Table 12. Standard errors for medical care benefits, single coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009

Characteristics	Single coverage								
	Total with contributory coverage	Flat dollar amount	Composite rate ¹	Varies ²	Flexible benefits ³	Percent of earnings	Exists, but unknown	Other	
All workers	0.0	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.1	(4)	0.8	0.2	
Worker characteristics									
Management, professional, and related	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	1.2 1.3 1.5 3.5 8.4 1.0 1.7	0.7 0.7 0.7 - (⁴)	0.8 1.3 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.7 0.8	0.3 0.4 0.3 0.3 - 0.2 - 0.3	(4) (4) - - - - -	0.7 0.8 1.0 3.3 7.6 0.8 1.6	0.2 0.2 0.3 - (⁴) (⁴) 0.2	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	1.7 2.8 2.0 1.2 1.6	0.2 - - 0.4 0.5	0.8 1.2 0.8 0.7 1.0	- - (4) (4)	- - - -	1.4 2.7 1.7 1.0 1.1	0.6 1.3 - 0.3	
Transportation and material moving Full time Part time	0.0 0.0 0.0	1.6 1.1 2.0	0.3	0.7 0.5 1.1	0.2 0.1 0.3	(4)	1.3 0.9 1.5	0.7 0.2 -	
Union	0.0 0.0	2.2 1.0	0.9 0.3	1.5 0.5	_ 0.2	(4) (4)	1.4 0.8	1.2 (⁴)	
Wage percentiles:5 Lowest 10 percent Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent		6.5 2.6 1.4 1.1 1.2	- 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.8 0.9	1.6 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.9	- (4) 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.5	(4) (4) (4)	- 2.3 1.1 0.7 0.7 1.0	- 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.4	
Establishment characteristics Goods-producing industries Construction Manufacturing	0.0 0.0 0.0	1.7 2.8 1.9	- - -	0.8 1.6 0.9	(⁴) - (⁴)	- - -	1.0 2.3 1.1	- - -	
Service-providing industries Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Utilities	0.0 0.0	1.2 1.1 1.8 1.7 2.7 6.1	0.2 0.3 - - -	0.6 0.6 1.1 0.9 -	0.2 (⁴) - - - 1.8	(4) - - - - -	0.9 0.8 1.1 1.5 2.3 1.7	0.2 0.4 - - -	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Standard errors for medical care benefits, single coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

	Single coverage								
Characteristics	Total with contributory coverage	Flat dollar amount	Composite rate ¹	Varies ²	Flexible benefits ³	Percent of earnings	Exists, but unknown	Other	
Information	0.0	2.4	_	1.4	_	_	1.7	_	
Financial activities	0.0	1.8	_	1.3	0.8	(4)	1.2	0.3	
Finance and insurance	0.0	2.1	0.2	1.6	0.9	(4)	1.3	0.3	
Credit intermediation and related activities	0.0	2.3	_	2.2	_	' _	1.2	_	
Insurance carriers and related activities	0.0	3.3	0.6	1.4	1.5	_	2.5	_	
Real estate and rental and leasing	0.0	6.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Professional and business services	0.0	2.5	_	1.5	0.7	_	1.6	_	
Professional and technical services	0.0	3.0	_	1.7	_	_	2.2	_	
Administrative and waste services	0.0	6.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Education and health services	0.0	1.9	_	1.5	0.4	_	1.0	0.3	
Educational services	0.0	2.3	_	1.7	0.9	_	1.4	_	
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	0.0	2.8	_	2.2	0.2	_	1.5	_	
Health care and social assistance	0.0	2.2	_	1.8	0.4	_	1.1	0.4	
Leisure and hospitality	0.0	9.3	_	2.4	_	_	_	_	
Accommodation and food services	0.0	8.5	_	2.7	_	_	_	_	
Other services	0.0	4.6	-	-	_	_	-	-	
1 to 99 workers	0.0	1.1	(4)	0.7	(4)	_	0.9	0.3	
1 to 49 workers	0.0	1.3	0.2	1.0	(4)	_	1.0	0.3	
50 to 99 workers	0.0	1.8	_	0.9	-	_	1.4	_	
100 workers or more	0.0	1.3	0.4	0.6	0.2	(4)	1.1	0.2	
100 to 499 workers	0.0	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.3	_	0.7	(4)	
500 workers or more	0.0	2.3	0.8	1.0	0.4	_	2.2	0.5	
Geographic areas									
New England	0.0	3.1	_	2.1	0.4	_	1.6	_	
Middle Atlantic	0.0	2.0	_	0.7	0.3	0.3	1.6	_	
East North Central	0.0	2.1	0.2	0.9	0.3	-	1.9	_	
West North Central	0.0	1.1	5.2	1.2	-	_	1.5	_	
South Atlantic	0.0	1.8	_	1.2	_	_	1.1	0.3	
East South Central		9.6	_	2.2	_	_	-	-	
West South Central		2.7	_	1.7	_	_	1.3	_	
Mountain	0.0	3.1	0.2	2.2	-	_	2.2	0.3	
Pacific	0.0	2.1	_	1.4	0.6	_	1.0	0.9	
Average monthly employer premium ⁶	\$2.13	\$2.44	\$23.61	\$9.23	\$8.80	\$30.87	\$5.85	\$51.84	

¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area, for example, health care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined.

6 Average premium is for all workers.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.

² Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age.

Amount varies by options selected under a "cafeteria plan" or employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

⁴ Less than 0.05.

⁵ The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.