

**Table B-6. Fatal occupational injuries in selected metropolitan areas by major industry division, 1995**

Metropolitan area <sup>1</sup>	Total fatalities (number)	Industry <sup>2</sup> (percent)								
		Private industry								Government <sup>3</sup>
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal, State, and local
Total U.S. <sup>4</sup>	6,210	12	17	11	14	4	11	2	12	12
Atlanta, GA MSA	97	—	20	14	15	4	12	4	20	7
Boston-Worcester-Lawrence, MA-NH-ME-CT CMSA	58	—	28	5	5	5	12	—	26	16
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI CMSA	163	4	23	15	18	4	12	—	10	8
Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA	23	—	13	17	26	—	—	—	17	13
Cleveland-Akron, OH CMSA	31	10	26	10	13	—	16	—	16	—
Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA	79	8	20	13	9	9	15	—	15	6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO CMSA	39	15	15	—	15	—	10	—	21	13
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI CMSA	82	—	21	26	10	—	15	—	12	9
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA	104	7	20	9	19	9	18	4	12	—
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA CMSA	280	4	14	9	13	4	15	5	19	15
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA	110	6	25	6	13	3	15	—	21	10
Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA	19	—	21	—	—	—	26	—	16	—
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA CMSA	300	4	16	8	21	2	24	2	11	11
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA	97	6	13	13	11	4	22	—	16	13
Portland-Salem, OR-WA CMSA	34	—	32	15	—	—	12	—	12	9
Sacramento-Yolo, CA CMSA	23	—	13	13	13	—	17	—	17	—
San Diego, CA MSA	45	9	—	11	16	—	—	—	16	38
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA	87	5	14	3	20	8	14	—	22	13
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA CMSA	48	6	12	12	10	10	10	—	19	17
St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	31	—	32	—	13	13	13	—	—	—
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA	36	—	19	14	—	—	14	—	28	—
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV CMSA	117	3	21	4	16	—	22	—	16	15

<sup>1</sup> Metropolitan areas used in this table are categorized into Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs) and are based on definitions from the Office of Management and Budget Bulletin Number 93-17, June 30, 1993.

<sup>2</sup> *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

<sup>3</sup> Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

<sup>4</sup> Also includes fatalities occurring in nonmetropolitan areas.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, 1995.