

Table 42. Health-related benefits: Access, private industry workers, March 2017

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Long-term care insurance ¹	Retiree healthcare benefits ²	
		Under age 65	Age 65 and over
All workers	17	15	13
Worker characteristics			
Management, professional, and related	28	23	20
Management, business, and financial	33	27	24
Professional and related	25	21	19
Service	7	5	4
Protective service	6	–	4
Sales and office	17	14	13
Sales and related	13	9	8
Office and administrative support	20	17	16
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	11	13	13
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	6	8	8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	16	19	18
Production, transportation, and material moving ...	13	17	15
Production	14	15	14
Transportation and material moving	13	19	16
Full time	20	18	16
Part time	6	5	5
Union	23	42	36
Nonunion	16	12	11
Average wage within the following categories: ³			
Lowest 25 percent	6	4	3
Lowest 10 percent	4	2	3
Second 25 percent	13	10	9
Third 25 percent	19	18	17
Highest 25 percent	33	30	27
Highest 10 percent	39	32	30
Establishment characteristics			
Goods-producing industries	15	17	15
Construction	3	6	7
Manufacturing	21	21	19
Service-providing industries	17	14	13
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14	15	13
Wholesale trade	16	10	7
Retail trade	10	8	7
Transportation and warehousing	21	35	33
Utilities	43	60	54

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 42. Health-related benefits: Access, private industry workers, March 2017—continued

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Long-term care insurance ¹	Retiree healthcare benefits ²	
		Under age 65	Age 65 and over
Information	48	47	43
Financial activities	40	39	37
Finance and insurance	50	50	48
Credit intermediation and related activities	52	53	52
Insurance carriers and related activities	45	44	42
Real estate and rental and leasing	10	5	3
Professional and business services	18	12	10
Professional and technical services	25	13	12
Administrative and waste services	6	6	3
Education and health services	17	13	11
Educational services	32	28	31
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	54	44	46
Health care and social assistance	15	11	8
Leisure and hospitality	6	2	2
Accommodation and food services	6	2	2
Other services	7	8	7
1 to 99 workers	9	7	6
1 to 49 workers	8	6	6
50 to 99 workers	13	10	8
100 workers or more	26	24	21
100 to 499 workers	19	16	14
500 workers or more	37	38	32
Geographic areas			
Northeast	17	15	15
New England	17	13	12
Middle Atlantic	17	16	16
South	18	16	13
South Atlantic	19	17	13
East South Central	15	17	14
West South Central	17	16	14
Midwest	15	14	13
East North Central	16	14	13
West North Central	13	14	13
West	16	13	11
Mountain	16	10	9
Pacific	15	14	13

¹ A health plan that provides long-term (more than 1 year) custodial care, home care, or nursing home care. The plan, although sponsored by the employer, may be fully paid for by the employee.

² A health plan that provides coverage to a retiree beyond what is mandated by COBRA or other health continuation laws. The plan, although sponsored by the employer, may be fully paid for by the employee.

³ Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using wage data for March 2017.

Note: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20162017.htm.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.