30.1	32.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New York	190	100.0	35.0	31.0	33.9	15.2	18.7	(1)	12.6
North Carolina	105	100.0	44.8	31.9	23.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	112	100.0	47.6	33.5	18.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Oregon	47	100.0	43.5	32.4	24.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Pennsylvania	126	100.0	47.2	28.9	23.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rhode Island	11	100.0	42.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
South Carolina	51	100.0	37.4	33.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	65	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	246	100.0	45.2	30.6	24.2	15.0	(1)	(1)	(1)
Utah	24	100.0	52.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Washington	80	100.0	44.4	33.1	22.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
West Virginia	15	100.0	44.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	54	100.0	48.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
United States	1,187	100.0	51.6	31.6	16.8	9.8	7.0	3.5	3.5
California	145	100.0	51.4	32.0	16.7	10.1	6.5	(1)	(1)
Florida	52	100.0	48.6	32.3	19.1	10.8	(1)	(1)	(1)
Illinois	54	100.0	51.9	33.5	14.5	10.4	4.2	(1)	(1)
Michigan	57	100.0	51.3	28.1	20.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New York	54	100.0	52.3	30.6	17.1	9.5	7.6	(1)	4.6
Ohio	53	100.0	49.3	36.6	14.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Pennsylvania	49	100.0	57.1	29.7	13.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	98	100.0	53.8	32.6	13.6	7.4	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
White									
United States	4,924	100.0	44.4	32.1	23.5	13.4	10.1	5.2	4.9
Alabama	61	100.0	43.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Alaska	12	100.0	38.2	32.7	29.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	98	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arkansas	37	100.0	49.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
California	712	100.0	43.4	30.8	25.8	13.2	12.6	(1)	(1)
Colorado	77	100.0	52.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Connecticut	44	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Delaware	10	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	272	100.0	43.4	34.3	22.3	13.5	(1)	(1)	(1)
Idaho	32	100.0	48.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Illinois	239	100.0	40.1	34.1	25.7	13.3	12.5	(1)	(1)
Indiana	112	100.0	45.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Iowa	49	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kansas	53	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kentucky	96	100.0	44.8	32.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Louisiana	52	100.0	44.4	28.0	27.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maine	26	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	55	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Massachusetts	100	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Michigan	199	100.0	45.3	34.5	20.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Minnesota	92	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Missouri	106	100.0	48.8	31.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Montana	18	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nebraska	26	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nevada	43	100.0	44.5	33.6	21.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Hampshire	23	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	125	100.0	36.7	32.2	31.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Mexico	32	100.0	49.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New York	294	100.0	35.8	33.8	30.4	14.8	15.6	(1)	10.1
North Carolina	118	100.0	43.3	32.8	23.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	199	100.0	46.2	32.8	21.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Oklahoma	46	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Oregon	103	100.0	43.6	29.2	27.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Pennsylvania	236	100.0	44.3	30.3	25.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rhode Island	20	100.0	42.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
South Carolina	57	100.0	43.3	32.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
South Dakota	10	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	90	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	374	100.0	49.1	30.3	20.6	12.9	(1)	(1)	(1)
Utah	47	100.0	55.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Vermont	12	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Washington	162	100.0	46.4	30.8	22.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
West Virginia	36	100.0	40.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	110	100.0	44.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wyoming	10	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Black									
United States	1,450	100.0	34.7	31.5	33.8	16.2	17.5	7.8	9.8
Alabama	53	100.0	35.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
California	97	100.0	35.5	31.5	33.1	16.6	16.5	(¹)	(¹)
District of Columbia	15	100.0	35.5	29.6	34.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Florida	86	100.0	40.0	29.2	30.7	13.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	88	100.0	34.7	31.2	34.0	14.7	19.3	(¹)	(¹)
Louisiana	68	100.0	29.6	33.6	36.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	57	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Michigan	66	100.0	43.5	28.7	27.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Mississippi	45	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New York	111	100.0	27.8	27.4	44.9	17.4	27.4	(¹)	18.1
North Carolina	94	100.0	38.3	36.1	25.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South Carolina	47	100.0	31.2	32.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Texas	111	100.0	36.1	31.9	32.0	18.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Hispanic origin									
United States	1,037	100.0	44.2	32.5	23.4	13.2	10.2	5.4	4.8
California	351	100.0	45.0	30.4	24.6	13.3	11.3	(¹)	(¹)
Florida	96	100.0	39.1	32.9	27.9	16.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	48	100.0	43.2	35.0	21.8	13.4	8.3	(¹)	(¹)
New York	69	100.0	31.4	30.7	37.9	16.3	21.6	(¹)	14.3
Texas	175	100.0	48.5	32.6	18.9	12.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not

