

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2010

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ²					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
All workers	70	\$170	\$250	\$546	\$1,000	\$2,000	30
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	68	170	364	600	1,385	2,308	32
Management, business, and financial	66	170	476	692	1,500	2,350	34
Professional and related	69	170	346	561	1,000	2,308	31
Teachers	68	—	—	—	—	—	32
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	76	170	170	546	692	1,500	24
Registered nurses	71	170	385	561	1,250	2,423	29
Service	76	170	170	546	1,000	2,000	24
Protective service	73	—	—	—	—	—	27
Sales and office	69	170	220	546	1,000	2,300	31
Sales and related	69	170	170	524	1,000	2,500	31
Office and administrative support	69	170	250	546	1,000	2,000	31
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	73	170	300	546	750	1,500	27
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	76	170	364	546	625	1,154	24
Installation, maintenance, and repair	70	170	250	546	1,000	1,500	30
Production, transportation, and material moving	69	170	250	500	750	1,500	31
Production	70	170	250	500	800	1,500	30
Transportation and material moving	68	170	230	524	600	1,500	32
Full time	70	170	300	546	1,000	2,307	30
Part time	69	—	—	—	—	—	31
Union	74	170	200	490	550	1,500	26
Nonunion	69	170	300	546	1,000	2,308	31
Average wage within the following categories: ³							
Lowest 25 percent	75	—	—	—	—	—	25
Lowest 10 percent	80	—	—	—	—	—	20
Second 25 percent	72	170	250	546	1,000	2,000	28
Third 25 percent	71	170	300	546	1,000	2,000	29
Highest 25 percent	66	170	250	546	1,000	2,308	34
Highest 10 percent	66	170	250	561	1,100	2,308	34
Establishment characteristics							
Goods-producing industries	65	170	300	524	1,000	1,500	35
Service-providing industries	71	170	201	546	1,000	2,307	29
Education and health services	73	170	300	546	1,000	2,000	27
Educational services	64	170	476	692	831	1,500	36
Elementary and secondary schools	71	170	500	692	808	1,500	29
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	59	170	185	561	1,000	1,500	41
Health care and social assistance	78	170	265	546	1,000	2,000	22
Hospitals	68	170	400	576	1,250	2,423	32
Public administration	70	135	200	546	959	1,662	30

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2010—Continued

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ²					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
1 to 99 workers	76	\$170	\$170	\$524	\$750	\$1,500	24
1 to 49 workers	80	170	170	524	750	1,500	20
50 to 99 workers	70	170	170	524	1,000	1,500	30
100 workers or more	66	170	300	561	1,292	2,308	34
100 to 499 workers	67	170	364	546	1,155	2,000	33
500 workers or more	65	170	250	561	1,500	2,310	35
Geographic areas							
New England	61	—	—	—	—	—	39
Middle Atlantic	88	170	170	470	546	561	12
East North Central	51	250	400	700	1,153	2,307	49
West North Central	55	250	400	600	1,250	2,309	45
South Atlantic	67	300	500	750	1,500	2,500	33
West South Central	55	250	500	1,000	1,500	2,000	45
Mountain	60	400	750	1,000	2,308	3,500	40
Pacific	70	135	200	546	1,500	2,308	30

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

² The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of the participating workers receive the same as or more than the benefit shown, and half receive the same as or less than the benefit shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the participating workers receive the same as or less than the benefit shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation

surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2009." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20092010.htm.