

# CE income tax estimates

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Aaron E. Cobet

Division of Consumer Expenditure Surveys  
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# Overview

- ▶ Introduce CE income taxes
- ▶ Compare income tax estimates
- ▶ How do you get started?
- ▶ Possible applications of the data



# What changed?

- ▶ In 2013, CE introduced estimates for federal and state income tax liabilities.
- ▶ Until the 2014 PUMD, the datasets include the reported income taxes.

# Reliability issues

Respondents provided unreliable tax data because of 3 reasons:

- ▶ Unwilling to provide because of privacy concerns
- ▶ Unable to remember taxes
- ▶ Unable to calculate the taxes

# Are the estimates better than the reported data?

**Yes**

- ▶ TAXSIM uses reliably accurate available data
- ▶ Model has been tested since the 70s



# TAXSIM

- ▶ Micro-simulation program
- ▶ Calculates taxes by “tax unit”
  
- ▶ Tax units: Group or individual who files their *own* tax return.

# TAXSIM

CE uses TAXSIM in four steps:

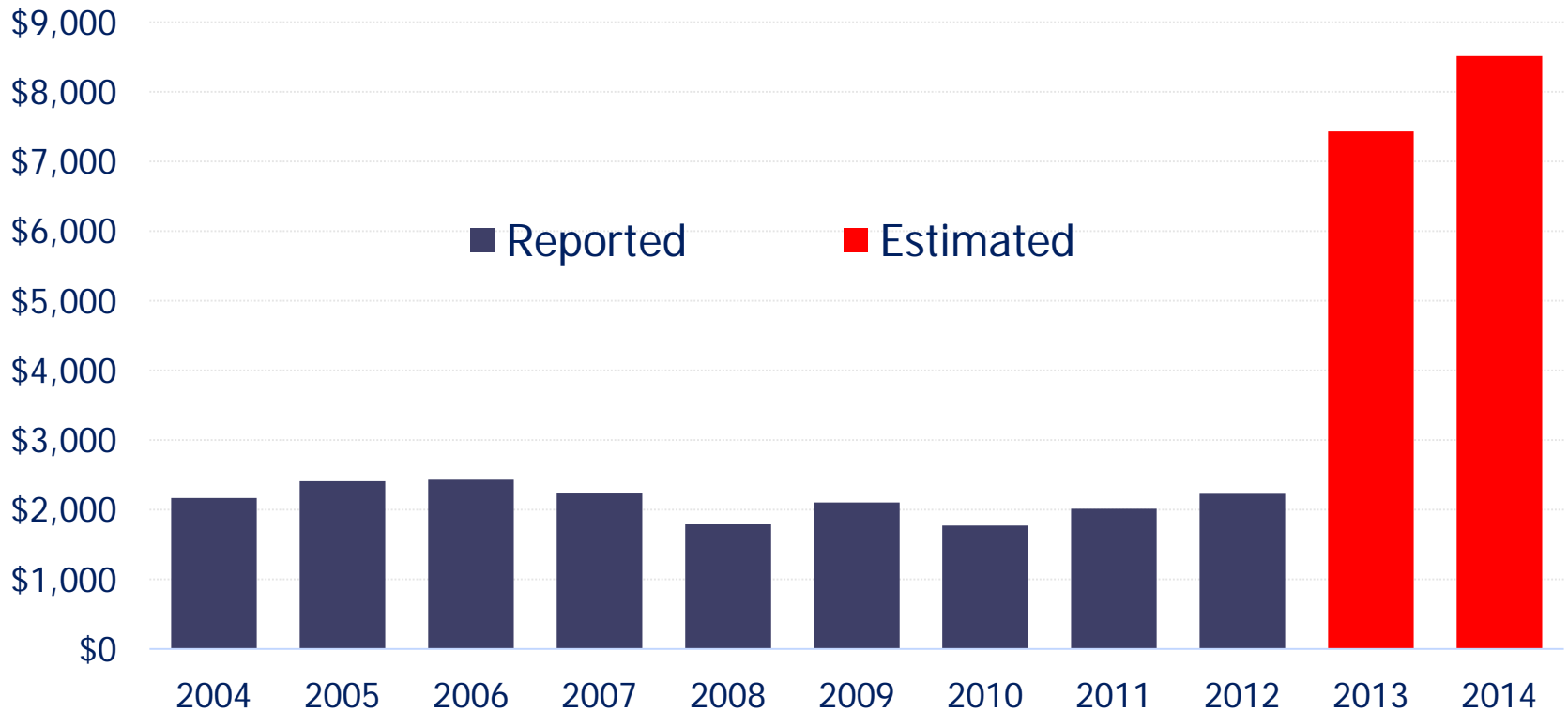
1. Create tax units
2. Convert inputs organized by consumer unit to inputs organized by tax unit
3. Run TAXSIM to estimate taxes by tax unit
4. Convert outputs organized by tax unit to be organized by consumer unit