add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for States.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels from the CPS for metropolitan areas and cities usually shown in tables 24 through 28 are not provided because updated population controls are not available. As a consequence, only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published and the usual table formats and sequence have been altered. Unemployment rates shown in table 24 may differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Atlanta MSA						
Total	74.6	72.1	3.4	2.9	-	3.9
Men	82.1	79.6	3.0	2.3	-	3.7
Women	67.7	65.1	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
White	75.3	73.4	2.5	1.9	-	3.1
Men	84.7	82.6	2.4	1.7	-	3.1
Women	66.0	64.4	2.5	1.7	-	3.3
Black	72.5	68.7	5.3	3.6	-	7.0
Men	75.8	72.4	4.5	2.3	-	6.7
Women	69.8	65.6	6.0	3.5	-	8.5
Hispanic origin	73.8	69.7	5.5	1.8	-	9.2
Baltimore PMSA						
Total	67.4	64.7	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Men	73.3	70.0	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Women	62.2	59.9	3.7	2.8	-	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.5	45.7	19.1	14.0	-	24.2
White	67.7	65.7	3.0	2.4	-	3.6
Men	75.2	72.5	3.6	2.6	-	4.6
Women	60.8	59.3	2.4	1.6	-	3.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.0	51.8	15.0	9.7	-	20.3
Black	65.5	60.4	7.9	5.1	-	10.7
Men	65.7	60.2	8.4	4.0	-	12.8
Women	65.4	60.5	7.4	3.7	-	11.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA						
Total	64.1	61.8	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Men	72.3	69.9	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Women	57.0	54.8	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
White	63.6	61.4	3.4	2.6	-	4.2
Men	72.9	70.3	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Women	55.5	53.7	3.3	2.1	-	4.5
Hispanic origin	60.8	57.5	5.4	2.1	-	8.7
Boston PMSA						
Total	68.5	66.0	3.6	3.1	-	4.1
Men	75.7	72.8	3.9	3.2	-	4.6
Women	61.6	59.6	3.3	2.6	-	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.9	37.9	9.4	5.5	-	13.3
White	68.2	65.9	3.3	2.8	-	3.8
Men	75.2	72.6	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Women	61.4	59.6	2.9	2.2	-	3.6
Black	71.4	66.9	6.2	2.6	-	9.8
Men	79.7	74.1	7.0	1.9	-	12.1
Women	63.4	60.1	5.3	.4	-	10.2
Hispanic origin	71.7	68.3	4.8	1.5	-	8.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA						
Total	61.8	58.6	5.2	4.1	-	6.3
Men	67.0	63.3	5.5	4.0	-	7.0
Women	56.9	54.2	4.8	3.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.8	42.7	12.5	5.9	-	19.1
White	63.0	60.3	4.3	3.3	-	5.3
Men	68.3	65.1	4.7	3.2	-	6.2
Women	57.9	55.7	3.9	2.5	-	5.3
Black	52.2	45.2	13.5	4.2	-	22.8
Women	50.7	44.5	12.3	.2	-	24.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA						
Total	68.8	64.6	6.1	5.1	-	7.1
Men	76.3	71.6	6.2	4.8	-	7.6
Women	62.0	58.2	6.1	4.7	-	7.5
White	69.8	66.8	4.4	3.4	-	5.4
Men	79.6	76.7	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Women	61.2	57.9	5.4	3.8	-	7.0
Black	65.9	59.4	9.9	6.4	-	13.4
Men	68.3	59.9	12.3	6.8	-	17.8
Women	63.7	58.9	7.5	3.1	-	11.9
Chicago PMSA						
Total	70.0	66.1	5.5	5.1	-	5.9
Men	78.3	73.9	5.5	4.9	-	6.1
Women	62.5	59.1	5.5	4.9	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	38.5	16.0	13.1	-	18.9
White	71.6	68.3	4.6	4.2	-	5.0
Men	80.9	77.1	4.7	4.1	-	5.3
Women	62.8	60.0	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.5	42.6	13.9	10.9	-	16.9
Black	63.1	56.8	9.9	7.9	-	11.9
Men	64.2	57.5	10.5	7.3	-	13.7
Women	62.3	56.4	9.4	6.8	-	12.0
Hispanic origin	73.2	67.6	7.7	6.1	-	9.3
Men	85.2	79.7	6.5	4.6	-	8.4
Women	60.3	54.5	9.7	7.0	-	12.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.7	35.8	23.4	14.8	-	32.0
Cincinnati PMSA						
Total	68.7	66.5	3.2	2.5	-	3.9
Men	76.8	74.6	2.9	2.0	-	3.8
Women	61.5	59.3	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
White	68.7	66.6	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
Men	76.8	74.5	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Women	61.5	59.4	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Black	66.6	63.5	4.7	(²)	-	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA					
Total	69.1	66.5	3.8	3.1	- 4.5
Men	76.2	73.0	4.2	3.3	- 5.1
Women	62.7	60.6	3.3	2.4	- 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.8	50.7	12.3	7.7	- 16.9
White	68.9	66.7	3.3	2.6	- 4.0
Men	76.7	73.8	3.8	2.8	- 4.8
Women	61.9	60.2	2.7	1.8	- 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.3	54.3	11.5	6.7	- 16.3
Black	69.7	65.2	6.4	2.5	- 10.3
Men	73.0	68.3	6.3	.7	- 11.9
Women	67.0	62.7	6.4	1.1	- 11.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA					
Total	73.1	70.6	3.5	2.7	- 4.3
Men	79.7	76.7	3.8	2.7	- 4.9
Women	66.6	64.5	3.1	2.1	- 4.1
White	73.2	70.9	3.2	2.4	- 4.0
Men	79.7	76.9	3.5	2.4	- 4.6
Women	66.8	64.9	2.9	1.8	- 4.0
Black	73.9	70.1	5.1	1.0	- 9.2
Men	80.0	75.5	5.6	(²)	- (²)
Women	68.6	65.5	4.5	(²)	- (²)
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA					
Total	74.2	70.2	5.4	4.9	- 5.9
Men	83.9	80.1	4.6	3.9	- 5.3
Women	64.8	60.6	6.4	5.5	- 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.5	46.0	14.1	10.7	- 17.5
White	74.0	70.7	4.5	4.0	- 5.0
Men	84.7	81.5	3.8	3.1	- 4.5
Women	63.3	59.9	5.5	4.6	- 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.6	50.3	11.0	7.6	- 14.4
Black	75.9	68.2	10.1	6.7	- 13.5
Men	79.0	71.7	9.3	4.6	- 14.0
Women	73.2	65.2	10.8	6.0	- 15.6
Hispanic origin	75.9	71.9	5.3	3.6	- 7.0
Men	91.0	88.5	2.8	1.2	- 4.4
Women	58.2	52.4	10.0	6.1	- 13.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA					
Total	68.0	64.3	5.4	4.2	- 6.6
Men	73.5	68.8	6.4	4.5	- 8.3
Women	63.2	60.4	4.4	2.8	- 6.0
White	69.3	65.9	4.8	3.5	- 6.1
Men	74.9	70.7	5.7	3.8	- 7.6
Women	64.0	61.6	3.8	2.2	- 5.4
Black	60.7	54.6	10.2	1.8	- 18.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA					
Total	71.9	69.3	3.6	3.1	- 4.1
Men	79.8	77.3	3.1	2.5	- 3.7
Women	64.1	61.4	4.2	3.5	- 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.5	50.6	14.9	11.2	- 18.6
White	72.0	69.5	3.5	3.0	- 4.0
Men	79.8	77.4	3.0	2.4	- 3.6
Women	64.2	61.6	4.1	3.3	- 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.6	54.5	11.6	8.1	- 15.1
Hispanic origin	72.5	68.5	5.6	3.5	- 7.7
Men	84.4	80.7	4.4	2.0	- 6.8
Women	60.1	55.7	7.3	3.6	- 11.0
Detroit PMSA					
Total	66.6	63.0	5.4	4.9	- 5.9
Men	73.9	69.8	5.6	4.8	- 6.4
Women	59.8	56.6	5.2	4.4	- 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.8	48.4	16.2	12.8	- 19.6
White	67.7	64.6	4.5	3.9	- 5.1
Men	76.4	72.6	4.9	4.1	- 5.7
Women	59.3	56.9	4.0	3.2	- 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63.0	55.5	11.8	8.4	- 15.2
Black	61.5	55.6	9.6	7.0	- 12.2
Men	62.6	56.6	9.6	5.8	- 13.4
Women	60.7	54.9	9.6	6.1	- 13.1
Hispanic origin	72.6	66.0	9.1	4.0	- 14.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA					
Total	67.7	64.3	5.1	4.2	- 6.0
Men	76.0	72.3	4.8	3.6	- 6.0
Women	60.3	57.1	5.4	4.1	- 6.7
White	66.7	63.9	4.2	3.3	- 5.1
Men	76.5	73.6	3.9	2.7	- 5.1
Women	57.6	54.9	4.6	3.2	- 6.0
Black	71.8	65.8	8.3	4.2	- 12.4
Men	73.3	66.6	9.0	2.5	- 15.5
Women	70.7	65.2	7.7	2.4	- 13.0
Hispanic origin	74.4	69.9	6.1	3.1	- 9.1
Men	84.2	79.4	5.7	1.7	- 9.7
Women	66.1	61.8	6.5	2.1	- 10.9
Hartford MSA					
Total	67.0	65.1	2.8	2.2	- 3.4
Men	72.8	70.7	2.9	2.0	- 3.8
Women	61.8	60.0	2.8	1.9	- 3.7
White	67.4	65.7	2.5	1.9	- 3.1
Men	73.8	71.9	2.6	1.7	- 3.5
Women	61.6	60.0	2.5	1.6	- 3.4
Black	63.4	60.2	5.1	.9	- 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Houston PMSA					
Total	69.0	65.6	4.9	4.3	- 5.5
Men	79.0	75.0	5.1	4.3	- 5.9
Women	59.0	56.2	4.6	3.7	- 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.0	33.5	21.9	16.8	- 27.0
White	69.0	66.4	3.8	3.2	- 4.4
Men	80.1	77.1	3.7	2.9	- 4.5
Women	57.7	55.5	3.8	2.8	- 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	36.9	19.0	13.5	- 24.5
Black	69.4	63.4	8.7	5.3	- 12.1
Men	73.7	66.3	10.2	5.0	- 15.4
Women	65.5	60.8	7.2	2.8	- 11.6
Hispanic origin	66.4	63.0	5.1	3.3	- 6.9
Men	81.6	77.4	5.2	2.9	- 7.5
Women	50.4	47.8	5.0	2.0	- 8.0
Indianapolis MSA					
Total	69.2	67.0	3.2	2.5	- 3.9
Men	77.3	74.6	3.5	2.5	- 4.5
Women	62.0	60.2	2.9	1.9	- 3.9
White	69.7	67.6	3.0	2.3	- 3.7
Men	78.1	75.4	3.4	2.4	- 4.4
Women	61.9	60.4	2.5	1.5	- 3.5
Black	66.5	63.4	4.7	.5	- 8.9
Kansas City MSA					
Total	71.1	67.8	4.6	3.9	- 5.3
Men	77.8	73.9	5.1	4.1	- 6.1
Women	65.2	62.5	4.2	3.3	- 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.5	54.5	10.0	6.6	- 13.4
White	71.9	69.0	4.1	3.4	- 4.8
Men	78.6	75.0	4.6	3.6	- 5.6
Women	65.7	63.4	3.5	2.6	- 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.1	57.9	9.6	6.2	- 13.0
Black	63.6	56.6	11.0	4.9	- 17.1
Women	61.5	54.8	10.8	2.9	- 18.7
Hispanic origin	74.9	68.7	8.4	3.3	- 13.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA					
Total	66.2	62.5	5.7	5.3	- 6.1
Men	76.0	71.8	5.5	5.0	- 6.0
Women	57.1	53.7	5.8	5.2	- 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.0	29.8	19.5	16.4	- 22.6
White	67.2	63.6	5.3	4.9	- 5.7
Men	77.6	73.6	5.1	4.6	- 5.6
Women	57.0	53.8	5.6	5.0	- 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.5	32.1	18.9	15.5	- 22.3
Black	65.4	58.9	10.0	7.9	- 12.1
Men	72.0	64.3	10.7	7.6	- 13.8
Women	60.3	54.7	9.3	6.5	- 12.1
Hispanic origin	68.1	63.9	6.2	5.6	- 6.8
Men	81.4	76.8	5.7	4.9	- 6.5
Women	55.6	51.7	6.9	5.9	- 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.5	30.1	19.6	15.1	- 24.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Louisville MSA					
Total	70.3	67.4	4.1	3.2	- 5.0
Men	76.3	72.7	4.7	3.4	- 6.0
Women	64.9	62.7	3.4	2.3	- 4.5
White	70.0	67.5	3.6	2.7	- 4.5
Men	76.0	72.7	4.3	3.0	- 5.6
Women	64.6	62.8	2.8	1.7	- 3.9
Black	71.7	66.7	7.0	1.4	- 12.6
Memphis MSA					
Total	69.5	66.1	4.8	3.7	- 5.9
Men	79.4	75.8	4.6	3.1	- 6.1
Women	61.3	58.1	5.1	3.5	- 6.7
White	66.5	63.7	4.3	3.0	- 5.6
Men	79.0	75.4	4.6	2.8	- 6.4
Women	54.8	52.7	3.9	1.9	- 5.9
Black	73.5	69.4	5.6	2.8	- 8.4
Men	79.8	76.2	4.5	.8	- 8.2
Women	69.1	64.6	6.4	2.4	- 10.4
Miami PMSA					
Total	60.7	57.1	6.0	5.1	- 6.9
Men	68.5	64.8	5.4	4.3	- 6.5
Women	53.4	49.7	6.8	5.4	- 8.2
White	59.7	56.1	6.1	5.1	- 7.1
Men	67.8	64.1	5.5	4.2	- 6.8
Women	51.9	48.4	6.8	5.2	- 8.4
Black	65.9	61.9	6.1	2.5	- 9.7
Men	72.5	68.8	5.1	.6	- 9.6
Women	59.8	55.5	7.2	1.6	- 12.8
Hispanic origin	60.0	55.6	7.3	5.6	- 9.0
Men	69.4	65.0	6.3	4.1	- 8.5
Women	51.4	47.0	8.6	5.8	- 11.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA					
Total	72.7	68.7	5.6	4.8	- 6.4
Men	77.1	72.3	6.2	5.0	- 7.4
Women	68.4	65.1	4.8	3.7	- 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.3	52.2	14.9	10.4	- 19.4
White	73.4	70.4	4.1	3.4	- 4.8
Men	78.3	74.8	4.5	3.4	- 5.6
Women	68.4	65.9	3.7	2.7	- 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.2	56.7	11.7	7.3	- 16.1
Black	66.6	55.1	17.4	9.6	- 25.2
Men	65.9	50.8	22.8	9.7	- 35.9
Women	67.3	58.7	12.8	3.7	- 21.9
Hispanic origin	77.7	71.9	7.4	2.2	- 12.6
Men	83.6	79.2	5.3	(²)	- (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA					
Total	78.3	75.7	3.3	2.9	- 3.7
Men	84.0	80.7	3.9	3.2	- 4.6
Women	72.8	70.8	2.7	2.1	- 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.4	56.1	8.6	5.7	- 11.5
White	78.8	76.4	3.1	2.7	- 3.5
Men	84.3	81.3	3.5	2.9	- 4.1
Women	73.4	71.5	2.5	1.9	- 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.0	59.1	7.7	4.9	- 10.5
Black	76.4	69.4	9.2	3.0	- 15.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA					
Total	64.6	62.5	3.2	2.7	- 3.7
Men	71.5	69.1	3.3	2.5	- 4.1
Women	57.9	56.2	3.1	2.3	- 3.9
White	64.5	62.5	3.1	2.5	- 3.7
Men	71.5	69.2	3.2	2.4	- 4.0
Women	57.6	55.9	3.0	2.2	- 3.8
Black	65.0	62.8	3.4	(²)	- (²)
Hispanic origin	68.1	65.6	3.7	.8	- 6.6
New Orleans MSA					
Total	61.8	58.7	5.0	4.0	- 6.0
Men	69.7	65.8	5.5	4.1	- 6.9
Women	55.1	52.6	4.5	3.2	- 5.8
White	61.4	59.6	2.9	2.0	- 3.8
Men	69.0	66.3	3.9	2.4	- 5.4
Women	54.0	53.0	1.7	.6	- 2.8
Black	62.2	57.0	8.4	5.4	- 11.4
Men	70.0	64.2	8.3	3.9	- 12.7
Women	56.8	52.0	8.5	4.4	- 12.6
New York PMSA					
Total	59.6	56.3	5.5	5.1	- 5.9
Men	67.8	64.0	5.6	5.1	- 6.1
Women	52.6	49.7	5.4	4.8	- 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.1	19.1	17.5	13.5	- 21.5
White	59.8	57.0	4.6	4.1	- 5.1
Men	69.1	65.9	4.5	3.9	- 5.1
Women	51.4	49.0	4.7	4.0	- 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.7	23.5	12.1	7.7	- 16.5
Black	57.7	53.0	8.1	6.5	- 9.7
Men	61.7	56.2	9.0	6.4	- 11.6
Women	54.8	50.7	7.4	5.3	- 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.6	13.9	29.1	12.1	- 46.1
Hispanic origin	57.4	53.3	7.2	5.8	- 8.6
Men	67.6	63.2	6.6	4.8	- 8.4
Women	48.8	44.9	7.9	5.8	- 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.1	22.1	11.8	3.5	- 20.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Newark PMSA						
Total	66.8	63.9	4.5	3.8	-	5.2
Men	76.0	72.8	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Women	58.6	55.9	4.7	3.7	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.1	36.0	14.5	9.0	-	20.0
White	66.2	64.2	3.0	2.3	-	3.7
Men	76.5	74.3	3.0	2.1	-	3.9
Women	56.8	55.0	3.1	2.1	-	4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.8	41.2	11.9	5.8	-	18.0
Black	67.5	61.7	8.5	5.8	-	11.2
Men	73.2	66.5	9.1	5.1	-	13.1
Women	62.8	57.8	8.0	4.4	-	11.6
Hispanic origin	69.3	65.8	5.1	2.6	-	7.6
Men	85.1	82.3	3.3	.6	-	6.0
Women	55.4	51.2	7.5	3.0	-	12.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA						
Total	64.6	62.8	2.7	1.9	-	3.5
Men	70.2	68.5	2.5	1.4	-	3.6
Women	59.7	57.9	2.9	1.8	-	4.0
White	65.2	64.3	1.3	.7	-	1.9
Men	72.7	71.9	1.1	.3	-	1.9
Women	58.1	57.2	1.6	.5	-	2.7
Black	62.5	58.7	6.1	2.4	-	9.8
Men	63.0	58.7	6.7	.7	-	12.7
Women	62.1	58.6	5.7	1.0	-	10.4
Oakland PMSA						
Total	70.9	68.2	3.8	3.0	-	4.6
Men	79.4	76.3	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Women	63.0	60.7	3.7	2.5	-	4.9
White	70.6	68.1	3.5	2.6	-	4.4
Men	80.6	77.6	3.7	2.4	-	5.0
Women	61.2	59.2	3.3	2.0	-	4.6
Black	71.2	66.0	7.3	3.0	-	11.6
Hispanic origin	74.2	71.9	3.2	1.0	-	5.4
Men	87.6	85.5	2.4	(²)	-	(²)
Oklahoma City MSA						
Total	67.3	65.1	3.3	2.6	-	4.0
Men	74.7	72.4	3.1	2.2	-	4.0
Women	60.4	58.4	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
White	67.8	65.9	2.8	2.1	-	3.5
Men	75.2	73.4	2.4	1.5	-	3.3
Women	60.9	59.0	3.2	2.1	-	4.3
Black	61.8	57.8	6.6	1.2	-	12.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Orange County PMSA					
Total	68.4	65.7	4.0	3.3	- 4.7
Men	77.8	74.7	3.9	2.9	- 4.9
Women	59.6	57.2	4.0	2.9	- 5.1
White	69.9	67.3	3.7	2.9	- 4.5
Men	79.6	76.8	3.6	2.6	- 4.6
Women	60.9	58.6	3.8	2.6	- 5.0
Hispanic origin	71.2	68.0	4.5	2.9	- 6.1
Men	87.4	83.9	4.1	2.1	- 6.1
Women	56.0	53.1	5.2	2.4	- 8.0
Philadelphia PMSA					
Total	66.2	63.0	4.7	4.2	- 5.2
Men	72.9	69.4	4.7	4.0	- 5.4
Women	60.1	57.2	4.7	4.0	- 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.6	39.9	14.3	11.0	- 17.6
White	67.2	64.5	3.9	3.4	- 4.4
Men	74.4	71.6	3.7	3.0	- 4.4
Women	60.4	57.8	4.2	3.5	- 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.2	42.7	11.5	8.1	- 14.9
Black	62.3	56.6	9.1	6.9	- 11.3
Men	65.8	58.7	10.8	7.3	- 14.3
Women	59.5	55.0	7.5	4.8	- 10.2
Hispanic origin	66.6	62.0	6.9	3.7	- 10.1
Men	81.4	77.5	4.8	1.3	- 8.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA					
Total	68.0	64.8	4.7	4.1	- 5.3
Men	77.5	74.2	4.3	3.5	- 5.1
Women	58.5	55.4	5.2	4.2	- 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.0	48.9	12.6	9.0	- 16.2
White	67.8	64.8	4.4	3.8	- 5.0
Men	77.6	74.6	3.9	3.1	- 4.7
Women	57.9	54.9	5.2	4.2	- 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.2	50.0	11.0	7.5	- 14.5
Hispanic origin	68.8	64.6	6.0	4.0	- 8.0
Men	82.5	78.0	5.5	3.1	- 7.9
Women	54.8	51.1	6.8	3.5	- 10.1
Pittsburgh MSA					
Total	62.7	59.2	5.6	4.8	- 6.4
Men	69.1	65.0	6.1	5.0	- 7.2
Women	56.8	54.0	5.0	3.9	- 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.5	41.3	14.7	9.3	- 20.1
White	63.0	59.8	5.1	4.3	- 5.9
Men	69.5	65.6	5.6	4.5	- 6.7
Women	57.2	54.5	4.7	3.6	- 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.7	43.9	13.4	8.0	- 18.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Portland-Vancouver PMSA					
Total	71.7	67.1	6.5	5.8	- 7.2
Men	79.3	73.5	7.3	6.3	- 8.3
Women	64.4	60.9	5.5	4.5	- 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.0	47.7	16.4	12.1	- 20.7
White	71.3	66.9	6.2	5.5	- 6.9
Men	78.9	73.4	7.0	5.9	- 8.1
Women	64.0	60.7	5.1	4.1	- 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.7	49.6	15.4	11.0	- 19.8
Black	69.6	60.8	12.7	4.0	- 21.4
Hispanic origin	76.0	70.0	7.9	4.4	- 11.4
Men	91.9	87.8	4.5	1.2	- 7.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA					
Total	66.6	63.4	4.8	4.2	- 5.4
Men	73.1	69.3	5.3	4.4	- 6.2
Women	60.9	58.3	4.2	3.4	- 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.0	51.0	13.6	9.7	- 17.5
White	66.4	63.4	4.5	3.9	- 5.1
Men	73.1	69.5	4.9	4.0	- 5.8
Women	60.5	58.1	4.1	3.3	- 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.9	52.4	12.4	8.6	- 16.2
Black	71.7	65.8	8.3	2.8	- 13.8
Hispanic origin	66.0	58.8	10.9	6.5	- 15.3
Men	76.0	69.4	8.6	3.2	- 14.0
Women	57.5	49.7	13.5	6.6	- 20.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA					
Total	65.0	61.7	5.1	4.3	- 5.9
Men	74.7	70.9	5.2	4.1	- 6.3
Women	56.4	53.6	4.9	3.7	- 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.2	32.3	21.7	15.2	- 28.2
White	66.1	63.1	4.6	3.7	- 5.5
Men	76.5	72.9	4.7	3.5	- 5.9
Women	57.0	54.3	4.6	3.3	- 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	36.8	19.1	12.4	- 25.8
Black	62.1	57.6	7.3	3.0	- 11.6
Men	65.5	60.8	7.3	1.1	- 13.5
Women	59.2	54.8	7.4	1.4	- 13.4
Hispanic origin	66.7	63.7	4.6	3.0	- 6.2
Men	80.7	77.0	4.6	2.5	- 6.7
Women	54.7	52.2	4.5	2.1	- 6.9
Rochester MSA					
Total	66.8	63.0	5.7	4.6	- 6.8
Men	73.0	68.2	6.5	4.8	- 8.2
Women	61.2	58.3	4.7	3.2	- 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.3	45.6	15.9	8.9	- 22.9
White	67.2	64.0	4.8	3.7	- 5.9
Men	74.6	70.5	5.6	4.0	- 7.2
Women	60.4	58.0	4.0	2.5	- 5.5
Black	60.9	51.1	16.0	4.6	- 27.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA						
Total	69.0	66.1	4.1	3.2	-	5.0
Men	74.1	70.1	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Women	63.9	62.3	2.6	1.5	-	3.7
White	69.9	67.6	3.4	2.5	-	4.3
Men	75.2	71.7	4.7	3.2	-	6.2
Women	64.6	63.5	1.8	.8	-	2.8
Hispanic origin	74.5	70.9	4.7	1.6	-	7.8
St. Louis MSA³						
Total	69.0	65.5	5.0	4.3	-	5.7
Men	75.6	71.3	5.7	4.7	-	6.7
Women	62.9	60.2	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.2	50.0	14.1	9.7	-	18.5
White	69.6	66.8	4.1	3.4	-	4.8
Men	77.3	73.7	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Women	62.1	60.0	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.3	56.6	11.9	7.4	-	16.4
Black	65.7	59.6	9.2	5.6	-	12.8
Men	66.4	58.2	12.4	5.8	-	19.0
Women	65.2	60.5	7.2	3.1	-	11.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA						
Total	73.5	70.4	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Men	82.8	79.9	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Women	64.2	61.1	4.8	3.9	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	65.7	59.1	10.1	7.2	-	13.0
White	73.4	70.4	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Men	82.9	79.9	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Women	64.1	61.0	4.8	3.9	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66.7	60.2	9.8	6.8	-	12.8
Hispanic origin	75.7	71.2	6.0	3.0	-	9.0
Men	86.8	82.8	4.6	1.3	-	7.9
San Antonio MSA						
Total	66.5	63.9	3.9	3.0	-	4.8
Men	76.3	73.6	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Women	57.7	55.2	4.3	2.9	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.9	44.5	14.3	7.9	-	20.7
White	66.7	64.3	3.6	2.7	-	4.5
Men	75.9	73.5	3.1	2.0	-	4.2
Women	58.4	56.0	4.2	2.8	-	5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.8	45.4	14.1	7.6	-	20.6
Black	68.3	62.6	8.3	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic origin	65.1	62.1	4.7	2.6	-	6.8
Men	73.4	70.5	4.0	1.4	-	6.6
Women	57.7	54.5	5.4	2.2	-	8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
San Diego MSA					
Total	65.4	62.9	3.8	3.1	- 4.5
Men	73.0	70.2	4.0	3.0	- 5.0
Women	58.4	56.3	3.6	2.5	- 4.7
White	66.2	63.9	3.5	2.7	- 4.3
Men	74.4	71.6	3.8	2.7	- 4.9
Women	58.7	56.9	3.1	2.0	- 4.2
Hispanic origin	67.2	63.2	6.0	3.8	- 8.2
Men	76.0	71.9	5.4	2.5	- 8.3
Women	60.1	56.1	6.5	3.3	- 9.7
San Francisco PMSA					
Total	70.4	67.7	3.9	3.0	- 4.8
Men	76.9	74.3	3.4	2.3	- 4.5
Women	63.6	60.7	4.6	3.2	- 6.0
White	73.8	71.1	3.6	2.6	- 4.6
Men	81.0	78.3	3.2	2.0	- 4.4
Women	66.2	63.4	4.1	2.5	- 5.7
Hispanic origin	80.6	77.9	3.4	1.4	- 5.4
Men	92.2	89.2	3.2	.9	- 5.5
San Jose PMSA					
Total	72.2	67.4	6.7	5.6	- 7.8
Men	81.9	77.0	6.0	4.6	- 7.4
Women	62.1	57.4	7.5	5.7	- 9.3
White	73.5	69.1	6.0	4.7	- 7.3
Men	84.0	79.6	5.3	3.7	- 6.9
Women	62.6	58.2	7.0	4.8	- 9.2
Hispanic origin	77.0	70.3	8.8	5.5	- 12.1
Men	90.7	82.5	8.9	4.5	- 13.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA					
Total	70.5	67.0	4.9	4.2	- 5.6
Men	79.0	74.9	5.2	4.2	- 6.2
Women	62.1	59.2	4.6	3.6	- 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.5	50.1	14.3	9.5	- 19.1
White	70.4	67.0	4.8	4.1	- 5.5
Men	79.1	75.1	5.1	4.1	- 6.1
Women	61.9	59.1	4.5	3.4	- 5.6
Hispanic origin	79.6	75.0	5.8	2.6	- 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA					
Total	62.2	59.5	4.3	3.6	- 5.0
Men	69.0	66.0	4.3	3.3	- 5.3
Women	56.0	53.6	4.2	3.2	- 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.0	50.4	8.4	4.4	- 12.4
White	61.6	59.2	3.8	3.1	- 4.5
Men	69.2	66.5	3.9	2.9	- 4.9
Women	54.5	52.5	3.7	2.7	- 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.5	52.4	8.8	4.4	- 13.2
Black	67.3	61.7	8.3	3.0	- 13.6
Women	68.5	62.8	8.3	1.3	- 15.3
Hispanic origin	62.5	60.2	3.6	1.0	- 6.2
Men	69.5	66.0	5.0	1.0	- 9.0
Women	54.9	53.9	1.7	(²)	- (²)
Washington D.C. PMSA					
Total	74.0	71.3	3.6	3.2	- 4.0
Men	79.6	76.8	3.5	3.0	- 4.0
Women	68.7	66.1	3.7	3.1	- 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.5	37.7	15.2	11.5	- 18.9
White	74.3	72.5	2.5	2.1	- 2.9
Men	81.4	79.4	2.5	1.9	- 3.1
Women	67.3	65.6	2.5	1.9	- 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.2	45.1	10.1	6.4	- 13.8
Black	73.0	68.1	6.7	5.0	- 8.4
Men	73.9	68.8	6.9	4.4	- 9.4
Women	72.3	67.6	6.5	4.3	- 8.7
Hispanic origin	80.7	77.9	3.5	1.7	- 5.3
Men	92.2	90.4	1.9	.2	- 3.6
Women	68.5	64.6	5.8	2.3	- 9.3
Baltimore central city					
Total	57.0	53.4	6.4	4.5	- 8.3
Men	61.9	57.7	6.8	4.1	- 9.5
Women	52.4	49.3	5.9	3.3	- 8.5
White	59.6	58.3	2.1	.4	- 3.8
Men	69.0	67.1	2.8	.2	- 5.4
Women	49.7	49.1	1.2	(²)	- (²)
Black	55.1	49.9	9.3	4.7	- 13.9
Men	56.4	50.7	10.2	3.2	- 17.2
Women	53.9	49.3	8.6	2.4	- 14.8
Chicago central city					
Total	66.2	61.1	7.7	6.9	- 8.5
Men	74.2	69.0	7.1	5.9	- 8.3
Women	59.6	54.6	8.4	7.1	- 9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.9	30.9	26.3	20.0	- 32.6
White	71.3	67.4	5.5	4.6	- 6.4
Men	81.6	77.5	5.1	3.9	- 6.3
Women	61.7	58.0	6.0	4.6	- 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.8	38.1	20.4	13.3	- 27.5
Black	57.2	50.2	12.2	9.3	- 15.1
Men	58.5	51.2	12.4	7.7	- 17.1
Women	56.4	49.6	12.1	8.3	- 15.9
Hispanic origin	70.1	64.9	7.5	5.3	- 9.7
Men	82.9	78.1	5.8	3.3	- 8.3
Women	57.1	51.3	10.1	6.2	- 14.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.0	36.8	23.4	12.5	- 34.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Cleveland central city						
Total	65.2	61.5	5.6	3.6	-	7.6
Men	67.8	64.3	5.3	2.4	-	8.2
Women	63.1	59.4	5.9	3.1	-	8.7
White	61.7	59.2	4.0	1.5	-	6.5
Men	64.8	62.1	4.1	.5	-	7.7
Women	59.1	56.8	3.9	.5	-	7.3
Black	67.8	62.8	7.3	1.8	-	12.8
Men	70.5	65.8	6.6	(²)	-	(²)
Women	65.9	60.6	7.9	.2	-	15.6
Dallas central city						
Total	72.0	66.5	7.6	6.2	-	9.0
Men	83.3	77.4	7.1	5.4	-	8.8
Women	60.3	55.3	8.3	6.1	-	10.5
White	71.4	67.5	5.5	4.1	-	6.9
Men	85.4	81.4	4.6	3.0	-	6.2
Women	55.7	51.8	7.1	4.5	-	9.7
Black	74.4	64.7	13.0	7.0	-	19.0
Men	77.9	66.1	15.2	5.9	-	24.5
Women	71.3	63.5	11.0	3.3	-	18.7
Hispanic origin	73.3	68.4	6.7	3.3	-	10.1
Men	89.1	86.0	3.5	.5	-	6.5
Detroit central city						
Total	56.7	50.5	10.8	8.8	-	12.8
Men	56.4	50.1	11.2	8.2	-	14.2
Women	56.9	50.9	10.5	7.9	-	13.1
White	53.0	48.0	9.3	3.7	-	14.9
Black	57.1	50.7	11.1	7.8	-	14.4
Men	55.6	49.2	11.5	6.3	-	16.7
Women	58.2	51.9	10.8	6.4	-	15.2
District of Columbia						
Total	67.5	63.1	6.5	5.8	-	7.2
Men	71.1	66.4	6.5	5.6	-	7.4
Women	64.3	60.1	6.5	5.6	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.1	24.5	30.1	24.8	-	35.4
White	78.3	76.0	3.0	2.3	-	3.7
Men	82.2	79.7	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Women	74.5	72.3	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Black	61.4	55.8	9.1	8.0	-	10.2
Men	64.3	58.3	9.3	7.8	-	10.8
Women	58.9	53.6	9.0	7.5	-	10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.1	20.5	38.0	31.3	-	44.7
Hispanic origin	79.0	75.4	4.6	2.3	-	6.9
Men	85.8	81.3	5.3	2.1	-	8.5
Women	70.6	68.2	3.5	.3	-	6.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
Houston central city					
Total	66.9	63.1	5.7	4.7	- 6.7
Men	76.6	71.7	6.3	4.9	- 7.7
Women	57.3	54.5	4.9	3.5	- 6.3
White	67.7	65.4	3.5	2.5	- 4.5
Men	78.4	75.5	3.6	2.3	- 4.9
Women	56.7	54.9	3.2	1.8	- 4.6
Black	65.7	59.3	9.7	5.0	- 14.4
Men	71.2	62.8	11.9	4.6	- 19.2
Women	60.9	56.3	7.5	1.6	- 13.4
Hispanic origin	66.6	63.2	5.1	2.6	- 7.6
Men	79.8	75.5	5.4	2.1	- 8.7
Women	52.7	50.3	4.7	.8	- 8.6
Indianapolis central city					
Total	66.2	63.1	4.6	3.3	- 5.9
Men	74.9	71.3	4.8	3.0	- 6.6
Women	58.7	56.1	4.4	2.6	- 6.2
White	67.2	64.2	4.4	3.0	- 5.8
Men	76.9	73.1	4.9	2.9	- 6.9
Women	57.9	55.7	3.7	1.7	- 5.7
Black	64.8	61.4	5.3	.4	- 10.2
Los Angeles central city					
Total	66.6	62.0	6.8	6.1	- 7.5
Men	76.6	71.9	6.2	5.4	- 7.0
Women	57.5	53.2	7.5	6.5	- 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.6	29.2	18.1	13.0	- 23.2
White	67.9	63.7	6.2	5.5	- 6.9
Men	78.3	74.0	5.5	4.6	- 6.4
Women	57.9	53.7	7.2	6.0	- 8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.6	31.9	17.4	11.9	- 22.9
Black	61.0	54.4	10.7	7.6	- 13.8
Men	68.5	61.2	10.6	5.9	- 15.3
Women	56.0	49.9	10.8	6.5	- 15.1
Hispanic origin	68.3	63.5	7.1	6.0	- 8.2
Men	81.5	76.6	6.0	4.7	- 7.3
Women	55.9	51.2	8.5	6.7	- 10.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.0	31.2	18.0	11.3	- 24.7
Milwaukee central city					
Total	69.0	61.7	10.5	8.6	- 12.4
Men	71.7	62.8	12.5	9.7	- 15.3
Women	66.1	60.6	8.4	5.9	- 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.2	35.6	27.5	16.6	- 38.4
White	70.4	65.7	6.7	4.7	- 8.7
Men	75.0	69.3	7.6	4.8	- 10.4
Women	65.0	61.5	5.5	2.7	- 8.3
Black	65.8	53.7	18.5	10.3	- 26.7
Men	64.0	48.2	24.8	10.7	- 38.9
Women	67.4	58.3	13.5	4.0	- 23.0
Hispanic origin	72.5	65.5	9.6	2.2	- 17.0
Men	80.6	74.9	7.1	(²)	- (²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment		
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹	
New York central city					
Total	58.1	54.6	6.1	5.6	- 6.6
Men	66.2	62.1	6.1	5.5	- 6.7
Women	51.3	48.2	6.0	5.3	- 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.6	17.4	19.7	15.1	- 24.3
White	58.0	55.0	5.2	4.6	- 5.8
Men	67.4	64.0	5.0	4.3	- 5.7
Women	49.7	47.0	5.5	4.7	- 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.8	21.2	14.4	9.1	- 19.7
Black	56.8	52.0	8.4	6.7	- 10.1
Men	60.8	55.1	9.4	6.7	- 12.1
Women	53.8	49.7	7.6	5.4	- 9.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.7	14.1	28.3	11.2	- 45.4
Hispanic origin	55.9	51.6	7.8	6.3	- 9.3
Men	65.9	61.2	7.0	5.0	- 9.0
Women	47.8	43.6	8.7	6.4	- 11.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.6	20.4	13.6	4.1	- 23.1
Philadelphia central city					
Total	58.2	53.5	8.1	6.8	- 9.4
Men	62.5	56.4	9.8	7.8	- 11.8
Women	54.6	51.1	6.5	4.9	- 8.1
White	58.6	54.5	7.1	5.5	- 8.7
Men	64.3	59.2	7.8	5.4	- 10.2
Women	53.5	50.2	6.3	4.1	- 8.5
Black	58.0	52.1	10.1	7.1	- 13.1
Men	60.1	51.7	13.9	8.7	- 19.1
Women	56.3	52.3	7.0	3.6	- 10.4
Hispanic origin	59.7	52.8	11.6	4.7	- 18.5
Phoenix central city					
Total	70.1	66.2	5.6	4.6	- 6.6
Men	81.8	77.4	5.4	4.1	- 6.7
Women	57.9	54.5	5.9	4.2	- 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.2	49.7	13.1	7.9	- 18.3
White	69.3	65.7	5.2	4.1	- 6.3
Men	81.5	77.7	4.6	3.3	- 5.9
Women	56.8	53.3	6.1	4.3	- 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.8	50.3	11.5	6.3	- 16.7
Hispanic origin	66.2	61.8	6.6	3.8	- 9.4
Men	80.9	75.1	7.1	3.4	- 10.8
Women	51.4	48.5	5.7	1.5	- 9.9
St. Louis central city					
Total	57.7	53.8	6.7	4.4	- 9.0
Men	61.5	57.3	6.9	3.3	- 10.5
Women	55.1	51.5	6.5	3.4	- 9.6
White	63.6	62.5	1.7	(²)	- (²)
Black	53.0	47.3	10.9	4.0	- 17.8
Women	53.3	48.0	9.9	1.7	- 18.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
San Antonio central city						
Total	65.1	61.9	4.9	3.7	-	6.1
Men	74.7	71.7	4.0	2.5	-	5.5
Women	56.3	53.0	5.9	3.9	-	7.9
White	65.6	62.8	4.2	3.0	-	5.4
Men	74.7	72.4	3.1	1.7	-	4.5
Women	57.3	54.2	5.5	3.5	-	7.5
Hispanic origin	65.1	61.7	5.2	2.8	-	7.6
Men	73.2	70.1	4.2	1.2	-	7.2
Women	58.2	54.5	6.3	2.5	-	10.1
San Diego central city						
Total	70.6	68.0	3.7	2.6	-	4.8
Men	79.0	75.6	4.3	2.7	-	5.9
Women	62.6	60.8	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
White	73.6	70.8	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Men	83.0	79.0	4.8	2.9	-	6.7
Women	64.5	62.9	2.5	1.0	-	4.0
Hispanic origin	70.5	66.7	5.4	2.1	-	8.7
Men	77.4	72.4	6.5	1.7	-	11.3
San Francisco central city						
Total	69.0	65.8	4.7	3.3	-	6.1
Men	76.6	73.1	4.5	2.7	-	6.3
Women	59.9	56.9	4.9	2.6	-	7.2
White	75.1	72.2	4.0	2.4	-	5.6
Men	84.9	81.6	3.9	1.9	-	5.9
Women	62.5	60.0	4.1	1.4	-	6.8
Hispanic origin	79.4	76.7	3.4	.7	-	6.1
Men	94.5	91.0	3.8	.5	-	7.1

