

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2015

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ²					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
All workers	73	\$170	\$315	\$595	\$1,250	\$2,325	27
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	69	170	500	750	1,500	2,500	31
Management, business, and financial	67	170	546	750	1,500	2,500	33
Professional and related	71	170	500	750	1,500	2,500	29
Teachers	75	170	500	692	1,000	1,750	25
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	75	170	500	692	831	–	25
Registered nurses	61	201	524	–	2,307	2,800	39
Service	81	170	185	520	604	1,500	19
Sales and office	75	170	270	600	1,500	2,500	25
Sales and related	78	170	–	595	1,666	4,615	22
Office and administrative support	74	170	270	600	1,250	2,500	26
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	76	170	350	572	1,000	2,000	24
Installation, maintenance, and repair	76	200	490	600	–	2,000	24
Production, transportation, and material moving	71	170	300	559	1,000	1,500	29
Production	66	170	250	559	1,000	2,000	34
Transportation and material moving	76	170	385	510	750	1,500	24
Full time	72	170	364	604	1,500	2,500	28
Part time	83	170	170	500	595	987	17
Union	79	170	200	500	831	1,662	21
Nonunion	72	170	315	604	1,385	2,500	28
Average wage within the following categories: ³							
Lowest 25 percent	82	170	170	535	604	1,500	18
Lowest 10 percent	88	170	170	315	595	–	12
Second 25 percent	73	170	300	595	1,000	2,308	27
Third 25 percent	71	170	300	600	1,250	2,309	29
Highest 25 percent	70	170	500	700	1,500	2,500	30
Highest 10 percent	67	170	500	831	2,000	2,500	33
Establishment characteristics							
Goods-producing industries	69	170	350	595	1,000	2,000	31
Service-providing industries	74	170	300	595	1,300	2,423	26
Education and health services	70	170	300	595	1,075	2,310	30
Educational services	71	170	–	692	831	2,000	29
Elementary and secondary schools	74	170	500	692	831	–	26
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	61	170	185	600	1,039	2,000	39
Health care and social assistance	69	170	–	595	1,300	2,500	31
Public administration	71	170	200	595	–	1,662	29

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Short-term disability plans: Maximum benefit amounts, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2015—continued

(All workers with fixed percent of annual earnings short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	With maximum benefit amount	Maximum weekly benefit amount ²					With no maximum benefit amount
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
1 to 99 workers	79	\$170	—	\$584	\$1,000	\$1,730	21
1 to 49 workers	80	170	—	576	—	1,500	20
50 to 99 workers	78	170	\$300	595	1,150	2,308	22
100 workers or more	69	170	375	604	1,500	2,500	31
100 to 499 workers	71	170	350	604	1,500	2,500	29
500 workers or more	68	170	450	600	1,500	2,500	32
Geographic areas							
Northeast	88	170	170	559	604	1,300	12
New England	68	300	—	700	—	2,500	32
Middle Atlantic	91	170	170	559	600	1,000	9
South	66	300	500	1,000	1,730	2,500	34
South Atlantic	68	315	500	1,000	1,750	2,500	32
East South Central	63	315	500	1,000	1,500	2,500	37
West South Central	65	300	500	750	1,500	2,650	35
Midwest	55	270	500	—	1,500	2,500	45
East North Central	55	270	500	750	1,500	2,500	45
West	76	170	500	1,000	2,000	2,500	24
Mountain	72	—	—	—	2,000	2,500	28
Pacific	78	170	—	595	1,662	2,350	22

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

² The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of the participating workers receive the same as or more than the benefit shown, and half receive the same as or less than the benefit shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the participating workers receive the same or less than the benefit shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.

³ Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using wage data for March 2015.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20142015.htm.