# Do estimated data differ from reported data?





# Annual personal taxes per household, U.S. dollars, 2004-2014



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



# Comparison of tax estimates

## ■ 4 agencies:

- ▶ Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS CE)
- ▶ Internal Revenue Service (IRS)
- ▶ U.S. Census Bureau (Census)
- ▶ Congressional Budget Office (CBO)

## ■ 2 aspects:

- ▶ Concepts
- ▶ Formats

# Concepts Comparison

Concept	CE (BLS)	IRS	CPS (Census)	CBO
Name of series	Average <b>consumer unit</b> income tax	Average income <b>tax return</b>	<b>Household</b> income tax	Average <b>personal</b> tax
Concepts included	Individual income taxes minus tax credits	Individual income revenue minus tax credits <b>plus trust accumulation distribution</b>	Individual income taxes minus tax credits	Individual income taxes <b>plus payroll taxes, corporate income taxes, and excise taxes</b>
Basic unit	<b>Consumer unit (Tax unit)</b>	<b>Tax return</b>	Household	Household
Federal	Federal	Federal	Federal	Federal
Method	Model	<b>Sample of actual tax returns</b>	Model	Model

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



# Formats comparison

Format	CE (BLS)	IRS	CPS (Census)	CBO
People counted	People living financially independent	People <b>filing one tax return</b>	People <b>living in one housing unit</b>	People <b>living in one housing unit</b>
Rank by	Population weighted income	<b>Adjusted gross income</b>	No ranking	<b>Size-adjusted income</b>
Present-ation	Tabulated by income quintile	Tabulated by <b>Income segment</b>	<b>Mircodata</b>	Tabulated by income quintile
Currency	U.S. dollars	U.S. dollars	U.S. dollars	U.S. dollars
Year	2013	2013	2013	2013