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the

unemployment rate is low.

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.0	18.6	3.2	12.7	15.9	8.9	10.3	2.6	4.2	4.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	17.9	18.8	4.1	10.2	16.3	13.2	10.0	2.4	3.0	3.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	20.1	16.9	3.6	12.3	17.3	10.8	8.9	4.0	3.3	2.4
Boston PMSA	100.0	19.6	23.4	3.4	11.2	12.0	13.2	9.1	2.4	2.2	2.3
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	12.6	15.9	4.0	13.1	16.5	13.1	10.4	5.3	4.4	3.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	15.4	14.0	3.0	12.0	11.4	13.3	11.5	8.3	6.4	4.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	17.2	17.0	2.9	11.9	15.0	12.2	10.1	5.0	4.5	3.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	17.5	17.5	3.4	11.2	14.3	13.6	8.6	5.2	3.9	3.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	16.6	14.9	3.7	12.2	14.9	13.8	9.3	5.8	3.4	4.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	18.5	17.4	3.4	11.4	15.5	12.2	9.4	3.7	3.5	4.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	17.7	15.4	3.1	12.7	14.1	12.3	11.7	4.5	3.4	3.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	13.6	15.3	4.0	9.4	13.0	13.3	12.6	8.5	3.0	4.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.3	19.6	3.6	12.4	13.7	12.1	10.2	3.2	3.0	2.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.7	17.6	3.1	12.3	13.4	13.2	11.2	6.2	3.3	4.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	17.3	14.3	3.6	15.1	15.0	16.7	8.8	2.5	2.2	2.8
Hartford MSA	100.0	17.8	17.4	4.2	13.9	13.3	11.6	11.0	4.3	3.2	2.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	16.0	15.7	3.2	13.4	14.4	11.3	12.3	3.2	4.8	4.1
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	18.8	17.9	2.8	13.7	13.9	9.1	10.4	4.3	4.1	3.8
Kansas City MSA	100.0	16.9	15.5	3.8	12.6	15.1	12.4	10.4	4.9	3.5	3.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.9	16.8	2.8	11.2	14.0	14.3	9.2	6.9	3.8	4.6
Louisville MSA	100.0	14.9	16.1	3.3	12.3	14.2	10.8	11.5	6.1	5.1	3.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	15.9	12.2	2.5	12.3	14.0	13.2	12.3	6.0	5.1	6.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	13.1	12.2	2.7	16.4	14.2	17.6	10.1	3.1	4.0	5.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	17.2	15.9	3.3	11.4	14.6	11.8	10.8	6.2	3.8	4.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.6	18.2	4.3	12.1	15.2	10.6	9.8	4.0	2.2	2.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	18.0	17.6	3.7	11.9	16.0	13.7	10.4	1.8	3.5	2.2
New Orleans MSA	100.0	12.0	18.2	5.0	11.9	11.8	16.1	12.7	2.9	4.7	3.7
New York PMSA	100.0	15.6	19.2	2.7	10.5	13.8	18.4	8.1	3.1	4.0	3.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	17.1	17.1	3.3	14.3	13.7	14.4	8.4	4.3	4.0	2.9
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	14.8	17.2	3.3	13.8	13.2	13.0	12.6	2.8	3.1	5.0
Oakland PMSA	100.0	21.4	21.1	3.0	12.8	12.1	11.5	8.8	2.6	2.2	4.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	14.0	16.3	4.0	13.3	15.9	12.2	13.6	2.4	3.8	3.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	17.6	16.4	2.8	15.0	14.4	12.6	10.9	4.3	2.5	2.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	17.3	18.8	3.8	11.9	14.2	13.4	8.5	3.8	3.3	3.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.9	14.5	3.0	13.9	13.9	12.4	12.5	3.6	3.0	4.8
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	18.0	16.6	4.0	11.8	14.4	13.2	9.5	2.9	4.4	4.3
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	18.3	18.3	4.2	12.7	12.4	11.7	9.5	4.7	3.3	2.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	14.8	17.4	3.7	11.6	14.3	13.6	10.1	5.7	3.4	4.3
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.1	12.5	3.3	14.0	13.2	13.5	14.0	5.1	4.6	4.7
Rochester MSA	100.0	13.8	15.5	3.3	11.6	12.7	16.7	9.3	7.7	3.9	2.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	17.5	20.0	2.6	12.7	14.3	13.3	10.5	2.2	3.3	3.0
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	15.3	17.8	4.0	12.5	14.2	13.5	9.6	4.3	4.2	3.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.6	15.0	4.3	13.2	15.5	11.7	11.7	3.5	3.4	3.3
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.8	17.2	4.3	14.0	14.8	12.2	12.2	3.1	3.7	2.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	18.0	19.2	4.0	11.8	13.7	12.7	10.3	4.1	2.2	2.9
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	22.0	18.9	2.6	11.9	10.7	16.3	8.4	2.5	2.4	3.3
San Jose PMSA	100.0	21.8	25.7	5.8	10.9	10.8	6.5	9.3	4.3	2.0	2.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	17.5	19.2	4.3	13.3	12.3	11.7	9.5	3.2	3.4	3.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	16.2	14.5	3.3	12.6	16.0	13.1	11.3	4.0	3.9	2.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	22.5	25.5	4.4	9.6	12.1	9.9	7.8	1.6	2.9	2.4
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	12.1	15.1	4.4	5.8	20.2	17.5	10.2	2.0	5.7	6.5
Chicago central city	100.0	13.2	16.8	2.1	10.3	16.6	17.6	8.1	6.3	4.7	4.0
Cleveland central city	100.0	12.1	8.4	2.1	8.1	19.1	22.4	7.8	9.8	5.1	4.0
Dallas central city	100.0	15.7	14.8	3.2	12.0	11.7	11.9	13.3	5.9	4.8	6.0
Detroit central city	100.0	7.3	9.1	2.8	11.6	18.8	20.7	7.6	10.6	4.3	6.0
District of Columbia	100.0	21.0	26.3	4.9	5.3	13.4	15.4	5.6	1.5	3.2	2.8
Houston central city	100.0	14.1	16.0	2.9	12.3	14.0	13.1	13.3	4.1	5.1	4.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	14.9	15.7	2.6	13.8	15.3	10.0	11.2	3.9	4.0	7.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	14.1	17.8	2.9	11.1	12.0	16.3	8.1	7.6	3.4	4.9
Milwaukee central city	100.0	10.8	10.3	3.3	10.1	14.7	20.0	11.1	9.1	4.9	5.2
New York central city	100.0	14.5	18.4	2.4	10.2	14.6	19.5	8.1	3.4	4.3	4.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.8	15.8	3.1	10.3	17.4	20.1	7.3	4.6	4.2	4.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.2	12.3	2.6	12.5	15.0	13.5	14.6	4.2	3.6	6.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	14.2	22.0	2.1	10.7	14.8	16.9	3.2	9.2	5.6	1.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	13.2	16.5	4.3	14.9	15.7	13.3	10.8	3.6	2.5	3.2
San Diego central city	100.0	16.9	21.8	4.2	11.2	12.4	12.9	9.7	5.3	2.9	2.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	20.1	16.0	2.9	10.8	9.0	23.1	7.7	2.2	3.3	4.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Men											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	19.0	14.6	3.2	13.2	7.6	7.1	17.3	3.4	6.7	6.4
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	19.4	15.9	3.4	10.7	6.9	10.4	18.5	3.0	5.2	5.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	19.1	15.3	3.7	12.8	8.9	10.2	15.9	4.5	5.4	3.6
Boston PMSA	100.0	19.4	21.7	3.4	11.6	5.7	10.8	15.6	2.8	3.6	3.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.0	14.3	2.9	10.7	8.0	10.0	18.4	7.7	6.6	5.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	16.3	12.8	1.9	11.6	4.7	8.5	19.8	7.6	10.8	5.3
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.8	15.0	2.4	11.6	6.2	10.2	17.2	6.3	7.7	5.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	19.8	13.4	3.6	10.3	6.1	11.6	14.9	7.0	6.5	4.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	19.2	12.5	3.0	11.8	5.6	10.4	16.6	7.3	5.8	6.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	19.5	14.6	2.8	11.4	6.5	10.7	16.3	4.8	5.4	7.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	18.9	13.8	3.0	11.9	6.2	9.3	18.7	4.7	5.7	5.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.4	14.2	3.1	7.8	4.6	8.5	22.3	9.1	5.1	7.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	19.0	18.4	3.3	12.0	6.5	9.2	16.7	4.4	4.7	4.3
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.2	16.6	2.3	11.6	5.3	9.1	19.3	7.3	5.7	6.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.5	13.0	3.0	17.2	5.5	13.5	15.2	2.2	3.7	4.5
Hartford MSA	100.0	17.4	15.4	3.6	14.2	5.3	8.6	19.7	5.4	5.6	3.1
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.9	14.2	2.7	12.7	6.2	9.1	20.5	4.1	7.3	6.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	19.4	16.0	2.2	14.0	5.3	6.2	17.9	5.9	6.8	4.8
Kansas City MSA	100.0	15.8	13.2	3.8	13.6	4.6	9.3	18.8	6.2	6.3	6.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.1	15.7	2.9	10.9	6.8	11.1	15.1	8.0	6.6	6.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	14.4	15.0	2.3	11.1	5.5	6.8	21.1	7.9	8.5	4.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	15.8	8.2	3.4	11.5	3.5	9.8	21.5	7.8	8.6	9.5
Miami PMSA	100.0	13.2	11.2	1.9	17.1	7.5	14.1	16.8	1.8	6.8	7.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	17.6	13.1	2.3	10.5	6.0	9.7	18.3	8.1	6.3	6.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.7	17.6	4.5	12.2	7.2	7.3	17.2	5.4	3.6	3.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	20.3	13.7	3.6	12.5	6.4	13.0	18.0	2.1	5.5	3.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	12.5	14.0	3.4	10.1	5.3	14.3	22.8	3.2	8.0	4.8
New York PMSA	100.0	15.4	17.2	2.5	10.7	7.1	15.7	14.1	3.4	7.1	6.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	18.6	15.8	3.0	14.2	7.1	9.0	14.2	5.7	6.8	4.9
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	15.9	14.0	2.7	14.1	4.7	9.7	22.9	3.8	4.4	6.8
Oakland PMSA	100.0	21.3	18.1	2.5	14.0	6.5	10.7	13.7	3.3	3.8	5.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	15.0	14.0	3.0	12.1	6.2	10.2	22.8	3.6	6.1	5.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	16.9	14.6	3.6	15.8	6.4	10.2	17.2	4.9	4.5	3.5
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	18.8	15.2	3.2	12.4	5.8	11.0	15.1	4.9	5.7	6.0
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	16.1	12.4	2.4	13.2	5.4	11.2	19.6	3.9	4.7	7.2
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	18.5	15.3	3.7	9.7	5.3	10.5	16.9	4.1	7.7	7.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	18.2	17.1	4.1	12.3	5.4	8.0	15.6	6.1	5.7	3.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	15.4	16.6	2.6	11.6	5.7	9.7	17.9	6.4	6.2	6.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.4	8.2	2.7	12.8	5.9	10.2	24.3	5.7	7.5	6.1
Rochester MSA	100.0	15.7	14.6	2.5	9.7	5.4	11.9	16.7	8.8	6.0	3.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.7	20.2	2.1	14.2	6.4	10.4	17.8	2.4	5.9	4.1
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	14.6	14.6	3.7	13.6	6.0	10.1	17.6	5.5	6.9	5.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.8	14.4	3.6	12.8	7.2	9.6	19.4	3.7	5.4	4.7
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.3	16.2	4.4	13.2	5.9	11.1	20.9	3.6	5.2	3.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	17.0	18.6	3.5	13.1	6.9	9.1	16.3	5.7	3.9	4.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	17.1	19.9	2.1	11.1	6.5	17.4	13.1	2.1	4.0	4.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	19.0	29.7	6.8	10.6	5.3	3.8	13.8	3.7	3.1	3.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	16.8	17.9	4.7	12.7	6.5	9.2	15.1	3.8	5.7	4.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	17.3	12.8	1.9	12.0	6.8	11.2	19.1	4.1	6.3	4.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	23.0	24.6	4.1	9.2	5.7	7.1	13.7	1.6	5.0	4.0
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.4	15.0	4.1	3.2	10.8	17.3	17.5	(³)	10.9	10.4
Chicago central city	100.0	12.5	14.7	1.4	9.2	7.8	16.7	13.9	8.5	8.3	6.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	11.6	8.5	(³)	8.1	9.4	20.6	15.4	9.5	(³)	(³)
Dallas central city	100.0	16.2	13.1	2.5	9.8	4.6	8.6	21.5	5.5	7.9	8.5
Detroit central city	100.0	5.8	8.0	(³)	9.3	9.5	16.7	13.7	13.4	8.1	11.3
District of Columbia	100.0	19.1	26.1	4.4	4.9	7.1	14.9	9.7	1.8	5.8	5.0
Houston central city	100.0	12.4	13.5	2.6	11.9	6.0	10.9	22.0	5.3	7.9	6.4
Indianapolis central city	100.0	14.0	15.2	1.6	13.8	5.9	7.6	19.4	5.1	6.3	8.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	12.9	16.6	2.8	10.8	6.5	12.2	13.3	9.1	5.9	7.2
Milwaukee central city	100.0	9.1	7.6	(³)	9.5	4.7	18.4	19.4	13.0	8.5	7.2
New York central city	100.0	14.0	16.7	2.3	10.4	7.6	16.2	14.1	3.7	7.6	6.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	12.1	11.5	1.7	11.3	7.0	19.7	14.7	5.6	8.0	7.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.2	10.0	1.9	11.5	6.2	12.3	22.1	4.5	5.9	9.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	13.8	18.9	(³)	15.4	8.8	12.3	(³)	11.1	(³)	(³)
San Antonio central city	100.0	13.3	16.4	4.5	14.1	7.2	11.7	18.4	3.7	(³)	4.6
San Diego central city	100.0	14.5	22.0	4.4	12.5	6.7	8.7	15.1	7.0	5.2	3.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	15.1	16.9	2.4	8.2	5.9	27.4	10.8	1.1	5.2	6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Women											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	16.9	23.2	3.3	12.2	25.4	11.0	2.4	1.6	1.4	1.8
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.4	21.8	4.7	9.7	26.3	16.1	1.1	1.8	.6	1.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	21.3	18.7	3.4	11.8	26.8	11.5	1.1	3.5	.9	1.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	19.9	25.3	3.5	10.7	19.3	16.1	1.4	1.9	.6	.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	11.1	17.6	5.1	15.7	25.9	16.5	1.5	2.6	2.0	1.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	14.3	15.3	4.3	12.5	19.0	18.6	2.3	9.2	1.5	2.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	17.6	19.2	3.4	12.3	25.0	14.5	2.0	3.6	1.0	1.2
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	15.0	22.1	3.3	12.3	23.4	15.8	1.7	3.2	1.0	1.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	13.8	17.5	4.5	12.6	25.0	17.6	1.5	4.2	.9	1.8
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	17.3	20.7	4.0	11.4	26.1	14.0	1.4	2.3	1.3	1.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.1	17.4	3.3	13.7	24.3	16.0	2.7	4.1	.4	1.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	12.7	16.3	4.9	11.1	21.4	18.1	2.9	7.9	.8	2.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	17.4	21.2	4.0	13.0	22.6	15.6	2.0	1.7	.8	1.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.2	18.8	4.0	13.1	22.7	17.9	1.8	5.0	.6	1.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	14.9	15.8	4.3	12.8	25.8	20.4	1.6	3.0	.6	.8
Hartford MSA	100.0	18.2	19.4	4.8	13.6	21.9	14.9	1.7	3.0	.7	1.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	17.3	17.6	4.0	14.3	25.3	14.2	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	18.2	19.9	3.6	13.4	23.4	12.3	2.1	2.6	1.2	2.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	18.1	17.9	3.8	11.5	26.2	15.7	1.5	3.5	.5	1.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	15.9	18.3	2.8	11.6	23.0	18.2	1.9	5.6	.4	1.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	15.4	17.2	4.4	13.5	23.2	15.0	1.6	4.3	1.7	2.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	15.9	16.5	1.6	13.1	25.2	16.8	2.3	4.0	1.3	3.1
Miami PMSA	100.0	12.9	13.5	3.6	15.5	22.5	21.9	1.8	4.7	.6	2.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	16.7	18.9	4.5	12.4	24.0	14.1	2.4	4.1	1.0	1.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.5	18.9	4.1	11.9	24.2	14.4	1.6	2.5	.7	1.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	15.4	22.3	3.8	11.2	27.5	14.6	1.4	1.5	1.0	.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	11.4	22.6	6.8	13.8	18.8	18.1	1.8	2.6	1.2	2.5
New York PMSA	100.0	15.8	21.3	2.9	10.4	21.3	21.5	1.6	2.7	.6	1.5
Newark PMSA	100.0	15.5	18.6	3.7	14.4	21.6	20.6	1.6	2.6	.7	.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	13.8	20.5	4.0	13.6	21.8	16.5	1.9	1.8	1.9	3.1
Oakland PMSA	100.0	21.5	24.6	3.6	11.4	18.6	12.5	3.1	1.7	.4	1.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	12.9	19.0	5.1	14.6	27.1	14.5	3.0	1.1	1.2	1.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	18.4	18.6	1.9	14.0	24.1	15.4	3.2	3.5	(⁴)	.6
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	15.7	22.9	4.4	11.3	23.6	16.1	1.2	2.6	.7	1.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.7	17.3	3.8	14.7	25.2	13.9	3.1	3.0	.6	1.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	17.4	18.1	4.3	14.2	24.3	16.2	1.4	1.5	.9	1.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	18.4	19.7	4.2	13.2	20.5	16.0	2.3	3.1	.6	1.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	14.2	18.3	4.9	11.6	23.2	17.6	2.0	5.1	.5	2.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.7	17.4	4.0	15.3	21.6	17.3	2.0	4.4	1.2	3.0
Rochester MSA	100.0	11.8	16.5	4.2	13.6	20.6	21.8	1.2	6.5	1.7	1.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	19.4	19.7	3.1	11.0	23.1	16.6	2.5	2.1	.3	1.8
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	16.0	21.2	4.2	11.2	23.1	17.2	.9	3.1	1.3	1.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.4	15.8	5.3	13.7	26.2	14.4	1.7	3.3	.9	1.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	14.3	18.3	4.2	15.0	25.4	13.5	1.8	2.6	1.9	1.4
San Diego MSA	100.0	19.1	19.9	4.5	10.3	21.4	16.9	3.5	2.2	.3	1.4
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	28.2	17.7	3.2	12.8	16.0	15.0	2.4	2.9	.3	1.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	25.8	20.1	4.5	11.3	18.5	10.2	3.0	5.1	.5	.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	18.4	20.8	3.9	14.0	19.4	14.9	2.6	2.4	.5	2.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	15.1	16.4	4.8	13.2	26.2	15.2	2.4	3.8	1.1	.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	22.1	26.4	4.7	10.1	19.1	12.9	1.4	1.5	.7	.7
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	17.3	15.2	4.7	8.7	30.6	17.7	2.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	2.1
Chicago central city	100.0	13.9	18.9	2.8	11.5	25.7	18.6	2.2	4.0	.9	1.4
Cleveland central city	100.0	12.5	8.3	(⁴)	8.1	27.6	24.0	1.3	10.1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Dallas central city	100.0	14.9	17.3	4.0	15.1	21.9	16.5	1.4	6.4	.1	2.4
Detroit central city	100.0	8.6	9.9	(⁴)	13.4	26.1	23.9	2.8	8.3	1.3	1.9
District of Columbia	100.0	22.9	26.4	5.3	5.8	19.6	15.8	1.5	1.3	.6	.7
Houston central city	100.0	16.3	19.4	3.3	12.8	24.3	16.0	2.0	2.5	1.4	1.5
Indianapolis central city	100.0	15.8	16.3	3.8	13.7	25.6	12.6	2.1	2.7	1.3	5.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	15.7	19.2	3.1	11.4	18.8	21.3	1.8	5.9	.3	2.0
Milwaukee central city	100.0	12.5	13.2	(⁴)	10.8	25.5	21.7	2.3	4.8	1.1	3.1
New York central city	100.0	15.0	20.2	2.5	10.0	22.1	23.0	1.5	3.0	.7	1.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.6	19.9	4.5	9.4	27.2	20.5	.4	3.7	.6	2.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.3	15.6	3.5	14.1	28.0	15.3	3.5	3.8	.1	2.2
St. Louis central city	100.0	14.5	24.3	(⁴)	7.2	19.2	20.2	(⁴)	7.7	(⁴)	(⁴)
San Antonio central city	100.0	13.1	16.8	4.0	16.0	26.3	15.4	1.4	3.5	(⁴)	1.5
San Diego central city	100.0	19.7	21.5	3.8	9.6	19.2	17.9	3.3	3.3	.2	1.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	27.9	14.6	3.5	15.0	13.7	16.5	2.8	4.0	.2	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
White											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	20.5	19.6	3.3	14.0	13.2	7.9	10.4	2.2	4.0	3.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	19.6	19.8	3.9	10.6	15.4	11.2	11.4	2.3	2.3	2.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	20.8	16.2	2.9	12.5	17.4	10.6	9.5	3.9	3.5	2.3
Boston PMSA	100.0	20.8	24.0	3.3	11.7	12.1	11.4	9.2	2.2	1.9	2.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	13.3	16.2	4.0	13.5	16.4	12.1	11.1	4.6	4.0	3.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	17.9	17.0	2.9	13.6	10.4	10.3	12.6	6.8	4.0	4.0
Chicago PMSA	100.0	18.3	16.8	2.8	12.4	14.2	10.7	11.0	5.0	4.3	3.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	18.7	18.2	3.4	11.5	14.3	11.4	8.7	5.0	4.0	3.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	17.7	16.2	3.9	12.6	14.4	12.2	9.7	5.0	3.1	4.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	19.2	18.4	3.4	12.1	15.0	10.9	10.4	3.0	3.8	3.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	19.0	14.9	2.9	13.4	12.8	11.6	12.8	4.3	3.0	3.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.1	15.0	3.2	9.7	13.3	12.0	13.5	8.4	2.8	4.7
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.7	20.2	3.7	12.6	12.9	11.8	10.3	3.2	2.8	2.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.8	17.8	3.0	12.5	12.7	11.8	12.3	5.6	3.3	4.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.0	14.9	3.4	16.3	14.6	14.5	9.1	2.3	1.7	2.7
Hartford MSA	100.0	19.0	18.4	4.3	14.5	11.9	9.5	11.7	3.9	3.1	2.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	17.5	16.1	3.0	13.4	12.9	9.9	13.8	3.1	4.1	4.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	19.3	18.8	2.8	14.0	13.1	8.2	10.8	4.5	4.3	3.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	17.8	15.3	3.8	13.0	14.7	11.9	11.0	4.4	3.4	3.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.3	15.9	2.3	10.8	12.7	14.8	10.1	7.9	4.1	5.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	15.3	16.5	3.3	12.9	14.1	9.9	11.9	6.1	4.8	3.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	20.2	14.9	3.1	13.3	11.5	9.6	15.8	3.1	3.8	4.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	14.3	12.9	2.6	17.5	13.5	14.9	11.3	3.0	3.4	5.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	18.0	16.7	3.4	11.6	14.5	9.8	11.5	5.6	3.7	4.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.8	18.2	4.1	12.3	15.5	9.9	10.4	3.7	2.2	2.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	18.6	18.0	3.8	12.3	15.2	13.0	10.9	1.6	3.6	2.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	15.5	21.3	6.1	11.6	12.5	11.2	12.9	1.7	3.2	2.8
New York PMSA	100.0	17.8	21.7	2.6	10.7	12.7	15.2	8.8	2.9	3.0	3.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	19.5	17.9	3.3	16.6	13.2	10.9	9.7	3.2	3.0	2.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	17.5	17.5	4.0	14.5	12.8	10.7	13.8	2.0	2.7	3.4
Oakland PMSA	100.0	21.9	22.0	1.9	15.0	10.0	10.8	9.6	2.2	2.4	3.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	14.8	17.1	4.0	13.0	15.7	11.2	14.1	2.1	3.4	3.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	17.2	15.3	2.5	15.3	14.1	12.9	11.8	4.2	2.8	2.4
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	19.2	19.7	3.8	12.0	13.8	11.1	8.9	3.7	2.8	3.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	16.1	14.7	3.1	14.2	13.9	12.3	12.6	3.1	2.8	4.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	18.3	16.3	4.1	11.9	14.2	12.8	9.8	3.0	4.4	4.3
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	18.5	18.7	4.2	12.8	12.5	11.1	9.5	4.2	3.4	2.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	15.1	17.9	3.8	12.0	14.5	13.0	10.3	4.9	3.4	4.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.8	12.4	3.1	14.0	12.6	13.0	15.3	5.4	4.6	4.8
Rochester MSA	100.0	14.5	16.3	3.6	11.9	13.2	14.1	9.6	6.9	4.0	2.7
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	17.4	20.9	3.0	12.8	14.3	12.7	10.8	1.9	3.3	2.2
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	16.5	18.9	4.3	12.3	13.2	11.7	10.9	3.2	4.2	3.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.8	15.3	4.3	13.3	15.6	11.6	11.8	3.2	3.3	3.3
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.2	16.8	4.6	14.1	15.1	12.0	12.3	3.3	3.7	2.5
San Diego MSA	100.0	19.9	20.0	3.6	12.3	12.6	12.2	9.9	3.1	1.9	3.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	24.0	20.8	2.0	12.1	9.1	14.5	9.3	2.1	1.7	3.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	24.0	21.6	5.9	12.2	11.9	6.1	9.0	3.2	2.8	2.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	18.5	19.9	4.3	13.3	11.8	11.4	9.5	2.9	3.1	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	17.0	15.2	3.4	12.7	15.4	12.8	11.5	3.9	3.3	2.7
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	24.5	28.1	3.7	9.7	10.0	8.1	8.4	1.3	2.3	2.3
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	15.8	19.0	2.9	5.3	17.9	10.2	15.2	(³)	4.6	5.7
Chicago central city	100.0	15.2	18.2	2.1	11.3	14.0	14.8	8.9	6.8	4.4	3.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	15.7	11.9	(³)	9.9	17.2	17.9	8.8	7.2	(³)	(³)
Dallas central city	100.0	17.5	16.1	2.0	11.9	7.0	11.8	16.2	7.0	3.5	6.3
Detroit central city	100.0	1.0	3.0	(³)	5.9	17.1	31.9	7.4	10.1	8.2	10.0
District of Columbia	100.0	27.0	42.0	4.7	5.9	6.9	8.2	2.8	.5	.5	1.1
Houston central city	100.0	16.1	18.1	3.0	12.0	12.2	10.1	15.3	4.1	3.7	4.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	16.2	18.2	2.2	14.6	13.5	7.4	12.6	4.0	4.2	5.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.2	16.8	1.9	10.8	10.5	17.6	9.0	8.7	3.8	5.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	10.7	11.3	(³)	10.9	14.1	16.0	14.3	8.0	4.9	5.4
New York central city	100.0	16.6	21.6	2.5	10.2	13.5	15.6	8.7	3.3	3.1	4.3
Philadelphia central city	100.0	14.6	18.1	3.1	11.5	16.2	12.6	9.4	5.6	3.2	5.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.6	12.5	2.5	12.9	14.9	12.9	14.9	3.6	3.4	6.7
St. Louis central city	100.0	22.3	34.6	(³)	6.3	12.6	9.0	(³)	3.4	(³)	(³)
San Antonio central city	100.0	12.9	16.3	4.5	15.0	16.4	12.7	11.2	3.7	(³)	2.9
San Diego central city	100.0	19.4	23.3	4.0	11.4	11.5	12.4	8.8	4.1	2.3	2.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	23.4	16.7	2.5	10.9	7.5	21.2	8.9	1.2	2.5	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Black											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	13.2	14.5	3.2	10.1	22.9	10.8	9.7	3.5	5.0	6.9
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	13.4	13.4	5.0	8.8	20.8	18.1	5.5	3.0	5.5	5.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	7.2	16.6	4.9	13.0	23.9	16.1	5.4	7.1	1.8	4.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	9.4	14.0	3.1	9.2	12.0	30.9	7.3	3.5	6.4	3.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	3.8	13.8	2.5	8.5	19.3	25.1	5.3	8.9	7.3	5.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	9.1	6.3	3.6	8.1	14.4	21.5	8.6	11.0	12.9	3.9
Chicago PMSA	100.0	11.2	14.1	2.2	10.1	19.9	20.2	7.1	4.5	6.4	4.0
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	10.0	10.6	3.9	10.6	15.2	30.4	6.8	5.1	3.7	2.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	10.3	6.4	2.5	8.7	19.2	23.2	7.5	11.0	6.1	4.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	15.1	10.2	3.4	8.7	19.7	20.1	4.6	4.2	2.5	11.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	12.5	13.2	4.3	8.6	22.2	15.6	6.6	4.3	6.7	4.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	8.9	18.4	9.4	6.1	10.8	24.1	4.7	9.1	4.3	4.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	11.4	9.9	4.3	12.8	26.1	16.1	4.7	1.7	3.2	9.5
Detroit PMSA	100.0	10.4	11.6	2.9	12.2	17.9	18.6	7.6	9.4	4.1	4.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	11.3	10.0	4.4	10.8	16.4	26.5	8.0	3.7	4.6	3.0
Hartford MSA	100.0	9.5	9.9	3.3	10.2	22.6	27.1	6.2	5.5	4.4	1.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	11.2	11.2	3.4	11.5	20.1	18.0	7.3	3.0	9.0	4.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	13.5	7.5	3.6	12.1	22.3	17.2	7.1	3.3	2.6	9.4
Kansas City MSA	100.0	8.1	16.3	2.7	10.5	19.1	19.4	2.9	9.5	5.8	4.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.4	18.7	4.2	9.8	19.9	14.8	6.1	2.5	5.0	4.2
Louisville MSA	100.0	10.2	11.0	3.2	9.1	15.4	17.8	9.5	7.1	8.0	7.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	9.9	9.0	1.8	10.8	17.0	17.8	7.6	9.8	6.8	9.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	8.3	9.7	2.3	11.5	16.2	29.9	4.9	3.5	6.8	5.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	8.6	7.7	3.0	9.3	17.5	29.2	3.9	10.8	5.2	4.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	20.5	10.4	1.3	7.4	14.8	30.1	2.0	5.8	5.4	2.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	11.8	12.7	2.9	9.4	24.7	21.6	5.2	4.4	3.2	3.2
New Orleans MSA	100.0	6.0	12.4	2.7	12.0	11.0	25.1	12.2	4.7	7.6	5.6
New York PMSA	100.0	11.3	13.9	2.5	7.8	18.0	27.4	7.2	2.5	5.0	3.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	11.1	9.5	2.2	8.3	16.4	25.1	6.9	7.0	7.4	5.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	8.4	18.5	1.7	12.2	14.2	17.0	8.7	3.4	4.7	9.6
Oakland PMSA	100.0	21.4	15.9	3.8	8.7	20.0	15.3	4.6	1.2	3.4	5.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	11.9	11.4	1.7	13.3	16.6	19.7	9.2	1.5	9.2	4.7
Orange County PMSA	100.0	23.1	3.7	(⁴)	29.5	19.3	12.8	(⁴)	5.5	6.2	(⁴)
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	9.2	13.9	3.3	8.8	17.7	25.3	7.2	4.0	6.2	3.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	19.9	9.8	2.3	9.5	25.4	15.5	3.1	(⁴)	8.3	6.2
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	8.2	19.7	2.3	9.1	19.2	24.9	2.6	1.5	5.3	7.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	20.2	7.0	6.4	9.2	17.2	20.1	1.8	7.4	1.9	8.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	12.4	6.5	1.3	4.8	14.8	22.8	8.9	14.3	3.8	7.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	15.0	14.7	2.5	12.7	19.9	14.7	6.2	2.8	5.2	3.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	5.4	8.4	1.2	10.5	8.4	48.4	5.7	8.0	1.9	2.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	20.3	9.8	(⁴)	6.0	19.0	20.7	5.8	5.5	3.4	8.7
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	9.6	12.7	2.6	13.2	19.0	22.5	3.6	8.2	4.4	3.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	4.0	5.9	7.1	7.0	21.6	23.2	13.1	9.9	7.3	1.0
San Antonio MSA	100.0	19.8	22.6	(⁴)	7.4	12.1	16.3	10.9	1.3	4.5	5.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	10.1	14.5	2.3	5.6	27.7	14.4	10.2	6.2	6.6	.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	20.7	13.6	3.0	9.2	16.9	19.8	5.3	1.4	4.9	3.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	21.6	11.6	3.1	21.1	16.0	20.3	(⁴)	(⁴)	1.7	(⁴)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	14.0	7.7	6.9	14.0	21.0	10.7	10.5	3.4	3.8	7.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	9.9	8.6	1.9	8.6	22.8	17.9	7.7	3.8	9.8	5.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	19.2	17.1	5.2	9.2	17.8	13.8	6.6	2.5	5.1	2.8
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	9.6	11.3	5.8	6.5	21.7	22.9	6.6	(³)	6.8	7.0
Chicago central city	100.0	8.5	12.3	1.8	8.5	22.6	23.6	7.0	5.3	5.4	4.8
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.7	4.1	(³)	6.8	21.2	26.8	7.2	12.0	(³)	(³)
Dallas central city	100.0	10.7	9.2	5.0	11.3	24.0	12.8	7.4	3.8	8.4	5.8
Detroit central city	100.0	8.1	9.7	(³)	12.3	19.1	19.2	7.7	10.7	3.8	5.6
District of Columbia	100.0	16.3	14.4	5.1	5.0	18.3	20.6	7.8	2.3	5.2	4.2
Houston central city	100.0	10.0	10.4	1.9	11.1	17.4	21.5	8.5	2.8	10.2	5.5
Indianapolis central city	100.0	10.6	6.8	4.2	10.7	22.6	19.2	6.1	3.7	3.1	11.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	17.9	23.4	5.7	10.5	15.7	12.5	4.5	2.7	3.4	3.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	9.3	8.0	(³)	8.3	16.9	29.3	4.2	10.8	5.6	4.7
New York central city	100.0	10.9	13.2	2.0	7.8	18.5	28.0	7.4	2.7	5.1	3.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	9.3	12.9	2.5	7.9	20.3	30.1	4.4	2.9	5.9	2.8
Phoenix central city	100.0	11.7	9.4	3.9	10.1	24.2	18.7	5.4	(⁴)	7.3	9.4
St. Louis central city	100.0	7.7	11.7	(³)	14.2	17.2	24.9	(³)	10.7	(³)	(³)
San Antonio central city	100.0	17.8	19.0	(⁴)	7.0	8.2	25.1	7.4	2.4	(³)	8.3
San Diego central city	100.0	8.4	19.7	3.5	11.1	9.7	17.2	12.7	6.4	9.8	1.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	14.7	16.6	(⁴)	11.4	23.6	17.0	(⁴)	(⁴)	10.1	6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Hispanic origin											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	10.8	9.7	2.1	8.5	5.4	18.8	21.5	8.3	3.0	8.4
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	6.7	8.1	2.2	2.2	5.3	40.9	22.1	2.1	2.8	6.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	9.3	4.1	3.1	6.8	21.6	18.0	9.5	13.8	7.2	5.7
Boston PMSA	100.0	10.2	5.0	.3	9.7	8.3	33.2	13.1	8.5	1.3	8.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	13.2	(⁴)	1.5	7.4	2.4	21.0	24.7	11.7	(⁴)	18.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	9.6	5.6	2.1	7.6	12.5	17.4	13.1	17.1	5.1	7.3
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	8.0	15.9	(⁴)	2.6	6.4	23.5	17.0	17.5	1.1	3.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	19.7	1.6	(⁴)	14.4	8.1	29.6	7.2	12.1	2.8	4.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	6.8	3.6	7.3	3.1	15.2	41.4	7.4	9.8	2.9	2.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	6.5	6.5	1.1	6.8	9.7	16.7	23.4	11.8	4.9	9.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	7.0	7.3	2.1	6.8	12.9	24.7	17.4	8.9	3.7	6.5
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.6	6.0	1.2	11.4	10.5	18.2	17.7	7.9	1.9	13.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	11.3	14.2	3.2	15.7	14.8	18.7	8.3	4.4	3.7	3.5
Hartford MSA	100.0	9.8	6.4	1.1	11.2	20.6	16.5	6.0	15.9	6.0	5.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	7.3	4.0	2.5	8.8	14.7	15.7	22.5	5.8	6.1	9.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	7.4	5.9	2.4	2.6	12.3	27.1	13.1	12.5	2.2	11.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	6.7	5.6	1.8	9.7	13.1	20.1	12.9	13.7	5.8	8.0
Memphis MSA	100.0	4.0	10.4	(⁴)	.5	4.6	12.5	53.4	12.3	(⁴)	2.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	8.9	8.1	2.8	18.3	14.8	16.8	13.3	4.0	4.8	7.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	6.6	6.1	2.2	4.5	10.6	27.6	11.1	13.5	4.8	11.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	6.0	10.5	3.2	13.9	8.5	38.6	5.7	8.8	.4	2.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	13.1	5.7	3.9	7.5	17.7	24.6	14.2	7.1	2.7	3.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	20.4	17.6	(⁴)	1.5	7.7	22.2	19.0	4.5	(⁴)	7.2
New York PMSA	100.0	8.5	8.4	1.4	9.3	13.8	27.9	9.9	6.3	5.6	7.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	8.5	5.3	3.7	15.1	16.3	18.8	12.6	12.1	3.8	3.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	14.1	4.5	.7	14.7	10.8	20.8	13.7	7.2	2.7	9.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	8.0	10.5	2.4	8.5	12.0	17.1	19.5	6.4	4.9	10.8
Orange County PMSA	100.0	6.5	5.7	1.8	11.0	11.6	20.8	19.4	9.0	3.9	6.0
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	12.4	8.7	2.7	5.5	5.8	23.1	8.1	13.9	3.0	9.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	7.0	4.3	2.4	10.7	11.4	17.6	16.8	6.1	5.0	10.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	8.7	7.9	2.4	7.4	10.7	17.5	10.7	5.9	2.0	8.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	4.5	4.9	.9	6.5	10.4	18.1	11.8	26.8	2.3	9.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	7.7	5.2	3.5	10.9	16.0	13.9	17.4	10.6	5.1	8.0
Rochester MSA	100.0	6.1	7.8	5.9	8.0	10.8	37.5	10.6	3.2	4.0	6.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	13.5	21.2	3.7	8.9	13.9	15.1	8.3	3.3	8.6	1.9
St. Louis MSA ²	100.0	9.7	(⁴)	(⁴)	12.1	14.1	17.0	4.7	16.5	15.7	7.1
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	6.5	5.6	3.0	6.1	12.4	16.5	20.1	7.9	5.3	11.5
San Antonio MSA	100.0	10.0	11.4	5.7	13.2	16.8	14.0	14.1	5.8	3.4	3.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	12.2	9.5	2.6	10.5	15.7	21.8	10.0	8.3	2.7	5.0
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	10.5	.6	.2	10.8	9.6	35.4	15.5	3.9	1.8	8.1
San Jose PMSA	100.0	9.9	8.2	6.0	9.6	12.2	14.3	17.6	9.5	4.8	6.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	10.0	8.5	3.1	7.2	10.1	22.5	14.2	4.4	2.5	8.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	5.9	10.4	1.9	9.6	15.8	20.0	15.6	7.3	2.7	5.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	9.4	11.1	2.2	6.2	9.0	25.5	17.2	5.3	3.1	8.9
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	1.2	(⁴)	41.8	39.2	(³)	6.5	8.4
Chicago central city	100.0	9.9	5.7	2.1	8.0	14.4	19.5	12.8	15.0	5.1	7.0
Dallas central city	100.0	5.0	3.5	1.3	5.8	5.5	19.7	28.3	10.9	7.3	11.4
Detroit central city	100.0	(⁴)	5.6	(³)	(⁴)	12.0	35.7	13.8	10.5	(⁴)	15.1
District of Columbia	100.0	12.8	14.2	2.5	3.7	8.1	33.2	14.7	2.6	.6	6.3
Houston central city	100.0	5.7	4.9	3.3	9.5	16.3	14.3	22.8	7.4	6.4	8.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	4.4	4.0	1.6	10.0	10.5	25.4	12.1	14.6	4.9	9.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	3.1	6.0	(³)	4.4	8.3	27.3	14.4	15.1	5.0	14.8
New York central city	100.0	8.8	8.6	1.6	9.6	14.8	26.7	9.5	6.5	5.4	7.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	3.7	4.6	4.2	7.0	7.6	26.8	9.8	17.5	2.2	14.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	3.4	4.6	2.3	11.6	13.1	17.5	17.9	5.9	5.1	13.5
San Antonio central city	100.0	9.5	10.9	5.4	13.5	17.4	15.3	13.8	5.6	(³)	3.7
San Diego central city	100.0	6.4	10.0	3.4	13.0	13.9	22.4	12.3	13.2	3.3	2.0
San Francisco central city	100.0	10.3	(⁴)	(⁴)	8.9	8.8	44.6	10.0	2.2	3.2	9.7

