Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		395.2	3.1	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.6
Private industry ⁶		340.7	2.9	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.4
Goods-producing ⁶		46.7	2.9	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.3
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		1.0	(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)
Construction		20.2	3.0	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.4
Construction	23	20.2	3.0	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.4
Construction of buildings . Heavy and civil engineering construction . Specialty trade contractors . Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors . Building equipment contractors . Building finishing contractors . Other specialty trade contractors . Manufacturing . Manufacturing .	238 2381 2382 2383 2389	5.1 2.5 12.6 2.1 6.5 2.1 1.8 25.5	1.7 5.3 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.8 1.9 2.8	1.1 3.1 1.5 1.1 2.0 1.2 (10) 1.6	0.8 2.2 1.2 1.1 1.6 0.9 (10) 0.7	(10) 0.9 0.3 (10) 0.5 (10) (10) 1.0	0.6 2.2 1.6 2.0 1.1 2.6 1.9
Food manufacturing . Paper manufacturing . Converted paper product manufacturing . Printing and related support activities . Chemical manufacturing . Basic chemical manufacturing . Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing .	311 322 3222 323	9.0 0.9 0.9 0.7 2.4 0.7 0.6	2.8 (10) (10) (10) (10) 2.2 2.1 (10)	1.8 (10) (10) (10) (10) 1.1 (10) (10)	0.5 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.0 (10) (10) (10) (10) 1.1 (10) (10)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		on	0		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	annual recorda	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) Plastics packaging materials and unlaminated film and sheet manufacturing Other plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing Cement and concrete product manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Architectural and structural metals manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) Service-providing Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade Merchant wholesalers, durable goods Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Grocery stores Health and personal care stores	326 3261 32611 32619 327 3273 332 3323 334 3345 335 336 42 42 423 424 44-45 441 442 444 445 4451 446	1.5 1.5 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.3 1.5 0.7 3.1 2.7 0.6 0.6 294.0 74.3 12.6 4.7 5.5 50.8 6.4 2.0 4.5 8.9 7.1 3.5	3.8 3.7 (10) 6.5 7.6 8.5 4.7 7.7 1.2 1.2 (10) 2.5 2.9 3.8 3.1 2.9 4.2 4.1 3.5 5.4 6.8 4.1 4.9 4.1	2.2 2.1 (¹°) (¹°) 4.0 (¹°) 1.8 2.5 0.7 0.6 (¹°) (¹°) 1.5 2.2 2.0 2.1 2.4 2.2 3.8 5.2 2.7 1.6	1.3 1.3 (10) (10) (2.5 (10) 1.1 (10) 0.5 (10) (10) 1.1 1.5 1.5 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.6 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)
Clothing and clothing accessories stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers	448 452 453 454	5.9 9.9 2.8 1.2	1.0 4.6 3.9 3.4	(10) 2.1 1.0 2.7	(10) 1.3 1.0 2.0	(¹⁰) 0.7 (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.7 2.5 3.0
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	8.9	4.0	2.7	1.5	1.2	1.3

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Truck transportation General freight trucking Specialized freight trucking Transit and ground passenger transportation Charter bus industry Other transit and ground passenger transportation Support activities for transportation Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	484 4841 4842 485 4855 4859 488 492 493	2.3 1.9 0.3 1.4 1.2 1.9	3.9 2.8 5.2 5.8 (¹º) (¹º) 4.1 4.8 2.5	2.5 1.7 3.4 4.9 (¹º) (¹º) 1.8 2.9 2.3	2.3 1.7 2.9 (10) (10) (10) (10) 1.6 (10) (10)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (2.0	1.4 (10) 1.7 (10) (10) (10) (10) (2.3 1.8 (10)
Utilities	22	2.0	2.2	1.5	(10)	0.8	(10)
Information		5.9	1.6	0.9	0.9	(10)	0.6
Financial activities		41.6	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	36.0	0.6	0.1	0.1	(10)	0.4
Credit intermediation and related activities	522 5231 524 5241	24.1 2.0 7.0 4.4	0.5 (¹⁰) 0.9 1.4	0.1 (¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.1 (¹0) (¹0) (¹0)	(10) (10) (10) (10)	0.4 (¹⁰) 0.7 1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	5.6	3.2	1.8	1.3	0.4	1.5
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	4.3	3.4	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.7
Professional and business services		54.4	1.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	24.9	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5
Management of companies and enterprises	55	7.7	0.7	0.3	(10)	(10)	0.4
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	21.8	2.1	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.1
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	20.6	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.1	1.0