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

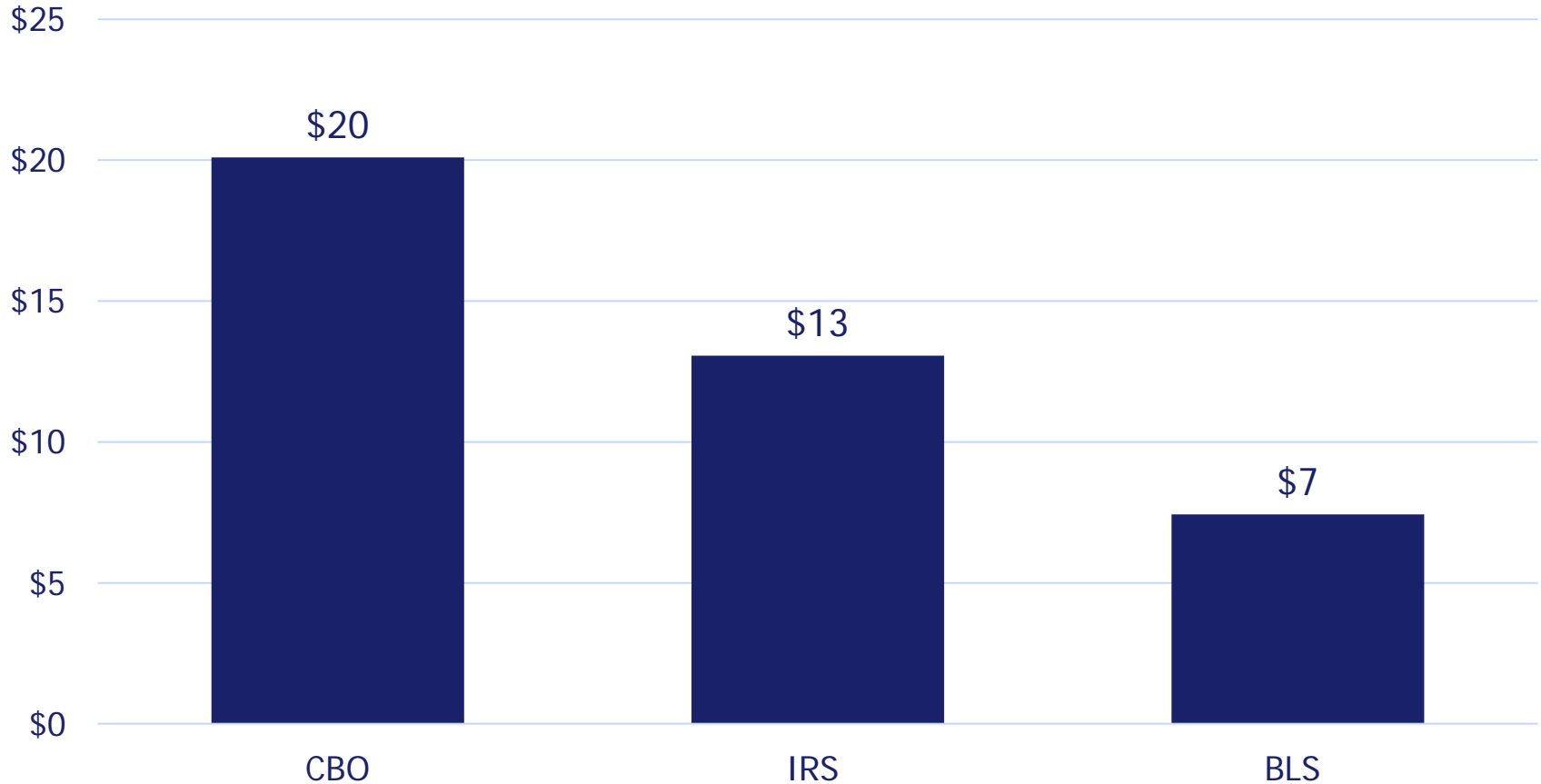


# Do conceptual differences make numerical differences?



# Average federal income taxes, 2013

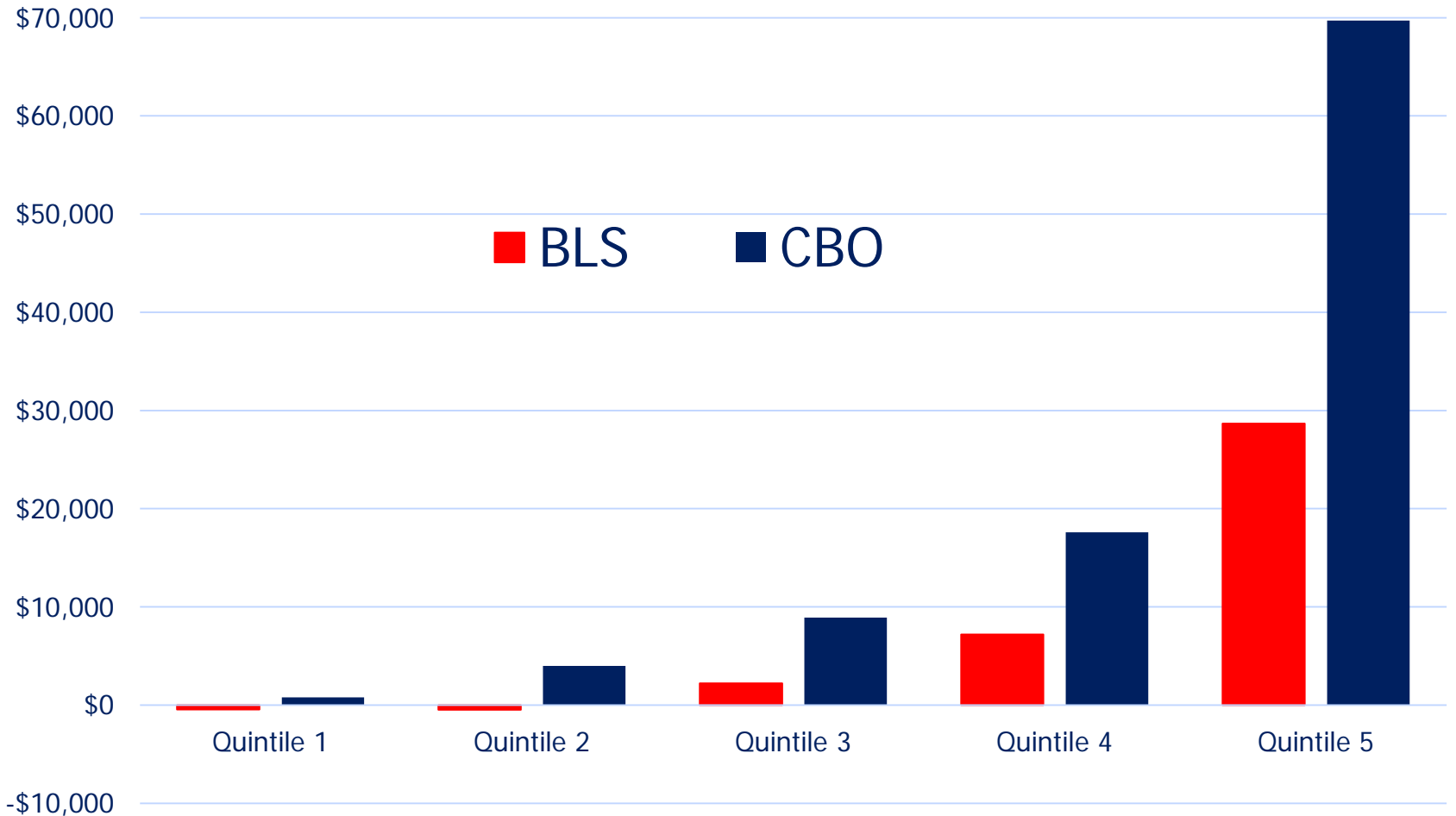
Thousands of dollars



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



# Federal taxes by income quintile, 2013



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



# How do you get started?





# Getting started!

Where are the tax estimation data?

- ▶ NTAXI file
- ▶ In Interview survey files



# Getting started!

- ▶ What is a TAX\_UNIT?
  - Group or individual who files their *own* tax return.
  - Connects all tax returns to CUs.
  - Each tax unit has one row

# Getting started!

## ■ Administrative variables

- ▶ **TAX\_UNIT** connects to NEWID
- ▶ **NEWID** connects tax units to other files.
- ▶ **SOI\_ST** identifies state for tax units.
- ▶ **TAXYR\_CY/PY** identifies the year for which taxes were calculated.
- ▶ **FTAXOWE** and **STAXOWE** point in time estimate of annual Federal and State tax liabilities for Tax Units

# FTAXOWE and STAXOWE

## Concept

### ■ Weighted estimate for tax liabilities for each Tax Unit

▶  $FTAXOWE_n = CYWT * FTAXO\_CY_n + PYWT * FTAXO\_PY_n,$

▶  $STAXOWE_n = CYWT * STAXO\_CY_n + PYWT * STAXO\_PY_n$