¹ Includes farming, forestry, and fishing not shown separately.

² Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area and

occupation. See appendix B.

⁴ Less than 500 persons employed or less than .05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates by occupation, 2001 annual averages

Area	Total ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Metropolitan areas:											
Chicago PMSA	5.2	2.9	2.5	4.0	6.4	5.5	6.5	4.7	8.3	5.0	13.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	5.0	3.4	2.1	3.3	7.2	5.8	6.1	3.7	7.9	7.0	11.2
Detroit PMSA	5.1	2.3	2.1	3.0	4.2	4.2	7.5	5.3	8.5	11.4	11.5
Houston PMSA	4.3	2.6	2.5	5.2	4.4	4.3	7.3	3.1	8.2	4.4	7.8
Kansas City MSA	4.4	4.1	1.8	(²)	4.0	3.9	6.4	5.9	5.1	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.2	2.6	4.4	3.1	5.1	5.9	5.7	5.0	6.8	5.7	11.2
Miami PMSA	5.1	3.4	2.5	(²)	4.6	5.6	4.6	5.6	(²)	9.7	9.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	5.3	1.4	2.6	(²)	3.7	2.9	10.1	4.7	10.1	(²)	18.4
New York PMSA	5.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	6.3	6.0	6.0	4.3	9.8	3.9	11.2
Newark PMSA	4.3	2.8	2.2	2.4	3.6	4.7	5.4	3.4	5.8	4.9	17.7
Philadelphia PMSA	4.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	6.8	4.4	5.5	4.9	3.9	7.4	9.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.5	3.2	3.8	(²)	4.1	4.6	6.0	3.0	9.3	(²)	8.0
Pittsburgh MSA	5.2	3.0	2.4	(²)	6.3	4.1	6.5	8.6	(²)	5.7	8.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	6.2	3.4	3.8	2.9	5.8	6.0	8.4	9.2	7.4	9.5	16.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.6	2.9	2.1	2.8	3.6	4.2	4.4	6.2	8.7	2.8	13.6
St. Louis MSA ³	4.8	3.4	1.9	(²)	4.7	4.3	8.2	5.0	9.3	8.7	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	3.9	2.1	2.2	4.3	3.5	4.2	5.0	4.1	8.8	5.7	6.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.4	2.2	1.9	3.9	5.2	3.9	6.3	2.9	(²)	1.6	10.7
Cities:											
Chicago central city	7.1	3.0	2.7	9.8	9.7	8.4	8.5	7.3	8.0	3.9	16.2
Detroit central city	9.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.2	8.4	11.6	(²)	15.0	(²)	(²)
District of Columbia	6.2	3.2	2.3	4.6	11.5	7.2	10.7	7.1	6.2	4.0	16.8
Houston central city	5.1	2.9	2.4	(²)	5.2	5.0	8.6	3.7	(²)	7.2	(²)
Los Angeles central city	6.2	3.3	5.7	2.6	5.8	7.2	6.6	7.0	6.3	9.3	12.7
Milwaukee central city	10.2	1.8	5.1	(²)	10.7	4.0	14.1	10.6	13.2	14.1	23.9
New York central city	5.5	3.1	2.9	3.0	7.0	6.6	6.5	4.7	9.9	4.1	12.0
Philadelphia central city	7.5	3.4	2.6	(²)	11.7	5.8	6.9	11.5	(²)	(²)	16.6

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience, includes farming, forestry, and fishing not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

