

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
State government ^{6,7}		67,400	660	2,830	2,360	1,320	1,750	12,390
Service providing		65,520	650	2,740	2,350	1,230	1,560	12,120
Education and health services		27,820	250	1,530	1,190	690	580	5,440
Educational services	61	8,380	100	870	540	320	360	2,420
Educational services	611	8,380	100	870	540	320	360	2,420
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	6,740	80	780	380	280	320	1,840
Health care and social assistance	62	19,450	150	660	650	360	230	3,030
Hospitals	622	10,590	140	380	370	270	70	1,280
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	7,400	—	220	250	70	140	1,170

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2014 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
State government ^{6,7}	1,250	6,190	10,590	9,950	15,790	8,220	12,010
Service providing	1,110	5,720	10,230	9,610	15,790	8,220	11,770
Education and health services	490	1,290	3,280	3,090	10,430	8,020	2,520
Educational services	380	440	1,490	1,450	370	100	970
Educational services	380	440	1,490	1,450	370	100	970
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	340	380	1,210	1,180	260	100	760
Health care and social assistance	110	850	1,790	1,640	10,060	7,930	1,550
Hospitals	50	340	1,000	930	5,730	5,250	940
Nursing and residential care facilities	60	160	660	590	4,090	2,540	520

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2014 — Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Source of injury or illness ⁴					Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	
Public administration		33,240	250	1,070	1,090	470	670	6,030
Public administration	92	33,240	250	1,070	1,090	470	670	6,030
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	19,300	160	700	710	100	220	3,810
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	19,300	160	700	710	100	220	3,810
Police protection	92212	3,040	70	80	60	—	50	310
Correctional institutions	92214	14,950	70	580	580	90	160	3,150

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE S3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, state government, 2014 — Continued

Industry ²	Source of injury or illness ⁴						All other sources ⁵
	Handtools	Vehicles	Person--injured or ill worker		Person--other than injured or ill worker		
			Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Patient	
Public administration	410	2,810	6,280	5,870	5,300	200	8,780
Public administration	410	2,810	6,280	5,870	5,300	200	8,780
Justice, public order, and safety activities	200	1,680	4,440	4,120	4,760	70	2,450
Justice, public order, and safety activities	200	1,680	4,440	4,120	4,760	70	2,450
Police protection	20	810	720	690	380	—	500
Correctional institutions	180	670	3,490	3,220	4,170	70	1,800

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2012.

⁴ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 1; Containers = 21; Furniture and fixtures = 22; Machinery = 3; Parts and materials = 4; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 66; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 8; Person--injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person--other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 574; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.