

Table 57. Standard errors for dental care benefits: Amount of annual plan maximum,¹ private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2013

Characteristics	With annual maximum	Amount of annual plan maximum					With no annual maximum	Not determinable
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile		
Worker characteristic								
All workers	1.0	\$0	\$180	\$0	\$147	\$0	1.0	0.1
Management, professional, and related	1.4	0	269	0	79	0	1.4	0.1
Management, business, and financial	1.5	0	257	0	36	0	1.5	0.2
Professional and related	1.9	146	103	0	348	0	1.9	0.1
Service	3.0	245	63	0	303	0	3.0	(²)
Protective service	2.1	–	102	329	0	390	–	–
Sales and office	1.4	0	16	0	0	249	1.3	0.2
Sales and related	1.7	0	–	0	0	0	1.7	–
Office and administrative support	1.7	0	124	0	0	101	1.7	0.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.3	0	0	237	46	0	2.3	(²)
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	2.2	–	0	26	129	0	–	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.0	0	50	0	0	274	3.0	(²)
Production, transportation, and material moving	2.6	0	96	0	0	0	2.6	0.2
Production	3.5	0	50	0	211	0	–	–
Transportation and material moving	2.9	0	168	0	0	223	2.9	–
Full time	1.0	0	161	0	216	0	1.0	0.1
Part time	6.2	0	–	86	0	0	–	–
Union	2.8	0	77	0	77	0	2.8	0.3
Nonunion	1.1	0	193	0	140	0	1.1	0.1
Average wage within the following categories ³ :								
Lowest 25 percent	2.5	65	36	46	0	0	2.5	–
Second 25 percent	2.4	0	0	0	285	597	2.4	0.1
Third 25 percent	0.8	0	153	0	290	0	0.8	0.2
Highest 25 percent	1.5	0	133	0	0	0	1.5	0.1
Highest 10 percent	1.4	0	258	0	0	0	1.4	0.1
Establishment characteristic								
Goods-producing industries	0.6	0	18	0	320	0	0.6	0.2
Construction	3.1	0	0	216	241	0	–	–
Manufacturing	0.5	0	66	0	312	0	0.5	0.2
Service-providing industries	1.3	0	193	0	124	0	1.3	0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	2.5	0	200	0	0	0	2.5	–
Wholesale trade	2.4	0	52	36	0	0	–	–
Retail trade	2.9	0	112	0	258	0	2.9	–
Transportation and warehousing	6.6	0	–	0	0	547	–	–
Utilities	4.7	–	0	0	276	0	–	–
Information	3.9	222	0	0	0	254	–	–
Financial activities	1.4	0	73	0	0	74	1.4	–
Finance and insurance	1.5	0	285	0	0	312	1.5	–

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 57. Standard errors for dental care benefits: Amount of annual plan maximum,¹ private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2013—continued

Characteristics	With annual maximum	Amount of annual plan maximum					With no annual maximum	Not determinable
		10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile		
Credit intermediation and related activities ..	2.8	\$0	\$164	\$0	\$0	—	2.8	—
Insurance carriers and related activities	2.0	0	410	0	0	\$205	—	—
Professional and business services	2.0	0	119	0	234	0	—	—
Professional and technical services	0.5	0	80	0	91	0	—	—
Administrative and waste services	6.1	0	—	0	0	—	—	—
Education and health services	2.7	—	0	241	420	0	2.7	0.4
Educational services	5.9	0	190	0	46	0	—	—
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	2.0	0	257	0	266	0	1.9	0.2
Health care and social assistance	3.0	—	0	391	—	0	—	—
1 to 99 workers	1.2	121	0	0	196	0	1.2	—
1 to 49 workers	1.7	—	0	0	272	0	1.7	—
50 to 99 workers	1.5	0	146	0	0	0	1.5	—
100 workers or more	1.4	0	0	0	265	112	1.4	0.2
100 to 499 workers	2.1	0	44	0	379	0	2.1	—
500 workers or more	1.6	0	84	0	219	0	1.6	0.3
Geographic area								
New England	1.3	0	221	0	0	0	—	—
Middle Atlantic	2.3	0	20	0	0	430	2.2	0.6
South Atlantic	1.7	0	0	0	464	144	1.7	0.3
East South Central	0.5	0	237	0	518	0	—	—
West South Central	4.4	—	257	139	151	0	—	—
East North Central	3.2	0	26	0	231	0	—	—
West North Central	1.2	0	106	0	302	0	—	—
Mountain	1.8	100	342	0	517	274	1.8	—
Pacific	3.7	0	291	0	136	0	3.7	(²)

¹ Includes all covered dental procedures except orthodontia. Coverage for dental procedures may be subject to scheduled allowance, deductible, or coinsurance provisions, in addition to annual plan maximum. If separate annual maximums applied to different dental procedures, the sum of the maximum was tabulated.

² Less than 0.05.

³ Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold.

The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using data from the National Compensation Survey publication, "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation - March 2013."

Note: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20132014.htm.