NOTE: No data are shown for a specific area when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	83.7	6.5	9.4	4.8	4.6	11.7	19.5	6.3	30.3	10.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	73.1	5.8	8.1	3.8	4.3	5.6	19.2	6.2	28.2	20.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	81.5	4.2	14.3	5.4	8.9	8.1	18.6	9.2	27.0	12.7
Boston MSA	100.0	79.7	4.7	8.9	5.9	3.0	4.6	17.1	7.6	36.7	12.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	74.3	4.1	15.3	9.2	6.1	5.7	19.7	6.3	23.0	20.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	83.4	6.7	17.5	7.6	9.9	7.4	17.1	8.1	26.6	8.3
Chicago PMSA	100.0	83.6	5.5	15.1	8.7	6.5	7.5	18.1	7.6	29.5	10.8
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	81.1	3.9	16.2	9.1	7.2	6.1	21.9	6.0	26.9	11.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	82.7	5.1	17.4	12.0	5.4	4.0	20.5	6.2	29.4	11.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	81.8	5.1	10.0	7.1	3.0	6.4	24.1	9.0	27.0	13.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	82.4	6.2	13.5	8.9	4.6	9.5	20.9	7.2	24.9	9.8
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	80.2	4.6	21.1	16.4	4.7	3.8	19.6	3.8	27.1	12.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	78.5	6.7	9.7	6.3	3.4	8.0	18.7	6.6	28.0	13.0
Detroit PMSA	100.0	85.2	5.3	21.1	18.1	3.0	4.5	21.4	5.1	27.8	9.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	81.5	4.8	8.2	5.3	3.0	6.0	23.3	8.6	30.6	12.6
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.2	4.6	14.2	10.6	3.6	4.6	16.6	11.3	26.9	14.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	80.1	9.1	11.2	6.0	5.1	6.4	21.9	5.1	23.6	11.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	82.4	5.8	14.6	8.8	5.8	6.4	19.8	8.9	27.0	11.8
Kansas City MSA	100.0	82.0	6.6	11.5	5.6	5.9	9.2	20.9	7.4	26.3	11.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	76.2	4.7	14.5	8.0	6.5	5.7	17.5	5.1	28.9	12.7
Louisville MSA	100.0	81.3	5.5	17.4	10.6	6.7	5.8	19.4	7.6	25.6	12.2
Memphis MSA	100.0	81.6	7.0	10.0	4.5	5.5	13.3	23.9	4.4	22.8	13.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	81.6	7.2	7.3	3.8	3.5	6.9	23.9	6.4	30.0	10.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	83.9	4.8	19.8	12.4	7.4	4.1	19.6	6.3	29.2	10.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	81.3	5.1	16.0	9.3	6.7	5.6	18.7	8.3	27.5	11.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	76.0	4.9	8.4	4.9	3.5	6.7	19.9	7.4	28.7	18.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	77.5	7.6	7.9	4.4	3.6	5.8	19.6	5.1	30.1	14.4
New York PMSA	100.0	79.9	5.1	7.8	2.5	5.4	6.0	16.0	9.8	35.1	13.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	82.4	4.1	14.2	6.6	7.7	7.9	18.4	10.7	27.0	11.6
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	73.5	8.5	9.7	6.8	2.9	5.4	19.3	5.4	25.1	21.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	78.4	6.7	11.8	7.3	4.5	5.9	19.7	6.2	28.2	15.1
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	74.3	6.1	10.4	7.2	3.2	4.3	20.1	4.9	27.1	17.5
Orange County PMSA	100.0	79.7	6.4	15.2	11.2	4.1	3.5	19.4	7.8	27.1	9.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	82.1	4.7	12.5	6.5	6.0	5.6	18.3	8.4	32.5	11.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	79.0	8.6	11.3	8.4	2.8	5.8	21.4	9.5	22.4	12.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	82.2	4.9	12.6	8.0	4.6	7.1	20.7	6.6	30.0	11.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	77.7	5.3	15.5	11.3	4.2	6.0	18.9	6.2	25.6	11.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	82.3	5.1	15.8	10.5	5.3	4.8	21.3	6.3	29.0	11.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	72.4	5.8	12.3	7.8	4.6	6.4	22.0	4.3	21.5	16.9
Rochester MSA	100.0	79.1	3.3	22.4	17.0	5.4	4.7	19.2	4.4	25.0	12.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	67.7	6.7	5.4	4.1	1.3	5.2	20.5	5.9	24.0	23.1
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	82.4	5.9	13.5	8.2	5.3	7.1	20.5	6.8	28.6	11.2
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	77.0	7.4	11.2	7.7	3.5	6.3	21.2	6.5	23.9	15.3
San Antonio MSA	100.0	74.7	7.2	7.3	3.9	3.4	4.7	21.5	7.3	26.0	16.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	76.2	5.4	13.4	10.2	3.2	5.8	16.0	6.9	28.8	14.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	80.2	5.3	8.3	4.6	3.8	5.9	20.6	7.1	32.8	11.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	85.3	4.5	27.8	26.3	1.6	4.2	15.2	4.1	29.4	7.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	79.7	5.0	12.7	10.3	2.4	5.9	21.1	6.9	28.0	11.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	82.2	6.8	10.2	6.7	3.5	6.0	20.9	9.3	28.8	10.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	71.8	6.1	4.7	2.6	2.2	6.1	14.8	5.6	34.3	22.5
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	74.6	7.0	6.0	.6	5.4	6.5	17.3	6.9	30.8	22.2
Chicago central city	100.0	82.9	3.6	13.3	7.1	6.1	6.6	17.3	7.9	34.1	12.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	82.5	4.1	14.1	12.6	1.5	3.4	21.5	6.3	33.2	14.4
Dallas central city	100.0	85.5	9.2	11.4	5.9	5.5	6.8	21.7	8.2	28.0	6.6
Detroit central city	100.0	81.1	2.7	14.8	12.6	2.3	2.9	20.8	7.5	32.3	14.6
District of Columbia	100.0	68.0	3.9	2.7	.4	2.3	5.9	9.7	5.5	40.2	26.4
Houston central city	100.0	82.2	8.9	10.1	5.5	4.5	7.0	22.2	4.1	27.4	10.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	82.4	6.1	10.7	6.3	4.4	6.7	20.9	7.9	30.0	11.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
TOTAL—Continued											
Cities—Continued											
Los Angeles central city	100.0	78.2	5.0	12.8	6.2	6.5	5.0	18.3	5.4	31.6	9.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	86.0	2.5	20.9	13.6	7.3	2.9	20.6	5.0	33.9	11.5
New York central city	100.0	80.3	5.1	7.4	2.1	5.3	6.5	15.8	9.8	35.6	12.8
Philadelphia central city	100.0	80.6	4.6	8.0	4.3	3.7	5.1	16.7	6.9	39.4	14.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	80.7	9.4	9.8	7.9	2.0	6.1	22.6	9.4	23.2	11.7
St. Louis central city	100.0	76.6	2.2	13.0	6.1	6.9	5.7	17.4	5.6	32.8	19.9
San Antonio central city	100.0	76.8	7.5	5.8	2.2	3.6	4.6	22.5	7.7	28.6	14.8
San Diego central city	100.0	77.6	3.3	13.7	10.5	3.2	7.3	16.9	6.3	30.2	15.2
San Francisco central city	100.0	82.6	5.6	6.5	2.6	3.9	7.1	25.3	6.1	32.0	12.7
Men											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	86.2	11.2	12.0	6.9	5.2	14.8	20.2	5.0	23.0	6.6
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	76.2	10.0	11.1	6.3	4.8	7.6	20.4	4.2	22.9	17.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	81.0	7.1	15.3	6.2	9.2	11.5	18.6	8.8	19.5	11.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	80.7	8.0	10.1	7.0	3.1	6.2	18.2	6.7	31.4	10.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	73.8	7.5	22.2	14.0	8.2	8.2	16.1	4.3	15.6	20.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	86.0	11.9	20.0	11.8	8.2	10.4	18.6	6.4	18.8	5.0
Chicago PMSA	100.0	85.0	9.3	18.5	10.9	7.7	9.3	18.7	6.4	22.6	8.6
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	83.3	7.1	21.3	13.8	7.4	7.3	21.0	5.9	20.6	8.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	81.8	8.1	23.6	17.2	6.4	5.8	19.1	4.5	20.4	10.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	84.9	8.6	13.7	9.7	3.9	8.8	25.8	6.1	21.8	9.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	83.6	9.6	16.7	11.6	5.1	10.5	20.4	6.0	20.1	7.8
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	78.4	8.2	26.4	22.2	4.2	5.0	15.3	2.4	21.0	11.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	80.5	10.5	12.4	8.8	3.7	8.8	19.3	5.4	23.2	10.5
Detroit PMSA	100.0	87.8	8.8	29.3	25.8	3.5	5.5	21.9	3.6	18.7	6.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	81.0	7.7	9.6	6.2	3.3	7.6	25.5	6.9	23.8	10.4
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.9	8.3	19.7	15.3	4.4	5.9	17.0	8.5	19.6	12.0
Houston PMSA	100.0	83.9	14.7	13.5	7.8	5.7	8.0	22.9	3.5	18.2	7.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	85.0	9.4	18.8	12.0	6.8	8.6	20.3	7.8	20.0	8.3
Kansas City MSA	100.0	85.5	11.1	14.5	7.9	6.6	11.7	23.2	5.8	19.1	7.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	77.9	7.7	16.9	10.0	6.9	7.2	17.3	3.8	24.9	9.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	84.9	9.3	25.2	16.3	8.8	8.3	17.7	5.8	18.6	8.2
Memphis MSA	100.0	83.5	12.3	12.1	5.9	6.2	17.3	24.3	2.3	14.8	9.8
Miami PMSA	100.0	83.6	12.4	6.7	4.0	2.7	8.6	26.4	4.8	24.6	7.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	84.8	8.2	25.3	17.2	8.1	5.2	19.6	4.9	21.5	8.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	82.7	8.6	21.2	12.4	8.8	6.7	18.6	6.2	21.3	9.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	79.4	8.3	11.0	6.6	4.4	8.5	21.1	7.9	22.6	14.9
New Orleans MSA	100.0	78.6	13.2	10.7	6.7	4.1	8.8	19.6	4.2	19.5	11.5
New York PMSA	100.0	80.9	8.9	8.0	3.0	5.0	7.9	17.7	10.1	28.4	11.0
Newark PMSA	100.0	82.3	6.6	17.7	8.8	8.9	9.5	19.2	9.9	19.3	9.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	76.2	15.2	13.5	10.9	2.5	7.2	19.6	4.3	16.1	19.3
Oakland PMSA	100.0	81.5	10.8	13.9	9.4	4.5	7.6	22.1	3.4	23.7	12.3
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	75.7	10.6	14.9	10.9	4.0	5.8	19.1	3.3	20.8	14.5
Orange County PMSA	100.0	81.1	10.4	18.7	14.6	4.1	4.3	19.6	6.4	21.2	7.1
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	83.5	7.9	16.3	9.7	6.6	7.5	19.5	7.4	24.9	9.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	79.3	12.9	13.7	10.8	3.0	6.8	21.4	6.7	17.6	10.8
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	81.3	8.1	18.4	12.0	6.4	9.5	18.2	5.5	21.1	10.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	80.4	8.6	20.3	14.8	5.6	8.1	18.6	4.1	20.2	8.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	83.2	9.1	19.7	13.2	6.5	7.1	22.7	4.5	20.1	10.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	72.7	9.9	15.4	9.5	5.8	8.2	21.7	2.8	14.6	14.0
Rochester MSA	100.0	82.0	5.4	30.3	23.3	7.0	6.8	16.9	3.3	19.1	5.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	68.9	11.3	7.4	5.7	1.7	6.1	20.1	3.7	20.3	20.8
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	84.2	9.9	18.5	12.0	6.5	9.3	21.5	4.8	20.2	8.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	80.0	11.9	14.1	10.4	3.7	8.5	20.6	4.3	20.2	12.1
San Antonio MSA	100.0	74.6	12.5	7.9	5.2	2.7	6.4	19.4	5.1	22.2	14.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	76.7	8.5	16.7	12.9	3.8	7.2	15.5	5.6	23.2	12.8
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	82.3	8.9	8.8	5.5	3.3	6.9	21.9	5.1	30.7	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Men—Continued											
Metropolitan areas:—Continued											
San Jose PMSA	100.0	87.7	6.5	31.8	29.9	1.9	5.0	13.7	3.3	27.6	5.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	80.7	8.1	16.3	14.2	2.0	6.8	20.2	4.9	24.5	9.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	82.5	10.9	12.3	8.8	3.5	7.4	22.4	6.7	22.6	8.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	73.1	10.5	5.9	3.3	2.7	8.5	14.9	4.5	28.7	21.1
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	80.7	11.3	7.3	(⁵)	6.2	8.5	23.2	2.4	28.0	15.6
Chicago central city	100.0	82.9	6.0	17.1	9.4	7.7	8.4	18.6	6.5	26.2	11.7
Cleveland central city	100.0	81.0	(⁵)	19.7	16.9	(⁵)	(⁵)	22.4	(⁵)	23.5	15.1
Dallas central city	100.0	86.9	14.5	12.0	5.9	6.1	6.3	20.6	7.5	25.5	4.9
Detroit central city	100.0	82.7	(⁵)	22.3	20.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	23.8	4.9	22.0	9.9
District of Columbia	100.0	70.0	6.8	3.7	.5	3.2	7.5	10.5	5.8	35.7	23.5
Houston central city	100.0	85.8	14.9	11.4	6.7	4.7	8.5	23.1	4.1	21.3	6.7
Indianapolis central city	100.0	84.6	10.6	13.2	7.8	5.4	9.3	22.1	6.9	22.5	7.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	79.0	8.4	14.7	7.7	7.0	6.2	19.2	3.8	26.8	6.4
Milwaukee central city	100.0	88.7	(⁵)	28.7	20.6	8.1	(⁵)	22.9	3.5	26.0	9.5
New York central city	100.0	81.1	8.8	7.4	2.4	5.1	8.7	17.8	9.9	28.5	10.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	81.8	8.8	9.4	6.1	3.2	8.0	20.2	5.6	29.8	12.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	81.7	14.4	11.8	9.7	2.1	6.4	24.3	6.3	18.2	9.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	80.6	(⁵)	17.0	(⁵)	8.8	(⁵)	22.2	(⁵)	25.9	16.7
San Antonio central city	100.0	76.7	12.7	5.7	(⁵)	2.8	5.8	21.0	6.0	25.3	12.4
San Diego central city	100.0	79.1	5.8	16.8	13.9	3.0	8.1	16.8	5.1	26.4	12.7
San Francisco central city	100.0	84.7	8.9	5.9	3.6	2.3	8.4	26.6	4.7	30.1	11.1
Women											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	80.7	1.0	6.3	2.4	4.0	8.2	18.6	7.8	38.8	14.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	69.9	1.4	5.0	1.3	3.7	3.5	17.9	8.3	33.8	23.9
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	82.1	1.0	13.2	4.6	8.6	4.4	18.6	9.5	35.4	14.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	78.6	.8	7.6	4.6	2.9	2.8	15.7	8.8	43.0	14.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	74.7	.4	7.7	3.9	3.8	3.1	23.8	8.5	31.0	20.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	80.5	.8	14.8	2.9	11.9	4.1	15.2	10.0	35.6	11.9
Chicago PMSA	100.0	81.9	1.2	11.3	6.1	5.2	5.5	17.5	9.0	37.5	13.2
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	78.7	.4	10.6	3.8	6.8	4.7	22.8	6.0	34.0	15.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	83.7	1.9	10.6	6.3	4.3	2.0	22.0	8.1	39.1	12.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	78.1	1.0	5.8	3.9	1.9	3.5	22.2	12.4	33.0	16.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	80.7	1.6	9.3	5.4	3.9	8.2	21.5	8.8	31.2	12.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	82.1	.9	15.7	10.5	5.2	2.7	24.0	5.2	33.2	12.7
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	75.9	1.9	6.3	3.3	3.0	6.9	18.1	8.2	34.1	16.3
Detroit PMSA	100.0	82.2	1.2	11.6	9.1	2.5	3.3	20.9	6.8	38.3	13.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	82.1	1.4	6.7	4.1	2.5	4.3	20.7	10.6	38.4	15.1
Hartford MSA	100.0	77.5	.6	8.3	5.4	2.9	3.3	16.2	14.3	34.9	17.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	75.2	1.8	8.1	3.8	4.3	4.1	20.6	7.2	30.8	18.0
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	79.5	1.7	9.8	5.1	4.6	3.9	19.1	10.2	34.9	15.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	78.2	1.8	8.3	3.1	5.2	6.4	18.5	9.2	34.0	15.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	74.1	.7	11.3	5.4	5.9	3.6	17.7	6.7	34.1	17.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	77.5	1.4	9.2	4.7	4.6	3.1	21.3	9.5	32.9	16.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	79.5	1.3	7.7	3.0	4.8	9.0	23.4	6.8	31.3	16.8
Miami PMSA	100.0	79.1	.4	8.0	3.4	4.5	4.7	20.8	8.3	36.8	15.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	82.9	1.1	13.7	7.1	6.6	2.9	19.6	7.9	37.8	12.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	79.7	1.2	10.0	5.8	4.2	4.4	18.8	10.8	34.5	13.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	71.9	.9	5.2	2.8	2.5	4.5	18.5	6.7	36.0	23.2
New Orleans MSA	100.0	76.3	1.6	4.9	1.9	3.0	2.6	19.6	6.1	41.5	17.5
New York PMSA	100.0	78.7	.9	7.6	1.8	5.8	3.9	14.0	9.6	42.7	15.6
Newark PMSA	100.0	82.6	1.0	10.1	3.8	6.2	6.1	17.6	11.7	36.1	13.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	70.7	1.6	5.8	2.6	3.2	3.5	18.9	6.6	34.3	23.8
Oakland PMSA	100.0	74.8	1.8	9.2	4.8	4.5	4.0	16.8	9.4	33.4	18.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Women—Continued											
Metropolitan areas:—Continued											
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	72.7	.9	5.2	2.9	2.3	2.5	21.3	6.8	34.5	21.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	77.9	1.4	10.9	6.9	4.0	2.6	19.1	9.5	34.4	12.1
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	80.4	1.1	8.4	3.0	5.4	3.4	17.0	9.5	41.0	13.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	78.5	2.8	8.0	5.3	2.7	4.4	21.4	13.2	28.7	15.2
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	83.2	1.4	6.2	3.6	2.6	4.4	23.4	7.8	39.9	12.1
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	74.5	1.4	9.9	7.2	2.7	3.6	19.1	8.6	31.8	15.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	81.4	.9	11.7	7.7	4.0	2.4	19.8	8.2	38.4	13.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	71.9	.9	8.8	5.7	3.1	4.2	22.3	6.1	29.6	20.3
Rochester MSA	100.0	76.0	1.1	14.0	10.2	3.7	2.4	21.7	5.4	31.3	18.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	66.4	1.5	3.2	2.3	.9	4.2	20.9	8.4	28.2	25.7
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	80.5	1.5	8.1	4.1	4.0	4.8	19.5	8.9	37.6	14.1
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	73.1	1.7	7.5	4.3	3.2	3.5	22.0	9.5	28.7	19.5
San Antonio MSA	100.0	74.9	.8	6.6	2.3	4.3	2.7	24.0	10.1	30.7	18.8
San Diego MSA	100.0	75.7	1.7	9.6	7.0	2.5	4.1	16.7	8.3	35.3	15.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	77.4	.5	7.8	3.4	4.4	4.8	18.9	9.7	35.6	13.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	81.8	1.7	22.2	21.1	1.1	3.2	17.3	5.3	32.1	10.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	78.4	1.2	8.1	5.3	2.9	4.8	22.3	9.4	32.5	13.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	81.8	2.1	8.0	4.4	3.5	4.5	19.3	12.2	35.7	13.4
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	70.4	1.2	3.4	1.8	1.6	3.5	14.8	6.9	40.6	24.2
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	67.6	2.2	4.4	(⁵)	4.4	4.3	10.7	12.2	33.9	29.8
Chicago central city	100.0	82.8	1.1	9.3	4.7	4.6	4.8	16.0	9.4	42.2	14.1
Cleveland central city	100.0	83.8	(⁵)	9.3	8.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	20.8	(⁵)	41.5	13.8
Dallas central city	100.0	83.4	1.2	10.5	6.1	4.5	7.5	23.4	9.2	31.7	9.2
Detroit central city	100.0	79.9	(⁵)	8.9	6.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	18.4	9.6	40.5	18.4
District of Columbia	100.0	66.0	1.1	1.6	.3	1.3	4.4	8.9	5.3	44.7	29.3
Houston central city	100.0	77.5	1.0	8.4	4.1	4.3	5.0	21.0	4.1	35.4	16.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	79.9	1.3	7.8	4.6	3.2	4.0	19.6	9.0	38.2	16.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	77.1	.6	10.3	4.3	6.0	3.6	17.2	7.5	37.9	12.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	83.1	(⁵)	12.6	6.2	6.5	(⁵)	18.1	6.6	42.4	13.7
New York central city	100.0	79.4	1.0	7.4	1.8	5.6	4.0	13.6	9.7	43.6	15.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	79.4	.6	6.6	2.5	4.2	2.3	13.4	8.0	48.4	16.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	79.1	2.0	6.9	5.2	1.7	5.6	20.0	14.0	30.6	15.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	73.7	(⁵)	10.0	(⁵)	5.5	(⁵)	13.8	(⁵)	37.8	22.2
San Antonio central city	100.0	77.1	1.0	6.0	(⁵)	4.7	3.0	24.4	9.7	32.8	17.8
