Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011

		2011			n work, job on		
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		906.0	5.0	3.8	3.7	0.1	1.3
		662.9	4.0	2.9	2.8	(¹⁰)	1.1
Private industry ⁶		002.9	4.0	2.9	2.0	()	1.1
Goods-producing ⁶		121.3	3.4	2.6	2.5	0.1	0.9
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		5.9	3.9	3.5	3.5	(10)	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	5.1	4.5	4.0	4.0	(10)	
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	111	4.0	4.1	3.4	3.4	(10)	
Mining ⁷	21	0.8	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction		31.4	3.9	3.1	3.0	0.1	0.8
Construction	23	31.4	3.9	3.1	3.0	0.1	0.8
Construction of buildings	236	15.4	5.3	4.1	4.0	(¹⁰)	1.2
Residential building construction	2361	8.4	6.5	4.7	4.5	(10)	
Nonresidential building construction		7.0	4.1	3.5	3.4	(10)	
Heavy and civil engineering construction		5.0	3.9	3.2	3.2	(10)	0.7
Highway, street, and bridge construction		2.6	4.4	3.2	3.2	(10)	1.2
Specialty trade contractors		11.0	2.4	2.0	1.9		0.4
Building equipment contractors	2382	7.4	3.0	2.5	2.3	(10)	0.5
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	1.0	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Manufacturing		84.0	3.2	2.3	2.3	(10)	0.9
Manufacturing	31-33	84.0	3.2	2.3	2.3	(10)	0.9
Food manufacturing	311	12.0	6.3	4.7	4.5		1.7
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	5.4	6.3	3.7	3.7	(10)	2.6
				l	l	l	

