

Table 33. Paid holidays: Number of days provided, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2012

(All workers with paid holidays = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Paid holidays											Mean number of days	Median number of days
	Less than 6 days	6 days	7 days	8 days	9 days	10 days	11 days	12 days	13 days	14 days	Greater than 14 days		
All workers	10	22	12	12	9	14	8	6	3	2	2	8	8
Worker characteristics													
Management, professional, and related	4	14	10	13	11	19	10	9	5	2	3	9	9
Management, business, and financial	3	9	10	14	13	23	11	9	4	2	3	9	10
Professional and related	4	16	10	12	10	17	10	9	5	3	3	9	9
Teachers	11	10	5	7	10	13	15	8	6	6	9	10	10
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	15	16	6	—	7	11	15	4	6	—	8	10	10
Registered nurses	9	40	14	10	8	9	3	4	2	—	—	7	7
Service	21	24	13	10	6	6	6	5	4	2	3	7	7
Protective service	—	9	—	5	9	11	17	14	12	3	3	10	10
Sales and office	10	29	13	11	8	13	5	4	2	1	1	8	7
Sales and related	18	45	12	10	5	5	3	1	(²)	—	—	6	6
Office and administrative support	7	22	14	12	10	17	7	6	3	1	2	8	8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	9	27	15	10	8	12	8	5	2	1	2	8	7
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	12	26	15	11	10	10	7	5	2	—	—	8	7
Installation, maintenance, and repair	7	28	15	10	7	14	8	5	2	1	2	8	7
Production, transportation, and material moving	10	22	11	16	10	14	7	5	2	1	2	8	8
Production	6	19	10	15	11	17	8	6	—	—	3	9	9
Transportation and material moving	14	26	12	16	8	11	6	4	1	1	1	8	7
Full time	7	21	12	13	10	15	8	7	4	2	2	9	8
Part time	29	34	10	9	4	6	3	1	1	1	1	6	6
Union	3	12	6	13	8	14	14	13	7	4	6	10	10
Nonunion	11	24	13	12	9	14	6	5	2	1	2	8	8
Average wage within the following categories: ³													
Lowest 25 percent	26	35	14	9	5	5	2	2	(²)	(²)	1	6	6
Lowest 10 percent	46	27	11	6	4	3	—	—	—	—	—	5	6
Second 25 percent	9	28	13	13	8	13	6	4	3	1	1	8	7
Third 25 percent	5	18	12	13	11	16	10	7	4	2	3	9	9
Highest 25 percent	3	12	10	13	11	20	10	10	5	2	4	9	10
Highest 10 percent	2	8	9	13	13	23	11	11	5	2	3	10	10
Establishment characteristics													
Goods-producing industries	6	17	11	12	12	19	9	8	3	2	3	9	9
Service-providing industries	10	23	12	12	8	13	7	6	3	2	2	8	8
Education and health services	7	24	11	10	7	11	8	6	6	3	6	9	8
Educational services	7	6	3	7	7	14	13	10	11	8	14	11	11
Elementary and secondary schools	10	11	4	6	7	13	12	7	9	7	14	11	10
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	2	1	2	8	8	11	16	14	14	10	15	12	12
Healthcare and social assistance	7	35	16	12	7	9	5	4	3	—	—	8	7
Hospitals	4	39	16	10	7	8	4	8	4	1	—	8	7
Public administration	1	—	—	1	9	14	26	26	16	4	1	11	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 33. Paid holidays: Number of days provided, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2012—Continued

(All workers with paid holidays = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Paid holidays											Mean number of days	Median number of days
	Less than 6 days	6 days	7 days	8 days	9 days	10 days	11 days	12 days	13 days	14 days	Greater than 14 days		
1 to 99 workers	14	26	15	13	8	13	5	3	1	1	1	7	7
1 to 49 workers	15	27	16	13	7	12	4	3	1	1	1	7	7
50 to 99 workers	13	23	12	12	13	13	5	4	2	1	2	8	8
100 workers or more	6	19	10	12	9	15	10	9	5	2	3	9	9
100 to 499 workers	9	25	12	12	10	13	9	5	3	1	1	8	8
500 workers or more	3	13	7	11	9	18	11	13	7	3	5	10	10
Geographic areas													
New England	7	13	12	11	—	13	13	11	5	—	3	9	9
Middle Atlantic	9	17	13	11	9	16	7	8	4	2	4	9	9
East North Central	8	27	11	11	9	16	5	5	3	1	4	8	8
West North Central	7	27	15	15	9	9	—	5	2	—	1	8	8
South Atlantic	14	26	10	9	9	13	7	7	2	1	1	8	7
East South Central	14	16	12	16	8	15	6	5	2	1	4	8	8
West South Central	11	25	13	11	8	13	8	4	3	1	2	8	8
Mountain	12	25	12	14	8	14	7	3	2	—	—	8	8
Pacific	7	18	11	16	9	15	9	7	5	2	1	9	8

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

² Less than 0.5.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation

Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20112012.htm.