San Diego central city	100.0	75.8	.3	9.8	6.3	3.5	6.2	17.0	7.7	34.8	18.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	79.4	.5	7.4	1.1	6.3	5.0	23.2	8.3	34.9	15.2
White											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	83.5	7.0	9.9	5.3	4.6	11.1	19.3	6.2	30.0	9.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	73.9	6.6	8.6	4.2	4.4	6.1	19.3	6.2	27.0	18.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	81.1	4.3	14.6	5.5	9.1	8.8	19.1	8.8	25.4	12.6
Boston PMSA	100.0	79.1	5.0	9.0	5.9	3.1	4.5	16.7	7.6	36.2	12.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	74.3	4.4	15.2	9.4	5.8	5.1	20.5	6.4	22.5	20.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	82.5	7.3	16.6	7.5	9.1	6.2	17.2	7.8	27.3	7.3
Chicago PMSA	100.0	84.4	6.5	16.1	9.2	7.0	7.2	18.8	7.6	28.0	9.5
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	81.3	4.1	16.3	8.9	7.4	6.4	21.7	6.4	26.4	11.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	83.4	5.6	17.8	12.1	5.6	4.0	20.5	6.4	28.9	9.9
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	81.6	5.5	9.6	6.7	2.9	6.7	24.2	8.7	26.7	12.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	82.6	7.2	13.4	9.0	4.4	9.2	21.5	7.1	24.0	9.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	80.3	5.2	21.1	16.6	4.5	3.0	20.7	3.9	26.1	11.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	78.4	6.8	9.9	6.5	3.5	7.8	18.6	6.5	28.2	12.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	85.3	6.3	21.9	18.5	3.3	4.7	21.9	4.9	25.7	9.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	82.8	5.3	8.3	5.1	3.2	6.6	23.9	9.0	29.7	11.0
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.2	5.0	15.0	11.1	3.9	4.8	16.8	10.6	26.1	14.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
White—Continued											
Metropolitan areas:—Continued											
Houston PMSA	100.0	81.3	11.2	11.2	6.1	5.1	6.1	21.8	5.3	22.2	10.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	82.8	5.7	14.7	8.8	5.9	6.3	20.2	8.9	27.0	11.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	81.7	7.1	11.6	5.7	5.8	9.2	21.0	7.5	25.4	11.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	77.4	5.4	15.6	8.5	7.1	5.5	18.1	4.7	28.1	11.3
Louisville MSA	100.0	82.5	6.0	18.3	11.3	7.1	5.8	19.0	7.6	25.8	10.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	80.5	10.7	8.5	4.7	3.8	11.1	24.8	5.3	19.9	12.6
Miami PMSA	100.0	82.5	7.3	7.9	4.2	3.7	6.7	25.3	6.5	28.9	9.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	83.9	5.4	19.9	12.2	7.6	4.3	19.9	6.6	27.9	9.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	80.9	5.4	15.9	9.2	6.7	5.7	19.0	8.1	26.7	11.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	75.9	5.2	8.5	4.9	3.6	6.7	20.2	7.3	28.0	18.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	75.9	7.1	7.4	4.5	2.9	5.7	17.6	6.5	29.9	14.2
New York PMSA	100.0	81.1	5.8	8.5	2.8	5.8	5.4	16.6	11.1	33.6	11.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	83.2	5.2	14.6	6.6	8.0	6.1	19.9	11.7	25.7	10.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	75.3	10.4	8.9	6.3	2.6	5.7	19.2	5.5	25.4	19.2
Oakland PMSA	100.0	78.4	7.5	10.9	6.2	4.7	6.1	20.5	5.9	27.5	13.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	74.4	6.5	9.4	6.8	2.6	3.7	20.2	5.3	27.9	17.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	79.0	7.2	14.4	10.5	3.9	3.7	19.7	7.5	26.2	9.4
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	82.6	5.1	13.7	7.2	6.4	5.0	18.9	8.6	31.3	10.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	78.8	8.8	10.8	8.0	2.8	5.7	21.4	9.3	22.5	12.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	82.2	5.0	13.0	8.2	4.8	6.8	20.7	6.7	29.7	11.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	77.4	5.5	14.5	10.4	4.2	6.1	19.0	6.5	25.5	11.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	82.1	5.3	15.4	10.2	5.2	4.8	21.6	6.3	28.8	12.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	74.3	6.7	13.4	8.4	5.0	6.2	22.2	4.6	21.1	14.1
Rochester MSA	100.0	78.6	3.5	22.6	17.5	5.1	4.9	19.3	4.4	23.9	12.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	67.4	7.4	4.3	3.3	1.0	5.6	20.2	5.9	23.9	23.4
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	83.3	6.7	13.4	8.4	4.9	7.4	21.3	6.8	27.7	9.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	77.0	7.6	11.0	7.7	3.3	6.3	21.3	6.5	23.9	15.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	75.0	7.2	7.6	4.1	3.6	4.9	21.3	7.3	26.0	15.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	76.4	6.0	12.1	8.6	3.5	6.0	16.8	7.3	28.2	13.2
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	80.0	6.4	8.1	4.1	4.0	4.2	20.4	6.8	34.0	9.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	83.7	6.0	22.4	20.6	1.8	4.1	17.0	4.9	29.4	9.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	79.5	5.4	12.9	10.3	2.5	5.8	20.7	7.0	27.8	10.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	82.3	7.4	9.8	6.4	3.5	5.7	21.5	9.4	28.4	10.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	72.3	7.0	5.2	2.9	2.3	5.2	15.2	5.7	33.8	21.3
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	81.1	11.5	7.0	(⁵)	7.0	7.1	16.5	7.9	31.1	14.2
Chicago central city	100.0	86.2	4.6	15.9	8.8	7.2	5.5	18.5	8.1	33.4	9.3
Cleveland central city	100.0	84.5	(⁵)	14.9	13.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	21.3	(⁵)	32.0	10.8
Dallas central city	100.0	86.5	11.8	11.5	6.5	4.9	5.6	22.5	6.7	28.1	4.5
Detroit central city	100.0	82.9	(⁵)	13.3	11.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	35.2	4.1	20.5	10.4
District of Columbia	100.0	70.8	3.5	3.5	.3	3.2	3.8	8.5	6.1	45.4	21.2
Houston central city	100.0	84.1	11.5	11.0	5.8	5.2	6.4	21.8	4.5	25.5	9.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	83.7	5.7	11.5	6.0	5.4	6.6	21.7	7.6	30.7	9.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	79.7	5.9	14.1	6.7	7.3	5.2	19.2	4.9	30.5	7.3
Milwaukee central city	100.0	87.3	(⁵)	22.8	14.2	8.6	(⁵)	22.3	5.6	30.3	10.5
New York central city	100.0	81.7	5.7	8.2	2.4	5.8	5.9	16.2	11.4	34.2	10.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	83.9	6.6	11.0	6.3	4.7	3.9	18.3	6.9	37.2	10.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	81.0	9.7	9.5	7.4	2.1	5.9	22.4	9.9	23.3	11.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	79.6	(⁵)	6.6	(⁵)	4.8	(⁵)	16.9	(⁵)	38.4	18.2
San Antonio central city	100.0	77.0	7.8	6.2	(⁵)	3.9	4.8	22.4	7.5	28.1	14.2
San Diego central city	100.0	78.0	3.9	11.4	7.6	3.8	7.7	17.8	6.5	30.8	14.6
San Francisco central city	100.0	83.4	7.9	5.1	1.8	3.3	3.9	26.5	6.6	33.4	11.1
Black											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	83.5	5.7	8.3	3.2	5.1	13.5	19.1	6.6	30.3	12.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Black—Continued											
Metropolitan areas:—Continued											
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	68.7	3.2	6.4	2.2	4.1	4.5	17.6	6.8	30.2	28.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	78.1	3.4	8.0	4.9	3.1	5.1	11.0	12.5	38.2	19.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.5	2.4	7.1	5.0	2.0	6.0	18.4	5.9	41.7	14.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	70.4	1.8	14.0	7.1	6.9	11.4	8.9	5.6	28.6	24.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	85.2	4.9	17.9	7.7	10.1	10.8	17.4	8.2	26.0	11.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	77.1	2.0	9.3	4.5	4.8	10.1	15.3	7.0	33.3	18.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	78.3	3.0	12.3	9.0	3.4	4.7	22.9	2.8	32.5	15.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	77.4	2.3	15.8	11.3	4.5	4.1	18.8	4.8	31.5	20.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	80.5	2.5	9.5	7.2	2.3	5.2	26.0	10.9	26.4	16.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	80.2	2.2	12.3	6.8	5.5	11.5	18.6	8.3	27.0	14.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	78.6	.2	20.1	13.6	6.4	10.0	11.0	3.1	34.3	20.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	81.3	3.1	8.0	5.4	2.6	12.3	23.7	9.2	25.1	14.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	83.0	2.3	17.8	15.6	2.2	4.4	19.6	7.2	31.7	13.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	75.8	3.4	8.7	6.1	2.6	4.3	19.4	7.1	32.9	18.6
Hartford MSA	100.0	77.9	2.3	7.8	5.9	1.9	3.9	15.1	16.5	32.3	18.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	75.1	3.2	9.1	4.0	5.1	8.2	21.6	5.0	27.0	19.4
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	78.2	6.8	10.2	7.6	2.6	6.8	16.2	9.3	29.1	18.6
Kansas City MSA	100.0	80.9	2.3	9.4	3.5	5.8	9.9	18.2	4.5	36.4	18.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	66.1	1.2	8.2	5.2	3.0	8.1	12.3	5.4	30.8	26.2
Louisville MSA	100.0	76.0	2.0	11.9	6.9	5.1	5.7	23.0	8.6	24.9	20.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	83.1	2.2	12.2	4.4	7.9	16.5	22.3	3.3	26.6	14.1
Miami PMSA	100.0	78.2	6.8	4.8	1.9	2.8	8.4	18.0	5.9	34.4	15.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	83.4	1.1	18.1	12.0	6.1	3.1	17.2	3.7	40.3	13.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	81.3	1.9	9.7	6.3	3.4	4.8	14.3	6.5	44.0	14.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	74.8	3.1	8.2	5.6	2.6	6.4	14.7	7.6	34.7	22.4
New Orleans MSA	100.0	80.1	8.7	8.9	4.4	4.4	6.1	23.1	2.7	30.5	15.0
New York PMSA	100.0	75.1	3.8	4.9	1.9	3.0	6.3	11.8	7.2	41.1	20.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	78.3	1.8	13.0	7.3	5.8	12.5	12.6	9.4	28.9	16.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	69.0	4.5	10.0	7.0	3.0	4.9	18.8	5.9	25.0	27.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	73.6	5.2	5.5	4.9	.5	8.9	14.4	8.3	31.4	23.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	68.6	1.2	14.0	6.7	7.4	12.4	16.0	2.7	22.3	27.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	96.1	6.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	31.2	17.7	41.0	(⁶)
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	79.4	3.3	7.3	3.9	3.4	8.2	13.8	8.2	38.5	16.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	76.6	.5	1.8	.5	1.2	12.6	23.8	16.1	21.8	14.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	82.1	4.8	5.4	3.1	2.3	14.7	19.1	6.1	31.9	11.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	77.9	.7	15.3	12.4	2.9	8.3	13.2	8.0	32.5	14.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	83.8	2.4	17.3	11.3	6.0	6.2	15.8	8.3	33.8	10.5
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	58.0	(⁶)	5.6	3.2	2.4	8.4	17.5	2.4	24.2	39.3
Rochester MSA	100.0	80.1	2.7	14.4	7.3	7.0	3.5	15.1	3.1	41.3	12.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	70.1	4.9	13.1	5.1	8.0	3.8	15.8	10.4	22.2	22.8
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	78.0	2.5	13.1	6.7	6.3	6.3	17.4	6.9	31.8	17.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	75.9	6.1	15.2	4.0	11.2	7.7	15.7	14.6	16.6	7.7
San Antonio MSA	100.0	67.0	9.2	4.7	2.6	2.1	2.8	19.3	8.8	22.4	31.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	70.5	2.2	13.8	12.4	1.4	5.3	12.0	5.2	32.0	24.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	74.8	(⁶)	10.5	10.5	(⁶)	15.2	10.3	3.3	35.4	17.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	73.6	(⁶)	8.2	8.2	(⁶)	18.2	18.6	2.0	26.6	1.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	82.0	3.5	8.5	7.7	.7	8.0	21.3	6.2	34.5	12.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	78.6	2.5	10.6	6.8	3.9	9.6	13.8	9.0	31.9	17.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	68.5	4.7	3.3	1.7	1.6	7.9	13.4	5.4	33.9	27.8
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	68.5	3.8	5.0	(⁵)	4.0	6.3	17.0	6.5	29.9	29.4
Chicago central city	100.0	74.5	1.3	8.4	3.7	4.7	9.5	13.9	7.1	34.3	21.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	79.8	(⁵)	13.9	12.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	20.5	(⁵)	33.6	18.4
Dallas central city	100.0	82.6	3.2	11.4	4.3	7.2	10.3	21.1	10.3	26.3	11.6
Detroit central city	100.0	81.0	(⁵)	15.0	12.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	19.1	8.0	33.7	15.0
District of Columbia	100.0	66.1	4.5	2.1	.4	1.6	7.8	10.5	4.9	36.3	30.0
Houston central city	100.0	75.9	3.9	6.2	4.0	2.2	8.9	21.1	3.3	31.5	18.0
Indianapolis central city	100.0	77.0	8.0	6.8	6.5	.3	7.4	16.9	9.3	28.6	19.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Black—Continued											
Cities—Continued											
Los Angeles central city	100.0	66.6	1.7	7.4	4.8	2.6	6.4	11.4	6.5	33.2	22.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	82.7	(⁵)	16.5	10.8	5.7	(⁵)	16.8	3.4	41.5	13.8
New York central city	100.0	75.4	3.9	4.7	1.8	2.8	6.4	12.1	7.0	41.4	20.1
Philadelphia central city	100.0	76.2	2.1	3.2	1.9	1.3	7.3	13.0	7.3	43.3	19.4
Phoenix central city	100.0	72.2	.9	3.0	.9	2.1	13.5	23.2	5.2	26.4	18.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	72.8	(⁵)	15.9	(⁵)	8.2	(⁵)	17.7	(⁵)	28.7	22.4
San Antonio central city	100.0	69.8	5.6	(⁶)	(⁵)	(⁶)	1.3	17.8	11.5	33.5	26.6
San Diego central city	100.0	69.6	(⁶)	19.3	19.3	(⁶)	6.3	12.1	3.1	28.8	20.8
San Francisco central city	100.0	72.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	28.6	6.5	3.1	34.0	23.9
Hispanic origin											
Metropolitan areas:											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	88.4	17.9	11.1	6.8	4.3	13.2	20.4	4.7	21.1	3.9
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	85.5	13.4	6.5	3.0	3.5	3.4	38.1	1.9	22.1	10.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	85.0	6.3	23.7	5.4	18.3	12.1	16.7	10.0	16.1	10.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	87.4	10.5	15.6	11.3	4.3	1.3	28.0	1.4	30.5	6.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	85.1	28.4	14.7	11.0	3.7	6.7	4.4	2.9	28.0	4.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	89.2	6.3	28.0	17.1	11.0	5.2	23.5	4.2	21.6	6.2
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	78.4	11.0	15.1	3.9	11.2	(⁶)	22.3	(⁶)	29.9	21.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	78.9	6.2	17.9	16.0	1.9	.9	14.0	19.2	20.7	4.9
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	84.4	12.9	7.2	7.2	(⁶)	1.8	42.7	9.0	10.8	12.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	87.4	16.5	17.9	10.6	7.4	6.5	24.1	3.5	18.7	4.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	82.4	13.8	13.8	7.9	5.9	6.4	22.3	2.9	23.0	11.2
Detroit PMSA	100.0	83.0	21.3	15.0	12.5	2.4	1.5	29.7	1.7	13.9	11.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	84.5	3.3	11.4	5.0	6.4	7.3	23.1	10.8	28.5	11.2
Hartford MSA	100.0	79.7	1.1	19.8	11.8	8.0	6.4	18.6	12.8	20.9	17.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	86.3	18.9	12.1	6.8	5.2	4.8	26.6	4.6	17.9	7.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	85.8	11.4	13.7	4.2	9.5	11.9	27.1	.7	20.8	8.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	82.6	7.6	20.8	10.3	10.5	5.8	21.7	3.6	23.1	8.6
Memphis MSA	100.0	94.0	46.6	13.1	11.8	1.2	5.8	17.9	(⁶)	10.6	1.7
Miami PMSA	100.0	83.5	8.3	8.7	4.9	3.8	7.4	27.8	5.9	25.5	9.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	90.5	3.5	31.6	14.8	16.8	3.4	23.2	2.0	26.8	6.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	90.2	1.1	15.5	12.2	3.3	1.6	44.0	10.8	17.2	7.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	81.3	2.5	19.4	15.3	4.1	6.3	22.5	3.4	27.2	15.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	73.2	10.9	19.7	16.0	3.6	5.7	8.8	3.4	21.9	19.6
New York PMSA	100.0	85.4	6.1	10.5	3.9	6.6	6.2	22.7	7.6	30.4	8.8
Newark PMSA	100.0	89.6	5.7	19.2	7.7	11.4	8.4	22.4	6.9	27.1	4.7
Oakland PMSA	100.0	86.2	10.6	11.4	3.8	7.6	4.4	30.3	2.4	27.1	10.5
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	84.8	11.3	22.5	19.8	2.7	.3	24.3	2.3	23.7	9.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	83.5	13.4	19.3	13.8	5.5	3.5	22.8	3.1	21.4	9.5
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	86.1	5.5	23.3	14.4	8.9	2.0	15.3	6.9	33.1	6.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	76.4	11.9	11.9	8.2	3.8	4.6	23.7	7.0	17.2	12.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	67.7	5.7	19.0	12.2	6.8	4.8	15.8	3.4	19.1	10.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	89.3	5.4	35.4	26.4	9.1	3.6	19.1	3.4	22.3	5.7
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	76.9	6.3	19.3	11.9	7.4	6.0	23.2	2.0	20.1	13.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	86.8	5.5	22.8	22.8	(⁶)	7.6	13.0	2.4	35.5	13.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	70.9	8.3	3.8	2.4	1.4	11.7	20.2	2.7	24.3	26.2
St. Louis MSA ⁴	100.0	97.0	2.4	19.7	19.7	(⁶)	15.9	24.1	(⁶)	34.9	(⁶)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	84.5	13.0	16.9	13.1	3.8	8.3	21.3	5.3	19.6	7.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	77.2	8.8	9.1	5.0	4.1	4.8	23.6	5.8	24.4	15.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	78.6	8.3	14.1	9.5	4.6	5.8	19.3	5.9	25.2	13.2
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	88.9	12.1	10.8	5.7	5.2	2.7	36.5	2.9	23.7	5.9
San Jose PMSA	100.0	87.8	10.3	25.1	21.0	4.0	3.5	25.0	2.0	21.9	8.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	75.5	11.4	8.5	6.4	2.2	3.0	28.4	4.6	19.5	10.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	80.6	9.6	12.9	7.5	5.4	4.9	20.3	9.2	23.6	7.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	86.1	18.7	2.8	1.4	1.4	5.7	24.3	3.8	30.7	9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 2001 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Hispanic origin—Continued											
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	95.3	33.1	8.4	(⁵)	8.4	(⁶)	38.1	(⁶)	15.7	(⁶)
Chicago central city	100.0	90.0	5.3	27.2	15.8	11.3	4.2	24.9	4.9	23.0	7.8
Dallas central city	100.0	92.0	22.4	12.8	6.5	6.3	3.4	29.0	2.9	21.5	1.1
Detroit central city	100.0	80.6	(⁵)	18.5	18.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	29.5	(⁶)	25.4	5.5
District of Columbia	100.0	86.9	17.0	1.7	.2	1.4	1.0	20.7	5.0	41.5	9.4
Houston central city	100.0	86.6	17.0	13.7	8.0	5.7	5.6	27.1	4.7	17.6	9.3
Los Angeles central city	100.0	85.3	9.0	20.7	9.2	11.5	4.7	23.5	3.2	24.1	5.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	94.0	(⁵)	35.4	16.0	19.4	(⁵)	25.9	3.2	26.3	5.5
New York central city	100.0	84.9	5.6	10.6	3.9	6.7	6.5	24.0	7.9	30.3	9.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	88.2	13.4	21.7	15.1	6.7	(⁶)	12.7	2.2	38.2	8.6
Phoenix central city	100.0	81.1	12.3	12.2	9.4	2.8	4.5	25.3	6.6	20.2	8.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	78.7	9.7	7.7	(⁵)	4.6	4.3	23.4	5.7	27.9	14.1
San Diego central city	100.0	74.6	6.7	11.3	7.9	3.4	4.4	22.3	4.9	25.0	16.8
San Francisco central city	100.0	88.7	12.9	5.6	2.4	3.2	3.1	44.5	4.0	18.5	8.0

