<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>SIC code</th>
<th>2000 Annual average employment (000)</th>
<th>Incidence rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meat packing plants</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>148.1</td>
<td>15.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ship building and repairing</td>
<td>3731</td>
<td>97.1</td>
<td>10.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Motor vehicles and car bodies</td>
<td>3711</td>
<td>353.5</td>
<td>67.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck trailers</td>
<td>3715</td>
<td>42.3</td>
<td>67.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air transportation, scheduled</td>
<td>451</td>
<td>1,101.3</td>
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<td>Transportation equipment, n.e.c.</td>
<td>3799</td>
<td>32.8</td>
<td>7.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel trailers and campers</td>
<td>3792</td>
<td>25.2</td>
<td>7.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aluminum foundries</td>
<td>3365</td>
<td>26.2</td>
<td>10.2</td>
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<td>Plastics pipe</td>
<td>3084</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public building and related furniture</td>
<td>253</td>
<td>53.7</td>
<td>8.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bottled and canned soft drinks</td>
<td>2086</td>
<td>97.9</td>
<td>9.1</td>
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<td>Mobile homes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gray and ductile iron foundries</td>
<td>3321</td>
<td>77.6</td>
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<td>Sausages and other prepared meats</td>
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<td>Leather tanning and finishing</td>
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<td>Storage batteries</td>
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<td>Poultry slaughtering and processing</td>
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<td>Fluid milk</td>
<td>2026</td>
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<td>Concrete products, n.e.c.</td>
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<td>Canned and cured fish and seafoods</td>
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<td>Structural wood members, n.e.c.</td>
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<td>Tires and inner tubes</td>
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<td>Private industry</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1 The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: \((N/EH) \times 200,000\), where

- \(N\) = number of injuries and illnesses
- \(EH\) = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

2 Lost workday cases involve days away from work, days of restricted work activity, or both.

3 High rate industries were those having the 20 highest lost workday cases incidence rates for injuries and illnesses at the most detailed or lowest SIC level at which rates are calculated and published. Generally, manufacturing industries were calculated at the 4-digit code level and the remaining industries at the 3-digit level based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.


5 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

6 A statistical significance test indicates that the difference between the 2000 incidence rate and the 1999 rate is statistically significant at the 95 percent confidence level.

7 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: The n.e.c. abbreviation means that the category includes those components not elsewhere classified.