

Table 37. Health-related benefits: Access, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Long-term care insurance ¹	Retiree health care benefits ²	
		Under age 65	Age 65 and over
All workers	14	17	15
Worker characteristics			
Management, professional, and related	23	27	24
Management, business, and financial	27	32	30
Professional and related	21	25	21
Service	5	4	4
Protective service	7	8	7
Sales and office	18	20	19
Sales and related	18	20	19
Office and administrative support	18	19	19
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	10	14	13
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	4	9	8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	16	21	19
Production, transportation, and material moving ...	10	16	14
Production	8	16	12
Transportation and material moving	11	16	15
Full time	16	20	18
Part time	9	10	9
Union	20	37	34
Nonunion	14	15	13
Wage percentiles: ³			
Lowest 10 percent	4	5	4
Lowest 25 percent	7	8	7
Second 25 percent	11	13	11
Third 25 percent	15	18	16
Highest 25 percent	26	33	29
Highest 10 percent	30	35	33
Establishment characteristics			
Goods-producing industries	10	18	15
Construction	3	5	5
Manufacturing	13	23	19
Service-providing industries	15	17	16
Trade, transportation, and utilities	17	22	21
Wholesale trade	10	10	8
Retail trade	16	20	19
Transportation and warehousing	27	36	36
Utilities	40	67	56

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 37. Health-related benefits: Access, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Long-term care insurance ¹	Retiree health care benefits ²	
		Under age 65	Age 65 and over
Information	45	51	51
Financial activities	33	34	36
Finance and insurance	41	43	46
Credit intermediation and related activities	44	44	48
Insurance carriers and related activities	38	41	42
Real estate and rental and leasing	5	3	3
Professional and business services	14	16	14
Professional and technical services	17	23	20
Administrative and waste services	6	5	5
Education and health services	13	12	10
Educational services	26	27	25
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	41	42	41
Health care and social assistance	11	10	7
Leisure and hospitality	2	1	—
Accommodation and food services	2	1	—
Other services	2	7	7
1 to 99 workers	6	7	6
1 to 49 workers	5	5	4
50 to 99 workers	8	10	9
100 workers or more	24	29	26
100 to 499 workers	18	22	21
500 workers or more	31	38	33
Geographic areas			
New England	15	16	15
Middle Atlantic	14	17	17
East North Central	16	18	16
West North Central	13	17	14
South Atlantic	15	19	16
East South Central	12	13	11
West South Central	13	19	16
Mountain	13	14	13
Pacific	14	17	16

¹ A health plan that provides long-term (more than 1 year) custodial care, home care, or nursing home care.

² A health plan that provides coverage to a retiree beyond what is mandated by COBRA or other health continuation laws.

³ The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the

"National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.