¹ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, mining, and agriculture.

² Includes mining.

³ Excludes private household workers.

⁴ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

⁵ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication

standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

⁶ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry,¹ 2001 annual averages

Area	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods					
Metropolitan areas:											
Chicago PMSA	5.1	5.5	9.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	3.9	6.9	4.5	4.6	3.0
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	5.1	5.5	4.7	4.4	5.2	2.8	6.5	6.3	3.4	5.7	3.0
Detroit PMSA	5.0	5.4	10.8	5.2	5.2	5.4	6.4	6.1	2.0	4.3	2.5
Houston PMSA	4.2	4.9	4.9	4.0	2.6	5.5	4.1	5.9	2.2	5.4	1.3
Kansas City MSA	4.4	4.8	8.8	5.0	5.8	4.2	3.0	5.8	4.5	3.7	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.1	5.9	6.9	6.2	5.3	7.2	6.8	5.5	5.1	5.7	2.2
Miami PMSA	5.1	5.5	6.8	6.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	11.2	5.2	3.7	4.2	2.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	5.3	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.2	8.2	.9	5.2	2.7
New York PMSA	5.0	5.4	7.5	6.8	6.3	7.0	5.5	6.8	3.1	4.8	2.9
Newark PMSA	4.2	4.7	6.6	4.7	3.0	6.0	6.5	4.4	3.1	4.5	1.8
Philadelphia PMSA	4.4	4.7	8.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	6.9	1.7	4.2	2.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.6	5.2	3.8	6.5	7.0	(⁵)	4.2	5.8	2.9	5.5	2.3
Pittsburgh MSA	5.2	5.6	11.3	7.8	8.6	6.3	3.5	6.3	3.5	4.2	3.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	6.1	6.8	11.3	6.4	5.2	9.4	4.5	8.0	3.3	6.6	3.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.5	4.9	12.4	6.3	6.8	5.4	2.7	4.7	1.7	3.8	2.2
St. Louis MSA ⁶	4.8	5.4	6.8	4.4	4.1	5.0	4.5	6.5	5.5	4.8	1.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	3.8	4.5	5.4	4.4	4.2	4.8	5.7	3.8	3.7	4.9	.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.4	3.8	3.6	1.9	2.2	1.5	1.8	6.3	1.9	3.7	2.0
Cities:											
Chicago central city	7.0	7.5	15.5	7.4	6.5	8.4	4.3	10.5	4.9	6.4	4.7
Detroit central city	9.8	10.7	(⁵)	13.9	14.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	11.0	(⁵)	9.4	5.1
District of Columbia	6.0	6.7	8.2	6.0	(⁵)	5.2	5.7	10.2	6.8	5.8	4.6
Houston central city	5.1	5.9	7.1	5.4	3.4	(⁵)	6.0	7.3	(⁵)	5.1	.6
Los Angeles central city	6.2	6.8	8.5	7.7	4.6	10.5	7.7	6.1	4.9	6.7	3.1
Milwaukee central city	10.1	10.8	(⁵)	7.3	8.5	5.1	(⁵)	17.8	(⁵)	9.3	4.2
New York central city	5.5	5.9	8.3	7.5	7.6	7.5	5.9	7.6	3.2	5.2	3.1
Philadelphia central city	7.4	8.4	19.3	8.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.2	12.4	1.1	6.4	3.9

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers and mining.

