TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Wyoming, 2015

Industry ²	NAICS	Total	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
All industries including state and local government ⁵		3.5	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.8
Private industry ⁵		3.3	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.6
Goods-producing⁵		3.5	1.9	1.5	0.4	1.7
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		2.1	1.3	1.0	0.3	0.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵	11	-	4.0	-	-	-
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶	21	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.3	0.6
Oil and gas extraction	211	0.9	0.5	-	-	0.4
Oil and gas extraction	2111	0.9	0.5	-	-	0.4
Oil and gas extraction	21111	0.9	0.5	-	-	0.4
Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction	211111	0.8	0.5	-	-	-
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.3	0.6
Coal mining ⁷	2121	1.5	0.9	0.7	-	0.6
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁷	2123	2.7	2.0	1.4	0.6	0.7
Support activities for mining	213	-	1.4	-	0.2	-
Support activities for mining	2131	-	1.4	-	0.2	-
Support activities for mining	21311	-	1.4	-	0.2	-
Drilling oil and gas wells	213111	1.1	-	-	-	-
Construction		4.7	2.3	1.8	-	2.4
Construction	23	4.7	2.3	1.8	-	2.4
Specialty trade contractors	238	4.6	2.3	2.1	0.1	2.3
Manufacturing		5.0	2.7	2.1	0.6	2.3
Manufacturing	31-33	5.0	2.7	2.1	0.6	2.3

TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Wyoming, 2015 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS	Total	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Wood product manufacturing	321	10.6	8.5	6.7	-	-
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	2.7	1.3	1.2	-	1.5
Service-providing		3.2	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		3.6	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.4
Wholesale trade	42	2.9	2.0	1.5	-	0.9
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.5	3.4	2.1	-	1.0
Retail trade	44-45	3.7	2.1	1.4	0.7	1.6
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.9	1.4	1.1	-	2.5
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.4	1.9	-	-	-
Food and beverage stores	445	3.7	2.5	2.0	0.6	1.1
Gasoline stations	447	3.9	1.7	1.0	0.7	2.2
General merchandise stores	452	4.8	3.0	1.5	1.4	1.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	4.1	2.8	2.3	0.5	-
Air transportation	481	7.6	4.4	4.0	-	-
Rail transportation ⁸	482	1.1	0.7	-	-	-
Truck transportation	484	5.7	3.9	-	-	-
Couriers and messengers	492	7.9	6.6	-	2.1	-
Utilities	. 22	2.2	0.9	0.7	-	1.3
Utilities	221	2.2	0.9	0.7	-	1.3
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	2.2	0.9	-	-	1.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.6	-	-	-	-
Finance and insurance	. 52	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Wyoming, 2015 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS	Total	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
	code ³	recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	-	-	-	-	-
Professional and business services		-	-	-	-	-
Management of companies and enterprises	55	-	-	-	-	-
Educational and health services		4.4	1.8	1.5	0.4	2.5
Educational services	61	3.2	-	-	-	-
Health care and social assistance	62	4.4	1.9	1.5	0.4	2.6
Ambulatory health care services	621	1.5	0.4	-	-	1.1
Hospitals	622	7.2	1.6	1.4	-	5.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.6	5.7	4.2	1.5	4.0
Social assistance	624	4.4	2.0	1.8	-	2.5
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		3.1	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.7
Accommodation and food services	72	3.1	1.5	1.0	0.4	1.7
Accommodation	721	3.9	2.5	1.5	0.9	1.4
Traveler accommodation	7211	4.2	2.5	1.5	1.0	1.6
Food services and drinking places	722	2.6	0.7	0.6	-	1.9
Restaurants and other eating places	7225	2.8	0.8	0.7	-	2.0
State and local government ⁵		4.2	1.4	1.2	0.2	2.7
State government ⁵		3.1	1.2	1.1	-	1.9
Service-providing		3.1	1.2	1.1	-	1.9
Professional and business services		-	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	-	-	-	-	-
Educational and health services		5.3	2.7	2.5	-	2.6
Educational services	61	2.7	1.1	1.0	-	1.6

TABLE 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Wyoming, 2015 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
	code ³		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Educational services	611	2.7	1.1	1.0	-	1.6
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	2.7	1.1	1.0	-	1.6
Health care and social assistance	62	13.5	7.8	7.3	-	5.7
Public administration		-	-	-	-	-
Public administration	92	-	-	-	-	-
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	1.9	-	-	-	-
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	-	-	-	-	-
Courts	92211	-	-	-	-	-
Correctional institutions	92214	3.5	-	-	-	2.6
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.6	-	-	-	1.3
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	1.8	-	-	-	1.7
Administration of economic programs	926	-	-	-	-	-
Local government ⁵		4.5	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.0
Goods-producing ⁵		-	-	-	-	-
Service-providing		4.5	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	-	-	-	-	-
Educational and health services		4.1	1.3	1.1	0.2	2.8
Educational services	61	3.6	0.9	0.9	-	2.7
Educational services	611	3.6	0.9	0.9	-	2.7
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	3.6	0.9	0.8	-	2.8
Junior colleges	6112	3.2	1.3	1.0	-	1.9

TABLE 1. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Wyoming, 2015 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	recordable cases
Health care and social assistance	62	5.2	2.2	1.7	0.5	3.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	=	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	622	5.5	2.2	1.6	0.6	3.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	-	-	-	-	-
Social assistance	624	-	-	-	-	-
Public administration		5.7	2.1	1.7	0.4	3.6
Public administration	92	5.7	2.1	1.7	0.4	3.6
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	5.9	2.3	1.8	0.5	3.5
Administration of environmental quality programs	924	-	-	-	-	-
Administration of economic programs	926	-	ı	-	-	

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.