				Sur	mmary occur	oational grou	ne5	35					
Industry <sup>3</sup>	NAICS code <sup>4</sup>	Total cases	Manage- ment, business, and financial occupa- tions	Computer, engi- neering, and science occupa- tions	Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupa- tions	Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	Service occupa- tions	Sales and related occupa- tions					
State government <sup>6,7</sup>		66,930	2,400	1,220	5,800	6,640	32,850	360					
Goods producing <sup>6</sup>		1,270	30	40	_	_	50	20					
Construction		1,250	30	40	_	_	50	20					
Construction	23	1,250	30	40	_	_	50	20					
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1,250	30	40	_	_	50	20					
Service providing		65,660	2,370	1,180	5,800	6,640	32,800	340					
Education and health services		29,270	840	400	3,530	5,830	14,710	-					
Educational services	61	8,980	450	290	920	630	3,910	_					
Educational services	611	8,980	450	290	920	630	3,910	_					
professional schools	6113	7,390	330	270	520	620	3,230	_					
Health care and social assistance	62	20,290	390	110	2,610	5,200	10,800	_					
Hospitals	622	10,460	190	80	640	4,180	4,710	_					
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8,350	140	20	1,110	890	5,930	_					

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S40. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and summary occupational groups, state government, 2012² — Continued

	Summary occupational groups <sup>5</sup>							
Industry <sup>3</sup>	Office and adminis- trative support occupa- tions	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupa- tions	Construction and extraction occupations	Installa- tion, mainten- ance, and repair occupa- tions	Production occupa- tions	Transpor- tation and material moving occupa- tions		
State government <sup>6,7</sup>	4,100	410	4,880	2,930	570	3,400		
Goods producing <sup>6</sup>	20	-	890	150	_	60		
Construction	20	_	890	150	_	50		
Construction	20	_	890	150	_	50		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	20	-	890	150	_	50		
Service providing	4,080	400	3,990	2,780	560	3,350		
Education and health services	1,470	20	580	980	250	460		
Educational services	1,010	_	480	800	60	320		
Educational services	1,010	_	480	800	60	320		
professional schools	800	_	470	700	50	300		
Health care and social assistance	460	_	90	180	190	130		
Hospitals	180	_	40	110	100	110		
Nursing and residential care facilities	130	-	40	60	20	_		

See footnotes at end of table.

				Su	mmary occup	oational grou	ps <sup>5</sup>					
Industry <sup>3</sup>	NAICS code <sup>4</sup>	Total cases	Manage- ment, business, and financial occupa- tions	Computer, engi- neering, and science occupa- tions	Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupa- tions	Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	Service occupa- tions	Sales and related occupa- tions				
Public administration		31,150	1,480	720	2,200	800	17,560	40				
Public administration	92	31,150	1,480	720	2,200	800	17,560	40				
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922 9221 92214	20,400 20,400 15,420	320 320 190	80 80 40	1,370 1,370 650	640 640 640	16,250 16,250 12,820	- - -				

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S40. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by industry and summary occupational groups, state government, 2012<sup>2</sup> — Continued

	Summary occupational groups <sup>5</sup>							
Industry <sup>3</sup>	Office and adminis- trative support occupa- tions	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupa- tions	Construction and extraction occupations	Installa- tion, mainten- ance, and repair occupa- tions	Production occupa- tions	Transpor- tation and material moving occupa- tions		
Public administration	2,440	370	2,690	990	250	420		
Public administration	2,440	370	2,690	990	250	420		
Justice, public order, and safety activities	1,050 1,050 480	- - -	130 130 130	330 330 250	70 70 70	150 150 150		

Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Incorrect national-level estimates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses were published for the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) for reference year 2012. This table includes corrected estimates. For additional information see: https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/iif\_errata\_1014.htm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Standard Occupational Classification Manual, 2010, Office of Management and Budget.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.