Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including state and local government ⁵		5.3	2.2	1.4	0.8	3.1
Private industry ⁵		5.2	2.2	1.4	0.9	3.0
Goods-producing ⁵		5.6	2.7	1.7	1.0	2.8
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		3.4	2.2	2.2	(°)	1.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵	11	4.9	3.1	3.1	(⁹)	1.8
Mining ⁶	21	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(⁹)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷		(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		5.8	2.2	1.5	0.7	3.6
Construction	23	5.8	2.2	1.5	0.7	3.6
Construction of buildings	236	5.2	2.8	2.3	0.6	2.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction		9.6	2.4	2.1	(9)	7.2
Specialty trade contractors		5.3	1.9	1.1	0.9	3.4
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors		9.1	2.7	1.8	(9)	6.4
Building equipment contractors		5.7	2.5	0.8	1.6	3.2
Electrical contractors	23821	3.2	(°)	(°)	(⁹)	
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors		7.3 2.8	4.2	1.2 (⁹)	3.0 (⁹)	3.2 2.1
Other specialty trade contractors	2309	2.0	(9)	()	()	2.1
Manufacturing		5.7	3.0	1.7	1.3	2.7
Manufacturing	31-33	5.7	3.0	1.7	1.3	2.7
Food manufacturing	311	7.6	4.8	2.9	2.0	2.8
	L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013 – Continued

			Cases wit			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Wood product manufacturing	321	9.3	4.3	2.4	1.9	5.0
Paper manufacturing	321	4.5	2.6	1.6	(°)	1.9
Printing and related support activities	323	3.3	1.7	(°)	(°)	1.7
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	6.2	4.8	2.1	2.7	1.5
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	8.5	4.5	4.0	(°)	4.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	8.1	3.1	1.2	1.8	5.1
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	5.5	2.3	1.1	1.2	3.2
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.7	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.6
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	7.8	4.3	2.0	2.3	3.5
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	8.7	3.3	2.2	1.1	5.5
Service-providing		5.1	2.1	1.3	0.8	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		5.4	2.3	1.5	0.8	3.1
Wholesale trade	42	6.2	2.0	1.1	0.9	4.2
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	8.7	0.9	0.5	(⁹)	
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.7	3.3	1.8	1.5	1.4
Retail trade	44-45	4.9	2.1	1.4	0.7	2.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	7.9	2.0	1.6	0.3	6.0
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	5.2	2.0	1.1	0.9	3.2
Food and beverage stores	445	6.4	3.2	2.1	1.1	3.2
Health and personal care stores	446	3.2	(°)	(°)	(°)	2.8
General merchandise stores	452	6.2	2.2	1.0	1.2	4.0
Nonstore retailers	454	6.3	4.5	3.3	1.2	1.7
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	6.9	3.7	2.7	1.0	3.2
Air transportation	481	(⁹)	(9)			(°)
Rail transportation ⁸	482	6.2	(°)	(°)	(°)	(°)
Truck transportation	484	6.7	4.2	4.0		2.5
Utilities	22	3.5	1.6	(°)	(⁹)	1.9

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013 – Continued

		Total recordable cases	Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Information		5.5	1.6	1.6		3.9
Information	51	5.5	1.6	1.6	-	3.9
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	2.0	(⁹)	(°)	(⁹)	1.6
Financial activities		0.9	0.3	0.2	(°)	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	0.7	(⁹)	(°)		0.6
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	0.9	(⁹)	(°)	(°)	0.7
Professional and business services		2.9	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	2.1	0.4	0.4	(⁹)	1.8
Management of companies and enterprises	55	(°)	(⁹)	(°)	(°)	(⁹)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	4.4	2.1	0.9	1.2	2.3
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	4.4	2.0	0.7	1.3	2.4
Waste management and remediation services	562	4.6	2.9	2.2	(⁹)	1.7
Education and health services		6.6	2.9	1.8	1.2	3.7
Educational services	61	3.7	1.4	0.8	0.6	2.4
Health care and social assistance	62	7.2	3.2	2.0	1.3	4.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	6.0	2.0	1.2	0.7	4.0
Hospitals	622 623	8.8 11.2	3.2 6.7	1.7 3.7	1.5 3.0	5.6 4.5
Social assistance	624	4.3	2.8	2.1	0.6	1.5
Leisure and hospitality		6.2	2.1	1.3	0.8	4.1

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	4.7	1.3	1.1	(⁹)	3.4
				,,,		0.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	5.3	1.7	1.7	(₉)	3.6
Accommodation and food services	72	6.4	2.2	1.3	0.9	4.1
Accommodation	721	10.6	3.7	1.6	2.1	6.9
Food services and drinking places	722	3.5	1.3	1.1	(9)	2.3
Other services		4.0	2.1			1.9
Other services, except public administration	81	4.0	2.1			1.9
Repair and maintenance	811 813	6.2 2.0	3.0 0.6	(°)	(°9)	 1.4
State and local government		5.8	1.7	1.4	0.3	4.0
State government		5.3	1.2	1.0	0.2	4.0
Service-providing						
Education and health services		3.4	0.8	0.6		2.6
Health care and social assistance	62	2.3	(⁹)	(°)	(°)	1.9
Public administration		6.9	0.8	0.7	(⁹)	6.1
Public administration	92	6.9	0.8	0.7	(⁹)	6.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions		11.6 11.6 10.2 13.0	1.5 1.5 2.1 1.8	1.2 1.2 (°) (°)	(⁹) (⁹) (⁹)	10.1 10.1 8.0 11.2
Local government		6.1	2.0	1.7	0.3	4.0

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013 – Continued

Industry ²		Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Goods-producing ⁵		14.4	5.0	5.0	(⁹)	9.4
Construction		14.5	5.1	5.1	(°)	9.4
Construction	. 23	14.5	5.1	5.1	(⁹)	9.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	14.5	5.1	5.1	(⁹)	9.4
Service-providing		5.9	2.0	1.6	0.3	3.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		10.9	6.0	4.4	(⁹)	4.9
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	10.6	5.8	5.5	(°)	(°)
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(°)
Utilities	22	11.3	6.2	(°)	(°)	(°)
Utilities	221	11.3	6.2	(°)	(°)	(⁹)
Education and health services		5.6	1.8	1.5	0.3	3.8
Educational services	61	5.7	1.8	1.5	0.3	3.8
Educational services	_	5.7 5.6	1.8 1.8	1.5 1.5	0.3 0.3	3.8 3.8
Health care and social assistance	62	(°)	(°)	(°)	(⁹)	(°)
Public administration		6.1	2.0	1.7	0.3	4.0
Public administration	92	6.1	2.0	1.7	0.3	4.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities		7.7 7.7	1.9 1.9	1.6 1.6		5.8 5.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2013 -- Continued

	NAICS code ³	recordable	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
Industry ²			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Police protection	92212	5.6	1.4	(⁹)		4.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.