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Waste management and remediation services	562	1.1	5.6	3.2	1.6	1.6	2.4
Education and health services		61.6	4.7	2.3	1.5	0.8	2.3
Educational services	61	4.5	1.9	(10)	(10)	(10)	1.5
Health care and social assistance	62	57.0	4.8	2.4	1.6	0.8	2.4
Ambulatory health care services	621	17.9	2.7	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.5
Hospitals	622	19.7	5.8	2.3	1.6	0.6	3.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.9	7.7	5.3	2.9	2.4	2.3
Social assistance	624	9.6	3.3	2.0	1.5	0.5	1.3
Leisure and hospitality		43.9	3.7	1.5	1.2	0.2	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	8.9	4.7	1.8	1.4	0.4	2.9
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	7.3	4.9	2.2	1.7	0.5	2.7
Accommodation and food services	72	35.0	3.5	1.4	1.2	0.2	2.0
Accommodation	721	3.2	6.3	3.0	2.3	(¹⁰)	3.2
Food services and drinking places	722	31.8	3.2	1.2	1.1	0.2	1.9
Full-service restaurants	7221	17.4	3.3	1.5	1.4	(¹⁰)	1.8
Limited-service eating places	7222	12.2	2.9	0.6	0.5	(10)	2.2
Special food services	7223		4.3	2.1	1.2	(10)	2.3
Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	7224		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Other services		12.4	3.7	2.0	1.7	0.4	1.6
Other services, except public administration	81	12.4	3.7	2.0	1.7	0.4	1.6
Repair and maintenance	811	3.4	4.7	4.0	3.7	(10)	0.7
Personal and laundry services	812	4.3	1.4	1.4		0.8	(¹⁰)
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	4.8	4.6	0.6	0.6	(¹⁰)	4.0
State and local government		54.4	4.6	1.8	1.8	(10)	2.7
State government		29.1	3.5	1.3	1.3	(10)	2.2

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011			n days away fron		Other recordable cases
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Goods-producing ⁶		1.5	9.5	4.0	4.0	(10)	5.5
Construction		1.5	9.5	4.0	4.0	(10)	5.5
Construction	23	1.5	9.5	4.0	4.0	(10)	5.5
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		9.5	4.0	4.0	(10)	5.5
Service-providing		27.6	3.4	1.3	1.2	(10)	2.1
Education and health services		14.7	2.9	1.3	1.3	(10)	1.7
Educational services	61	10.3	1.6	0.5	0.5	(10)	1.1
Educational services	611 6113	10.3 	1.6 1.6	0.5 0.6	0.5 0.6	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.1 1.0
Health care and social assistance	62	4.4	7.4	3.8	3.8	(10)	3.5
Hospitals	622 623	1.3 	14.4 4.7	7.2 (¹º)	7.2 (¹º)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	7.2 (¹0)
Public administration		11.1	4.2	1.2	1.1	(10)	3.0
Public administration	92	11.1	4.2	1.2	1.1	(10)	3.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	922 9221 92212 92214	5.5 5.5 	4.2 4.2 7.1 5.0	1.2 1.2 (¹⁰) 2.0	1.2 1.2 (¹⁰) 2.0	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	3.0 3.0 5.8 3.0
Local government		25.4	6.0	2.5	2.5	(10)	3.5
Service-providing		25.4	6.0	2.5	2.5	(10)	3.5

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

Industry ²		2011		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹							
Utilities	22		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Utilities			(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Education and health services			4.7	1.7	1.7	(10)	3.0
Educational services	61		4.7	1.7	1.7	(10)	3.0
Educational services	_		4.7 4.7	1.7 1.7	1.7 1.7	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	3.0 3.0
Public administration							
Public administration	92						
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	0.6	15.6	(10)	(10)	(10)	11.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 -- Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Justice, public order, and safety activities	92212	0.6 	15.6 (¹⁰) 15.7	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	11.8 (¹⁰) 11.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies, November, 2012

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.