- CYWT: Months in the *current* year
- PYWT: Months in the *previous* year
- FTAXO\_CY/PY: Federal income tax liabilities after all credits in the current/previous year
- STAXO\_CY/PY: State income tax liabilities after all credits in the current/previous year
- $n = n^{th}$ : Tax unit in CU

# FTAXOWE and STAXOWE

## Example: How to find Federal taxes owed for tax unit?

- **CU interviewed in May 2011**
  - ▶ 4 months of 2011: Jan11 – April11
  - ▶ 8 months of 2010: May10 – Dec10
  
- **Calculate annual estimated tax liability**
  - ▶ 2010: FTAXOWE\_PY = \$3000
  - ▶ 2011: FTAXOWE\_CY = \$3400
  
- **Calculate weighted tax amount to be used in tables and on the Microdata:**
  - ▶  $(4/12) * \$3,000 + (8/12) * \$3,400 = \$3,134$

# Getting started!

- Input variables
  - ▶ **Income, deductions, and tax credits**
  - ▶ **FRATE\_CY/PY:** Federal marginal rate
  - ▶ **SRATE\_CY/PY:** State marginal rate
  - ▶ **FILESTAT:** Filing status



# FILESTAT

- Refers to “Marital Status”
- Determined for the tax unit by the members in the tax unit.
- NTAXI contains three codes:
  - 1: Single:** Tax units with one member
  - 2: Married filing jointly:** Tax units with a married couple and maybe dependents
  - 3: Head of household:** Tax units with a head and dependents, but no spouse



