

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2008

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	
Local government ^{6,7}		206,580	2,630	12,610	7,770	4,620	8,440	50,310
Goods producing ⁶		3,670	40	330	–	100	700	970
Construction		3,660	40	330	–	100	700	970
Construction	23	3,660	40	330	–	100	700	970
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	3,610	40	330	–	90	690	960
Service providing		202,910	2,590	12,280	7,750	4,530	7,740	49,350
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		13,720	270	490	120	260	1,340	2,880
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	8,330	90	270	90	100	600	1,720
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	7,240	80	140	60	60	520	1,520
Utilities	22	5,380	180	220	30	160	730	1,150
Utilities	221	5,380	180	220	30	160	730	1,150
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	–	180	160	–	90	530	830
Education and health services		81,970	1,120	6,100	5,030	1,880	1,810	25,070
Educational services	61	67,740	900	5,520	4,430	1,450	1,420	22,190
Educational services	611	67,740	900	5,520	4,430	1,450	1,420	22,190
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	65,390	870	5,260	4,260	1,320	1,320	21,530
Health care and social assistance	62	14,240	220	580	600	420	400	2,880
Hospitals	622	9,200	160	390	500	220	80	2,010
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	2,610	30	150	80	80	20	490

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2008 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person, injured or ill worker		Person, other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Health care patient	
Local government^{6,7}	5,140	21,910	36,450	34,080	23,490	8,260	33,190
Goods producing⁶	290	470	410	410	—	—	340
Construction	290	460	410	410	—	—	340
Construction	290	460	410	410	—	—	340
Heavy and civil engineering construction	280	460	400	400	—	—	320
Service providing	4,850	21,450	36,040	33,670	23,480	8,260	32,860
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸	350	2,590	2,810	2,700	520	20	2,090
Transportation and warehousing⁸	90	2,370	1,390	1,300	510	20	1,100
Transit and ground passenger transportation	40	2,210	1,170	1,090	510	20	930
Utilities	270	220	1,430	1,400	—	—	990
Utilities	270	220	1,430	1,400	—	—	990
Water, sewage and other systems	170	190	1,070	1,050	—	—	790
Education and health services	1,950	4,690	12,560	12,110	10,960	4,300	10,810
Educational services	1,770	4,000	10,690	10,310	6,570	320	8,800
Educational services	1,770	4,000	10,690	10,310	6,570	320	8,800
Elementary and secondary schools	1,690	3,840	10,290	9,910	6,470	280	8,550
Health care and social assistance	180	680	1,870	1,800	4,390	3,990	2,010
Hospitals	150	360	1,060	1,020	3,090	2,770	1,170
Nursing and residential care facilities	30	90	300	290	1,060	1,040	280

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2008 — Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	
Public administration		96,900	980	4,490	2,100	1,850	4,150	19,560
Public administration	92	96,900	980	4,490	2,100	1,850	4,150	19,560
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	37,780	150	1,500	790	220	1,290	7,220
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	37,780	150	1,500	790	220	1,290	7,220
Police protection	92212	16,020	80	480	180	50	90	3,430
Fire protection	92216	14,960	—	600	440	40	1,020	2,390

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2008 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person, injured or ill worker		Person, other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Health care patient	
Public administration	2,150	12,640	19,280	17,600	11,710	3,940	18,000
Public administration	2,150	12,640	19,280	17,600	11,710	3,940	18,000
Justice, public order, and safety activities	620	4,810	8,580	7,650	5,510	1,580	7,080
Justice, public order, and safety activities	620	4,810	8,580	7,650	5,510	1,580	7,080
Police protection	90	3,730	3,620	3,360	2,150	140	2,110
Fire protection	510	800	3,380	2,950	1,840	1,400	3,930

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2002

⁴ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 00-09; Containers = 10-19; Furniture and fixtures = 20-29; Machinery = 30-39; Parts and materials = 40-49; Person, injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person, other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 573; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 62; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 80-89; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine

Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies