

SECTION 2.2	
Part of Body Affected	

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2.2.1 Part of Body Affected--Definition, Rules of Selection
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The part of body affected identifies the part of the body directly affected by the previously identified nature of injury or illness.

2.0 DEFINITION

The part of body affected identifies the part of the body directly affected by the previously identified nature of injury or illness.

RULES OF SELECTION:

- 2.1 When the previously named injury or illness involves a single part, choose that part. *Example: For fractured jaw, choose **Jaw / chin**.*
- 2.2 **Traumatic Injuries and Disorders** including internal burns and are generally coded to the external part or location, including specific locations for the mouth and back. *Example: For lumbar sprain, choose **Lumbar region of the Back**. Exceptions are noted below.*
 - 2.2.1 When **Intracranial Injury** (including Concussion) is identified, choose **Brain**.
 - 2.2.2 When the injury or illness affects an entire body system, rather than a particular part, name **Body Systems**. *Example: For hypothermia, choose **Body Systems**.*
- 2.3 Internal body parts should be named when a disease, disorder, or condition originated at, or is limited to, that internal part. *Example: For hepatitis, choose **Liver**; for lung cancer, choose **Lung**.*
 - 2.3.1 When the illness is cancer, choose the classification code for the original site of cancer.
- 2.4 When the injury is an amputation, choose the classification code that represents the nearest part of body lost. *Example: For amputation at knee, choose **Lower leg(s)**.*
- 2.5 When the previously named injury or illness involves two or more parts within the same division, select the multiple classification code that includes those parts. *Example: If lower leg, foot, and ankle are burned, choose **Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.***
- 2.6 When the previously named injury or illness involves parts from two or more divisions, select **Multiple Body Parts**. *Example: For dislocated shoulder and fractured upper arm, choose **Multiple Body Parts**.*

2.2.2 Part of Body Affected--Titles and Descriptions

The Part of Body Affected code structure is arranged in order from the top of the body (Division 0, Head) to the bottom of the body (Division 4, Lower Extremities). Division 5 classifies body systems. Division 8 classifies multiple body parts from two or more divisions. Division 9 classifies Prosthetic devices and any human parts of the body which are not classified or listed under any of the other divisions.

Part of Body Affected code description pages are numbered from DP-1 through DP-13 (the "D" meaning "description, the "P" meaning "part of body affected").

The divisions are identified by title at the top right corner of each page.

The Part of Body Affected divisions are arranged as follows:

<u>DIVISION</u>	<u>TITLE</u>
0	Head
1	Neck, Including Throat
2	Trunk
3	Upper Extremities
4	Lower Extremities
5	Body Systems
8	Multiple Body Parts
9	Other Body Parts
9999	Nonclassifiable

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0* HEAD

This division classifies the uppermost parts of the body. This region consists of the skull, its contents, and related external structures.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation--decapitation, select **Head, n.e.c.**, code 09.

00 Head, unspecified

This code is typically used for gunshot wounds to the head when a more specific location, such as face, is not available.

01* Cranial region, including skull

This major group classifies the region that is bordered by the face in front and the neck below.

Select code 011 when concussion or other intracranial injury is named as the nature of the injury. It is also used for migraines. It should not be used for gunshot wounds.

Select code 013 when a nonfatal skull fracture is the nature of injury.

Includes: brain and brain stem (011), hair (012), occipital, parietal, and temporal bones (013), skin (012), subcutaneous connective tissue, cartilage, and muscles of the cranial region (019)

- 010 Cranial region, unspecified**
- 011 Brain**
- 012 Scalp**
- 013 Skull**
- 018 Multiple cranial region locations**
- 019 Cranial region, n.e.c.**

02 Ear(s)

This major group classifies the sense or receptor organs located on either side of the head. The code can be used when either one or both ears are affected.

Includes: anvil, auditory nerve, auricle or pinna, cochlea, concha, eardrum, eustachian tube, hammer, helix, lobule, middle ear or tympanic cavity, outer ear canal, scapha, semicircular canals, stirrup (stapes), and tragus

03* Face

This major group classifies the anterior or frontal portion of the head, which is bounded by the cranial region to the top and back (hairline) and by the neck below.

Includes: bony structures, cartilage, muscle, skin, subcutaneous tissue, underside of the jaw/chin, and veins and arteries

- 030 Face, unspecified**
- 031 Forehead**

Includes: eyebrow(s)

032 Eye(s)

This part of body group classifies the sense organs of sight located in the frontal portion of the head. The code can be used for either one or both eyes and when loss or impairment of sight is involved.

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

Includes: conjunctiva, cornea, eyeball, inside and outside of the eyelids, iris, lacrimal glands, lens, optic nerve, orbit, retina, and upper and lower eyelashes

033* Nose, nasal cavity

This part of body group classifies the prominent sensory organ in the center of the face that functions as the organ of smell and as a part of the respiratory system.

Generally, select code 0330 when the nature of injury or illness named is from **Traumatic Injuries or Disorders**, Nature of Injury or Illness Division 0, such as fracture or contusion.

0330 Nose, except internal location of diseases or disorders

Internal Nasal Location of Diseases or Disorders:

Generally, select codes 0331-0339 when the nature of injury or illness named is found in Division 1 through 5 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure.

0331 Internal nasal location, unspecified

0332 Nasopharynx

0333 Nasal passages

0334 Sinuses

0338 Multiple internal nasal locations

0339 Internal nasal location, n.e.c.

034 Cheek(s)

035 Jaw/chin

036* Mouth

This nature group classifies the opening of the alimentary canal which is bounded by the lips and includes the cavity which houses the tongue and teeth.

Select code 0369 if loss of taste has been named as the nature of injury or illness.

0360 Mouth, unspecified

0361 Lip(s)

0362 Tongue

0363 Tooth(teeth)

0364 Gum

0368 Multiple mouth locations

0369 Mouth, n.e.c.

038 Multiple face locations

039 Face, n.e.c.

08 Multiple head locations

09 Head, n.e.c.

Select **Head, n.e.c.** if the nature of injury or illness named is amputation--decapitation.

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

1* NECK, INCLUDING THROAT

This division classifies that portion of the body that connects the head to the torso or trunk. This region is bounded by the jaw/chin and cranial region to the top and the shoulder to the bottom.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is neck, select **Head, n.e.c.**, code 09.

10 Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders

This major group classifies the external portion of the neck including the uppermost portion of the vertebra. Generally, select this code when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 0 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure.

Includes: bony structures (cervical vertebrae C1 – C7), cartilage, muscle, skin, subcutaneous tissue, and veins and arteries of the neck

Internal Neck Location of Diseases or Disorders:

These major groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the neck. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 1 through 5 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure.

11 Internal neck location, unspecified

Select this code when an irritated or sore throat is the nature of injury or illness.

12 Vocal cord(s)

This major group classifies either of two pairs of folds projecting in the larynx cavity.

13 Larynx

This major group classifies the organ of the voice, the voice box, located between the trachea and the base of the tongue.

14 Laryngopharynx

This major group connects the throat and esophagus and classifies the bottom portion of the pharynx which is also known as hypopharynx or laryngeal pharynx.

15 Pharynx

This major group classifies the musculomembranous tube in the back of the nose, mouth, and larynx. It extends from the skull to the esophagus and includes the oropharynx.

16 Trachea

This major group classifies the trachea, the cartilaginous and membranous tube that extends from the bottom of the larynx to the bronchi. Also known as the windpipe.

18 Multiple internal neck locations**19 Internal neck location, n.e.c.**

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

2* TRUNK

This division classifies the main part of the body, where the head and limbs are attached. The area is bounded by the neck, arms, and legs.

Select a code from this division when the nature of injury or illness is localized to a specific organ(s) and does not affect the entire system, otherwise, select a code from Division 5 of this structure.

Includes: bones, cartilage, internal organs and structures, muscles, nerves, skin, subcutaneous tissue, tendons, veins and arteries, and internal organs and structures of the trunk.

20 Trunk, unspecified

Includes: side

21 Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula

This major group classifies the region where the arm(s) join the trunk and includes the armpit.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is shoulder, select **Upper arm(s)**, code 311.

Includes: clavicle/collar bone, proximal humerus, scapula/shoulder blade, shoulder girdle, armpit and rotator cuff

Excludes: mid-shaft humerus (311)

22* Chest, including ribs, internal organs

This major group classifies the frontal region of the body or thorax. It is bounded by the respiratory diaphragm or abdomen below, the shoulder above, and the back in the rear.

220 Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders**Internal Chest Location of Diseases or Disorders:**

These part groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the chest. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 1 through 5 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure. These codes are not to be used for internal injuries.

221 Internal chest location, unspecified**222 Esophagus****223 Heart****224 Bronchus****225 Lung(s), pleura****226 Breast(s)--internal****228 Multiple internal chest locations****229 Internal chest location, n.e.c.****23* Back, including spine, spinal cord**

This major group classifies the posterior part of the trunk that is bounded by the neck and the pelvis.

Includes: cartilage, muscles, nerves, and neuroglia, spine, spinal cord, tendons, veins and arteries, vertebra (backbone)

Excludes: neck or cervical vertebrae – C1- C7 (10)

230 Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified**231 Lumbar region**

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

This group classifies the region of the back that includes 5 vertebrae (L1 – L5) on the spinal column and is located in the lower portion of the back. Also known as the lower back.

Select this code when low back pain or lumbago is named as the nature of injury or illness.

232 Thoracic region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes 12 vertebrae (T1 – T12) on the spinal column and is located just below the cervical vertebrae of the neck. Also known as the middle and upper back.

233 Sacral region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes 5 fused bones (S1 – S5) and is located just below the lumbar region.

Includes: sacrum

234 Coccygeal region

This group classifies the region of the back that includes 4, and sometimes 5, fused bones (CO1 – CO4) and is also known as the tailbone.

Includes: coccyx, tailbone

238 Multiple back regions

239 Back, including spine, spinal cord, n.e.c.

24* Abdomen

This major group classifies that portion of the body which lies between the thorax and the pelvis.

240 Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders

Internal Abdominal Location of Diseases or Disorders:

These groups classify the underlying visceral structures of the abdomen. Generally, these codes should be chosen when the nature of injury or illness named is a member of Division 1 through 5 of the Nature of Injury or Illness structure. These codes are not to be used for internal injuries.

For hernias, code the organ that was affected rather than the muscle through which the organ protruded. Use code 241 when the type of hernia and location are unspecified. Use code 2450, **Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified** for abdominal, femoral, inguinal, scrotal, and ventral hernias when the specific portion of the intestine affected is unknown. Use code 242 **Stomach** for diaphragmatic, esophageal, hiatal, and paraesophageal hernias.

Includes: abdominal cavity

241 Internal abdominal location, unspecified

242 Stomach organ

243 Spleen

244* Urinary organs

2440 Urinary organs, unspecified

2441 Bladder

2442 Kidney(s)

2448 Multiple urinary organs

2449 Urinary organs, n.e.c.

245* Intestines, peritoneum

2450 Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified

2451 Peritoneum

2452 Small intestine

2453 Large intestine/colon, rectum

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

	2458	Multiple intestinal locations
	2459	Intestines, n.e.c.
246*		Other digestive structures
	2460	Other digestive structures, unspecified
	2461	Liver
	2462	Gallbladder
	2463	Pancreas
	2468	Multiple other digestive structures
	2469	Other digestive structures, n.e.c.
248		Multiple internal abdominal locations
249		Internal abdominal location, n.e.c.
25*		Pelvic region
<p>This major group classifies the lower portion of the trunk or torso that supports the lower extremities. This region is bounded by the coccyx of the vertebral column, the abdomen and the legs.</p> <p>When inguinal hernia is the nature of injury or illness listed, select code 2450, Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified unless more specific information is available. If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is hip, select Thigh, code 411.</p> <p><i>Includes:</i> sacroiliac (259)</p> <p><i>Excludes:</i> intestines (245)</p>		
250		Pelvic region, unspecified
251		Hip(s)
252		Pelvis
253		Buttock(s)
254		Groin
255*		External reproductive tract structures
	2550	External reproductive tract structures, unspecified
	2551	Scrotum
	2552	Penis
	2553	External female genital region
	2558	Multiple external reproductive tract structures
	2559	External reproductive tract structures, n.e.c.
256*		Internal reproductive tract structures
	2560	Internal reproductive tract structures, unspecified
	2561	Prostate
	2562	Testis(testes)
	2563	Ovary(ies)
	2564	Uterus
	2565	Female genitals, n.e.c.
	2568	Multiple internal reproductive tract structures
	2569	Internal reproductive tract structures, n.e.c.
258		Multiple pelvic region locations
259		Pelvic region, n.e.c.
28		Multiple trunk locations
29		Trunk, n.e.c.

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3* UPPER EXTREMITIES

This division classifies the extremities that are bounded by the shoulder at the top with the fingers as the lowermost part included.

Includes: bones, cartilage, muscles, skin, subcutaneous tissue, veins and arteries

30 Upper extremities, unspecified**31* Arm(s)**

This major group classifies the upper extremities from the area above the wrist up to the shoulder and includes the mid-shaft (311) and distal (312) parts of the humerus. The proximal humerus and armpit are coded as the shoulder (21).

If the injury or illness involves the same part of the left, right, or both arms, select a code from this major group.

If the nature of injury named is amputation, and the point of amputation is elbow, select **Forearm(s)**, code 313.

310 Arm(s), unspecified**311 Upper arm(s)****312 Elbow(s)****313 Forearm(s)****318 Multiple arm(s) locations****319 Arm(s), n.e.c.****32 Wrist(s)**

This major group classifies the region between the forearm and the hand.

When the nature of injury or illness named is carpal tunnel syndrome, select this code. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves wrist(s) from the right, left, or both arms.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is the wrist, select **Hand(s), except finger(s)**, code 33.

33 Hand(s), except finger(s)

This major group classifies the part of the upper extremity at the end of the forearm. Select this code whether the injury or illness involves hand(s) from the right, left, or both arms.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is the wrist or hand, select this code. If the only information on the source document is hand, with no mention of fingers being included or excluded, select this code.

