TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2013

	NAICS code ³		Source of injury or illness ⁴						
Industry ²		Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	
State government ^{6,7}		64,990	600	3,330	2,670	1,040	2,210	11,440	
Service providing		63,460	600	3,270	2,670	950	1,960	11,050	
Education and health services		28,820	200	1,580	1,530	560	490	5,020	
Educational services	61	8,800	110	930	770	350	350	2,220	
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	8,800 6,980	110 100	930 770	770 560	350 300	350 310	2,220 1,710	
Health care and social assistance	62	20,020	90	640	760	220	140	2,790	
Hospitals	622	10,180	50	310	430	70	80	1,280	
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8,510	_	260	240	140	60	1,150	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2013 — Continued

	Source of injury or illness ⁴								
2	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjured or ill worker		Personother than injured or ill worker				
Industry ²			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁵		
State government ^{6,7}	1,480	6,150	10,620	9,540	17,400	10,790	7,790		
Service providing	1,420	5,920	10,350	9,300	17,390	10,790	7,620		
Education and health services	590	1,420	3,410	3,200	11,130	10,070	2,740		
Educational services	380	690	1,400	1,320	390	110	1,080		
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	380 310	690 590	1,400 1,060	1,320 1,030	390 280	110 110	1,080 870		
Health care and social assistance	210	730	2,020	1,880	10,730	9,960	1,660		
Hospitals	60	210	1,050	970	5,820	5,660	820		
Nursing and residential care facilities	150	260	850	790	4,630	4,090	750		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2013 — Continued

		Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴						
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	
Public administration		29,560	240	1,500	1,000	310	980	5,380	
Public administration	92	29,560	240	1,500	1,000	310	980	5,380	
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922 9221 92214	19,110 19,110 14,790	130 130 90	850 850 790	640 640 570	110 110 100	340 340 270	3,210 3,210 2,570	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴								
	Handtools	Vehicles	Personinjured or ill worker		Personother than injured or ill worker				
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	All other sources ⁵		
Public administration	510	3,070	6,090	5,360	6,100	720	4,330		
Public administration	510	3,070	6,090	5,360	6,100	720	4,330		
Justice, public order, and safety activities	100 100 90	1,550 1,550 620	4,240 4,240 3,120	3,690 3,690 2,780	5,080 5,080 4,230	80 80 60	2,820 2,820 2,340		

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007.

⁴ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Includes nonclassifiable responses.
 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.