³ Includes mining.

⁴ Excludes private household workers.

⁵ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in

that area and industry. See appendix B.

⁶ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

NOTE: No data are shown for a specific area when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Appendix A. Concepts and Definitions for Data Derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing labor force status include provisional estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, and unemployment rates. Population estimates usually are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and the revised estimates are incorporated into the CPS labor force levels. No revisions were made for 2001, however. This adjustment, when made, affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment, but does not affect percentages such as unemployment rates, participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to 2000 or after 2001 in *Geographic Profiles*.

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. These are all persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave,

labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. Included are all persons who had no employment during the reference week; were available for work, except for temporary illness; and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment also is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. These reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) *Job losers*, comprising (a) persons *on temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *Job leavers*, persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *Persons who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) *Reentrants*, persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *New entrants*, persons who had never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Occupation and industry. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available full-time work to be classified as part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: Illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said that they did not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or

part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaska Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for "other" races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus, they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the CPS, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey is conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, employed, and unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample about 60,000 occupied housing units, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Selected respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and over. The "reference week" is the calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month. Actual field interviewing is conducted during the following week, which is known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2001 sample encompasses 754 sample areas, with coverage in every State and the District of Columbia. It is based to a large extent on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the 1990 decennial census. (A redesigned 1990 census-based sample was phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period.) These areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,007 primary sampling units (PSUs). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,007 PSUs are grouped into strata within each State. Then, one PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportionate to the relative population size of the PSU. PSUs in strata by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of blacks and Hispanics, and occupation/industry and age/sex distributions. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected using the population-size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Estimating methods

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data

from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 7 to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio estimation.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSUs rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells, Black and nonblack, and is applied only to PSUs that are non-self-representing and in those States that have a substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1990 census between the race

distribution of the population in sample PSUs and the race distribution of all non-self-representing PSUs.

b. *Second-stage ratio estimation.* This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:

- 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older,
- 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories, and
- 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories.

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Subtracting estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduces the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a reduction in sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may *differ* from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures as are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey-- sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error tables provided later in this appendix indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, that is, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: An expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8 percent annually. This is calculated based on a 6-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum labor force, employment, or unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined "critical cell" must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the regions, divisions, States, the District of Columbia, metropolitan areas, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population, that is, the employed and unemployed, publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data elements--labor force, employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate--are suppressed. In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the size of the base of distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the percent distribution of unemployed persons by reason table, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the unemployment minimum base. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as by sex or race), the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for that reason for unemployment also does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.6 standard errors) for major labor force characteristics. They are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided below. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, or a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina has an absolute sampling error of 14,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 14 percent (14,000/100,000). A statement that unemployment in North Carolina is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 86,000 and 114,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

This can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples and make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques) and construct an interval around each estimate (using the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of these intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

To convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90- to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors) multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given above, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence was 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 x 0.63). At 95-percent confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 x 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant, or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by the redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as that which occurred in 1994.)

As noted above, differences can take two general forms: (1) Differences between population groups and/or geographic areas; or (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated using the following formula, and noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed below.

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C \times (SE_1 \times SE_2))^{1/2}$$

where:

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference.

SE_1 = the sampling error of one group or year.

SE_2 = the sampling error of another group or year.

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The SE_1 and SE_2 can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or "C" term, for employment and unemployment for differences between *consecutive* years are as follows: For labor force or employment levels, $C = 0.58$; for unemployment levels or rates, $C = 0.37$. It is important to note that these "C" terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the *same geographic area and population group*.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. When calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a "C" term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is: (1) If the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, the "C" term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, or (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error computed without a "C" term will be overstated. This could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a labor force characteristic such as employment (that is, people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a "C" term when calculating the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The following example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error for a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between the unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 24,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 17,000. Using the formula described above without the "C" term produces the following results:

$$SE_1 = 24; SE_2 = 17$$

$$SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 = 865$$

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2))^{1/2} = 29$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the two estimates and a "C" term of zero can be assured. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the

difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 12, and 24. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range, the sampling error for that rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the above formula for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for whatever purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for the 2001 total unemployment level for women in Washington, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment level estimate of 80,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \left\{ \left[\frac{(A-G)}{(F-G)} \right] \times (X-Y) \right\} + Y$$

where:

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value.

A = the estimated value (80,000).

F = the table value (100,000) immediately above the estimated value.

G = the table value (50,000) immediately below the estimated value.

X = the sampling error of F (14,000).

Y = the sampling error of G (10,000).

$$SE = \left\{ \left[\frac{(80 - 50)}{(100 - 50)} \right] \times (14 - 10) \right\} + 10$$

$$SE = (0.6 \times 4) + 10$$

$$= 2.4 + 10$$

$$= 12.4$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the "F" term becomes the highest value in the table and the "G" term becomes the next highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed using a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that would apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of a sampling error rather than a precise sampling error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6406.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race/ethnic group. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate.

Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for whites (and the total of all race/ethnic groups) than it is for blacks or Hispanics.

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Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of Census region and division, State, and metropolitan area data

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Northeast	8	42
New England	6	34
Middle Atlantic	8	43
Midwest	10	46
East North Central	11	46
West North Central	8	43
South	12	49
South Atlantic	11	51
East South Central	11	40
West South Central	13	50
West	8	48
Mountain	7	31
Pacific	9	52
Alabama	10	38
Alaska	3	4
Arizona	11	53
Arkansas	4	27
California	10	60
Colorado	11	42
Connecticut	6	40
Delaware	1	10
District of Columbia	1	4
Florida	12	45
Georgia	12	90
Hawaii	2	12
Idaho	3	13
Illinois	9	42
Indiana	10	50
Iowa	4	38
Kansas	6	27
Kentucky	12	31
Louisiana	10	36
Maine	2	13
Maryland	8	51
Massachusetts	8	50
Michigan	11	39
Minnesota	9	58
Mississippi	7	26
Missouri	14	44
Montana	2	11
Nebraska	2	25
Nevada	3	14
New Hampshire	2	14
New Jersey	6	44
New Mexico	4	19
New York	10	40
North Carolina	11	46
North Dakota	2	10
Ohio	14	52
Oklahoma	6	44
Oregon	6	24
Pennsylvania	7	47
Rhode Island	1	8
South Carolina	7	33
South Dakota	2	10
Tennessee	12	61
Texas	15	57
Utah	5	24
Vermont	1	7
Virginia	18	82
Washington	9	45
West Virginia	5	14
Wisconsin	9	52
Wyoming	1	6

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of Census region and division, State, and metropolitan area data — Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Minimum base	
	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan area:		
Atlanta MSA	9	102
Baltimore PMSA	7	53
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	6	49
Boston PMSA	8	69
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	10	31
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	7	50
Chicago PMSA	7	45
Cincinnati PMSA	9	75
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	10	59
Columbus, Ohio MSA	9	65
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	12	65
Dayton-Springfield MSA	10	44
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	6	62
Detroit PMSA	8	53
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	9	59
Hartford MSA	6	63
Houston PMSA	13	55
Indianapolis MSA	8	66
Kansas City MSA	7	43
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5	33
Louisville MSA	8	58
Memphis MSA	10	62
Miami PMSA	10	42
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	8	34
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	6	65
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	9	64
New Orleans MSA	7	51
New York PMSA	10	29
Newark PMSA	6	33
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	12	63
Oakland PMSA	9	95
Oklahoma City MSA	5	47
Orange County PMSA	9	86
Philadelphia PMSA	6	50
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	9	57
Pittsburgh MSA	7	46
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4	26
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	3	17
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	10	71
Rochester MSA	10	32
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	10	91
St. Louis MSA	9	57
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	3	24
San Antonio MSA	14	45
San Diego MSA	9	75
San Francisco PMSA	9	99
San Jose PMSA	9	86
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	5	64
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	11	53
Washington D.C. PMSA	7	60
Cities:		
Baltimore	8	22
Chicago	8	25
Cleveland	12	25
Dallas	12	64
Detroit	9	29
District of Columbia	1	5
Houston	13	45
Indianapolis	8	63
Los Angeles	5	28
Milwaukee	9	13
New York	10	25
Philadelphia	7	30
Phoenix	9	46
St. Louis	10	37
San Antonio	14	38
San Diego	9	64
San Francisco	9	83

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by Census region and division

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	49	54	66	76
New England	5	7	8	11	15	22	24	30	42	46	55	62
Middle Atlantic	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	36	50	56	68	78
Midwest	6	9	10	14	20	29	32	41	57	64	78	90
East North Central	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	59	66	80	91
West North Central	6	9	10	13	19	27	30	38	52	58	70	79
South	7	10	11	15	22	31	34	43	61	68	83	96
South Atlantic	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	42	59	66	81	93
East South Central	6	9	10	15	20	29	32	40	56	62	75	85
West South Central	7	10	11	16	23	32	36	45	64	71	86	98
West	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	52	58	71	82
Mountain	6	8	9	12	17	25	27	35	48	53	64	72
Pacific	6	9	10	13	19	27	30	38	53	59	72	83
	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	84	115	136	150	161	169	175	170	—	—	—	—
New England	67	79	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	86	116	135	147	154	156	—	—	—	—	—	—
Midwest	100	137	163	182	197	208	222	225	219	—	—	—
East North Central	101	138	161	177	187	193	192	—	—	—	—	—
West North Central	87	109	114	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	106	148	178	202	221	237	262	279	290	295	295	—
South Atlantic	103	140	165	183	195	204	209	—	—	—	—	—
East South Central	92	114	115	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	108	143	163	172	173	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West	91	125	148	166	179	189	201	203	197	—	—	—
Mountain	79	98	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	92	125	146	160	170	175	174	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by Census region and division

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16
New England	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	13
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17
Midwest	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
East North Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
West North Central	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	15
South	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
East South Central	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	19
West	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
Pacific	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	18	23	28	32	36	-	-	-
New England	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle Atlantic	19	24	29	33	-	-	-	-
Midwest	19	24	30	34	38	47	-	-
East North Central	20	25	31	36	40	-	-	-
West North Central	17	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
South	21	26	32	37	41	50	57	-
South Atlantic	20	26	32	36	41	-	-	-
East South Central	19	24	-	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central	21	27	33	-	-	-	-	-
West	21	27	33	38	42	51	-	-
Mountain	16	20	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific	23	28	35	40	45	-	-	-

- Data not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	29	36	43	48
Alaska	2	2	3	5	5	7	9	11	11	-	-	-
Arizona	3	5	7	9	10	15	20	28	32	39	46	52
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	17	19	23	27	28
California	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	48	55
Colorado	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	41	48	53
Connecticut	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	35	38
Delaware	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	41	50	58
Georgia	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	34	43	51	58
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	11	12	13	-	-
Idaho	2	2	3	5	5	8	10	14	15	17	17	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	45	51
Indiana	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	46	52
Iowa	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	25	28	31
Kansas	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	21	24	29	33	35
Kentucky	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	40	48	53
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	43	48
Maine	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	13	15	15	-
Maryland	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	41	46
Massachusetts	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	42	47
Michigan	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	33	41	50	56
Minnesota	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	32	40	47	53
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	25	30	34	37
Missouri	3	5	8	11	12	17	24	33	37	46	55	62
Montana	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	12	13	-	-
Nebraska	2	2	3	5	5	7	10	14	15	18	19	18
Nevada	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16	17	20	22	23
New Hampshire	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	11	12	14	13	-
New Jersey	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	22	24	30	36	41
New Mexico	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	16	18	21	23	-
New York	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	54
North Carolina	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	41	49	56
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	9	9	-	-	-
Ohio	3	5	7	11	12	17	24	33	37	46	56	64
Oklahoma	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	29	34	38
Oregon	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	23	28	33	36
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	10	-	-
South Carolina	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	25	31	36	40
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	10	-	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	34	42	51	57
Texas	4	6	8	11	13	18	25	35	40	50	61	69
Utah	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	20	22	26	29	30
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	-	-	-
Virginia	4	6	9	12	14	19	27	38	42	53	63	72
Washington	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	49
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	18	22	24	-
Wisconsin	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	46	52
Wyoming	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	6	6	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State — Continued

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	51	56	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	56	62	63	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	61	74	85	94	125	144	155	159	157
Colorado	57	61	59	—	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	40	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	64	76	86	94	114	—	—	—	—
Georgia	64	74	81	84	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	56	67	75	81	91	—	—	—	—
Indiana	57	64	68	68	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	32	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	56	60	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	52	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	50	56	58	57	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	51	59	62	63	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	62	73	81	86	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	57	63	64	60	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	67	75	78	77	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	45	53	58	61	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	60	72	82	89	112	117	—	—	—
North Carolina	61	71	77	80	—	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	70	83	93	100	109	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	40	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	38	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	51	60	67	73	82	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	43	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	62	70	73	72	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	77	93	105	115	146	156	—	—	—
Utah	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	78	90	97	100	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	54	61	64	64	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	56	63	65	64	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	4	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	21	24	30	36	42	-
Colorado	2	2	3	5	5	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	-	-	-	-
Georgia	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	1	2	3	4	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	19	23	-	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	2	3	5	5	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	23	28	-	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Data not available.

Appendix C.

Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Table C-2 provides the geographic definitions of the metropolitan areas for which data are published in section III. These data for metropolitan areas reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on June 30, 1993.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO. This change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 1993 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with

adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that core.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)* consists of one or more counties and meets specified size criteria—either it contains a city of at least 50,000 inhabitants, or it contains an urbanized area of at least 50,000 inhabitants, and has a total population of at least 100,000.

A *Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA)* is a metropolitan area that has a population of at least 1 million and that has been divided into two or more PMSAs (see below). The CMSA comprises the same geographic area as its constituent PMSAs.

A *Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA)* is a sub-area within a CMSA. The designation of these subareas is based on specific criteria, including having a population of at least 100,000 that is at least 60-percent urban, and the support of local opinion. Areas that were designated separate metropolitan areas as of January 1, 1980, and are now part of a larger area, are designated as PMSAs unless local opinion does not support their continued separate designation for statistical purposes.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on March 30, 1990; the definitions and a complete listing of the areas were published on June 30, 1993 in OMB release 93-17.

Table C-2. **Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas**

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Arizona		
Phoenix-Mesa	MSA	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California		
Los Angeles-Long Beach	PMSA	Los Angeles County
Oakland	PMSA	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
Orange County	PMSA	Orange County
Riverside-San Bernardino	PMSA	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties
Sacramento-Yolo	CMSA	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties
San Diego	MSA	San Diego County
San Francisco	PMSA	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
San Jose	PMSA	Santa Clara County
Colorado		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley	CMSA	Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, and Weld Counties
Connecticut		
Hartford	MSA	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, Suffield, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Winchester towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city and Cromwell, Durham, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Somers, Stafford, Tolland, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; and Ashford, Chaplin, and Windham towns in Windham County
District of Columbia		
Washington	PMSA	District of Columbia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince Georges Counties, MD; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Berkeley and Jefferson Counties, W.VA
Florida		
Fort Lauderdale	PMSA	Broward County
Miami	PMSA	Miami-Dade County
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	MSA	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia		
Atlanta	MSA	Barrow, Bartow, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Illinois		
Chicago	PMSA	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties
Indiana		
Indianapolis	MSA	Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky		
Louisville	MSA	Bullitt, Jefferson, and Oldham Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Scott Counties, IN
Louisiana		
New Orleans	MSA	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes

Table C-2. **Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued**

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Maryland Baltimore	PMSA	Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts Boston	PMSA	Taunton city and Berkley, Dighton, Mansfield, and Norton towns in Bristol County, MA; Beverly, Gloucester, Lynn, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities and Amesbury, Danvers, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County, MA; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County, MA; Franklin and Quincy cities and Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County, MA; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, Scituate, and Wareham towns in Plymouth County, MA; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities and Winthrop town in Suffolk County, MA; Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Lancaster, Mendon, Milford, Millville, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; and Seabrook and South Hampton towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan Detroit	PMSA	Lapeer, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota Minneapolis-St. Paul	MSA	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI
Missouri Kansas City	MSA	Johnson, Leavenworth, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS; Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO
St. Louis	MSA ¹	Clinton, Jersey, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL; St. Louis city and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Warren Counties, MO
New Jersey Bergen-Passaic	PMSA	Bergen and Passaic Counties
Newark	PMSA	Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties
New York Buffalo-Niagara Falls	MSA	Erie and Niagara Counties
Nassau-Suffolk	PMSA	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York	PMSA	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties
Rochester	MSA	Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	MSA	Cabarrus, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC
Ohio		

¹ This is not the official OMB definition of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area. Excluded is the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-2. **Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued**

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Cincinnati	PMSA	Dearborn and Ohio Counties, IN; Boone, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; and Brown, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	PMSA	Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties
Columbus	MSA	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, and Pickaway Counties
Dayton-Springfield	MSA	Clark, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties
Oklahoma		
Oklahoma City	MSA	Canadian, Cleveland, Logan, McClain, Oklahoma, and Pottawatomie Counties
Oregon		
Portland-Vancouver	PMSA	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark County, WA
Pennsylvania		
Philadelphia	PMSA	Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA
Pittsburgh	MSA	Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island		
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	MSA	Attleboro and Fall River cities and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County, MA; Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County, RI; Warwick city and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County, RI; Jamestown, Little Compton, and Tiverton towns in Newport County, RI; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Glocester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield towns in Providence County, RI; Charlestown, Exeter, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown towns in Washington County, RI
Tennessee		
Memphis	MSA	Crittenden County, AR; DeSoto County, MS; and Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN
Texas		
Dallas-Fort Worth	CMSA	Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties
Houston	PMSA	Chambers, Fort Bend, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties
San Antonio	MSA	Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, and Wilson Counties
Utah		
Salt Lake City-Ogden	MSA	Davis, Salt Lake, and Weber Counties
Virginia		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	MSA	Currituck County, NC; Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, and York Counties, VA
Washington		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	PMSA	Island, King, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin		
Milwaukee-Waukesha	PMSA	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties