TABLE L7. Incidence rates 1 for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work 2 per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013

Industry ³	NAICS code ⁴	Local government	Source of injury or illness ⁵							
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials			
Local government [180,130 cases] ⁷		174.1	1.5	11.1	6.7	4.3	7.4			
Goods producing ⁷		281.3	_	9.9	3.3	15.0	39.6			
Construction		281.8	_	10.0	3.1	14.8	39.6			
Construction	23	281.8	_	10.0	3.1	14.8	39.6			
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	285.2	_	9.9	3.2	15.1	40.5			
Service providing		173.1	1.5	11.1	6.7	4.2	7.1			
Trade, transportation, and utilities8		334.8	7.3	19.3	1.7	8.1	34.2			
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	409.0	13.2	17.4	2.1	3.1	42.0			
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	420.0	13.8	15.3	2.4	2.5	38.1			
Utilities		_	1.3	21.4	1.4	13.3	26.6			
Utilities		_	1.3	21.4	1.4	13.3	26.6			
Education and health services		114.4	1.1	8.2	8.2	2.3	2.6			
Educational services	61	109.6	1.0	8.2	8.0	2.1	2.6			
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111	109.6 113.0	1.0 1.1	8.2 8.5	8.0 8.2	2.1 2.2	2.6 2.6			
Health care and social assistance	62	150.6	1.9	8.0	10.0	3.4	2.0			
Hospitals	622	144.7	2.6	8.2	11.5	3.0	2.3			
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	325.0	_	21.4	9.9	9.4	3.0			

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L7. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

	Source of injury or illness ⁵										
Industry ³	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjured or ill worker		Personother than injured or ill worker					
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁶			
Local government [180,130 cases] ⁷	33.6	5.0	16.5	33.4	30.6	27.5	5.8	25.1			
Goods producing ⁷	29.5	17.6	30.3	73.2	72.0	_	_	60.6			
Construction	29.6	17.8	30.0	73.8	72.5	_	_	60.8			
Construction	29.6	17.8	30.0	73.8	72.5	_	_	60.8			
Heavy and civil engineering construction	30.0	18.3	30.4	74.6	73.4	_	_	62.1			
Service providing	33.6	4.9	16.4	33.1	30.2	27.7	5.9	24.7			
Trade, transportation, and utilities8	43.6	15.6	70.7	71.9	62.2	6.1	_	53.9			
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	50.5	10.8	125.9	86.5	68.0	12.0	_	44.8			
Transit and ground passenger transportation	50.1	5.1	149.9	83.3	63.4	14.5	_	44.7			
Utilities	37.1	20.6	14.4	57.7	56.8	_	_	63.8			
Utilities	37.1	20.6	14.4	57.7	56.8	_	_	63.8			
Education and health services	31.0	2.4	6.0	17.1	16.1	19.5	5.9	13.9			
Educational services	31.5	2.4	6.0	16.7	15.7	15.5	.5	13.2			
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	31.5 32.5	2.4 2.4	6.0 6.1	16.7 17.2	15.7 16.2	15.5 16.3	.5 .4	13.2 13.5			
Health care and social assistance	27.7	2.6	6.0	20.1	19.3	49.2	46.4	19.4			
Hospitals	27.0	2.7	5.2	19.7	18.6	47.2	46.2	15.2			
Nursing and residential care facilities	40.9	3.9	16.0	39.0	38.6	131.7	126.0	48.6			

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L7. Incidence rates 1 for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work 2 per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

	Local government	Source of injury or illness ⁵						
NAICS code ⁴		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials		
	254.8	1.4	13.5	4.5	6.5	11.4		
92	254.8	1.4	13.5	4.5	6.5	11.4		
922 9221 92212 92216	415.0 415.0 404.0 650.2	2.8 2.8 2.4	11.3 11.3 4.8 26.1	6.5 6.5 2.9 10.8	4.9 4.9 7.6 5.3	6.9 6.9 7.2 13.8		
	92 922 9221 92212	254.8 92 254.8 92 415.0 9221 415.0 92212 404.0	code4 government and chemical products 254.8 1.4 92 254.8 1.4 922 415.0 2.8 9221 415.0 2.8 92212 404.0 2.4	NAICS code ⁴ Local government Chemicals and chemical products 254.8 1.4 13.5 92 254.8 1.4 13.5 922 415.0 2.8 11.3 9221 415.0 2.8 11.3 9221 404.0 2.4 4.8	NAICS code ⁴ Local government Chemicals and chemical products Containers Furniture and fixtures 254.8 1.4 13.5 4.5 92 254.8 1.4 13.5 4.5 922 415.0 2.8 11.3 6.5 9221 415.0 2.8 11.3 6.5 92212 404.0 2.4 4.8 2.9	NAICS code ⁴ Local government Chemicals and chemical products Containers Furniture and fixtures Machinery 254.8 1.4 13.5 4.5 6.5 92 254.8 1.4 13.5 4.5 6.5 922 415.0 2.8 11.3 6.5 4.9 9221 415.0 2.8 11.3 6.5 4.9 92212 404.0 2.4 4.8 2.9 7.6		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L7. Incidence rates for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ³	Source of injury or illness ⁵									
	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjured or ill worker		Personother than injured or ill worker				
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁶		
Public administration	35.7	7.6	27.9	55.8	50.5	48.3	7.2	40.2		
Public administration	35.7	7.6	27.9	55.8	50.5	48.3	7.2	40.2		
Justice, public order, and safety activities	48.6 48.6 50.7 61.0	6.2 6.2 - 28.4	46.1 46.1 62.9 46.6	105.7 105.7 89.0 218.3	94.1 94.1 77.4 201.5	101.3 101.3 128.7 58.4	12.9 12.9 3.1 52.4	72.9 72.9 47.5 173.1		

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of injuries and illnesses

EΗ = total hours worked by all employees

during the calendar year

20.000.000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

⁴ North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007.
5 Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

6 Includes nonclassifiable responses.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.