

Table 19. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2010

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans with a generic drug or brand-name drug provision = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs ²				Brand-name drugs ³			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
Worker characteristic								
All workers	84	14	3	\$10	83	14	3	\$25
Management, professional, and related	81	15	4	10	81	14	4	25
Management, business, and financial	80	14	6	10	82	12	6	25
Professional and related	81	16	3	10	81	15	3	25
Service	88	11	1	10	87	11	2	30
Protective service	99	—	—	—	99	—	—	30
Sales and office	83	14	3	10	81	15	4	30
Sales and related	86	13	(⁴)	10	83	15	2	30
Office and administrative support	81	14	4	10	80	15	5	25
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	85	14	1	10	85	14	1	25
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	82	—	—	10	81	—	—	25
Installation, maintenance, and repair	87	11	2	10	87	11	2	25
Production, transportation, and material moving	86	12	2	10	85	13	2	25
Production	82	17	2	10	82	16	2	30
Transportation and material moving	92	—	—	10	89	9	2	25
Full time	84	14	3	10	83	14	3	25
Part time	83	15	2	—	83	15	2	30
Union	81	17	2	10	82	16	2	20
Nonunion	84	13	3	10	83	13	3	30
Average wage within the following categories: ⁵								
Lowest 25 percent	84	15	1	10	84	15	2	30
Second 25 percent	88	10	2	10	86	11	3	30
Third 25 percent	84	14	3	10	83	14	3	25
Highest 25 percent	80	16	4	10	81	15	4	25
Highest 10 percent	81	14	5	10	81	14	5	25
Establishment characteristic								
Goods-producing industries	82	16	2	10	83	14	3	25
Construction	80	19	1	10	83	16	1	30
Manufacturing	82	15	3	10	82	15	3	25
Service-providing industries	84	13	3	10	83	14	3	25
Trade, transportation, and utilities	90	10	1	10	87	12	1	30
Wholesale trade	91	—	—	10	92	—	—	30
Transportation and warehousing	87	—	—	10	83	14	3	25
Information	78	14	9	10	80	11	9	25
Financial activities	79	14	7	10	76	17	7	25
Finance and insurance	75	17	9	10	72	19	9	25
Credit intermediation and related activities	73	12	15	10	71	14	15	25
Insurance carriers and related activities	76	21	2	10	74	24	2	25
Professional and business services	79	16	6	10	80	14	6	30
Education and health services	82	17	2	10	80	18	2	25
Educational services	88	—	—	10	90	—	—	25
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	91	9	(⁴)	10	91	9	(⁴)	25
Health care and social assistance	80	17	2	10	78	19	2	25

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2010—Continued

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans with a generic drug or brand-name drug provision = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs ²				Brand-name drugs ³			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
1 to 99 workers	82	16	2	\$10	80	17	3	\$30
1 to 49 workers	83	15	2	10	81	17	2	30
50 to 99 workers	80	16	4	10	78	18	4	30
100 workers or more	84	12	3	10	85	12	4	25
100 to 499 workers	85	14	2	10	85	13	2	30
500 workers or more	84	11	5	10	85	10	5	25
Geographic area								
New England	95	—	—	10	95	—	—	30
Middle Atlantic	90	8	2	10	91	7	2	25
East North Central	82	15	3	10	81	16	3	25
West North Central	67	28	5	10	65	30	5	25
South Atlantic	84	14	2	10	85	13	2	30
East South Central	78	—	—	10	77	—	—	30
West South Central	80	18	2	10	78	20	2	30
Mountain	81	—	—	10	79	—	—	25
Pacific	87	10	2	10	88	9	4	25

¹ Outpatient prescription drug benefits include both stand-alone drug plans and prescription drug benefits included as part of a medical plan.

² All workers participating in an outpatient prescription drug plan with a generic drug provision equals 100 percent.

³ All workers participating in an outpatient prescription drug plan with a brand-name drug provision equals 100 percent.

⁴ Less than 0.5.

⁵ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include

workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2009." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.