

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for New Jersey, 2005

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	All Parts	9,630	35.0	10	4.1
private industry	1 Neck- Including Throat	110	0.4	10	21.5
private industry	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	110	0.4	10	21.5
private industry	2 Trunk	7,170	26.1	9	4.4
private industry	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	1,270	4.6	18	7.2
private industry	22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	170	0.6	4	17.5
private industry	220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	170	0.6	4	17.5
private industry	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	4,970	18.1	7	4.7
private industry	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	1,600	5.8	8	6.6
private industry	231 Lumbar region	2,900	10.5	7	5.4
private industry	232 Thoracic region	180	0.7	4	16.9
private industry	233 Sacral region	20	0.1	55	46.9
private industry	238 Multiple back regions	260	1.0	12	14.2
private industry	24 Abdomen	400	1.5	40	11.7
private industry	240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	80	0.3	14	25.8
private industry	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	140	0.5	40	19.2
private industry	245 Intestines- peritoneum	190	0.7	40	16.8
private industry	2450 Intestines- peritoneum- unspecified	190	0.7	40	16.8
private industry	25 Pelvic region	210	0.8	5	15.7
private industry	251 Hip(s)	40	0.1	3	36.1
private industry	254 Groin	160	0.6	5	18.1
private industry	28 Multiple trunk locations	130	0.5	9	19.9
private industry	3 Upper extremities	1,000	3.6	16	7.9
private industry	31 Arm(s)	480	1.7	18	10.8
private industry	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	160	0.6	4	17.8
private industry	311 Upper arm(s)	110	0.4	45	21.4
private industry	312 Elbow(s)	140	0.5	20	19.6
private industry	313 Forearm(s)	40	0.1	20	36.8
private industry	318 Multiple arm(s) locations	20	0.1	18	49.4
private industry	32 Wrist(s)	370	1.4	23	12.1
private industry	33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	70	0.2	10	27.7
private industry	34 Finger(s)- fingernail(s)	70	0.2	13	27.6
private industry	4 Lower extremities	1,030	3.7	5	7.8
private industry	41 Leg(s)	590	2.1	13	9.9
private industry	410 Leg(s)- unspecified	40	0.1	2	36.3
private industry	411 Thigh(s)	40	0.1	5	37.8
private industry	412 Knee(s)	470	1.7	14	11.0
private industry	413 Lower leg(s)	30	0.1	12	38.9

See footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for New Jersey, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	42 Ankle(s)	400	1.5	5	11.7
private industry	43 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)	30	0.1	3	44.4
private industry	430 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)- unspecified	30	0.1	3	44.4
private industry	8 Multiple Body Parts	320	1.2	21	13.1
state government	All Parts	630	55.5	8	4.0
state government	2 Trunk	420	37.0	8	5.1
state government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	80	7.3	57	12.0
state government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	290	25.9	7	6.2
state government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	40	3.1	4	18.5
state government	231 Lumbar region	210	18.2	6	7.5
state government	238 Multiple back regions	40	3.8	7	16.7
state government	24 Abdomen	20	1.6	10	25.5
state government	3 Upper extremities	80	6.7	5	12.5
state government	31 Arm(s)	20	2.0	2	23.2
state government	32 Wrist(s)	30	2.8	21	19.4
state government	4 Lower extremities	40	3.5	12	17.4
state government	41 Leg(s)	30	2.8	17	19.5
state government	412 Knee(s)	30	2.8	17	19.5
state government	8 Multiple Body Parts	80	6.9	9	12.3
local government	All Parts	2,110	73.6	8	4.2
local government	1 Neck- Including Throat	60	2.0	8	14.6
local government	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	60	2.0	8	14.6
local government	2 Trunk	1,460	50.7	8	4.4
local government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	260	9.2	9	7.4
local government	22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	40	1.3	3	17.9
local government	220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	40	1.3	3	17.9
local government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	990	34.4	7	4.8
local government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	390	13.5	7	6.4
local government	231 Lumbar region	500	17.3	7	5.9
local government	232 Thoracic region	30	1.0	4	20.6
local government	238 Multiple back regions	60	2.2	11	13.8
local government	24 Abdomen	90	3.0	30	12.1
local government	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	30	1.0	30	20.4
local government	245 Intestines- peritoneum	40	1.5	35	16.6
local government	2450 Intestines- peritoneum- unspecified	40	1.5	35	16.6

See footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for New Jersey, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
local government	25 Pelvic region	50	1.8	6	15.4
local government	254 Groin	50	1.6	6	16.3
local government	28 Multiple trunk locations	30	1.0	10	20.3
local government	3 Upper extremities	230	8.0	8	7.9
local government	31 Arm(s)	90	3.0	10	12.0
local government	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	20	0.8	10	22.7
local government	311 Upper arm(s)	20	0.6	11	26.6
local government	312 Elbow(s)	40	1.4	5	17.4
local government	32 Wrist(s)	100	3.6	8	11.1
local government	38 Multiple upper extremities locations	20	0.8	3	23.0
local government	4 Lower extremities	250	8.6	7	7.7
local government	41 Leg(s)	160	5.7	10	9.1
local government	412 Knee(s)	130	4.5	15	10.1
local government	42 Ankle(s)	60	2.2	3	14.1
local government	43 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)	20	0.5	14	27.8
local government	8 Multiple Body Parts	110	3.9	6	10.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N / EH) \times 20,000,000$ where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November 2006