# Getting started!

## ■ Output variables

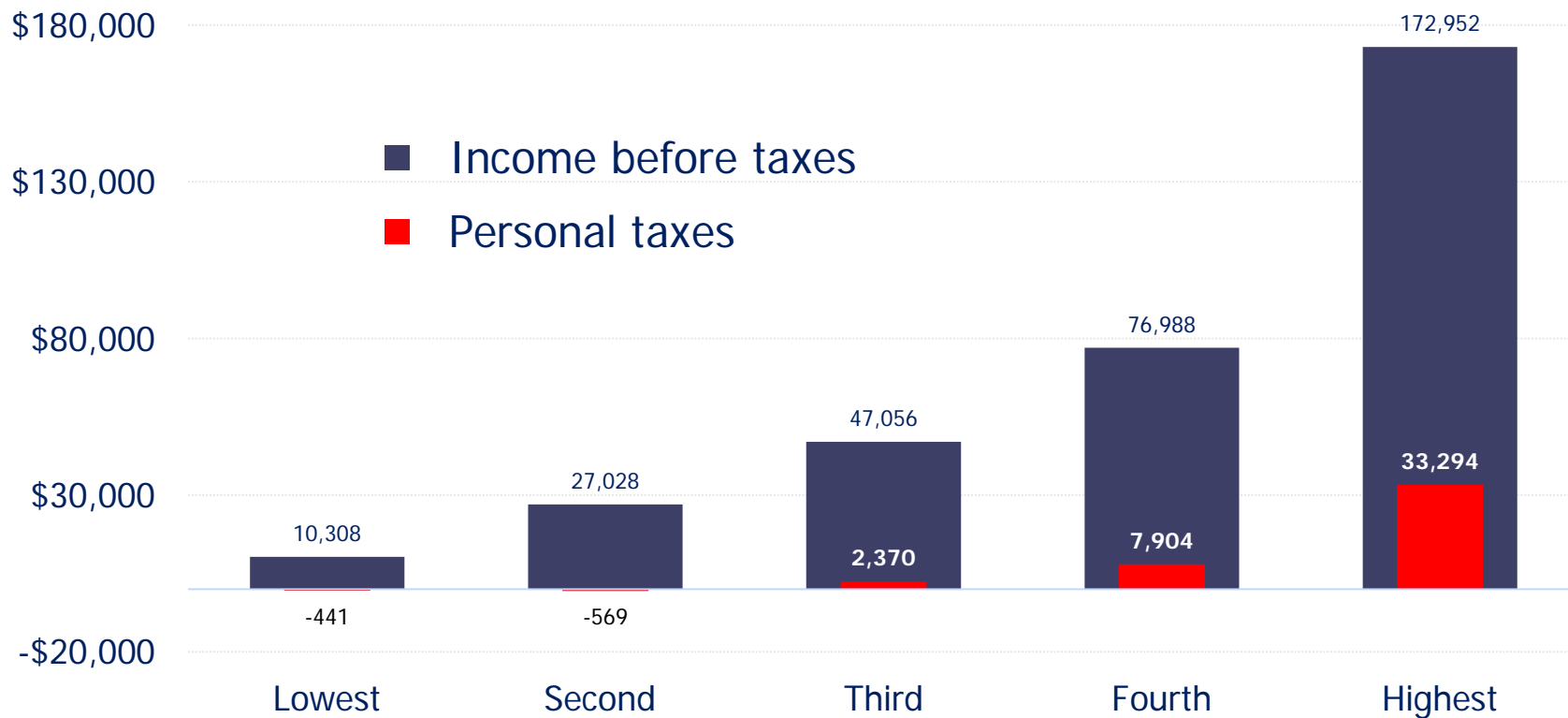
- ▶ **FICA\_PY** Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) - US payroll tax, previous year
- ▶ **FTAXO\_PY/CY**: Federal taxes after credits
- ▶ **STAXO\_PY/CY**: State taxes after credits
- ▶ **AMTOW\_CY/PY**: Alternative minimum tax (AMT)