Includes: knuckles and the areas between the fingers

Excludes: fingers (34) and wrist (32)

34 Finger(s), fingernail(s)

This major group classifies the digits of the hand.

Select this code whether the injury or illness involves finger(s) from the right, left, or both hand(s).

Includes: distal phalanx (phalanges), medial phalanx (phalanges), proximal phalanx (phalanges), thumb

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

38* **Multiple upper extremities locations**

This major group classifies combinations of differing parts of the body within this division.

380 **Multiple upper extremities locations, unspecified****381** **Hand(s) and finger(s)**

Includes: combinations of at least one hand and one finger

382 **Hand(s) and wrist(s)**

Includes: combinations of at least one hand and one wrist

383 **Hand(s) and arm(s)**

Includes: combinations of at least one hand and one arm

389 **Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.****39** **Upper extremities, n.e.c.**

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

4* LOWER EXTREMITIES

This division classifies the appendages that are bounded by the hip to the top with the toes as the lowermost part included.

Includes: bones, cartilage, muscles, skin, subcutaneous tissue, veins and arteries

40 Lower extremities, unspecified**41* Leg(s)**

This major group classifies the lower extremities between the hip and the ankle.

If the injury or illness involves the same part of the left, right, or both legs, select a code from this major group.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is knee, select **Lower leg(s)**, code 413.

- 410 Leg(s), unspecified**
- 411 Thigh(s)**
- 412 Knee(s)**
- 413 Lower leg(s)**
- 418 Multiple leg(s) locations**
- 419 Leg(s), n.e.c.**

42 Ankle(s)

This major group classifies the hinge joint area between the foot and the lower leg.

Select this code if the injury or illness involves the left, right, or both ankles.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation, and the point of amputation is ankle, select **Foot (feet), n.e.c.**, code 439.

43* Foot(feet), except toe(s)

This major group classifies the final or lowest extremity of the leg.

Select this code if the injury or illness involves the left, right, or both feet.

If the nature of injury or illness named is amputation and the point of amputation is foot, select **Foot(feet), n.e.c.**, code 439. If the source document states foot, with no mention of toes being included or excluded and the nature of injury or illness is not amputation, select **Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified**, code 430.

Includes: the areas between the toes

- 430 Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified**
- 431 Instep(s)**
- 432* Sole(s)**
 - 4320 Sole(s), unspecified**
 - 4321 Ball(s) of the foot**
 - 4322 Arch(es)**
 - 4323 Heel(s)**
 - 4328 Multiple sole(s) locations**
 - 4329 Sole(s), n.e.c.**
- 438 Multiple foot(feet) locations**
- 439 Foot(feet), n.e.c.**

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

44 Toe(s), toenail(s)

This major group classifies the digits of the foot.

Select this code whether the injury or illness involves toe(s) from the left, right, or both feet.

48* Multiple lower extremities locations

This major group classifies combinations of differing parts of the body within this division.

480 Multiple lower extremities locations, unspecified**481 Foot(feet) and leg(s)**

Includes: combinations of at least one foot and one leg

482 Foot(feet) and ankle(s)

Includes: combinations of at least one foot and one ankle

483 Foot(feet) and toe(s)

Includes: combinations of at least one foot and one toe

489 Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.**49 Lower extremities, n.e.c.**

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

5 BODY SYSTEMS

This division classifies the various systems of the body. This code applies when the functioning of an entire body system has been affected without specific injury to any other part of the body. It is used as the part of body for hypothermia and asthma. It does not apply when the systemic damage results from an external injury affecting an external part such as a back injury that includes damage to the nerves of the spinal cord. Nor does it apply when the injury or illness is localized and affects a particular internal organ. If the nature of injury or illness selected is a subset of the Systemic Diseases or Disorders (Division 1), the part of body affected is not necessarily body systems. Generally neoplasms will be coded to the individual body part (or organ) rather than body systems.

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.

8 MULTIPLE BODY PARTS

This division classifies multiple body parts from two or more divisions.

9* OTHER BODY PARTS

This division classifies any parts of the body which are not classified or listed under any other division.

91 Prosthetic devices

This major group classifies synthetic, mechanical, and otherwise artificial device(s) that replace or enhance missing or malfunctioning human body part(s).

Select this code when only a prosthetic device(s) is involved; otherwise select the human part of body affected.

Includes: corrective lens(es), denture(s), artificial eye(s), hearing aid(s), and artificial limb(s)

Excludes: pins, rods, replaced joints, artificial medical implants, and other internal repair devices or interbody fusion devices; damage to the worker's actual body

98 Other body parts, n.e.c.

This major group classifies any human parts of the body which are not classified or listed under any other division.

9999 Nonclassifiable

*- Asterisks indicate division, major group, or group titles.