

Table 14. Medical care benefits, family coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, March 2017

(All workers with contributory coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Family coverage			
	Flat dollar amount	Varies ¹	Exists, but amount unknown	Other ²
All workers	70	15	13	1
Worker characteristics				
Management, professional, and related	69	15	14	2
Management, business, and financial	72	15	11	2
Professional and related	67	—	15	—
Service	75	15	—	—
Protective service	71	18	11	—
Sales and office	66	21	12	1
Sales and related	57	30	—	—
Office and administrative support	70	17	12	1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	73	9	17	1
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	73	—	18	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	73	9	16	1
Production, transportation, and material moving	76	9	14	1
Production	80	8	11	(³)
Transportation and material moving	72	—	17	—
Full time	71	15	13	1
Part time	60	26	—	—
Union	73	9	16	2
Nonunion	70	16	13	1
Average wage within the following categories: ⁴				
Lowest 25 percent	72	16	—	—
Lowest 10 percent	82	—	6	—
Second 25 percent	69	17	13	1
Third 25 percent	72	13	14	1
Highest 25 percent	69	15	14	2
Highest 10 percent	69	17	13	2
Establishment characteristics				
Goods-producing industries	77	10	13	1
Construction	81	—	12	—
Manufacturing	77	11	12	1
Service-providing industries	69	17	13	1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	63	22	15	1
Wholesale trade	78	—	14	—
Retail trade	50	38	—	—
Transportation and warehousing	66	—	21	—
Utilities	70	8	22	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. Medical care benefits, family coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, March 2017—continued

(All workers with contributory coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Family coverage			
	Flat dollar amount	Varies ¹	Exists, but amount unknown	Other ²
Information	73	—	17	—
Financial activities	63	24	11	2
Finance and insurance	59	28	11	2
Credit intermediation and related activities	61	29	—	—
Insurance carriers and related activities	60	23	13	4
Real estate and rental and leasing	78	—	—	—
Professional and business services	76	—	12	—
Professional and technical services	75	12	—	—
Administrative and waste services	79	—	14	—
Education and health services	69	15	—	—
Educational services	74	18	—	—
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	66	26	—	—
Health care and social assistance	68	—	15	—
Leisure and hospitality	76	17	7	—
Accommodation and food services	73	19	—	—
Other services	73	—	15	—
1 to 99 workers	74	—	14	—
1 to 49 workers	72	—	15	—
50 to 99 workers	78	—	11	—
100 workers or more	68	18	13	1
100 to 499 workers	72	16	11	1
500 workers or more	62	21	15	2
Geographic areas				
Northeast	71	16	12	2
New England	78	13	8	1
Middle Atlantic	69	16	—	—
South	72	14	11	2
South Atlantic	72	15	—	—
East South Central	82	9	—	—
West South Central	68	15	16	(³)
Midwest	69	14	16	1
East North Central	70	—	15	—
West North Central	67	—	19	—
West	68	17	14	1
Mountain	61	23	—	—
Pacific	71	15	—	—

¹ Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age.

² Includes contribution types not separately published such as composite rates, flexible benefits, and percent of earnings.

³ Less than 0.5.

⁴ Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using wage data for March 2017.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20162017.htm.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.