

Table 27. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2009

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings	Percent varies by earnings	Flat dollar amounts	Other
All workers	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.1
Worker characteristics				
Management, professional, and related	0.8	0.8	(²)	0.2
Management, business, and financial	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.1
Professional and related	0.9	0.9	(²)	0.2
Teachers	1.5	1.3	0.5	0.7
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	1.3	—	—	1.0
Registered nurses	1.5	1.5	—	—
Service	1.1	1.1	(²)	—
Protective service	1.9	1.9	—	—
Sales and office	0.6	0.6	(²)	(²)
Sales and related	1.0	0.9	—	—
Office and administrative support	0.7	0.7	(²)	(²)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1.4	1.3	0.4	0.4
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	2.9	2.9	0.7	0.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.4
Production, transportation, and material moving	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.7
Production	1.8	1.3	1.1	0.8
Transportation and material moving	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.3
Full time	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.1
Part time	1.8	1.6	0.5	—
Union	1.6	1.5	0.7	0.7
Nonunion	0.5	0.5	(²)	(²)
Wage percentiles: ³				
Lowest 10 percent	2.0	—	—	—
Lowest 25 percent	0.9	0.7	0.3	—
Second 25 percent	0.7	0.6	0.1	(²)
Third 25 percent	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.2
Highest 25 percent	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.3
Highest 10 percent	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.3
Establishment characteristics				
Goods-producing industries	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4
Service-providing industries	0.6	0.6	(²)	0.1
Education and health services	1.6	1.6	(²)	0.3
Educational services	2.2	2.2	0.3	—
Elementary and secondary schools	1.1	0.5	—	—
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	5.4	—	(²)	—
Health care and social assistance	1.4	1.4	—	—
Hospitals	2.1	2.1	—	—
Public administration	2.1	2.1	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings	Percent varies by earnings	Flat dollar amounts	Other
1 to 99 workers	0.5	0.5	0.2	(²)
1 to 49 workers	0.8	0.7	0.2	—
50 to 99 workers	1.1	0.9	0.3	—
100 workers or more	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.2
100 to 499 workers	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.2
500 workers or more	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.3
Geographic areas				
New England	1.5	1.2	—	0.3
Middle Atlantic	0.3	0.2	0.3	—
East North Central	1.3	1.2	0.5	0.3
West North Central	4.7	—	0.6	—
South Atlantic	0.7	0.6	(²)	(²)
East South Central	3.0	2.5	—	—
West South Central	1.4	1.7	—	0.4
Mountain	1.1	1.1	—	—
Pacific	1.1	1.2	0.3	0.7

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

² Less than 0.05.

³ The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates

published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.