

Table 14

Size of establishment: Mean hourly earnings¹ of workers in private industry establishments for major occupational groups

Occupational group ²	Private industry workers	1-49 workers	50-99 workers	100-499 workers	500 workers or more
All workers	\$18.26	\$16.12	\$16.04	\$18.25	\$24.42
Management, professional, and related	33.66	30.02	28.01	35.43	37.71
Management, business, and financial	39.17	35.11	35.03	38.84	44.97
Professional and related	30.38	27.10	23.32	33.16	33.76
Service	8.61	8.47	7.90	8.59	10.34
Sales and office	15.02	14.90	15.04	14.62	16.01
Sales and related	15.84	15.71	16.61	15.30	18.10
Office and administrative support	14.45	14.14	14.11	14.10	15.58
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	18.03	16.53	19.34	19.11	19.53
Construction and extraction	17.35	–	–	–	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair	19.22	18.14	21.02	18.56	23.64
Production, transportation, and material moving	14.16	13.09	12.79	13.76	17.91
Production	14.06	13.23	12.83	13.43	17.07
Transportation and material moving	14.27	12.96	12.74	14.07	19.22
	Relative error				
All workers	1.4%	2.3%	2.5%	2.6%	3.2%
Management, professional, and related	2.7	5.3	2.7	6.1	3.4
Management, business, and financial	3.1	4.4	5.8	5.3	5.6
Professional and related	3.4	7.6	5.0	7.8	1.9
Service	2.8	3.9	3.4	2.6	9.8
Sales and office	1.3	3.9	4.3	4.8	3.0
Sales and related	2.2	6.4	10.3	8.3	17.4
Office and administrative support	1.3	3.1	3.3	2.5	2.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.6	3.1	8.3	7.8	8.3
Construction and extraction	4.6	–	–	–	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair	2.0	3.3	4.1	4.6	5.1
Production, transportation, and material moving	3.4	4.7	4.2	2.5	6.6
Production	2.9	4.4	4.8	3.2	9.3
Transportation and material moving	6.7	9.2	6.2	4.0	12.5

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighed by hours.

² A classification system including about 800 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.