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	2.9	9.6	5.4	5.4	(¹⁰)	4.2
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	8.9	5.6	3.4	3.4	(10)	2.1
Paper manufacturing	322	1.2	5.8	4.0	4.0	(10)	1.8
Chemical manufacturing	325	19.0	0.9	0.5	0.5	(10)	0.4
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	15.6	0.9	0.5	0.4	(10)	0.4
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	32541	15.6	0.9	0.5	0.4	(10)	0.4
Pharmaceutical preparation manufacturing	325412	14.8	0.8	0.4	0.4	(10)	0.3
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing		2.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	(10)	(10)
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	3.7	7.2	6.7	6.7	(10)	0.5
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	2.4	7.8	7.2	7.2	(10)	(10)
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		2.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	(10)	(10)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	5.7	1.7	1.2	1.2	(10)	0.5
manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3345	4.1	1.7	1.4	1.3	(10)	(10)
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	5.0	1.1	0.6	0.6	(10)	0.4
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	1.2	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	11.6	2.3	1.7	1.7	(10)	0.6
Service-providing		541.7	4.1	3.0	2.9	(10)	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		178.4	4.3	3.4	3.4	(10)	0.9
Wholesale trade	42	34.4	4.1	3.3	3.3	0.1	0.8
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	12.3	3.8	3.2	3.0	0.2	0.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	423	20.8	4.6	3.6	3.6	(¹⁰)	0.9
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers		8.2	5.6	4.5	4.5	(10)	1.1
Retail trade	44-45	129.4	4.3	3.4	3.4	(10)	0.9
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	12.3	4.4	3.5	3.5		0.9
Automotive parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	6.5	7.1	5.5	5.5	(10)	1.6
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	9.3	4.3	3.7	3.7	(10)	0.6
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	8.7	4.5	4.0	3.9	(10)	0.5
Food and beverage stores	445	27.3	5.3	4.2	4.1	(10)	1.2
Grocery stores	4451	26.1	5.5	4.3	4.3	(10)	1.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Health and personal care stores	446	16.5	3.7	2.8	2.8	(¹⁰)	0.8
Health and personal care stores	4461	16.5	3.7	2.8	2.8	(10)	0.8
Pharmacies and drug stores		12.7	4.4	3.4	3.4	(10)	1.0
Clothing and clothing accessories stores		19.3	2.4	1.4	1.4		1.0
General merchandise stores	452	24.4	5.8	4.4	4.4	(10)	1.4
Department stores	4521 4529	14.4 9.9	5.1 6.7	3.7 5.3	3.7 5.3	(¹⁰)	1.4 1.5
Other general merchandise stores	4329	9.9	0.7	5.5	3.3	()	1.5
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	14.2	4.6	3.6	3.5		1.1
Truck transportation	484	3.0	7.0	4.2	4.2	(¹⁰)	
Support activities for transportation	488	3.4	4.9	4.1	4.1	() (¹⁰)	0.8
						()	
Information		18.4	3.8	2.6	2.6	(10)	1.2
Information	51	18.4	3.8	2.6	2.6	(10)	1.2
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	2.6	4.3	2.5	2.5	(¹⁰)	1.7
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	9.2	3.0	2.5	2.5	() (¹⁰)	0.5
Financial activities	0	44.6	3.4	2.6	2.6	() (¹⁰)	0.8
Findificial activities		44.0	3.4	2.6	2.0	(' ')	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	31.5	2.9	2.0	2.0	(10)	0.9
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	17.0	2.1	1.3	1.3	(¹⁰)	0.9
Depository credit intermediation	5221	12.5	2.4	1.4	1.4	(¹⁰)	1.0
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	13.4	4.1	3.1	3.1	(10)	1.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	13.1	4.6	4.1	4.0	(10)	0.5
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	9.6	5.0	4.5	4.5	(10)	0.4
Professional and business services		105.7	2.0	1.7	1.6	(¹⁰)	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	26.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	(10)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	26.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	(10)	(¹⁰)
Management of companies and enterprises	55	10.9	3.5	2.3	2.3	(10)	1.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	68.3	2.5	2.2	2.2	0.1	0.3
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	64.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	0.1	0.3
Investigation and security services	5616	25.4	1.6	1.3	1.2	0.1	0.3
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	12.0	3.8	3.1	3.1	(10)	0.7
Waste management and remediation services	562	3.9	7.5	6.5	6.5	(10)	1.0
Education and health services		108.6	5.1	2.8	2.8	0.1	2.2
Educational services	61	29.6	2.8	1.6	1.6	(10)	1.2
Educational services	611	29.6	2.8	1.6	1.6	(¹⁰)	1.2
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	7.0	1.8	1.0	1.0	(10)	0.7
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	14.8	3.4	1.9	1.9	(10)	1.5
Health care and social assistance	62	79.1	5.8	3.2	3.1	0.1	2.6
Ambulatory health care services	621	32.6	3.4	2.0	2.0		1.3
Hospitals	622	30.4	8.8	4.3	4.2	0.1	4.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	5.2	3.8	3.3	3.3	(10)	0.5
Social assistance	624	10.9	4.5	3.1	3.1	(10)	1.4
Leisure and hospitality		72.1	6.9	5.1	5.1		1.8
Accommodation and food services	72	69.2	7.2	5.4	5.3		1.9
Accommodation	721	12.8	7.9	5.8	5.8	(¹⁰)	2.1
Traveler accommodation	7211	12.7	7.9	5.8	5.8	(10)	2.1
Food services and drinking places	722	56.4	7.0	5.2	5.2	`	1.8
Other services		13.8	1.7	1.7	1.6		(10)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Other services, except public administration	81	13.8	1.7	1.7	1.6		(¹⁰)
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111 812	2.6 5.2	(¹⁰) 3.1	(¹⁰) 3.1	(¹⁰) 2.9	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)
State and local government		243.1	8.8	6.8	6.7	0.1	2.0
State government		184.2	9.7	7.5	7.3	0.1	2.2
Goods-producing ⁶			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction	23		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Service-providing			9.7	7.5	7.3	0.1	2.2
Education and health services		79.9	7.5	4.9	4.7	0.2	2.6
Educational services	61	74.8	5.5	3.9	3.9	(10)	1.6
Educational services	611 6113	74.8 13.1	5.5 5.5	3.9 3.9	3.9 3.9	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.6 1.6
Health care and social assistance	62	5.1	15.7	9.2	8.2	1.0	6.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	1.5	16.9	16.9	7.8	9.1	(10)
Public administration		87.3	9.7	7.5	7.4	0.1	2.2
Public administration	92	87.3	9.7	7.5	7.4	0.1	2.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Correctional institutions	922 9221 92214	35.0 35.0 7.0	19.3 19.3 7.6	15.4 15.4 6.5	15.2 15.2 6.5	0.2 0.2 (10)	3.9 3.9
Local government		58.9	6.8	5.4	5.4	(10)	1.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 - Continued

Industry ²		2011		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
			0.0	- 4	- 1	(10.)	
Service-providing			6.8	5.4	5.4	(10)	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Education and health services			5.4	4.5	4.5	(10)	(10)
Health care and social assistance	62		5.4	4.5	4.5	(10)	(10)
Hospitals			(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2011 -- Continued

		2011		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration		56.8	6.9	5.4	5.4	(10)	1.5
Public administration	92	56.8	6.9	5.4	5.4	(10)	1.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies, November, 2012

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.