# Possible applications of the income taxes



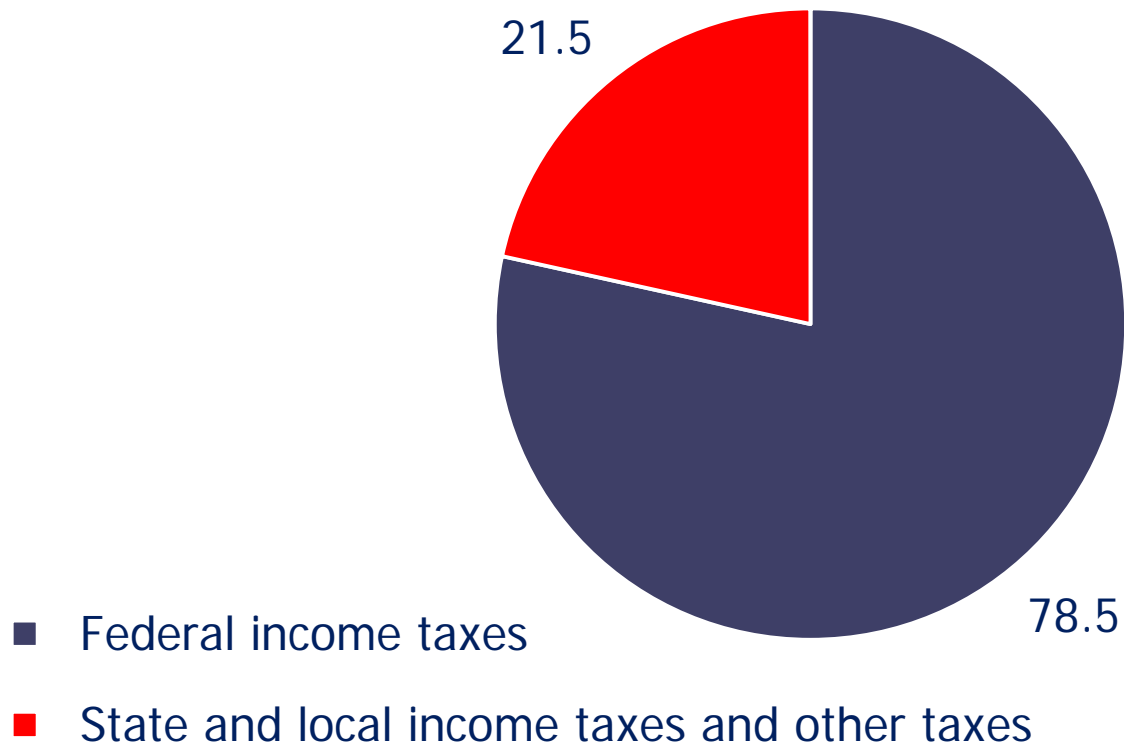
# Annual income and personal taxes per household by income quintile, U.S. dollars, 2014



