

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
Local government ^{6,7}		180,130	1,530	11,470	6,950	4,460	7,650	34,710
Goods producing ⁶		2,640	–	90	30	140	370	280
Construction		2,620	–	90	30	140	370	280
Construction	23	2,620	–	90	30	140	370	280
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	2,580	–	90	30	140	370	270
Service providing		177,500	1,520	11,380	6,920	4,320	7,280	34,440
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		15,380	340	890	80	370	1,570	2,000
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	9,490	310	400	50	70	970	1,170
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	7,800	260	280	50	50	710	930
Utilities	22	–	30	480	30	300	600	830
Utilities	221	–	30	480	30	300	600	830
Education and health services		70,100	700	5,020	5,030	1,390	1,560	19,020
Educational services	61	59,230	560	4,450	4,300	1,150	1,420	17,020
Educational services	611	59,230	560	4,450	4,300	1,150	1,420	17,020
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	57,180	550	4,290	4,150	1,100	1,310	16,470
Health care and social assistance	62	10,870	140	580	720	250	140	2,000
Hospitals	622	7,620	140	430	610	160	120	1,420
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	1,950	–	130	60	60	20	250

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
Local government ^{6,7}	5,160	17,050	34,570	31,630	28,400	6,020	25,930
Goods producing ⁶	170	280	690	670	—	—	570
Construction	170	280	690	670	—	—	570
Construction	170	280	690	670	—	—	570
Heavy and civil engineering construction	170	280	680	660	—	—	560
Service providing	4,990	16,760	33,880	30,950	28,400	6,020	25,360
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸	720	3,250	3,310	2,860	280	—	2,480
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	250	2,920	2,010	1,580	280	—	1,040
Transit and ground passenger transportation	90	2,790	1,550	1,180	270	—	830
Utilities	460	330	1,300	1,280	—	—	1,440
Utilities	460	330	1,300	1,280	—	—	1,440
Education and health services	1,480	3,680	10,490	9,860	11,940	3,620	8,520
Educational services	1,290	3,240	9,040	8,470	8,390	270	7,120
Educational services	1,290	3,240	9,040	8,470	8,390	270	7,120
Elementary and secondary schools	1,230	3,100	8,720	8,180	8,250	210	6,820
Health care and social assistance	190	440	1,450	1,390	3,550	3,350	1,400
Hospitals	140	270	1,030	980	2,480	2,430	800
Nursing and residential care facilities	20	100	230	230	790	760	290

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	
Public administration		84,000	460	4,460	1,480	2,140	3,760	11,770
Public administration	92	84,000	460	4,460	1,480	2,140	3,760	11,770
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	36,110	240	980	560	420	600	4,230
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	36,110	240	980	560	420	600	4,230
Police protection	92212	16,560	100	200	120	310	300	2,080
Fire protection	92216	11,710	—	470	190	100	250	1,100

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
Public administration	2,520	9,210	18,390	16,640	15,920	2,390	13,260
Public administration	2,520	9,210	18,390	16,640	15,920	2,390	13,260
Justice, public order, and safety activities	540	4,010	9,200	8,180	8,810	1,130	6,340
Justice, public order, and safety activities	540	4,010	9,200	8,180	8,810	1,130	6,340
Police protection	—	2,580	3,650	3,170	5,280	130	1,950
Fire protection	510	840	3,930	3,630	1,050	940	3,120

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007.

⁴ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.