

Fatal occupational injuries by employee status, sex, age, race, event or exposure, occupation, and industry, 2003

Hawaii

| Characteristics | Fatalities |
|---|------------|
| Total | 21 |
| Employee status | |
| Wage and salary ¹ | 19 |
| Self-employed ² | - |
| Sex | |
| Men | 18 |
| Women | 3 |
| Age | |
| Under 16 years | - |
| 16-17 years | - |
| 18-19 years | - |
| 20-24 years | - |
| 25-34 years | - |
| 35-44 years | 8 |
| 45-54 years | 8 |
| 55-64 years | 3 |
| 65 years and older | - |
| Race or ethnic origin³ | |
| White | 4 |
| Black | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo | - |
| Asian | 7 |
| Pacific Islander | 8 |
| Multiple races | - |
| Event or exposure⁴ | |
| Contact with objects & equipment | 4 |
| Struck by object | 3 |
| Struck by falling object | - |
| Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects | - |
| Caught in running equipment or machinery | - |
| Falls | 3 |
| Fall to lower level | 3 |
| Fall from ladder | - |
| Fall from roof | - |
| Fall from scaffold | - |
| Exposure to harmful substances or environments | 3 |
| Contact with electric current | - |
| Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances | 3 |
| Oxygen deficiency (including drowning) | - |
| Transportation incident | 7 |
| Highway transportation incident | 3 |
| Collision between vehicles | - |
| Noncollision highway incident | - |
| Nonhighway transportation incident, except rail, air, water | - |
| Overturned, nonhighway | - |
| Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment | - |
| Aircraft incidents | 3 |
| Fires and explosions | - |
| Assaults and violent acts | 3 |
| Homicides | 3 |
| Shooting | - |
| Other homicides | - |
| Self-inflicted injuries | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

Fatal occupational injuries by employee status, sex, age, race, event or exposure, occupation, and industry, 2003 — Continued

Hawaii

| Characteristics | Fatalities |
|--|------------|
| Occupation⁵ | |
| Management Occupations | - |
| Business and Financial Operations Occupations | - |
| Computer and Mathematical Occupations | - |
| Architecture and Engineering Occupations | - |
| Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations | - |
| Community and Social Services Occupations | - |
| Legal Occupations | - |
| Education, Training, and Library Occupations | - |
| Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations | - |
| Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations | - |
| Healthcare Support Occupations | - |
| Protective Service Occupations | 4 |
| Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations | - |
| Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations | - |
| Personal Care and Service Occupations | - |
| Sales and Related Occupations | - |
| Office and Administrative Support Occupations | - |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations | - |
| Construction and Extraction Occupations | 5 |
| Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations | - |
| Production Occupations | - |
| Transportation and Material Moving Occupations | 6 |
| Military Specific Occupations | - |
| Industry⁶ | |
| Private industry | 19 |
| Goods producing | 5 |
| Natural resources and mining | - |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting | - |
| Mining ⁷ | - |
| Construction | 4 |
| Manufacturing | - |
| Service producing | 14 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 7 |
| Wholesale trade | - |
| Retail trade | - |
| Transportation and warehousing | 6 |
| Utilities | - |
| Information | - |
| Financial activities | - |
| Finance and insurance | - |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | - |
| Professional and business services | 3 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | - |
| Management of companies and enterprises | - |
| Administration and support and waste management and remediation services | 3 |
| Education and health services | 3 |
| Educational services | - |
| Health care and social assistance | - |
| Leisure and hospitality | - |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | - |
| Accommodation and food services | - |
| Other services | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

Fatal occupational injuries by employee status, sex, age, race, event or exposure, occupation, and industry, 2003 — Continued

Hawaii

| Characteristics | Fatalities |
|---|------------|
| Industry⁶ - continued | |
| Government ⁸ | - |
| Federal government | - |
| State government | - |
| Local government | - |

¹ May include volunteers.

² Includes paid and unpaid family workers, and may include owners of incorporated businesses, or members of partnerships.

³ The race categories shown exclude Hispanic workers.

⁴ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

⁵ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

⁶ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

⁷ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁸ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for 2003 are final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately.

Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries