Table 1. Defined benefit plans: Availability and eligibility requirements for open plans, private industry workers, 2019

(All workers participating in defined benefit plans = 100 percent)

	Open to new employees							
Characteristics	Plans open to new employees	Minimum age and service requirement	Minimum age only requirement	Minimum service only requirement	No minimum age or service requirement	Age and service requirement not determinable	Plans not open to new employees	Not determinable
Worker characteristics								
All workers	54	18	_	22	13	_	46	_
Management, professional, and related	47	20	_	15	11	_	53	_
Management, business, and financial			_	8	10	(1)	56	_
Professional and related		15	_	21	12	( )	51	_
Sales and office	39	14	_	13	12	_	61	_
Sales and related	26	_	_	_	_	_	74	-
Office and administrative support	43	15	_	15	12	_	57	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and	90	_	_	69	18	-	10	_
forestry		_	-	72	22	_	<del>-</del>	-
Installation, maintenance, and repair		_	_	62	_	_	21	_
Production, transportation, and material moving	47	_	_	16	9	2	53	_
Production		_	_	20	_	4	63	_
Transportation and material moving	54	_	_	20	_	_	46	_
Full time	52	16	_	23	12	_	48	_
Part time	70	34	_	_	'-	_	30	_
Union Nonunion	71 43	12 21	- -	39 12	19 9	_ _	29 57	_ _
Average wage within the following categories <sup>2</sup> :								
Second 25 percent	53	_		11	12	(1)	47	_
Third 25 percent		20	_	18	10	( )	50	_
Highest 25 percent			_	30	14	(1)	43	_
Highest 10 percent	48	_	_	22	13	(1)	52	_
Establishment characteristics						,		
Goods-producing industries		_	-	38	9	2	42	_
Manufacturing	34	_	-	_	_	3	66	_
Service-providing industries	52	21		16	14	_	48	_
Trade, transportation, and utilities		_	_	17	20	_	44	_
Retail trade		_	_			_	_	_
Transportation and warehousing		_	_	_	_	_	45	_
Utilities		_	_	33	23	_	43	-
Financial activities	39	19	_	9	_	_	61	_
Finance and insurance	37	19	-	_	_	_	63	_
Credit intermediation and related activities		_	-	_	-	_	83	_
Insurance carriers and related activities	59	37	-	_	-	_	41	_
Professional and business services		_	-	_	-	_	60	_
Education and health services		_	-	23	_	_	25	_
Educational services	61	_ 24	_	_	_	_	39 58	_
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities  Health care and social assistance	42 79	24	_	_	_	_	58	_
	. 79	. –	_	_	. –	_	_	_

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Defined benefit plans: Availability and eligibility requirements for open plans, private industry workers, 2019—continued

(All workers participating in defined benefit plans = 100 percent)

			Оре					
Characteristics	Plans open to new employees	Minimum age and service requirement	Minimum age only requirement	Minimum service only requirement	No minimum age or service requirement	Age and service requirement not determinable	Plans not open to new employees	Not determinable
1 to 99 workers	70	_	_	35	16	_	30	_
1 to 49 workers	65	_	_	31	_	_	35	_
50 to 99 workers	79	_	_	42	_	_	_	_
100 workers or more	49	17	_	18	12	_	51	_
100 to 499 workers		10	_	27	16	_	44	_
500 workers or more	46	20	_	14	10	_	54	_
Geographic areas								
Northeast	65	24	_	17	22	_	35	_
New England		40	_	_		_	_	-
Middle Atlantic	63	_	_	l –	24	_	37	_
South		_	_	16	_	(1)	53	_
South Atlantic		_	_	19	_	_	49	_
East South Central		_	-	-	-	-	82	_
West South Central		_	-	-	-	2	46	_
Midwest		10	-	25	_	1	51	_
East North Central		_	-	26	-	_	52	_
West North Central	-	_	-	24	_	8	43	_
West	-	6	-	34	_	1	49	_
Pacific	57	_	_	39	_	1	43	_

Less than 0.5.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Retirement Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/detailedprovisions/2019/ownership/private/glossary-retirement.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Less than u.s. 2 Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using data from the National Compensation Survey publication, "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation - March 2019."