

Table 25. Standard errors for money purchase pension plans: Methods of distribution of retirement benefits, private industry workers, 2019

Characteristics	Lump sum	Annuity	Installments	Other ¹	Not determinable
Worker characteristics					
All workers	2.5	3.9	4.0	—	2.2
Management, professional, and related	3.5	4.9	4.7	—	2.9
Management, business, and financial	4.3	6.8	6.9	—	4.3
Professional and related	4.7	6.0	5.7	—	3.8
Service	6.5	9.7	—	—	3.1
Sales and office	3.8	6.1	6.0	—	3.1
Office and administrative support	4.6	6.7	4.7	—	3.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.4	12.2	13.2	—	2.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.8	—	14.6	—	3.8
Full time	2.5	3.9	4.1	—	2.1
Part time	8.1	—	10.3	—	7.5
Union	3.0	10.8	4.9	—	2.5
Nonunion	2.9	4.2	4.1	—	2.5
Average wage within the following categories ² :					
Lowest 25 percent	5.4	—	10.5	—	5.4
Second 25 percent	5.6	7.1	7.5	—	4.5
Third 25 percent	3.6	5.6	4.8	—	3.6
Highest 25 percent	2.7	4.7	5.0	—	2.0
Highest 10 percent	2.6	6.4	6.6	—	2.5
Establishment characteristics					
Goods-producing industries	5.4	6.8	6.0	—	5.4
Service-providing industries	2.9	4.5	4.6	—	2.4
Financial activities	4.9	—	7.6	—	4.9
Finance and insurance	5.0	—	7.5	—	5.0
Education and health services	4.9	6.9	5.5	—	4.0
Educational services	6.0	6.9	7.7	—	5.2
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	4.1	4.9	4.4	—	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Standard errors for money purchase pension plans: Methods of distribution of retirement benefits, private industry workers, 2019—continued

Characteristics	Lump sum	Annuity	Installments	Other ¹	Not determinable
1 to 99 workers	3.5	10.1	8.4	—	3.1
1 to 49 workers	4.3	10.6	10.3	—	3.5
100 workers or more	3.3	5.1	4.0	—	2.9
100 to 499 workers	6.8	7.6	8.3	—	6.4
500 workers or more	3.7	5.7	4.9	—	3.1
Geographic areas					
Northeast	6.2	7.8	7.2	—	4.8
Middle Atlantic	7.6	9.3	8.0	—	5.7
South	4.2	7.6	7.3	—	3.4
South Atlantic	5.3	8.2	8.1	—	3.7
Midwest	4.6	7.7	6.6	—	4.3
East North Central	7.1	5.7	6.5	—	6.6
West	5.6	6.8	10.3	—	5.1
Pacific	3.5	8.0	11.8	—	3.4

¹ Includes methods of distribution not calculated separately (e.g., employer stock).

² Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using data from the National Compensation Survey publication, "Employer Costs for Employee Compensation - March 2019."

Note: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Retirement Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/detailedprovisions/2019/ownership/private/glossary-retirement.htm.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.