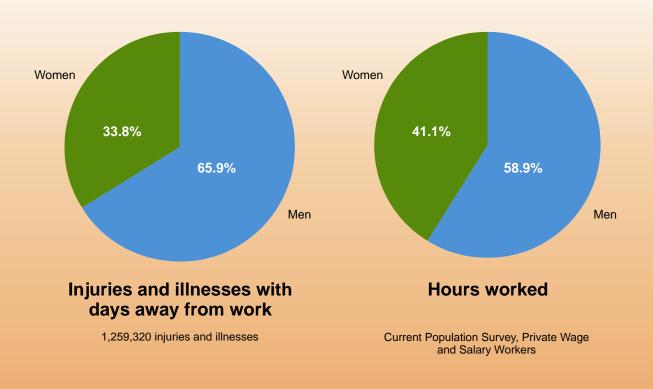
Almost two-thirds of the injured or ill workers were men, well above their 59 percent share of the Nation's hours worked.

Women accounted for more cases than men in two industries, education and health services and leisure and hospitality.

In education and health services, women accounted for 79 percent of cases, while their employment share was 75 percent.

In leisure and hospitality, women accounted for 51 percent of cases, and their employment share was the same.

Nonfatal injuries and illnesses with days away from work and hours worked, by gender of worker, 2004



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November 2005