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

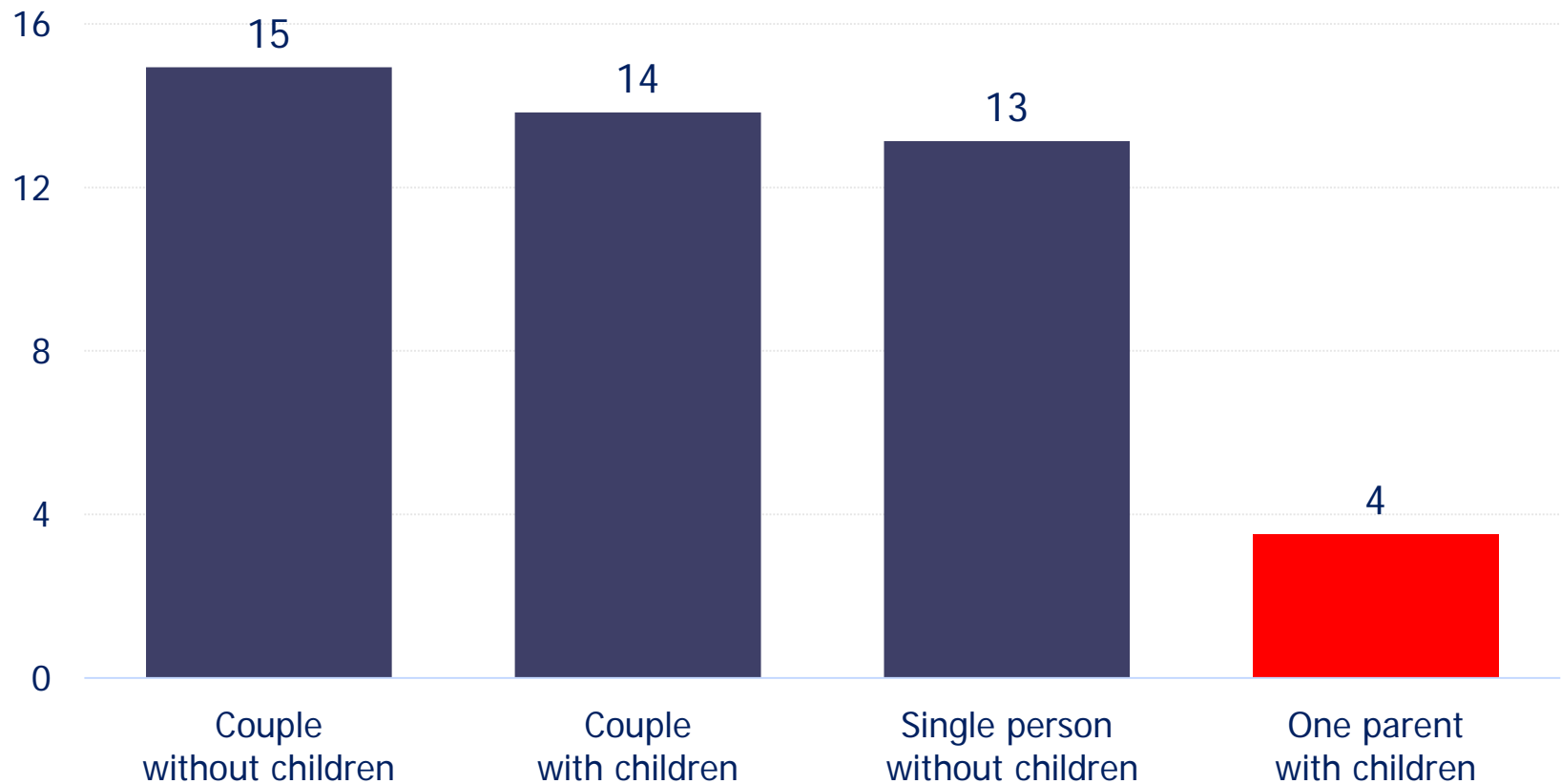


# Average shares of personal taxes by households by tax, 2014

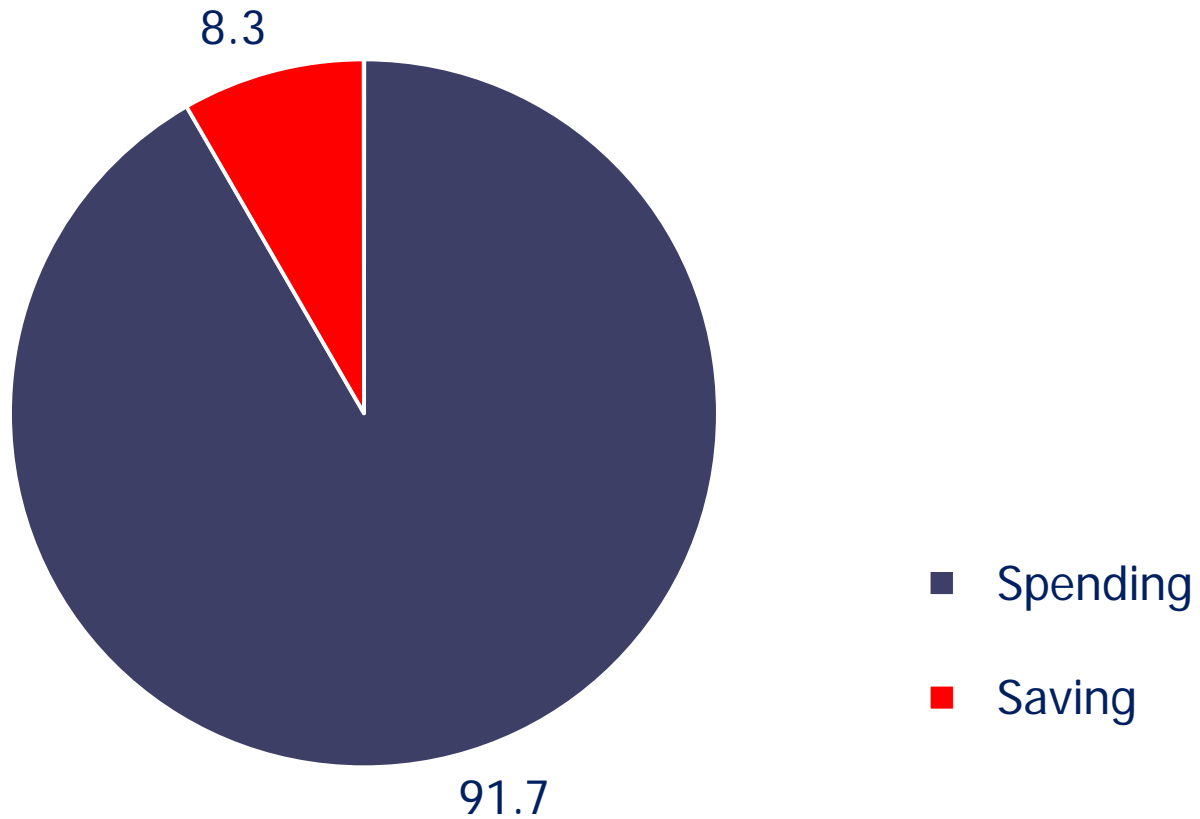


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

# Personal taxes as percent of pre-tax income for selected family types, 2014

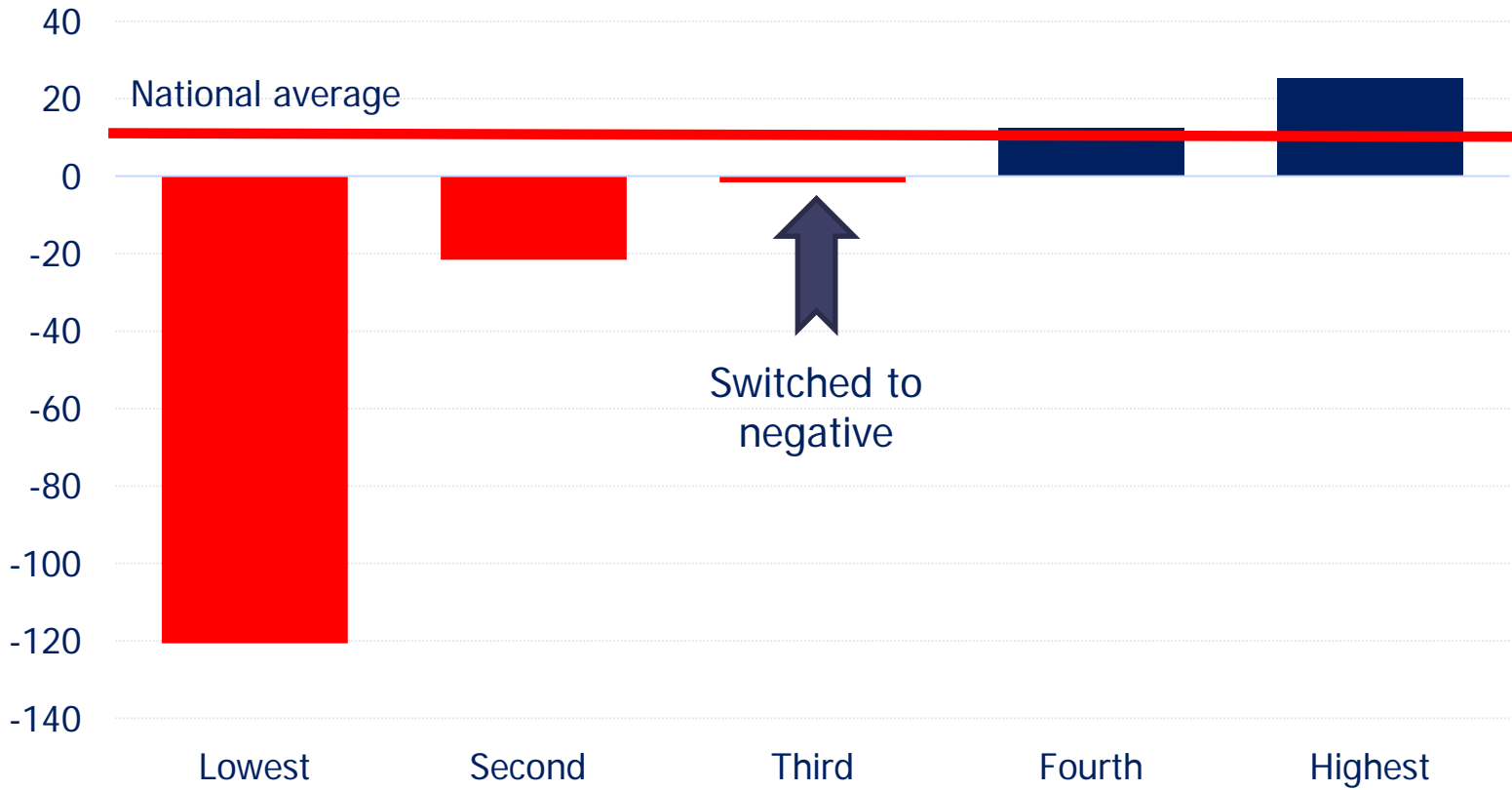


# Average spending and saving per household, percent, 2014



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

# Savings as percentage of after-tax income by income quintile, 2014



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.



**Can you create  
TAXSIM data for  
previous years?**



# Historical data

Yes

- ▶ NBER provides the Stata program
- ▶ <http://users.nber.org/~taxsim/to-taxsim/>
- ▶ [An introduction to the TAXSIM model](#) by Daniel Feenberg and Elisabeth Coutts



**Questions?**  
**Ideas!**



# Documentation

- P:\Teams\DCES\_Publications\_Review\_Team\Drafts\2015\Cobet\_Taxes\CE 2015 Tax comparison 02 Material .docx
- [P:\Phase 4 Production \(BIA\)\Microdata\2013 Processing\Requirements\Requirements 2013 Tax Estimation.docx](#)
- [\\filer1\DCES\DCES-Phase3\Interview Edit Specs\I Tax Estimation 2013 01.docx](#)

